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307TH ENGINEER BATTALION PROP BLAST -- AN AIRBORNE TRADITION

BY

LIEUTENANT COLONEL ROBERT J. MELCHIOR United States Army

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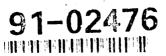
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307TH ENGINEER BATTALION PROP BLAST - AN AIRBORNE TRADITION

by

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ABSTRACT

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The Prop Blast is an airborne tradition steeped in history which has evolved over time and represents a traditional "right of passage" for many officers who have served with the parachute forces. Individual unit records record the names of many notable military leaders who have participated in this tradition while serving in airborne units. The conduct of each Prop Blast and the record thereof is a historical anecdote of an airborne unit's history. This condensed history captures the evolution of the Prop Blast in one such unit, the 307th Engineer Battalion (Airborne), and as a historical report, is designed to provide the reader an appreciation for the history behind this airborne tradition and its evolution within the battalion.

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION (AIRBORNE)

PROP BLAST

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AN AIRBORNE TRADITION

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PREFACE

Fifty years ago a small group of officers testing a new and evolutionary concept called "airborne" met to celebrate their qualification as parachutists. As a result of this historic meeting, a ceremony known as the Prop Blast was established which, through custom and usage, has become the oldest and most honored tradition of our airborne forces.

Since that time, more than a generation of American servicemen and women have trained and fought gallantly as airborne soldiers. Most officers who have been honored to serve with the airborne forces have undergone this simple, solemn "right of passage" and remember forever the spirit and fellowship which it generated among the unit's officer corps.

The "Prop Blast" has endured over time as an airborne ritual which confirms an officer's commitment and service to the airborne corps. Unit histories record the names of scores of officers who have served proudly and have participated in the unit's Prop Blast ceremonies.

This short paper captures the history of one such unit, the 307th Engineer Battalion (Airborne), 82nd Airborne Division. The names of the many officers entered upon the worn pages of the Battalion's Prop Blast Book are indelibly etched in the history of the unit and provide the best single record of four decades of officer service to the battalion.

This history has been assembled to record this time honored tradition and to honor those officers who have served the battalion and its magnificant soldiers so well. Truly, they have maintained the right.

RJM

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION

PROP BLAST - AN AIRBORNE TRADITION

The Prop Blast, an airborne tradition steeped in history, has evolved over time and represents a traditional "right of passage" for many officers who have served with parachute forces. Individual unit records record the names of many notable military leaders who have participated in this tradition while serving in airborne units. The conduct of each prop blast and the record thereof is a historical anecdote of an airborne unit's history. This condensed history captures the evolution of the Prop Blast in one such unit, the 307th Engineer Battalion. It also provides the reader with an appreciation for the many officers who have served in the engineer battalion and have participated in this tradition.

I. PROP BLAST HISTORY

In mid-December of 1940, at Fort Benning, Georgia, thirteen officers of the 501st Parachute Infantry Battalion convened for the first Prop Blast Ceremony ever held. As a result of this historic meeting, a ceremony was established which, through custom and usage, has become the oldest and most honored tradition of our airborne units. Captain William P. Yarborough and First Lieutenant William T. Ryder are credited with conceiving the Prop Blast while celebrating Yarborough's parachute qualification. They felt that some formal ceremony should be developed to welcome newly jump qualified officers into the ranks of the airborne fraternity. It was decided that a drink mixture be prepared, with a blast behind it symbolizing the blast received from the propeller of a C-47 aircraft when jumping. Added to this mixture was vodka, symbolizing strength and giving it a suitable "blast." A small bit of lemon juice and sugar were added to round out the concentration. Thus was born the first prop blast mixture.

Yarborough and Ryder decided that the mixture should be drunk from a suitable vessel and thereby developed what was called the "Miley Mug" in honor of Major William E. Miley, Commanding Officer of the battalion. Second Lieutenant Carl Buechner was directed by Yarborough to fashion the mug out of a 75mm shell casing. To the shell was fastened two rip cord handles from a T-3 chest pack parachute and the formula of the prop blast mixture. The key word "GERONIMO" was then engraved on the sides of the mug using an M-94 signal device to encode the wording. After the ceremony, a jeweler in Columbus, Georgia, engraved the names of the following participants of the first prop blast:

MAJ WILLIAM E. MILEY (Later MG Miley, Commanding General, 17th Airborne Division) MAJ GEORGE P. HOWELL (Later BG Howell, Commanding General, 1st Provisional Parachute Group) CPT ROBERT F. SINK (Later LTG Sink, Commanding Genera). XVIII Alrborne Corps) CPT ORIN D. HAUGEN, (Later COL Haugen, Commanding Officer, 511th Parachute Regiment) (KIA South Pacific) CPT ROY LINDQUIST (Later MG Lindquist, Commanding General, 3rd Infantry Division) CPT WILLIAM P. YARBOROUGH (Later LTG Yarborough, Commanding General, 1st Corps) (Designed and patented U.S. Army parachute wings) CPT JAMES W. COUTIS (Later COL Coutis, Commanding) Officer, 513th Parachute Infantry Regiment) CPT RICHARD CHASE (Later COL Chase) ILT BENJAMIN H. VANDERVOORT (Later LTC Vandervoort, Commanding Officer, 2/505th Parachute Infantry Regiment) (Awarded DSC at Bastogne and later KIA) ILT WILLIAM T. RYDER (Later BG Ryder, Airborne Advisor to General MacArthur) (Commanded Airborne Test Platoon) 2LT FRANK R. DUKE (Later Maj Duke) 2LT CARL BUECHNER (Later LTC Buechner, ACofS G4, 1st Allied Airborne Army) 2LT JAMES A. BASSETT (Later COL Bassett) (Executuve Officer of Test Parachute Platoon and later killed in a helicopter crash)

This historic ceremony was held at the Horse Show Cabin at Fort Benning, Georgia, at which time all members of the party were blasted. The wives of the participating officers attended as spectators. The procedure followed in conducting this first Prop Blast was as follows:

As a member's turn came to take the Prop Blast, he would stand on a chair, jump off doing a tumble, take the Prop Blast Mug in hand and would drink the concoction while the others gave him the count of "One thousand, two thousand, etc." He would then speak the first thought that came to his mind as he jumped out of the plane. The first

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to go through this procedure was Major Miley, the battalion commander.

As a result of this first meeting, the Prop Blast ceremony has traveled with Army parachute units to the four corners of the earth. Through the years this ceremony has changed very little from the one first held at Fort Benning in 1940. Likewise, the Prop Blast mixture itself has remained about the same.

Many Prop Blast Mugs have come and gone within the parachute units; among them were such notables as:

> The "Miley Mug" of the 501st Parachute Infantry Battallon (the original Prop Blast Mug) The "Howell Grail" of the 502d Parachute Infantry Regiment The "Gavin Goblet" and "Bing Ekman's Bucket" of the 505th Parachute Infantry Regiment The "Sink Grail" of the 506th Parachute Infantry Regiment The "Zipper Dipper" of the 507th Parachute Infantry Regiment The "Lindquist Liberator" of the 508th Parachute Infantry Regiment The "Haugen Bowl" of the 511th Parachute Infantry Regiment

World War II found U.S. Army parachute units traveling, training, jumping, and fighting all over the world and with them went the Prop Blast ceremony. Prop Blasts were held in tents, quonset huts, chateaus, hotels, and in the open. The mixture contained the liquids of the different countries that would carry on the "blasting" qualities of the original champagne and vodka combination. All these things combined

have added to this parachutist's ceremony and have made it a tradition of our airborne troops.

II. 307TH ENGINEER BATTALION

EARLY PROP BLASTS

From that first Prop Blast in 1940, early prop blasts were conducted at the Airborne Training School at Fort Benning, Georgia, and among airborne units as they were activated. General Melvin Zais, USA Retired, recalled his own Prop Blast, the second officially recorded one, in his memoirs.

