Assistant Administrator for Airports
Washington, D. C. 20591

# Reliability and Performance of Friction Measuring Tires and Friction Equipment Correlation

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Office of Airport Safety and Standards Federal Aviation Administration Washington, D. C. 20591

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Final Report

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16. Abstract					
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	devices; and (2) select th best performing tire(s) for friction equipment correlation for maintenance purposes.				
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A total of 1,643 test runs were conducted, which resulted in 2,725 data points.  156 regression analyses were performed for the tire performance evaluation and 31					
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#### **PREFACE**

The author wishes to acknowledge the support of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center personnel in their exemplary performance in supporting a very complex field test program at the National Aeronautics and Space Administrations (NASA) Wallops Flight Facility located at Wallops Island, Virginia. The project manager for the FAA Technical Center was Rick Marinelli. The assistance of Dr. Satish Agrawal, manager of the Airport Technology Branch, was greatly appreciated. The support personnel from the FAA Technical Center, including students hired for the summer, operated and maintained the vehicles in an outstanding manner to meet the very difficult daily schedule.

The author is especially grateful to Ms. Gladys Clayton of the Airport Systems and Technology Branch at FAA Washington Headquarters, who contributed many long hours compiling data and conducting statistical analyses. Her technical support in data management was critical to the success of the program.

The test tires for the program were provided by Louis Barota of the McCreary Tire and Rubber Company and Eric Erickson of the Dico Tire, Inc. The Dunlop Tires were purchased from Bill Sisson of Saab Scania of America.

The cooperation and assistance by Brooks Shaw, NASA Wallops Flight Center, was greatly appreciated. His support in providing all the necessary clearances to work on the runway, especially over a weekend, assured the continuity and success of the program.

Also, special thanks to Tom Yager, Senior Project Engineer at NASA Langley Research Center located at Hampton, Virginia, for his technical support and assistance throughout the program. Mr. Yager is the Chairman of the ASTM E 17.21 Subcommittee, which requested the Tire Performance study.

The FAA owned all but one of the friction measuring devices, the Runway Friction Tester. K. J. Law Engineers, Inc., donated the use of their Runway Friction Tester, personnel and time to provide support to the program. Their participation assured that data from all qualified friction measuring equipment would be obtained for the tire performance evaluation. Their personnel operated and maintained the vehicle in a highly professional manner. Messrs. Francis Schwartz, Daniel Hamel and Wade Jensen provided the author with technical support during the program.

The author greatly appreciates the support and encouragement of Interlog, especially Daniel Ho, who assisted in the preparation of the manuscript into Desktop Publishing format.

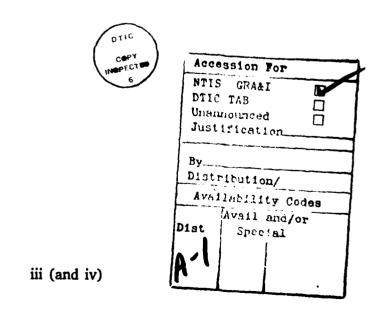
### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The FAA conducted a tire performance evaluation and friction equipment correlation study in August 1989 at NASA Wallops Flight Facility located at Wallops Island, Virginia. The study was performed in response to a request by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) to evaluate the performance of tires manufactured according to ASTM specifications ASTM E 524 and ASTM E 670.

Some 1,650 tests were conducted on five types of surfaces using three different brands of tires and four different types of friction measuring devices. Friction tests were conducted at speeds of 40 and 60 mph (65 and 95 km/h), using the devices self water system on dry test surfaces. The water was applied at a depth of 0.04 inches (1 mm). The analyses conducted involved 156 reliability and performance studies and 31 correlation comparisons.

Limits of acceptability were established for the data evaluation. The McCreary tire performed best on the Runway Friction Tester (RFT), Saab Friction Tester (SFT), and the Skiddometer (SKD). The Dico tire performed best on the Mu Meter (MUM).

The tire formulation given in ASTM E 524 specification for lock-wheel trailers will be put into a new ASTM standard to describe the characteristics of the McCreary tire. The present E 670 specification will contain the specifications for the Dunlop and Dico tires.



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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND

On September 29, 1978, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) contracted a consulting engineering firm to conduct a two year study called the National Runway Friction Measurement Program (NRFMP). This program consisted of conducting runway friction measurements and evaluation of pavement surface conditions on 491 runways and 268 airports within the contiguous United States. The specific objectives of the program were to: (1) update, expand and disseminate improved guidance material contained in Advisory Circular AC 150/5320-12, Methods for the Design, Construction and Maintenance of Skid Resistant Airport Pavement Surfaces; (2) provide airport managers with timely input from the friction and pavement condition surveys to budget their fiscal programs for whatever improvements necessary as determined from the findings in those surveys; (3) increase the effectiveness of the 1982 Airport and Airway Improvement Program (AAIP) by identifying the airport construction methods that are most cost effective in providing excellent drainage and friction properties; and (4) enhance safety at airports by reducing the hydroplaning potential and improving runway pavement surface friction characteristics by developing recommendations for improved maintenance and maintenance monitoring practices.

One of the major findings in the study concerned friction measuring tires. Occasionally, they varied by as much as 10 mu numbers between batches. This was attributed to poor quality control by the manufacturer of the tires. From time to time, reports have been given to FAA concerning differences between tires of different batches when tested on pavements under similar conditions. Additionally, the price of tires has increased dramatically over the years. The immediate availability of replacement tires from the manufacturer has also been a problem, according to reports from airport operators that own friction equipment.

#### 1.2 PURPOSE OF THE TEST PROGRAM

The purpose of the test program was twofold: (1) to establish the reliability, performance and consistency of tires used on friction measuring devices; and (2) to select the best performing tire(s) for use on friction equipment by which correlation criteria for maintenance purposes are determined.

# 1.3 ASTM REQUEST FOR TIRE PERFORMANCE STUDY

During a June 1988 ASTM E 17.21 subcommittee meeting on Field Methods for Measuring Tire Pavement Friction, the subject of friction measuring tire costs and quality

control was discussed. A proposal was made by the ASTM committee to seek a tire manufacturer that would be interested in constructing a tire with the exact same dimensions as the Dunlop RL2 tire. The tire would be constructed according to the formulation given in ASTM E 501 and ASTM E 524 specifications. A letter was sent from the ASTM E 17.21 subcommittee chairman to FAA Headquarters requesting FAA support in providing test vehicles and personnel to participate in the evaluation of a new test tire at NASA Wallops Flight Facility. Reference letter in Appendix A.

#### 1.4 TIRE MANUFACTURERS' COMMITMENT

A representative from McCreary Tire and Rubber Co. of Indiana, Pennsylvania, which currently produces the ASTM E 501 and ASTM E 524 test tires used on the ASTM E 274 Skid Trailer, indicated that the tire company could make test tires to RL2 tire dimensions for evaluation as early as Fall 1988.

During the interim, a second tire manufacturer, Dico Tire Inc. of Clinton, Tennessee, stated that they could produce a tire formulated to ASTM E 670 specifications. This formulation would vary somewhat from the rubber formulation used in ASTM E 501 and ASTM E 524 specifications.

#### 1.5 PRELIMINARY NASA TIRE TESTS

Preliminary tests performed by NASA Langley using the Instrumented Tire Test Vehicle have indicated similar friction performance between the two test tires and the Dunlop RL2 tire. More extensive and statistically complete tests are required with the currently approved FAA runway friction measuring vehicles, to determine the reliability, performance and correlation of these new tires accurately. This report presents the results of the tire performance evaluation.

# 1.6 CERTIFICATION OF NEW TIRES

The manufacturer of the McCreary tires certified by letter that the tires met the Compounding of Oil-Extended Styrene-Butadiene Blend Rubber (SBR) Tread and the Physical Requirements of Tread Compound, as contained in ASTM E 501 and ASTM E 524 specifications and the tire dimensions given in ASTM E 670 specification for the Mu Meter Tire.

The manufacturer of the Dico tire certified by letter that the tires met the compounding, physical requirements and tire dimensions, as contained in ASTM E 670 specification.

The Certification letters are attached in Appendix B.

# 1.7 TIRE ALLOTMENTS

NASA Langley was shipped the following allotment of tires from the U.S. tire manufacturers:

McCreary Ten (10) tires from batch number 1

Ten (10) tires from batch number 2

Dico Ten (10) tires from batch number 1

Ten (10) tires from batch number 2

NASA Langley personnel brought the tires to Wallops Flight Facility for the test program.

The FAA Technical Center provided the following RL2 tires at Wallops Flight Facility for the test program:

Dunlop Ten (10) tires from batch number 1, (100/B4C4338)

Dunlop Ten (10) tires from batch number 2, (100/E4C4338)

#### 1.8 TIRE FOOTPRINT AREA

NASA Langley measured tire footprints and conducted laboratory tests using vertical loads ranging from 50 to 800 lbs (20 to 360 kg), for all three different test tires at inflation pressures of 10 and 30 psi (70 and 200 KPa). The results of these tests are presented in the charts located in Appendix C.

NASA Langley loaned the FAA four Pressure Dial Gages, capable of measuring pressures ranging from 0 to 60 psi (0 to 400, KPa), which were recalibrated in July 1989. Each vehicle operator was responsible for the tire gages and for checking the tire pressures according to the manufacturer's Instruction Manual.

# 1.9 METRIC UNITS

The values given in parenthesis are SI units and are not exact equivalents, therefore, each system must be used independently of the other, without combining values in any way.

#### 2. DISCUSSION

#### 2.1 TEST LOCATION

The test program was conducted at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Wallops Flight Facility (WFF), Wallops Island, Virginia. The site was selected by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) because the facility offered several types of pavements, constructed with various textural and drainage characteristics, including saw-cut grooves. The pavement segments chosen for the program include a wide range of friction characteristics. The facility offers an excellent location for performing friction tests. It has very limited aircraft operations, resulting in only minor interruptions to the test program. Prior to starting the test program, the procedures for air traffic control were coordinated with the tower for the FAA test personnel to evacuate the runway when aircraft approached the airport for landing. Two-way radio communications between the tower and FAA personnel were used to assure that the maximum safety margin was maintained at the facility at all times.

#### 2.2 PROGRAM PLAN

Five test segments were selected at the NASA Wallops Flight Facility that were known to give a wide range of friction values. To meet the objective of the program, a significant number of test runs had to be conducted at each test site location to acquire a sufficient amount of data to conduct the statistical analyses necessary to generate the relationships as defined in paragraph 1.2. The number of tests required to apply these mathematical techniques was determined by previous tests conducted at the Wallops Flight Facility.

#### 2.3 TEST SITE LOCATIONS AT NASA WFF

Three test site locations were selected for the tests. One was located on runway 4-22 and the other two on the taxiway adjacent to runway 4-22. The segments selected on runway 4-22 were D, B, and A. The segments selected on the taxiway were K and P. Figure 1 shows the test site locations at the NASA Wallops Flight Facility.

#### 2.4 TEST PROCEDURES

2.4.1 <u>Cataloging Tires.</u> Since there were three tire manufacturers involved in the test program, and some 60 tires, it was essential that all tires be properly cataloged for identification, with the codes as presented in Appendix D.

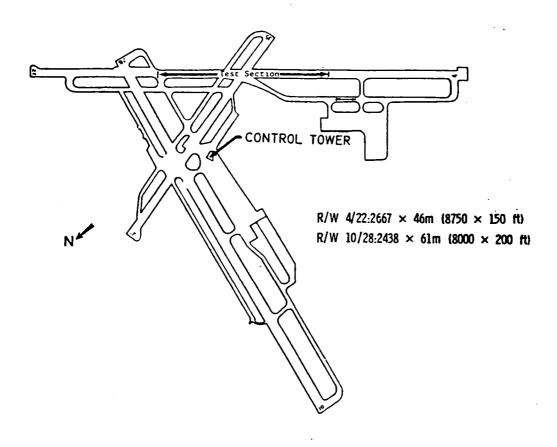


FIGURE 1. RUNWAY SCHEMATIC FOR NASA WALLOPS FLIGHT FACILITY SHOWING LOCATIONS OF TEST SECTIONS

A total of 10 tires were used for each day's tests, which represented one batch and two series within that batch. Tire pressures were measured by a calibrated tire pressure gage. The useful life for each manufacturers tire will be determined in another test program.

- 2.4.2 <u>Equipment Calibration</u>. All friction equipment in the program was calibrated according to the manufacturers instructions prior to conduct of each day's test program. Whenever tire changes were required, the friction device was recalibrated.
- 2.4.3 Equipment Maintenance. Test personnel were responsible for equipment maintenance. This was emphasized during the entire test program to assure that the equipment was working properly.
- 2.4.4 <u>Texture Depth Measurements</u>. Texture depth measurements were made on pavement segments D, B, A, K and P. The average was based on three measurements taken in each segment. The measurements were taken by NASA Langley personnel, using the NASA Grease-Smear Method. Appendix E shows the results of these measurements.
- 2.4.5 <u>Program Schedule.</u> The schedule for the test program is given in Appendix F. The daily schedule was dependent upon good weather, which, fortunately, occurred for the duration of the test period.
- 2.4.6 Test Run Sequence Schedule. Three primary test sites were used at NASA Wallops Flight Facility. The program required six days to complete. Four test teams composed of two personnel each, were assigned to complete 72 runs per day. 288 runs per day or a total of 1,728 runs were planned for the test program. However, as in many major programs, there were extenuating circumstances that prevented completion of all the planned runs. Maintenance problems occurring with several of the friction devices, time constraints, exhaustion of test personnel, were but just some of the reasons that a few of the test runs were not completed. Even so, 95 percent of the program, or 1,643 runs were completed. Appendix G gives the order of the test run sequences. Modifications in the order were made due to mitigating circumstances and events that occurred at the test site locations.
- 2.4.7 Test Run Sequence Records. All test runs were recorded on the Field Data Log sheets and the data accrued is presented in Appendices H through J. The test personnel were instructed on the importance of recording accurately the mu averages from the friction trace to the Field Data Log sheet. Each team was assigned to operate a particular friction measuring device and were furnished a set of instructions for the days work. A filing system was set up to manage the data accrued at the test site.

- 2.4.8 Field Data Entry Information. The test teams were instructed to furnish the information listed in Appendix K into the computer for each test run conducted in the program. The purpose of this request was to assure that all data accrued would be correctly labeled and identified so that the various statistical analyses could be performed with confidence.
- 2.4.9 <u>Manpower Requirements for the Program.</u> The following manpower was used to conduct the program in an efficient manner:

Field Test Program Coordinator (Field Program Manager)

1 person.

(Field Program Manager)

Assistant Test Program Coordinators (Test Site Supervisors)

3 personnel.

Friction Equipment Operators:

4 experienced friction equipment personnel.

4 drivers for the vehicles.

Data Analysis personnel

2 personnel

- 2.4.10 <u>Briefing of Test Personnel.</u> Before starting the test program, a briefing of all test personnel was given to inform them of the test procedures and expected daily assignments. This was very important to the successful completion of the program and resulted in its smooth operation without any major delays or misunderstandings.
- 2.4.11 <u>Data Acquisition</u>. A total of sixty tires were tested in the program. Three tire manufacturers provided two batches of tires, each batch containing ten tires. Each batch was divided into two series, each series containing 5 tires. Four friction measuring devices were used in the program. Three required one tire and the fourth required two tires, which accounted for the five tires used in a series. The friction devices were driven at two test speeds of 40 and 60 mph (65 and 95 km/h) over five different types of surfaces. These surfaces were selected to provide the widest possible range of friction values at the Wallops Flight Facility. A total of 288 test runs were conducted for six days, or a total of 1,643 runs for the entire program. This resulted in a total of 2,725 data points accrued in the test program.
- 2.4.12 <u>Data Reduction</u>. Since the pavement segments were less than the standard 500 ft (150 m) length, they ranged from 200 to 350 ft (60 to 100 m), the average mu values were obtained by visual interpretation from the segments friction trace. The center 100 ft (30 m) section of the segment friction trace was selected as the distance where the mu averages would be taken. This was done partly because the test segments

were shorter than the normal standard 500 ft (150 m) length and because the reaction time of the recording instruments require a distance of about 50 ft (15 m) before the mu value would stabilize. Therefore, the central 100 ft (30 m) of the test segment was always used to record the visually interpreted mu values in the test program.

- 2.4.13 <u>Data Analysis</u>. After completion of each day's scheduled testing, the data was compiled and statistical analyses were conducted. The statistical analyses were performed on an AST PC computer and graphs were plotted using a Hewlett-Packard 7550A Graphics Plotter. The data obtained for the test runs were printed on a Panasonic KX-P1191 Multi-Mode Printer.
- 2.4.14 <u>Tire Performance Criteria</u>. To show excellent consistency by repeating friction averages throughout the friction range obtained over each of the various pavement segments, the friction averages must be within a confidence level of 95.5 %, or two standard deviations of  $\pm$  6 mu numbers.

# 2.5 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

- 2.5.1 <u>Tire Performance</u>. 156 regression analyses were performed to determine the reliability and performance of the tires manufactured by Dunlop, McCreary and Dico. The complete listing of the results of the regression analyses is given in Appendices L through N.
- 2.5.2 Friction Equipment Correlation. 31 regression analyses were performed to determine correlation between the four friction measurement devices. Based on the results of the tire performance evaluation study, the combination of the McCreary tire on three of the devices and the Dico tire on the Mu Meter proved the most reliable. Further tests were conducted to study the effects of tire performance on friction equipment correlation. Tests were conducted using the McCreary and Dunlop tires on all four friction devices and the combination of Dico on the Mu Meter with the three other devices using the McCreary tire. Based on the results of these tests, correlation tables were prepared for the friction devices. They are given in the Recommendation Section of this report and will be included in the next revision of AC 150/5320-12. A complete listing of the regression analyses results is given in Appendices S through U.

# 2.6 DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST SITES

Test site DBA includes the three pavement segments D, B and A, located on runway 4-22, starting from the 4 end at station 41+50 and continuing down the runway to station 27+50. Figure 2 shows the layout of the segments on runway 4-22. A complete description of the pavement segments is given in Table 1 on page 10. Figures 3A, 3B, through 6, on pages 11 through 15, show the surface characteristics of the pavement segments.

Test sites K and P include the two segments located on the taxiway parallel to runway 4-22. Segment K is constructed with a coal-tar emulsion (Jennite) to mask all texture of the asphalt taxiway completely. The purpose of using the Jennite material was to obtain a smooth, low friction surface when water was applied. The other segment P was constructed of aluminum sheets to obtain near zero mu values, simulating ice-like conditions. NASA Langley personnel installed the aluminum plates on test surface P prior to conducting the test program. They were removed upon completion of the study. Traffic cones were placed at the beginning and end of each test segment.

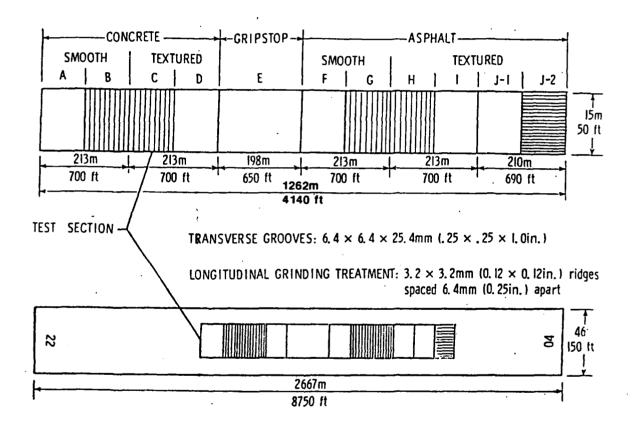


FIGURE 2. SCHEMATIC OF RUNWAY 4-22 TEST SURFACES AT NASA WALLOPS FLIGHT FACILITY

TABLE 1. DESCRIPTION OF PAVEMENT SEGMENTS

SURFACE	MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION
A Fig 3A	Ungrooved Concrete	Surfaces A and B were subjected to a canvas belt drag treatment. The goal was
B Fig 3B	Grooved Concrete	to obtain as smooth a surface texture as possible. Later, 1 x 1/4 x 1/4 inch (25 x 6 x 6 mm) transverse grooves were cut in surface B by diamond saws.
D Fig 4	Ungrooved Concrete	Surface D was subjected to a longitudinal burlap drag treatment. The goal was to obtain a typical currently used runway surface texture.
K Fig 5	Ungrooved Asphalt	The skid pad was covered with liquid Jennite, which is a coal-tar emulsion. The usual sand and aggregate content normally used in highway application was omitted in the treatment of the skid pad to obtain as smooth and slippery surface as possible.
P Fig 6	Aluminum Plates	Aluminum plates were constructed on the taxiway to obtain near zero mu values with the friction measuring devices.

# 2.7 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF FRICTION EQUIPMENT

- 2.7.1 Friction Equipment Used in the Program. The friction equipment used to test the tires in this program were qualified from a previous test program. They were the Mu Meter (MUM), Saab Friction Tester (SFT), Runway Friction Tester (RFT) and the Skiddometer (SKD). All were equipped with self water systems and water storage tanks. A computer keyboard was available on all devices except the BV-11 Skiddometer. The operator used the keyboard to enter all test run information and pavement surface conditions. Table 2 shows the four friction measuring devices' test-tire conditions.
- 2.7.1.1 <u>Mu Meter Trailer</u>. The Mark 4 Mu Meter is a side force friction measuring device, pulled by a tow vehicle. The trailer weighs approximately 540 lbs (240 kg) and uses a vertical load of 171 lbs (78 kg) over each of the two friction measuring tires. The friction measuring wheels were positioned at 7.5 degrees in the test mode and produced an apparent wheel slip ratio of 13.5 percent. This test mode resulted in an included yaw angle of 15 degrees with respect to the direction of the test run. Figure 7 shows a closeup view of the Mark 4 Mu Meter Trailer.

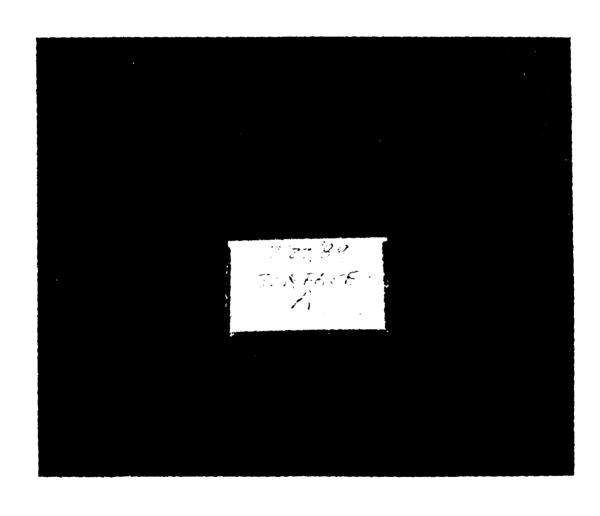


FIGURE 3A. SURFACE A: UNGROOVED CONCRETE WITH CANVAS BELT DRAG TREATMENT

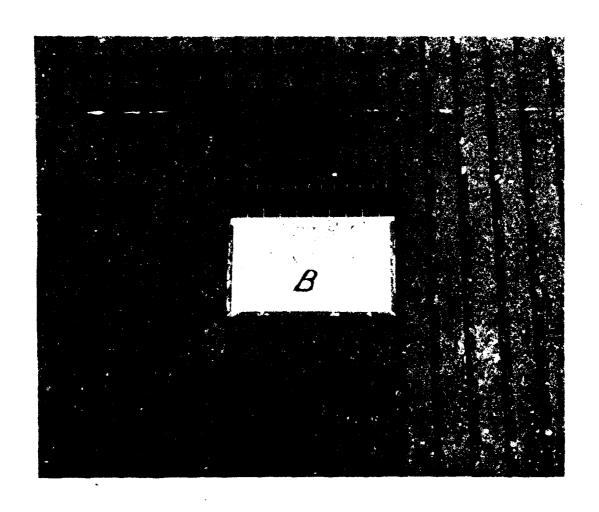


FIGURE 3B. SURFACE B: GROOVED CONCRETE WITH CANVAS BELT DRAG TREATMENT

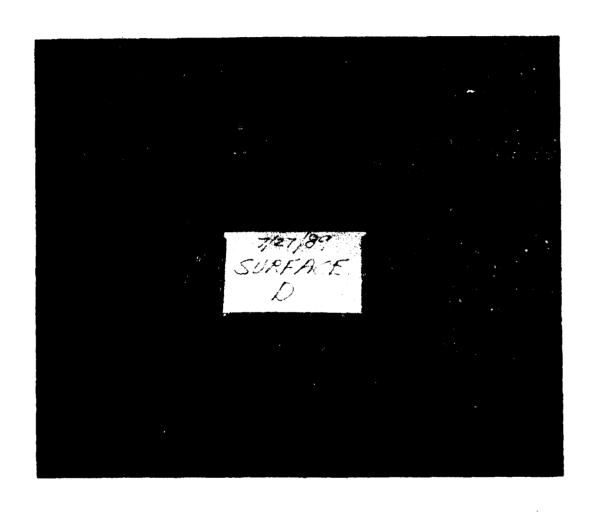


FIGURE 4. SURFACE D: UNGROOVED CONCRETE WITH LONGITUDINAL BURLAP DRAG TREATMENT

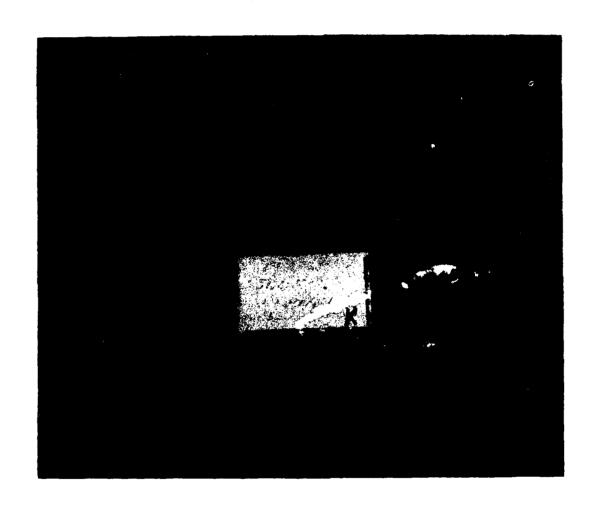


FIGURE 5. SURFACE K: UNGROOVED ASPHALT WITH LIQUID ASPHALT TREATMENT

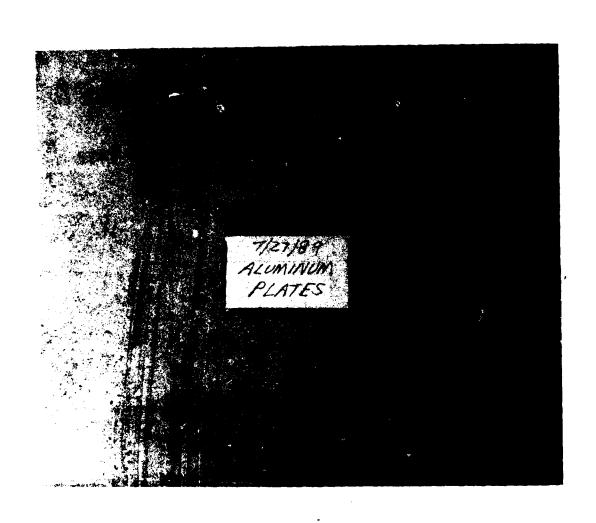


FIGURE 6. SURFACE P: ALUMINUM PLATES MOUNTED ON ASPHALT CONCRETE

TABLE 2. FRICTION MEASURING EQUIPMENT TEST-TIRE CONDITIONS

FRICTION MEASURING DEVICE	TEST-TIRE MODE	TIRE	TREAD	INFLATION PRESSURE	VERTICAL
				PSI	LB
MARK 2 SAAB FRICTION TESTER	FIXED SLIP, 10 TO 12%	RL2 AERO	SMOOTH 3-GROOVE	30	310
M 6800 RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER	FIXED SLIP, 138	RL2	SMOOTH	30	300
BV-11 SKIDDOMETER	FIXED SLIP, 15 TO 17%	RL2 AERO	SMOOTH 3-GROOVE	30	220
MARK 4 MU METER	7.5 YAWED ROLLING APPARENT SLIP, 13.5%	RL2	SMOOTH	10	171

The rear wheel measures the distance traveled and provides trailer stability. The two friction measuring wheels were smooth tread tires, size 16 x 4. The rear wheel was similar in size but had conventional tire tread design. The friction measuring tires are used for maintenance and operational purposes. They were maintained at 10 psi (70 KPa) inflation pressure and the rear wheel was maintained at 30 psi (200 KPa). Further details on the instrumentation of the trailer can be found in the manufacturer's Instruction Manual.

