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and that software parts be de	signed which ad	ldress those	areas identi	fied.	An associated
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Guide to the CAMP Software parts: Volume 2 is the Version Description Document; Volume 3 is the Software Product Specification; Volumes 4-6 contain the Top-Level Design Document;					
and, Volumes 7-12 contain th				sver De	sign Document;
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16. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTATION (CONCLUDED)

These technical notes accompany the CAMP final report AFATL-TR-85-93 (3 Vols)

AFATL-TR-88-18, Vol 8

SOFTVARE DETAILED DESIGN DOCUMENT

FOR THE

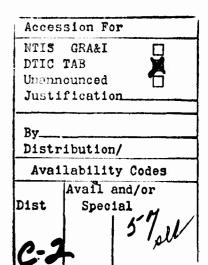
MISSILE SOFTWARE PARTS

OF THE

COMMON ADA MISSILB PACKAGE (CAMP) PROJECT

CONTRACT F08635-86-C-0025

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AIR FORCE ARMAMENT LABORATORY

Air Force Systems Command United States Air Force Eglin Air Force Base, Florida





3.3.4 GUIDANCE AND CONTROL



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3.3.4.1 WAYPOINT_STEERING (PACKAGE BODY) TLCSC P661 (CATALOG #P106-0)

This package contains the CAMP parts required to do the waypoint steering portion of navigation.

The following three waypoints are required to perform waypoint steering: o A: the last waypoint passed by the missile o B: the waypoint to which the missile is currently heading o C: the next waypoint to which the missile will head

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

Name	Requirements Allocation
Steering_Vector_Operations Steering_Vector_Operations_with_Arcsin Compute_Turn_Angle_and_Direction Crosstrack_And_Heading_Error_Operations Distance_to_Current_Waypoint Distance_to_Current_Waypoint_with_Arcsin Compute_Turning_and_Nonturning_Distances Turn_Test_Operations	R170, R171 N/A R172 R173, R174, R175 R176 N/A R177 R178, R179, R180

3.3.4.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.4.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



3.3.4.1.6 PROCESSING

```
The following describes the processing performed by this part:
package body Waypoint Steering is
   package body Steering Vector Operations is separate;
   package body Steering Vector Operations with Arcsin is separate;
   procedure Compute Turn Angle and Direction
                                                       Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Vectors;
                 (Unit Normal C
                                              : in
                  Unit Tangent B
                                              : in
                  Unit Tangent C
                                              : in
                                                       Unit Vectors;
                  Tan of One Half Turn Angle : out Tan Ratio;
                  Turn Direction
                                                   out Turning Directions)
                                              :
                 is separate:
   package body Crosstrack and_Heading_Error_Operations is separate;
   function Distance to Current Waypoint
                (Unit_Radial_M : Unit_Vectors;
                 Unit Tangent B : Unit Vectors)
                return Segment Distances is separate;
   function Distance to Current Waypoint with Arcsin
                (Unit Radial M : Unit Vectors;
                 Unit Tangent B : Unit Vectors)
                return Segment Distances is separate;
   procedure Compute_Turning_and_Nonturning_Distances
(Tan_of_One_Half_Turn_Angle : in
                                                       Tan Ratio:
                  Segment BC Distance
                                            : in
                                                       Distances:
                  Turn Radius
                                             : in
                                                       Distances:
                  Turning Distance
                                             : out Distances:
                  NonturnIng_Distance
                                                out Distances) is separate;
                                             :
   package body Turn_Test_Operations is separate;
end Waypoint Steering;
```

3.3.4.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN



3.3.4.1.9.1 STEERING_VECTOR_OPERATIONS (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P107-0)

This package contains operations to do the following: o Initialize the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the past, current, and next waypoints o Update the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the "new" waypoint, C.

The waypoint steering vectors for a course segment, extending from waypoint A to waypoint B, are the segment unit normal vector (UN_B) and the segment unit tangent vector (UT_B).

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.1.9.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following table summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

Name	Requirements Allocation	
Initialize Update	R171	



None.

3.3.4.1.9.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were previously defined with the specification for this part.

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Indices	discrete type	Used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Earth_Positions	floating point type	Data type used to define latitude and longitude measurements
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type used to define results of a sine or cosine function
Unit_Vectors	array	Array of "Sin_Cos_Ratio" dimensioned by Indices

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	I
Earth_Radi	us Earth_Dist	ances Radius of the Earth	1

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
1 11 * 11	function	Operator defining the operation: Earth Distances * Sin Cos Ratio => Segment Distances
1 11/11	function	Operator defining the operation: Unit Vectors / Sin Cos Ratio => Unit Vectors
Cross_ Product	procedure	Cross product function
Vector Length	function	Calculates the length of a vector
Sin_Cos	procedure	Calculates the sine and cosine of an input value

3.3.4.1.9.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

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7	>.	*	
•	V	٠	

Name	Туре	Value	Description
Unit_Radial_B	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint B extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint B
Unit_Radial_C	Unit_Vectors	N/A	Unit radial vector to waypoint C extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint C

3.3.4.1.9.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
with Geometric_Operations;
separate (Waypoint_Steering)
package body Steering_Vector_Operations is
```

```
package Geo renames Geometric_Operations;
```

```
-- --instantiate required parts-
```

```
function U_R_Vector is new
Geo.Unit_Radial_Vector (Indices => Indices,
Earth_Positions => Earth_Positions,
Sin_Cos_Ratio => Sin_Cos_Ratio,
Unit_Vectors => Unit_Vectors);
```

```
procedure Compute Segment and U Nl Vector is new

Geo.Compute Segment and Unit Normal Vector

(Indices => Indices,

Earth Distances => Earth Distances,

Segment Distances => Segment Distances,

Sin Cos Ratio => Sin Cos Ratio,

Unit Vectors => Unit Vectors,

Earth Radius => Earth Radius);
```

```
-- --local declarations-
```

```
Unit_Radial_B : Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Radial_C : Unit_Vectors;
```

```
procedure Initialize

(Waypoint A Lat : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint B Lat : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint B Long : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint B Long : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
    Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Tangent C : out Unit Vectors;
    Segment BC Distance : out Segment Distances) is separate;

procedure Update

(Waypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions;
    Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
    Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Normal C : in out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors;
    Unit Tangent C : in out Unit Vectors;
    Segment BC Distance : out Segment Distances) is separate;
```

end Steering_Vector_Operations;

3.3.4.1.9.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

The following library units are with'd by this part:
1. Geometric Operations package (Geo)

UTILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ELEMENTS:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the external subroutines and task entries required by this part:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Unit_Radial_Vector	generic function	Geo	Computes a unit radial vector
Compute_Segment_and _ Unit_Normal_Vector	generic function	Geo	Computes segment distance and unit normal vectir

3.3.4.1.9.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



3.3.4.1.9.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1 INITIALIZE (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part initializes the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the past (A), present (B), and next (C) waypoints.

This part initializes the waypoint steering vectors for the "current" course segment AB, as well as for the "next" course segment BC.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R170.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

1	Name	Туре	Mode	Description
	Waypoint_A_Lat, Waypoint A Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "previous" waypoint
	Waypoint B Lat, Waypoint B Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "current" waypoint
	Waypoint C Lat, Waypoint C Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "next" waypoint
	Unit Normal B, Unit Normal C	Unit_Vectors	out	Unit normal vectors for segments AB and BC
İ	Unit Tangent B, Unit Tangent C	Unit_Vectors	out	Unit tangent vectors for segments AB and BC
	Segment_BC_ Distance	Segment_ Distances	out	Great circle arclength between waypoints B and C

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:



1

Name	Туре	Value	Description	
Temp_UN_B Temp_UN_C Unit_Radial_A V_Length	Unit_Vectors Unit_Vectors Unit_Vectors Sin_Cos_Ratio	N/A N/A N/A N/A	Temporary Unit Normal B vector Temporary Unit Normal C vector Unit radial vector pointing to waypoint A Vector length	

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
separate (Waypoint_Steering_Vector_Operations)
procedure Initialize

(Waypoint_A_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
    Waypoint_B_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
    Waypoint_B_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
    Waypoint_C_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
    Waypoint_C_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
    Waypoint_C_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
    Waypoint_C_Long : in Earth_Positions;
    Unit_Normal_B : out_Unit_Vectors;
    Unit_Tangent_B : out_Unit_Vectors;
    Unit_Tangent_C : out_Unit_Vectors;
    Segment_BC_Distance : out_Segment_Distances) is
```

```
Temp_UN_B : Unit_Vectors;
Temp_UN_C : Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Radial_A : Unit_Vectors;
V_Length : Sin_Cos_Ratio;
```

-- --declaration section-

--begin procedure Initialize-

begin

-- --compute unit radial vectors



```
--- -- compute UN B
                  := Cross Product(Left => Unit Radial B,
   Temp UN B
                                   Right => Unit Radial A);
   V Length
                := Vector Length(Temp UN B);
                 := Temp UN B / V Length;
   Temp UN B
   Unit Normal B := Temp UN B;
-- -- compute UT B
   Unit Tangent B := Cross Product(Left => Temp_UN_B,
                                   Right => Unit Radial B);
-- -- compute UN C and segment BC distance
   Compute_Segment_and_U_N1_Vector
      (Unit RadialI
                       => Unit Radial B,
                      => Unit Radial C,
       Unit Radial2
       Unit Normal2
                      => Temp UN C,
       Segment Distance => Segment BC Distance);
   Unit Normal C := Temp UN C;
-- -- compute UT C
   Unit Tangent C := Cross Product(Left => Temp UN C,
                                   Right => Unit Radial C);
end Initialize;
```

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

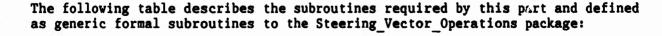
UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and instantiated in the body of the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Name	Туре	Description
U_R_Vector	function	Computes a unit radial vector
Compute_Segment_and	function	Computes segment distance and unit
U_N1_Vector		normal vector





1	Name	Туре	Description	
	"/"	function	Operator defining the operation: Unit Vectors / Sin Cos Ratio => Unit Vectors	
İ	Cross_ Product	procedure	Cross product function	
İ	Vector Length	function	Calculates the length of a vector]

Data types:

The following data types are required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Name	Туре	Description
Indices	discrete type	Used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Earth_Positions	floating point type	Data type used to define latitude and longitude measurements
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type used to define results of a sine or cosine function
Unit_Vectors	array	Array of "Sin_Cos_Ratio" dimensioned by Indices

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of Steering_Vector_Operations:

Name	Туре	Value	Description
Unit_Radial_B	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint B extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint B
Unit_Radial_C	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint C extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint C

8



3.3.4.1.9.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2 UPDATE (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part updates the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the "new" waypoint, C.

The waypoint steering vectors for a course segment, extending from waypoint A to waypoint B, are the segment unit normal vector (UN_B) and the segment unit tangent vector (UT_B).

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R171.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name	Туре	Mode	Description
	Waypoint_C_Lat, Waypoint_C_Long Unit_Normal_B, Unit_Normal_C	Earth_Positions Unit_Vectors	in out in out	Latitude and longitude of the "next" waypoint Unit normal vectors for segments AB and BC
	Unit Tangent B, Unit Tangent C Segment BC Distance	Unit_Vectors Segment_ Distances	out in out out	Unit tangent vectors for segments AB and BC Creat circle arclength between waypoints B and C

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING

```
The following describes the processing performed by this part:
```

```
separate (Waypoint Steering.Steering Vector Operations)
procedure Update
              (Waypoint C Lat
                                    : in
                                              Earth Positions;
              Waypoint_C_Long : in Earth_Positio
Unit_Normal_B : out Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Normal_C : in out Unit_Vectors;
out Unit_Vectors;
                                            Earth Positions:
               Unit Tangent B
                                   : out Unit Vectors;
               Unit Tangent C : in out Unit Vectors;
               Segment BC Distance: out Segment Distances) is
begin
-- -- advance "C" vectors into "B" vectors
   Unit_Radial_B := Unit_Radial_C;
   Unit Normal B := Unit Normal C;
   Unit Tangent B := Unit Tangent C;
-- -- calculate new values
   Unit Radial C := U_R_Vector(Lat of Point => Waypoint C Lat,
                                  Long of Point => Waypoint C Long);
   Compute Segment and U_N1_Vector
      (Unit_RadialT => Unit_Radial_B,
                         => Unit Radial C,
       Unit Radial2
       Unit_Normal2 => Unit_Normal_C,
       Segment_Distance => Segment_BC_Distance);
   Unit Tangent C := Cross Product(Left => Unit Normal C,
                                     Right => Unit Radial C);
```

end Update;

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and instantiated in the body of the Steering_Vector_Operations package:



Name	Type	Description	
U_R_Vector Compute_Segment_and U_N1_Vector	function function	Computes a unit radial vector Computes segment distance and unit normal vector	

The following table describes the subroutines required by this part and defined as generic formal subroutines to the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Name	Type	Description	
Cross_ Product	procedure	Cross product function	

Data types:

The following data types are required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Name	Туре	Description
Indices	discrete type	Used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Earth_Positions	floating point type	Data type used to define latitude and longitude measurements
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type used to define results of a sine or cosine function
Unit_Vectors	array	Array of "Sin_Cos_Ratio" dimensioned by Indices

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of Steering_Vector_Operations:



Ī	Name	Туре	Value	Description
	Unit_Radial_B	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint B extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint B
	Unit_Radial_C	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint C extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint C

3.3.4.1.9.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2 CROSSTRACK AND HEADING ERROR OPERATIONS (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P109-0)

This part contains the routines require to compute the crosstrack and heading errors for a missile in turning or nonturning flight.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.1.9.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following table summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

Ī	Name	I	Requirements Allocation	Ī
	Compute_When_Turning Compute_When_Not_Turning Compute	R:	173 175 174	

3.3.4.1.9.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were defined when this part was originally specified:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Navigation_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Velocity_
Unit_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Angles	floating point type	Data type of angular measurements
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of results of sine/cosine operations
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of tangent operations
Velocities	floating point type	Data type of velocity measurements
Unit_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Unit_Indices, of Sin Cos Ratio
Velocity_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices, of Velocities

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Name	Type	Value	Description
E(ast)	Navigation_ Indices	'FIRST	Used to access first element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation Indices
N(orth)	Navigation_ Indices	'SUCC(E)	Used to access second element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
U(p)	Navigation_ Indices	'LAST	Used to access last element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
X	Unit_Indices Indices	'FIRST	Used to access first element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Y	Unit_Indices Indices	'SUCC(X)	Used to access second element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Z	Unit_Indices Indices	'LAST	Used to access last element of arrays dimensioned by Unit
Earth_Radius	Earth_ Distances	n/a	Radius of the Earth



Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
#*# #*# 	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin_Cos_Ratio * Earth_Distances => Segment Distances
"*" 	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin Cos Ratio * Segment Distances => Segment Distances
"*" 	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Segment Distances * INTEGER => Segment Distances
11 🛨 11	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: INTEGER * Sin Cos Ratio => Sin Cos Ratio
u*u	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Segment Distances * Velocities => Tan Ratio
11711	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin Cos Ratio * Velocities => Velocities
"/"	function	Division operator defining the operation: Velocities / Velocities => Tan Ratio
Dot_ Product	function	Dot product function
Sqrt	function	Square root function
Arctan	function	Arctangent function

3.3.4.1.9.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
separate (Waypoint_Steering)
package body Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations is
```

```
procedure Compute_When_Turning
            (Distance to B
                                 : in Segment Distances;
             Nonturning Distance: in Segment Distances;
             Unit Radial M
                               : in Unit Vectors;
             Unit Normal B
                                : in Unit Vectors;
             Unit Tangent B
                                : in Unit_Vectors;
             Turn Direction
                               : in Turning Directions;
             Ground Velocity
                               : in Velocity Vectors;
             Turn Radius
                                 : in Segment Distances;
```



Crosstrack_Error : out Segment_Distances;
Heading_Error : out Angles) is separate;

procedure Compute_When_Not_Turning

(Unit_RadIal M : in Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Normal_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
Crosstrack_Error : out Segment_Distances;
Heading Error : out Angles) is separate;

procedure Compute

(Distance_to_B : in Segment_Distances;
Nonturning_Distance : in Segment_Distances;
Unit_Radial_M : in Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Normal_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Tangent_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Turn_Direction : in Turning_Directions;
Turn_Status : in Turning_Statuses;
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
Turn_Radius : in Segment_Distances;
Crosstrack_Error : out_Segment_Distances;
Heading_Error : out_Angles)_is_separate;

end Crosstrack and Heading Error Operations;

3.3.4.1.9.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Data types:

The following table describes the data types required by this part and defined in the package specification of Waypoint_Steering:

Name	Range	Description
Turning_Directions	Left_Turn, Right_Turn	Indicates if the missile needs to make a right or a left-hand turn to go to the next waypoint
Turning_Statuses	Turning, Not_Turning	Indicates whether or not the missile is currently turning

3.3.4.1.9.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



3.3.4.1.9.2.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

- 3.3.4.1.9.2.10 UNIT DESIGN
- 3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1 COMPUTE WHEN TURNING (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part computes the crosstrack and heading error for a missile in turning flight.

NOTE: By the time this part is called the waypoints have been updated so that the missile is now turning past waypoint A to go on to waypoint B.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R173.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

,	*	
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Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Distance_ to B	Segment_ Distances	 in 	Distance from missile position to the current waypoint, B
Nonturning Distance	Segment_ Distanc	in 	Distance from point of tangency of turn circle and next course segment, BC, to next waypoint, C
Unit RadIal_M	Unit_Vectors	in 	Unit radial vector to the missile extending outward from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame
Unit_ Normal B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit normal vector
Unit_ Tangent B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit tangent vector
Turn	Turning_ Directions	in	Direction of turn required to go from waypoint B to waypoint C
Ground Velocity	Velocity_ Vectors	in	Missile ground velocity with N and E components
Turn_Radius	Segment_ Distances	in	Desired missile turn radius
Crosstrack_ Error	Segment_ Distances	out	Missile displacement normal to the commanded ground track; is positive when missile is to the right as viewed in the direction of flight
Heading_ Error 	Angles	out 	Difference between the current missile heading and the desired heading

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Crosstrack_	Segment_ Distances	Distance of missile from line segment AB
D_Y	Segment Distances	Difference between turning radius and crosstrack distance
X_D X	Segment_ Distances	Difference between distance to B and nonturning distance
D_H_D_C	Segment_ Distances	Used for intermediate calculations
Direction	INTEGER	+1 if missile is making a right turn, -1 if missile is making a left turn
Dot_Prod_ Result	Sin_Cos_Ratio	Dot product result, which, due to the geometry, equals the angle between the desired UR M and the actual UR M
N_H_D_C	Segment_ Distances	Used for intermediate calculations
R_M	Segment_ Distances	Turning radius actually being flown by the missile

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

Nonturning Distance: in Segment Distances;
Unit Radial M: in Unit Vectors;
Unit Normal B: in Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent B: in Unit Vectors;
Turn Direction: in Turning Directions;
Ground Velocity: in Velocity Vectors;
Turn Radius: in Segment Distances;
Crosstrack Error: out Segment Distances;
Heading Error: out Angles) is

-- --declaration section

Crosstrack_Distance : Segment_Distances;
D Y : Segment_Distances;
D K : Segment_Distances;
D H D C : Segment_Distances;
Direction : INTEGER;
Dot Prod Result : Sin Cos Ratio;
N H D C : Segment_Distances;
R M : Segment_Distances;

```
--begin procedure Compute_When_Turning-
begin
-- -- convert turn direction to an integer value
   if Turn Direction = Left Turn then
      Direction := -1;
      Direction := 1;
   end if:
-- -- get the sine of the angle (which approximately equals the angle)
-- -- between the actual and desired UR M,
-- -- and then compute crosstrack distance
                        := Dot Product (Left => Unit_Radial_M,
   Dot Prod Result
                                        Right => Unit_Normal_B);
   Crosstrack Distance := Dot Prod Result * Earth Radius;
-- -- compute the radius of the circle that the missile is actually traversing
   D Y := Turn Radius - Crosstrack Distance * Direction;
   D X := Distance to B - Nonturning Distance;
   R M := Sqrt(D X * D X + D Y * D Y);
-- -- compute crosstrack error
   Crosstrack Error := (Turn Radius - R M) * Direction;
-- --compute heading error
   N H D C := Direction * Unit Tangent B(Z) * D X -
              Unit Normal B(Z) * D Y;
   D H D C := -Direction * Unit Normal B(Z) * D X -
              Unit_Tangent_B(Z) * D_Y;
   Heading Error := Arctan((N H D C * Ground Velocity(N) -
                             D_H_D_C * Ground_Velocity(E)) /
                            (D_H_D_C * Ground_Velocity(N) + N_H_D_C * Ground_Velocity(E)));
end Compute When Turning;
3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:
The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined
elsewhere in the parent top level component:
```

Subprograms and task entries:

The following subprograms are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations package:

Name	Type	Description
"*"	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin_Cos_Ratio * Earth_Distances *> Segment_Distances
H * H	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin Cos Ratio * Segment Distances => Segment Distances
n×u	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Segment Distances * INTEGER => Segment Distances
n ⊁ n	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: INTEGER * Sin Cos Ratio => Sin Cos Ratio
п⊁п	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Segment Distances * Velocities => Tan Ratio
n*u	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin Cos Ratio * Velocities => Velocities
n/n	function	Division operator defining the operation: Velocities / Velocities => Tan Ratio
Dot_ Product	function	Dot product function
Sqrt .	function	Square root function
Arctan	function	Arctangent function

Data types:

The following data types are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations package:







Name	Туре	Description
Navigation_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Velocity_ Vectors
Unit_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Angles	floating point type	Data type of angular measurements
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of results of sine/cosine operations
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of tangent operations
Velocities	floating point type	Data type of velocity measurements
Unit_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Unit_Indices, of Sin Cos Ratio
Velocity_Vectors	array	Array, dImensioned by Navigation Indices, of Velocities

The following table describes the data types required by this part and defined in the package specification of Waypoint_Steering:

Name	Range	Description
Turning_Directions	Left Turn, Right Turn	Indicates if the missile needs to make a right or a left-hand turn to go to the next waypoint
Turning_Statuses	Turning, Not_Turning	Indicates whether or not the missile is currently turning

Data objects:

The following data objects are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations package:



Name	Type	Value	Description
E	Navigation_ Indices	'FIRST	Used to access first element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
N	Navigation_ Indices	'SUCC(E)	Used to access second element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
U	Navigation_ Indices	'LAST	Used to access last element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
X	Unit_Indices Indices	'FIRST	Used to access first element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Y	Unit_Indices Indices 	'SUCC(X)	Used to access second element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Z	Unit_Indices Indices	'LAST	Used to access last element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Earth_Radius	Earth_ Distances	n/a	Radius of the Earth

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2 COMPUTE WHEN NOT TURNING (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part computes the crosstrack and heading error for a missile in nonturning flight.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R175.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:



Name	Type	Mode	Description
Unit Radial_M	Unit_Vectors	in 	Unit radial vector to the missile extending outward from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame
Unit_ Normal B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit normal vector
Ground Velocity	Velocity_ Vectors	in	Missile ground velocity with N and E components
Crosstrack_ Error	Segment_ Distances 	out 	Missile displacement normal to the commanded ground track; is positive when missile is to the right as viewed in the direction of flight
Heading_ Error	Angles 	out 	Difference between the current missile heading and the desired heading

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Description	<u> </u>
D_H_D_C Dot_Prod_ Result	Sin_Cos_Ratio Sin_Cos_Ratio	Used for intermediate calculations Dot product result, which, due to the geometry, equals the angle between the desired UR M and the actual UR M	
N_H_D_C	Sin_Cos_Ratio	Used for intermediate calculations	

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Waypoint_Steering.Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations)
procedure Compute When Not Turning

(Unit_Radial_M : in Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Normal_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
Crosstrack_Error : out_Segment_Distances;

Heading Error : out Angles) is

^{-- --}local declarations-



