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User's Guide: Computer Aided Inspection Forms for Hydraulic Steel Structures (CAIF-HSS), Windows Version

by Guillermo A. Riveros



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User's Guide: Computer Aided Inspection Forms for Hydraulic Steel Structures (CAIF-HSS), Windows Version

by Guillermo A. Riveros

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Preface

This report presents the user's manual for the Computer Aided Inspection Forms for Hydraulic Steel Structures (CAIF-HSS). CAIF-HSS is a Windows-based computer program to store the information obtained during the inspection of miter, tainter, lift, and sector gates. Funding for the development of the program and preparation of this report was provided to the Scientific and Engineering Applications Center (S&EAC), Computer Aided Engineering Division (CAED), Information Technology Laboratory (ITL), U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES), by Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (HQUSACE), under the Computer Aided Structural Engineering (CASE) Project.

Specifications for the computer program were prepared by the members of the Steel CASE task group. Members of the task group during development of the program included:

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1 Introduction

This report is the user's manual for the Computer Aided Inspection Forms for Hydraulic Steel Structures (CAIF-HSS) computer program, which should be used to store the information obtained during periodic or detailed inspections of miter, tainter, lift, and sector gates.

Scope

This chapter presents a brief explanation for periodic and detailed inspections and describes high-stress zones, stress concentration in detail, and the critical operational elements for miter, lift, sector, and tainter gates. It also defines the distress variables and rating numbers that are used in CAIF-HSS.

Periodic Inspections

Periodic inspections in hydraulic steel structures (HSS) are primarily visual. If a periodic inspection indicates that the HSS may be distressed, a more detailed inspection and evaluation may be required (Engineer Technical Letter (ETL) 1110-2-346).¹

Inspection procedures

The periodic inspection procedure should include the following steps:

1. Review documentation on gate design, operational history, and maintenance records.

¹ Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. (1993). "Structural Inspection and Evaluation of Existing Welded Lock Gates," ETL 1110-2-346, Washington, DC.

- 2. Identify critical members and connections.
- 3. Develop plan for visual inspection.
- 4. Inspect for weld connections and surface discontinuities.
- 5. Inspect for corrosion conditions.
- 6. Observe gate operation (and cathodic protection, if applicable).
- 7. Document weld, discontinuities, corrosion, and any other distress conditions.
- 8. Conduct initial evaluation.

Critical members and connections

The periodic inspection should ensure that all critical members and connections are fit for service until the next scheduled inspection. Critical members and connections are those structural elements whose failure would render the gate inoperable. Fitness for service means that the material and fabrication quality are at an appropriate level considering risks and consequences of failure.

Critical gate members and connections shall be determined from structural analysis of the gate. This should include local stress concentrations and fatigue considerations. In addition, effects of existing corrosion and reduced weld quality or associated residual stresses should be considered. This analysis will require information pertaining to the existing mechanical properties of the structural material and weld (i.e., strength, toughness, ductility), and the location, type, size, and orientation of any known discontinuities. Critical structural members, connections, and critical operational elements for miter, tainter, lift, and sector gates are presented later in this chapter.

Visual inspection

The inspector should look closely at the members and connections and not just view them from the top of the lock wall. Visual inspections shall be performed with an emphasis on critical gate members and connections. Historically, distressed gate members and connections have been located in areas subject to high structural loads or stress ranges, geometric stress concentrations, corrosion promoting conditions, and thick plates.

Inspectors shall use various measuring scales and weld gauges for checking the dimensions of the weld bead. Boroscopes, flashlights, and mirrors may be necessary to inspect areas of limited accessibility. Handtools may be necessary for cleaning the surface for inspection.

Other inspection methods

Methods other than visual inspection may be used for the periodic inspection of HSS if necessary. These methods may include penetrant inspection, magnetic particle inspection, ultrasonic inspection, and eddy current inspection. These inspection methods are discussed in ETL 1110-2-346.

