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110 Eighth Street Troy, NY 12180-3590		33 Third New York	Avenue, Lower Lo , NY 10003-999	evel 98
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New York, NY 10003-9998		ELEMENT NO.	NO.	93-04594
11. TITLE (Include Security Classification)				
ONR Summer Scholars for the 1992	PREFACE Prog	gram	‡ 18 2 1	NAR LARTAR VILLA ARABEL BRADER METLER LARTER FREIT
12. PERSONAL AUTHOR(S)				
Smith, Mark D. 13a. TYPE OF REPORT 13b. TIME COVER	ED I	14. DATE OF REPO	RT (Year, Month, Day)	15. PAGE COUNT
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PREFACE, a two-week residential p	program for d	isadvantaged	l students, womer	n and members of
engineering professions, will ce	lly underrepr lebrate its f	esented in s ifteenth sum	scientific, technomer program in l	nological and
designed to facilitate a broader	and deeper u	nderstanding	g of engineering	and related
professions, career options, and	the kinds of	competencie	s and expectation	ons of engineering
of PREFACE is its linking the dev	velopment of	engineering	professionals (t	nost unique feature theoretical) and
the practice and application of e	engineering a	nd scientifi	c principles (pr	actical). Partic-
ipants have the opportunity to le	earn what eng	ineering is	from experts in	the various
and research settings. This sum	er experienc	e serves to	clarify the kind	ls of knowledge
and skills essential to successfu	illy complete	an engineer	ing degree.	
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19. ABSTRACT (Continued)

Participants are selected from a nation-wide pool of paplicatns and spend two weeks on the Rensselaer Campus attending lectures, demonstrations, visiting research and industrial facilities, learning interactive computer graphics using ProEngineer applied to solving an engineering problem, and interacting with faculty, engineering professionals, Rensselaer undergraduate / graduate students and peers. These experiences provide a valuable base from which to plan appropriate academic coursework during their senior year in high school, clarify what engineering is and how it is applied to solving 'real-world' problems, and realize that engineering and related professional careers are within one's grasp.

The Office of Naval Research supports twenty (20) participants as "ONR Scholars" for the two-week program.

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FINAL TECHNICAL REPORT

Office of Naval Research Agreement No. N00014-92-J-1638 RPI Project No. 6-28140

The PREFACE Program is a two-week residential summer program designed to provide an introduction to engineering experience for members of ethnic minority groups, women and disadvantaged students historically underrepresented in the engineering professions. There were twenty-nine participants in the 1992 PREFACE Program; twenty of which were designated ONR Scholars (Appendix I, Enrollment Profile). There were 357 applicants in this year's pool, lower than previous years as we experience a decline in interest in science and engineering professions and a smaller pool of students in the Class of 1993. Despite this decrease in the applicant pool, Rensselaer was accepted thirty-five students to yield twenty-nine participants for the 1992 PREFACE Program. Of the 29 participants, nine (9) were African American, six (6) Latino, twelve (12) Caucasian, and one (1) Native American. There were twenty-three (79%) female and six (21%) males, which is consistent with previous years. There were fourteen states represented by the participants. The largest number of participants were from New York (10), followed by Maryland (3), then Texas, Colorado, Florida and Puerto Rico each with two participants, and Illinois, Maine, Michigan, Mississippi, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Washington each with one participant. It is gratifying to note that we are able to generate considerable interest in PREFACE on a national scale.

Academically, participants' average on the SAT-Verbal was 529 and SAT-Math was 594 combined SAT average of 1123, exceeding the national average. These scores are consistent with the quality of young people attracted to the PREFACE Program. Participants' secondary school performance exceeded our expectations. Of the 29 participants, 23 were from public high schools, 5 from private secondary schools, and 1 from a state-wide, residential science and technology high school (Illinois). For the 1992 participants, their collective high school average was 3.90 / 4.00 scale; average high school rank in class was 94.2 %tile with 17 participants ranked in the top 10 of their high school classes. Overall, this class was exemplary by virtue of their selection for PREFACE and enthusiasm for learning they brought to the program.

