# FINAL REPORT

Demonstration of the Replacement of the Dyes and Sulfur in the M18 Red and Violet Smoke Grenades

ESTCP Project WP-0122

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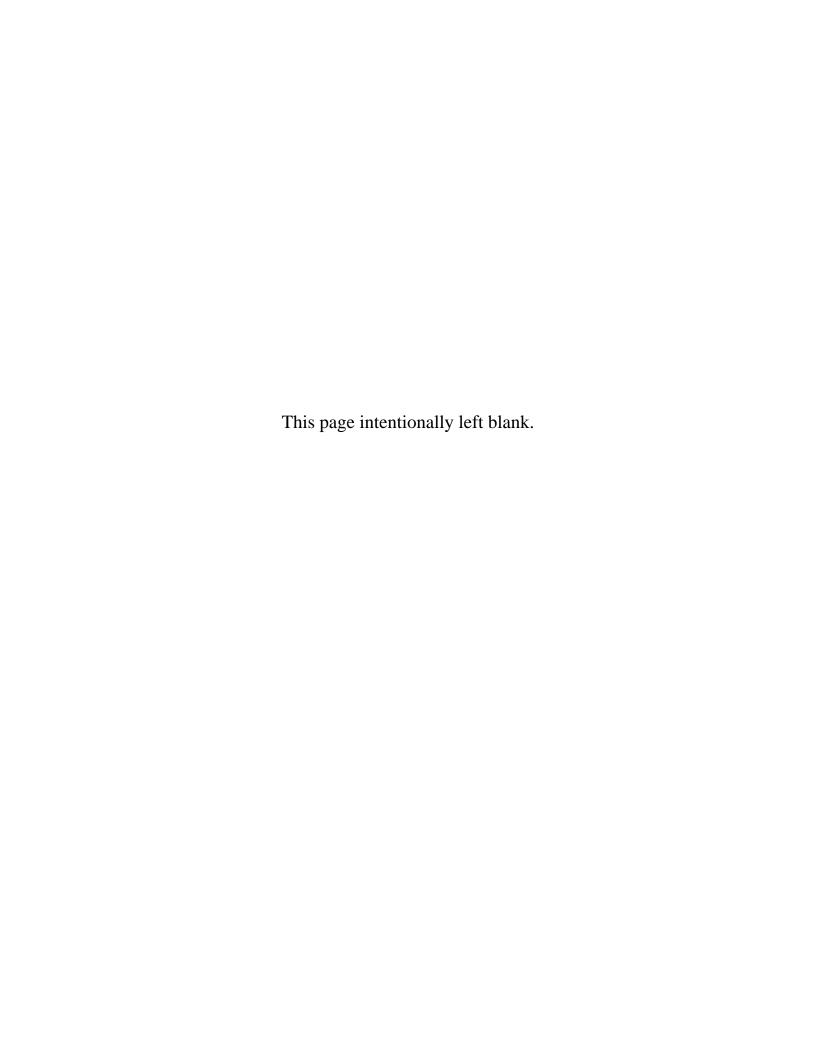


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## **List of Acronyms and Symbols**

ACE Army Corps of Engineers

ACSIM Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management AECTP Allied Environmental Conditions and Test Publication

ANSI American National Standards Institute

APG Aberdeen Proving Ground ATC Aberdeen Test Center

CAA Clean Air Act

CEM Continuous Emissions Monitoring

CFR Code of Federal Regulators

cm centimeter

DETP Detailed Environmental Test Plan
DMO Division Management Office
Department of Defense

DoD Department of Defense

DoDD Department of Defense Directive

DoDIC Department of Defense Identification Code

DoDISS Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards

D&C Drug and Cosmetic
DPG Dugway Proving Ground
DTC Developmental Test Command

DTP Detailed Test Plan

ECBC Edgewood Chemical Biological Center ECC Emission Characterization Chamber

ECP Engineering Change Proposal EDT Engineering Design Test

EEMP Environmental Engineering Management Plan

EES Environmental Engineering Specialists
EICL Environmental Issues/Criteria List
EMI Electromagnetic Interference

EO Executive Order

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

ESS Environmental Stress Screening

ESTCP Environmental Security Technology Certification Program

ETEMP Environmental Test and Evaluation Master Plan

ETR Environmental Test Report

FDA U.S. Food and Drug Administration

FD&C Food, Drug, and Cosmetic

FTIR Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy

GC/FID Gas Chromatography with Flame Ionization Detection

GC/MS Gas Chromatography/Mass spectroscopy

HAZMAT Hazardous Materials
HASP Health & Safety Plan
HC Hexachloroethane
IPT In-Process Team

ISO International Organization for Standardization

ITOP International Test Operation Procedure

LCEP Life Cycle Environmental Profile

LSC Library Search Compound

LVOSS Light Weight Vehicle Obscuration Smoke System

MAIS Major Automated Information System

MDAP Mandatory Procedures for Major Defense Acquisition Program

MIDAS Munitions Items Disposition Action System

MIL-HDBK Military Handbook MIL-STD Military Standard MILSPECS Military Specifications

mm Millimeter

MMR Massachusetts Military Reservation

MNS Mission Need Statement MSA Mine Safety Appliance

NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organization

NCSL National Conference of Standards Laboratories

NDI Non-development Item

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act NIOSH National Institute of Safety and Health

NSNs National Stock Numbers
OB/OD Open Burn/Open Detonation

OED Operational Environment Documentation
OEDP Operational Environment Documentation Plan
OEDR Operational Environment Documentation Report

ORD Operational Requirements Document

PAHS Poly-Aromatic Hydrocarbons

PBA Pine Bluff Arsenal

PEL Production Engineering Laboratory
PM<sub>10</sub> Particulate Matter (less than 10 microns)
PM<sub>2.5</sub> Particulate Matter (less than 2.5 microns)
PM-CCS Program Manager – Close Combat System

PM-MAS Program Manager – Maneuver Ammunition System

ppm Parts Per Million PQT Product Quality Test

PT Part Time

PVT Production Validation Test

QA/QC Quality Assurance/Quality Control

QSTAG Quadripartite Standardization Agreements (American, British, Canadian,

and Australian)

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RDECOM Research, Development and Engineering Command (formerly (SBCCOM))

SAMP Systems Acquisition Management Plan SBCCOM Soldiers Biological Chemical Command

sec Seconds

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

STANAG Standardization Agreements (NATO) SVOCS Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds

TA Terephthalic Acid

TA/PE Terephthalic Acid/Pentaerythritol

TD Test Director

TDP Technical Data Package

TECOM Test and Evaluation Command

TEMP Test and Evaluation Master Plan
TIC Tentatively Identified Compounds
TSP Total Suspended Particulates

USACHPPM U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine

USAEC U.S. Army Environmental Center (often referred to as AEC)

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds WDTC West Desert Test Center

## **Acknowledgements**

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- USAEC;
- PBA;
- ECBC;
- USACHPPM.

We also want to acknowledge that this program is just the beginning. The efforts put forth by the Smoke and Dye In-Process Team (IPT) created by the Program Manager – Close Combat System (PM-CCS) have been instrumental in furthering this program. The Smoke and Dye IPT and their respective members have provided many valuable tips and information that have been used in this report. The accomplishments of this project would not have been possible without the enthusiasm and support from these individuals and their respective organizations. PM-CCS was provided a copy of this report for their review and comments. PM-CCS has not provided any official comments.

## **Abstract**

The objective of this demonstration project was to combine existing technology from the M18 green and yellow smoke grenades and the M83 smoke grenade, and use this combined technology for the replacement of dyes, sulfur and other components of the M18 red and violet smoke grenades. The substitution of a sugar-chlorate formulation smoke, as well as less toxic dyes, was successfully implemented for green and yellow M18 smoke grenades and for red, green, and yellow 40MM projectiles. The red 40mm smoke grenade was also successfully transitioned to new materials. Similar changes to the red and violet M18 smoke grenades initially proved unsuccessful due to excessive burning of the dyes, which resulted in failure of the items to meet military standards for signaling. Later, with funding provided by ESTCP, reconfiguration of the red and violet M18 smoke grenades using redesigned starter patches proved more effective. The idea to use the redesigned starter patches was based on the M90 Light Vehicle Obscuration Smoke System (LVOSS) grenade. The LVOSS grenade was fitted with a new starter patch in order to control burning, similar to the method used in red and violet M18s. The patch slowed the starter mixture's contact with the smoke mix, thus allowing the temperature of the mixture to decrease, eliminating excessive flaming. This process was successful for both smokes. However, the transition to the red was not successful due to the coloration of the smoke being less red than desired.

Toxicity testing of the current smoke formula for the violet smoke grenade (DODIC G955) and the new ESTCP formulation was completed (Appendix J). Eleven of twenty four rats died during testing of the emissions from the current violet smoke grenade while none of the rats died from the new ESTCP formulation for the violet smoke grenade. The toxicity testing standards used for this test should be adopted as the standard for future testing of military type signaling smokes but should not be adopted for obscuration type smokes because of the differences in use.

Testing of the M18s was conducted in accordance with Military Standard (MIL-STD) 810F at Pine Bluff Arsenal (PBA) in Arkansas, the Department of Defense's (DoD's) manufacturing facility for smoke grenades (see Reference 1).

#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

In September 1997, the Chief of Staff of the Army directed the Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management (ACSIM) to establish a General Officer Steering committee to address the implications of the restrictions on operations at Massachusetts Military Reservation (MMR). The ACSIM directed and funded the U.S. Army Environmental Center (USAEC) to gather emissions data. The USAEC has developed a comprehensive program to identify the emissions resulting from range operations that involve weapons firing, smoke and pyrotechnic devices, and exploding ordnance, and to assess the environmental and health hazard impacts resulting from their use. In the execution of the program, it has identified four items (two of the colored smoke grenades, one white smoke grenade and one of the smoke pots) that contain and emit toxic and carcinogenic compounds in significant quantities. These smokes/dyes may present a risk to the soldier, to nearby receptors, and to production and test personnel, especially with regard to the hexachloroethane (HC) filled grenades. It is in the best interest of the Army and Department of Defense (DoD) to demonstrate and implement a material substitution for the dyes, smokes, fills and starter patches in these specific munition items. Several alternative materials have been identified. Under this project, the functional and operational capabilities of these items with the alternative (less toxic) dye and smoke materials will be validated prior to their implementation. Replacement has been implemented in other colored grenades, but due to excessive flaring and inadequate burn rates, replacement has not occurred in the grenades to be changed under this project.

#### 1.2 Objectives of the Demonstration

The objective of this demonstration was to validate alternative materials/products so that they may be written into new MILSPECS, including modified formulations of the smoke grenades to be used in manufacturing. The proposed effort provided production and testing of material substitutions for two smoke munitions items that are considered essential to Army training operations. The four material replacements are for: (1) the red dye in M18 Red Grenade, (2) the violet dye in the M18 Violet Grenade, (3) an evaluation of the starter patches for use in the colored smoke grenades, and (4) replacement of sulfur with sugar. The production of the replacement for HC will not be part of this demonstration plan, but the success of the starter mixtures and patches will ensure the technical success of the replacement of the HC mixtures in the munitions containing HC.

Demonstration of this program will introduce safer smoke munitions for the soldiers in training and active service. This demonstration included the survey, testing and manufacturing of test, pilot and production type runs of these munitions (Red and Violet Smoke Grenades) to ensure they met the specifications of their predecessors and the safety requirements for our soldiers to use them safely during training and also in active service.

#### 1.3 Regulatory Drivers

- RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 1976
- CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 1980
- CWA Clean Water Act, 1972
- CAA Clean Air Act. 1970
- PPA Pollution Prevention Act, 1990
- Executive Order 12856, 1994
- EPCRA Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, 1986

#### 1.4 Stakeholder/End-User Issues

The program is intended to make the material change completely transparent to the endusers (soldiers). The ammunition was tracked by the Military Services by utilizing National Stock Numbers (NSNs) and Department of Defense Identification Codes (DODIC) numbers. Labels identifying "reduced sulfur smoke grenades" were placed on the wire bound boxes, metal cans, and fiberboard-packing containers. The demonstration plan encompassed two main areas:

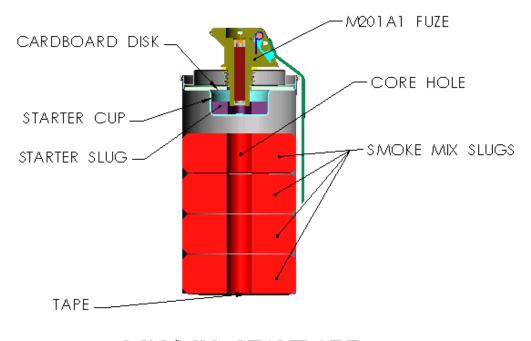
- The First Article test/standard lot testing for the corresponding smoke grenade; and
- A smoke grenade based qualification test.

Upon completion and attainment of toxicity test requirements, an Engineering Change Proposal (ECP) was submitted to the Configuration Control Board (CCB) for approval. The CCB makes the final determination as to whether the grenade meets all of the necessary requirements. The CCB is also responsible for determining whether the grenade meets the standards of the Technical Data Package (TDP) for procurement. Once approved for production and distribution, the grenade will replace the current M18 violet smoke grenade.

## 2. Technology Description

#### 2.1 Technology Development and Application

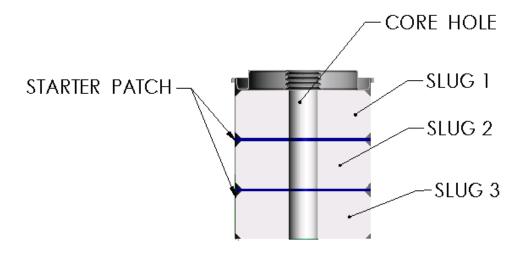
The M18 colored smoke grenade as currently configured consists of a metal can and lid, which holds a mechanically initiated fuze. It is 11.84-cm (4.66-inch) high and 6.3 cm (2.48 inch) in diameter excluding the fuze. A pull pin is hinged through the fuze lever, preventing premature initiation. The output of the fuze ignites a starter slug, which in turn ignites the smoke mix fill. After a delay of approximately 15 seconds, smoke is emitted from a ½ inch core hole for 50 to 90 seconds. (See Figure 1)



M18/M83 STANDARD CONFIGURATION

Figure 1 – M18 Grenade

In the current configuration, the green and yellow smoke mixes use the newer sugarchlorate formulation which contains relatively non-toxic dyes. However, the red and violet smoke mixes are still sulfur-chlorate mixes containing toxic dyes. An attempt was made to change the dyes and the sulfur in the red and violet smoke grenades; however it failed due to the unacceptable flaming of the mixtures during trials. The proposed modifications include the conversion of the red and violet grenades to the sugar-chlorate formulation containing the non-toxic dyes and the use of the new starter patch ignition system. During early development of the Light Vehicle Obscuration Smoke System (LVOSS) grenade, tests indicated that the new starter patch system successfully controlled/eliminated excessive flaming by decreasing the temperature of the starter mixture. This was accomplished by using the patch to slow/stop the starter mixture from coming into excessive, immediate contact with the smoke mixture. Because the test was successful, this new starter patch configuration (shown in Figure 2) was tested on the red and violet smoke grenades in an attempt to control excessive flaming. Both externally and in performance, the modified M18 grenade will be identical to the existing grenade.



## LVOSS CANISTER

Figure 2 – Starter Patch Arrangement

While the new dyes used in the red or violet M18 grenades contain different chemical components, the function is no different from that of the old dyes. The dyes still form the visible smoke cloud typically emitted from grenades. The dyes are also still vaporized and dispersed into the atmosphere. Sugar (sucrose) and potassium chlorate react exothermically to form carbon monoxide, water vapor and potassium chloride. The reaction between sucrose and potassium chlorate is initiated at around 180°C. The most probable reaction mechanism begins with the liquefaction (melting) of sugar and its partial decomposition into fructose and one of several free radicals. The liquid sucrose and decomposition products react with the solid potassium chlorate, thus liberating heat. At around 250°C, magnesium carbonate begins to decompose endothermally into carbon dioxide and magnesium oxide. At approximately 350°C, the remaining potassium chlorate decomposes to potassium chloride and oxygen. Eventually the reaction temperature reaches the sublimation temperature of the dye(s) in the mix and the dye is vaporized and ejected through the grenade core hole. The dye vapor undergoes an

adiabatic expansion, mixes with the air and condenses into fine particles which form the visible smoke cloud. Outside temperatures were much lower for the current/original violet grenade and much higher, initially, for the new violet grenade than originally estimated. This information is presented in Figure 3 below.

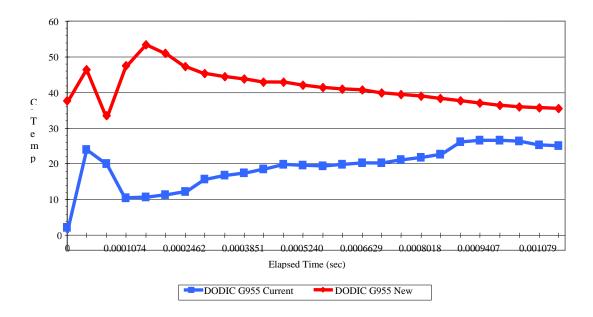


Figure 3. Outside Temperature of Current and New Violet Smoke Grenades (Temperature equals Temperature x 10)

The key design criteria were as follows: 1) new design must meet military specification, including 2) safety, health, and environmental risks assessment of dyes, 3) thermal characteristics of the dye (decomposition temperature and expected products of decomposition), 4) availability of dyes, and 5) costs.

The selection criteria consisted of those compounds having the appropriate physical and chemical properties of time-released smokes. Of these, the least toxic materials were selected for the studies. A critical selection criterion was the decomposition temperature of the dye. The decomposition temperature must be greater than a sublimation temperature. The greater the difference between the sublimation and decomposition temperatures, the better the candidate. Based on the temperatures shown in Figure 3 it is expected that these temperatures may be much higher than originally expected.

#### 2.2 Previous Testing of the Technology

The starter patches were successfully tested in the LVOSS (M90) grenades. The M90 Grenade (LVOSS) was type classified in August 1997 with the production of this grenade beginning in FY98. The original colored smoke grenades were tested and determined to be toxic in the 1980s (see Reference 2). Due to the determination of toxicity, an attempt was made to change all four colored dyes. During testing of the developmental violet dye, it was determined that the new smoke was more toxic than the original and use of the dye (Blue Disperse 3) was abandoned (see Reference 5). The components for the original yellow and green smoke grenades were changed, successfully tested and transitioned into production. Based on that success, the yellow, green, red 40mm projectiles and the green and yellow M18 smoke grenades were type classified based on their successful transition from toxic dyes to less toxic dyes and sulfur to sugar chlorate mixes. The testing of the red and violet dyes was not successful due to excessive flaming during burning. Therefore the formulation was left unaltered to maintain functionality. Based on the use of the starter patches for the M90 grenade in FY98, it was believed that this technology would stop the excessive flaming of the red and violet smoke grenades such that the new formulation could be used. This was demonstrated in the test entitled "M18 and M83 Grenade Reliability and Performance Improvements – Report on Engineering Design Testing M18 and M83 Grenades with Starter Patch Configuration" by Mark L. Springer and Mike Farris dated 22 April 2003 (see Reference 9). Replacement of the HC with the Terephthalic Acid/Pentaerythritol (TA/PE) mix is not a part of this demonstration plan, but the success of the starter patches in this demonstration will encourage additional testing of the starter patches for this additional application (replacement of HC mixes with TA/PE mixes).

#### 2.3 Factors Affecting Cost and Performance

The two main factors affecting the cost of the grenades are, in order of importance, the cost of the labor to make the grenades and the cost of the dye.

#### **2.3.1** Labor

For example, the cost of labor in the current configuration is approximately \$4,375.14 per 800 lb batch of red smoke grenades. Due to the new starter patch configuration, the cost of the labor is expected to be reduced by approximately 17.2% (\$4,375.14 - \$750.95 = \$3,624.19).

#### 2.3.2 Dye

The costs of the dye are expected to rise by approximately 333% (i.e., previous cost was \$15.00 per pound, but current government costs are expected to be approximately \$50.00 per pound). Searches of the internet revealed costs of \$8.25 per pound delivered to the U.S. from foreign (90% solvent dye) sources. Current laws require sources to "Buy American," making it difficult to purchase from a foreign source. However, these same laws allow the purchase from a foreign source if it is determined that the price is 50% or greater. Prices of \$50.00 per pound versus \$8.25 per pound would meet that requirement and would allow the purchase of foreign dye.

It is currently unknown if the government will opt to take the approach of buying dye from foreign sources to curb expenses.

#### 2.3.2.1 Contaminants

There are concerns that the purchased dyes may contain contaminants such as heavy metals (e.g., lead, chromium VI, barium, mercury, and antimony). Contamination will be a concern in the quest to provide a less toxic smoke product. Based on emissions testing, some heavy metals exist either in the dyes, pyrotechnic mixtures, fuze or the lead coating on and inside the grenade can itself. It appears that additional refining of the dyes to remove contaminants would be an appropriate strategy to undertake. The need to undertake additional dye refining will obviously add to the costs of the dye. However, if refining activities are completed at the production source, there could be significantly reduced costs depending on the technology used here (for U.S. acquired dyes) versus there (for foreign acquired dyes). The Smoke and Dye In-Process Team (IPT) is expected to change the requirements for dye and other materials in the future to meet this requirement for all of the dyes used in the production of colored smokes.

It may also be worth noting that there are dyes with lower contaminant levels available for the food, textile, and cosmetics industries. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) controls the certification of color additives (i.e. dyes) used in food, drugs, and cosmetic products. To avoid confusion in the use of color additives, the FDA created three categories of certifiable color additives:

- 1) Food, Drug, and Cosmetic (FD&C);
- 2) Drug & Cosmetic (D&C); and
- 3) External Drug and Cosmetic (External D&C).

Due to the expectation that the final smoke products may be inhaled, only the first two categories were examined by the Smoke and Dye IPT.

#### 2.4 Advantages and Limitations of the Technology

#### 2.4.1 Advantages and Limitations

One advantage of the technology is that it allows soldiers to use more environmentally friendly items during training and times of conflict. It also decreases the potential risk posed to soldiers during testing and training exercises by removing potentially toxic materials. Having access to new, less toxic materials will allow for more extensive use of them during training. As a result, soldiers will be able to participate in more realistic training exercises that will ultimately increase their combat readiness. In the past, burn times of the mixes caused some limitations. However, demonstrations have shown that the new starter patch technology allows for a more uniform (cooler) temperature to be achieved during the initial burning of the grenades. This eliminates the excessive flaming of the smokes.

#### 2.4.2 Disadvantages

One disadvantage of the technology is that while material replacements eliminate the sulfur emissions relatively cheaply, the replacement of the dyes is at a significantly greater cost. Therefore, it is essential that dye costs be aggressively controlled.

## 3. Demonstration Design

### 3.1 Performance Objectives

The colored smoke grenades have met the performance objectives listed in paragraphs 3.4, 3.5, 3.6 and 3.8 of MIL-G-12326K (EA) with Amendment 3 (21 April 1989) (see Reference 1). Destructive testing was completed in accordance with paragraph 4.4.2.2 of MIL-G-12326K and MIL-STD-105 Level S-4 and smoke emission time is equivalent to that segment of the sample specified in MIL-STD-414, Level II (see Reference 1).

**Table 1: Performance Objectives** 

Type of Performance Objective	Primary Performance Criteria	Expected Performance (Metric)	Actual Performance Objective Met?
Quantitative	Better than or equal performance to mil-spec.(paragraphs 3.4, 3.5, 3.6 and 3.8 of MIL-G-12326K w/Amendment 3)	Pass individual product tests as prescribed in the military standard	Met
Quantitative	Reduce hazardous materials released during use of end items; i.e. 10mg/m³ of HC/OSHA PEL (HC is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals (NTP 1989, IARC 1999) and first listed in the Seventh Annual Report on Carcinogens (1994)); 6-8 PPM Sulfur is irritating to eyes.	Zero HC used Zero sulfur used	Met Met
Qualitative	Smoke will be equal in quantity and quality.	Smoke will meet requirements of Mil- Std	Met (Violet) Coloration of red too light.

#### 3.2 Selecting Test Site(s)

The M18 Red and Violet Smoke grenades were chosen because they had not been previously addressed. The M18 smoke grenades of other colors (green and yellow) had been changed under prior work efforts.

The test facility chosen for these studies was Pine Bluff Arsenal (PBA). PBA is the facility used by the DoD for smoke grenade manufacturing. For this reason, PBA was the ideal facility to ensure successful transition from the grenade testing stage to the manufacturing stage. Since PBA is the manufacturer, the technology transfer will be seamless and immediate upon approval of the new grenade formulations. In addition, the infrastructure for testing new formulations already exists at PBA.

Dugway Proving Ground (DPG) is the designated test facility for emissions characterization of the smoke and pyrotechnic items for USAEC's emission characterization program. Because DPG has previously tested the M18 smoke grenades (red and violet), it was the ideal facility to test the new grenades as they were produced. Test results from the old M18 smoke grenades (red and violet), could be compared to the test results from the new grenades to ensure that a more environmentally friendly alternative had been manufactured.

#### 3.3 Test Site History/Characteristics

The grenades were manufactured on site at PBA. PBA was established in 1941 to load incendiary bombs and expanded operations during WWII to manufacture, load and store war gases; and to fill smoke and white phosphorus munitions. This mission continues today.

PBA, located in southeast Arkansas, is 35 miles southeast of Little Rock and 8 miles northwest of the City of Pine Bluff. PBA is bordered on the east by the McClellan Kerr Arkansas River Navigation System and on the west by the Union Pacific Railroad and U.S. Highway 65, making it directly accessible by rail, road, or waterway. PBA is 8 1/2 miles long by 2 3/4 miles wide and covers 14,944 acres. It includes 952 buildings, which provide 3.3 million square feet of floor space, including storage bunkers. It also has 42 miles of railroad track and 2 million square yards of roads and paved surfaces.

The objective of the Engineering Design Test (EDT) is to determine the performance characteristics of new items or proposed modifications. For this reason, the test items input into EDT are frequently manufactured in whole or in part at the Production Engineering Laboratory (PEL) located at PBA or on specially set up pilot lines with specially trained operators. Items manufactured for the EDT are rarely marked in accordance with the technical data package (TDP). Product Quality Test (PQT) items on the other hand, are usually manufactured wholly on Arsenal Production Lines using the same operators and procedures utilized during normal operations.

DPG, covering 798,855 acres, is located in the Great Salt Lake Desert, approximately 85 miles southwest of Salt Lake City, Utah. Surrounded on three sides by mountain ranges, the proving ground's terrain varies from level salt flats to scattered sand dunes and rugged

mountains. The DoD has designated DPG as a major range and testing facility, and the primary chemical and biological defense-testing center under the Reliance Program. Testers here determine the reliability and survivability of all types of military equipment in a chemical or biological environment.



Figure 4. Inside the Smoke Characterization Test Chamber

The Smoke Characterization Test Chamber, hereinafter referred to as the Smoke Chamber, is located near the BangBox facility and adjacent to the instrument building. It is much smaller than the BangBox and is used for testing small items. It is lined with aluminum and is fairly easy to clean (See Figures 4 and 5). The Smoke Chamber was designed and constructed through a collaboration between the BangBox Test Team, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Oregon Graduate Institute (OGI), and the URS Corp.

The BangBox facility is a 1000 cubic meter dome that contains a steel blast-shield and analytical equipment. Under the air-supported roof made from the same polyvinyl material as many swimming pool covers, researchers can test up to a half-pound of explosives per blast or five pounds of propellant per burn. Its sophisticated sampling equipment provides on-the-spot readings of open burn/open detonation (OB/OD) emissions down to the parts-per-trillion level.

The Smoke Chamber is approximately 7 ft wide, 20 ft long, and 6 ft tall for 2/3 of its length and 5 ft tall for the remainder. The interior volume of the Smoke Chamber is approximately 820 ft<sup>3</sup>. The chamber is sealed before deploying the test item. Fans inside the chamber keep the gases mixed during sampling. Gas samples are extracted from the gas chamber through short stainless steel probes. Twelve sampling ports have been installed on the Smoke Chamber for manual method sampling; two ports for sampling

volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and tracer gas, two ports for sampling semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), two ports for dioxins/furans, two ports for sampling total suspended particulates (TSP), one port for particle sizing, and two ports for sampling hydrochloric acid (HCl). A dual-line filtered and heated sampling and manifold has been installed for continuous monitoring of carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxide (NOx), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), and HCl. The sample media is located immediately outside the chamber. Six,  $\frac{1}{2}$ -in. vent lines distributed evenly along one side allow ambient air to enter the chamber to replace the gases removed by the sampling trains.

Figure 5. Outside of the Smoke Characterization Chamber

After sampling has concluded, dampers are opened and the chamber is pressurized and vented through a stainless steel stack. An electrical firing circuit has been installed that remotely deploys the test items and releases the SF6 tracer gas. Figure 5 is a picture of this facility.

#### 3.4 Present Operations

The M18 grenade is used by troops for ground-to-ground or ground-to-air signaling. The different colored smoke signals can be seen over great distances when used against a terrain background of contrasting colors. The grenades are typically thrown a distance of 35 meters and release a cloud of smoke that lasts between 50 and 90 seconds. Such signals can be used to mark friendly force locations for other ground troops or to delineate a landing zone during a medical evacuation for example.

#### 3.5 Pre-Demonstration Testing and Analysis

Originally it was intended that previous test results would be compared to current results. After reviewing the reports and their associated data it was determined that while the data may be good, it did not provide sufficient detail to compare to the results from the emissions and toxicity data. For example, Appendix G reflects the data from the emissions testing of the old and new red and violet smoke grenades. This allowed for comparison of the emissions from the old (baseline) to the new to determine potential changes in toxicity from the smokes. Testing included the emissions results and the toxicity results that have been completed. Sacrifices of rats were performed, followed by blood serum chemistry, electrolytes, histopath, and respiratory tract testing. This determined the toxicity of smoke at 6', 18' and the edge of the cloud when exposed for two minutes (burn time of grenade is 0.83-1.5 minutes) and ten minutes. More than one colored smoke grenade may be used; however the use of more than six colored smoke grenades at a time is not expected. By using multiple distances and times, the interpretation of results allowed for the determination of high and low dose exposure. The testing of the concentration of smoke from a colored smoke grenade at 6', 18' and edge of cloud provided results that were very similar for the edge of cloud and 18' so the concentrations for the 18' and edge of cloud were combined and an average used for the toxicity testing of the rats.

#### 3.6 Testing and Evaluation Plan

Figure 6, below, was used as the basis of the testing and evaluation. This testing strategy is the current test methodology used by PBA to test and produce a new formula for the smoke grenades.

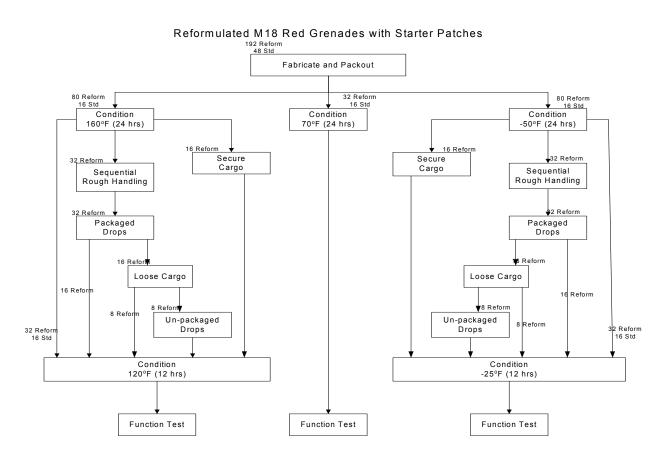


Figure 6. Chart of Method of Testing M18 Red Smoke Grenade

The average burn time for M18 grenades must fall within the range specified in the military standard (50 to 90 seconds at ambient conditions). Standard hypothesis testing techniques were used to determine whether an improvement was actually realized.

#### 3.6.1 Demonstration Set-Up and Start-Up

#### 3.6.1.1 Pine Bluff Arsenal Demonstration

The demonstration was performed at PBA. PBA regularly produces smoke grenades and performs acceptance testing for smoke grenades. The testing performed under this demonstration was done in accordance with standard PBA facility SOPs shown in Appendix A. The protocols identified in the PBA SOPs are inclusive of all aspects for test/demonstration operations to be conducted under this demonstration effort. Included within the SOPs are guidelines covering all aspects and concerns regarding health and safety. The attached SOPs identify all appropriate requirements for regularly scheduled briefings, hazard assessments and risk analyses, emergency procedures, operational procedures, reporting requirements, and other worker related safety information. The sulfur chlorate mixtures in the red and violet smoke grenades were replaced with a sugar- chlorate mixture. The starter mixtures in the Red and Violet smoke grenade were replaced with a starter mixture and patches similar to

those used in the M90 LVOSS grenade and then tested in the same manner as the M83 and M18 smoke grenades.

#### 3.6.1.2 Lot Acceptance

PBA regularly performs testing of grenades on a lot-to-lot basis to ensure proper weight, material dimensions, function, and color of the smoke. The grenades must meet these requirements as outlined by the Technical Data Package Drawing# 13-19-37(M18 Red and Violet Smoke Grenade) and MIL-STD (MIL-G-12326K (EA)) (see Reference 1).

#### 3.6.2 Period of Operation

Table 2 below is based on the actual schedule of demonstration as it occurred during this project. Due to delays in purchasing the dyes, a January 2003 accident at PBA, and delays in obtaining funding, the original schedule was modified to reflect what actually occurred.

Table 2. Schedule for Demonstration of Colored Smokes (Red and Violet)

PHASE	2003			2004		2005	
	FEB.	MAR.	JUL.		FEB.	MAR- JUL	AUG- SEP
Grenades Ready (Except Violet)	•						
Testing							
Results	<b>*</b>						
Buy Dye							
Violet Test							
Grenade							
Testing			<b>*</b>				
Results							
Work with IPT							
Toxicity Testing				-			
Complete ECP							<b>*</b>
Complete Final							<b>*</b>
Report							
Complete C&P							<b>*</b>
Report							

#### 3.6.3 Amount/Treatment Rate of Material To Be Treated

Not applicable

#### 3.6.4 Operating Parameters for the Technology

The new configurations use a "starter patch" rather than a "starter slug." This means that there will be no need for 30 lb batches of starter mix. A single production lot of starter patches is approximately 12,000 (a quantity sufficient enough to make 6,000 grenades). A production batch of colored Smoke Mix is 800 lbs and usually produces more than 208 grenades. Most of the test work was done using 30 lb batches of Smoke Mix made in PBA's Pilot Facility. These 30 lb batches produced the test grenades (approximately 30-40) that were used to determine if the smoke and the smoke grenades met the requirements identified in the MIL-STD. Production-sized batches were not prepared until the test grenades met the requirements and the mixture and configuration were ready for confirmation testing in the production line. The starter patches used were from a production lot.

#### 3.6.5 Experimental Design

The preliminary testing consisted of mixing a 30 lb batch of the new materials and then using that material to fill as many grenades as possible (typically 30-40 grenades). These grenades were tested in accordance with PBA EDT procedures to ensure the batches met the operational and test criteria as outlined in the EDT protocols and as shown in both Section 3.1 Performance Objectives and Table 1. The materials used in the old versus the new smoke grenades are shown in Table 3 (Red Smoke Mix) and Table 4 (Violet Smoke Mix).

Table 3. Red Smoke Mix (Both Old and New)

COMPONENT	OLD	NEW	CAS#
	Weight Fraction	Weight Fraction	
	(w/w)	(w/w)	
Disperse Red 9	0.4000	0.0000	82-38-2
Solvent Red 1	0.0000	0.3160	1229-55-6
Disperse Red 11	0.0000	0.1390	2872-48-2
Terephthalic Acid	0.0000	0.0660	100-21-0
Sulfur	0.0900	0.0000	7704-34-9
Sugar	0.0000	0.1420	57-50-1
Magnesium Carbonate	0.0000	0.0870	546-93-0
Potassium Chlorate	0.2600	0.2160	3811-04-9
Stearic Acid	0.0063	0.0050	57-11-4
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.2500	0.0340	144-55-8
Polyvinyl Alcohol	0.0200	0.0200	9002-89-5
	Components/Materi	als Added	
Starter Patch			
Sugar			57-50-1
Solvent Red 1			1229-55-6
Disperse Red 11			2872-48-2
Terephthalic Acid			100-21-0
Magnesium Carbonate			546-93-0
	Components/Materials	s Eliminated	
Disperse Red 9			82-38-2
Starter Slug			
Starter Cup			
Cardboard Disc			
Sulfur			7704-34-9

Table 4. Violet Smoke Mix (Old and New)

COMPONENT	OLD Weight Fraction (w/w)	NEW Weight Fraction (w/w)	CAS#
Violet Dye Mix <sup>1</sup>	0.4000	0.0000	
Disperse Red 11	0.0000	0.3803	2872-48-2
Terephthalic Acid	0.0000	0.0766	100-21-0
Sulfur	0.0900	0.0000	7704-34-9
Sugar	0.0000	0.1550	57-50-1
Magnesium Carbonate	0.0000	0.1020	546-93-0
Potassium Chlorate	0.2600	0.2350	3811-04-9
Stearic Acid	0.0063	0.0050	57-11-4
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.2500	0.0510	144-55-8
Polyvinyl Alcohol	0.0200	0.0200	9002-89-5
	Components/Mat	erials Added	
Starter Patch			
Sugar			57-50-1
Disperse Red 11			2872-48-2
Terephthalic Acid			100-21-0
Magnesium Carbonate			546-93-0
	Components/Mater	ials Eliminated	
Disperse Red 9 <sup>1</sup>			82-38-2
1,4-diamino-2,3- dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) <sup>1</sup>			81-63-0
Starter Slug			
Starter Cup			
Cardboard Disc			
Sulfur			7704-34-9

(1) Please note: Violet dye mix is a mixture of approximately 80% 1, 4-diamino-2, 3-dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) and 20% Disperse Red 9

The starter patches, which replaced the starter slugs, are at the heart of the success of these two grenades. The success of this program is due to PBA's hard work and persistence. The materials used to make the starter patches are shown in Table 5 below.

**Table 5. Starter Patch Components** 

STARTER PATCH							
COMPONENT	NEW	CAS#					
	Weight Fraction (w/w)						
Terry Cloth	NA						
Patch(1.5"x1.5")							
Impregnating Slurry:							
Charcoal	0.3525	7440-44-0					
Sodium Nitrate	0.1475	7631-99-4					
Gum Arabic	0.0004	9000-01-5					
Water	0.4600	7732-18-5					

The starter patch components, shown above, will increase the burn time for the TA as was demonstrated for the colored smokes. Earlier work at PBA indicated that the addition of small amounts of sodium bicarbonate (approximately 0.0083%) to the mix along with the magnesium carbonate (approximately 0.0383%) decreased the temperature sensitivity of the mix. In the first phase, PBA manufactured grenades using this new starter patch configuration and fill. To validate the design, these grenades were submitted for a Production Validation Test (PVT). Approximately 30-40 grenades were produced and tested as part of the testing requirements. These grenades were tested in accordance with MIL-G-12326K (EA) (see Reference 1). Once this design is validated (not as part of this plan), the fills of all HC filled munitions can be replaced with this new fill. This follow-on effort is not included as a part of this Demonstration.

#### 3.6.6 Product Testing

Once the material met the EDT criteria, a production batch of smoke mix was prepared (800 lbs of smoke material) from which approximately 208 grenades were manufactured. Twenty percent of the grenades manufactured were then tested in accordance with MIL-G-12326K and other appropriate MIL-STDs as required (see Reference 1).

This Demonstration did not include plans to test or produce the M4A3 (HC filled Smoke Pots). The M8 has already been type classified and fielded for training use. PBA does plan on replacing the HC mixture with the sugar chlorate mixture based on the success of the starter patches. This follow-on effort is not included as a part of this Demonstration.

The grenades were also sent to DPG and to the U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (USACHPPM) to ensure that they met the smoke requirements for performance. Edgewood Chemical Biological Center (ECBC) determined the smoke concentrations at 6', 18' and edge of cloud. It was determined that the 18' and edge of cloud were so similar that only two concentrations (one for 6' and one for 18') were used for testing of toxicity by USACHPPM. USACHPPM also

ensured that the grenades had a reduced toxicity, which was the goal of this demonstration.

The primary thrust of this effort was to successfully complete a PVT for the M18 red and violet colored smoke grenade. The transition to less toxic dyes and compounds was successful for the green and yellow M18 grenades as well as the red, green, and yellow 40MM projectiles. The transition in the 1980's to a less toxic M18 red grenade was unsuccessful due to excessive flaming, which interrupted the production of the colored smoke. While a final full production run of over 208 grenades was completed, not all criteria were successfully met. The grenades did not flame, burned the appropriate amount of time, and met the hot and cold testing and transportation requirements, however the smoke produced by the grenades was too light. Instead of producing the necessary red smoke, a pink smoke was generated. The violet colored smoke grenade met all of the above criteria including the criteria for smoke color. Based on this success, the emissions were tested (including the old red and violet smokes, results are shown in Appendix G). Toxicity protocols and testing is currently scheduled for completion during 2005. At that time Appendix I and J will be added.

One of the technology transfers from the above work is that PBA will be able to increase the burn time of the M83 Terephthalic Acid (TA) grenade by changing the configuration and formulation of that grenade. With improved burn time, the grenade will replace the M8 HC smoke grenade.

#### 3.6.7 Demobilization

Unused smoke grenades were burned up and sent to the incinerator complex at PBA. At that time, separation of the metal parts and containerization of the ash were performed. The ash, containerized in roll-off containers, was land filled as non-hazardous waste and the metal was sold for scrap.

#### 3.7 Selection of Analytical/Testing Methods

USAEC established analytical and testing methods to ensure that the emissions generated from the new smokes will be more environmentally friendly than the old formulations. This test plan has been coordinated extensively within the EPA. Actual testing (functional) of the grenades was completed in accordance with MIL-G-12326K(EA) (see Reference 1).

Toxicity testing of the current formulation for the violet smoke grenade and the ESTCP formulation were completed (See Appendix J). During pilot studies (5 female and 5 male rats) one rat (female) died and based on it's death females were chosen as test subjects for the rest of the testing that was completed. Eleven of the twenty four rats used in the toxicity testing of the current formulation (DODIC G955) died during exposure to the smoke and directly after being exposed to the smoke. Because no deaths occurred during the pilot studies (testing of ESTCP formulation) a discussion with a statistician and the veterinarian concerning the reduction (based on the statistics and the ethical use of animals) in the number of rats for the ESTCP formulation was proposed and adopted. None of the rats exposed to the ESTCP formulation died during the testing. Autopsies,

blood testing, etc. were performed on the dead rats and the cause of death appeared to be asphyxiation.

## 3.8 Selection of Analytical/Testing Laboratory

The analytical laboratories at DPG were selected for environmental testing of the new smoke formulations. Refer to Appendix G for results of emissions testing.

#### 4. Performance Assessment

#### 4.1 Performance Criteria

Table 1 described the general performance objectives that were used to evaluate the performance of the M18 colored smoke grenades.

Table 6: Performance Criteria

Performance Criteria	Description	Primary or Secondary
Product Testing		Primary
Extreme Temperature Function	The lot of grenades are randomly separated into three groups; Hot, Ambient and Cold. Each group is maintained for 24 hours at 160°F, 70°F and -50°F	Primary
Sequential Rough Handling	Subjected to rough handling by a machine for 24 hours.	Primary
Secure Cargo	Subjected to secure cargo handling by a machine for 24 hours.	Primary
Packaged Drops	Subjected to drops while in packaging.	Primary
Loose Cargo	Subjected to mechanical motions simulating movements as loose cargo.	Primary
Un-packaged Drops	Subjected to dropping while unpackaged.	Primary
Extreme Temperature Function	Subjected to temperature conditioning of 120°F and -25°F for 12 hours.	Primary
Function Test	Grenades are functioned to determine quality of smoke, burn time, % of flaming and color of smoke.	Primary

The above performance criteria were used to evaluate the two candidates for replacement of the M18 red and violet colored smoke grenades. During the demonstration of these two candidates, the starter patch configuration that PBA invented worked perfectly. The M18 violet smoke grenade functioned as designed and met the performance criteria (See Figure 7). The color of the M18 red smoke grenade was lighter than intended so we conducted two more pilot tests to ensure the red was darker (See Figure 8). A determination was made that the component Terephthalic Acid (which alone creates a white smoke) was the cause of the pale coloration of the new red smoke formulation.

The M18 red smoke grenade was dropped from the test plan after several attempts to alter the color of the smoke were unsuccessful. The color of the smoke was a light red (pink) (see Figure 8). As a result, the Program Manager-Close Combat Systems (PM-CCS) did not feel the new color met the MIL-STD requirements for the smoke. The burn time, replacement of the sulfur with sugar, replacement of the dyes, and lack of flaming were successful.



Figure 7. Violet Smoke Grenade



Figure 8. Side-by-Side Comparison of New M18 Red Smoke Mix with Standard M18 Red Grenade

Note: Standard M18 Grenade is on the right.

As a result of this program, the PM-CCS created the Smoke and Dye IPT to take a much broader approach in addressing issues associated with the colored smokes. This broader approach will include research aimed at additional dyes, fuels, fuzing, plating materials, and other less toxic materials for the use in colored smoke grenades.

#### 4.2 Performance Confirmation Methods

The colored smokes performance confirmation methods and actual performance are shown in Tables 7-8.

## 4.3 Data Analysis, Interpretation and Evaluation

## **Performance Confirmation Methods:**

Table 7: Actual Performance and Performance Confirmation Methods for M18 Red Smoke

Performance	<b>Expected Performance Metric</b>	Performance	<b>Actual Performance</b>
Criteria	(Pre demo)	Confirmation	(Post demo)
		Method	
Product Testing	Must pass individual product tests specified in the MIL-G 12326K (EA) and Mil-Std 810F summarized below.	MIL-G 12326K(EA) MIL-STD 810F	While it successfully passed all of the criteria in the specification the coloration was determined to be too light.
Extreme Temperature Function	The lot of grenades are randomly separated into three groups; Hot, Ambient and Cold. Each group is maintained for 24 hours at 160°F, 70°F and -50°F. The two extreme temperatures (Hot and Cold) had 96 grenades in each group and the ambient group had 48 grenades.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Rough Handling	33%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to rough handling by a machine for 24 hours.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Secure Cargo	16%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to secure cargo handling by a machine for 24 hours.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Packaged Drops	33%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to rough handling and then to packaged drops. Half of these are temperature conditioned and then function tested.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Loose Cargo	Half of the Packaged dropped grenades are then handled as loose cargo. The other half are temperature conditioned (2d) for 12 hours and function tested.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Un-Packaged Drops	The remaining half of the loose cargo test are removed from their packaged and dropped. These are then temperature conditioned (2d) and function tested.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Ambient Temperature Function	The ambient temperature grenades (48) were functioned as designed.	Functioned as designed.	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)
Extreme Temperature Function (2d)	50%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to 12 more hours of a change in temperature extreme to 120°F and -25°F respectively.	Function Tested	Passed (The coloration was determined to be too light)

During initial pilot production of the violet grenade, all of the test criteria were met.

Table 8: Actual Performance and Performance Confirmation Methods for M18
Violet Smoke

Performance Criteria	Expected Performance Metric (Pre demo)	Performance Confirmation Method	Actual Performance (Post demo)
<b>Product Testing</b>	Must pass individual product tests specified in the MIL-G 12326K (EA) and Mil-Std 810F summarized below.	MIL-G 12326K(EA) MIL-STD 810F	Passed
Extreme Temperature Function	The lot of grenades are randomly separated into three groups; Hot, Ambient and Cold. Each group is maintained for 24 hours at 160°F, 70°F and -50°F. The two extreme temperatures (Hot and Cold) had 96 grenades in each group and the ambient group had 48 grenades.	Function Tested	Passed
Rough Handling	33%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to rough handling by a machine for 24 hours.	Function Tested	Passed
Secure Cargo	16%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to secure cargo handling by a machine for 24 hours.	Function Tested	Passed
Packaged Drops	33%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to rough handling and then to packaged drops. Half of these are temperature conditioned and then function tested.	Function Tested	Passed
Loose Cargo	Half of the Packaged dropped grenades are then handled as loose cargo. The other half are temperature conditioned (2d) for 12 hours and function tested.	Function Tested	Passed
Un-Packaged Drops	The remaining half of the loose cargo test are removed from their packaged and dropped. These are then temperature conditioned (2d) and function tested.	Function Tested	Passed
Ambient Temperature Function	The ambient temperature grenades (48) were functioned as designed.	Function Tested	Passed
Extreme Temperature Function (2d)	50%, of the two extreme temperature groups, were subjected to 12 more hours of a change in temperature extreme to 120°F and -25°F respectively.	Function Tested	Passed

During the initial purchase of dyes, product searches on the Internet indicated that the most cost-effective dyes are produced in foreign countries such as India and China. However, these dyes can be somewhat difficult to obtain directly from foreign sources because current laws require sources to purchase American products. The dyes do not normally meet specifications for material content, particle size and particle shape, which often means that entire lots of grenades may not function as designed and must be

rejected. The chief concern is that testing requires a consistency of the purchased material. Material specifications are currently being modified to reflect this concern.

As part of this program it was determined that the dyes could be tested for purity using Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC). The dyes were tested using this process (refer to Appendix H for the report highlighting the results) with Solvent Red #1 having a purity of 98.2-98.5% and Disperse Red #11 having a purity of 98.6-98.9%. The results also mention that because of good thermal stability in the melt stage, Solvent Red#1 may be purified further by using zone-melt techniques. However, because of the volatility of Disperse Red#11 in the melt phase, it is not a good candidate for zone refining.

The overall internal profile of the grenade was reduced during manufacturing because of the use of the starter patches. This eliminated a common manufacturing problem in which the top slug was sometimes knocked out of the grenade. Grenades that were packaged with one less slug were rejected on a regular basis. In addition, the use of starter patches has reduced the number of labor hours required to produce the new colored smoke grenades. By reducing the labor hours, a cost savings of approximately 17.2% has been achieved.

#### 5. Cost Assessment

#### 5.1 Cost Reporting

Table 9 shows the cost comparison of the materials used for reduced sulfur smoke grenades versus the sulfur fueled smoke grenades. This is shown as a per grenade cost.

Table 9: Cost Comparison of Reduced Sulfur Red and Violet Smoke Grenades

COMPONENT	Current Red Formulation	New Red Formulation	Current Violet Formulation	New Violet Formulation
	Tormulation	Tormulation		
Smoke Mix	\$6.44	\$4.87	\$2.77	\$3.57
Grenade Body	\$0.74	\$0.74	\$0.74	\$0.74
Grenade Lid	\$0.45	\$0.45	\$0.45	\$0.45
M201A1 Fuze	\$5.32	\$5.32	\$5.32	\$5.32
Starter Cups	\$0.071	-	\$0.71	-
Cardboard Disc	\$0.009	-	\$0.009	-
Starter Slug	\$0.114	-	\$0.114	-
Starter Patch	-	\$0.472	-	\$0.472
Labor	\$4.95	\$3.93	\$4.95	\$3.93
TOTAL (PER GRENADE)	\$18.09	\$15.78	\$15.06	\$14.48

#### 5.2 Cost Analysis

These costs were captured in Section 2.3. These costs were compared to determine the actual costs associated with manufacturing (See Tables 10-11).

Note: Red costs have been added because they are known based on the demonstration plan. These costs would normally be added to cleanup costs associated with original smoke grenades versus the new less toxic smoke grenades to determine the environmental cleanup costs that might result. This is calculated to determine whether there would be a cost benefit associated with the manufacture of the new grenades versus the older grenades. Unfortunately the cleanup costs for the original grenades have never been determined because no effort has been made to clean up after them. It is therefore not known what the difference in cost might be. There are ongoing efforts to determine if there is any environmental impact from perchlorates (Smoke grenades do not contain perchlorates) that are emitted from the smoke grenades (and other munitions) during the burning process or as residues, but these studies are still on going. Therefore, the cost analysis will be from the point-of-view of manufacturing, reduction of the heavy metals from the dyes, use of a safer dye, and the elimination/reduction of the sulfur from the smoke grenades.

**Table 10: Violet Smoke Mix (Current and New)** 

COMPONENT	CURRENT Weight Fraction (w/w)	NEW Weight Fraction (w/w)	CAS#	COST PER BATCH Current/New
Violet Dye Mix <sup>1</sup>	0.4000	0.0000	81-63-0 82-38-2	\$2,553.40/\$0
Disperse Red 11	0.0000	0.3803	2872-48-2	<b>\$0/</b> \$3,107.60
Terephthalic Acid	0.0000	0.0766	100-21-0	<b>\$0/</b> \$84.57
Sulfur	0.0900	0.0000	7704-34-9	\$17.28/\$0
Sugar	0.0000	0.1550	57-50-1	<b>\$0/</b> \$93.00
Magnesium Carbonate	0.0000	0.1020	546-93-0	<b>\$0/</b> \$61.20
Potassium Chlorate	0.2600	0.2350	3811-04-9	<b>\$147.68/</b> \$ <i>133.48</i>
Stearic Acid	0.0063	0.0050	57-11-4	\$11.10/\$8.88
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.2500	0.0510	144-55-8	\$44.00/\$8.98
Polyvinyl Alcohol	0.0000	0.0200	9002-89-5	<b>\$0/</b> \$75.56
TOTAL				<b>\$2,773.46/</b> <i>\$3,573.27</i>
	Compor	nents/Materials A	dded	
Starter Patch				
Sugar			57-50-1	
Disperse Red 11			2872-48-2	
Terephthalic Acid			100-21-0	
Magnesium Carbonate			546-93-0	
	Componer	nts/Materials Eli	minated	
Disperse Red 9 <sup>1</sup>			82-38-2	
1,4-diamino-2,3- dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) <sup>1</sup>			81-63-0	
Starter Slug				
Starter Cup				
Cardboard Disc				
Sulfur			7704-34-9	

<sup>(1)</sup> Note: Violet dye mix is a mixture of approximately 80% 1, 4-diamino-2, 3-dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) (CAS#81-63-0) and 20% Disperse Red 9 (CAS#82-38-2).

**Table 11: Red Smoke Mix (Current and New)** 

COMPONENT	CURRENT Weight Fraction (w/w)	NEW Weight Fraction (w/w)	CAS#	COST PER BATCH Current/New
Disperse Red 9	0.4000	0.0000	82-38-2	\$6,224/\$0
Solvent Red 1	0.0000	0.3160	1229-55-6	<b>\$0/</b> \$3,720
Disperse Red 11	0.0000	0.1390	2872-48-2	<b>\$0/</b> \$680.00
Terephthalic Acid	0.0000	0.0660	100-21-0	<b>\$0/</b> \$88.32
Sulfur	0.0900	0.0000	7704-34-9	\$17.28/\$0
Sugar	0.0000	0.1420	57-50-1	<b>\$0/</b> \$87.00
Magnesium Carbonate	0.0000	0.0870	546-93-0	<b>\$0/</b> \$76.28
Potassium Chlorate	0.2600	0.2160	3811-04-9	\$147.68 <i>/</i> \$135.30
Stearic Acid	0.0063	0.0050	57-11-4	<b>\$11.10/</b> \$8.88
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.2500	0.0340	144-55-8	\$44.00/\$0
Polyvinyl Alcohol	0.0200	0.0200	9002-89-5	<b>\$0/</b> \$75.56
TOTAL				<b>\$6,444.06/</b> \$ <i>4</i> ,871.34
	Compor	nents/Materials A	dded	
Starter Patch				
Sugar			57-50-1	
Solvent Red 1			1229-55-6	
Disperse Red 11			2872-48-2	
Terephthalic Acid			100-21-0	
Magnesium Carbonate			546-93-0	
	Componer	nts/Materials Elin		
Disperse Red 9			82-38-2	
Starter Slug				
Starter Cup				
Cardboard Disc				
Sulfur			7704-34-9	

After reviewing the information on costs for just the materials used in manufacturing, it appears the costs have almost doubled. However, if you look at Table 9 you will notice that isn't the case. In fact, the labor savings associated with manufacturing the new grenades, when subtracted from the cost of manufacturing the current grenades, actually results in a significant savings. The labor savings is a direct result of using starter patches rather than slugs. The use of starter patches during the current manufacturing process results in a significant cost savings. This cost savings should continue in the future, even if the manufacturing process undergoes change. This savings will become increasingly important since labor costs generally escalate from year to year. If and when it is determined that there is an environmental cost, that cost would be added to keeping the current formula versus lowering or substantially lowering the costs of cleanup.

### 6. Implementation Issues

### **6.1 Environmental Permits**

PBA and DPG already had the permits required to carry out the tasks necessary for completion of this demonstration.

### 6.2 End-User/Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) Issues

End users of this demonstration will consist of all units and installations that use the end items in their current formulation. As long as military specifications are met, the transition to the new formulation will be seamless. The products affected will be the violet M18 smoke grenade. This grenade may transition from sulfur to sugar based fuels as well as less toxic dyes. It is also expected that the red M18 smoke grenade will transition from sulfur to sugar based fuels and, depending on the decisions of the Smoke and Dye IPT, will switch to a less toxic dye. In addition, based on this success, it is expected the other colored smoke grenades and the smoke pots will also be switched to the starter patches. This action will decrease the cost associated with labor hours and will also reduce the number of grenade rejects that result during production. The environmental impacts associated with the potential contamination caused by the use of these grenades will also be reduced once the transition is complete.

### 7. References

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- 2. 1985. Occupational and Environmental Health Risk Due to Exposure to Smoke/Obscurants.
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- 4. U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency. 1993. Health Hazard Assessment Report on the M18 Colored (Red and Violet) Smoke Grenade Components. 14 April.
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- 13. U.S. Army Environmental Center. 2005. Environmental Security Technology Program (ESTCP) Technical Report: Demonstration of the Replacement of the Dyes and Sulfur in the M18 Red and Violet Smoke Grenades. 14 March.