- 2.7.1.2 Saab Friction Tester Automobile. The Mark 2 Saab Friction Tester was a Saab sedan vehicle equipped with front wheel drive and an hydraulically retractable friction measuring wheel installed behind the rear axle. The measuring wheel was positioned at zero degree yaw angle with respect to the orientation of the rear vehicle wheels. The friction measuring wheel arm consists of a chain drive connection with the vehicles rear axle and contains the torque gauge used to compute the braking friction values. The measuring wheel operates at a slower speed than the vehicle and depending on tire configuration, at a fixed slip ratio of 10 to 12 percent. A vertical load of 310 pounds (140 kg) was applied on the friction measuring wheel. The friction measuring tire was smooth tread, size 16 x 4. The inflation pressure for the friction measuring tire was 30 psi (200 KPa) it is used for maintenance purposes. The high pressure Aero tire operates at an inflation pressure of 100 psi (700 KPa), and is used for operational purposes on ice and snow covered pavement surfaces. The high pressure tire has a 3groove tread pattern, size 16 x 4. Further information on the instrumentation of the SFT can be obtained from the manufacturer's Instruction Manual. Figure 8 shows an overview of the Mark 2 Saab Friction Tester Automobile.
- 2.7.1.3 Runway Friction Tester Minivan. The M 6800 RFT is a front wheel drive minivan with a friction measuring wheel connected to the rear axle by a gear drive producing a 13 percent fixed slip ratio. The measuring wheel was positioned at zero degree yaw angle with respect to the orientation of the rear vehicle wheels. The test tire instrumentation includes a two-axis force transducer, which measures both the vertical and drag loads on the friction measuring tire. The friction measuring tire had a vertical load of 300 lbs (136 kg). It uses a smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, with an inflation pressure of 30 psi (200 KPa). The tire is used for maintenance and operational purposes. The Instruction Manual, available from the manufacturer, gives more specific information concerning the operation and maintenance of the friction tester. Figure 9 shows an overview of the M 6800 Runway Friction Tester Minivan.
- 2.7.1.4 Skiddometer Trailer. The BV-11 Skiddometer trailer was equipped with a friction measuring wheel designed to operate at a fixed slip ratio of 15 to 17 percent. The measuring wheel is positioned at zero degree yaw angle with respect to the orientation of the wheels mounted on the trailer. The trailer weighs about 795 lbs (360 kg) and consists of a welded steel frame supported by three in-line wheels, of which two operate independently of the friction measuring wheel. A vertical load of 220 lbs

(100 kg) was applied to the friction measuring wheel. It uses a smooth tread tire for maintenance, size 16 x 4, with an inflation pressure of 30 psi (200 KPa) for maintenance purposes, and 100 psi (700 KPa) Aero tire for operational use on snow and ice covered pavement surfaces. The high pressure tire has a 3-groove tread pattern, size 16 x 4. Additional information can be obtained from the manufacturer's Instruction Manual. Figure 10 shows an overview of the BV-11 Skiddometer Trailer.

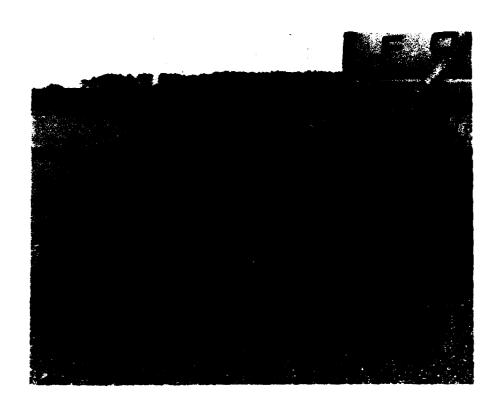


FIGURE 7. CLOSE-UP VIEW OF THE MARK 4 MU METER TRAILER



FIGURE 8. OVERVIEW OF THE MARK 2 SAAB FRICTION TESTER AUTOMOBILE

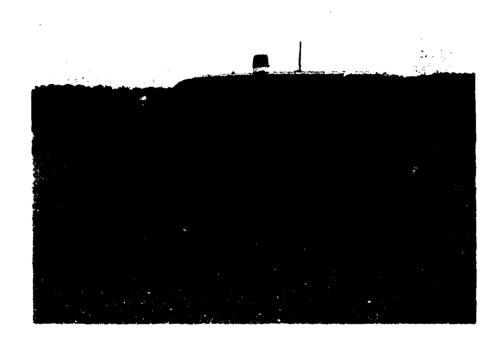


FIGURE 9. OVERVIEW OF THE M 6800 RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER MINIVAN

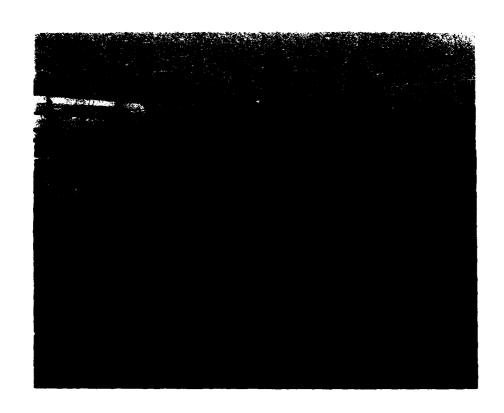


FIGURE 10. OVERVIEW OF THE BV-11 SKIDDOMETER TRAILER

# 3. EVALUATION OF TIRE PERFORMANCE

# 3.1 DESIGN OF AN EXPERIMENTAL TEST PLAN

- 3.1.1 <u>Background.</u> In response to the letter sent to FAA by ASTM Committee E 17.21 in June 1988, the FAA designed an experimental test plan that would evaluate new test tires and the present standard tire. The plan was developed so that all possible tire combinations would be evaluated. The number of tests required for statistical analysis was based on the experience gained on past test programs conducted at the NASA Wallops Flight Facility.
- 3.1.2 Number of Tires to be Tested. Three manufacturer's tires were to be evaluated: the McCreary, Dico, and Dunlop Tires. Two batches of ten tires each were provided by each manufacturer. Each batch was randomly subdivided into two series of five tires each. A total of sixty tires were selected for testing and labeled for identification according to the tire catalog (See Appendix D). Since the Mu Meter required two test tires, additional labeling of "left" and "right" was used to maintain correct identification.
- 3.1.3 <u>Selecting Tire Combinations for Statistical Analyses.</u> Seven combinations of tires were identified for statistical analyses. The explanation of the meaning of the tire code combinations is given in Table 3 below.

TABLE 3 - CODED TIRE COMBINATIONS FOR STATISTICAL ANALYSES

TIRE CODE	EXPLANATION OF CODED TIRE COMBINATIONS
1.2	Compares Batch 1 with Batch 2
11.12	Compares Batch 1 - Series 1 with Batch 1 - Series 2
21.22	Compares Batch 2 - Series 1 with Batch 2 - Series 2
11.21	Compares Batch 1 - Series 1 with Batch 2 - Series 1
12.22	Compares Batch 1 - Series 2 with Batch 2 - Series 2
11.22	Compares Batch 1 - Series 1 with Batch 2 - Series 2
12.21	Compares Batch 1 - Series 2 with Batch 2 - Series 1

The seven tire combinations listed in Table 3 were used in the linear regression analyses for all four friction devices, the three manufacturers tires, and the two test speeds used in the program. The procedure used for performing the linear regression analyses is given in Appendix O.

#### 3.2 DEVELOPMENT OF THE LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY

3.2.1 <u>Development of Procedure.</u> To compare one tires performance with another's, parameters were set in the test program to establish boundary conditions which would satisfy all data needs. Certain parameters were identified as more critical than others.

One such parameter was the slope of the linear regression line. The perfect correlation line is when Y = X, and there is a one-to-one relationship between the two variables. The closer the linear regression line coincides with the perfect line of correlation, the better the correlation. For example, other correlations can be achieved, but at a much different slope than the perfect correlation line. These are not acceptable for determining tire performance and reliability. Tire performance and reliability must be judged on how close the regression line coincides with the perfect correlation line.

To obtain performance and reliability throughout the speed and friction range, slope parameters had to be set. Based on the author's experience in testing friction equipment at NASA Wallops Facility, the following parameters were identified:

- 3.2.2 <u>Setting the Limits of Acceptability.</u> There are three basic areas for consideration in setting the parameters for the Limits of Acceptability. The first and most critical, the slope of the linear regression line is discussed above. The second critical element concerns the Coefficients of Correlation and Determination, and the third is the Standard Error of Estimate. These sets are explained in the following paragraphs:
- 3.2.2.1 The Slope-Intercept Set. The parameters for this set is divided into three elements: Slope-Intercept at X = 0, Slope of Linear Regression Line, and Slope-Intercept at X = 100.
- 3.2.2.1.1 Slope-Intercept at X = 0. Since the Standard Error of Estimate was previously set in paragraph 2.4.14, then the parameter for this set is  $\pm$  3 mu numbers for one Standard Error of Estimate.
- 3.2.2.1.2 Slope of Regression Line. A perfect correlation line is established when the slope of the regression line equals 1.0000. The parameter for the allowable variance from this line was set at  $\pm$  0.0800, or the slope range from 0.9200 to 1.0800.
  - 3.2.2.1.3 Slope-Intercept at X = 100. The parameter for allowable variance at

this intercept was set at + 5 mu numbers for one Standard Error of Estimate.

These parameters represent the minimum and maximum values that the calculated regression line can vary from the perfect line of correlation. The slope of the calculated regression line must lie within these limits.

- 3.2.2.2 <u>The Coefficient Set.</u> The parameters for this set were divided into two elements: the Coefficient of Correlation and the Coefficient of Determination.
- 3.2.2.2.1 <u>The Coefficient of Correlation</u>. The Coefficient of Correlation indicates the strength of the association between two variables. The minimum acceptable value for the Coefficient of Correlation was set at 0.9800.
- 3.2.2.2.2 <u>The Coefficient of Determination</u>. The Coefficient of Determination expresses the strength of the relationship between two variables. The minimum acceptable value for the Coefficient of Determination was set at 0.9604.
- 3.2.2.3 <u>Standard Error of Estimate Set.</u> Consists of only one element, the Standard Error of Estimate. The parameter for this set was  $\pm$  3 mu numbers for one Standard Error of Estimate.

Appendices P through R show the results of the linear regression analyses and how they compared with the parameters as set forth by the Limits of Acceptability.

#### 3.3 RATIONALE FOR EVALUATION METHOD

3.3.1 <u>Development of the Evaluation Method.</u> An evaluation method was developed to determine how well each tire performed in the test program. The method emphasized the importance of the slope of the calculated linear regression line and how it compared to the perfect correlation line. The "Slope-Intercept Set" was weighted in the evaluation 50 percent; the "Coefficients Set" was weighted 20 percent, and the "Standard Error of Estimate Set" was weighted 30 percent, for a total of 100 percent. Point values were assigned to each set as detailed below:

Each element within a set must meet the parameter for that element; any data that falls outside the parameter for that element fails the entire set. If the set failed, it received no evaluation points.

- 3.3.2 <u>Tire Combination Categories.</u> There were two tire combination categories: Category A and Category B.
- 3.3.2.1 <u>Category A.</u> This category compared the performance of 10 tires in one batch with 10 tires of another batch. This was the only tire combination in this category.

This category received 50 percent of the total evaluation points.

- 3.3.2.2 <u>Category B.</u> This category compared the performance of various combinations of batch/series of five tires. There were six tire combinations in this category. The entire category received 50 percent of the evaluation points.
- 3.3.3 Evaluation Points Assigned to Each Category. The total evaluation points for all categories was 120. Since each category was 50 percent of the total evaluation points, each category was worth 60 points.
- 3.3.3.1 Evaluation Point Breakdown for Category A. The total evaluation points for this category was 60. The point distribution for the three sets within this category were: "Slope-Intercept Set" 30 points; "Coefficient Set" 12 points; and "Standard Error Set" 18 points.
- 3.3.3.2 Evaluation Point Breakdown for Category B. The total evaluation points for this category was 60, distributed between six tire combinations. The total evaluation for any one tire combination was 10 points. The point distribution for the three sets within this category were: "Slope-Intercept Set" 5 points; "Coefficient Set" 2 points; and "Standard Error Set" 3 points.

## 3.4 EVALUATION OF McCREARY TIRE PERFORMANCE

3.4.1 <u>Linear Regression Analyses</u>. The linear regression analyses were performed according to the procedures outlined in Appendix O. The data for the analyses were taken from the Field Data sheets in Appendix H for each of the friction devices used in the test program. Table 3 lists the various tire combinations used in the linear regression analyses. Appendix L shows the charts which were produced by the linear regression analyses. They render a graphic presentation of the performance and reliability of the McCreary tire. The Summary Tables given in Appendix P show the results of the Limits of Acceptability parameter comparisons. The results of the Evaluation Method are given in Tables 4 through 7. The summary of the overall performance for the McCreary tire is given in Table 16. The following paragraphs detail the results of the linear regression analyses and identify those parameters which exceed the Limits of Acceptability.

# 3.4.1.1 Evaluation of McCreary Tire Performance on the Runway Priction Tester.

3.4.1.1.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 1)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 Meets all parameters.

# 3.4.1.1.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 2)

## **CATEGORY A:**

1.2 Meets all parameters.

### **CATEGORY B:**

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 S @ X = Y; +0.9155 < +0.9200SI @ X = 100; -5.6779 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
- 12.21 Meets all parameters.

## 3.4.1.2 <u>Evaluation of McCreary Tire Performance on the Saab Friction Tester.</u>

# 3.4.1.2.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 3)

### CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

- 11.12 SI @ X = 100; -6.4493 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 Meets all parameters.

## 3.4.1.2.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 4)

### CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

## CATEGORY B:

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 Meets all parameters.

## 3.4.1.3 Evaluation of McCreary Tire Performance on the Skiddometer.

## 3.4.1.3.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 5)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 Meets all parameters.

## 3.4.1.3.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 6)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

## **CATEGORY B:**

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 SI @ X = 100; +5.4144 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS

## 3.4.1.4 Evaluation of McCreary Tire Performance on the Mu Meter.

## 3.4.1.4.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 7)

1.2	CC;	0.9679 <	0.9800
	CD;	0.9369 <	0.960412 POINTS
	SEE:	5.1281 >	3.000018 POINTS

11.12 SI @ X = 0; 
$$+3.9751 > +3.0000$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $+11.5751 > +5.0000.... -5$  POINTS  
SEE;  $3.0094 > 3.0000.... -3$  POINTS

21.22 SI @ 
$$X = 0$$
; -5.1060 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS

11.21 S @ X = Y; 
$$+1.0975 > +1.0800$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $+11.7966 > +5.0000....$  -5 POINTS

12.22 SI @ 
$$X = 0$$
; -5.3682 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS

11.22 S @ X = Y; 
$$+1.1333 > +1.0800$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $+11.8644 > +5.0000....$  -5 POINTS

12.21 Meets all parameters.

## 3.4.1.4.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table P - 8)

### CATEGORY A:

#### **CATEGORY B:**

11.12 SI @ 
$$X = 100$$
; +9.7262 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS

21.22 Meets all parameters.

11.21 S @ X = Y; 
$$+1.1271 > +1.0800$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $+11.3748 > +5.0000....$  -5 POINTS  
SEE;  $3.5691 > 3.0000....$  -3 POINTS

12.22 Meets all parameters.

11.22 S @ X = Y; 
$$+1.1045 > +1.0800$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $+11.2443 > +5.0000.... -5$  POINTS  
SEE;  $3.2529 > 3.0000.... -3$  POINTS

12.21 Meets all parameters.

### 3.5 EVALUATION OF DICO TIRE PERFORMANCE

3.5.1 Linear Regression Analyses. The linear regression analyses were performed according to the procedures outlined in Appendix O. The data for the analyses were taken from the Field Data sheets in Appendix I for each of the friction devices used in the test program. Table 3 lists the various tire combinations used in the linear regression analyses. Appendix M shows the charts which were produced by the linear regression analyses. They render a graphic presentation of the performance and reliability of the Dico tire. The Summary Tables given in Appendix Q show the results of the Limits of Acceptability comparisons. The results of the Evaluation Method are given in Tables 8 through 11. The summary of the overall performance for the Dico tire is given in Table 16. The following paragraphs detail the results of the linear regression analyses and identify those parameters which exceed the Limits of Acceptability.

## 3.5.1.1 Evaluation of Dico Tire Performance on the Runway Friction Tester.

## 3.5.1.1.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table Q - 1)

#### CATEGORY A:

1.2	S @ X = Y;	+0.8766	<	+0.9200
	SI @ X = 100;	-13.2287	>	+5.000030 POINTS
	CC;	0.9777	<	0.9800
	CD;	0.9559	<	0.960412 POINTS
	SEE;	3.4400	>	3.000018 POINTS

```
11.12 SI @ X = 100;
                                +5.1983 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS
21.22 \text{ SI } @ X = 0;
                                +3.2390 > +3.0000.... -5 POINTS
11.21 SI @ X = 0;
                                 -3.2387 > -3.0000
     S @ X = Y;
                                +0.9055 < +0.9200
     SI @ X = 100:
                                -12.6887 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
     SEE:
                                 3.2822 >
                                             3.0000.... -3 POINTS
12.22 S @ X = Y;
                                +0.8508 < +0.9200
     SI @ X = 100;
                                -13.5196 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
11.22 S @ X = Y;
                                +0.9118 < +0.9200
     SI @ X = 100;
                                -9.0910 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
```

12.21 S @ X = Y; +0.8459 < +0.9200 SI @ X = 100; -17.0511 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS SEE; 3.0674 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS

## 3.5.1.1.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table Q - 2)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 S @ X = Y; +0.8722 < +0.9200SI @ X = 100; -12.8547 > -5.0000....-30 POINTS

## **CATEGORY B:**

11.12 SI @ X = 100; +5.3351 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS

21.22 Meets all parameters

11.21 S @ X = Y; +0.9146 < +0.9200SI @ X = 100; -9.6814 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.22 S @ X = Y; +0.8380 < +0.9200 SI @ X = 100; +0.8380 < -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

11.22 S @ X = Y; +0.9000 < +0.9200SI @ X = 100; -10.3507 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.21 S @ X = Y; +0.8403 < +0.9200 SI @ X = 100; +0.8403 < +0.9200 -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

### 3.5.1.2 Evaluation of Dico Tire Performance on the Saab Friction Tester.

### 3.5.1.2.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table Q - 3)

### CATEGORY A:

1.2 SI @ X = 0; -4.9893 > -3.0000....-30 POINTS CC; 0.9795 < 0.9800 
CD; 0.9593 < 0.9604....-12 POINTS SEE; 5.1880 > 3.0000....-18 POINTS

### **CATEGORY B:**

## 11.12 Meets all parameters.

```
-3.5310 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS
21.22 \text{ SI } @ X = 0;
                                              3.0000.... -3 POINTS
                                  3.5204 >
      SEE:
                                  -3.2921 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS
11.21 SI @ X = 0;
                                              3.0000.... -3 POINTS
                                  4.3671 >
     SEE;
                                  -6.6638 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS
12.22 SI @ X = 0;
                                              0.9800
                                  0.9759 <
     CC;
                                              0.9604.... -2 POINTS
      CD;
                                  0.9525 <
                                  5.7993 >
                                              3.0000.... -3 POINTS
      SEE;
                                  -6.8381 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS
11.22 SI @ X = 0;
     CC;
                                  0.9751 <
                                              0.9800
                                              0.9604.... -2 POINTS
      CD;
                                  0.9509 <
                                              3.0000.... -3 POINTS
      SEE;
                                  5.8936 >
                                  4.7112 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
12.21 SEE;
```

# 3.5.1.2.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table Q - 4)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2	SI @ X = 0;		-6.6984	>	-3.0000
	S @ X = Y;		+1.1314	>	+1.0800
	SI @ $X = 100$ ;		+6.4416	>	+5.000030 POINTS
	CC;		0.9684	<	0.9800
	CD;		0.9379	<	0.960412 POINTS
	SEE;	•	5.5747	>	3.000018 POINTS

## **CATEGORY B:**

## 11.12 Meets all parameters.

21.22 SI @ X = 0:

	SI @ X = 100;	-7.8389	>	-5.00005 POINTS
	SEE;	4.1862	>	3.00003 POINTS
11.21	SI @ $X = 0$ ;	-5.0055	>	-3.0000
	S @ X = Y;	+1.1368	>	+1.0800
	SI @ X = 100;	+8.6745	>	+5.00005 POINTS
	SEE:	3.8512	>	3.00003 POINTS

-3.9389 > -3.0000

```
12.22 SI @ X = 0;
                             -8.2248 > -3.0000
     S @ X = Y;
                              +1.1195 > +1.0800.... -5 POINTS
                              0.9569 < 0.9800
     CC;
                               0.9156 < 0.9604.... -2 POINTS
     CD;
     SEE;
                               6.4966 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
11.22 SI @ X = 0;
                              -8.5756 > -3.0000
     S @ X = Y;
                            +1.0862 > +1.0800.... -5 POINTS
     CC;
                               0.9627 < 0.9800
                               0.9268 < 0.9604.... -2 POINTS
     CD:
    SEE;
                               6.0506 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
12.21 SI @ X = 0;
                             -4.8475 > -3.0000
     S @ X = Y;
                            +1.1796 > +1.0800
                             +13.1125 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS
     SI @ X = 100;
     SEE;
                               3.7632 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
```

## 3.5.1.3 Evaluation of Dico Tire Performance on the Skiddometer.

## 3.5.1.3.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table Q - 5)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2	SI @ X = 0;	-3.5875	>	-3.0000
	S @ X = Y;	+0.9105	<	+0.9200
	SI @ $X = 100$ ;	-12.5375	>	-5.000030 POINTS
	CC;	0.9738	<	0.9800
	CD;	0.9482	<	0.960412 POINTS
	SEE;	5.2490	>	3.000018 POINTS

```
+0.8702 < +0.9200
    11.21 S @ X = Y;
                                 -14.1297 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
         SI @ X = 100;
                                  0.9599 < 0.9800
         CC;
                                   0.9215 < 0.9604.... -2 POINTS
         CD:
                                    6.6413 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
          SEE;
                                   -5.2178 > -3.0000
    12.22 SI @ X = 0;
                                   -8.9478 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
          SI @ X = 100;
                                   3.1936 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
          SEE;
                                  -5.8350 > -3.0000
    11.22 SI @ X = 0;
                                   +0.8429 < +0.9200
          S @ X = Y;
                                  -21.5450 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
          SI @ X = 100;
                                    0.9591 < 0.9800
          CC:
                                    0.9199 < 0.9604.... -2 POINTS
          CD;
                                    6.5003 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
          SEE;
                                    3.2028 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
     12.21 SEE;
3.5.1.3.2 Test Speed 60 MPH. (See Table Q - 6)
CATEGORY A:
                                    -3.6261 > -3.0000
           SI @ X = 0;
     1.2
                                    -5.8261 > -5.0000....-30 POINTS
           SI @ X = 100;
CATEGORY B:
                                   +0.8679 < +0.9200
      11.12 S @ X = Y;
                               -13.1823 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
           SI @ X = 100;
      21.22 Meets all parameters.
                                     -9.9215 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
      11.21 SI @X = 100;
                                    -4.7775 > -3.0000.... -5 POINTS
      12.22 SI @ X = 0;
                                    4.7625 > -3.0000
      11.22 SI @ X = 0;
                                     +0.9105 < +0.9200
            S @ X = Y;
                                    -13.7125 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
            SI @ X = 100;
```

12.21 Meets all parameters.

# 3.5.1.4 Evaluation of Dico Tire Performance on the Mu Meter.

# 3.5.1.4.1 Test Speed 40 MPH. (See Table Q - 7)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

### **CATEGORY B:**

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 SEE;

3.2224 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS

- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 SI @ X = 100;

-5.3271 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

# 3.5.1.4.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table Q - 8)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 Meets all parameters.

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.21 Meets all parameters.
- 12.22 Meets all parameters.
- 11.22 Meets all parameters.
- 12.21 Meets all parameters.

#### 3.6 EVALUATION OF DUNLOP TIRE PERFORMANCE

3.6.1 <u>Linear Regression Analyses</u>. The linear regression analyses were performed according to the procedures outlined in Appendix O. The data for the analyses were taken from the Field Data sheets in Appendix J for each of the friction devices used in the test program. Table 3 lists the various tire combinations used in the linear regression analyses. Appendix N shows the charts which were produced by the linear regression analyses. They render a graphic presentation of the performance and reliability of the Dunlop Tire. The Summary Tables given in Appendix R show the results of the Limits of Acceptability comparisons. The results of the Evaluation Method are given in Tables 12 through 15. The summary of the overall performance for the Dunlop tire is given in Table 16. The following paragraphs detail the results of the linear regression analyses and identify those parameters which exceed the Limits of Acceptability.

## 3.6.1.1 Evaluation of Dunlop Tire Performance on the Runway Friction Tester.

3.6.1.1.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 1)

NOTE: Runway Friction Tester completed only Batch 1 set of tire tests. \*
Batch 2 was not completed due to accidental damage to vehicle.

#### CATEGORY A:

1.2 No analysis conducted. \*

```
11.12 SI @ X = 0; +4.2630 > +3.0000
S @ X = Y; +0.9147 < +0.9200.... -5 POINTS
```

- 21.22 No analysis conducted. \*
- 11.21 No analysis conducted. \*
- 12.22 No analysis conducted. \*
- 11.22 No analysis conducted. \*
- 12.21 No analysis conducted. \*

# 3.6.1.1.2 Test Speed 60 MPH. (See Table R - 2)

# CATEGORY A:

1.2 No analysis conducted. \*

### **CATEGORY B:**

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 No analysis conducted. \*
- 11.21 No analysis conducted. \*
- 12.22 No analysis conducted. \*
- 11.22 No analysis conducted. \*
- 12.21 No analysis conducted. \*

# 3.6.1.2 Evaluation of Dunlop Tire Performance on the Saab Friction Tester.

# 3.6.1.2.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 3)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2	SI @ X = 100;	-9.6950	>	-5.000030 POINTS
	SEE;	4.7325	>	3.000018 POINTS

11.12	SI @ X =	100;	-6.0930	>	-5.00005 POINTS
	SEE;		3.0543	>	3.00003 POINTS
21.22	SI @ X =	0;	+4.1199	>	+3.00005 POINTS
	SEE;		4.5275	>	3.00003 POINTS
11.21	SI @ X =	0;	<b>-4</b> .9106	>	-3.0000
	SI @ X =	100;	-11.0306	>	-5.00005 POINTS
	SEE;		4.2653	>	3.00003 POINTS
12.22	SI @ X =	100;	-8.0659	>	-5.00005 POINTS
	SEE:		4.5679	>	3.00003 POINTS

11.22 S @ X = Y;

+0.8795 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-13.2046 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

SEE:

3.4820 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS

12.21 SI @X = 0;

**-4.4891** > **-3.0000** 

SI @ X = 100;

-5.2691 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

SEE:

4.3836 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS

## 3.6.1.2.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 4)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 S @ X = Y;

+0.8940 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-12.4519 > -5.0000....-30 POINTS

## **CATEGORY B:**

- 11.12 Meets all parameters.
- 21.22 Meets all parameters.

11.21 S @ X = Y;

+0.8782 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-14.9655 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.22 S @ X = Y;

+0.9157 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-9.5271 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

11.22 S @ X = Y;

+0.8839 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-13.3382 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.21 S @ X = Y;

+0.9099 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-11.1703 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

# 3.6.1.3 Evaluation of Dunlop Tire Performance on the Skiddometer.

## 3.6.1.3.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 5)

### CATEGORY A:

1.2 SI @ X = 100;

-8.1103 > -5.0000....-30 POINTS

SEE:

4.9533 > 3.0000....-18 POINTS

11.12 SI @ 
$$X = 100$$
;

-6.1923 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

21.22 SI @ 
$$X = 100$$
;  
SEE;

+7.7445 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS 3.5780 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS

11.21 S @ 
$$X = Y$$
;

+0.8650 < +0.9200

-14.1586 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS 3.9737 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS

12.22 Meets all parameters.

11.22 SI @ 
$$X = 100$$
;

-6.7766 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.21 SI @ 
$$X = 100$$
;

-8.3593 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

3.6.1.3.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 6)

## CATEGORY A:

1.2 SI @ 
$$X = 100$$
;

-5.0126 > -5.0000....-30 POINTS

SEE;

3.3078 > 3.0000....-18 POINTS

### CATEGORY B:

11.12 Meets all parameters.

$$21.22 \text{ SI } @ X = 100;$$

+9.3256 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS

11.21 SI @ X = 100;

-8.7745 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.22 Meets all parameters.