The principal goals of PREFACE were to facilitate a broader and deeper understanding of engineering professions, career options, and the kinds of competencies and expectations of engineering faculty and professionals on the collegiate and practitioner levels. To this end, participants were exposed to a range of activities, lectures and discussions relevant to developing appropriate connections between the sciences, mathematics, engineering and practical applications of knowledge to solving real-world problems (APPENDIX II, PREFACE Program Schedule). The intention and focus of the collective experience was to demonstrate by example and description the diversity of scientific and engineering professions, the linkage between academic and practical application of knowledge, and the importance of developing style of problem solving consistent with and appropriate for the solution of novel and undefined problems. Participants had a unique opportunity to clarify their own goals and interests by exploring with experts in their respective fields the kinds of knowledge and problem solving skills critical to successfully meeting the demands and expectations of a rigorous engineering curriculum.

Historically, PREFACE participants have had the opportunity to explore the application of computer graphics to address a problem situation while learning to use sophisticated software in an engineering environment. This year participants used ProEngineer to design an attachment device to hold the auxiliary air breather to a scuba divers body so it will not drag across the sea bottom getting caught on rocks or coral. Participants worked in teams to design and construct an actual working model of an attachment device for scuba divers. Examples of their work and reports are attached in Appendix V. This experience enabled participants to have a greater understanding of the 'engineering process' by demonstrating the process from problem formulation and definition through the design and reporting of a potential solution. Two designs were selected and a model constructed using the computer-aided manufacturing (CAM) laboratory.

Each summer, PREFACE participants visit a major research and development center to observe and interact with principal scientists and engineers. The intent of this visit is to obtain a more intimate and representative view of doing science and engineering in the 'real world' working on practical problems. This year's visit was to the Naval Air Warfare Center, Warminster, Pennsylvania. Dr. J. J. DeLuccia coordinated the visit and provided introductory remarks and

(2)

orientation to the center. Participants visited five laboratories ranging from research on ceramic materials to rust inhibitors. Each laboratory provided a hands-on demonstration of the research being done, rationale for exploring the problem situation, and important commercial applications of the solution to the problem(s) being researched. Participants were impressed with the nature of the research endeavors and potential commercial applications. More importantly, participants were able to discuss why and how the individual scientists and engineers chose to focus on these topics, their educational background and training, and its relevance to working in these laboratories. Participants also visited the Franklin Institute, a hands-on science museum, located in Philadelphia.

Participants in the 1992 PREFACE Program were able to demonstrate a strong motivation toward developing the kinds of skills and knowledge appropriate for pursuing careers in engineering, the sciences and technological professions. Each participant, on their evaluation of PREFACE, indicated an increased resolve and confidence in their ability to acquire and apply knowledge toward engineering and related professions. The success of PREFACE is based on the capability and commitment of faculty and staff at Rensselaer to provide high quality academic and support services to participants in the summer experience. This commitment continues to be demonstrated as participants successfully complete the program and enter prestigious colleges across the nation. All twenty-nine (29) participants chose to be interviewed by Rensselaer's Undergraduate Admissions staff while in attendance for the summer program. Nineteen have applied to Rensselaer and 8 have been accepted as of January, 1993. It should be noted that seventeen (17) 1991 PREFACE Program participants were admitted to Renselear for the Fall 1992; six of which are currently attending. Of the six, two were awarded \$10,000 scholarships from IBM for four years. The principal reason for choosing Rensselaer as their college of choice remains their participation in PREFACE. We look forward to the continued success of the PREFACE Program in the years to come.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS FROM THE PREFACE PROGRAM SURVEY

Each year a survey of participants is conducted to assess project effectiveness and services (APPENDIX IV, 1992 PREFACE Program Evaluation Form). In general, participants find the program to be extremely helpful in facilitating their understanding of engineering and science on

