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Implementing a Digital Engineering Environment for Mission Engineering

Joint Staff J8 JIAMDO

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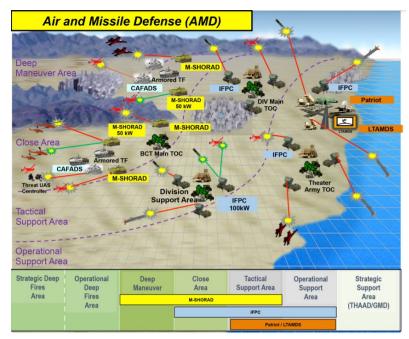
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Introduction

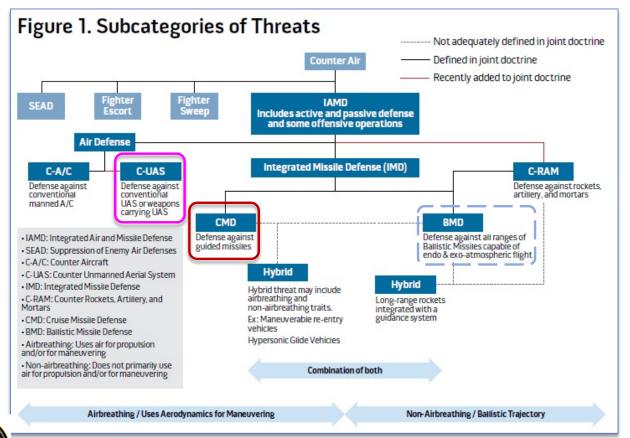
- The presentation describes the broad mission context driving the development and the approach used to creating a Digital Engineering Environment (DEE) for the Joint Staff J8's Joint Integrated Air and Missile Defense Organization (JIAMDO).
- This includes the development of top-level mission threads for IAMD which can be specialized to address different mission sets, including Counter Unmanned Aerial Systems (C-UAS) as well as Cruise Missile Defense (CMD).
- The presentation includes perspectives from the DEE team,
 MITRE, as well as the end user, JIAMDO.



Source: Army Air and Missile Defense Vision 2028, USASMDC/ARSTRAT



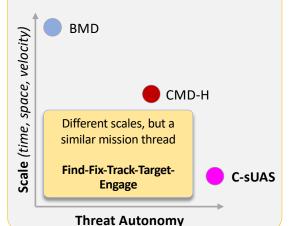
IAMD Mission Space



Key Insight

A Digital Engineering Environment developed for any IAMD mission can be easily re-factored to address the others.

Current work is focused on analysis of Countering Small Unmanned Aerial Systems (C-sUAS) – has been expanded to Cruise Missile Defense of the Homeland (CMD-H) in FY21, and will be expanded to support Ballistic Missile Defense (BMD) in FY22



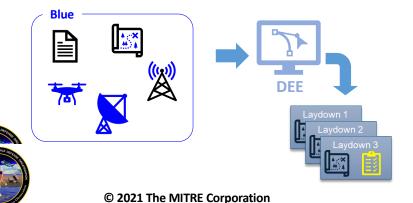
Credit: Gabriel Almodovar, Daniel P. Allmacher, Morgan P. Ames III, and Chad Davies, JFQ 88, 1st Quarter 2018



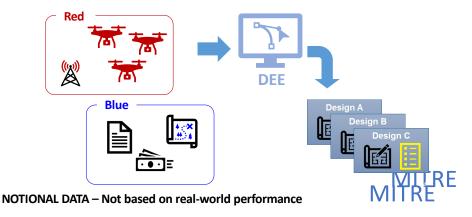


Two Complementary Analytical Approaches

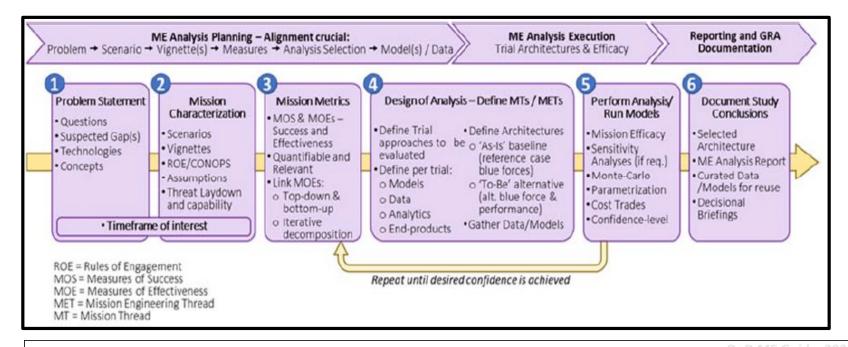
- Start with knowns "Make the most of what you have"
- Given existing C-sUAS system
 parameters, determine the optimal
 set of capabilities for a given
 scenario.



