

United States General Accounting Office Washington, DC 20548

National Security and International Affairs Division

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February 28, 2000

The Honorable Ted Stevens
Chairman
The Honorable Daniel K. Inouye
Ranking Member
Subcommittee on Defense
Committee on Appropriations
United States Senate

Subject: <u>Defense Budget: Fiscal Years 1999 and 2000 Contingency Operations Costs and Funding</u>

In response to your request, we are providing you information on the costs and funding of contingency operations, most notably in the Balkans and Southwest Asia during fiscal years 1999 and 2000. On February 15, 2000, we briefed subcommittee staff on (1) the use of funds appropriated for contingency operations in fiscal years 1999 and 2000; (2) the assumptions the Department of Defense (DOD) used to develop budget estimates for contingency operations; (3) the planning and budgeting for the mission rehearsal exercises that military units conduct before deploying to the Balkans; and (4) the funding for the Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial initiative, a nine-nation effort to build cooperation in the region and resolve disputes peacefully. This report transmits the briefing slides we provided subcommittee staff at our briefing (see enclosure).

SUMMARY

DOD reported \$5.9 billion in incremental costs for contingency operations in fiscal year 1999. Army costs accounted for about half of reported costs; Air Force costs accounted for about one-third; and the Navy, Marine Corps, and other parts of DOD, such as the Special Operations Command, accounted for the remainder. Most of the funds used, 91 percent, were from the Operation and Maintenance appropriations account, and the bulk of these costs were for what is termed operating support, which includes flying aircraft, steaming ships, operating ground vehicles, and building and operating facilities for deployed forces. From the inception of both the Balkans

and Southwest Asia operations in 1992 and 1991, respectively, through September 1999, DOD has reported about \$19 billion in incremental costs.¹

To develop budget estimates, DOD had to make assumptions about the number of personnel that would be involved in contingency operations, the level of activity of these operations, and their duration. In a number of instances, fiscal year 1999 estimates exceeded reported costs because of changes in the size and duration of operations, particularly the Kosovo bombing campaign.

To prepare for deployment to the Balkans, Army units conduct mission rehearsal exercises. When a unit is notified that it will deploy, it revises its annual training plan. For example, to prepare for its August 1999 deployment to Bosnia, the Army's 10th Mountain Division cancelled some of its planned training, such as training in a jungle environment, and substituted specific training geared to the type of tasks it would perform in Bosnia. This training included an exercise designed to practice the tasks the division will perform in Bosnia, which involved 6,405 people from the division and associated units at a cost of \$9.9 million.

DOD spent \$239,000 between fiscal year 1999 and fiscal year 2000 to date in support of the Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial initiative. These funds were drawn from funds used to facilitate DOD's participation in the Partnership for Peace program.

SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

To obtain the information contained in this report we conducted work at the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Joint Staff, the Departments of the Army and Air Force, the Army's Forces Command, and the headquarters of the 10th Mountain Division in Fort Drum, New York. We also reviewed contingency operations cost reports, DOD budget documents for fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001, Forces Command and 10th Mountain Division cost data and training plans, Joint Staff training policy guidance, and the formal agreement generated by the Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial initiative.

We reviewed this information with DOD officials and made changes where appropriate. As requested, we will continue to review the cost and funding of ongoing contingency operations. As work progresses, we will keep you apprised of our results. We performed our work in January and February 2000 in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

¹ As used in this report, "incremental costs" are those costs that would not have been incurred if it were not for the operation. It should be recognized that DOD's financial systems cannot reliably determine costs and only the total obligations are captured by DOD's accounting systems. The services use various management information systems to identify incremental obligations and to estimate costs. Although we use the term costs throughout this report as a convenience, we are actually referring to DOD's obligation of funds.

We are sending copies of this report to the Honorable Jerry Lewis, Chairman, and the Honorable John P. Murtha, Ranking Minority Member, Subcommittee on Defense, House Committee on Appropriations; the Honorable William Cohen, Secretary of Defense; the Honorable William J. Lynn, Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller); and the Honorable Jacob Lew, Director, Office of Management and Budget. Copies of this report will also be made available to others upon request.

If you have any questions on this report, please call me on (202) 512-3504. Principal contributors to this report were Steve Sternlieb, Assistant Director, AnnBorseth, Evaluator-in-Charge, Alan Byroade, Senior Evaluator, and Herb Dunn, attorney-advisor.

