



Coalition Warfare Program presentation to: 2009 EUCOM/AFRICOM Science and Technology Conference

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OUSD(AT&L)/International Cooperation
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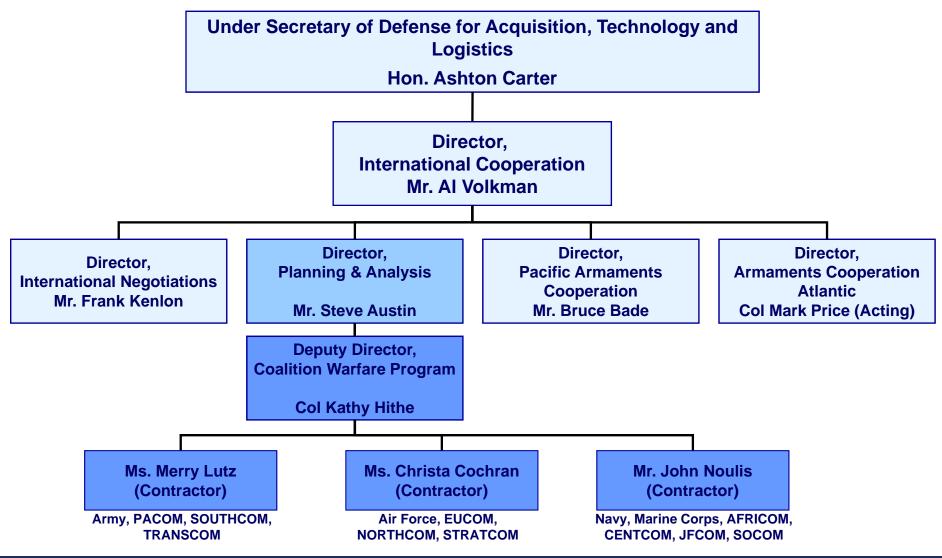
Overview

Purpose of the Coalition Warfare Program

- Coalition Warfare Program provides funds on a competitive basis to projects that conduct collaborative RDT&E with foreign government partners.
- Why?
 - Global Security requires strong partners and partnerships
 - Effective coalitions require a high degree of interoperability
 - Solutions to warfighter problems can be developed better, cheaper, and faster by leveraging partner expertise and resources.
 - ...and yet, COCOMs, Services, and Agencies do not always program for international partnerships and interoperability



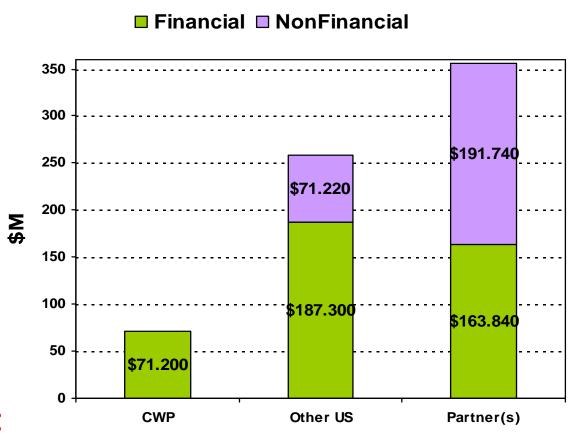
Coalition Warfare Team





- Established in 2000; funding began in FY01
- 84 projects funded to date (including FY10 new starts):
 - -CWP \$71.2M
 - -Other US \$258.52M (1:4)
 - -Partners \$355.58M (1:5)

Total Funding Leveraged: \$614.1M (1:9)







Strategic Imperatives



CWP Responds to a Number of Strategic Requirements

National Level Strategic Guidance

National Security Strategy

Department Level Strategic Guidance

Quadrennial Defense Review
National Defense Strategy
National Military Strategy
Guidance for Employment of the Force
Guidance for Deployment of the Force