11.22 Meets all parameters.

12.21 S @ 
$$X = Y$$
;

+0.9117 < +0.9200

SI @ X = 100;

-10.0603 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS

## 3.6.1.4 Evaluation of Dunlop Tire Performance on the Mu Meter.

## 3.6.1.4.1 <u>Test Speed 40 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 7)

### CATEGORY A:

1.2	SI @ X = 0;	+3.7872	>	-3.000030 POINTS
	CC;	0.9771	<	0.9800
	CD;	0.9548	<	0.960412 POINTS
	SEE;	4.4304	>	3.000018 POINTS

#### **CATEGORY B:**

## 21.22 Meets all parameters.

11.21 SI @ 
$$X = 0$$
; +4.1824 > +3.0000  
SI @  $X = 100$ ; +6.1624 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.22 S @ X = Y; 
$$+0.8793 < +0.9200$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $-10.1383 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS$   
SEE;  $3.1496 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS$ 

11.22 SI @ 
$$X = 0$$
; +5.8719 > +3.0000  
SI @  $X = 100$ ; +9.4019 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS

12.21 S @ X = Y; 
$$+0.9073 < +0.9200$$
  
SI @ X = 100;  $-9.9581 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS$   
SEE;  $3.4411 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS$ 

## 3.6.1.4.2 <u>Test Speed 60 MPH.</u> (See Table R - 8)

1.2	SI @ X = 0;	+3.1151	>	+3.000030 POINTS
	CC;	0.9593	<	0.9800
	CD;	0.9203	<	0.960412 POINTS
	SEE;	5.4259	>	3.000018 POINTS

```
+6.9232 > +3.0000
11.12 SI @ X = 0;
                              +1.1642 > +1.0800
     S @ X = Y;
     SI @ X = 100;
                             +23.3432 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS
                                0.9793 < 0.9800
     CC;
     CD:
                                0.9591 < 0.9604.... -2 POINTS
     SEE;
                                4.3367 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
21.22 Meets all parameters.
11.21 SI @ X = 0;
                              +4.1472 > +3.0000
     S @ X = Y;
                              +1.0975 > +1.0800
     SI @ X = 100;
                             +13.8972 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS
12.22 S @ X = Y;
                              +0.8783 < +0.9200
     SI @ X = 100;
                              -11.8698 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
11.22 SI @ X = 0;
                              +4.6868 > +3.0000
                              +1.1017 > +1.0800
     S @ X = Y;
     SI @ X = 100;
                             +14.8568 > +5.0000.... -5 POINTS
     SEE;
                               3.2942 > 3.0000.... -3 POINTS
                               -9.5151 > -5.0000.... -5 POINTS
12.21 SI @ X = 100;
```

### 3.7 TIRE PERFORMANCE SUMMARY PER FRICTION EQUIPMENT

3.7.1 <u>Tire Performance Evaluation Tables</u>. The following Tables summarize the results of the Tire Evaluation Method used in the analysis. The Tables reflect the results of the evaluation, showing the accrued point totals and percentages for each category for each tire tested on the four friction measuring devices for the two test speeds.

TABLE 4 - McCreary tire performance on runway friction tester

TIRE	TIRE PERFORMANCE AT 40 MPH			ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS		ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
A	60	100.0000	60	100.0000	120	100.0000	
В	60	100.0000	55	91.6667	115	95.8333	
TOTAL	120	100.0000	115	95.8333	235	97.9167	

TABLE 5 - McCreary tire performance on saab friction tester

TIRE	TIRE PERFORMANCE AT 40 MPH			ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
A	60	100.0000	60	100.0000	120	100.0000	
В	55	91.6667	60	100.0000	115	95.8333	
TOTAL	115	95.8333	120	100.0000	235	97.9167	

TABLE 6 - McCreary tire performance on skiddometer

TIRE		ERFORMANCE 40 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
A	60	100.0000	60	100.0000	120	100.0000	
В	60	100.0000	55	91.6667	115	95.8333	
TOTAL	120	100.0000	115	95.8333	235	97.9167	

TABLE 7 - McCREARY TIRE PERFORMANCE ON MU METER

TIRE		ERFORMANCE 40 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS PERCENTAGE		ACCRUED POINTS		ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
A	30	50.0000	12	20.0000	42	35.0000	
В	32	53.3333	39	65.0000	71	59.1667	
TOTAL	62 51.6667		51 42.5000		113 47.0833		

TABLE 8 - DICO TIRE PERFORMANCE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER

TIRE	TIRE PERFORMANCE AT 40 MPH			ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED ACCRUED POINTS PER		PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE		
A	0	0.0000	30	50.0000	30	25.0000	
В	24	40.0000	35	58.3333	59	49.1667	
TOTAL	24 20.0000		65	54.1667	89	37.0833	

TABLE 9 - DICO TIRE PERFORMANCE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER

TIRE		ERFORMANCE 10 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
Α	0	0.0000	0	0.0000	0	0.0000	
В	21	35.0000	16	26.6667	37	30.8333	
TOTAL	21	17.5000	16	13.3333	37	15.4167	

TABLE 10 - DICO TIRE PERFORMANCE ON SKIDDOMETER

TIRE PERFORMANCE AT 40 MPH				ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED ACCRUED POINTS PERCENTAGE				ACCRUED POINTS	l '	
Α	0	0.0000	30	50.0000	30	25.0000	
В	16	26.6667	40	66.6667	56	46.6667	
TOTAL	16 13.3333		70	58.3333	86	35.8333	

TABLE 11 - DICO TIRE PERFORMANCE ON MU METER

TIRE	R.	ERFORMANCE 10 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS PERCENTAGE		ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
A	60	100.0000	60	100.0000	120	100.0000	
В	52	86.6667	60	100.0000	112	93.3333	
TOTAL	112 93.3333		120	100.0000	232 96.6667		

TABLE 12 - DUNLOP TIRE PERFORMANCE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER

TIRE	TIRE PERFORMANCE AT 40 MPH			ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS PERCENTAGE		ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
Α	NA *		NA *		NA *		
В	NA *		NA *		NA *		
TOTAL							

<sup>\*</sup> Reference paragraph 3.6.1.1.1.

TABLE 13 - DUNLOP TIRE PERFORMANCE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER

TIRE		ERFORMANCE 10 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE			ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
Α	12	20.0000	30	50.0000	42	35.0000	
В	12	20.0000	40	66.6667	52	43.3333	
TOTAL	24 20.0000		70	58.3333	94	39.1667	

TABLE 14 - DUNLOP TIRE PERFORMANCE ON SKIDDOMETER

TIRE		ERFORMANCE 10 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE	
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS PERCENTAGE		ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE
Α	12	20.0000	12	20.0000	24	20.0000
В	29	48.3333	45	75.0000	74	61.6667
TOTAL	41 34.1667		57	47.5000	98	40.8333

TABLE 15 - DUNLOP TIRE PERFORMANCE ON MU METER

TIRE		ERFORMANCE 10 MPH		ERFORMANCE 50 MPH	OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE		
CATEGORY	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	ACCRUED POINTS	PERCENTAGE	
A	0	0.0000	0	0.0000	0	0.0000	
В	26	43.3333	27	45.0000	53	44.1667	
TOTAL	26 21.6667		27	22.5000	53	22.0833	

### 3.8 SUMMARY OF OVERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE

3.8.1 Final Results of Tire Performance. Table 16 shows the final results of the tire performance and reliability evaluation. It is interesting to note that the McCreary tire, which follows ASTM Specification E 524, performs best on the non-yawed friction devices, whereas the yawed-mode friction device, the Mu Meter, performs the best when using the Dico tire according to the ASTM Specification E 670. This test program verifies that the tires perform according to their respective ASTM specifications.

TABLE 16 - OVERALL SUMMARY OF TIRE PERFORMANCE ON FRICTION EQUIPMENT

EDIOMION HONIDATIVE	TEST TIRE				
FRICTION EQUIPMENT	McCREARY	DICO	DUNLOP		
RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER	98%	37%	INCOMPLETE		
SAAB FRICTION TESTER	98%	15%	39%		
SKIDDOMETER	98%	36%	418		
MU METER	47%	97%	22\$		

## 4. CORRELATION OF FRICTION EQUIPMENT

## 4.1 DEVELOPMENT OF CORRELATION PARAMETERS

- 4.1.1 Background. The parameters used in this study for correlation between two friction devices that operate in different friction modes has been established during the authors many years of experience of testing friction equipment at the Wallops Flight Facility. The two most important parameters for correlation are the Coefficient of Correlation and the Standard Error of Estimate. However, the slope will no longer be the perfect line of correlation and the criteria developed in the tire evaluation will not apply for the correlation analysis. The slope of the calculated regression line showing correlation between the two friction devices will be shifted from the perfect line of correlation. This shift is attributed to the physical characteristics of each friction device. They are not designed to operate in the same friction mode and thus will record different mu numbers for the same pavement surface conditions in portions of the friction range. The precision of the correlation is determined by the data scatter pattern relative to the calculated regression line and how well the line is established throughout the friction range.
- 4.1.2 Accuracy of the Friction Equipment and Development of Test Procedures. The accuracy of the friction equipment is determined by the consistency of repetition of friction values for each test segment throughout the friction/speed range. Previous qualification trials have been conducted for the four friction devices used in this program. They have met the performance specification given in AC 150/5320-12A. Their performance in the tire evaluation study was excellent.

The test procedures used in this study are a result of many years of experience in testing friction devices. There are variables that cannot be controlled during a test and, because of this, the accuracy for each device can be affected. The tests were conducted on pavements that were supposed to be consistent, but which, in fact, have deteriorated over 20 years because of weathering, trafficking and settlement. Friction tests cannot be conducted over the same identical surface for each run. These variations effect the repeatability of the data. However, these variables effect all devices in the same way, so the accuracy is not truly jeopardized. The pavements have to be dry when conducting friction tests. Each friction device has its own self water system. When conducting a large number of tests, the data on the first couple of test runs are effected because of the dry pavement surface. After the pavement surface becomes damp, the data is repeatable But ideally, the best procedure is to wait between test runs and allow the surface to dry completely before conducting another test run. However, this is not practical approach, mainly because of the large number of tests required, number of equipment involved, and number of vehicle speeds required in the program. The self water procedure developed and used at Wallops over various pavement segments under continuous damp conditions, will nevertheless, provide data meaningful for correlation of friction devices. This background information explains why the Standard Error of Estimate had to be increased from  $\pm$  3 mu numbers to  $\pm$  3.5 mu numbers to allow for variations that cannot be controlled in the test program. This parameter was selected because it was considered reasonable and not so restrictive as to penalize the equipment for uncontrollable pavement surface conditions.

- 4.1.3 <u>Setting the Evaluation Parameters.</u> Correlation between two friction devices is acceptable when the Correlation Coefficient exceeds 0.9800, the Coefficient of Determination exceeds 0.9604 and the Standard Error of Estimate is less than  $\pm$  3.5 mu numbers. The slope of the regression line must be well established throughout the friction range.
- 4.1.4 <u>Evaluation Method</u>. This method is divided into two sets: the "Coefficient Set" and the "Standard Error of Estimate Set".
- 4.1.4.1 <u>Point Breakdown for the Coefficient Set.</u> The Coefficient Set includes the Coefficients of Correlation and Determination. The Set is worth 5 points, and if either of the parameters is not acceptable, the entire set fails and gets zero points.
- 4.1.4.2 <u>Point Breakdown for the Standard Error of Estimate Set.</u> The Standard Error of Estimate Set includes only the Standard Error of Estimate. The Set is worth 5 points.

#### 4.2 TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

4.2.1 <u>Correlation Between Friction Equipment and McCreary Tire.</u> The regression analyses conducted for the various correlations are listed in Table 18. The following correlations are discussed in detail below, identifying the elements that exceed the parameters.

40MUMMAC.DUN	SEE;	4.1356	>	3.5000	- 5	POINTS
40MUM60.MAC	CC;	0.9772	. <	0.9800		
	CD;	0.9549	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	4.0162	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
40MUMRFT.MAC	CC;	0.9752	<	0.9800		
•	CD;	0.9510	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	3.6612	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
60MUMRFT.MAC	CC;	0.9762	<	0.9800	•	
	CD;	0.9529	<	0.9600	- 5	<b>POINTS</b>
40MUMSFT.MAC	CC;	0.9679	<	0.9800		

	CD;	0.9368	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	6.0374	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
60MUMSFT.MAC	CC;	0.9799	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.9603	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	4.1933	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
40MUMSKD.MAC	CC;	0.9594	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.9204	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	6.7166	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
60MUMSKD.MAC	CC;	0.9693	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.9396	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	5.2838	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS

4.2.2 <u>Correlation Between Friction Equipment and McCreary/Dico Tire.</u> The regression analyses conducted for the various correlations are listed in Table 19. The following correlations are discussed below, identifying the elements that exceed the parameters.

40DUNMUM.DIK	Meets	all paramete	ers		•	
40MUM60.DIK	Meets	all paramete	ers			
MUDKRFMC.40	Meets	all paramete	ers			
MUDKRFMC.60	Meets	all paramete	ers			·
MUDKSFMC.40	SEE;	3.6674	>	3.5000	- 5	POINTS
MUDKSFMC.60	Meets	all paramete	ers			,
MUDKSKMC.40	Meets	all paramete	ers			
MUDKSKMC.60	SEE;	3.9503	>	3.5000	- 5	POINTS

4.2.3 <u>Correlation Between Friction Equipment and Dunlop Tire.</u> The regression analyses conducted for the various correlations are listed in Table 20. The following correlations are discussed in detail below, identifying the elements that exceed the parameters.

40MUM60.DUN	Meets	all param	eters			
40MUMSFT.DUN	CC;	0.9468	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.8964	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	9.3393	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
60MUMSFT.DUN	CC;	0.9463	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.8955	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	8.0194	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
40MUMSKD.DUN	CC;	0.9575	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.9168	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	7.9419	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS
60MUMSKD.DUN	CC;	0.9590	<	0.9800		
	CD;	0.9197	<	0.9604		
	SEE;	6.7917	>	3.5000	- 10	POINTS

#### 4.3 OVERALL SUMMARY OF TIRE PERFORMANCE

4.3.1 <u>Tire Performance on Friction Equipment Correlation</u>. Table 17 shows the overall tire performance on friction equipment correlation. The McCreary tire, mounted on all four friction devices was given a 13 % performance rating. The combination of McCreary tire mounted on the Runway Friction Tester, Saab Friction Tester and Skiddometer and the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter were given a performance rating of 88 %. The Dunlop tire mounted on all four devices was given a 20 % performance rating.

TABLE 17 - OVERALL SUMMARY OF TIRE PERFORMANCE ON FRICTION EQUIPMENT CORRELATION

01	VERALL TIRE PERFORMANCE	3
McCREARY TIRE	McCREARY/DICO TIRE	DUNLOP TIRE
13 %	88 %	20 %

# 4.4 SELECTION OF BEST PERFORMING TIRE(S) FOR CORRELATION

4.4.1 <u>Correlation of Friction Equipment Using the McCreary/Dico Tires.</u> The McCreary tire did not perform well on the Mu Meter and that is why the correlation between the Mu Meter and the other devices using the McCreary tire did not meet the performance criteria. The Dunlop tire had variations between series within the same

batch as well as between batches and as a result did not meet the performance criteria as set forth in this report. The best performing tire combination was the McCreary tire mounted on the Runway Friction Tester, Saab Friction Tester and Skiddometer and the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter. The tire(s) mounted on the friction equipment shown in Tables 22 and 23 are the recommended correlation standard for vehicle speeds of 40 and 60 MPH and will be included in the next revision of Advisory Circular AC 150/5320-12.

## 4.5 DEVELOPMENT OF CORRELATION BETWEEN FRICTION EQUIPMENT

4.5.1 <u>Correlation Procedures.</u> Tests have been conducted at Wallops Flight Facility for the past eight years. The Mu Meter was the first friction device used in this country for many years before the other testers were introduced on the market. As a result, an extensive data base was established, and, when the other devices were available on the market, the Mu Meter was used as the base for correlation between the various friction devices. Tests conducted by NASA in the early 1970's, using a B-727 and a Mu Meter, established the criteria for determining a satisfactory level of friction for aircraft operations. The 50 mu which was adopted from the study has been used to the present time as the maintenance level for an acceptable pavement surface condition. The following paragraph explains the transition used to transfer this value from the Dunlop tire to the Dico and McCreary tires.

## 4.5.2 Correlation Between Friction Equipment.

- 4.5.2.1 <u>Tire Translations</u>. Since the maintenance criteria was developed on the Dunlop tire, this value had to be translated to the other tires in the test program. The following paragraphs detail how this translation was made and show the procedures employed for each of the tires used in the correlations.
- 4.5.2.1.1 <u>Procedure Used to Translate from the Dunlop Tire to the Dico Tire on the Mu Meter at the Speed of 40 MPH.</u> Reference chart FILENAME: 40DUNMUM.DIK in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 2.2456 + 1.0095 X$$

(1) Speed 40 MPH

In equation (1) above, X represents the present standard mu values obtained when using the Dunlop tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire on the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 40, 50 and 70 into equation (1) and solving for Y, gives mu values of 42, 52 and 72, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH using the Dunlop tire are compared to the mu values

obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH using the Dico tire.

4.5.2.1.2 <u>Procedure Used to Translate from the Speed of 40 MPH to the Speed of 60 MPH Using Dico Tire on the Mu Meter.</u> Reference chart FILENAME: 40MUM60.DIK in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 4.4238 + 0.0878 X + 0.0107 X^{2}$$

(2) Speed 60 MPH

In equation (2) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico sire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 mph. Substituting X mu values of 42, 52 and 72 into equation (2) and solving for Y, gives mu values of 26, 38 and 66, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values obtained on the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH using the Dico tire.

- 4.5.2.2 <u>Correlation of Friction Equipment Using the McCreary/Dico Tire</u> <u>Combination</u>
- 4.5.2.2.1 Correlation Between the Mu Meter and the Runway Friction Tester at the Speed of 40 MPH. Reference chart FILENAME: MUDKRFMC.40 in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 7.6505 + 0.7721 X$$

(1) Speed 40 MPH

In equation (1) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the McCreary tire on the Runway Friction Tester at the speed of 40 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 42, 52 and 72 into equation (1), solving for Y and multiplying each result by the 1.26 Calibration Adjustment Factor, yields mu values of 50, 60 and 80, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values obtained with the Runway Friction Tester at the speed of 40 MPH using the McCreary tire.

4.5.2.2.2 Correlation Between the Mu Meter and the Runway Friction Tester at the Speed of 60 MPH. Reference chart FILENAME: MUDKRFMC.60 in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 3.0573 + 1.3431 X - 0.0080 X^2$$
 (2) Speed 60 MPH

In equation (2) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the McCreary tire on the Runway Friction Tester at the speed of 60 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 26, 38 and 66 into equation (2), solving for Y and multiplying each result by the 1.26 Calibration Adjustment Factor, yields mu values of 41, 54 and 72, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values obtained with the Runway Friction Tester at the speed of 60 MPH using the McCreary tire.

4.5.2.2.3 <u>Correlation Between the Mu Meter and the Saab Friction Tester at the Speed of 40 MPH.</u> Reference chart FILENAME: MUDKSFMC.40 in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 3.0565 + 1.1213 X$$
 (3) Speed 40 MPH

In equation (3) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the McCreary tire on the Saab Friction Tester at the speed of 40 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 42, 52 and 72 into equation (3) and solving for Y, gives mu values of 50, 61 and 84, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values obtained with the Saab Friction Tester at the speed of 40 MPH using the McCreary tire.

4.5.2.2.4 <u>Correlation Between the Mu Meter and the Saab Friction Tester at the Speed of 60 MPH.</u> Reference chart FILENAME: MUDKSFMC.60 in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 1.2586 + 1.2369 X - 0.0022 X^2$$
 (4) Speed 60 MPH

In equation (4) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the McCreary tire on the Saab Friction Tester at the speed of 60 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 26, 38 and 66 into equation (4) and solving for Y, gives mu values of 32, 45 and 73, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values

obtained with the Saab Friction Tester at the speed of 60 MPH using the McCreary tire.

4.2.2.5 <u>Correlation Between the Mu Meter and the Skiddometer at the Speed of 40 MPH.</u> Reference chart FILENAME: MUDKSKMC.40 in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = + 2.4427 + 1.1136 X$$

(5) Speed 40 MPH

In equation (5) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the McCreary tire on the Skiddometer at the speed of 40 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 42, 52 and 72 into equation (5) and solving for Y, gives mu values of 49, 60 and 82, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 40 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values obtained with the Skiddometer at the speed of 40 MPH using the McCreary tire.

4.5.2.2.6 Correlation Between the Mu Meter and the Skiddometer at the Speed of 60 MPH. Reference chart FILENAME: MUDKSKMC.60 in Appendix T and regression analyses results in Table 19.

The one Standard Error of Estimate regression equation is;

$$Y = +3.0249 + 1.4294 X - 0.0049 X^2$$

(6) Speed 60 MPH

In equation (6) above, X represents the mu values obtained when using the Dico tire mounted on the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH. Y represents the mu values obtained when using the McCreary tire on the Skiddometer at the speed of 60 MPH. Substituting X mu values of 26, 38 and 66 into equation (6) and solving for Y, gives mu values of 36, 50 and 76, respectively (See Table 21). The mu values obtained with the Mu Meter at the speed of 60 MPH using the Dico tire are compared to the mu values obtained with the Skiddometer at the speed of 60 MPH using the McCreary tire.

TABLE 18 - CORRELATION SUMMARY BETWEEN FRICTION EQUIPMENT USING McCREARY TIRE

FILENAME	TEST			COEFFICIENTS	ENTS			NUMBER OF DATA
	(MPH)	A	В	၁	သ	CD	SEE	PAIRS IN ANALYSIS
4 OMUMMAC. DUN	40	+3.8726	+0.0779	+0.0131	0.9810	0.9623	4.1356	111
40MUM60.MAC	40/60	+4.3028	-0.1120	+0.0139	0.9772	0.9549	4.0162	120
4 OMUMRFT. MAC	40	-1.0198	+0.8186	ı	0.9752	0.9510	3.6612	120
60MUMRFT.MAC	09	-0.0008	+0.9653	-0.0021	0.9762	0.9529	3.4449	120
40MUMSFT.MAC	40	-9.1162	+1.1797	ı	0.9679	0.9368	6.0374	120
60MUMSFT. MAC	09	-2.6108	+0.8164	+0.0039	0.9799	0.9603	4.1933	120
40MUMSKD.MAC	40	-8.5669	+1.1586	ı	0.9594	0.9204	6.7166	120
60MUMSKD. MAC	9	-1.3518	+0.9504	+0.0022	0.9693	0.9396	5.2838	120

TABLE 19 - CORRELATION SUMMARY BETWEEN FRICTION EQUIPMENT USING McCREARY/DICO TIRE

	TEST			COEFFICIENTS	ENTS			NUMBER OF DATA
FILENAME	SPEED (MPH)	A	В	၁	သ	СО	SEE	PAIRS IN ANALYSIS
4 ODUNMUM. DIK	40	-0.6210	+1.0095	•	0.9908	0.9818	2.8666	51
4 OMUM60. DIK	40/60	+2.1717	+0.0878	+0.0107	0.9929	0.9859	2.2521	120
MUDKRFMC. 40	40	+5.1043	+0.7721	ı	0.9881	0.9763	2.5462	120
MUDKRFMC.60	09	+0.7518	+1.3431	-0.0080	0.9894	0.9789	2.3055	120
MUDKSFMC.40	40	-0.6109	+1.1213	ı	0.9883	0.9767	3.6674	120
MUDKSFMC.60	09	-1.8676	+1.2369	-0.0022	0.9889	0.9779	3.1262	120
MUDKSKMC.40	40	-0.5894	+1.1136	ı	0.9918	0.9837	3.0321	120
MUDKSKMC.60	9	-0.9254	+1.4294	-0.0049	0.9830	0.9662	3.9503	120

TABLE 20 - CORRELATION SUMMARY BETWEEN FRICTION EQUIPMENT USING DUNLOP TIRE

COEFFICIENTS
ည
0.2885 +0.4105 +0.0066 0.9916
0.4883 +1.2891 - 0.9468
.1043 +1.5292 -0.0053 0.9463
.1000 +1.2373 -
.5361 +1.2123 -0.0006 <b>0.9590</b>

#### 4.6 CORRELATION TABLE

4.6.1 <u>Correlation Table for Mu Values.</u> Table 21 summarizes the mu values for each friction device for speeds of 40 and 60 mph. The regression equations that were used to develop the table are given in paragraphs 4.5.2.2.1 through 4.5.2.2.6.

TABLE 21 - CORRELATION OF MU VALUES FOR FRICTION MEASURING EQUIPMENT USING THE McCreary/DICO TIRE AND SELF WATER SYSTEM

	AT SPEE	O OF 40 MPH				
MU METER DICO	SAAB FRICTION TESTER MCCREARY	RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER MCCREARY *	SKIDDOMETER McCREARY			
42	50	50	49			
52	61	60	60			
72	84	80	82			
AT SPEED OF 60 MPH						
26	32	41	36			
38	45	54	50			
66	73	72	76			

<sup>\*</sup> All equations involving the Runway Friction Tester must be multiplied by a CALIBRATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR of 1.26. Reference letter from K. J. Law Engineers explaining the reason for the multiplication factor in Appendix W.

## 4.7 EXAMPLE OF COMPUTER SET-UP FOR REGRESSION ANALYSIS

4.9.1 Example of Comparing the Mu Meter Operating at a Speed of 40 mph (65 km/h) to a Speed of 60 mph (95 km/h) Using the McCreary Tire. Appendix V shows the step by step procedure used in entering data to conduct regression analysis. This procedure was used throughout the analyses conducted in the program.

#### 5. CONCLUSIONS

#### 5.1 FRICTION EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE

The four friction devices were maintained and used according to the manufacturers instruction manual. These devices had been previously qualified by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) under another test program conducted at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Wallops Flight Facility.

#### 5.2 PERSONNEL PERFORMANCE

The FAA personnel and contractor who operated the friction equipment did so in a highly professional manner. The personnel were highly qualified professionals who were very experienced in doing the various demanding tasks required in this comprehensive research program.

The NASA managers and technicians were very helpful in making their facility available to the FAA test team, even on weekends when the facility was closed.

#### 5.3 TIRE PERFORMANCE

- 5.3.1 <u>Influences on Friction Equipment Performance</u>. The McCreary tire performed within the performance criteria established in this report and is qualified for use on the Runway Friction Tester, Saab Friction Tester and the Skiddometer. The Dico tire is qualified for use on the Mu Meter alone. The Dunlop tire did not meet the performance criteria on any of the four friction measuring devices used in the program. Details are set forth in the analyses conducted in Section 3, "Evaluation of Tire Performance" and the overall summary of tire performance on friction equipment given in Table 16.
- 5.3.2 <u>Influences on Friction Equipment Correlations</u>. The same conclusions are reaffirmed as evidenced in the analyses conducted in Section 4, "Correlation of Friction Equipment" and the overall summary of tire performance on friction equipment correlation given in Table 17. The combination of the McCreary tire and Dico tire revealed the best overall performance of all the tires tested. The evaluation of tire performance in the friction equipment correlation confirms the findings of the tire performance evaluation.

## 5.4 FRICTION EQUIPMENT ACCESSORIES

- 5.4.1 <u>Calibrated Pressure Dial Gage.</u> The FAA test personnel were furnished with four calibrated pressure dial gages. These gages are not part of the manufacturer's accessories. Ordinary tire gages are normally used. There could be as much as 4 or 5 pounds pressure difference between the calibrated and ordinary gages. Therefore, it is concluded that gages should be supplied and/or furnished by the manufacturer when the equipment is sold to a client or recalled for improvements.
- 5.4.2 <u>Tire Rims.</u> The split-rim wheels should be the only type of rim used to mount the friction measuring wheel. Other rim types are much more difficult and time consuming to mount.
- 5.4.3 <u>Tire Tubes.</u> Several tire blowouts were experienced when using the straight valve stems. The tube crawls within the tire carcass, twisting the valve stem as it moves. When these stems were replaced with curved valve stems, the blowout problem no longer occurred.

#### 6. RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 6.1 GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

- 6.1.1 Friction Equipment Tires. The study showed that the best performance tire for the Runway Friction Tester, Saab Friction Tester and Skiddometer was the McCreary tire. The best performance tire for the Mu Meter was the Dico tire. It is therefore recommended that these tires be adopted as the standard replacing the existing guidance given in AC 150/5320-12. Revision of AC 150/5320-12 will incorporate the recommendations given in this report.
- 6.1.2 <u>Tire Rims.</u> The best performing rim for any of the tires is the split-rim. We recommend that this rim become the standard rim and that all other rims be discontinued from use.
- 6.1.3 <u>Tire Tubes.</u> We recommend that curved valve stems be used in lieu of the straight valve stems. Experience with the straight valve stems has not been too good. The tube tends to crawl within the tire carcass and thereby the valve stem tends to pinch the tube, subjecting the tire to an increased tendency to blowout. The curved valve stems seem to adjust more and reduce the potential for blowout.
- 6.1.4 Additional Tire Tests. Tests must still be conducted to establish tire life performance and rate of tire wear for maintenance purposes. For operational use on compacted snow and/or ice covered pavement surfaces, tests must be conducted to compare the performance of high pressure with low pressure tires.

#### 6.2 RECOMMENDATIONS TO REVISION OF STANDARDS

6.2.1 Advisory Circular. It is recommended that Tables 22 and 23 be included in the next revision of AC 150/5320-12, Measurement, Construction, and Maintenance of Skid Resistant Airport Pavement Surfaces. The Coded Friction Parameters given in the tables determines the corresponding mu values for the friction device used at the airport. It is used in conjunction with the paragraphs concerned with Friction Survey Measurement Parameters, which provide the airport operator with guidelines for determining whether or not corrective action may be required to improve the surface friction characteristics of a wet runway.