### **Appendix A:**

The Department of Defense Test Method Standard (MIL-STD-810F., dated 30 August 2002) will be used in addition to the Military Specifications contained in MIL-G-12326K, MIL-G-12326K(EA), and MIL-G-12326K Amendment#3. These standards are included, as separate documents, as appendix A in the above order.

**Appendix B:** Analytical Methods Supporting the Experimental Design Analytical methods supporting the testing of the experimental design are included in Appendix A as Test Method Standard 810F.

## **Appendix C:** Additional Product Testing for non-JTP Applications

### TEST PROTOCOL

FOR

### ENGINEERING DESIGN TESTING

AND

PRODUCTION QUALIFICATION TESTING

FOR

THE GRENADE, HAND, SMOKE, M18

June 2002

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#### SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Background

a. Developmental items at Pine Bluff Arsenal are in general subjected to two series of tests, Engineering Design Tests (EDT) and Production Qualification Tests (PQT). The primary difference between these two series of tests is the objectives EDTs are undertaken to determine whether a given design or design modification will meet all performance criteria. PQTs are undertaken to determine if the product design meets the operational requirements.

Testing procedures differ primarily in that EDT test reporting is generally less formal than the PQT as test reports are for internal use only. EDT tests also frequently exceed the testing requirements set forth in MIL-STD-810 and the ITOP to ensure that developmental items, which pass EDT testing will ultimately pass PQT testing.

Finally, because the objective of EDT testing is to determine the performance characteristics of new items or proposed modifications, the test items input into EDT testing are frequently manufactured in whole or in part at the Production Engineering Laboratory (PEL) or on specially set up pilot lines with specially trained operators. Items manufactured for EDT testing are rarely marked IAW the TDP. PQT testing on the other hand are usually manufactured wholly on Arsenal Production Lines using production operators by procedures as they will be used during normal operations.

### 1.2 Test Concept

- a. The purpose of the PQT is to certify the M18, Grenade, Hand, Smoke as modified.
- b. This test focuses on providing data for certification and the verification of the production grenade line at PBA.

### 1.3 System Description

The M18 Colored Smoke Grenade as currently configured consists of a metal can and lid which holds a mechanically initiated fuze. It is, excluding the fuze, 11.84-cm (4.66-inch) high and 6.3 cm (2.48 inch) in diameter. A pull pin is hinged through the fuze lever, preventing premature initiation. The output of the fuze ignites a starter slug which in turn ignites the smoke mix fill. After a delay of approximately 15 seconds smoke is emitted from a ½ in. core hole for between 45 and 55 seconds. In the current configuration, the green and yellow smoke mixes are the more modern sugar-chlorate system with the relatively non-toxic dyes. The red and violet smoke mixes are sulfur-chlorate mixes with toxic dyes. The proposed modifications include the conversion of the red and violet grenades to modern sugar-chlorate systems with non-toxic dyes and the starter patch ignition system. Externally and performance-wise, the modified M18 grenade will be identical to the existing grenade.

### SECTION 2. TESTING PROCEDURES

### 2.1 BASELINE PERFORMANCE TESTING

### 2.1.1 Objective

The objective of the baseline performance testing is to determine if the munition as modified or manufactured by Pine Bluff Arsenal meets the technical and performance requirements specified.

### 2.1.2 Criteria

a. The M18 grenade must meet all requirements of MIL-G-12326K(EA).

### 2.1.3 Test Procedures

### 2.1.3.1 General

All testing will be performed at approved Arsenal Test sites.

### 2.1.3.2 Baseline Conditioning

- a. Ambient: Modified M18 grenades will subjected to ambient conditions.
- b. Hot: Modified M18 grenades will be subjected to hot conditioning. The times and temperatures will be determined based on the requirements of MIL-G-12326K(EA).
- c. Cold: Modified M18 grenades will be subjected to cold conditioning. The times and temperatures will be determined based on the requirements of MIL-G-12326K(EA).

### 2.1.3.3 Safety and Health

The Test Director (TD) is responsible for assuring that all participants have read the test plan and all safety procedures for the test program. The TD will monitor all aspects of the test for adherence to the safety procedures.

### 2.1.3.4 Function Testing Procedures

a. The time and location of function tests of all munitions are determined by the Operations Center based on the current meteorological conditions and forecast.

- b. A test log containing the specific data required will be recorded and maintained through out testing. Any other data determined to be pertinent will also be recorded in the test log.
- c. Delay time, burn time, flame and flame time along with general observations will be collected on each grenade. If requested, spent grenades may be collected and weighted.

### 2.1.3.5 Optical Data Procedures

A color video camera will be available for use during the comparison trials if desired.

### 2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL

### 2.2.1 Objectives

The objective of environmental testing is to determine if the performance of the munition is degraded during transportation and handling in hot and cold climatic design types.

### 2.2.2 Criteria

a. The modified M18 Grenade shall possess the required performance characteristics and color after transportation and handling in climatic design types hot and cold.

### 2.2.3 <u>Test Procedures</u>

### 2.2.3.1 Number of Test Items

The grenades required for the environmental subtest are listed in Table 1.

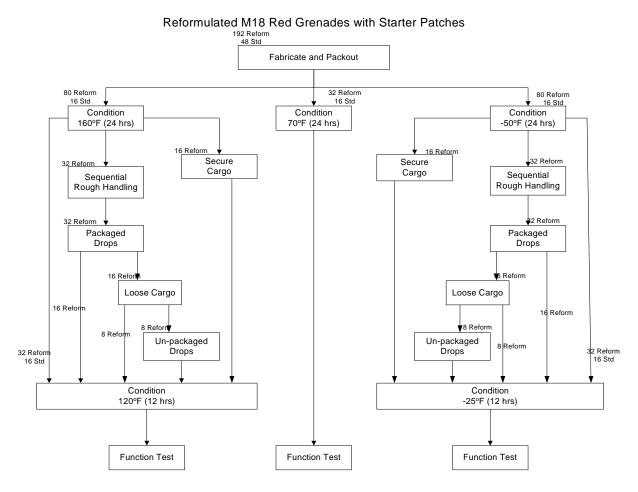


Table 1

### 2.2.3.2 Sequential Rough Handling

Grenades will be conditioned hot and cold then subjected to a sequential rough-handling (i.e., packaged drop, loose cargo and unpackaged drop) regimen IAW International Test Operation Procedures (ITOP) 4-2-602 and MIL-G-12326K(EA).

### 2.2.3.3 <u>Secured Cargo Vibration</u>

Boxes conditioned hot and cold will be subjected to loose cargo vibration testing MIL-STD-810F and MIL-G-12326K(EA).

## **Appendix D: (Not Used)**

## **Appendix E: Data Quality Assurance / Quality Control Plan (NA)**

See reporting requirements in the test protocols for data capture, data acquisition and data reporting during each of the operations.

## Appendix F: Health and Safety Plan

The Safety person for the testing organization is listed below:

ORGANIZATION	PHONE NUMBER
PBA Safety Office	870-540-2919

The standard operating procedures that will be used are included when requested. Each of these SOPs also contains Risk and Hazard Analysis of each of the operations, emergency operations and other considerations for the worker safety. These SOPs ensure the well-being of the workers and contains emergency procedures for anticipated emergencies.

The Safety person for the testing organization is listed below:

ORGANIZATION	
	NUMBER
<b>DPG Safety Office</b>	435-831-5204

The standard operating procedures that will be used are included when requested. Each of these SOPs also contains Risk and Hazard Analysis of each of the operations, emergency operations and other considerations for the worker safety. These SOPs ensure the well-being of the workers and contains emergency procedures for anticipated emergencies.

### **Appendix G:** Laboratory Data

Includes Emission data from old and new red and violet smoke grenades.

New Explosive WeightNot Measured NEW

NM

Shaded Areas (Blue) -

### Emissions Data for Old and New Red and Violet Smoke Grenades Comparison of Red and Violet Smoke Grenades (Old Formulation vs New Formulation)

	Red	Smoke Grenade	(Old Formula	ation)	Red Si	moke Grenade (	New Formula	ation)	Violet	Smoke Grenade	(Old Formu	lation)	Violet S	Smoke Grenade	(New Formu	lation)
	NEW	= 0.72 lb	No. of ite	ems = 1	NEW	= 0.72 lb	No. of ite	ems = 1	NEW	= 0.72 lb	No. of ite	ems = 1	NEW	' = 0.72 lb	No. of ite	ems = 1
0	Measured (	Conc. (mg/m³),	Corrected	Emission	Measured 0	Conc. (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ),	Corrected	Emission	Measu	red Conc.	Corrected	Emission	Measu	ured Conc.	Corrected	Emission
Compound		(a)	Facto	or, (b)		(a)	Facto	r, (b)		/m³), (a)	Facto	or, (b)		/m³), (a)	Facto	or, (b)
	Sample	Background	(lb/item)	(lb/lb NEW)	Sample	Background	(lb/item)	(lb/lb NEW)	Sample	Background	(lb/item)	(lb/lb NEW)	Sample	Background	(lb/item)	(lb/lb NEW)
Particulates																
TSP (M5)	3.10E+03	9.03E+00	1.51E-01	2.10E-01	1.04E+03	1.00E-20	9.00E-02	1.25E-01	2.67E+03	9.03E+00	1.17E-01	1.62E-01	9.50E+02	1.00E-20	4.57E-02	6.34E-02
PM10	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.25E+03	2.76E+00	1.06E-01	1.47E-01	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.81E+03	2.69E+00	7.76E-02	1.08E-01
PM2.5	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.19E+03	1.84E+00	1.01E-01	1.41E-01	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.43E+03	1.19E+00	6.12E-02	8.50E-02
Metals Aluminum	1.06E+00	NM (b)	5.18E-05	7.20E-05	1.40E+00	4.71E-02	1.05E-04	1.45E-04	9.57E-01	NM (b)	4.20E-05	5.83E-05	6.48E-01	3.20E-02	2.98E-05	4.14E-05
Antimony	1.52E-02	NM (b)	7.47E-07	1.04E-06	2.32E-03	1.02E-03	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	NM (b)	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	2.05E-03	1.00E-20	1.00E-20
Barium	1.05E-02	NM (b)	5.16E-07	7.16E-07	2.08E-01	2.56E-02	1.48E-05	2.05E-05	1.65E-02	NM (b)	7.22E-07	1.00E-06	2.52E-02	1.00E-20	1,20E-06	1.67E-06
Chromium	8.51E-03	NM (b)	4.17E-07	5.79E-07	3.52E-02	1.00E-20	2.71E-06	3.77E-06	6.95E-03	NM (b)	3.05E-07	4.23E-07	1.12E-02	1.20E-03	4.96E-07	6.89E-07
Lead	4.10E-01	NM (b)	2.01E-05	2.79E-05	7.57E-02	9.77E-03	4.71E-06	6.54E-06	3.66E-01	NM (b)	1.61E-05	2.23E-05	1.73E-02	1.00E-20	8.25E-07	1.15E-06
Magnesium	2.41E-01	NM (b)	1.19E-05	1.65E-05	1.92E+00	8.88E-03	1.51E-04	2.10E-04	1.31E-01	NM (b)	5.75E-06	7.98E-06	7.39E-01	1.62E-02	3.46E-05	4.81E-05
Manganese	8.67E-03	NM (b)	4.24E-07	5.89E-07	6.62E-03	1.00E-20	4.97E-07	6.91E-07	2.41E-02	NM (b)	1.06E-06	1.47E-06	2.65E-03	1.00E-20	1.28E-07	1.78E-07
Zinc SVOCs	1.93E-01	NM (b)	9.50E-06	1.32E-05	5.64E-01	2.20E-02	4.48E-05	6.23E-05	4.92E-02	NM (b)	2.16E-06	3.00E-06	4.45E-01	1.00E-20	2.24E-05	3.12E-05
2-amino-9,10-																
anthracenedione (TIC)			2.54E-03				1.00E-20									
Unknown (TIC)			6.18E-02				1.00E-20									1
Benzoic acid	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.09E-01	1.00E-20	1.00E-20								
Naphthalene	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	5.16E-01	1.00E-20	4.32E-05	6.00E-05								
Phenol	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	8.84E+00	3.35E-03	7.85E-04	1.09E-03								
Benzeneamine, 2- methoxy (TIC)			1.00E-20				4.12E-03									
Unknown (TIĆ)			1.00E-20				8.50E-03									
Unknown (TIC)			1.00E-20				3.20E-03									
Unknown (TIC)											1.14E-03				1.00E-20	
Unknown (TIC)											2.27E-02				1.00E-20	
Unknown (TIC) Benzoic acid									1.00E-20	1.00E-20	2.27E-02 1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.29E+01	1.00E-20	1.00E-20 5.84E-04	8.10E-04
Naphthalene									1.00E-20 1.00E-20	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	1.29E+01 1.00E-20	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20
Phenol									1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.08E+00	2.86E-03	4.37E-05	6.07E-05
Unknown (TIC)									1.002 20	1.002 20	1.00E-20	1.002 20	1.002100	2.002 00	4.46E-03	0.07 E 00
Unknown (TIC)											1.00E-20				2.23E-04	
Dioxins/Furans																
TEQ	4.75E-07	1.00E-20	2.33E-11	3.23E-11	2.80E-07	1.00E-20	2.60E-11	3.61E-11	2.73E-07	1.00E-20	1.20E-11	1.66E-11	1.80E-06	1.00E-20	8.68E-11	1.21E-10
VOCs																$\vdash$
TNMOC (ref. to Carbon)	1.02E+01	2.92E-01	5.07E-04	7.04E-04	1.16E+02	3.09E-01	1.19E-02	1.66E-02	2.43E+01	2.23E-01	1.13E-03	1.57E-03	8.38E+01	1.14E-01	3.93E-03	5.45E-03
Acetaldehyde	8.93E-01	1.00E-20	4.57E-05	6.35E-05	2.65E+01	1.88E-02	2.48E-03	3.45E-03	1.71E+00	1.00E-20	7.97E-05	1.11E-04	4.38E+00	2.23E-02	2.03E-04	2.82E-04
Acetone	2.15E+00	4.21E-01	8.81E-05	1.22E-04	5.29E+00	4.26E-02	5.35E-04	7.43E-04	4.08E+00	3.01E-02	1.89E-04	2.63E-04	3.38E+00	6.99E-02	1.55E-04	2.15E-04
Acetylene Acrolein	1.73E+00 5.07E-01	9.00E-04 8.41E-04	8.85E-05 2.61E-05	1.23E-04 3.62E-05	2.13E+00 2.06E+00	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	2.11E-04 2.02E-04	2.93E-04 2.80E-04	3.38E+00 6.54E-02	7.00E-04 1.00E-20	1.58E-04 3.06E-06	2.19E-04 4.25E-06	9.95E-01 3.96E+00	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	4.66E-05 1.84E-04	6.47E-05 2.55E-04
Benzene	3.21E-01	1.45E-03	1.64E-05	2.27E-05	1.66E+01	2.76E-03	1.72E-03	2.80E-04 2.39E-03	1.71E+00	1.00E-20 1.00E-03	8.00E-05	1.11E-04	2.38E+01	1.00E-20 1.00E-20	1.04E-04 1.12E-03	1.55E-03
Carbon Disulfide	7.09E+00	2.24E-03	3.62E-04	5.03E-04	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	3.61E+00	1.84E-04	1.69E-04	2.35E-04	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20
Chloroform	2.61E-01	1.00E-20	1.33E-05	1.85E-05	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	8.94E-02	1.00E-20	4.18E-06	5.81E-06	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20
Chloromethane	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	5.91E+00	1.00E-20	6.31E-04	8.76E-04	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	4.78E+01	1.00E-20	2.21E-03	3.08E-03
Ethene	1.14E+00	3.50E-04	5.83E-05	8.10E-05	6.99E+00	1.00E-20	6.94E-04	9.64E-04	6.51E+00	4.00E-04	3.04E-04	4.23E-04	1.92E+00	1.00E-20	9.02E-05	1.25E-04
Propylene CEM	2.94E-01	1.50E-04	1.50E-05	2.08E-05	3.91E+00	1.00E-20	3.88E-04	5.39E-04	9.27E-01	2.00E-04	4.33E-05	6.01E-05	6.90E-01	1.00E-20	3.25E-05	4.51E-05
CO2	2.27E+03	7.03E+02	7.70E-02	1.07E-01	1.39E+03	8.29E+02	6.17E-02	8.57E-02	1.68E+03	7.02E+02	4.30E-02	5.98E-02	2.11E+03	8.21E+02	6.44E-02	8.94E-02
CO	1.17E+02	-6.64E-01	5.78E-03	8.03E-03	1.31E+02	1.00E-20	1.35E-02	1.88E-02	3.08E+02	-6.29E-01	1.36E-02	1.89E-02	1.97E+02	1.00E-20	9.87E-03	1.37E-02
NOX	8.66E+00	3.83E-02	4.23E-04	5.87E-04	1.45E+01	1.00E-20	1.30E-03	1.81E-03	1.12E+01	3.83E-02	4.90E-04	6.80E-04	1.84E+01	1.00E-20	9.23E-04	1.28E-03
SO2	9.00E+00	5.86E-03	4.35E-04	6.04E-04	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	3.72E+00	4.74E-03	1.63E-04	2.27E-04	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20	1.00E-20

## **Appendix H:** Purity of Organic Red Dyes via DSC



Customer: Company:

Address:

Elaine McHan Pine Bluff Arsenal Building 2337

Sibert Road

Pine Bluff, AR 71602 011

Databook #:

Samples: S02-3359, S02-3360

R02-0548 Report Number\*: Date Submitted: 11/11/2002 Report Date:

11/18/2002

Lynn C. Walker Analyst(s): QC: (Initial/Date) KEL 11/19/02

### Purity of Organic Red Dyes via DSC

#### Project Request

Elaine McHan requested melting point and purity analysis via differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) on two organic dye samples, designated 'Solvent Red No1' (orthomethoxyphenylazobetanaphthol) and 'Disperse Red No. 11' (1,4-diamino-2-methoxyanthraquinone). specifications were provided (1). The request was part of an effort to certify dye purity for use in related analytical methods.

### Experimental

### The Perkin-Elmer DSC-7 and Procedure

Calorimetric measurements were carried out employing a Perkin-Elmer DSC-7 and Pyris software system (V4.3). The DSC-7 is a power-compensated instrument equipped with high sensitivity platinum resistance thermometers, and is well suited for the detection of low-level transitions, specific heats, and purity analysis using ASTM methods. The DSC-7 has an operational range of -100 to 700 °C.

Dye solids were weighed in air to passivated aluminum pans and gently tamped to maximize thermal contact to the PRT sensor. Crimped seal pans (non-hermetic) were used. Initial scans at 10 °C/min were carried out to locate the melting temperature. For the purity experiments, a scan rate of 0.5 °C/min was used with N2 sweep in the cell enclosures. Baselines were determined using empty pans and this data used in a baseline subtraction routine.

Prior to the measurements, indium and tin standards were evaluated for melting point, since they formed the approx, upper and lower limits for the dyes. Indium was found to melt at 156.6 °C  $(\Delta H_m/M = 28.50 \text{ J/g})$ . For tin,  $T_m = 231.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $\Delta H_m/M = 60.1 \,^{\circ}\text{J/g}$ . Certificate values for these properties are, for indium, 156.6 °C, ΔH<sub>m</sub>/M = 28.51 J/g and 231.9 °C, ΔH<sub>m</sub>/M = 60.22 J/g for tin (2).

#### ASTM Method E928-85

The ASTM DSC test method for purity is suited for crystalline organic solids that do not form solid solutions (3). The method consists of a measurement of the enthalpy of melting using a slow heating rate (ca 0.5 °C/min). The enthalpy of fusion is determined by area integration. The curve is further partitioned into a series of fractional areas, usually about ten, in the first 10 to 50-



area %. Each fractional area (F) is assigned a mean temperature. A plot of temperature ('y' axis) vs. 1/F ('x' axis) is made and corrected to linearity using an iterative calculation program. High purity samples usually require a ± 4 to 6 % correction to achieve linearity, while less pure materials may require a 20 % correction. The mole fraction of the impurity is calculated employing the van't Hoff equation and the slope of the line. Subtracting the impurity fraction from 1.000 and expressing this as a mol % gives the purity of the main component. For the method to be generally applicable, the sample must be stable through the melt and be able to crystallize upon cooling. In addition, the impurity must concentrate in the early melt phase. In general, the method is applicable to samples of >98 % purity and the accuracy of the result is typically 10% of the impurity. The performance of the DSC is checked using pure phenacetin, and phenacetin doped with p-aminobenzoic acid (PABA). These materials are available from NIST as SRM1514 Purity Analysis Sample Kit.

### Results and Discussion

Experimental results are summarized in Table I and illustrated in Figures 1 through 11. The tabular values include: Wt. in mg, Scan Number, Purity in mol %, T<sub>m</sub>, °C (peak temp.), and the x-correction in %. Purity calculations were made using molecular weights of 279.32 g/mol for Solvent Red Dye No.1 (C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) and 268.27 g/mol for Disperse Red No. 11 (C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).

#### Solvent Red Dye No. 1

Figure 1 illustrates an initial experiment on this sample using a heating rate of 0.5 °C/min followed by cooling at 1.0 °C/min. This organic dye shows good thermodynamic reversibility; the melting process is sharp with a peak at 181.7 °C and the re-crystallization peak is at 165 °C. There were no mass losses in cycling and the energy required for the melting process is almost exactly the same as that gained back in crystallization. Two experiments gave purities of 98.4 and 98.7 mol % (Figures 2 and 3).

### Disperse Red Dye No. 11

This material also shows sharp melting behavior; however, mass losses in the melt were consistently found. Two experiments gave purities of 99.2 and 98.6 mol % (Figures 4 and 5).

#### Phenacetin Standards

Figures 6 through 9 illustrate the results for phenacetin (99.94 mol % pure) and phenacetin doped with 0.7 mol % PABA. The results on the former are in good agreement with the certificate values; however, the latter sample calculated 0.3 mol % high.

### Conclusions and Recommendations

Solvent Red Dye No. 1 has a maximum purity of 98.5 mol %, with a lower limit of 98.2 mol % if a correction is applied based on the phenacetin (99.3 mol % Std.). The shape of the curve indicates that the impurities are concentrating in the early melt phase. Supercooling of 17



degrees is observed with nearly a perfect match in process energies. Because of good thermal stability in the melt stage, this material may be further purified using zone-melt techniques.

Disperse Dye No. 11 shows an average purity of 98.9 mol %, with a lower limit of 98.6 mol % using the correction. As with Dye No. 1 the impurities appear to concentrate in the melt and probably account for some T<sub>m</sub> lowering. In contrast to the former, this material may not be as good a candidate for zone refining, because of its volatility in the melt. Crystallization from solvents is suggested.

#### References

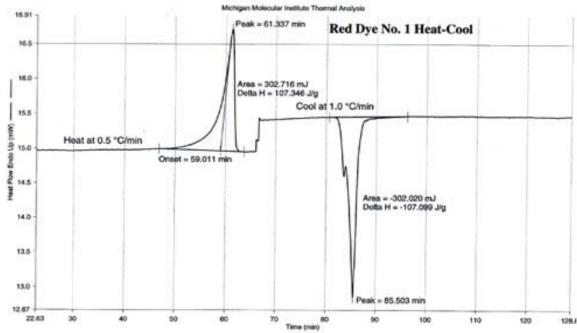
- Military Specifications for Solvent Red Dye No. 1, DOD-D-51523(EA), 20 May 1986 and Disperse Dye No. 11, DOD-D-51522(EA), 20 May 1986.
- National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), SRM2232 (Indium), SRM2220 (Tin) and SRM1514 (Phenacetins).
- Standard Test Method for Mol Percent Impurity by Differential Scanning Calorimetry, ASTM Method E928-85 (1989).

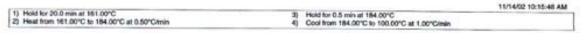
<sup>\*</sup>This analysis is provided in good faith with no warranty expressed or implied. MMI and Impact Analytical assume no obligation or liability with respect to the use of the results. If you have any questions about this analysis, please contact the lead analyst or the Impact Analytical Business Manager at (989) 832-5555, ext. 563.



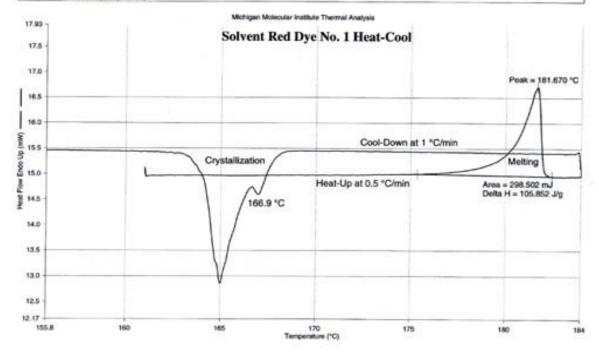
		Ta	ble I							
		Purity of (	Organic Dyes							
		and Phenac	etin Standard	ds						
Solvent Red Dye No. 1 (Lot 44)										
Wt., mg	Scan	Purity, mol%	Tm, °C	ΔHm, kJ/mol	x-corr'n, %					
2.61	1	98.40	181.0	35.4	9.5					
2.82	1	98.70	181.5	33.8	14.3					
		Disperse Red L	Oye No. 11 (La	ot 4)						
3.14	1	99.20	236.8	29.8	13,4					
3.11	1	98.60	236.6	34.3	16.2					
		Phenacetin 99.9	94 mol% Cert	ified						
2.72	1	99.99	133.3	28.1	-4.9					
2.72	2	99.99	133.3	27.5	-5.9					
		Phenacetin 99.3 ma	ol% (0.7mol%	PABA)						
2.12	1	99.58	133.1	28.3	7.4					
2.12	2	99.55	133.2	28.2	6.6					







Figurame: C:Program Files/Pyrier/Dat.:\S00033591.dad C-C Walker, MM Sample ID: Bed Dye No. 1 (Lot #44) Sample Weight: 2.820 mg Commert: dTd = 0.5 "C/min, N2 Sweep Nov. 13, 122 (BaseC3)



1) Hold for 20.0 min at 161.00°C 21 Meet from 161.00°C to 164.00°C or 0.60°C or 0.

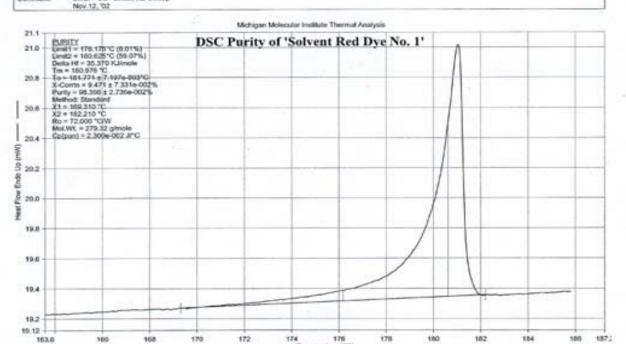
3) Hold for 0.5 min at 184.00°C



11/12/02 11:23:58 AM

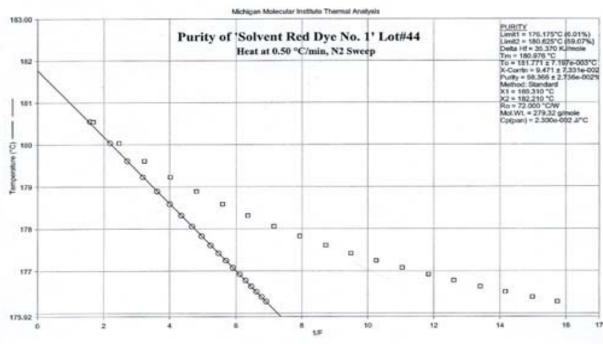
11/12/02 11:22:11 AM

Filoname: C:Program Files/Pyris/Duta/Redys2.ded Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MM Sample ID: Red Dye No. 1 (Lot #44) Sample Weight: 2.810 mg Comment: dTick = 0.5 "Climin, N2 Sweep



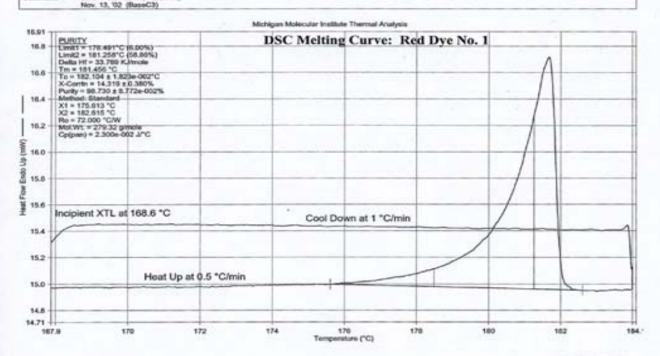
1) Heat from 120.00°C to 195.00°C at 0.50°C/min

Filename: C:Program Files@yris/Data/Redye2 dod Operator ID: L. C. Walker, M65 Sample ID: Red Dye No. 1 (Lot 844) Sample Weight: 2.810 mg Comment: dt. 1.00 Cmm, N2 Sweep Nov.12, 102





Fleename: C-V-rogram FilestPyris/Dat...\502033591.dad Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MMI Sample ID: Red Dys No. 1 (Lot 644) Sample Weight: 2.820 mg Comment: dTht = 0.5 "Cimin, N2 Sweep Nov. 13, 102 (BaseG3)



1) Hold for 20.0 min at 161.00°C
2) Heat from 161.00°C to 184.00°C at 0.50°C/min
4) Cool from 184.00°C to 180.00°C at 1.00°C/min

Filename: C1Program Files@yeis/Dut. U502033501.ded
Operator IO: L. C. Walker, MMI
Sample ID: Red Diye No. 1 (Lot #44)
Sample Weight: 2.820 mg
(That = 0.5 "Clinin, N2 Sweop
Nov. 13, '32 (BaseC2)

Michigan Molecular Institute Thermal Analysis PURITY
Limit = 178.491°C (6.00%)
Limit = 178.491°C (6.00%)
Delta He = 33.769 K.limole
Tm = 181.456 °C
To = 182.104 g 1.823e-002°C
X.Gontn = 14.319 ± 9.380%
Turty = 187.30 f 8.172e-002°S
Method: Standard
X1 = 175.613 °C
The = 72.906 °G/W
MoV.W1 = 279.32 g/mole
Cp(pan) = 2.300e-002 J°C 182.9 1/F Plot for Purity of Red Dye No. 1 182.0 181.5 161.0 0 180.5 180.0 0 0 179.5 а o. n 179.0 0 p a п 178.5 178.3 17 10 12 14 16 1/5

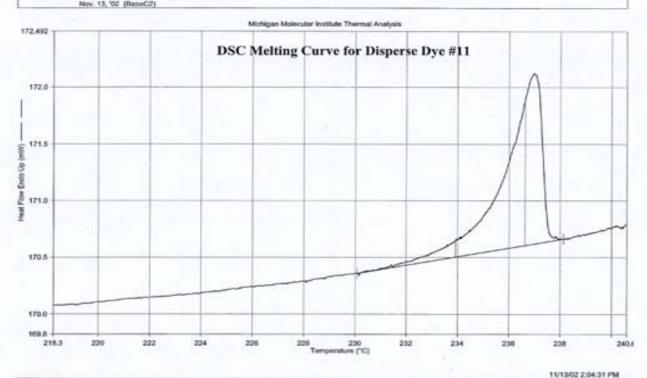
> 3) Hold for 0.5 min at 164,00°C 4) Cool from 184,00°C to 100,00°C at 1,00°C/min

11/14/02 10:21:30 AM

1) Hold for 20.0 min at 151.00°C 2) Heat from 151.00°C to 184.00°C at 0.50°C/min



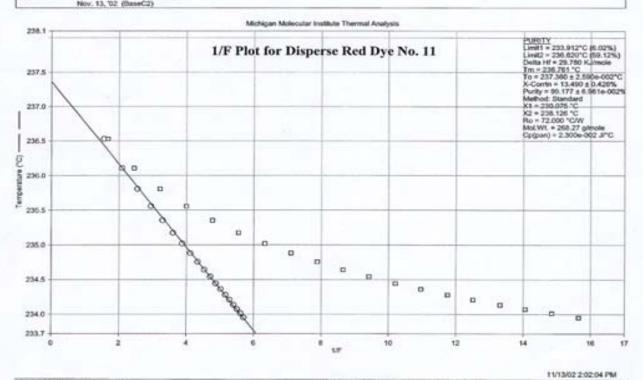
Friename: C:Program Fries/Pyris/Duta/DDR2.dod Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MW Sample ID: Disperse Dye No. 11 M.Pt. & Purity Sample Weight: 3,140 mg dTick = 0.5 "Cimin, N2 Sweep Nov. 13, '00 (BasoC2)



1) Hold for 1.0 min at 150.00°C

2) Heat from 150,00°C to 255,00°C at 0,50°C/min

Filename: C:Program Files/Pyris/Detai/DDR2 dad Coperator ID: L. C. Walker, MM Disperso Dyn No. 11 M.Pt. & Purity Sample Weight: 3.140 mg Comment: dTiot = 0.5 \*C/min, N2 Sweep Nov. 13, 102 ((baseC2))



1) Hold for 1.0 min at 150 0000

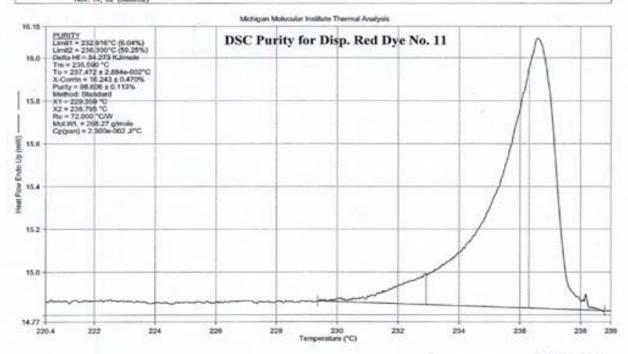
24 Marie Street SEA 6000 to SEE 6000 as a SECOND



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11/14/02 2:11:18 PM

Filename: c'iprogram Biesipyrin'dat...\ddr4@copy.dud L. C. Walker, M.M. Dispersie ID: Dispersie Dys No. 1.1 Sample Weight: 3.110 ring Comment: 0.5 "C/min, N2 Sweep Nov. 14, '02 (BaseCZ)



1) Hold for 1.0 min at 220.00°C 2) Heat from 220.00°C to 239.00°C at 0.50°C/min

Hold for 1.0 min at 239,00°C
 Cool from 239,00°C to 135,00°C at 1,00°C/min

Filename: C'program Blev'gyris/dat...\text{Adr46jbcopy.dsd}
Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MMI
Sample ID: Disperse Dye No. 11
Sample Weight: 3.150 mg
Comment: dTidt = 0.5 "Cimin, N2 Sweep

Nov. 14, '02 (BaseC2)

Michigan Molecular Institute Thermal Analysis 238.5 PURITY
Limit = 232.916°C (6.04%)
Limit = 232.916°C (6.04%)
Limit = 236.300°C (59.29%)
Ceta H | 3-8273 KUhrole
Tm = 236.500 °C
K-Comt | K | 16.267 E CA70%
Purity = 60.606 ± 0.113%
Method: Standard
X1 = 226.356 °C
X2 = 236.796 °C
R0 = 72.500 °C/W
Mot WL | 206.27 girnole
Cp(jour) = 2.3006-002 J°C 238.0 237.5 237.0 œ 236.0 0 D 235.0 234.5 D 234.0 0 п. 0 0 0 D п 233.0 . 10 12 14 16

1) Hold for 1.0 min at 220,00°C 2) Head from 220,00°C to 236,00°C at 6,50°C/min

3) Hold for 1.0 min at 239,00°C



Flename: C:Frogram Files/Pyris/Duts/PHENP3.ded
Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MM
Sample Weight: 2.720 mg
Comment: dTut = 0.5 \*C/min, N2 Sweep
Nov. 14, 102 (BaseC2)

PLRSTT\*
Limit1 + 133.292°C (8.09%)
Limit2 + 133.795°C (90.56%)
Limit2 + 133.795°C (90.56%)
Delta H2 = 20.03°C Kimole
Tin = 133.274 °C
Tin = 133.274 °C
X-Comth. = 4.955±0.775%
Purity + 90.905±3.2196-000%
Method: Standard
X1 = 131.262 °C
X2 = 134.113 °C
R0 = 72.000 °C/W
MACKW; = 179.20 gimole
Cpigner) = 2.3006-002 a°C

23.76

22

21

(Mind) dr

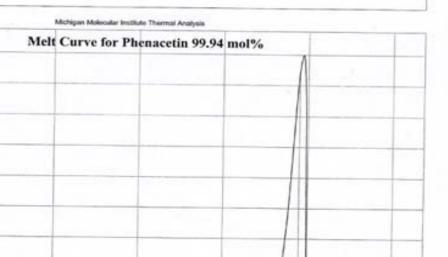
Heart Flow Endo U

17

15

123.3

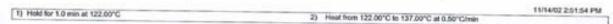
133.193



152

134

136



128

Filename: C:Phogram Files/Pyris/Detv/PHENP3.ded
Operator ID:
Sample ID: Phenacetin 19.94 morts Pure
Sample Weight: 2:20 mg
Comment: dTidt = 0.5 \*Cirvin, N2 Sweep
Nov. 14, '32 (BaseC2)

2

126

Michigan Molecular Institute Thermal Analysis 133,500 PURSTY
Limit = 133.762°C (6.06%)
Limit = 133.765°C (60.59%)
Limit = 133.775°C (60.59%)
Cells H = 20.067 Kilmole
Tin = 133.274 °C
T = 133.274 °C
K-Cartin = 4.865 ± 0.778%
Furby = 90.968 ± 3.2196-003%
Method: Standard
X1 = 131.262 °C
X2 = 134.113 °C
R0 = 72.000 °CW
Motivity = 173.20 gimole
Cg(gian) = 2.3006-002 J°C DSC Purity of 99.94 mol% Phenacetin 1/F Plot 133.45 133.40 Temperature (\*C) 133.35 133.30 00 n on 0 0 0 0 0 63 . 0 0 0 0 133.25 O o d 00 n D 0 0

10

12

14

16 16.5

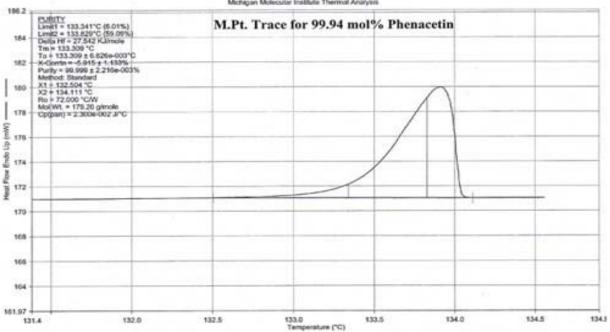
11/14/02/2:51:10 PM

1) Hold for 1.0 min at 122.00°C to 137.00°C at 0.50°C/min

FIGURE 7

Filanome: C:Program Files/Pyris/Data/PHENI®1.ded
Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MMI
Sample ID: Prenancetin 99.94 moth; Pure SRM1514
Sample Weight: 2.720 mg
Comment: d1st 9.5.5 "C/min, N2 Sweep
Nov. 13, 102 (BaseG2)

Michigan Molecular Institute Thermal Analysis

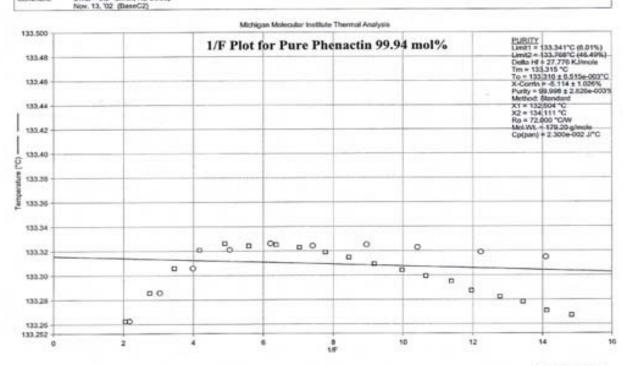


11/18/02 4:44:17 PM

1) Hold for 1.0 min at 128.00°C

2) Heat from 128,00°C to 137,00°C at 0.50°C/min

Filename: C:\$hogram Files/Pyris/Data/PHENHP1.ded Operator ID: L. C. Walker, MM Filenacotin 90.94 mot% Pure SRM1514 Sample Weight: 2-720 mg Comment: dTidt = 0.5 \*C/min, N2 Sweep



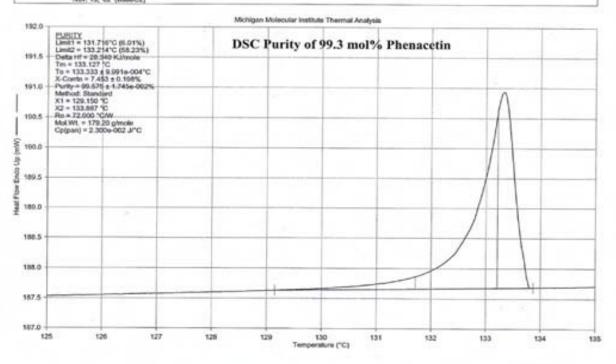
11/13/02 8:37:32 AM

2) Heat from 128.00°C to 137.00°C at 0.50°G/min

1) Hold for 1.0 min at 128.00°C



France: C:Program Face/PytictDate/PHENNP1.dod Coperator ID: L. C. Walker, MM Sample ID: Phenacotin 99.3 mo/% SRM1514 Sample Weight: 2.120 mg Conerniest: df1/ds = 0.5 "Christ, N2 Sweep Nov. 13, "52 (BaseG2)

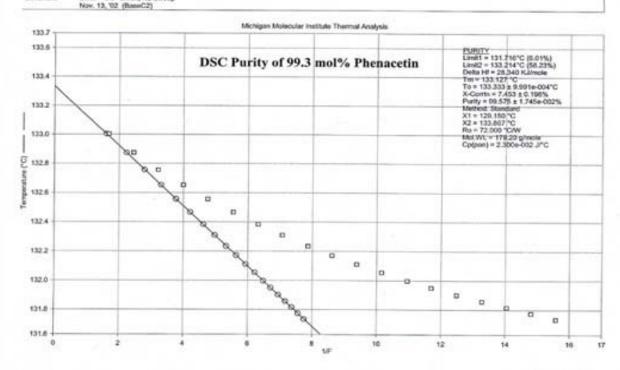


1) Hold for 1.0 min at 118.00°C

2) Heat from 118.00°C to 137.00°C at 0.50°C/min

11/14/02 10:29:03 AM

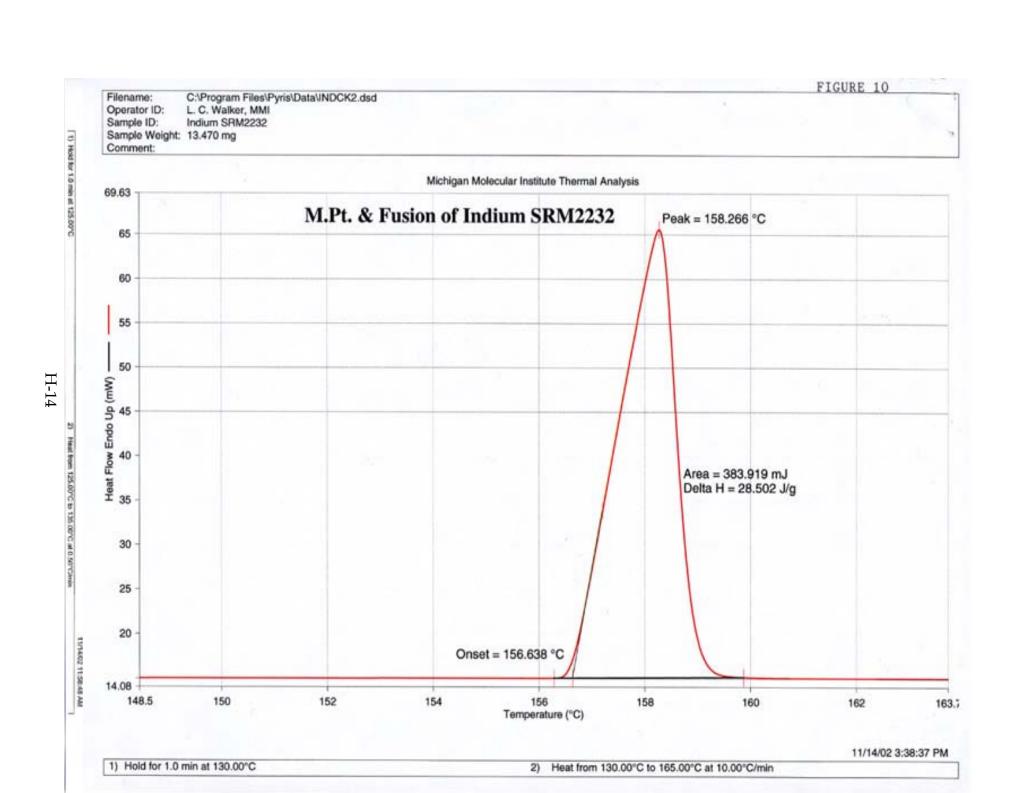
Filename: C.WYogram Files/PynielDatal/FHENMP1.dsd Operator ID: L. C. Walker, Mds Fiberacolin 90.3 mol%, SPIM1514 Sample Weight: 2.120 mg Comment: dT/dt = 0.5 "Chrin, N2 Sweep



1) Hold for 1.0 min at 118.00°C

23 Heat from 118,00°C to 137,00°C at 0,50°C/min

11/14/02 10:28:39 AM



### Appendix I

### ANIMAL USE PROTOCOL TOXICOLOGY DIRECTORATE

# U.S. ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010-5403

**PROTOCOL TITLE:** Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

PROTOCOL NUMBER: 0497-24

**PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR/STUDY DIRECTOR:** Jeffrey D. Bergmann Directorate of Toxicology

**CO-INVESTIGATOR (S):** Lee C.B. Crouse Directorate of Toxicology

Mark W. Michie Directorate of Toxicology

SPONSOR: Environmental Security Technology Certification Program 901 North Stuart Street
Suite 303
Arlington, VA 22203-1853

**I. NON-TECHNICAL SYNOPSIS:** Groups of rats will be subjected to a single, whole-body exposure to emissions from "old" and "new" violet colored M18 smoke grenades. Exposure will be to one of two preselected concentrations and last either two or ten minutes (see table, page 5). Rats will be euthanized at 1 day, 7 days and 90 days post exposure. Necropsies will be performed and tissues harvested to assess pathological changes to the respiratory tract caused by the airborne materials.

#### II. BACKGROUND:

**II.1.** <u>Background</u>: The U.S. Army uses smokes and obscurants to shield armed forces from view, signal friendly forces, and mark positions. However, many kinds of grenade smokes contain dyes and other materials that could pose a hazard to human health and the environment. The Army smoke and dye replacement program found a sugar formulation that successfully replaces the sulfur in most M18 smoke grenades used by the U.S. military. At the program's onset, the switch to the sugar mixture was successful for green and yellow M18 grenades, but changes to the red and violet M18 smoke grenades were more difficult.

Initially, the new dyes burned instead of smoked, not producing enough colored smoke to meet strict military standards. Eventually, the violet smoke grenade was reconfigured to successfully produce the right color, amount of smoke and burn time. However, the smoke produced by the redesigned red smoke grenades was too pale compared to the original.

The Army seeks to reduce the likelihood that exposure to smokes during training would have adverse health effects on military personnel or civilians. To protect the health of exposed individuals, the Office of the Army Surgeon General requested that the National Research Council (NRC) independently review data on the toxicity of smokes and obscurants and recommend exposure guidance levels for military personnel in training and for the general public residing or working near military-training facilities. The NRC concludes that the available toxicity data base for the combustion products of the old and new smoke formulations is inadequate for use in assessing the potential health risk of exposure to these smokes and in recommending exposure guidance levels. The subcommittee recommends that, at a minimum, acute inhalation studies be conducted in experimental animals to test the toxicity of the colored smokes. The Environmental Security Technology Certification Program provided funding for toxicity testing only for the violet-colored grenades.

This study will be conducted in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice Standards, 40 CFR, Part 792.

### **II.2.** <u>Literature Search for Duplication</u>:

#### **II.2.1.** Literature Sources Searched:

DTIC: 1984-present

DoD Biomedical Research Database: FY1998-FY2002

PubMed: 1966-present

DIALOG ONESEARCH database including:

BIOSIS: 1969-present NTIS: 1964-present EMBASE: 1974-present PASCAL: 1973-present CA SEARCH: 1967-present

ELSEVIER BIOBASE: 1994-present

FEDRIP: 1998-present

INSIDE CONFERENCES: 1993-present

CAB ABSTRACTS: 1972-present MEDLINE : 1966-present

BUSINESS & INDUSTRY: 1994-present

DIALOG GLOBAL REPORTER: 1997-present

IHS INTL. STANDARDS & SPECS: 1999

**ENERGY SCITEC:** 1974-present

AEROBASE: 1999-present

GALE GROUP NEWSEARCH: 2005

DIALOG DEFENSE NEWSLETTERS: 1989-present

CBIAC: 1996-present TOXNET: 1900 +

CARS: NA

**II.2.2. Date of Search:** 7 Jul 2005

**II.2.3. Period of Search:** The range of years covered varies according to the database and are individually listed in II.2.1. No limits were placed on the years to be covered in this search.

**II.2.4. Key Words of Search:** M18, violet, colored smoke grenades, combustion products, inhalation, toxicity

**II.2.5. Results of Search:** The literature search revealed no inhalation studies that would suggest that our study would be a duplicate effort. However, a health risk assessment was conducted by USACHPPM to evaluate the potential for human health effects to offsite residents breathing air emissions following use of the old M18 Violet- Colored Smoke Grenade (reference 13). Air emissions data from the smoke grenade were collected in a test chamber, and was then used in an air dispersion model to determine ambient air concentrations at a location downwind from the site where the item was activated. Modeled air concentrations were combined with exposure information to estimate the amount of substances the hypothetical resident breathes. "The study results showed no potential for health risks from inhalation of air emissions from the M18 Violet-Colored Smoke Grenade."

In one animal study, the effects of a prototype violet dye mixture (VDM) consisting of Disperse Red 11 (the dye used in the new violet grenade) and Disperse Blue 3 on F344 male and female rats have been investigated by inhalation exposure, intratracheal instillation, or gavage (reference 14). Acute 1-day inhalation exposures (6 hr) to VDM were conducted at 1000, 300, 100, 70, 40, and 10 mg/m3, with an additional exposure to 40 mg/m3 6 hr/day for 5 days. Lung burdens of dye, general histopathology, and/or liver function were evaluated at 0, 3, and 7 days post exposure. Unexpected lethality due to severe liver damage was observed with acute exposures of > or = 300 mg/m3 and in the 5-day 40 mg/m3 exposures. In addition, nasal olfactory epithelium exhibited degeneration and necrosis with acute exposures > or = 10 mg/m3.

An acute inhalation study of the combustion products disseminated from the old M18 grenade was conducted in the monkey, dog, goat, swine, rabbit, rat, and guinea pig (reference15). The animals were exposed to concentrations ranging from 1.3 to 7.8 g/m³ for 8 to 142 min. Exposure was followed by a 30-day observation period. The results were presented as a Bliss analysis of the combined mortality of the total number of animals of all species exposed to the combustion products. The combined LCT 50 for the combustion products was 211 mg·min/m³. Immediately after exposure, all animals showed upper-respiratory irritation and salivation. Gagging was evident in the dog, swine, goat, and monkey. Prostration was noted in all species for 1 to 4 hr after exposure. Most deaths occurred within the first week after exposure. Although rats were used in this study, the concentrations and exposure times were variable, making any comparison to the current study impractical. The report goes on to state that disseminates from M18 grenades are of a low order of toxicity. The extremely high Ct's required to produce deaths and the toxic signs exhibited by the animals after exposure are similar to the responses caused by exposure to nontoxic dusts.

**III. OBJECTIVE/HYPOTHESIS:** The objective of this study is to assess and compare the acute inhalation toxicity in rats following exposure to emissions from "old" and "new" formulations of violet colored M18 smoke grenades.

**IV. MILITARY RELEVANCE:** The U.S. Army seeks to reduce the likelihood that exposure to smokes during training would have adverse health effects on military personnel or civilians. On the basis of its review and evaluation, the NRC concluded that additional research must be conducted on the toxicity of the colored smokes before well-informed recommendations for exposure guidance levels can be made. The Army requested recommendations for four types of exposure guidance levels: (1) emergency exposure guidance levels (EEGLs) for a rare, emergency situation resulting in exposure of military personnel for less than 24 hr; (2) repeated exposure guidance levels (REGLs) for repeated exposure of military personnel during training exercises; (3) short-term public emergency guidance levels (SPEGLs) for a rare, emergency situation potentially resulting in an exposure of the public to military-training smoke; and (4) repeated public exposure guidance levels (RPEGLs) for repeated exposures of the public residing or working near military-training facilities. Acute toxicity studies would be most relevant for recommending emergency guidance levels such as the EEGLs and SPEGLs.

# V. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

- **V.1.** Experimental Design and General Procedures: Details of the experimental design and general procedures are described in TOX SOP 029.05.
- **V.1.1. Experiment 1:** Pilot Study. Five rats per sex will be exposed for 10 minutes to the 6 feet concentration of both the old and new smoke formulations as described below and in paragraph V.4. This exposure will serve to determine the more sensitive sex and to avoid catastrophic consequences during the main study. A total of ten rats to be used.
- **V.1.1. Experiment 2:** Main Study. If there are no sex differences revealed from the pilot study, male rats will be used. Otherwise, the more sensitive sex will be used. Groups of rats will be subjected to a single, whole-body exposure to emissions from violet colored M18 smoke grenades. Exposure concentrations were determined by collecting field samples of smoke grenade emissions at 6 feet and at the edge of the smoke plume. Results showed average concentrations of 864 mg/m³ and 482 mg/m³ at the 6 foot and edge of plume, respectively. Each group of rats will be exposed to these field concentrations for either two or ten minutes. Rats will be euthanized at 1 day, 7 days and 90 days post exposure. Necropsies will be performed and tissues harvested to assess pathological changes to the respiratory tract caused by the airborne materials. Rat group assignments for both Experiments 1 and 2 are shown below. Experiment 1 animals are indicated; all others are treatment groups for Experiment 2:

	"Old" Violet	Colored M18: <b>10</b> :	min.Exposure	
Exposure	No. of	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
	Rats			
Pilot Study	10		10	
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8
Control	18	Six to be used at	each sacrifice inte	rval
Total	76			

"New" Violet Colored M18: 10 min. Exposure

Exposure	No. of	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
	Rats			
Pilot Study	10		10	
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8
Control	18	Six to be used at	each sacrifice inte	rval
Total	76			

"Old" Violet Colored M18: 2 min.Exposure

	010 , 1010			
Exposure	No. of	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
	Rats			
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8
Control	18	Six to be used at	each sacrifice inte	rval
Total	66			

"New" Violet Colored M18: 2 min. Exposure

	1 10 11 1 10101			
Exposure	No. of	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
	Rats			
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8
Control	18	Six to be used at	each sacrifice inte	rval
Total	66			

# **GRAND TOTAL FOR EXPERIMENTS 1 AND 2 = 284**

**V.2.** <u>Data Analysis:</u> Data from each treatment group will be statistically compared to controls using a one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA). If significance is observed, the data will be analyzed further using Dunnett's post-hoc tests. Statistical significance is defined at the  $p \le 0.05$  level. Data to be analyzed will include: body weights, weight gains, absolute organ weights, organ-to-body weight ratios, organ-to-brain weight ratios, hematology, and clinical chemistry values.

# V.3. <u>Laboratory Animals Required and Justification</u>:

- **V.3.1. Non-animal Alternatives Considered:** No tissue culture, cell culture or computer modeling procedure would replace the animal model recommended by the NRC.
- **V.3.2. Animal Model and Species Justification:** The NRC recommended that, at a minimum, acute inhalation studies be conducted in experimental animals to test the toxicity of the colored smokes. The rat is a commonly used species in inhalation studies, and a vast data base exists to compare test results.

# **V.3.3.** Laboratory Animals:

V.3.3.1. Genus & Species: Rattus norvegicus

V.3.3.2. Strain/Stock: Sprague-Dawley

**V.3.3.3. Source/Vendor:** Charles River Laboratories (USDA # 14-R-0144)

**V.3.3.4. Age:** 8-12 weeks

V.3.3.5. Weight: age appropriate

**V.3.3.6. Sex:** Male and female. Exact breakdown depends on results of Experiment 1. See details above.

# V.3.3.7. Special Considerations: None.

**V.3.4.** Number of Animals Required (By Species): 284 rats. Based on previous data from an acute inhalation study in rats, a sample size of 8 in each group will have greater than 95% power to detect at least a 30% change in organ to-body-weight ratios using a two group t-test with a 0.05 two-sided significance level.

# **V.3.5.** Refinement, Reduction, Replacement:

- **V.3.5.1. Refinement:** Animals will be handled daily during quarantine and provided Nylabones. See Enclosure 3, Environmental Enrichment Plan.
- **V.3.5.2. Reduction:** A pilot study will be conducted initially to determine the more sensitive sex and to avoid catastrophic consequences during the main study. Control group animals will be combined for each exposure time thereby reducing the number of control animals needed for each exposure.
- **V.3.5.3 Replacement:** No nonanimal alternatives are known to exist that will provide the required data.

# **V.4.** <u>Technical Methods</u>:

The smoke grenades will be provided by Edgewood Chemical Biological Center. The compositions of the "old" and "new" formulations are listed in enclosure 4.

The exposures will be performed in a 400-liter, dynamic airflow inhalation chamber. The smoke grenades will be activated inside a 1000-liter static chamber. The resulting smoke emissions will be allowed to mix and then be drawn through an intake pipe to the inlet of the exposure chamber. A gate or ball valve will be placed inline of the intake pipe and adjusted to produce target concentrations and to affect slight negative pressure inside the chamber. The chamber exhaust air will be filtered by a HEPA filter.

In Experiment 2, 24 or 27 rats will comprise an exposure group and be exposed to a single field concentration for either 2 or 10 minutes. Rats will be weighed to the nearest gram just prior to exposure and individually placed in a compartmentalized, stainless steel wire mesh exposure cage. Each compartment measures 6.5" long x 3.75" wide x 3" high. The exposure

cages will be positioned in the middle of the chamber and the chamber sealed. Chamber atmosphere will be sampled for particulate mass concentration, particle size, select heavy metals, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and sulfur dioxide.