Detailed Inspections

If distressed HSS members or connections are identified in the periodic inspection, or if deterioration in structural performance is assessed from the initial evaluation, then the entire HSS should receive a more detailed inspection of the distressed members and connections should be evaluated as presented in ETLs 1110-2-346 and 1110-2-351.¹

Critical Zones for HSS

The following information is provided to highlight areas and details that should receive special attention during the gate inspection. Typical areas and details of critical gate components are shown in the accompanying drawings.

Miter gates

High-stress zones (Figures 1 and 2).

- a. Girders at midspan and end diaphragms.
- b. Intercostal at center line.
- c. End diaphragms and girder supporting gusset plate.
- d. Quoin post and thrust diaphragm.
- e. Struts shear plates.

¹ Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. (1994). "Structural Inspection and Evaluation of Existing Spillway Gates," ETL 1110-2-351, Washington, DC.



Figure 1. Critical zones on a horizontally framed miter gate



Figure 2. Critical zones on horizontal girders

Stress concentration in details. (See Figure 3 for stress-concentration regions in welds.)

- a. Girder web, flange, and intercostal (Figure 4).
- b. Girder web, flange, and diaphragm.
- c. Cover plate ends (Figure 2).
- d. Gusset plate and diagonal connection (Figure 5).

Critical operation elements.

- a. Diagonals.
- b. Pintle and linkage assembly (Figure 6).
- c. Strut connections.



Figure 3. Stress-concentration regions (indicated by dashed circles) for weldments



Figure 4. Intracostals, skin plate (S. P.), and girder connections



Figure 5. Gusset plate and diagonal connection



Figure 6. Linkage pin assembly

Vertical lift gates

High-stress zones (Figure 7).

- a. Horizontal girders lift gate.
 - Girders at center line (D.S. flange).
 - Girders at end diaphragm (U.S. flange).
 - End of diaphragm flanges attached to downstream girder flanges.
 - Connections to downstream flange at midspan.
- b. Horizontal trusses lift gate.
 - Center line of upstream cord.
 - Elements carrying tension forces.
- c. Arc lift gate.
 - Tension girders (end connection).



Figure 7. Critical areas for lift gates

Stress concentration in details. (See Figure 3 for stress concentration regions in welds.)

- a. Girder web, flanges, and intercostals.
- b. Girder web, flanges, diaphragms, and diagonal members.
- c. Cover plate ends, if any.
- d. Gusset plate connections.
- e. Any weld connection where more than two elements are connected (ETL 1110-2-351).
- f. Diaphragm connections.

Critical operational elements.

- a. Lifting assemblies and cables.
- b. Roller assemblies.

Sector gates

High-stress zones (Figures 8 and 9).

- a. Truss members carrying axial tensile forces.
- b. Tensile zones of beam members.
- c. Gate hinge and anchorage.

Stress concentration in details. (See Figure 3 for stress concentration regions in welds.)

- a. Gusset plate connections.
- b. Full penetration welds in tension members normal to the direction of tensile stress, if any.
- c. Any connection involving the intersection of more than two welds.
- d. Cover plate ends, if any.
- e. Any weld located in the tension zone of a member that is oriented in the direction normal to the stress.

Critical operational elements.

a. Cable or rack and pinion gear.

Tainter gates

High-stress zones (Figures 10 and 11).

- a. Girder to strut.
- b. Strut arms and bracings.
- c. Girder-rib-skinplate connections at end frames.

Critical operational elements.

- a. Lifting connections.
- b. Lifting cables.
- c. Trunnion assembly.



Figure 8. Critical areas for sector gates, plan view



Figure 9. Critical areas for sector gates, front view



Figure 10. Critical areas for tainter gates



Figure 11. Trunnion hub and flange assembly, tainter gates

Computer Aided Inspection Forms for HSS—Description

As explained above, two types of inspections are performed as part of the evaluation and maintenance of HSS. The Computer Aided Inspection Forms for HSS (CAIF-HSS) computer program can be used to store the information collected during either the periodic or detailed inspections. Inspection forms are divided into operational elements and structural elements, which facilitates the inspection procedures.