Carol R. Schuster

Associate Director

National Security Preparedness Issues

Carol & Schuster

Enclosure

GAO Briefing for the Defense Subcommittee, Senate Committee on Appropriations

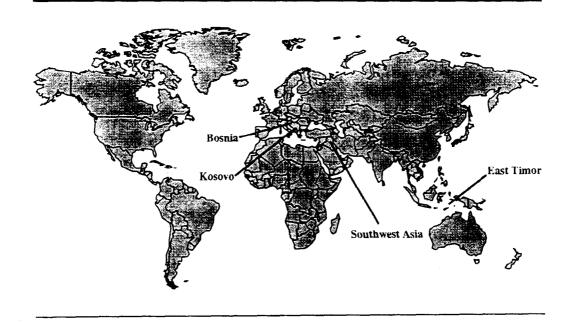
Observations on Fiscal Years 1999 and 2000 Contingency Operations Cost and Funding

February 15, 2000

GAO Key Questions

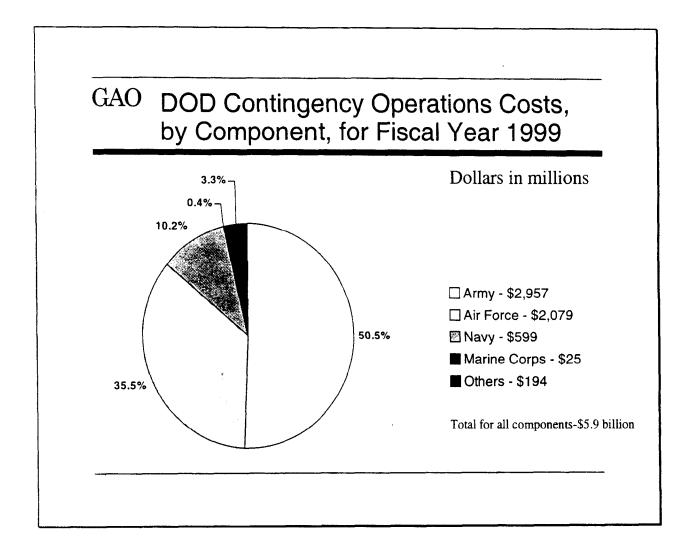
- Review execution of funds provided through Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund
- Analyze the assumptions used to build the Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund and supplemental requests
- Review planning and budgeting for mission rehearsal exercises and determine how DOD distinguishes between exercises and contingency operations
- Determine the funding for the Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial Initiative

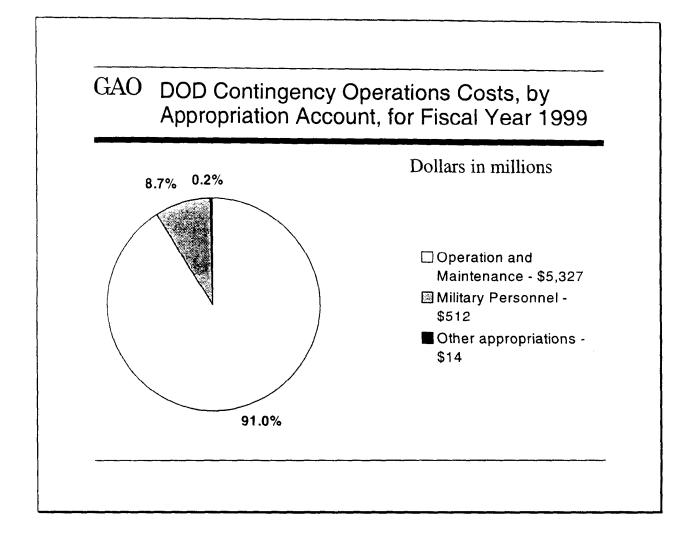
GAO DOD's Fiscal Year 2000 Major Contingency Operations

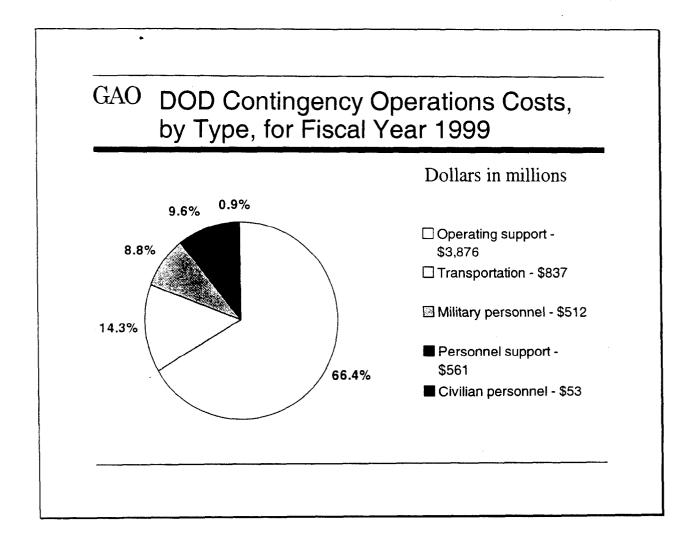


GAO Balkans and Southwest Asia Largest and Most Expensive Contingency Operations

- Balkans involve about 13,900 U.S. military personnel; by April 2000 will reduce to 12,400
 - In Bosnia 4,600 plus 600 support troops in nearby countries; in Kosovo 6,200 plus 1,000 troops across the border in Macedonia
 - Costs total \$12.1 billion from 1992 through September 1999
- Southwest Asia averages 15,000-20,000 personnel depending on level of tension with Iraq
 - Costs total \$6.9 billion from 1991 through September 1999