KKKKK AAAAA AAAAA

FCB Issues
COCOM IPLs
JROC Validated Needs
Service/Agency S&T Priorities
Partner capabilities and needs
COCOM Theater Security Cooperation Plans
Commitments resulting from engagement with partners
Armaments Cooperation Imperatives in Regional Strategies



Capability Portfolio Management

- The joint capability area (JCA) structure serves as the common framework and lexicon for the organization of capability portfolios (from DoDD 7045.20)
 - Force Support
 - Battlespace Awareness
 - Force Application
 - Logistics
 - Command and Control
 - Net-Centric
 - Protection
 - Building Partnerships
 - Corporate Management and Support



Building Partnerships Framework

Building Partnerships

JCA Tier I

The ability to set the conditions for interaction with partner, competitor or adversary leaders, military forces, or relevant populations by developing and presenting information and conducting activities to affect their perceptions, will, behavior, and capabilities.

JCA Tier II

Communicate Shape Inform domestic and foreign Partner with foreign governments and audiences institutions Persuade partner audiences Build capabilities and capacities of foreign partners and institutions Influence adversary and competitor audiences Provide aid to foreign partners and institutions Leverage capacities and capabilities of security establishment Strengthen Global Defense Posture

JCA Tier III

Related

Public Affairs

DOD

Support to Public Diplomacy

Activities

PSYOP

(Illustrative) • H

Human Terrain

Security Cooperation

• Stability Operations / IW

Humanitarian Assistance

Civil Affairs



Building Partnership Terms: BP and **BPC**

Building Partnerships (BP) Capabilities



- Refers only to the Joint Capability Area and its Sub-JCAs
- Building Partner Capacity (BPC) Activities



- Term from 2006 QDR
- Tier III Joint Capability Area
- Describes a force employment concept or the application of capabilities for a given purpose - to build the capacity (and capability) of a partner - FOREIGN or DOMESTIC.
- Captures a large set of like activities from the definition of Security Cooperation
- Subset of BP, not synonymous with it



Building Partnership Terms: Security Cooperation (SC)

Activities

- Activities undertaken by DoD to encourage and enable international partners to work with the United States to achieve strategic objectives. It includes all DoD interactions with foreign defense and security establishments, including all DoD-administered security assistance programs, that: build defense and security relationships that promote specific U.S. security interests, including all international armaments cooperation activities and security assistance activities; develop allied and friendly military capabilities for self-defense and multinational operations; and provide U.S. forces with peacetime and contingency access to host nations. (DODD 5132.03 24 Oct 2008)
 - MUCH MORE than training and equipping foreign forces
 - NOT limited to "peacetime"; SC activities can occur during any phase of an operation and in any type of campaign
 - Focuses on the partner AND U.S. military capabilities
 - ALL DoD COMPONENTS execute SC

Building Partnership Tools: CWP Is One of Many

- Exploratory Discussions
- Bilateral and Multilateral Forums
- 1206 Funding (Global Equip and Train)
- Foreign Military Sales
- Foreign Military Financing
- International Military Education and Training (IMET)
- Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid, Defense (OHDACA)
- Combined Exercises
- Regional Initiatives



- Cooperative RDT&E, Procurement, Production and Logistics
 - Coalition Warfare Program
 - JCTDs
 - Service ICR&D
 - Acquisition Cross Servicing Agreements
- Foreign Comparative Test Program
- Defense Personnel Exchanges/ Assignments
- Information Exchanges
- Equipment Loans and Leases
- Etc....