- Start with requirements "Buy the best of what you need"
- Given adversary capabilities and BF CONOPs, derive the required CsUAS capabilities and parameters that optimize performance for a given scenario.



ME Approach and Methodology

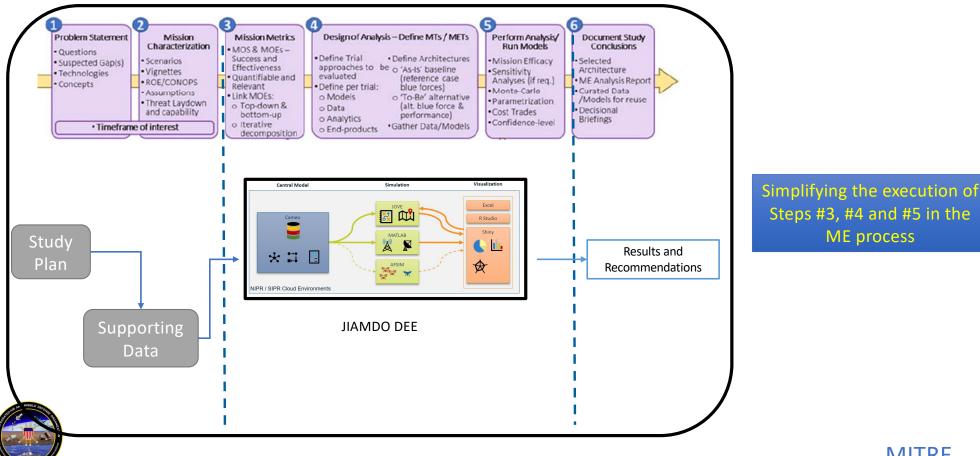


Was Nam Land

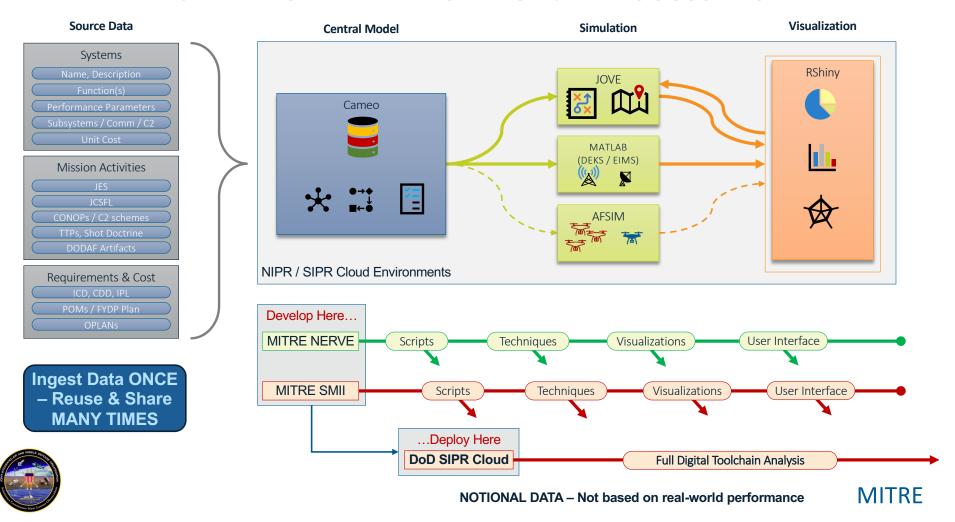
ME process <u>begins with the end in mind</u>, a carefully articulated problem statement, the characterization of the mission and identification of metrics, and working through the collection of data and models needed to analyze the mission and document the output results.