> My first 'Prop Blast' was May of '41. That was the second 'Prop Blast' ever conducted. It was held at the Polo Hunt Club at Fort We followed the same style [as the Benning. first Prop Blast]. .I think there were about 11 people involved in that one. We drank from the Miley Mug and then, it was curing the second one we jumped off of a chair. We didn't have a mock-up of an airplane like they had in later times. We jumped off of a chair and we were supposed to give our thoughts, our first thoughts, just before we jumped out of an airplane. And we would drink this special concoction from the Miley Mug. We just had a great time.1

As airborne units were activated, the Prop Blast became an established tradition and a source of camaraderie and spirit among the airborne officers. Prop Blasts were generally conducted at the regimental level and included all officers assigned to the regiment, or in the case of support forces, affiliated with the regiment. Prop Blasts were frequently conducted at Fort Benning and Fort Bragg in the early years and then overseas as units deployed for World War II. Early Prop Blast Books, which were maintained by each unit, recorded the name and rank of each "blastee," but did not include his parent unit. It is therefore difficult to trace the identity of early engineer officers in the Regimental Prop Blast Books. While many of the old Prop Blast Books are maintained at Fort Bragg and Fort Benning, others rest with unit associations and individuals.

Of historic note is the first Prop Blast conducted by the 82nd Airborne Division Headquarters on December 12, 1947. At this first Prop Blast, all previously initiated members of the division headquarters initially signed the Prop Blast Book with their name, rank and date/place of prop blast. These first pages record the names of several notable American military leaders to include Major General James Gavin, Commanding General, 82nd Airborne Division; Lieutenant Colonel William C. Westmoreland, Chief of Staff, 82nd Airborne Division; and Lieutenant Colonel Melvin Zais, G3, 82nd Airborne Division.

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These early officers within the division headquarters had been previously prop blasted with their units and regiments from Forts Benning and Bragg to England, France and Japan. Wherever airborne soldiers gathered, the Prop

Blast ceremony became an integral part of each new officer's initiation into an elite new organization and one which would prove its quality throughout the War.

This history, however, is intended to trace the Prop Blast Ceremony for the 307th Engineer Battalion. It is difficult, if not impossible, to trace the Prop Blast history of each member of the battalion during the early years as they were "blasted" with the infantry regiments and other units, and records did not normally contain the branch or parent unit of an officer. Given the proliferation of Prop Blast ceremonies and the rich tradition which it imbued, it must be presumed that most officers of the battalion were appropriately "blasted" after joining the unit.

THE BATTALION PROP BLAST BEGINS

At the insistence of veteran officers that the 307th needed to start its own Prop Blast Ceremony, Lieutenant Colonel Ray Miller, the battalion commander, constituted the first Battalion Prop Blast on April 14, 1951. The ceremony was held at the Battalion Officers' Club. This was an old wooden barracks next to the battalion headquarters (located in what today is the ROTC/Reserve Component area of Fort Bragg), which had been converted by the battalion into its own Officers' Club. The Prop Blast Board consisted of

Lieutenant Colonel Miller, Major Hallett (Executive Officer) and several other veteran officers of the Battalion. Lieutenant Colonel Miller had been previously "blasted" with the 11th Airborne in Japan.

At this first Prop Blast, seven officers of the battallon were initiated in what Lieutenant Colonel Miller recalls as a very simple ceremony. A mock door was constructed and each officer was required to perform a satisfactory exit from this door and execute a parachute landing fall. Upon successfully completing those maneuvers, each candidate drank an alcoholic mixture from the Prop Blast Mug and signed the Battallon Book. Whatever ceremonial mug and bowl was used for this first occasion is not well remembered, but as was often the tradition of the time, one of the old regimental mugs and bowls may have been used.

From this early beginning, the Prop Biast tradition of the 307th Engineer Battalion emerged. It is impossible to determine during these early years how many officers assigned to the 307th were "blasted" by the battalion or arrived in the battalion having been previously initiated with some other unit. Others may have continued to participate in the Prop Blast ceremonies with their affiliated infantry regiment. However, based on the records, it appears that most officers assigned to the

battallon were prop blasted with the 307th in the early 1950's.

There were several peculiarities in the Battalion Prop Blast during the early years which have not yet been fully Beginning in 1956, the Battalion Prop Blast explained. Ceremony appears to have been discontinued for all practical purposes. Whether it was due to the shortage of officer personnel during that period coupled with significant turnover and reassignments or to some other reason is not There were, however, no prop blasts conducted known. between April 1956 and September 1959 except for one entry by Harold H. Lindly on 30 July 1958. This single entry is also an unknown aberration, but it was certified by the battallon commander. Lieutenant Colonel Horace J. Crouch, who himself was not "blasted" until the next Prop Blast on September 4. 1959.

PROP BLASTS OF THE 60's

The 307th Prop Blast tradition again began in earnest in the early sixtles as new officers assigned to the battalion were required to undergo this time honored tradition. During this time, the first Battalion Prop Blast Mug was designed and constructed. It was made from a 75mm shell casing and had two reserve parachute handles affixed to the sides. On one side was the battalion crest and on

the other side a division crest. A 307th Engineer Castle also adorned each side. To the best of anyone's knowledge, this mug was first used at the Battalion Prop Blast on May 29, 1961.

Several past commanders and officers assigned to the battalion recall prop blasts of the early sixtles. The Prop Blast ceremony was gaining momentum and each tended to take on a characteristic of its own. Novice officers to be initiated were oftentimes required to perform arduous physical exercises under the close scrutiny of veteran officers of the battalion. Prop Blast ceremonies were typically conducted in one of the many officer club annexes around the post. "Blastees" were required to jump from a mock door and perform a satisfactory parachute landing fall similar to today's ceremony.

Prior to the Prop Blast Ceremony, the Prop Blast Mixture was mixed in front of the "blastees." A variety of blends was used at different times, but most contained a dominant mix of vodka or brandy with a mixer and oftentimes contained dry ice to give it a mysterious brew appearance. A candidate's performance determined how much of the Prop Blast Mixture he would receive, as each unsatisfactory event gained him another ladle of brew into the mug. During the Prop Blast Ceremony, "blastees" often drank from the mug to

the tune of "drink chug-a-lug" until they were finally accepted by the Board.

The only Battalion Prop Blast to be conducted overseas was on September 5, 1965, while the battalion was deployed to the Dominican Republic. The battalion began its deployment for the Dominican Republic on April 30, 1965, as part of Operation "Power Pack" designed to help quell the civil war raging in the country. As the situation stabilized and divisional units prepared for the long redeployment process, activities in the war-torn country became more static.

At the time, the 307th Headquarters was situated in a Spanish "hacienda" in a rural section of the Republic. This "CP" was a lavish residence which included a swimming pool which the battalion promptly used during its Prop Blast Ceremony.

The idea of a prop blast was not initially conceived as a part of the battalion's deployment, but gained support as events stabilized and daily life became more mundane. C Company and the 618th Engineer Company already had returned to Fort Bragg by the time of the ceremony. The Prop Blast Book was brought into country and the ceremony planned. This Prop Blast was actually a "send off" party for the then current battalion commander, Lieutenant Colonel John

Sterling, and an impromptu reception for the incoming battalion commander, Lieutenant Colonel John Waggener, who also needed to be initiated during this ceremony. Lieutenant Colonel Waggener assumed command of the battalion about 30 days later.

This Prop Blast was conducted throughout the house and surrounding area. It has been reported that "blastees" were required to execute frequent PLFs into the swimming pool and that all those veteran officers in attendance were enthusiastic about this new prop blast procedure.

Prop Blast ceremonies throughout the division in the mid sixtles lost some of the dignity and history associated with this traditional event. Officers were encouraged to consume larger amounts of alcohol and were required to undergo more physically demanding activities. The Prop Blast, it appears, began to get out of hand. In early 1967, a series of prop blast ceremonies throughout the division resulted in the death of at least one young officer from an artillery battalion. This tragic accident was the result of an overconsumption of alcohol, as was often customary, and the subsequent asphyxiation of the officer. This incident permanently marred the prop blast tradition and resulted in a moratorium within the division on all prop blasts. This moratorium lasted for approximately four years.