Particulate mass will be measured gravimetrically, while particles size will be measured using an 8-stage cascade impactor. Particulate emissions composition (CAD SOP CAB144.1), heavy metals (NIOSH method 7300), and sulfur dioxide (OSHA method ID 200) will be analyzed by USACHPPM Directorate of Laboratory Sciences. VOCs will be collected by personnel from USACHPPM Air Quality Surveillance Program and analyzed by EPA method TO14A at Lancaster Laboratories, Lancaster, PA.

Upon completion of the exposure, rats will be returned to their home cages and observed at least once before the end of the day for toxic signs. The rats will be held until their scheduled necropsy time, during which routine veterinary care will be maintained (see paragraph V.5.2.1.). Rats will be also weighed weekly, where appropriate, during the post exposure period.

At the end of 1 day, 7 days or 90 days, eight animals from each dose group (plus three chamber controls) will be sedated with an intramuscular injection of acepromazine/ketamine cocktail prior to blood withdrawal by intracardiac puncture. Following blood collection, rats will be euthanized by CO<sub>2</sub> asphyxiation (see para.V.4.6) Blood samples will be analyzed for hematology and clinical chemistry. Hematology measurements will include: red blood cell count, hemoglobin, hematocrit, mean cell hemoglobin, mean cell volume, mean cell hemoglobin concentration, platelets, white cell count (WBC) and WBC differential counts. Serum chemistry measurements will include: alkaline phosphatase, alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, total bilirubin, calcium, cholesterol, glucose, total protein, triglycerides, and blood urea nitrogen. The following tissues shall be harvested and weighed: brain, liver, kidneys, adrenals, spleen, testes, and lungs. Also harvested will be: pituitary, trachea, esophagus, thyroid/parathyroid, aorta, heart, stomach, duodenum, jejunum, caecum, colon, mesentery lymph, thymus, salivary, pancreas, eye, harderian gland, skeletal muscle, skin, tongue, epididymis, prostate, seminal vesicle, urinary bladder, spinal chord, peripheral nerve, nasal turbinates, bone and bone marrow. The nasal turbinates, trachea, lungs, and liver from all animals will undergo histopathological evaluation, in addition to any other tissue system showing gross abnormalities.

# V.4.1. Pain/Distress Assessment:

Pain or distress is not anticipated during the conduct of these exposures.

Monitoring. In addition to routine general health monitoring done by caretaking staff, the study director or co-investigator will conduct monitoring of animals. During the study, animals will be monitored at least once in the morning and once in the afternoon. Investigators will note animal checks and animal status (including number of affected animals) in the Animal Room Log Books. Every attempt will be made to begin exposures at the beginning of the week to allow for monitoring and to minimize weekend deaths. If, at the end of the work week, no animals show signs that would meet criteria for euthanasia, animal checks and status will be conducted and recorded in the Animal Room Log Book and the assigned laboratory notebook.

Criteria for euthanasia. One or more of the following clinical signs will be indicative of a moribund animal: impaired ambulation which prevents animals from reaching food or water; excessive weight loss and extreme emaciation (loss of  $\geq$  20% starting body weight); lack of physical or mental alertness; prolonged labored breathing; or prolonged inability to remain upright. Animals demonstrating seizure-like activity will be monitored more frequently than twice per day, and if signs continue until the end of the workday, the animal will be euthanized. The Attending Veterinarian will be notified of all animal illness to evaluate moribund animals in conjunction with the PI. If the PI is unavailable, the Attending Veterinarian may make the decision to euthanize based on the above-listed clinical signs.

# V.4.1.1. APHIS Form 7023 Information

# V.4.1.1.1. Number of Animals

**V.4.1.1.1.** Column C: 320 rats (100%). This assessment is based on the conclusions of Owens et al, that disseminates from "old" M18 grenades are of a low order of toxicity. The extremely high Ct's required to produce deaths and the toxic signs exhibited by the animals after exposure are similar to the responses caused by exposure to nontoxic dusts (reference 15). Obviously there is no inhalation data on the prototype violet-colored smoke grenade. However it has been shown that Disperse Red 11 is not affected to a great extent by detonation of the grenade, and that toxicity testing on the dye alone showed no eye irritation and only mild skin irritation (reference 16).

**V.4.1.1.1.2. Column D:** 0 rats

**V.4.1.1.3. Column E:** 0 rats

V.4.1.2. Pain Relief/Prevention: NA

V.4.1.2.1. Anesthesia/Analgesia/Tranquilization: NA

V.4.1.2.2. Pre- and Post procedural Provisions: NA

V.4.1.2.3. Paralytics: NA

**V.4.1.3.** Literature Search for Alternatives to Painful or Distressful Procedures: NA

V.4.1.3.1. Sources Searched: NA

V.4.1.3.2. Date of Search: NA

V.4.1.3.3. Period of Search: NA

V.4.1.3.4. Key Words of Search: NA

V.4.1.3.5. Results of Search: NA

# V.4.1.4. Unalleviated Painful/Distressful Procedure Justification: NA

V.4.2. Prolonged Restraint: NA

V.4.3 Surgery: NA

V.4.3.1. Pre-surgical Provisions: NA

V.4.3.2. Procedure: NA

V.4.3.3. Post-surgical Provisions: NA

V.4.3.4. Location: NA

V.4.3.5. Surgeon: NA

V.4.3.6. Multiple Major Survival Operative Procedures: NA

**V.4.3.6.1. Procedures:** NA

V.4.3.6.2. Scientific Justification: NA

# V.4.4. Animal Manipulations:

**V.4.4.1. Injections:** Prior to blood withdrawal, rats will be sedated with an intramuscular injection of a ketamine/acepromazine cocktail (10:1) at a dosage of 2.2-5.0 mg/100g (based on ketamine). Injections will be administered with a 23 gauge or smaller needle.

**V.4.4.2. Biosamples:** Blood samples will be collected under ketamine anesthesia by intracardiac puncture using an 18 gauge or smaller needle.

V.4.4.3. Adjuvents: NA

V.4.4.4. Monoclonal Antibody (MAbs) Production: NA

**V.4.4.5. Animal Identification:** Animals will be identified by microchip, along with individual cage cards according to Toxicology Programs SOP 003.04.

V.4.4.6. Behavioral Studies: NA

# V.4.4.7. Other Procedures:

1. Aerosol exposures as described in V.4. During exposure, the study director or a co-investigator will continuously observe the rats for toxic signs, such as gasping, dyspnea, nasal and ocular irritation, and hunched posture. After the exposed rats are returned to their home cages, the rats will be observed at least twice a day (except weekends) by one of the aforementioned personnel. Toxic signs will be recorded in the appropriately assigned notebook.

- $2. \ Daily \ monitoring \ of \ animals-see \ Paragraph \ V.4.1. \ ``Pain/Distress \ Assessment: \ Monitoring'`.$
- 3. Weighing: Animals will be weighed prior to exposure, upon death, on days 1 and 7 post exposure, and weekly thereafter.

# V.4.4.8. Tissue Sharing: NA

- **V.4.5. Study Endpoint:** Study endpoint is euthanasia following the designated observation period. For experiment 1 (pilot study), this will occur 7 days post exposure. For experiment 2, euthanasia will be done on 1 day, 7 days, and 90 days post exposure. In either experiment, early euthanasia may be conducted on moribund animals as described previously in paragraph V.4.1, *Criteria for euthanasia*. The rats will be weighed, euthanized as described below, and submitted for necropsy.
- **V.4.6. Euthanasia:** Euthanasia will be performed via CO<sub>2</sub> as specified by TOX SOP No.066.04, Animal Euthanasia (reference 6), and in accordance with AVMA guidelines (administered from a compressed CO<sub>2</sub> canister, using a regulated flow valve). In addition to SOP procedures, after apparent death due to CO<sub>2</sub>, a bilateral pneumothorax will be created in all animals using a #10, 11 or 15 stainless scalpel blade cutting a small incision through the thorax wall (between ribs) on both sides of the thorax, or by making a small incision under the xiphoid process and through the diaphragm. This will occur in ALL animals prior to being given to the person conducting necropsy. Early euthanasia may be conducted on moribund animals as described previously in paragraph V.4.1, *Criteria for euthanasia*.

# V.5 <u>Veterinary Care</u>:

**V.5.1. Husbandry Considerations:** The rats will be pair housed by sex in 9.5" W X 8.5" D X 8"H polycarbonate cages supplied with certified hardwood chip laboratory animal bedding. Water and a certified rodent ration will be offered *ad libitum*. Room temperature will be maintained between 64 and 79 degrees F and the relative humidity maintained between 30% and 70%. A 12-hour light / 12 hour dark cycle will be maintained by automatic timers. Following a minimum 7-day quarantine/acclimation period the rats will be exposed to the test compound. During exposure, rats will be individually held in compartmentalized exposure cages described in paragraph V.4 above. This is necessary to prevent rats from huddling and thus reducing optimal exposure to the test aerosol.

**V.5.1.1. Study Room:** Building E2101, room 10.

V.5.1.2 Special Husbandry Provisions: NA

V.5.1.3. Exceptions: NA

# V. 5.2. Veterinary Medical Care:

V.5.2.1. Routine Veterinary Medical Care: All animals will be observed <u>twice</u> <u>daily</u> by the animal care staff. Appropriate methods of animal care shall be maintained to

prevent, control, diagnose and treat diseases and injuries. If an animal becomes ill or injured, the observer will report findings to the attending veterinarian. If necessary, the animal will be euthanized by the Attending Veterinarian or animal care staff under the direction of the Attending Veterinarian in consultation with the principal investigator. If the PI is unavailable, the Attending Veterinarian may make the decision to euthanize based on criteria listed in V.4.1.

**V.5.2.2.** Emergency Veterinary Medical Care: Animals will be observed <u>daily</u> on weekends and holidays by the animal care staff. If an animal is noted to be ill, the Attending Veterinarian will be contacted.

# **V.5.3** Environmental Enrichment:

**V.5.3.1 Enrichment Strategy:** The rats will be pair housed as much as possible, and a member of the animal care staff or PI will handle all rats daily during the acclimation period. Rats will be provided Nylabones at all times except during exposures (enclosure 3, to be posted outside animal room). However, rats will individually housed during exposure.

V.5.3.2 Enrichment Restriction: NA

# VI. STUDY PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS AND TRAINING:

Staff Member	Procedure	Training OJT, 1977-1982,	Experience	Qualifications
	Chamber operation	LeRoy Metker (retired), USAEHA; Inhalation Toxicology Workshop, 1982; Short Course on Aerosol Technology,	25 + years working in toxicology laboratories, specializing in inhalation	BS, Biology
		1982; Principles and Practice of Industrial Toxicology, 1984. U.S. Army Veterinary Technician Course, 1977; AALAS Lab	toxicology	
Bergmann	Manipulations	Animal Technician Course, 1983; AALAS Lab Animal Technologist Course, 1983-1984; AALAS	25 + years working in toxicology laboratories, with numerous	BS, Biology Certified AALAS
	Wampulations	course on Developing Technicians Skills in Evaluating Clinical Signs in Lab Animals, 1986. The Care and Use of Lab Animals, May 2000	lab animal species and routes of exposure	Lab Animal Technologist
	Euthanasia	The Care and Use of Lab Animals, May	25 + years in general	BS, Biology; Certified AALAS

2000

toxicology, laboratory animal handling, euthanasia, and necropsy procedures.

Lab Animal Technologist

Michie	Manipulations	General handling observed and verified by Attending Veterinarian, Oct 2004	25 + years working in toxicology laboratories, with numerous lab animal species and routes of exposure	BS, Biology
Crouse	Manipulations	Animal Welfare Act, Mar 2003, Implanting Microchips, Jun 2000, Necropsy procedures, bleeding, euthanasia, bones/tissue trimming, sample weighing, Apr 2000, Rodent Handling & Techniques, Nov 1996, Short Course on The Care & Use of Laboratory Animals, May 2000	10+ Yrs, Animal Research	MS, Environmental Science

**VII. BIOHAZARD/SAFETY:** General procedures for laboratory/animal facilities will be followed IAW Tox Programs SOP no. 083.04. The smoke grenades will be activated in a sealed 1000 liter chamber. Animal exposures will be conducted in a dynamic airflow chamber equipped with a HEPA filter downstream of chamber exhaust. The exposure chamber will be fully evacuated before animals are removed, and personnel will wear NIOSH N 95 or R 95 respirators during this procedure.

VIII. ENCLOSURES: 1. ARCHIVES AND SUPPORT PERSONNEL

2. REFERENCES

3. ENVIRONMENTAL

ENRICHMENT PLAN

4. SMOKE FORMULATIONS

# IX. STUDY TIME FRAME

I.X.1 Estimated Experimental Initiation Date: Sep 2005

I.X.2 Estimated Experimental Completion Date: Oct 2005

# X. ASSURANCES:

H.

As the Study Director/Principal Investigator on this protocol, I acknowledge my responsibilities and provide assurances for the following:

- **A. Animal Use:** The animals authorized for use in this protocol will be used only in the activities and in the manner described herein, unless a modification is specifically approved by the IACUC prior to its implementation.
- **B. Duplication of Effort:** I have made every effort to ensure that this protocol is not an unnecessary duplication of previous experiments.
- C. Statistical Assurance: I assure that I have consulted with a qualified individual who evaluated the experimental design with respect to the statistical analysis, and that the minimum number of animals needed for scientific validity will be used. The study design and number of animals are dictated by an EPA guideline.
- **D. Biohazard/Safety:** I have taken into consideration and made the proper coordinations regarding all applicable rules and regulations concerning radiation protection, biosafety, recombinant issues, and so forth, in the preparation of this protocol.
- **E. Training:** I verify that the personnel performing the animal procedures/manipulations/observations described in this protocol are technically competent and have been properly trained to ensure that no unnecessary pain or distress will be caused to the animals as a result of the procedures/manipulations.
- **F. Responsibility:** I acknowledge the inherent moral, ethical and administrative obligations associated with the performance of this animal use protocol, and I assure that all individuals associated with this project will demonstrate a concern for the health, comfort, welfare, and well-being of the research animals. Additionally, I pledge to conduct this study in the spirit of the fourth "R," namely "Responsibility," which the DOD has embraced for implementing animal use alternatives where feasible and conducting humane and lawful research.
- **G. Scientific Review:** This proposed animal use protocol has received appropriate peer scientific review and is consistent with good scientific research practice.

Jeffrey D. Bergmann	
SIGNATURE	DATE (YYYYMMMDD)
SIGNATORE	DATE (TITTIVINIDE

Painful Procedures: NA

# ARCHIVES AND SUPPORT PERSONNEL

### 1. ARCHIVES.

- a. The protocol, raw data, summary data, and the final report pertaining to this study will be physically maintained in Room 1026, Building E-2100, USACHPPM.
- b. Archived SOPs may be found in Room 1026 or Room 3015, Building E2100, USACHPPM, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.
- c. Records on animal receipt, diet, and environmental parameters will be maintained in Room 3100 or Room 1026, Building E2100, USACHPPM, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.
- d. Wet tissues will be stored in cage 12 of Building E-1958, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.
- e. Histology slides, paraffin blocks and hematology slides are stored in the basement of Building E-1570, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.

# 2. SUPPORT PERSONNEL

a. Division of Veterinary Medicine:

MAJ Ann Schiavetta, D.V.M. Attending Veterinarian Terry Hanna Animal Caretaker

Robert Sunderland Animal Caretaker

b. Toxicity Evaluation Program:

Jeffrey Bergmann Biologist, Study director

Mark Michie Biologist

Glenn Leach Program Manager

Lee CrouseBiologistJohn HouptBiologistPatricia BeallBiologist

d. Archivist: Mark Michie

e. Quality Assurance Office

Gene Sinar Quality Assurance Assessor Mike Kefauver Quality Assurance Assessor

- f. Directorate of Laboratory Sciences
- g. Air Quality Surveillance Program
- h. Edgewood Chemical Biological Center

# REFERENCES

- 1. Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 792, Good Laboratory Practice Standards.
- 2. Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Publication No. NIH 86-23, 1996.
- 3. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 029.05, Acute Inhalation Toxicity Study
- 4. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 028.04, Animal Quality Control Procedures.
- 5. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 003.04, Individual Animal Identification.
- 6. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 066.04, Animal Euthanasia.
- 7. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 083.04, Health and Safety of Laboratory Personnel.
- 8. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 047.05, Histopathology Laboratory Operations
- 9. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 002.05, Pathology Laboratory Operations
- 10. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 052.04, Handling and Storage of Test Records, Data and Specimens
- 11. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 063.04, Test System Observations
- 12. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 041.05 Aerodynamic Particle Size Measurement.
- 13. U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine. (2000, September). *Pyrotechnics Health Risk Assessment No. 39-EJ-1485-00, Residential Exposure from Inhalation of Air Emissions from the M18 Violet-Colored Smoke Grenade.* Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD: USACHPPM. DTIC ADA391661.
- 14. Jaskot, R.H., and Costa, D.L. 1994. Toxicity of an anthraquinone violet dye mixture following inhalation exposure, intratracheal instillation, or gavage. *Fund.Appl. Tox.*, 22(1):103-112
- 15. Owens, E.J., and Ward, D.M. 1974. *A Review of the Toxicology of Colored Chemical Smokes and Colored Smoke Dyes*. Report No. EB-TR-74064, ADA 003827. Edgewood Arsenal, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD
- 16. National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, 1999. Toxicity of Military Smokes and Obscurants, Vol.3, National Academy Press, Washington D.C.

# **Environmental Enrichment Plan**

Protocol Number: 0497– 24-	
Species: Rat	
Room Number:	
Pre-Exposure:	
1. Rats will be pair housed and provided Nylabones.	
2. After daily husbandry procedures have been comp place the rat on a lab worktable. Let the animal explomaintain control of its activity at all times. Gently str to its cage.	ore for a few moments on its own, but
Post Exposure:	
1. Rats will be pair housed and provided Nylabones.	
Veterinarian	Study Director

Old vs. New Violet Smoke Formulations			
	OLD	NEW	
	Weight	Weight	
	Fraction	Fraction	
Component	(w/w)	(w/w)	
Violet Dye Mix <sup>1</sup>	0.4000	0.0000	
Disperse Red 11	0.0000	0.3803	
Terephthalic Acid	0.0000	0.0766	
Sulfur	0.0900	0.0000	
Sugar	0.0000	0.1550	
Magnesium Carbonate	0.0000	0.1020	
Potassium Chlorate	0.2600	0.2350	
Stearic Acid	0.0063	0.0050	
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.2500	0.0510	
Polyvinyl Alcohol	0.0200	0.0200	

**Components/Materials Added:** 

Starter Patch
Sugar
Disperse Red 11
Terephthalic Acid
Magnesium Carbonate
Polyvinyl Alcohol

**Components/Materials Eliminated:** 

Disperse Red 9 <sup>1</sup>
1,4-diamino-2,3-dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) <sup>1</sup>
Starter Slug
Starter Cup
Cardboard Disc
Sulfur

(1) Please note: Violet dye mix is a mixture of approximately 80 % 1,4-diamino-2,3-dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) and 20% Disperse Red 9

# **Appendix J: Results of Toxicity Testing of Rats in Violet Smokes**

# U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine



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TOXICOLOGY STUDY NO. 85-XC-0497-07 PROTOCOL NO. 0497-24-05-08-01 TOXICITY OF ACUTE INHALATION EXPOSURE OF EMISSIONS FROM THE VIOLET-COLORED M18 SMOKE GRENADE IN RATS JULY 2007



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### U.S. ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

The U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (USACHPPM) lineage can be traced back over 50 years to the Army Industrial Hygiene Laboratory. That organization was established at the beginning of World War II and was under the direct jurisdiction of The Army Surgeon General. It was originally located at the Johns Hopkins School of Hygiene and Public Health, with a staff of three and an annual budget not to exceed \$3000. Its mission was to conduct occupational health surveys of Army operated industrial plants, arsenals, and depots. These surveys were aimed at identifying and eliminating occupational health hazards within the Department of Defense's (DOD) industrial production base and proved to be beneficial to the Nation's war effort.

Until 1995, it was nationally and internationally known as the U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency or AEHA. Its mission is expanding to support the worldwide preventive medicine programs of the Army, DOD and other Federal Agencies through consultations/ supportive services; investigations and training.

Today, AEHA is redesignated the U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine. Its mission for the future is to provide worldwide technical support for implementing preventive medicine, public health and health promotion/wellness services into all aspects of America's Army and the Army Community anticipating and rapidly responding to operational needs and adaptable to a changing work environment.

The professional disciplines represented at the Center include chemists, physicists, engineers, physicians, optometrists, audiologists, nurses, industrial hygienists, toxicologists, entomologists, and many other as well as sub-specialties within these professions.

The organization's quest has always been one of excellence and continuous quality improvement; and today its vision, to be the nationally recognized Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine, is clearer than ever. To achieve that end, it holds ever fast to its values which are steeped in its rich heritage:

- ♦ Integrity is the foundation
- ♦ Excellence is the standard
- ♦ Customer satisfaction is the focus
- Its people are the most valued resource
- ♦ Continuous quality improvement is its pathway

The organization, which stands on the threshold of even greater challenges and responsibilities, has General Officer leadership. As it moves into the next century, new programs are being added related to health promotion/wellness, soldier fitness and disease surveillance. As always, its mission focus is centered upon the Army Imperatives so that we are trained and ready to enhance the Army's readiness for war and operations other than war.

It is an organization fiercely proud of its history, yet equally excited about the future. It is destined to continue its development as a world-class organization with expanded services to the Army, DOD, other Federal Agencies, the Nation and the World Community.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The authors would like to acknowledge for his efforts on the animal use protocol completion, chamber set-up and calibration, and overall study conduct leading to the completion of the project.

# **Study Title**

Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions From The
Violet-Colored M18 Smoke Grenade In Rats
July 2007

# **Authors**



# **Study Completion Date:**

28 November 2006

# **Performing Laboratory**

U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine Toxicology Directorate, ATTN: MCHB-TS-TTE 5158 Blackhawk Road Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010-5403

> <u>Laboratory Project ID</u> Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01

# STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

No claim of confidentiality is made for any information contained in this study on the basis falling within the scope of TSCA $\S$ 790.7 (a) – (d).			
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Title	Signature		

Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protoco	l No. 0497-24-05-08-01, July 2007
Submitted By:	
Prepared By:	
Biologist, TEP	Date
Approved By:	
Program Manager Toxicity Evaluation	Date

# GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The study described in this report was conducted in compliance with Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 792, Good Laboratory Practice Standards, except for the following:

1. The archive area where this study will be stored does not have adequate fire suppression protection.

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Study Director	Date
Study Director	
	Date
Program Manager	
Toxicity Evaluation	



# **DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY**

# US ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE 5158 BLACKHAWK ROAD ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND MD 21010-5403

MCHB-TS-TTE

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY TOXICOLOGY STUDY NO. 85-XC-0497-07 PROTOCOL NO. 0497-24-05-08-01 TOXICITY OF ACUTE INHALATION EXPOSURE OF EMISSIONS FROM THE VIOLET-COLORED M18 SMOKE GRENADE IN RATS JULY 2007

1. PURPOSE. The purpose of this study was to assess and compare the acute inhalation toxicity in rats following exposure to emissions from current and new formulations of violet-colored M18 smoke grenades.

# 2. CONCLUSIONS.

- a. Groups of rats were exposed for 10 or 2 minutes to high (1136 and 2150 mg/m³, respectively) and low (419 and 1375 mg/m³, respectively) concentrations of combustion emissions from the current formulation of violet-colored M18 smoke grenades and for 10 minutes to the high (1146 mg/m³) concentration of the new formulation of violet-colored M18 smoke grenades.
- b. Ten-minute exposures to combustion emissions from the current formulation resulted in the deaths of 11 rats at the high concentration upon exposure termination and no deaths at the low concentration. Two-minute exposures to the high and low concentrations of current grenade emissions as well as 10-minute exposures to the high concentration of new grenade emissions resulted in no deaths.
- c. Serial necropsies of surviving rats exposed to current grenade emissions at 1, 7, and 90 days post-exposure and the resulting body weight data, organ weight ratios, hematology, serum chemistry, and histopathologic findings showed no specific evidence of long-term toxicity. Body weight data and gross necropsy results of rats exposed to the high concentration of new M18 smoke grenade emissions showed no evidence of toxicity.
- d. Based on the lethality produced during the 10-minute exposures to the high concentration of current M18 violet smoke grenade emissions, exposure to high concentrations of the new violet smoke formulation appears to pose less of a toxicological risk.

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# TOXICOLOGY STUDY NO. 85-XC-0497-07 PROTOCOL NO. 0497-24-05-08-01 TOXICITY OF ACUTE INHALATION EXPOSURE OF EMISSIONS FROM THE VIOLET-COLORED M18 SMOKE GRENADE IN RATS JULY 2007

- 1. REFERENCES. See Appendix A for a listing of references.
- 2. AUTHORITY. Military Interdepartmental Purchase Request (MIPR), W74RDV62981402, July 23, 2003, requesting United States Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (USACHPPM) support of Environmental Security Technology Certification Program (ESTCP), for toxicity testing of M18 Violet Smoke Grenade.
- 3. PURPOSE. The purpose of this study was to assess and compare the acute inhalation toxicity in rats following exposure to emissions from current and new formulations of violet-colored M18 smoke grenades.

### 4. GENERAL BACKGROUND.

- a. The U.S. Army uses smokes and obscurants to shield armed forces from view, signal friendly forces, and mark positions. However, many kinds of grenade smokes contain dyes and other materials that could pose a hazard to human health and the environment. The Army smoke and dye replacement program found a sugar formulation that successfully replaces the sulfur in most M18 smoke grenades used by the U.S. military. At the program's onset, the switch to the sugar mixture was successful for green and yellow M18 grenades, but changes to the red and violet M18 smoke grenades were more difficult (reference 1).
- b. Initially, the new dyes (for the red and violet smoke grenades) burned instead of smoked; thus, they did not produce enough colored smoke to meet strict military standards. Eventually, the violet smoke grenade was reconfigured to successfully produce the right color, amount of smoke and burn time. However, the smoke produced by the redesigned red smoke grenades was too pale compared to the original.
- c. The Army seeks to reduce the likelihood that exposure to smokes during training would have adverse health effects on military personnel or civilians. To protect the health of exposed individuals, the Office of the Army Surgeon General requested that the National Research Council (NRC) independently review data on the toxicity of smokes and obscurants and recommend exposure guidance levels for military personnel in training and for the general public residing or working near military-training facilities. The NRC concludes that the available toxicity data base for the combustion products of the old and new smoke formulations is inadequate for use in assessing the potential health risk of exposure to these smokes and in recommending exposure guidance levels. The subcommittee recommends that, at a minimum, acute inhalation studies be conducted in experimental animals to test the toxicity of the colored

smokes (references 2 and 3). USACHPPM was tasked to conduct these studies and the ESTCP provided funding for toxicity testing for the violet-colored grenades.

d. Table 1 provides an overview of the critical events and their corresponding dates for all phases of the study.

Table 1. Critical Study Events

Critical Event	Date of Event
Protocol approval	08/23/2005
Pilot study (current smoke) animals received	12/12/2005
Experimental start	12/14/2005
Pilot study (current smoke) exposure	12/14/2005
Pilot study (current smoke) necropsies	12/21/2005
10-minute exposure (current smoke) animals received	01/18/2006
10-minute high and control conc. (current smoke) exposures	01/24/2006
1-day hold necropsies (10 minute exposure, current smoke)	01/25/2006
7-day hold necropsies (10 minute exposure, current smoke)	01/31/2006
90-day hold necropsies (10 minute exposure, current smoke)	04/24/2006
10-minute low conc. (current smoke) exposure	01/26/2006
1-day hold necropsies (10 minute exposure, current smoke)	01/27/2006
7-day hold necropsies (10 minute exposure, current smoke)	02/02/2006
90-day hold necropsies (10 minute exposure, current smoke)	04/26/2006
2-minute exposure (current smoke) animals received	02/15/2006
2-minute high and control conc. (current smoke) exposures	02/21/2006
1-day hold necropsies (2 minute exposure, current smoke)	02/22/2006
7-day hold necropsies (2 minute exposure, current smoke)	02/28/2006
90-day hold necropsies (2 minute exposure, current smoke)	05/22/2006
2-minute low conc. (current smoke) exposure	02/23/2006
1-day hold necropsies (2 minute exposure, current smoke)	02/24/2006
7-day hold necropsies (2 minute exposure, current smoke)	03/02/2006
90-day hold necropsies (2 minute exposure, current smoke)	05/24/2006
Pilot study (prototype smoke) animals received	07/19/2006
Pilot study (prototype smoke) exposure	07/26/2006
Pilot study (prototype smoke) necropsies	08/02/2006
Final exposure (prototype smoke) animals received	11/15/2006
Final exposure (prototype smoke)	11/21/2006
Final exposure (prototype smoke) necropsies	11/28/2006
Experimental termination date	11/28/2006
Final report completion	07/11/2007

# 5. MATERIALS.

a. <u>Test Substance</u>. The grenades were provided by the Edgewood Chemical Biological Center. The current grenades were identified as lot number PB-85E067-002, and the ESTCP prototype grenades were identified as lot number 3580-JM-050623-01.

b. <u>Animals</u>.\*† The pilot studies were conducted using male and female Sprague-Dawley rats, while the main studies were conducted using female rats only. The rats were obtained from Charles River Laboratories, Wilmington, Massachusetts. The rats were pair housed in polycarbonate cages supplied with Harlan Sani-Chip® certified laboratory animal bedding. Water and a certified pesticide-free rodent ration (Harlan Teklad®, 8728C Certified Rodent Diet) were offered *ad libitum* (reference 4). Room temperature was maintained between 64 and 79 °F and the relative humidity maintained between 30% and 70%. A 12-hour light / 12-hour dark cycle was maintained by automatic timers (reference 5). A total of six animals not chosen for these studies but housed in the same room were returned to Charles River Laboratories periodically to assess the general health of the purchased animals. Following a 1-week quarantine/acclimation period, the rats were randomly placed into test and control groups. Table 2 outlines the overall study plan and the number of animals used in each phase.

Table 2. Study Plan

Current Violet-Colored M18: 10 min. Exposure				
Exposure	No. of Rats	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
Pilot Study	5 per sex		10	
6 ft. concentration (High)	24	8	8	8
Edge of plume (Low)	24	8	8	8
Control	18	Six to be used at each sacrifice interval		
Curi	rent Violet-Col	ored M18: 2 min	n. Exposure	
Exposure	No. of Rats	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
6 ft. concentration (High)	24	8	8	8
Edge of plume (Low)	24	8	8	8
Control	Control 18 Six to be used at each sacrifice interval			fice interval

<sup>\*</sup> In conducting the studies described herein, the investigators adhered to the *Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals*, Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources, Commission on Life Sciences, National Research Council. National Academy Press, Washington, D.C. 1996.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The studies reported herein were performed in animal facilities fully accredited by the American Association for the Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Harlan Sani-Chip is a registered trademark of P.J. Murphy Forest Products Corporation, Montville, New Jersey.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Teklad Certified Rat Diet is a registered trademark of Harlan, Teklad, Madison, Wisconsin.

Prototype Violet-Colored M18: 10 min.Exposure				
Exposure	No. of Rats	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice
Pilot Study	5 per sex		10	
6 ft. concentration (High)	12 female		12	

c. <u>Contract Studies</u> . , DVM	I, PhD, Biotechnics, Hillsborough, North Carolina,
performed the histopathological evaluations of	n animals exposed to the current smoke grenade.
, DVM, MAJ, VC;	, DVM, MAJ, VC; , DVM,
MAJ, VC; DVM, MAJ, VC; and	, PhD, Toxicologist performed
the in-house reviews on various phases of the	necropsies.

- d. <u>Quality Assurance</u>. The USACHPPM Strategic Initiatives Office audited critical phases of these studies. Appendix B provides the dates of these audits along with the audited phase.
- e. <u>Study Personnel</u>. Appendix C contains the names of persons contributing to the performance of these studies.

# 6. METHODS.

- a. Exposure System. The exposures were performed in a 400-liter, dynamic airflow inhalation chamber. A baffle and tangential feed at the inlet promoted aerosol mixing and uniform distribution of the test atmosphere. The smoke grenades were activated inside a 1000-liter static chamber connected via polyvinyl chloride pipe to another 1000-liter dilution chamber. The resulting smoke emissions were allowed to mix and were then drawn through an intake pipe to the inlet of the exposure chamber. A ball valve was placed inline of the intake pipe between the dilution and exposure chambers and adjusted to produce target concentrations and to affect slight negative pressure inside the chamber. After exposure, the chamber air was exhausted through a High Efficiency Particulate Air filter.
- b. Exposure. The test procedures were performed in accordance with the Toxicology Directorate Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Acute Inhalation Toxicity Studies (reference 6). The USACHPPM Animal Use Protocol with modifications is included as Appendix D. Pilot studies were performed for both the current and prototype smokes to determine if the target chamber concentrations were set at an appropriate level, if the introduction of the rats would affect chamber calibration settings, and if either male or female rats appeared to be more sensitive to the combustion emissions. Each of the final 2-minute or 10-minute exposures for the current grenade were conducted on a Tuesday or Thursday in a given week over 2 days. On a Tuesday, the control group was exposed first, followed by the high test group. The control groups were subjected to the same procedure as the test groups but without the addition of smoke. On the second day, the low test group was exposed. Emissions from the prototype grenade were tested using a single 10 minute exposure to a nearly identical concentration as the high test group from the 10-minute exposure to the current grenade

emissions. Rats were weighed to the nearest gram just prior to exposure and individually placed in a compartmentalized, stainless steel wire mesh exposure cage. Each compartment measures 6.5" long x 3.75" wide x 3" high. The exposure cages were positioned in the middle of the chamber and the chamber sealed for each whole-body exposure. Chamber airflow was verified prior to the initiation of each exposure using and Alnor<sup>®</sup> CompuFlow<sup>®</sup> Model 8575 Multi-Purpose Meter. Since chamber airflow was monitored in the exhaust pipe of the exposure chamber, the airflow was not monitored continuously throughout the exposure to prevent possible contamination of the probe. Chamber temperature and humidity was monitored continuously throughout the exposure using an Omega<sup>®</sup> Digital Thermo-Hygrometer and was recorded at the beginning and end of each exposure.

- c. Exposure Atmosphere Characterization. Chamber atmosphere was sampled for particulate mass concentration, particle size, select heavy metals, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and sulfur dioxide. Particulate mass within the 400-liter animal exposure chamber was measured gravimetrically by drawing known volumes of chamber atmosphere from the breathing zone of the rats through a 25mm filter cassette containing a pre-weighed Gelman glass fiber (Type A/E) filter. Sampling occurred for 10 minutes at 1 liter/minute for the 10 minute exposures and for 2 minutes at 4 liters/minute for the 2 minute exposures. Filters were weighed on a Cahn Model C-30 Microbalance. The atmospheric concentration of aerosol test material was calculated from the difference in the pre- and post-sampling filter weights divided by the total volume of chamber air sampled. Samples to determine particle size distribution were taken between 1 and 9 minutes for the 10 minute exposures and throughout the entire exposure for the 2 minute exposures. Particle size distribution was determined with a Sierra<sup>®</sup> Series 210 Cascade Impactor and Sierra Series 110 Constant Flow Air Sampler set at 7 liters/minute. Particulate emissions composition (CAD SOP CAB144.1), heavy metals (NIOSH method 7300), and sulfur dioxide (OSHA method ID 200) were analyzed by USACHPPM Directorate of Laboratory Sciences. VOCs were collected by personnel from the USACHPPM Air Quality Surveillance Program and analyzed by EPA method TO14A at Lancaster Laboratories, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.
- d. <u>Post Exposure</u>. Upon completion of the exposure, rats were returned to their home cages and observed daily for toxic signs and, where appropriate, weighed weekly during the post-exposure period.
- e. <u>Necropsy.</u> At the end of 1 day, 7 days or 90 days, eight animals from each dose group of the current grenade exposures (plus three chamber controls) were sedated with an intramuscular injection of xylazine/ketamine cocktail prior to blood withdrawal by intracardiac puncture. Following blood collection, rats were euthanized by carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) asphyxiation. Blood

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Alnor is a registered trademark of Alnor Instrument Company, Skokie, Illinois 60077.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> CompuFlow is a registered trademark of Alnor Instrument Company, Skokie, Illinois 60077.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Omega is a registered trademark of Omega Engineering, Inc., Stamford, Connecticut 06907.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Sierra is a registered trademark of Sierra Instruments, Inc., Carmel Valley, California 93924.

samples were analyzed for hematology and clinical chemistry. The following tissues were harvested and weighed: adrenals, brain, heart, kidneys, liver, lungs, ovaries, spleen, thymus, and uterus. Also harvested were pituitary, trachea, esophagus, lung-associated lymph nodes, thyroid/parathyroid, aorta, heart, stomach, duodenum, jejunum, caecum, colon, mesentery lymph, thymus, salivary, pancreas, eye, harderian gland, skeletal muscle, skin, tongue, urinary bladder, spinal chord, peripheral nerve, nasal turbinates, bone, and bone marrow. The nasal turbinates, trachea, lungs, and liver from all animals were submitted for histopathological evaluation, in addition to any other tissue system showing gross abnormalities. At the conclusion of 7 days following exposure to the prototype grenade emissions, all animals were euthanized via CO<sub>2</sub> asphyxiation and submitted for gross necropsy. Blood and tissue samples were not taken for further evaluation.

- (1) Hematology parameters included the following (Cell-Dyn 3700 Hematology Analyzer, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL 60064): white blood cell count (WBC), WBC differential (% neutrophils (NEU %N), % lymphocytes (LYM %L), % monocytes (MONO %M), % eosinophils (EOS %E), % basophils (BASO %B)), red blood cell count (RBC), hemoglobin (HGB), hematocrit (HCT), mean cell volume (MCV), mean cell hemoglobin (MCH), mean cell hemoglobin concentration (MCHC), red blood cell distribution width (RDW), platelets (PLT), and mean platelet volume (MPV).
- (2) Clinical chemistry included the following (VetTest 8008 Chemistry Analyzer and VetLyte Na, K, Cl Analyzer, IDEXX Laboratories, Inc., One IDEXX Drive, Westbrook, ME 04092): alkaline phosphatase (ALK P), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), blood urea nitrogen (BUN), calcium (Ca), cholesterol (CHOL), creatinine kinase (CK), creatinine (CREA), glucose (non-fasting) (GLU), lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), total bilirubin (TBIL), total protein (TP), triglycerides (TRIG), sodium (Na), potassium (K), and chlorine (Cl).
- f. <u>Data Analysis</u>. For all variables, the dose groups and observation days were compared using a two-factor analysis of variance (ANOVA) at each exposure time on the parameters that were collected: blood chemistry, hematology, and body weight. Organ-to-brain and organ-to-body weight ratios were calculated and analyzed similarly to the other parameters measured. These analyses were followed by a Tukey's multiple comparison test to further compare the dose groups and observation days. If a significant interaction of necropsy day and dose group was observed, then a one factor ANOVA was performed to compare the dose groups at each exposure time and necropsy day. SPSS 14.0 was used to perform all analyses, and statistical significance was defined as  $p \le 0.05$  for all tests. A complete copy of the statistical report appears as Appendix E.

# 7. RESULTS.

a. <u>Exposure Atmosphere Characterization</u>. Table 3 presented the particulate mass concentrations and particle size data. Chamber airflows and environmental conditions are presented in Table 4. Particulate emissions composition, heavy metals, VOCs, and sulfur dioxide concentrations are listed in Appendix F.

Table 3. Particulate Mass Concentrations and Particle Size Data

Current Violet-Colored M18: 10-min. Exposure			
Exposure	Concentration (mg/m³)	MMAD (μm)	$\sigma_{ m g}$
Pilot Study	829	0.77	5.4
High	1136	0.78	5.6
Low	419	0.93	4.5
	<b>Current Violet-Colored</b>	M18: 2-min. Exposure	,
Exposure	Concentration	MMAD	$\sigma_{ m g}$
	$(mg/m^3)$	(µm)	·
High	2150	1.24	4.1
Low	1375	1.25	4.0
P	rototype Violet-Colored	M18: 10-min. Exposu	re
Exposure	Concentration (mg/m³)	MMAD (μm)	$\sigma_{ m g}$
Pilot Study	1154	2.41	3.17
High	1146	2.01	3.4

Table 4. Chamber Airflows and Environmental Conditions

Current Violet-Colored M18: 10-min. Exposure			
Exposure	Airflow	Temp/Humidity	Temp/Humidity
	(feet/minute)	(start)	(end)
Pilot Study	760	71°F / 11%	not taken
High	765	72°F / 36%	70°F / 47%
Low	755	70°F / 25%	72°F / 24%
	<b>Current Violet-Colored</b>	M18: 2-min. Exposure	<b>)</b>
Exposure			
High	950	69°F / 25%	71°F / 29%
Low	1005	72°F / 38%	73°F / 40%
Prototype Violet-Colored M18: 10-min. Exposure			
Exposure			
Pilot Study	1080	71°F / 11%	71°F / 11%
High	1150	71°F / 11%	71°F / 11%

# b. Toxic Signs and Body Weights

- (1) A total of 11 rats from the 10-minute high concentration exposures to emissions from the current grenade died during the exposure. Necropsies were performed on these rats upon discovery, and selected tissues were submitted for histopathologic examination. All 11 rats exhibited purple discoloration of the fur, feet, bronchus, external nares, and oral cavity. Ten of the 11 rats had purple-colored solid masses at the opening of the trachea and dark-colored livers. One rat showed purple discoloration in the lungs. All surviving animals from the 10-minute high concentration exposures showed signs of lacrimation and squinting (one of which was prostrate) upon removal from the chamber. All of these signs disappeared within 4 hours following exposure termination. Rats exposed to the high concentration for 2 minutes did not exhibit any toxic signs post-exposure except for purple discoloration of the fur.
- (2) Upon removal from the chamber, all rats exposed to the low concentration of the current grenade for 10 minutes showed purple discoloration of the fur, lacrimation, and squinting. Rats exposed to the low concentration for 2 minutes did not exhibit any toxic signs post-exposure except for purple discoloration of the fur. Within 30 minutes post-exposure, the lacrimation and squinting signs had disappeared.
- (3) Transient clinical signs, such as alopecia (hair loss), were noted on occasion throughout the 90-day post-exposure observation period. However, these signs were observed throughout the high, low, and control exposure concentrations and were not considered to be treatment-related.
- (4) With the exception of several 1-day hold exposure groups, surviving animals in all other current grenade exposure groups gained weight on a weekly basis at a normal rate. Weight loss on post exposure day 1 is commonly observed, even in the absence of toxic signs, due to the stress associated with exposure. Statistical analysis of body weights showed no significant differences in growth rates between the exposure groups and the control group. Body weight data is presented as Appendix G.
- (5) Rats exposed for 10 minutes to the high concentration of prototype grenade emissions did not exhibit any toxic signs post-exposure except for purple discoloration of the fur. These rats also gained weight at a normal rate during the 7-day post-exposure observation period.
- c. <u>Biosample Data</u>. In general, very few exposure group differences compared to controls were observed in any of the organ-to-body/brain weight ratios, hematology, or serum chemistry. Statistically significant differences were most commonly observed between the high and low exposure groups. Dose group differences are described below. Tabulated results of these parameters are presented in more detail in Appendices H through K.

- (1) Organ-to-Body/Brain Weight Ratios. The spleen-to-body and spleen-to-brain weight ratios of rats exposed to the low concentration of emissions from the current M-18 grenade for 10 minutes were significantly greater than controls at the 90-day sacrifice.
- (2) Hematology and Serum Chemistry. Significant differences were found in Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) values between the low and all other exposure groups at the 1-day sacrifice (2-minute exposure) and between the high and all other exposure groups at the 1-day sacrifice (10-minute exposure). Glucose (GLU) values for the 10 minute exposure at the 90-day sacrifice were significantly higher in the high exposure group as compared to the control and low-dose groups. Sodium (Na) values in the control group at the 90-day sacrifice (10-minute exposure) were significantly higher than the high and low exposure groups at the corresponding sacrifice interval. For the 10-minute exposures, the low exposure group had a significantly higher percent eosinophils and a significantly lower number of platelets compared to controls, regardless of the sacrifice interval. In addition to the statistical significance versus controls reported above, significant differences between the high and low exposure groups were observed in Alkaline Phophatase (ALK P) values for the 1-day sacrifice interval (2-minute exposure), percent lymphocytes for the 1-day sacrifice interval (10-minute exposure), and in the red blood cell distribution width (RDW) for the 7-day sacrifice (10-minute exposure).
- d. <u>Histopathology</u>. The following paragraphs summarize the histopathology report, which can be found in its entirety as Appendix L.
- (1) Eleven of the 24 rats exposed to 1136 mg/m³ for 10 minutes were found dead at the end of the exposure period (current violet smoke grenade) on Day 0. There were no specific alterations evident in the protocol-specified tissue sections to account for the deaths of these animals, nor were there any test substance-related specific alterations noted in the tissue sections. The gross alterations noted in these animals included purple discolorations/masses associated with fur and feet, external nares, oral or buccal cavity, and/or anterior trachea. These alterations were not evident in the tissue sections and were presumed to represent particulate material associated with the test substance that was not recognizable following the processing to tissue sections. The congestion that was commonly noted in the sections of liver and/or lung was considered secondary to agonal death, rather than representing a test substance-specific alteration.
- (2) No clearly specific histologic evidence of toxicity related to the exposure to current violet-colored M18 smoke grenade emissions was noted in this study. Minimal degeneration was noted in the bronchioles of one of four rats exposed to 1136 mg/m³ for 10 minutes. Due to the small number of rats examined at this time point, it is unclear if this alteration represents a reproducible test substance-related finding.
- (3) A hemangiosarcoma with metastasis to the lung was noted in one of eight rats sacrificed 90 days after exposure to 2150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for 2 minutes. While the specific induction of a hemangiosarcoma within 90 days would be quite unusual, it should be noted that spontaneous

hemangiosarcomas are uncommon in Sprague Dawley rats. This study was not designed with sufficient power to assess possible carcinogenic effects and, thus, it cannot be concluded that there is a specific carcinogenic effect with respect to this tumor.

(4) No clearly specific histologic evidence of toxicity related to the exposure to current violet-colored M18 smoke grenade emissions was noted in this study.

# 8. DISCUSSION.

- a. This acute inhalation toxicity study was designed to assess and evaluate the toxic characteristics of a single-dose exposure to emissions from the violet-colored M18 smoke grenade in the rat. The protocol was designed to provide comparisons of emissions from the current and prototype violet-colored M18 smoke grenades. Based on the death of one female rat during the current smoke pilot study, it was determined that female rats appeared to be more sensitive to the effects of the combustion emissions. Therefore, the study design was modified so that only female rats would be exposed. Since no deaths resulted from the prototype pilot study (5 rats/sex), it was decided that 12 additional rats exposed to prototype grenade emissions at a similar concentration for 10 minutes would provide the same level of confidence when compared to the 11/24 mortality rate observed during exposure to the current grenade emissions. In addition, due to a lack of significant histopathologic findings in any of the surviving rats from the current smoke exposure (1-, 7-, or 90-day hold), the study design for the prototype grenade was modified so that only gross necropsies would be performed. The rationale was that if no long-term effects were observed in the histopathology results from the current smoke, which appeared to be more toxic, than there would likely be no long-term effects from exposure to the less toxic prototype grenade emissions.
- b. Rats were exposed to smoke concentrations estimated to correspond to a 2-minute exposure and 10-minute exposure (smoke grenades normally only burn for 50-90 seconds) to the smokes at 6 feet (soldier standing over grenade while it is burning) and 18 feet as the worst-potential field exposures. The exposure concentrations were determined by taking the concentrations of a green smoke grenade (sugar-based) at 6, 18, and 30 feet. The difference between the field concentrations at 18 and 30 feet was so negligible that they were combined as a single-exposure concentration. Since the colored smokes are normally used as a signaling device, it is expected that most soldier exposures would be to the low concentration for less than 2 minutes. Some examples of the U.S. Air Force and medical services of the U.S. Army using the colored smoke as an obscurant were found, which would put their exposures in the low to high concentration range for 2 minutes based on their tasks. Serial necropsies were performed on rats exposed to current M-18 grenade emissions to monitor the course of any toxic effects, particularly long-term effects not heretofore studied in rats. Toxicological endpoints included clinical signs, body weights, organ weight ratios, hematology, serum chemistry, and histopathologic examination.

- c. There was essentially no dose-response relationship in surviving animals between the control, low, or high exposure groups at any sacrifice interval for the 2- and 10-minute exposures. The significance observed in the spleen-to-body and spleen-to-brain weight ratios of rats exposed to the low concentration of emissions from the current M-18 grenade for 10 minutes does not appear to be a compound-related finding and was more likely due to differences in tissue trimming techniques or the overall lower body weight of that particular exposure group. Histopathological analysis confirmed this assumption and reported all spleen tissues within normal limits. Statistical significance observed in the hematology and serum chemistry data was sporadic and did not exhibit any clear dose-related trends. Comparison of the significant hematology and serum chemistry results with reference data indicated that all three exposure groups, including the group exhibiting significance, were usually either within or outside of reference ranges for a given necropsy interval (reference 7). Differences in blood sampling methods and analytical techniques can commonly lead to data outside of reported reference ranges, and histopathological analysis of selected blood-conditioning organs did not support any significance observed in hematology and serum chemistry data.
- d. Gross findings from the necropsies of the 11 rats that died during exposure to the high concentration (10-minute exposure) of the current M-18 violet smoke revealed that nearly all of the rats had purple masses obstructing the anterior end of the trachea. Histopathological analysis of the tissues confirmed that the rats had no test substance-specific alterations and had likely died from a lack of oxygen associated with the masses in the trachea. In comparison, no deaths were associated with exposure to a nearly identical concentration of the prototype grenade emissions for 10 minutes and necropsies of these rats at 7 days post-exposure did not reveal any gross findings. Particle size analysis of both the current and prototype M-18 smokes showed that the current grenade has a smaller emission particle size (0.78µm MMAD) compared to the prototype grenade (2.01µm MMAD). Previous research on particle deposition in the respiratory tract of the laboratory rat has shown that particles in the  $0.80 - 2.00 \,\mu m$  range are primarily deposited in the lower pulmonary region (8-12%), with 2-5% being trapped in the tracheobronchial region (reference 8). However, particle deposition is dependent on many factors other than particle size, including particle characteristics, respiratory-tract geometry, and ventilation characteristics. The distribution of the particle sizes  $(\sigma_{\sigma})$  between the two violet smokes could have also played a role in the pattern of deposition in the respiratory tract. Studies have shown that aerosols with similar median aerodynamic sizes but higher distribution values "may be deposited to a greater extent in the upper respiratory tract because of the presence of a certain fraction of large particles that were effectively removed by impaction" (reference 9). This impaction typically occurs at the tracheobronchial tree branching point when the particle velocity is slowed. Although the purple masses were observed in the rats that died during exposure anterior to this branching point (opening of the trachea), the inside of the trachea was not examined below the mass making it possible that the mass started at the tracheobronchial split and continued to the opening of the trachea. Once the tissues were placed in formalin for further analysis, the masses dissolved and were not observed by the histopathologist.

e. Perhaps the sulfur dioxide concentrations associated with the current grenade emissions compared to the prototype grenade could provide a more valid explanation of the tracheal masses observed in the gross necropsies. The sulfur dioxide concentration during the high concentration exposure to current grenade emissions for 10 minutes was reported to be 2000 µg/L (approximately 760 ppm). Sulfur dioxide is considered a primary irritant and, at toxic levels, can greatly irritate the nose and throat. "Sulfur dioxide is very soluble in, and reactive with, water. In the moist pulmonary environment, SO<sub>2</sub> produces sulfurous acid, a severe irritant and mucociliary transport inhibitor, in addition to bisulfate and sulfite, which in turn affect the smooth muscles and nerves involved in bronchoconstriction" (reference 10). Table 4 provides an overview of typical levels of human dose dependent effects.

Table 4. Effects of Sulfur Dioxide Exposure

CONCENTRATION	EFFECTS		
5 ppm	Dryness of nose and throat; increased resistance to bronchial airflow (Threshold Limit		
	Value – Short-Term Exposure Limit (TLV-STEL) <sup>1</sup>		
6-8 ppm	Noticeable decrease in tidal respiratory volume		
10 ppm	Sneezing, coughing, and wheezing with eye, nose, and throat irritation		
20 ppm	Initiation of bronchospasms with likely eye irritation		
>50 ppm	Reflex closure of glottis and last for a period of minutes		
100 ppm	Immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH) <sup>2</sup>		
>1000 ppm	Usually fatal within 10 minutes by respiratory depression		

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists adopted value

The reported sulfur dioxide levels within the chamber during the 10-minute exposure were well within the range reported to cause bronchoconstriction, reflex closure of the glottis, and a decrease in tidal respiratory volume. The combination of these three effects likely caused the smoke particles to build up at the opening of the trachea and form a solid mass as they reacted with the moisture in the respiratory tract. In addition, the primary method of particle clearance in the upper respiratory tract and tracheobronchial tree surfaces is mucociliary transport, which is typically inhibited by exposure to sulfur dioxide. The histopathological finding that "congestion commonly noted in the sections of liver and/or lung of animals that died during exposure was considered secondary to agonal death, rather than representing a test substance-specific alteration" supports this hypothesis. Sulfur dioxide samples taken during the low concentration exposure for 10 minutes were reported to be 380 µg/L (146 ppm), which were likely low enough to not be fatal within the 10-minute exposure period. Sulfur dioxide samples taken during the 2-minute exposures at the low and high concentrations were reported to be 230 µg/L (88 ppm) and 20 µg/L (8 ppm), respectively. The sulfur dioxide analytical results for the prototype exposure (10-minute only) were reported to be below the detection limit of 4 µg/L, which is below the TLV-STEL of 5 ppm and the time-weighted average of 2 ppm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Pocket Guide, September 2005

#### 9. CONCLUSIONS.

- a. Groups of rats were exposed for 10 or 2 minutes to high (1136 and 2150 mg/m³, respectively) and low (419 and 1375 mg/m³, respectively) concentrations of combustion emissions from the current formulation of violet-colored M18 smoke grenades and for 10 minutes to the high (1146 mg/m³) concentration of the new formulation of violet-colored M18 smoke grenades.
- b. Ten-minute exposures to combustion emissions from the current formulation resulted in the deaths of 11 rats at the high concentration upon exposure termination and no deaths at the low concentration. Two-minute exposures to the high and low concentrations of current grenade emissions as well as 10-minute exposures to the high concentration of new grenade emissions produced no deaths.
- c. Serial necropsies of surviving rats exposed to current grenade emissions at 1, 7, and 90 days post-exposure and the resulting body weight data, organ weight ratios, hematology, serum chemistry, and histopathologic findings showed no specific evidence of long term toxicity. Body weight data and gross necropsy results of rats exposed to the high concentration of new M18 smoke grenade emissions showed no evidence of toxicity.
- d. Based on the lethality produced during 10-minute exposures to the high concentration of current M18 violet smoke grenade emissions, exposure to high concentrations of the new violet smoke formulation appears to pose less of a toxicological risk.

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10. POINT OF CONTACT. Questions pertaining to this report should be referred to at DSN 584-5088, Commercial 410-436-5088, or by e-mail: @us.army.mil.

Biologist Toxicity Evaluation Program Toxicologist, Master Consultant Toxicity Evaluation Program

Associate Booz, Allen, Hamilton Biostatistician Strategic Initiatives Office

APPROVED:

Program Manager Toxicity Evaluation Program

#### APPENDIX A REFERENCES

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- 3. NRC (National Research Council). 1999. Toxicity of Military Smokes and Obscurants, Volume 3. Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press.
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### APPENDIX B Quality Assurance Statement

For: DTOX Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01, titled "Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats, July 2007." The following critical phases were audited by the Strategic Initiatives Office-Quality Assurance Team:

Critical Phase Inspected/Audited (SIO-QAT Checklist #)	Date Inspected /Audited	Date Reported to Management
Protocol Review (SIO-QAT checklist # 1.2)	07/22/05	07/22/05
Test System – Facilities (# 4.1)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test System – Identification (#4.3)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test System – Husbandry (#4.4)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test System – Food and Water Supply (# 4.6)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test Article – Facilities (# 5.1)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test Article – Control (# 5.2)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test Article – Receipt (# 5.3)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test Article – Preparation and Analysis (#5.4)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test Article – Inhalation (# 5.6)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Test Article – Facilities (# 5.1)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Test Article – Control (# 5.2)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Test Article – Receipt (# 5.3)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Test Article – Preparation and Analysis (#5.4)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Test Article – Inhalation (# 5.6)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Test Article – Facilities (# 5.1)	11/21/06	11/28/06
Test Article – Control (# 5.2)	11/21/06	11/28/06
Test Article – Receipt (# 5.3)	11/21/06	11/28/06
Test Article – Preparation and Analysis (#5.4)	11/21/06	11/28/06
Test Article – Inhalation (# 5.6)	11/21/06	11/28/06
Necropsy – General Requirements (# 7.1)	05/24/06	06/09/06
Necropsy – Procedures (# 7.2)	05/24/06	06/09/06
Necropsy – Solutions and Reagents (# 7.3)	05/24/06	06/09/06
Necropsy – Records (# 7.5)	05/24/06	06/09/06
Compliance w/ DTOX SOPs (# 11.1)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Compliance w/ DTOX SOPs (# 11.1)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Compliance w/ DTOX Protocols (# 12.1)	01/26/06	02/09/06
Compliance w/ DTOX Protocols (# 12.1)	07/26/06	07/28/06
Study Raw Data Review, Records and Specimen Storage, and Archiving (SIO-QAT # 14.2)	07/16/07	07/16/07
Final Study Report Review (SIO-QAT # 13.25)	07/16/07	07/16/07

Note: All findings were made known to the Study Director at the time of the audit/inspection.