```
Dot Prod Result : Sin Cos Ratio;
   D_H_D_C : Sin_Cos_Ratio;
N_H_D_C : Sin_Cos_Ratio;
--begin procedure Compute When Not Turning-
begin
-- -- get the sine of the angle (which approximately equals the angle)
-- -- between the actual and desired UR M,
-- -- and then compute crosstrack distance/error
  Dot Prod Result := Dot Product (Left => Unit Radial M,
                                    Right => Unit Normal B);
   Crosstrack Error := Dot Prod Result * Earth Radius;
-- -- compute heading error
  N H D C := - Unit Normal B(Z);
  DHDC:= Unit Normal B(Y) * Unit Radial M(X) -
              Unit_Normal_B(X) * Unit_Radial_M(Y);
  Heading Error := Arctan((N H D C * Ground Velocity(N) -
                            DHDC * Ground Velocity(E)) /
                           (DHDC * Ground Velocity(N) +
                            N H D C * Ground Velocity(B));
end Compute_When_Not_Turning;
```

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following subprograms are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations package:

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Name	Type	Description
"*" 	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin_Cos_Ratio * Earth_Distances => Segment Distances
# * #	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin Cos Ratio * Segment Distances => Segment Distances
n×n	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin Cos Ratio * Velocities => Velocities
"/"	function	Division operator defining the operation: Velocities / Velocities => Tan Ratio
Dot_ Product	function	Dot product function
Arctan	function	Arctangent function

Data types:

The following data types are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations package:

Name	Туре	Description	
Navigation_Indices	discrete	Data type used to dimension Velocity_ Vectors	
Unit_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Unit_Vectors	
Angles	floating point type	Data type of angular measurements	
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius	
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments	
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of results of sine/cosine operations	
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of tangent operations	
Velocities	floating point type	Data type of velocity measurements	
Unit_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Unit_Indices, of Sin Cos Ratio	
Velocity_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices, of Velocities	

Data objects:

The following data objects are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations package:



Name	Type	Value	Description
E 	Navigation_ Indices	/ FIRST	Used to access first element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
N !	Navigation_ Indices	'SUCC(E)	Used to access second element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
i	Navigation_ Indices 	'LAST	Used to access last element of arrays dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices
i x i	Unit_Indices Indices	'FIRST	Used to access first element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
į Y 	Unit_Indices Indices	'SUCC(X)	Used to access second element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Z	Unit_Indices Indices	'LAST	Used to access last element of arrays dimensioned by Unit_ Indices
Earth_Radius	Earth_ Distances	n/a	Radius of the Earth

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3 COMPUTE (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part computes the crosstrack and heading error for a missile in turning or nonturning flight.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R174.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

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Name	Type	Mode	Description
Distance_	Segment_	in	Distance from missile position to
to_B	Distances	!	the current waypoint, B
Nonturning_ Distance	Segment_ Distances	in 	Distance from point of tangency of turn circle and next course segment, BC, to next waypoint, C
Unit_ Radial_M	Unit_Vectors	in	Unit radial vector to the missile extending outward from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame
Unit_ Normal B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit normal vector
Unit Tangent B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit tangent vector
Turn_ Direction	Turning_ Directions	in 	Direction of turn required to go from waypoint B to waypoint C
Turn_Status	Turning_ Statuses	in	Indicates if the missile is in turning or nonturning flight
Ground_ Velocity	Velocity_ Vect.	in	Missile ground velocity with N and E components
Turn_Radius	Segment_ Distances	in	Desired missile turn radius
Crosstrack_ Error	Segment_ Distances	out	Missile displacement normal to the commanded ground track; is positive when missile is to the right as viewed in the direction of flight
Heading_ Error	Angles	out	Difference between the current missile heading and the desired heading

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Waypoint_Steering.Crosstrack_and_Heading_Error_Operations)
procedure Compute

(Distance to B : in Segment Distances; Nonturning Distance : in Segment Distances; Unit Radial M : in Unit Vectors; Unit Normal B : in Unit Vectors; Unit Tangent B : in Unit Vectors; Turn Direction : in Turning Directions; Turn Status : in Turning Statuses;



```
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
Turn_Radius : in Segment_Distances;
Crosstrack_Error : out Segment_Distances;
Heading_Error : out Angles) is
begin
     if Turn Status = Turning then
          Compute_When_Turning
                                 (Distance to B
                                                                     => Distance to B
                                  Nonturning Distance => Nonturning Distance ,
                                  Nonturning Distance => Nonturning Distance
Unit Radial M => Unit Radial M
Unit Normal B => Unit Normal B
Unit Tangent B => Unit Tangent B
Turn Direction => Turn Direction
Ground Velocity => Ground Velocity
Turn Radius => Turn Radius
Crosstrack Error => Heading Error
                                                                                                            );
     else
          Compute When Not Turning
                                 (Unit Radial M => Unit Radial M
                                  Unit Normal B => Unit Normal B
                                  Ground Velocity => Ground Velocity ,
                                  Crosstrack Error => Crosstrack Error ,
                                  Heading Error => Heading Error
     end if:
end Compute;
```

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and contained in the Crosstrack and Heading Error Operations package.

Name	Туре	Description
Compute_When_Turning	procedure	Computes the crosstrack and heading errors when the missile is in turning flight
Compute_When_Not_Turning	procedure	Computes the crosstrack and heading errors when the missile is in nonturning flight

Data types:

The following data types are required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Crosstrack and Heading Error Operations package:

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Name	Type	Description
Navigation_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Velocity_ Vectors
Unit_Indices	discrete type	Data type used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Angles	floating point type	Data type of angular measurements
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of results of sine/cosine operations
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of tangent operations
Velocities	floating point type	Data type of velocity measurements
Unit_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Unit_Indices, of Sin Cos Ratio
Velocity_Vectors	array	Array, dimensioned by Navigation_ Indices, of Velocities

The following table describes the data types required by this part and defined in the package specification of Waypoint_Steering:

Ī	Name	Range	Description
	Turning_Directions	Left Turn, Right_Turn	Indicates if the missile needs to make a right or a left-hand turn to go to the next waypoint
	Turning_Statuses	Turning, Not_Turning	Indicates whether or not the missile is currently turning

3.3.4.1.9.2.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3 TURN_TEST_OPERATIONS (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P112-0)

This part contains the operations required to determine if a missile should be in turning or nonturning flight.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document. \cdot



3.3.4.1.9.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following table summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

Name	Requirements Allocation]
Stop_Test Start_Test	R178 R179	

3.3.4.1.9.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were previously defined when this part was specified:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name Type	Description	
	Data type of distance measurements	1

3.3.4.1.9.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
separate (Waypoint_Steering)
package body Turn_Test_Operations is
```

function Stop Test

(Distance_to B : Distances; Nonturning_Distance : Distances; Lead_Distance : Distances) return Turning Statuses is separate;

function Start Test

(Dīstance to B : Distances; Turning Distance : Distances; Lead Distance : Distances) return Turning Statuses is separate;

end Turn Test Operations;

3.3.4.1.9.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Ī	Name	Range	Description	
	Turning_Statuses	Turning Not_Tu	, Indicates whether or not the missile is rning currently turning	

3.3.4.1.9.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1 STOP TEST (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part determines whether a missile should be in turning or nonturning flight.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R178.



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3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode	Description
Distance_ to B	Distances	In	Distance from missile position to current waypoint, B
Nonturning_ Distance	Distances	In	Distance from point of tangency of turn turn circle and next course segment, BC, to the next waypoint, C
Lead_ Distance 	Distances	In	Distance at which a turn is started or stopped early to compensate for the delay in missile roll dynamics

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре	Value	Description	-
	Turn_Status	Turning_ Statuses	N/A	Turning or nonturning status of the missile	

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Waypoint_Steering.Turn_Test_Operations)
function Stop Test

(Distance_to B : Distances; Nonturning Distance : Distances;

Lead Distance : Distances) return Turning Statuses is

-- --declaration section-



Turn_Status : Turning_Statuses := Turning;

--begin function Stop_Test-

begin

if Distance_to_B <= (Lead_Distance + Nonturning_Distance) then
 Turn_Status := Not_Turning;
end if:</pre>

return Turn_Status;

end Stop Test;

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Turn_Test_Operations package:

Name	Type	1	Description	1
	s floating		Data type of distance measurements	Ī

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of Waypoint Steering:

Ī	Name	Range	Description
	Turning_Statuses	Turning, Not_Turning	Indicates whether or not the missile is currently turning

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2 START TEST (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part determines whether a missile should be in turning or nonturning flight.



(

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R179.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode	Description
Distance_	Distances	In	Distance from missile position to current waypoint, B
Turning Distance	Distances	In	Distance from point of tangency of turn turn circle and current course segment, BC, to the current waypoint, C
Lead_ Distance	Distances	In	Distance at which a turn is started or stopped early to compensate for the delay in missile roll dynamics

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	Valu	e Description	
Turn_Status	Turning_ Statuses	N/A	Turning or nonturning status of the missile	

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Waypoint_Steering.Turn_Test_Operations)
function Start Test

(Dīstance to B : Distances; Turning Distance : Distances;



```
Lead Distance : Distances) return Turning Statuses is
-- --declaration section-
   Turn Status : Turning Statuses := Not Turning;
-- begin function Start Test-
begin
   if Distance to B <= (Lead Distance + Turning Distance) then
     Turn Status := Turning;
   end if:
   return Turn_Status;
end Start Test;
3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:
The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined
elsewhere in the parent top level component:
Data types:
The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as
generic parameters to the Turn_Test_Operations package:
| Name | Type | Description
| Distances | floating | Data type of distance measurements
The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in
the package specification of Waypoint Steering:
            | Range | Description
```

3.3.4.1.9.3.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

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3.3.4.1.9.4 STEERING VECTOR OPERATIONS WITH ARCSIN (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P1048-0)

This package contains operations to do the following: o Initialize the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the past, current, and next waypoints o Update the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the "new" waypoint, C.

The waypoint steering vectors for a course segment, extending from waypoint A to waypoint B, are the segment unit normal vector (UN_B) and the segment unit tangent vector (UT_B).

It does not make the assumption that alphasin(alpha) when doing its computations.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.1.9.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following table summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

Name	I	Requirements Allocation	
Initialize Update	1	N/A N/A	

3.3.4.1.9.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were previously defined with the specification for this part.

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Indices	discrete type	Used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Earth_Positions	floating point type	Data type used to define latitude and longitude measurements
Radians	floating point type	Radian units of angular measurement
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type used to define results of a sine or cosine function
Unit_Vectors	array	Array of "Sin_Cos_Ratio" dimensioned by Indices

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре	Ī	Value	1	Description	
	Earth_Radius	Earth_ Distances		n/a	 	Radius of the Earth	

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
 "*"	function	Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin_Cos_Ratio * Earth_Distances => Segment_Distances
"/"	function	Operator defining the operation: Unit Vectors / Sin Cos Ratio => Unit Vectors
Arcsin	function	Arcsin function (must return radians)
Cross_ Product	procedure	Cross product function
Vector Length	function	Calculates the length of a vector
Sin_Cos	procedure	Calculates the sine and cosine of an input value

3.3.4.1.9.4.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The f	following	table	describes	the	data	objects	maintained	by	this	part:
-------	-----------	-------	-----------	-----	------	---------	------------	----	------	-------

Name	Type	Value	Description
Unit_Radial_B	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint B extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint B
Unit_Radial_C	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint C extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint C

3.3.4.1.9.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

-- --instantiate required parts-

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
with Geometric_Operations;
separate (Waypoint_Steering)
package body Steering_Vector_Operations_with_Arcsin is
```

package Geo renames Geometric Operations;

^{-- --}local declarations-



Unit_Radial_B : Unit_Vectors; Unit_Radial_C : Unit_Vectors;

end Steering Vector_Operations_with_Arcsin;

3.3.4.1.9.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

The following library units are with'd by this part:
1. Geometric Operations package (Geo)

UTILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ELEMENTS:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the external subroutines and task entries required by this part:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Unit_Radial_Vector	generic function	Geo	Computes a unit radial vector
Compute Segment and Unit Normal Vector with Arcsin	generic function	Geo	Computes segment distance and unit normal vector

3.3.4.1.9.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1 INITIALIZE (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part initializes the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the past (A), present (B), and next (C) waypoints.

This part initializes the waypoint steering vectors for the "current" course segment AB, as well as for the "next" course segment BC.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R170.



3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Waypoint A Lat, Waypoint A Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "previous" waypoint
Waypoint B Lat, Waypoint B Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "current" waypoint
Waypoint C Lat, Waypoint C Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "next" waypoint
Unit Normal B, Unit Normal C	Unit_Vectors	out	Unit normal vectors for segments AB and BC
Unit Tangent B, Unit Tangent C	Unit_Vectors	out	Unit tangent vectors for segments AB and BC
Segment BC Distance	Segment_ Distances	out	Great circle arclength between waypoints B and C

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	Value	Description
Temp_UN_B Temp_UN_C Unit_Radial_A V_Length	Unit_Vectors Unit_Vectors Unit_Vectors Sin_Cos_Ratio	N/A N/A N/A N/A	Temporary Unit Normal B vector Temporary Unit Normal C vector Unit radial vector pointing to waypoint A Vector length

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:



```
Waypoint A Long : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint B Long : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors:
                                      : out Unit Vectors;
                Unit Normal C
                Unit_Tangent B : out Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Tangent_C : out Unit_Vectors;
                 Segment BC Distance: out Segment Distances) is
   --declaration section-
   Temp_UN_B : Unit_Vectors;
Temp_UN_C : Unit_Vectors;
   Unit Radial A : Unit Vectors;
   V Length : Sin Cos Ratio;
  --begin procedure Initialize-
begin
   --compute unit radial vectors
   Unit Radial A := U R Vector(Lat of Point => Waypoint A Lat,
                                    Long_of_Point => Waypoint A Long);
   Unit_Radial_B := U_R_Vector(Lat_of_Point => Waypoint_B_Lat,
                                    Long_of_Point => Waypoint_B_Long);
   Unit_Radial_C := U_R_Vector(Lat_of_Point => Waypoint_C_Lat,
                                    Long of Point => Waypoint C Long);
   --compute UN B
   Temp UN B
                     := Cross Product(Left => Unit Radial B,
                                        Right => Unit Radial A);
   V Length
                     := Vector Length(Temp UN B);
   Temp_UN_B
                     := Temp UN B / V Length;
   Unit Normal B := Temp UN B;
   --compute UT B
   Unit Tangent B := Cross Product(Left => Temp UN B,
                                        Right => Unit Radial B);
   -- compute UN C and segment BC distance
   Compute Segment and U N1 Vector
       (Unit Radial => Unit Radial B,
        Unit Radial2
                          => Unit Radial C,
                          => Temp_UN_C,
        Unit Normal2
        Segment Distance => Segment BC Distance);
   Unit_Normal_C := Temp_UN_C;
```



3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and instantiated in the body of the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Ī	Name		Туре		Description	
	U_R_Vector Compute_Segment_and _ U_N1_Vector		function function		Computes a unit radial vector Computes segment distance and unit normal vector	

The following table describes the subroutines required by this part and defined as generic formal subroutines to the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Ī	Name	Type	Description	
Ī	"/"	function	Operator defining the operation: Unit Vectors / Sin Cos Ratio => Unit Vectors	
	Cross_ Product	procedure	Cross product function	
Ì	Vector Length	function	Calculates the length of a vector	

Data types:

The following data types are required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Name	Type	Description
Indices	discrete type	Used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Earth_Positions	floating point type	Data type used to define latitude and longitude measurements
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type used to define results of a sine or cosine function
Unit_Vectors	array	Array of "Sin_Cos_Ratio" dimensioned by Indices

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of Steering_Vector_Operations:

Name	Туре	Value	Description
Unit_Radial_B	Unit_Vectors	N/A	Unit radial vector to waypoint B extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint B
Unit_Radial_C	Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint C extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint C

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2 UPDATE (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN

This part updates the waypoint steering vectors when supplied with the latitude and longitude of the "new" waypoint, C.

The waypoint steering vectors for a course segment, extending from waypoint A to waypoint B, are the segment unit normal vector (UN_B) and the segment unit tangent vector (UT_B).

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R171.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Waypoint_C_Lat, Waypoint_C_Long	Earth_Positions	in	Latitude and longitude of the "next" waypoint
Unit_Normal_B, Unit_Normal_C	Unit_Vectors	out	Unit normal vectors for
Unit Tangent B,	Unit Vectors	in out	segments AB and BC Unit tangent vectors for
Unit_Tangent_C		in out	segments AB and BC
Segment_BC_	Segment_	out	Great circle arclength
Distance	Distances		between waypoints B and C

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
procedure Update
            (Waypoint C Lat
                                 : in
                                         Earth Positions;
             Waypoint C Long
                                         Earth Positions;
                                : in
                                : out Unit_Vectors;
             Unit Normal B
             Unit Normal C
                                : in out Unit Vectors;
             Unit Tangent B
                               :
                                     out Unit Vectors;
             Unit Tangent C
                                : in out Unit Vectors;
             Segment BC Distance:
                                    out Segment Distances) is
begin
```

-- -- advance "C" vectors into "B" vectors

Unit Radial B := Unit Radial C;



3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF CTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

end Update;

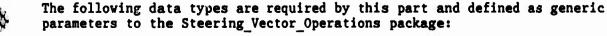
The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and instantiated in the body of the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Name		Туре	 Description
U_R_Vector Compute_Segment_and U_N1_Vector		function function	Computes a unit radial vector Computes segment distance and unit normal vector

The following table describes the subroutines required by this part and defined as generic formal subroutines to the Steering_Vector_Operations package:

Ī	Name	 	Туре	ı	Description	Ī
	Cross_ Product		procedure		Cross product function	

Data types:





Name	Type	Description
Indices	discrete type	Used to dimension Unit_Vectors
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments
Earth_Positions	floating point type	Data type used to define latitude and longitude measurements
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type used to define results of a sine or cosine function
Unit_Vectors	array	Array of "Sin_Cos_Ratio" dimensioned by Indices

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of Steering_Vector_Operations:

Name	Type	Value	Description
Unit_Radial_	B Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to waypoint B extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint B
Unit_Radial_	C Unit_Vectors	N/A 	Unit radial vector to wayr int C extending outwards from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame towards waypoint C

3.3.4.1.9.4.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.1.10.1 COMPUTE TURN ANGLE AND DIRECTION (PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #PTO8-0)

Using the waypoint steering vectors, this part computes the tangent of one-half the turn angle along with the turn direction.

3.3.4.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R172.



3.3.4.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were defined when this part was previously specified.

Data types:

The following 'able describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	-
Unit_Vectors	private	One-dimensional, three-element arrays defining the waypoint steering vectors	
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of results of sine/cosine operations	İ
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Data type of results of tangent operations	İ

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
n+n	function	Addition operator defining the operation:
"/"	function	Tan Ratio + Sin Cos Ratio => Tan Ratio Division operator defining the operation:
Dot_Produc	t function	Sin_Cos_Ratio / Tan_Ratio => Tan_Ratio Calculates the dot product of two Unit_Vectors

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:



Name	Type	Mode	Description
Unit_Normal_C	Unit_Vectors	in 	Segment BC unit normal vector with x, y, and z components
Unit_Tangent_B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit tangent vector with x, y, and z components
Unit_Tangent_C	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment BC unit tangent vector with x, y, and z components
Tan_of_One_Half_ Turn_Angle	Tan_Ratio	out	Tangent of one-half the angle between the current course segment and the next course segment
Turn_Direction	Turning Directions	out	Indicates if missile is to make a right- or left-hand turn

3.3.4.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Ī	Name	I	Туре		Value		Description	1
	Cos_of_Turn_Angle, Sin_of_Turn_Angle		Sin_Cos_ Ratio		N/A	 	Sine and cosine of the angle between the current and next course segments	

3.3.4.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

Tan_of_Half : Tan_Ratio renames Tan_of_One_Half_Turn_Angle;

```
Cos of Turn Angle : Sin Cos Ratio;
   Sin of Turn Angle : Sin Cos Ratio;
--begin procedure Compute Turn Angle and Direction-
begin
   Cos of Turn Angle := Dot Product(Left => Unit_Tangent_B,
                                    Right => Unit Tangent C);
   Sin of Turn Angle := Dot Product(Left => Unit Tangent B,
                                    Right => Unit Normal C);
   Tan of Half := ABS(Sin of Turn Angle /
                     (Tan Ratio(1.0) + Cos of Turn Angle));
   if Sin of Turn Angle < 0.0 then
      Turn Direction := Left Turn;
      Turn Direction := Right Turn;
   end if;
end Compute Turn Angle and Direction;
3.3.4.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
None.
3.3.4.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS
None.
3.3.4.1.10.2 DISTANCE TO CURRENT WAYPOINT (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG
          #P110-0)
This part computes the distance from the missile's position to the current
waypoint, B.
3.3.4.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION
This part meets CAMP requirement R176.
3.3.4.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN
None.
```

3.3.4.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were previously defined with this part's specification.

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Unit_Vectors	private	One dimensional, three-element array of Sin Cos Ratio
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	ResuIts of sine/cosine operations
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Results of tangent operation
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Ī	Name	 	Туре		Value		Description
	Earth_Radius		Earth_ Distances		n/a		Radius of the Earth

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Dot_Product "*"		Computes the dot product of two unit vectors Multiplication operator defining the operation: Sin_Cos_Ratio * Earth_Distances => Segment_Distances

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode	Description	
Unit Radial_M	Unit_Vectors	in	Unit radial vector to the missile extending outward from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame	
Unit_ Tangent_B	Unit_Vectors	in	Segment AB unit tangent vector	

3.3.4.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name		Туре	Ī	Value		Description	1
Dot_Prod_ Result		Sin_Cos_ Ratio		N/A		Due to the geometry, this value ends up being the angle between UR_M and UR_B	

3.3.4.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

-- --local declarations-

Dot_Prod_Result : Sin_Cos_Ratio;

--begin function Distance_To_Current_Waypoint-

begin

return Dot_Prod_Result * Earth_Radius;
end Distance to Current Waypoint;

3.3.4.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.10.3 COMPUTE TURNING_AND_NONTURNING_DISTANCES(PROCEDURE BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #PI11-0)

This part computes the missile turning distance projected onto the current course segment, AB, and the missile nonturning distance measured along the next course segment, BC.

3.3.4.1.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R177.

3.3.4.1.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were previously defined when this part was specified.

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

]	Name		Туре		Description	<u> </u>
Ī	Distances		floating point type		Data type of distance measurements	-
	Tan_Ratio		floating point type	Ì	Data type of results of tangent operation	İ

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:



1	Name	Ī	Туре	 	Description	
- 	"*"		function		Multiplication operator defining the operation: Distances * Tan_Ratio => Distances	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Tan of One Half Turn_ Angle	Tan_Ratio	in 	Tangent of 1/2 the angle between current course segment and next course segment
Segment_BC_ Distance	Distances	in	Great circle arc length between way- points B and C
Turn Radius	Distances	in	Desired missile turn radius
Turning_ Distance	Distances	out	Distance from the point of tangency of the turn circle and the current course segment AB to the current waypoint, B
Nonturning_ Distance	Distances	out	Distance from the point of tangency of the turn circle and the next course segment BC to the next waypoint, C

3.3.4.1.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name		Туре		Value	Ī	Description
Temp_Turning_ Distance		Distances		N/A		Temporary variable

3.3.4.1.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

Turning_Distance : out Distances; Nonturning_Distance : out Distances) is

-- ------- --declaration section-

Temp Turning Distance : Distances;

--begin procedure Compute_Turning_And_Nonturning_Distances-

begin

Temp_Turning_Distance := Turn_Radius * Tan_of_One_Half_Turn_Angle;
Turning_Distance := Temp_Turning_Distance;

Nonturning_Distance := Segment_BC_Distance - Temp_Turning_Distance;

end Compute_Turning_And_Nonturning_Distances;

3.3.4.1.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.1.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.1.10.4 DISTANCE TO CURRENT WAYPOINT WITH ARCSIN (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P1\(\bar{1}17\)=0)

This part computes the distance from the missile's position to the current waypoint, B.

It does not use the assumption that alphasin(alpha) when doing its computations.

3.3.4.1.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R.

3.3.4.1.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.1.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:



The following generic parameters were previously defined with this part's specification.

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Unit_Vectors	private 	One dimensional, three-element array of Sin Cos Ratio
Radians	floating point type	Radian units of angular measurement
Sin_Cos_Ratio	floating point type	Results of sine/cosine operations
Tan_Ratio	floating point type	Results of tangent operation
Earth_Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the Earth's radius
Segment_ Distances	floating point type	Data type used to define distance measurements of the navigation segments

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

<u></u>	Name	1	Туре	Ī	Value	 	Description
	Earth_Radius		Earth_ Distances		n/a		Radius of the Earth

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

	Name		Туре	I	Description	Ī
	Dot_Product		function function		Computes the dot product of two unit vectors Multiplication operator defining the operation: Radians * Earth_Distances => Segment_Distances	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:



Name	Type	Mode	Description	Ī
Unit Radial_M	Unit_Vectors	in 	Unit radial vector to the missile extending outward from the origin of the Earth-centered reference frame	
Unit_ Tangent_B	Unit_Vectors	in 	Segment AB unit tangent vector	İ

3.3.4.1.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Value	Description	
Dot_Prod_ Result	Sin_Cos_ Ratio	N/A	Due to the geometry, this value ends up being the angle between UR_M and UR_B	

3.3.4.1.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.1.10.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

-- --local declarations-

Dot_Prod_Result : Sin_Cos_Ratio;

```
--begin function Distance_To_Current_Waypoint-
```

begin



return Arcsin(Dot_Prod_Result) * Earth_Radius;
end Distance_to_Current_Waypoint_with_Arcsin;

3.3.4.1.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS None.