MODERN PROP BLASTS

In early 1970, Lieutenant Colonel Al Rowe requested permission to reinstitute the Prop Blast ceremony. Following assurances that this ceremony would be properly supervised and conducted, the battalion's request was approved and on July 27, 1970, the 307th Engineer Battalion conducted a Prop Blast Ceremony at Trainers Tavern, Fort Bragg, North Carolina. By all records, this may have been the first Division Prop Blast to have been conducted after the long moratorium.

At this ceremony, the first in over three years, 36 officers of the battalion were "blasted" and recognized as full members of the battalion. For this ceremony, each officer had a sponsor who wrote him a letter inviting him to participate in the Prop Blast. By Colonel Rowe's recent account, that ceremony was conducted with all the dignity and pride accorded the first Prop Blast ceremony. It was difficult to find officers who had been initiated previously and new support equipment (mock door, etc) had to be constructed. For this ceremony, a new Battalion Prop Blast Mug was also commissioned and remains with the battalion today.

With permission to again conduct prop blasts came restrictions which helped to control them and to preserve

the solemnity and dignity of each event. Units were required to gain approval prior to conducting a prop blast. A senior officer was required to be present throughout the prop blast. A non-alcoholic prop blast mixture was required to be available for anyone who desired it, and each "blastee" was required to have a sponsor. Ceremonies were encouraged to incorporate the rich history of airborne service and be representative of the simple, symbolic ceremony from which it first began.

With this Prop Blast Ceremony, a new era began in the battalion which has endured for the past twenty years. Few officers have passed through the battalion during this time who have not undergone the traditional prop blast ceremony. The current Battalion Prop Blast Ceremony is described in more detail in Chapter III.

III. PRESERVING THE MEMORIES

CEREMONIES AND TRADITIONS

The Prop Blast Ceremony has evolved over time as a traditional "right of passage" for officers serving in airborne units. Since the first Prop Blast, a standard procedure has been followed that requires each officer to jump from a platform or mock door (simulating the "prop blast" when jumping from an aircraft), to perform a

parachute landing fall, and to drink a suitable brew from an appropriate container (Prop Blast Mug). Beyond these similarities, each Prop Blast ceremony is probably as individual as the unit which conducts it. There are recorded ceremonies which follow very closely that first Prop Blast. They have been very short and placid and have evoked the camaraderie and fellowship of the unit officer corps. Other prop blasts have been long, involving rigorous physical training and considerable "friendly" harassment. A unit Prop Blast ceremony can become a trademark of an individual unit and can be as steeped in history as the units lineage and honors.

Current battalion prop blasts go well beyond the scope of that first ceremony. Traditionally, every new officer who has not previously undergone a Prop Blast, is expected to participate in the Prop Blast Ceremony. While participation in this ceremony is voluntary, to refuse or to quit would not be received well by the other officers or the leadership of the unit. An officer would thus be more closely scrutinized and his reputation within the unit could be adversely affected. To participate in this traditional "right of passage" is to demonstrate humility and the ability to share hardship and friendship with novice comrades.

There are several recorded instances in the battalion where a new battalion commander was required to first participate himself in a Prop Blast prior to his becoming a bonafide member of the battalion's Prop Blast Board.

Today's ceremonies in the 307th generally begin with an early morning muster formation. Each candidate. or "blastee," is given a sequential number by rank beginning with the number "00"). This candidate is normally the senior officer and is responsibile for organizing and leading the group throughout the Prop Blast Ceremony. At this muster, each officer is inspected for compliance with uniform and equipment directives, and is first questioned about his airborne knowledge by previously initiated officers of the battalion. Officers are normally required to be attired in a complete duty uniform and carry basic individual equipment items. Each officer is also provided a basic study guide (Appendix IV) prior to the actual Prop Blast ceremony. This study guide contains information regarding airborne and unit history. equipment nomenclature, alrborne procedures, and songs which each officer 19 expected to memorize. Each Prop Blast group is encouraged to develop a unique identity and to show solidarity throughout the ceremony.

Throughout the day, Prop Blast candidates are required to perform rigorous physical training, airborne proficiency

training and team-building activities. A typical day characteristically includes airborne proficiency training at the 34-foot tower and mock-ups, a road march, an obstacle course, and the ever constant physical training (push-ups, etc). For those candidates who display an inability to properly perform required activities or display an inappropriate attitude, additional physical training can be All evaluations are based on the subjective expected. opinions of the battalion officers and translate into a considerable number of push ups, parachute landing falls (PLFs), and other physical activities for each candidate. As is the tradition, Prop Blast candidates are finally paraded through the division area so that others may see and adjudge the character of the group.

At the end of the day, Prop Blast candidates are assembled at a suitable location which has been prepared for the final portion of the Prop Blast Ceremony. At this time an operations order is issued describing their simulated mission and candidates are prepared for their final ordeal.

The Prop Blast Board, which must evaluate the performance of each candidate, normally consists of the battallon commander, several veteran officers of the battallon and a guest of honor. These officers constitute the voting members of the Board. Non-voting members of the board are the "Keeper-of-the-Mug" and "Keeper-of-the-Book."

Other battallon officers are assembled behind the Prop Blast Board and provide encouragement to "blastees" and the Board throughout the Prop Blast Ceremony. Questions and/or instructions are directed to Prop Blast candidiates only by the Board, except when a request to do so by another officer is recognized by the President. A simple majority vote of the Board is required to accept a Prop Blast candidate.

Prop Blast candidates are required throughout this portion of the ceremony to Jump from a mock door, perform a satisfactory PLF and report to the President of the Board, whereupon board members may ask pertinent questions to determine the candidate's airborne knowledge and desire. Multiple exits from the mock door and a rash of penetrating questions from the Board are usually the order of the evening. Prop Blast candidates are encouraged to show a spirited attitude and a good knowledge of airborne history and procedures. This generally places them in good favor with the Board and other officers and makes their selection process speedier.

Upon being voted "acceptable" by the Board, each candidate must report to the "Keeper-of-the-Mug" and receive instructions for presenting himself, with his properly charged Prop Blast Mug, before the President. After reporting, he is instructed to drink the contents of the mug while he is given a "count of four thousand." Any contents

remaining after that are to be poured over his head. For officers who have had a particularly hard time meeting the standards of the Board, a long count ("count of six thousand") may be required of the candidate. Both an alcoholic and a non-alcoholic mixture are available for consumption by Prop Blast candidates. Following this ceremonial drinking from the Mug, the "blastee" reports to the "Keeper-of-the-Book," affixes his signature to the Battalion Prop Blast Book and then is welcomed by the other officers of the Battalion.

THE PROP BLAST BOOK

The Battalion Prop Blast Book was begun with the first Prop Blast on April 14, 1951. It is a hard cover ledger of the time, to which has been affixed a small metal plate which simply states, "OFFICIAL PROP BLAST REGISTER, 307TH ABN. ENG. BN. 1951."

Appendix III is an extract of the Battalion Prop Blast Book. The discoloration and marks on many of the pages is due to the stains of time, attesting to the spirited conduct of Prop Blasts over the years. This simple book records 54 Prop Blasts to date and the names of 661 officers who have officially participated in this tradition with the 307th Engineer Battalion.

THE PROP BLAST MUG AND BOWL

The battalion has had two unit Prop Blast Mugs during the recorded period. The first mug was designed and constructed in 1961 as previously described. The whereabouts of this mug is unknown today.

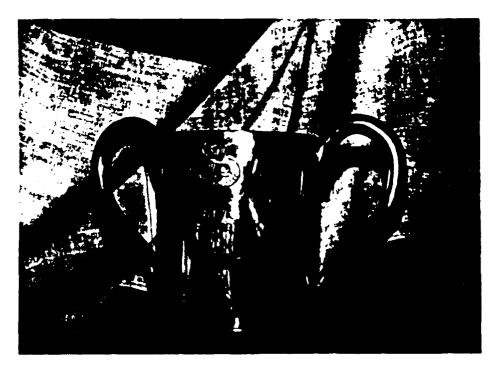
The current Battalion Prop Blast Mug was designed and constructed in 1970 in preparation for the renewed Prop Blast ceremony following a nearly four year moratorium on prop blasts. It is a modified 105mm shell casing to which two brass handles have been attached. On each side is affixed a crest of the 307th Engineer Battalion with the original motto "Je Maintien Devari", a master parachutist badge, and an engineer castle. On the one side is a castle with numerals "307" and on the other a castle with numerals "618".