GLP Assessor, SIO-QAT	Date
Team Leader, SIO-QAT	Date

#### APPENDIX C ARCHIVES AND STUDY PERSONNEL

#### 1. ARCHIVES.

2. PERSONNEL.

- a. All raw data, documentation, records, protocol, and a copy of the final report generated as a result of this study will be archived in room 1026, building E-2100, USACHPPM, for a minimum of five (5) years following submission of the final report to the Sponsor.
- b. Records on animal receipt, diet, and facility environmental parameters will be archived by the Veterinary Medical Division, Toxicology Directorate, for a minimum of five (5) years following submission of the final report to the Sponsor.
- c. Some ancillary records pertaining to this study, such as instrument maintenance logs, animal room observation logs, etc., will not be archived until those logbooks have been completed. Once complete they will be archived in room 1026, building E-2100, USACHPPM.

a. Management: Manager, Toxicity Eva	aluation Program	, Director of Toxicology; (TEP).	, Program
b. Study Director:	Biologist		

**Toxicity Evaluation Program** 

c. Quality Assurance: , Chemist, Strategic Initiatives Office.

d. Veterinary Support, Necropsies, and Animal Care: , DVM, MAJ, VC; , Biologist, TEP; , Animal Health Technician; , Animal Health Technician.

e. Archivist: , Chemist, Strategic Initiatives Office.

Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01, July 2007

# APPENDIX D ANIMAL USE PROTOCOL WITH MODIFICATIONS

# ANIMAL USE PROTOCOL TOXICOLOGY DIRECTORATE U.S. ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010-5403

**PROTOCOL TITLE:** Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

PROTOCOL NUMBER: 0497-24 - 05-08-01

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR/STUDY DIRECTOR:

Directorate of Toxicology 410-436-5080

**CO-INVESTIGATOR (S):** 

Directorate of Toxicology 410-436-5088

Directorate of Toxicology 410-436-5089

**SPONSOR:** Environmental Security Technology Certification Program

901 North Stuart Street

Suite 303

Arlington, VA 22203-1853

I. NON-TECHNICAL SYNOPSIS: Groups of rats will be subjected to a single, whole-body exposure to emissions from "old" and "new" violet colored M18 smoke grenades. Exposure will be to one of two preselected concentrations and last either two or ten minutes (see table, page 5). Rats will be euthanized at 1 day, 7 days and 90 days post exposure. Necropsies will be performed and tissues harvested to assess pathological changes to the respiratory tract caused by the airborne materials.

#### II. BACKGROUND:

II.1. Background: The U.S. Army uses smokes and obscurants to shield armed forces from view, signal friendly forces, and mark positions. However, many kinds of grenade smokes contain dyes and other materials that could pose a hazard to human health and the environment. The Army smoke and dye replacement program found a sugar formulation that successfully replaces the sulfur in most M18 smoke grenades used by the U.S. military. At the program's onset, the switch to the sugar mixture was successful for green and yellow M18 grenades, but changes to the red and violet M18 smoke grenades were more difficult.

Initially, the new dyes burned instead of smoked, not producing enough colored smoke to meet strict military standards. Eventually, the violet smoke grenade was reconfigured to successfully produce the right color, amount of smoke and burn time. However, the smoke produced by the redesigned red smoke grenades was too pale compared to the original.

The Army seeks to reduce the likelihood that exposure to smokes during training would have adverse health effects on military personnel or civilians. To protect the health of exposed individuals, the Office of the Army Surgeon General requested that the National Research Council (NRC) independently review data on the toxicity of smokes and obscurants and recommend exposure guidance levels for military personnel in training and for the general public residing or working near military-training facilities. The NRC concludes that the available toxicity data base for the combustion products of the old and new smoke formulations is inadequate for use in assessing the potential health risk of exposure to these smokes and in recommending exposure guidance levels. The subcommittee recommends that, at a minimum, acute inhalation studies be conducted in experimental animals to test the toxicity of the colored smokes. The Environmental Security Technology Certification Program provided funding for toxicity testing only for the violet-colored grenades.

This study will be conducted in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice Standards, 40 CFR, Part 792.

#### II.2. <u>Literature Search for Duplication</u>:

#### **II.2.1.** Literature Sources Searched:

DTIC: 1984-present

DoD Biomedical Research Database: FY1998-FY2002

PubMed: 1966-present

DIALOG ONESEARCH database including:

BIOSIS: 1969-present NTIS: 1964-present EMBASE: 1974-present PASCAL: 1973-present CA SEARCH: 1967-present

ELSEVIER BIOBASE: 1994-present

FEDRIP: 1998-present

INSIDE CONFERENCES: 1993-present

CAB ABSTRACTS: 1972-present

MEDLINE: 1966-present

BUSINESS & INDUSTRY: 1994-present DIALOG GLOBAL REPORTER: 1997-present IHS INTL. STANDARDS & SPECS: 1999 ENERGY SCITEC: 1974-present AEROBASE: 1999-present

GALE GROUP NEWSEARCH: 2005

DIALOG DEFENSE NEWSLETTERS: 1989-present

CBIAC: 1996-present TOXNET: 1900 +

CARS: NA

**II.2.2.** Date of Search: 7 Jul 2005

II.2.3. Period of Search: The range of years covered varies according to the database and are individually listed in II.2.1. No limits were placed on the years to be covered in this search.

II.2.4. Key Words of Search: M18, violet, colored smoke grenades, combustion products, inhalation, toxicity

II.2.5. Results of Search: The literature search revealed no inhalation studies that would suggest that our study would be a duplicate effort. However, a health risk assessment was conducted by USACHPPM to evaluate the potential for human health effects to offsite residents breathing air emissions following use of the old M18 Violet-Colored Smoke Grenade (reference 13). Air emissions data from the smoke grenade were collected in a test chamber, and was then used in an air dispersion model to determine ambient air concentrations at a location downwind from the site where the item was activated. Modeled air concentrations were combined with exposure information to estimate the amount of substances the hypothetical resident breathes. "The study results showed no potential for health risks from inhalation of air emissions from the M18 Violet-Colored Smoke Grenade."

In one animal study, the effects of a prototype violet dye mixture (VDM) consisting of Disperse Red 11 (the dye used in the new violet grenade) and Disperse Blue 3 on F344 male and female rats have been investigated by inhalation exposure, intratracheal instillation, or gavage (reference 14). Acute 1-day inhalation exposures (6 hr) to VDM were conducted at 1000, 300, 100, 70, 40, and 10 mg/m3, with an additional exposure to 40 mg/m3 6 hr/day for 5 days. Lung burdens of dye, general histopathology, and/or liver function were evaluated at 0, 3, and 7 days post exposure. Unexpected lethality due to severe liver damage was observed with acute exposures of > or = 300 mg/m3 and in the 5-day 40 mg/m3 exposures. In addition, nasal olfactory epithelium exhibited degeneration and necrosis with acute exposures > or = 10 mg/m3.

An acute inhalation study of the combustion products disseminated from the old M18 grenade was conducted in the monkey, dog, goat, swine, rabbit, rat, and guinea pig (reference15). The animals were exposed to concentrations ranging from 1.3 to 7.8 g/m<sup>3</sup> for 8 to 142 min. Exposure was followed by a 30-day observation period. The results were presented as a Bliss analysis of the combined mortality of the total number of animals of all species exposed to the combustion products. The combined LCT 50 for the combustion products was 211 mg·min/m<sup>3</sup>. Immediately after exposure, all animals showed upper-respiratory irritation and salivation. Gagging was evident in the dog,

swine, goat, and monkey. Prostration was noted in all species for 1 to 4 hr after exposure. Most deaths occurred within the first week after exposure. Although rats were used in this study, the concentrations and exposure times were variable, making any comparison to the current study impractical. The report goes on to state that disseminates from M18 grenades are of a low order of toxicity. The extremely high Ct's required to produce deaths and the toxic signs exhibited by the animals after exposure are similar to the responses caused by exposure to nontoxic dusts.

- III. OBJECTIVE/HYPOTHESIS: The objective of this study is to assess and compare the acute inhalation toxicity in rats following exposure to emissions from "old" and "new" formulations of violet colored M18 smoke grenades.
- IV. MILITARY RÉLEVANCE: The U.S. Army seeks to reduce the likelihood that exposure to smokes during training would have adverse health effects on military personnel or civilians. On the basis of its review and evaluation, the NRC concluded that additional research must be conducted on the toxicity of the colored smokes before well-informed recommendations for exposure guidance levels can be made. The Army requested recommendations for four types of exposure guidance levels: (1) emergency exposure guidance levels (EEGLs) for a rare, emergency situation resulting in exposure of military personnel for less than 24 hr; (2) repeated exposure guidance levels (REGLs) for repeated exposure of military personnel during training exercises; (3) short-term public emergency guidance levels (SPEGLs) for a rare, emergency situation potentially resulting in an exposure of the public to military-training smoke; and (4) repeated public exposure guidance levels (RPEGLs) for repeated exposures of the public residing or working near military-training facilities. Acute toxicity studies would be most relevant for recommending emergency guidance levels such as the EEGLs and SPEGLs.

#### V. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

- V.1. <u>Experimental Design and General Procedures:</u> Details of the experimental design and general procedures are described in TOX SOP 029.05.
- V.1.1. Experiment 1: Pilot Study. Five rats per sex will be exposed for 10 minutes to the 6 feet concentration of both the old and new smoke formulations as described below and in paragraph V.4. This exposure will serve to determine the more sensitive sex and to avoid catastrophic consequences during the main study. A total of ten rats to be used.
- V.1.1. Experiment 2: Main Study. If there are no sex differences revealed from the pilot study, male rats will be used. Otherwise, the more sensitive sex will be used. Groups of rats will be subjected to a single, whole-body exposure to emissions from violet colored M18 smoke grenades. Exposure concentrations were determined by collecting field samples of smoke grenade emissions at 6 feet and at the edge of the smoke plume. Results showed average concentrations of 864 mg/m³ and 482 mg/m³ at the 6 foot and edge of plume, respectively. Each group of rats will be exposed to these field concentrations for either two or ten minutes. Rats will be euthanized at 1 day, 7 days and 90 days post exposure. Necropsies will be performed and tissues harvested to assess

pathological changes to the respiratory tract caused by the airborne materials. Rat group assignments for both Experiments 1 and 2 are shown below. Experiment 1 animals are indicated; all others are treatment groups for Experiment 2:

"Old" Violet Colored M18: 10 min.Exposure					
Exposure	No. of Rats	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice	
Pilot Study	10		10		
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8	
Edge of plume	24	8	. 8	8	
Control	18	Six to be used at each sacrifice interval			
Total .	76				

"New" Violet Colored M18: 10 min. Exposure						
Exposure	No. of	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice		
	Rats		_			
Pilot Study	10		10			
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8		
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8		
Control	18	Six to be used at each sacrifice interval				
Total	76					

"Old" Violet Colored M18: 2 min.Exposure						
Exposure	No. of Rats 1 day sacrifice 7 day sacrifice 90 day sacrifice					
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8		
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8		
Control 18 Six to be used at each sacrifice interval						
Total	66					

"New" Violet Colored M18: 2 min. Exposure						
Exposure	No. of Rats	1 day sacrifice	7 day sacrifice	90 day sacrifice		
6 ft. concentration	24	8	8	8		
Edge of plume	24	8	8	8		
Control	18	Six to be used at each sacrifice interval				
Total	66					

#### **GRAND TOTAL FOR EXPERIMENTS 1 AND 2 = 284**

V.2. <u>Data Analysis:</u> Data from each treatment group will be statistically compared to controls using a one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA). If significance is observed, the

data will be analyzed further using Dunnett's post-hoc tests. Statistical significance is defined at the  $p \le 0.05$  level. Data to be analyzed will include: body weights, weight gains, absolute organ weights, organ-to-body weight ratios, organ-to-brain weight ratios, hematology, and clinical chemistry values.

#### V.3. Laboratory Animals Required and Justification:

- **V.3.1.** Non-animal Alternatives Considered: No tissue culture, cell culture or computer modeling procedure would replace the animal model recommended by the NRC.
- V.3.2. Animal Model and Species Justification: The NRC recommended that, at a minimum, acute inhalation studies be conducted in experimental animals to test the toxicity of the colored smokes. The rat is a commonly used species in inhalation studies, and a vast data base exists to compare test results.

#### V.3.3. Laboratory Animals:

V.3.3.1. Genus & Species: Rattus norvegicus

V.3.3.2. Strain/Stock: Sprague-Dawley

V.3.3.3. Source/Vendor: Charles River Laboratories (USDA # 14-R-0144)

**V.3.3.4. Age:** 8-12 weeks

V.3.3.5. Weight: age appropriate

V.3.3.6. Sex: Male and female. Exact breakdown depends on results of Experiment 1. See details above.

#### V.3.3.7. Special Considerations: None.

V.3.4. Number of Animals Required (By Species): 284 rats. Based on previous data from an acute inhalation study in rats, a sample size of 8 in each group will have greater than 95% power to detect at least a 30% change in organ to-body-weight ratios using a two group t-test with a 0.05 two-sided significance level.

#### V.3.5. Refinement, Reduction, Replacement:

- V.3.5.1. <u>Refinement</u>: Animals will be handled daily during quarantine and provided Nylabones. See Enclosure 3, Environmental Enrichment Plan.
- V.3.5.2. <u>Reduction</u>: A pilot study will be conducted initially to determine the more sensitive sex and to avoid catastrophic consequences during the main study. Control group animals will be combined for each exposure time thereby reducing the number of control animals needed for each exposure.

V.3.5.3 <u>Replacement</u>: No nonanimal alternatives are known to exist that will provide the required data.

#### V.4. Technical Methods:

The smoke grenades will be provided by Edgewood Chemical Biological Center. The compositions of the "old" and "new" formulations are listed in enclosure 4.

The exposures will be performed in a 400-liter, dynamic airflow inhalation chamber. The smoke grenades will be activated inside a 1000-liter static chamber. The resulting smoke emissions will be allowed to mix and then be drawn through an intake pipe to the inlet of the exposure chamber. A gate or ball valve will be placed inline of the intake pipe and adjusted to produce target concentrations and to affect slight negative pressure inside the chamber. The chamber exhaust air will be filtered by a HEPA filter.

In Experiment 2, 24 or 27 rats will comprise an exposure group and be exposed to a single field concentration for either 2 or 10 minutes. Rats will be weighed to the nearest gram just prior to exposure and individually placed in a compartmentalized, stainless steel wire mesh exposure cage. Each compartment measures 6.5" long x 3.75" wide x 3" high. The exposure cages will be positioned in the middle of the chamber and the chamber sealed. Chamber atmosphere will be sampled for particulate mass concentration, particle size, select heavy metals, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and sulfur dioxide.

Particulate mass will be measured gravimetrically, while particles size will be measured using an 8-stage cascade impactor. Particulate emissions composition (CAD SOP CAB144.1), heavy metals (NIOSH method 7300), and sulfur dioxide (OSHA method ID 200) will be analyzed by USACHPPM Directorate of Laboratory Sciences. VOCs will be collected by personnel from USACHPPM Air Quality Surveillance Program and analyzed by EPA method TO14A at Lancaster Laboratories, Lancaster, PA.

Upon completion of the exposure, rats will be returned to their home cages and observed at least once before the end of the day for toxic signs. The rats will be held until their scheduled necropsy time, during which routine veterinary care will be maintained (see paragraph V.5.2.1.). Rats will be also weighed weekly, where appropriate, during the post exposure period.

At the end of 1 day, 7 days or 90 days, eight animals from each dose group (plus three chamber controls) will be sedated with an intramuscular injection of acepromazine/ketamine cocktail prior to blood withdrawal by intracardiac puncture. Following blood collection, rats will be euthanized by CO<sub>2</sub> asphyxiation (see para.V.4.6) Blood samples will be analyzed for hematology and clinical chemistry. Hematology measurements will include: red blood cell count, hemoglobin, hematocrit, mean cell hemoglobin, mean cell volume, mean cell hemoglobin concentration, platelets, white cell count (WBC) and WBC differential counts. Serum chemistry measurements will include: alkaline phosphatase, alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, total bilirubin, calcium, cholesterol, glucose, total protein, triglycerides, and blood urea

nitrogen. The following tissues shall be harvested and weighed: brain, liver, kidneys, adrenals, spleen, testes, and lungs. Also harvested will be: pituitary, trachea, esophagus, thyroid/parathyroid, aorta, heart, stomach, duodenum, jejunum, caecum, colon, mesentery lymph, thymus, salivary, pancreas, eye, harderian gland, skeletal muscle, skin, tongue, epididymis, prostate, seminal vesicle, urinary bladder, spinal chord, peripheral nerve, nasal turbinates, bone and bone marrow. The nasal turbinates, trachea, lungs, and liver from all animals will undergo histopathological evaluation, in addition to any other tissue system showing gross abnormalities.

#### V.4.1. Pain/Distress Assessment:

Pain or distress is not anticipated during the conduct of these exposures.

Monitoring. In addition to routine general health monitoring done by caretaking staff, the study director or co-investigator will conduct monitoring of animals. During the study, animals will be monitored at least once in the morning and once in the afternoon. Investigators will note animal checks and animal status (including number of affected animals) in the Animal Room Log Books. Every attempt will be made to begin exposures at the beginning of the week to allow for monitoring and to minimize weekend deaths. If, at the end of the work week, no animals show signs that would meet criteria for euthanasia, animal checks and status will be conducted and recorded in the Animal Room Log Book and the assigned laboratory notebook.

Criteria for euthanasia. One or more of the following clinical signs will be indicative of a moribund animal: impaired ambulation which prevents animals from reaching food or water; excessive weight loss and extreme emaciation (loss of  $\geq$  20% starting body weight); lack of physical or mental alertness; prolonged labored breathing; or prolonged inability to remain upright. Animals demonstrating seizure-like activity will be monitored more frequently than twice per day, and if signs continue until the end of the workday, the animal will be euthanized. The Attending Veterinarian will be notified of all animal illness to evaluate moribund animals in conjunction with the PI. If the PI is unavailable, the Attending Veterinarian may make the decision to euthanize based on the above-listed clinical signs.

#### V.4.1.1. APHIS Form 7023 Information

#### V.4.1.1.1. Number of Animals

V.4.1.1.1. Column C: 284 rats (100%). This assessment is based on the conclusions of Owens et al, that disseminates from "old" M18 grenades are of a low order of toxicity. The extremely high Ct's required to produce deaths and the toxic signs exhibited by the animals after exposure are similar to the responses caused by exposure to nontoxic dusts (reference 15). Obviously there is no inhalation data on the prototype violet-colored smoke grenade. However it has been shown that Disperse Red 11 is not affected to a great extent by detonation of the grenade, and that toxicity testing on the dye alone showed no eye irritation and only mild skin irritation (reference 16).

V.4.1.1.1.2. Column D: 0 rats V.4.1.1.1.3. Column E: 0 rats V.4.1.2. Pain Relief/Prevention: NA V.4.1.2.1. Anesthesia/Analgesia/Tranquilization: NA V.4.1.2.2. Pre- and Post procedural Provisions: NA V.4.1.2.3. Paralytics: NA V.4.1.3. Literature Search for Alternatives to Painful or Distressful Procedures: NA V.4.1.3.1. Sources Searched: NA V.4.1.3.2. Date of Search: NA V.4.1.3.3. Period of Search: NA V.4.1.3.4. Key Words of Search: NA V.4.1.3.5. Results of Search: NA V.4.1.4. Unalleviated Painful/Distressful Procedure Justification: NA V.4.2. Prolonged Restraint: NA V.4.3 Surgery: NA V.4.3.1. Pre-surgical Provisions: NA V.4.3.2. Procedure: NA V.4.3.3. Post-surgical Provisions: NA V.4.3.4. Location: NA V.4.3.5. Surgeon: NA V.4.3.6. Multiple Major Survival Operative Procedures: NA V.4.3.6.1. Procedures: NA

V.4.3.6.2. Scientific Justification: NA

#### V.4.4. Animal Manipulations:

- **V.4.4.1.** Injections: Prior to blood withdrawal, rats will be sedated with an intramuscular injection of a ketamine/acepromazine cocktail (10:1) at a dosage of 2.2-5.0 mg/100g (based on ketamine). Injections will be administered with a 23 gauge or smaller needle.
- V.4.4.2. Biosamples: Blood samples will be collected under ketamine anesthesia by intracardiac puncture using an 18 gauge or smaller needle.

V.4.4.3. Adjuvents: NA

V.4.4.4. Monoclonal Antibody (MAbs) Production: NA

**V.4.4.5. Animal Identification:** Animals will be identified by microchip, along with individual cage cards according to Toxicology Programs SOP 003.04.

V.4.4.6. Behavioral Studies: NA

#### V.4.4.7. Other Procedures:

- 1. Aerosol exposures as described in V.4. During exposure, the study director or a co-investigator will continuously observe the rats for toxic signs, such as gasping, dyspnea, nasal and ocular irritation, and hunched posture. After the exposed rats are returned to their home cages, the rats will be observed at least twice a day (except weekends) by one of the aforementioned personnel. Toxic signs will be recorded in the appropriately assigned notebook.
- 2. Daily monitoring of animals see Paragraph V.4.1. "Pain/Distress Assessment: Monitoring".
- 3. Weighing: Animals will be weighed prior to exposure, upon death, on days 1 and 7 post exposure, and weekly thereafter.

#### V.4.4.8. Tissue Sharing: NA

- **V.4.5. Study Endpoint:** Study endpoint is euthanasia following the designated observation period. For experiment 1 (pilot study), this will occur 7 days post exposure. For experiment 2, euthanasia will be done on 1 day, 7 days, and 90 days post exposure. In either experiment, early euthanasia may be conducted on moribund animals as described previously in paragraph V.4.1, *Criteria for euthanasia*. The rats will be weighed, euthanized as described below, and submitted for necropsy.
- V.4.6. Euthanasia: Euthanasia will be performed via CO<sub>2</sub> as specified by TOX SOP No.066.04, Animal Euthanasia (reference 6), and in accordance with AVMA

guidelines (administered from a compressed CO2 canister, using a regulated flow valve). In addition to SOP procedures, after apparent death due to CO2, a bilateral pneumothorax will be created in all animals using a #10, 11 or 15 stainless scalpel blade cutting a small incision through the thorax wall (between ribs) on both sides of the thorax, or by making a small incision under the xiphoid process and through the diaphragm. This will occur in ALL animals prior to being given to the person conducting necropsy. Early euthanasia may be conducted on moribund animals as described previously in paragraph V.4.1, Criteria for euthanasia.

#### V.5 Veterinary Care:

V.5.1. Husbandry Considerations: The rats will be pair housed by sex in 9.5" W X 8.5" D X 8"H polycarbonate cages supplied with certified hardwood chip laboratory animal bedding. Water and a certified rodent ration will be offered *ad libitum*. Room temperature will be maintained between 64 and 79 degrees F and the relative humidity maintained between 30% and 70%. A 12-hour light / 12 hour dark cycle will be maintained by automatic timers. Following a minimum 7-day quarantine/acclimation period the rats will be exposed to the test compound. During exposure, rats will be individually held in compartmentalized exposure cages described in paragraph V.4 above. This is necessary to prevent rats from huddling and thus reducing optimal exposure to the test aerosol.

**V.5.1.1. Study Room:** Building E2101, room 10.

V.5.1.2 Special Husbandry Provisions: NA

V.5.1.3. Exceptions: NA

#### V. 5.2. Veterinary Medical Care:

V.5.2.1. Routine Veterinary Medical Care: All animals will be observed twice daily by the animal care staff. Appropriate methods of animal care shall be maintained to prevent, control, diagnose and treat diseases and injuries. If an animal becomes ill or injured, the observer will report findings to the attending veterinarian. If necessary, the animal will be euthanized by the Attending Veterinarian or animal care staff under the direction of the Attending Veterinarian in consultation with the principal investigator. If the PI is unavailable, the Attending Veterinarian may make the decision to euthanize based on criteria listed in V.4.1.

V.5.2.2. Emergency Veterinary Medical Care: Animals will be observed <u>daily</u> on weekends and holidays by the animal care staff. If an animal is noted to be ill, the Attending Veterinarian will be contacted.

#### V.5.3 Environmental Enrichment:

V.5.3.1 Enrichment Strategy: The rats will be pair housed as much as possible, and a member of the animal care staff or PI will handle all rats daily during the acclimation period. Rats will be provided Nylabones at all times except during exposures (enclosure 3, to be posted outside animal room). However, rats will individually housed during exposure.

V.5.3.2 Enrichment Restriction: NA

#### VI. STUDY PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS AND TRAINING:

Staff Member	Procedure	Training	Experience	Qualifications
	Chamber operation	(retired), USAEHA; Inhalation Toxicology Workshop, 1982; Short Course on Aerosol Technology, 1982; Principles and Practice of Industrial Toxicology, 1984.	25 + years working in toxicology laboratories, specializing in inhalation toxicology	BS, Biology
	Manipulations	U.S. Army Veterinary Technician Course, 1977; AALAS Lab Animal Technician Course, 1983; AALAS Lab Animal Technologist Course, 1983-1984; AALAS course on Developing Technicians Skills in Evaluating Clinical Signs in Lab Animals, 1986. The Care and Use of Lab Animals, May 2000	25 + years working in toxicology laboratories, with numerous lab animal species and routes of exposure	BS, Biology Certified AALAS Lab Animal Technologist
	Euthanasia	The Care and Use of Lab Animals, May 2000	25 + years in general toxicology, laboratory animal handling, euthanasia, and necropsy procedures.	BS, Biology; Certified AALAS Lab Animal Technologist

Manipulations	General handling observed and verified by Attending Veterinarian, Oct 2004	25 + years working in toxicology laboratories, with numerous lab animal species and routes of exposure	BS, Biology
Manipulations	Animal Welfare Act, Mar 2003, Implanting Microchips, Jun 2000, Necropsy procedures, bleeding, euthanasia, bones/tissue trimming, sample weighing, Apr 2000, Rodent Handling & Techniques, Nov 1996, Short Course on The Care & Use of Laboratory Animals, May 2000	10+ Yrs, Animal Research	MS, Environmental Science

VII. BIOHAZARD/SAFETY: General procedures for laboratory/animal facilities will be followed IAW Tox Programs SOP no. 083.04. The smoke grenades will be activated in a sealed 1000 liter chamber. Animal exposures will be conducted in a dynamic airflow chamber equipped with a HEPA filter downstream of chamber exhaust. The exposure chamber will be fully evacuated before animals are removed, and personnel will wear NIOSH N 95 or R 95 respirators during this procedure.

VIII. ENCLOSURES:

- 1. ARCHIVES AND SUPPORT PERSONNEL
- 2. REFERENCES
- 3. ENVIRONMENTAL ENRICHMENT PLAN
- 4. SMOKE FORMULATIONS

#### IX. STUDY TIME FRAME

- I.X.1 Estimated Experimental Initiation Date: Sep 2005
- I.X.2 Estimated Experimental Completion Date: Oct 2005

#### X. ASSURANCES:

As the Study Director/Principal Investigator on this protocol, I acknowledge my responsibilities and provide assurances for the following:

- A. Animal Use: The animals authorized for use in this protocol will be used only in the activities and in the manner described herein, unless a modification is specifically approved by the IACUC prior to its implementation.
- **B.** Duplication of Effort: I have made every effort to ensure that this protocol is not an unnecessary duplication of previous experiments.
- C. Statistical Assurance: I assure that I have consulted with a qualified individual who evaluated the experimental design with respect to the statistical analysis, and that the minimum number of animals needed for scientific validity will be used. The study design and number of animals are dictated by an EPA guideline.
- D. Biohazard/Safety: I have taken into consideration and made the proper coordinations regarding all applicable rules and regulations concerning radiation protection, biosafety, recombinant issues, and so forth, in the preparation of this protocol.
- E. Training: I verify that the personnel performing the animal procedures/manipulations/observations described in this protocol are technically competent and have been properly trained to ensure that no unnecessary pain or distress will be caused to the animals as a result of the procedures/manipulations.
- F. Responsibility: I acknowledge the inherent moral, ethical and administrative obligations associated with the performance of this animal use protocol, and I assure that all individuals associated with this project will demonstrate a concern for the health, comfort, welfare, and well-being of the research animals. Additionally, I pledge to conduct this study in the spirit of the fourth "R," namely "Responsibility," which the DOD has embraced for implementing animal use alternatives where feasible and conducting humane and lawful research.
- G. Scientific Review: This proposed animal use protocol has received appropriate peer scientific review and is consistent with good scientific research practice.
  - H. Painful Procedures: NA



#### X. ASSURANCES:

As the Study Director/Principal Investigator on this protocol, I acknowledge my responsibilities and provide assurances for the following:

- A. Animal Use: The animals authorized for use in this protocol will be used only in the activities and in the manner described herein, unless a modification is specifically approved by the IACUC prior to its implementation.
- **B.** Duplication of Effort: I have made every effort to ensure that this protocol is not an unnecessary duplication of previous experiments.
- C. Statistical Assurance: I assure that I have consulted with a qualified individual who evaluated the experimental design with respect to the statistical analysis, and that the minimum number of animals needed for scientific validity will be used. The study design and number of animals are dictated by an EPA guideline.
- **D.** Biohazard/Safety: I have taken into consideration and made the proper coordinations regarding all applicable rules and regulations concerning radiation protection, biosafety, recombinant issues, and so forth, in the preparation of this protocol.
- E. Training: I verify that the personnel performing the animal procedures/manipulations/observations described in this protocol are technically competent and have been properly trained to ensure that no unnecessary pain or distress will be caused to the animals as a result of the procedures/manipulations.
- F. Responsibility: I acknowledge the inherent moral, ethical and administrative obligations associated with the performance of this animal use protocol, and I assure that all individuals associated with this project will demonstrate a concern for the health, comfort, welfare, and well-being of the research animals. Additionally, I pledge to conduct this study in the spirit of the fourth "R," namely, "Responsibility," which the DOD has embraced for implementing animal use alternatives where feasible and conducting humane and lawful research.
- G. Scientific Review: This proposed animal use protocol has received appropriate peer scientific review and is consistent with good scientific research practice.
  - H. Painful Procedures: NA



<u>2005 I Sec 04</u> Date (YYYYMMMDD)

#### ARCHIVES AND SUPPORT PERSONNEL

#### 1. ARCHIVES.

- a. The protocol, raw data, summary data, and the final report pertaining to this study will be physically maintained in Room 1026, Building E-2100, USACHPPM.
- b. Archived SOPs may be found in Room 1026 or Room 3015, Building E2100, USACHPPM, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.
- c. Records on animal receipt, diet, and environmental parameters will be maintained in Room 3100 or Room 1026, Building E2100, USACHPPM, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.
- d. Wet tissues will be stored in cage 12 of Building E-1958, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.
- e. Histology slides, paraffin blocks and hematology slides are stored in the basement of Building E-1570, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010.

#### 2. SUPPORT PERSONNEL

a. Division of Veterinary Medicine:



Attending Veterinarian Animal Caretaker Animal Caretaker

b. Toxicity Evaluation Program:



Biologist, Study director Biologist Program Manager Biologist Biologist Biologist

d. Archivist:

e. Quality Assurance Office



Quality Assurance Assessor Quality Assurance Assessor

- f. Directorate of Laboratory Sciences
- g. Air Quality Surveillance Program
- h. Edgewood Chemical Biological Center

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 792, Good Laboratory Practice Standards.
- 2. Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Publication No. NIH 86-23, 1996.
- 3. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 029.05, Acute Inhalation Toxicity Study
- 4. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 028.04, Animal Quality Control Procedures.
- 5. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 003.04, Individual Animal Identification.
- 6. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 066.04, Animal Euthanasia.
- 7. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 083.04, Health and Safety of Laboratory Personnel.
- 8. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 047.05, Histopathology Laboratory Operations
- 9. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 002.05, Pathology Laboratory Operations
- 10. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 052.04, Handling and Storage of Test Records, Data and Specimens
- 11. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 063.04, Test System Observations
- 12. Toxicology Directorate, TOX SOP No. 041.05 Aerodynamic Particle Size Measurement.
- 13. U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine. (2000, September). Pyrotechnics Health Risk Assessment No. 39-EJ-1485-00, Residential Exposure from Inhalation of Air Emissions from the M18 Violet-Colored Smoke Grenade. Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD: USACHPPM. DTIC ADA391661.
- 14. Jaskot, R.H., and Costa, D.L. 1994. Toxicity of an anthraquinone violet dye mixture following inhalation exposure, intratracheal instillation, or gavage. Fund. Appl. Tox., 22(1):103-112
- 15. Owens, E.J., and Ward, D.M. 1974. A Review of the Toxicology of Colored Chemical Smokes and Colored Smoke Dyes. Report No. EB-TR-74064, ADA 003827. Edgewood Arsenal, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD
- 16. National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, 1999. Toxicity of Military Smokes and Obscurants, Vol.3, National Academy Press, Washington D.C.

#### **Environmental Enrichment Plan**

Protocol Number: 0497-24-

Species: Rat

Room Number:

#### Pre-Exposure:

- 1. Rats will be pair housed and provided Nylabones.
- 2. After daily husbandry procedures have been completed, remove each rat from its cage and place the rat on a lab worktable. Let the animal explore for a few moments on its own, but maintain control of its activity at all times. Gently stroke the animal several times, and return it to its cage.

#### Post Exposure:

1. Rats will be pair housed and provided Nylabones.



Veterinarian

Old vs. New Violet Smoke Formulations				
	OLD	NEW		
	Weight	Weight		
	Fraction	Fraction		
Component	(w/w)	(w/w)		
Violet Dye Mix <sup>1</sup>	0.4000	0.0000		
Disperse Red 11	0.0000	0.3803		
Terephthalic Acid	0.0000	0.0766		
Sulfur	0.0900	0.0000		
Sugar	0.0000	0.1550		
Magnesium Carbonate	0.0000	0.1020		
Potassium Chlorate	0.2600	0.2350		
Stearic Acid	0.0063	0.0050		
Sodium Bicarbonate	0.2500	0.0510		
Polyvinyl Alcohol	0.0200	0.0200		

Components/Materials Added:

,

Components/Materials Eliminated:

	Disperse Red 9 <sup>1</sup>							
	1,4-diamino-2,3-dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) <sup>1</sup>							
£	Starter Slug							
	Starter Cup							
	Cardboard Disc							
	Sulfur							

(1) Please note: Violet dye mix is a mixture of approximately 80 % 1,4-diamino-2,3-dihydroanthraquinone (DDA) and 20% Disperse Red 9

## US ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE PROTOCOL REVIEW, SUPPORT, APPROVAL SHEET

PROTOCOL NUMBER <u>0497-24 - 05-08-01</u>	
TITLE: Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of in Rats	Emmissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Gernade
PROTOCOL REVIEW:	
1. Scientific Merit (peer review)	
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#### PROTOCOL REVIEW, SUPPORT, APPROVAL SHEET

3. Quality Assurance	
Printed Name (first, mi, last)	Signature
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4. Program Manager, TEP/HERP	
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#### PROTOCOL REVIEW, SUPPORT, APPROVAL SHEET

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#### PROTOCOL REVIEW, SUPPORT, APPROVAL SHEET

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1. DATE: 9 Jan	n 06 2. PROTOCOL NUMBER: 0497-24-05-08-01 4. MODIFICATION #: 1													
5. PROTOCOL TITLE: Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats														
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pg.5,V.1.1	1. MODIFICATION: Request additional 16 rats for quality control health monitoring. Grand total for experiments 1 and 2 = 300.													
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	1a.	JUSTIFICATIO	ON/REASC	ON: Quality rats	control rats w	/ere	uninten	ntionally	omitt	ted during	j original proto	col deve	lopme	ent.
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Page paragraph, section		e in the area below. Indicate any changes to a resulting from changes in number of animals a	
pg 6, V.3.4	2. MODIFICATION: Number of animals required is now 300 r	ats	
·	2a. JUSTIFICATION/REASON: Mathematical correction		
pg 8, ∨.4	3. MODIFICATION: a) Replace harvesting and weighing of terprostate, and seminal vesicle. b) Add harvesting of lung associate.		
	3a. JUSTIFICATION/REASON: a) Only female rats will be use nodes and it would be prudent to save these tissues for possible thymus and heart are consistent with regulatory guidelines for s	a histopathological examination. c) Recording	
pg 8, V.4.1.1.1.1	4. MODIFICATION: Column C: 300 rats		
- · 10, V.4.4.5	Animals will be identified by cage card and permanent marker.		
	4a. JUSTIFICATION/REASON: Mathematical correction.		
	Only one-fouth of the total number of animals will be shipped at andbefore additional shipments arrive. Therefore, microchip sh		
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#### APPENDIX E

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF THE BLOOD CHEMISTRY, HEMATOLOGY, AND ORGAN WEIGHTS OF RATS EXPOSED TO M18

## Statistical Analysis of the Blood Chemistry, Hematology and Organ Weights of Rats Exposed to M18

Prepared by August 25, 2006

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ORGAN TO BRAIN WEIGHT RATIOS:	5
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COMPLIANCE STATEMENT	A

#### Abstract:

Female rats were randomly assigned to an exposure time, 2 minutes or 10 minutes, and within each exposure time a dose group of M18 smoke, control, low or high. At days 1, 7 and 90, animals from each exposure time and dose group combination were euthanized and their blood chemistry, hematology and body and organ weights were measured. Statistical analyses were conducted using a two-factor (days and dose group) analysis of variance (ANOVA) at each exposure time (2 or 10 minutes). Comparisons between dose groups and between days were made using a Tukey's multiple comparison test.

#### Introduction:

Female rats were randomly assigned to three M18 dose groups (control, low and high doses). Animals were exposed once to the M18 smoke for either 2 or 10 minutes. The doses of M18 for the 10 minute exposure were 419 mg/m3 for the low dose (10x419=4190 mg/m3) and 1136 mg/m3 for the high dose (10x1136=11360 mg/m3). The doses of M18 for the 2 minute exposure were 1375 mg/m3 for the low dose (2x1375=2750 mg/m3) and 2150 mg/m3 for the high dose (2x2150=4300 mg/m3). At days 1, 7 and 90, subsets of animals were euthanized for each exposure and dose group and blood chemistry, hematology, and body and organ weights were measured.

#### Statistical Methods:

For all variables, the dose groups and observation days were compared using a two factor analysis of variance (ANOVA) at each exposure time on the parameters that were collected: blood chemistry, hematology, and body weight. Organ to brain and organ to body weight ratios were calculated and analyzed similarly to the other parameters measured. These analyses were followed by a Tukey's multiple comparison test to further compare the dose groups and observation days. If a significant interaction of necropsy day and dose group was observed, then a one factor ANOVA was performed to compare the dose groups at each exposure time and necropsy day.

SPSS 14.0 was used to perform all analyses and statistical significance was defined as  $p \le 0.05$  for all tests.

#### **Blood Chemistry:**

Significant differences between necropsy days were observed for many of the parameters. For the 2 minute exposure, significant necropsy day differences were observed for albumin, triglycerides, globulin, sodium (days 1 and 7 were less than day 90) and total protein (days 1 and 7 were greater than day 90). For the 10 minute exposure, significant necropsy day differences were observed for albumin, triglycerides and globulin (days 1 and 7 were less than day 90), and alkaline phosphatase, calcium, total protein, and chloride (days 1 and 7 were greater than day 90) and total bilirubin (day 1 was greater than days 7 and 90).

Significant necropsy day by dose group interactions were observed for alkaline phosphatase (2 minute exposure), BUN (2 and 10 minute exposure), glucose and sodium (10 minute exposure). Upon further analyses for alkaline phosphatase the 2 minute exposure, only on necropsy day 1 was the low dose group was significantly greater than the high dose group. For BUN the 2 minute exposure on day 1, the low dose group was significantly less than the control and high dose groups. For BUN the 10 minute exposure on day 1, the high dose group was significantly less than the control and low dose groups. For glucose and the 10 minute exposure, on day 90 the high dose group was significantly greater than the control and low dose groups. For sodium the 10 minute exposure, on day 7 the low dose group was significantly greater than the high dose group and on day 90, the control group was significantly greater than the high and low dose groups.

No other significant dose group differences were observed.

Only the variables with dose group differences are displayed in the tables below.

**Table 1: Alkaline Phosphatase** 

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	243.60	39.18	5
		High	202.00 *	40.27	8
Ĭ		Low	284.43	34.53	7
	7 days	Control	242.50	53.39	6
Ì		High	216.75	44.03	8
<b> </b>		Low	225.13	73.97	8
ŀ	90 days	Control	155.67	75.56	6
		High	133.29	39.07	7
		Low	106.00	24.60	8
10	1 day	Control	275.67	69.76	6
]		High	210.75	58.62	4
ļ		Low	235.13	48.94	8
	7 days	Control	269.00	56.22	6
		High	254.00	66.74	5
		Low	244.00	47.45	8
	90 days	Control	166.67	63.45	6
		High	211.50	52.40	4
		Low	128.25	47.64	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly different from the low dose group, p≤0.05

Table 2: BUN

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	23.20	1.92	5
		High	21.75	1.58	8
		Low	18.43 *	1.99	7
	7 days	Control	21.67	2.34	6
		High	21.13	1.46	8
		Low	21.38	2.26	8
	90 days	Control	22.50	2.59	6
		High	23.86	4.49	7
		Low	24.75	2.71	8
10	1 day	Control	22.50	1.05	6
		High	17.75#	1.89	4
		Low	24.00	2.07	8
	7 days	Control	24.17	3.43	6
		High	20.20	2.39	5
		Low	23.88	2.53	8
	90 days	Control	21.50	3.02	6
		High	22.75	1.26	4
	_	Low	22.00	2.83	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly different from the control and high dose groups, p $\leq$ 0.05 # Significantly different from the control and low dose groups, p $\leq$ 0.05

**Table 3: Glucose** 

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	215.2	19.3	5
		High	222.0	18.6	8
		Low	214.3	9.6	7
	7 days	Control	220.7	18.9	6
		High	231.0	20.7	8
		Low	227.9	39.5	8
	90 days	Control	237.2	45.8	6
		High	216.1	32.5	7
		Low	194.5	16.0	8
10	1 day	Control	217.8	19.3	6
		High	209.3	18.0	4
		Low	234.9	44.0	8
	7 days	Control	228.7	49.6	6
		High	198.4	9.3	5
		Low	201.9	21.1	8
	90 days	Control	226.2	21.0	6
		High	271.5 *	30.7	4
		Low	214.1	26.5	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly different from the control and low dose groups, p $\leq$ 0.05

**Table 4: Sodium** 

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	143.7	3.27	6
		High	145.0	1.51	8
		Low	145.4	2.39	8
	7 days	Control	146.5	1.05	6
		High	145.5	.93	8
		Low	146.3	2.12	8
	90 days	Control	148.7	3.01	6
		High	148.4	2.15	7
		Low	149.4	3.74	8
10	1 day	Control	145.3	2.58	6
		High	146.5	1.73	4
		Low	145.4	1.30	8
	7 days	Control	145.3	.82	6
		High	146.0	1.00	5
		Low	147.4 *	1.60	8
	90 days	Control	150.3#	2.07	6
		High	146.0	2.58	4
		Low	147.4	1.69	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly different from the high dose group, p $\leq$ 0.05 # Significantly different from the high and low dose groups, p $\leq$ 0.05

#### **Hematology:**

Significant differences between necropsy days were observed for many of the parameters. For the 2 minute exposure, significant necropsy day differences were observed for RBC (days 1 and 7 were less than day 90) and MCV (days 1 and 7 were greater than day 90). For the 10 minute exposure, significant necropsy day differences were observed for WBC, lymphocytes, percent lymphocytes, eosinophils, basophils, percent basophils, RBC, hemoglobin, hematocrit, and MCV. Except for MCV, day 1 was less than or equal to day 7 and less than day 90.

Significant necropsy day by dose group interactions were observed for percent lymphocytes (10 minute exposure) and RDW (2 and 10 minute exposure). Upon further analyses for percent lymphocytes, only on necropsy day 1 was the low dose group significantly lower than the high dose group. For RDW the 2 minute exposure on day 1 the low dose group was significantly greater than the high dose group and on day 7, the low dose group was significantly less than the high dose group. For RDW the 10 minute exposure on day 7, the high dose group was significantly greater than the low dose group.

Significant dose group differences were observed for percent eosinophils and platelets, both at the 10 minute exposure. For percent eosinophils, the control group was significantly lower than the low dose group. For platelets, the control group was significantly greater than the low dose group.

Only the variables with dose group differences are displayed in the tables below.

**Table 5: Percent Lymphocytes** 

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	81.80	3.17	5
		High	84.16	5.57	7
		Low	83.45	6.09	8
	7 days	Control	83.40	11.25	6
l.		High	86.38	4.67	8
		Low	85.49	4.84	7
	90 days	Control	87.28	4.32	4
		High	79.48	17.22	8
		Low	84.80	1.99	7
10	1 day	Control	83.82	2.33	6
		High	88.45	3.52	4
		Low	76.65 *	9.05	6
	7 days	Control	84.97	7.57	6
ł		High	82.66	2.30	5
		Low	85.19	2.73	8
	90 days	Control	86.07	5.76	6
		High	85.15	5.33	4
		Low	87.28	2.14	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly different than the high dose group,  $p \le 0.05$ .

Table 6: RDW

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	14.56	.44	5
		High	13.96	.49	7
		Low	14.82 *	.69	8
ľ	7 days	Control	13.72	.66	6
		High	14.56	.67	8
		Low	13.64 *	.72	7
	90 days	Control	15.13	.40	4
		High	14.96	.43	7
		Low	14.69	.57	7
10	1 day	Control	14.88	.61	6
		High	14.80	.72	4
		Low	14.40	.68	6
	7 days	Control	14.00	.90	6
		High	15.74	.97	5
		Low	14.52 *	.55	8
	90 days	Control	15.73	.53	6
		High	14.85	.60	4
		Low	15.16	.96	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly different than the high dose group,  $p \le 0.05$ .

**Table 7: Percent Eosinophils** 

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	1.30	.58	5
		High	.93	.23	7
		Low	1.08	.77	8
	7 days	Control	.95	1.05	6
		High	.96	.33	8
		Low	.93	.66	7
	90 days	Control	1.05	.45	4
		High	1.05	.36	7
	_	Low	.71	.33	7
ļ	Total	Control	1.09	.74	15
		High	.98	.30	22
		Low	.91	.61	22
10	1 day	Control	.65	.35	6
		High	.70	.45	4
		Low	1.34	.74	6
	7 days	Control	.71	.36	6
		High	1.14	.39	5
		Low	.90	.46	8
	90 days	Control	.61	.38	6
ł		High	.66	.40	4
		Low	.85	.33	8
	Total	Control	.66	.34	18
		High	.86	.44	13
		Low	1.00 *	.53	22

<sup>\*</sup> Regardless of day, the low dose group was significantly different than the control dose group,  $p \le 0.05$ .

**Table 8: Platelets** 

Exposure time	Necropsy	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
2	1 day	Control	392.4	373.5	5
		High	429.0	406.6	7
		Low	600.9	388.5	8
	7 days	Control	470.4	450.4	6
		High	648.8	307.8	8
	_	Low	600.2	433.4	7
	90 days	Control	797.0	243.2	4
		High	638.6	251.9	7
		Low	828.4	139.5	7
	Total	Control	531.5	392.0	15
		High	575.6	327.8	22
		Low	673.1	348.3	22
10	1 day	Control	947.0	129.8	6
		High	676.2	556.1	4
		Low	607.6	429.4	6
}	7 days	Control	854.5	194.1	6
		High	782.8	340.9	5
		Low	634.2	374.1	8
	90 days	Control	821.8	130.1	6
		High	806.8	97.2	4
		Low	595.4	343.6	8
	Total	Control	874.4	154.9	18
		High	757.4	348.8	13
		Low	612.8 *	360.8	22

<sup>\*</sup> Regardless of day, the low dose group was significantly different than the control dose group,  $p \le 0.05$ .

#### **Body Weight and Organ to Body Weight Ratios:**

As expected, the body weight of the animals significantly increased with time for both exposure times, 2 and 10 minutes. A significant decrease over time was also observed for both exposure times for most of the organ to body weight ratios: adrenals, brain, heart, kidneys, liver lungs, ovaries and thymus. For the 10 minute exposure, a significant interaction of the necropsy day and dose was observed for the spleen to body weight ratio, which implies that the relationship of the doses of M18 vary with respect to the necropsy day. A further analysis was performed on each day for the 10 minute exposure to compare the doses. For the 10 minute exposure on day 90, the low dose group had a significantly greater mean spleen to body weight ratio than the control group. The results are displayed in Table 9 below.

No other significant dose group differences were observed.

**Table 9: Spleen to Body Weight Ratio** 

Necropsy Day	Time	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
1 day	2	Control	.257	.035	6
		High	.273	.037	8
		Low	.274	.030	8
	10	Control	.261	.025	6
		High	.261	.023	4
		Low	.250	.014	8
7 day	2	Control	.278	.046	6
		High	.259	.035	8
		Low	.239	.020	8
	10	Control	.230	.025	6
		High	.280	.036	5
		Low	.255	.038	8
90 day	2	Control	.225	.031	6
		High	.221	.053	8
		Low	.189	.033	8
	10	Control	.186	.004	6
		High	.200	.023	4
		Low	0.223 *	.025	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly greater than the Control dose for the 10 min exposure at the 90 day necropsy,  $p \le 0.05$ .

#### **Organ to Brain Weight Ratios:**

A significant increase over time was observed for both exposure times for most of the organ to brain weight ratios: heart, kidneys, liver lungs, thymus and uterus. For the 2 minute exposure, a significant difference between dose groups was observed for the spleen to brain weight ratio. The high dose group had a significantly greater mean spleen to brain weight ratio than the low dose group. For the 10 minute exposure, a significant interaction of the necropsy day and dose was observed for the spleen to brain weight ratio, which implies that the relationship of the doses of M18 vary with respect to the necropsy day. A further analysis was performed on each day for the 10 minute exposure to compare the doses. For the 10 minute exposure on day 90, the low dose group had a significantly greater mean spleen to brain weight ratio than the control group. The results are displayed in Table 10 below.

No other significant dose group differences were observed.

**Table 10: Spleen to Brain Weight Ratio** 

Necropsy Day	Time	Dose	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
1 day	2	Control	31.06	4.33	6
		High	33.07	4.29	8
		Low	31.64	2.91	8
	10	Control	31.11	4.59	6
		High	28.85	3.78	4
		Low	29.02	1.97	8
7 day	2	Control	36.27	7.00	6
		High	33.66	4.19	8
		Low	30.34	2.01	8
	10	Control	29.74	2.28	6
		High	35.55	4.81	5
		Low	31.73	4.48	8
90 day	2	Control	34.43	5.91	6
		High	42.55	13.49	8
		Low	30.75	3.72	8
	10	Control	28.72	1.47	6
		High	31.61	2.31	4
ĺ		Low	34.51*	2.48	8

<sup>\*</sup> Significantly greater than the Control dose for the 10 min exposure at the 90 day necropsy,  $p \le 0.05$ .

### **Compliance Statement**

The	statistical	analysis	s of the	blood	chemistry,	, hematolo	gy and	organ	weights	data fo	or the
M1	8 study in	rats was	conduc	cted in	compliance	e with Go	ood Lab	oratory	y Practic	es (GI	LP).

Statistician	Date

E-16

# APPENDIX F EXPOSURE ATMOSPHERE CHARACTERIZATION

Table F-1
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

#### 10-Minute Exposures

Particulate Emissions		Current M-18 Grenade					
Analyte	Pilot Study	Pilot Study High		Low	High		
	Concentration (ug/L)						
1- Aminoanthraquinone	40	55	<2.0	16			
2-Aminoanthraquinone	<5.0	<2.1	<2.1	<2.1			
DDA (Violet Dye Mix)	5.6	<5.9	<5.9	<5.9	i		
Disperse Red 11	<5.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	520		
Disperse Red 9	290	380	<4.2	120			
Disperse Violet 1	460	640	<4.0	190			

Sulfur Dioxide		Current M-18 Grenade					
Analyte	Pilot Study	High	Control	Low	High		
	Concentration (ug)	Concentration (ug)	Concentration (ug)	Concentration (ug)	Concentration (ug)		
Sulfur Dioxide	250	2000	2.4	380	<4.00		

Metals		Current M-18 Grenade					
Analyte	Pilot Study	High	Control	Low	High		
	Concentration (ug/filter)						
Aluminum	3.61	3.73	<2.50	<2.50	4.17		
Antimony	< 0.500	< 0.500	< 0.500	< 0.500	<0.500		
Barium	<0.500	< 0.500	<0.500	< 0.500	<0.500		
Chromium	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00	<1.00		
Lead	1.15	1.19	<0.500	1.89	0.95		
Magnesium	<2.50	<2.50	<2.50	<2.50	<2.50		
Manganese	< 0.500	< 0.500	< 0.500	< 0.500	<0.500		
Zinc	<2.50	<2.50	<2.50	<2.50	<2.50		

VOC ANALYSIS RESULTS (ANALYZED BY LANCASTER LABORATORIES, INC)

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS USED BY LANCASTER LABORATORIES, INC FOR VOC ANALYSIS



## **Explanation of Symbols and Abbreviations**

The following defines common symbols and abbreviations used in reporting technical data:

RL	Reporting Limit	BMQL	Below Minimum Quantitation Level
N.D.	none detected	MPN	Most Probable Number
TNTC	Too Numerous To Count	CP Units	cobalt-chloroplatinate units
ເນ	International Units	NTU	nephelometric turbidity units
umhos/cm	micromhos/cm		
С	degrees Celsius	F	degrees Fahrenheit
meq	millieguivalents	lb.	pound(s)
g	gram(s)	kg	kilogram(s)
ug	microgram(s)	mg	milligram(s)
ml	milliliter(s)	1	liter(s)
m3	cubic meter(s)	ul	microliter(s)

- < less than The number following the sign is the <u>limit of quantitation</u>, the smallest amount of analyte which can be reliably determined using this specific test.
- > greater than
- J estimated value The result is ≥ the Method Detection Limit (MDL) and < the Limit of Quantitation (LOQ).
- ppm parts per million One ppm is equivalent to one milligram per kilogram (mg/kg), or one gram per million grams. For aqueous liquids, ppm is usually taken to be equivalent to milligrams per liter (mg/l), because one liter of water has a weight very close to a kilogram. For gases or vapors, one ppm is equivalent to one microliter of gas per liter of gas.
- ppb parts per billion

Dry weight basis

Results printed under this heading have been adjusted for moisture content. This increases the analyte weight concentration to approximate the value present in a similar sample without moisture. All other results are reported on an as-received basis.

**Inorganic Qualifiers** 

#### U.S. EPA CLP Data Qualifiers:

Α

В

C

D

Ε

N

TIC is a possible aldol-condensation product	В	Value is <crdl, but="" th="" ≥idl<=""></crdl,>
Analyte was also detected in the blank	E	Estimated due to interference
Pesticide result confirmed by GC/MS	M	Duplicate injection precision not met
Compound quantitated on a diluted sample	N	Spike sample not within control limits
Concentration exceeds the calibration range of	S	Method of standard additions (MSA) used
the instrument		for calculation

Presumptive evidence of a compound (TICs only)

Concentration difference between primary and

W

Compound was not detected
W

Post digestion spike out of control limits

confirmation columns >25%

\* Duplicate analysis not within control limits

U Compound was not detected
 Defined in case narrative
 Correlation coefficient for MSA <0.995</li>

Analytical test results for methods listed on the laboratories' accreditation scope meet all requirements of NELAC unless otherwise noted under the individual analysis.

Measurement uncertainty values, as applicable, are available upon request.

**Organic Qualifiers** 

Tests results relate only to the sample tested. Clients should be aware that a critical step in a chemical or microbiological analysis is the collection of the sample. Unless the sample analyzed is truly representative of the bulk of material involved, the test results will be meaningless. If you have questions regarding the proper techniques of collecting samples, please contact us. We cannot be held responsible for sample integrity, however, unless sampling has been performed by a member of our staff. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.

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VOC ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR PILOT STUDY WITH CURRENT M18 SMOKE



Page 1 of 3

Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4670121

19193002 TOX M18 RAT #30689-0497

Aiı

5866 #

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #032 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 12/14/2005

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 12/14/2005 18:50

Reported: 12/25/2005 at 20:47

Discard: 03/06/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

93002 SDG#: TXM01-02\*

CAT No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Limit of Quantitation	Units	Dilution Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-14					
02076	tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	12.	10.	ppb (v)	10
07201	Propene	115-07-1	600.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07202	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07203	Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07204	Freon 114	76-14-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07205	Chloromethane	74-87-3	110.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07206	Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	41.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07207	1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	78.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07208	Bromomethane	74-83-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07209	Chloroethane	75-00-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07210	Dichlorofluoromethane	75-43-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07212	Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07213	Pentane	109-66-0	17.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07214	Acrolein	107-02-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07215	1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07216	Freon 113	76-13-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07217	Acetone	67-64-1	960.	20.	ppb(v)	10
07218	Methyl Iodide	74-88-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07219	Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	44,000.	1,000.	ppb (v)	1000
07220	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	200.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07221	3-Chloropropene	107-05-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07222	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	16.	10.	ppb (v)	10
07223	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	290.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07224	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	· 10
07225	Methyl t-Butyl Ether	1634-04-4	9.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07226	Hexane	110-54-3	16.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07227	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	N.D.	10.	ppb (v)	10
07228	Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	17.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07230	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07231	2-Butanone	78-93-3	20.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07232	Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07233	Methyl Acrylate	96-33-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07234	Chloroform	67-66-3	29.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07235	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	N.D.	10.	ppb (v)發展:	>⊑10
07236	Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10



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4670121 Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ

19193002 TOX M18 RAT #30689-0497

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #032 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 12/14/2005

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 12/14/2005 18:50

Reported: 12/25/2005 at 20:47

Discard: 03/06/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

As Received

93002 SDG#: TXM01-02\*

				As Received		
CAT			As Received	Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07237	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	8.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07238	Benzene	71-43-2	500.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07239	Isooctane	540-84-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07240	Heptane	142-82-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07241	Trichloroethene	79-01-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07242	Ethyl Acrylate	140-88-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07243	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07244	Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07245	Dibromomethane	74-95-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07246	1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07247	Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07248	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07249	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07250	Toluene	108-88-3	59.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07251	Octane	111-65-9	19.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07252	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07253	Ethyl Methacrylate	97-63-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07254	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07255	Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07256	2-Hexanone	591-78-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07257	Dibromochloromethàne	124-48-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07258	1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07259	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	17.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07260	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07261	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	16.	10. •	ppb(v)	10
07262	m/p-Xylene	1330-20-7	33.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07263	o-Xylene	95-47-6	18.	10.	ppb(v)	·10
07264	Styrene	100-42-5	5.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07265	Bromoform	75-25-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07266	Cumene	98-82-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07267	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07268	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07269	Bromobenzene	108-86-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07270	4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07271	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07272	Alpha Methyl Styrene	98-83-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07273	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v) ş	<del>10</del> 26
07274	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07275	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10



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Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4670121

19193002 TOX M18 RAT #30689-0497

Air

5866

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #032 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected:12/14/2005

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 12/14/2005 18:50

Reported: 12/25/2005 at 20:47

Discard: 03/06/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

93002 SDG#: TXM01-02\*

As Received

CAT				As Received	Limit of		Dilution	
N	ο.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor	
0	7277	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10	
0	7278	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10	
0	7279	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10	
0	7280	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10	

The reporting limits for the GC/MS volatile compounds were raised

because sample dilution was necessary to bring target compounds into the  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

calibration range of the system.