3.3.4.1.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



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```
package body Waypoint Steering is
  package body Steering Vector Operations is separate;
  package body Steering Vector Operations With Arcsin is separate;
  procedure Compute Turn Angle And Direction
               (Unit Normal C
                                           : in
                                                    Unit Vectors;
                Unit Tangent B
                                           : in
                                                    Unit Vectors;
                Unit Tangent C
                                                    Unit Vectors;
                                          : in
                Tan_Of_One_Half_Turn_Angle:
                                               out Tan Ratio;
                Turn Direction
                                 -
                                               out Turning Directions)
               is separate;
  package body Crosstrack And Heading Error_Operations is separate;
  function Distance To Current Waypoint
              (Unit Radial M : Unit Vectors;
               Unit Tangent B : Unit Vectors)
              return Segment Distances is separate;
  function Distance To Current Waypoint With Arcsin
              (Unit Radial M : Unit Vectors;
               Unit Tangent B : Unit Vectors)
              return Segment Distances is separate;
  procedure Compute_Turning_And_Nonturning_Distances
               (Tan Of One Half Turn Angle: in
                                                   Tan Ratio;
                Segment Bc Distance
                                                   Distances;
                                         : in
                Turn Radius
                                          : in
                                                   Distances;
                Turning Distance
                                          :
                                               out Distances;
                Nonturning Distance
                                              out Distances) is separate;
                                         :
  package body Turn Test Operations is separate;
```

package body rain_rest_operations is s

end Waypoint_Steering;

```
with Geometric Operations;
separate (Waypoint Steering)
package body Steering Vector Operations is
     package Geo renames Geometric Operations;
-- -- instantiate required parts-
__ _____
     function U R Vector is new
                        Geo. Unit Radial Vector (Indices
                                                                                        => Indices,
                                                                Earth Positions => Earth Positions,
                                                                Sin_Cos_Ratio => Sin_Cos_Ratio,
Unit_Vectors => Unit_Vectors);
     procedure Compute Segment And U Nl Vector is new
                         Geo.Compute_Segment_And_Unit_Normal_Vector
                                Indices => Indices,
Earth_Distances => Earth_Distances,
                               (Indices
                                 Segment_Distances => Segment_Distances,
                                Sin_Cos_Ratio => Sin_Cos_Ratio,
Unit Vectors => Unit Vectors,
Earth_Radius => Earth_Radius);
-- -- local declarations-
    Unit Radial B : Unit Vectors;
    Unit Radial C : Unit Vectors;
-- -- separate procedures-
    procedure Initialize
                         (Vaypoint A Lat : in Earth Positions;
Vaypoint A Long : in Earth Positions;
Vaypoint B Long : in Earth Positions;
Vaypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions;
Vaypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
Vaypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent C : out Unit Vectors;
Segment Bc Distance : out Segment Distances
                           Segment Bc Distance: out Segment Distances) is separate;
    procedure Update
                          Waypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Normal C : in out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent C : in out Unit Vectors;
                         (Waypoint_C_Lat
                           Segment Bc Distance: out Segment Distances) is separate;
```



end Steering_Vector_Operations;



```
separate (Waypoint Steering Steering Vector Operations)
procedure Initialize
                  (Waypoint_A_Lat : in Earth_Positions;
                   Waypoint A Long
                                             : in Earth Positions;
                   Waypoint B Lat : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint B Long : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions;
Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent C : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent C : out Unit Vectors;
Segment B Distance: out Segment Distances
                   Segment Bc Distance : out Segment Distances) is
 -- -- declaration section-
    Temp_Un_B : Unit_Vectors;
Temp_Un_C : Unit_Vectors;
    Unit Radial A : Unit Vectors;
    V Length : Sin Cos Ratio;
-- begin procedure Initialize-
begin
-- -- compute unit radial vectors
    Unit Radial A := U R Vector(Lat Of Point => Waypoint A Lat,
                                           Long Of Point => Waypoint A Long);
    Unit_Radial_B := U_R_Vector(Lat_Of_Point => Waypoint_B_Lat,
                                          Long Of Point => Waypoint B Long);
    Unit Radial C := U R Vector(Lat Of Point => Waypoint C Lat,
                                          Long Of Point => Waypoint C Long);
-- -- compute UN B
    Temp Un B
                        := Cross Product(Left => Unit Radial B,
                                                Right => Unit Radial A);
                        := Vector Length(Temp_Un_B);
    V Length
                       := Temp_Un_B / V_Length;
    Temp Un B
    Unit Normal B := Temp Un B;
-- -- compute UT B
    Unit Tangent B := Cross Product(Left => Temp Un B,
                                                Right => Unit Radial B);
-- -- compute UN C and segment BC distance
    Compute Segment And U N1 Vector
        (Unit Radial => Unit Radial B,
Unit Radial2 => Unit Radial C,
Unit Normal2 => Temp Un C,
```

```
separate (Waypoint Steering.Steering Vector_Operations)
procedure Update
                (Waypoint C Lat : in Earth rositions,
Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions;
Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors;
Unit Normal C : in out Unit Vectors;
               (Waypoint_C_Lat
                Unit_Tangent_B : out Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Tangent_C : in out Unit_Vectors;
                Segment_Bc_Distance: out Segment_Distances) is
begin
-- -- advance "C" vectors into "B" vectors
   Unit Radial B := Unit Radial C;
   Unit Normal B := Unit Normal C;
   Unit Tangent B := Unit Tangent C;
-- -- calculate new values
   Unit Radial C := U R Vector(Lat_Of_Point => Waypoint_C_Lat,
                                      Long Of Point => Waypoint C Long);
   Compute Segment And U_Nl_Vector
       (Unit RadialI
                            => Unit Radial B,
                            => Unit Radial C,
        Unit Radial2
        Unit_Normal2 => Unit_Normal_C,
        Segment Distance -> Segment Bc Distance);
   Unit Tangent C := Cross Product(Left => Unit Normal C,
                                         Right => Unit Radial C);
end Update;
```



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```

```
separate (Waypoint Steering)
procedure Compute_Turn_Angle_And_Direction
                (Unit Normal C : in Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent B : in Unit Vectors;
Unit Tangent C : in Unit Vectors;
               (Unit Normal C
                Tan_Of_One_Half_Turn_Angle : out Tan_Ratio;
Turn_Direction : out Turning_Directions) is
-- -- declaration section-
                        : Tan Ratio renames Tan Of One Half Turn Angle;
   Tan Of Half
   Cos Of Turn Angle : Sin Cos Ratio;
   Sin Of Turn Angle: Sin Cos Ratio;
-- begin procedure Compute Turn Angle and Direction-
begin
   Cos_Of_Turn_Angle := Dot_Product(Left => Unit_Tangent_B,
   Right => Unit_Tangent_C);
Sin_Of_Turn_Angle := Dot_Product(Left => Unit_Tangent_B,
                                          Right => Unit Normal C);
   Tan Of Half := abs(Sin Of Turn Angle /
                        (Tan Ratio(1.0) + Cos Of Turn Angle));
   if Sin Of Turn Angle < 0.0 then
       Turn Direction := Left Turn;
       Turn Direction := Right Turn;
   end if;
end Compute Turn Angle And Direction;
```

```
separate (Waypoint Steering)
package body Crosstrack And Heading Error Operations is
    procedure Compute When Turning
                    (Distance To B
                                              : in Segment Distances;
                     Nonturning Distance: in Segment Distances;
                     Unit Radial M : in Unit Vectors;
                    Unit_Normal_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Tangent_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Turn_Direction : in Turning_Directions;
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
Turn_Radius : in Segment_Distances;
                     Crosstrack Error : out Segment_Distances;
Heading_Error : out Angles) is separate;
   procedure Compute_When_Not Turning
                    (Unit Radial M
                                        : in Unit_Vectors;
                     Unit Normal B
                                         : in Unit Vectors;
                     Ground Velocity : in Velocity Vectors;
                     Crosstrack Error : out Segment Distances;
                     Heading Error : out Angles) is separate;
   procedure Compute
                    (Distance To B
                                              : in Segment Distances;
                     Nonturning Distance : in Segment Distances;
Unit_Radial_M : in Unit_Vectors;
                     Unit Normal B
                                            : in Unit Vectors;
                                            : in Unit Vectors;
                     Unit Tangent B
                     Turn Direction
                                            : in Turning Directions;
                                            : in Turning Statuses; in Velocity Vectors;
                     Turn Status
                     Ground Velocity
                     Turn Radius
                                            : in Segment Distances;
                     Crosstrack Error : out Segment Distances;
Heading Error : out Angles) is separate;
```

end Crosstrack_And_Heading_Error_Operations;

```
separate (Waypoint Steering.Crosstrack And Heading Error Operations)
procedure Compute When Turning
                  (Distance To B
                                             : in Segment Distances;
                  Nonturning Distance: in Segment Distances;
Unit Radial M: in Unit Vectors;
Unit Normal B: in Unit Vectors;
                  Unit_Tangent B : in Unit_Vectors;
Turn_Direction : in Turning_Directions;
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
Turn_Radius : in Segment_Distances;
Crosstrack_Error : out Segment_Distances;
Heading_Error : out Angles) is
__ ____
-- -- declaration section-
    Crosstrack Distance : Segment Distances;
    DY
                             : Segment Distances;
    \mathbf{D}^{-}\mathbf{X}
                             : Segment Distances;
                             : Segment Distances;
    D H D C
    Direction
                              : INTEGER;
    Direction : INTEGER;
Dot_Prod_Result : Sin_Cos_Ratio;
    N H D C
                              : Segment Distances;
    R M
                              : Segment Distances;
-- begin procedure Compute When Turning-
begin
— — convert turn direction to an integer value
    if Turn Direction = Left Turn then
        Direction := -1;
    else
       Direction := 1;
    end if:
-- -- get the sine of the angle (which approximately equals the angle)
-- -- between the actual and desired UR M,
-- -- and then compute crosstrack distance
   Dot_Prod_Result
                              := Dot Product (Left => Unit Radial M,
                                                   Right => Unit Normal B);
   Crosstrack Distance := Dot Prod Result * Earth Radius;
-- -- compute the radius of the circle that the missile is actually traversing
   D Y := Turn Radius - Crosstrack Distance * Direction;
   D X := Distance To B - Nonturning Distance;
   R_M := Sqrt(D_X * \overline{D}_X + D_Y * D_Y);
-- -- compute crosstrack error
   Crosstrack Error := (Turn Radius - R M) * Direction;
```

```
separate (Waypoint Steering.Crosstrack And Heading Error Operations)
procedure Compute When Not Turning
               (Unit_Radial_M : in Unit_Vectors;
Unit_Normal_B : in Unit_Vectors;
Ground_Velocity : in Velocity_Vectors;
                Crosstrack Error : out Segment Distances;
                Heading Error : out Angles) is
-- -- local declarations-
   Dot Prod Result : Sin Cos Ratio;
   D_H_D_C : Sin_Cos_Ratio;
   N H D C
                    : Sin Cos Ratio;
-- begin procedure Compute When Not Turning-
begin
-- -- get the sine of the angle (which approximately equals the angle)
-- -- between the actual and desired UR M,
-- -- and then compute crosstrack distance/error
   Dot Prod Result := Dot Product (Left => Unit Radial M,
                                        Right => Unit Normal B);
   Crosstrack Error := Dot Prod Result * Earth Radius;
-- -- compute heading error
   N H D C := - Unit Normal_B(Z);
   DHDC := Unit Normal B(Y) * Unit Radial M(X) -
                Unit Normal B(X) * Unit Radial M(Y);
   Heading_Error := Arctan((N_H_D_C * Ground_Velocity(N) -
                               DHDC * Ground Velocity(E)) /
                              (DHDC * Ground Velocity(N) +
                               N H D C * Ground Velocity(E)));
end Compute_When_Not_Turning;
```

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end Compute;

```
separate (Waypoint Steering.Crosstrack And Heading Error Operations)
procedure Compute
             (Distance To B
                                   : in Segment Distances;
              Nonturning Distance : in Segment Distances;
              Unit Radial M
                               : in Unit Vectors;
              Unit Normal B
                                   : in Unit Vectors:
              Unit_Tangent_B
                                  : in Unit Vectors;
                                  : in Turning Directions;
              Turn Direction
                                  : in Turning Statuses;
              Turn Status
                                  : in Velocity Vectors;
              Ground Velocity
                                         Segment Distances;
              Turn Radius
                                  : in
              Crosstrack Error
                                  : out Segment Distances;
                                  : out Angles) is
              Heading Error
begin
  if Turn Status = Turning then
     Compute When Turning
                   (Distance To B
                                         => Distance To B
                    Nonturning Distance => Nonturning Distance,
                    Unit Radial M
                                         => Unit Radial M
                    Unit Normal B
                                         => Unit Normal B
                    Unit_Tangent_B
Turn_Direction
                                         => Unit_Tangent_B
=> Turn_Direction
                                         => Ground Velocity
                    Ground Velocity
                                         => Turn Radius
                    Turn Radius
                    Crosstrack Error
                                         -> Crosstrack Error
                    Heading Error
                                         -> Heading Error
                                                                 );
  else ·
     Compute When Not Turning
                   (Unit Radial M
                                     => Unit Radial M
                    Unit Normal B
                                     => Unit Normal B
                    Ground Velocity -> Ground Velocity
                    Crosstrack Error => Crosstrack Error ,
                    Heading Error
                                     -> Heading Error
                                                          );
  end if;
```











end Turn_Test_Operations;



```
separate (Waypoint_Steering.Turn_Test_Operations)
function Stop Test
           (Distance To B : Distances;
            Nonturning_Distance : Distances;
            Lead_Distance : Distances) return Turning_Statuses is
-- -- declaration section-
__ _____
  Turn_Status : Turning_Statuses := Turning;
-- begin function Stop Test-
-----
begin
  if Distance To B <= (Lead Distance + Nonturning Distance) then
     Turn Status := Not Turning;
  end if;
  return Turn_Status;
end Stop_Test;
```



```
with Geometric Operations;
separate (Waypoint Steering)
package body Steering Vector Operations With Arcsin is
     package Geo renames Geometric Operations;
-- -- instantiate required parts-
     function U R Vector is new
                      Geo.Unit_Radial_Vector (Indices => Indices,
                                                          Earth Positions => Earth Positions,
                                                           Sin_Cos_Ratio => Sin_Cos_Ratio,
Unit_Vectors => Unit_Vectors);
    procedure Compute Segment And U Nl Vector is new
                       Geo.Compute Segment And Unit Normal Vector With Arcsin
                              Indices => Indices,
Earth_Distances => Earth_Distances,
                            (Indices
                              Segment Distances >> Segment Distances,
                             Radians => Radians,
Sin_Cos_Ratio => Sin_Cos_Ratio,
Unit Vectors => Unit Vectors,
Earth_Radius => Earth_Radius);
 -- -- local declarations-
    Unit Radial B : Unit Vectors;
    Unit Radial C : Unit Vectors;
pragma PAGE;
    procedure Initialize
                       (Waypoint A Lat : in Earth Positions; Waypoint A Long : in Earth Positions; Waypoint B Lat : in Earth Positions; Waypoint B Long : in Earth Positions; Waypoint C Lat : in Earth Positions; Waypoint C Long : in Earth Positions; Unit Normal B : out Unit Vectors; Unit Tangent B : out Unit Vectors; Unit Tangent C : out Unit Vectors; Segment Bc Distance: out Segment Distances
                         Segment Bc Distance: out Segment Distances) is
         -----
         -- declaration section-
         -----
        Temp_Un_B : Unit_Vectors;
Temp_Un_C : Unit_Vectors;
         Unit Radial A : Unit Vectors;
         V Length : Sin Cos Ratio;
```

```
-- begin procedure Initialize-
   begin
      -- compute unit radial vectors
      Unit Radial A := U R Vector(Lat Of Point => Waypoint A Lat,
                                   Long Of Point => Waypoint A Long);
      Unit Radial B := U R Vector(Lat Of Point => Waypoint B Lat,
                                   Long Of Point => Waypoint B Long);
      Unit Radial C := U R Vector(Lat Of Point => Waypoint C Lat,
                                   Long Of Point => Waypoint C Long);
      -- compute UN B
      Temp Un B
                     := Cross Product(Left => Unit Radial B,
                                       Right => Unit Radial A);
      V Length
                     := Vector Length(Temp Un B);
                     := Temp Un B / V Length;
      Temp Un B
      Unit Normal B := Temp_Un_B;
      -- compute UT B
      Unit Tangent B := Cross Product(Left => Temp Un B,
                                       Right => Unit_Radial B);
      -- compute UN C and segment BC distance
      Compute Segment And U N1 Vector
         (Unit RadialI
                           -> Unit Radial_B,
                           => Unit_Radial_C,
          Unit Radial2
          Unit Normal2
                           => Temp Un C,
          Segment Distance => Segment Bc Distance);
      Unit_Normal_C := Temp_Un_C;
      -- compute UT C
      Unit Tangent C := Cross Product(Left => Temp Un C,
                                       Right => Unit Radial C);
   end Initialize;
pragma PAGE;
   procedure Update
                                   : in
                (Waypoint C Lat
                                               Earth Positions;
                 Waypoint C Long
                                    : in
                                               Earth Positions;
                                     : out Unit Vectors;
                 Unit Normal B
                                     : in out Unit_Vectors;
                 Unit Normal C
                                    : out Unit_Vectors;
                 Unit Tangent B
                 Unit_Tangent_C
                                     : in out Unit Vectors;
                 Segment Bc Distance: out Segment Distances) is
   begin
      -- advance "C" vectors into "B" vectors
```





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3.3.4.2 AUTOPILOT (PACKAGE BODY) TLCSC (CATALOG #P305-0)

This package body contains bodies for the three packages nested in the Autopilot package. Each of these packages is separately compiled.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets the following CAMP requirements.

Name	Type	Re	q. Allocation
Integral Plus Proportional	generic package	RC	948
Pitch autopilot	generic package	RC	59
Lateral/Directional autopilot	generic package	RC	064
		ı	1

3.3.4.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.4.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part: package body Autopilot is

package body Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain is separate; package body Pitch_Autopilot is separate; package body Lateral Directional Autopilot is separate;



end Autopilot;

3.3.4.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

- 3.3.4.2.9 LLCSC DESIGN
- 3.3.4.2.9.1 INTEGRAL_PLUS_PROPORTIONAL_GAIN (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P306-0)

This part contains subprograms to implement the calculations and logic necessary to implement an integral plus proportional gain control loop. It also contains a subprogram to update the value for the proportional gain.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.2.9.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO48.

3.3.4.2.9.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type		Description
Input_Signals Gains Integrated_Signals	generic generic generic	float	Type of values input to part Type of gain applied to input Input signal put through integrator

Data objects:



The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Ī	Name	Type	Description	-
Ī	Initial Proportional_Gain	Gains	Initial value of proportional gain applied to input signal	

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
11411	function	Overloads Input_Signals * Gains return Integrated Signals for proportional gain
Tustin_ Integrate	function	Performs Tustin integrator with limit

3.3.4.2.9.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name		Туре	1	Description
Proportional_Gain	-	Gains	1	Gain applied to input signal.

3.3.4.2.9.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the pussing performed by this part:

separate (Autopilot)
package body Integral Plus Proportional Gain is

Proportional_Gain: Gains := Initial_Proportional_Gain;
end Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain;



3.3.4.2.9.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1 INTEGRATE UNIT DESIGN

This function performs the integral plus proportional gain function. The logic to perform this operation is as follows:

Accept new input signal Use Tustin Integrator with Limit to adjust input signal (If Integrator state within limit do not change input. If Integrator state at positive limit and input signal > 0 then set input to 0. If Integrator state at negative limit and input signal < 0 then set input to 0.) Use Tustin Integrator to perform integration and limit functions. Output = Proportional_-Gain * input signal + Tustin Integrator State.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R048 (2).

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Ī	Name	I	Type		Desc	ript	ion				<u> </u>
	Signal		Input_	Signals	Value plu	e of	Input oport	Signal Ional g	for ain.	integral	



3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function Integrate (Signal: Input_Signals) return Integrated_Signals is
begin

return (Tustin_Integrate (Signal) + Signal * Proportional_Gain);
end Integrate;

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top-level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top-level component:

Ī	Name	Туре	Source	Description
	n×n	function	Generic Fml Subp	Overloads Input_Signals * Gains return Integrated_Signals for proportional gain
İ	Tustin_ Integrate	function	Generic Fml Subp	Performs Tustin integrator with limit

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top-level component:



Name	Type Source	e Description
Input_Signals	generic Generic	Type of values input to part
Gains	generic Generic	Type of gain applied to input
Integrated_Signals	generic Generic float fml typ	

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

1	Name	Туре	Sou	ırce	I	Description	
	Proportional_Gain	Gains	Pack	age Body		Gain applied to input signal	

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2 UPDATE PROPORTIONAL GAIN UNIT DESIGN

This procedure updates the value stored for the proportional gain.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R048.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:



Name	Type	Description	
Gains	generic float	Type of gain applied	to input

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name		Description	
New_Proportional_ Gain	Gains	Value to update proportional gain	

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Proportional_Gain (New_Proportional_Gain : in Gains) is
begin

Proportional_Gain := New_Proportional_Gain;
end Update_Proportional_Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

	Name	1	Туре	I	Source		Description	1
	Proportional_Gain		Gains		Package Bod	y	Gain applied to input signal	



3.3.4.2.9.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2 LATERAL DIRECTIONAL AUTOPILOT (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P308-0)

This package body implements the Lateral Directional Autopilot function. It contains the instantiation of the Integral Plus Proportional Gain packages for the integrator loops of both the Roll Command Error and the Lateral Acceleration feedback, as well as subprogram bodies for operations declared in the package specification.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.2.9.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

Packages:

Instantiates Integral plus proportional gain package for aileron roll command and for filtered lateral directional acceleration. Also instantiates Tustin integrator to implement each of the integral plus proportional gain packages.

3.3.4.2.9.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Roll_Commands	Generic Float	Type for input commands from user program
Roll_Attitudes	Generic Float	Type for measure missile roll attitude
Roll_Command_Gains	Generic Float	Gain to Roll commands in integrator loop
Missile_Accelerations	Generic Float	Type for measured lateral acceleration
Acceleration_Gains	Generic Float 	Proportional gain applied measured acceleration
Rudder_Cmd_Roll_Rate_ Gains	Generic Float	Gain applied to roll rate feedback for rudder cmd
Gravitational_ Accelerations	Generic Float 	Type for measured gravi- tational acceleration
Velocities 	Generic Float 	Type for measured missile velocity
Trig_Value	Generic Float	Type for result of sin function
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Type for rudder and aileron commands
Feedback_Rates	Generic Float	Type for measured roll and yaw rates
Feedback_Rate_Gains	Generic Float	Gain applied to yaw rate feedback

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the generic formal objects required by this part:



Name	Туре	Description
Initial_Aileron_ Integrator Gain	Roll_Command_Gains	Gain used to initialize
Initial Aileron Integrator Limit	Fin_Deflections	Initial limit on ailer- on integrator output
Initial_Roll_Command_ Proportional_Gain	Roll_Command_Gains	Gain used to initialize integrator plus pro- portional gain loop
Initial Roll Rate Gain For Alleron Initial Yaw Rate Gain For Aileron Initial Rudder Integrator Gain Initial Rudder	Feedback_Rate_ Gains Feedback_Rate_ Gains Acceleration_ Gains Fin Deflections	Gain to measured roll rate for aileron cmd Gain to measured yaw rate for aileron cmd Initial gain in rudder integrator loop Initial limit on rudder
Integrator Limit Initial Yaw Rate Gain For Rudder Initial Roll Rate Gain For Rudder Initial Acceleration Proportional Gain	Feedback_Rate_ Gains Rudder_Cmd_Roll_ Rate_Gains Acceleration_Gains	integrator output Gain to measured yaw for rudder command Gain to measured roll rate for rudder cmd Initial Prop. gain in integrator plus pro- portional gain loop

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

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,	-			

Name	Type	Description
Aileron control loop li	miters and	filters
Roll_Error_Limit Aileron_Command_Limit	function function	Limiter for roll error Limit on command signal to aileron
Roll_Command_Filter	function	1
Rudder control loop lim	iters, filt	ers, and operations
Rudder_Command_Limit	function	Limit on command signal to
Yaw_Rate_Filter	function	Filter applied to measured yaw rate
Acceleration_Filter	function	Filter applied to measured acceleration feedback
Sin	function	Sin function applied to measured roll attitude
Aileron control loop ga	in and upda	ter functions
n_n	function	Subtracts Roll Attitudes fro Roll Commands returning Roll Error
n★n	function	Multiplies Roll Commands by Roll Command Gains for
n ★ n	function	input to Aileron integrate Multiplies Feedback Rates for measured roll rate by Feedback Rate Gains for Fin Deflections
Rudder control loop gai	n and update	er functions
n * u	function	Multiplies Missile_Accelera- tions by Acceleration_Gain returns Fin Deflections for proportional loop of int-
***	 function 	egral plus proportional ga Multiplies Feedback Rates by Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gains returns Feedback Rates
***	function	returns reedback_kates Multiplies Gravitational Accelerations by Trig_Valu returns Gravitational_ accelerations
n/n	function	accelerations Divides Gravitational



3.3.4.2.9.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

1	Name	Туре	Description
Ī	Objects for Aileron	Control Loop	
	Aileron_Cmd_Roll_ Rate_Gain Aileron_Cmd_Yaw_ Rate_Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains Feedback_Rate_Gains 	Gain on roll rate feedback in aileron command loop Gain on yaw rate feedback in aileron command loop
Ī	Objects for rudder	control loop	
	Rudder_Cmd_Roll_ Rate_Gain Rudder_Cmd_Feedback_ Rate_Gain	Rudder_Cmd_Roll_ Rate_Gains Feedback_Rate_Gains	Gain to roll rate feedback in rudder command loop Gain to yaw rate feedback in rudder command loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
with Signal_Processing;
separate (Autopilot)
package body Lateral_Directional_Autopilot is
```