The origin of the Prop Blast Bowl is not clearly known. It is a silverplated punch bowl with an accompanying tray. It is believed to have been purchased by the battlion around the same time the Prop Blast Ceremony was reintroduced in 1971 and has been in constant use ever since.

In 1989, the 307th Engineer Battalion Prop Blast Mug was dubbed "The Tyler Tumbler" in honor of Captain Gary J. Tyler, a distinguished airborne officer and long time member of the 307th Engineer Battalion who was killed in a private



Battalion Prop Blast Mug, Bowl and Book



Battalion Prop Blast Mug

airplane crash on October 4, 1979. The inscription on the bottom of the Mug reads,

"Tyler Tumbler"

CPT Gary J. Tyler 1 Oct 47 - 4 Oct 79

A Professional Paratrooper who epitomized the Airborne Spirit.

A brief history of Captain Tyler's life accompanies the Prop Blast Mug in the Battalion Headquarters.

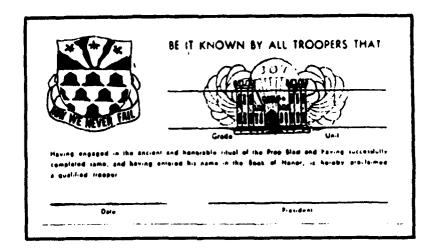
RECOGNITION AND HONOR

Recognition of an officer having participated in this traditional ritual and having been properly "blasted" is an important aspect of a young airborne officer's social status. In earlier years, it was customary to have a certificate or statement signed by the unit attesting to the fact that an officer had been duly "blasted."

The actual beginning of any quasi-official Prop Blast Certificate or pocket card is unknown, but identification cards and certificates are known to have existed in the early 60's. Today, a Certificate of Prop Blast is awarded to each officer who successfully completes the Prop Blast and most units have locally produced a pocket card for the same purpose. The 307th Engineer Battalion designed a unit card in 1971 which is still in use today. The Battalion

Crest on this card carries an earlier motto of the Battalion, "May We Never Fail."

It has become customary for an officer to carry his Prop Blast Card at all times, and many veterans have been known to carry their card long after retirement. As is the custom, a veteran airborne officer may be asked to prove his qualification at any time by another airborne officer. Failure to immediately produce a Prop Blast Card, or proof thereof, usually results in a round of "good cheer" for all those officers present who can prove their qualification. At a minimum, a sharp counseling session and a reminder of one's airborne heritage will be in order.



Battalion Prop Blast Card (c. 1971)

IV. IN CONCLUSION

The Prop Blast Ceremony and subsequent recognition have become a source of pride and honor among alrborne officers. While the spirit of that first Prop Blast to show unity and camaraderie among an elite group of soldiers transcends every modern prop blast ceremony, current ceremonies evoke certain "bragging rights" among many officers about which was the most difficult or most demanding. Just as with his advanced rating as a parachutist, a large part of an airborne officer's social pride rests with his Prop Blast gualification.

The Prop Blast Ceremony will continue to be an important part of the 307th Engineer Battalion history and will provide one of the best continuous records of the many fine officers who serve in the battalion. Hopefully, this history will be expanded and improved as additional information becomes available through the many veterans of the battalion.

APPENDIX I

PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING THE PROP BLAST

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PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING THE PROP BLAST

A prop blast ceremony is generally a unique part of a unit's history. While a standard procedure has evolved over time, unit variations in regards to the actual conduct of the ceremony do exist. These variations may be a source of unit pride and heritage. The exact origin of the following guidelines is unknown, but these early procedures have generally governed the conduct of modern prop blasts.

1. Only those members who join a tactical organization for the first time after qualifying as a parachutist will be eligible for the Prop Blast Ceremony.

2. The Prop Blast Ceremony will be conducted by units in the same category, for example: active regiments, division artillery, special troops, separate battalions and reserve airborne units.

3. Personnel eligible to be prop blasted will be fully gualified airborne troopers.

4. The ingredients of the Prop Blast Mixture will not be divulged to anyone who is not a qualified and prop blasted parachutist. It will be prepared as follows: 75% champagne and 25% vodka with fresh lemon juice and sugar for flavoring. It will be served very cold.

5. The "Blastees" will be required to pay all expenses incident to conducting the ceremony. This, under normal circumstances, will not exceed \$25.00 per novice.

6. Novices will do all the work, provide all the labor and supervise the staging for the Prop Blast Ceremony (i.e. building of mock door, supplying tumbling mats, etc.).

7. Unit commanders will not require non-drinkers to inbibe of the Prop Blast Mixture. A suitable substitute will be provided.

8. A suitable container as a "Prop Blast Mug" acceptable to members of the unit will be provided.

9. Units will maintain a register showing the name and date of "Prop Blasting" of all parachutists of the unit.

10. The Prop Blast Ceremony shall be open to male personnel only. Only veteran parachutists will be permitted to be present, until, at the of the senior parachutist present, the time is considered appropriate and opportune to permit the novices to enter.

11. Novices will wear a proper uniform, and upon entering will report to the senior member (qualified) of the unit The entry will normally go through a mock door present. after the proper commands, similar to those given in an actual parachute jump. A suitable PLF executed 1 n acceptable fashion will follow their entry prior to At the direction of the senior parachutist reporting. present or an officer designated by him, and with his approval, they will be permitted to partake of the Prop Blast Mixture, while witnessing qualified parachutists give the count of, "One thousand, Two thousand, Three thousand, Four thousand."

12. If the blastee satisfies the senior member of his drinking, he will be considered blasted, but in case of faulty performance in his exit, tumble or drinking, the blastee will have a malfunction called and go through the stick again until he satisfactorily completes the blasting procedure.

13. At the direction of the senior parachutist, the history of the ceremony may be given prior to the entry of the novices.

14. In the event a mixed party follows, the novices and newly joined veteran parachutists will be presented to the assembled crowd. If it considered appropriate that the Prop Blast Ceremony be explained at this time.

15. The senior parachutist present is defined, for military ceremonies, as the senior in grade with the longest airborne services. For civilian ceremonies the senior will be the person present who first qualified as a parachutist.

16. The persons in charge are again reminded of their responsibilities in connection with the behavior and good manners of the members present. They are further reminded that the purpose of the Prop Blast is to give solemnity and dignity to a ceremony which through custom and usage has become the oldest and most honored tradition of our airborne troops. APPENDIX II

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION (AIRBORNE)

PROP BLAST SUMMARY

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307TH ENGINEER BATTALION (AIRBORNE) PROP BLAST SUMMARY

PROP	D 3 ጥም	OFFICERS	LOCATION
BLAST	DATE	UFFICERS	LUCATION
1.	14 Apr 1951	7	Battalion Officers' Club
2.	30 Jun 1951	5	Battalion Officers' Club
з.	13 Oct 1951	10	
4.	25 Jan 1952	7	
5.	6 Aug 1952	13	
б.	12 Dec 1952 27 Mar 1953	12 26	
7. 8.	19 Jun 1953	26	
9.	19 Feb 1954	13	
10.	23 Jul 1954	21	
11.	18 Nov 1954	8	
12.	23 Sep 1955	15	
13.	6 Apr 1956	5	
14.	30 Jul 1958	1	
15.	4 Sep 1959	20	
16.	25 Oct 1960	12 16	
17. 18.	29 May 1961 22 Dec 1961	9	
19.	3 Aug 1962	15	
20.	28 Sep 1963	9	
21.	28 May 1964	13	
22.	5 Mar 1965	13	
23.	5 Sep 1965	8	Dominican Republic
24.	21 Jan 1966	10	
25.	12 Aug 1966	14	Pope AFB Log Cabin
26.	2 Dec 1966	23 36	Trainers Tavern
27. 28.	27 Jul 1970 26 Feb 1971	23	Trainers Tavern
29.	13 Nov 1971	12	Trainers Tavern
30.	12 Aug 1972	10	Trainers Tavern
31.	26 May 1973	18	Trainers Tavern
32.	25 Aug 1973	10	Trainers Tavern
33.	20 Jul 1974	16	Trainers Tavern
34.	5 Sep 1975	9	Trainers Tavern
35.	8 Apr 1976	9	Battalion Classroom
36.	5 Nov 1976	8 12	Battalion Classroom Battalion Classroom
37.	18 Nov 1977 26 May 1978	13	Battallon S4 Bldg
38. 39.	26 Jan 1979	8	Trainers Tavern
40.	28 Sep 1979	12	Division Classroom
41.	16 May 1980	11	4-68 AR Classroom
42.	12 Dec 1980	10	3-4 ADA Classroom
43.	1 May 1981	8	4-68 AR Classroom
44.	16 Apr 1982	10	Battalion Motor Pool