Submitting a CWP Proposal



- CWP selects projects through an annual, competitive, nomination process.
 - CWP will provide "seed" funding of up to \$1,000,000 per year for 2 years.
- Basic Criteria:
 - RDT&E content
 - Nominations accepted from COCOMs, Services,
 Defense Agencies, or OSD staff
 - Projects must have committed foreign government partners



FY11 Nomination Process

- Offices considering submitting an FY11 proposal should start ground work by:
 - Identifying foreign partner and understanding international agreement requirements of project
 - Identifying internal resources that can be committed

	YES	NO	Comments
s the nomination complete?			
is there a foreign partner (s)?			
ls it an RDT&E project?			
is it cooperative RDT&E with other nations' defense agency components (ministries, Services, Agencies)?			
Has the sponsor agreed to contribute financial or non-financial resources to the project?			
Have the foreign partners agreed to contribute financially or otherwise to the project?		$\overline{\ }$	
is there a US government sponsor to manage and execute the project?			
Does the nomination identify a specific US mission need, COCOM shortfall or JROC-approved need?			
Does the project have COCOM interest and/or support?	7		
Will the project have a pos ^a current operational cape ^a	Ī		
is the amount of furconsidering the prop.	5		
is there a tangihle outcon. roject?	_		
Does ' ntify a im			
nomination, a practical of plan?			
Did yu st / ect does not duplicat. pact other ongoing DoD activs. e a similar result/solution.			
Have you discussed the disclosure/export control/with a Service IPO?			
Does the Service IPO agree that the outlined agreement strategy will be sufficient for the proposed offort?			

- First drafts will be due in their entirety, January 15, 2010.
- Nomination must include a completed checklist indicating that the submitter has addressed CWP requirements.
- A CWP team member will review and provide feedback on the nomination. Final drafts will be due February 26, 2010.

FY11 Nomination Process, cont.

- After receiving final drafts of all of the nominations, CWP collects feedback on the proposals from subject matter experts from:
 - COCOMs, Services, Joint Staff, Agencies, OSD Staff, Area Embassies
- Team down selects to the most competitive proposals and hosts a one day review of the finalists with U.S. SMEs.
 - Selections are based on input from SMEs and strategic guidance.
- Announcements in May or June.



FY11 Nomination Process: New Definitions of Interest

- Sponsor = is engaged or actively involved in project, may be providing resources (funding, personnel, etc) to execute
- Endorser = recognizes project as meeting an identified Command/ Service need or supporting interoperability goals with partners

Lead: XXX Other US Participants: XXX Short Tife XXX
(such as a CDD) or Integrated Priority List? If so, elaborate.
Identify plan to engage other Combatant Commanders to fulfill their needs.
Is there any Congressional or high-level interest in this project?
Is this a Joint project? If so, which Services are involved?
COCOM-Service-Agency Interest (Please contact the approve the agencies thrust nomination development to gauge support for project. Fee add agencies or upgrantation as required. For assistance with PGUS, spr. whatet CVM Pearm.)
Organization Sponsor Ende S 1 1 No Interest
AFRICOM PACOM
CENTCOM
SOCOM
TRANSCOM
STRATCOM
NORTHC OM NAVY
USMC
USAF
DTRA
MDA
DISA OSD (ATRI
OSS (A rule)
spon. yeekt. spon. yeek, evely involved in project, may be providing resources (funding, personne execute
dorse = izes project meets and identified Command/Service need; supports als with partners
utility for the DoD, supports interoperability with partners but may not meet a carted Conu/Service need
No Interest = Does not recognize project as meeting a need for QoQ.
 Describe your coordination with COCOM, Services and Agencies, to include any pertinent feedback you have already received.
${\tt 3PROJECTNAME_AnnexA_Nomination_DATE.doc}$

- Supporter = sees utility in project for DoD; believes the project supports interoperability with partners but may not meet a current identified Command/Service need
- No Interest = does not believe project meets a DoD need.