#### Laboratory Chronicle

CAT	Analysis					Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Date and Time	Analyst	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO- 14	EPA TO14A	1	12/19/2005 19:17	Douglas Graham	10
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO- 14	EPA TO14A	1	12/20/2005 14:24	Douglas Graham	1000

8627



VOC ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR CONTROL EXPOSURE WITH CURRENT M18 SMOKE (10 MINUTE EXPOSURE)



Page 1 of 3

Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4697814

19588001 TOX M18 Rat St #30807-0497 Water

0497-024-CV

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #042 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 01/24/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00

Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:08

Discard: 04/22/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

-24CV SDG#: TXM02-01

CAT			As Received	As Received Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-14					
02076	tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07201	Propene	115-07-1	2.0	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07202	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.70 J	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07203	Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07204	Freon 114	76-14-2	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07205	Chloromethane	74-87-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07206	Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07207	1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07208	Bromomethane	74-83-9	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07209	Chloroethane	75-00-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07210	Dichlorofluoromethane	75-43-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07212	Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.30 J	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07213	Pentane	109-66-0	3.0	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07214	Acrolein	107-02-8	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07215	1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07216	Freon 113	76-13-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07217	Acetone	67-64-1	48.	2.0	ppb(v)	1
07218	Methyl Iodide	74-88-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07219	Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	2.0	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07220	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07221	3-Chloropropene	107-05-1	N.D.	1.0 •	ppb(v)	1
07222	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07223	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	. 1
07224	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07225	Methyl t-Butyl Ether	1634-04-4	2.0	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07226	Hexane	110-54-3	0.70 J	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07227	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07228	Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07230	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07231	2-Butanone	78-93-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07232	Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07233	Methyl Acrylate	96-33-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07234	Chloroform	67-66-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07235	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	
07236	Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	44



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Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4697814

19588001 TOX M18 Rat St #30807-0497 Water

0497-024-CV

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #042 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected:01/24/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00

Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:08

Discard: 04/22/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

-24CV SDG#: TXM02-01

-24CV	3DG#: 1AM02-01			As Received		
CAT			As Received	Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07237	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07238	Benzene	71-43-2	0.70 J	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07239	Isooctane	540-84-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07240	Heptane	142-82-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07241	Trichloroethene	79-01-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07242	Ethyl Acrylate	140-88-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07243	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07244	Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07245	Dibromomethane	74-95-3	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07246	1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07247	Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07248	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07249	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07250	Toluene	108-88-3	1.0	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07251	Octane	111-65-9	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07252	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07253	Ethyl Methacrylate	97-63-2	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07254	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07255	Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1.
07256	2-Hexanone	591-78-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07257	Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07258	1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07259	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07260	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07261	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	N.D.	1.0 •	ppb(v)	1
07262	m/p-Xylene	1330-20-7	0.90 ј	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07263	o-Xylene	95-47-6	0.30 J	1.0	ppb(v)	. 1
07264	Styrene	100-42-5	0.30 J	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07265	Bromoform	75-25-2	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07266	Cumene	98-82-8	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07267	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-3 <b>4-</b> 5	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07268	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07269	Bromobenzene	108-86-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07270	4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07271	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07272	Alpha Methyl Styrene	98-83-9	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07273	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.30 J	1.0	ppb(v)	1
07274	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	-1
07275	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	N.D.	1.0	ppb(v)	-4



10 min High

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Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4697814

19588001 70X M18 Rat St #30807-0497 Water 0497-024 CV #02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #042 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected:01/24/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00 Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:08

/27/2006 15:00 U.S. Army CHPPM

Discard: 04/22/2006

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location
Rock Island IL 61299-8401

-24CV SDG#: TXM02-01

As Received CAT As Received Limit of Dilution No. Analysis Name CAS Number Result Quantitation Units Factor 95-50-1 N.D. ppb(v) 07277 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1.0 1 67-72-1 ppb(v) 07278 Hexachloroethane N.D. 1.0 1 07279 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1 N.D. 1.0 1 ppb(v) ppb(v) 07280 Hexachlorobutadiene 87-68-3 N.D. 1.0 1

The initial calibration did not meet the Method TO-14 percent RSD criteria for 1,4-dioxane. The value reported for 1,4-dioxane should be considered estimated.

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

#### Laboratory Chronicle

CAT			. <u>.</u>	Analysis			
No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Date and Time	Analyst	Factor	
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO- 14	EPA TO14A	1	02/07/2006 21:05	Douglas Graham	1	

8824



Lancaster Laboratories, Inc. 2425 New Holland Pike PO Box 12425 Lancaster, PA 17605-2425 717-656-2300 Fax: 717-656-2681

VOC ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR HIGH EXPOSURE WITH CURRENT M18 SMOKE (10 MINUTE EXPOSURE)



Page 1 of 3

Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4697815

19588002 TOX M18 Rat St #30807-0497

0497-024-HV

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #042 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 01/24/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00 Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:08 U.S. Army CHPPM

Discard: 04/22/2006

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

As Received

-24HV SDG#: TXM02-02\*

				As Kecelved		
CAT			As Received	Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-14					
02076	tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07201	Propene	115-07-1	410. J	1,000.	ppb(v)	1000
07202	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07203	Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07204	Freon 114	76-14 <b>-</b> 2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07205	Chloromethane	74-87-3	120.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07206	Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	60.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07207	1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	130.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07208	Bromomethane	74-83-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07209	Chloroethane	75-00-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07210	Dichlorofluoromethane	75-43-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07212	Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07213	Pentane	109-66-0	10.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07214	Acrolein	107-02-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07215	1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07216	Freon 113	76-13-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07217	Acetone	67-64-1	1,800. J	2,000.	ppb(v)	1000
07218	Methyl Iodide	74-88-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07219	Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	54,000.	1,000.	ppb(v)	1000
07220	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	480.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07221	3-Chloropropene	107-05-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07222	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	12.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07223	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	810.	10.	ppb(v)	• 10
07224	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07225	Methyl t-Butyl Ether	1634-04-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07226	Hexane	110-54-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07227	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07228	Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07230	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07231	2-Butanone	78-93-3	28.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07232	Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07233	Methyl Acrylate	96-33-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07234	Chloroform	67-66-3	20.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07235	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	_10
07236	Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	N.D.	10.	ppb (v)	10



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4697815 Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ

19588002 TOX M18 Rat St #30807-0497 Water

#02-D-0037

0497-024-HV Pick-Up Order #042 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 01/24/2006

Account Number: 04694

As Received

U.S. Army CHPPM

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00

Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:08

Discard: 04/22/2006

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location Rock Island IL 61299-8401

-24HV SDG#: TXM02-02\*

CAT			As Received	Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07237	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	15.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07238	Benzene	71-43-2	820.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07239	Isooctane	540-84-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07240	Heptane	142-82-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07241	Trichloroethene	79-01-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07242	Ethyl Acrylate	140-88-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07243	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07244	Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07245	Dibromomethane	74-95-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07246	1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07247	Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07248	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07249	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07250	Toluene	108-88-3	83.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07251	Octane	111-65-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07252	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07253	Ethyl Methacrylate	97-63-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07254	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07255	Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07256	2-Hexanone	591-78-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07257	Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07258	1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07259	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	30.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07260	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07261	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07262	m/p-Xylene	1330-20-7	9.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07263	o-Xylene	95-47-6	5.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07264	Styrene	100-42-5	13.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07265	Bromoform	75-25-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07266	Cumene	98-82-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07267	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07268	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07269	Bromobenzene	108-86-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07270	4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07271	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07272	Alpha Methyl Styrene	98-83-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07273	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07274	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	12£0
07275	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10



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4697815 Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ

19588002 TOX M18 Rat St #30807-0497

Water

0497-024-HV

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #042 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 01/24/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00

Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:08

Discard: 04/22/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

-24HV SDG#: TXM02-02\*

				As Received		
CAT		As Received	Limit of		Dilution	
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07277	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07278	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07279	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07280	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10

The initial calibration did not meet the Method TO-14 percent RSD criteria for 1,4-dioxane. The value reported for 1,4-dioxane should be considered estimated.

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

#### Laboratory Chronicle

CAT	Analysis					Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Date and Time	Analyst	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO- 14	EPA TO14A	1	02/07/2006 21:47	Douglas Graham	10
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-	EPA TO14A	1	02/08/2006 09:46	Douglas Graham	1000

8827



Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01, July 2007

VOC ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR LOW EXPOSURE WITH CURRENT M18 SMOKE (10 MINUTE EXPOSURE)



Page 1 of 3

4697884 Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ

19620001 TOX M18 Rat St. #30817-0497

0497-026-HV

#02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #047 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected:01/26/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00

Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:01

Discard: 04/22/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

20001 SDG#: TXM03-01\*

				As Received		
CAT		_	As Received	Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-14					
02076	tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07201	Propene	115-07-1	140.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07202	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07203	Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07204	Freon 114	76-14-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07205	Chloromethane	74-87-3	23.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07206	Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	10.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07207	1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	25.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07208	Bromomethane	74-83-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07209	Chloroethane	75-00-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07210	Dichlorofluoromethane	75-43-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07212	Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07213	Pentane	109-66-0	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07214	Acrolein	107-02-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07215	1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07216	Freon 113	76-13-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07217	Acetone	67-64-1	270.	20.	ppb(v)	10
07218	Methyl Iodide	74-88-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07219	Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	13,000.	1,000.	ppb (v)	1000
07220	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	50.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07221	3-Chloropropene	107-05-1	N.D.	10. •	ppb(v)	10
07222	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07223	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	81.	. 10.	ppb(v)	, 10
07224	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07225	Methyl t-Butyl Ether	1634-04-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07226	Hexane	110-54-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07227	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07228	Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	N.D.	10.	ppb (v)	10
07230	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07231	2-Butanone	78-93-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07232	Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07233	Methyl Acrylate	96-33-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07234	Chloroform	67-66-3	2.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07235	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v) 發露	
07236	Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
			<del>-</del> -	·	FF- ( · /	





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Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4697884

19620001 TOX M18 Rat St. #30817-0497 Ai
0497-026-HV #02-D-0037

Pick-Up Order #047 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 01/26/2006

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00 Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:01

Discard: 04/22/2006

20001 SDG#: TXM03-01\*

Account Number: 04694

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

				As Received		
CAT			As Received	Limit of		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	<b>Factor</b>
07237	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07238	Benzene	71-43-2	230.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07239	Isooctane	540-84-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07240	Heptane	142-82-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07241	Trichloroethene	79-01-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07242	Ethyl Acrylate	140-88-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07243	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07244	Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07245	Dibromomethane	74-95-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07246	1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07247	Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07248	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07249	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07250	Toluene	108-88-3	22.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07251	Octane	111-65-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07252	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07253	Ethyl Methacrylate	97-63-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07254	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07255	Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	5.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07256	2-Hexanone	591-78-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07257	Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07258	1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07259	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	6.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07260	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07261	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07262	m/p-Xylene	1330-20-7	3.0 J	10.	ppb(v)	10
07263	o-Xylene	95-47-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	• 10
07264	Styrene	100-42-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07265	Bromoform	75-25-2	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07266	Cumene	98-82-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07267	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07268	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07269	Bromobenzene	108-86-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07270	4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07271	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07272	Alpha Methyl Styrene	98-83-9	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07273	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07274	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	N.D.	10.	ppb (v)	2 pl 0
07275	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10



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Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4697884

19620001 TOX M18 Rat St. #30817-0497

#02-D-0037

0497-026-HV

Pick-Up Order #047 Delivery Order # 04 Air

Collected: 01/26/2006

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 01/27/2006 15:00

Reported: 02/10/2006 at 18:01

Discard: 04/22/2006

U.S. Army CHPPM

As Possissed

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

20001 SDG#: TXM03-01\*

			vs recetaén	Dilution	
		As Received	Limit of		
Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation	Units	Factor
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	N.D.	10.	ppb(v)	10
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene Hexachloroethane 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene       95-50-1         Hexachloroethane       67-72-1         1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene       120-82-1	Analysis Name CAS Number Result 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 N.D. Hexachloroethane 67-72-1 N.D. 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1 N.D.	As Received Limit of  Analysis Name CAS Number Result Quantitation  1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 N.D. 10.  Hexachloroethane 67-72-1 N.D. 10.  1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1 N.D. 10.	Analysis Name         CAS Number         Result         Quantitation         Units           1,2-Dichlorobenzene         95-50-1         N.D.         10.         ppb(v)           Hexachloroethane         67-72-1         N.D.         10.         ppb(v)           1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene         120-82-1         N.D.         10.         ppb(v)

The initial calibration did not meet the Method TO-14 percent RSD criteria for 1,4-dioxane. The value reported for 1,4-dioxane should be considered estimated.

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

#### Laboratory Chronicle

CAT			Analysis			
No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Date and Time	Analyst	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-	EPA TO14A	1	02/07/2006 23:26	Douglas Graham	10
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-	EPA TO14A	1	02/08/2006 10:28	Douglas Graham	1000

0021



Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01, July 2007

VOC ANALYSIS RESULTS FOR HIGH EXPOSURE WITH PROTOTYPE M18 SMOKE (10 MINUTE EXPOSURE)



Page 1 of 3

Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. 4924781 AQ

23200002 APG #32240-063B Air 0497-325 #02-D-0037 Pick-Up Order #046 Delivery Order # 05 Air

Collected:11/21/2006 09:20

Submitted: 11/28/2006 17:30

Reported: 12/12/2006 at 17:07

Discard: 02/21/2007

00002 SDG#: TXM07-01\* Account Number: 04694

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

CAT No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Limit of Quantitation*	As Received Method Detection Limit	Units	Dilutio Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-14						
02076	tert-Butyl Alcohol	75-65-0	N.D.	10.	4.0	ppb(v)	10
07201	Propene	115-07-1	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07202	Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb (v)	10
07203	Chlorodifluoromethane	<b>75-45-</b> 6	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07204	Freon 114	76-14-2	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb (v)	10
07205	Chloromethane	74-87-3	47,000.	1,000.	200.	ppb(v)	1000
07206	Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	18.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07207	1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	38.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07208	Bromomethane	74-83-9	110.	10.	2.0	ppb (v)	10
07209	Chloroethane	75-00-3	11.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07210	Dichlorofluoromethane	75-43-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07212	Trichlorofluoromethane	75-69-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07213	Pentane	109-66-0	11.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07214	Acrolein	107-02-8	1,300.	100.	50.	ppb(v)	100
07215	1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb (v)	10
07216	Freon 113	76-13-1	N.D.	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07217	Acetone	67-64-1	3,700.	200.	<sup>'</sup> 50.	ppb(v)	100
07218	Methyl Iodide	74-88-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07219	Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	5.4 J	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07220	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	1,900.	100.	50.	ppb(v)	100
07221	3-Chloropropene	107-05-1	40.	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07222	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	35.	10.	5.0	ppb (v)	10
07223	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	33.	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07224	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	.ppb(v)	10
07225	Methyl t-Butyl Ether	1634-04-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07226	Hexane	110-54-3	5.0 J	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07227	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07228	Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07230	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	2.6 J	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07231	2-Butanone	78-93-3	41.	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07232	Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	140.	10.	5.0	ppb (v)	10
07233	Methyl Acrylate	96-33-3	18.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07234	Chloroform	67-66-3	51.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07235	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07236	Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	apple(v)	10
07237	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb (v)	10

PO Box 12425 Lancaster, PA 17605-2425 717-656-2300 Fax: 717-656-2681

Lancaster Laboratories, Inc. \*=This limit@waswascobianthe.evaluation of the final result



Page 2 of 3

4924781 Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ

Air #02-D-0037 23200002 APG #32240-063B 0497-325 Pick-Up Order #046 Delivery Order # 05 Air

Collected:11/21/2006 09:20

Account Number: 04694

Submitted: 11/28/2006 17:30

Reported: 12/12/2006 at 17:07

Discard: 02/21/2007

U.S. Army CHPPM ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68 Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

00002	SDG#:	TXM07-01*

				As Received	As Received		
CAT			As Received	Limit of	Method		Dilutio:
No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	Result	Quantitation*	Detection Limit	Units	Factor
07238	Benzene	71-43-2	1,400.	100.	20.	ppb(v)	100
07239	Isooctane	540-84-1	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb (v)	10
07240	Heptane	142-82-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07241	Trichloroethene	79-01 <b>-</b> 6	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07242	Ethyl Acrylate	140-88-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07243	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07244	Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07245	Dibromomethane	74-95-3	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07246	1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	N.D.	10.	10.	ppb(v)	10
07247	Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07248	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07249	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	26.	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07250	Toluene	108-88-3	150.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07251	Octane	111-65-9	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07252	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07253	Ethyl Methacrylate	97-63-2	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07254	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07255	Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07256	2-Hexanone	591-78-6	N.D.	10.	5.0	ppb(v)	10
07257	Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	N.D.	10.	, 2.0	ppb(v)	10
07258	1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07259	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	12.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07260	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07261	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	19.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07262	m/p-Xylene	1330-20-7	32.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07263	o-Xylene	95-47-6	15.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07264	Styrene	100-42-5	23.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07265	Bromoform	75-25-2	N.D.	10.	2.0	₁ppb(v)	10
07266	Cumene	98-82-8	N.D.	10.	3.0	ppb(v)	10
07267	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07268	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07269	Bromobenzene	108-86-1	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07270	4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07271	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07272	Alpha Methyl Styrene	98-83-9	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07273	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	9.9 J	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07274	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07275	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	N.D.	10.	2.0	ppb(v)	10
07277	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	N.D.	10.	2.0	<b>元元(v)</b>	10
07278	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	N.D.	10.	3.0	ppb (v)	10
		_					

Lancaster Laboratories, Inc.

\*=This limit? Was vased In the evaluation of the final result

PO Box 12425



Page 3 of 3

Lancaster Laboratories Sample No. AQ 4924781

23200002 APG #32240-063B Air 0497-325 #02-D-0037 Pick-Up Order #046 Delivery Order # 05 Air

Collected:11/21/2006 09:20

Submitted: 11/28/2006 17:30

Reported: 12/12/2006 at 17:07

Discard: 02/21/2007

00002 SDG#: TXM07-01\*

Account Number: 04694

U.S. Army CHPPM

ATTN: DFAS-RI-FPV BLDG. 68
Rock Island Operating Location

Rock Island IL 61299-8401

CAT No.	Analysis Name	CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Limit of Quantitation*	As Received Method Detection Limit	Units	Dilutio: Factor
07279	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	N.D.	10.	7.0	ppb(v)	10
07280	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	N.D.	10.	7.0	ppb(v)	10
			_				

The initial calibration for acetonitrile did not meet the percent RSD criteria as listed in Method TO-14. The result reported for acetonitrile should be considered estimated.

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

#### Laboratory Chronicle

		<u> </u>	CILLO	TITCIC		
CAT		_		Analysis		Dilution
No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Date and Time	Analyst	Factor
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO- 14	EPA TO14A	1	12/07/2006 03:05	Gregory K Fisher	10
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO- 14	EPA TO14A	1	12/07/2006 19:07	Gregory K Fisher	1000
07199	11 Volatiles in air by TO-	EPA TO14A	1	12/07/2006 19:48	Gregory K Fisher	100

8821

717-656-2300 Fax: 717-656-2681

### APPENDIX G

### SUMMARY OF BODY AND ORGAN WEIGHTS AND INDIVIDUAL DATA

# Table G-1 Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01 Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

#### Summary of Body Weights 10 Minute Exposure

	I		1 Day Hold			7 Day Hold		<u></u>	00 Day Hold	l
Period	<u> </u>	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
Exposure	Mean S.D. N	209.7 6.13 6	212.0 11.38 8	213.9 7.3 8	213.2 5.34 6	209.9 5.67 8	220.1 9.51 8	205.7 6.31 6	215.0 8.51 8	217.3 8.33 8
Day 1	Mean S.D. N	214.0 6.58 6	206.0 13.76 4	215.8 7.44 8						
Day 7	Mean S.D. N				237.8 8.16 6	230.8 14.75 4	233.3 8.89 8	225.5 10.60 6	229.0 9.97 4	227.8 9.60 8
Day 14	Mean S.D. N							243.0 9.36 6	252.3 8.42 4	246.6 9.80 8
Day 21	Mean S.D. N							252.3 11.41 6	260.8 11.87 4	256.3 13.68 8
Day 28	Mean S.D. N							259.8 10.50 6	272.5 11.96 4	262.4 12.48 8
Day 35	Mean S.D. N							268.7 11.34 6	278.5 13.70 4	268.5 12.74 8
Day 42	Mean S.D. N							277.0 13.62 6	294.3 13.60 4	276.9 12.14 8
Day 49	Mean S.D. N							280.7 12.04 6	294.3 13.60 4	283.3 13.31 8
Day 56	Mean S.D. N							290.7 12.26 6	308.0 16.43 4	288.5 16.98 8
Day 63	Mean S.D. N							296.3 11.50 6	310.8 16.50 4	299.9 18.51 8
Day 70	Mean S.D. N							301.5 11.06 6	322.3 20.92 4	302.6 18.11 8
Day 77	Mean S.D. N							319.0 40.41 6	317.3 24.17 4	307.6 18.95 8
Day 84	Mean S.D. N							306.3 14.02 6	324.0 22.76 4	307.4 23.85 8
Day 90	Mean S.D. N							315.2 14.30 6	334.0 27.95 4	313.9 17.25 8

# Table G-2 Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01 Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

# Summary of Body Weights 2 Minute Exposure

	I	I	1 Day Hold		I	7 Day Hold		•	90 Day Hold	I
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
Exposure	Mean S.D. N	218,2 9,97 6	219.8 6.07 8	223.5 9.23 8	214,8 8,61 6	218.9 11.33 8	222.6 6,12 8	213.2 9.81 6	213.9 5.03 8	223.5 9.37 8
Day 1	Mean S.D. N	222.8 10.96 6	218.1 8.39 8	220.1 8.29 8						
Day 7	Mean S.D. N				237.5 10.46 6	239.9 17.49 8	238.5 10.03 8	226.7 13.37 6	228.1 9.78 8	237.4 9.94 8
Day 14	Mean S.D. N							243.2 15.72 6	245.6 12.89 8	252.8 10.87 8
Day 21	Mean S.D. N							250.2 17.85 6	257.6 13.82 8	259.3 13.00 8
Day 28	Mean S.D. N							262.8 16.81 6	270.0 16.84 8	269.6 13.70 8
Day 35	Mean S.D. N							273.0 17.63 6	277.1 17.21 8	285.1 14.82 8
Day 42	Mean S.D. N							280.2 18.30 6	285.4 20.62 8	287.3 15.48 8
Day 49	Mean S.D. N							283.3 18.20 6	288.5 19.45 8	296.5 17.25 8
Day 56	Mean S.D. N							290.0 20.42 6	300.3 23.58 8	303.5 16.68 8
Day 63	Mean S.D. N							295.2 20.82 6	306.1 26.90 8	308.8 16.07 8
Day 70	Mean S.D. N							300.2 20.72 6	309.1 26.34 8	308.3 16.28 8
Day 77	Mean S.D. N							302.0 21.10 6	312.6 27.03 8	310.4 16.84 8
Day 84	Mean S.D. N							306.0 20.36 6	321.6 27.58 8	319.1 18.57 8
Day 90	Mean S.D. N							312.7 20.83 6	331.1 30.76 8	327.0 17.82 8

Table G-3
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions
from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

1-Day Hold Individual Body Weights (grams)

7-Day Hold Individual Body Weights (grams)

•			,	•		.,	(6
	Animal ID	Exposure	Terminal		Animal ID	Exposure	Terminal
10 1 7				10 1 7			
10 min Exposure		210	216	10 min Exposure	4.5	210	225
Control	52 55	219 211	216 211	Control	65 69	218 207	235 226
	56	198	201		71	211	235
	57	210	219		76	220	245
	59	210	221		93	215	237
	62	210	216		98	208	249
'	Mean	209.7	214.0	•	Mean	213.2	237.8
	SD	6.13	6.58		SD	5.34	8.16
High	50	203	dead	High	85	205	dead
Concentration	54	204	198	Concentration	86	217	dead
	60	234	dead		88	203	dead
	61	222	226		89	207	dead
	63 70	215 201	dead dead		90 91	210 219	236 252
	70	220	dead		92	212	222
	79	205	204		92 95	204	213
	80	204	196		101	212	231
,	Mean	212.0	206.0	•	Mean	209.9	230.8
	SD	11.38	13.76		SD	5.67	14.75
Low	51	210	211	Low	73	233	246
Concentration	53	216	223	Concentration	74	219	236
	58	219	225		75	210	232
	64	222	218		78	208	223
	66	218	218		81	225	234
	67	200	202		82	213	224
	68	218	218		83	221	226
	72 Maan	208	211		84	232	245
	Mean SD	213.9 7.30	215.8 7.44		Mean SD	220.1 9.51	233.3 8.89
	SD	7.30	7.44		SD	7.31	0.07
2 min Exposure				2 min Exposure			
Control	123	209	205	Control	139	219	244
	125	229	232		144	224	234
	134	213	216		145	222	253
	136	208	222		151	210	222
	137	219	228		152	213	234
	138	231	234		166	201	238
	Mean	218.2	222.8		Mean	214.8	237,5
	SD	9.97	10.96		SD	8.61	10.46
High	120	218	223	High	150	229	250
Concentration	120	212	205	Concentration	153	232	269
Concentration	124	215	219	Concentration	154	226	250
	128	230	228		155	204	212
	131	224	225		158	210	230
	133	223	219		163	226	246
	135	222	220		169	204	228
	146	214	206		172	220	234
	Mean	219.8	218.1		Mean	218.9	239.9
	SD	6.07	8.39		SD	11.33	17.49
~	122	220	210		1.47	221	241
Low	122	220	218	Low	147	221	241
Concentration	126 127	216 227	211 224	Concentration	148 149	237 221	257 233
	127	240	235		156	219	237
	130	222	217		160	219	233
	140	210	209		161	224	249
	141	231	223		162	222	228
	142	222	224		164	218	230
'	Mean	223.5	220.1	•	Mean	222.6	238.5
	SD	9.23	8.29		SD	6.12	10.03

Table G-4
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

#### 90-Day Hold Individual Body Weights (grams)

Part							•									
Centrol   Pos   205   230		Animal ID	Exposure	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks	5 weeks	6 weeks	7 weeks	8 weeks	9 weeks	10 weeks	11 weeks	12 weeks	Terminal
Centrol   Pos   205   230	10 min Exposure															
104   205   212   215   241   251   256   260   267   277   232   291   287   297   306   311   311   312   315   326   326   327   327   328			205	230	244	253	259	270	274	278	284	290	290	290	294	298
117		102	201	227	245	249	258	270	283	287	299	305	307	311	305	324
118			205	212	235	241	251	256	260	267	277	282	291	287	297	309
19										_						
Mean   198.7   22.55   24.0   25.3   25.4   25.4   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5   25.5   24.0   25.5						_										
High   105   219   dead   de																
High   105   219   dead   de																
Concentration   107		30	0.51	10,00	7.30	11,41	10,30	11,34	13.02	12.04	12,20	11.50	11.00	40.41	14.02	14.30
109   206   216   240   244   255   258   275   275   284   287   292   282   293   300     111   207   227   224   223   282   286   366   366   320   325   346   337   347   368     115   229   239   255   266   266   268   265   295   311   317   313   325   332   338     115   229   239   252   269   275   275   275   275   275   275   275   275     115   229   239   252   269   275   275   275   275   275   275   275   275     115   229   239   252   269   275   275   275   275   275     115   229   239   252   269   275   275   275   275   275     117   272   230   245   246   260   264   275   275   275   275   275     117   272   231   246   260   264   277   277   231   277   231   275   275     117   272   272   277   274   275   275   275   275   275   275   275   275   275     110   229   240   252   262   277   277   271   271   271   271   271   271     116   272   273   246   255   256   256   255   256   265   265   275   275   275     116   272   273   246   252   262   277   277   277   272   278   278   278     116   272   273   246   252   252   252   275   275   275   275   275   275   275   275   275     118   272   273   246   255   256	High	105	219	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
111   207   227   254   263   282   286   306   306   320   325   340   337   347   368	Concentration	107	216	234	259	272	277			301	317	314	327	325	324	330
Part		109	206	216	240	244	255	258	275	275	284	287	292	282	293	300
									306				340			
Mem			_													
SD																
Low   96   210   218   244   254   260   276   285   293   295   307   310   318   315   317																
Low   96   210   219   220   243   246   260   264   273   277   281   295   291   298   307   300		מפ	6,51	9.97	8.42	11.8/	11.96	13.70	13.60	13.60	16.43	16.50	20.92	24.17	22.76	27,93
Low   96   210   219   220   243   246   260   264   273   277   281   295   291   298   307   300		87	209	218	244	254	260	276	285	293	295	307	310	318	315	317
Concentration   Property   Concentration   Property																
Concentration   97	Low				_			-					_	-		
103   223   220   248   256   268   280   282   286   297   310   312   315   325   327	Concentration	97	211	225	247	264	266	242	279	284	290	296	304	314	273	318
106   228   244   265   280   277   277   282   295   306   322   325   323   330   335   336				240	252	262	273	279	291	297	306	316	315	326	334	325
Mean   217.3   224   244   255   259   262   272   278   278   290   298   299   302   305																
Mean   217.3   227.8   246.6   256.3   262.4   168.5   276.9   283.3   288.5   299.9   302.6   307.6   307.4   313.9																
SD   8.33   9.60   9.80   13.68   12.48   12.74   12.14   13.31   16.98   18.51   18.11   18.95   23.85   17.25																
Total   Tota																
Control   177   216   227   241   250   260   269   278   270   283   287   291   290   292   301																
178   200   209   222   226   243   251   259   270   268   272   278   277   282   289   289   179   218   232   233   234   268   280   286   292   300   304   304   304   304   308   317   318   216   221   236   240   248   259   267   271   275   281   289   302   306   305   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   305   306   306   305   306																
179   218   232   253   254   268   280   286   292   300   304   304   304   308   317	Control															
Near   181   216   221   236   240   248   259   267   271   275   281   289   302   306   305																
Mean   213.2   226.7   243.2   250.2   262.8   273.0   280.2   283.3   290.0   295.2   300.2   302.0   306.0   312.7																
SD   9.81   13.37   15.72   17.85   16.81   17.63   18.30   18.20   20.42   20.82   20.72   21.10   20.36   20.83																
High   182   217   238   243   270   270   283   289   290   297   299   312   308   317   336     High   183   218   239   256   265   281   292   310   302   334   335   343   350   365   376     Concentration   184   212   221   231   250   263   266   266   264   274   287   293   292   300   309   310     185   215   228   248   259   278   280   300   306   310   325   325   328   337   342     186   206   219   243   256   268   270   281   286   288   290   296   300   303   310     187   217   214   225   230   240   247   252   253   261   269   265   266   276   279     188   219   239   262   275   298   304   308   314   328   348   340   343   346   360     Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   319   325   340     Low   168   225   233   244   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   286   285   300   304   307   312   318   319   325     189   228   242   253   270   277   290   295   310   315   317   313   318   325   324     Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0     200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200     100   201   201   202   203   203   200   204   205   200   205   200   205     100   201   202   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203     100   201   201   202   203   203   203   203   203   203   20														21.10	20.36	
High   182   217   238   243   270   270   283   289   290   297   299   312   308   317   336     High   183   218   239   256   265   281   292   310   302   334   335   343   350   365   376     Concentration   184   212   221   231   250   263   266   266   264   274   287   293   292   300   309   310     185   215   228   248   259   278   280   300   306   310   325   325   328   337   342     186   206   219   243   256   268   270   281   286   288   290   296   300   303   310     187   217   214   225   230   240   247   252   253   261   269   265   266   276   279     188   219   239   262   275   298   304   308   314   328   348   340   343   346   360     Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   319   325   340     Low   168   225   233   244   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   286   285   300   304   307   312   318   319   325     189   228   242   253   270   277   290   295   310   315   317   313   318   325   324     Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0     200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200     100   201   201   202   203   203   200   204   205   200   205   200   205     100   201   202   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203   203     100   201   201   202   203   203   203   203   203   203   20																***
High   183   218   239   256   265   281   292   310   302   334   335   343   350   365   376     Concentration   184   212   221   231   250   263   266   264   274   287   293   292   300   309   310     185   215   228   248   259   278   280   300   306   310   325   325   328   337   342     186   206   219   243   256   268   270   281   286   288   290   296   300   303   310     187   217   214   225   230   240   247   252   253   261   269   265   266   276   279     188   219   239   262   275   298   304   308   314   328   348   340   343   346   360     Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   319   325   340     Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     189   228   242   253   270   277   290   295   310   315   317   313   318   325   324      Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0      Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0      200   2																
Concentration   184   212   221   231   250   263   266   264   274   287   293   292   300   309   310   310   315   315   316   316   325   325   328   337   342   346	Hink								_							
185   215   228   248   259   278   280   300   306   310   325   325   328   337   342     186   206   219   243   256   268   270   281   286   288   290   296   300   303   310     187   217   214   225   230   240   247   252   253   261   269   265   266   276   279     188   219   239   262   275   298   304   308   314   328   348   340   343   346   360     Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      Low   165   226   237   250   245   255   269   275   284   286   294   294   292   299   316     Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   316   330   330     Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   266   285   300   304   307   312   318   329   338     Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0      Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0     200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200     Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0     200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200   200     100   200				-												
186   206   219   243   256   268   270   281   286   288   290   296   300   303   310     187   217   214   225   230   240   247   252   253   261   269   265   266   276   279     188   219   239   262   275   298   304   308   314   328   348   340   343   346   360     Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      Low   165   226   237   250   245   255   269   275   284   286   294   294   292   299   316     167   234   250   268   270   283   300   309   308   314   320   318   319   325   340     Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   316   330   330      Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   286   285   300   304   307   312   318   329   338     Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0								-	_		_	_				
188   219   239   262   275   298   304   308   314   328   348   340   343   346   360     Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      165   226   237   250   245   255   269   275   284   286   294   294   292   299   316     167   234   250   268   270   283   300   309   308   314   320   318   319   325   340     Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   316   330   330      Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   286   285   300   304   307   312   318   329   338     189   228   242   253   270   277   290   295   310   315   317   313   318   325   324      Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0																
Mean   213.9   228.1   245.6   257.6   270.0   277.1   285.4   288.5   300.3   306.1   309.1   312.6   321.6   331.1     SD   5.03   9.78   12.89   13.82   16.84   17.21   20.62   19.45   23.58   26.90   26.34   27.03   27.58   30.76      165   226   237   250   245   255   269   275   284   286   294   294   292   299   316     167   234   250   268   270   283   300   309   308   314   320   318   319   325   340     Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   316   330   330     Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   300     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   286   285   300   304   307   312   318   329   338     189   228   242   253   270   277   290   295   310   315   317   313   318   325   324     Mean   223.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0		187	217	214	225	230	240	247	252	253	261	269	265	266	276	279
SD   5,03   9,78   12,89   13,82   16,84   17,21   20,62   19,45   23,58   26,90   26,34   27,03   27,58   30,76																
165   226   237   250   245   255   269   275   284   286   294   294   292   299   316     167   234   250   268   270   283   300   309   308   314   320   318   319   325   340     Low   168   225   233   245   253   271   287   286   296   307   316   318   316   330   330     Concentration   170   221   234   257   261   265   282   283   289   292   297   295   293   303   312     171   233   244   261   275   289   306   304   320   330   334   333   337   348   390     176   206   217   232   238   248   261   261   265   280   285   283   290   294   356     180   215   242   256   262   269   286   285   300   304   307   312   318   329   338     189   228   242   253   270   277   290   295   310   315   317   313   318   325   324     Mean   233.5   237.4   252.8   259.3   269.6   285.1   287.3   296.5   303.5   308.8   308.3   310.4   319.1   327.0																
Low         167         234         250         268         270         283         300         309         308         314         320         318         319         325         340           Low         168         225         233         245         253         271         287         286         296         307         316         318         316         330         330           Concentration         170         221         234         257         261         265         282         283         289         292         297         295         293         303         312           171         233         244         261         275         289         306         304         320         330         334         333         337         3148         300           176         206         217         232         238         248         261         265         280         285         283         290         294         356           180         215         242         256         262         269         286         285         300         304         307         312         318         329         324 <td></td> <td>SD</td> <td>5,03</td> <td>9.78</td> <td>12,89</td> <td>13.82</td> <td>16.84</td> <td>17.21</td> <td>20.62</td> <td>19,45</td> <td>23.58</td> <td>26.90</td> <td>26,34</td> <td>27.03</td> <td>27.58</td> <td>30.76</td>		SD	5,03	9.78	12,89	13.82	16.84	17.21	20.62	19,45	23.58	26.90	26,34	27.03	27.58	30.76
Low         167         234         250         268         270         283         300         309         308         314         320         318         319         325         340           Low         168         225         233         245         253         271         287         286         296         307         316         318         316         330         330           Concentration         170         221         234         257         261         265         282         283         289         292         297         295         293         303         312           171         233         244         261         275         289         306         304         320         330         334         333         337         3148         300           176         206         217         232         238         248         261         265         280         285         283         290         294         356           180         215         242         256         262         269         286         285         300         304         307         312         318         329         324 <td></td> <td>165</td> <td>226</td> <td>237</td> <td>250</td> <td>245</td> <td>255</td> <td>269</td> <td>275</td> <td>284</td> <td>286</td> <td>294</td> <td>294</td> <td>292</td> <td>299</td> <td>316</td>		165	226	237	250	245	255	269	275	284	286	294	294	292	299	316
Low         168         225         233         245         253         271         287         286         296         307         316         318         316         330         330           Concentration         170         221         234         257         261         265         282         283         289         292         297         295         293         303         312           171         233         244         261         275         289         306         304         320         330         334         333         337         348         300           176         206         217         232         238         248         261         261         265         280         285         283         290         294         356           180         215         242         256         262         269         286         285         300         304         307         312         318         329         338           189         228         242         253         270         277         290         295         310         315         317         313         318         325         324 <td></td>																
171 233 244 261 275 289 306 304 320 330 334 333 337 348 300 176 206 217 232 238 248 261 261 265 280 285 283 290 294 356 180 215 242 256 262 269 286 285 300 304 307 312 318 329 338 189 228 242 253 270 277 290 295 310 315 317 313 318 325 324 189 223.5 237.4 252.8 259.3 269.6 285.1 287.3 296.5 303.5 308.8 308.3 310.4 319.1 327.0	Low															
176     206     217     232     238     248     261     261     265     280     285     283     290     294     356       180     215     242     256     262     269     286     285     300     304     307     312     318     329     338       189     228     242     253     270     277     290     295     310     315     317     313     318     325     324       Mean     223.5     237.4     252.8     259.3     269.6     285.1     287.3     296.5     303.5     308.8     308.3     310.4     319.1     327.0	Concentration	170	221	234	257	261	265	282	283	289	292		295	293	303	312
180     215     242     256     262     269     286     285     300     304     307     312     318     329     338       189     228     242     253     270     277     290     295     310     315     317     313     318     325     324       Mean     223.5     237.4     252.8     259.3     269.6     285.1     287.3     296.5     303.5     308.8     308.3     310.4     319.1     327.0							_									
189         228         242         253         270         277         290         295         310         315         317         313         318         325         324           Mean         223.5         237.4         252.8         259.3         269.6         285.1         287.3         296.5         303.5         308.8         308.3         310.4         319.1         327.0																
Mean 223.5 237.4 252.8 259.3 269.6 285.1 287.3 296.5 303.5 308.8 308.3 310.4 319.1 327.0																
20.11 (ב.01 10.04 ב.0.10 בייני														-		
		31/	7.31	<i>7</i> , <i>7</i> <b>4</b>	10.07	13.00	13.70	14.02	15.70	17,40	10.00	10,07	10.40	10.04	10.07	17404

Table G-5
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

### Prototype Grenade 7-Day Hold Individual Body Weights (grams)

	Animal ID	Exposure	Terminal
10 min Exposure	2		
High	109	220	234
Concentration	1 <b>10</b>	226	236
	111	235	252
	112	230	240
	113	225	230
	114	222	231
	115	210	225
	116	225	226
	117	222	219
	118	255	266
	119	220	222
	120	242	250
	Mean	227.7	235.9
	SD	11.77	13.94

Table G-6
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

#### Summary of Organ Weights 10 Minute Exposure

#### Absolute Organ Weight (grams)

	1		1 Day Hold		1	7 Day Hold			90 Day Holo	i
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
n. J	1/	2140	200.2	215.0	227.0	220.0	222.2	215.2	224.0	212.0
Body Weight	Mean S.D.	214.0 7.21	209.3 14.74	215.8 7.44	237.8 8.16	230.8 17.04	233.3 8.89	315.2 14.3	334.0 27.95	313.9
weight	S.D. N	6	4	8	6	5	8	l		17.25
	IN IN	0	4	0	0	3	0	6	4	8
Adrenals	Mean	0.070	0.072	0.086	0.087	0.086	0.092	0.091	0.105	0.095
	S.D.	0.0096	0.0117	0.0201	0.0050	0.0183	0.0123	0.0246	0.0282	0.0163
	N	6	4	7	6	5	8	6	4	8
Brain	Mean	1.806	1.873	1.859	1.840	1.814	1.872	2.044	2.104	2.024
	S.D.	0.0867	0.1327	0.1073	0.1328	0.0739	0.0533	0.0981	0.0797	0.0984
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Heart	Mean	0.776	0.628	0.871	0.975	0.937	0.965	1.100	1.126	1.528
110411	S.D.	0.0826	0.3689	0.1107	0.0789	0.1399	0.0706	0.0658	0.0659	1.0706
	N.	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
				_		•	_			_
Kidneys	Mean	1.750	1.718	1.731	2.015	1.865	1.899	2.282	2.277	2.229
	S.D.	0.1484	0.2083	0.1061	0.1711	0.1823	0.1354	0.2979	0.1898	0.3495
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Liver	Mean	10.137	9.360	10.472	11.085	10.447	10.409	11.827	13.034	12.159
	S.D.	0.6333	1.6667	0.7767	0.9963	0.9489	0.6639	1.3336	1.2466	0.8997
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Lungs	Mean	1.311	1.350	1.378	1.487	1.346	1.422	1.668	1.749	1.596
<b></b> -	S.D.	0.0970	0.1271	0.1367	0.1482	0.1681	0.0406	0.1542	0.3306	0.1108
	N	5	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Ovaries	Mean	0.147	0.146	0.172	0.257	0.182	0.179	0.211	0.189	0.188
Ovaries	S.D.	0.0118	0.0209	0.0217	0.1621	0.0290	0.0121	0.0416	0.0150	0.0397
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Spleen	Mean	0.559	0.540	0.539	0.548	0.645	0.594	0.586	0.664	0.698
Spicen	S.D.	0.0657	0.0778	0.0440	0.0691	0.043	0.0832	0.0304	0.0238	0.0510
	N.	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
ть		0.500	0.610	0.5//	0.605	0.613	0.551	0.250	0.222	0.201
Thymus	Mean S.D.	0.569 0.1181	0.619 0.1392	0.566 0.0550	0.605 0.1075	0.612 0.0751	0.551 0.0650	0.378 0.0481	0.333 0.0694	0.381 0.0628
	S.D. N	6	0.1392 4	8		5	8	6	4	8
	IN		7	o	6	3	o		4	o
Uterus	Mean	0.451	0.514	0.420	0.493	0.413	0.657	0.683	0.784	0.749
	S.D.	0.0706	0.1166	0.0662	0.0929	0.0493	0.1963	0.2424	0.3405	0.2595
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8

Table G-7
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

## Summary of Organ Weights 2 Minute Exposure

#### Absolute Organ Weight (grams)

	1		1 Day Hold		I	7 Day Hold		•	90 Day Holo	j
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
Body	Mean	222.8	218.1	220.1	234.2	239.9	238.5	312.7	331.1	327.0
Weight	S.D.	10.96	8.39	8.29	11.14	17.49	10.03	20.83	30.76	17.82
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Adrenals	Mean	0.085	0.078	0.081	0.085	0.093	0.086	0.087	0.086	0.088
	S.D.	0.0185	0.0082	0.0076	0.0145	0.0177	0.0087	0.0139	0.0111	0.0143
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Brain	Mean	1.851	1.806	1.893	1.838	1.837	1.876	2.036	1.803	1.996
	S.D.	0.0441	0.0665	0.0761	0.1193	0.0924	0.0616	0.0914	0.3933	0.1256
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Heart	Mean	0.946	0.945	0.931	0.927	0.975	0.956	1.148	1.206	1.195
	S.D.	0.1238	0.0918	0.0440	0.1287	0.1306	0.1136	0.1690	0.0775	0.1344
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
****	١.,									
Kidneys	Mean	1.745	1.787	1.849	1.853	1.993	1.907	2.132	2.173	2.165
	S.D.	0.0872	0.0989	0.1457	0.1595	0.1808	0.1479	0.3141	0.1376	0.2253
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Liver	Mean	11.049	10.566	10.503	10.961	11.665	11.154	12.024	13.079	13.476
	S.D.	0.7847	0.9939	1.1575	1.2676	0.9801	0.7705	1.3523	1.4627	1.4374
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Lungs	Mean	1.294	1.416	1.427	1.382	1.411	1.549	1.717	1.674	1.661
Lungo	S.D.	0.0987	0.1165	0.1336	0.1655	0.0644	0.1610	0.2315	0.2139	0.2794
	N N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
	,,	0.165	0.160	0.150	0.155	0.100	0.156	0.010	0.000	0.150
Ovaries	Mean	0.167	0.162	0.173	0.157	0.190	0.176	0.210	0.200	0.159
	S.D. N	0.0218	0.0291	0.0285	0.0296	0.0279	0.0245 8	0.0326	0.0363	0.0411 8
	I N	6	8	8	6	8	0	6	8	0
Spleen	Mean	0.575	0.597	0.600	0.661	0.620	0.570	0.702	0.732	0.614
	S.D.	0.0808	0.0774	0.0662	0.0927	0.1015	0.0455	0.1360	0.1795	0.0820
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Thymus	Mean	0.596	0.610	0.621	0.584	0.622	0.616	0.464	0.509	0.362
,	S.D.	0.0816	0.1148	0.1270	0.0890	0.1192	0.0723	0.1304	0.3414	0.0890
•	N.	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
T.	1	0.453	0.440	0.400	0.620	0.405	0.522	0.010	0.010	0.050
Uterus	Mean	0.453	0.449	0.492	0.629	0.425	0.523	0.818	0.810	0.858
	S.D.	0.0463	0.1134	0.1133	0.1244	0.0423	0.2252	0.2479	0.1868	0.5099
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8

Table G-8
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

### 1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Absolute Organ Weights (grams) 10 Minute Exposure

					10 Min	ute Exposur	e					
	Animal ID	Body Weight	Adrenals	Brain	Heart	Kidneys	Liver	Luags	Ovaries	Spleen	Thymus	Uterns
1 Day Hold	Aujulai LD	Dody Weight	Autenais	DI AIG	iicai (	Riuncys	Laver	Luago	Ovalles	Spiceu	Luymus	O (C) H3
Control	52	216	0.07	1.72	0.76	1.58	9.76	1.26	0.14	0.56	0.55	0.38
	55	211	0,09	1.94	0.74	1.74	10.14		0.14	0.47	0.44	0.49
	56	201	0.07	1.87	0.70	1.61	9.49	1.21	0.15	0.51	0.47	0.35
	57	219	0.07	1.83	0.74	1.89	10.71	1.33	0.15	0.64	0.77	0.48
	59	221	0.06	1.72	0.93	1.95	11.08	1.47	0.17	16.0	0.55	0.53
	62	216	0.07	1.76	0.79	1.73	9,66	1.29	0.14	0.56	0.62	0.47
	Mean	214.0	0.070	1,806	0.776	1.750	10,137	1.311	0.147	0,559	0,569	0.451
	SD	7.21	0,0096	0.0867	0.0826	0.1484	0.6333	0.0970	0.0118	0.0657	0.1181	0.0706
High	50	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	54	198	0,06	1.75	0.78	1.48	7.61	1.26	0.13	0.54	0.69	0.57
	60	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	61 63	226	0.09	1.98	0.92	1.88	11.18	1.44	0.15	0.65	0.65	0.52
	70	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	77	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	79	dcad 204	dcad 0.08	dead 1.77	dead 0.72	dcad 1.91	dcad 10.31	dead 1.48	dead 0.18	dead 0.48	dead 0.73	dead 0.62
	80	196	0.06	1.99	0.72	1.62	8.34	1.22	0.13	0.48	0,73	0.35
	Mean	209.3	0.072	1.873	0.628	1.718	9.360	1.350	0,146	0.540	0.619	0.514
	SD	14,74	0.0117	0.1327	0.3689	0.2083	1.6667	0.1271	0.0209	0.0778	0.1392	0.1166
	55	14,,4	0,011,	0.1327	0,5007	0.2003	1,000,	0.12/1	0.0203	0.0770	0.1372	0.1100
Low	51	211	0.08	1.74	0.82	1.60	9.50	1.32	0.17	0.51	0.56	0.40
Concentration	53	223		1.90	0.82	1.66	10.62	1.23	0.20	0.61	0,58	0.38
	58	225	0.08	1.97	0.95	1.92	10,67	1.21	0.17	0.57	0.57	0.45
	64	218	0.09	1.75	1,10	1.72	10,63	1.47	0.20	0.54	0.61	0.52
	66	218	0.08	2.00	0.85	1.81	10,80	1.50	0.18	0.53	0.63	0.48
	67	202	0.13	1.73	0.73	1.66	9.28	1.52	0.14	0.50	0.46	0.43
	68	218	0.08	1,93	0.87	1,81	11,77	1,52	0.15	0.57	0.60	0,30
	72	211	0.07	1.85	0.84	1,68	10.50	1,26	0.19	0.48	0.52	0,40
	Mean	215.8	0.086	1.859	0.871	1.731	10,472	1.378	0,172	0.539	0.566	0.420
	SD	7,44	0.0201	0,1073	0.1107	0.1061	0,7767	0.1367	0.0217	0.0440	0.0550	0.0662
7-Day Hold												
Control	65	235	0.09	1.84	1.02	2.03	11.17	1.30	0.16	0.49	0.68	0.40
	69	226	80.0	1.87	0.88	1,82	10.31	1.36	0.17	0,57	0.50	0.42
	71	235	0.09	1.59	1.01	1.82	11.10	1.42	0.58	0.46	0.66	0.42
	76 93	245	0.09	1.85	0.88	2.10	11.43	1.58	0.18	0.58	0.56	0.53
	93 98	217 249	0.09 0.09	1.90 1.98	0.98 1.08	2.06	9,80 12.69	1.67 1.59	0.21 0.24	0.54 0.65	0.48 0.75	0.62 0.57
	Mean	237,8	0.03	1,840	0.975	2.27	11,085	1.487	0.257	0.548	0,605	0.493
	SD	8.16	0.0050	0.1328	0.0789	0.1711	0.9963	0.1482	0.1621	0.0691	0.1075	0.0929
		0.20	0.0450	0.1326	0.0103	0.11.11	0.7703	0.1402	0.1021	0.0071	0.1075	0.0727
High	85	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dcad	dead	dead
Concentration	86	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	88	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	89	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	90	236	0.07	1.73	0.95	1.87	10.87	1.26	0.21	0.72	0.65	0.47
	91	252	0.07	1.91	1.13	2.15	11.90	1.47	0.18	0.72	0.73	0.43
	92	222	0.08	1.80	0.75	1.75	9.86	1.21	0.18	0.53	0.56	0.43
	95	213	0.10	1.87	0.87	1.67	9.56	1.22	0.14	0.68	0.55	0.34
	101	231	0.11	1.77	0.98	1.88	10.04	1.58	0.20	0.58	0.57	0,40
	Mean	230.8	0.086	1.814	0.937	1.865	10.447	1.346	0.182	0.645	0.612	0.413
	SD	17,04	0.0183	0,0739	0,1399	0.1823	0,9489	0.1681	0,0290	0,0879	0,0751	0.0493
Low	73	246	0.12	1.82	1.05	2.01	10.31	1.48	0.18	0.45	0.52	0.53
Concentration	74	236	0.09	1.84	0,99	1.86	10.54	1.43	0.18	0.72	0.51	0.42
CONCENTATION	75	232	0.09	1.82	1.00	2.03	11.23	1.44	0.18	0.65	0.55	0.70
	78	223	0.08	1.93	0.89	1.79	10.05	1.41	0.19	0.64	0.46	0.61
	81	234	0.08	1.96	0.94	1.93	10.49	1.43	0.17	0.59	0.53	1.07
	82	224	0.08	1.89	1.02	1.80	9.75	1.34	0.20	0.59	0.62	0.73
	83	226	0.09	1.84	0.84	1.69	9.50	1.41	0.16	0.51	0.56	0.68
	84	245	0.10	1.88	1.00	2.07	11.40	1.44	0.18	0.61	0.66	0.52
	Mean	233,3	0.092	1.872	0.965	1.899	10,409	1.422	0.179	0.594	0.551	0.657
	SD	8.89	0.0123	0.0533	0.0706	0.1354	0.6639	0.0406	0.0121	0.0832	0.0650	0.1963
90-Day Hold	0-	***	0.00				10.71					0.65
Control	99	298	0.08	2,04	1.08	2.43	10.81	1.49	0.18	0.55	0.41	0.62
	102	324	0.14	2,18	1.06	2.80	13.73	1,95	0.27	0.61	0.36	0.96
	104	309	0.10	2.06	1.05	2.06	12.06	1.68	0.18	0.60	0.39	0.49
	117	311	0,09	1,88	1.16	2,07	10.14	1.60	0,20	0.56	0.34	1.01
	118 119	310 339	0,06 0,09	2,07 2.03	1.21 1.05	2.04 2.30	11.35 12.88	1.62 1.67	0.26 0.17	0.57 0.63	0,32 0.45	0.43 0.60
	Mean	315.2	0.091	2.044	1,100	2,282	11.827	1.668	0.17	0.586	0.43	0.683
	SD	14.30	0.0246	0.0981	0.0658	0,2979	1,3336	0.1542	0.0416	0,0304	0.0481	0.2424
High	105	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	107	330	0.14	2.20	1.06	2.21	12.47	1,67	0.21	0.65	0.25	1.29
	109	300	0.10	2.00	1.09	2.28	11.94	1.51	0.18	0.70	0.36	0.67
	111	368	0.08	2.12	1.20	2.53	14.81	2.24	0.19	0.66	0.42	0.56
	114	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	115	338	0.10	2.10	1.17	2.08	12.92	1.59	0.17	0.65	0.31	0.61
	Meau	334,0	0,105	2.104	1.126	2.277	13.034	1,749	0.189	0.664	0,333	0.784
	SD	27.95	0.0282	0.0797	0.0659	0.1898	1.2466	0.3306	0.0150	0.0238	0.0694	0.3405
Low	47	215	0.00	1 00	A 17	161	10.95	1.47	0.15	0.63	0.30	0.92
	87 94	317	0.08	1.80	4.17	1.61 1.97	10.95	1.47	0.15	0.63	0.30	0.92
Concentration	94 96	300 282	0.10 0.09	2.04 2.03	1.07 1,06	2.25	10,93	1.62 1.45	0.18	0.65 0.77	0,34	0,48
	97	318	0.09	2.02	1,33	2.25	12.42	1.51	0.16	0.75	0.37	1.17
	100	325	0.13	2.02	1,24	2.42	12.42	1.64	0.16	0.73	0.43	0.60
	103	327	0.10	2.06	1.22	2.61	13.23	1.60	0.20	0.73	0.48	0.60
	106	336	0.10	2.14	1.25	2.67	13.28	1.74	0.14	0.66	0.37	0.51
	108	306	0.09	2.07	1.15	2.06	11.79	1.73	0.24	0.70	0.44	1.04
•	Меап	313,9	0.095	2.024	1.528	2.229	12.159	1.596	0.189	0.698	0.381	0.749
	SD	17.25	0.0163	0.0984	1.0706	0.3495	0.8997	0.1108	0.0397	0.0510	0.0628	0.2595