DE Framework within Mission Engineering (ME)



JIAMDO DE Environment – Process Flow



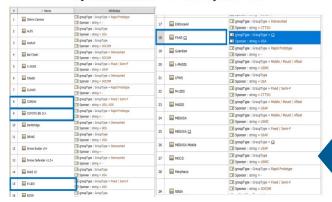
CUAS Digital Engineering Environment

	Product Type: Scopes the viewpoint of each product			
	REQUIREMENTS	BEHAVIOR	STRUCTURE	PARAMETERS
Mission Level: What problem is being modeled	Stakeholder Needs Fixed / Semi- Fixed Mission Overview C-UAS CDD Requirements	Dynamic Targeting Us e Cas e C-UAS Dynamic Targeting	System Context C-UxS Systems	Measures of Effectiveness Measures of Effectiveness Costltems
System of Systems: Describes the SoS to address the problem and verify the solutions.	System Requirements System Satisfy Matrix Notional So S	System Behavior SV-4 C-UAS System A C-UAS System B	C-UAS System A	System Sensing Performance Kinetic Effectors Performance Non-Kinetic Effectors Performance
Model: Describes how the M&S applicaton will represent a portion of the problem space to validate the solutions	Simulation Requirements	Simulation Behavior SV-4 Bas eline Config	Baseline Systems To Be Systems	Test Case X Shiruy





System Context - C-UAS System List



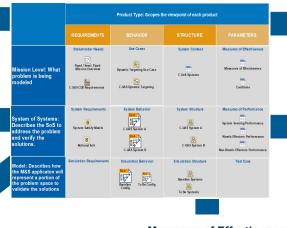
Measures of Performance Sensing Performance

Name	Source	Target	Range KM	PD	False Alarm Rate Per Hou
E BLUE					
☐ C-UAS System A					
1	C-UAS System A Se.	🔲 DJI	5	1	
☐ C-UAS System B					
☐ Subsystems					
☐ [iii] Radar B					
7	Radar B	II.O	25	0.75	
□ [Radar A					
7	Radar A	II.O	15	0.75	10
☐ Dismount Sensor					
7	Dismount Sensor	DJI	1.82	0.7	
☐ ☐ RED					
☐ [in Sensors					
7	EO/IR Camera	HVT	1.852	1	
E 2.3.4 Placeholder Systems					

System Costs

△ Name	unitCost	expends
C-UAS System A	150	<undefined></undefined>
<u> </u>	50	<undefined></undefined>
Dismount Effector	30	<undefined></undefined>
Dismount Sensor	10	<undefined></undefined>
EW Effector	100	<undefined></undefined>
Interceptor	20	✓ true
Interceptor Launcher	1000	<undefined></undefined>
Radar A	3416	<undefined></undefined>
Radar B	5000	<undefined></undefined>

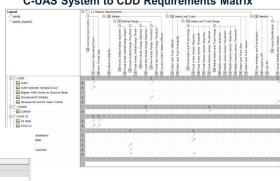
Analytic Elements



Operational Requirements from JCO CDD

△ Name	Text			
□ R 1 Detect and Track	(U) The Joint C-UAS capability shall detect and track multiple threat type /agent /multi-agent/swarm UASs simultaneously (Group 1, 2 & 3) with 360 degree coverage in an operational electromagnetic environment prior to their effective range to support C-UAS operations.			
R 1.1 Detect and Track Size	(W/FOUQ) Must detect and track UAS to include the Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) weighing less than or equal to X lbs. (group 1-2) which may include a ground control station (GCS), X km on the ground and UAVs weighing > X lbs. (Group 3). (Annex A)			
R 1.2 Detect and Track Albitude	(<u>W/FQUO</u>) Must detect and track UAS operating at an altitude of ≤ X ft. Mean Sea Level (MSL) (Groups 1-2) and UAV(Group 3) at ≤ X MSL.			
R 1.3 Detect and Track Speed	(<u>U//FQUX</u>) Must detect and track UAS hovering and traveling ≤ X knots indicated airspeed (Groups 1-2) and UAV (Group 3) at ≤ X knots indicated airspeed.			
⊞ 1.4 Detect and Track Range	(U//FOUQ) Must detect at ranges to prevent threat UAS from performing ISR missions and attack operations			
⊞ 1.4.1 Fixed Detect and Track Range	(U) The Joint C-UAS capability shall detect group 1, 2, & 3 UASs actively and passively			
■ 1.4.1.1 Fixed Active Sensor Threshold	(U) The Joint C-UAS capability shall detect group 1, 2, & 3 UAS active at ranges up to > X km (Group 1), > X km (Group 2) and > X km (Group 3)			
R 1.4.1.2 Fixed Active Sensor Objective	(U) The Joint C-UAS capability shall detect group 1, 2, & 3 UAS active at ranges up of > X km (Group 1), >X km (Group 2) and > X km (Group 3)			
R 1.4.1.3 Fixed Passive Sensor Threshold	(U) The Joint C-UAS capability shall detect group 1, 2, & 3 UAS passive at ranges up to > X km			
R 1.4.1.4 Fixed Passive Sensor Objective	(U) The Joint C-UAS capability shall detect group 1, 2, & 3 UAS passive at ranges up to > X km			
⊞ 1.4.2 Mobile Detect and Track Range	(U) Mobile C-UAS capability shall detect group 1 & 2 UAS while on the move or at halt			
R 1.4.2.1 Mobile Active Sensor Threshold	(U) Mobile C-UAS capability shall detect group 1 & 2 UAS active at > X km			
R 1.4.2.2 Mobile Active Sensor Objective	(U) Mobile C-UAS capability shall detect group 1 & 2 UAS active at > X km			
R 1.4.2.3 Mobile Passive Sensor Threshold	(U) Mobile C-UAS capability shall detect group 1 & 2 UAS passive at > X km			
R 1.4.2.4 Mobile Passive Sensor Objective	(U) Mobile C-UAS capability shall detect group 1 & 2 UAS passive at > 8km			
I S Datast and Teach Doobability	(U) Joint C-UAS Capability shall track with > X probability of error for tracking based on method used for tracking/geo-location			