Distress variables

Distress variables that are included in the computer program are listed below:

- N No faults noted
- A Alignment out of tolerance
- B Bent element
- C Cracked element
- Cr Corrosion or excessive rust
- D Dented item
- G Gap between elements
- M Movement out of tolerance
- W Wear members
- * Other (e.g., boils, binding, noise)

Rating number for HSS

Rating numbers for HSS (defined below) are used to classify the condition of each element in the structure. Rating numbers are based on the Federal Highway Administration's "Recording and Coding Guide" (FHWA).¹ Good engineering judgment is required to assign values to any element.

¹ U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration. (1988). "Recording and Coding Guide for the Structure Inventory and Appraisal of Nation's Bridges," FHWA-ED-89-044, Washington, DC.

- 0 FAILED CONDITION out of service beyond corrective action.
- 1 IMMINENT FAILURE CONDITION distresses show an imminent element failure.
- 2 CRITICAL CONDITION presence of advanced distress conditions.
- 3 SERIOUS CONDITION combination of distresses has seriously affected the element.
- 4 **POOR CONDITION** combination of distresses has affected the element.
- 5- FAIR CONDITION various distress combinations are present.
- 6 SATISFACTORY CONDITION some distress combinations are present.
- 7 GOOD CONDITION some minor problems.
- 8 VERY GOOD CONDITION no problem noted.
- 9 EXCELLENT CONDITION

2 Installation of CAIF-HSS

Minimum Program Requirements

Minimum requirements to run the CAIF-HSS Windows version are as follows:

- a. An IBM (386) or a compatible computer with MS DOS 3.1 and Microsoft Windows 3.1.
- b. 1.0 MB of memory (RAM) to run Windows 3.1 in standard mode and 2.0 MB of memory to run Windows 3.x in the 386 enhanced mode.
- c. 1.2 MB or 1.4 MB floppy disk drive.
- d. A mouse compatible with Microsoft Windows.
- e. A monitor (color or monochrome) with a display adapter supported by Windows.
- f. A printer supported by windows.

Installation Procedure

The following sequence should be used to install the CAIF-HSS program:

- a. Insert setup disk in a floppy disk drive.
- b. In File Manager or Program Manager, click File and then Run.
- c. Type the drive letter, followed by a colon (:) and a backslash (\), and the word setup. For example:

a:\setup

d. Follow the instructions on your screen.

3 Program Execution

Main Window Options

CAIF-HSS can be run using a mouse, the keyboard, or both. When the program is executed, the main window (shown below, Figure 12) is displayed:

Gate Inspection Forms
Ella images Halp

Figure 12. Gate inspection forms, main window

The main window includes the following options:

- File option allows the user to generate a new inspection form, open or edit an existing form, print either a blank or a filled form, open or edit an image log file, and exit the program.
- Images option can be used to display and describe any image stored in the computer.
- Help option provides help on execution of the program.

Program File Options

New inspection

The following paragraphs describe the required sequence to develop a new inspection form:

1. Select New Inspection from File option (Figure 13).



Figure 13. Gate inspection forms, new inspection option

2. Enter the file name where the information will be stored (Output File) (Figure 14).

Enter the Inj	out Filename	×
File <u>n</u> ame:	<u>]]</u>	UK
Directory: c:\	progra~1\case\caif	Cancel
<u>Files:</u>	<u>D</u> irectories:	
trash.fil	[] [-a-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-e-] [-f-] [-f-] [-#-]	

Figure 14. Output file name, input window

3. Select the type of gate that will be inspected (Figure 15).

Which Type	of Gate Will
You Be In	specting?
Miter Gate	Ininter Gate
Lift Gate	Sector Gate

Figure 15. Gate type selection, input window

4. Complete the corresponding forms.

New image log file

The program allows the user to write a description of each image. To do this, the user has to create an image log file, as follows.