-- -- Initial values for Aileron Control Loop

Aileron_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gain : Feedback_Rate_Gains :=

Initial_RoIl_Rate_Gain_For_Aileron;

Aileron_Cmd_Yaw_Rate_Gain : Feedback_Rate_Gains :=

Initial Yaw Rate Gain For Aileron;

-- -- Initial values for rudder control loop

Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain : Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gains :=

Initial Roll Rate Gain For Rudder;

Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain : Feedback Rate Gains :=

Initial Yaw Rate Gain For Rudder;

-- Packages for Aeliron control loop

```
=> Fin Deflections,
                  States
                                        => Fin Deflections.
                  Gained Signals
                                        => RolI Command Gains,
                  Gains
                  Initial Tustin Gain
                                        => Initial Aileron Integrator Gain,
                  Initial Signal Level => 0.0,
                  Initial Signal Limit => Initial Aileron Integrator Limit);
   package Aileron Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain is new
      Integral Plus Proportional Gain
                                    => Roll Commands,
         (Input Signals
          Gains
                                    => Roll Command Gains.
                                    => Fin Deflections,
          Integrated Signals
          Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Roll Command Proportional Gain,
          Tustin Integrate
                                    => Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator.Integrate);
   package Aileron Loop renames Aileron Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain;
-- Packages for rudder control loop
   package Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator is new
              Signal Processing. Tustin Integrator With Limit
                                        => Missile Accelerations,
                 (Signals
                                        => Fin Deflections,
                  States
                  Gained Signals
                                        -> Fin Deflections,
                  Gains
                                        -> Acceleration Gains,
                  Initial Tustin Gain
                                        -> Initial Rudder Integrator Gain,
                  Initial_Signal_Level => 0.0,
                  Initial Signal Limit => Initial Rudder Integrator Limit);
   package Rudder Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain is new
      Integral Plus Proportional Gain
         (Input Signals
                                    -> Missile Accelerations,
          Gains
                                    => Acceleration Gains,
          Integrated Signals
                                    => Fin Deflections,
          Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Acceleration Proportional Gain,
          Tustin Integrate
                                    => Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator.Integrate);
   package Rudder Loop renames Rudder Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain;
end Lateral Directional Autopilot;
3.3.4.2.9.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
The following library units are with'd by this part:
    1. Signal Processing
UTILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ELEMENTS:
Packages:
The following table summarizes the external packages required by this part:
```



Name	Type	Source	Description
Tustin_Integrator_ With_Limit	Generic Package 	1.	This package is required for the integration function in the integral plus proportional packages. It is instantiated for the roll command control loop and for the acceleration feedback control loop.

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages a quired by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name		Туре	Source	Description
Integral_Plus_Proportional_ Gain		Generic Package	Package Spec.	Performs integrator function on roll command error and lateral accelera- tion feedback

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in ancestral units:

Name		Туре	Source	Description
Aileron_Rudder_Command	ls	Record	Package 	Spec. Defines record with components for rud- and aileron commands

3.3.4.2.9.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.





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3.3.4.2.9.2.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1 INITIALIZE_LATERAL_DIRECTIONAL_AUTOPILOT UNIT DESIGN Initializes state of integrator in lateral directional autopilot.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO64 (2).

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Type for rudder and aileron commands
Missile_Accelerations	Generic Float	Type for measured lateral acceleration
Roll_Commands	Generic Float	Type for input commands from user program
Feedback_Rates	Generic Float	Type for measured roll and yaw rates
Velocities	Generic Float	Type for measured missile velocity
Roll_Attitudes	Generic Float	Type for measure missile roll attitude

Subprograms:

The following table summarizes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:



Name	Type	Description			
For Aileron State Initialization					
"_"	function	Subtracts Roll_Attitudes from Roll_Commands returning Roll_ Error			
***	function	Multiplies Roll Commands by Roll Command Gains for input to Aileron integrator			
*****	function	Multiplies Feedback_Rates for measured roll and yaw rates by Feedback_Rate_Gains for Fin_Deflections			
For Aileron State Initia	alization				
H×H	function	Multiplies Gravitational Accelerations by Trig_Value returns Gravitational_ Accelerations			
m/m	function	Divides Gravitational Acceler- ations by Velocities returns Feedback Rates			
n×n	function	Multiplies Feedback Rates by Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gains returns Feedback Rates			
**************************************	function	Multiplies Missile_Accelera- tions by Acceleration_Gains returns Fin_Deflections for proportional loop of integral plus proportional gain			

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Initial_Aileron_ Command	Fin_Deflections	Initial state for aileron deflection
Initial_Rudder_Command	Fin_Deflections	Initial state for rudder deflection
Gravitational_ Acceleration	Gravitational_ Accelerations	Measured gravitational acceleration from NAV
Roll Command	Roll Commands	Initial roll command
Roll Attitude	Roll Attitudes	Measured roll attitude
Roll_Rate	Feedback_Rates	Measured roll rate feed- back
Yaw_Rate	Feedback_Rates	Measured yaw rate feed- back
Missile_Velocity	Velocities	Measured velocity from NAV
Lateral_Acceleration	Missile_Accel- erations	Measured lateral accel- from NAV

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Gained_Roll Command Signal	Fin_Deflections	Input to integrator
Initial_Alleron_ State	Fin_Delfections	Initial state of integrator for aileron
Initial_Rudder_ State	Fin_Deflections	Initial state of integrator for rudder

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:



```
Missile Velocity
                                         : in Velocities;
             Lateral Acceleration : in Missile Accelerations) is
   Gained Roll Command Signal: Fin Deflections;
   Initial Aileron State: Fin Deflections;
   Initial Rudder State: Fin Deflections;
begin
   Gained Roll Command Signal :=
            (Roll Command - Roll Attitude) *
            Initial Roll Command Proportional Gain;
   Initial Aileron State :=
              Initial Aileron Command -
              Gained Roll Command Signal +
              Yaw Rate * Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain +
              Roll Rate * Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain;
   Initial_Rudder State :=
              Initial Rudder Command -
              (Yaw Rate -
               (Gravitational Acceleration * Sin (Roll Attitude)
                         / Missile Velocity) -
              (Roll Rate * Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain)
) * Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain -
              Lateral Acceleration * Initial Acceleration Proportional Gain;
   Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator.Reset
      (Integrator_State => Initial_Aileron_State,
                        -> 0.0):
       Signal
  Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator.Reset
      (Integrator_State => Initial_Rudder_State,
                        => 0.0);
       Signal
end Initialize Lateral Directional Autopilot;
```

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:



Name	, Type	Source	Description
Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator	Package	Package Body	Implements integrator for roll command loop
Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator	Package 	Package Body	Implements integrator for acceleration feedback loop

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Reset	Function	Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator (Pack.)	Reinitializes state of integrator
Reset	Function	Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator (Pack.)	Reinitializes state

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Aileron_ Integrator Gain	Roll_Command_Gains	Body	Gain on input to aileron command loop integrator
Aileron Cmd Roll Rate Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains	Body	Gain on roll rate feedback in aileron command loop
Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains	Body	Gain on yaw rate feedback in aileron command loop
Rudder_Cmd_Roll_ Rate Gain	Rudder_Cmd_Roll_ Rate Gains	Body	Gain to roll rate feedback in rudder command loop
Rudder_Cmd_Feedback_ Rate_Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains	Body	Gain to yaw rate feedback in rudder command loop
Acceleration Propor-	Acceleration_Gains	Body	Proportional gain to acceleration feedback in
Rudder_Integrator_ Gain	Acceleration_Gains	Body	Gain on acceleration input to rudder command loop integrator

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2 COMPUTE_AILERON_RUDDER_COMMANDS(FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN Computes Aileron and Rudder commands based on roll command input and current missile state.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064 (3).

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the external types required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Roll_Commands	Generic Float	Type for input commands from user program
Roll_Attitudes	Generic Float	Type for measure missile roll attitude
Feedback_Rates	Generic Float	Type for measured roll and yaw rates
Missile_Acclerations	Generic Float	Type for measured lateral acceleration
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Type for rudder and aileron commands
Velocities	Generic Float	Type for measured missile velocity
Gravitational_ Accelerations	Generic Float	Type for measured gravi- tationll acceleration

Subprograms:

The following table summarizes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Aileron control loop li	miters and	filters
Roll_Error_Limit Aileron_Command_Limit	function function	Limiter for roll error Limit on command signal to aileron
Roll_Command_Filter	function	Filter applied to input roll command
Rudder control loop lim	iters, filt	ers, and operations
Rudder_Command_Limit	function	Limit on command signal to rudder
Sin	function	Sin function applied to measured roll attitude
Yaw_Rate_Filter	function	Filter applied to measured yaw rate
Acceleration_Filter	function	Filter applied to measured acceleration feedback
Aileron control loop ga	in and upda	ter functions
n_n	function	Subtracts Roll_Attitudes from Roll_Commands returning Roll Error
n * u	function	Multiplies Feedback Rates for measured roll and yaw rate by Feedback Rate Gains for Fin_Deflections
Rudder control loop gain	n and update	er functions
n×n	function	Multiplies Gravitational Accelerations by Trig_Value returns Gravitational_ Accelerations
n/n	function	Divides Gravitational Acceler- ations by Velocities returns Feedback Rates
π×π	function	Multiplies Feedback Rates by Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gains returns Feedback Rates

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Roll_Command Roll_Attitude Roll_Rate	Roll_Commands Roll_Attitudes Feedback_Rates	Input roll command Measured roll attitude Measured roll rate feed-
Yaw_Rate	 Feedback_Rates 	back Measured yaw rate feed- back
Lateral_Acceleration	Missile_Accel- erations	Measured ral accel- from Nø
Missile_Velocity	Velocities 	Measured verocity from NAV
Gravitational_ Acceleration	Gravitational_ Accelerations	Measured gravitational acceleration from NAV

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Filtered_Roll_ Command	Roll_Commands	Input roll command after filtering
Roll_Error	Roll_Commands	-Filtered Roll Command - Roll Attitude (Limited)
Aileron_Integral_ Output	Fin_Deflections	Output from aileron loop inte- gral plus prop. gain
Filtered_Yaw_Rate	Feedback_Rates	Yaw rate feedback after filtering
Filtered_Lateral_ Acceleration	Missile_Accel- erations	Acceleration feedback after filtering
Rudder_Integral_ Output	Fin_Deflections	Output from rudder loop inte- gral plus prop. gain
Fin_Command	Aileron_Rudder_ Commands	Contains aileron and rudder command components

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function Compute Aileron Rudder Commands
(Roll Command : in Roll Commands;
Roll Attitude : in Roll Attitudes;
Roll Rate : in Feedback_Rates;

```
Yaw Rate
                                        : in Feedback Rates;
                                        : in Missile Accelerations;
             Lateral Acceleration
             Missile Velocity
                                        : in Velocities;
             Gravitational Acceleration: in Gravitational Accelerations)
      return Aileron Rudder Commands is
   Filtered Roll Command
                              : Roll Commands;
  Roll Error
                               : Roll Commands;
   Aileron Integral Output
                               : Fin Deflections;
   Filtered Yaw Rate
                               : Feedback Rates;
   Filtered Lateral Acceleration: Missile Accelerations;
  Rudder_Integral_Output : Fin Deflections;
  Fin Command
                                : Aileron Rudder Commands;
begin
  --Aileron command computations
  Filtered Roll Command := Roll Command Filter (Roll Command);
  Roll Error := Filtered Roll Command - Roll Attitude;
  Roll Error := Roll Error Limit (Roll Error);
  Aileron Integral Output := Aileron Loop.Integrate (Roll Error);
  Filtered_Yav_Rate := Yav_Rate_Filter (Yav_Rate);
  Fin Command.Aileron Command :=
     Aileron Command Limit (Aileron Integral Output -
                             Filtered Yaw Rate * Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain -
                             Roll Rate * Aileron Cmd Roll Rate Gain);
  -- Rudder command computations
  Filtered Lateral Acceleration :=
                             Acceleration Filter (Lateral Acceleration);
  Rudder Integral Output := Rudder Loop.Integrate
                                (Filtered Lateral Acceleration);
  Fin Command.Rudder Command :=
     Rudder Command Limit
                      (Rudder Integral Output +
                       (Filtered Yaw Rate -
                        (Gravitational_Acceleration * sin (Roll Attitude) /
                           Missile Velocity) -
                        Roll Rate * Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain) *
                        Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain
                      );
  return (Fin Command);
end Compute_Aileron_Rudder_Commands;
```

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Aileron Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain (renamed: Aileron Loop)	Package	Package Body	Implements integral plus proportional gain for roll command
Rudder_Cmd_Integral Plus_Proportional Gain (renamed: Rudder_Loop)	Package	Package Body	Implements integral plus proportional gain for acceleration feedback

Subprograms and task entries:

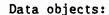
The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Ī	Name	Туре	Source	Description
	Integrate	Function	Aileron_Loop 	Performs integral
	Integrate	Function	Rudder_Loop	Performs integral plus proportional gain on accelera- tion feedback

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in ancestral units:

Ī	Name	Ī	Туре		Source		Description
	Aileron_Rudder_Commands		Record	1	Package	Spec.	Defines record with components for rud-and aileron commands



The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Aileron Cmd_Yaw_ Rate Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains	Body	Gain on yaw rate feedback in aileron command loop
Aileron Cmd Roll Rate Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains	Body	Gain on roll rate feedback in aileron command loop
Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain	Rudder_Cmd_Roll_ Rate Gains	Body	Gain to roll rate feedback in rudder command loop
Rudder_Cmd_Feedback_ Rate_Gain	Feedback_Rate_Gains	Body	Gain to yaw rate feedback in rudder command loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3 UPDATE_AILERON_INTEGRATOR_GAIN_UNIT_DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Aileron Integrator Gain as controlled by the Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
Aileron_Integrator_ Gains	Generic Float	Gains applied to roll commands	





FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description	
New_Gain	Aileron_Integra- tor_Gains	New value for Gain appli to roll commands	ied

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Aileron_Integrator_Gain (New_Gain: in Roll_Command_Gains) is

begin

Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_Integrator.Update_Gain (New_Gain => New_Gain); end Update_Aileron_Integrator_Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Ī	Name		Туре	Source	 Description	
	Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator		Package	Package Body	Implements integrator for roll command loop	

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Update_	Procedure	Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_	Updates value of gain
Gain		Integrator (Pack.)	in integrator

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4 UPDATE_AILERON_INTEGRATOR_LIMIT UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the limit on output from the aileron control loop integrator.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO64.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	<u>-</u>
Fin_Deflections	Generic	Float Output from aileron control loop integrator	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Limit	Fin_Deflections	New value for limit on integrator output

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_Integrator.Update_Limit (New Absolute Limit => New Limit);

end Update_Aileron_Integrator_Limit;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Ī	Name	l	Type	Source]	Description	1
	Aileron_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator		Package	Package Body		Implements integrator for roll command loop	

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type S	ource	Description
Update Limit	Procedure Ai	leron_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator (Pack.)	Updates value of limit in integrator

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5 UPDATE ROLL COMMAND PROPORTIONAL GAIN UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Roll_Command_Proportional_Gain of of the aileron control loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Roll_Gains	Generic Float	Proportional gains to roll commands

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Gain	Roll_Gains	New value for proportional gain to roll commands

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

Aileron_Loop.Update_Proportional_Gain (New_Proportional_Gain => New_Gain); end Update Roll Command Proportional Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

1	Name		Type	Source	1	Description
	Aileron Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain = Aileron Loop	-	Package	Package Body		Implements integral plus proportional gain for aileron loop

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Update_Pro- tional Gain	Procedure	Aileron_Loop	Updates value of proportional gain

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.5.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6 UPDATE ROLL RATE GAIN FOR AILERON UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Aileron_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gain of of the aileron control loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO64.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
Feedback_Rate_(Gains Generic	Float Gains to roll rate feedback for aile commands	ron

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Gain	Feedback_Rate_ Gains	New value for gain to roll rate feedback

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.4 LOCAL DATA

None.



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update Roll Rate Gain For Aileron
(New Gain: in Feedback Rate Gains) is

begin

Aileron_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gain := New_Gain; end Update Roll Rate Gain For Aileron;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.6.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7 UPDATE YAW RATE GAIN FOR AILERON UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Ailaron_Cmd_Yaw_Rate_Gain of of the aileron control loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:



Name	Type	Description
Feedback_Rate_Gains 	Generic Float	Gains to yaw rate feedback for aileron commands

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Gain	Feedback_Rate_ Gains	New value for gain to yaw rate feedback

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Yaw_Rate_Gain_For_Aileron (New_Gain : in Feedback_Rate_Gains) is

begin

Aileron_Cmd_Yaw_Rate_Gain := New_Gain;
end Update_Yaw_Rate_Gain_For_Aileron;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.7.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8 UPDATE RUDDER INTEGRATOR GAIN UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Rudder_Integrator_Gain for the integrator part of the rudder control loop integral plus proportional gain.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Rudder_Integrator_ Gains	Generic Float	Gains applied to accel- ation feedback

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Gain	Rudder_integra- tor_Gains	New value for Gain applied to acceleration

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_Integrator.Update_Gain (New_Gain => New_Gain);
end Update Rudder Integrator Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description	Ī
Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator	Package	Package Body	Implements tustin int- egrator for rudder loop	

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Ī	Name	l	Туре		Source	Description	<u>-</u>
	Update_G	ain	Procedu	re	Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator	Updates value of integral gain	

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.8.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9 UPDATE RUDDER INTEGRATOR LIMIT UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the limit on output from the rudder control loop integrator.



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Output from rudder control loop integrator

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
New_Limit	Fin_Deflections	New value for limit on integrator output	

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update Rudder Integrator Limit
(New Limit: in Fin Deflections) is

begin



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name		Туре	Source		Description
Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator		Package	Package Body		Implements tustin int- egrator for rudder loop

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Update_ Limit	Procedure	Rudder_Cmd_Tustin_ Integrator	Updates value of limit on integrator output

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.9.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10 UPDATE FEEDBACK RATE GAIN FOR RUDDER UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Rudder_Cmd_Feedback_Rate_Gain of the yaw rate for the rudder control loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
Feedback_Rate_Gains	Generic Flo	oat Gains to yaw rate feedback for rudde commands	r

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
New_Gain	Feedback_Rate_ Gains	New value for gain to yaw rate feedback	

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update Feedback Rate Gain For Rudder
(New Gain: In Feedback Rate Gains) is

begin

Rudder_Cmd_Feedback_Rate_Gain := New_Gain;
end Update_Feedback_Rate_Gain_For_Rudder;

Û,

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.10.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11 UPDATE ROLL RATE GAIN FOR RUDDER UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Rudder_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gain for the rudder control loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO64.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре		Description
	Rudder_Cmd_Roll_Rate_ Gains	Generic	Float	Gains to roll rate feedback for rudder commands

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
New_Gain	Feedback_Rate_ Gains	New value for gain to rate feedback	roll



3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

Rudder_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gain := New_Gain;
end Update_Roll_Rate_Gain_For_Rudder;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.11.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12 UPDATE ACCELERATION PROPORTIONAL GAIN UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Acceleration_Proportional_Gain of of the rudder control loop

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R064.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:



The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Acceleration_Gains	Generic Float	Proportional gains to acceleration feedback

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Gain	Roll_Gains	New value for proportional gain to acceleration

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

Rudder_Loop.Update_Proportional_Gain (New_Proportional_Gain => New_Gain);
end Update_Acceleration_Proportional_Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:





Name		Туре	Source		Description
Rudder_Cmd_Integral_ Plus_Proportional_ Gain = Rudder_Loop	İ	Package	Package Body 		Implements integral plus proportional gain for rudder loop

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Update_Pr tional_ Gain	o- Procedu	re Rudder_Loop	Updates value of proportional gain

3.3.4.2.9.2.10.12.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3 PITCH AUTOPILOT PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P307-0)

This package body implements the Pitch Autopilot function. It contains the instantiation of the Integral Plus Proportional Gain package for the integrator loop of the Normal Acceleration error, as well as subprogram bodies for operations declared in the package specification.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.4.2.9.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R059.

3.3.4.2.9.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

3

Name	Туре	Description
Normal_Acceleration_ Commands	Generic Float	Type for input commands
Acceleration_Command_ Gains	Generic Float	Gains used in Integral Plus Proportional Gain
Acceleration_Gains	Generic Float 	Gains applied to
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Type for Fin Deflection command
Pitch_Rate_Gains	Generic Float	Gains applied to filtered pitch rate

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Initial_Integrator_ Gain	Acceleration_ Command_Gains	Initial gain to Tustin integrator input
Initial_Integrator_ Limit	Fin_Deflections	Initial limit on Tustin integrator output
Initial_Acceleration_ Gain	Acceleration_Gains	Initial gain to filtered acceleration feedback
Initial_Pitch_Rate_ Gain	Pitch_Rate_Gains	Initial gain to filtered pitch rate feedback
Initial_Proportional_ Gain	Acceleration Command_Gains	Initial proportional gain for integral loop

3.3.4.2.9.3.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Pitch_Rate_Gain	Pitch_Rate_Gains	Pitch rate feedback gain
Acceleration_Gain	Acceleration_Gains	Accel. feedback



3.3.4.2.9.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL Not applicable. 3.3.4.2.9.3.6 PROCESSING The following describes the processing performed by this part: with Signal Processing; separate (Autopilot) package body Pitch Autopilot is Acceleration Gain : Acceleration Gains := Initial Acceleration Gain; : Pitch Rate Gains := Initial Pitch Rate Gain; Pitch Rate Gain package Tustin Integrator is new Signal Processing. Tustin Integrator With Limit (Signals => Normal Acceleration Commands, States => Fin Deflections, Gained Signals -> Fin Deflections, => Acceleration Command Gains, Gains Initial Tustin Gain -> Initial Integrator Gain, Initial Signal Level => 0.0, Initial Signal Limit => Initial Integrator Limit); package Pitch Loop Integral Plus Proportional Gain is new Integral Plus Proportional Gain (Input Signals => Normal Acceleration Commands, Gains -> Acceleration Command Gains, Integrated Signals -> Fin Deflections, Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Proportional Gain, Tustin Integrate => Tustin Integrator.Integrate); package Pitch Loop renames Pitch Loop Integral Plus Proportional Gain; end Pitch Autopilot; 3.3.4.2.9.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS The following library units are with'd by this part: 1. Signal Processing UTILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ELEMENTS: Packages: The following table summarizes the external packages required by this part:

3



	Name		Туре	<u>-</u> .	Source		Description	<u>-</u>
	Tustin_Integrator_ With_Limit		Generic Package		1.		Exports integrate function for Integral Plus Proportional Gain Instantiation	

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

	Name	I	Type		Source	Ī	Description	
	Integral_Plus_Proportional_ Gain		Generic Package		Package Spec.		Performs integrator function on normal acceleration error	

3.3.4.2.9.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1 INITIALIZE PITCH AUTOPILOT UNIT DESIGN

Initializes state of integrator in pitch control loop.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO53 (2).