TABLE 22 - CORRELATION OF MU VALUES FOR FRICTION MEASURING DEVICES USING THE SELF WATER SYSTEM AT THE SPEED OF 40 MILES PER HOUR

CODED FRICTION PARAMETER	MARK 4 MU METER WITH DICO TIRE	M 6800 RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER BV-11 SKIDDOMETER MARK 2 SAAB FRICTION TESTER WITH THE MCCREARY TIRE	
	CORRESPONDING MU VALUES		
λ	42 50		
В	52	60	
С	72	82	

TABLE 23 - CORRELATION OF MU VALUES FOR FRICTION MEASURING DEVICES USING THE SELF WATER SYSTEM AT THE SPEED OF 60 MILES PER HOUR

CODED FRICTION PARAMETER	MARK 4 MU METER WITH DICO TIRE	M 6800 RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER WITH MCCREARY TIRE	MARK 2 SAAB FRICTION TESTER, BV-11 SKIDDOMETER WITH MCCREARY TIRE	
	CORRESPONDING MU VALUES			
A	26	41	34	
В	38	54	47	
С	66	72√	74	

6.2.2 <u>ASTM Standards</u>. It is recommended that the tire composition given in ASTM specification E 524 for the McCreary tire be developed into a new ASTM specification that has the same tire dimensions given in ASTM E 670 specification. The Dico tire specification will be included in the present ASTM E 670 specification.

#### **6.3 RECOMMENDATIONS TO TIRE MANUFACTURERS**

6.3.1 Assurance of Quality Control When Manufacturing Tires. We recommend that the manufacturers certify to their clients that they will maintain excellent quality control procedures and follow the requirements given in the ASTM Specifications discussed in Paragraph 6.2.2. It would also be helpful if the manufacturer would assure that it will

continue to manufacture tires in large enough batches to maintain adequate supply levels, whether the tires are used on airports or highways.

6.3.2 <u>Future Oualification of Tires</u>. Qualification of new tires manufactured on the market will follow the requirements given by the appropriate ASTM specifications and to testing by FAA on the standard pavement surfaces located at NASA Wallops Flight Facility.

# 6.4 RECOMMENDATIONS TO FRICTION EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS

6.4.1 <u>Friction Equipment Accessories</u>. We recommend that manufacturers provide the airport or highway user with a calibrated pressure dial gage when they sell or maintain friction equipment.

#### 7. REFERENCES

- 7.1 American Society For Testing And Materials, "Standard Test Method For Side Force Friction On Paved Surfaces Using The Mu Meter", ASTM E 670 87 (1987).
- 7.2 American Society For Testing And Materials, "Standard Specification For Standard Smooth Tire For Pavement Skid-Resistance Tests", ASTM E 524 88 (1988).
- 7.3 Federal Aviation Administration, "Measurement, Construction, And Maintenance Of Skid Resistant Airport Pavement Surfaces", Advisory Circular 150/5320-12A (11 July 1986).
- 7.4 Federal Aviation Administration, "Airport Pavement Design And Evaluation", Advisory Circular 150/5332-6C (7 December 1978).
- 7.5 MacLennan, J. R., Wenck, N. C., Josephson, P. D., and Erdmann, J. B., <u>National Runway Friction Measurement Program</u>, E. A. Hickok & Associates for Federal Aviation Administration, Final Report (December 1980).
- 7.6 Morrow, T. H., <u>Mu Meter Variability Study</u>, FAA Technical Center (December 1980), Unpublished.
- 7.7 Morrow, T. H., <u>Correlation And Performance Reliability of Several Types Of Friction Measuring Devices</u>, FAA Headquarters (August 1989), Unpublished.
- 7.8 National Aeronautics And Space Administration, "Effects Of Pavement Texture On Wet-Runway Braking Performance", NASA TND-4323 (January 1969).
- 7.9 National Aeronautics And Space Administration, "Evaluation of Two Transport Aircraft and Several Ground Test Vehicle Friction Measurements Obtained for Various Runway Surface Types and Conditions", NASA TP 2917 (February 1990).

# APPENDIX A

ASTM REQUEST FOR TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION PROGRAM



#### APPENDIX A

#### Committee E-17 on PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGIES

Chairman: R. L. RIZENBERGS, Kentucky Dept. of Highways, State Office Bidg., Rm. 701, Clinton & High Streets, Frankfort.

KY 40622 (502-564-2080)

Vice-Chairman, Administration: A. J. STOCKER, Texas Transportation Institute, Texas A & M University, P.O. Box 3928, Bryan, TX 77805 (409-845-6154)

Vice-Chairman, Skid Resistance: A. S. PARRISH, Maryland State Highway Admin., 2323 W. Joppa Rd., Brooklandville, MD 21022 (301-321-3565) Vice-Chairman, Roughness: J. R. CROTEAU, New Jersey State Dept. of Transporation, Res. & Demonstration Div., CN600, 1035 Parkway Ave., Trenton, NJ 08625 (609-292-5776)

Vice-Chairman, Pavement Management: W. R. HUDSON, The University of Texas at Austin, Dept. of Civil Engineering, ECJ 6.10, Austin, TX 78712-1076 (512-471-7741)

> Secretary: C. M. HAYDEN, Federal Highway Administration, Code HHS-12, 400 Seventh St., SW, Washington, DC 20590. (202-426-2131)

Membership Secretary: L. E. HART, Rainhart Co., P.O. Box 4533, Austin, TX 78765 (512-452-8848)

Staff Manager: MARTHA KIRKALDY (215-299-5531)

JUN 2 7 1989

Federal Aviation Administration Attn: Mr. H. Tomita, AES 310 800 Independence Avenue, SW Washington DC 20591

Subject: FAA Technical Center Participation in Evaluation of New ASTM Test Tire

At the recent ASTM E 17 Committee meeting at State College, PA June 5-7, 1988, a proposal to have the RL-2 blank test tire produced by a U.S. manufacturer to ASTM specifications met with favorable response. As you know, this test tire is the one used on the Mu-meter and several fixed slip devices such as the Saab friction tester, the runway friction tester, and the BV-11 skiddometer. A representative from McCreary Tire and Rubber Co. which currently produces the ASTM E 501 and E 524 test tires indicated at the meeting that new, ASTM specified, test tires constructed to RL-2 tire dimensions could be made available for tests this fall. The purpose of this letter is to request your approval and support in providing test equipment and personnel to participate in an evaluation program of this new test tire to be conducted on some of the same test surfaces at NASA Wallops Flight Facility that were used during the recently completed FAA/NASA Runway Friction Program. If these tests are successful, a much cheaper and more uniformly constructed test tire will be available for future tests using these ground friction measuring vehicles. Your favorable response to this request will be greatly appreciated and if you have any questions, please give me a call at FTS: 928-2796.

Tom

Thomas J. Yager Chairman, 5 17.21 Subcommittee

Gene Godwin, NASA Wallops Tom Morrow, FAA Headquarters

# APPENDIX B

TIRE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION



**Dico Tire, Inc.**A Subsidiary of Dyneer Corporation 520 J.D. Yarnell Industrial Parkway Clinton, TN 37716 615/457-4930

APPENDIX B

Pebruary 7, 1989

Mr. Thomas Yager NASA Program Manager NASA Langley Research Center Hampton, VA 23665-5225

Confirming our discussion of 2/6/89, attached is the tread stock formula and physical properties for the DICO Mu Heter tires.

We have 20 tires on hand for your tests this spring. Our price for these tires is \$31.30 each, which covers some of our manufacturing and hanlling costs. Our sale price will established at a later date.

Sincerely,

C. E. Erickson

Technical Marketing Manager

/bjb

Attachment:

cc: D. Boomershine

## MU METER TREAD STOCK PHYSICALS

## CURE AT 298 DEGREES F

# CURE MINUTES

	15	20	40	units
Tensile	2300	2300	2300	PSI
300% Modulus	900-1300	1000-1300	1050-1350	PSI
Elongation @ Break	550- 600	550- 600	550- 600	8
Shore A Hardness	52- 58	52- 60	55- 62	
Specific Gravity	1.13			

Charichan

# MU METER TREAD STOCK

SBR	40.0
NR	40.0
PBD	20.0
N330	39.9
N339	24.0
AROMATIC OIL	17.5
ZINC OXIDE	2.0
FATTY ACID	1.4
PETROLEUM WAX	3.2
SANTOFLEX 715	2.0
SANTOCURE N.S.	1.2
SULPUR	1.3

Concheson Bric Erickson

10/14/88



#### MECIRIARY TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY

P.O. BOX 749, INDIANA, PENNSYLVANIA 15701-0749
Telephone: (412) 349-9010
TWX: 510-468-5140
FAX (412, 349-8192

March 7, 1989

Mr. Thomas J. Yeager, Aerospace Technologist NASA Langley Research Center Mail Code: 497 Hampton, VA 23665

Dear Tom:

We have designed and purchased a new mold for the production of the 4.00-8 RL-2 test tire. We have designed the tire to meet the dimensions as specified in the Annex to ASTM E670-87 except that it is smooth (blank) which would require less break-in. Note that sections A1.5.2.2. and A1.9.1. of the Annex describes the tread pattern as having seven grooves of 0.04 inch depth which must be "worn away" before any "readings are taken". In addition, we have located four holes in the tread surface, one in each quadrant, to indicate amount of wear. These (holes) wear indicators are 0.125 inches in diameter and 0.200 inches deep on the new tire.

The tread portion of the RL-2 tire will be as specified for ASTM E501 and E524 Standard tires. The tread formulation is specified in Table 1 of each Spec. and they are identical. The process control of this tread rubber will be as we have done for all E501 and E524 tires produced since 1980.

We produced RL-2 test tires during the week of February 27, 1989. Twenty will be ready for shipment to you by March 14, 1989. The cost of these test tires will be the mutually agreed \$31.30, plus tax, each. This cost does not relate to the later selling price, which, per discussions of the E-17 meetings, could be in the \$135.00 range.

Tom, I am interested in the test results and any observations that you might have. In fact, if I know the testing schedule, I might be able to arrange my schedule to see part of it.

If you have any questions, don't hesitate to call me.

Sincere/ly,

Louis E. Barota

Director

Technical Division

LEB/mds



#### W: CIRILARY TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY

P.O. BOX 749, INDIANA, PENNSYLVANIA 15701-0749
Telephone: (412) 349-9010
TWX: 510-468-5140
FAX (412) 349-8192

April 6, 1989

Mr. Francis X. Schwartz PO Box 55 Woodbridge, VA 22191

Dear Frank:

So there is no misunderstanding concerning how serious we take the manufacture of consistently high quality RL-2 tires, I feel I should explain some of our Q.C. and Process procedures and what has been accomplished to date.

After discussions in early 1988 with you, members of ASTM E-17 and others, we designed and purchased a mold for the RL-2 tire. The first check tires were produced in Sept. 1988. Tom Yeagers' testing of these tires in late 1988 indicated that we were narrow in tread width and small in circumference. The tire mold was revised and in Feb. 1989 we produced thirty tires. Twenty of these tires were sent to Tom Yeager, Langley Research Center in March. All tires were measured at 10 PSI on a 3" width rim immediately after inflation. We would expect a small amount of growth after 24 hours inflation, approximately 0.10 inches in diameter. The tire number and diameter we measured is marked on each of these 20 tires with silver ink pen at the tires serial number. We also have record of those measurements which range from 16.30 to 16.36 inches diameter, the tread radius is 8.0 inches, the tread width is 2.47 inches and the section width is 4.23 inches.

What I am saying, Frank, is that we measure every ASTM tire manufactured and keep that record in addition to when, who and P.O. number that received the tires. We have these kinds of records for every ASTM E501 and E524 tire produced since our very first in 1980. We will follow this exact procedure with the RL-2.

The tread rubber is to that formula specified in ASTM standards E501 and E524. It is our intention to only manufacture the RL-2 at the same times we manufacture the E501 and E524 tires. The reason is that each time the tread rubber is formulated and mixed we do it in 6,000 - 10,000 lb. lots, blend it thoroughly and scrap any amount left over. We do extensive laboratory testing of this rubber to insure consistent characteristics. In addition, a Q.C. inspector certifies all processes. We know these are the right things to do because we make a batch of tires about each quarter, have been doing this for over eight years, have laboratory data to show consistency and I believe that all users of the E501 and E524 tires are satisfied.

If we formulated and mixed the tread rubber separately for the RL-2 tires the pounds required would be very small, blending would be inefficient, and our costs of testing, certifying, etc., would be very high. For these reasons, I can assure you that the RL-2 tire will have exactly the same tread rubber as the E501 and E524, that we will follow all procedures that were established over eight years ago and that records will be kept of every batch of tires.

Lastly, the thirty RL-2 tires produced in Feb. 1989 were manufactured in conjunction with a batch (196) of E501 tires. During the week of April 17, 1989, we will produce another batch of E501 tires, in addition, we will produce fifteen RL-2 tires, ten of which will be sent to Tom Yeager, Langley, to check batch to batch variation.

Frank, I didn't intend on writing a book, but, I wanted you to know how serious we are about consistently doing a good job.

Sincerely

Louis E. Barota

Director

Technical Division

#### LEB/mds

cc: Thomas J. Yeager

NASA

Langley Research Center

Mail Code: 497 Hampton, VA 23665

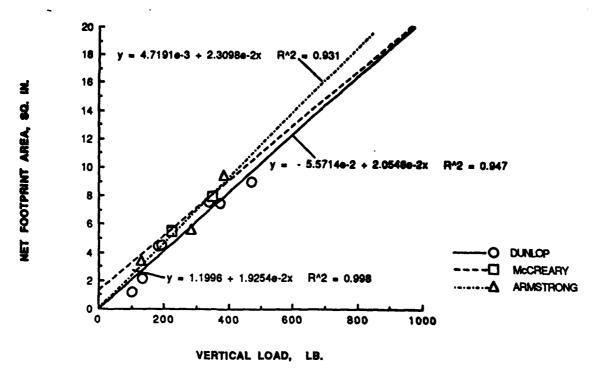
## APPENDIX C

VERTICAL LOAD VERSUS NET FOOTPRINT AREA OF TIRES

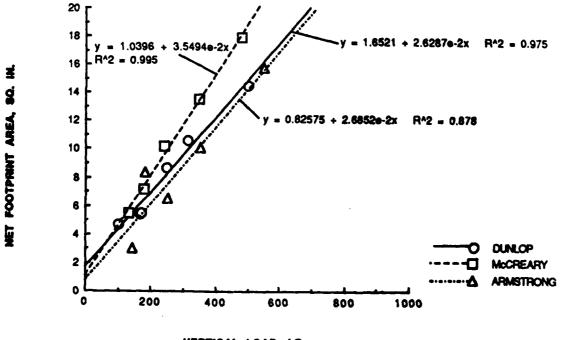
USED ON THE FRICTION EQUIPMENT

AT PRESSURES OF 10 AND 30 PSI

APPENDIX C
GROUND VEHICLE TIRES, 30 PSI



# GROUND VEHICLE TIRES, 10 PSI



VERTICAL LOAD, LB.

# APPENDIX D

CATALOG SHOWING TEST TIRE IDENTIFICATION

## APPENDIX D

TABLE D - 1 CATALOG SHOWING TEST TIRE IDENTIFICATION

ватсн	DUNLOP TIRESS	McCREARY TIRES	DICO TIRES
	RFT/DUN/B1S1	RFT/MAC/B1S1	RFT/DIK/B1S1
ł	SFT/DUN/B1S1	SFT/MAC/B1S1	SFT/DIK/B1S1
	SKD/DUN/B1S1	SKD/MAC/B1S1	SKD/DIK/B1S1
l	MUM/DUN-L/B1S1	MUM/MAC-L/B1S1	MUM/DIK-L/B1S1
1	MUM/DUN-R/B1S1	MUM/MAC-R/B1S1	MUM/DIK-R/B1S1
	RFT/DUN/B1S2	RFT/MAC/B1S2	RFT/DIK/B1S2
	SFT/DUN/B1S2	SFT/MAC/B1S2	SFT/DIK/B1S2
	SKD/DUN/B1S2	SKD/MAC/B1S2	SKD/DIK/B1S2
ĺ	MUM/DUN-L/B1S2	MUM/MAC-L/B1S2	MUM/DIK-L/B1S2
	MUM/DUN-R/B1S2	MUM/MAC-R/B1S2	MUM/DIK-R/B1S2
	RFT/DUN/B2S1	RFT/MAC/B2S1	RFT/DIK/B2S1
	SFT/DUN/B2S1	SFT/MAC/B2S1	SFT/DIK/B2S1
1	SKD/DUN/B2S1	SKD/MAC/B2S1	SKD/DIK/B2S1
	MUM/DUN-L/B2S1	MUM/MAC-L/B2S1	MUM/DIK-L/B2S1
	MUM/DUN-R/B2S1	MUM/MAC-R/B2S1	MUM/DIK-R/B2S1
2	RFT/DUN/B2S2	RFT/MAC/B2S2	RFT/DIK/B2S2
}	SFT/DUN/B2S2	SFT/MAC/B2S2	SFT/DIK/B2S2
İ	SKD/DUN/B2S2	SKD/MAC/B2S2	SKD/DIK/B2S2
}	MUM/DUN-L/B2S2	MUM/MAC-L/B2S2	MUM/DIK-L/B2S2
	MUM/DUN-R/B2S2	MUM/MAC-R/B2S2	MUM/DIK-R/B2S2

## EXPLANATION OF CODES:

RFT/DUN/B2S1

Runway Friction Tester / Dunlop Tire / Batch 2, Series 1
BATCH NUMBERS FOR DUNLOP RL2 TIRE:

100/B4C4338 100/E4C4338

# APPENDIX E

TEXTURE DEPTH MEASUREMENTS FOR TEST SURFACES
AT NASA WALLOPS FLIGHT FACILITY

# APPENDIX E

TABLE E - 1 TEXTURE DEPTH MEASUREMENTS FOR TEST SURFACES AT NASA WALLOPS FLIGHT FACILITY

LOCAMION	TEST	AVERAGE TEXTURE DEPTH	
LOCATION	SURFACES	MM	IN
	A	0.21	0.008
R/W 4/22	В	1.75	0.069
	С	1.82	0.072
	К	0.11	0.004
T/W 4/22	P*	0.00	0.000

# APPENDIX F

PROGRAM SCHEDULE

# APPENDIX F

TABLE F - 1 PROGRAM SCHEDULE

	DATE	ITINERARY
MONDAY	JULY 31, 1989	TRAVEL, EQUIPMENT SET-UP
TUESDAY	AUGUST 01, 1989	FIELD TESTING, MAC TIRE
WEDNESDAY	AUGUST 02, 1989	FIELD TESTING, MAC TIRE
THURSDAY	AUGUST 03, 1989	FIELD TESTING, DIC TIRE
FRIDAY	AUGUST 04, 1989	FIELD TESTING, DIC TIRE
SATURDAY	AUGUST 05, 1989	FIELD TESTING, DUN TIRE
SUNDAY	AUGUST 06, 1989	FIELD TESTING, DUN TIRE
MONDAY	AUGUST 07, 1989	PACK-UP, TRAVEL

APPENDIX G

DAILY TEST RUN SEQUENCE

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# APPENDIX G

# FIRST DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST	TIRE:	McCREARY:	Batch 1, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mounted @ Tech Center) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.

TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITE DBA
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/MAC/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0840 TEST.
0820 - 0840	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/MAC/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0900 TEST.
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/MAC/B1S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0920 TEST.
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/MAC-L/B1S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
MUM/MAC-R/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0940 TEST.
0920 - 0940	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/MAC/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1020 TEST.
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/MAC/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1040 TEST.
1000 - 1020	BREAK
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/MAC/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mounted @ Tech Center) McCREARY; BATCH 1, SERIES 2.
RFT/MAC/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the RFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1300 TEST.
1040 - 1100 MUM/MAC-L/B1S1 MUM/MAC-R/B1S1	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mounted & Tech Center) 1100 - 1200 MCCREARY; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. MUM/MAC-L/B1S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. MUM/MAC-R/B1S2 Re-Calibrate the MUM. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1320 TEST. LUNCH BREAK 1200 - 1300 TEST TIRE: MCCREARY; Batch 1, Series 2 (Mounted @ Tech Center). Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. 1300 - 1320 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1340 TEST. SFT/MAC/B1S2 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. 1320 - 1340 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1400 TEST. SKD/MAC/B1S2 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. 1340 - 1400 Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. RFT/MAC/B1S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1420 TEST. Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. 1400 - 1420 Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. MUM/MAC-L/B1S2 MUM/MAC-R/B1S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1440 TEST. 1420 - 1440 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1520 TEST. SFT/MAC/B1S2 1440 - 1500 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1540 TEST. SKD/MAC/B1S2 1500 - 1520 BREAK 1520 - 1540 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. RFT/MAC/B1S2 TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER. 1540 - 1640 CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC) McCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 1, RFT/MAC/B2S1 FOR SECOND DAY TEST. 1540 - 1600 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. MUM/MAC-L/B1S2 VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. MUM/MAC-R/B1S2 TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER. 1600 - 1700 CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC) McCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 1, MUM/MAC-L/B2S1 FOR SECOND DAY TEST. MUM/MAC-R/B2S1 G - 2

#### FIRST DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: McCREARY: Batch 1, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mounted @ Tech Center) Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.

TIME SCHEDULE TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITES K & P 0800 - 0820Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0840 TEST. RFT/MAC/B1S1 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. 0820 - 0840MUM/MAC-L/B1S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0900 TEST. MUM/MAC-R/B1S1 0840 - 0900 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. SFT/MAC/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0920 TEST. 0900 - 0920 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. SKD/MAC/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0940 TEST. 0920 - 0940Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1020 TEST. RFT/MAC/B1S1 0940 - 1000 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. MUM/MAC-L/B1S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1040 TEST. MUM/MAC-R/B1S1 **BREAK** 1000 - 1020 1020 - 1040 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SFT/MAC/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE. 1040 - 1140 CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mounted @ Tech Center) McCREARY; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. SFT/MAC/B1S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1300 TEST. 1040 - 1100 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/MAC/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1100 - 1200 SKD/MAC/B1S2	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mounted @ Tech Center) McCREARY; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SKD. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 -1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: McCREARY	Batch 1, Series 2 (Mounted @ Tech Center).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/MAC/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/MAC-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/MAC-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1400 TEST.
non, me n, bioz	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST STILL DEA TOK 1400 IEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/MAC/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
51 1/ III.0/ D151	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/MAC/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
,,	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT.
DEM /MAG /D1C2	Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1520 TEST.
RFT/MAC/B1S2	
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/MAC-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/MAC-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SFT/MAC/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) MCCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 1,
SFT/MAC/B2S1	FOR SECOND DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SKD/MAC/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC) MCCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 1,
SKD/MAC/B2S1	FOR SECOND DAY TEST.

## SECOND DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: McCREARY; Batch 2, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.

TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITE DBA	
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of	tests.
SFT/MAC/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0840	TEST.
0820 - 0840	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of	tests.
SKD/MAC/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0900	TEST.
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of	
RFT/MAC/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0920	
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of	tests.
MUM/MAC-L/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60	MPH.
MUM/MAC-R/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0940	
0920 - 0940	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of	tests.
SFT/MAC/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1020	TEST.
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of	tests.
SKD/MAC/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1040	TEST.
1000 - 1020	BREAK	
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of	tests
RFT/MAC/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE	
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). McCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 2.	
RFT/MAC/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 Re-Calibrate the RFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1300	
1040 - 1100 MUM/MAC-L/B2S1 MUM/MAC-R/B2S1	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.	

1100 - 1200 CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC). MCCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. MUM/MAC-L/B2S2 Re-Calibrate the MUM. MUM/MAC-R/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1320 TEST. 1200 - 1300 LUNCH BREAK TEST TIRE: McCREARY; Batch 2, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC). 1300 - 1320 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1340 TEST. SFT/MAC/B2S2 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. 1320 - 1340Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1400 TEST. SKD/MAC/B2S2 1340 - 1400 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. RFT/MAC/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1420 TEST. Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. 1400 - 1420 Refill water tank after completion of tests. MUM/MAC-L/B2S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. MUM/MAC-R/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1440 TEST. 1420 - 1440Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1520 TEST. SFT/MAC/B2S2 1440 - 1500 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/MAC/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1540 TEST. 1500 - 1520 **BREAK** 1520 - 1540Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. RFT/MAC/B2S2 TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER. 1540 - 1640 CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). DIK; BATCH 1, SERIES 1, FOR THIRD DAY TEST. RFT/DIK/B1S1 1540 - 1600 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. MUM/MAC-L/B2S2 VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. MUM/MAC-R/B2S2 TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER. 1600 - 1700 CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC). DIK; BATCH 1, SERIES 1, MUM/DIK-L/B1S1 FOR THIRD DAY TEST. MUM/DIK-R/B1S1 G - 6

#### SECOND DAY TEST PROGRAM.

Batch 2, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, TEST TIRE: McCREARY:

size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation Pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.

TIME SCHEDULE TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITES K & P

0800 - 0820Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT.

Refill water tank after completion of tests. RFT/MAC/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0840 TEST.

0820 - 0840Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.

MUM/MAC-L/B2S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0900 TEST. MUM/MAC-R/B2S1

0840 - 0900 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT.

Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. SFT/MAC/B2S1

TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0920 TEST.

0900 - 0920Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD.

Refill water tank after completion of tests.

Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. SKD/MAC/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0940 TEST.

0920 - 0940Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT.

Refill water tank after completion of tests.

RFT/MAC/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1020 TEST.

0940 - 1000 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.

MUM/MAC-L/B2S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests.

MUM/MAC-R/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1040 TEST.

1000 - 1020 BREAK

1020 - 1040 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT.

Refill water tank after completion of tests.

SFT/MAC/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1040 - 1140 CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC).

McCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 2.

SFT/MAC/B2S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH.

Re-Calibrate the SFT.

TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1300 TEST.

1040 - 1100 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD.

Refill water tank after completion of tests.

SKD/MAC/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1100 - 1200	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC). MCCREARY; BATCH 2, SERIES 2.
SKD/MAC/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SKD.
	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: MCCREARY	; Batch 2, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/MAC/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/MAC-L/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/MAC-R/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/MAC/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/MAC/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/MAC/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/MAC-L/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/MAC-R/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SFT/MAC/B2S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) DIK; BATCH 1, SERIES 1,
SFT/DIK/B1S1	FOR THIRD DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SKD/MAC/B2S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC) DIK; BATCH 1, SERIES 1,
SKD/DIK/B1S1	FOR THIRD DAY TEST.  G - 8

#### THIRD DAY TEST PROGRAM.

MUM/DIK-R/B1S1

TEST TIRE: DICO: Batch 1, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.

TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITE DBA TIME SCHEDULE Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. 0800 - 0820Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0840 TEST. SFT/DIK/B1S1 0820 - 0840Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0900 TEST. SKD/DIK/B1S1 0840 - 0900 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. RFT/DIK/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0920 TEST. 0900 - 0920Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. MUM/DIK-L/B1S1 MUM/DIK-R/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0940 TEST. Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. 0920 - 0940Refill water tank after completion of tests. SFT/DIK/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1020 TEST. 0940 - 1000 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1040 TEST. SKD/DIK/B1S1 1000 - 1020 BREAK 1020 - 1040Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE. RFT/DIK/B1S1 1040 - 1140 CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). DICO; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. RFT/DIK/B1S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the RFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE XP FOR 1300 TEST. 1040 - 1100 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. MUM/DIK-L/B1S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests.

TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

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1100 - 1200	CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC) DICO; BATCH 1, SERIES 2.
MUM/DIK-L/B1S2 MUM/DIK-R/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the MUM.
	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DICO;	Batch 1, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B132	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
MUM/DIK-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD.
SKD/DIK/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT.
RFT/DIK/B1S2	VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC) DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 1,
RFT/DIK/B2S1	FOR FOURTH DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B1S2 MUM/DIK-R/B1S2	VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC)
	DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 1,
MUM/DIK-L/B2S1 MUM/DIK-R/B2S1	FOR FOURTH DAY TEST. G - 10
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## THIRD DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE:	DICO: Batch 1, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.
TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITES K & P
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B1S1	
0820 - 0840 MUM/DIK-L/B1S1	
MUM/DIK-R/B1S1	
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B1S1	
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B1S1	
0920 - 0940	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B1S1	
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B1S1	
MUM/DIK-R/B1S1	
1000 - 1020	BREAK
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B1S1	
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) DICO; BATCH 1, SERIES 2.
SFT/DIK/B192	
1040 - 1100	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B1S1	

1100 - 1200 SKD/DIK/B1S2	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC). DICO; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SKD. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DICO;	Batch 1, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DIK-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DIK-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SFT/DIK/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 1,
SFT/DIK/B2S1	FOR FOURTH DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SKD/DIK/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC) DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 1,
SKD/DIK/B2S1	FOR FOURTH DAY TEST.  G - 12

#### FOURTH DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: DICO: Batch 2, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.

TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITE DBA
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0840 TEST.
0820 - 0840	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0900 TEST.
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0920 TEST.
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DIK-L/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
MUM/DIK-R/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0940 TEST.
0920 - 0940	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1020 TEST.
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1040 TEST.
1000 - 1020	BREAK
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 2.
RFT/DIK/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the RFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1300 TEST.
1040 - 1100 MUM/DIK-L/B2S1 MUM/DIK-R/B2S1	Conduct 6 runs 0 60 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1100 - 1200 MUM/DIK-L/B2S2 MUM/DIK-R/B2S2	CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC) DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the MUM. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DICO;	Batch 2, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DIK-L/B2S2 MUM/DIK-R/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
RFT/DIK/B2S2	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 1,
RFT/DUN/B1S1	FOR FIFTH DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B2S2	VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
MUM/DIK-R/B2S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 1,
MUM/DUN-L/B1S1	FOR FIFTH DAY TEST.
MUM/DUN-R/B1S1	G - 14

#### FOURTH DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: DICO: Batch 2, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi. TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITES K & P TIME SCHEDULE Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. 0800 - 0820 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0840 TEST. RFT/DIK/B2S1 0820 - 0840Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. MUM/DIK-L/B2S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0900 TEST. MUM/DIK-R/B2S1 0840 - 0900 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. SFT/DIK/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0920 TEST. Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. 0900 - 0920 Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/DIK/B2S1 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0940 TEST. 0920 - 0940 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1020 TEST. RFT/DIK/B2S1 0940 - 1000 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. MUM/DIK-L/B2S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests. MUM/DIK-R/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1040 TEST. 1000 - 1020 BREAK 1020 - 1040 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SFT/DIK/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE. CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) 1040 - 1140 DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. SFT/DIK/B2S2 Re-Calibrate the SFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1300 TEST. 1040 - 1100 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/DIK/B2S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1100 - 1200 SKD/DIK/B2S2	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC). DICO; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SKD. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DICO;	Batch 2, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DIK-R/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DIK/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DIK/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DIK/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DIK-L/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DIK-R/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SFT/DIK/B2S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 1,
SFT/DUN/B1S1	FOR FIFTH DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SKD/DIK/B2S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 1,
SKD/DUN/B1S1	FOR FIFTH DAY TEST.  G - 16

#### FIFTH DAY TEST PROGRAM.

Batch 1, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC). TEST TIRE: DUNLOP: @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for # 100/E4C/4338 SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi. TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITE DBA TIME SCHEDULE Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. 0800 - 0820Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0840 TEST. SFT/DUN/B1S1 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. 0820 - 0840Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0900 TEST. SKD/DUN/B1S1 0840 - 0900Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. RFT/DUN/B1S1 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0920 TEST. 0900 - 0920Conduct '6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests. MUM/DUN-L/B1S1 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. MUM/DUN-R/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0940 TEST. 0920 - 0940Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1020 TEST. SFT/DUN/B1S1 0940 - 1000 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/DUN/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1040 TEST. 1000 - 1020 BREAK 1020 - 1040Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. RFT/DUN/B1S1 TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE. 1040 - 1140 CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. # 100/E4C/4338 RFT/DUN/B1S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the RFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1300 TEST. 1040 - 1100 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. MUM/DUN-L/B1S1 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE. MUM/DUN-R/B1S1

1100 - 1200 MUM/DUN-L/B1S2 MUM/DUN-R/B1S2	CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC).  DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. # 100/E4C/4338  Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH.  Re-Calibrate the MUM.  TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DUNLOP;	Batch 1, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DUN/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-L/B1S2 MUM/DUN-R/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DUN/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
RFT/DUN/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 1, # 100/B4C/4338
RFT/DUN/B2S1	FOR SIXTH DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B1S2 MUM/DUN-R/B1S2	VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 1, # 100/B4C/4338
MUM/DUN-L/B2S1	FOR SIXTH DAY TEST.
MUM/DUN-R/B2S1	G - 18

#### FIFTH DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: DUNLOP: # 100/E4C/4338	Batch 1, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC). @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.
TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITES K & P
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0840 TEST.
0820 - 0840	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B1S1	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0900 TEST.
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B1S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0920 TEST.
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DUN/B1S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0940 TEST.
0920 - 0940	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1020 TEST.
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B1S1	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1040 TEST.
1000 - 1020	BREAK
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B1S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC).
SFT/DUN/B1S2	DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. # 100/E4C/4338 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1300 TEST.
1040 - 1100	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD.
SKD/DUN/B1S1	Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1100 - 1200 SKD/DUN/B1S2	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC).  DUNLOP; BATCH 1, SERIES 2. # 100/E4C/4338  Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH.  Re-Calibrate the SKD.  TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DUNLOP;	Batch 1, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DUN/B1S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B1S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B1S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SFT/DUN/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 1, # 100/B4C/4338
SFT/DUN/B2S1	FOR SIXTH DAY TEST.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SKD/DUN/B1S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC) DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 1, # 100/B4C/4338
SKD/DUN/B2S1	FOR SIXTH DAY TEST.  G - 20

#### SIXTH DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: DUNLOP; # 100/B4C/4338	Batch 2, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.
TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITE DBA
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0840 TEST.
0820 - 0840	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0900 TEST.
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0920 TEST.
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-L/B2S1 MUM/DUN-R/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 0940 TEST.
0920 - 0940	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1020 TEST.
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SKD/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1040 TEST.
1000 - 1020	BREAK
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. # 100/B4C/4338
RFT/DUN/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the RFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1300 TEST.
1040 - 1100 MUM/DUN-L/B2S1 MUM/DUN-R/B2S1	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

CHANGE TIRE ON MUM: (Mount @ WFC). 1100 - 1200 DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. # 100/B4C/4338 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. MUM/DUN-L/B2S2 MUM/DUN-L/B2S2 Re-Calibrate the MUM. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1320 TEST. 1200 - 1300 LUNCH BREAK TEST TIRE: DUNLOP; Batch 2, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC). Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. 1300 - 1320 Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1340 TEST. SFT/DUN/B2S2 Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD. 1320 - 1340 Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/DUN/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1400 TEST. Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. 1340 - 1400Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. RFT/DUN/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1420 TEST. Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM. 1400 - 1420 Refill water tank after completion of tests. MUM/DUN-L/B2S2 Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1440 TEST. MUM/DUN-R/B2S2 1420 - 1440 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1520 TEST. SFT/DUN/B2S2 1440 - 1500 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. Refill water tank after completion of tests. SKD/DUN/B2S2 TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE KP FOR 1540 TEST. 1500 - 1520 **BREAK** 1520 - 1540 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY. RFT/DUN/B2S2 TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER. 1540 - 1640 CHANGE TIRE ON RFT: (Mount @ WFC). AERO; HPT (100 PSI.), SIZE 16 X 4 FOR SEVENTH DAY TEST, IF SCHEDULED. AERO/RFT 1540 - 1600 Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR TEST PROGRAM. MUM/DUN-L/B2S2 TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER. MUM/DUN-R/B2S2 NO FURTHER TESTS ARE PLANNED, UNLESS MAKE-UP TESTS ARE REQUIRED.

#### SIXTH DAY TEST PROGRAM.

TEST TIRE: DUNLOP: # 100/B4C/4338	Batch 2, Series 1. Smooth tread tire, size 16 x 4, 6 ply, (Mount @ WFC) @ Inflation Pressure 30 psi. for SFT, SKD & RFT; MUM tires, 10 psi.
TIME SCHEDULE	TEST SEQUENCE FOR SITES K & P
0800 - 0820	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0840 TEST.
0820 - 0840	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B2S1	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0900 TEST.
0840 - 0900	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0920 TEST.
0900 - 0920	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B2S1	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
<b></b> ,,	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 0940 TEST.
0920 - 0940	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1020 TEST.
0940 - 1000	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B2S1	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1040 TEST.
1000 - 1020	BREAK
1020 - 1040	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B2S1	TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.
1040 - 1140	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC). DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. # 100/B4C/4338
SFT/DUN/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH. Re-Calibrate the SFT. TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1300 TEST.
1040 - 1100	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD.
SKD/DUN/B2S1	Refill water tank after completion of tests. TAKE VEHICLE TO HANGER TO CHANGE TIRE.

1100 - 1200 SKD/DUN/B2S2	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC).  DUNLOP; BATCH 2, SERIES 2. # 100/B4C/4338  Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 40 MPH.  Re-Calibrate the SKD.  TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1320 TEST.
1200 - 1300	LUNCH BREAK
TEST TIRE: DUNLOP;	Batch 2, Series 2 (Mount @ WFC).
1300 - 1320	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with RFT. Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1340 TEST.
1320 - 1340	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1400 TEST.
1340 - 1400	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SFT.  Refill water tank after completion of tests.
SFT/DUN/B2S2	Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1420 TEST.
1400 - 1420	Conduct 6 runs @ 40 MPH with SKD.
SKD/DUN/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests. Re-Calibrate Self Water System for 60 MPH.
DRD/ BON/ BESE	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1440 TEST.
1420 - 1440	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with RFT.
1420 1440	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
RFT/DUN/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1520 TEST.
1440 - 1500	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with MUM.
MUM/DUN-L/B2S2	Refill water tank after completion of tests.
MUM/DUN-R/B2S2	TAKE VEHICLE TO TEST SITE DBA FOR 1540 TEST.
1500 - 1520	BREAK
1520 - 1540	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SFT.
SFT/DUN/B2S2	VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1540 - 1640	CHANGE TIRE ON SFT: (Mount @ WFC) AERO; HPT (100 PSI.), SIZE 16 X 4
AERO/SFT	FOR SEVENTH DAY TEST, IF SCHEDULED.
1540 - 1600	Conduct 6 runs @ 60 MPH with SKD. VEHICLE COMPLETED FOR DAY.
SKD/DUN/B2S2	TAKE BACK TO HANGER, DUMP REMAINING WATER.
1600 - 1700	CHANGE TIRE ON SKD: (Mount @ WFC)
AERO/SKD	AERO; HPT (100 PSI.), SIZE 16 X 4 FOR SEVENTH DAY TEST, IF SCHEDULED. G - 24

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#### APPENDIX H

SUMMARY OF FIELD DATA LOG FOR McCREARY TIRE

## FIELD DATA FOR RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER (RFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATRFTB1.MAC

TIME. DATATION.MAC											
TEST	S	SEC	G D	SE	з в	SEG A		SEC	3 K	SEC	3 P
1	Q	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH	MPH		MPH	
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E				EDT/	OFFICIA		IEC.		<u> </u>	
	-				FRIC	CTION	VALU				
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	RF	r/MAC,	/B1S1	
	1	40	30	60	53	35	24	30	22	6	3
	2	42	30	59	52	35	23	30	21	7	3
SERIES 1	3	40	30	58	54	35	23	29	20	7	3
SERIES I	4	40	30	58	55	34	24	30	20	7	3
	5	40	30	56	53	35	23	29	20	7	4
	6	40	29	57	54	34	24	30	20	7	3
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG NU	JMBER:	RF	r/Mac,	/B1S2	_
	1	38	30	55	55	35	23	28	25	7	3
	2	40	30	58	55	35	25	30	21	7	3
SERIES 2	3	40	30	57	52	35	25	28	20	7	3
SERIES 2	4	40	30	57	51	32	23	30	19	7	4
	5	40	30	55	54	32	23	30	20	7	4
	6	40	30	56	52	34	23	30	19	7	4

#### FIELD DATA FOR RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER (RFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATRFTB2.MAC

FILE: DATRFTB2.MAC													
TEST E		SEG D		SEG B		SEG A		SEG K		SEG P			
	M	PH	MI	PH	мрн		МРН		MPH				
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60		
MODE	NCE		FRICTION VALUES										
BATCH 2			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: RFT/MAC/B2S1										
	1	42	32	59	52	38	26	33	22	6	4		
	2	42	32	57	52	37	26	31	22	6	4		
CEDIEC 1	3	42	31	58	52	36	25	30	22	6	4		
SERIES 1	4	42	32	56	51	37	26	30	21	6	4		
	5	42	32	58	51	35	25	30	21	6	4		
	6	42	32	56	51	35	25	30	21	6	4		
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:	RF	r/MAC,	/B2S2			
	1	42	32	55	52	38	26	33	23	6	4		
	2	42	32	55	50	38	32	30	20	6	4		
CEDIEC 2	3	41	32	55	50	36	26	30	21	6	4		
SERIES 2	4	41	31	55	50	36	25	30	21	6	4		
	5	41	31	56	50	35	25	30	21	6	4		
	6	41	31	55	50	35	25	29	20	6	4		

# FIELD DATA FOR SAAB FRICTION TESTER (SFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSFTB1.MAC

FILE: DATSFIBL.MAC													
TEST	S E	SEG D		SEG B		SEC	SEG A		S K	SEG P			
Q	M	PH	M	MPH		MPH		PH	MPH				
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60		
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES										
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	SF	r/Mac/	/B1S1			
	1	53	29	80	65	48	18	39	26	2	0		
	2	50	26	80	65	43	19	38	23	2	0		
CEDIEC 1	3	50	28	78	65	43	24	37	20	1	0		
SERIES 1	4	55	28	78	65	42	20	38	21	2	0		
	5	52	28	77	63	40	25	36	21	1	0		
	6	50	28	77	63	40	25	36	20	1	0		
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER	SF	r/MAC,	/B1S2			
	1	46	28	76	65	40	18	38	na	1	0		
	2	47	28	75	65	40	18	36	20	1	0		
SERIES 2	3	47	25	75	63	40	17	38	20	1	0		
SERIES 2	4	46	23	74	63	38	18	38	18	1	0		
	5	45	26	73	64	35	18	36	20	1	0		
	6	45	27	73	63	36	18	36	20	1	0		

## FIELD DATA FOR SAAB FRICTION TESTER (SFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSFTB2.MAC

			]	FILE:	DATS	SFTB2	. MAC				
mpam	1 53	SEC	G D	SEC	G В	SEC	G A	SEC	G K	SEC	; P
TEST	E Q	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH	MI	PH .
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E			<b>.</b>	FRI	CTION	VAL	JES			
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	SF	r/Mac,	/B2S1	
	1	50	30 75 65 44 21 40 28 2							2	1
SERIES 1	2	52	30	75	65	40	20	44	23	2	1
anning 1	3	52	28	75	64	50	20	38	25	2	1
SERIES I	4	50	28	74	63	42	20	38	23	1	1
	5	51	28	72	62	42	22	38	23	2	1
	6	50	28	73	62	42	20	38	23	2	1
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER	SF	r/MAC,	/B2S2	
	1	52	35	75	65	44	22	38	19	2	1
	2	50	32	74	65	42	22	38	18	2	0
GEDIEG 3	3	51	32	75	65	42	22	38	20	2	0
SERIES 2	4	50	31	74	64	42	22	38	20	1	0
	5	48	30	74	64	42	21	38	19	2	1
	6	48	30	74	64	40	21	36	21	2	1

## FIELD DATA FOR SKIDDOMETER (SKD) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSKDB1.MAC

				FILE	DA.	L2 VDP1	LIMAC				
mrcm	S E	SEC	G D	SEC	3 В	SEC	a A	SEC	S K	SEC	P
TEST	Q	M	PH	· MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SKD/MAC/B1S1								
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:	: SKI	D/MAC/	/B1S1	
	1	52	32	78	68	42	27	45	20	3	3
	2	50	33	80	69	43	28	40	19	4	3
	3	48	33	77	68	43	28	32	21	4	3
SERIES 1	4	52	33	78	69	42	28	38	18	4	3
	5	50	33	78	67	42	26	32	18	4	3
	6	51	33	78	69	42	26	33	19	4	3
ватсн 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:	SKI	D/MAC,	/B1S2	
	1	52	33	78	66	44	26	37	16	3	2
	2	50	33	75	65	43	28	31	16	3	2
GEDING O	3	52	31	75	64	44	25	30	14	3	2
SERIES 2	4	50	32	75	65	42	28	30	17	3	2
	5	49	32	75	65	43	26	29	18	3	2
	6	49	30	76	65	42	28	28	19	3	2

# FIELD DATA FOR SKIDDOMETER (SKD) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSKDB2.MAC

ļ										<del></del>	
TEST	S	SEC	G D	SEC	G B	SEC	3 A	SEC	3 K	SEC	3 P
	Q	M	PH	M	PH	Mı	PH	M	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E				FRI(	CTION	VAL	JES			
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	: SKI	D/MAC,	/B2S1	
	1	50	40	72	68	41	32	37	22	3	3
1 2 3 SERIES 1 4	2	48	40	73	67	43	30	34	20	3	3
CEDIEC 1	3	50	38	72	68	42	32	30	18	3	3
SERIES I	4	50	36	74	68	42	29	29	18	3	3
	5	50	38	76	69	43	32	28	18	3	3
	6	50	37	73	68	44	30	28	18	3	3
ВАТСН 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:	SKI	O/MAC,	/B2S2	
	1	53	35	74	66	43	28	40	18	3	2
	2	50	35	73	66	42	28	35	18	3	2
CEDING	3	50	35	73	65	42	28	33	20	3	3
SERIES 2	4	50	35	74	65	42	28	32	19	3	2
	5	50	34	75	65	43	26	31	20	3	2
	6	51	34	74	66	43	28	32	20	3	2

#### FIELD DATA FOR MU METER (MUM) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATMUMB1.MAC

			r.	LLE:	DATM	NWRT.	IAC				
TEST	S	SEC	G D	SEC	з В	SEC	3 A	SEC	S K	SEC	S P
	Q	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH PH	M	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES								
BATCH 1			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/MAC-L/B1S1 MUM/MAC-R/B1S1								
	1	48	30	61	58	45	24	38	25	5	3
	2	48	30	61	55	42	24	38	25	5	4
SERIES 1	3	43	24	62	58	45	24	38	25	6	3
SERIES I	4	42	24	62	56	40	25	38	24	8	4
	5	40	25	61	57	42	28	38	22	8	3
	6	40	23	62	58	42	29	38	30	9	5
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:			-L/B19 -R/B19	
	1	56	35	68	64	52	30	48	25	10	5
	2	54	32	70	64	51	30	43	28	11	5
SERIES 2	3	52	32	70	64	48	28	43	26	11	6
DERIES 2	4	55	30	70	65	49	28	43	36	11	6
	5	56	30	69	64	49	29	40	25	11	8
	6	52	31	71	65	48	30	40	25	12	9

# FIELD DATA FOR MU METER (MUM) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATMUMB2.MAC

	TIES BRINGING THE										
TEST	S E	SE	G D	SEC	SEG B		G A	SEC	3 K	SEC	3 P
,	Q	M	PH	M	PH	MI	PH	M	PH	M	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E		•		FRIC	CTION	VAL	JES			
BATCH 2			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/MAC-L/B2S1 MUM/MAC-R/B2S1								
	1	56	35	68	63	50	30	48	23	8	2
	2	52	32	69	61	48	32	45	28	8	2
SERIES 1	3	50	30	69	64	48	32	46	24	9	3
SERIES I	4	50	30	70	64	47	24	45	28	9	3
	5	48	28	70	65	47	23	43	25	10	4
	6	49	28	69	66	.46	25	42	25	10	4
ВАТСН 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG. N	JMBER:			-L/B28 -R/B28	
	1	54	34	67	62	50	30	43	28	4	3
	2	54	36	68	62	46	30	42	26	7	2
SERIES 2	3	52	34	68	62	44	30	41	27	6	3
SERIES 2	4	52	34	68	64	41	30	40	27	6	3
	5	50	32	68	64	42	30	39	25	6	3
	6	50	31	68	64	42	30	40	25	7	4

#### APPENDIX I

SUMMARY OF FIELD DATA LOG FOR DICO TIRE

## FIELD DATA LOG FOR RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER (RFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATRFTB1.DIK

				.TTE:	DAII	KF TDI .	DIK				
mpcm	SE	SEC	G D	SEC	G B	SEC	a A	SEC	s K	SEC	P P
TEST	Q	M	PH	MI	PH	МІ	H	MI	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E	r			FRIC	CTION	VALU	JES			
BATCH 1			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: RFT/DIK/B1S1								
	1	40	32	56	52	34	27	25	20	4	3
SERIES 1	2	41	32	56	51	35	26	25	18	5	3
	3	40	32	56	51	35	26	23	18	4	3
SERIES	4	40	32	56	52	35	26	25	18	4	3
i	5	41	31	56	51	35	26	24	17	4	3
	6	41	31	57	51	35	26	25	18	4	3
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	RF	r/DIK,	/B1S2	
	1	42	32	58	55	34	25	22	18	4	2
	2	41	33	58	54	34	25	24	16	3	2
annana a	3	41	33	58	53	35	25	23	16	4	2
SERIES 2	4	42	32	58	54	36	25	22	14	3	2
	5	42	32	60	53	36	25	22	18	3	2
	6	43	32	60	52	36	25	25	16	3	2

# FIELD DATA LOG FOR RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER (RFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATRFTB2.DIK

	S SEG D SEG B SEG A SEG K SEG P										
TEST	SE	SEC	G D	SEC	G B	SEC	3 A	SEC	S K	SEC	P P
1	Q D	M	PH	M	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH .
TIRE	E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES								
BATCH 2			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: RFT/DIK/B2S1								
	1	25	27	50	45	20	20	18	16	3	2
	2	30	25	50	46	25	20	17	16	2	2
SERIES 1	3	30	25	51	47	25	21	18	16	3	2
SERIES I	4	32	26	52	47	28	21	19	17	3	2
	5	32	27	52	47	29	21	18	16	3	2
	6	35	27	52	47	30	22	18	17	3	2
ВАТСН 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER	RF	r/DIK,	/B2S2	
	1	31	25	52	47	26	19	23	19	5	3
	2	31	28	54	50	27	20	25	16	5	3
CEDIEG	3	32	na	53	na	29	na	22	16	5	3
SERIES 2	4	35	na	56	na	30	na	23	18	5	3
	5	37	na	54	na	30	na	23	16	5	3
	6	36	na	57	na	31	na	22	15	5	2

#### FIELD DATA LOG FOR SAAB FRICTION TESTER (SFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSFTB1.DIK

				TLE:	DAI	SFTDI.	DIK				
meem	S	SEC	G D	SEC	3 B	SEC	a A	SEC	S K	SEC	P
TEST	EQ	M	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E			<b>-</b>	FRI	CTION	VAL	JES		,	
ватсн 1			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG N	JMBER:	SF	r/DIK/	/B1S1	
	1	51	34	74	60	41	25	31	18	1	1
SERIES 1	2	51	33	74	60	41	24	33	22	1	1
annina a	3	51	33	75	60	48	25	30	18	1	1
SERIES I	4	51	32	77	60	45	24	30	21	1	1
	5	51	32	75	59	45	24	30	20	1	1
	6	51	33	75	59	46	23	32	22	1	1
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	SF	r/DIK,	/B1S2	
	1	56	32	74	58	46	26	30	18	1	1
	2	52	32	74	58	44	26	31	16	1	1
CEDIEG A	3	51	32	74	57	43	24	29	17	1	1
SERIES 2	4	49	32	74	57	46	26	30	15	1	1
	5	50	31	75	55	42	26	30	16	1	1
	6	50	36	76	55	44	26	30	16	1	1

## FIELD DATA LOG FOR SAAB FRICTION TESTER (SFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSFTB2.DIK

						JE IDE					
mrem	S E	SEC	G D	SEC	з в	SEC	3 A	SEC	3 K	SEC	P
TEST	Q	M	PH	M	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C		<del> </del>	<del>-</del>							
	E		FRICTION VALUES								
BATCH 2			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SFT/DIK/B2S1								
	1	45	33	73	70	33	28	28	14	2	0
SERIES 1	2	48	30	76	68	34	24	22	13	2	0
CPDTEC 1	3	44	30	77	62	36	20	23	13	2	0
SERIES I	4	48	29	78	63	41	21	23	13	2	0
	5	47	30	80	65	40	21	25	13	2	1
	6	44	30	77	65	40	21	26	13	1	0
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER	: SF	r/dik,	/B2S2	
	1	40	20	75	64	37	12	18	9	0	0
	2	48	20	75	62	30	13	15	8	0	0
CEDIEC 2	3	47	23	75	59	34	12	14	9	0	0
SERIES 2	4	44	22	75	59	37	12	20	10	0	0
	5	50	22	75	63	34	17	20	· 9	0	0
	6	47	30	77	64	37	12	18	.10	0	0

## FIELD DATA FOR SKIDDOMETER (SKD) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSKDB1.DIK

		_	•			J.N.D.D					
mecm	SE	SEC	G D	SEC	з в	SEC	G A	SEC	S K	SEC	3 P
TEST	Q	M	PH	M	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES								
ватсн 1			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SKD/DIK/B1S1								
	1	51	32	76	67	50	27	28	18	3	2
SERIES 1	48	32	78	67	50	25	27	18	3	2	
CEDIEG 1	3	52	30	78	67	55	23	27	16	4	2
SEKIES I	4	50	30	82	68	50	25	25	16	4	1
	5	49	30	78	67	46	22	28	15	4	1
	6	49	29	82	67	50	23	28	15	5	2
ватсн 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	: SKI	D/DIK,	/B1S2	
	1	40	27	75	60	37	21	27	18	4	2
	2	42	27	75	60	38	18	23	15	4	2
CEDIEC 2	3	42	27	73	58	35	19	23	17	4	2
SERIES 2	4	42	25	73	60	35	18	23	14	4	2
	5	42	24	72	58	37	21	26	15	4	2
	6	42	25	74	58	37	18	27	14	4	2

# FIELD DATA FOR SKIDDOMETER (SKD) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSKDB2.DIK

	s	SEC	3 D	SEC	3 B	SEC	3 A	SEC	3 K	SEC	3 P
TEST	E Q	M	PH	M	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH	MI	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E	FRICTION VALUES  TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SKD/DIK/B									
ВАТСН 2			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG NU	JMBER:	SKI	O/DIK/	/B2S1	
	1	31	23	74	61	30	15	26	14	4	1
	2	34	22	72	60	30	16	25	13	4	1
SERIES 1	3	37	23	74	62	33	16	25	14	4	2
SERIES I	4	38	23	74	62	34	17	24	13	4	1
	5	41	24	76	63	35	18	25	13	3	1
	6	40	22	74	62	33	18	24	13	4	2
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG NT	JMBER:	SKI	O/DIK/	/B2S2	
	1	33	21	69	59	28	14	16	10	2	0
	2	31	20	70	58	27	14	17	11	2	0
SERIES 2	3	30	20	67	59	26	13	17	10	2	0
SERIES 2	4	31	21	68	59	28	13	16	10	2	0
	5	33	22	68	58	30	15	18	9	3	0
	6	32	22	71	58	30	15	18	10	2	0

## FIELD DATA FOR MU METER (MUM) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATMUMB1.DIK

			F.	ILE:	DATM	UMB1.I	DIK				
mecm	S E	SE	G D	SE	G B	SEC	G A	SEC	G K	SEC	G P
TEST	Q	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH	M	PH
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES								
ватсн 1			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/DIK-L/B1S1 MUM/DIK-R/B1S1								
	1	47	25	67	58	41	22	38	19	2	3
	2	45	26	68	58	42	20	33	19	3	3
SERIES 1	3	45	26	68	59	41	21	34	17	3	1
SERIES 1	4	45	25	70	58	41	20	34	18	3	1
	5	45	24	69	58	40	20	34	19	4	2
	6	44	25	69	59	40	20	31	18	4	2
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:		1/DIK-		
	1	45	30	69	60	40	23	33	20	3	2
	2	45	28	70	60	39	21	35	20	2	2
SERIES 2	3	47	28	70	61	38	20	34	18	2	2
OFWIES 2	4	44	25	70	60	40	20	35	18	3	2
	5	42	23	70	60	40	20	32	18	3	2
	6	42	23	70	61	38	20	30	18	3	2

#### FIELD DATA FOR MU METER (MUM) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATMUMB2.DIK

FILE: DATMUMB2.DIK														
<b>****</b>	S	SE	G D	SE	з в	SEC	G A	SEC	3 K	SEC	G P			
TEST	E Q	M	PH	MPH		M	PH	MI	PH	MPH				
TIRE	U	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60			
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES											
ВАТСН 2			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/DIK-L/B2S1 MUM/DIK-R/B2S1											
	1	42	23	69	60	41	21	30	16	6	3			
}	2	40	23	69	60	37	21	30	18	6	3			
SERIES 1	3	41	22	69	61	36	20	30	15	6	3			
SERIES I	4	43	24	69	60	34	20	30	13	7	3			
	5	41	22	69	60	37	19	30	18	5	3			
	6	40	20	69	60	35	20	28	16	5	3			
ватсн 2			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG NU	JMBER:			-L/B25 -R/B25				
	1	42	31	67	58	39	29	30	19	3	1			
	2	43	26	67	58	38	21	30	19	3	2			
SERIES 2	3	42	28	68	58	38	19	30	19	3	2			
SERIES 2	4	44	23	67	58	40	20	30	18	3	2			
	5	43	25	68	59	40	20	30	20	3	2			
	6	41	22	68	58	39	20	29	18	3	3			

#### APPENDIX J

SUMMARY OF FIELD DATA LOG FOR DUNLOP TIRE

## FIELD DATA LOG FOR RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER (RFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATRFTB1.DUN

FILE: DATRIBL.DUN													
	S E	SEC	G D SEC		3 В	SEC	S A	SEC	3 K	SEG P			
	Q	M	PH	MPH		MPH		MPH		MPH			
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60		
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES										
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG NU	JMBER:	RF	r/DUN/	/B1S1	_		
	1	46	32	62	55	42	29	28	22	4	3		
	2	46	32	62	54	42	29	26	21	4	3		
CEDIEC 1	3	47	32	62	53	41	29	26	20	4	2		
SERIES 1	4	47	32	61	54	42	30	25	19	4	2		
	5	46	32	62	53	42	29	26	19	na	2		
	6	45	31	61	53	41	29	26	19	4	2		
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG N	JMBER:	RF	r/DUN,	/B1S2			
	1	46	38	62	55	43	32	30	22	7	2		
	2	47	36	61	55	43	32	29	25	7	3		
CEDIEC 3	3	46	38	58	54	43	31	28	25	7	3		
SERIES 2	4	46	36	60	54	42	32	30	21	6	3		
	5	46	36	60	54	42	31	29	22	7	3		
	6	47	36	60	53	42	31	32	21	7	3		

#### FIELD DATA LOG FOR RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER (RFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATRFTB2.DUN

FILE: DATRIBZ.DON												
mn.cm	S	SEG D SEG B		SEC	SEG A		3 K	SEG P				
TEST	E Q	MI	PH	MPH		MPH		MPH		МРН		
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	
MODE	N C E			-	FRIC	CTION	VAL	JES				
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	RF	r/DUN,	/B2S1		
	1							·				
	2											
CEDIEC 1	3											
SERIES 1	4										,	
	5											
	6											
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER:	: RF	r/DUN,	/B2S2		
	1											
	2										4	
SERIES 2	3		,									
SERIES 2	4											
	5	`										
	6							_				

NOTE: DATA NOT OBTAINED DUE TO ACCIDENTAL DAMAGE TO VEHICLE.