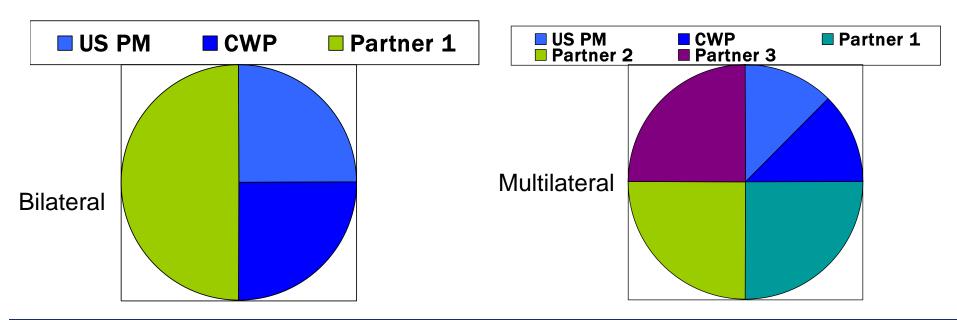


Evaluating a CWP Proposal

	Basic	Acceptable Basic Elements +	Strong Previous Elements +	Excellent Previous Elements +
Product	RDT&E Content	Tangible outcome and clear objectives	Not duplicative of other efforts	Unique solution to a complex problem
Sponsor- ship	U.S. government sponsor	Sponsor financial contribution & COCOM endorsement	Equitable financial contribution	Multiple endorsements
Foreign Partner	Government institution identified	Financial or non- financial support	Foreign POCs identified & equitable contributions	High-level interest
Benefit	Clear benefit to warfighter	Meets an identified need	Meets identified need of multiple COCOMs/ Services/Agencies	Will quickly be able to respond to identified need
Legal	Reviewed for international agreement/ disclosure/export control issues	Sponsor and Service IPO have a plan of action to get agreements in place/issues resolved	Can get necessary international agreements in place in time to start/other issues in work	Has necessary international agreements in place /other issues resolved
Project Mgmt	Funds requested commensurate with scope	Practical metrics for success	Identified transition aim	Programmed to transition

Coalition Warfare Program Contributions

- Sponsor and foreign partner expected to contribute resources to project
- Equitable contributions from foreign partner could entail:
 - Traditional "equal" contributions
 - Could also be benefit related





Sources for CWP Project Ideas

Current relationships

- Bilateral and Multilateral Forums
- Ongoing development programs
- Existing international agreements
- Information Exchange Agreements

Networking

- International conferences
- Joint Capability Technology Demonstrations
- CWPs can add an international element to an existing
 JCTD or jump start a new effort



- After generating project idea:
 - U.S. government offices should engage:
 - CWP Office
 - COCOM/Agency S&T Offices
 - Service International Program Offices
 - U.S. industry should engage:
 - Service or COCOM POC with interest in project and funding to contribute
 - Foreign government offices should engage:
 - U.S. Embassy Office of Defense Cooperation/Office of Security Assistance
 - Appropriate OUSD(AT&L)/International Cooperation Desk Officer

CWP Project Manager Responsibility

- Acceptance form—due upon receipt
 - Acknowledging CWP requirements
- Initial planning report—due August 15, 2009
 - Updated project information, financial plans, instructions for funds disbursement
- Monthly financial report—due on the 15th of every month
 - Updated obligation/expenditure data
- Quarterly report—due on the 15th of January, April, July, and October
 - Updated project status
- Obligation and expenditure documentation for CWP funding—due as they are generated
- Final report—due 60 days after the effort is completed





FY10 Project Selections



CWP Projects with Partners in EUCOM/AFRICOM

FY08 Starts

- Advanced Dynamic Magnetometer for Static and Moving Applications
- Coalition Warfare Command & Control Interoperability
 Enhancement
- Multi-National Turnkey C2
- Multinational Virtual Learning Environment (MVLE) for International Security Cooperation Objectives
- NATO Friendly Force Information (NFFI) Interface Prototype Standard (NIPS) Project
- Optimizing Coalition Leader & Team Operational Readiness to Achieve Technical Interoperability in Network Centric Operations
- US Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS) & UK Bowman Radio C2 Interoperability through the JTRS-Bowman Waveform

FY09 Starts

- ADNS Coalition Network Interoperability
- Common Ground
- FBCB2/SIR Interoperability Solution
- International Recognition of Combat Vehicles
- ITA Sensor & Policy Software Tools and Protocols for Networking of Disparate ISR Assets
- Maritime Domain Awareness Offshore West Africa
- Passive and Active Detection of Special Nuclear Material
- Pathogen Analysis in West Africa
- Software Defined Radio Coalition Waveform Development Project
- The Web Service for All-source Releasability and Dissemination