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.



3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Ī	Name	l	Type	Description
-	Gained_Signal		Fin_Deflections	Value of acceleration command after applying gain Output state of integrator loop
	Intitial_State		Fin_Deflections	Output state of integrator loop

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
procedure Initialize Pitch Autopilot
(Normal Acceleration Con
```

(Normal_Acceleration_Command : in Normal_Acceleration_Commands;

Measured Normal Acceleration : in Accelerations;

Measured_Pitch_Rate : in Pitch_Rates;

Initial_Elevator_Command : in Fin_Deflections) is

Gained Signal: Fin Deflections;

Initial State : Fin Deflections;

begin

Initial Proportional Gain;

Initial State :=

Gained Signal +

Measured_Normal_Acceleration * Acceleration_Gain -

Measured_Pitch_Rate * Pitch_Rate_Gain +

Initial Elevator Command;

Tustin_Integrator.Reset (Integrator_State => Initial_State,

Normal Acceleration Commands (0.0));

end Initialize_Pitch_Autopilot;



3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Reset	Procedure	Tustin_Integrator from_package_body	Resets state of integrator
n ₊ n	Function	Generic Package Spec	Adds acceleration cmd and measured accel- eration feedback
11 14 11	Function	Generic Package Spec	Times for applying gain to accelera- tion command
нұп	Function	Generic Package Spec	Times for applying gain to accelera- tion feedback
n*u .	Function	Generic Package Spec	Times for applying gain to pitch rate feedback

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in ancestral units:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Normal_Accelera_ tion_Commands	Float	Generic Pkg Spec	command
Accelerations	Float	Generic Pkg Spec	feedbacks
Pitch_Rates	Generic Float	Generic Pkg Spec	feedback
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Generic Pkg Spec	Data type for state of integrator

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:



Ī	Name	Type	Source	Description
	Initial_Integrator _Gain Acceleration_Gain Pitch_Rate_Gain	Acceleration_ Command_Gains Acceleration_ Gains Pitch_Rate_ Gains	Package Body Package Body Package Body	

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2 COMPUTE_ELEVATOR_COMMAND UNIT DESIGN
Computes elevator fin deflection command.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO53 (2).

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
Normal_Acceleration_ Command Measured Normal	Normal_Acceleration Commands Accelerations	Input command from guidance system Measured acceleration	
Accelerations Measured Pitch Rate	 Pitch Rates	feedback Measured pitch rate	
<pre><return value=""></return></pre>	Fin Deflections	feedback Elevator Command	

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре	Description
	Filtered Normal Acceleration Normal Acceleration Error Integral Output Filtered Pitch Rate	Accelerations Normal Acceleration_Commands Fin_Deflections Pitch_Rates	Value of acceleration feedback after applying filter Difference between input acceleration command and filtered acceleration feedback Output state of integrator loop Value of pitch rate feedback after applying filter
	Limited_Elevator_ Command	Fin_Deflections	Output value from Compute_ Elevator_Command

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
function Compute Elevator Command
            (Normal Acceleration Command : in Normal Acceleration Commands;
             Measured Normal Acceleration: in Accelerations;
             Measured Pitch Rate
                                          : in Pitch Rates)
  return Fin Deflections is
  Filtered Normal Acceleration: Accelerations;
  Normal Acceleration Error : Normal Acceleration Commands;
  Integral Output
  Filtered Pitch Rate
Limited Flavor
                              : Fin Deflections;
                              : Pitch Rates;
  Limited Elevator Command : Fin Deflections;
begin
  Filtered Normal Acceleration := Acceleration_Filter (Measured Normal Acceleration
  Normal Acceleration Error := Normal Acceleration Command -
                                 Filtered Normal Acceleration;
  Integral Output := Pitch_Loop.Integrate (Normal_Acceleration_Error);
  Filtered_Pitch_Rate := Pitch_Rate_Filter (Measured_Pitch_Rate);
  Limited Elevator Command :=
                Limit (Integral Output -
                       Filtered Normal Acceleration * Acceleration Gain +
                       Filtered_Pitch_Rate * Pitch_Rate_Gain);
  return (Limited Elevator Command);
```

end Compute Elevator Command;

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

]	Name		Type	Source		Description	1
	Pitch_Loop_Integral_ Plus_Proportional_ Gain (renamed: Pitch_Loop)		Package	Package Body		Implements integrator loop for normal acceleration error	

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Acceleration_ Filter	Function	Generic Pkg Spec	Performs filter function on Acceleration feedback
n_n 	Function 	Generic Pkg Spec	Minus for calculating normal acceleration error in integral loop
Integrate	Function	Pitch Loop package in body	Performs integral plus proportional gain function
Pitch_Rate Filter	Function	Generic Pkg Spec	Performs filter function on pitch rate feedback
Limit	Function	Generic Pkg Spec	Performs Limiter function (e.g. R202)
"*# 	Function	Generic Pkg Spec	Times for applying gain to acceleration feedback
n*n 	Function	Generic Pkg Spec	Times for applying gain to Pitch Rate feedback

Data types:

The following table summarizes the data types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Normal_Acceleration_ Commands	Generic Float	Generic Pkg Spec	Type for input commands
Accelerations	Generic Float	Generic Pkg Spec	Type for acceleration feedbacks
Pitch_Rates	Generic Float	Generic Pkg Spec	Type for pitch rate feedback
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Generic Pkg Spec	Type for Fin Deflection output

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре		Description
Acceleration_Gain Pitch_Rate_Gain	Acceleration_ Gains Pitch_Rate_ Gains	Package Body Package Body	Gain applied to acceleration feedback Gain applied to pitch rate feedback

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3 UPDATE PITCH RATE GAIN UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Pitch_Rate_Gain

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO53.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
Pitch_Rate_Gains	Generic Float	Gains applied to filtered pitch rate	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
New_Gain	Pitch_Rate_Gains	New value for Gain applied to filtered pitch rate

3,3.4.2.9.3.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Pitch_Rate_Gain (New_Gain: in Pitch_Rate_Gains) is
begin

Pitch_Rate_Gain := New_Gain;

end Update Pitch Rate Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:



Name	Туре	Source Description	1
Pitch_Rate_Gain	Pitch_Rate_Gains	Package Pitch rate feedback Body gain	

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4 UPDATE_ACCELERATION_GAIN UNIT DESIGN
Updates the current value of the Acceleration_Gain

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO53.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Acceleration_Gains	Generic Float	Gains applied to filtered acceleration feedback

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
New_Gain 	Acceleration_ Gains 	New value for Gain applied to filtered acceleration feedback



3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Acceleration_Gain (New_Gain: in Acceleration_Gains) is
begin

Acceleration_Gain := New_Gain;
end Update Acceleration Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре		Description	1
Acceleration_ Gain	Acceleration_ Gains	Package Body	Acceleration gain	feedback

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5 UPDATE INTEGRATOR GAIN UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Integrator_Gain

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R053.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Acceleration Command_Gains	Generic Float	Gains applied to acceleration commands

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Gain	Acceleration_ Command_GaIns	New value for Gain applied to acceleration commands

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Integrator_Gain (New_Gain: in Acceleration_Command_Gains) is
begin

Tustin_Integrator.Update_Gain (New_Gain => New_Gain);

end Update Integrator Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	1	Type	Source		Description
Tustin_Integrator		Package	Package Body		Implements integrator function in pitch loop function

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Update_Gain 	Procedure	Pitch Loop package in body	Updates integrator gain in pitch loop function

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.5.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6 UPDATE_INTEGRATOR_LIMIT UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Integrator_Limit

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO53.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.



3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Fin_Deflections	Generic Float	Value for fin deflection output from package

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
New_Limit	Fin_Deflections	New value for limit on fin deflection output

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Integrator_Limit (New_Limit: in Fin_Deflections) is

begin

Tustin_Integrator.Update_Limit (New_Absolute_Limit => New_Limit);
end Update_Integrator_Limit;

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:



Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name		Туре	1	Source		Description	Ī
Tustin_Integrator		Packag	e 	Package Body		Implements integrator function in pitch loop function	

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

	Name		Туре	l	Source		Description	
(Jpdate_Limit	P	rocedure		Pitch Loop package in body		Updates integrator limit in pitch loop function	

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.6.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7 UPDATE PROPORTIONAL GAIN UNIT DESIGN

Updates the current value of the Proporational Gain

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO53.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the generic formal types required by this part:



Name	 	Туре	1	Description	
Acceleration_Command_ Gains		Generic F	loat	Gains applied to normal acceleration commands	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table summarizes the formal parameters required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
New_Proporti	onal Acceleration Command Gains	New value for Gain appli to Normal Acceleration Commands	ed

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

end Update Proportional Gain;

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the packages required by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name		Type	Source	١	Description	
Pitch_Loop_Integral		Package	Package Body		Implements integral plus proportional gain in pitch loop	

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name		Type	Source		Description	
Update Propor Gain	tional_	rocedure	Pitch Loop package in body		Updates proportional gain in pitch loop function	

3.3.4.2.9.3.10.7.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.4.2.10 UNIT DESIGN



package body Autopilot is

package body Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain is separate;

package body Pitch_Autopilot is separate;

package body Lateral_Directional_Autopilot is separate;
end Autopilot;



```
separate (Autopilot)
package body Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain is
    Proportional_Gain: Gains := Initial_Proportional_Gain;

pragma PAGE;
    function Integrate (Signal: Input_Signals) return Integrated_Signals is
    begin
        return (Tustin_Integrate (Signal) + Signal * Proportional_Gain);
    end Integrate;

pragma PAGE;
    procedure Update_Proportional_Gain (New_Proportional_Gain : in Gains) is
    begin
        Proportional_Gain := New_Proportional_Gain;
    end Update_Proportional_Gain;
end Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain;
```

```
with Signal Processing;
separate (Autopilot)
package body Lateral_Directional_Autopilot is
-- -- Initial vaules for Aileron Control Loop
                                   : Feedback_Rate Gains :=
   Aileron_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gain
                                        Initial Roll Rate Gain For Aileron;
   Aileron Cmd Yaw_Rate_Gain
                                   : Feedback Rate Gains :=
                                        Initial Yaw Rate Gain For Aileron;
-- -- Initial values for rudder control loop
   Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain
                                   : Rudder_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gains :=
                                        Initial Roll Rate Gain For Rudder;
   Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain : Feedback Rate Gains :=
                                        Initial Yaw Rate Gain For Rudder;
-- Packages for Aeliron control loop
   package Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator is new
              Signal Processing. Tustin Integrator With Limit
                                         -> Roll Commands,
                  (Signals
                  States
                                         => Fin Deflections,
                  Gained Signals
                                         => Fin Deflections,
                                         -> Roll Command Gains,
                  Initial Tustin Gain
                                         => Initial Aileron Integrator Gain,
                  Initial_Signal_Level
                                         -> 0.0,
                  Initial_Signal_Limit => Initial_Aileron_Integrator_Limit);
   package Aileron Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain is new
      Integral Plus Proportional Gain
         (Input_Signals
                                     -> Roll Commands,
                                     => Roll Command Gains,
          Gains
                                    => Fin Deflections,
          Integrated Signals
          Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Roll Command Proportional Gain,
          Tustin Integrate
                                   => Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator.Integrate);
   package Aileron Loop renames Aileron Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain;
-- Packages for rudder control loop
   package Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator is new
              Signal_Processing.Tustin_Integrator_With_Limit
                 (Signals
                                        => Missile Accelerations,
                  States
                                         => Fin Deflections,
                  Gained Signals
                                        => Fin Deflections,
                  Gains
                                         -> Acceleration Gains,
                  Initial_Tustin_Gain
                                        => Initial_Rudder_Integrator_Gain,
                  Initial_Signal_Level => 0.0,
                  Initial Signal Limit => Initial Rudder Integrator Limit);
  package Rudder Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain is new
      Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain
         (Input Signals
                                    -> Missile Accelerations,
         Gains
                                    => Acceleration Gains,
          Integrated_Signals
                                    -> Fin Deflections,
```

```
Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Acceleration Proportional Gain,
       Tustin Integrate
                              => Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator.Integrate);
package Rudder Loop renames Rudder Cmd Integral Plus Proportional Gain;
                                                                      pragma PAGE;
procedure Initialize Lateral Directional Autopilot
              (Initial Aileron Command : in Fin Deflections; Initial Rudder Command : in Fin Deflections;
              Gravitational Acceleration: in Gravitational Accelerations;
                                 : in Roll_Commands;
: in Roll_Attitudes;
: in Feedback_Rates;
              Roll Command
             Roll_Attitude
              Roll Rate
              Yaw Rate
                                         : in Feedback Rates;
             Yaw Rate : in Feedback Rates;
Missile Velocity : in Velocities;
Lateral Acceleration : in Missile Accelerations) is
  Gained Roll Command Signal: Fin Deflections;
   Initial Aileron State: Fin Deflections;
   Initial Rudder State : Fin Deflections;
begin
  Gained Roll Command Signal :=
             (Roll Command - Roll Attitude) *
            Initial Roll Command Proportional Gain;
  Initial Aileron State :=
               Initial Aileron Command -
               Gained Roll Command Signal +
               Yaw Rate * Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain +
               Roll Rate * Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain;
  Initial Rudder State :=
               Initial Rudder Command -
               (Yaw Rate -
                (Gravitational Acceleration * Sin (Roll Attitude)
                          / Missile_Velocity) -
                (Roll Rate * Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain)
               ) * Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain -
               Lateral Acceleration * Initial Acceleration Proportional Gain;
  Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator.RESET
      (Integrator State => Initial Aileron State,
       Signal
                         => 0.0);
  Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator.RESET
      (Integrator_State => Initial_Rudder_State,
                      => 0.0);
       Signal
end Initialize Lateral Directional Autopilot;
```

```
(Roll Command
                                      : in Roll Commands;
             Roll Attitude
                                      : in Roll Attitudes;
            Roll Rate
                                       : in Feedback Rates;
             Yaw Rate
                                       : in Feedback Rates;
            Lateral Acceleration : in Missile Accelerations;
            Missile Velocity
                                      : in Velocities;
             Gravitational Acceleration: in Gravitational Accelerations)
      return Aileron Rudder Commands is
  Filtered_Roll_Command
                               : Roll Commands;
   Roll Error
                               : Roll Commands;
   Aileron Integral Output
                               : Fin Deflections;
   Filtered Yaw Rate
                               : Feedback Rates;
   Filtered_Lateral_Acceleration: Missile_Accelerations;
   Rudder Integral Output : Fin Deflections;
   Fin Command
                               : Aileron Rudder Commands;
begin
   -- Aileron command computations
   Filtered Roll Command := Roll Command Filter (Roll Command);
  Roll Error := Filtered Roll Command - Roll Attitude;
  Roll Error := Roll Error Limit (Roll Error);
  Aileron_Integral_Output := Aileron_Loop.Integrate (Roll_Error);
  Filtered_Yaw_Rate := Yaw_Rate_Filter (Yaw_Rate);
  Fin Command.Aileron Command :=
     Aileron_Command_Limit (Aileron_Integral_Output -
                             Filtered Yaw Rate * Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain -
                             Roll Rate * Aileron Cmd Roll Rate Gain);
   -- Rudder command computations
  Filtered Lateral Acceleration :=
                             Acceleration_Filter (Lateral_Acceleration);
  Rudder Integral Output := Rudder Loop.Integrate
                                (Filtered Lateral Acceleration);
  Fin Command.Rudder Command :=
     Rudder Command Limit
                      (Rudder Integral Output +
                       (Filtered Yaw Rate -
                        (Gravitational Acceleration * Sin (Roll Attitude) /
                           Missile Velocity) -
                        Roll Rate * Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain) *
                        Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain
  return (Fin Command);
end Compute Aileron Rudder Commands;
```

```
pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Aileron Integrator Gain
             (New Gain: in Roll Command Gains) is
begin
  Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator. Update Gain (New Gain => New Gain);
end Update Aileron Integrator Gain;
                                                                  pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Aileron Integrator Limit
             (New_Limit : in Fin_Deflections) is
begin
   Aileron Cmd Tustin Integrator. Update Limit
             (New Absolute Limit => New Limit);
end Update_Aileron_Integrator_Limit;
                                                                 pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Roll Command Proportional Gain
             (New Gain: in Roll Command Gains) is
begin
   Aileron_Loop.Update_Proportional Gain (New Proportional Gain => New Gain);
end Update_Roll_Command_Proportional_Gain;
                                                                 pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Roll Rate Gain For Aileron
             (New Gain : in Feedback Rate Gains) is
begin
   Aileron Cmd Roll Rate Gain := New Gain;
end Update Roll_Rate_Gain_For_Aileron;
                                                                 pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Yaw Rate Gain For Aileron
         (New Gain : in Feedback Rate Gains) is
begin
  Aileron Cmd Yaw Rate Gain := New Gain;
end Update Yaw Rate Gain For Aileron;
                                                                 pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Rudder Integrator Gain
         (New_Gain : in Acceleration_Gains) is
begin
  Rudder_Cmd_Tustin Integrator.Update Gain (New Gain => New Gain);
```

```
end Update Rudder Integrator Gain;
                                                                     pragma PAGE;
   procedure Update Rudder Integrator Limit
            (New Limit : in Fin Deflections) is
   begin
      Rudder Cmd Tustin Integrator. Update Limit
                                      (New Absolute Limit => New Limit);
   end Update Rudder Integrator Limit;
                                                                     pragma PAGE;
   procedure Update Feedback Rate Gain For Rudder
                (New Gain : in Feedback Rate Gains) is
   begin
      Rudder Cmd Feedback Rate Gain := New Gain;
   end Update Feedback Rate Gain For Rudder;
                                                                     pragma PAGE;
   procedure Update Roll Rate Gain For Rudder
                (New_Gain : in Rudder_Cmd_Roll_Rate_Gains) is
   begin
      Rudder Cmd Roll Rate Gain := New Gain;
   end Update Roll Rate Gain For Rudder;
                                                                     pragma PAGE;
   procedure Update Acceleration Proportional Gain
                (New Gain : in Acceleration Gains) is
   begin
      Rudder Loop. Update Proportional Gain (New Proportional Gain => New Gain);
   end Update Acceleration Proportional Gain;
end Lateral_Directional Autopilot;
```



```
with Signal Processing;
separate (Autopilot)
package body Pitch Autopilot is
  Acceleration Gain : Acceleration Gains := Initial Acceleration Gain;
                    : Pitch Rate Gains := Initial Pitch Rate Gain;
  Pitch Rate Gain
   package Tustin Integrator is new
             Signal Processing. Tustin Integrator With Limit
                                       => Normal Acceleration Commands,
                 (Signals
                                        => Fin Deflections,
                  States
                 Gained Signals
                                       => Fin Deflections,
                                       -> Acceleration Command Gains,
                 Gains
                 Initial Tustin Gain => Initial Integrator Gain,
                 Initial Signal Level => 0.0,
                 Initial Signal Limit => Initial Integrator Limit);
  package Pitch Loop Integral Plus Proportional Gain is new
      Integral Plus Proportional Gain
         (Input_Signals
                                    => Normal Acceleration Commands,
                                    => Acceleration Command Gains,
         Gains
          Integrated Signals
                                   -> Fin Deflections,
         Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Proportional Gain,
         Tustin Integrate
                                    => Tustin Integrator.Integrate);
  package Pitch Loop renames Pitch Loop Integral Plus Proportional Gain;
                                                                   pragma PAGE;
  procedure Initialize Pitch Autopilot
               (Normal Acceleration Command : in Normal Acceleration Commands;
               Measured Normal Acceleration : in Accelerations;
               Measured Pitch Rate
                                           : in Pitch Rates;
               Initial Elevator Command : in Fin Deflections) is
     Gained Signal: Fin Deflections;
     Initial State: Fin Deflections;
  begin
     Gained Signal := (- Normal Acceleration Command +
                       Measured Normal Acceleration) *
                       Initial Proportional Gain;
     Initial State :=
                Gained Signal +
                Measured Normal Acceleration * Acceleration Gain -
                Measured Pitch Rate * Pitch Rate Gain +
                Initial Elevator Command;
     Tustin_Integrator.RESET (Integrator_State => Initial_State,
                              Signal
                                Normal Acceleration Commands (0.0));
   end Initialize Pitch Autopilot;
```



```
pragma PAGE;
function Compute Elevator Command
            (Normal Acceleration Command : in Normal Acceleration Commands;
             Measured Normal Acceleration: in Accelerations;
             Measured Pitch Rate
                                     : in Pitch Rates)
   return Fin Deflections is
   Filtered Normal Acceleration : Accelerations;
   Normal_Acceleration_Error : Normal_Acceleration_Commands;
   Filtered Pitch Rate
                               : Fin Deflections;
   Filtered Pitch Rate : Pitch Rates;
Limited Elevator Command : Fin Deflections;
begin
   Filtered Normal Acceleration := Acceleration Filter (Measured Normal Acceleration
   Normal Acceleration Error := Normal Acceleration Command -
                                  Filtered Normal Acceleration;
   Integral Output := Pitch Loop.Integrate (Normal Acceleration Error);
   Filtered_Pitch_Rate := Pitch_Rate_Filter (Measured_Pitch_Rate);
   Limited Elevator Command :=
                LimIt (Integral_Output -
                       Filtered_Normal_Acceleration * Acceleration Gain +
                       Filtered_Pitch_Rate * Pitch_Rate_Gain);
   return (Limited Elevator_Command);
end Compute Elevator_Command;
                                                                  pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Pitch Rate Gain (New Gain: in Pitch Rate Gains) is
begin
   Pitch Rate Gain := New Gain;
end Update Pitch_Rate_Gain;
                                                                  pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Acceleration Gain (New Gain: in Acceleration Gains) is
begin
  Acceleration Gain := New Gain;
end Update Acceleration Gain;
                                                                pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Integrator Gain (New Gain: in Acceleration Command Gains) is
begin
  Tustin Integrator. Update Gain (New Gain => New Gain);
```



3.3.5 NONGUIDANCE AND CONTROL

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3.3.5.1 AIR_DATA_PARTS (PACKAGE BODY) TLCSC P671 (CATALOG #P316-0)

This TLCSC contains parts which can be used to monitor air conditions.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.5.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

1	Name	I	Requirements	Allocation	1
	Compute_Outside_Air_Temperature Compute_Pressure_Ratio Compute_Mach Compute_Dynamic_Pressure Compute_Speed_Of_Sound Barometric_Altitude_Integration		R228 R229 R230 R231 R232 R233		

3.3.5.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.5.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

package body Air Data Parts is

function Compute Outside Air Temperature
(Total Temperature : Temperatures;
Mach : Mach Numbers)
return Temperatures is separate;

function Compute Pressure Ratio





(Measured_Static_Pressure : Pressures;
Impact_Pressure : Pressures;
Free_Stream_Static_Pressure : Pressures)
return Ratios is separate;

function Compute Mach

(Pressure Ratio : Ratios)
return Mach Numbers is separate;

function Compute Dynamic Pressure

(Free_Stream_Static_Pressure : Pressures;
Mach : Mach_Numbers)
return Pressures is separate;

function Commute Cood of Count

package body Barometric_Altitude_Integration is separate;
end Air Data Parts;

3.3.5.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

3.3.5.1.9.1 BAROMETRIC_ALTITUDE_INTEGRATION (PACKAGE BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P322-0)

This unit is a generic package which computes barometric altitude by integration of the atmospheric equation of state.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.5.1.9.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This parts meets CAMP requirement R233.

3.3.5.1.9.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN



3.3.5.1.9.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Temperatures	floating point type	Describes air temperatures
Pressures	floating point type	Describes pressure (i.e. weight per unit of area)
Distances	floating point type	Describes translational distances (e.g., Feet, Meters)
Molar_Gas_ Constants	floating point type	Describes the type of the Gas Constant needed

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

	Name	Type	l	Value	Description
	Gas_Constant	Molar_Gas_ Constants		N/A	Constant which describes a standard gas constant
j	Maximum_ Pressure_ Change	 Pressures 		N/A	Maximum reasonable change expected in free stream static pressure between two measurement

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Na	ne Type	Description	
n*u	function	Multiplies the Gas Constant by a Pressure yielding a Distance	
"/"	function	Divides a Temperature by a Pressure, yielding a Pressure	



3.3.5.1.9.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.9.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.9.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Air Data Parts)

package body Barometric Altitude Integration is

Previous Free Stream Static Pressure: Pressures := Initial Free Stream Pressure;

Previous_Outside_Air_Temperature : Temperatures := Initial_Temperature;
Previous_Baro_Altitude : Distances := Initial_Baro_Altitude;

end Barometric Altitude Integration;

3.3.5.1.9.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.9.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.1.9.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.9.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1 COMPUTE BAROMETRIC ALTITUDE UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a function which computes barometric altitude by integration of the atmospheric equation of state.