## FIELD DATA LOG FOR SAAB FRICTION TESTER (SFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSFTB1.DUN

FILE: DATSFIBL.DUN														
-	S	SEG D		SEG B		SEC	a A	SEG K		SEG P				
TEST	E Q	MI	PH PH	MI	PH	PH MP		PH ME		MPH				
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60			
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES											
ватсн 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	MBER:	SFI	r/DUN,	/B1S1				
	1	68	50	90	80	64	38	40	23	2	1			
	2	68	48	87	78	60	35	38	22	1	1			
	3	69	47	88	78	58	37	40	22	2	1			
SERIES 1	4	70	47	90	78	60	34	40	22	1	1			
	5	67	45	88	78	60	37	43	22	1	1			
	6	67	45	88	77	58	35	38	20	1	1			
ВАТСН 1			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:	SF	r/DUN,	/B1S2				
	1	62	44	82	75	55	38	39	19	1	0			
	2	64	43	84	75	60	39	33	22	1	0			
arpina a	3	68	44	85	75	60	34	30	21	1	0			
SERIES 2	4	66	44	82	75	58	33	38	20	1	0			
	5	63	44	82	74	57	35	36	21	1	0			
	6	61	43	80	74	58	33	42	20	1	0			

## FIELD DATA LOG FOR SAAB FRICTION TESTER (SFT) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSFTB2.DUN

TEST	SE	SEG D		SEC	3 B	SEC	3 A	SEC	s K	SEC	P			
	Q	MI	PH	MPH		мрн		MPH		мрн				
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60			
MODE	N C E		FRICTION VALUES											
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG NU	JMBER:	SFT	r/DUN/	/B2S1				
	1	57	38	82	68	50	28	30	15	0	0			
	2	60	38	82	68	50	27	24	15	0	0			
CEPTEG 1	3	57	38	83	68	52	27	24	15	0	0			
SERIES 1	4	58	35	84	70	48	27	30	20	0	0			
	5	58	35	84	67	48	27	27	17	0	0			
	6	57	34	82	67	48	27	30	15	0	0			
BATCH 2			TEST	TIRE	CATA	LOG N	JMBER	SF	r/DUN,	/B2S2				
	1	57	42	80	69	46	30	36	19	0	0			
	2	57	40	82	68	47	29	36	19	0	0			
CEDIEC	3	57	38	78	70	48	28	37	19	0	0			
SERIES 2	4	57	38	80	70	48	27	40	18	0	0			
	5	56	37	80	68	46	28	38	18	0	0			
	6	57	38	79	67	48	26	36	18	0	0			

# FIELD DATA FOR SKIDDOMETER (SKD) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSKDB1.DUN														
TEST	S	SEG D		SEC	SEG B		SEG A		S K	SEG P				
]	E Q	M	PH	M	MPH		PH	M	PH	М	PH			
TIRE MODE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60			
MODE	N C E				FRIC	CTION	VALU	JES						
BATCH 1			TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SKD/DUN/B1S1											
	1	59	33	87	74	62	32	32	19	4	3			
	2	62	37	86	75	60	33	32	19	4	3			
SERIES 1	3	62	39	86	74	61	38	29	17	4	3			
SERIES I	4	64	39	87	74	61	36	28	18	4	3			
	5	62	38	87	74	58	36	30	18	4	3			
	6	62	38	87	74	58	35	34	18	5	4			
BATCH 1			TEST	TIRE	CATAI	LOG NU	JMBER:	SKI	D/DUN/	/B1S2				
	1	56	41	85	73	52	30	34	16	3	1			
	2	57	40	83	75	55	33	31	18	3	1			
SERIES 2	3	58	38	82	75	53	32	31	16	3	1			
SERIES 2	4	57	38	83	73	53	33	30	17	3	1			
	5	57	40	82	75	53	35	31	17	3	1			
	6	58	39	83	75	54	34	27	17	3	1			

# FIELD DATA FOR SKIDDOMETER (SKD) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATSKDB2.DUN

FILE: DATSKDB2.DUN												
TEST TIRE	SEQUE	SEG D		SEG B		SEG A		SEG K		SEG P		
		мрн		мрн		мрн		MPH		MPH		
		40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	
MODE	N C E	FRICTION VALUES										
BATCH 2		TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SKD/DUN/B2S1										
	1	48	36	78	68	42	26	34	14	3	1	
	2	50	34	78	67	45	28	31	14	3	1	
SERIES 1	3	50	32	78	68	47	27	27	14	4	1	
	4	52	34	78	70	48	26	27	14	4	2	
	5	55	34	77	68	50	26	24	14	4	1	
	6	52	34	80	66	46	27	26	14	3	1	
ВАТСН 2		TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: SKD/DUN/B2S2										
SERIES 2	1	58	38	84	75	51	32	26	16	4	2	
	2	57	37	85	72	50	31	28	16	4	2	
	3	58	40	84	73	54	30	27	17	4	2	
	4	58	40	82	74	52	35	26	16	4	2	
	5	56	40	82	74	54	34	26	17	4	2	
	6	60	40	80	75	52	36	26	17	5	2	

# FIELD DATA FOR MU METER (MUM) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATMUMB1.DUN												
TEST	SEQ	SEG D		SEC	SEG B		SEG A		SEG K		SEG P	
		MPH		мрн		MPH		MPH		мрн		
TIRE	U E	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	
MODE	N C E	FRICTION VALUES										
BATCH 1		TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/DUN-L/B1S1 MUM/DUN-R/B1S1										
	1	37	21	64	53	32	16	20	13	3	0	
	2	35	20	62	53	31	16	20	12	3	0	
SERIES 1	3	35	19	63	53	32	16	20	11	2	0	
SERIES I	4	38	20	64	52	35	18	20	11	4	1	
	5	38	21	64	52	33	18	20	11	3	1	
	6	38	20	64	52	32	18	20	12	3	1	
BATCH 1		TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/DUN-L/B1S2 MUM/DUN-R/B1S2										
SERIES 2	1	45	40	72	65	50	32	33	25	4	1	
	2	50	38	73	64	44	30	32	20	5	2	
	3	49	35	73	66	46	30	31	21	5	2	
	4	48	33	72	66	45	29	30	19	5	2	
	5	49	32	72	65	44	30	30	20	5	2	
	6	48	33	73	65	44	29	30	20	5	3	

# FIELD DATA FOR MU METER (MUM) FRICTION TESTS CONDUCTED AT 40/60 MILES PER HOUR

FILE: DATMUMB2.DUN

FILE: DATMOMB2.DUN											
meem	TEST E Q U E MODE N C E	SEG D		SEG B		SEG A		SEG K		SEG P	
}		мрн		MPH		MPH		МРН		MPH	
		40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60	40	60
MODE		FRICTION VALUES									
ВАТСН 2		TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/DUN-L/B2S1 MUM/DUN-R/B2S1									
	1	43	30	68	61	39	27	27	18	8	1
	2	41	27	67	60	38	21	25	17	8	1
SERIES 1	3	41	28	70	60	36	21	28	17	7	2
SEKIES I	4	41	28	67	60	37	21	24	18	6	2
	5	42	31	71	60	36	31	26	15	5	2
	6	41	28	71	60	36	28	24	18	6	2
ВАТСН 2	:	TEST TIRE CATALOG NUMBER: MUM/DUN-L/B2S2 MUM/DUN-R/B2S2									
SERIES 2	1	49	29	70	60	41	29	28	18	7	2
	2	43	29	70	60	40	29	27	17	8	2
	3	42	na	67	na	39	na	27	18	7	3
	4	na	na	na	na	na	na	27	18	8	2
	5	na	na	na	na	na	na	27	20	8	3
	6	na	na	na	na	na	na	28	19	8	4

NOTE: DATA NOT OBTAINED DUE TO TIME CONSTRAINTS TO COMPLETE WORK FOR THE DAY.

## APPENDIX K

**EXAMPLE OF DATA ENTRY INFORMATION** 

### APPENDIX K

# FIELD DATA ENTRY INFORMATION FOR EACH TEST RUN

LOCATION: Wallops Flight Facility; Wallops Island, Virginia

TEST DATE:

TIME:

TEST SITE: (DBA) (K) (P)

FRICTION DEVICE: (SFT) (SKD) (RFT) (MUM)

TEST SPEED: (40 MPH) (60MPH)

TIRE: (DUNLOP) (MCCREARY) (DIKO) (AERO)

TIRE CATALOG NUMBER; (SFT/DUN/B1S1) (SKD/MAC/B2S1) (RFT/DIK/B2S2) (MUM/DUN/B1S2)

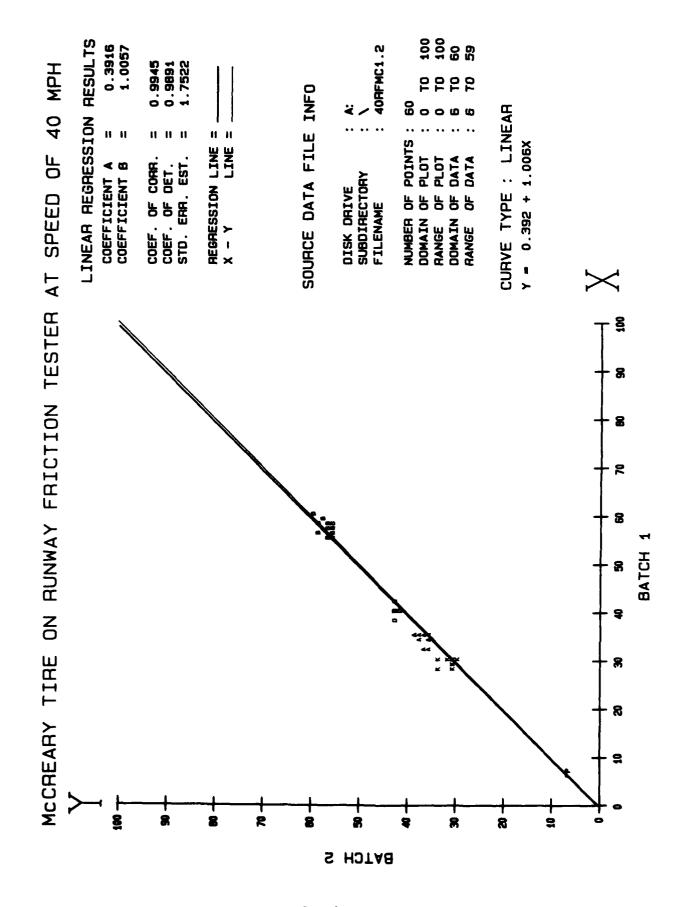
**BATCH:** (1) (2)

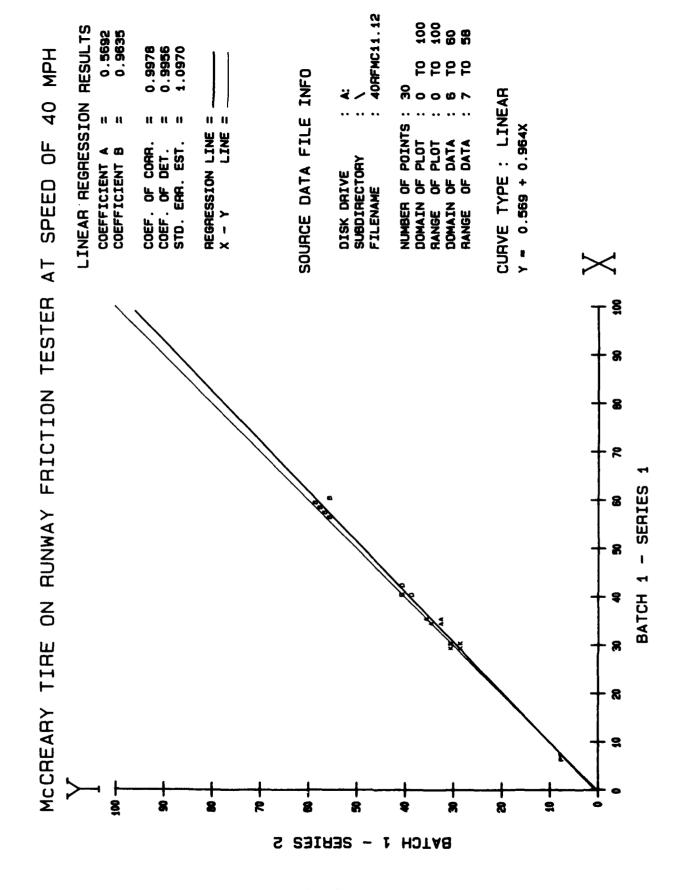
**SERIES:** (1) (2)

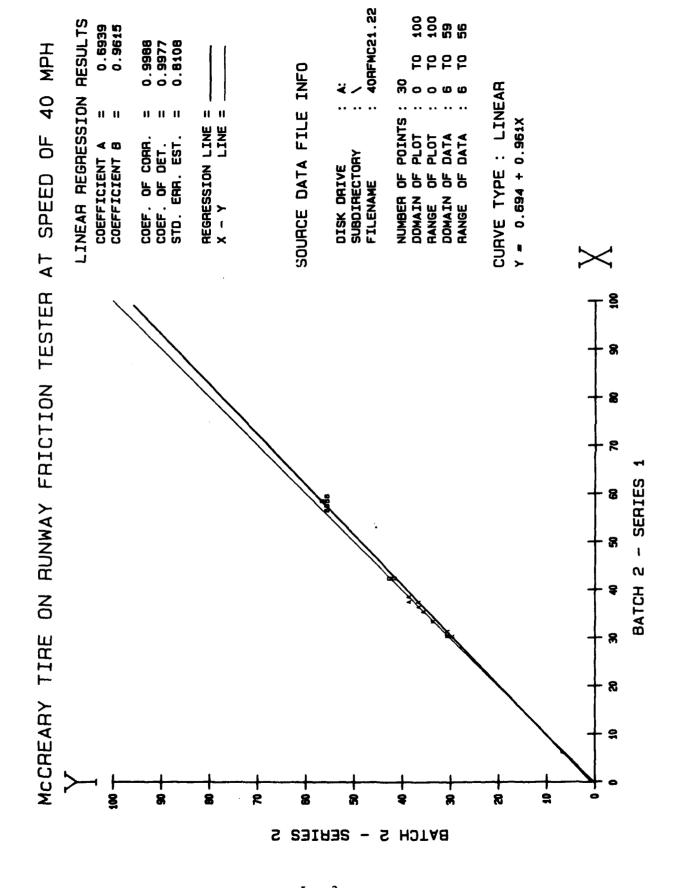
TEST RUN NUMBER: 1 THROUGH 6

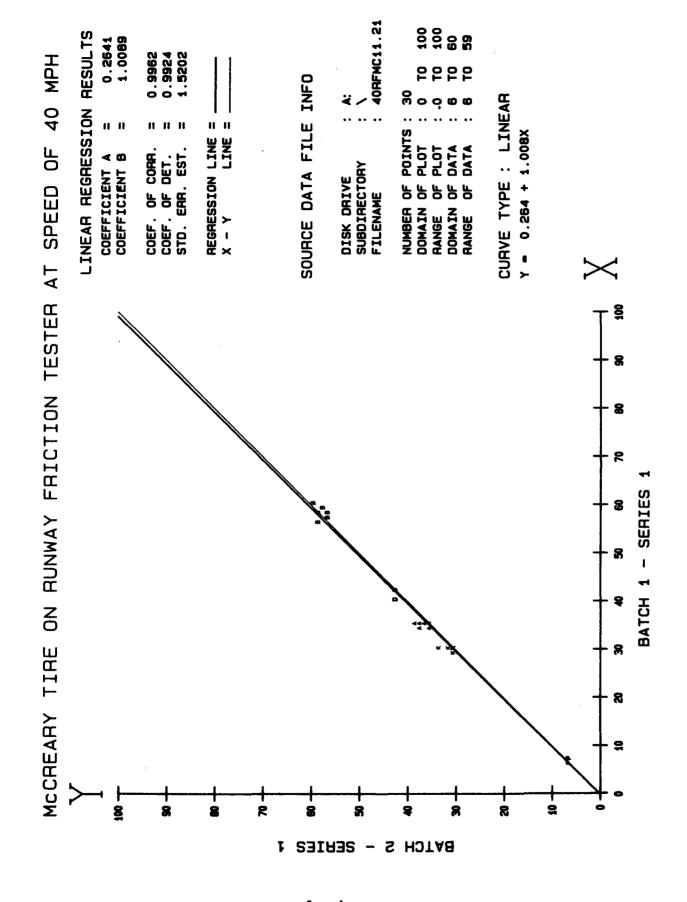
### APPENDIX L

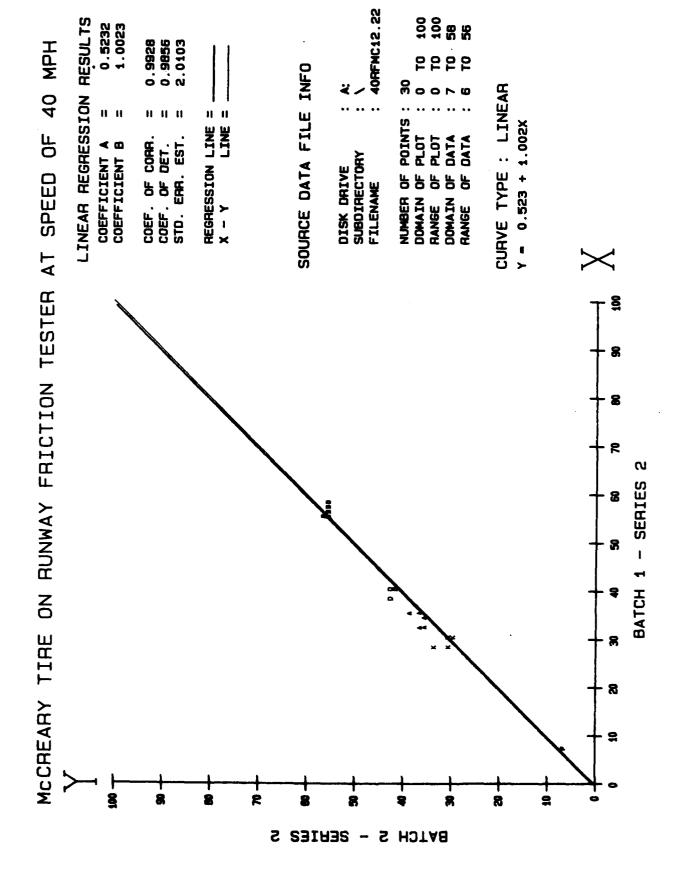
# REGRESSION ANALYSIS CHARTS SHOWING GRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF THE PERFORMANCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE McCREARY TIRE MOUNTED ON FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES USING SELF WATER SYSTEM AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