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the college level. Of the 29 participants, 80% rated the Academic and Team Competition

components as excellent opportunities to learn about engineering, computing and science

processes. The Field Trips and Social/Cultural Events were rated as excellent/good for all

participants. The following comments represent the majority opinions of the participants:

This has been a very valuable experience for me. It has answered a lot of questions and made me realize the potential us "women" really do have in a challenging career. (Jessica Michel, Livermore Falls High School, Fayette, ME)

I believe this (PREFACE) has been very educational and informative I have had an experience these past two weeks that will stay with me for the rest of my life. (Melissa Dellith, Oneonta High School, Oneonta, NY)

.... the exposure I got from PREFACE of actual, hands on engineering and computing gave me a much clearer understanding of the kind of engineer I hope to be. (Nneka Hanshaw, Oxford High School, Oxford, MS)

This (PREFACE) was a wonderful opportunity to receive a detailed introduction to engineering as well as a meaningful look at the different perspectives of science / engineering that were generated the past two weeks. This is unequivocally one of the most memorable experiences of my life. (Meredith Morgan, Champlain Valley Union High School, Shelburne, VT)

This assessment demonstrates the impact and success of the PREFACE experience. Each

participant states that participation in PREFACE enables them to attain a higher level of

achievement, increased perseverance, and improved self-confidence to pursue their dream of a

career in an engineering, scientific or technological profession. In comments regarding the

project activities, all felt that having lecture/demonstrations, tours of research facilities, and visits

to practicing engineers in industrial settings, significantly clarified and enhanced their

understanding of scientific, technological and engineering careers in a way that could not have

occurred without participation in PREFACE. Participants declared that, had he/she to do it all over

again, he/she would attend PREFACE. The comments and rate of response are gratifying and

demonstrate the success of the Program.

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SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES

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ONR SUMMER SCHOLARS FOR 1992 PREFACE PROGRAM Agreement No. N00014-92-J-1638 RPI Project No. 6-28140

	<u>ONR</u> FUNDS (20)	<u>RPI</u> CONTRIBUTION (9)	<u>TOTAL (29)</u>
PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL			
Project Director (M. Smith) Dorm Director (O. Portugues) Tutor Counselors (5 @ \$600.00 each) Computer Graphics Support (J. Linz)	n/c \$ 1,800.00 1.000.00	n/c \$ 1,500.00 1,200.00	n/c \$ 1,500.00 3,000.00
TOTAL, PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL	\$ 2,800.00	\$ 2,700.00	\$ 5,500.00
FRINGE BENEFITS (23.5 %)	n/a	<u>\$ 141.00</u>	<u>\$ 141.00</u>
TOTAL, FRINGE BENEFITS		\$ 141.00	\$ 141.00
OTHER DIRECT COSTS			
Participant Support Costs - Room: \$68/wk x 29 students x 2 wks. Board: \$135.70/wk x 29 students x 2 wks. Travel: \$372/student x 29 students Books & Supplies: \$138 x 29 students Computer Usage: \$93/stud. x 29 students Health Fee: \$13.50/student x 29 students	\$ 2,720.00 5,428.00 7,438.00 1,614.00	\$ 1,224.00 2,442.00 3,347.00 2,387.00 2,687.00 391.00	\$ 3,944.00 7,870.00 10,785.00 4,001.00 2,687.00 391.00
Staff Support Costs - Room: \$ 73/wk x 3 wks. x 4 Staff Board: \$ 74/wk x 3 wks x 4 Staff Postage, Telephone & Duplication Costs		960.00 950.00 1.435.00	960.00 950.00 1.435.00
TOTAL, OTHER DIRECT COSTS	\$17,200.00	\$15,824.00	\$33,024.00
INDIRECT COSTS	n/a	n/a	n/a
TOTAL PROJECT COSTS	\$20,000.00	\$18,665.00	\$38,665.00
PREFACE PROGRAM COST PER STI	UDENT: \$	1,333.28	