GAO Reported Costs for Contingency Operations In FY 1999 Were Less Than Estimates

Dollars in millions Operation	Cost estimate	Reported cost	<u>Difference</u>	
Kosovo Air Campaign ^a	\$3,300.0	\$1,830.6	\$(1,469.4)	
Sustain Hope	335.0	124.6	(210.4)	
Bosnia - initial	1,758.0	1,537.9	(220.1)	
Bosnia – revised 7/99	1,593.0	1,537.9	(55.1)	
Southwest Asia 1,287.0 1,239.8 (47.2) *Includes Operations Noble Anvil, Balkan Calm, and Eagle Eye				

GAO Accuracy of Reported Costs for Kosovo Force in FY 1999 Varied

Dollars in millions			
Kosovo Force,	Cost	Reported	D:#
by Component	<u>estimate</u>	cost	<u>Difference</u>
Army	\$924.0	\$926.1	\$2.1
Navy/Marines	88.0	56.1	(31.9)
•			, ,
Air Force	86.0	7.8	(78.2)
Other DOD	99.0	60.2	(38.8)
Other DOD			(00.0)
Total	\$1,197.0	\$1,050.2	\$(146.8)

GAO Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund Had Larger Carryover Than DOD Estimated

Dollars in millions	Initial <u>9/99</u>	Revised 12/99
Estimated carryover	\$138.0	\$138.0
FY2000 Air Force reconstitution ^a Total Carryover	175.0 \$313.0	97.2 \$235.2
Actual carryover	\$544.3	\$544.3
Difference	\$231.3	\$309.1

^{*}Reconstitution costs include the cost to clean, inspect, maintain, replace, and restore equipment to the required condition at the conclusion of the contingency operation.

GAO	Some Components Were Overfunded, Some
	Underfunded in Fiscal Year 1999

Dollars in millions Shortfalls in parenthese	es	
	Operation & Maintenance	Military <u>Personnel</u>
Army	\$ (2.1)	\$117.2
Navy	(48.9)	(12.5)
Marines	(0.9)	(1.4)
Air Force	126.7	(34.5)
Other DOD	76.0	0

GAO Air Force Fiscal Year 1999 Contingency Funding Situation Unclear

- Air Force received \$126.7 million more in Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund Operation & Maintenance funds than it reported in fiscal year 1999 costs
 - Spent extra funds on other O&M needs
- · Air Force claims difference due to
 - leadership decisions to surge depots
 - differing views with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) re: allowable contingency costs
 - timing of OMB discussion and cost reporting
- Consequent loss in working capital account; to be offset by absorbing some contingency costs in fiscal year 2000 base program budget
- Complete reconciliation may not be possible until end of fiscal year 2000, if at all

GAO Army Military Personnel Funding

- Army received \$117.2 million more in Military Personnel (MilPers) funding than it reported in costs
- Money directly appropriated into MilPers account
 - Any unused excess would have expired at end of fiscal year
- Army reprogrammed excess in MilPers into Operation & Maintenance (O&M) account

GAO Other DOD Components' O&M Funding

- DOD components, exclusive of the services, received \$76 million more in funding than reported costs
- \$25.8 million returned to Overseas
 Contingency Operations Transfer Fund in late September 1999
- Disposition of remainder unknown

GAO Fiscal Year 2000 Budget for DOD Contingency Operations

Dollars in millions	Military Personnel	Operation & Maintainence	<u>Total</u>
Bosnia	\$214.3	\$1,388.7	\$1,603.0
Kosovo	191.8	1,833.6	2,025.4
Total Balkans	<u>\$406.1</u>	<u>\$3,222.3</u>	<u>\$3,628.4</u>
Southwest Asia	138.0	913.3	1,051.3
E. Timor	0	25.0	25.0
Total	<u>\$544.1</u>	<u>\$4,160.6</u>	<u>\$4,704.7</u>

GAO Kosovo Fiscal Year 2000 Contingency Operations Budget Request

<u>Service</u> Army	Military <u>Personnel</u> \$157.4	Operation & Maintenance \$1,332.1
Navy	25.6	50.0
Marine Corps	6.4	0
Air Force	2.4	114.8
Other DOD	0.0	336.7
Total	<u>\$191.8</u>	<u>\$1,833.6</u>