45.	29 Oct 1982	11	Battalion Motor Pool
46.	15 Sep 1983	7	Battalion Motor pool
47.	17 Aug 1984	9	Battalion Motor Pool
48.	29 Mar 1985	7	Battalion Motor Pool
49.	15 Nov 1985	14	Battalion Motor Pool
50.	18 Apr 1986	10	Battalion Motor Pool
51.	19 Dec 1986	8	Battalion Motor Pool
52.	08 Oct 1987	9	Battalion Motor Pool
53.	26 Aug 1988	12	Battalion Motor Pool
54.	02 Jun 1989	8	Battalion Motor Pool

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APPENDIX III

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION (AIRBORNE)

PROP BLAST BOOK

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PRESID ·Cal KriO 41 W. 10.7 L+ Col. Lt Col. R.D. Miller Lt Col. R.Q. Miller R.Q. Miller Lt Col. K,O ALL S P. ht Col. 30 Jun Acc 30 Jun 3 A.d. Lt. P.I 13 oct 51 9. 13 act 51 A. 1. 13 Oct 51 A.J. 130ct 51 A.V. 13 act 51 A.J.K 13 Oct 51 13 act 51 . 4.V. 13 act 51 • • ₩. √. 13 act 51 A. 1. 13 act 51 HJ: 25 Jan 52 un 25 Jan 52 25 Jan 52 25 Jan 52

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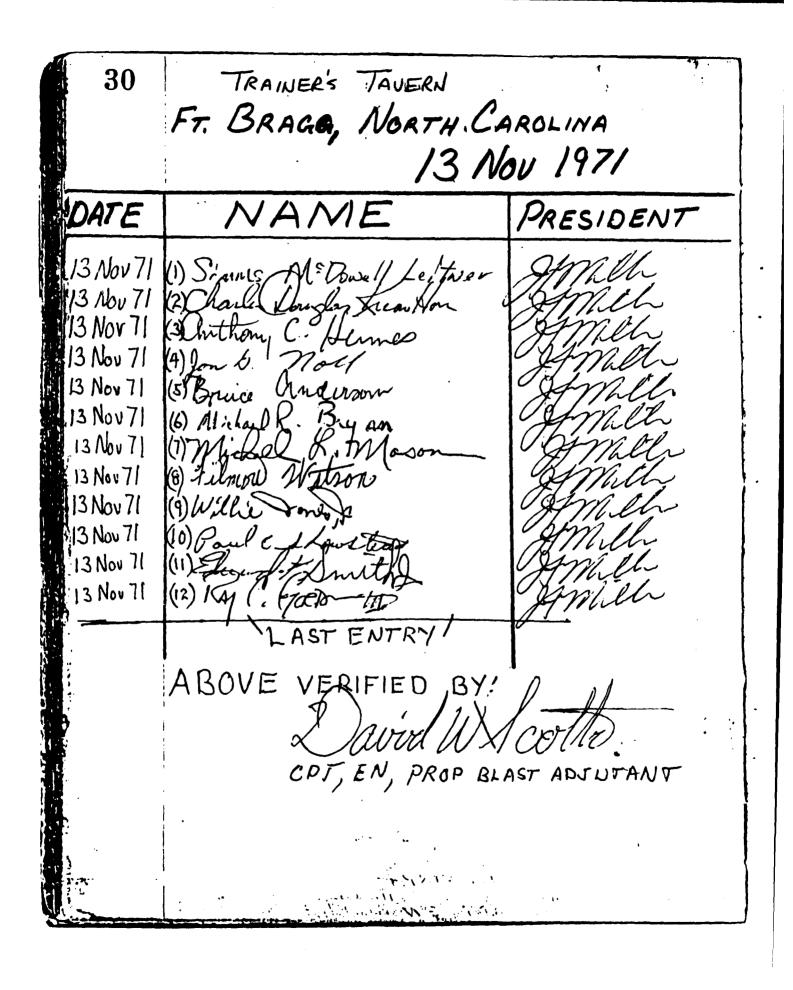
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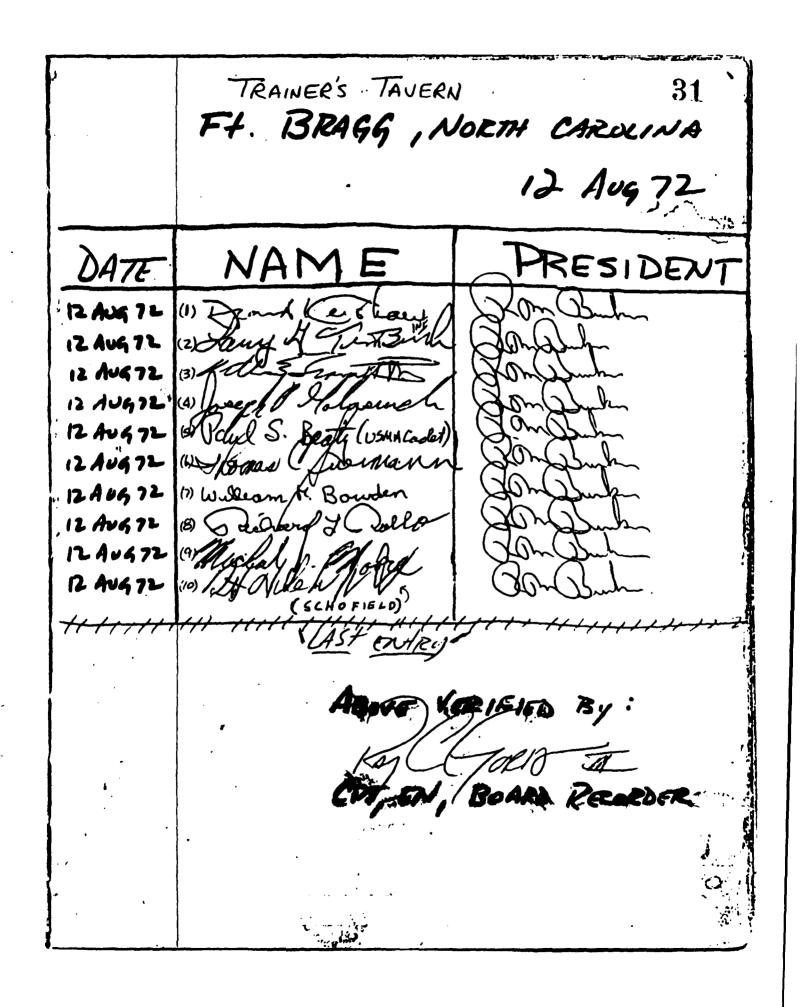
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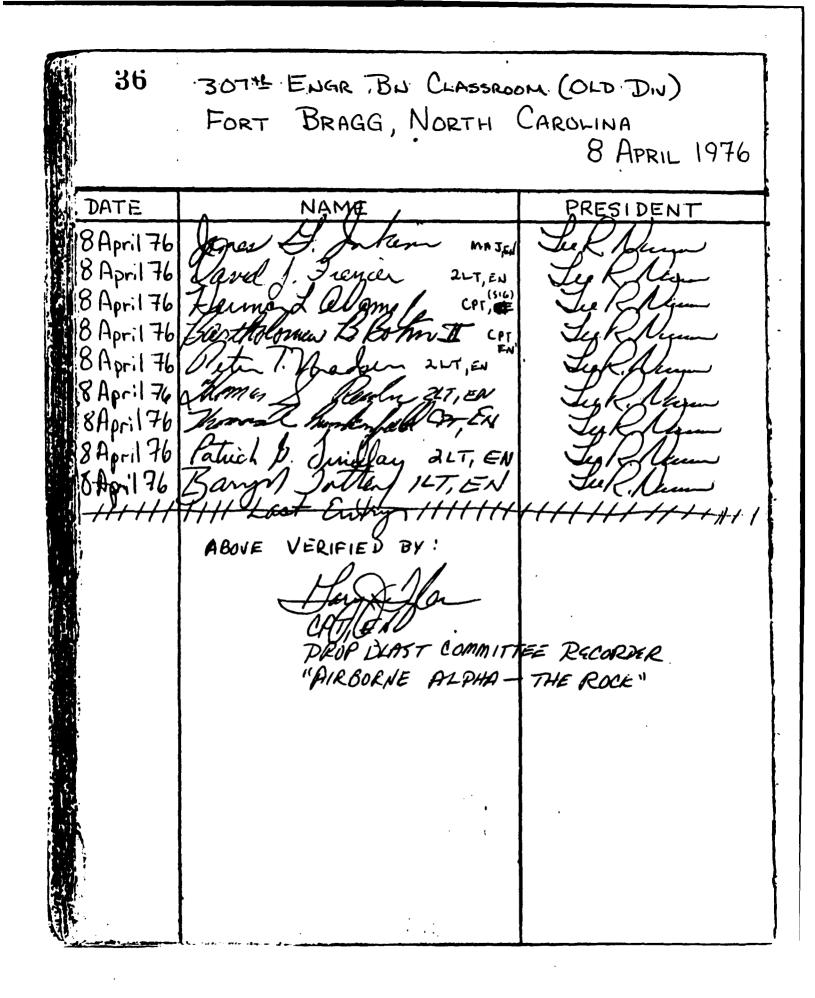