- **FY10 New Starts**
- Clip-on Night Vision Device – Sensor Fusion
- Coalition Battle
 Management Services
- Coalition Live, Virtual, Constructive
 Operations and Training
- Easy Internet Connectivity
- Fire Support
 Ammunition Update
 Capability
- JSTARS ASTOR
 Interoperability Project
- Laser Jamming and Damage Protection for Mid-Wave Infrared (MWIR) Detectors

Results of the FY10 Nomination Process

- CWP selected 9 new starts and will fund one pre-selected project from FY09, bringing the CWP FY10 portfolio to 26 funded projects and 11 projects wrapping up.
- New Start Statistics
 - CWP commitment to FY10 new starts: \$11.465M
 (between FY10 and FY11)
 - Other U.S. Partner financial and non-financial contributions: \$35.575M (leveraging 1:3)
 - Foreign Partner financial and non-financial contributions: \$27.53M (leveraging 1:2)

FY10 New Starts Sponsors and Partners

- New starts sponsored by:
 - EUCOM/AFRICOM, JFCOM, PACOM, SOCOM, SOUTHCOM, USAF, USA, and OSD AT&L
- New starts collaborate with 22 foreign partners:

Australia

France

Netherlands

- UK

Belgium

Germany

Nigeria

Canada

Greece

Sao Tome & Principe

Colombia

Norway

- Singapore

Denmark

India

- Spain

Estonia

Italy

- Sweden

Finland

NATO

Turkey

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2010 New Starts		
Clip-on Night Vision Device – Sensor Fusion To research, develop, test and evaluate a state- of-the-art clip-on sensor fusion device for small arms. Device will integrate (fuse) state of the art technology for night vision, thermal/IR and other technologies to provide the operator with several choices of night vision images.	SOCOM [US Navy (NSWC Crane JSOP)]	UK In discussion: Australia, Canada
Coalition Battle Management Services To enhance the ability of joint and coalition forces to execute mission rehearsals prior to deploying into theater as well as executing mission rehearsal and planning for emerging threats encountered in theater.	JFCOM	NATO, Sweden, UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2010 New Starts		
Coalition Information Exchange To identify and prioritize maritime threats using automated fusion tools, anomaly detection capabilities, collaborative toolsets, and effective net-centric data management strategies to assemble a comprehensive maritime picture from multiple data sources.	PACOM [US Navy]	India
Coalition Live, Virtual, Constructive Operations and Training To create a unique training environment, where players are provided quality training including mission planning, briefing, execution, and debrief whether they are flying a live aircraft or participating in an air or ground simulation environment.	US Air Force; EUCOM (USAFE/A3T) [(ACC/A3T)]	UK; Requested Australia and Canada

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2010 New Starts		
Easy Internet Connectivity To enable rapid deployment of commercial equipment and commercial IP satellite services to remotely deployed US units, coalition partners, IOs, and NGOs that will be tailored specifically for the location and duration of requested connectivity.	EUCOM/ AFRICOM [US Navy (NAVAIR), (NAVSEA), US Army (USASMDBL)]	France; Nigeria; Sao Tome and Principe
Fire Support Ammunition Update Capability To significantly reduce the time required to field updates to the ballistic performance characteristics for existing ammunition and weapons to US and NATO fire support systems. To establish this capability without the need to completely retest and reissue fire support software.	US Army (ARDEC), PM CAS	Canada, Denmark, Germany, Turkey, UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2010 New Starts		
JSTARS - ASTOR Interoperability Project To develop a baseline interoperability between the US's E-8 Joint STARS aircraft and accompanying ground stations and the UK's Sentinel aircraft and accompanying ground stations.	OSD AT&L [US Air Force, US Army]	UK
Laser Jamming and Damage Protection for Mid-Wave Infrared (MWIR) Detectors To develop a laser hardened MWIR detector that will enable operation and survivability in a laser threat environment.	US Air Force (AFRL/RXPJ)	UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2010 New Starts		
MAritime Radiological Stand-off Detection and Identification Project To demonstrate a system-level solution for WMD (nuclear/radiological-specific) stand-off detection in the maritime environment.	PACOM, DTRA [TSWG]	Singapore
Riverine and Intercoastal Operations To provide joint and coalition situational and maritime domain awareness through persistent surveillance and advanced reconnaissance of riverine and inland near-water environments.	SOUTHCOM, SOCOM [US Navy (NSWG, NAVSEA PMS 480)]	Colombia