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This parts meets CAMP requirement R233.

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Outside_Air_ Temperature	Temperatures	in	Temperature of the air outside the missile
Free Stream_ Static_Pressure	Pressures	in	Measured static pressure corrected for errors
<pre><returned value=""></returned></pre>	Distances	out	Altitude in feet based on the barometric pressure of the atmosphere

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function Compute Barometric Altitude

(Outside Air Temperature : Temperatures; Free Stream Static Pressure : Pressures)

return Distances is

Pressure Change : Pressures;
Baro_AltItude : Distances;

begin

if (abs Pressure_Change) > Maximum_Pressure_Change then

Previous Free_Stream_Static_Pressure := Free_Stream_Static_Pressure;
Baro_Altitude := Previous_Baro_Altitude;



```
else
         Baro Altitude :=
             Previous Baro Altitude -
             (0.5 * Gas Constant) *
             (( (Outside Air Temperature / Free Stream Static Pressure) +
                (Previous_Outside_Air_Temperature /
                 Previous Free Stream Static Pressure)
               ) * Pressure Change);
         Previous_Outside_Air_Temperature := Outside_Air_Temperature;
Previous_Free_Stream_Static_Pressure := Free_Stream_Static_Pressure;
         Previous Baro Altitude := Baro Altitude;
      end if:
      return Baro Altitude;
   end Compute Barometric Altitude;
3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
None.
3.3.5.1.9.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS
None.
3.3.5.1.10 UNIT DESIGN
3.3.5.1.10.1 COMPUTE OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG
This whit is a generic function which computes air temperature outside of a
missila.
3.3.5.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION
This parts meets CAMP Requirement R228
3.3.5.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN
None.
3.3.5.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT
GENERIC PARAMETERS:
```



Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Temperatures	floating point type	Describes air temperatures
Mach_Numbers	floating point type	Describes air speed as a ratio of the speed of sound
Real	floating point type	General floating point type

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

	Name	Ī		1	Value	•	Description
Re	covery_Factor	1	Real	١	N/A	ŀ	Constant for computing Air Temp

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
"+"	function	Multiplies a Real by a Mach Number, yielding a Mach Number
"/"	function	Divides a Temperature by a Mach Number, yielding a Temperature

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:



Name	Type	Mode	Description
Total_ Temperature	Temperatures	in	Air temperature measured by the air data instruments
Mach	Mach_Numbers	in	Missile airspeed as a fraction of the speed of sound
 <returned value=""></returned>	 Temperatures 	out	Temperature of the air outside of the missile

3.3.5.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

begin

return Total_Temperature / (1.0 + 0.2 * Recovery_Factor * Mach * Mach);
end Compute Outside Air Temperature;

3.3.5.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.2 COMPUTE_PRESSURE_RATIO (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P318-0)

This unit is a generic function which computes pressure ratio from measured static pressure, measured impact pressure, and free stream static pressure.

%

3.3.5.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This parts meets CAMP requirement R229

3.3.5.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Pressures	floating point type	Describes pressure (i.e. weight per unit of area)
Ratios	floating point type	A unitless floating point type descri- ing ratio of one pressure to another

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
"/"	function	Divides a Pressure by a Pressure, yielding a ratio	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:





Name	Type	Mode	Description
Measured_Static_ Pressure	Pressures	in	Static pressure measured by the air data system
Impact_Pressure	Pressures	in	Measured difference between totl
Free_Stream_ Static_Pressure	 Pressures	in	Measured static pressure which has been corrected for errors
<pre> <returned value=""></returned></pre>	Ratios	out	 Unitless quantity computed from static and impact pressure

3.3.5.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
separate (Air_Data_Parts)
function Compute Pressure
```

function Compute Pressure Ratio

(Measured_Static_Pressure : Pressures; Impact Pressure : Pressures;

Free Stream Static Pressure: Pressures)

return Ratios is

begin

return (Heasured_Static_Pressure + Impact_Pressure) / Free_Stream_Static_Pressure;

end Compute Pressure Ratio;

3.3.5.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS





3.3.5.1.10.3 COMPUTE MACH (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P319-0)

This unit is a generic function which computes missile mach given pressure ratio.

3.3.5.1.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This parts meets CAMP requirement R230.

3.3.5.1.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре	<u>-</u> -	Description
	Mach_Numbers	floating point type		Describes air speed as a ratio of the speed of sound
	Ratios	floating point type		A unitless floating point type descri- ing ratio of one pressure to another

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

	Name	Туг	e	Value	Description
CO		Ratios			First curve fit parameter
C1		Ratios			Second curve fit parameter
C2		Ratios			Third curve fit parameter

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:



Name	Type	Description	1
Sqrt	function	Computes the square root of Ratio, yielding a Mach Number	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

•	Name	Туре	Mode	Description	-
	Pressure_Ratio	Ratios		Unitless quantity computed from static and impact pressures	
	<returned value=""></returned>	Mach_Numbers	out	Missile airspeed as a fraction of the speed of sound	

3.3.5.1.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Air_Data_Parts)
function Compute_Mach (Pressure_Ratio : Ratios) return Mach_Numbers is
begin

return Sqrt (C0 + Pressure_Ratio * (C1 + C2 * Pressure_Ratio));
end Compute_Mach;

3.3.5.1.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

3.3.5.1.10.4 COMPUTE_DYNAMIC_PRESSURE (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P320-0)

This unit is a generic function which computes dynamic pressure from missile mach number and free stream static pressure.

3.3.5.1.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP Requirement R231.

3.3.5.1.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре		Description	Ī
	Pressures	floating point type	_ -	Describes pressure (i.e. weight per unit of area)	
	Mach_Numbers	floating point type		Describes air speed as a ratio of the speed of sound	

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	
11*11	function	Multiplies a Pressure by a Mach Number, yielding a Pressure	

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

•	Name	Type	Mode	Description
	Free Stream_ Static_Pressure	Pressures	in	Measured static pressure which has been corrected for errors
	Mach	Mach_Numbers	in	Missile airspeed as a fraction of the speed of sound
	<returned value=""></returned>	 Pressures	out	 Missile dynamic pressure

3.3.5.1.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.10.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Air Data Parts)

function Compute Dynamic Pressure

(Free Stream Static Pressure : Pressures;
Mach : Hach Numbers)

return Pressures is

begin

return 0.7 * Free_Stream_Static_Pressure * (Mach * Mach);
end Compute Dynamic_Pressure;

3.3.5.1.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.5 COMPUTE_SPEED_OF_SOUND (FUNCTION BODY) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG | #P321-0)

This unit is a generic function which computes the speed of sound given the temperature of the air.



3.3.5.1.10.5.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R232.

3.3.5.1.10.5.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.1.10.5.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

1	Name	Туре		Description	
	Temperatures	floating point type		Describes air temperatures	
	Velocities	floating point type		Describes air speed	

Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

Name	Type	Value	Description	
Speed_Of_ Sound_ Constant	Velocities	N/A	Standard speed of sound at sea level	

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Nai	ne Type	1	Description	Ī
u*u.	function		Multiplies a Velocity by a Temperature, yielding a Velocity	-
Sqrt	function		Computes the square root of a Temperature, yielding a Temperature	



FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

•	Name	Туре	Mode	Description
	Air_Temperature	Temperatures	in	Temperature of the air
	 <returned value=""></returned>	 Velocities	out	Speed of sound in air

3.3.5.1.10.5.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.1.10.5.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.1.10.5.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part: separate (Air Data Parts)

function Compute_Speed_of_Sound (Air_Temperature : Temperatures)
return Velocities is

begin

return Speed_Of_Sound_Constant * Sqrt (Air_Temperature);
end Compute_Speed_of_Sound;

3.3.5.1.10.5.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.5.1.10.5.8 LIMITATIONS



package body Air Data Parts is function Compute Outside Air Temperature (Total Temperature : Temperatures; : Mach Numbers) return Temperatures is separate; function Compute Pressure Ratio (Measured Static Pressure : Pressures: Impact Pressure : Pressures; Free_Stream_Static_Pressure : Pressures) return Ratios is separate; function Compute Mach (Pressure Ratio: Ratios) return Mach_Numbers is separate; function Compute Dynamic Pressure (Free Stream Static Pressure: Pressures; : Mach Numbers) return Pressures is separate; function Compute Speed Of Sound (Air Temperature : Temperatures) return Velocities is separate; package body Barometric_Altitude_Integration is separate;

end Air Data Parts;

```
separate (Air_Data_Parts)
function Compute_Mach (Pressure_Ratio : Ratios) return Mach_Numbers is
begin
    return Sqrt (CO + Pressure_Ratio * (C1 + C2 * Pressure_Ratio));
end Compute_Mach;
```

```
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separate (Air Data Parts)
package body Barometric Altitude Integration is
   Previous Free_Stream_Static_Pressure : Pressures := Initial_Free_Stream_Pressure;
  Previous_Outside_Air_Temperature
                                         : Temperatures := Initial Temperature;
  Previous_Baro_Altitude
                                         : Distances := Initial Baro Altitude;
                                                                       pragma PAGE;
   function Compute Barometric Altitude
               (Outside_Air_Temperature : Temperatures; Free_Stream_Static_Pressure : Pressures)
               return Distances is
      Pressure Change : Pressures;
      Baro Altītude : Distances;
  begin
      Pressure Change := Free Stream Static Pressure -
                         Previous Free Stream Static Pressure;
      if (abs Pressure Change) > Maximum Pressure Change then
         Previous Free Stream Static Pressure := Free Stream Static Pressure;
         Baro Altitude := Previous Baro Altitude;
      else
         Baro Altitude :=
            Previous Baro Altitude -
            (0.5 * Gas Constant) *
            (( (Outside Air Temperature / Free Stream Static Pressure) +
               (Previous Outside Air Temperature /
                Previous Free Stream Static Pressure)
              ) * Pressure Change);
         Previous Outside Air Temperature := Outside Air Temperature;
         Previous Free Stream Static Pressure := Free Stream Static Pressure;
```

Previous Baro Altitude := Baro Altitude;

end if;

return Baro Altitude;

end Compute Barometric Altitude;

end Barometric Altitude Integration;



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3.3.5.2 FUEL CONTROL PARTS TLCSC P672 (CATALOG #P1096-0)

This TLCSC contains parts which can be used to manage missile fuel consumption.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.5.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this part:

Name	Requirements Allocation	Ī
Throttle_Command_Manager	R234	Ī

3.3.5.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.5.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

with Signal Processing; with Autopilot;

package body Fuel Control Parts is

end Fuel Control Parts;

3.3.5.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

The following library units are with'd by this part:

- 1. Signal Processing
- 2. Autopilot



3.3.5.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9 LLCSC DESIGN

3.3.5.2.9.1 THROTTLE COMMAND MANAGER PACKAGE DESIGN

This LLCSC is a generic package which manages the throttle command.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.5.2.9.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP Requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

Packages:

The packages Integral Plus Proportional Gain, Tustin Integrator With Limit, Tustin Integrator With Asymmetric Limit, and Absolute Limiter are instantiated inside the package body.

Subprograms:

This package contains a sequence of statements which are executed when this part is elaborated. This code initializes the state of the throttle command manager.

3.3.5.2.9.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
Mach_Numbers	floating point type	Represents missile speed as a ratio of the speed of sound
Mach_Number_ Gains	floating point type	Represents a gain which converts from Mach Number to Throttle Command
Throttle_ Commands	floating point type	Represents a command to open/close the throttle



Data objects:

The following table describes the generic formal objects required by this part:

			••••••
Name	Type	Mode	Description
Initial_Mach_ Command	Mach_ Numbers	in 	Mach Number of missile at startup
Initial_Mach_ Feedback	Mach_ Numbers	in	Mach Feedback from missile at startup
Initial Mach_ Error_Limit	Mach_ Numbers	in	Limit of Mach Error
Initial Mach Error Gain	Mach_ Number_Gain	in	Gain to convert from mach error to raw throttle command
Initial_Mach_ Error_Integral_ Limit	Throttle_ Commands	in	Limit for Mach Error Integral at startup
Initial_Throttle_ Command	Throttle_ Commands	in	Throttle Command at startup
Initial_Throttle Command_Rate_Limit	Throttle_ Commands	in	Limit on Throttle Command Rate at startup
Initial_Lower_ Throttle_Command_ Limit	Throttle_ Commands	in	Lower Limit of Throttle Command
	Throttle_ Commands	in	Upper Limit of Throttle Command
	Throttle_ Commands	in	3 db bandwidth of the throttle command

Subprograms:

The following table descripts the generic formal subroutines required by this part:

Name	Type	Description	-
11*11	function	Multiplies a Mach_Number by a Mach_Number_Gain yielding a Throttle_Command	



3.3.5.2.9.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Description
Mach_Error	Mach_ Numbers	Difference between Measured Mach and requested Mach
Throttle_Command_ Rate		Rate at which the throttle is being opened or closed
Stored Throttle_ Command	Throttle_ Commands	Previous Throttle Command
Raw_Throttle_ Command		
Initial IPP Integral	Commands	The initial state computed and sent to the Integral Plus Proporational

3.3.5.2.9.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

package body Throttle Command Manager is

```
Mach_Error : Mach_Numbers;
Throttle Command Rate : Throttle Commands;
Stored Throttle Command : Throttle Commands;
Initial IPP Integral : Throttle Commands;
```

```
package Throttle_Command_Rate_Limiter is new Signal_Processing.

Absolute_Limiter

(Signal_Type => Throttle_Commands,
Initial Absolute Limit => Initial Throttle Command Rate_Limit);
```

```
package IPP Tustin is new Signal Processing.
                                    Tustin Integrator With Limit
                                => Mach Numbers,
          (Signals
                                => Throttle Commands,
           States
           Gained Signals => Throttle Commands,
                                => Mach Number Gains,
           Gains
           Initial_Tustin_Gain => InitIal_Mach_Error_Gain,
           Initial_Signal_Level => Initial_Mach_Command,
Initial_State => Initial_Throttle_Command,
           Initial Signal Limit => Initial Mach Error Integral Limit);
      package IPP Gain is new Autopilot.Integral_Plus_Proportional_Gain
                  (Input Signals
                                              => Mach Numbers,
                                             => Mach Number Gains,
                   Gains
                   Integrated Signals => Throttle Commands,
                   Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Mach Error Gain,
                   Tustin Integrate => IPP_Tustin.Integrate);
      package Tustin is new Signal Processing.
                             Tustin_Integrator_With_Asymmetric_Limit
                                 => Throttle Commands,
              (Signals
                                         => Throttle Commands,
              States
              Gained Signals
                                         => Throttle Commands,
                                          => Throttle Commands,
              Gains
              Initial Tustin Gain => Initial Throttle Dangwill Initial Signal Level => Initial Throttle Command, => Initial Throttle Command,
                                         => Initial_Throttle_Bandwidth,
              Initial Signal Lower Limit =>
                                Initial Lower Throttle Command Limit,
              Initial Signal Upper Limit =>
                                Initial Upper Throttle Command Limit);
-- --begin processing for Throttle
-- -- Command Manager package body
   begin
      Mach Error := 0.0;
      Mach Error: = Mach Error Limiter.Limit (Mach Error);
      Raw Throttle Command := Initial Throttle Command;
      Stored Throttle Command := 0.0;
      Initial IPP Integral := Raw Throttle Command -
                               Mach Error * Initial Mach Error Gain;
      IPP Tustin.Reset (Integrator State => Initial IPP Integral,
                                         => Mach Error);
                         Signal
   end Throttle Command Manager;
```

3.3.5.2.9.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

The following library units are with'd by this part's TLCSC:
1. Signal Processing

- 2. Autopilot

UTILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ELEMENTS:

Packages:

The following table summarizes the external packages required by this part:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Absolute_Limiter 	generic package	(1)	Limits a value by an absolute value
Tustin_Integrator	generic package	(1)	Performs a Tustin integration of an independent variable and performs an absolute limit of the result
Tustin_Integrator	generic package	(1)	Performs a Tustin integration of an independent variable and performs an upper/lower limit of the result
 Integral_Plus_ Proportional_Gain	generic package	(2)	Performs an integral plus proportional gain computation of a subject variable

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Limit	function	Mach_Error_ Limiter	Limits the Mach Error
Reset	procedure	IPP_Tustin	Initializes the Tustin Integrator used by the IPP Gain

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:



Name	Type	Description
Mach_Numbers	floating point type	Represents missile speed as a ratio of the speed of sound
Mach_Number_ Gains	floating point type	Represents a gain which converts from Mach Number to Throttle Command
Throttle_ Commands	floating point type	Represents a command to open/close the throttle

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the LLCSC package body:

Name	Type	Description
Mach_Error		Difference between Measured Mach and requested Mach
Stored_Throttle_ Command	Throttle_ Commands	Previous Throttle Command
Raw Throttle_ Command		Computed Throttle Command (not limited)

3.3.5.2.9.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1 COMPUTE_THROTTLE_COMMAND UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a function which computes the new throttle command.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.



3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Mach_Command	Mach_ Numbers	in	Wanted Missile mach
Mach_Feedback	Mach_ Numbers	in	Measured Missile mach
<pre><returned value=""></returned></pre>	Throttle_ Commands	in	Computed Throttle Command

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

(Throttle Command Rate);

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3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Туре	Source	Description
Limit	function	Mach_Error_ Limiter	Limits the Mach Error
Limit	function	Throttle_ Command_Rate Limiter	Limits the Throttle Command Rate
Integrate	function	IPP_Gain	Computes the Raw Throttle
Integrate	function	 Tustin_ Integrator	 Computes the Final Throttle Command

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Name	Туре	Description
Mach_Numbers	floating point type	Represents missile speed as a ratio of the speed of sound
Throttle_ Commands	floating point type	Represents a command to open/close the throttle

Data objects:

W

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the LLCSC package body:

Name	Type	Description
Mach_Error		Difference between Measured Mach and requested Mach
Throttle_Command_ Rate		Rate at which the throttle is being opened or closed
Stored_Throttle_ Command	Throttle_ Commands	Previous Throttle Command
Raw_Throttle_ Command		

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2 UPDATE_MACH_ERROk_LIMIT UNIT DESIGN This unit is a procedure which updates the mach error limit.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode Description	
New_Limit	Mach_ Numbers	in New Mach Error limit	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

None.



3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Mach_Error_Limit (New_Limit : in Mach_Numbers) is
begin
 Mach_Error_Limiter.Update_Limit (New_Absolute_Limit => New_Limit);
end Update Mach Error Limit;

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Update_Limit	function	Mach_Error_ Limiter	Updates the mach error limit

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Ī	Name		Туре	l	Description	Ī
M	ach_Numbers	float poin	ing t type	Rep	resents missile speed as a ratio of speed of sound	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3 UPDATE MACH ERROR INTEGRAL LIMIT UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a procedure which updates the mach error integral limit.



3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode Description	
New_Limit	Mach_ Numbers	in New Mach Error integral limit	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:



Name		Туре		Source	Description	-
Update_Limit 		function	M I L	ach_Error_ ntegral_ imiter	Updates the mach error integral limit	

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Name		Туре		Description	
Mach_Numbers	flo	ating int type	Rep the	resents missile speed as a ratio of speed of sound	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4 UPDATE THROTTLE RATE LIMIT UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a procedure which updates the throttle rate limit.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type		Mode	Description	
New_Limit	Throttle_ Commands	1	in	New Throttle Rate limit	



3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source Description	
Update_Limit	function	Throttle Updates the Throttle Command Rate Command Rate limit Limiter	

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Name	Type	Description
Throttle_ Commands	floating point type	Represents a command to open/close the throttle





3.3.5.2.9.1.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5 UPDATE_THROTTLE_COMMAND_LIMITS UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a procedure which updates the throttle command limits.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode	Description	<u> </u>
New_Lower_Limit	Throttle_Commands	in	New Lower Throttle Command Limit	
New_Upper_Limit	Throttle Commands	in	New Upper Throttle Command Limit	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.6 PROCESSING.

The following describes the processing performed by this part:



end Update Throttle Command Limits;

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	<u> </u>	Туре	Source	Description
Update_Limit		function	Tustin	Updates the Throttle Command limits

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Name	Type	Description]
Throttle_ Commands	floating point type	Represents a command to open/close the throttle	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.5.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6 UPDATE MACH ERROR GAIN UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a procedure which updates the mach error gain

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.



3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode Description	
New_Gain	Mach_ Numbers	in New Mach Error Gain	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Mach_Error_Gain (New_Gain : in Mach_Number_Gains) is
begin
 IPP_Tustin.Update_Gain (New_Gain => New_Gain);
end Update Mach Error Gain;

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description	1
Update_Gain	procedure	IPP_Tustin	Updates the Mach Error G	ain

Data types:

883

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Name	Type	Description	
Mach_Numbers	floating point type	Represents missile speed as a r the speed of sound	atio of

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.6.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7 UPDATE THROTTLE BANDWIDTH UNIT DESIGN

This unit is a procedure which updates the 3 db throttle command bandwidth

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R234.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	M	de	Description	
New_Bandwidth	Throttle_ Commands	i :	New	Throttle Bandwidth	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

procedure Update_Throttle_Bandwidth

(New_Bandwidth : in Throttle_Commands) is
begin
 Tustin.Update_Gain (New_Gain => New_Bandwidth);
end Update Throttle Bandwidth;

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Name	Type	Source	Description
Update_Gain	procedure	Tustin	Updates the Gain (i.e.,

Data types:

Ē

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined elsewhere in the LLCSC Package Specification:

Name		Туре		Des	cription			
Throttle_ Commands	flo	eating oint type	Rep	resents a throttle	command	to	open/close	

3.3.5.2.9.1.10.7.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.5.2.10 UNIT DESIGN

None.

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```
with Signal Processing;
with AutopiTot;
package body Fuel Control Parts is
                                                                      pragma PAGE;
  package body Throttle Command Manager is
      Mach Error
                                : Mach Numbers;
      Throttle Command Rate : Throttle Commands;
      Stored_Throttle_Command : Throttle_Commands; Raw_Throttle_Command : Throttle_Commands;
      Initial Ipp Integral : Throttle Commands;
      package Mach Error Limiter is new Signal Processing.
                                         Absolute Limiter
                                          => Mach Numbers,
                 (Signal Type
                  Initial Absolute Limit => Initial Mach Error Limit);
      package Throttle Command Rate Limiter is new Signal Processing.
                                                    Absolute Limiter
      (Signal Type
                              -> Throttle Commands,
       Initial Absolute Limit => Initial Throttle Command Rate Limit);
      package Ipp_Tustin is new Signal Processing.
                                   Tustin Integrator With Limit
                               => Mach Numbers,
          (Signals
           States
                               -> Throttle Commands,
           Gained Signals
                               => Throttle Commands,
                                -> Mach Number Gains,
           Initial_Tustin_Gain => InitIal_Mach_Error_Gain,
           Initial_Signal_Level => Initial_Mach_Command,
           Initial State => Initial Throttle Command,
           Initial_Signal_Limit => Initial_Mach_Error_Integral_Limit);
     package Ipp Gain is new Autopilot. Integral Plus Proportional Gain
                 (Input Signals
                                             -> Mach Numbers,
                                             => Mach Number Gains,
                  Gains
                                            => Throttle Commands,
                  Integrated Signals
                  Initial Proportional Gain => Initial Mach Error Gain,
                                            => Ipp_Tustin.Integrate);
                  Tustin Integrate
     package Tustin is new Signal Processing.
                            Tustin Integrator With Asymmetric Limit
             (Signals
                                          => Throttle Commands,
                                         -> Throttle_Commands,
              States
                                         => Throttle Commands,
              Gained Signals
                                        => Throttle Commands,
                                         => Initial Throttle Bandwidth,
              Initial Tustin Gain
                                         => Initial_Throttle_Command,
              Initial Signal Level
```

-> Initial Throttle Command,

Initial State

```
Initial Signal Lower Limit =>
                         Initial Lower Throttle Command Limit,
        Initial Signal Upper Limit =>
                         Initial Upper Throttle Command Limit);
                                                               pragma PAGE;
function Compute Throttle Command
                                           : in Mach Numbers:
            (Mach Command
             Mach Feedback
                                           : in Mach Numbers)
            return Throttle Commands is
begin
   Mach Error := Mach Command - Mach Feedback;
   Mach Error: = Mach Error Limiter.Limit (Mach Error);
   Raw Throttle Command := Ipp Gain.Integrate (Signal => Mach Error);
   Throttle_Command_Rate := Raw Throttle Command -
                            Stored Throttle Command;
   Throttle Command Rate := Throttle Command Rate Limiter.Limit
                            (Throttle Command Rate);
   Stored Throttle Command := Tustin.Integrate
                              (Signal => Throttle Command Rate);
   return Stored Throttle Command;
end Compute Throttle Command;
                                                               pragma PAGE:
procedure Update Mach Error Limit (New Limit : in Mach Numbers) is
   Mach Error Limiter. Update Limit (New Absolute Limit => New Limit);
end Update Mach Error Limit;
                                                               pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Mach Error Integral Limit
                              (New Limit: in Throttle Commands) is
   Ipp Tustin.Update Limit (New Absolute Limit => New Limit);
end Update_Mach_Error_Integral_Limit;
                                                               pragma PAGE:
procedure Update Throttle Rate Limit(New Limit: in Throttle Commands) is
   Throttle Command Rate Limiter. Update Limit
                               (New Absolute Limit => New Limit);
end Update Throttle Rate Limit;
                                                              pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Throttle Command Limits
                           (New Lower Limit: in Throttle Commands;
                            New Upper Limit: in Throttle Commands) is
begin
   Tustin. Update Limits (New Lower Limit => New Lower Limit,
                         New Upper Limit => New Upper Limit);
end Update Throttle Command Limits;
                                                               pragma PAGE;
procedure Update Mach Error Gain (New Gain : in Mach Number Gains) is
begin
```

```
Ipp Tustin.Update_Gain (New_Gain => New_Gain);
      end Update Mach Error Gain;
                                                                      pragma PAGE;
      procedure Update_Throttle Bandwidth
                              (New_Bandwidth : in Throttle_Commands) is
         Tustin.Update Gain (New Gain => New Bandwidth);
      end Update_Throttle_Bandwidth;
                                                                      pragma PAGE;
  -- begin processing for Throule
  -- Command Manager package body
   begin
      Mach Error := 0.0;
      Mach Error: = Mach Error Limiter.Limit (Mach Error);
      Raw Throttle Command
                               := Initial Throttle Command;
      Stored Throttle Command := 0.0;
      Initial_Ipp_Integral := Raw_Throttle_Command -
                               Mach_Error * Initial_Mach_Error_Gain;
     Ipp_Tustin.RESET (Integrator_State => Initial_Ipp_Integral,
                         Signal
                                         => Mach Error);
  end Throttle_Command_Manager;
end Fuel_Control_Parts;
```

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3.3.6 MATHEMATICAL

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3.3.6.1 COORDINATE VECTOR MATRIX ALGEBRA (BODY) TLCSC P681 (CATALOG #P53-0)

This part consists of generic packages and functions which define and/or operate on coordinate vectors and matrices. A coordinate vector is a three-element array. A coordinate matrix is a 3 x 3 array. These arrays are dimensioned with scalar types defined by the user.