≖ no data

Table G-9
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rais

### 1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Absolute Organ Weights (grams) 2 Minute Exposure

			-,.,-		2 Min	ate Exposare	:	·g (g	,			
	Animal ID	Body Weight	Adrenala	Brain	Heart	Kidneys	Liver	Lungs	Ovaries	Spleen	Thymus	Uteras
1 Day Hold								24-		24	12,0040	D 10.12
Control	123	205	0.07	1.78	0.87	1.73	10.42	1.38	0.17	0,60	0.53	0.50
	125	232	0.07	1.90	1.11	1.79	11.96	1.30	0.14	0.61	0.60	0.36
	134 136	216 222	0.08 0.08	1.84	0.85	1.71 1.61	10.15 10.71	1.20 1.18	0.16 0.16	0.41	0.57 0.58	0.45 0.47
	137	228	0.09	1.90	0.98	1.76	11.03	1.43	0.10	0.58	0.76	0.46
	138_	234	0.12	1.83	1.07	1.87	12.02	1.27	0.18	0.62	0.55	0.47
	Mean	222.8	0.085	1.851	0.946	1.745	11.049	1.294	0.167	0.575	0.596	0.453
	SD	10.96	0.0185	0.0441	0.1238	0.0872	0.7847	0.0987	0.0218	8080.0	0.0816	0.0463
High	120	223	0.09	1.71	0.99	1.73	10.01	1.40	0.11	0.59	0.53	0.38
Concentration	121	205	0.07	1.89	0.78	1.89	11.16	1.49	0.14	0.62	0.70	0.64
	124	219	0.07	1.80	0.84	1.59	8.60	1.21	0.14	0.53	0.41	0.59
	128	228	0.08	1.92	0.99	1.89	11.25	1.57	0.20	0.62	0.74	0.42
	131	225	0.09	1.77	0.98	1.79	10.41	1.51	0.18	0.50	0.52	0.42
	133 135	219 220	0.08	1.79 1.784	1.03 1.027	1.76 1.818	10.47 11.936	1.44 1.435	0.17 0.19	0.56 0.757	0.70 0.669	0.30 0.387
	146	206	0.08	1.78	0.93	1.84	10.69	1.29	0.16	0.60	0.61	0.46
	Mean	218.1	0.078	1.806	0.945	1.787	10,566	1.416	0,162	0.597	0.610	0.449
	SD	8.39	0.0082	0.0665	0.0918	0.0989	0.9939	0.1165	0.0291	0.0774	0.1148	0.1134
_												
Low Concentration	122 126	218 211	0.08	1.92 1.82	0.91 0.98	1.86 1.77	9.93 10.25	1.34 1.39	0.17 0.15	0.68	0.62 0.67	0.45 0.48
Concentation	127	224	0.08	1.86	0.91	2.07	10.23	1.48	0.17	0.54	0.58	0.31
	129	235	0.09	1.92	0.98	1.86	11.14	1.37	0.23	0.63	0.83	0,60
	130	217	0.07	1.78	0.89	1.59	9.40	1.50	0.19	0.51	0.52	0.69
	140	209	0.09	1.96	0.86	1.78	9,40	1.20	0.16	0.54	0.45	0.44
	141 142	223 224	0.08	2.02 1.87	0.96 0.96	1.99 1.88	10.24 12.96	1.48 1.65	0.14 0.16	0.68	0.55 0.75	0.53 0.45
	Mean	220.1	0.081	1.893	0.931	1.849	10.503	1.427	0.173	0.600	0.621	0.492
	SD	8.29	0.0076	0.0761	0.0440	0.1457	1.1575	0.1336	0.0285	0.0662	0.1270	0.1133
7-Day Hold												
Control	139 144	224 234	0.08	1.93	0.98 0.89	1.79 1.71	10.27	1.39 1.36	0.15	0.64	0.45	0.53
	144	253	0.08	1.88 1.91	0.89	1.71	10.62 12.50	1.57	0.18 0.16	0.57 0.75	0.64 0.70	0.57 0.86
	151	222	0.09	1.62	0.77	1.70	9.09	1.08	0.15	0.79	0.59	0.64
	152	234	0.11	1.90	0.87	1.90	11.08	1.40	0.11	0.64	0.60	0.65
	166	238	0.09	1.79	1.15	2.13	12.20	1.50	0.20	0.57	0.52	0.53
	Meau	234.2	0.085	1.838	0.927	1.853	10.961	1.382	0.157	0.661	0.584	0.629
	SD	11.14	0.0145	0.1193	0.1287	0.1595	1.2676	0.1655	0.0296	0.0927	0.0890	0.1244
High	150	250	0.10	1.93	0.99	2.10	13.05	1.43	0.18	0.75	0.59	0.41
Concentration	153	269	0.08	1.80	1.12	2.34	12.39	1.52	0.23	0.63	0.78	0.43
	154	250	0.09	1.98	1.09	2.07	12.28	1.46	0.16	0.81	0.82	0.38
	155 158	212 230	0.07 0.09	1.78 1.73	0.89 0.78	1.73 1.93	9.81 11.72	1.34	0.18 0.19	0.58 0.54	0.65 0.59	0.44 0.37
	163	246	0.09	1.87	1.14	1.98	11.63	1.43	0.15	0.53	0.50	0.43
	169	228	0.09	1.74	0.92	1.90	11.10	1.41	0.22	0.57	0.53	0.45
	172	234	0.13	1.87	0.87	1.89	11.34	1.37	0.21	0.56	0.52	0.50
	Mean SD	239.9 17.49	0.093	1.837 0.0924	0.975 0.1306	1.993 0.1808	11.665 0.9801	1.411 0.0644	0.190 0.0279	0.620 0.1015	0.622 0.1192	0.425 0.0423
	30	11.47	0.0177	0.0724	0.1300	0.1008	0.5001	0.0044	0.0275	0.1013	0.1192	0.0423
Low	147	241	0.09	1.85	1.11	1.92	12.02	1.30	0.18	0.58	0.63	0.67
Concentration	148	257	0.09	1.99	1.01	2.02	11.91	1.55	0.15	0.61	0.60	0.36
	149 156	233 237	0.09	1.90	0.93 1.00	2.03 2.09	10.70 11.62	1.58 1.51	0.19 0.16	0.66 0.56	0.56 0.57	0.51 0.44
	160	237	0.08	1.88	0.81	1.67	10.08	1.86	0.16	0.54	0.57	0.44
	161	249	0.10	1.80	1.08	1.94	11.81	1.63	0.16	0.53	0.63	1.02
	162	228	0.08	1.91	0.89	1.77	10.36	1.42	0.23	0.55	0.54	0.41
	164	230	0.09	1.81	0.82	1.81	10.72	1.53	0.19	0.53	0.62	0.36
	Meau SD	238.5 10.03	0.086 0.0087	1.876 0.0616	0.956 0.1136	1.907 0.1479	11.154 0.7705	1.549 0.1610	0.176 0.0245	0.570 0.0455	0.616 0.0723	0.523 0.2252
		10.00	0,000,	0.0010		011477	0.7700	011010	0.0240	010420	0.0720	*******
90-Day Hold	174	314	0.08	2.02	1.43	2.17	13.42	1.70	0.21	0.73	0.52	0.55
Control	175	350	0.10	2.19	1.26	2.71	13.81	2.09	0.27	0.93	0.71	0.75
	177 178	30) 289	0.09	1.95 2.11	1.07 1.05	2.10 2.00	11.41 10.51	1.77 1.37	0.20 0.18	0.76 0.57	0.37 0.39	1.20 0.74
	179	317	0.11	1.98	1.13	2.03	12.12	1.70	0.19	0.65	0.42	1.03
	181	305	0.07	1.97	0.96	1.78	10.88	1.67	0.21	0.58	0.38	0.63
	Mean SD	312.7 20.83	0.087 0.0139	2.036 0.0914	1.148 0.1690	2.132 0.3141	12.024	1.717 0.2315	0.210 0.0326	0.702 0.1360	0.464 0.1304	0.818 0.2479
	30	20.03	0.0137	0.0714	0.1050	0.5141	13323	0.2313	0.0320	0.1300	0.1504	0.2479
	173	336	0.07	2.02	1.18	2.08	12.68	1.44	0.18	1.16	0.28	0.95
High	182	336	0.10	1.94	1.18	2.40	15.04	1.63	0.26	0.72	0.47	0.58
Concentration	183 184	376 310	0.09	1.70 2.02	1.27 1.25	2.24 2.00	14.58 12.23	1.59 1.74	0.23 0.16	0.67 0.76	1.32 0.41	0.83 0.84
	185	342	0.08	0.87	1.34	2.31	12.66	1.67	0.20	0.61	0.53	1.00
	186	016	0.08	2.06	1.10	2.15	11.69	2.16	0.16	0.61	0.33	1.06
	187	279	0.09	1.84	1.13	2.05	11.18	1.55	0.23	0.65	0.26	0.60
	188 Menu	360 331.1	0.09	1.97	1.21	2.16	13.679	1.674	0.18	0.69	0.47	0.63
	SD	30.76	0.086	0.3933	0.0775	0.1376	1,4627	0.2139	0.0363	0.732	0.3414	0.1868
	165	316	0.07	1.96	1.07	1.99	12.24	1.52	0.14	0.51	0.35	0.49
Low Concentration	167 168	340 330	0.10 0.11	2.02 1.92	1.19 1.28	2.31 1.98	15.82 12.73	1.61 1.65	0.14 0.17	0.61	0.27 0.44	0.79 1.24
Concessi Siron	170	312	0.07	2.08	1.28	2.00	12.73	1.98	0.18	0.72	0.33	0.55
	171	356	0.08	2.19	1.27	2.38	13.97	1.17	0.16	0.74	0.40	1.97
	176	300	0.08	1.81	1.44	1.87	12.19	1.65	0.09	0.64	0.34	0.59
	180 189	338 324	0.10 0.10	2.11 1.89	1.17 1.15	2.46 2.33	15.18 13.65	1.61 2.08	0.17 0.23	0.54 0.57	0.52 0.26	0.67 0.57
	Menn	327.0	0.088	1.996	1.195	2.165	13.476	1.661	0.159	0.614	0.362	0.858
	SD	17.82	0.0143	0.1256	0.1344	0.2253	1.4374	0.2794	0.0411	0.0820	0.0890	0.5099

### APPENDIX H

# SUMMARY OF ORGAN TO BODY WEIGHT RATIOS AND INDIVIDUAL DATA

Table H-1
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

# Summary of % Body Weight Organ Weights 10 Minute Exposure

	1	<b>\</b>	1 Day Hold			7 Day Hold			90 Day Holo	i
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
		0.0225	0.02/1	0.0410	0.0064	0.0000	0.0055	0.0000	0.0015	0.0200
Adrenals	Mean S.D.	0.0325	0.0361 0.00347	0.0412 0.01173	0.0364 0.00155	0.0376	0.0377 0.00236	0.0289 0.00735	0.0317 0.009 <b>5</b> 0	0.0309
	S.D. N	0.00482	0.00347 4	0.01173 7	0.00155	0.00945 5	0.00236 8		0.00930 4	0.00481 8
	I N	"	4	,	0	J	o	6	4	0
Brain	Mean	0.8456	0.9208	0.8687	0.7736	0.7885	0.8188	0.6493	0.6324	0.6542
	S.D.	0.06297	0.08244	0.03787	0.05318	0.05741	0.03765	0.03778	0.04335	0.03619
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Heart	Mean	0.3622	0.2685	0.4117	0.4097	0.4045	0.4104	0.3500	0.3379	0.3691
•	S.D.	0.03091	0.19502	0.04928	0.02972	0.04058	0.02857	0.02967	0.01926	0.02209
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Kidneys	Mean	0.8171	0.8629	0.8191	0.8464	0.8067	0.8172	0.7243	0.6838	0.7524
raiditey 5	S.D.	0.05397	0.06150	0.02417	0.04830	0.02864	0.04386	0.09087	0.06009	0.05417
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
						-				
Liver	Mean	4.7356	4.7528	4.9234	4.6565	4.5211	4.5069	3.7478	3.9010	3.8995
	S.D.	0.21132	0.43355	0.27265	0.31299	0.14725	0.22311	0.32448	0.11931	0.09366
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Lungs	Mean	0.6104	0.6612	0.6579	0.6245	0.5828	0.6122	0.5291	0.5210	0.5144
	S.D.	0.03062	0.05481	0.07654	0.05144	0.05935	0.01644	0.03997	0.05965	0.03078
	N	5	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Ovaries	Mean	0.0688	0.0728	0.0784	0.1082	0.0787	0.0777	0.0669	0.0566	0.0627
	S.D.	0.00514	0.01147	0.00993	0.06919	0.01064	0.00783	0.01318	0.00542	0.01444
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Spleen	Mean	0.2610	0.2571	0.2474	0.2302	0.2795	0.2590	0.1860	0.2001	0.2284*
•	S.D.	0.02482	0.02647	0.01175	0.02513	0.03571	0.02292	0.00446	0.02324	0.02626
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Thymus	Mean	0.2649	0.2849	0.2614	0.2540	0.2643	0.2441	0.1199	0.0999	0.1272
	S.D.	0.04981	0.07187	0.02354	0.04122	0.01699	0.02729	0.01401	0.01944	0.01565
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Uterus	Mean	0.2100	0.2367	0.1997	0.2069	0.1789	0.3115	0.2166	0.2372	0.2444
~ • • • • • · ·	S.D.	0.02857	0.06221	0.03444	0.03531	0.01658	0.08116	0.07605	0.10671	0.08962
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8

<sup>\*</sup> significantly greater than controls p less than or equal to 0.05

Table H-2
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

# Summary of % Body Weight Organ Weights 2 Minute Exposure

	1		1 Day Hold		l	7 Day Hold			90 Day Hold	}
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
Adrenals	Mean	0.0381	0.0358	0.0370	0.0362	0.0387	0.0361	0.0278	0.0263	0.0270
	S.D.	0.00696	0.00334	0.00350	0.00650	0.00788	0.00318	0.00360	0.00419	0.00396
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Brain	Mean	0.8318	0.8293	0.8608	0.7853	0.7683	0.7876	0.6526	0.5510	0.6107
	S.D.	0.03064	0.04736	0.04366	0.04989	0.04983	0.03447	0.03863	0.13864	0.02709
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Heart	Mean	0.4265	0.4330	0.4231	0.3960	0.4059	0.4000	0.3669	0.3659	0.3665
	S.D.	0.04115	0.03491	0.01786	0.05252	0.03818	0.03 <b>82</b> 0	0.04636	0.02883	0.04888
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Kidneys	Mean	0.7840	0.8209	0.8401	0.7915	0.8300	0.7995	0.6799	0.6596	0.6610
	S.D.	0.03966	0.06260	0.05880	0.05930	0.02089	0.05457	0.06424	0.05289	0.04522
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Liver	Mean	4.9562	4.8522	4.7675	4.6701	4.8626	4.6743	3.8393	3.9499	4.1164
	S.D.	0.19249	0.51335	0.44476	0.35883	0.21572	0.20779	0.25288	0.24514	0.30924
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Lungs	Mean	0.5820	0.6496	0.6480	0.5892	0.5895	0.6504	0.5476	0.5107	0.5113
	S.D.	0.05569	0.05080	0.05516	0.05247	0.02333	0.07345	0.04448	0.09130	0.10083
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Ovaries	Mean	0.0752	0.0742	0.0785	0.0668	0.0794	0.0740	0.0670	0.0606	0.0484
	S.D.	0.00972	0.01246	0.01111	0.01198	0.01219	0.01277	0.00629	0.01209	0.01246
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Spleen	Mean	0.2580	0.2743	0.2724	0.2830	0.2585	0,2390	0.2234	0.2223	0.1879
	S.D.	0.03519	0.03809	0.02866	0.04323	0.03634	0.01988	0.03161	0.05496	0.02595
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Thymus	Mean	0.2675	0.2804	0.2812	0.2488	0.2590	0.2585	0.1470	0.1489	0.1106
	S.D.	0.03294	0.05514	0.05051	0.03161	0.04391	0.03234	0.03096	0.08510	0.02551
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Uterus	Mean	0.2042	0.2073	0.2237	0.2678	0.1781	0.2182	0.2629	0.2460	0.2576
	S.D.	0.02781	0.05791	0.05072	0.04340	0.02408	0.08828	0.08419	0.05969	0.13843
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8

Table H-3
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual % Body Weight Organ Weights (grams)
10 Miaute Exposure

					10 Minute I	xposure					
	Animal ID	Advonata	Brain	Heart	Kidneys	Liven	Lann	O	C-loss	Th	Uterus
1 Day Hold	ABIUM U	Adicasis	DI MI	Deart	Rouncys	Liver	Langs	Ovaries	Spleen	Thymus	Cierus
Control	52	0.031	0.798	0.352	0.730	4.517	0.585	0.063	0.260	0.255	0.178
	55	0.041	0.918	0.350	0.823	4.806	1 3	0.067	0.220	0.210	0.232
	56	0.032	0.928	0.348	0.801	4.720	0.601	0.073	0.253	0.234	0.172
	57	0.031	0.837	0.336	0.862	4.888	0.605	0.070	0,294	0.352	0.217
	59	0.026	0.778	0.422	0.884	5.012	0.663	0.076	0.277	0.250	0.241
	62	0.034	0.815	0.366	0.802	4.470	0.597	0.063	0.261	0.288	0.219
	Meau	0.0325	0.8456	0.3621	0.8171	4.7356	0.6104	0.0688	0.2610	0.2649	0.2100
	SD	0.00482	0.06297	0.03091	0.05397	0.21132	0.03062	0.00514	0.02482	0.04981	0.02857
	••										
High	50	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	54 60	0.031 dead	0.881 dead	0.396 dead	0.745 dead	3.841 dead	0.637 dead	0,065 dead	0.274	0.346	0.288 dead
	6L	0,038	0.878	0.407	0.831	4.947	0.637	0.064	dead 0.287	dead 0.288	0.230
	63	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	70	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	77	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	79	0.038	0.869	0.353	0.934	5.055	0.724	0.086	0,237	0,355	0.302
	80	0.032	1.016	0.045	0.824	4.256	0.623	0.068	0.247	0.212	0.178
•	Mean	0,0361	0,9208	0.2685	0.8629	4.7528	0.6612	0.0728	0.2571	0.2849	0.2367
	SD	0.60347	0.08244	0.19502	0.06150	0.43355	0,05481	0.01147	0.02647	0.07187	0.06221
Low	51	0.036	0.827	0.390	0.756	4.504	0.623	0.080	0.239	0.267	0.188
Concentration	53		0.853	0.366	0.746	4.764	0.549	0.089	0.274	0.259	0.171
	58	0.034	0.877	0.423	0.852	4.740	0.539	0.073	0,255	0.254	0,201
	64 66	0.042	0.802	0.503	0.787	4.878	0.674	0.091	0.246	0.278	0.237
	67	0.038 0.064	0.916 0.856	0,389 0,359	0.832 0.820	4.953 4.595	0.688 0.752	0.081	0,245 0, <b>2</b> 47	0,288 0,226	0,220 0.214
	68	0.035	0.883	0.400	0.828	5.397	0.696	0.067	0.263	0.277	0.138
	72	0.035	0.878	0.396	0.795	4.977	0.599	0.089	0.203	0.246	0.190
•	Mean	0.0412	0.8687	0.4117	0.8191	4.9234	0.6579	0.0784	0.2474	0.2614	0.1997
	SD	0.01173	0.03787	0.04928	0.02417	0,27265	0,07654	0,00993	0.01175	0.02354	0.03444
7-Day Hold				-							
Control	65	0.037	0.784	0.435	0.866	4.755	0.551	0.069	0.210	0.289	0.171
	69	0.035	0.827	0.390	0.806	4.562	0.603	0.075	0,250	0.223	0.186
	71	0.039	0.676	0.429	0.774	4.724	0,604	0.248	0,195	0.281	0,177
	76	0.037	0.756	0.360	0.856	4.666	0.645	0.072	0.238	0.227	0.216
	93	0.036	0.802	0.412	0.867	4.135	0,704	0.087	0.226	0.203	0.262
	98	0.036	0.796	0.432	0.910	5.097	0.640	0,098	0.263	0.302	0.229
	Mean SD	0.0364 0.00155	0.7736 0.05318	0.4097 0.02972	0.8464 0.04830	4.6565	0,6245	0,1082	0,2302 0.02513	0,2540 0,84122	0,2069 0,03531
	שנ	0.00155	0.03318	0.02572	0.04830	0.31299	0.05144	0.06919	0.02513	0.04122	0.03331
High	85	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	86	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	88	dead	dcad	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	89	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	90	0.030	0.731	0.404	0.793	4.608	0.532	0.090	0.306	0.275	0.199
	91	0.027	0.757	0.448	0.854	4.723	0.585	0.072	0,284	0.288	0.172
	92	0.037	0.812	0,339	0.788	4,440	0.544	0,080	0.238	0,253	0.193
	95	0.046	0,877	0,407	0.785	4.489	0.571	0.064	0.321	0,258	0.159
	101	0.048	0.766	0.424	0.813	4.346	0.682	0.087	0.249	0.247	0.171
	Mean	0.0376 0.00945	0,7885 0.05741	0.4045 0.04058	0.8067 0.02864	4.5211 0.14725	0.5828 0.05935	0.0787	0.2795 0.03571	0.2643	0.1789 0.01658
	SD	0.00543	0.03/41	0.04030	0.02004	0.14/23	0.03733	0.01064	0.03371	0.01699	0.01038
Low	73	0.048	0.740	0.427	0.819	4.189	0.603	0.072	0,183	0,211	0.215
Concentration	74	0.039	0.778	0.418	0.789	4.468	0.605	0.077	0.304	0.216	0.179
	75	0.038	0.784	0,432	0.876	4.841	0.619	0.077	0.280	0.236	0.300
	78	0.038	0.865	0.400	0.804	4.505	0.633	0.083	0.288	0.205	0.273
	81	0.035	0.839	0.400	0.826	4.484	0.610	0.071	0.251	0.227	0.457
	82	0.036	0.843	0.453	0.804	4.352	0,598	0.091	0,263	0.277	0.325
	83	0.041	0.814	0.371	0.747	4.205	0.623	0.073	0.226	0.249	0.302
	84	0.040	0.767	0.406	0.845	4.654	0.589	0.071	0.247	0.271	0.212
	Mean SD	0.0377	0.8188	0.4104	0.8172	4.5069	0.6122	0.0777	0.2590 0.02292	0.2441	0,3115 0.08116
90-Day Hold	30	0.00236	0.03765	0.02857	0.04386	0.22311	0.01644	0.00783	0.02292	0.02729	0.00110
Control	99	0.027	0.686	0.363	0.816	3,628	0.500	0.062	0.185	0.136	0.208
	102	0.042	0.673	0.328	0.863	4.237	0,602	0.083	0.188	0.110	0.296
	104	0.031	0.667	0.339	0.665	3.902	0.544	0.058	0.193	0.127	0.157
	117	0.028	0.603	0.371	0.665	3.259	0.514	0.065	0.180	0.110	0.323
	118	0.021	0.668	0.389	0.657	3.662	0.523	0,083	0,185	0.103	0.140
	119_	0.025	0.600	0.310	0.678	3.799	0.493	0.051	0.185	0.133	0.176
	Mean	0.0289	0,6493	0,3500	0,7243	3,7478	0.5291	0.0669	0.1860	0,1199	0,2166
	SD	0.00735	0.03778	0.02967	0.09087	0.32448	0.03997	0.01318	0.00446	0.01401	0.07605
High	105	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	107	0.043	0.665	0.320	0.670	3.778	0.505	0.063	0.197	0.076	0.391
Concent and	109	0.033	0.667	0.362	0.761	3.981	0,502	0.060	0.233	0.118	0.225
	111	0.020	0.575	0.325	0.688	4.023	0,607	0.053	0.179	0.113	0.152
	114	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dcad	dead	dead	dead
	115	0.030	0.622	0.345	0.616	3.822	0.470	0.051	0.192	0.092	0.181
•	Mean	0.0317	0.6324	6.3379	0.6838	3.9010	0.5210	0.0566	0.2001	0.0999	0.2372
	SD	0.00950	0.04335	0.01926	0.06009	0.11931	0.05965	0.00542	0.02324	0.01944	0.10671
_							_				
Low	87	0.024	0.567	1.315	0.509	3.453	0.465	0.046	0.199	0.093	0.291
Concentration	94	0.033	0,679	0.356	0.656	4.147	0.540	0.058	0.216	0.113	0.159
	96 97	0,031 0.027	0.719 0.635	0.376 0.391	0. <b>799</b> 0. <b>7</b> 07	3.875 3.906	0.515 0.474	0.070 0.051	0.273 0.237	0.116 0.115	0.242 0.367
	100	0.027	0.629	0.326	0.744	3.768	0.506	0.075	0.237	0.113	0.367
	103	0.030	0.631	0.328	0.797	4.044	0.490	0.060	0.210	0.131	0.184
	106	0.028	0,636	0.373	0.796	3.952	0.519	0.042	0.197	0.111	0.150
	108	0.029	0.675	0.375	0.672	3.852	0.564	0.079	0.229	0.145	0.339
•	Mean	0,0309	0,6542	0.3691	0,7524	3,8995	0,5114	0,0627	0.2284	0.1272	0,2444
	SD	0,00481	0.03619	0.02209	0.05417	0,09366	0.03078	0.01444	0.02626	0.01565	0.08962

= no data

Table H-4
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual % Body Weight Organ Weights (grams)
2 Minute Exposure

					2 Minute E	xposure					
	Animal ID	Adminis	Brain	Heart	Kidneys	1	1	A	C-1	Thymus	F74
1 Day Hold	VIIIII IN	Aurenaus	Drain	neari	AJUBCYS	Liver	Lungs	Ovaries	Spieen	1 nymus	Uterus
Control	123	0.033	0.870	0.422	0.845	5.085	0.672	0.080	0.290	0.259	0.243
	125	0.031	0.817	0.478	0.772	5.154	0.561	0.061	0.264	0.257	0.157
	134	0.036	0.850	0.393	0.791	4.698	0.556	0.072	0.191	0.263	0.210
	136	0.037	0,841	0,364	0.725	4.826	0.532	0.072	0.283	0.260	0.211
	137	0.041	0.832	0.428	0.770	4.839	0.629	0.090	0,256	0.332	0.202
	138	0.050	0.781	0,456	0.800	5.135	0,542	0.075	0.263	0,235	0.202
	Mean	0.0381	0,8318	0.4235	0.7840	4.9562	0.5820	0.0752	0.2580	0.2675	0.2042
	SD	0.00696	0.03064	0.04115	0.03966	0,19249	0.05569	0.00972	0.03519	0.03294	0.02781
High	120	0.041	0.768	0,445	0,776	4.488	0.626	0,051	0.262	0.236	0,168
Concentration	121	0.036	0.920	0.380	0.921	5.445	0.724	0.068	0.263 0.304	0.342	0.310
Concentration	124	0.032	0.824	0.381	0.724	3.928	0.552	0.064	0.244	0.187	0.271
	128	0.033	0.843	0.435	0.828	4,934	0.686	0.088	0.272	0.325	0.185
	131	0.040	0.788	0.434	0.796	4.625	0.669	0.080	0.222	0.232	0.188
	133	0.034	0.816	0.469	0.805	4.780	0.659	0.076	0.256	0.320	0.135
	135	0.033	0.811	0.467	0.826	5.425	0.652	0.086	0.344	0.304	0.176
	146	0.036	0.865	0.453_	0.891	5.191	0.627	0.080	0.290	0.298	0.225
	Mean	0.0358	0.8293	0,4330	0.8209	4.8522	0.6496	0.0742	0.2743	0.2804	0.2073
	SD	0,00334	0.04736	0.03491	0.06260	0.51335	0.05080	0.01246	0.03809	0.05514	0.05791
Low	122	0.039	0.880	0.418	0.854	4.555	0.615	0.080	0.312	0.283	0.205
Concentration	126	0.037	0.864	0.463	0.839	4,855	0.660	0.073	0.285	0.319	0.227
Contentiation	127	0.034	0.832	0.408	0.923	4.780	0,662	0.076	0.239	0.258	0.138
	129	0.040	0.817	0.418	0.791	4.740	0.582	0.099	0,266	0.355	0.254
	130	0.033	0.820	0.408	0.731	4.332	0.693	0.089	0.233	0,237	0.316
	140	0.043	0.937	0.412	0.852	4,500	0.574	0,078	0.259	0.214	0.212
	141	0.038	0.905	0.430	0.891	4.592	0.663	0.064	0.306	0.248	0.238
	142	0.033	0.833	0.427	0.840	5,787	0.736	0.069	0.278	0.335	0.200
	Mean	0.0370	0.8608	0.4231	0.8401	4.7675	0.6480	0.0785	0.2724	0.2812	0.2237
7 Day Wald	SD	0.00350	0.04366	0.01786	0,05880	0.44476	0.05516	0.01111	0.02866	0.05051	0.05072
7-Day Hold Control	139	0.034	0.862	0.438	0.800	4,585	0.620	0.066	0,287	0.201	0.235
Control	144	0.034	0.803	0.438	0.729	4,583	0.520	0.006	0.243	0.201	0.233
	145	0.031	0.754	0.363	0.746	4.942	0.619	0.064	0.296	0.278	0.243
	151	0.040	0.728	0.345	0.766	4.094	0.488	0.065	0.358	0.265	0.290
	152	0,046	0.813	0.371	0.812	4.735	0.599	0.047	0,275	0.257	0,277
	166	0.038	0.751	0.482	0.894	5 <u>.12</u> 7	0.628	_0.083	0.239	0.218	0.223
	Mean	0.0362	0.7853	0.3960	0.7915	4.6701	0.5892	0.0668	0.2830	0.2488	0.2678
	SD	0, <b>0065</b> 0	0.04989	0.05252	0.05930	0.35883	0.05247	0.01198	0.04323	0.03161	0.04340
101-L	140	0.050	0.777	0.207	0.040	5.221	0.491		0.000	0.235	0.143
High Concentration	150 153	0.038 0.029	0.773 0.668	0.397 0,414	0.842 0.868	4,606	0.571 0.567	0.073 0,086	0.298 0.233	0.288	0.162 0.160
Concentration	154	0.029	0.794	0.436	0.826	4.913	0.584	0.064	0.323	0.328	0.151
	155	0.035	0.841	0.421	0.814	4.625	0.633	0.085	0.272	0,305	0.205
	158	0.039	0.751	0.341	0.840	5.095	0.577	0.082	0.236	0.258	0.160
	163	0.038	0.761	0.465	0,806	4.726	0,580	0.061	0,216	0.203	0.174
	169	0.038	0.761	0.402	0.835	4.866	0.618	0.095	0.251	0.231	0.196
	172	0.056	0.798	0.371	0,809	_4.847	0.586	0.089	0.240	0.223	0.215
	Mean	0.0387	0.7683	0.4059	0.8300	4.8626	0.5895	0.0794	0,2585	0,2590	0.1781
	SD	0,00788	0.04983	0.03818	0.02089	0.21572	0.02333	0.01219	0.03634	0.04391	0.02408
Low	147	0.037	0.766	0.460	0.796	4.989	0.540	0.074	0,240	0.260	0,277
Concentration	147	0.037	0.776	0.393	0.788	4.635	0.603	0.058	0.238	0.260 0.235	0.140
Concentiation	149	0.038	0.813	0.399	0.873	4.593	0.678	0.080	0.283	0.242	0.219
	156	0.032	0.792	0.424	0.883	4.904	0.638	0.067	0.235	0.242	0.187
	160	0.033	0.805	0.348	0.715	4.327	0.797	0.070	0,232	0.333	0.175
	161	0.041	0.723	0.433	0.780	4.744	0.656	0.063	0.212	0.252	0.410
	162	0.035	0.839	0.388	0.774	4.545	0.624	0.099	0.241	0.236	0.181
	164	0.039	0.787	0.355	0.788	4.659	0,667	0.082	0.230	0.270	0.157
	Mean	0.0361	0.7876	0.4000 0.03820	0.7995	4.6743	0.6504 0.07345	0.0740	0.2390	0.2585	0.2182
	SD	0.00318	0.03447	0,03820	0.05457	0.20779	v.u / 343	0.01277	0.01988	0.03234	0.08828
90-Day Hold	174	0.025	0.644	0.454	0.691	4.275	0.542	0.067	0.231	0.165	0.175
Control	175	0.029	0.624	0.361	0.775	3.945	0,598	0.077	0.265	0.202	0.215
	177	0.030	0.649	0.355	0.698	3.791	0.589	0.067	0.253	0.123	0.399
	178	0.027	0.728	0.364	0.692	3.636	0.474	0.061	0.197	0.136	0.256
	179	0.033	0.625	0.355	0.640	3.822	0.535	0.060	0.205	0.133	0.325
-	181 Mann	0.023	0.646	0.313	0.583	3,566	0.547	0.070	0.189	0.123	0.208
	Mean SD	0.0278 0.00360	0.6526 0.03863	0.04636	0.6799 0.06424	3,8393 0.25288	0,5476 0.04448	0.0670 0.00629	0.2234 0.03161	0.1470 0.03096	0.2629 0.08419
	30	0.00300	0.00003	0.0-0.0	0.00727	V-4J400	D.0-1440	0.00027	0.03101	0.0000	0,00417
	173	0.020	0,602	0.350	0.619	3.773	0.428	0.054	0.344	0.083	0.281
High	182	0.031	0.578	0.352	0.715	4,477	0,485	0,077	0.215	0.139	0.172
Concentration	183	0.023	0.453	0.338	0.594	3.878	0.422	0.061	0.178	0.351	0.220
	184	0.030	0.651	0.403	0.645	3.944	0.562	0.052	0.245	0.134	0.269
	185	0.023	0.255	0.390	0,677	3,703	0.489	0.058	0.177	0.154	0.292
	186	0.027	0.665	0.354 0.405	0.694	3.770	0.695	0.051	0.197	0.105	0.342
	187 188	0.031 0.026	0.658 0.547	0.405 0.335	0.733 0.600	4.006 4.049	0,555 0,448	0.081	0.232 0.191	0,095 0.131	0,216 0,176
	Mean	0.0263	0.5510	0.3659	0.6596	3,9499	0.5107	0.0606	0.191	0.131	0.2460
	SD	0.0263	0.13864	0.02883	0.05289	0.24514	0.09130	0.01209	0.2223	0.08510	0.05969
		2.00717								0.000	
	165	0.022	0.619	0.337	0.631	3,874	0.481	0.043	0.160	0.111	0.155
Low	167	0.030	0.593	0.350	0.680	4.651	0.474	0.041	0.179	0.078	0.231
Concentration	168	0.032	0.582	0.387	0.601	3.858	0.500	0.052	0.180	0.133	0.376
	170	0.023	0.665	0.322	0.642	3.858	0.636	0.059	0.230	0.105	0.175
	171	0.023	0.615	0.358	0,668	3.923	0.328	0.045	0.207	0.111	0.554
	176 180	0.026	0.603	0.478	0.622	4.063	0.551 0.478	0.029	0.213 0.160	0.113 0.155	0.197 0.197
	189	0.028 0.031	0,625 0.584	0.345 0.355	0,727 0.718	4.491 4.213	0.478	0,049 0.070	0.160	0.133	0.197
	Mean	0.0270	0.6107	0.3665	0.6610	4.1164	0.5113	0.0484	0.1879	0.1106	0.2576
	SD	0.00396	0.02709	0.04888	0.04522	0.30924	0.10083	0.01246	0.02595	0.02551	0.13843

### APPENDIX I

# SUMMARY OF ORGAN TO BRAIN WEIGHT RATIOS AND INDIVIDUAL DATA

Table I-1
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

# Summary of % Brain Weight Organ Weights 10 Minute Exposure

			1 Day Hold		1	7 Day Hold			90 Day Holo	j
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
Adrenals	Mean	3.8409	3,9669	4.7616	4.7415	4.7503	4.6187	4.4531	4.9525	4.7437
Harenas	S.D.	0.41786	0.69594	1.44139	0.56226	1.05053	0.44423	1.05512	1.22054	0.83854
	N	6	4	7	6	5	8	6	4	8
Heart	Mean	43.1620	30.4931	47.6274	53.2293	51.6148	50.2112	53.9966	53.5680	56.5204
	S.D.	6.22751	22.71178	7.72967	6.07058	7.24633	4.18794	4.91192	3.75151	3.91862
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Kidneys	Mean	97.0908	94.4260	94.3767	109.6485	102.8180	100.0822	111.4976	108.3695	115.2757
	S.D.	10.10594	13.19683	3.18798	6.47231	9.37760	8.77083	11.40798	10.12307	10.12489
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Liver	Mean	562.5172	521.4971	567.3887	604.9038	576.1107	551.9887	577.7357	619.6195	597.6811
	S.D.	48.45257	89.25775	34.44290	64.87820	50.68757	47.21733	45.79772	56.48979	37.24048
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Lungs	Mean	73.7880	72.4028	75.9081	80.9904	74.2471	74.8605	81.5881	83.0623	78.2625
	S.D.	7.32749	11.01364	9.87869	7.94358	9.57631	3.04383	5.70006	15.00969	4.53638
	N	5	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Ovaries	Mean	8.1670	7.9715	9.0546	14.5350	10.0811	9.4839	10.2803	8.9535	9.5650
	S.D.	0.83163	1.67433	1.39192	10,90126	1.91618	0.77743	1.79551	0.49455	2.06870
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Spleen	Mean	31.1135	28.1116	28.5227	29.7445	35.5490	31.6573	28.7172	31.6106	34.8614*
	S.D.	4.59138	4.25759	1.81665	2.27524	4.80622	2.76542	1.46712	2.31200	2.63238
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Thymus	Mean	31.6100	31.5067	30.1345	33.0900	33.7170	29.9259	18.5192	15.9033	19.5106
	S.D.	6.94275	10.09393	2.93011	6.56896	3.92139	4.12271	2.46290	3.57445	2.71155
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Uterus	Mean	25.0043	26.1672	23.0943	26.7487	22.8442	37.9268	33.6172	37.0017	37.2876
	S.D.	4.23441	8.61713	4.56308	4.12729	3.26090	9.18188	12.65223	14.81632	13.54484
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8

<sup>\*</sup> significantly greater than controls

p less than or equal to 0.05

Table I-2
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

# Summary of % Brain Weight Organ Weights 2 Minute Exposure

	1		1 Day Hold			7 Day Hold			90 Day Hold	l
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
Adrenals	Mean	4.6013	4.3381	4.2945	4.6331	5.0302	4.6041	4.2826	5.0961	4.4476
	S.D.	1.00621	0.56463	0.30138	0.88609	0.89800	0.55359	0.66813	1.68157	0.80730
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Heart	Mean	51.0625	52.4493	49.2446	50.5108	53.0309	50.9777	56.3769	73.0705	60.2369
	S.D.	6.29356	6.00797	2.92371	6.89311	6.12683	6.42286	7.81369	32.81776	9.32953
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Kidneys	Mean	94.3336	98.9811	97.6793	101.1376	108.5837	101.6689	104.4841	130.9246	108.4178
	S.D.	5.36920	4.75349	6.64527	10.18090	9.95878	7.79750	11.84038	55.26793	8.84383
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Liver	Mean	596.8545	585.0674	555.7147	596.5718	635.0720	595.0081	590.6107	778.7890	675.6705
	S.D.	39.22964	52.15337	66.16429	59.03846	46.32832	45.46696	58.88853	289.13738	64.27570
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Lungs	Mean	69.9272	78.4185	75.5625	75.1070	76.9131	82.6297	84.3760	99.6491	83.8066
	S.D.	5.51092	5.80817	8.63945	6.43553	4.08512	9.12029	10.45487	38.37830	16.53157
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Ovaries	Mean	9.0412	8.9499	9.1629	8.5579	10.3858	9.3639	10.3094	11.9809	7.9414
	S.D.	1.14531	1.50945	1.60401	1.74890	1.83328	1.32850	1.32883	4.97106	2.10338
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Spleen	Mean	31.0548	33.0736	31.6401	36.2645	33.6548	30.3412	34.4262	42.5488	30.7541
	S.D.	4.33125	4.29469	2.91148	7.00455	4.18738	2.00684	5.90606	13.48857	3.71955
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Thymus	Mean	32.1594	33.7113	32.8823	31.8851	33.8255	32.8736	22.6583	31.2978	18.0996
	S.D.	3.82169	5.72308	6.89887	5.11759	6.08187	4.21134	5.41146	24.00658	4.11870
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8
Uterus	Mean	24.5188	24.8181	26.0842	34.3394	23.1784	28.0870	40.4092	49.6440	42.4113
	S.D.	2.91181	5.86207	6.47930	6.83176	2.62953	12.86320	13.30710	27.33945	23.01846
	N	6	8	8	6	8	8	6	8	8

Table 1-3
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual % Brain Weight Organ Weights (grams)
10 Minute Exposure

				10 Mi	nnte Exposu	re				
	Animal ID		Heart	Kidneys	* *****		O	0.4	T1	T74
1 Day Hold	Valenti III	Mulchais	nicar t	MIGACYS	Liver	Langs	Ovaries	Spleen	Thymus	Uterus
Control	52	3.886	44.142	91,473	565.893	73.260	7.947	32.599	31.903	22.274
	55	4.440	38,100	89.675	523.542	10.75	7.331	24.006	22.922	25.297
	56	3.485	37.480	86,381	508,686	64,772	7.882	27.239	25.201	18,552
	57	3.657	40.120	103.002	584.334	72.380	8.406	35.153	42.085	25.983
	59	3.372	54.244	113,605	644.012	85.233	9.709	35.640	32,151	30,988
	62	4.205	44.886 43.1620	98,409	548.636	73,295	7.727	32.045	35.398	26,932
	Mean SD	3.8409 0.41786	6,22751	97.0908 10.10594	562.5172 48.45257	73.7880 7.32749	8,1670 0,83163	31.1135 4.59138	31.6106 6.94275	25.0043 4.23441
	Ų <b>.</b>	0.41700	0,22,51	10.10374	40,45207	1.52142	0.03103	4.57150	0.74273	4.25441
High	50	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	54	3.553	44.928	84.527	435.874	72.321	7.335	31.060	39.255	32.665
	60	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	61	4.335	46.321	94.657	563,508	72,530	7.308	32.712	32,762	26,210
	63	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	70 77	dead dead	dead dead	dead dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	79	4.402	40.688	107.506	dead 581.998	dcad 83,352	dead 9.876	dead 27.314	dead 40.914	dead 34.763
	80	3.164	4.470	81.115	418.985	61.326	6.730	24.309	20.844	17.529
	Mean	3.9669	30.4931	94,4260	521.4971	72,4028	7.9715	28,1116	31.5067	26,1672
	SD	0.69594	22.71178	13,19683	89,25775	11.01364	1.67433	4.25759	10,09393	8.61713
_										
Low	51	4.415	47.133	91.456	544,897	75.401	9.633	28,956	32.282	22.764
Concentration	53 58	3.852	42.880 48.201	87.388 97.162	558.224 540.598	64.372 61.429	10.405 8.363	32.055 29.042	30,373 28,941	20.074 22.909
	64	5.203	62.722	98.113	607,947	83.991	11.321	30,703	34.591	29.503
	66	4.106	42.414	90.836	540.661	75.063	8.813	26.740	31.447	23.986
	67	7.519	41,990	95,778	536.842	87.912	8.097	28,861	26,374	24,986
	68	3.948	45.299	93,766	611.221	78.857	7.636	29.818	31.377	15.584
,	72	3.942	45.140	90,605	567.063	68.197	10.097	25.972	28.078	21.598
	Mean	4.7616	47.6274	94.3767 3,18798	567.3887	75.9081	9.0546	28.5227	30.1345	23.0943
7-Day Hold	SD	1.44139	7.72967	3,16/98	34.44290	9.87869	1.39192	1.81665	2.93011	4.56308
Control	65	4.669	55,537	110.423	606.623	70,304	8,849	26.764	36,808	21,878
	69	4.171	47.112	97.433	551.390	72.834	9.037	30.214	26.952	22.460
	71	5.790	63,499	114.537	698.678	89.364	36.627	28.886	41.536	26.180
	76	4,860	47.624	113.175	617.225	85.313	9.503	31,479	29,968	28.510
	93	4.471	51.341	108,101	515.466	87.743	10.889	28.143	25,355	32.720
	98 Mean	4,7415	54.261 53.2293	109,6485	640.040 604.9038	80,383 80,9904	12.305	32,980 29,7445	37.922 33.0900	28.744 26.7487
	SD	0.56226	6.07058	6.47231	64.87820	7.94358	10.90126	2.27524	6.56896	4.12729
		********								
High	85	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	86	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	88 89	dead dead	dead dead	dead dead	dead dead	dead dead	dead	dead dead	dead dead	dead dead
	90	4.116	55.304	108.464	630.377	72,812	dead 12.348	41,797	37.681	27.246
	91	3.512	59.224	112.788	623.847	77.201	9.539	37.526	38.050	22.746
	92	4.606	41.787	97.059	547.003	67.037	9.822	29.301	31.132	23.751
	95	5,300	46.360	89.561	511.831	65,096	7,334	36.617	29.443	18.148
	101	6,218	55,399	106.218	567,496	89.090	11,362	32.504	32.278	22.329
	Mean	4.7503	51.6148	102.8180	576.1107	74.2471	10.0811	35.5490	33.7170	22.8442
	SD	1.05053	7.24633	9.37760	50.68757	9,57631	1.91618	4,80622	3,92139	3.26090
Low	73	6.484	57,747	110.659	566,209	81,538	9.725	24,780	28.571	29.121
Concentration	74	5,008	53,674	101.306	573.979	77.681	9,907	39.085	27.70B	22.972
	75	4.785	55.116	111.826	617.822	78.988	9.791	35.699	30.088	38.284
	78	4.352	46.218	92,953	520,518	73,161	9.637	33.316	23,679	31,554
	81	4.126	47.733	98.421	534.488	72.746	8.507	29.903	27.050	54.457
	82 83	4,235 5,000	53.732 45.543	95.394 91.739	516,093 516,522	70.937 76.576	10.746 8.913	31.128 27.717	32.875 30.598	38.539 37.120
	84	5.213	52,926	110.160	606.489	76.755	9.309	32,181	35.266	27.606
•	Mean	4.6187	50.2112	100.0822	551.9887	74.8605	9.4839	31,6573	29.9259	37.9268
	SD	0.44423	4.18794	8,77083	47.21733	3.04383	0.77743	2,76542	4.12271	9.18188
90-Day Hold		2000	£2 0.0	110.000	£20.100	75.000	0.00-	26.000	10.0==	20.200
Centrol	99 102	3.965 6.284	52,912 48,761	119.090 128.257	529,173 629,725	72.883 89.450	9,006 12,294	26,921 27,982	19.873 16,284	30.299 44.037
	102	4.612	50,777	99.806	585.340	81.602	8.689	28.981	19.078	23.544
	117	4,587	61,600	110.293	540.587	85.227	10.773	29.813	18,293	53.600
	118	3,090	58.281	98.407	548,093	78.223	12.409	27.716	15,403	20,908
	119	4.181	51.648	113.133	633.497	82.145	8,510	30,890	22,184	29,316
	Меяв	4,4531	53.9966	111.4976	577.7357	81,5881	10.2803	28.7172	18.5192	33.6172
	SD	1.05512	4.91192	11.40798	45.79772	5,70006	1.79551	1.46712	2.46298	12.65223
High	105	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
Concentration	107	6.515	48.109	100.683	567.927	75.854	9.431	29.567	11.481	58.770
	109	4.998	54.223	114,143	596.852	75.262	8.946	34.933	17.741	33.683
	311	3,543	56.448	119.650	699.339	105.574	9.164	31.034	19.650	26.453
	114	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead	dead
	115 Mann	4.755	55,492 53,5680	99,001	614,360	75.559	8,9535	30.908	15 0033	29.101 37,0017
	Mean SD	4,9525 1,22054	53,5680 3.75151	108,3695 10.12307	619.6195 56.48979	83.0623 15.00969	8,9535 0.49455	31,6106 2.31200	15.9033 3.57445	37,0017 14,81632
	J.D	1122004	3.73131	20.1250/	JV.707/7	25.40707	V. 7 / 433	1.51240	J.J. 1445	
Low	87	4.227	231.924	89.711	608,843	81.924	8.065	35.095	16.463	51.390
Concentration	94	4.858	52.453	96.565	610,451	79.490	8.587	31.796	16.585	23.405
	96	4.290	52.318	111.045	538,856	71.548	9.665	38.018	16.075	33.629
	97	4,208	61.535	111.287	614.851	74.653	7.970	37.3 <b>27</b>	18.119	57.772
	100 103	6.412 4.750	51,884 59,186	118.404 126.321	599.413 641.057	80.470 77,702	11.894 9.549	33,480 35,482	20.803 23.170	29.222 29.229
	106	4.445	58.634	125,129	621.338	81.610	6.598	30,931	17.454	23.631
	108	4.356	55.566	99.468	570.571	83.591	11.713	33.930	21.442	50.242
	Mean	4.7437	56,5204	115,2757	597.6811	78.2625	9.5650	34.8614	19.5106	37.2876
	SD	0.83854	3.91862	10.12489	37.24048	4.53638	2.06870	2.63238	2,71155	13.54484

= no data

Table 1-4
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Vlolet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual % Brain Weight Organ Weights (grams)
2 Minute Exposure

				2 1141	ant Expose	••				
	Animal ID	Adrenals	Heart	Kidneys	Liver	Lungs	Ovaries	Spicen	Thymus	Uterus
1 Day Hold							•	•••	2 ··· 3 ··· ···	
Control	123	3.756	48.543	97,141	584.305	77,242	9,249	33,352	29.709	27.971
	125	3.850	58.492	94.462	630,643	68,671	7.489	32,331	31,487	19,198
	134	4.196	46.213	93.134	552,970	65,395	8.501	22,507	30,899	24.687
	136	4.392	43.332	86.235	573.808	63,257	8.570	33.637	30.905	25.121
	137	4.955	51.450	92,567	581.655	75,540	10.859	30,785	39.852	24,302
	138	6.459	58.347	102.463	657.745	69.458	9.579	33,716	30,104	25,835
	Меап	4.6013	51.0625	94.3336	596.8545	69,9272	9.0412	31.0548	32.1594	24.5188
	SD	1.00621	6.29356	5,36920	39.22964	5.51092	1.14531	4.33125	3.82169	2.91181
High	120	5.371	57.910	100,992	584,238	81.553	6.597	34.209	30.706	21.891
Concentration	121	3.922	41.229	100.106	591.574	78.696	7.419	33.015	37.202	33.651
	124	3.880	46.286	87.860	476.885	66,962	7.816	29.601	22.727	32.927
	128	3.956	51.640	98.282	585.580	81.468	10.411	32.327	38.574	21.968
	131	5.073	55.017	100.902	586,640	84,837	10.203	28.129	29.369	23.844
	133	4.199	57.503	98.768	586.170	80.851	9.295	31,355	39.194	16.573
	135	4.092	57.567	101.906	669.058	80.437	10.650	42.433	37.500	21.693
	Mean 146	4,211	52.442 52.4493	98,9811	600.393 585,0674	72.544	9,208 8,9499	33.520	34.419 33,7113	25.997
	SD	0.56463	6,00797	4,75349	52.15337	5,80817	1,50945	33.0736 4.29469	5.72308	5.86207
	3.0	0100403	0.00777	417,0047	32,1303	0,0001	1,50745	7,27407	3172000	5,00207
Low	122	4.380	47.550	97.028	517.675	69.864	9.072	35,454	32,169	23.253
Concentration	126	4.279	53.538	97.148	561,986	76,413	8.393	33.022	36.917	26,221
	127	4.079	49.061	111.004	574,772	79.603	9.179	28.771	31.079	16.640
	129	4.846	51.172	96.873	580.406	71.287	12.090	32.569	43.460	31.110
	130	4.045	49,775	89.101	528.146	84.438	10.899	28.427	28,933	38.539
	140	4.597	44.025	90,909	480,286	61.236	8.274	27.681	22.829	22.625
	141	4.163	47.522	98.513	507.433	73.241	7.086	33.845	27.403	26.264
	142	3.968	51.314	100.858	695.013	88,418	8.311	33,351	40.268	24.021
	Меап	4.2945	49.2446	97,6793	555.7147	75.5625	9.1629	31.6401	32.8823	26.0842
7.No. 11.1.1	SD	0.30138	2.92371	6.64527	66.16429	8.63945	1.60401	2.91148	6.89887	6.47930
7-Day Hold Control	139	3.988	50.751	92.853	531.901	71.880	7.664	33.299	23.356	27.240
Control	144	3.511	47.074	92.833	564.787	72.340	9,309	30.266	34.096	30.213
	145	4.090	48.138	99.004	655.637	82.119	8.495	39.276	36.864	45.045
	151	5.446	47.339	105.260	562.376	67.017	8,973	49,134	36,386	39,790
	152	5.675	45.612	99.895	582.291	73.673	5.833	33,789	31.582	34.051
	166	5.089	64.150	119.016	682,438	83,613	11.074	31.823	29.027	29.698
	Mean	4.6331	50.5108	101.1376	596.5718	75,1070	8.5579	36.2645	31.8851	34,3394
	SD	0.88609	6.89311	10,18090	59.03846	6.43553	1.74890	7.00455	5.11759	6,83176
High	150	4.917	51.398	108.903	(74 (01	73,861	9.420	30.661	30,435	20,963
Concentration	153	4.917	62.082	130,067	675.621 689.922	84.855	12.918	38.561 34.855	43.151	23,998
Content anon	154	4.688	54,940	104.133	619.103	73,589	8.014	40.675	41.381	19.052
	155	4.150	50.084	96.747	549.972	75.210	10.151	32.305	36.231	24.397
	158	5.211	45,397	111.928	678.518	76.896	10.886	31.384	34.395	21.367
	163	4.968	61.058	105.929	621.100	76.282	8.066	28.419	26,709	22.917
	169	4.954	52.823	109.677	639.113	81.164	12.442	33,007	30.357	25.806
	172	7.066	46.467	101.285	607.227	73.448	11.188	30.032	27.944	26.927
	Mean	5.0302	53.0309	108.5837	635.0720	76.9131	10.3858	33.6548	33.8255	23.1784
	SD	0.89800	6.12683	9.95878	46,32832	4.08512	1.83328	4.18738	6.08187	2.62953
Low	147	4.821	60,076	103,954	651,300	70.531	9,642	31.365	33,965	36,132
Concentration	148	4.413	50.702	101.505	597,392	77.683	7.523	30.692	30.241	18.054
	149	4.675	49.024	107.282	564.697	83.325	9.815	34.776	29.710	26.966
	156	3.994	53,461	111.448	618,850	80,564	8.413	29,659	30,511	23.642
	160	4.107	43.253	88,800	537.707	99.040	8,640	28.853	41.333	21,707
	161	5.664	59.911	107.829	655.858	90.727	8.717	29.373	34.870	56.746
	162	4.184	46,287	92.312	541.946	74.425	11.768	28.713	28.086	21.548
	164	4.975	45.108	100.221	592.316	84.743	10.392	29.298	34,273	19.900
	Mean	4.6041	50.9777	101.6689	595.0081	82.6297	9.3639	30,3412	32,8736	28.0870
	SD	0.55359	6.42286	7.79750	<b>45,4669</b> 6	9.12029	1.32850	2,00684	4.21134	12.86320
90-Day Hold	174	3.806	70.440	107.266	663,569	84.132	10,331	35.887	25.655	27.187
Control	175	4.668	57.757	124.165	631.991	95.789	12.403	42.517	32,311	34.371
	177	4.559	54,764	107,684	584.631	90.881	10,348	39,088	18.955	61.527
	178	3,753	49.929	94.964	499,192	65.0B3	8.361	26.983	18.670	35,202
	179	5.303	56.818	102.525	611.869	85.606	9.646	32.879	21.263	51.970
	181	3.606	48.553	90,300	552.412	84.764	10.767	29.203	19,096	32.199
	Mean	4.2826	56.3769	104,4841	590.6107	84.3760	10,3094	34.4262	22.6583	40.4092
	SD	0.66813	7.81369	11.84038	58.88953	10,45487	1.32883	5.90606	5.41146	13.30710
	173	3,264	58,111	102.868	627,003	71,167	8,902	57,221	13.749	46.736
High	182	5.355	60.917	123.738	774.614	83.934	13.388	37.178	24.047	29.763
Concentration	183	5.164	74.648	131.162	855.692	93.134	13.556	39.319	77.406	48.650
	184	4.561	61.973	99.108	606.098	86.415	8.032	37.581	20.526	41.398
	185	8.935	152,921	265.063	1450.630	191.638	22.795	69.301	60,481	114.204
	186	4.078	53.301	104.369	567.330	104.612	7.670	29.612	15.777	51.408
	187	4.741	61.526	111.444	609.046	84.414	12.316	35.204	14.387	32.861
	188	4.670	61.168	109.645	739.898	81.878	9.188	34.975	24.010	32.132
	Меап	5.0961	73,0705	130,9246	778,7890	99,6491	11,9809	42.5488	31.2978	49.6440
	SD	1.68157	32.81776	55.26793	289.13738	38.37830	4.97106	13.48857	24.00658	27.33945
	165	3.579	54.448	101.892	625.818	77.761	6.902	25.869	17.945	25.051
Low	167	5.007	58.949	114.675	784.085	79.970	6.842	30.144	13.188	39.018
Concentration	168	5.521	66.563	103,333	663.021	85.938	8.906	30.885	22.865	64,583
	170	3.470	48.482	96,482	580.048	95.566	8.867	34.651	15.759	26.313
	171	3,746	58,200	108.588	638.008	53,403	7.355	33.714	18,045	90.132
	176	4.369	79.369	103.208	674.115	91.427	4.757	35.343	18.750	32.743
	180	4,500 5.388	55.187 60.697	116.343	719.138	76.457	7.911	25,580 29,847	24.775 13.471	31.549 29.900
	Mean	5,388 4,4476	60,697 <b>60,2369</b>	122.821 108,4178	721.130 675.6705	109.931 83,8066	7.9414	29.847 30,7541	13,471	42.4113
	SD	0.80730	9.32953	8,84383	64,27570	16,53157	2,10338	3,71955	4,11870	23.01846
										/

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Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01, July 2007