TOTAL, PROJECT COSTS: \$ 38,665.00

APPENDIX I

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1992 PREFACE PROGRAM

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH SCHOLAR ROSTER

NAME	S	TATE S	SEX	ETHNICITY
Brown, Michelle		WA	F	С
Caraballo, Anita		со	F	Н
Dellith, Melissa		NY	F	C
Faniyi, Joy		MD	F	В
Gehrke, Kelly		ND	F	С
Hanshaw, Nneka		MS	F	В
Jones III, Ernest		MD	М	В
Lee, Cherri	ۇ ب د	NY	F	NA
Lorenzo, Aaron		FL	М	Н
Morgan, Meredith		VT	F	С
Rios, Francisco		ТХ	М	Н
Rodriguez, Mara		PR	F	Н
Russell, Amy		IL	F	Н
Shelley, Felicia		тх	F	В
Somers, Joseph		FL	М	В
Takatani, Sarah	:	NY	F	AA
Travier, Damien		NY	М	В
Tyler, Kelly		RI	F	В
Weir, Barbara		NY	F	С
Williams, NuRocha		NY	F	В

NOTE: (B) African American; (H) Hispanic; (C) Caucasian; (AA) Asian American; (NA) Native American/Alaskan Native

APPENDIX II

PREFACE Program Schedule July, 1992

MONDAY. JULY 13

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8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Orientation Dr. Paul Derusso, Associate Dean, School of Engineering Mr. Norman Burnett, Associate Dean of Students and Director of the Office of Minority Student Affairs
9:00 - 10:00 SA 2715	Computer Lecture John Kolb, Director, Engineering Computing Services (ECS)
10:00 - 11:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer SessionIntroduction to RCS Workstations
11:00 - 12:00 CII 3051	Discussion: Civil Engineering Mr. Robert Dunn, Civil Engineering
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:00 CII 3045	Computer Graphics Lecture: Pro/ENGINEER Hugo Walpurgis, CAD/CAM Engineer, ECS
2:00 - 3:15 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Pro/ENGINEER Hugo Walpurgis, CAD/CAM Engineer, ECS
3:30 - 4:30 CC 308	PHYSICS Magic Show Annette Orfitelli, Department of Physics
5:00 - 6:00 BARH Dining Hall	Dinner
6:00 - 8:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Pro/ENGINEER Hugo Walpurgis, CAD/CAM Engineer, ECS
9:00 - 10:00 Barh	Group Meeting
<u>TUESDAY. JULY 14</u>	
8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 10:00 SA 2715	Computer Lecture: MATLAB Nabil Hijazi, Lead Consultant, ECS
	(7)

10:00 - 12:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Introduction to MATLAB
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:30	Tour of LINAC Center Elaine Belokopitsky, Nuclear Engineering
2:45 - 4:00 CII 3045	Professional School Orientation: Dean Donald Watson, School of Architecture Dr. Michael Halloran, Associate Dean, School of Humanities & Social Sciences Dr. Barry Taylor, Director of Student Programs, School of Management
4:00 - 5:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Lecture & Session: MATLAB .m Files Nabil Hijazi, Lead Consultant, ECS
7:00 - 8:30 CC 337	Meet the Administration Dr. Lee Wilcox, Vice President for Student Affairs Dr. Alan Meltzer, Professor of Physics & Director, Rensselaer Learning Center
8:30 - 9:30 Barh	Ice Cream Social
WEDNESDAY, JULY 15	
8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 10:00 SA 2715	Computer Lecture: BBN/Slate Spreadsheets Debra Wentorf, Technical Writing Assistant, ECS
10:00 - 11:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Using MATLAB Data In BBN/ Slate Spreadsheets
11:00 - 12:00 SA 2715	Discussion: Electrical and Computer Systems Engineering Dr. Bruce Carlson, Electrical, Computer, & Systems Engineering
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:15 CC 308	Chemistry Lecture / Demonstration Dr. Robert Reeves, Chemistry Department Linda Rickus, Chemistry Department
2:30 - 3:30 MRC 148A	Tour of Materials Engineering Laboratory Dr. Roger Wright, Professor of Materials Engineering