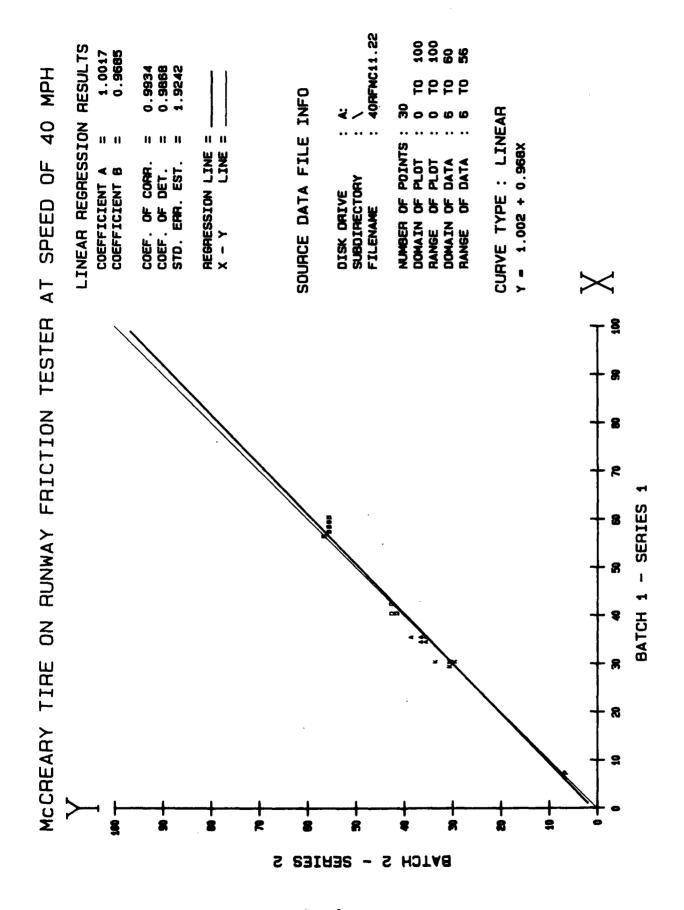


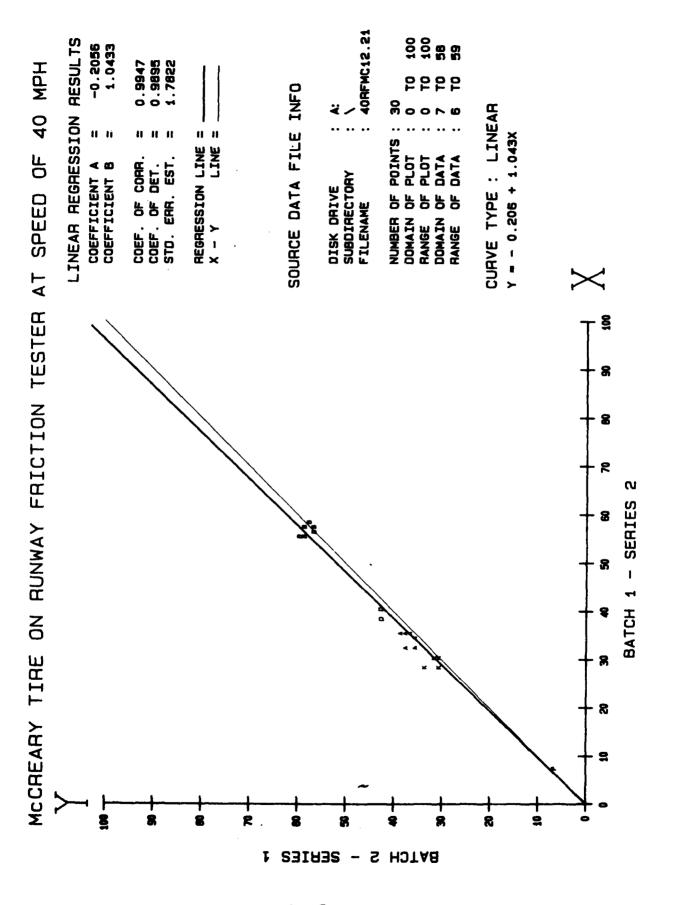


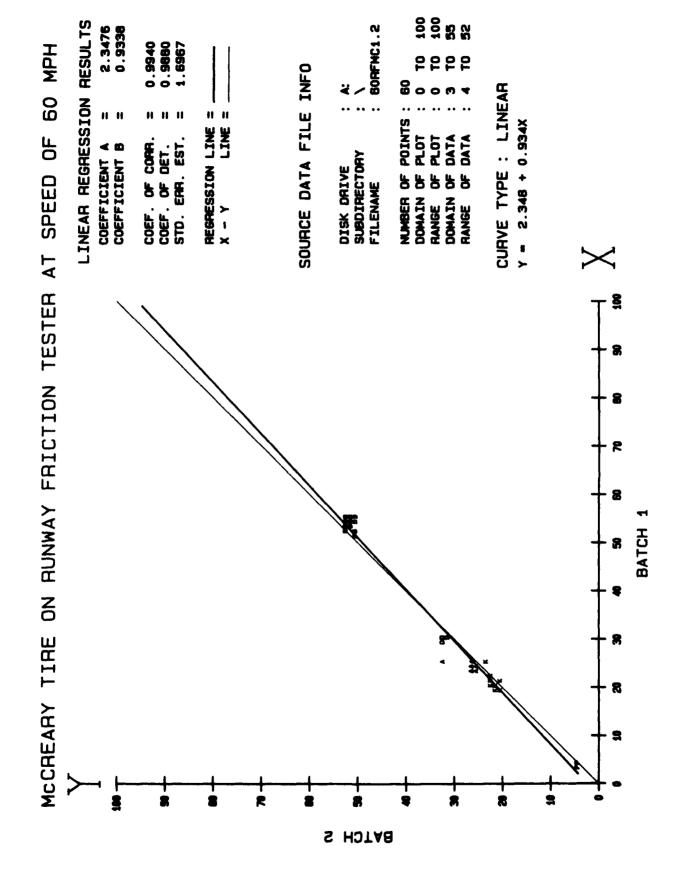


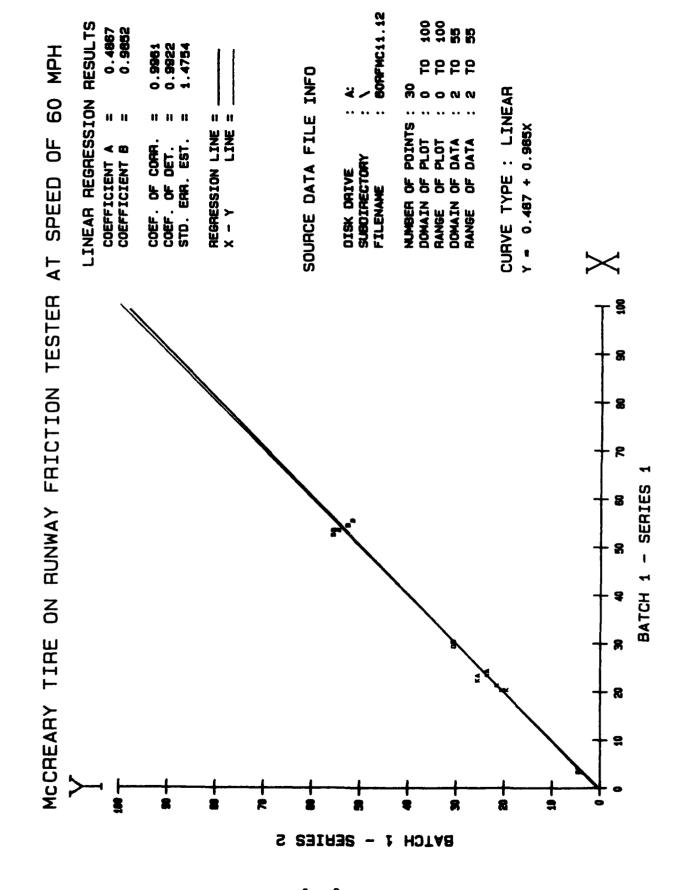




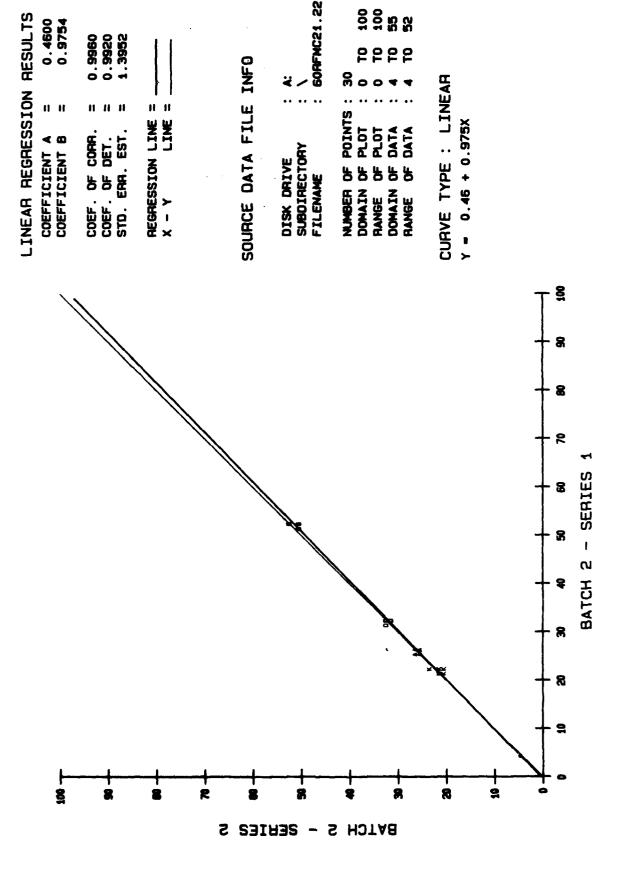


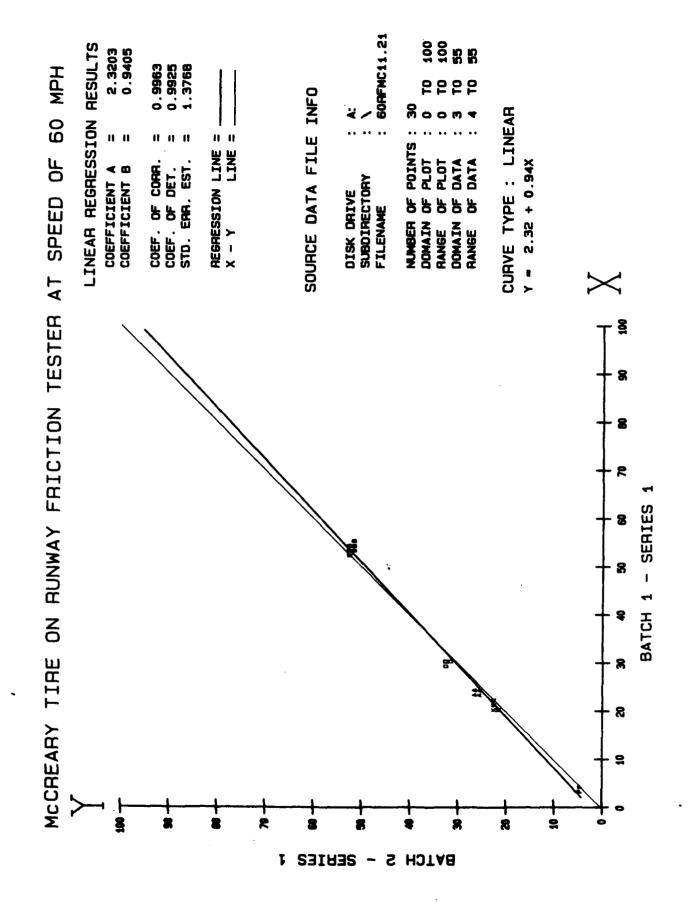


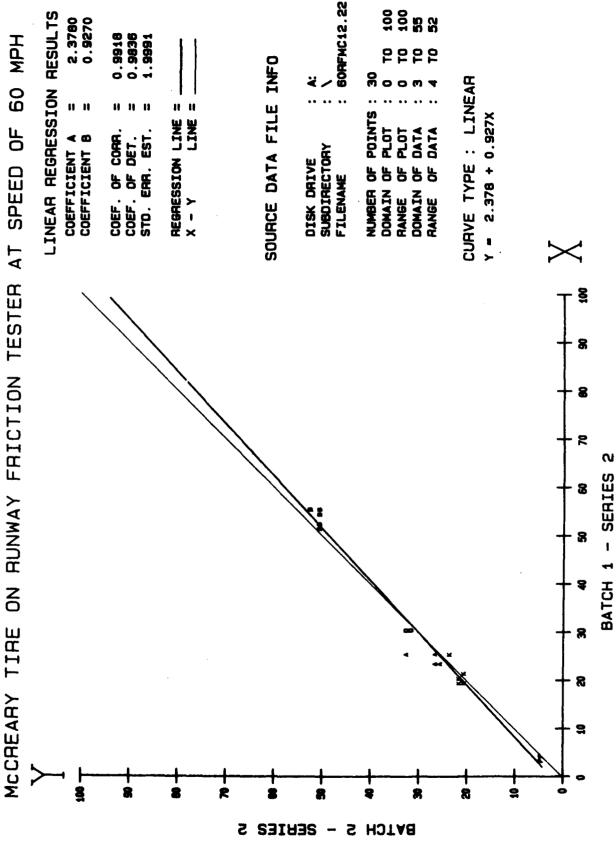




60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF





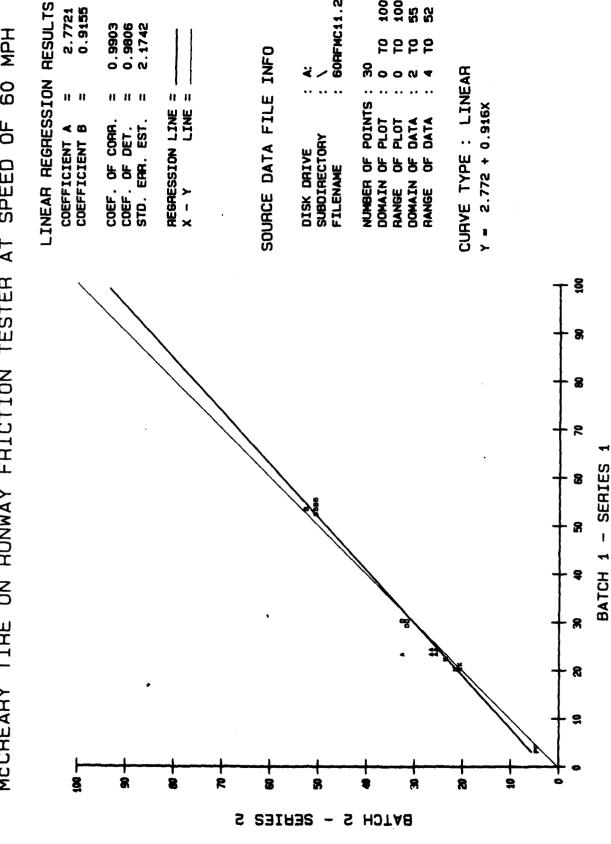


2.7721 0.9155

11 11

0.9903 0.9806 2.1742

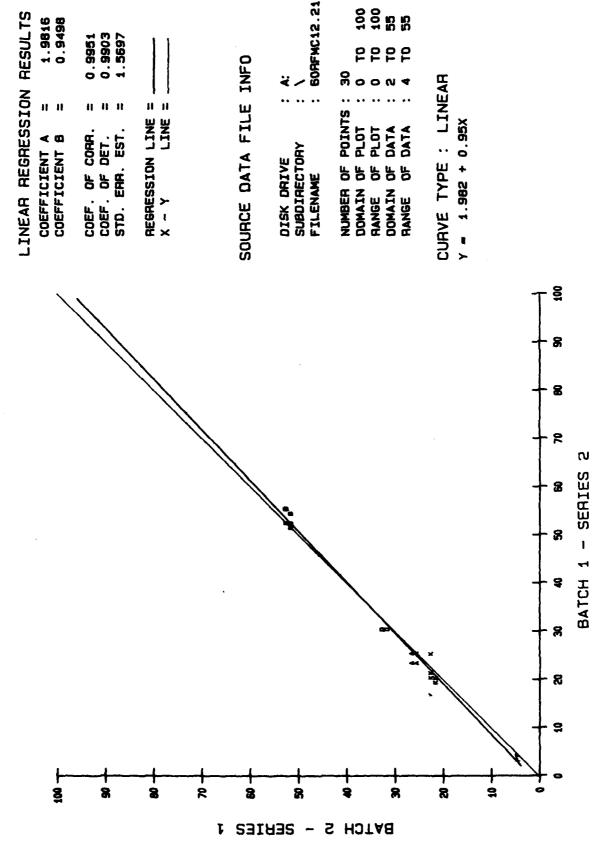
11 11 11

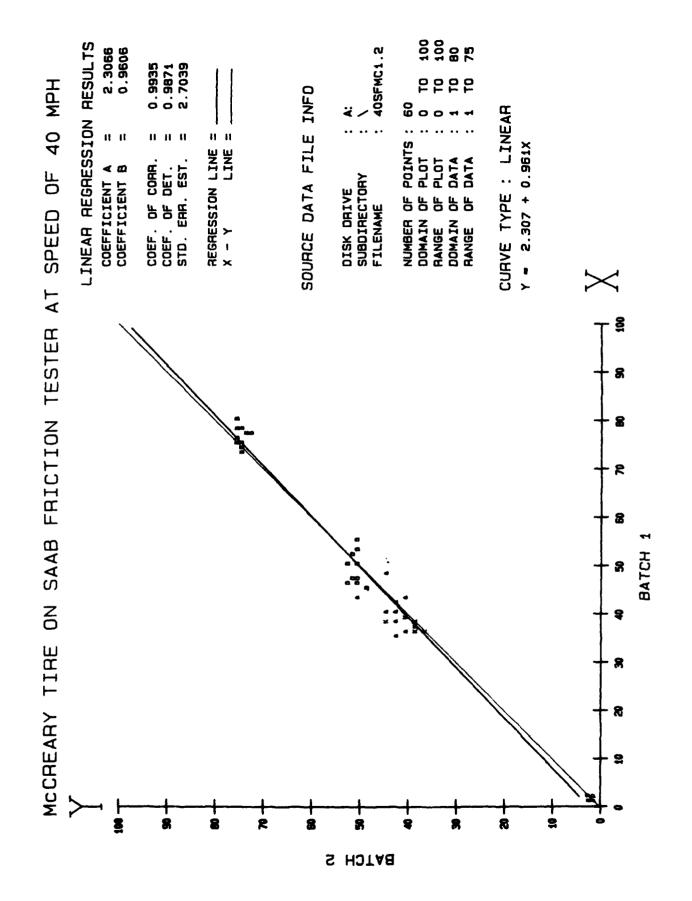


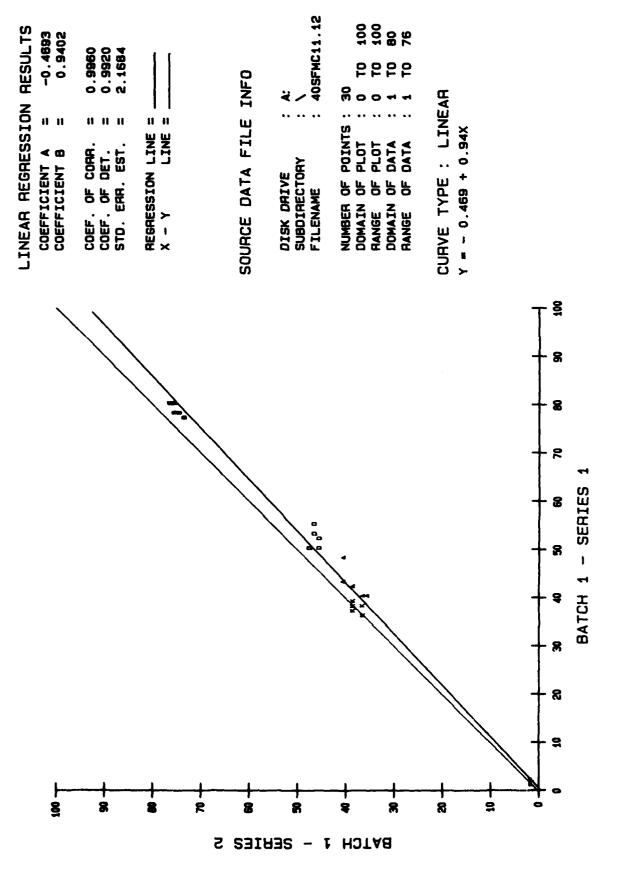
: 60RFMC11.22

100 100 55 52

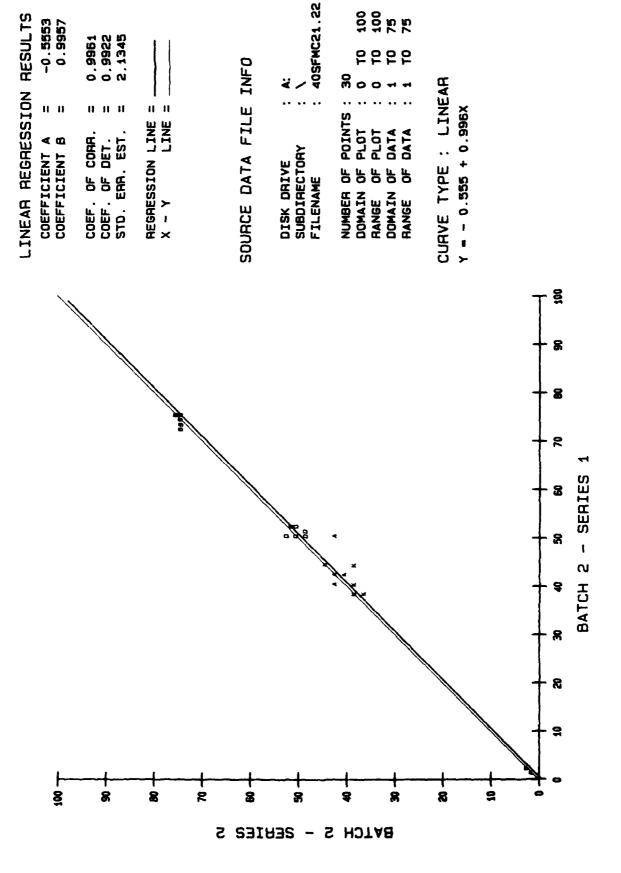
60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF



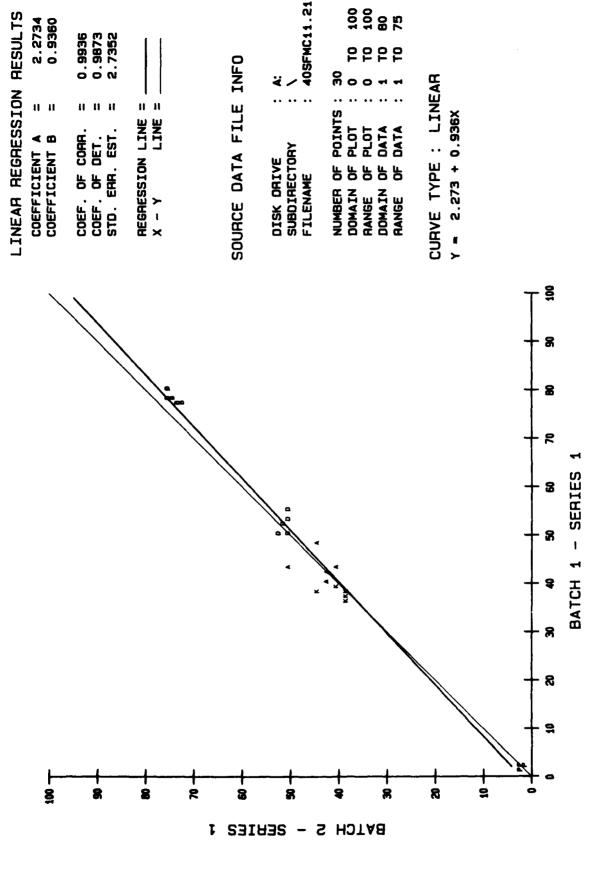




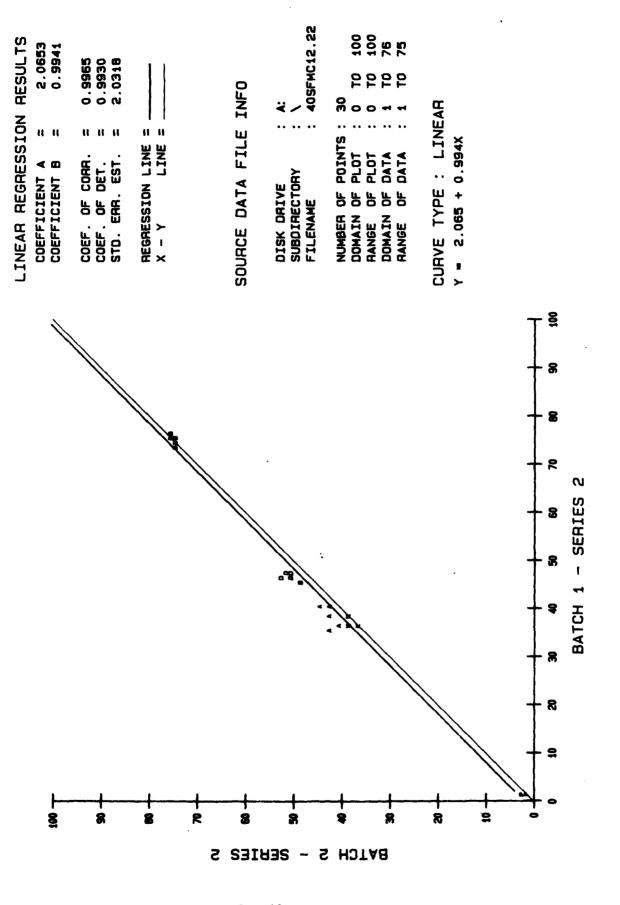
ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH MCCREARY TIRE

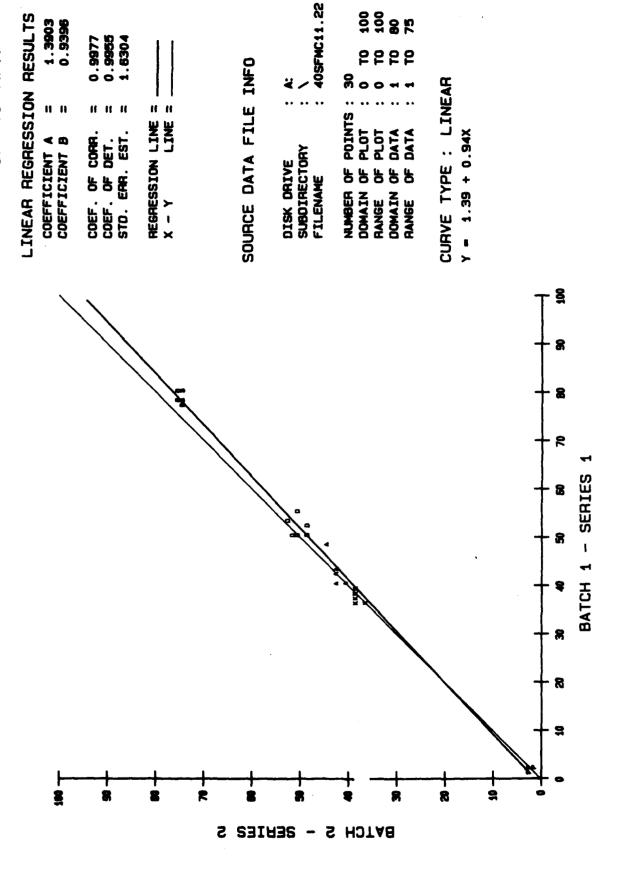


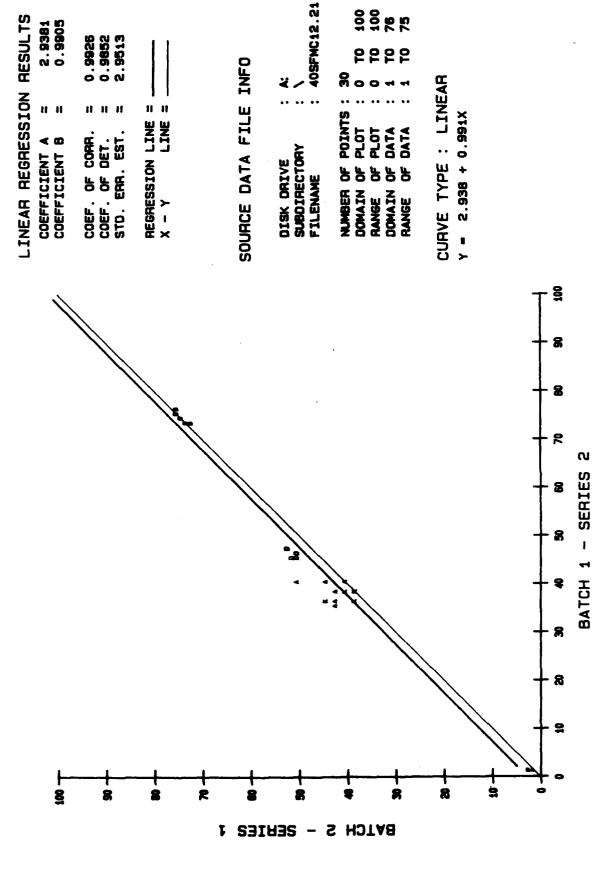
SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT MCCREARY TIRE

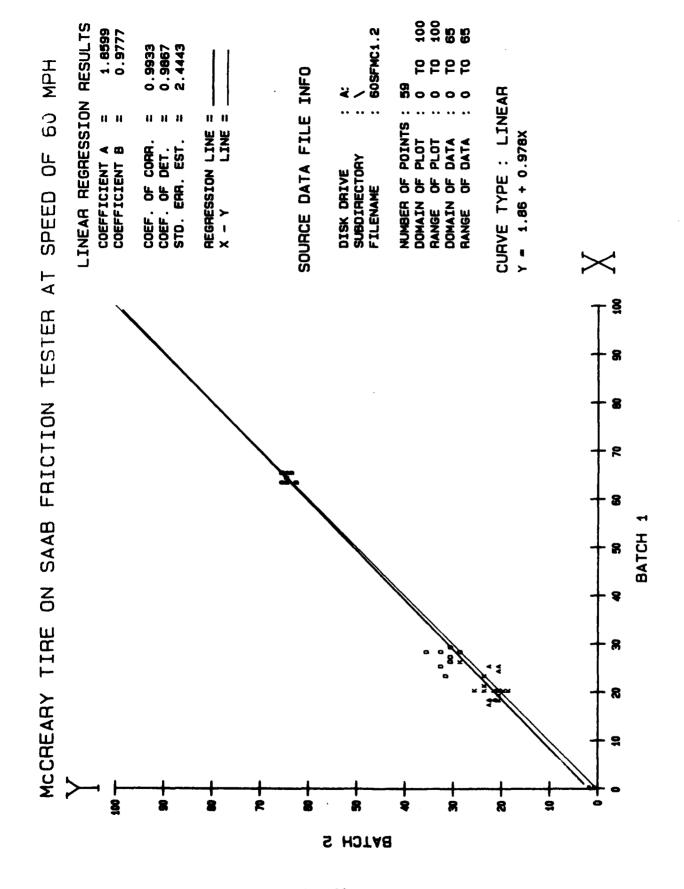


ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH MCCREARY TIRE

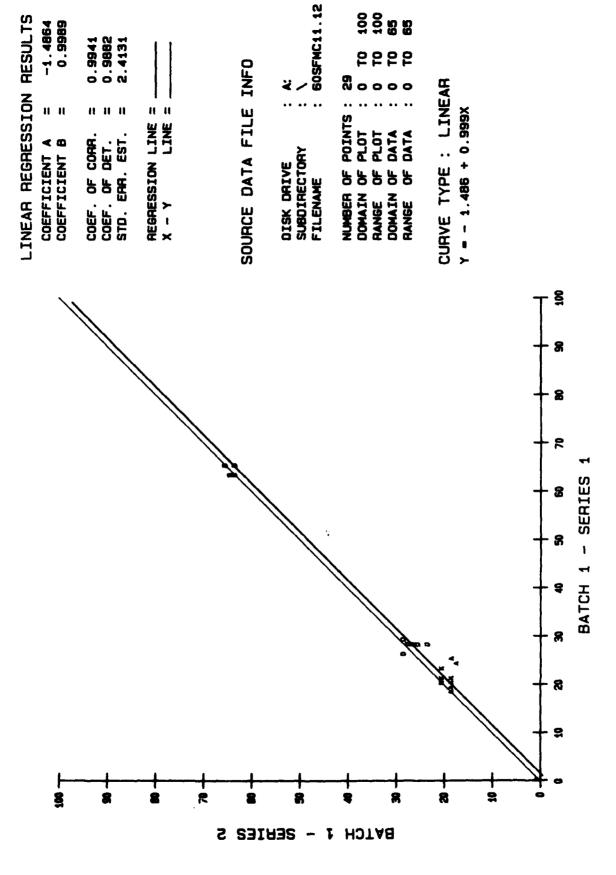




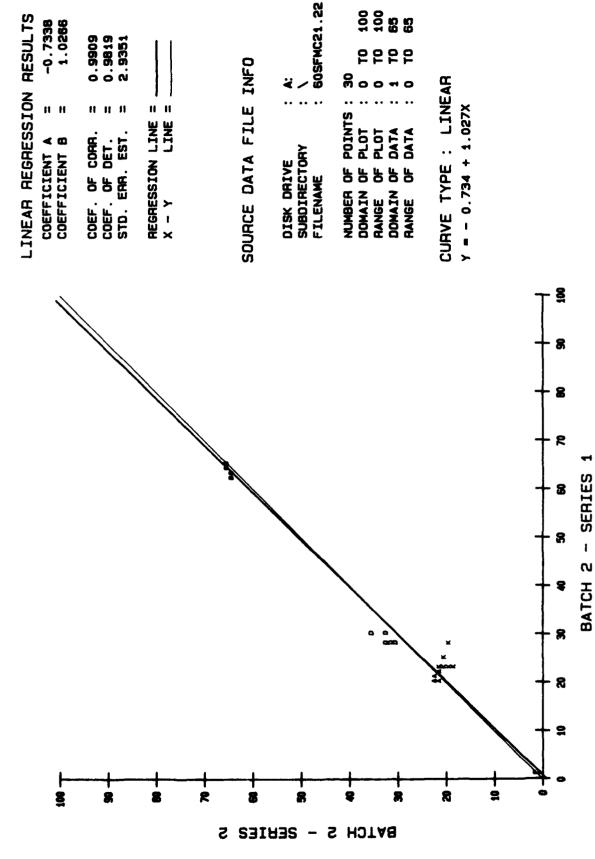




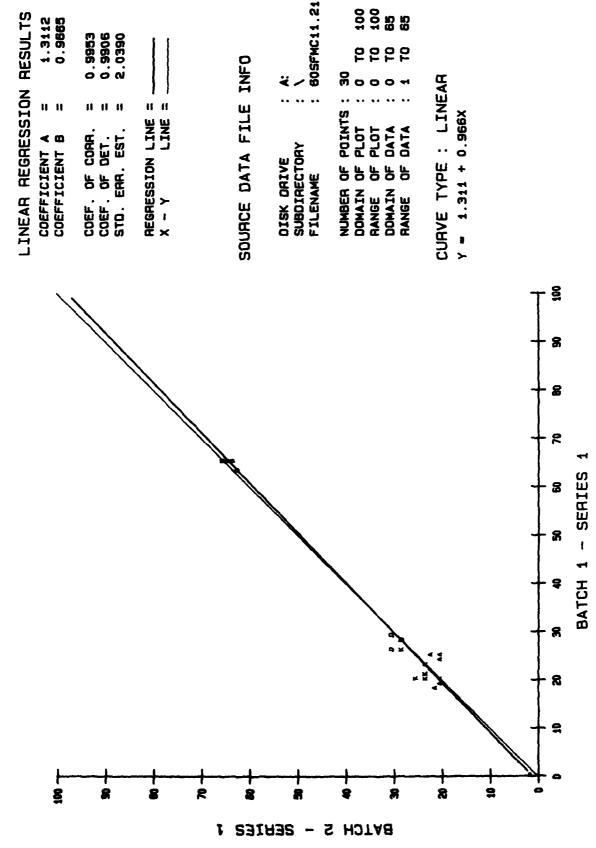
MCCREARY TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