# APPENDIX J SUMMARY OF HEMATOLOGY AND INDIVIDUAL DATA

Table J-1
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

### Summary of Hematology 10 Minute Exposure

Period		Control	1 Day Hold High	Low	Control	7 Day Hold High	Low	Control	90 Day Hol High	d Low
WBC	Mean	9.903	7,015	5.437	9.880	12.322	11.096	11.285	9.448	10.044
	S.D.	1.3640	3,9811	2.0931	1.8143	5.8459	2.4218	4.1802	2.1250	2.7641
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
NEU	Mean	1.0130	0.5300	0.8070	0.7425	1.1178	0.9116	0.8055	0.7865	0.6696
	S.D.	0.22968	0.31939	0.40139	0.34834	0.56499	0.34994	0.52563	0.32077	0.26082
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
% NEU	Mcan	10.3250	7.0325	15.1983	7.7783	9.1140	8.1488	6,9050	8.6575	6.7475
	S.D.	1.47955	3.69854	8.08446	4.30933	2.23805	2.14892	4,07405	4.46133	1.88655
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
LYM	Mean	8.2000	6.1375	4.1967	8.4367	10.2280	9.4250	9.6767	8.0900	8.7475
	S.D.	1.20966	3.47727	1.75090	1.94345	5.00018	1.96749	3.56462	2.05786	2.32899
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
%LYM	Mean	83.8167	88,4500	76,6500 <sup>A</sup>	84.9667	82.6600	85,1875	86.0667	85.1500	87.2750
	S.D.	2.33188	3,51805	9.04892	7.5 <b>7</b> 197	2.29848	2.72891	5.76183	5.33198	2,14326
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
MONO	Mean	0.3968	0.2670	0.2697	0.4157	0.5528	0.3949	0.5635	0.3775	0.3299
	S.D.	0.05899	0.23648	0.14455	0.14153	0.17729	0.17384	0.32022	0.14775	0.17013
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
% MONO	Mean	4.1000	3.3125	4.9783	4,3750	4.8300	3.5113	4,8100	4.0450	3.1825
	S.D.	0.73675	2.02329	1.46038	1,90903	1.78645	1.09111	1,34338	1.38700	1.08856
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
EOS	Mean	0.0635	0.0425	0.0693	0.0715	0.1460	0.0993	0.0683	0.0595	0.0834
	S.D.	0.03742	0.03317	0.03495	0.03784	0.09336	0.04892	0.03763	0.03313	0.03820
	N	6	4	6	6	5	B	6	4	8
% EOS	Mean	0.6535	0.7008	1.3402 <sup>c</sup>	0,7120	1.1386	0,9045 <sup>C</sup>	0,6088	0.65 <b>8</b> 5	0,846 <sup>c</sup>
	S.D.	0.34568	0.44711	0.74149	0,36043	0.38595	0,45758	0,37605	0.39773	0,33055
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
BASO	Mean	0.1068	0,0323	0.0925	0.2142	0.2700	0,2539	0,1800	0.1431	0,2086
	S.D.	0.07250	0,02254	0.02990	0.12590	0.13832	0,12011	0,10326	0.08237	0,15615
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
% BASO	Mean	1.1050	0.4983	1.8423	2.1883	2.2400	2.2588	1,6007	1.4995	1.9444
	S.D.	0.77498	0.24338	0.63494	1.33359	0.89830	0.88690	0,90566	0.97654	1.08329
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
RBC	Mean S.D. N	6.610 0.4264 6	6.168 0.8475 4	6,660 0,2065 6	6.938 0.1597 6	6,890 0,3924 5	7,016 0,2907	7,683 0,4236 6	7,830 0.3574 4	7.573 0.3883 8
HGB	Mean	13.67	12.50	13,25	13.87	13.70	13.49	14.33	14.38	14.19
	S.D.	0.873	1.627	0,362	0.258	0.854	0.587	0.403	1.044	0.795
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
нст	Mean	38.70	36.68	37.92	39.88	39.68	39.61	41.70	41.05	40.91
	S.D.	2.212	4.355	1.235	0.813	1.564	1.931	1.200	2.876	1.796
	N	6	4	6	6	5	8	6	4	8
MCV	Mean S.D. N	58,60 0.883 6	59.65 3.214 4	56.95 1.638 6	57.50 0.486	57.66 1.827 5	56.44 1.108 8	54.33 1.841 6	52.45 2.512 4	54.08 1.307 8
мсн	Mean	20,70	20.33	19.88	19.97	19.92	19.26	18.73	18,35	18,75
	S.D.	0.529	0.785	0.538	0.505	0.779	0.607	0.742	0.810	0.769
мснс	Mean S.D. N	35.33 1.316 6	4 34.08 0.964 4	6 34.92 0.523 6	34.72 0.900 6	5 34.54 0.942 5	8 34.10 0.748 8	6 34.43 0.480 6	35.05 0.404 4	8 34.68 1.046 8
RDW	Mean	14.88	14.80	14.40	14.00	15,74	14.53 <sup>B</sup>	15,73	14.85	15.16
	S.D.	0.615	0.716	0.684	0,899	0.971	0,555	0,532	0.603	0.961
PLT	Mean S.D.	947.00 129.769	676.18 556.080	6 607.60 <sup>D</sup> 429.369	854.50 194.135	5 782.80 340.851	634.18 <sup>D</sup> 374.055	6 821.83 130.128	806.75 97.247	595,36 <sup>D</sup> 343,600
мру	Mean S.D. N	5.695 0.6146 6	5.773 0.4500 4	6.105 0.7886 6	5.412 0.4601 6	5 5.778 0.5192 5	5.247 0.4383 8	5.682 0.3518 6	5.623 0.4020 4	5.709 0.5247 8

A significantly different from high dose group

a significantly different from high dose group

c significantly different from controls

significantly different from controls

ABCD p less than or equal to 0.05

Table J-2
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

### Summary of Hematology 2 Minute Exposure

Period		Control	1 Day Hold High	Low	Control	7 Day Hold High	Low	Control	90 Day Hold High	Low
							-			
WBC	Mean S.D.	6,902 1,9560	9,026 2.5497	10.355 2.5106	8,827 3,789)	10.444 2.5307	10.579 3.3242	8,438 3.0504	9,798 4.2838	6.964 2.7751
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
NEU	Mean	2.1762	0.8087	0.9976	0.6775	0.7561	0.7226	0,5998	1.8190	0.5863
	S.D.	3.35195	0.42095	0.43550	0.24279	0.38080	0.23974	0,28520	3.39231	0.37347
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
%NEU	Mean	10,5820	9.1271	9,8088	9,6867	7,4175	7,2729	7,4600	12.8800	8.1800
	S.D.	1.82960	4.24055	3.95562	7.83450	3.46984	2.77439	3.34174	15.74325	2.17305
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
LYM	Mean	5.6880	6.4267	8.7213	7.6050	9.0463	9.1486	7.4150	7.1750	5.8586
	S.D.	1.77833	3.27698	2.47690	3.58527	2.35091	3,16889	2.78123	1.21910	2.16949
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
%LYM	Mean	81.8000	84.1571	83.4500	83.4000	86.3750	85.4857	87.2750	79,4750	84.8000
	S.D.	3.17096	5.56563	6.08722	11.25184	4.67447	4.84232	4.31770	17.21708	1.98830
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
MONO	Mean	0.2398	0.3123	0,2956	0.2937	0.3586	0.3689	0.2185	0.4170	0.2530
	\$.D.	0.05865	0.12279	0.09513	0.11585	0.14336	0.12387	0.07567	0.23005	0.12627
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
% MONO	Mean	3.5200	3.4871	3.1950	3.8883	3.3900	3.7514	2.6200	4.1388	3.5657
	S.D.	0.38852	1.31644	1.86910	2.22670	0.97901	1.69724	0.22760	0.65984	0.99483
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
EOS	Mean	0.0820	0.0804	0.0958	0.0573	0.0968	0.0927	0.0813	0.0900	0.0501
	S.D.	0.02623	0.01452	0.03342	0.02106	0.02744	0.06074	0.02317	0.03050	0.03177
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
% EOS	Mean	1.2960	0.9346	1.0773	0.9495	0.9649	0.9339	1.0548	0.9800	0.7084
	S.D.	0.57950	0.23459	0.76608	1.04549	0.33388	0.66500	0.45232	0.38391	0.33206
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
BASO	Mean	0.1864	0.2104	0.2408	0.1738	0.1924	0.2574	0.1248	0,3020	0.2073
	S.D.	0.08855	0.09370	0.09488	0.06426	0.07666	0.11179	0.04219	0.37360	0.14159
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
% BASO	Mean	2.7720	2,3014	2.4813	2.0550	1.8450	2,5500	1.5850	2.5261	2.7671
1	S.D.	1.30854	0.60513	1.19466	0.36861	0.52337	1.04677	0.59763	1.67612	1.18737
	N	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
RBC	Mean	6.364	6,549	6.728	6.737	6.914	6.890	7.320	7.451	7.167
	S.D. N	0.3610	0.5681 7	0.3922 8	0.3878 6	0.4071 8	0.4545 7	0.2821	0.3964 8	0.3263 7
	.,	)	,	•	"	ď	•	'	G	,
HGB	Mean	13,120	13,157	13.463	13.400	13.638	13.543	13,675	13.488	13.400
	S.D. N	0.7328	0.8162 7	0.7070 8	0.4817 6	0.6823 8	0.9537 7	0.2872	0.5817 8	0.6218 7
			•	·		٠	•	'	•	,
нст	Mean	37.90	38.04	37.98	38,68	39.34	39.03	39.23	39.89	38.57
	S.D.	1.979	2.089 7	1.711 8	1.477 6	1.968 8	2.765 7	1.801	1.908 8	2.271 7
								İ		
MCV	Mean S.D.	59.60 0.957	58.23	56,51 1,642	57.48 1.450	56.94 1.308	56.64	53.58 2.082	53.56 0.980	53.79 1.301
	N.	5	2.168 7	8	6	8	1.864 7	4	8	7
		l								
мсн	Mean S.D.	20.62 0.567	20.16 0.990	20.01 0.579	19,95 0.817	19.76 0.793	19.69 1.096	18.70 0.424	18.08 0.557	18.69 0.385
	N.D.	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
MCHC	Mean S.D.	34.58 0,563	34.60 0.968	35.43 0.607	34.72 0.783	34.71 0.960	34.73 0.934	34.93 1,406	33.80 0.668	34.73 0.695
	N.	5.505	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
RDW	Mean S.D.	14.56 0.439	13,96 0.493	14,83* 0.688	13.72 0.655	14.56 0.670	13.64* 0.718	15,13 0,403	15.15 0.674	14.69 0.573
	N.	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
b: T		107.207	430.010	600 BEC	470.378	(49.750	COO 314	202.000	663.000	070 450
PLT	Mean S.D.	392,392 373,4849	429.010 406.6127	600,850 388,4760	470.378 450.4295	648,750 307,8356	600,216 433,3615	797.000 243.1940	663.000 243.2342	828.429 139.4619
	N.	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7
MbV	M	560	5 550	5 ( 0 2	5.330	5,336	5 202	5 505	5 71 4	5.580
MPV	Mean S.D.	5.663 0.6518	5.550 0.4089	5,683 0,6032	0.1807	0.3898	5.292 0.3848	5,505 0,5415	5.714 0.5917	0,1690
	N.	5	7	8	6	8	7	4	8	7

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\scriptsize \bullet}$  signficantly different than the high dose group p less than or equal to 0.05

Table J.3

Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01

Toticity of Acute Inhalation Expensive of Evaluations from the Violet Colored M.I.B. Smoke Greende in Date

#### 1. 7. and 90. Day Hold Individual Hemotology

										I, 7, an	d 90-Day H	lold Individu Inute Exposu	al Hemstok	· EY								
1 Day Hold	Animet ID	WBC	NEU	% NEU	LYM	% LYM	MONO	% MONO	EOS	% EOS	BASO	% BASO	RBC	HGB	HCT	MCV	мсн	MCHC	RDW	PLT	MPV	Description
Control	52	9.02	0.809	8.980	7,770	86.200	0.350	3.880	0.054	0.601	0.035	0.388	6.28	12.7	37.3	59.5	20.3	34.1	14.2	969.0	5.17	
	55 56	8.29 11.60	0.996 1.100	12.000 9.510	6.710 9.960	80.900 86.200	0.461	5.560 3.650	0.081	0.983	0.045 0.048	0.546 0.416	6.24 7.34	12.7 14.7	37.1 42.9	39.5 38.4	20.4	34.3 34.2	15.2 14.9	1002.0 887.0	5,27 5.54	
	57	9.80	0.885	9.750	7.680	84.500	0.323	3.550	0.034	0.372	0.167	1.840	6.34	13.4	37.4	39,0	21.1	35.7	15.0	726.0	3,68	
	59	9.21	0.858	9.310	7.730	83.900	0.365	3.970	0.060	0.647	0.200	2.170	6.61	14.0	38.2	37.8	21.2	36.7	14.2	988,0	6,88	
	Mean	9,903	1.430	12,400	9.350 8.2000	81.200 83.8167	0.460 0.3968	3.990 4.1000	0.128	1.110 0.6535	0.146	1.270	6.85	14.5	39.3	37.4 58.60	21.2	37.0 35.33	15.8 14.88	1110.0 947.00	5.63	
	8D	1,3640	0,22968	1.47955	1.20966	2.33188	0.05899	0.73675	0.03742	0.34568	0.07250	0.77498	0.4264	0.873	2.212	0.883	0.529	1316	0.615	129,769	0.6146	
High	50	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	
Concentration	54	6.34	0.737	11.600	5.490	R6.500	0.086	1.350	0.018	0.281	0.012	0.194	7.07	13.6	38.9	35.1	19.3	35.0	15.2	380.0	6.28	
	60	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Doad	Dead	Dead	Dead	Doad	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Doad	Dead	Dead	Doad	
	61 63	8.25 Dead	0.650 Dead	7.870 Dead	7.030 Dead	85.200 Dead	0.482 Dead	5.840 Dead	0.036 Dead	0,440 Dead	9.056 Dead	0,673 Dead	6,09 Dead	12.5 Dead	38.1 Dead	62.5 Dead	20.5 Dead	32.8 Dead	14.3 Dead	1232,0 Dead	5.42 Dead	
	70	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	
	77 79	Dead 11.50	Dead 0.679	Dead 5.890	Dead 10.200	Dead 88.900	Dead 0.460	Dead 4.000	Dead 0.091	Dead 0.792	Dead 0.047	Dead 0.411	Dead 6.46	Dead 13.7	Dead 39.5	Dead 61.1	Dead 21.2	Dead 34.6	Dead 15.6	Dead 1045.0	Dead 3.62	
	80	1.97	0.054	2.770	1.830	93.200	0.460	2.060	0.025	1.290	0.047	0.715	5.05	10.2	30.2	59.9	20.3	33.9	14.1	47.7	ND	hemolyzed
	Mean	7.015	0.5300	7.0325	6.1375	88,4500	0.2670	3,3125	0.0425	0.7008	0.0323	0.4983	6.168	12.50	36.68	\$9.65	20.33	34.08	14.80	67€18	5,773	
	SD	3.9811	0.31939	3.69854	3.47727	3.51805	0.23648	2.02329	0.03317	0.44711	0.02254	0.24338	0.8475	1.627	4.355	3.214	0,785	0.964	0.716	556.080	0.4500	
Low	51	NS	NS	NS	NS	N8	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	N8	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	hemolyzed
Concentration	53 58	ND 7.50	ND 1.400	ND 18.700	ND 5,330	ND 71.000	ND 0.542	ND 7.220	ND 0.104	ND 1.380	ND 0.130	ND 1.730	ND 7.01	ND 13.3	ND 38.1	ND 54.4	ND 18.9	ND 34.8	ND 15.7	ND 951.0	ND 3.61	
	58 64	7.80	0.855	11.000	6.470	71,000 83,000	0.342	3.420	0.101	1.300	0.105	1.730	7.01 6.81	13.8	40.2	34.4 39.1	20.2	34.8 34.2	14.2	970.0	3.61 5.65	hemolyzed
	66	6.06	0.669	11.000	4.980	82.300	0.288	4.750	0.062	1.020	0,056	0.924	6.52	13.2	37.9	38.1	20.2	34.8	14.0	824.0	5.37	
	67 68	2.73 5.16	0.180	6,590 14,400	2.290 4.060	83.900 78.800	0.171	6.260 4.050	0.029	1.070 0.541	0.060 0.115	2.190 2.230	6.51 6.51	12.7 13.1	36.6 37.4	56.2 57.4	19.6 20.2	34.8 35.1	14.6 13,9	777.0 37.2	6.22 6.23	hemolyzed
	72	3.37	0.995	29,500	2.050	60.900	0.141	4.170	0.092	2.730	0.089	2.640	6.60	13.4	37.3	56.5	20.2	35.8	14.0	86.4	7.55	
	Mean SD	5.437 2.0931	0,8070	15.1983 8.08446	4.1967 1.75090	76.6500	0.2697	4.9783	0,0693	1.3402 0.74149	0,0925	1.8423	6.660	13.25	37.92	56.95	19.08	34.92 0.523	14.40	607.60 429.369	6.105	
	au)		rf 40123			9.04892	0.14455	1.46038	4113475		0.02990	0.63494	0.2065	0.362	1.235	1,638	0.538	0.523	0.684		0.7886	
7-Day Hold	65	9.18	0.618	6.730	H.100	88.200	0.281	3.060	0.049	0.539	0.133	1.440	6.97	14.1	40.2	57.7	20.2	35.0	13.0	533.0	5.58	
Control	69 71	13.10 8.75	0.726 1.440	5.540 16.500	11.500 6.100	88.100 69.700	0.379 0.687	2.890 7.850	0.116	0.886 1.320	0.332 0.413	2.540 4.710	6.84 6.89	14.1 13.9	38.9 39.8	56.9 57.8	20.7 20.1	36.3 34.8	13.3 14.3	855.0 930.0	3.07 3.09	
	76	9,11	0.570	6.250	7.990	87.700	0.360	3.950	0.061	0,668	0.134	1.470	6.79	13.6	39.5	58.2	20.0	34.4	13.5	808.0	5.06	
	93 98	8.24 10.90	0.529 0.572	6.420 5.230	7.100 9.830	86.200 89.900	0.432 0.355	5.250 3.250	0.021 0.066	0.259 0.600	0.156 0.117	1.900 1.070	7.24 6.90	14.0	41.3 39.6	57.1 57.3	19.3 19.5	33.8 34.0	14.5 15.4	869.0 11 <b>3</b> 2.0	6.24 5.43	
•	Mean	9.880	0.7425	7,7783	8.4367	84,9667	0.4157	4,3750	0.0715	0.7120	0.117	2.1883	6.938	13.87	39.68	57.50	19.97	34.72	14.00	854.50	5.412	
	SD	1.8143	0.34834	4.30933	1.94345	7,57197	0.14153	1.90903	0.03764	8,36943	0.12598	1.33359	0.1597	0.258	0.813	0,486	0.505	0.900	0.899	194.135	0.4601	
High	85	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	
Concentration	86	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	
	88 89	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	
	90	22.50	2.060	9.150	18.900	84.100	0.750	3.330	0.299	1.330	0.473	2.100	6.83	13.6	39,9	58.4	19.9	34.1	15.5	180.0	6.24	
	91	11.80	1.120	9.500	9.770	82.900	0.529	4,500	0.120	1.020	0.242	2.050	6.33	13.0	38.2	60.4	20.6	34.0	14.4	870.0	6.32	
	92 95	8.97 8.24	0.623 1.040	6.940 12.600	7.160 6.670	79.800 81.000	0.711 0.331	7.920 4.020	0.139	1.540 0.533	0.339 0.150	3.780 1.820	7.28 7.25	14.0 15.0	40.7 41.6	55.9 57.4	19.2 20.8	34.4 36.2	16.0 15.7	992.0 897.0	5.15 5.82	
	101	10.10	0.746	7.380	8.640	85.500	0.443	4.380	0.128	1.270	0.146	1.450	6.76	12.9	38.0	56.2	19.1	34.0	17.1	975.0	5.36	
	Mess SD	12.322 5.8459	1.1178 0.56499	9.1140 2.23805	10.2280 5.00818	92.6600 2.29848	0.5528 0.17729	4,8300 1,78645	0.1460 0.09336	1.1386 0.38595	0,2700	2.2400 0.89830	6.890 0.3924	13.70 0.854	39.68 1.564	57.66 1.827	19.92 0.779	34.54 0.942	15.74 0.971	782.80 340.851	5,778 0,5192	
Low Concentration	73 74	13.60 8.89	1.360 0.856	9.990 9.630	11.000 7.390	81.100 83.200	0.753	5,540 3,800	0.120	0.882 0.616	0.340	2.500 2.780	6.96 6.51	13.9 12.8	40.5 36.8	58.1 56.5	20.0 19.7	34.4 34.8	13.7	763.0 738.0	5,66 4,99	
Contentration	75	11.00	0.592	5.380	9.580	87.100	0.461	4.190	0.064	0.582	0.305	2.780	7.12	14.1	40.4	56.8	19.7	34.8	14.1	64.5	ND	
	78	9.81	0.475	4.840	H.870	90.400	0.228	2.320	0.079	0.805	0.164	1.670	6.99	12.6	38.2	54.5	18.1	33.1 32.9	15.1	8.97 917.0	ND	
	81 82	12.30 15.20	0.828 1.480	6.750 9,730	10.400 12.900	84.800 85.100	0.487 0.382	3.970 2.520	0.067 0.154	0.548 1.020	0.476 0.249	3.880 1.640	7.51 7.22	14.2 13.6	43.1 40.2	57.4 55.7	18.9 18.9	33.9	14.8	903.0	5.54 4.50	
	83	8.26	0.744	9.010	7.050	85.300	0.266	3.230	0.068	0.820	0.136	1.640	6.83	13.2	38.1	55.8	19.4	34.7	14.0	845.0	5.53	
	Mean	9.71 11.096	0.958	9.860 8.1488	8.210 9.4250	84.500 85.1875	0.245	2.520 3.5113	0.187 0.0993	1,963 0,9045	0.114	1.180	6.99 7.016	13.49	39.6 39.61	56.7 56.44	19.4 19.26	34.2	15.2	834.0 634.18	5.26	
	SD	2.4218	0.34994	2.14892	1.96749	2.72891	0.17384	1.09111	0.04892	0.45758	0.12011	0.88690	0.2907	0.587	1.931	1.100	0.607	0.748	0.555	374.055	0.4383	
90-Day Hold Control	99	12.50	0.564	4.510	11.300	90.200	0.504	4.030	0,062	0,493	0.092	0.735	8.04	14.70	43.4	54.0	18.3	33.9	15.9	898,00	5.75	
Control	102	5.41	0.190	3.510	4.950	91.500	0.219	4.060	0,007	0,493	0.092	0.799	8.07	14,90	42.7	52.9	18.4	34.8	16.6	987.00	5.81	
	104	18.30	1.260	6.880	15,600	85.400	1.130	6.200	0.054	0.295	0.227	1.240	7.80	14.30	41.8	53.5	18.4	34,3	15.6	718.00 887.00	5.26	
	117 118	10.50 10.90	0.535 1.610	5.080 14.800	9.470 8.290	89.800 76.200	0.311 0.579	2.950 5.330	0.078	0.736 0.834	0.146	1.390 2.840	7.87 7.05	14.10 13.70	41.2 40.1	52.4 56.8	18.0 19.4	34.3 34.1	15.3	631.00	5.24 6.05	
	119	10.10	0.674	6.650	8.450	83.300	0.638	6.290	0.118	1.160	0.264	2.600	7.27	14.4	41.0	56.4	19.9	35.2	15.1	B10.0	5.98	
	Mesa SD	11.285 4.1802	0.8055	6.9050 4.07405	9.6767 3.56462	86,9667 5,76183	0.5635 0.32022	4.8100 1.34338	0.0683 0.03763	0.6088 0.37605	0,1800 0,10326	1,6007 0,90566	7.683 0.4236	14.33 0.403	41.70 1.200	54.33 1.841	18.73 0.742	34.43 0.480	15.73 0.532	821.83 130.128	5.682 0.3518	
	AD.	4,1002	U.AZAKO	4.07403	3.50-102	20183	0.52022	13435	, LD	0,37003	0.10020	Q, 702000	0,42,50	4.44	1200	1.041	0.742	0.400			42016	
High	105 107	Dead 7.32	Dead 1.100	Dead 15.000	Dead 5.700	Dead 77,900	Dead 0,404	Dend 5,520	Dead 0.079	Dead 1.080	Dead 0.047	Dead 0.569	Dead 7,79	Dead 13.40	Dead 37.9	Dead 48.7	Dead 17.2	Dead 35.4	Dead 14.3	Dead 872.00	Dead 5.82	
Contentretion	107	8.07	0.457	5,670	7.080	87,800	0.404	3.350	0.079	0,355	0.047	2.810	7.93	14.70	42.3	53.4	18.5	34.7	14.6	846.00	5.10	scrum lipemic - 1:1 Dilution; TRIG
	m	11.90	1.020	8.550	10.100	84,700	0.576	4.840	0.034	0.285	0.194	1.630	8.23	15.70	44.4	54.0	19.1	35.4	15.7	B47.00	5.54	alightly lipernic
	114	Dead 10.50	Dead 0.569	Dead 5.410	Dead 9.480	Dead 90.200	Dead 0.259	Dead 2.470	Dead 0.096	Dead 0.914	Dead 0.104	Dead 0,989	Dead 7.37	Dead 13.7	Dead 39.6	Dead 53.7	Dead IR 6	Dead 34.7	Dead 14.8	Dead 662.0	Dead 6.03	
•	Mean	9.448	0.7865	8.6575	8,0900	85.1500	0.3775	4.0450	0.0595	0,6585	0.1431	1.4995	7.830	14.38	41.05	52.45	18,35	35.05	14.85	806,75	5.623	
	SD	2.1250	0,32077	4.46133	2.05786	5.33198	0.14775	1.38700	0,03313	6,39773	6.08237	0.97654	0.3574	1,044	2.876	2.512	0.810	0.464	0.603	97.247	6.4020	
Low	87	7.23	0.343	4 750	6 560	90.700	0.166	2.300	0.062	0.854	0.105		6.98	13.60	39.0	***	19.5	34.8	13.6	636.00	5.29	
Concentration	87 94	10.40	0.343	4.750 5.280	9.180	90,700 88,300	0.166 0.300	2.890	0.062	1.490	0.100	1.380 2.060	7.50	13.60	39.0 39.4	55.9 52.5	18.0	34.8	16.5	856.00	5.29 5.37	
	96	12.80	1.140	8.950	10,900	85.200	0.454	3.550	0.093	0.727	0.203	1.590	7.63	15.40	41.6	54.6	20.2	37.1	15.0	622.00	5.78	
	97 100	8.47 12.30	0.643 0.753	7.600 6.150	7.570 10.400	89.400 84.900	0.096	1.140 3.910	0.067	0.793 0.881	0.087	1.030 4.120	7.17 7.50	13.10 13.80	38.7 40.4	54.0 53.8	18.3 18.4	33.9 34.2	14.4 14.5	66.50 809.00	5.09 5.25	serum slightly hemolyzed
	103	10.70	0.926	8.640	9.330	87.000	0.333	3.110	0.032	0,298	0.097	0.905	7.84	14.70	41.9	53.5	18.7	34.9	15.7	679.00	6.33	
	106	13.00	0.545 0.45H	4.200 8.410	11.400 4.640	87.600 85.100	0.594	4.580 3.980	0.096	0.73H 0.987	0.379	2.920 1.550	8.23 7.73	14.80 14.6	43.2 43.1	52.5 55.8	18.0 18.9	34.3 33.9	16.0 15.6	1005.00 89.4	6.29 6.27	
,	Mesn	10.044	0.6696	6.7475	8.7475	87.2750	0,3299	3.1825	0.8834	0.8460	0.2086	1.9444	7.573	14.19	40.91	54.09	18.75	34.68	15.16	595,36	5.709	
	SD	2.7641	0.26082	1.88655	2,32899	2.14326	0.17013	1.08856	0.03820	0.33055	0.15615	1.08329	0.3883	0.795	1.796	1.307	0.769	1.046	0.961	343.600	0.5247	

NS = No Sample ND = No Data

J-4

### Table J.4 Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01 Toxicity of Acute Inheletical Expension of Embalman From the Violat Colored M18 Speaks Commune of Embalman From the Violat Colored M18 Speaks Commune of Embalman From the Violat Colored M18 Speaks Commune to Bath

#### 1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Heusetology 2 Minute Exposure

											2 Mb	nate Exposus	re									
	Animal ID	WBC	NEU	% NEU	LYM	% LYM	MONO	% MONO	EOS	%EOS	BASO	% BASO	RBC	HGB	нст	MCV	мсн	мснс	RDW	PLT	MPV	Description
1 Day Hold	ADMING ID	mar.	NEU	74 INEC	LIM	/4 L1 M	MONO	71 MONO	EUS	MEUS	пдас	74 BASO	KBC	nub	ncı	MCV	MCII	MCIIC	KD**	ILI	MI V	реясприов
Control	123	8.69	0.779	8.980	7.400	85.200	0.304	3.500	0.060	0.687	0.139	1.600	6.53	13.10	38.3	58.6	20.0	34.1	15.0	897.00	5.25	
	125	£.61	8.170	9,480	7.260	84,300	0.258	2.990	0.059	0.683	0.217	2.520	6.32	13.60	38.6	61.1	21.5	35.3	14.6	372.00	5.15	
	134	24	=	=	15	=	w	=	15	25	25	23.	da	w		10	15	-	25	=	ш	short sample
	136	4.60	0.627	13,600	3.550	77,200	0.157	3.420	0.073	1.580	0.191	4.160	6.15	12.80	36,5	59.5	20.E	35.0	14.9	3.76	ND	
	137	7.58	0.755	9,950	6.120	BO, 700	0.275	3.620	0.119	1.570	0.311	4.110	6.88	14.00	40.6	59.0	20.4	34.5	14.4	73.20	6.58	slide error - electrolytes only
	138	5,04	0.550	10.900	4.110	81.600	0.205	4.070	0.099	1.960	0.074	1.470	5.94	12.10	35.5	59.8	20.4	34.0	13.9	616.00	5.67	
	Mean SD	6.902 1.9560	2.1762 3.35195	10.5820 1.82960	5.6880 1.7783J	81,8000 3,17096	0.2398	3.5200 0.38952	0.0820	1.2960 0.57950	0.1864 0.08655	2.7720 1.30854	6,364 0,3610	13.120 0.7328	37,90 1,979	59.60 8.957	20.62 0.567	34.58 0.563	14.56 0.439	392.392 373.4849	5.663 0.6518	
	עה	1,9300	3.33133	1,02,960	1.//833	3,17070	0.05803	0.38602	(141972)	U.3/930	0.08655	1.50854	07910	0./328	1.979	0.737	0.36 /	0.363	0.439	3/3,4049	0.0518	
High	120	6.00	0.295	4.920	5.380	89.700	0.110	1.830	0.061	1.020	0.154	2.570	6,32	12.50	36.6	57.9	19.8	34.2	14.2	2.37	ND	
Concentration	121	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	hemolyzed
	124	8.74	0,680	7,790	7.480	85.600	0.299	3.430	0.070	0.804	0.209	2.390	6.45	13.10	38.6	59.9	20.3	33.9	13.8	47.60	5.43	
	128	12.50	0.576	4,600	11.200	89.200	0.315	2.520	0.107	0.857	0.350	2.800	6.14	13.60	37.2	60.6	22. I	36.5	14.7	378.00	5.58	
	131	6.28	0.790	12.600	5.060	80.600	0.235	3.740	0.086	1.370	0.109	1.740	7.25	14.10	40.1	55.3	19.5	35.2	14.2	737.00	6.25	
	133 135	11.50 7.66	1.600	13.800 14.100	9,090 5,840	78.700 76.300	0.463 0.456	4.010 5.950	0.075	0.649 1.040	0.323	2.790 2.620	7.22 5.70	13.70 11.70	40.4 34.5	55.9 60.5	19.0 20.5	34.0 33.8	13.8 13.1	737.00 80.10	5.10 5.71	
	146	10,50	0.640	6.080	0.937	89.000	0.436	2.930	0.084	0.802	0.127	1.200	6.76	13.40	34.5	57.5	19.9	34.6	13.1	1021.00	5.23	
	Mean	9.026	0,8087	9,1271	6.4267	84.1571	0.3123	3,4871	0.0804	0.9346	0.2104	2.3014	6.549	13,157	38.04	58.23	20.16	34.60	13.96	429.010	5,550	
	SD	2.5497	0.42095	4.24055	3.27698	5.56563	0.12279	1.31644	0.01452	0.23459	0.09370	0.60513	0.5681	0.8162	2.089	1.168	0.990	0.968	0.493	406-6127	0.4089	
Low	122	12.20	0.692	5.660	11.190	91.200	0.172	1.410	0.052	0.425	0.166	1.360	6.82	13.20	37.9	55.6	19.3	34.7	14.7	200.00	6.63	slide error - electrolytes only
Concentration	126	10.30	0.730	7.070 8.180	9,200	89.100 85.100	0.191	1.850 3.580	0.083	0.801	0.124	1.200	6,77	13.00	37,3	55.1	19.2	34.9	14.6	74.80	ND	
	127	10.70	0.875 0.816	6.420	9,100 11,300	89.100	0.383	1.890	0.102 0.100	0.952	0.233 0.224	2.180 1.760	6.55	13.20 13.60	37.0 38.1	56.5 56.3	20.1 20.1	35.7 35.7	14.2 14.4	810,00 959,00	5.21 5.04	
	130	11.00	1.680	15.300	8.380	76.400	0.400	3.650	0.079	0.719	0.439	4.000	7,36	14.40	39.7	54.0	19.6	36.3	16.4	911.00	5.61	
	140	12.70	1.590	12.500	10.500	82.600	0.275	2.150	0.069	0.542	0.282	2.210	6,63	13.60	39.1	59.0	20.4	34.7	14.5	140.00	6.37	
	141	5.82	0.468	8.040	4.510	77.500	0.418	7.180	0.159	2.740	0.262	4.500	6.95	14.40	40,0	57.5	20.7	36.0	15.1	792.00	5.65	
	142	7.42	1.130	15.300	5.680	76.600	0.286	3.850	0.122	1.650	0.196	2.640	5.97	12.30	34.7	58.1	20.6	35.4	14.7	920.00	5.27	
	Mean	10,355	0.9976 0.43550	9.8088 3.95562	8.7213 2.47690	83,4500	0.2956	3.1950 1.86910	0.0958	1.0773	0.2408 0.09489	2.4813 1.19466	6.728	13.463	37,98	56.51	20.01	35.43	14.83	600.850 386.4760	5.683	
	SD	4.3100	v.43550	3,73362	4.4/650	6.08722	0.09513	1,06710	0.03342	0.76608	U-175488)	1.17466	0.3922	0.7070	1.711	1.642	0.579	0.607	0,688	J86.4760	0.6032	
7-Day Hold	139	9.53	0.540	5.670	8,600	90.200	0.193	2.030	0.036	0.377	0.161	1.680	6.83	13.50	39,4	57.8	19.8	34,4	13.5	870.00	5.45	
Control	144	3.16	0.805	25.500	1.920	60.800	0.259	8.190	0.097	3.060	0.077	2.420	6.55	12.90	37.4	57.1	19.7	34.5	12.8	6.07	ND	
	145	12.80	0.667	5.200	11.500	90.000	0.310	2.410	0.055	0.430	0.253	1.970	6.35	13.20	38.0	59.8	20.9	34.9	14.2	79.30	5.40	
	151	13.00	1.100	8.480	11.000	85.300	0.517	3.990	0.052	0.400	0.237	1.830	7.46	14.00	41.3	55.3	18.8	34.0	14.7	829.00	5.01	
	152 166	6.56 7.91	0.468 0.485	7.130 6.140	5.640 6.970	86.000 88.100	0.232	3.540 3.170	0.045	0.688	0.170	2.600 1.830	6.67	13.90 12.90	38.5 37.5	57.7 57.2	20.9	36.2 34.3	13.5	939.00 98.90	5.38 5.41	
	Mean	8.827	9.6775	9.6867	7,6050	83.4000	0.251	3.170	0.059	0.742	0.145	2.0550	6.56	13,400	38.68	57,48	19.6	34.72	13.6	470,378	5.330	
	SD	3.7891	0.0775	7.83450	1.58527	11.25184	0.11595	2.22670	0.03/3	1.04549	0.06426	0.36861	0.737	0.4817	1.477	1.456	0.817	0.783	0.655	450.4295	0.1807	
	0.0			7100 100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	11120104		2.220,0		110-10-17	0.00-120	0.50001	1.3070	0.4017	4,4//	21-100	Mar.	0	4.000	400-1470	0.1007	
High	150	13.10	0.476	3.630	11,800	89.700	0.449	3.420	0.100	0.765	0.321	2.450	7.42	14.50	42.6	37,4	19.5	34.0	13.9	604.00	5.78	
Concentration	153	11.20	1.610	14.400	8.550	76,500	0.612	5.480	0.141	1.260	0.263	2.350	6.18	12.60	36.7	59.3	20.5	34.5	14.3	891.00	4.94	
	154	11.50	0.658	5.750	10.200	88.600	0.424	3.700	0.067	0.586	0.153	1.340	7.14	14.00	40.4	36.6	19.6	34.6	14.7	963,00	5.51	
	155 158	12.70 7.63	0.729 0.459	5.730 6.020	11.400 6.670	89.900 87.400	0.321 0.233	2.520 3.050	0.107	0.844 1.600	0.128 0.146	1.000	7.31 6.88	13.20 14.00	40.0 39.3	54.7 57.1	18.1 20.4	33.1 35.7	14.7 13.7	278,00 429,00	4.81 5.22	
	163	12.60	0.881	7.000	11,000	87.000	0.409	3.250	0.097	0.771	0.256	2.030	7.01	14.10	40.4	57.6	20.1	35.0	14.8	866.00	5.01	
	169	7.30	0.784	10.800	6.020	82.400	0.253	3.470	0.081	1.110	0.162	2.220	6.54	12.80	36,9	56.5	19.5	34.6	14.5	218.00	5.67	
	172	7.52	0.452	6.010	6,730	89.500	0.168	2.230	0.059	0.783	0.110	1.460	6.83	13.90	38.4	56.3	20.4	36.2	15.9	941.00	5.75	
	Меш	10.444	0.7561	7.4175	9.0463	86_3750	0.3586	3,3900	0.0968	0.9649	0.1924	1.8450	6.914	13.638	39_338	56.94	19.76	34.713	14.563	648.750	5.336	
	SD	2.5307	0.38080	3.46984	2.35091	4.67447	0.14336	0,97901	0.02744	0,33388	0.07666	0.52337	0.4071	0.6823	1.9683	1.308	0.793	0,9598	0.6696	307.8356	0.3896	
Low	147	5.10	0.443	8.690	3.980	78.100	0.360	7.060	0.111	2.170	0.203	3,990	6.92	12.90	38.0	14 9	18.7	14.1	14.6	301.00	ND	
Concentration	148	14.20	0.700	4.920	12,800	89.700	0.464	3.260	0.075	0.524	0.223	1.560	6.69	14.50	40.0	59.8	21.7	36.3	13.8	1041.00	5.35	
	149	14.70	0.670	4.560	13.100	89.200	0.386	2.630	0.200	1.360	0.331	2.250	7.32	13.50	39.7	54.2	18.4	34.1	14.0	193.00	5.88	
	156	9.08	0.799	8.810	7.870	86.700	0.209	2.300	0,039	0.425	0.158	1.740	6.42	13.00	36.2	56.4	20.2	35.8	13.1	1103.00	5.34	
	160	ND 9.44	ND	NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND 853.00	ND 4.95	hemolyzed
	161 162	11.90	1.130 0.862	12.000 7.220	7.660 9.900	81.100 82.900	0.363 0.566	3.840 4.740	0.036	0.385 1.150	0.255 0.472	2.700 3.950	6.61 7.68	13.10 15.20	37.7 44.5	57.0 57.9	19.8 19.8	34.6 34.2	13.3	702.00	4.93	
	164	9.63	0.454	4.710	8.730	90.700	0.234	2.430	0.050	0.523	0.160	1.660	6.59	12.60	37.1	56.3	19.2	34.0	12.5	8.51	ND	hemolyzed
,	Меня	10.579	0.7226	7.2729	9.1486	85.4857	0.3689	3.7514	0,0927	0.9339	0,2574	2.5500	6.890	13.543	39,03	56.64	19.69	34.73	13.64	600.216	5,292	
	8D	3_3242	0.23974	2.77439	3.16889	4.84232	0.12387	1.69724	0.06074	0.66500	0.11179	1.04677	0.4545	0.9537	1.765	1.064	1.096	0.934	0.718	433.3615	0.3848	
90-Day Hold Control	174 175	9.02 12.10	0.558 0.988	6.18G 8.160	7.930 10.600	87,900 87,500	0.241 0.312	2.670 2.580	0.110	1.220 0.698	0.183	2.030 1.050	7.03 7.65	13.50 14.10	39.5 40.4	56.1 52.8	19.2 18.4	34.2 34.9	14.9 15.1	451.00 1020.00	6.13 4.82	
Comprox	177	7.92	0.301	3.800	7.290	92,100	0.185	2.340	0.053	0.681	0.127	1.090	7.15	13.50	36.6	51.2	18.9	36.9	14.8	873.00	5.44	
	178	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	slightly hemolyzed
	179	4.71	0.552	11.700	3.840	81,600	0.136	2.890	0.076	1.620	0.102	2.170	7.45	13.60	40.4	54.2	18.3	33.7	15.7	844.00	5,63	slightly hemolyzed
	181	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
	Mean SD	8.438 3.0504	0.5998	7,4600 3,34174	7.4150 2.78123	87,2750 4,31770	0.2185 0.07567	2.6200 0.22760	0.0813 0.02317	1.0548 0.45232	0.1248	1.5850 0.59763	7,320 0,2821	13.675 0.2872	39.23 1.801	53.58 2.082	18.76 0.424	34,93 1,406	15.13 0.403	797.000 243.1940	5.505 0.5415	
	עה	3,0344	0.28320	334174	2.78143	4.31770	0.07367	0.22760	0.02317	0.43432	0.04219	0.39 /QJ	0.2821	0.20/2	1.901	2.002	0.424	1.440	0.403	243.1740	0.3413	
High	173	19.70	10.200	51.600	7.280	37.000	0,939	4.780	0.102	0.521	1.190	6.060	6.93	13.20	38.4	55.5	19,0	34.3	16.5	834.00	5.74	
Concentration	182	9.38	0.648	6.910	8.070	86.100	0.425	4.540	0.105	1.120	0.127	1.360	7.86	14.10	42.5	54.1	17.9	33.1	15.5	660.00	5.40	
	183	11.40	0.982	8.580	9.470	82.800	0.476	4,160	0.09H	0.854	0.412	3.610	H.02	14.40	42.5	53.0	17.9	33.8	15.5	207.00	5,96	
	184 185	7.41 8.97	0.791	10.700 6,670	6.260 7.670	84,400 85,500	0.236 0.413	3.180 4.600	0.061	0.818 1.330	0.067 0.172	0.909 1.920	7.03 7.52	12.50 13.20	37.5 39.2	53.3 52.1	17.8 17.5	33.5 33.6	14.8	885.00 931.00	5.11 5.26	
	186	6.55	0.389	5.940	5.660	86,300	0.413	4.000	0.119	0.547	0.172	2.940	7.52	13.40	40.2	53.3	17.7	33.3	14.6	662.00	5.82	
	187	7.60	0.389	4.900	6,600	86,900	0.345	4.550	0.036	1,650	0.192	1.970	7.10	13,50	38.2	53.B	18.9	35.2	14.4	696.00	5.43	
	188	7.37	0.571	7.740	6.390	_86.800	0.225	3.060	0.074	1.000	0.106	1.440	7.60	13.60	40,6	53.4	17.9	33.6	15.1	429.00	6.99	
	Mean	9.798	1.8196	12,8800	7.1750	79.4750	0.4170	4.1389	0.0900	0.9800	0.3020	2.5261	7.451	13.488	39,89	53.56	16.09	33.80	15.15	663.000	5.714	
	SD	4.2838	3.39231	15,74325	1.21910	17.21708	0.23005	0.65984	0.03050	0.38391	0.37360	1.67612	0.3964	0.5817	1.908	0.980	0.557	0,668	6,674	243,2342	0.5917	
Low	165	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	No	ND	N/Ps	ND	N/P	ND	N/PS	NP	NP	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Low Concentration	167	7.86	0.395	5.020	6.590	83.900	ND 0.414	5.270	ND 0.056	0.718	ND 0.404	5.140	ND 7.44	ND 13.70	ND 40.3	ND 54.1	ND 18.4	ND 33.9	ND 15.4	912.00	5.68	
Concessed artificial	168	12.60	1,400	11.100	10.200	81,400	0.432	3.440	0.103	0.718	0.409	3.260	7.72	14.60	42.5	55.1	18.9	34.3	14.7	727.00	5.73	
	170	5.10	0.471	9.230	4.420	86.700	0.096	1.870	0.026	0.501	0.087	1.700	6.98	12.70	35.9	51.4	18.2	35.5	14.0	772.00	5.70	
	171	6,38	0.368	5,770	5.550	87,100	0.239	3.750	0.080	1.260	0.137	2.140	6.74	13.10	36.9	54.7	19.4	35.5	15.4	913.00	5.32	
	176	4.01	0.356	8.870	3.390	84.700	0.133	3.810	0.036	0.904	0.070	1.750	7.21	13.50	38.5	53.4	18.7	35.0	14.7	808.00	5.36	
	189	6.88	0.663 0.451	9.640 7.630	5.770 5.090	83,800 86,000	0.234 0.203	3.400 3.420	0.037	0.536	0.181	2.630 2.750	6,98 7,10	13.00 13.20	37.0 38.9	53.0 54.8	18.6	35.0 13.9	14.6	1044.00 623.00	5.60 5.67	
	Mean	6.964	0.451	7.630 8.1800	5,090	84,8000	0.203	3,5657	0.013	0.7084	0.163	2.7671	7.10	13.400	38.57	53.79	18.69	34.73	14.69	826.429	5.580	
	8D	2,7751	0.37347	2.17305	2.16949	1.98830	0.12627	0,99483	0.03177	0.33206	0.14159	1.18737	0.3263	0.6218	2.271	1,301	0.385	0.695	0.573	139,4619	0.1690	

ND = No Data ss = Short Sample

= Short Sample

Toxicology Study No. 85-XC-0497-07, Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01, July 2007

# APPENDIX K SUMMARY OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY AND INDIVIDUAL DATA

Table K-1 Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

#### Summary of Clinical Chemistry 10 Minute Exposure

	I		1 Day Hold		L	7 Day Hold		L	90 Day Hole	d
Period		Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
ALB	Mean	2.93	2.95	2,94	2,95	2.88	3.10	3.48	3.35	3.33
	S.D.	0.280	0.100	0.220	0.152	0.148	0.169	0.445	0.443	0.116
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
ALK P	Mean	275.7	210.8	235.1	269.0	254.0	244.0	166.7	211.5	128.3
	S.D.	69.76	58.62	48.94	56.22	66.74	47.45	63.45	52.40	47.64
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
ALT	Mean	95.2	78.5	84.4	64.5	73.4	68.9	83.2	81.3	86.5
	S.D.	60.67	32.85	20.78	6.09	14.71	8.43	13.99	18.14	31.36
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
AST	Mean	205.2	160.3	207.4	95,3	114.8	106.5	118.7	132.8	151.8
	S.D.	160.20	85.17	208.28	9.71	22.86	14.51	43.13	20.17	75,62
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
BUN	Меап	22.5	17.8 <sup>A</sup>	24.0	24.2	20.2	23.9	21.5	22.8	22.0
	S.D.	1.05	1.89	2.07	3.43	2.39	2.53	3.02	1.26	2.83
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
CA	Mean	10.05	10.00	9.91	9.67	9.74	9.69	9.75	9.50	9.54
	S.D.	0.345	0.374	0.432	0.103	0.152	0.270	0.281	0.383	0.250
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
CHOL	Mean	70.8	75.3	68.6	75.5	67.8	73.9	81.2	68.0	73.4
	S.D.	4.83	12.69	10.11	10.77	6.76	8.84	10,93	30.24	10.69
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
CREA	Mean	0.45	0.43	0,44	0.43	0.40	0.45	0.48	0.43	0.46
	S.D.	0.055	0.050	0.052	0.082	0.000	0.053	0.041	0.050	0.052
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
GLU	Меап	217.8	209.3	234.9	228.7	198.4	201.9	226.2	271.5 <sup>B</sup>	214.1
	S.D.	19.27	18.03	43.99	49.55	9.29	21.09	20.96	30.71	26.45
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
TBIL	Mean	0.158	0.225	0.313	0.100	0.050	0.125	0.100	0.088	0.050
	S.D.	0.0917	0.1258	0.1126	0.1000	0.0000	0.0964	0.0775	0.0750	0.0000
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
TP	Mean	5.75	5.85	5.84	5.90	5.90	6.18	6.90	6.68	6.51
	S.D.	0.351	0.191	0.245	0.261	0.158	0.249	0.696	0.608	0.189
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
TRIG	Mean	48.3	46.5	84.8	75.0	75.2	76.8	202.5	269.0	143.3
	S.D.	19.71	23.06	29.08	34.61	16.30	32.71	95.81	171.92	54.97
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
GLOB	Mean	2.85	2.93	2.93	2.93	3.02	3.05	3.42	3.35	3.19
	S.D.	0.084	0.096	0.128	0.121	0.084	0.151	0.279	0.191	0.083
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
Na	Mean	145.3	146.5	145.4	145.3	146.0	147.4 <sup>C</sup>	150.3 <sup>D</sup>	146.0	147.4
	S.D.	2.58	1.73	1.30	0.82	1.00	1.60	2.07	2.58	1.69
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
K	Mean	4.82	5.10	5.16	4.70	4.68	4.44	5.08	4.68	4.58
	S.D.	0.512	0.837	0.555	0.518	0.444	0.573	0.741	1.018	1.173
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8
CI	Меап	104.8	106.0	105.1	105.0	104.8	105.4	101.8	103.8	104.3
	S.D.	0.41	0.82	1.64	0.89	1.30	1.19	3.06	2.63	1.83
	N	6	4	8	6	5	8	6	4	8

A significantly different than control and low dose group

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> significantly different than control and low dose group

c significantly different than high dose group significantly different than high and low dose group ABCD p less than or equal to 0.05

Table K-2
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inhalation of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

#### Summary of Clinical Chemistry 2 Minute Exposure

	1 Day Hold				7 Day Hold		90 Day Hold			
Period	_	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low	Control	High	Low
ALB	Mean	2.80	2.78	2.91	2.88	2.94	2.99	3.05	3.40	3.43
	S.D. N	0.122	0.149 8	0.234 7	0.248	0.074	0.230 8	0.404	0.346 8	0.620 8
	IN .	,	o	,	"	8	•	ľ	٥	a
ALK P	Mean	243,6	202.0 <sup>A</sup>	284.4	242.5	216.8	225.1	155.7	138.0	106.0
	S.D.	39.18	40.27	34.53	53.39	44.03	73.97	75.56	38.55	24.60
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
ALT	Mean	66.4	80.5	69.6	61.7	61.4	93.1	66.0	68.5	73.5
	S.D.	7.67	32.23	13.07	8.33	6.70	39.32	14.01	10.46	14.75
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
AST	Mean	147.0	226.3	118.9	112.7	102.0	217.4	149.7	148.9	165.6
	S.D.	34.85	197.49	43.61	42.99	21.10	214.07	47.31	75.61	53.64
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
BUN	Mean	23.2	21.8	18,4 <sup>B</sup>	21.7	21,1	21.4	22.5	24.3	24.8
Don	S.D.	1.92	1.58	1.99	2.34	1.46	2.26	2.59	4.30	2.71
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
CA	Mean	7.96	9.69	9.74	9.65	10.01	9,75	9.58	9,71	9.63
Ç. <b>.</b>	S.D.	4.453	0.217	0.264	0.383	0.304	0.581	0.492	0.242	0.406
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
CHOL	Mean	65,2	75.9	79,6	77.3	71.8	71.3	70.8	72.9	77.5
01102	S.D.	5.22	4.39	9.71	9.91	10.57	9.79	13.50	15.20	15.36
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
CREA	Mean	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.40	0.41	0.46	0.45	0.49	0.46
	S.D.	0.045	0.046	0.049	0.000	0.035	0.074	0.055	0.113	0.074
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
GLU	Mean	215.2	222.0	214.3	220,7	231.0	227.9	237.2	212.4	194.5
	S.D.	19.31	18.56	9.62	0.050	20.72	39.51	45.77	31.96	16.04
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
TBIL	Mean	0.050	0.088	0.050	18.91	0.050	0.156	0.100	0.106	0.088
	S.D.	0.0000	0.0876	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.3005	0.1000	0.0776	0.0876
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
TP	Mean	5.66	5.65	5.80	5.83	5.86	5.91	6.00	6.48	6.51
	S.D.	0.167	0.227	0.342	0.314	0.177	0.247	0.443	0.518	0.820
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
TRIG	Mean	63.8	65.5	40.4	69.5	95.0	92.0	105.2	173.6	179.5
	S.D.	39.86	39.27	28.09	28.81	43.47	29.83	15.74	80.14	73.18
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
GLOB	Mean	2.84	2.86	2.86	2.93	2.94	2.96	2.97	3,09	3.09
	S.D.	0.089	0.119	0.172	0.082	0.092	0.160	0.082	0.327	0.236
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
Na	Mean	143.7	145,0	145.4	146.5	145.5	146.3	148.7	148.8	149.4
	S.D.	3.27	1.51	2.39	1.05	0.93	2.12	3.01	2.19	3.74
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
K	Mean	4.58	4.80	4.46	4.42	4.36	5.39	4.73	4.94	5.00
	S.D.	0.248	0.363	0.444	0.479	0.256	1.233	0.635	0.883	0.393
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8
Cl	Mean	104.8	104.0	104.4	105.7	104.6	104.5	106.8	105.1	103.5
	S.D.	1.17	1.77	1.60	0.82	0.92	2.20	1.60	3.48	3.51
	N	5	8	7	6	8	8	6	8	8

A signficantly different than low dose group

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm B}$  significantly different than control and high dose group  $^{\rm AB}$  p less than or equal to 0.05

Table K.3 Protocol No. 0497-24-95-08-01 Toxicity of Acute Inhalation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rata