1. Select New Image Log from File Option (Figure 16).

Hydraulic Steel S	Structure Insp	ection Forms	_ 0 X
Ele Images Hel	P .		
inspe	ection		
🔍 Open 🕨 👘 mas	e Log		
Print •			
Exit			

Figure 16. New image log, input window

2. Enter a log file name (Figure 17). The program will suggest the same name as on the inspection forms if the file does not exist. However, if a log file exists with the same name as on the inspection forms file, the program will not suggest a name.

File <u>n</u> ame: * .L	DG	<u>O</u> K
Directory: c:\progra~1\case		Concel
<u>F</u> iles:	<u>D</u> irectories:	
	[] [caif] [-æ-] [-b-] [-b-] [-b-] [-d-] [-d-] [-d-] [-f-] [-f-]	· ·

Figure 17. Log file name, input window

3. Select the image file name to be added (Figure 18).

File <u>n</u> ame:	TAINTER.BMP	<u>0</u> K
Directory:	c:\progra~1\case\caif	Cancel
Files:	<u>Directories:</u>	
tainter.bm	2	

Figure 18. Image file name, input window

4. Add image description.

Open an existing inspection form

The required sequence to edit an existing inspection form (illustrated in Figure 19) is as follows:

- 1. Select Open Inspection from File option.
- 2. Enter the file name of the form that will be edited.

Enter Output File Name		
File <u>n</u> ame:	MGATE01.FIL	<u>OK</u>
Directory:	b:\	Cancel
<u>Files:</u>	Directories:	
mgale01 f	[-a-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-f-] [-f-] [-t-] [-t-] [-u-] [-v-]	

Figure 19. Input file name

3. Edit the corresponding form.

Open image log

The required sequence to edit an existing image log file is as follows:

- 1. Select Open Image Log from File option.
- 2. Select image log file to be edited.
- 3. Edit file.

Print option

The CAIF-HSS program allows the user to print the form that is being created or a blank inspection form for the desired gate type (Figures 20 and 21). Appendix A shows the blank inspection forms for a horizontally framed miter gate. Forms for other types of gate are similar in appearance and can be obtained using this option.



Figure 20. Gate inspection forms, print option



Figure 21. Gate inspection forms, print blank form option

Program Images Option

Displaying images

The Images option allows the user to display and write a description of any image related to the inspection that has been previously stored in the computer. The image will be displayed using Paintbrush (by default), but the user has the option to specify any graphics package desired. The following section (.INI File Setup) provides details on this option.

INI file setup

The setup program automatically sets Paintbrush as the default graphics software to display images. However, if the user wants to use other graphics editor, these procedures must be followed:

1. Select .INI File Setup from Images option (Figure 22).



Figure 22. Graphics editor setup option

2. Select the image editor (Figure 23). Here the user has to select the executable file that corresponds to the desired image editor.

Select yo	ur Image Editor	
File <u>n</u> ame:	PSP.EXE	QK
Directory:	c:\paint_sh	Cancel
Files:	Directories:	
psp.exe	[] [-a-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-d-] [-f-] [-f-] [-*-] [-*-]	

Figure 23. Image editor input window

3. Select the default graphics format (bmp, pcx, tif, dxf, gif, jpg, tga, etc.) (Figure 24).

Default Graphics Image Extension		×
Enter the new default extension	bmp	
OK		

Figure 24. Default graphics extension, input window

Display option

1. To display an image, the user must select **Display** from the **Images** option (Figure 25).

Hydraulic Steel Structure Inspection Forms	
Ele sales Heb	<u>.</u>
Certis: Los * INI Fie Setup	
<u>8</u>	

Figure 25. Display option window

Select the Pic	ture's Filename	X
File <u>n</u> ame: Ebu Directory: c:\n	D roma~1\case\caif	DK
<u>Files:</u>	Directories:	Lancel
tainter.bmp	[] [-a-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-e-] [-f-] [-r-] [-y-]	

Figure 26. Image file name, input window

3. The graphics editor (Figure 27) will start showing the image selected in the previous step (Figure 24).



Figure 27. Graphics editor window

Images log file

The required sequence to write a brief description of each image is described below.

