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# User Preferred Fire Extinguishing Agents for Engine and Auxiliary Power Unit (APU) Compartments

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**Final Report** 

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A----Task Group

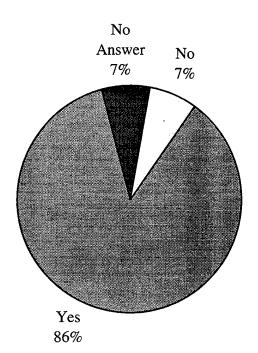
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B—Survey Responses

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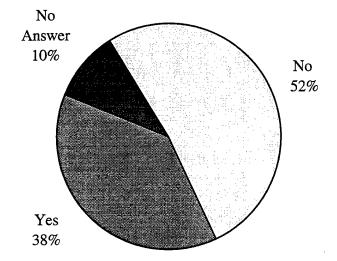
# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

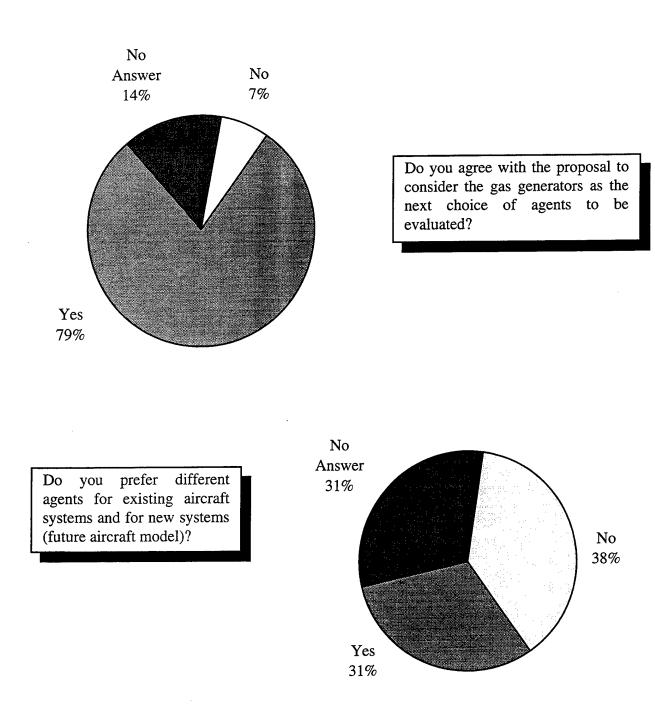
Results of a survey conducted to determine the user preferred halon replacement agents for aircraft engine and auxiliary power unit fire extinguishing systems are



Do you agree with the recommendation of halocarbon agents, specifically FIC-1311 and HFC-227ea, for engine and APU fire extinguishing systems?

Do you have concerns if the agents approved for use only in unoccupied areas are used for engine and APU fire extinguishing systems?





The survey confirmed halocarbons as user preferred agents. The performance criteria for these should be developed first. Also recommended was investigation of compatibility of these agents with engine and APU materials likely to be exposed to them.

## 1. INTRODUCTION.

This report discusses results of a survey to determine user preference for halon replacement agents in aircraft engine and auxiliary power unit (APU) fire extinguishing systems. It was conducted by a task group of the International Halon Replacement Working Group (IHRWG) for the aviation industry. The goal of the working group, established by the United States Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) in October 1993, is to provide industry inputs for the research program undertaken by the FAA in cooperation with the Joint Aviation Authorities (JAA) in Europe, the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) in the United Kingdom, and Transport Canada Aviation (TCA) leading to performance criteria and certification methods for non-halon fire extinguishing/suppression systems. Participants in IHRWG include aviation regulatory authorities, other government agencies involved in R&D, airframe manufacturers, airlines, industry associations, fire protection equipment suppliers, and researchers. There are subgroups to address each of the three areas of fire protection, which are cargo compartment, engines and APU, and passenger cabin (lavatory and hand-held extinguishers).

In the April 1995 meeting of the IHRWG, the final report of the task group, "Chemical Options to Halons for Aircraft Use" was presented. The report (No. DOT/FAA/CT-95/9) reviews a variety of chemicals and other options. However, it was concluded by the task group that inputs from the users were essential to make recommendations about preferred agents or systems for aircraft use. Therefore, a new task group was formed with only airframe manufacturers and airlines as members. Participants in this task group are identified in appendix A. The task group decided to invite comments from manufacturers and users of aircraft.

In the July 1995 meeting of the IHRWG, results of a survey on preferred agents for cargo compartments and passenger cabins were presented. A survey for the engine and APU compartment fire extinguishing systems was conducted during August-October 1995, with a proposal to consider two specific agents for further evaluation by the FAA. The task group considered the best available technical information and identified three halocarbon agents (HFC-125, HFC-227ea and FIC-1311) as being particularly promising. Of these, HFC-125 was being evaluated by the U.S. Air Force. Therefore, the proposal included the other two agents (HFC-227ea and FIC-1311) for evaluation by the FAA.