2008 National Defense Strategy

The United States also must strengthen and expand alliances and partnerships. The U.S. alliance system has been a cornerstone of peace and security for more than a generation and remains the key to our success, contributing significantly to achieving all U.S. objectives. Allies often possess capabilities, skills, and knowledge we cannot duplicate. We should not limit ourselves to the relationships of the past. We must broaden our ideas to include partnerships for new situations or circumstances, calling on moderate voices in troubled regions and unexpected partners.



Obtain more information at:

www.acq.osd.mil/ic/cwp.html

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Back up slides



CWP Project Timeline: Nomination/Selection Phase

	Project Mana	ger	Partners	Sponsors		CWP Team	
Jul]		
Aug	0.00	d				Release C	all Memo
Sep	 Develop ideas 	nduct Groui	nawork:		Distribute	Kickoff Conf.	·
Oct	 Identify sponsor 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		Call Memo		
Nov	 Work with interral any agreements 		grams offices	for			
Dec	arry agreement	, roquirou					
Jan	15-Submit First	Draft					
Feb	26-Submit Final Draft					Provide	Feedback
Mar						Conduct I	Evaluation:
Apr							feedback
May							needs/gaps alysis
Jun	Return Acceptant	ce Form				Announce	Decisions
Jul	Updated Project Information, Quad		tiate and				
Aug	Chart, Project Planning Info		greements				
Sep			www.acq.osd.mil/	ic/cwp.	html		35



CWP Project Timeline: Execution Phase

	Project Manager	Sponsor		CWP Team
Oct				
Nov		*		
Dec		\nearrow		
Jan		*		Disburse Funding (Timing
Feb	Obligate Funding ASAP	7		dependent on congressional
Mar	Obligate Funding AOA	\nearrow		action on defense budget)
Apr		*		
May		\(\)		
Jun		TY		
Jul				
Aug	Submit Updated Project	77	Track	
Sep	Information	77	Project's	
Oct			Status	
Nov	A	77	Otatus	
Dec	Submit Monthly Expenditure Reports	7		
Jan	1			Disburse Funding (Timing
Feb	Submit Quarterly Status and Expenditure Reports	7		dependent on congressional
Mar	and Expenditure Reports	X		action on defense budget)
Apr			-	
May		X		
Jun		X	-	
Jul		X		
Aug	Submit Final Project Report	7		
Sep	- WWW	水 acg.osd.mil/ic/cwp.hi	ml	36