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3:30 - 4:30 Union Shellnut Gallery	Lecture: Group Participation and Organization Linda McCloskey, Director, Center for Student Leadership Jane Watson, Director, Student Activities
4:30 - 5:30 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Introduction to BBN/Slate Word Processing & Graphics Debra Wentorf, Technical Writing Assistant, ECS
7:00 - 8:30 Barh	Admission and Financial Aid Dean Eddie Knowles, Dean of Students, Rensselaer Mr. Tyrone Jordan, Associate Dean of Admissions and Financial Aid Ms. Lucia Alcantara, Assistant Dean of Admissions and Financial Aid Ms. Ginny Crotty, Associate Director of Financial Aid
8:30 Barh	Pizza Party
THURSDAY, JULY 16	
8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 10:00 SA 2715	Computer Lecture: Group Project Assignment Hugo Walpurgis, Engineering Computing Services Debra Wentorf, Engineering Computing Services
10:00 - 11:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Sample Report Simulation
11:00 - 12:00 CII 3051	Problem Solving: Thinking To Learn Mark Smith, Assistant Dean of Students/Director of Academic Support Programs
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 3:30 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session
5:00 PM	Departure for NAVAL AIR WARFARE CENTER
FRIDAY. JULY 17	
9:00 - 2:00	Naval Air Warfare Center, Aircraft Division Warminster, PA
SATURDAY, JULY 18	
<u>SUNDAY. JULY 19</u>	

MONDAY. JULY 20

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8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 10:00	Computer Lecture: Group Project Meetings
SA 2715	All Instructors
10:00 - 11:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Pro/ENGINEER Hugo Walpurgis, CAD/CAM Engineer, ECS [Groups will rotate out for shop sessions]
11:00 - 12:00	Discussion: Mechanical Engineering
CII 3051	Dr. Richard Smith, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:00	Discussion - Biomedical Engineering
CII 3045	Dr. Jonathan Newell, Professor of Biomedical Engineering
2:00 - 3:00	Computer Lecture: Group Project Meetings
CII 3045	All Instructors
3:00 - 5:00	Computer Session: Group Projects Proposal
CII 3130/JEC 3210	All Instructors
6:00 - 8:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Group Projects Proposal All Instructors ** PROPOSALS DUE BY THE END OF SESSION **
TUESDAY. JULY 21	
8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 10:00	Computer Lecture: Group Project Meetings, Questions & Discussion
SA 2715	All Instructors
10:00 - 12:00	Computer Session: Group Projects Begin Design
CII 3130/JEC 3210	All Instructors
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:00	Tour of Mechanical Engineering Laboratory
CII 3045	Dr. Richard Smith, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering
2:30 - 3:00 CII 3045	Discussion: Aeronautical Engineering and Space Technology Dr. Robert Loewy, Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Aeronautical Engineering & Mechanics and Director, Rotocraft Technology Center

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 22

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8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 10:00 SA 2715	Computer Graphics Lecture Hugo Walpurgis, Engineering Computing Services Debra Wentorf, Engineering Computing Services
10:00 - 12:00 CII 3112	Session on Computer Graphics
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:00 CII 3045	Discussion: Industrial and Management Engineering Dr. Jorge Haddock, Professor of Industrial and Management Engineering
2:00 - 3:00 Cli 3045	Tour: Center for Industrial Innovation and Center for Integrated Electronics Dr. Christopher LeMaistre, Director, CII & CIE
5:00 - 6:00 Rensselaer Union	Steak Bar-B-Q: Faculty, Students, Guests and Staff
THURSDAY, JULY 23	
8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting
9:00 - 11:30 Walker Lab 307	CHEMISTRY COMPETITION Mark Smith, Assistant Dean of Students/Director of Academic Support Programs
11:30 - 12:15 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Group Projects Work Time All Instructors
12:15 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Group Projects Work Time
2:00 - 5:00	General ElectricSilicones Division, Waterford, NY Environmental Engineering, Chemical Engineering, and Waste Water Management Departments
FRIDAY. JULY 24	
8:30 - 9:00 SA 2715	Group Meeting