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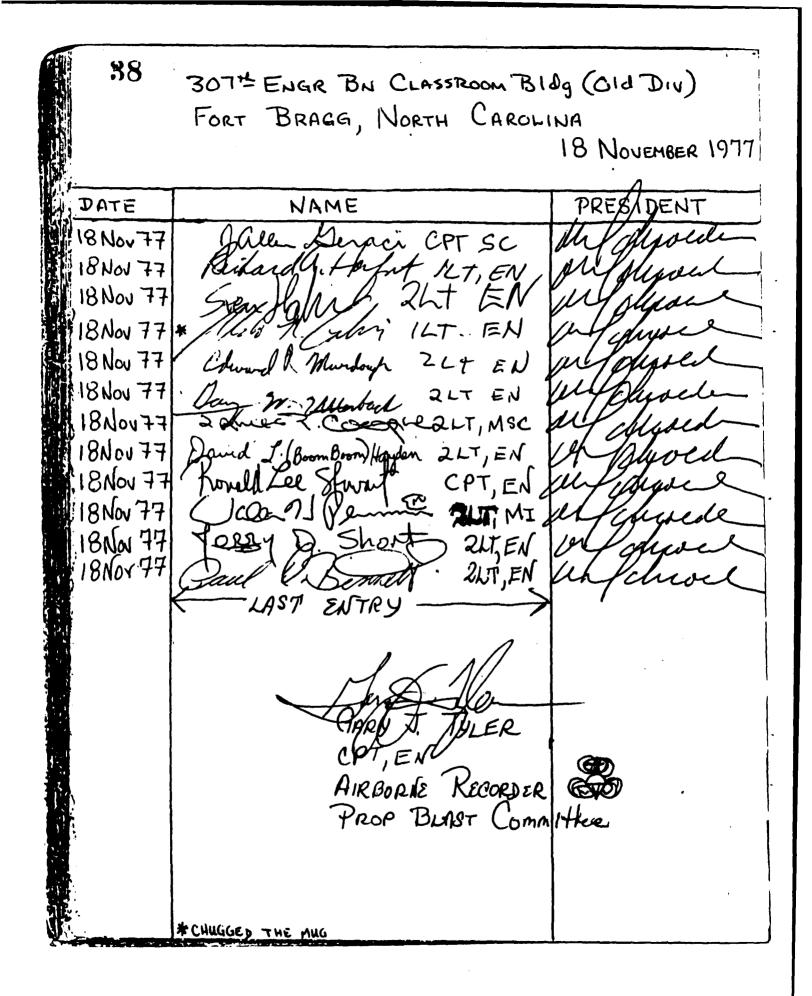
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307 ENGINEER MOTOR POOL 45 82d Airborne Division Fort Bragg, North Carolina 16 APRIL 1982 DATE NAME CM, 16 APR 82 regoing allen Hardin 16 APR 82 21T, EN 16 APR 82 CPT, EN 16APR 82 ILT, CH 16APR 82 CPT, EN R sur (16 APR 82 L. ZUT, EN 16 APR 82 217, *S*C 16 APR 82 Harry 160 ZLT, EN 16 APR 82 1 ZLT, EN 16 APR 82 ZLT,EN ENTRY LAST ALBERT M. BLEAKLEY ILT, EN AIRBORNE RECORDER PROP BLAST COMMITTE

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION MOTOR POOL **46** BZd AIRBURNE DIVISION FT BRAGG, NORTH CAROLINA , 28307 290CTOBER 1982 DATE NAME 29ULT BZ(29 017 82 29 067 82 29 007 82 29 000 82 G. Toylia 29 0 + 82 29 OCT BE 29 067 82 29 017 82 29 067 82 hatten A Katt Anat 29007 82 Edward CPT, EN ËN 107 Airborn Recorder Airborno Rocardos Prop Blost Committee Prop Blast Committee Master Blaster

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APPENDIX IV

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION (AIRBORNE) PROP BLAST STUDY GUIDE

PROP BLAST STUDY GUIDE

AIRBORNE HISTORY

1. Who is known as the "Father of the Airborne"? A: MG William C. Lee

2. What was the first US Airborne Unit and who was its leader?

A: A test platoon formed in July 1940, from the 29th Infantry Regiment; 1LT William T. Ryder was the platoon leader.

3. When was the first official US Army parachute jump made, by whom, where, and from what type of aircraft? A: 16 August 1940, 1LT William T. Ryder, Lawson Field, Fort Benning, Georgia, B-18 bomber.

4. Who was the first enlisted man to make a parachute jump and why him?

A: PVT William N. King following iLT Ryder out of the door. He won the honor in a lottery with his fellow troopers of the parachute test platoon.

5. What was the first Airborne Battallon and who was its commander?

A: The 501st Parachute Battalion commanded by MAJ William M. Miley.

6. Where did the first US Army combat jump take place?
A: Near Oran, Algeria, in North Africa on 8 November 1942 by elements of the 509th Parachute Infantry.

82ND AIRBORNE DIVISION HISTORY

1. On what date and where was the 82nd Infantry Division initially activated?

A: On 25 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, GA.

When was the Division inactivated following WW I?
 A: 27 May 1919.

3. On what date was the 82nd Airborne Division reactivated for WW II and under whose command?

A: 25 March 1942 under the command of MG Omar N. Bradley.

4. On what date was the 82nd Airborne Division designated as the Army's first airborne division?
 A: 15 August 1942

5. What is the nickname of the 82nd Airborne Division and how did it receive it?

A: The Division was dubbed The "All Americans" during its activation for WW I when it was discovered that there were men in the unit from each of the United States.