#### 2. SURVEY RESPONSE.

A survey package was distributed by the IHRWG Coordinator to airlines, engine and APU, and airframe manufacturers around the world. The package provided background information, summary data on potential halon replacements, factors important in agent selection, and a questionnaire. There were 29 responses which are included here as appendix B. Table B-1 shows the responses in a summarized form.

#### 3. ANALYSIS.

It was mentioned in the survey that a written response was encouraged and that the lack of a response would imply agreement with the proposal. However, for the purpose of the following analysis only the 29 responses were considered.

## 3.1 AGREEMENT WITH THE PROPOSAL.

A. The IHRWG task group proposes halocarbon agents (specifically HFC-227ea and FIC-1311) for replacing halon 1301 in engine and APU compartment fire extinguishing systems. The group recommends these agents for tests and performance criteria development by the FAA.

Do you agree with this proposed recommendation? Yes\_\_\_\_ No\_\_\_\_

The answers to this question were 25 positive, 2 negative, and 2 blank. One of the two respondents who did not answer yes or no gave a list of priorities for agent selection Japan Airlines (JAL); the other indicated their products were not affected by this issue (BFGoodrich Aerospace). These two respondents (JAL and BFGoodrich) did not answer any other questions. The Ministry of Defense, UK, answered with a negative, commenting that they would agree if other agents and water mist were included. Short Brothers Plc explained their negative answer citing concerns about toxicity, corrosiveness, and atmospheric life. They also suggested other agents including water.

## 3.2 ALTERNATIVE TO THE PROPOSAL.

A. Which group of agents is preferred by you? Please list in the order of preference (halocarbons other than above, particulate aerosols, water mist). You may also identify specific agents in each group.

Since only two respondents (7%) disagreed with the proposed two agents, most respondents skipped this question. Halocarbons, which were not included in the proposal, and water were mentioned as preferred alternatives by two respondents as noted in 3.1.

## 3.3 CONCERN ABOUT HUMAN EXPOSURE.

A. Some agents are approved for use only in areas normally not occupied by humans.

Do you have concerns about their use in engine and APU compartments?

Yes\_\_\_\_\_ No\_\_\_\_\_

A majority (52%) expressed no concern. Most who answered yes to this question did not elaborate. The main concern is for accidental/inadvertent discharge of the agent which could expose humans to toxic chemicals. Human exposure is not likely in normal operation of the system. However, a small concern exists regarding the ingestion of the agent into the engine bleed system and thereby into the passenger cabin.

#### 3.4 GAS GENERATORS AS SECOND CHOICE.

A. The IHRWG task group also proposed that the gas generators should be added to the list of agents to be tested when the technology for this purpose is more developed. Do you agree?

*Yes\_\_\_\_\_ No\_\_\_\_* 

A large majority (79%) agreed with the proposal. Reasons were not provided by a few respondents who disagreed or did not answer.

#### 3.5 CHOICE OF DIFFERENT AGENTS FOR EXISTING MODELS AND NEW SYSTEMS.

- A. Do you prefer different agents for existing aircraft systems and for new systems (future aircraft models)?
  - Yes\_\_\_\_\_ No\_\_\_\_\_

This is the only question where no clear preference emerged. There was only a small difference between yes and no answers with a significant number of blanks. If an ideal agent, one having zero ozone depletion potential (0 ODP), negligible atmospheric life, negligible or no toxicity, drop-in or no penalty in terms of weight or volume, could be identified, the choice would be easier—one agent for all that would simplify logistics, require minimum inventories, and would be acceptable everywhere in the world. Lacking an ideal agent, the aircraft operator's decision would be guided by many factors such as the cost of having different agents and local environmental regulations. These factors are likely to have varying impact on different operators. However, for the purpose of this survey, an indecisive preference in this matter has little significance.

#### 3.6 COMMENTS.

A. Provide any other comments and suggestions on additional sheets.

A few respondents provided detailed comments which are included in appendix B. Several engine manufacturers commented on the need to assess corrosiveness and compatibility of these agents with respect to engine materials likely to be exposed to them. This issue will have to be addressed separately because the focus of the current FAA test program is primarily the fire extinguishing performance of the agents.

#### 4. CONCLUSIONS.

The users prefer halocarbons for aircraft engine and APU fire extinguishing systems. This preference is almost unanimous. Since every agent in this category has some drawback, gas generators should be considered as the second choice. There is significant concern regarding potential of human exposure to agents and safety. The issue of material compatibility, which has not been fully investigated, must also be addressed.