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9:00 - 12:00 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Group Projects Work Time All Instructors •• GROUP WRITTEN REPORTS DUE BY NOON ••
12:00 - 1:00 BARH Dining Hall	Lunch
1:00 - 2:30 CII 3045	Center for Manufacturing Productivity & Advanced Technology: Computer Simulation
3:00 - 4:30 CII 3130/JEC 3210	Computer Session: Course / Instructor Evaluations All Instructors
6:30 - 9:00 SAGE Dining Hall	FAREWELL BANQUET & GRADUATION

SATURDAY, JULY 25

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DEPARTURE FOR HOME !!!!

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APPENDIX III

LIST OF POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTIONS ATTENDED BY PREFACE PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

(1987-92 PREFACE PROGRAM PARTICIPANT SURVEY)

Cooper Union Columbia University Georgia Institute of Technology George Washington University University of Michigan Carnegie Mellon University Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Carleton College Harvard University Stanford University Texas A & M University Massachusetts Institute of Technology University of California - Berkeley Johns Hopkins University SUNY-Buffalo Virginia Tech **Rice University** University of Virginia University of Missouri - Kansas City Medical School Florida State University University of Alabama **Princeton University** Iowa State University University of Southern California **Duke University** Northwestern University U.S. Military Academy U.S. Naval Academy U.S. Air Force Academy

APPENDIX IV

1992 PREFACE PROGRAM EVALUATION

NAME				••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
ADDRESS				
	Street	City	State	Zip Code

1. Using the scale given below, assess each session attended during the PREFACE Program based on your perception of its value to yourself and the class in general. Write the number from those listed in the scale on the blank alongside each session.

<u>SCALE</u>

- (1) Excellent
- (2) Good
- (3) Poor Presentation, but Important Information
- (4) No value, drop from the program
- a. Academic Component
 - _____ Computer Lectures and Sessions on the Terminals
 - _____ Aeronautical Engineering
 - _____ Civil Engineering
 - _____ Tour of LINAC, Nuclear Engineering
 - _____ Admission and Financial Aid Information Session
 - _____ Electrical, Computer and Systems Engineering
 - _____ Chemistry Lecture/Demonstration
 - _____ Materials Engineering Laboratory
 - _____ Problem Solving: Thinking to Learn
 - _____ Mechanical Engineering
 - _____ Biomedical Engineering
 - _____ Physics Magic Show
 - _____ Industrial and Management Engineering
 - Center for Manufacturing Productivity & Advanced Technology Computer Simulation

SCALE

- (1) Excellent
- (2) Good
- (3) Poor
- (4) No Value, drop from the program

b. Field Trips

Naval Air Wartare Center , Philadelphia, PA

Franklin Institute of Science & Technology , Philadelphia, PA

c. TEAM Competitions

_____ Chemistry Laboratory Competition

_____ Computer Design Project

_____ Egg Drop

- _____ Marble Launch
- c. Social/Cultural Events

_____ Ice Cream Social

- _____ Pizza Party
- _____ Steak Bar-B-Q
- _____ Farewell Banquet

In items 2 - 5, comment on your views of the PREFACE experience, its strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for change in future years. Your comments, suggestions and critique of your PREFACE experience will influence the planning and revision for the 1993 PREFACE Program.

- 2. Based on your experiences during PREFACE, describe the strengths of the program.
- 3. Based on your experience during PREFACE, describe any weaknesses in the program.
- 4. Reflecting on your experience during PREFACE, what recommendations or changes would you suggest for the program that would improve and/or make it more meaningful for future participants?
- 5. If you had it all to do over again, would you choose to attend PREFACE at RPI? Why or why not?