6. Who was the first Commander of the 82nd Airborne Division?

A: MG Eben Swift

7. When did the 82nd Airborne Division first come to Fort Bragg?

A: 14 October 1942

8. What former members of the 82nd who have been awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor and when?

A: LTC Emory J. Pike, 15 September 1918 CPL Alvin C. York, 8 October 1918 PFC Charles N. DeGlopper, 9 June 1944 PVT John R. Towle, 21 September 1944 1SG Leonard Funk, 29 January 1945

9. What were the three original infantry regiments of the Division?

A: 504th Parachute Infantry Regiment 505th Parachute Infantry Regiment 325th Glider Infantry Regiment

10. What is the location and date of all combat jumps made by units of the 82nd Airborne Division?

A: Gela, Sicily, 9 July 1943 Salerno, Italy, 13 September 1943

Normandy, France, 6 June 1944 Nijmegen, Holland, 17 September 1944 Torrijos, Panama, 20 December 1989 11. In what WW I campaigns did units of the 82nd Airborne Division participate? A: Lorraine St. Mihlel Meuse-Argonne 12. In what WW II campaigns did units of the 82nd Airborne Division participate? A: Sicily Holland Salerno Ardennes Anzio Rhineland Naples-Foggla Central Europe Normandy 13. In what other conflicts have units of the 82nd Airborne Division participated? A: Dominican Republic Republic of Vietnam Grenada Panama 14. Who were the three wartime (WW II) Division Commanders. A: MG Omar N. Bradley MG Matthew B. Ridgway MG James M. Gavin 15. When did the 82nd Airborne Division return to the U.S. after WW II? A: 3 January 1946 16. When was the 82nd Airborne Division designated a Regular Army Division? A: 15 November 1948 17. What unit of the Division deployed to Vietnam? A: The 3rd Brigade deployed to RVN on 14 February 1968 and returned to Fort Bragg on 12 December 1969 18. When did the Division deploy to Grenada? A: 25 October 1983 19. What two members of the Division were killed in action In Grenada? A: CPT Michael Ritz, Company B, 2-325th Infantry SSG Gary Epps, Company B, 2-325th Infantry

20. What are the major subordinate commands of the 82nd Airborne Division? A: 1st Brigade (504th Parachute Infantry Regiment) 2nd Brigade (325th Airborne Infantry Regiment) 3rd Brigade (505th Parachute Infantry Regiment) Division Artillery 82nd Aviation Brigade Division Support Command 3rd Battalion (ABN), 4th Air Defense Artillery 3rd Battalion (ABN), 73rd Armor 82nd Signal Battalion (Airborne) 307th Engineer Battalion (Airborne) 313th Military Intelligence Battalion (CEWI)(ABN)
21. Who are the current Division and Major Subordinate

21. Who are the current Division and Major Subordinate Command Commanders?

A:

307TH ENGINEER BATTALION HISTORY

1. When was the 307th Engineer Battalion constituted and what was its original designation? A. 3 August 1917, 307th Engineer Regiment (Sapper) When and where was the 307th organized? 2. A. 27 August 1917 at Camp Gordon, Georgia 3. Who was the first commander of the 307th Engineer Regiment? A. COL Earl I. Brown 4. When did the Regiment arrive in France during WW I? A. 3 June 1918 5. What campaign credits did the 307th Engineer Regiment earn during WW I? A. Lorraine St. Mihiel Meuse-Argonne 6. When and where was the 307th Engineer Regiment deactivated following WW I? A: 17 May 1919, Camp Dix, NJ 7. When and where was the 307th Engineer Battalion ordered into active service for WW II? 25 March 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana A. 8. When was the the Battalion redesignated as the 307th Airborne Engineer Battalion? A. 15 August 1942 9. What campaign credits did the Battalion earn during WW II? A. Sigily (with arrowhead) Naples-Foggia Normandy (with arrowhead) Rhineland (with arrowhead) Central Europe 10. What additional campaign credits did C Company earn during WWII? A. Anzlo Rome-Arno 11. How was the 307th Engineer Battalion deployed on "Operation Neptune" the Normandy invasion? A. "A" Force, commanded by BG Gavin, ADC, 82nd Abn - B

Company deployed by parachute (nine aircraft, 144 jumpers). "B" Force, commanded by MG Ridgeway, CG, 82nd ABN DIV, A Company deployed by glider with HHC(-)(10 gliders & 99 personnel). "C" Force, commanded by BG Howell, CG, 2nd Abn Inf Bde - 307th Engr Bn (-) by sea with 65 personnel. 12. What happened to LTC Palmer. the Battalion Commander. on D-Day? A. His stick was jumping with the 508th PIR which dropped over St. Saveur Lee Vicomite, France. He was captured by the Germans and remained a POW until liberated near Hammelburg, Germany about 10 months later. Which company did not participate in "Operation 13. Neptune," The Normandy Invasion, and why? A. C Company. It was fighting as part of the 504th Regimental Combat Team in Italy. It spent 60 days on the Anzio beachhead before rejoining the Division. 14. What companies of the Battalion were cited for their gallantry in action against the enemy in Holland from 19-21 September 1944? A. B, C, and D Company. 15. What Englneer company reorganized as infantry and conducted a bayonet assault during Operation Market-Garden? A. D Company 16. What foreign decorations did the Battalion earn during WW II? A. The Military Order of William (Degree of Knight of Fourth Class), Streamer embroldered "NIJMEGEN 1944." The Netherlands Orange Lanyard The Belgian Fourragere 1940 (two awards, ARDENNES/ BELGIUM and GERMANY 17. Which companies were awarded the Presidential Unit Citation Streamer embroidered "NORMANDY"? A. A and B Company Which companies were awarded the Presidential Unit 18. Citation Streamer embroidered "HOLLAND"? A. B. C and D Company 19. Which companies were awarded the French Croix de Guerre with Palm, WW II Streamer embroidered "SAINT MERE EGLISE" and "CONTENIN"? A. A and B Company 20. When was the Battalion allotted to the Regular Army? **IV-6**

A: 15 November 1948.

21. What company commander was wounded by sniper fire in the Dominican Republic and what is significant about him? A: CPT Alvin Rowe, C Company Commander, who later returned as the Battalion Commander (11 July 1969). What unit of the Battailon deployed to Vietnam? 22. A: C Company deployed to Vietnam in February 1968 in as a part of the 3rd Brigade, 82nd Airborne Division. 23. What company replaced C Company at Fort Bragg, during their absence? A: The 596th Engineer Company (Airborne) 24. What campaign credits did C Company earn in the Republic of Vietnam? A: Tet Counteroffensive Counteroffensive, Phase IV Counteroffensive, Phase V Counteroffensive, Phase VI Tet 69/Counteroffensive Summer-fall 1969 Winter-spring 1970 25. What companies from the Battalion participated in Operation Urgent Fury in Grenanda? A: B, C, and elements of HHC and the 618th Engineer Companies. 26. Who were the only two members of the 82nd Airborne Division to perform a combat jump into Grenada on 25 October 1983? PFC Richardson and SP4 Spain, buildozer operators A: from the 618th Engineer Company (LE)(ABN) who jumped as a part of the Ranger Battallon Task Force. What companies of the Battalion participated in 27. "Operation Just Cause" during the U.S. intervention into Panama? A Company and elements of HHC and C companies. A: When and where was the 618th Engineer Company (LE)(ABN) 28. organized? 25 May 1943 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Α. 29. What campaign credits did the 618th Engineer Company earn during WW II? A. New Gulnea.

Luzon

30. What unit decorations did the 618th Engineer Company earn during WW II?

A. The Meritorious Unit Commendation (2 awards) Phillpine Presidential Unit Citation

32. On what date was the 618th attached to the 82nd Airborne Division as part of the 307th Engineer Battalion? A. 11 December 1961.