1. Select Log Add Item from Images menu (Figure 28).



Figure 28. Log/add item option window

2. Select image file name that will be added and press OK (Figure 29).

Select the	e Image Filename To Ac	dd 🔀
File <u>n</u> ame:	TAINTER.8MP	<u>O</u> K
Directory:	c:\progra~1\case\caif	Cancel
<u>Files:</u>	<u>D</u> irectories:	
tainter.bm	p [] [-a-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-e-] [-f-] [-x-] [-y-]	

Figure 29. Image selection, input window

3. Write brief description of selected image (Figure 30) and press Add.

Add Log File Item 🛛 🛛 🖡	2
Current Log-File filename = INSTALL.LOG	
SE\CAIF\TAINTER.BMP	
3 girders tainter gate down stream view	
<u>A</u> aa <u>L</u> ancel	

Figure 30. Add log file item, input window

4. To read the description, select Log Description from Images option.

5. To remove any item from the log file, select **Log Remove Item** from **Images** option.

Using On-line Help

The user can access help from almost anywhere in the program by clicking on an item (or tabbing to it) and pressing the F1 key. Another way to get help is to press the SHIFT-F1 key combination, and then click the mouse cursor on the item for which the user desires help. When the "Question mark - Arrow" cursor appears, the user is in "Help Mode," and the next item the user clicks on will bring up Windows Help.

4 Example Problem

This chapter describes an inspection example for a horizontally framed miter gate in order to help the user understand the procedures required for completing the inspection forms.

1. To start the example, choose **New Inspection** from the file menu, name it as Miter01.fil and select the left leaf of a horizontally framed miter gate (Figures 31-34).



Figure 31. Beginning of miter gate inspection example

Enter Out	tput File Name	×
File <u>n</u> ame:	MGATE01.FIL	ØK
Directory:	ame: MGATE01.FIL <u>OK</u> tory: c:\progra~1\case\caif <u>D</u> irectories: [] [-a-] [-b-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-f-] [-f-]	Cancel
<u>Files:</u>	Directories:	
mqate01 f	[] [-a-] [-b-] [-c-] [-d-] [-e-] [-f-] [-x-] [-y-]	

Figure 32. Output file name, input window

Gate Type Selection	
Which Type	of Gate Will
You Be Ins	specting?
Miter Gete	Tainter Gale Sector Gale

Figure 33. Gate type selection, input window

E	Frame Type Selection
	Which Type Framing Does
	The Miter Gate Have?
	Horizontal Yenical

Figure 34. Framing type, input window, horizontal

2. Project information is then required (Figure 35), followed by leaf selection (Figure 36).

formation		
Lock & Da n # =		Date Jul 2, 1997
110 ft wide	Inspector	G. Riveros
	Right	
Cancel	Pro	cood
	formation Lock & Dam # =- 110 ft wide	Iformation Lock & Dam # = 110 ft wide Inspector Cancel Pro

Figure 35. Project information, input window

Leaf Selection	×
Which Leaf Is Bo	eing Inspected?
Leit	Bight

Figure 36. Leaf selection window

3. The user should mark the Appraisal Data, Distress Record, and assign a Rating Number (Chapter 1) to each element in the structure. Five lines of text are also available for any additional comment that the inspector might have. Figure 37 shows the definitions of the appraisal data and distress record terms. These can be accessed by selecting **Terms** in any one of the input windows.

ABBREVIATIONS	
Appraisal	Distress
N-Not inspected	N-No Distress Noticed
G-Minor or no distress	A-Alignment
I- Distress needs more investigation	B-Bent
R-Distress Requires Repair	C-Crack
	Cr-Corrosion
OK	D-Dent
	6-Gap
	M-Movement
	W-Wear
	* - Other (Boils, Jump, Noise, etc.)

Figure 37. Terms definition window

4. A series of windows then prompt the user for input on linkage assembly, strut connection, quion and miter, pintle assembly, girders, diagonals, skin plate, diaphragms, and intercostals (Figures 38-48).