GAO Key Assumptions Behind Supplemental Request

- Snapshot in time
- Number of military personnel
 - reflects smaller number of troops in the Balkans
 - Active/Reserve mix
 - use of Reserve Components increases
 Military Personnel costs
- Operating tempo
 - twice peacetime operating tempo levels
- Based on operations continuing through the end of fiscal year

GAO Air Force Decision to Use Base Flying Hour Program for All Operations

- In past years, Air Force has asked for hours above the base flying hour program for contingency operations
 - Has underflown base program hours since fiscal year 1995 (averaged 91.65% of total)
- Senior Air Force leadership decided to fly active duty operations within base flying hour program, including contingency operations beginning in fiscal year 2000
 - Purpose to protect base program at 100% of requirement for the future
- Recognizes previous flying hour experience while raising question about whether too much money was provided in previous years

GAO DOD Training Policies for Contingency Operations

- Training to prepare to fight and win major theater wars remains highest training priority
 - Also prepare for other missions; mission focus is the rule
- Small-scale contingency operations require unique skills different from those required for war
- Commanders differ about when to provide additional training for contingency operations
- Mission rehearsal exercises are scheduled after specific units are identified to deploy for a contingency operation

GAO Impact of Army Bosnia Deployment on Training at 10th Mountain Division

- Brigade Task Force from 10th Mountain
 Division deployed to Bosnia in August 1999
- Bosnia deployment had a major impact on Brigade Task Force training plan
 - Some planned training events were modified or cancelled
 - Executed training events included several additions
- Mission rehearsal exercise in May 1999 was tailored to Bosnia scenario and held at Joint Readiness Training Center, Fort Polk

GAO Costs of Mission Rehearsal Exercise for Army Bosnia Deployment

- Cost of Bosnia mission rehearsal exercise ranges from \$9-\$11 million; Kosovo, \$14-\$15 million due to larger force
- 10th Mountain mission rehearsal exercise cost \$9.9 million; involved 6,405 people (included task force from Fort Riley)
 - Travel and transportation of personnel and equipment to and from mission rehearsal exercise--\$5.2 million
 - Operating tempo costs for air and ground (including air self-deployment) estimated at \$1.9 million
 - Other costs included role players/linguists, construction, installation support, contractor support, observers/controller support, and miscellaneous items--\$2.8 million

GAO Enhanced New Horizons

- New Horizons ongoing exercise program
 - Guard and Reserve medical and engineers units do 2-week annual training in Central America
- Enhanced New Horizons added 5 exercises due to Hurricane Mitch
- Fiscal year 2000 New Horizons
 - Back to pre-Mitch program
 - SOUTHCOM wants to expand but not funded through joint exercise program

GAO Haiti

- Transitioned from contingency operation--Uphold Democracy--to joint exercise in March 1995
- Funding switched from contingency dollars to joint exercise dollars

GAO Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial

- Defense Ministers from 9 countries: Italy, Turkey, Greece, United States, Slovenia, Albania, Romania, Bulgaria, Macedonia
- Goals: build pattern of cooperation; resolve disputes peacefully; identify and meet needs for specialized training
- No treaty involved; no long term U.S. commitment in initiatives

GAO

Multinational Peace Force Southeastern Europe

- Two initiatives created by Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial
 - Southeastern Europe Brigade: on-call brigade-size formation available for conflict prevention and other peace support operations
 - Consensus needed to employ
 - Headquarters in Bulgaria; troops called as needed
 - U.S. and Slovenia are observers only
 - Engineer Task Force
 - 1 company on call from each country except for the United States. Slovenia providing demining training
 - Provide humanitarian assistance in disasters
 - EUCOM to integrate task force into exercises

GAO U.S. Funding for Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial Initiatives

- \$174,355 spent in support of Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial in fiscal year 1999; \$65,000 in fiscal year 2000 to date
- Funding came from DOD portion of Warsaw Initiative fund
 - Warsaw Initiative established to facilitate participation in Partnership for Peace program

GAO Observations

- Disparity between budget estimates and reported costs suggests three things
 - Difficulty of estimating costs
 - Effect of operational changes
 - Some budget estimates are less than actual costs; others are over
 - Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund is a good, but not perfect, mechanism to match costs and funding
 - Much improved funding mechanism, but not perfect
 - Not sure it can more closely match costs and funding

GAO Observations (continued)

- Training issues
 - Mission rehearsal exercises specific to deployment situation; conflicting views about when is good time to train for contingencies
 - Joint exercises not funded with contingency operations funds
- Southeastern Europe Defense Ministerial is a European initiative; United States supporting through Partnership for Peace
 - Receives little U.S. funding

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