WARNING: The units in this part ASSUME the axes types used to dimension the arrays have a length of 3. If they do not, the units will not function properly. No length checks are performed by the units.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.6.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this TLCSC:

Name	Type	Requirements Allocation
Vector_Operations Matrix_Operations	generic package generic package	R024, R050, R051, R052 R070, R071, R060, R067, R072 R078
Vector_Scalar_Operations Matrix_Scalar_Operations Cross_Product Matrix_Vector_Multiply Matrix_Matrix_Multiply	generic package generic package generic function generic function generic function	R054, R055 R056, R057 R053 R049 R068

3.3.6.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.6.1.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.6.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



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3.3.6.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

with General_Purpose_Math;
package body Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra is

package body Matrix Operations is separate;

package body Matrix Scalar Operations is separate;

return Result Vectors is separate;

function Matrix Vector Multiply (Matrix: Matrices;

Vector : Input Vectors)

return Output Vectors is separate;

function Matrix Matrix Multiply (Matrix1 : Left Matrices;

Matrix2 : Right Matrices)

return Result Matrices is separate;

end Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra;

3.3.6.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

The following library units are with'd by this part:
1. General Purpose Math (GPMath)

3.3.6.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

3.3.6.1.9.1 VECTOR OPERATIONS PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P54-0)

This part, which is a package body, provides general operations on three-element, coordinate vectors.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.6.1.9.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of CAMP requirements to this LLCSC.



 Name	 Type	Requirement Allocation	
"+"	function function	R050	
Dot_Product	function	R052	
Length Sparse Right Z Add	function function	R208 R205	
Sparse Right X Add Sparse Right XY Subtract	function function	R206 R207	İ
Set_to_Zero_Vector	function	N/A	i

3.3.6.1.9.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

Subprograms:

The following table describes the subprograms maintained local to this part:

Ī	Name	1	Туре	I	Description	1
	RSOS		function		Instantiated version of General_Purpose_Math.General_ Operations.Root_Sum_Of_Squares; required by Length function	

3.3.6.1.9.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

The following generic parameters were previously described when this part was specified:

Data types:

The following table describes the generic formal types required by this part:

Ī	Name	Туре	Description
	Axes Elements Elements Squared	scalar type floating point type floating	Used to dimension the exported vector type Data type of elements in exported vector type Data type resulting from multiplying two
Ì	•	point type	objects of type Elements

Subprograms:

The following table describes the generic formal subroutines required by this part:



1	Name	 	Туре	I	Description	1
	"*"		function		Multiplication operator defining the operation: Elements * Elements := Elements_Squared	
	Sqrt		function		Square root operator	

3.3.6.1.9.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

]	Name	Type	Value	Description
	X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
	Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
İ	Z	Axes	Axes' LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector
j	Zero_Vector	Vectors	0.0	Contant vector whose elements have all been set to 0.0

3.3.6.1.9.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

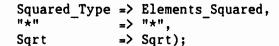
3.3.6.1.9.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

package body Vector Operations is

General_Purpose_Math.Root_Sum_of_Squares

(Real Type => Elements,



end Vector_Operations;

3.3.6.1.9.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

The following library units were with'd by the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra TLCSC:

1. General Purpose Math (GPMath)

UTILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ELEMENTS:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the external subroutines and task entries required by this part:

I	Name	Туре	Source	Description	
•	oot_Sum_Of_ Squares	generic function	GPMath	Performs calculations necessary to compute the length of a vector	

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Data types:

The following data types were previously defined in the specification of this part:

1	Name	Type	Range	Description	Ī
			N/A	One-dimensional array of Elements	Ī

3.3.6.1.9.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1 "+" UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P693-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the result of adding two vectors. Each vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of the Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R050.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name	Ī	Type	I	Mode	I	Description	-
	Left Right		Vectors Vectors		In In		First vector to be added Second vector to be added	

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

•		•		•	Descript					Ī
	Answer	1	Vectors	1	Result of	adding	two	input	vectors	I

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function "+" (Left : Vectors;

Right: Vectors) return Vectors is



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type Description	
Axes Elements	scalar type Used to dimension the exporte floating Data type of elements in expo point type type	ed vector type orted vector

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

		Description	Ī
Vectors arra	•	One-dimensional array of Elements	

Data objects:



The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
j Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2 "-" UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P694-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the result of subtracting two vectors. Each vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of the Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO51.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

	Name	1	Type	l	Mode		Description	-
	Left Right		Vectors Vectors		In In		Vector to be subtracted from Vector to be used as the subtrahend	

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

```
| Name | Type | Description
  _____
| Answer | Vectors | Result of subtracting two input vectors |
3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL
Not applicable.
3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING
The following describes the processing performed by this part:
     function "-" (Left : Vectors;
                 Right: Vectors) return Vectors is
       --declaration section-
       -----
       Answer : Vectors;
    --function body-
     begin
       Answer(X) := Left(X) - Right(X);
       Answer(Y) := Left(Y) - Right(Y);
       Answer(Z) := Left(Z) - Right(Z);
       return Answer;
```

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

end "-";

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type Description	
Axes Elements	scalar type Used to dimension the exported vector floating Data type of elements in exported vector point type type	

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Name Type	Range	Description
Vectors array	N/A	One-dimensional array of Elements

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3 VECTOR LENGTH UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P55-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the length of a coordinate vector. The vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R208.



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	1	Type	1	Mode	 Descri	pti	on			 	Ī
 								 	 	 calculated	1

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function Vector_Length (Vector : Vectors) return Elements is
begin

return RSOS(Vector(X), Vector(Y), Vector(Z));
end Vector Length;

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_-Algebra.Vector Operations LLCSC:



Name	Type	Description	
RSOS	function	Instantiated version of General_Purpose_Math.General_ Operations.Root_Sum_Of_Squares	

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Name	1	Туре		Description
Axes Elements		scalar type floating point type		Used to dimension the exported vector type Data type of elements in exported vector type

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

1	Name	I	Туре	I	Range	I	Description	
	Vectors	-			N/A		One-dimensional array of Elements	

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4 DOT PRODUCT UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P56-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the dot product of two vectors. Each vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R052.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

-	Name	Ī	Туре		Mode		Description
-	Vector1		Vectors		In		First vector to be used for the dot product operation
	Vector2		Vectors	İ	In	İ	Second vector to be used for the dot product operation

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

1	Name	Type	1	Description	I
	*			Result of performing a dot product operation	

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function Dot_Product (Vector1 : Vectors;

Vector2 : Vectors) return Elements Squared is



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Ī	Name	Туре	Description
- 	Axes Elements	scalar type floating point type	Used to dimension the exported vector type Data type of elements in exported vector type
İ	Elements_Squared	floating point type	Data type resulting from multiplying two objects of type Elements

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_-Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Range	Description	Ī
•	array	•	One-dimensional array of Elements	



Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5 SPARSE RIGHT Z ADD UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P57-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the addition of two vectors. Each vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system. The z-component of the second vector equals 0.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R205.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name		Туре	1	Mode		Description	- -
	Left Right		Vectors Vector	•	In In		First vector to be added 'Second vector to be added; z-component equals 0	-



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Ī	Name	I	 1	Description	-
			 	Result of adding two input vectors	1

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

Answer : Vectors;

```
-- --function body-
```

begin

```
Answer(X) := Left(X) + Right(X);
Answer(Y) := Left(Y) + Right(Y);
Answer(Z) := Left(Z);
```

return Answer;

end Sparse Right 2 Add;

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_-Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Description
Axes Elements 	scalar type floating point type	Used to dimension the exported vector type Data type of elements in exported vector type

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_-Operations LLCSC:

		_				Description
Vect	ors	array	1	N/A	1	One-dimensional array of Elements

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.5.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6 SPARSE RIGHT X ADD UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P58-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the result of adding two vectors. Each vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of the Cartesian coordinate system. The x-component of the second vector equals 0.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R206.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

i	Name	Ī	Туре		Mode	1	Description
	Left Right	1	Vectors Vectors		In In	1	First vector to be added Second vector to be added; x-component equals 0

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	1	Type	1	Description	Ī
Answer	1	Vectors	1	Result of adding two input vectors	

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

Answer : Vectors;

-- --function body-

begin



Answer(X) := Left(X);
Answer(Y) := Left(Y) + Right(Y);
Answer(Z) := Left(Z) + Right(Z);
return Answer;
end Sparse Right X Add;

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Description	
Axes Elements	scalar type floating point type	Used to dimension the explorate type of elements in type	kported vector type n exported vector

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

1	Name	Туре	E	Range	1	Description	١
_		array		N/A		One-dimensional array of Elements	1

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Туре	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in vector



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.6.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7 SPARSE RIGHT XY SUBTRACT UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P59-0)

This unit, which is a function, calculates the result of subtracting two vectors. Each vector has components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of the Cartesian coordinate system. The x- and y-components of the second vector equal 0.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R207.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name		Туре		Mode	Ī	Description	
	Left Right		Vectors Vectors	,			First vector to be used in subtraction Second vector to be used in subtraction; x- and y- components equal 0	-

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

•	Name		Туре	1	Descrip	ti	on				Ī
	Answer	1	Vectors	1	Result o	£	subtracting	two	input	vectors	

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Name		Туре	1	Description	•
Axes Elements		scalar type floating point type		Used to dimension the exported vector type Data type of elements in exported vector type	

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:



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Name		Type	-	Range	1	Description	
Vecto	rs	array		N/A		One-dimensional array of Elements	

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:

Name	Type	Value	Description
X	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in vector
j Y	Axes	Axes'SUCC(x)	Constant used to index second element in vector
Z	Axes	Axes'LAST 	Constant used to index last element in vector

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.7.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8 SET TO ZERO VECTOR UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P60-0)

This function returns a vector whose elements have all been set to 0.0.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

Ń/A

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.4 LGCAL DATA

None.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function Set_to_Zero_Vector return Vectors is

begin

return Zero Vector;

end Set_to_Zero_Vector;

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the top level component:

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic formal parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

1	Name	ı	Туре		Description	1
-	Axes Elements		scalar type floating point type		Used to dimension the exported vector type Data type of elements in exported vector type	

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined in the package specification of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_- Operations LLCSC:

Ī		 		Range	1	Description	
1	Vectors	 array	1			One-dimensional array of Elements	Ī

Data objects:

The following table summarizes the objects required by this part and defined in the package body of the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Operations LLCSC:



1	Name		Туре		Value		Description	1
	Zero_Vector		Vectors		0.0		Contant vector whose elements have all been set to 0.0	Í

3.3.6.1.9.1.10.8.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2 VECTOR_SCALAR_OPERATIONS (BODY) PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P64-0)

This LLCSC provides the functions to allow multiplication or division of each element of a vector by a scalar.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.6.1.9.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of requirements to this part:

Name	Requirement Allocation
"*"	R054
Sparse_X_Vector_Scalar_Multiply	R209
"/"	R055

3.3.6.1.9.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:





1	Vame		Туре		I	Desc	ri	otion		
х у z			constant	Axes	Ì	Used	to	index	first element in vector second element in vector last element in vector	

3.3.6.1.9.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

package body Vector_Scalar_Operations is

```
-- declaration section-
```

x : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(x);
z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;

end Vector_Scalar_Operations;

3.3.6.1.9.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1 "*" UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P700-0)

This unit, which is a function, multiples each element of a vector by a scalar. The vector has 3 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.



3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R054.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

Name	Туре	Mode D	escription
Vector Multiplier	Vectors1 Scalars	In Va	ctor to be scaled lue to be used when multiplying the lements of the vector

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	-	Description	
Answer	Vectors2	1	Scaled vector as calculated by this part	

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function "*" (Vector : Vectors1;

Multiplier: Scalars) return Vectors2 is

-- --declaration section-

Answer : Vectors2;

-- --begin function "*"



```
begin
```

```
Answer(x) := Vector(x) * Multiplier;
Answer(y) := Vector(y) * Multiplier;
Answer(z) := Vector(z) * Multiplier;
return Answer;
```

end "*";

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_-Algebra.Vector_Scalar_Operations LLCSC:

Ī	Name		Туре	I	Description	Ī
	п⊁п		function		Multiplication operator used to define the operation: Elements1 * Scalars := Elements2	Ī

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Scalar_-Operations LLCSC:

Name	Туре	Description			
Axes	scalar type	Used to dimension imported vector types			
Elements1	floating point type	Type of elements on Vectors1			
Elements2	floating point type	Type of elements on Vectors2			
Scalars	floating point type	Data type of scale factors			

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2 "/" UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P699-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to divide each element of a vector by a scalar. The vector has three elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO55.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name	 	Туре		Mode	l	Description
	Vector Divisor		Vector2 Scalars		In		Vector to be scaled Value each element of the vector is to be divided by

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name Type	Description
Answer Vectors1	Scaled vector as calculated by this part

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

function "/" (Vector : Vectors2;

Divisor: Scalars) return Vectors1 is



3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_-Algebra.Vector Scalar Operations LLCSC:

Ī	Name		Туре	Description	
	n/n	1	function	Division operator used to define the operation: Elements2 / Scalars := Elements1	

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Scalar_- Operations LLCSC:



Nam	ne Type	Description	<u> </u>
Axes	s scalar t ments1 floating point t	Type of elements on Vectors1	
Elen	ents2 floating point t		
Scal	ars floating point t		Ì

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3 SPARSE X VECTOR SCALAR MULTIPLY UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P65-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to multiply each element of a vector by a scalar. The vector has 3 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system. The x-component of the vector equals 0.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R209.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode	Description
Vector	Vectors1	In	Vector to be scaled; x-component equals 0
Multiplier	Scalars	In	Value each vector element is multiplied by

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:



The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name Type	Description	1
Answer Vectors2	Scaled vector as calculated by this part	1

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

Answer : Vectors2;

begin

```
Answer(X) := 0.0;
Answer(Y) := Vector(Y) * Multiplier;
Answer(Z) := Vector(Z) * Multiplier;
return Answer;
```

end Sparse_X_Vector_Scalar_Multiply;

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS IN TOP LEVEL COMPONENT:

The following tables describe the elements used by this part but defined elsewhere in the parent top level component:

Subprograms and task entries:

The following table summarizes the subroutines and task entries required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Coordinate Vector Matrix - Algebra. Vector Scalar Operations LLCSC:



Ī	Name	1	Type	Description	
	11*11		function	Multiplication operator used to define the operation: Elements1 * Scalars := Elements2	

Data types:

The following table summarizes the types required by this part and defined as generic parameters to the Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Vector_Scalar_-Operations LLCSC:

Ī	Name	Type	Description	1
Ī	Axes	scalar type	Used to dimension imported vector types	Ī
	Elements1	floating point type	Type of elements on Vectors1	ŀ
İ	Elements2	floating point type	Type of elements on Vectors2	İ
İ	Scalars	floating point type	Data type of scale factors	İ

3.3.6.1.9.2.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3 MATRIX OPERATIONS PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P61-0)

This package provides general operations on a two-dimensional coordinate matrix.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.

3.3.6.1.9.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of requirements to this part's units:

 Name	 Type	Requirement Allocation
"+" (matrices + matrices)	function	R070
"-" (matrices - matrices)	function	R071
"+" (matrices + elements)	function	R060
"-" (matrices - elements)	function	R067 i
Set To Identity Matrix	function	R072 i
Set_To_Zero_Matrix	function	R078



3.3.6.1.9.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Previously described in package specification.

3.3.6.1.9.3.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Value	Description
х	Axes	Axes'FIRST	Constant used to index first element in matrix row and/or column
У	Axes	Axes'SUCC(X)	Constant used to index second element in matrix row and/or column
z	Axes	Axes'LAST	Constant used to index last element in matrix row and/or column
Identity_ Matrix	Matrices		Identity matrix with diagonal elements set to 1.0 and all other elements set to 0.0
Zero_ Matrix	Matrices	0.0	Constant zero matrix with all elements set to 0.0

3.3.6.1.9.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra)
package body Matrix_Operations is

```
-- --declaration section-
```

X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;

-- -- the diagonal elements of Identity Matrix will be set to 1.0 during

-- -- package initialization



```
ge oou
A
```

```
Identity Matrix: Matrices := (others => (others => 0.0));
   Zero Matrix
                   : constant Matrices := (others => (others => 0.0));
-- -- subroutine bodies-
   function Set to Identity Matrix return Matrices is separate;
   function Set to Zero Matrix return Matrices is separate;
--begin package Matrix Operations-
-----
begin
-- -- initialize diagonal elements of Identity Matrix, remaining elements have
-- -- already been set to 0.0
   Identity_Matrix(X,X) := 1.0;
   Identity Matrix(Y,Y) := 1.0;
   Identity Matrix(Z,Z) := 1.0;
end Matrix Operations;
3.3.6.1.9.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
None.
3.3.6.1.9.3.8 LIMITATIONS
None.
3.3.6.1.9.3.9 LLCSC DESIGN
None.
3.3.6.1.9.3.10 UNIT DESIGN
3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1 "+" (MATRICES + MATRICES) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P695-0)
```

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to calculated the result of adding two matrices. Each matrix is a 3×3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.





3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R070.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type Mode	Description
Left	Matrices In	First matrix to be added
Right	Matrices In	Second vector to be added

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

1	Name	1	Туре	1	Descrip	ti	on			Ī
1	Answer	ļ	Matrices	1	Result of	Ē	adding	two	input	 1

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:



```
begin
```

```
Answer(X,X) := Left(X,X) + Right(X,X);
Answer(X,Y) := Left(X,Y) + Right(X,Y);
Answer(X,Z) := Left(X,Z) + Right(X,Z);

Answer(Y,X) := Left(Y,X) + Right(Y,X);
Answer(Y,Y) := Left(Y,Y) + Right(Y,Y);
Answer(Y,Z) := Left(Y,Z) + Right(Y,Z);

Answer(Z,X) := Left(Z,X) + Right(Z,X);
Answer(Z,Y) := Left(Z,Y) + Right(Z,Y);
Answer(Z,Z) := Left(Z,Z) + Right(Z,Z);
return Answer;
```

end "+";

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2 "-" (MATRICES - MATRICES) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P696-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to calculate the result of subtraction two matrices. Each matrix is a 3×3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R071.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:



1	Name		Type		Mode		Description	Ī
	Left Right		Matrices Matrices		In In		First matrix to be treated as the minuend Second matrix to be treated as the subtrahend	

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	Description	Ī
Answer		Result of subtracting two input vectors	Ī

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
function "-" (Left : Matrices;
```

Right: Matrices) return Matrices is

```
-- --declaration section-
```

Answer : Matrices;

```
-- --begin function "-" (matrices - matrices)
```

begin

```
Answer(X,X) := Left(X,X) - Right(X,X);
Answer(X,Y) := Left(X,Y) - Right(X,Y);
Answer(X,Z) := Left(X,Z) - Right(X,Z);

Answer(Y,X) := Left(Y,X) - Right(Y,X);
Answer(Y,Y) := Left(Y,Y) - Right(Y,Y);
Answer(Y,Z) := Left(Y,Z) - Right(Y,Z);

Answer(Z,X) := Left(Z,X) - Right(Z,X);
Answer(Z,Y) := Left(Z,Y) - Right(Z,Y);
Answer(Z,Z) := Left(Z,Z) - Right(Z,Z);
```

return Answer;

end "-";

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3 "+" (MATRICES + ELEMENTS) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P697-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to add a scalar value to each element of a m trix. The matrix is a 3 x 3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO60.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name		Туре	Ī	Mode	l	Description
	Matrix Addend		Matrices Elements		In In		Matrix to be scaled Value to be added to each element of the matrix

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

```
2/2
```

```
| Name | Type | Description |
| Answer | Matrices | Scaled matrix |
```

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.6 PROCESSING

Answer : Matrices;

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

-- --begin function "+" (matrices + elements)-

begin

```
Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) + Addend;
Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) + Addend;
Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) + Addend;
Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) + Addend;
Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) + Addend;
Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) + Addend;
Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) + Addend;
Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) + Addend;
Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) + Addend;
return Answer;
end "+";
```

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.



3.3.6.1.9.3.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4 "-" (MATRICES - ELEMENTS) UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P698-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to subtract a scalar value from each element of a matrix. The matrix is a 3 \times 3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R067.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name		Туре	I	Mode]	Description	
	Matrix Subtrahend		Matrices Elements				Matrix to be scaled Value to be subtracted from each element in the matrix	

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The rollowing table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Ī	Name	١	Туре	1	Description		1	-
					Scaled matrix			

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.6 PROCESSING The following describes the processing performed by this part: function "-" (Matrix : Matrices; Subtrahend: Elements) return Matrices is --declaration section-Answer : Matrices; -- --function bodybegin Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) - Subtrahend; Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) - Subtrahend; Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) - Subtrahend; Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) - Subtrahend; Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) - Subtrahend; Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) - Subtrahend;Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) - Subtrahend;Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) - Subtrahend;Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) - Subtrahend;return Answer; end "-"; 3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS None. 3.3.6.1.9.3.10.4.8 LIMITATIONS None. 3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5 SET TO IDENTITY MATRIX UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P62-0)

This part, which is a function, provides the capability to initialize a matrix to an identity matrix. The matrix shall be a 3 x 3 matrix with 9 elements which are components of the x-, y-, and z-axes of the Cartesian coordinate

system.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R072.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra. Matrix Operations) function Set to Identity Matrix return Matrices is

begin

return Identity Matrix;

end Set to Identity Matrix;

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.5.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6 SET TO ZERO MATRIX UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P63-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability to initialize each element of a matrix to zero. The matrix is a 3 \times 3 matrix having 9 elements which are components of the x-, y-, and z-axes of the Cartesian coordinate system.



This part meets CAMP requirement R078.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.4 LOCAL DATA

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Matrix_Operations) function Set to Zero Matrix return Matrices is

begin

return Zero Matrix;

end Set_to_Zero_Matrix;

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.3.10.6.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4 MATRIX SCALAR OPERATIONS PACKAGE DESIGN (CATALOG #P66-0)

This LLCSC, which is a package body, provides the functions to allow multiplication or division of each element of a matrix by a scalar.

The decomposition for this part is the same as that shown in the Top-Level Design Document.



3.3.6.1.9.4.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

The following chart summarizes the allocation of requirements to this part:

Name	Requirement Allocation	
"*"	R056 R057	

3.3.6.1.9.4.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Previously described in package specification.

3.3.6.1.9.4.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Type	Description
x	constant Ax	es Used to index first element in matrix row and/or column
У	constant Ax	es Used to index second element in matrix row and/or column
Z	constant Ax 	es Used to index last element in matrix row and/or column

3.3.6.1.9.4.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.4.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra)
package body Matrix_Scalar_Operations is

 Jan 1 - makilan	
 declaration	section-



X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;

end Matrix Scalar Operations;

3.3.6.1.9.4.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.9 LLCSC DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1 "*" UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P701-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability of multiplying each element of a matrix by a scalar. The matrix is a 3×3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO56.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

1	Name	1	Туре		Mode	1	Description	
	Matrix Multiplier		Matrices1 Scalars		In In		Matrix to be scaled Value used to multiply each element of the matrix	