EDUCATION PLANS:

Name of college/university you plan to apply for Fall, 1993:

What is your intended major?

What is your career goal?

APPENDIX V

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PREFACE PARTICIPANTS' PROJECT TEAM REPORT --AN EXAMPLE

INVENTIVE SCUBA GEAR MODIFICATION

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Group #8

Shelly Shea

Nneka Hanshaw

July 24, 1992

DESIGN SUMMARY

Underwater diving is a sport that many people enjoy. However, as with any other type of sport, danger often accompanies the pleasure. The alternate regulator that divers use which is attached to the air tank hangs dangerously low and becomes a potential hazard. As a result, a clip has been designed to place on the side of the alternate regulator so that it will hook on to the front of the diver's air jacket. In addition to the reasons for designing the clip, how we designed it benefits not only the divers themselves but also other divers as well.

This clip has been designed for several reasons. First and foremost, it gives divers a place to put their alternate regulators. Keeping the air hose from getting tangled in sea obstacles is yet another reason. Third, the mouthpiece avoids being torn and camaged which ultimately means money spent to fix it. Finally, it puts the alternate regulator in a highly visible, accessible area.

Another important aspect of the clip is how it is designed. The clip is attached to the side of the mouthpiece with a waterproof epcxy. The clip itself is made out of hard plastic which seems to hold up better than metals in any type of water. The general shape of the clip favors that of a walkman's. This new design, however, has a curved, ribbed interior to create a stronger hold to keep the entire apparatus from dropping off the diver's jacket upon his/her entry into the water. It is not, however, so strong that it won't come off in an emergency.

This revolutionary concept benefits not only the divers themselves but other divers also. The divers who have experienced the problem of the alternate regulator dragging heretofore won't have to worry about that problem anymore. When the clip is properly used, it reduces the risk of destroying the mouthpiece and possibly even the air hose. Moreover, easy access is of major importance to the diver in need of air, and this device secures its availability.

The reasons for designing the clip, the design itself, and the benefits could make the difference between a safe dive and a dangerous one. With the new clip in place, divers can free up their minds to take in more of nature's underwater world. This new device ultimately makes that possible.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

The alternate regulator on scuba diving suits often presents a problem to divers. The tube trails behind the divers and latches on the surrounding sea environment causing potential hazards. In the following report, my collegue and I have devised what we feel is a working solution to this predicament.

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

1. Form a clip from plastic in the shape shown in the following diagrams. The plastic must be slightly flexible but sturdy enough to withstand the weight of the regulator and additional forces such as any drag from the diver's motion and/ or underwater sea pressure.

2. Attach the clip to the mouthpiece at the location marked with an X on Figure: 4 with an epoxy glue. The epoxy should be a strong adhesive, and it should be waterproof.

3. The clip will attach to any of the available buckles on the air vest. This will allow the diver to determine the most comfortable location of the regulator, and safety will still be maintained.

BILL OF MATERIALS

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Γ	Reference #	Quantity	Part Designation	Material	Note
Γ	1	1	Clip	plastic	
	2	1	glue material	epoxy	epoxy is waterproof
	3	1	buckle	aluminum	

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Scuba Retainer Design

Dylan A. Thomas Memorial Preface Program Engineering Team

Project Coordinators:

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Date: 22 July 1992 Subject: Scuba retainer design

Introduction:

This is a presentation of the newly designed retainer for the emergency respirator part of standard scuba diving equipment. Utilizing the productive expertise of the engineering team at the Dylan A. Thomas Memorial Preface Program, this innovative design will prove to be economical and more efficient than previous designs.

Our largest contractor of emergency regulator retainers in 1992 is Waterworld. World-wide, users of our contractors' completed scuba gear have complained of the annoyance the emergency respirator has caused. The previous retainer design has proven to be inefficient during prolonged use and is faulty concerning the forces acting on a diver during scuba activity. The previous design did not allow the regulator to be easily accessible. During an emergency, the previous design was often unreliable, frequently causing life-threatening situations.