System Requirements – C-UAS System to CDD Requirements Matrix



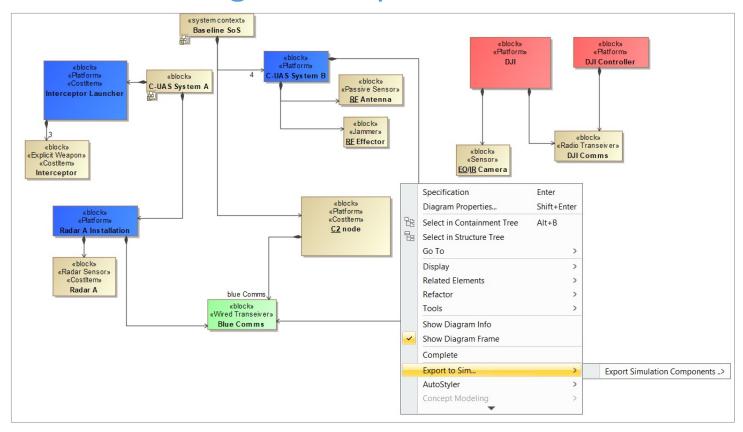
Measures of Effectiveness

ŧ	Name	Documentation	Specification
1	☐ <u>ISR</u> Mission		1000
2	☐ ☐ Spider Chart MOEs		
3	() % of Red threats killed before Threshold requirement Range from <u>HVT</u>	Of the total # of red threats flown, how many are killed before they get to 8Km ~ 4.3 mm. The <u>HVT</u> "Ground Truth" lost events will be good for this # threat is not killed, use 0	# loot
4	() % of Red threats killed before <u>HVT</u> detection	Of the total # of red threats flow in, how many can detect the HVT at all, (do they get close enough to use their sensor?)	# of red that make at least 1 sense of HVI/ # of total red (
5	() % of Red Collects Prevented	In comparison to the baseline - how many collects does the blue defense prevent - good normalized metric	# average detects for architecture in single replication / # detects in baseline
6	() % of Red threats killed	Of the total # of read threats flown in, what % are neutralized	# killed / # of total red (5)
7	☐ Cost Metrics		
8	() % of Non-Kinetic vs Kinetic Kills		# of Kills logged by a weapon that starts with EW / total kill
9	() Average Cost of Config		Average total cost of config (use # of expended coyote for Coyote costs)
10	() R(t) Collected	How long can the red platforms detect blue assets?	for each red uas-> T_last_detect - T_first_detect
11	() R(t) Shared	How long can the red platforms share detections of blue assets back to their controller?	for each red uas -> T_last_report - T_first_report
12	() R # Collected	How many detects does the red platform have on the HVT	for any red platform, total # of detects