### 5. RECOMMENDATIONS.

Based on the favorable response for the proposed two agents, the task group recommends that the performance of FIC-13I1 and HFC-227ea should be evaluated first. The task group did not propose HFC-125 in the July 1995 proposal because it was already being tested by the US Air Force. For the purpose of making the evaluation procedure uniform for all agents, the task group recommends inclusion of HFC-125 in the first priority tests by the FAA. It is also recommended that a request to investigate material compatibility be forwarded by the International Halon Replacement Working Group to the engine and APU manufacturers.

# APPENDIX A—TASK GROUP "USER PREFERRED AGENTS FOR ENGINE AND APU COMPARTMENTS"

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Bud Roduta United Airlines (USA) Phone 415 634 4857 Fax 415 634 4986

Felix Stossel Swissair (Switzerland) Phone 41 1 812 6930 Fax 41 1 812 9098

	:		A	AIRLINES	-	
			Gas			
Respondent	Agree?	Concern?	Generators?	Different?	Name & Phone	Comment
Air France	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Maurice Kindel	W,V <w,v 1301<="" td=""></w,v>
					33-1-48649977	
Aloha Airlines	Yes	No	No	No	Scott Fung	
					808-836-4235	
American Airlines	Yes	Yes	Yes		Michael Bucke	Evaluate more agents, goal:
					918-292-2388	common agent
American Trans Air	Yes	No	Yes		Luis A. Camacho	
					317-240-7663	
British Airways	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	John J O'Sullivan	Include other agents, water
					44-181-502-5460	mist
Canadian Airlines	Yes	No	Yes	No	Stephen J. Mulford	
					604-270-5529	
Delta Airlines	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Steve Pitner	Different agents OK if
					404-714-0701	retrofit costs are high
Empresa Nacional	Yes	No	Yes	No	Miguel Soto Aravena	Favor FIC-1311,
De Aeronautica					56 2 528-3007	standardization very
						important
Hawaiian Airlines	Yes	No	Yes	No	<b>Richard Bonnardel</b>	Cost effectiveness
					808-835-3378	
Hawaiian Airlines				Yes*	Richard Hosokawa	
					808-835-3457	

\* Two responses from the same company were received. There was a difference in the last answer only. One (yes) answer was considered for the analysis.

# APPENDIX B-SURVEY RESPONSES

TABLE B-1. RESULTS OF THE "USER PREFERRED AGENT FOR ENGINE AND APU COMPARTMENT FIRE EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS" SURVEY (CONTINUED)