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2008 New Starts		
Advanced Dynamic Magnetometer for Static and Moving Applications To develop a a compact and inexpensive microfluxgate magnetometer for use in multiple COCOMs. To continue T&E with joint services and apply lessons learned to provide wide range of surveilance/detection solutions.	US Navy (SPAWAR)	Italy, Sweden
Coalition Warfare Command & Control Interoperability Enhancement To enhance coalition fire support capability where each Fires Coordination organization of partner nations may coordinate Fires from supporting coalition platforms and other Fires Coordination organizations.	US Army (PEO C3T) [EUCOM]	France, Germany, Italy, UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Multi-National Turnkey C2 To provide NATO with a repeatable methodology and tools to accelerate C2 interoperability and reduce the ad hoc nature of the HQs formation process.	JFCOM	NATO ACT /C4I
Multinational Virtual Learning Environment (MVLE) for International Security Cooperation Objectives To establish the South Eastern Europe/Black Sea Region MVLE Training Site and to establish a real-time, online communications that include a multilingual machine language translation and natural language interface development in support of the Bulgarian, Romanian, and Ukrainian languages.	US Navy (SPAWAR) [JFCOM; US Army (TRADOC); OSD]	Bulgaria, Norway, Romania, UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
NATO Friendly Force Information (NFFI) Interface Prototype Standard (NIPS) Project To improve existing defense asset tracking technologies to permit US, allied and/or coalition countries to view personnel and asset position, status, and location information on national or NATO Common Operational/Tactical Pictures.	JFCOM [STRATCOM]	NATO
Optimizing Coalition Leader & Team Operational Readiness to Achieve Technical Interoperability in Network Centric Operations To provide a repository of identified critical competencies essential for effective performance in network-enabled operations.	US Navy (NAVAIR) [US Army (ARL); US Air Force (AFRL)]	Australia, Canada, France, UK, Ukraine

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Palm-sized Automated Chemical Agent Detector (PACAD) To cooperatively research, test, evaluate, and fabricate a PACAD prototype based on the chemistry of the U.S. M256A1 Chemical Agent Detection Kit and Japanese micro-fluidic, electro-optical, and miniaturization technologies.	US Army	Japan
Stabilized Weapons System Installation To deliver a modularized stabilized weapon system that can be installed in IN combatant craft and the US SEALION craft without negatively impacting craft detection signature.	US Navy (NSWG) [SOCOM]	Partner

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Stake Holder Asset-Based Planning Environment To develop requirements for a joint, interagency, and multi-national response; identify existing and emerging best in class methods and technologies that can support this whole of government and multi-national response; and then deliver those capabilities to the user communities (DOD, DOS, USAID, coalition partners, international and regional organizations, and the private sector) in the FY08-09 timeframe.	SOUTHCOM [USAID]	Peru
Tactile Situation Awareness System To develop garment capable of providing pitch and roll as well as hover capabilities for pilots.	US Army [US Navy; SOCOM; OSD]	Canada

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
US Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS) & UK Bowman Radio C2 Interoperability through the JTRS-Bowman Waveform (JBW) To develop JTRS Bowman Waveform for interoperable use with UK Bowman ADR+ radios and investigate enhanced interoperability opportunities through JTRS waveform development.	JTRS JPEO [US Navy; US Air Force; US Army]	UK
US-Singapore Unmanned Vehicle To develop and integrate a remotely operated small arms mount with two SPIKE missiles and .50 caliber gun onto the SPARTAN 7-meter RHIB; to expand operations for SPARTAN overthe-horizon by use of a Tactical Unmanned Air Vehicle.	PACOM [US Navy (NUWC)]	Singapore

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Virtual Regional Maritime Traffic Center To create a regional MDA capability across Partner Nations that is comprised of an interoperable, net-centric, federated organization of sensors, data, information, intelligence and dissemination tools and processes.	US Army (ACE) [SOUTHCOM]	Honduras, Chile, Brazil, Argentina

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
2009 New Starts		
ADNS Coalition Network Interoperability To develop and demonstrate an interoperable, manageable and secure coalition network based on existing and emerging standards, using, where possible, commercial services and products.	US Navy (SPAWAR)	Australia; Canada; New Zealand; UK
Common Ground To provide a common geospatial information foundation supporting Coalition C2 processes to include planning, Intelligence Preparation of the Battlespace (IPB), Course of Action Analysis (COA), mission rehearsal and execution monitoring.	US Army (ERDC) [JFCOM]	NATO NC3A