Data Exchange with Operational Simulation



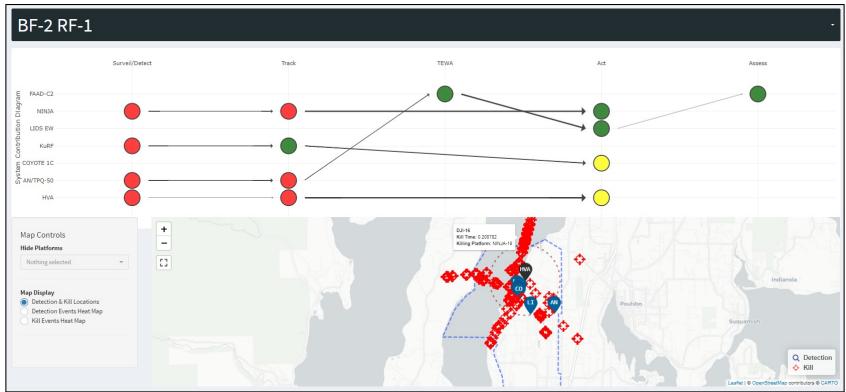


Operational Simulations: A Comparison

Operational Sim Feature	JOVE	DEKS	EIMS
Capable of Effects Chain Analysis	✓	✓	✓
Graphical User Interface	Yes	In Progress	No (Planned)
Simulation Type	Discrete Event	Discrete Event	Batch Monte-Carlo
Scenario Scale	Scalable	Single Base	Single Base to Theatre Level
Fidelity	Low-Med	Low	Med-High
Simulation Timeliness	Fast	Med	Slow
Real-Time Simulation View	✓	✓	
Applicable Missions	C-UAS, CMD	C-UAS	CMD, BMD
Base Laydown System		✓	
Defended Area Analysis		✓	✓
Physics-Based Behaviors		✓	✓
Blue C2 Modeling	✓		(In Progress)
Red C2 Modeling	✓	✓	
Terrain Specification	✓	✓	✓
Engagement Metrics Calculated (Out of Box)	✓	✓	✓
Surveillance Metrics Calculated (Out of Box)		✓	✓
Threat Tracking Metrics Calculated (Out of Box)			✓



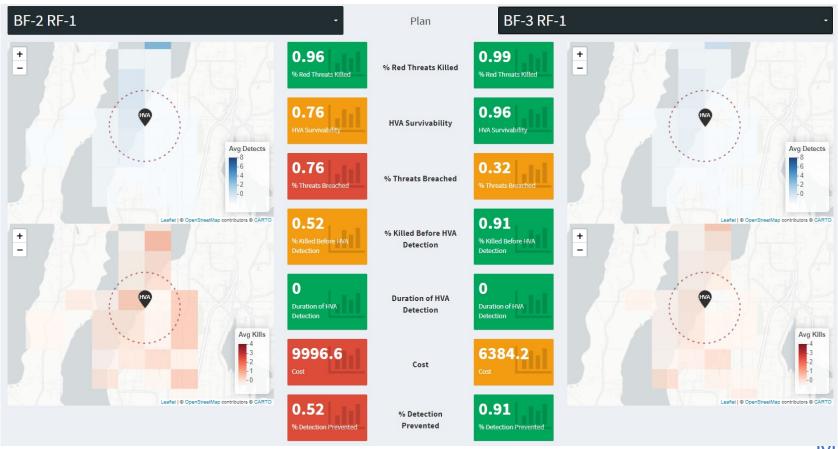
Visualization Dashboard: System Summary







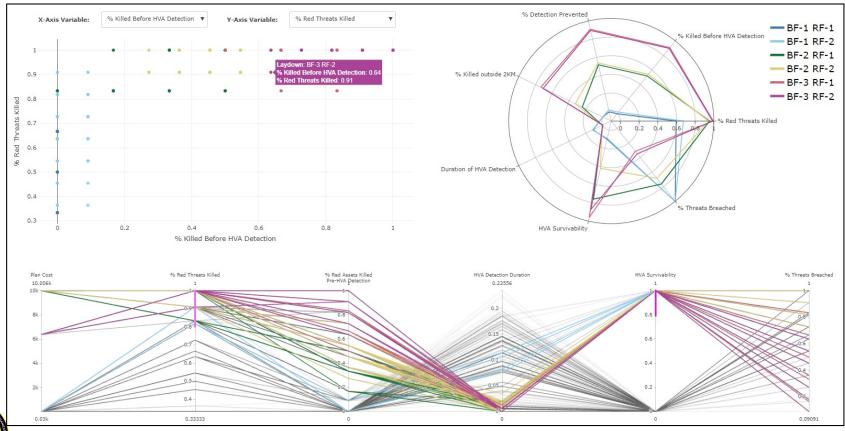
Visualization Dashboard: Laydown Comparison





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Visualization Dashboard: MOE Analysis





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Visualization Dashboard: Sensitivity Analysis



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NOTIONAL DATA – Not based on real-world performance



Summary And Future Plans

- Digital Engineering Environment live and supporting C-UAS and CMD-H analytical exercises with <u>multiple M&S tools available</u>
 - Available at UNCLASS external to MITRE for JIAMDO
 - Available at SECRET internal to MITRE
- FY22 Next Steps
 - SIPR Deployment
 - AFSIM Integration
 - BMD Analysis Capability

Thank-You!

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