AIRBORNE EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

i. compo		T-10 Parachute consists of what six major ;s?
-	Α.	Deployment bag Canopy Risers
		Harness assembly Harness guick release assembly Pack tray
2.		cribe the pack closing tie. A single wrap of 1/4 inch cotton webbing.
Э. parac	hute	t is the diameter of the apex vent in the T-10 ? 20 inches.
4.		many suspension lines are on the T-10 parachute? 30 (14 front, 16 back).
5.		t type of nylon is used for the parachute? Type II, ripstop nylon.
6.		t type of nylon is used for the suspension lines? Type III nylon cord.
7.		cribe the static line. 15 feet long Colored yellow Rolled Sewn
8.	What A.	t are three safety features on the snap hook? Safety pin and lanyard Push to release button Slide to close
9. compo		T-10 reserve consists of what four major ts? Pilot chute Canopy assembly Pack tray Rip cord
10.	Wha: A.	t are the basic jump commands? Get ready Outboard personnel, stand up Inboard personnel, stand up Hook up

Check static lines Check equipment Sound off for equipment check Stand in the door GO

11. What are the five points of performance? A. Proper exit, check body position, and count Check canopy and gain canopy control Keep a sharp lookout during descent - Look before you turn - Always steer right - Lower jumper has the right of way Turn into the wind and prepare to land LAND

12. If you become hopelessly entangled with another jumper when jumping the T-10B parachute, what should you do? A. Work your way down to the other jumper, grab each

other's main lift web and decide upon a PLF (never a front).

13. What are the five points of contact? A. Balls of the feet Calf of the leg Thigh Buttocks Fleshy part of back (push-up muscle)

14. On a normal jump, at what altitude do you lower your equipment?
A. 200 feet.
15. What are the normal combat loads for the C-130 and the

C-141B alrcraft?

A. C-130 - 64 parachutists. C-141B - 154 parachutists.

16. What is the minimum combat jump altitude for the T-10 parachute? A. 350 feet AGL.

17. At what altitude do you slip into the wind and prepare to land when Jumping the T-10B parachute? A. 100 feet.

18. Which life preserver is activated in the air and which in the water?

A. The B-7 is activated in the air.

The B-4 is activated in the water (only after the harness is removed).

19. What is the first thing you do after executing a PLF on the drop zone?

A. Activate at least one canopy release assembly and sound off with, "RISER."

20. After activation of a canopy release assembly, what is the next thing you do on the drop zone? A. Place your weapon into operation.

21. What are the maximum number of Jumpers permitted when in-flight rigging on the C-130 and C-141B aircraft? A. C-130 - 58 Jumpers. C-141B - 128 Jumpers.

22. How frequently must sustained airborne training must be conducted?

A. Within 24 hours of station time for every jump.

23. What is station time and when does it occur?

A: The time at which all jumpers must be prepared to move to the aircraft. It normally occurs approximately one hour before take-off.

24. What is an MC1-1 parachute and how does it differ from a T-10?

A: An MC1-1 parachute is a steerable parachute which has a smaller apex opening, material removed from the canopy and control lines for steering. Procedures for jumping this parachute differ from those of a T-10.

25. Explain the meanings of the colored tape sleeve markings used during sustained airborne training.

A. Red tape - active jumpmaster and safeties Green tape - gualified jumpmaster Yellow tape - key personnel While tape - bump personnel

AIRBORNE SONGS

THE ALL AMERICAN SOLDIER SONG

- CHORUS: We're All American and proud to be, For we're the soldiers of liberty, Some ride their gliders to the enemy, Others are sky paratroopers. We're All American and fight we will, Till all the guns of the foe are still, Airborne, from the skies of blue, We're coming through, Make your jumps, take your bumps Let's go.
- INTERLUDE: Put on your boots, Your parachutes, Get all those gliders ready To attack today. For we'll be gone, Into the dawn, To fight'em all The 82nd way--yeah.

BEAUTIFUL STREAMER

Beautiful streamer, open for me, Blue skies above me and no canopy, Counted nine thousand, waited too long, Reached for my rip cord, the damn thing was gone.

Beautiful streamer, why must it be? White slik above me is what I should see. Just like my mother that looks over me, To hell with the rip cord, "twas not made for me."

Beautiful streamer, this is the end, Gabriel is blowing, my body won't mend. All you Jump-happy, sons-of-a-gun, Take this last warning as Jumping's no fun.

BLOOD UPON THE RISERS

CHORUS: Gory, Gory what a helluva way to die Gory, Gory what a helluva way to die Gory, Gory what a helluva way to die and he ain't gonna jump no more.

Is everybody happy cried the sergeant looking up? Our hero feebly answered, "yes" and then they stood him up. He jumped into the icy blast his static line unhooked, And he ain't gonna jump no more.

He counted loud, he counted long, He awaited for the shock. He felt the wind, He felt the cold, He felt the awful drop. The canopy became his shroud, He hurtled to the ground, And he ain't gonna jump no more.

The risers swung around his neck Connectors cracked his dome Suspension lines were tied in knots around his skinny bones The silk from his reserve spilled out and wrapped around his legs And he ain't gonna jump no more.

The days he lived, and loved and laughed Kept running through his mind He thought about the girl back home The one he left behind He thought about the medics and wondered what they'd find And he ain't gonna jump no more.

The ambulance was on the spot The jeeps were running wild The medics all clapped their hands, rolled up their sleeves and smiled for it had been a week or more since last a chute had failed And he ain't gonna jump no more.

He hit the ground The sound was splat The blood went spurting high His buddles were all heard to say A helluva way to die He lies there rolling round in The welter of his gore And he ain't gonna jump no more.

(SLOWLY WITH GREAT SORROW)

There was blood upon the risers There was brains upon the chute His intestines were a danglin' from his paratrooper suit The surgeon picked him up and poured him from his boots And he ain't gonna jump no more.

THE ENGINEER'S SONG

CHORUS (Sung after each verse)

We are, we are, we are, we are, we are the Engineers, We can, we can, we can, we can, demolish forty beers. Drink up, drink up, drink up, drink up, and come along with us, For we don't give a damn for any old man, who don't give a damn for us.

My father was a miner on the upper Malamute My mother was a hostess in a house of ill repute They threw me out of the house and home while in my tender years So I told them all to go to hell and joined the Engineers

Godiva was a lady who through Coventry did ride Showing all the villagers her lovely, lily hide The most observant fellow was an Engineer of course He's the only one that noticed that Godiva rode a horse

I've come a long, long way she said and I'll go as long and far With the man who'll help me off my horse and lead me to a bar A bleary-eyed surveyor and a drunken Engineer Helped Godiva off her horse and they stood her to a beer

Julius Caesar went to Egypt at the age of fifty three Cleopatra's blood was warm, her heart was young and free But every night when Julie left her house at three o'clock There was a Roman Engineer awaiting just around the block

Sir Francis Drake and all his men put out at Misery Bay They heard the Spanish Rum Fleet was aheading out that way But the Engineers had beat them by a night and a half a day And though as drunk as hooligans you still could hear them say:

Venus is a statue made entirely out of stone There's not a fig leaf on her, she's as naked as a bone On observing her condition an Engineer discoursed She's a broken hunk of concrete and she should be reinforced

An Engineer and his girlfriend were sitting in the park The Engineer was doing some research after dark His scientific method was a marvel to observe While his right hand took the figures down his left hand traced the curves

An Engineer and a tanker once downed a gallon can Said the tanker to the Engineer, "Out drink me if you can" The tanker took three drinks and died, his face was turning green But the Engineer kept drinking - it was only gasoline The Air Force and the Navy came to town to have some fun Down by the taverns where the firey liquors run But all they found was broken glass, the Engineers had come And traded all their instruments for gallon kegs of rum

We did a piss-poor job on a timber trestle bridge We lost our third platoon while fighting on the ridge We zeroed in our weapons with accuracy and care But when we fired for record, Maggies drawers were in the air

We lay down all their rolling roads and cut down all their trees And if the order ever comes, we'd ford the raging seas Whenever they want to sleep awhile, we put up a town And we build the blasted bridges so the Infantry won't drown

We put them over rivers and across the mountain streams Do everything but tuck them in and wish them pleasant dreams And when the going's really tough and shells burst in our ears The whole Division's apt to say, "GOD, SEND FOR ENGINEERS!"

ENDNOTES

1. Interview between Melvin Zais, GEN (Ret), and William L Golden, COL, USA, for the United States Army War College/ United States Army Military History Institute Senior Officer Oral History Program, January 20, 1977.