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one on 721 endal endal 2406 07 07 07 81 n n fien					AIRLINES		
ondentAgree?Concern?Generators?Different?Name & Phonen Airlines				Gas			
n Airlines n Airlines n Airlines n Yes n N Alcorn N N Hoon Jien N Hoon	Respondent	Agree?	Concern?	Generators?	Different?	Name & Phone	Comment
IYesNo81-3-3747-3721IYesNoYes81-3-3747-3721Iansa TechnikYesNoYesHans HumfeldtIansa TechnikYesNoYes49-40-5070-2406IYesNoYesYes49-40-5070-2406IYesYesYesYes49-40-5070-2406IYesYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesA03-890-7707IYesYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYesIYesYesYes <t< td=""><td>Japan Airlines</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Toru Kawano</td><td>No answers, general priorities:</td></t<>	Japan Airlines					Toru Kawano	No answers, general priorities:
IYesNoYesNoTheo Bloemendalansa TechnikYesNoYesHans Hunfeldt0ansa TechnikYesNoYesYes49-40-5070-2406ThirYesNoYesYesPeter LewkoF AirYesYesYesYes800-7707Ppine AirlinesYesYesYesYes800-7707prine AirlinesYesYesYes832-33511apore AirlinesYesYesNoR. W. Alcorn1apore AirlinesYesNoYes61-2-691-76581apore AirlinesYesNoYesChiam Toon Jien1		-				81-3-3747-3721	safe, easy cleanup, availability
nansa TechnikYesNoYesBans HumfeldtAirYesNoYesHans Humfeldt1F AirYesNoYesPeter Lewko1ppine AirlinesYesYesYes800-77071ppine AirlinesYesYesYes832-832-33511apore AirlinesYesYesNoR. W. Alcorn1apore AirlinesYesNoYesYes10-2.691-7658apore AirlinesYesNoYesYes10-2.691-7658Apore AirlinesYesNoYes10-2.691-7658Apore AirlinesYesNoYes10-2.691-7658Apore AirlinesYesNoYes10-2.691-7658	KLM	Yes	No	Yes	No	Theo Bloemendal	If cost effective, same agent
nansa TechnikYesNoYesYesHans HumfeldtF AirYesNoYesPeter Lewko9Peter LewkoYesYesYes800-77079ppine AirlinesYesYesYes8.00-77079tas AirwaysYesYesYesNo8. W. Alcornapore AirlinesYesYesYes632-832-33519apore AirlinesYesYesYesNo8. W. Alcornapore AirlinesYesNoYesChiam Toon JienApore AirlinesYesYesYes65 5415382						31-20-6499128	desirable
T AirYesNoYes49-40-5070-2406Peter LewkoPeter Lewko403-890-77071ppine AirlinesYesYesYes80-7707prine AirlinesYesYesYes80-7707ntas AirwaysYesYesYes832-832-3351apore AirlinesYesYesNoR. W. Alcornapore AirlinesYesNoYes61-2-691-7658apore AirlinesYesNoYesChiam Toon Jien	Lufthansa Technik	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Hans Humfeldt	ODP=GWP=0 for new aircraft
YesNoYesPeter LewkoYesYesYesA03-890-7707YesYesYesFrancisco R. RamiroYesYesYes632-832-3351YesYesYesNoR. W. AlcornYesYesYesNoR. W. AlcornYesNoYesYesOhiam Toon JienYesNoYesYes65 5415382	AG					49-40-5070-2406	
YesYesYes403-890-7707YesYesYesFrancisco R. RamiroYesYesYes632-832-3351YesYesNoR. W. AlcornYesNoYes61-2-691-7658YesNoYesYesYesNoYesYesYesYesYesKes	NWT Air	Yes	No	Yes		Peter Lewko	Compatibility with existing
YesYesYesFrancisco R. RamiroYesYesYes632-832-3351YesYesNoR. W. AlcornYesYesYes61-2-691-7658YesNoYesYesYesNoYesYesSolutionYesYesSolutionYesSolutionSolutionYesYesYesSolution						403-890-7707	systems
Yes       Yes       Yes       No       632-832-3351         Yes       Yes       No       R. W. Alcorn         Yes       No       Yes       61-2-691-7658         Yes       No       Yes       Chiam Toon Jien	Philippine Airlines	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Francisco R. Ramiro	Include FC 3110, safe to
YesYesYesNoR. W. AlcornYesNoYes61-2-691-7658YesYesYesChian Toon Jien						632-832-3351	environment, humans
Yes       No       Yes       61-2-691-7658         Yes       Yes       Chiam Toon Jien         65 5415382	Quantas Airways	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	R. W. Alcorn	Drop in, not toxic
Yes No Yes Yes Chiam Toon Jien   65 5415382						61-2-691-7658	
	Singapore Airlines	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Chiam Toon Jien	Drop-in replacement required
						65 5415382	1

Note: ODP stands for Ozone Depletion Potential, and GWP stands for Global Warming Potential

THE "USER PREFERRED AGENT FOR ENGINE AND APU COMPARTMENT FIRE	ING SYSTEMS" SURVEY (CONTINUED)
TABLE B-1. RESULTS OF THE "US	EXTINGUISHING SYS

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TABLE B-1. RESULTS OF THE "USER PREFERRED AGENT FOR ENGINE AND APU COMPARTMENT FIRE EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS" SURVEY (CONTINUED)

			AIRFRAME	AIRFRAME MANUFACTURERS	RERS	
			Gas			
Respondent	Agree?	Concern?	Generator?	Different?	Name & Phone	Comment
Aerospatiale	Yes	No	Yes	No	Jean Paillet	Potential use of FIC-1311 in
					33 61 93 71 65	cargo compartment; favor same
						as it could be drop in
Airbus Industrie	Yes	No	Yes	No	Marco Potschkat	Why is HFC-125 not on the list?
					33 61 93 33 33	
<b>Boeing Commercial</b>	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Harry Mehta	
					206 655 5069	
Daimler Benz	Yes	Yes*	Yes	No	Bernd Dunker	Include HFC-125, *if toxic
Aerospace					49 40 7437 5309	effects are not negligible
McDonnell Douglas/	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Sham Hariram	
Douglas Aircraft Co.					310-593 4305	
Short Brothers Plc	No	Yes		Yes	John H. Miller &	Atmospheric life, toxicity,
					D. Riordan	corrosive evaluation, other
					44 1232 733604	halocarbons, water
			OTHER	OTHER ORGANIZATION	NC	
			Gas			
Respondent	Agree?	Concern?	Generator?	Different?	Name & Phone	Comment
Ministry of Defense,	No**	Yes	Yes		A. J. Killingray	**Agree if other agents included;
UN					U05 UCUE 1/1U	water mist

**B-4**