The remodeled design presented in this report is easily accessible while being cost effective and able to withstand the pressure of impact with the surface of the water upon entry. The design is effective in retaining the regulator during rigorous underwater activity, a major complaint of the previous apparatus. The

new design allows for reliable mobility through any aquatic environment, keeping the regulator clean while still being easily accessible. Users of the previous design often complained of the high maintenance cost due to the deterioration of the apparatus after continual harsh exposure to the aquatic floors.

Enclosed in this report is a design description and assembly instructions. Included in the presentation package are illustrations of the new design and a Bill of Materials. This is the information needed for a sufficient understanding of the device created by the engineering team at the Dylan A. Thomas Memorial Preface Program. If questions should arise, please contract the coordinators at the above address.

Design Description:

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The design for the component to be added to scuba diving equipment utilizing a steel oxygen tank consists of a magnetic box with dimensions 3.460 inches x 4.120 in. x 3.320 in. (refer to figure 1). The box, being a ceramic magnet, will withstand the pressures and drag forces prevalent during any scuba activity due to the strong attraction between the steel tank and the material of the magnetic box. The ceramic magnet will not corrode in either fresh or salt water environments.

Located on the side nearest to the diver (the side facing the direction of motion which the diver guides), exists a durable holding apparatus for the regulator allowing for easy entrance and removal of the device. On this side of the magnetic box, the surface has been removed and has been replaced with a rubber material serving as an inlet/outlet for the emergency regulator apparatus. This apparatus is located within a narrower frame of the magnetic box at a dimension of 0.06 cubic inches. The rubber material is arranged vertically from the top to the bottom of the box and serves as a woven passage strong enough to retain the regulator during rigorous underwater activity. The vertical dimension of the two rubber adjoinments is 2.90 inches, the horizontal is 3.21 in., the depth of each rubber section is 1.0 in, and the distance between each individual segment is 0.264 in. (refer to figures 2 and 3). The rubber interface is connected to the magnetic box with silicon which

acts as an effective support material and maintains it's structure and effectiveness in the water. The material is a stiff design that requires some force for entry and exiting. However, this force is not excessive but rather it is an effective strength to provide the holding interface between the magnetic box and the regulator.

Assembly Instructions:

1. The hollow, ceramic, magnetic box is to be 3.460 in. x 4.120 in. x 3.320 in. The magnetic strength of the box should be confirmed before distribution to public use. Should the strength be ineffective in maintaining a strong bond to the steel tank through scuba tests and environmental challenges, the product's magnetism should be increased.

2. The rubber interface consists of ten individual segments that together form the strong interface serving as the inlet/outlet for the regulator. Two sets of five segments each should be attached in a manner that allows the segments to compliment each other in position (that is, they are woven together in the opposite direction). The assembled interface is attached to the magnetic box 0.06 cubic inches within the entrance to the open surface by means of silicon gel capable of withstanding the harsh environment of the waters and serving as a reliable and durable connecting material (refer to figure 4).

3. A final confirmation of the magnetism of the box and it's ability to retain the regulator with a firm grasp should be completed before the box is introduced to the general public.

Conclusion:

This is the presentation of a newly-modeled retainer for the emergency regulator part of standard scuba diving equipment. Presented by the Dylan A. Thomas Memorial Preface Program team of engineers, this design is more effective in storing the emergency regulator for easy accessibility to both the diver and partner team. The magnetic box is a reliable retainer that adapts to the aquatic environment sufficiently, it is economical, and it is a simple design ideal for mass production and distribution.

Once again, should questions arise concerning the design, please contact the Preface engineering team.

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Project Coordinators

Bill of Materials Scuba Retainer Design Dylan A. Thomas Memorial Preface Engineering Team

Reference Number	Quantity	Part Designation	Material
1	2	Interface	Rubber
2	1	Magnetic Box	Ceramic Magnet

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