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Clinical Chemistry

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Chemistry 2 Minute Exposure																	
	Animal 1D	ALB	ALKP	ALT	AST	BUN	CA	CHOL	CREA	GLU	TBIL	TP	TRIG	GLOB	Ne	ĸ	CI
1 Day Hold	52	2.8			96												
Control	55	3.1	274 357	76 54	113	22 23	10.2 9.6	75 63	0,4 0.4	219 227	0.20 0.05	5.5 5.8	31 17	2.7 2.8	145 145	4,0 5.1	105 105
	56 57	2.9 2.6	248 171	215 96	360 455	22 24	10.1 10.0	67 75	0.4 0.5	239 193	0.10 0.20	5.7 5.4	56 63	2.9 2.9	148 141	5.5 5.0	105 105
	59	3.4	350	56 74	83	23	10.6	73	0.5	196	0.30	6.4	57	2.9	148	4.6	104
	Mean 62	1.93	254 275.7	95.2	124 205.2	21 22.5	9.8	72 70.8	0.5 0,45	233 217.8	0.10 0.158	5.75	66 48.3	2.9	145.3	4.7	105 104,8
	SD	0.280	69.76	60.67	160.20	1.05	0.345	4.83	0.055	19.27	0.0917	0.351	19.71	0.084	2.58	0.512	0.41
High	50	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Doed	Dead	Dead	Dead
Concentration	54 60	2.9 Doad	185 Dead	75 Dead	141 Dead	19 Dead	9.6 Dead	66 Dead	0.4 Dead	222 Dead	0.20 Dead	5.9 Dead	21 Dead	3.0 Dead	146 Dead	4.4 Dead	106 Dead
	61 63	2.9 Dead	276 Dead	57 Dead	96 Dead	19 Dead	10.5 Dead	80 Dead	0.5 Dead	190 Dead	0.10 Dead	5.7 Dead	57 Dead	2.8 Dead	149 Dead	5.3 Dead	105 Dead
	70	Dead	Doad	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead
	77 79	Dond 3.1	Dead 239	Dead 56	Dead 119	Dead 18	Dead 10.0	Dead 91	Dead 0.4	Dead 198	Dead 0.20	Dead 6.1	Dead 73	Doed 3.0	Dead 146	Dead 4.5	Dead 106
	80	2.9	143	126	285	15	9.9	54 75.3	0.4	227	0.40	5.7	35	2.9	145	6.2	107
	Mean SD	0.100	210.8 58.62	78.5 32.85	160.3 85.17	17.8 1.89	10.00 0.374	75.3 12.69	0,43 0.050	209,3 18.03	0.225 0.1258	5.85 0.191	46.5 23.06	2.93 0.096	146.5 1.73	5.10 0.837	106.0 0.82
Low	51	3.0	154	79	147	28	9.7	65	0.4	200	0.50	6.1	114	3.1	144	5.5	106
Concentration	53	2.7	267	82	132	23	9.6	63	0.4	251	0.20	5.6	33	3.0	146	4.4	105
	58 64	3.3 2.8	250 181	63 66	100 111	26 24	10.1 9.6	85 73	0.5	224 188	0.30	6.1 5.6	96 111	2.9 2.8	146 146	4.9 5.1	102 107
	66 67	3.2 2.9	306 221	67 116	106 716	24 23	10.3 9.4	79 53	0.4	208 211	0.20	6.0	63 83	2.8 3.1	147	4.4 5.8	107 105
	68	2.9	263	114	207	22	10.7	63	0.5	285	0.30	5.8	112	2.8	145	5.7	104
	72 Mean	2.7	239 235.1	88 84.4	140 207.4	22	9.9 9.91	68.6	0.4	312 234,9	0.20	5.5 5.84	66 84.8	2.9	143	5.5 5.16	105
	SD	0.220	48.94	20.78	208.28	2.07	0.432	10.11	0.052	43.99	0.1126	0.245	29.08	0.128	1.30	0.555	1.64
7-Day Hold Control	65 69	3.i 2.7	326 240	73 64	110	28 28	9.7 9.6	76 76	0.5 0.5	214 189	0.30	6.3 5.6	138	3.1 2.9	146 146	5.4 4.9	104
Control	71	2.9	335	59	93	25	9.7	72	0.4	185	0.05	5.9	76	3.0	145	5.1	106
	76 93	3.1 3.0	230 195	60 60	86 84	23 21	9.7 9.5	80 58	0.5 0.4	204 275	0.05	6.1 5.8	39 52	3.0 2.8	146 144	4.2 4.5	106 105
	98 Mean	2.9	288 269.0	71 64.5	100 95.3	20	9.8	91 75.5	0.3	305 228.7	0.05	5.7	75.0	2.8	145.3	4.1 4.70	104 105.0
	SD	0.152	56,22	6.09	9.71	3.43	0.103	10.77	0,43 0.082	49.55	€.1000	0.261	34.61	0.121	0.82	0.518	0.89
High	85	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead
Concentration	86 88	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Desd Desd	Dead Dead	Dead Dead	Dond Dond
	89	Dead	Desd	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dead	Dond	Dead	Dead	Desd
	90 91	2.9 2.8	279 343	68 63	146 96	22 20	9.9 9.5	61 71	0.4 0,4	192 209	0.05	5.9 5.8	87 49	3.0 2.9	145 147	5.4 4.5	106 106
	92	3.1	268	99 72	127	23	9.8 9.7	78	0.4	208	0.05	6.1	70 88	3.1	146	4.2	105
	95 101	2.9 2.7	211 169	65	90 115	17 19	9.8	64 65	0.4 0.4	190 193	0.05 0.05	6.0 5.7	82	3.1 3	147 145	4.7 4.6	103 104
	Mean SD	2.88 0.145	254.0 66.74	73.4 14.71	114.8 22.86	20.2 2_39	9.74 0.152	67.8 6.76	0.40 0.000	198.4 9.29	0.050 0.0000	5.90 0.158	75.2 16.30	3.02 0.084	146.0 1.00	4.68 0.444	104.8 1.30
Low																	
LOW	71		107	.,	••	21				107			107	2.0	1.40		
Concentration	73 74	3.1 3.2	307 181	56 67	89 115	21 23	9,7 9,4	58 78	0.4 0.4	197 212	0.05 0.05	6.0 5.9	107 118	2.9 2.8	148 145	4.6 4.1	107
Concentration		3.2 3.4	181 229			23 23	9.4 10.2			212 185	0.05	5.9		2.8 3.2	145 147	4.1 4.7	107
Concentration	74 75 78 81	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2	181 229 317 226	67 68 70 62	115 120 102 107	23 23 22 23	9,4 10,2 9,5 9,9	78 81 79 64	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5	118 84 88 98	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2	145 147 147 149	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7	107 105 105 104 104
Concentration	74 75 78	3.2 3.4 2.9	181 229 317 226 233 203	67 68 70	115 120 102	23 23 22	9.4 10.2 9.5	78 81 79	0.4 0.4 0.5	212 185 193	0.05 0.10 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1	118 84 88	2.8 3.2 3.2	145 147 147	4.1 4.7 4.2	107 105 105 104
Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9	181 229 317 226 233 203 256	67 68 70 62 67 82 79	115 120 102 107 84 126 109	23 23 22 23 26 29 24	9,4 10,2 9,5 9,9 9,7 9,4 9,7	78 81 79 64 80 70 81	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213 245	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6	118 84 88 98 48 38 33	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3	145 147 147 149 150 147	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0	107 105 105 104 104 105 106
,	74 75 78 81 82 83	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1	181 229 317 226 233 203	67 68 70 62 67 82	115 120 102 107 84 126	23 23 22 23 26 29	9,4 10,2 9,5 9,9 9,7 9,4	78 81 79 64 80 70	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2	118 84 88 98 48 38	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1	145 147 147 149 150 147	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0	107 105 105 104 104 105 106
Concentration  90-Day Hold Control	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 0.169	181 229 317 226 233 203 256	67 68 70 62 67 82 79	115 120 102 107 84 126 109	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7	78 81 79 64 80 70 81	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6	118 84 88 98 48 38 33	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3	145 147 147 149 150 147 146	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4	107 105 105 104 104 105 106 107
90-Day Hold	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 0.169	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 244.0 47.45	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68,9 8,43	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 23 21	9,4 10,2 9,5 9,9 9,7 9,4 9,7 9,69 0,270	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.05 0.151	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147,4 1.68	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573	107 105 105 104 104 105 106 107 108.4 1.19
90-Day Hold	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 99 102 104 117	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 0.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43 87 98 87	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 23 21 25 16	9,4 10,2 9,5 9,9 9,7 9,4 9,7 9,69 0,270 9,4 10,0 9,8 9,4	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76,8 32.71 137 323 186 92	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147,4 1.68 150 151 151	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 105.4 1.19
90-Day Hold	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 0.169 3.1 4.3 3.6	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 244.0 47.45	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 23 21 25	9,4 10,2 9,5 9,9 9,7 9,4 9,7 9,69 0,270 9,4 10,0 9,8	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8,84	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.653	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147,4 1.68	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.41 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4	107 105 105 104 104 105 106 107 193.4 1.19
90-Day Hold	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 Mean	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 6.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43 87 98 87 95 66	115 120 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 21.5	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.69 0.270 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 9.9	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.45 0.053	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 226 257 226,2	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147.4 1.66 150 151 148 150 149	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8 5.08	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 105.4 1.19 104 99 99 106 103 101.4
90-Day Hold Control	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 Mean SD	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.10 0.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.44 0.445	181 229 317 226 233 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92 166.7 63.45	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68,9 8,43 87 98 87 95 66 66 83,2	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13	23 23 22 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 21.5 3.02	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.69 0.270 9.4 9.9 9.4 9.9 9.75 0.281	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.65 0.65 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 226 257 226.2 20.96	0.05 0.10 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7	118 84 88 98 48 38 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147.4 1.60 150 154 151 148 150 149	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 5.8 8.08 0.741	107 105 105 104 104 105 106 107 108.4 1.19 104 98 99 106 103 101 101.8 3.06
90-Day Hold	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 99 102 117 118 119 Mean SD	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.10 0.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	181 229 317 226 233 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92 166.7 63.45	67 68 70 62 67 68 79 68,9 8.43 87 98 87 95 66 65 83,2 13,99 Dead	115 120 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 22 21.5 3.02 Dead 21	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.69 0.270 9.8 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.9 10 9.7	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.99 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2 10.93	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 226 257 2262 20.96	0.05 0.10 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.128 0.0964	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7	118 84 88 98 48 98 48 33 37 6.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 0.279	145 147 147 149 150 147.4 1.68 150 154 151 158 159 148 150 148 150 149 150.3 2.87	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 5.8 8.0,741 Dead	107 105 105 104 104 105 106 107 195.4 1.19 104 99 106 103 101 101.8 3.06 Dead
90-Day Hold Control	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 102 104 117 118 119 Mean SD	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 0.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.4 9.445 Dead	181 229 317 226 233 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92 166.7 63.45 Dead 189 239	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43 87 98 87 98 87 95 66 66 83.2 13.99 Dead	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 Dead 147	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 21.5 3.02 Dead	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 9.9 10	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 227 222 226 257 28.2 29.96	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.7 6.9 0.696 Dead 6.0 7.4	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.5	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147,4 1.68 150 154 151 148 150 149 150,3 2.07 Dead	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8 5.08 0.741	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 195.4 1.19 104 98 99 106 103 101 101.8 3.86
90-Day Hold Control	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 102 104 117 118 119 105 107 109 111 114	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 4.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.9 3.9 3.0 4.5 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	181 229 317 226 233 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92 166.7 63.45 Dead	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43 87 98 87 95 66 83.2 13.99 Dead	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 Dead	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 21.5 3.02 Dead	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.69 0.270 9.4 10.0 9.4 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 Dead 9.8 9.8	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84  73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2 10.93 Dead 66 66 66 Dead	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.45 0.65 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 226 257 227 2280 229 220 262 296 296 296 296 296 296 296 296 296	0.05 0.10 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.9 0.696 Dead	118 84 88 88 98 48 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 505 207 Dead	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	145 147 149 150 147 146 147,4 1.60 150 151 151 148 150 149 150.3 2.07 Dead 143 149 147 Dead	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8 5.08 0.741 Dead 4.2 4.2 6.2 Dead	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 185.4 1.19 104 98 99 106 103 101 101.8 3.06
90-Day Hold Control	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 102 104 117 118 119 109 111 115 109 111 114 115 Mean	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.1 2.9 3.1 2.9 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.4 5 Dead 2.9 3.5 Dead 3.5 D	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 47.45 136 235 165 122 92 166.7 63.45 Dead 189 239 268 Dead 150	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 8.43 87 98 87 95 66 83.2 [3.99] Dead 70 77 108 Dead 70 81.3	11.5 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 Dead 147 103 133 Dead 143 133.8	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 21.5 3.02 21 22 21.5 3.02 22 21.5 3.02 22 21.5 3.02 21.2 22 22.2 23.3 24.2 25.2 25.3 26.2 26.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.69 0.270 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 Dead 9.0 9.8 9.8 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2 10.93 Dead 26 66 68 Dead 82	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.65 0.05 0.45 0.05 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 226 257 226.2 20.96 Dead 280 226 291 Dead 280 271.5	0.05 0.105 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.90 0.690 0.690 0.600 7.4 6.9 Dead 6.0	118 84 88 98 48 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 505 Dead 156 269.0	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147.4 1.68 150 151 148 150 149 150.3 2.07 Dond 143 147 Dead 147	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8 5.08 0.741 Dead 4.2 4.2 6.2 Dead 4.1	107 105 104 104 106 107 185.4 1.19 104 98 99 106 103 101 101.8 3.86 Dead 105 106
90-Day Hold Control High Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean 99 102 104 117 118 119 105 107 108 107 109 111 114 115 Mean SD	3.2 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 0.169 3.1 4.3 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 4.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3	181 229 317 223 203 203 225 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92 166.7 63.45 Dead 150 Dead 150 211.5 52.40	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43 87 98 87 95 66 66 66 66 70 77 108 Dead 70 81.3	11.5 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 Dead 147 103 138 Dead 143 132.8 20.17	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 23 21 25 16 22 22 21.25 3.02 Dead 21 23 24 Dead 23 24 Dead 23 24 Dead 23 24 Dead 24 Dead 25 Dead 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 26 Dea 2	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.49 0.270 9.8 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 Dead 9.4 9.8 9.8 9.0 9.8 9.9 10 9.75 0.281	78 81 79 81.2 10.93 Dead 82 68.0 30.24	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 222 20,96 257 226,257 226,257 226,257 226,257 226,257 226,257 226,257 226,257 226,257 236,257 247,257 257,257 267,257	0.05 0.105 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7 6.9 0.696 0.696 0.698 0.608	118 84 88 98 48 38 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 505 287 Dead 156 269.0 171.92	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.0 5 0.151 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 150 151 151 151 151 151 159 149 150.3 2.07 Dend 143 149 147 Dead 145 146.0 2.58	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 5.8 0.741 Dead 4.2 6.2 Dead 4.1 4.6 8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 195.4 1.19 104 98 99 106 103 101 101.3 3.86 Dead 100 Dead 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
90-Day Hold Control	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 102 104 117 118 119 109 111 115 109 111 114 115 Mean	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.1 2.9 3.1 2.9 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.4 5 Dead 2.9 3.5 Dead 3.5 D	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 47.45 136 235 165 122 92 166.7 63.45 Dead 189 239 268 Dead 150	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 8.43 87 98 87 95 66 83.2 [3.99] Dead 70 77 108 Dead 70 81.3	11.5 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 Dead 147 103 133 Dead 143 133.8	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 21.5 3.02 21 22 21.5 3.02 22 21.5 3.02 22 21.5 3.02 21.2 22 22.2 23.3 24.2 25.2 25.3 26.2 26.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.69 0.270 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 Dead 9.0 9.8 9.8 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2 10.93 Dead 26 66 68 Dead 82	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.65 0.05 0.45 0.05 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 234 226 192 222 226 237 246,2 226 291 Dead 289 271.5 30.71	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.095 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6 6.18 0.249 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.90 0.690 0.690 0.600 7.4 6.9 Dead 6.0	118 84 88 98 48 48 38 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 505 287 Dead 156 2690 171.92 105	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.05 0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147.4 1.68 150 151 151 148 150 149 150.3 2.07 Dend 143 149 147 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8 5.08 0.741 Dead 4.2 4.2 6.2 Dead 4.1	107 105 105 104 104 105 106 107 108.4 1.19 104 98 99 106 103 101 101.8 3.86 Dead 105 106 100 Dead 105 106 106 106 106 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108
90-Day Hold Control  High Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mesan SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 105 107 109 111 114 115 Mesan SD 87 94 96	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9 3.10 6.169 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 4.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3	181 229 317 223 203 225 244.0 47.45 136 235 250 165 122 92 166, 189 268 Dead 189 268 Dead 150 211.5 52.40	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.43 87 98 87 98 87 95 66 68 83.2 13.99 Dead 70 71 108 135 95 66	11.5 120 102 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 92 92 98 118.7 43.13 Dead 147 103 138 Dead 143 132.8 20.17	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 16 22 22 21.5 3.02 Dead 21 23 24 Dead 23 24 26 29 20 20 20 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 9.9 10 9.7 9.8 9.8 Dead 9.0 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 88.8 77 99 88.2 68.0 068 82 65.0 30.24 83 93 69	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.05 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 21.09 21.22 226 227 222 226 227 222 226 227 222 226 291 Dead 289 271.5 30.7 199 23.8	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.2 6.1 6.2 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7 6.9 Dead 6.0 7.4 6.9 Dead 6.0 6.9 C.49 6.3 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 505 287 Dead 156 269.0 171.92	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 5.0.151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.6 0.279 Doad 3.1 3.5 0.191 3.1 3.2 3.1 3.5 3.1 3.5 3.1 3.5 3.6 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	143 147 147 149 150 147 146 147.4 1.68 150 151 151 148 150 149 150.3 2.07 Dead 143 149 147 148 148 148 148 148	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8.08 0.741 Dead 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 1.468 1.618 3.6 3.7 4.1	107 105 105 104 104 104 107 108.4 1.19 109.1 109
90-Day Hold Control  High Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mesm SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 105 107 109 111 114 115 Mesm SD 87 94 96 97 100	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.10 0.169 3.1 3.5 3.2 3.3 3.6 0.445 3.5 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.2 3.3 3.6 0.445 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6	181 229 317 226 233 256 244.2 256 247.45 136 235 165 250 165 229 2166.7 63.45 Dead 139 268 Dead 150 211.5 52.40 212 98 98 83 98	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.9 8.7 98 87 98 87 98 87 95 66 83.2 13.99 Dead 70 71 108 Dead 70 81.3 18.14	115 120 120 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 68 118.7 43.13 Dend 143 133 Dend 143 131.8 20.17	23 23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 21.5 3.02 Dead 21 23 24 Dead 23 24 22 21.5 26 22 22 21.5 22 22 21.5 23 21 25 26 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	9.4 10.2 19.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 Dead 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.5 0.3 9.9 9.8 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.8	7/8 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2 10.93 Dead 26 68 Dead 26 68 Dead 30.24	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 21.09 226 227 222 226 257 226 291 Dead 280 291 Dead 289 271.5 30.71	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.0	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.2 6.1 6.2 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7 6.9 Dead 6.0 7.4 6.9 Dead 6.0 6.4 6.8 6.3 6.0 6.1 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 50.9 171.92 105 133 101 123 101 101 123 1	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.3 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.42 0.279 Dead 3.1 3.5 Dead 3.1 3.5 Dead 3.1 3.5 3.5 Dead 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	145 147 149 150 147 146 147 146 146 147 146 150 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 151	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 8.08 0.741 Dead 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.3 6.2 5.3 8.08 1.918	107 105 105 105 104 104 105 106 107 195.4 1.19 106 103 101 101 105 106 107 106 107 108 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109
90-Day Hold Control  High Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 Mean SD 105 107 109 111 114 115 Mean SD 87 94 96 97 100 103	3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.2 3.2 3.4 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	181 229 317 223 317 223 233 203 256 244.0 47.45 136 235 165 122 92 166.7 63.45 Dead 150 Dead 150 211.5 52.40 211.5 52.40 211.5 52.40 211.5 52.40 211.5 52.40 211.5 52.40 212.92 98 98 81 98 98 98 98 98 98	67 68 70 62 67 82 79 68.43 87 98 8.43 87 98 87 95 66 66 66 63 13.99 Dead 70 71 108 18.14 135 68 64 58 64 58 64 58 64 58 64 58 64 58 64 64 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	115 120 102 107 84 126 109 166.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 Dead 147 103 132.8 20.17 260 116 132.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261 152.8 261	23 23 23 22 24 25 26 29 24 23.9 2.53 21 25 16 22 22 22 21.5 3.02 Dead 23 24 Dead 23 24 25 26 27 26 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.7 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 Dead 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8	78 81 79 64 80 70 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77.9 9 88 77 99 81.2 10.93 Dead 26 96 68 8 90 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 96 68 69 99 99 68 69	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.05 0.05 0.	212 185 193 179 191 213 245 201.9 21.09 21.09 226 257 126.2 226 257 126.2 226 259 100 226 230 210 227 226 237 24 25 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.0964 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.20 0.05 0.05	5.9 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.2 6 6.1 6.2 6 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7 6.9 0.696 Dead 6.0 6.9 0.696 6.69 0.696 6.69 0.696 6.69 0.696 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.3 6.696 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9	118 84 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 269.0 171.92 105 133 151 123 101 188	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3 3.0 5.5 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.1 3.5 3.1 3.5 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	145 147 147 149 150 147 146 147.4 1.68 150 154 151 148 150 159 159 159 149 149 147 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4 4.44 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 5.8 0.741 Dead 4.2 4.2 6.2 Dead 4.1 4.68 1.918	107 105 104 104 104 105 106 107 183.4 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10
90-Day Hold Control  High Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mean SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 Mean SD 105 107 1109 111 114 115 Mean SD 87 94 96 97 100 103 106	3.2 3.4 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.4 3.5 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	181 229 317 226 233 203 256 244.0 47.45 136 136 136 137 259 268 Dead 150 268 Dead 150 211.5 52.40 212 98 83 98 140 109 188	67 68 70 62 67 72 68 79 68.9 8.43 87 79 88 87 79 66 83.2 13.99 Dead 70 70 71 108 81.3 18.14	115 120 120 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 122 108 127 92 68 118.7 43.13 109 101 103 131 103 103 104 105 105 106 107 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	23 22 23 26 29 24 23.9 26 25 26 27 26 27 27 28 26 27 28 27 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 9.7 9.4 9.0 9.8 9.4 9.9 10 9.75 0.281 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 99 81.2 10.93 Dead 26 68 92 30.24 83 93 69 61 65	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.45 0.053 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.44 0.5 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.64 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65	212 185 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.125 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.06 0.05 0.05	5-9 6.6 6.6 6.1 6.2 6.6 6.1 6.2 6 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7 6.9 0.696 6.3 0.696 6.3 6.6 6.6 6.6	118 84 84 84 88 98 88 98 48 33 32.71 137 137 137 131 136 202.5 95.81 128 105 131 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 10	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.0 5.0 151 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	147 147 149 150 147 146 150 151 146 151 151 151 151 151 152 153 149 149 149 149 145 146 146 147 147 148 148 146 146 146 147 147 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	4.1 4.7 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.0 4.4 4.5 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 5.8 5.08 0.741 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 108 107 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101
90-Day Hold Control High Concentration	74 75 78 81 82 83 84 Mesm SD 99 102 104 117 118 119 105 107 109 111 114 115 Mesm SD 87 94 96 97 100 103 106	3.2 3.4 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.1 4.3 3.6 3.5 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	181 229 317 226 233 256 244.29 136 225 136 225 165 229 29 29 29 29 208 Dead 150 211.5 52.40 212.9 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	67 68 68 62 62 62 62 63 82 79 68,9 8,43 87 98 87 98 66 66 83,2 13,99 Deadd 70 77 108 Dendd 70 81,3 18,1 135 98 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 6	115 120 120 107 84 126 109 106.5 14.51 195 1122 108 127 20 68 118.7 43.13 Dead 143 133.8 20.17 260 116 135 261 135 261 135 261 135 261 135 261 135 261 135 261 135 261 135 261 261 261 261 261 261 261 261 261 261	23 24 24 23.9 26 29 24 23.9 25 16 22 22 21.5 3.62 24 21.5 22 22 21.5 22 22 21.5 22 22 21.5 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	9.4 10.2 9.5 9.9 9.7 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.4 10.0 9.8 9.7 0.281 Dead 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.9 10.0 9.8 9.9 9.8 9.9 10.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	78 81 79 64 80 70 81 73.9 8.84 73 81 69 88 77 73 81.2 10.93 Dead 26 68 Dead 82 69.0 30.24 83 93 69 69 61	0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.8 0.85 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.	212 185 189 179 191 213 245 201.99 21.09 234 226 237 222 222 226 227 226 227 226 227 226 227 226 227 226 230 296 297 297 297 298 298 298 298 298 298 298 298 298 298	0.05 0.10 0.05 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.0	5.9 6.6 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.5 6.1 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.3 8.2 7.1 6.7 6.4 6.7 6.9 0.696 0.696 0.696 0.696 0.696 0.696 0.696	118 84 84 88 98 88 98 48 38 33 76.8 32.71 137 323 186 92 161 3316 202.5 95.81 Dead 128 505 269,0 171,92 105 133 123 105 131 123 105 131 123 123 105 133 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123	2.8 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.3 3.05 0.161 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.5 Dead 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	145 147 149 149 146 146 147 146 146 147 146 150 151 148 150 159 159 159 149 149 149 149 149 149 149 149 149 14	4.1 4.7 4.2 5.7 4.2 4.0 4.4 4.4 0.573 4.9 5.2 5.4 3.7 5.5 5.8 0.741 Dead 4.2 Dead 4.1 4.68 1.468	107 105 104 104 105 106 107 106 107 108 101 101 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109

K-4

Table K.-4
Protocol No. 0497-24-05-08-01
Toxicity of Acute Inholation Exposure of Emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in Rats

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Clinical Chemistry

1, 7, and 90-Day Hold Individual Clinical Chemistry 2 Minute Expansive																	
	Animal 1D	ALB	ALKP	ALT	AST	BUN	CA	CHOL	CREA	GLU	TBIL	TP	TRIG	GLOB	N=	к	a
1 Day Hold Control	123	2.8	278	75	125	24	10.2	61	0.4	204	0.05	5.8	14	2.9	146	4.5	103
	125	2.7	218	69	104	26	10.0	67	0.4	226	0.05	5.6	43	2.9	144	4.6	104
	134 136	2.8 2.7	294 216	63 70	187 177	22 21	9.8 0.0	73 60	0.4	188 237	0.05	5.7 5.4	107 53	2.9 2.7	147 13B	4.8 4.9	106 106
	137	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	142	4.2	105
	138 Mean	3.0 2.80	212 243.6	55 66.4	142 147.0	23.2	9.B 7,96	65.2	0.5	221 215.2	0.05 0.050	5.8 5.66	102 63.8	2.84	145 143,7	4.5 4.58	105
	SD	0.122	39.18	7.67	34.85	1,92	4.453	5.22	0.045	19.31	0.0000	0.167	39.86	0.089	3.27	0.248	1.17
High	120	2.7	169	B3	311	24	9.7	75	0.4	209	0.10	5.5	30	2.8	144	4.7	101
Concentration	121	3.0	122	155	676	24	9.4	69	0.4	203	0.30	5.8	67	2.8	145	4.8	104
	124 128	2.8 2.5	244 224	68 56	132 130	22 22	9.9 9.4	77 80	0.4 0.4	245 208	0.05	5.8 5.2	36 55	3.0 2.7	148 143	4.2 5.1	106 106
	131 133	2.8	187 220	71	124	21	9.6 9.7	73 77	0.4	207 220	0.05	5.6	102	2.8	146 145	4.9	105
	133	2.7	220	62 91	82 246	20 20	10.0	83	0.5 0.5	234	0.05	5.9 5.6	74 138	3.0 2.8	145	4.8 5.4	104 102
	146 Mean	2.8	223 202.0	60 80.5	109 226.3	21.8	9.8 9.69	73 75.9	0.4	250 222.0	0.05	5.8	22 65.5	3.0	144	4.5 4.80	104
	SD	0.149	40.27	32.23	197.49	1.58	0.217	4.39	0.046	18.56	0.0876	0.227	39.27	0.119	1.51	0.363	1.77
low	122	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	142	5.1	106
Concentration	126	2.6	256	62	216	19	9.4	70	0.4	225	0.05	5.4	81	2.8	142	4.4	106
	127 129	2.6 3.0	237 302	70 64	99 95	16 19	9.7 9.4	90 79	0.4 0.5	224 203	0.05	5.6 5.9	25 35	2.9 2.9	146 144	3.9 4.5	105
	130	3.2	316	65	98	19	9.9	96	0.5	222	0.05	6.4	66	3.2	150	5.1	102
	140 141	3.1 3.0	321 306	97 57	118 97	22 17	9.8 10.1	73 75	0.4 0.4	207 204	0.05 0.05	6.0 5.8	56 4	2.8 2.7	147 145	4.0 4.3	105 105
	142	2.9	253	72	109	17	9.9	74	0.4	215	0.05	5.5	16	2.7	145	4.4	104
	Mean SD	2.91 0.234	284.4 34.53	69.6 13.07	118.9 43.61	18.4 1.99	9.74 0.264	79.6 9.71	0.43 0.049	214.3 9.62	0,050 0,0000	5.80 0.342	40,4 28,09	2.86 0.172	145.4 2.39	4.46 0.444	104.4 1.60
7-Day Hold Control	139 144	3.3 2.7	229 152	54 72	86 196	22 24	9.6 10.1	81 73	0.4 0.4	193 246	0.05	6.4 5.6	74 12	3.1 2.9	147 146	4.6 4.0	106 107
	145	2.6	297	58	122	22	9.0	85	0.4	208	0.05	5.5	90	2.9	145	4.9	105
	151 152	3.0 2.8	282 273	64 70	87 89	18 24	9.8 9.9	83 83	0.4 0.4	217 226	0.05 0.05	5.9 5.8	76 86	2.9 2.9	14B 147	5.0 4.1	105 105
	166	2.9	222	52	96	20	9.5	59 77,3	0.4	234	0.05	5.8	79 69,5	2.9	146	3.9 4.42	106
	Mean SD	2.88 0.248	242,5 53,39	61.7 8.33	112.7 42.99	21.7 2.34	9.65 0.383	9.91	0.40 0.000	220.7 18.91	0.050 0.0000	5.83 0.314	28.81	2.93 0.082	146,5 1.05	0.479	0.82
High	150	3.0	239	71	114	23	10.0	94	0.5	240	0.05	6.1	140	3.1	147	4.5	105
Concentration	153 154	3.0 2.9	239 268	61 62	101 77	22 21	10.2	67 74	0.4	200 213	0.05	5.9 5.8	11B 170	2.9 2.9	145 146	4.8 4.3	103 104
	155	2.9	160	59	84	22	9.7	68	0.4	213	0.05	5.9	47	3,0	144	4.2	105
	158 163	3.0 2.8	186 276	52 68	89 97	21 18	10.1	78 60	0.4	219 243	0.05	6.0 5.5	66 58	3.0 2.8	146	4.4 4.4	105 106
	169	2.9	184	65	110	21	10.4	64	0.4	255	0.05	5.8	73	2.9	145	3.9	105
	Mean	3.0 2.94	182 216.8	53 61.4	144 102.0	21.1	9.5	69 71.8	0.41	257 231.0	0.05	5.9 5.86	95.0	2.9	145.5	4.4	104
	SD	0.074	44.03	6.70	21.10	1.46	0.304	10.57	0.035	30.72	0,0000	0.177	43.47	0.092	0.93	0.256	0.92
Low	147	2.9	265	85	132	24	9.8	88	0.5	238	0.05	6.0	88	3.1	146	5.0	103
Concentration	148	3.2	286	85	100	20	9.9	74	0.5	211	0.05	6.1	98	3.0	148	4.5	104
	149 156	3.0 3.2	178 323	70 58	94 88	21 20	9.9 9.2	76 73	0.4	200 219	0.05	5.9 6.2	97 131	3.0 3.0	147 145	4.1 4.6	108 106
	160	2.7	112	180	584	24	9.2	55	0.4	159	0.90	5.9	49	3.2	147	7.3	105
	161 162	2.9 3.3	236 260	69 80	109 90	19 19	9.6 11.0	62 69	0.5 0.6	244 281	0.05	5.6 6.1	134 68	2.7 2.9	146 149	5.2 7.3	106 103
	164	2.7	141	118	542	24	9.4	73	0.4	271	0.05	5.5	71 92.0	2.8	142	5.1 5.39	101
	Mean SD	2.99 0.230	225.1 73.97	93.1 39.32	217,4 214.07	21.4 2.26	9,75 0,581	71.3 9.79	0.46 0.074	227.9 39.51	0.156 0.3005	5.91 0.247	29.83	2.96 0.160	2.12	1.233	2.20
90-Day Hold	174	3.8	118	51	210	27	10.5	93	0.5	228	0.10	6.B	80	2.9	150	4.8	106
Control	175	2.8	224	65	94	19	9.5	66	0.4	294	0.05	5.8	102	3.0	146	4.3	107
	177 178	2.8 3.1	82 258	55 91	103 189	22 22	9.1 9.4	67 80	0.4	295 196	0.05	5.7 6.2	99 112	2.9 3.1	14B 154	3.9 5.3	108 104
	179	2.7	77	65	170	22	9.3	64	0.4	200	0.05	5.6	127	3.0	146	5.6	108
	181 Mean	3.1	175 155.7	66.0	132 149.7	23	9.7 9.58	55 70,8	0,5 9,45	210 237.2	0.05 0.100	5.9 6.00	105.2	2.9	148.7	4.5 4.73	106.8
	SD	0.404	75.56	14.01	47.31	2.59	0.492	13.50	0.055	45.77	0.1000	0.443	15.74	0.082	3.01	0,635	1.60
High	173	2.9	171	86	121	27	9.9	102	0.6	186	0.05	5.3	87	2.4	151	5.5	106
Concentration	182 183	3.0 3.7	113 118	76 61	118 133	32 28	9.4 10.0	48 81	0,6 0.5	201 191	0.05	6.5 6.9	276 277	3.5 3.3	148 148	6.II 4.3	103 109
	184	3.8	104	59	164	22	9.9	73	0.5	190	0.05	6.9	114	3.1	147	5.0	107
	185 186	3.8 3.3	101 119	54 75	110 330	22 22	9.8 9.4	74 67	0.4 0.6	231 253	0.20 0.20	6.8 6.6	138 89	3.0 3.3	147 153	4.5 4.9	104 98
	187	3.4	179	67	113	19	9.5	72	0.3	184	0.20	6.4	169	3.0	149	4.5	108
	188 Mean	3.40	199 138.0	70 68.5	102 148.9	22 24.3	9.8 9.71	66 72.9	0.49	263 212.4	0.05 0.106	6.48	239 173.6	3.1	147	4.0 4.94	106
	SD	0.346	38.55	10.46	75.61	4.30	0.242	15.20	0.113	31.96	0.0776	0.518	80.14	0.327	2.19	0.883	3.48
Low	165	3.6	85	100	270	25	9.8	78	0.4	194	0.05	6.6	196	3.0	151	4.9	104
Concentration	167 168	3.9 3.5	92 97	72 74	138 133	27 28	9.9 9.3	72 73	0.5 0.5	196 174	0.10 0.05	7.4 6.3	335 160	3.5 2.9	153 149	5.6 4.4	98 105
	170	2.4	90	61	113	24	8.9	52	0.4	228	0.05	5.3	100	2.9	144	4.7	107
	171 176	3.1 3.1	131 156	58 67	123 191	25 22	9.8 9.4	90 82	0.4 0.4	201 187	0.05 0.05	5.9 6.2	149 116	2.8 3.1	147 145	4.9 5.0	105 108
	180	4.5	102	91	209	20	10.2	104	0.5	182	0.30	7.9	214	3.3	154	5.0	100
	189 Mean	3.43	95 106,0	65 73.5	148	27	9.7 9.63	77.5	0.6	194.5	0.05 0.0BB	6.5 6.51	166 179.5	3.2	152 149.4	5.5 5.00	101
	SD	0.620	24.60	14.75	53.64	2.71	0.406	15.36	0.074	16.04	0.0876	0.820	73.18	0.236	3.74	0.393	3.51

ND = No Data

# $\label{eq:appendix L} \mbox{\sc HISTOPATHOLOGY REPORT}$



#### U. S. ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

### TOXICITY OF ACUTE INHALATION EXPOSURE OF EMISSIONS FROM THE VIOLET COLORED M18 SMOKE GRENADE IN RATS

STUDY NO. 0497-24-05-08-01

REPORT DATE: 06 October 2006

**SUBMITTED BY:** 

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### U. S. ARMY CENTER FOR HEALTH PROMOTION AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

#### PATHOLOGY REPORT

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#### INTRODUCTION:

This acute inhalation toxicity study was designed to assess and evaluate the toxic characteristics of a single dose exposure to emissions from the Violet Colored M18 Smoke Grenade in the rat. The protocol was designed to provide comparisons of emissions from "old" and "new" violet colored M18 smoke grenades, however this report addresses only the findings from Experiment 2 (Main Study) rats exposed to the "old" violet colored smoke grenades

#### **METHODOLOGY:**

We received untrimmed, formalin-fixed tissues that were labeled with Pathology Branch accession numbers. Following routine histologic processing, paraffin-embedded tissues were sectioned at 5 µm, stained with hematoxylin and eosin, and examined by routine light microscopy. Groups of female rats were exposed for either 10 (Study V-OLD-10) or 2 minutes (Study V-OLD-2) to either high (Group 2) or low (Group 3) concentrations of "Old" Violet Colored M18, with and appropriate control group (Group 1) and with scheduled sacrifices on Days 1, 7, and 90 post-exposure. The study design for the data included in this report is summarized in the following table.

	Study V-C	LD-10 (10 Minute	Exposure)					
		Scheduled Sacrifices						
		Day 1	Day 7	Day 90				
Group	Exposure	# of Rats	# of Rats	# of Rats				
1	0 mg/mg <sup>3</sup>	6	6	6				
2	1136 mg/mg <sup>3</sup>	8	8	8				
3	419 mg/mg <sup>3</sup>	8	8	8				

	Study V-	OLD-2 (2 Minute I	Exposure)					
		Scheduled Sacrifices						
		Day 1	Day 7	Day 90				
Group	Exposure	# of Rats	# of Rats	# of Rats				
1	0 mg/mg <sup>3</sup>	6	6	6				
2	2150 mg/mg <sup>3</sup>	8	8	8				
3	1375 mg/mg <sup>3</sup>	8	8	8				

A record of tissues examined and histopathologic findings were entered in a computer-assisted data retrieval system (StarTox, Graham Laboratories, New Braunfels, TX) at the time of histopathologic examination and serve as the basis for this narrative summary. To allow separate tabulation of the V-OLD-10 and V-OLD-2 treatments within the StarTox software program, the V-OLD-2 Groups 1, 2 and 3 were renamed Groups 4, 5, and 6, respectively. The microscopic sections were of adequate size and

quality to allow critical histopathologic evaluation. Histologic sections from a small number of tissues were not available for examination, or the sections were considered to be inadequate for histologic evaluation, thus the number of tissues examined per group in the attached StarTox tables does not necessarily match the total number of animals initially included in the study. The mandibular lymph nodes and uterus of Group 1 V-OLD-10 Rat Number 06-117 were processed and evaluated. Since there were no macroscopic findings noted for these two non-protocol tissues, this was a protocol deviation. This deviation did not impact on the overall integrity of the study.

#### **RESULTS:**

The Summary Incidence Table and Individual Animal Data Tables present, in sequence, the histopathology findings for the Unscheduled Deaths and the Day 1, Day 7 and Day 90 scheduled sacrifices for the V-OLD-10 animals Followed by the V-OLD-2 data.

#### **MORTALITY:**

Eleven of the 24 V-OLD-10 rats exposed to 1136 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for 10 minutes were found dead at the end of the exposure period on Day 0. There were no specific alterations evident in the protocol-specified tissue sections to account for the deaths of these animals, nor were there any test substance-related specific alterations noted in the tissue sections.

The gross alterations noted in these animal included purple discolorations/masses associated with fur and feet, external nares, oral or buccal cavity, and/or anterior trachea. These alterations were not evident in the tissue sections and were presumed to represent particulate material associated with the test substance that was not recognizable following the processing to tissue sections. The congestion that was commonly noted in the sections of liver and/or lung was considered secondary to agonal death, rather than representing a test substance-specific alteration.

#### SCHEDULED SACRIFICES:

#### Study V-OLD-10:

The findings for the unscheduled deaths (Found Dead animals) associated with 10 minute exposure to 1136 mg/m<sup>3</sup> are discussed above.

#### Day 1 Scheduled Sacrifice:

Minimal degeneration was noted in the bronchioles of 1 of 4 rats exposed to 1136 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for 10 minutes. Final Pathology Report 06 October 2006

This alteration was characterized by epithelial disorganization and occasional mitotic figures. Due to the small number of rats examined at this time point, it is unclear if this alteration represents a reproducible test substance-related finding.

Day 7 Scheduled Sacrifice:

No specific test substance-related findings were noted.

Day 90 Scheduled Sacrifice:

No specific test substance-related findings were noted.

Study V-OLD-2:

There were no unscheduled deaths noted in rats exposed for 2 minutes to either 1375 or 2150 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Day 1 Scheduled Sacrifice:

Intraluminal alveolar infiltrates in the lungs, characterized by minimal very focal accumulations of macrophages, were noted in 3 of 8 rats exposed to 2150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for 2 minutes and minimal degeneration in the trachea was evident in 1 of 8 rats at this exposure. Minimal focal alveolar infiltrates of macrophages are a common spontaneous alteration and these minimal alterations were not considered toxicologically significant. Because the tracheal degeneration was noted in only one rat dosed for 2 minutes and was not evident in the rats dosed for 10 minutes, this alteration also was not considered a significant test substance-related alteration.

Day 7 Scheduled Sacrifice:

No specific test substance-related findings were noted.

Day 90 Scheduled Sacrifice:

No clear, specific test substance-related findings were noted. However, the occurrence of a subcutaneous hemangiosarcoma with metastasis to the lung in 1 of 8 rats exposed to 2150 mg/m³ for 2 minutes is problematic. Tumors of any type are very uncommon in young rats, and hemangiosarcomas associated with the skin are uncommon (< 2%) in older rats based on a review of preclinical safety carcinogenicity study databases provided by Charles River Laboratories. No other vascular alterations were noted in any protocol-specified tissue in the study.

All other alterations in this study were considered common spontaneous alterations.

#### HISTOPATHOLOGIC FINDINGS:

No clearly specific histologic evidence of toxicity related to the exposure to "old" violet colored M18 smoke grenade emissions were noted in this study.

Minimal degeneration was noted in the bronchioles of 1 of 4 rats exposed to 1136 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for 10 minutes. Due to the small number of rats examined at this time point, it is unclear if this alteration represents a reproducible test substance-related finding.

A hemangiosarcoma with metastasis to the lung was noted in 1 of 8 rats sacrificed 90 days after exposure to 2150 mg/m³ for 2 minutes. While the specific induction of a hemangiosarcoma within 90 days would be quite unusual, it should be noted that spontaneous hemangiosarcomas are uncommon in Sprague Dawley rats. This study was not designed with sufficient power to assess possible carcinogenic effects, and thus, it cannot be concluded that there is a specific carcinogenic effect with respect to this tumor.

#### **CONCLUSIONS:**

No clearly specific histologic evidence of toxicity related to the exposure to "old" violet colored M18 smoke grenade emissions were noted in this study.

**SUBMITTED BY:** 



Organs	Group:	Grou	ıp 01	Grou	ıp 02	Gro	up 03	Grou	ıp 04
Diagnoses	Sacrifice:		Sac		Sac		Sac		Sac
Modifiers	Sex:		M&F						
					M&F		M&F		M&F
	al Animals Selected:	[0]	[18]	[0]	[24]	[11]	[13]	[0]	[18]
Body as a Whole	i	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(10)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Not examined, not found i		0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0
Not examined, not in plan	e of section	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Cavity, Abdominal Within Normal Limits		(0) 0							
Cavity, Oral		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(3)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Eye		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intestine, Small		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits	•	0	o'	0	0	0	o′	0	0
Liver		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(10)	(0)	(17)
Congestion		0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0
minimal		Ö	Ö	0	ō	5	0	0	0
mild		0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	18	0	23	2	10	0	17
Lungs with bronchi		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(12)	(0)	(17)
Congestion		0	Ò	0	`o´	` 7 `	0	0	1
minimal		0	0	0	0	6	0	0	ļ
mild		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Degeneration		0	0	0	0	0	I	0	0
minimal		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Hemangiosarcoma		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Metastatic		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hemorrhage		0	2	0	1	0	l	0	1
minimal		0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1
mild		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Infiltrate		0	0	0	0	I.	0	0	0
minimal		0	0	0	0	l	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	16	0	22	3	10	0	15
Lymph Node, Bronchial		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(12)	(0)	(18)
Hemorrhage		0	4	0 0	5 5	2 2	0 0	0	7 6
minimal mild		0 0	4 0	0	0	0	0	0	6 1
Hyperplasia, lymphoid		0	ı	0	0	0	0	0	0
minimal		0	i	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	0
Not examined, not in plane	e of section	0	1	0	5	5	3	0	2
Within Normal Limits	o or section	ŏ	12	ŏ	13	4	9	ő	9
Lymph Node, Cervical		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(Ó)	(0)	(Ó)
Hemorrhage		0	0	Õ	0	0	0	Õ	0
mild		ŏ	Õ	ŏ	Ö	Õ	Ö	ő	Õ
Within Normal Limits		Ō	Ō	ō	Ō	Õ	0	Ō	0
Lymph Node, Mandibular		(0)	(12)	(0)	(7)	(3)	(9)	(0)	(12)
Edema		o´	0	ò	o´	0	`o´	`o´	0
minimal		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hemorrhage		0	5	0	6	0	7	0	9
minimal		0	5	0	4	0	6	0	6
mild		0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3
Not examined, not in plane	e of section	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I

Group I=Control V-OLD- 10
Group 2=Low Dose V-OLD- 10
Group 3=High Dose V-OLD-10
Group 4=Control V-OLD-2
Group 5=Low Dose V-OLD-2
Group 6=High Dose V-OLD-2
Dos=Died on Study (FD) Found Dead
Sac=Scheduled Sacrifice (SK) Scheduled Kill

Organs	Group:	Grou	ıp 01	Gro	up 02	Grou	ıp 03	Grou	ıp 04
Diagnoses	Sacrifice:		Sac		Sac		Sac		Sac
Modifiers	Sex:		M&F		M&F		M&F		M&F
	al Animals Selected:	[0]	[18]	[0]	[24]	[11]	[13]	[0]	[18]
Lymph Node, Mandibula		[0]	[10]	Įσj	[27]	[11]	[12]	[O]	[10]
Within Normal Limits	i (commuca)	0	7	0	1	3	2	0	2
Lymph Node, Mesenteric	i	(0)	(O)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Not examined, not found		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		ō	0	Õ	ŏ	ő	Õ	ő	0
Nasal Tissues, Level 1		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(11)	(0)	(17)
Not examined, not found	in wet tissues	o´	0	0	0	ì	0	o´	0
Within Normal Limits		0	18	ō	23	10	11	ō	17
Nasal Tissues, Level 2		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(11)	(0)	(17)
Within Normal Limits		Ìo´	<b>`18</b> ´	`o´	23	ÌIÍ	ìıí	`o´	`17 <sup>′</sup>
Nasal Tissues, Level 3	•	(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(11)	(0)	(17)
Congestion		o	O´	Ò.	ì	`o´	0	o	0
mild		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	18	0	22	11	11	0	17
Nasal Tissues, Level 4		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(11)	(0)	(17)
Congestion		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
mild		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hemorrhage		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
mild		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	18	0	22	11	11	0	17
Oral Tissues, Buccal Wal	l	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(2)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Oral Tissues, Tongue		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(6)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
Ovary		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)
Congestion		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ļ i
minimal		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Skin	i	(0) 0	(0)	(0)	(0) 0	(10)	(0) 0	(0) 0	(0) 0
Not examined, not found Not examined, not preser		0	0	0	0	4 1	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits	it on since	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	ő
Spinal Cord, Thorax		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Hemangiosarcoma		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spleen		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Stomach		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(3)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		ò	0	0	O´	3	`o´	Ô	ο´
Thymus		(0)	(3)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(1)
Hemorrhage		)O	3	o´	ì	ò	Ĺ	o´	1
minimal		0	2	0	ì	0	o*	0	1
mild		0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trachea		(0)	(18)	(0)	(23)	(11)	(11)	(0)	(17)
Degeneration		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
minimal		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not examined, not found	in wet tissues	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	18	0	23	11	11	0	17
Uterus		(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)
Dilatation		0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0

Group 01=Control V-OLD- 10
Group 02=Low Dose V-OLD- 10
Group 03=High Dose V-OLD-10
Group 04=Control V-OLD-2
Group 05=Low Dose V-OLD-2
Group 06=High Dose V-OLD-2
Dos=Died on Study (FD) Found Dead
Sac=Scheduled Sacrifice (SK) Scheduled Kill

Organs Diagnoses Modifiers	Group: Sacrifice: Sex: Total Animals Selected:	Dos	ip 01 Sac M&F	Dos	ip 02 Sac M&F [24]	Grou Dos M&F	Sac	Grou Dos M&F [0]	Sac
Uterus (continued) Dilatation (continue minimal	d)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0

Organs	Group:	Grou	ıp 05	Gro	up 06
Diagnoses	Sacrifice:		Sac		Sac
Modifiers	Sex:		M&F		M&F
***************************************	Total Animals Selected:	(0)	[24]	[0]	[24]
Body as a Whole	i otal Allillais Sciected.	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Not examined, not fou	and in wet tissues	0	0	0	0
Not examined, not in p		0	Ô	0	0
Cavity, Abdominal	•	(0)	(i)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		ò	1	0	0
Cavity, Oral		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		o'	ò	Õ	ò
Eve		(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		o	ì	o´	`o´
Intestine, Small		(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits	•	o´	ì	)O	`o´
Liver		(0)	(20)	(0)	(24)
Congestion		0	0	O O	0
minimal		0	0	0	0
mild		0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	20	0	24
Lungs with bronchi		(0)	(21)	(0)	(24)
Congestion		0	4	0	1
minimal		0	4	0	1
mild		0	0	0	0
Degeneration		0	0	0	0
minimal		0	0	0	0
Hemangiosarcoma		0	0	0	1
Metastatic		0	0	0	1
Hemorrhage		0	3	0	0
minimal		0	2	0	0
mild		0	1	0	0
Infiltrate		0	0	0	3
minimal		0	0	0	3
Within Normal Limits		0	14	0	19
Lymph Node, Bronchia	11	(0)	(22)	(0)	(24)
Hemorrhage		0	1	0	11
minimal mild		0 0	1	0	7 4
Hyperplasia, lymphoid	•	0	0	0 0	0
minimal	•	0	0	0	0
Not examined, not in p	lane of section	0	4	0	3
Within Normal Limits	nane or section	0	17	0	10
Lymph Node, Cervical		(0)	(4)	(0)	(0)
Hemorrhage		0	1	0	0
mild		ő	i	0	Ö
Within Normal Limits		ŏ	3	Ö	Ö
Lymph Node, Mandibu	ılar	(0)	(10)	(0)	(10)
Edema		ò	1	ò	0
minimal		ō	i	ŏ	Ö
Hemorrhage		ō	7	Õ	10
minimal		Ō	6	ō	5
mild		0	1	0	5
Not examined, not in p	lane of section	0	2	0	0
·					

Group I=Control V-OLD- 10
Group 2=Low Dose V-OLD- 10
Group 3=High Dose V-OLD-10
Group 4=Control V-OLD-2
Group 5=Low Dose V-OLD-2
Group 6=High Dose V-OLD-2
Dos=Died on Study (FD) Found Dead
Sac=Scheduled Sacrifice (SK) Scheduled Kill

Organs	Group:		ıp 05		ıp 06
Diagnoses	Sacrifice:		Sac	Dos	Sac
Modifiers	Sex:	M&F	M&F	M&F	M&F
То	tal Animals Selected:	[0]	[24]	[0]	[24]
Lymph Node, Mandibula	ar (continued)	,	()	(-)	
Within Normal Limits	,	0	0	0	0
Lymph Node, Mesenterio	:	(0)	(2)	(0)	(0)
Not examined, not found	l in wet tissufes	Ò	ì	Ò	o
Within Normal Limits		0	1	0	0
Nasal Tissues, Level 1		(0)	(21)	(0)	(24)
Not examined, not found	l in wet tissues	0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	21	0	24
Nasal Tissues, Level 2		(0)	(21)	(0)	(24)
Within Normal Limits		0	21	0	24
Nasal Tissues, Level 3	•	(0)	(21)	(0)	(24)
Congestion		0	0	0	0
mild		0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	21	0	24
Nasal Tissues, Level 4		(0)	(21)	(0)	(24)
Congestion		0	0	0	0
mild		0	0	0	0
Hemorrhage		0	0	0	1
mild		0	0	0	1
Within Normal Limits		0	21	0	23
Oral Tissues, Buccal Wa	li	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0
Oral Tissues, Tongue		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0
Ovary		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Congestion		0	0	0	0
minimal		0	0	0	0
Skin		(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)
Not examined, not found		0	0	0	0
Not examined, not prese	nt on slide	0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	I.
Spinal Cord, Thorax		(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)
Hemangiosarcoma		0	0	0	1
Spleen		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Within Normal Limits		0	0	0	0
Stomach Within Normal Limits		(0)	(1)	(0)	(0)
		0	1	0	0
Thymus		(0)	(6)	(0)	(3)
Hemorrhage minimal		0	5 5	0	3
mild		0	0	0	0
Within Normal Limits		0	ĭ	0	0
Trachea		(0)	-	-	
Degeneration		(0)	(21) 0	(0)	(24) 1
minimal		0	0	0 0	1
Not examined, not found	l in wat ticewae	0	0	0	1
Within Normal Limits	im wei noones	0	21	0	22
Uterus		(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Dilatation		0	0	(0)	(0) 0
Disalation		U	U	U	U

Group 01=Control V-OLD- 10
Group 02=Low Dose V-OLD- 10
Group 03=High Dose V-OLD-10
Group 04=Control V-OLD-2
Group 05=Low Dose V-OLD-2
Group 06=High Dose V-OLD-2
Dos=Died on Study (FD) Found Dead
Sac=Scheduled Sacrifice (SK) Scheduled Kill

Organs Group:		Group 05		Group 06	
Diagnoses	Sacrifice:	Dos	Sac	Dos	Sac
Modifiers	Sex:	M&F	M&F	M&F	M&F
	Total Animals Selected:	[0]	[24]	[0]	[24]
Uterus (continued)					
Dilatation (continue	ed)				_
minimal		0	0	0	0

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report

Audited Histopathology Report Date Printed: 08 Sep 2006 11:51 AM

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-052

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-055

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2,

Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-056

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2.

Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-057

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Thymus

Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-059

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hyperplasia, lymphoid, minimal

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report

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Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-062

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

·Thymus

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-065

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-069

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-071

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-076

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report

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Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-093

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

#### Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-098

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

#### Microscopic Results.

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-099

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

#### Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-102 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

#### Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-104

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

#### Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report

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Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-117

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal Dilatation, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-118

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (01) Control V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-119

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-051

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, mild

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-053

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Thymus

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-058

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

#### Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-064

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Hemorrhage, minimal Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, mild Nasal Tissues, Level 3 Congestion, mild Nasal Tissues, Level 4 Congestion, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-066

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

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Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

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The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-067

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-068

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report Audited Histopathology Report Date Printed: 08 Sep 2006 11:51 AM Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-072 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1 Microscopic Results The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits: Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-073 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7 Microscopic Results Lymph Node, Bronchial Not examined, not in plane of section Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits: Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-074 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7 Microscopic Results The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits: Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-075 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7 Microscopic Results The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits: Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-078 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7 Microscopic Results The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits: Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-081 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7 Microscopic Results

Study Number: 0497-24-05-08-01

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Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-081

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results (continued)

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-082

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results.

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-083

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-084

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-087

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report

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Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-094

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-096

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results.

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-097

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-100

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-103

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Not examined, not in plane of section

Hemorrhage, minimal

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The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-106

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

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Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-106

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results (continued)

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (02) Low Dose V-OLD- 10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-108

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-050

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Nasal Tissues, Level 1

Within Normal Limits Nares

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Cavity, Oral, Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Skin, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-054

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Degeneration, minimal

**Bronchioles** 

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-060

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Skin

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

Nasal Tissues, Level 1

Within Normal Limits

Nares Not examined, not present on slide

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Cavity, Oral, Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Summarized Single Tabulated Animal Report

Audited Histopathology Report Date Printed: 08 Sep 2006 11:51 AM

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-061

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

#### Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-063 Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole Not examined, not in plane of section

Nares

Not examined, not found in wet tissues Feet Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Congestion, minimal Lungs with bronchi Congestion, minimal

Lymph Node, Bronchial Not examined, not in plane of section

Nasal Tissues, Level 1 Within Normal Limits

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Oral Tissues, Tongue, Skin, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-070 Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Liver Congestion, minimal Lungs with bronchi Infiltrate, minimal

Alveolar

Nasal Tissues, Level 1 Within Normal Limits

Nares

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Skin, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-077

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Congestion, minimal Lungs with bronchi Congestion, minimal

Lymph Node, Bronchial Not examined, not in plane of section

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Oral Tissues, Buccal Wall, Oral Tissues, Tongue,

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Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-079

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

\*Lungs with bronchi

Hemorrhage, minimal

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-080

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-085

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Liver Nasal Tissues, Level 1 Congestion, minimal Within Normal Limits

Nares

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4,

Oral Tissues, Buccal Wall, Oral Tissues, Tongue, Skin, Stomach, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-086

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Fee

Liver

Congestion, mild

Lungs with bronchi

Congestion, minimal

Nasal Tissues, Level 1

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Skin

Liver

Nares
Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Fur

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Cavity, Oral, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Oral Tissues, Tongue, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-088

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Feet

Lungs with bronchi

Congestion, mild Congestion, minimal Within Normal Limits

Nasal Tissues, Level 1

Nores

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Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-088

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results (continued)

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Oral Tissues, Tongue, Skin, Stomach, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-089

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Liver

Congestion, mild Congestion, mild

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Skin

Not examined, not in plane of section.

Not examined, not found in wet tissues.

Fur

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Oral Tissues, Tongue,

Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-090

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-091

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-092

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

Thomas

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-095

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-101

Fate: (ŚK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results.

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-105

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results

Body as a Whole

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Liver Lungs with bronchi Congestion, minimal Congestion, minimal

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Nasal Tissues, Level I

Within Normal Limits

Skin

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Nares Not exa Fur

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-107

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular Uterus Hemorrhage, minimal

Dilatation, minimal

Luminal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4,

Traches

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-109

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-111

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-114

Fate: (FD) Found Dead Species: Rat Days on Study: 0

Microscopic Results.

Body as a Whole

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Feet

Liver

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Bronchial Nasal Tissues, Level 1

Congestion, mild Congestion, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal Within Normal Limits

Nares

Skin

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Stomach, Trachea

Gp: (03) High Dose V-OLD-10 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-115

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-123 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-125

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

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Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-134 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-136 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results.

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

vary Congestion, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-137 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Thymus

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-138 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Congestion, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

Not examined, not in plane of section

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-139 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-144

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Hemorrhage, mild Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-145

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-151 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-152

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-166

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Spleen, Trachea

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Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-174 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

'Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-175 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The mandibular lymph node apparently was identified as "cervical lymph node" in some macroscopic findings

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-177
Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-178 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Not examined, not in plane of section

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-179 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Mandibular, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2,

Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (04) Control V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-181 Fate: (ŚK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-122

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Congestion, minimal

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Not examined, not in plane of section Not examined, not in plane of section

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-126

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Not examined, not in plane of section

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-127

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Cervical Thymus

Congestion, minimal Hemorrhage, mild Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-129

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular Thymus

Hemorrhage, mild Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Cervical, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4,

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Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-130

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

'Uterus

Normal estrus-phase

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-140

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

Lymph Node, Mesenteric

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

Thymus

Hemorrhage, minimal

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-141 Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: 06.0352 Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Lymph Node, Cervical, Lymph Node, Mesenteric, Nasal Tissues, Level 1,

Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Stomach, Thymus, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-142

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Congestion, minimal

Lymph Node, Bronchial Thymus

Not examined, not in plane of section

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Cavity, Abdominal, Intestine, Small, Liver, Lymph Node, Cervical, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-147

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-162

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

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Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-162

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results (continued)

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Masar Fissues, Level 4, Fractica

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-164

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-165

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-167

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-168

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Eye

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-170

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Congestion, minimal

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Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-170

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results (continued)

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-171

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-176

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-180

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (05) Low Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-189

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-120

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Infiltrate, minimal

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

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Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-120

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results (continued)

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-121

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Infiltrate, minimal Alveolar

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-124

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-128

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Infiltrate, minimal

Alveolar

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-131

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Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-133

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-135

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Trachea

Degeneration, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-146

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 1

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-150

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Not examined, not in plane of section

Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, mild Thymus

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-153

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Mandibular

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Skin, Trachea

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Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-154

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Thymus Hemorrhage, mild Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-155

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Thymus Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-158

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Trachea

Not examined, not found in wet tissues

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-163

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-169

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial Lymph Node, Mandibular Hemorrhage, minimal Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-172

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 7

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi Lymph Node, Mandibular Congestion, minimal Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-173

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lungs with bronchi

Hemangiosarcoma, Metastatic

Lymph Node, Bronchial Spinal Cord, Thorax

Hemorrhage, mild

Hemangiosarcoma

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-182

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-183

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-184

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3,

Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

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Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-185

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-186

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, minimal

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-187

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Lymph Node, Bronchial

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Nasal Tissues, Level I, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Nasal Tissues, Level 4, Trachea

Gp: (06) High Dose V-OLD-2 Sex: Female Animal Number: 06-188

Fate: (SK) Scheduled Kill Species: Rat Days on Study: 90

Microscopic Results

Nasal Tissues, Level 4

Hemorrhage, mild

The following organs were found to be Within Normal Limits:

Liver, Lungs with bronchi, Lymph Node, Bronchial, Nasal Tissues, Level 1, Nasal Tissues, Level 2, Nasal Tissues, Level 3, Trachea

End of Report