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
FBCB2/SIR Interoperability Solution To demonstrate shared Blue SA between FBCB2 and the French SIR system using existing infrastructure via NFFI v1.3 and extend to enable shared SA and C2 messages between FBCB2/SIR leveraging BCCS and MIP v3.	US Army (PM FBCB2) [CENTCOM; EUCOM]	France
GPS Multinational Receiver Core Development To enable coalition users to take advantage of commercial, off-the-shelf GPS display and mapping software without relying on the civilian GPS engines.	US Air Force [US Army; STRATCOM]	Canada

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
International Recognition of Combat Vehicles To collect and process imagery of coalition platforms for inclusion into ROC-V and providing a sharing capacity of the trainer to all participating nations.	US Army (Night Vision and Electric Sensors Directorate) [JFCOM; TRADOC; US Marine Corps]	Australia, Canada, Germany, New Zealand, UK
ITA Sensor & Policy Software Tools and Protocols for Networking of Disparate ISR Assets To develop a set of sensor and policy algorithms and software tools for networking of disparate ISR assets from coalition forces.	US Army (ARL) [CENTCOM; SOCOM; EUCOM]	UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Maritime Domain Awareness Offshore West Africa To develop and refine automatic, releasable software tools to process commercial Synthetic Aperture Radar and Electro-Optic/Infrared sensor data. To determine capabilities to detect vessels, observe behaviors, and infer maritime activities using commercial SAR, EO/IR, and AIS data	US Navy [AFRICOM]	NATO
Passive and Active Detection of Special Nuclear Material To enhance the capability of our coalition warfare partners to interdict smuggled nuclear devices and materials.	DTRA [US Navy; EUCOM]	Black Sea Nations; France; Turkey; UK

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Pathogen Analysis in West Africa To provide strain-level ID, discrimination & characterization of 10 ² -10 ³ human pathogens and genetic variants in one assay/in one day at six sigma accuracy.	US Navy [EUCOM]	Ghana, Sierra Leone
Service Oriented Architecture Development for C2 Gap Filler Block 1 To prove the SOA approach prior to large scale implementation in the C2 Gap Filler JCTD. The SOA C2 Gap Filler initiative's operational objectives are to provide N-NC air defense operations an interoperable coalition C2 integration and data fusion/correlation capability.	NORTHCOM [DIA; US Air Force (ESC)]	Canada

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
Service-Oriented Architecture Foundation Text- to-Text Machine Translation Services To provide an enterprise-level text to text machine translation service available to any authorized user or system on the network.	US Army (CERDEC) [PACOM; CENTCOM]	Singapore
Software Defined Radio Coalition Waveform Development Project To develop specifications for interoperable SDR coalition waveform. To establish security policy implementation and NATO/coalition waveform certification process.	JTRS JPEO [EUCOM, and PACOM expressed interest]	Australia, France, Germany, Italy, UK, Finland, Sweden, Spain

Project Objective	US Sponsor [US Partner]	Foreign Partner
The Web Service for All-source Releasability and Dissemination To provide a web service for net-centric, Service Oriented Architecture-based operations that streamlines releasability of intelligence products to our most trusted allies	OSD (USD(I)) [NGA; JFCOM]	Australia; Canada; NATO; UK
Ultra High Performance Concrete Material Properties Characterization (UHPC) To fully characterize the material properties of UHPC as it reacts to blast, penetration, Mach Stem and Munroe Effects in order to enable a more effective production and use of barrier material and increase the effectiveness of defeat systems for offensive operations.	DTRA	Australia

Building Partnership Terms: Security Assistance (SA) Programs

- A group of programs authorized by [22 USC], as amended, or other related statutes by which the United States provides defense articles, military training, and other defense-related services by grant, loan, credit, cash sales, or lease, in furtherance of national policies and objectives. The Department of Defense does not administer all security assistance programs. Those security assistance programs that are administered by the Department are a subset of security cooperation. (DODD 5132.03 24 Oct 2008)
 - A foreign policy tool with military applications
 - Programs NOT activities; it is one set of means to accomplish tasks
 - Can be used in both traditional and irregular warfare campaigns some specific limitations



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