```
3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA
```

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

]	Name		Туре	1	Value		Description	Ī
]	Answer	1	Matrices2		N/A		Scaled matrix as calculated by this part	Ī

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

```
function "*" (Matrix : Matrices1;
```

Multiplier : Scalars) return Matrices2 is

```
-- --declaration section-
```

Answer : Matrices2;

```
-- --begin function "*"-
```

begin

end "*";

```
Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) * Multiplier;
Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) * Multiplier;
Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) * Multiplier;
Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) * Multiplier;
Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) * Multiplier;
Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) * Multiplier;
Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) * Multiplier;
Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) * Multiplier;
Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) * Multiplier;
return Answer;
```

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2 "/" UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P702-0)

This unit, which is a function, provides the capability of dividing each element of a matrix by a scalar. The matrix is a 3×3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R057.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name	I	Туре		Mode		Description	•
	Matrix Divisor		Matrices2 Scalars		In		Matrix to be scaled Value used to divide each element of the matrix	

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name Type	Description	Ī
		1

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.6 PROCESSING The following describes the processing performed by this part: function "/" (Matrix : Matrices2; Divisor : Scalars) return Matrices1 is --declaration section-Answer : Matrices1; -- --function bodybegin Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) / Divisor; Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) / Divisor; Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) / Divisor; Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) / Divisor; Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) / Divisor; Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) / Divisor;Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) / Divisor; Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) / Divisor; Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) / Divisor;return Answer; end "/"; 3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS None. 3.3.6.1.9.4.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.10 UNIT DESIGN

3.3.6.1.10.1 CROSS PRODUCT UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P67-0)

This LLCSC, which is a function, provides the capability of calculating the cross product of two vectors. Each vector has three elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.



3.3.6.1.10.1.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R053.

3.3.6.1.10.1.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.10.1.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Previously described in package specification.

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Туре	Mode	Description
Left	Left_Vectors	N/A	Matrix to be used on the left side of the cross-product operation
Right	Right_Vectors	N/A 	Matrix to be used on the right side of the cross-product operation

3.3.6.1.10.1.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	Description								
x y z Answer	constant And constant And constant And constant And Result_Vector	kes Used to index second element in vector kes Used to index last element in vector								

3.3.6.1.10.1.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.



3.3.6.1.10.1.6 PROCESSING

```
The following describes the processing performed by this part:
```

-- --declaration section-

X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;

Answer : Result Vectors;

```
--begin function Cross_Product
```

begin

```
Answer(X) := Left(Y) * Right(Z) - Left(Z) * Right(Y);
Answer(Y) := Left(Z) * Right(X) - Left(X) * Right(Z);
Answer(Z) := Left(X) * Right(Y) - Left(Y) * Right(X);
```

return Answer;

end Cross Product;

3.3.6.1.10.1.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.10.1.8 LIMITATIONS

None.

3.3.6.1.10.2 MATRIX VECTOR MULTIPLY UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P68-0)

This LLCSC, which is a function, provides the capability to multiply a matrix by a vector with the result being a vector. The matrix is a 3×3 matrix having 9 elements. The vectors have 3 elements. The elements are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.10.2.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement R049.



3.3.6.1.10.2.2 LOCAL ENTITIES DESIGN

None.

3.3.6.1.10.2.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Previously described in package specification.

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Name	Type	Mode	<u> </u>	Descri	pt	ion				Ī
Matrix Vector	Matrices Input_Vectors	In In		Matrix Vector	to to	be be	used used	in in	calculations calculations	

3.3.6.1.10.2.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
x	constant Axes	Used to index first row/column in matrix and first element in vectors
У	constant Axes	Used to index second row/column in matrix and second element in vectors
Z	constant Axes	Used to index last row/column in matrix and last element in vectors
Answer	Output_Vectors	Vector resulting from multiplication operation

3.3.6.1.10.2.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.10.2.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:

separate (Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra)

function Matrix_Vector_MultIply (Matrix : Matrices;

Vector : Input_Vectors) return Output_Vectors is



```
-- --declaration section-
__ _____
   X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
   Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
   Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;
   Answer : Output Vectors;
--begin function Matrix_Vector_Multiply
begin
   Answer(X) := Matrix(X,X) * Vector(X) +
                Matrix(X,Y) * Vector(Y) +
                Matrix(X,Z) * Vector(Z);
   Answer(Y) := Matrix(Y,X) * Vector(X) +
                Matrix(Y,Y) * Vector(Y) +
                Matrix(Y,Z) * Vector(Z);
   Answer(Z) := Matrix(Z,X) * Vector(X) +
                Matrix(Z,Y) * Vector(Y) +
                Matrix(Z,Z) * Vector(Z);
   return Answer;
end Matrix Vector Multiply;
3.3.6.1.10.2.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS
None.
3.3.6.1.10.2.8 LIMITATIONS
None.
```

3.3.6.1.10.3 MATRIX MATRIX MULTIPLY UNIT DESIGN (CATALOG #P69-0)

This LLCSC, which is a function, provides the capability to multiply two matrices. Both matrices are a 3×3 matrix having 9 elements which are components in the x-, y-, and z-axes of a Cartesian coordinate system.

3.3.6.1.10.3.1 REQUIREMENTS ALLOCATION

This part meets CAMP requirement RO68.



None.

3.3.6.1.10.3.3 INPUT/OUTPUT

GENERIC PARAMETERS:

Previously described in package specification.

FORMAL PARAMETERS:

The following table describes this part's formal parameters:

Ī	Name	Ī	Туре		Mode		Description	Ī
	Matrixl		Left_Matrices		In		First matrix used for multiplication operation	Ī
j	Matrix2		Right_Matrices		In	Ì	Second matrix used for multiplication operation	

3.3.6.1.10.3.4 LOCAL DATA

Data objects:

The following table describes the data objects maintained by this part:

Name	Туре	Description
×	constant Axes	Used to index first element in matrix row and/or column
У	constant Axes	Used to index second element in matrix row and/or column
z	constant Axes	Used to index last element in matrix row and/or column
Answer	Result_Matrices	Matrix resulting from multiplying two input matrices

3.3.6.1.10.3.5 PROCESS CONTROL

Not applicable.

3.3.6.1.10.3.6 PROCESSING

The following describes the processing performed by this part:



Matrix2: Right Matrices) return Result Matrices is -- --declaration section-: constant Axes := Axes'FIRST; : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X); : constant Axes := Axes'LAST; answer : Result Matrices; -- -- function bodybegin --first row answer(X,X) := Matrix1(X,X) * Matrix2(X,X) +Matrix1(X,Y) * Matrix2(Y,X) +Matrix1(X,Z) * Matrix2(Z,X);answer(X,Y) := Matrix1(X,X) * Matrix2(X,Y) + Matrix1(X,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Y) +Matrix1(X,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Y);answer(X,Z) := Matrix1(X,X) * Matrix2(X,Z) + Matrix1(X,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Z) +Matrix1(X,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Z);--second row answer(Y,X) := Matrix1(Y,X) * Matrix2(X,X) +Matrix1(Y,Y) * Matrix2(Y,X) +Matrix1(Y,Z) * Matrix2(Z,X);answer(Y,Y) := Matrix1(Y,X) * Matrix2(X,Y) +Matrix1(Y,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Y) +Matrix1(Y,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Y);answer(Y,Z) := Matrix1(Y,X) * Matrix2(X,Z) +Matrix1(Y,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Z) +Matrix1(Y,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Z);--third row answer(Z,X) := Matrix1(Z,X) * Matrix2(X,X) +Matrix1(Z,Y) * Matrix2(Y,X) +Matrix1(Z,Z) * Matrix2(Z,X);answer(Z,Y) := Matrix1(Z,X) * Matrix2(X,Y) + Matrix1(Z,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Y) +Matrix1(Z,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Y);

answer(Z,Z) := Matrix1(Z,X) * Matrix2(X,Z) +



Matrix1(Z,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Z) +
Matrix1(Z,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Z);

return answer;

end Matrix Matrix Multiply;

3.3.6.1.10.3.7 UTILIZATION OF OTHER ELEMENTS

None.

3.3.6.1.10.3.8 LIMITATIONS

None.



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```
with General Purpose Math;
package body Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra is
   package body Matrix Operations is separate;
   package body Matrix Scalar Operations is separate;
   function Cross Product (Left : Left_Vectors;
                           Right : Right Vectors)
                          return Result_Vectors is separate;
   function Matrix_Vector_Multiply (Matrix : Matrices;
                                    Vector: Input Vectors)
                                    return Output Vectors is separate;
   function Matrix Matrix Multiply (Matrix1: Left Matrices;
                                     Matrix2: Right Matrices)
                                    return Result Matrices is separate;
pragma PAGE;
   package body Vector Operations is
      -- declaration section-
      -----
                : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
      Y
                 : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
                 : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;
      Zero Vector : constant Vectors := (others => 0.0);
      -- local functions-
      function Rsos is new
                 General Purpose Math.Root Sum Of Squares
                    (Real_Type => Elements,
                     Squared_Type => Elements_Squared,
                                 => "*",
                                  => Sqrt);
                     Sqrt
pragma PAGE;
      function "+" (Left : Vectors:
                   Right: Vectors) return Vectors is
         -- declaration section-
        Answer : Vectors;
     -- function body-
```

```
begin
         Answer(X) := Left(X) + Right(X);
         Answer(Y) := Left(Y) + Right(Y);
         Answer(Z) := Left(Z) + Right(Z);
         return Answer:
      end "+";
pragma PAGE;
      function "-" (Left : Vectors;
                    Right: Vectors) return Vectors is
         -- declaration section-
         Answer : Vectors;
      -- function body-
      -----
      begin
         Answer(X) := Left(X) - Right(X);
         Answer(Y) := Left(Y) - Right(Y);
         Answer(Z) := Left(Z) - Right(Z);
         return Answer;
      end "-";
pragma PAGE;
      function Vector Length (Vector: Vectors) return Elements is
      begin
         return Rsos(Vector(X), Vector(Y), Vector(Z));
      end Vector Length;
pragma PAGE;
      function Dot Product (Vector1 : Vectors;
                            Vector2: Vectors) return Elements Squared is
         -- declaration section-
        Answer : Elements Squared;
    -- function body-
```

```
begin
         Answer := Vector1(X) * Vector2(X) +
                   Vector1(Y) * Vector2(Y) +
                   Vector1(Z) * Vector2(Z);
        return Answer;
      end Dot_Product;
pragma PAGE;
      function Sparse Right Z Add (Left : Vectors;
                                  Right: Vectors) return Vectors is
        -- declaration section-
         _____
        Answer : Vectors;
      ------
     -- function body-
     -----
     begin
         Answer(X) := Left(X) + Right(X);
         Answer(Y) := Left(Y) + Right(Y);
        Answer(Z) := Left(Z);
        return Answer;
     end Sparse_Right_Z_Add;
pragma PAGE;
     function Sparse Right X Add (Left : Vectors;
                                  Right: Vectors) return Vectors is
        -- declaration section-
        -----
        Answer : Vectors;
     -- function body-
     begin
        Answer(X) := Left(X);
        Answer(Y) := Left(Y) + Right(Y);
        Answer(Z) := Left(Z) + Right(Z)
        return Answer;
     end Sparse Right X Add;
```

```
pragma PAGE;
       function Sparse Right Xy Subtract (Left : Vectors;
                                          Right: Vectors) return Vectors is
         -- declaration section-
         -----
         Answer : Vectors;
      -- function body-
      begin
         Answer(X) := Left(X);
         Answer(Y) := Left(Y);
         Answer(Z) := Left(Z) - Right(Z);
         return Answer;
      end Sparse_Right_Xy_Subtract;
pragma PAGE;
      function Set To Zero Vector return Vectors is
      begin
         return Zero Vector;
      end Set To Zero Vector;
   end Vector_Operations;
pragma PAGE;
   package body Vector Scalar Operations is
      -- declaration section-
      X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
      Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
      Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;
pragma PAGE;
      function "*" (Vector : Vectors1;
                    Multiplier : Scalars) return Vectors2 is
         -- declaration section-
         Answer : Vectors2;
```

```
-- begin function "*"
      -----
      begin
         Answer(X) := Vector(X) * Multiplier;
         Answer(Y) := Vector(Y) * Multiplier;
         Answer(Z) := Vector(Z) * Multiplier;
         return Answer;
      end "*";
pragma PAGE;
      function "/" (Vector : Vectors2;
                    Divisor: Scalars) return Vectors1 is
         -- declaration section-
         ----
         Answer : Vectors1;
      -- begin function "/"
      begin
         Answer(X) := Vector(X) / Divisor;
         Answer(Y) := Vector(Y) / Divisor;
         Answer(Z) := Vector(Z) / Divisor;
         return Answer;
      end "/";
pragma PAGE;
      function Sparse X Vector Scalar Multiply
                  (Vector : Vectors1;
                   Multiplier: Scalars) return Vectors2 is
         -- declaration section-
         Answer : Vectors2;
      -- begin function Sparse X Vector Scalar Multiply
--
      begin
         Answer(X) := 0.0;
         Answer(Y) := Vector(Y) * Multiplier;
```

Answer(Z) := Vector(Z) * Multiplier;

return Answer;

end Sparse_X_Vector_Scalar_Multiply;

end Vector_Scalar_Operations;

end Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra;

```
separate (Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra)
package body Matrix Operations is
-- -- declaration section-
                 Y
   Z
-- -- the diagonal elements of Identity Matrix will be set to 1.0 during
-- -- package initialization
   Identity Matrix : Matrices := (others => (others => 0.0));
   Zero Matrix
               : constant Matrices := (others => (others => 0.0));
-- -- subroutine bodies-
   function Set_To_Identity_Matrix return Matrices is separate;
   function Set To Zero Matrix return Matrices is separate;
pragma PAGE;
   function "+" (Left : Matrices;
                 Right : Matrices) return Matrices is
     -- declaration section-
      -----
     Answer : Matrices;
-- -- begin function "+" (matrices + matrices)
  begin
     Answer(X,X) := Left(X,X) + Right(X,X);
     Answer(X,Y) := Left(X,Y) + Right(X,Y);
     Answer(X,Z) := Left(X,Z) + Right(X,Z);
     Answer(Y,X) := Left(Y,X) + Right(Y,X);
     Answer(Y,Y) := Left(Y,Y) + Right(Y,Y);
     Answer(Y,Z) := Left(Y,Z) + Right(Y,Z);
     Answer(Z,X) := Left(Z,X) + Right(Z,X);
     Answer(Z,Y) := Left(Z,Y) + Right(Z,Y);
     Answer(Z,Z) := Left(Z,Z) + Right(Z,Z);
     return Answer;
  end "+":
```

```
pragma PAGE;
   function "-" (Left : Matrices;
                  Right: Matrices) return Matrices is
      -- declaration section-
      Answer : Matrices;
-- -- begin function "-" (matrices - matrices)
   begin
      Answer(X,X) := Left(X,X) - Right(X,X);
      Answer(X,Y) := Left(X,Y) - Right(X,Y);
      Answer(X,Z) := Left(X,Z) - Right(X,Z);
      Answer(Y,X) := Left(Y,X) - Right(Y,X);
      Answer(Y,Y) := Left(Y,Y) - Right(Y,Y);
      Answer(Y,Z) := Left(Y,Z) - Right(Y,Z);
      Answer(Z,X) := Left(Z,X) - Right(Z,X);
      Answer(Z,Y) := Left(Z,Y) - Right(Z,Y);
      Answer(Z,Z) := Left(Z,Z) - Right(Z,Z);
      return Answer;
   end "-";
pragma PAGE;
   function "+" (Matrix : Matrices;
                Addend : Elements) return Matrices is
    -- declaration section-
      Answer : Matrices;
- -- begin function "+" (matrices + elements)-
   begin
      Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) + Addend;
      Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) + Addend;
      Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) + Addend;
      Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) + Addend;
      Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) + Addend;
      Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) + Addend;
     Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) + Addend;
```

```
Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) + Addend;
      Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) + Addend;
      return Answer:
   end "+";
pragma PAGE;
   function "-" (Matrix : Matrices;
                  Subtrahend: Elements) return Matrices is
      -- declaration section-
      Answer : Matrices;
-- -- function body-
   begin
      Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) - Subtrahend;
      Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) - Subtrahend;
      return Answer;
   end "-";
pragma PAGE;
-- begin package Matrix Operations-
begin
-- -- initialize diagonal elements of Identity Matrix, remaining elements have
-- -- already been set to 0.0
   Identity Matrix(X,X) := 1.0;
   Identity Matrix(Y,Y) := 1.0;
   Identity Matrix(Z,Z) := 1.0;
end Matrix Operations;
```

```
separate (Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Matrix_Operations)
function Set_To_Identity_Matrix return Matrices is
begin
    return Identity_Matrix;
end Set_To_Identity_Matrix;
```



separate (Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra.Matrix_Operations)
function Set_To_Zero_Matrix return Matrices is
begin
 return Zero_Matrix;

end Set_To_Zero_Matrix;

```
separate (Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra)
package body Matrix Scalar Operations is
-- -- declaration section-
   X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
   Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
   Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;
pragma PAGE;
   function "*" (Matrix : Matrices1;
                Multiplier : Scalars) return Matrices2 is
     -- declaration section-
      _____
     Answer : Matrices2;
-- -- begin function "*"-
 _ _____
   begin
     Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) * Multiplier;
     Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) * Multiplier;
     Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) * Multiplier;
     Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) * Multiplier;
     Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) * Multiplier;
     Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) * Multiplier;
     Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) * Multiplier;
     Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) * Multiplier;
     Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) * Multiplier;
     return Answer;
  end "*";
pragma PAGE;
   function "/" (Matrix : Matrices2;
                Divisor : Scalars) return Matrices1 is
     -- declaration section-
     -----
     Answer : Matrices1;
-- -- function body-
```

begin



```
Answer(X,X) := Matrix(X,X) / Divisor;
Answer(X,Y) := Matrix(X,Y) / Divisor;
Answer(X,Z) := Matrix(X,Z) / Divisor;
Answer(Y,X) := Matrix(Y,X) / Divisor;
Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix(Y,Y) / Divisor;
Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix(Y,Z) / Divisor;
Answer(Z,X) := Matrix(Z,X) / Divisor;
Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) / Divisor;
Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix(Z,Y) / Divisor;
Answer(Z,Z) := Matrix(Z,Z) / Divisor;
return A--wer;
end "/";
end Matrix Scalar Operations;
```





```
separate (Coordinate_Vector_Matrix_Algebra)
function Matrix Vector Multiply
           (Matrix : Matrices:
            Vector: Input Vectors) return Output Vectors is
-- -- declaration section-
   X : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
   Y : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X);
   Z : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;
   Answer : Output_Vectors;
-- begin function Matrix Vector Multiply
begin
   Answer(X) := Matrix(X,X) * Vector(X) +
                Matrix(X,Y) * Vector(Y) +
                Matrix(X,Z) * Vector(Z);
   Answer(Y) := Matrix(Y,X) * Vector(X) +
                Matrix(Y,Y) * Vector(Y) +
                Matrix(Y,Z) * Vector(Z);
   Answer(Z) := Matrix(Z,X) * Vector(X) +
                Matrix(Z,Y) * Vector(Y) +
                Matrix(Z,Z) * Vector(Z);
   return Answer;
end Matrix_Vector_Multiply;
```

```
separate (Coordinate Vector Matrix Algebra)
function Matrix Matrix Multiply
           (Matrix1 : Left Matrices;
            Matrix2: Right Matrices) return Result Matrices is
-- -- declaration section-
         : constant Axes := Axes'FIRST;
         : constant Axes := Axes'SUCC(X):
         : constant Axes := Axes'LAST;
  Answer : Result Matrices;
-- -- function body-
  begin
     -- first row
      Answer(X,X) := Matrix1(X,X) * Matrix2(X,X) +
                     Matrix1(X,Y) * Matrix2(Y,X) +
                     Matrix1(X,Z) * Matrix2(Z,X);
     Answer(X,Y) := Matrix1(X,X) * Matrix2(X,Y) +
                     Matrix1(X,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Y) +
                     Matrix1(X,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Y);
     Answer(X,Z) := Matrix1(X,X) * Matrix2(X,Z) +
                     Matrix1(X,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Z) +
                     Matrix1(X,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Z);
     -- second row
     Answer(Y,X) := Matrix1(Y,X) * Matrix2(X,X) +
                     Matrix1(Y,Y) * Matrix2(Y,X) +
                     Matrix1(Y,Z) * Matrix2(Z,X);
     Answer(Y,Y) := Matrix1(Y,X) * Matrix2(X,Y) +
                     Matrix1(Y,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Y) +
                     Matrix1(Y,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Y);
     Answer(Y,Z) := Matrix1(Y,X) * Matrix2(X,Z) +
                     Matrix1(Y,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Z) +
                    Matrix1(Y,Z) * Matrix2(Z,Z);
     -- third row
     Answer(Z,X) := Matrix1(Z,X) * Matrix2(X,X) +
                     Matrix1(Z,Y) * Matrix2(Y,X) +
                     Matrix1(Z,Z) * Matrix2(Z,X);
     Answer(Z,Y) := Matrix1(Z,X) * Matrix2(X,Y) +
                     Matrix1(Z,Y) * Matrix2(Y,Y) +
```



return Answer;

end Matrix_Matrix_Multiply;

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SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

WRIGHT LABORATORY (AFSC) EGLIN AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA, 32542-5434



REPLY TO ATTN OF:

MNOI

SUBJECT: Removal of Distribution Statement and Export-Control Warning Notices

13 Feb 92

TO: Defense Technical Information Center ATTN: DTIC/HAR (Mr William Bush)

Bldg 5, Cameron Station

Alexandria, VA 22304-6145

1. The following technical reports have been approved for public release by the local Public Affairs Office (copy attached).

Technical Report Number	AD Number
1. 88-18-Vol-4 2. 88-18-Vol-5 3. 88-18-Vol-6	ADB 120 251 ADB 120 252 ADB 120 253
4 . 88-25-Vol-1 5 . 88-25-Vol-2	ADB 120 309 ADB 120 310
6. 88-62-Vol-1 7. 88-62-Vol-2 8. 88-62-Vol-3	ADB 129 568 ADB 129 569 ADB 129-570
9 · 85-93-Vol-1 40 · 85-93-Vol-2 41 · 85-93-Vol-3	ADB 102-654 ADB 102-655 ADB 102-656
42. 88-18-Vol-1 45. 88-18-Vol-2 44. 88-18-Vol-7 45. 88-18-Vol-8 46. 88-18-Vol-9 47. 88-18-Vol-10 48.88-18-Vol-11 49. 88-18-Vol-12	ADB 120 248 ADB 120 249 ADB 120 254 ADB 120 255 ADB 120 256 ADB 120 257 ADB 120 258 ADB 120 259

2. If you have any questions regarding this request call me at DSN 872-4620.

Chief, Scientific and Technical

Information Branch

AFDIC/PA Ltr, dtd 30 Jan 92



DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS AIR FORCE DEVELOPMENT TEST CENTER (AFSC) EGLIN AIR FORCE BASE, FLORIDA 32542-5000



REPLY TO ATTN OF:

PA (Jim Swinson, 882-3931)

30 January 1992

SUBJECT:

Clearance for Public Release

TO:

WL/MNA

The following technical reports have been reviewed and are approved for public release: AFATL-TR-88-18 (Volumes 1 & 2), AFATL-TR-88-18 (Volumes 4 thru 12), AFATL-TR-88-25 (Volumes 1 & 2), AFATL-TR-88-62 (Volumes 1 thru 3) and AFATL-TR-85-93 (Volumes 1 thru 3).

VIRGINIA N. PRIBYLA, Lt Col, ASAF

Chief of Public Affairs

AFDTC/PA 92-039