Figure 38. Linkage assembly input window

and the second second second	<u>1</u>															
	APPR	AIS	al	DAT	Ά		D	IST	FR	ESS	s Ri	ECO	DRE)		RI
	N	G	t	R	ŀ	• •	A.	B	С	Cr	D	G	м	w	*	6
a. Hood Plates	C	۹	\mathbf{C}	C	F	Ē		Г	۵	Γ.		D	Г	Г	۵	6 B
b. Strut	C.	\mathbf{C}	e	Ċ	r	ī r	1	n	Π	Г	Г	П	7	Γ	Г	7
c. Pin Connections	\sim	e.	C	С	E	2.0		С	Γ	Г	$\mathbf{\Gamma}$	Γ	Г	С	Г	8
d. Pins	Ċ	F.	\mathbf{c}	C	P	5 0	1	Π.	C	Γ	Γ.	C	Γ.	Π.	0	13
N 0 T E								-								
s															_	

Figure 39. Strut connection input window



Figure 40. Quoin and miter input window

		1													
	APPR	AIS	AL	DAT/	4	0	DIST	IRE	SS	RE	ECC	RC			RN
	N	G	1	R	N	A	в	С	Cr	D	G	M	w	*	4
a. Pintic	÷.	C	С	C	R	Γ.	Π	C	Γ.		0	Г	Г	С	4
b. Base	e	C	C	C.	R	Г	Г	Π	٢	Γ	Г	Г	Г	П	5 🗸
c. Shoe	e	C	C	C	R	С	Г	Γ	Г	Г	Π	Г	Г	Γ	6
3															

Figure 41. Pintle assembly input window



Figure 42. Girder input window



Figure 43. Girder number input window



Figure 44. Girder 5, input window

AF	PA	AIS	al.	DAT	A		I	ЭIS	TRI	ESS	R	ECC	DRE)		F	l N
	N	G	I	R	. 1	N	A	В	C	Cr	D	G	M	W	۰	0	
a. Bars	6	C	С	0	F	ŝ	Γ	Γ	D	Г	Г	С	С	Г	С	0	2
b. Top Connections	e	С	C	C	F	Į.	Г	Γ	Г	Г	Γ	П	Г	Г	Г	1	
c. Bottom Connection	C	¢	С	C	5	č	С	D	Г	Г	Г	Γ	Г	Г	Π	2	
d. Turnbuckles/Nots	C	Ċ	C	C	Ę	\$	Π	Γ.	Г	Г		C	Г	Г	0	3	2
e. Gusset Plates	6	C	C	C	F	č	Г		Г	Г	П	С	Г	Γ	С	5	¥.
						-											

Figure 45. Diagonals input window



Figure 46. Skin plate input window

	APPR	AIS	AL	DAT	A		DIS	TRI	ESS	: RI	ECO)R()		R
	N	G	1	R	 N	I A	B	C	Cr	D	G	м	w	*	1
. Tapered End/Quo	nin C	F	\mathbf{C}	c	F	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	D	Γ.	Г	С	a
. End Diaphragms	C	e	C	Ċ.	Ŗ	(n	Г	Π	٣	n	П	Г	n	П	7
Tapered End/Mite	r C	e	Ċ	C	F	C	С	Π	Г	Г	Π	Γ.	Г	Π	8
. Intermediate	C	6	\mathbf{c}	C	R	Π.	Г	\Box	Г		C	r.	C	Γ.	ų,
												-		•	

Figure 47. Diaphragms input window

.



Figure 48. Intercostals input window

5. The Condition Matrix option provides a review of the inspection for both leafs (where "R" means right leaf and "L" means left leaf) (Figure 49).

Miter Gate Inspection (Horiz Fram	ie)			. O ×
Eile Images Help				
CONDITION MATRIX				
FEATURE			APPRAISAL	
OPERATION ELEMENTS	N/I	Good	Investigate	Repair
Linkage Assembly	R	L		
Strut Connection	R		ŝ.	
Quoin & Miter	R	¥.,		
Pintle Assembly	LR			
CRIT STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS				
Girders	R		Ę	
Diagon a ls	LR			
STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS				
Skin Plate	R	٤		
Diaphragms	R	£.		
Intercostals	R		1.	
Menu		Bight L	.caf	

Figure 49. Condition matrix window

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Appendix A: Miter Gate Inspection Forms

	AP N	PRA G	ISA I	L R	N	A	DI B	STR C	ESS Cr	RE D	COR G	D M	W	*	RN
GIRDER # 1 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 2 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 3 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	00000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		0 0 0 0		000000	0 0 0 0	000000	0000000	000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 4 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	000000		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000		0

	AI N	PRI	AISZ T	AL P	N	A	D] B	STF	ESS CT		COF	2D M	W	*	RN
GIRDER # 5 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0		000000	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 6 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	00000	000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 7 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0		000000	00000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 8 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
GIRDER # 9 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000	00000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0

	AF N	PRA G	ISA I	R	N	A	DI B	STR C	ESS Cr	RE D	COR G	D M	W	*	RN
GIRDER # 10 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 11 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	000000		0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	00000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 12 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000	00000000		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0
GIRDER # 13 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 14 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0

Γ

GIRDER # 15 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	A1 N 0 0 0 0	PPR) G 0 0 0 0 0	AISJ 0 0 0 0 0	AL R 0 0 0 0	N 0 0 0 0	A 0 0 0 0 0	D3 B 0 0 0 0 0	C C 0 0 0 0 0	2ESS Cr 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	ECOI G 0 0 0 0 0	2D M 0 0 0 0	W 0 0 0 0	* 0 0 0 0	RN O
GIRDER # 16 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 17 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0			0000000	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	00000	000000	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	o
GIRDER # 18 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	00000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 19 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0

1

	AF N	PRA G	ISA I	R	N	A	DI B	STR	ESS Cr	RE D	COR G	D M	W	*	RN
GIRDER # 20 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	00000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0000000	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 21 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0		0000000	0 0 0 0	0000000	0000000	0 0 0 0	0						
GIRDER # 22 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0				0 0 0 0 0	0000000	000000	0 0 0 0	o						
GIRDER # 23 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
GIRDER # 24 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0

I

	AF N	PRA G	ISA I	L R	N	A	DI B	STR	ESS Cr	RE	COF G	D M	W	*	RN
GIRDER # 25 US Flange Web DS Flange Transverse Stiffeners Longitudinal Stiffeners	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
DIAGONALS Bars Top Connections Bottom Connections Turnbuckles Gusset Plates	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0000000	0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0
SKIN PLATE Top Intermediate Bottom	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0
DIAPHRAGMS Tapered End/Quoin End Diaphragms Tapered End/Miter Intermediate	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	o
INTERCOSTALS Members Connections	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	O

CONDITION ASSESSMENT MATRIX N/I GOOD INSPECT REPAIR ABBREVIATIONS N - No faults noted A - Alignment out of toleran LINKAGE ASSEMBLY STRUT CONNECTION B - Bent item QUOIN & MITER PINTLE ASSEMBLY C - Cracked item Cr - Corrosion or excessive r GIRDERS D - Dented item DIAGONALS G SKIN PLATE -Gap between elements M - Movement out of toleranc DIAPHRAGMS - Worn members INTERCOSTALS W _ Other ie. boils, binding * . . .

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This report is the user's guide for the Computer Aided Inspection Forms for Hydraulic Steel Structures (CAIF-HSS) computer program, which is used to store information obtained during the inspections of miter, tainter, lift, and sector gates. The CAIF-HSS runs under Windows environment and includes an interface that allows the user to generate the inspection forms by following a logical sequence of structural elements in the corresponding structure. The program also has the capability to display images.						
14.	SUBJECT TERMSCASEHorizontally framed miter gatesComputer programLift gatesHydraulic steel structuresSector gates		Tainter gates	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 59		
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