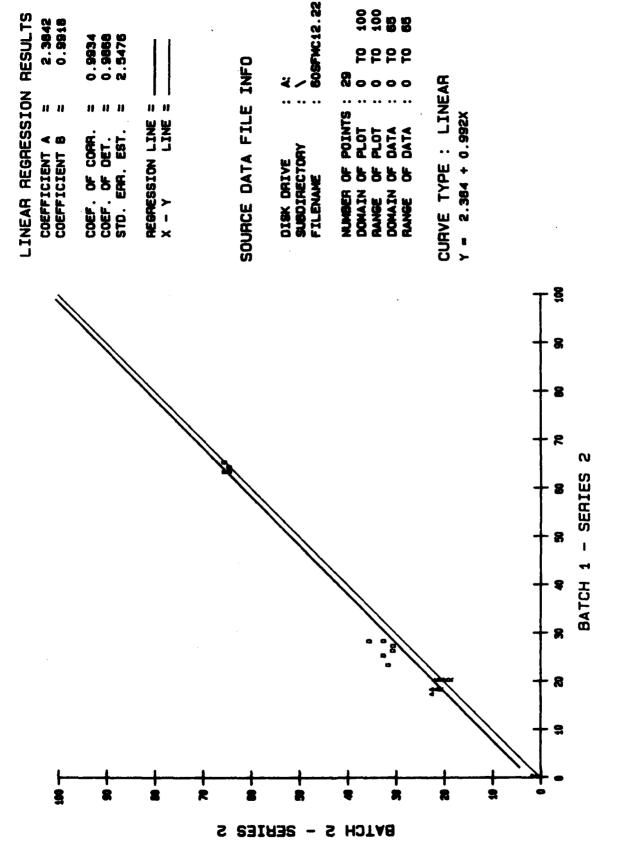


60 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF MCCREARY TIRE



ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE



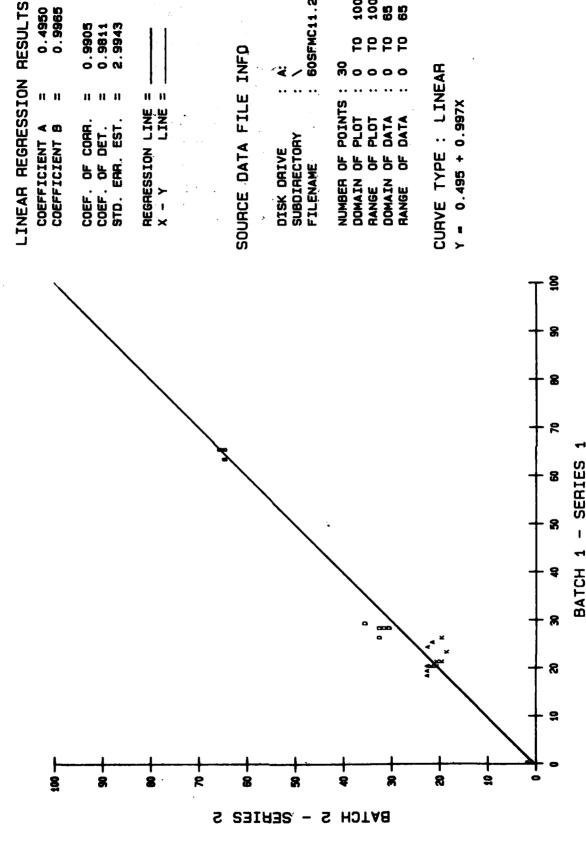


8 8 5 5 8 8 5 5

MPI 60 SPEED OF FRICTION TESTER AT SAAB 8 MCCHEARY TIRE

0.4950 0.9965

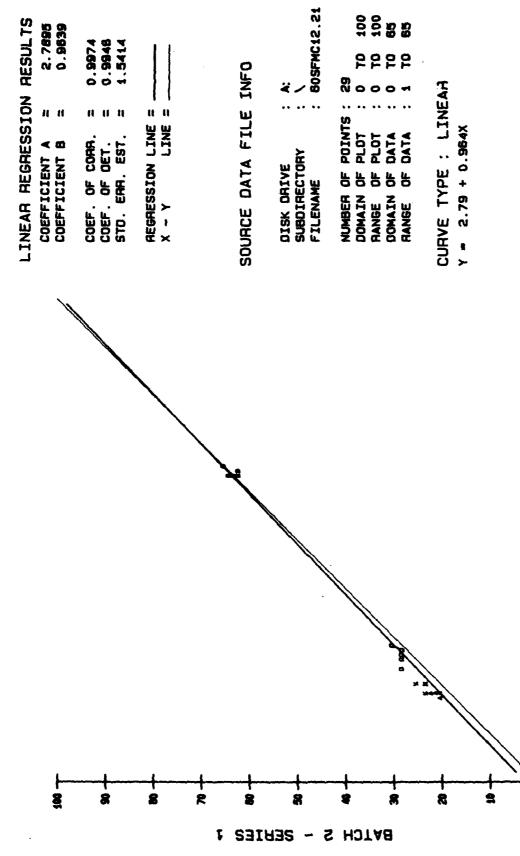
0.9905 0.9811 2.9943



60SFMC11.22

100 100 635 635

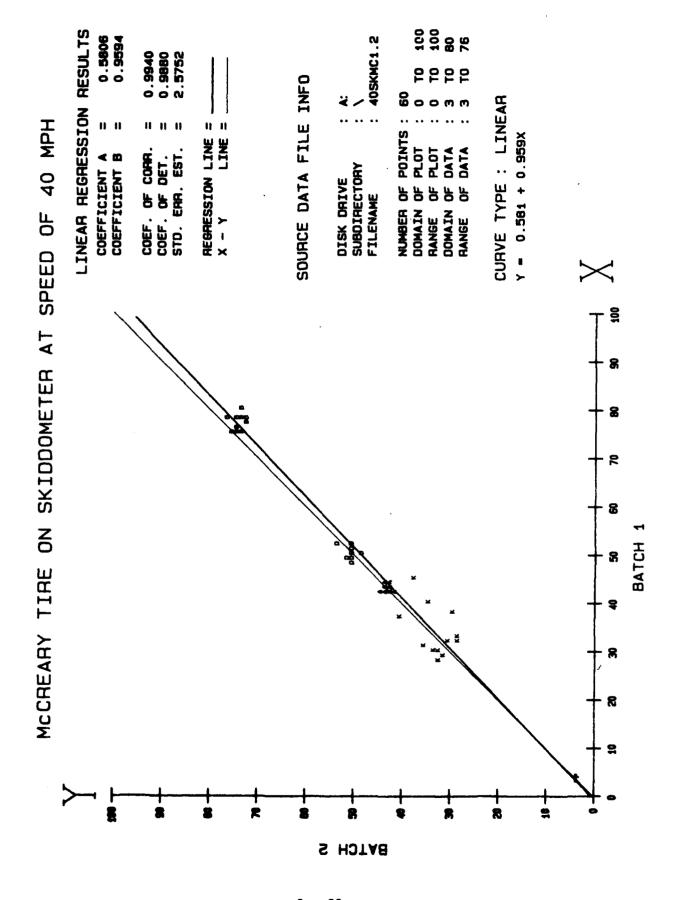
ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE



<u>ş</u>

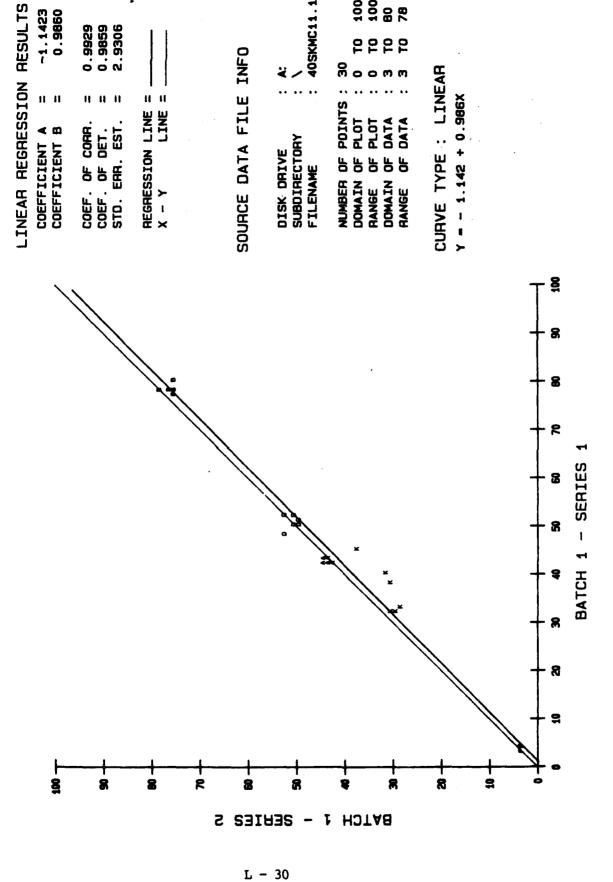
- SERIES 2

BATCH 1



~1.1423 0.9860

0.9859 2.9306 0.9929

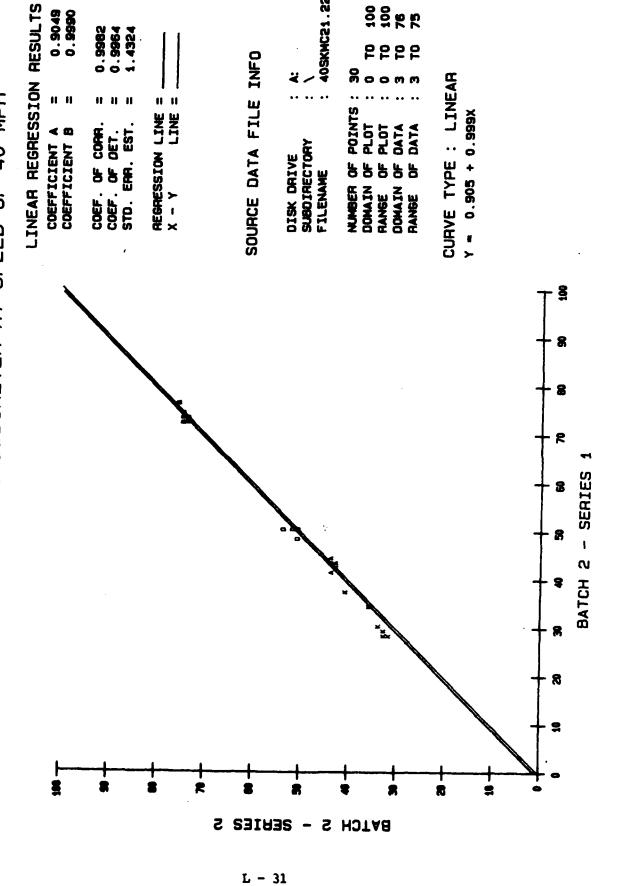


40SKMC11.12

100 100 180 78

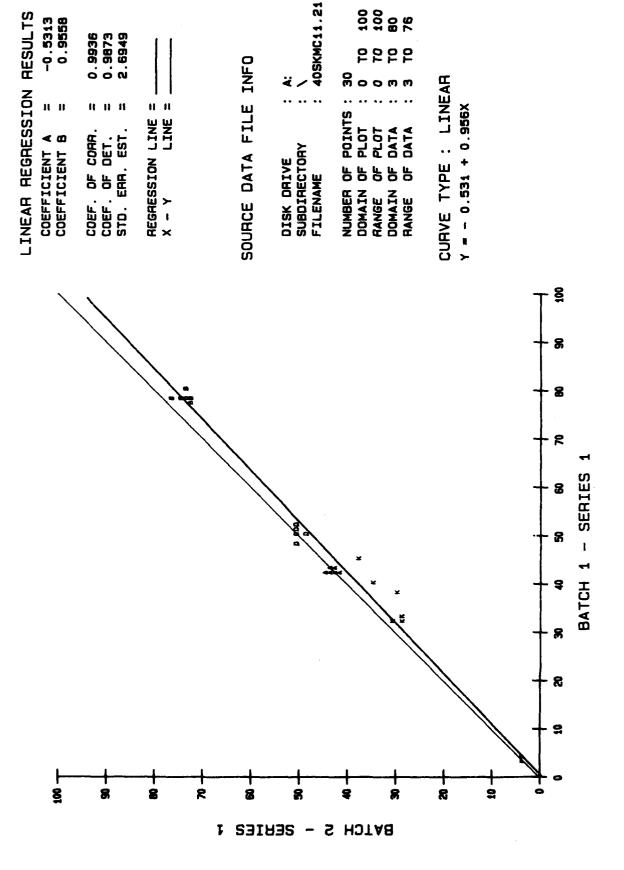
0.9049 0.9990

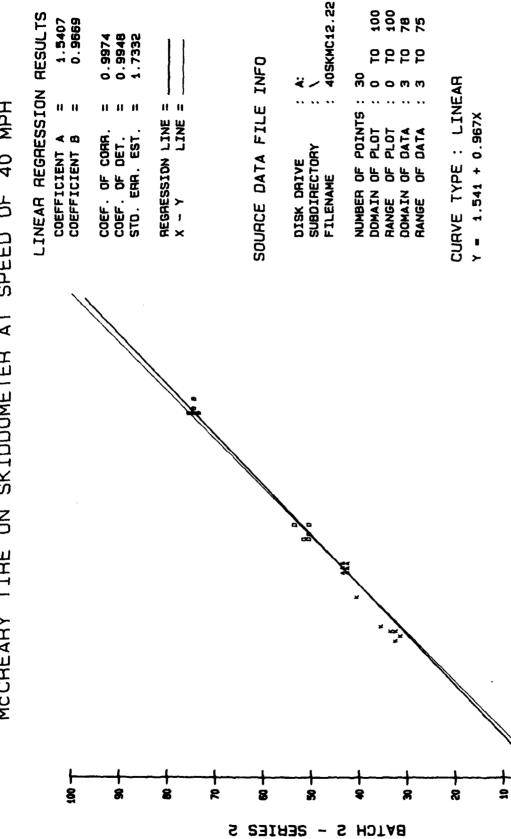
0.9982 0.9964 1.4324



40SKMC21.22

SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SKIDDOMETER AT MCCREARY TIRE





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a

- SERIES

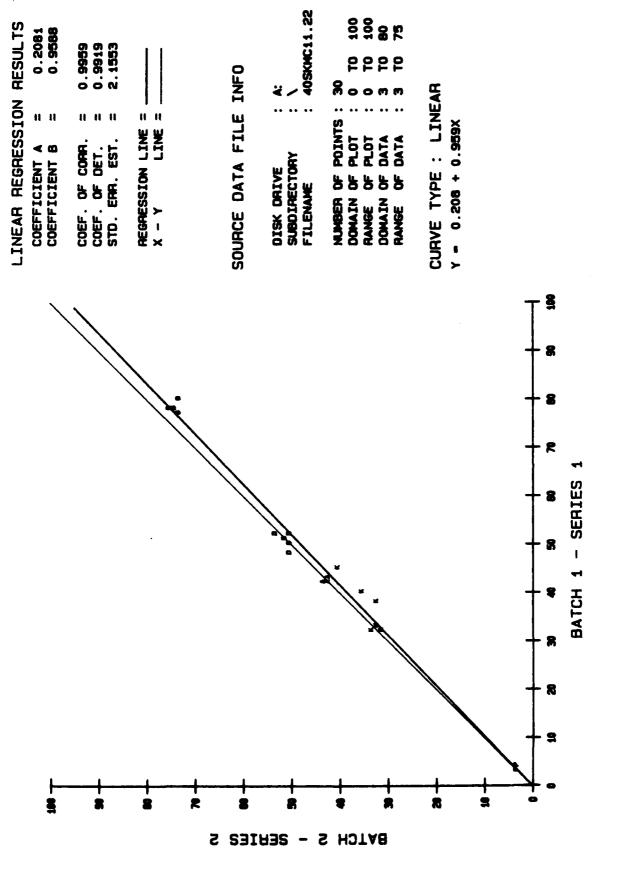
BATCH 1

8

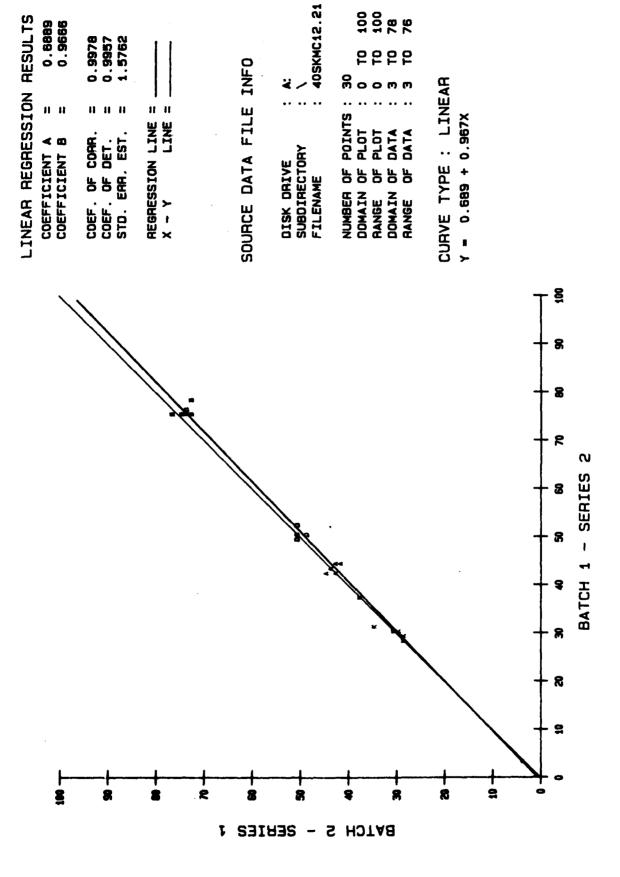
8

R

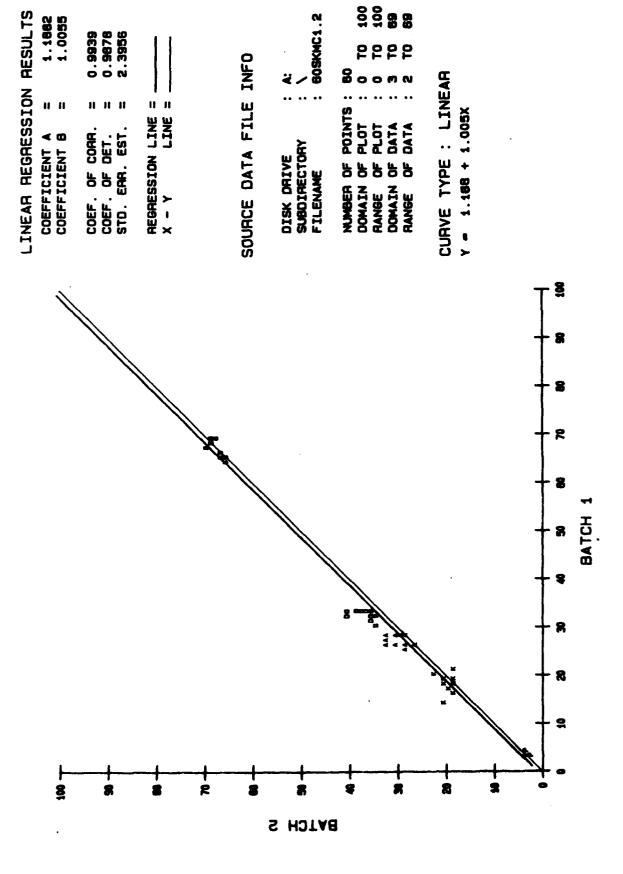
# MCCREARY TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH



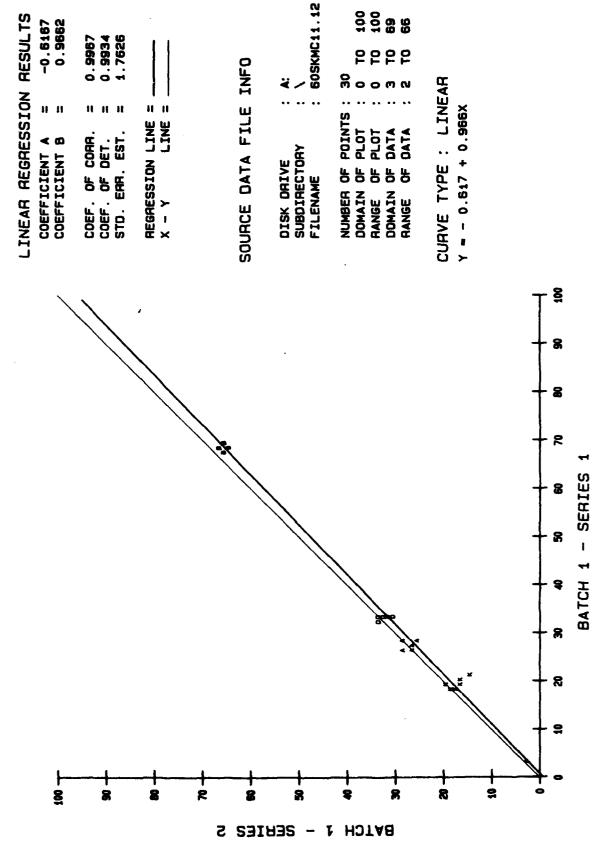
ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH MCCREARY TIRE



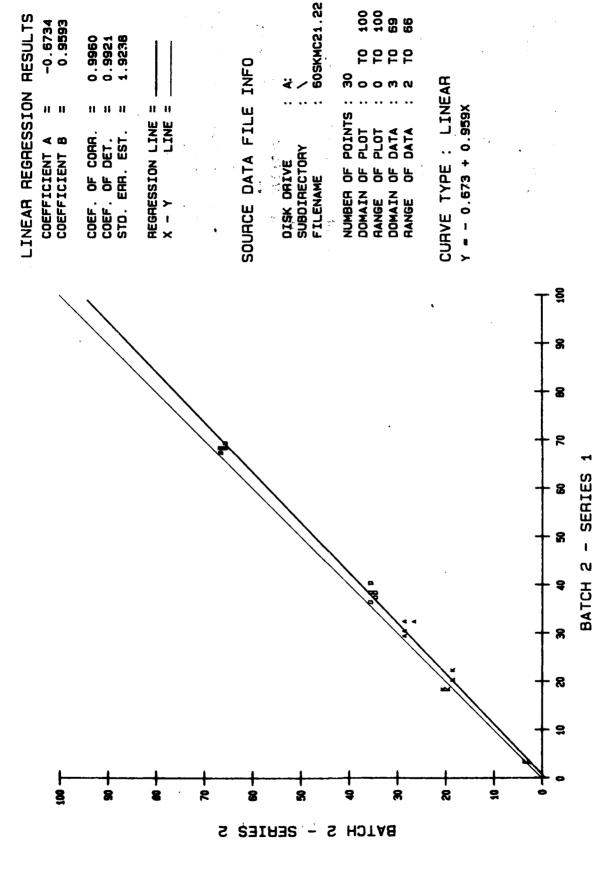
ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE



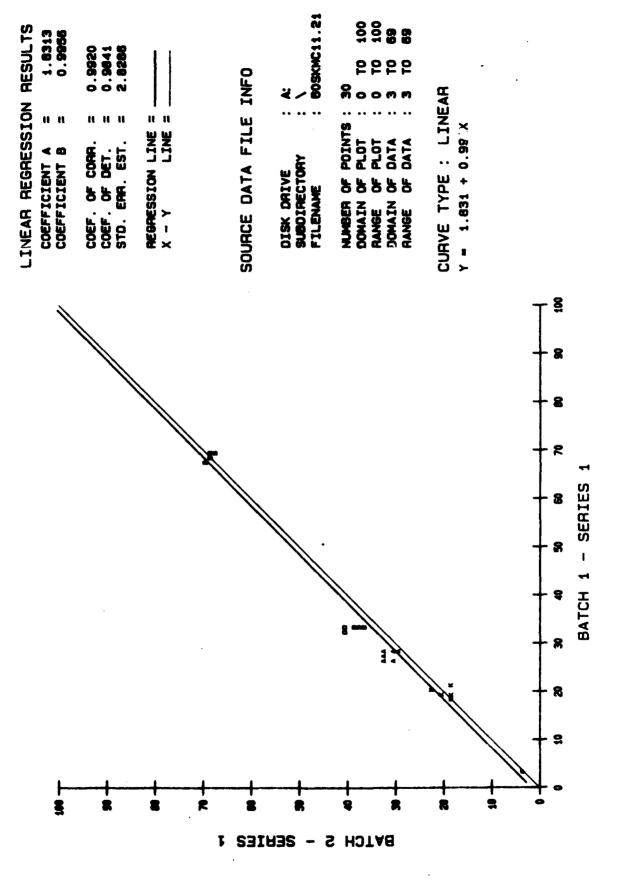
60 MPH SPEED OF ON SKIDDOMETER AT MCCREARY TIRE

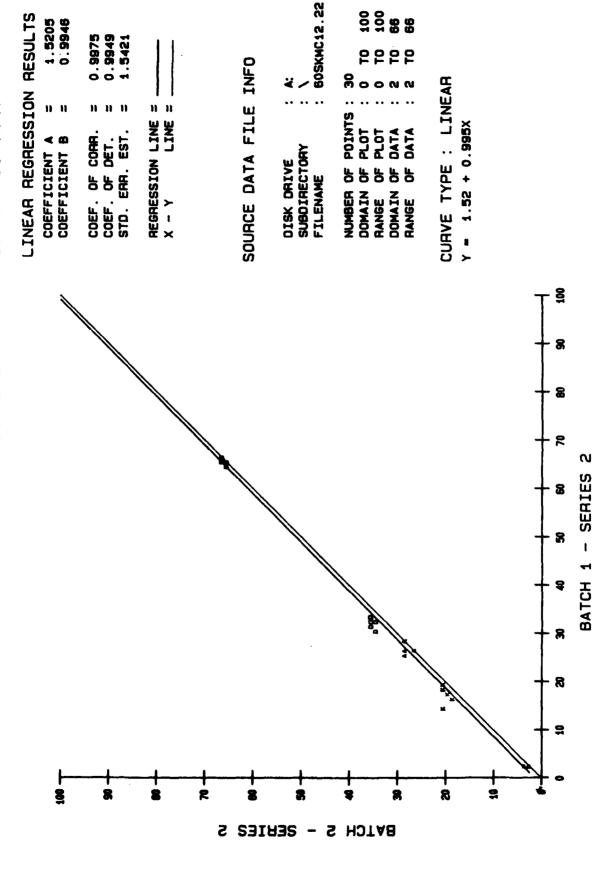


# 60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF

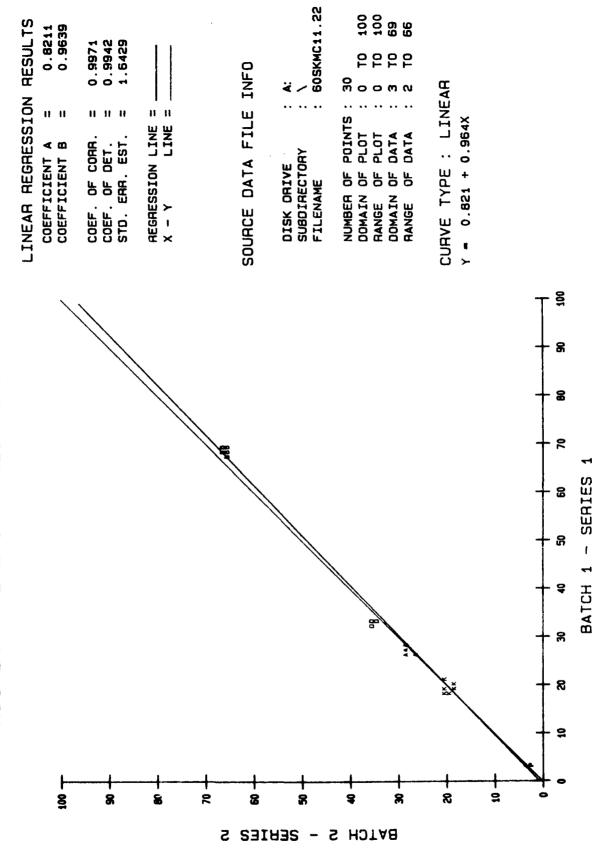


## 60 MPH ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF MCCHEARY TIRE

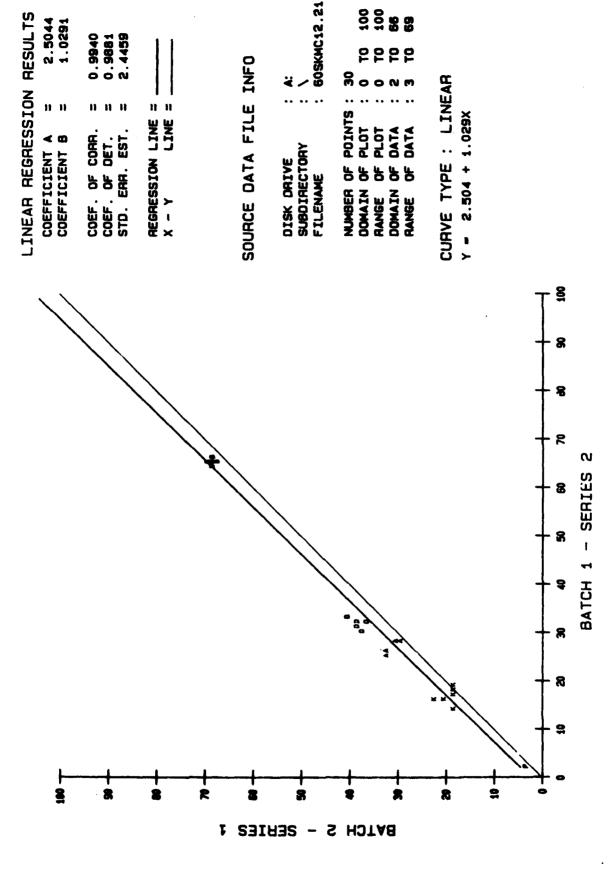




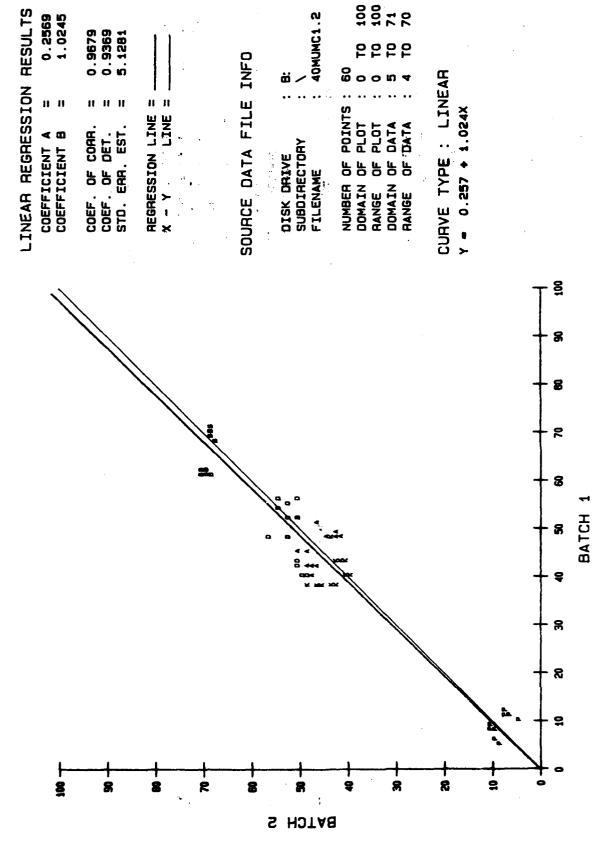
#### 60 MPH P. SPEED ΔT SKIDDOMETER Z MCCREARY TIRE

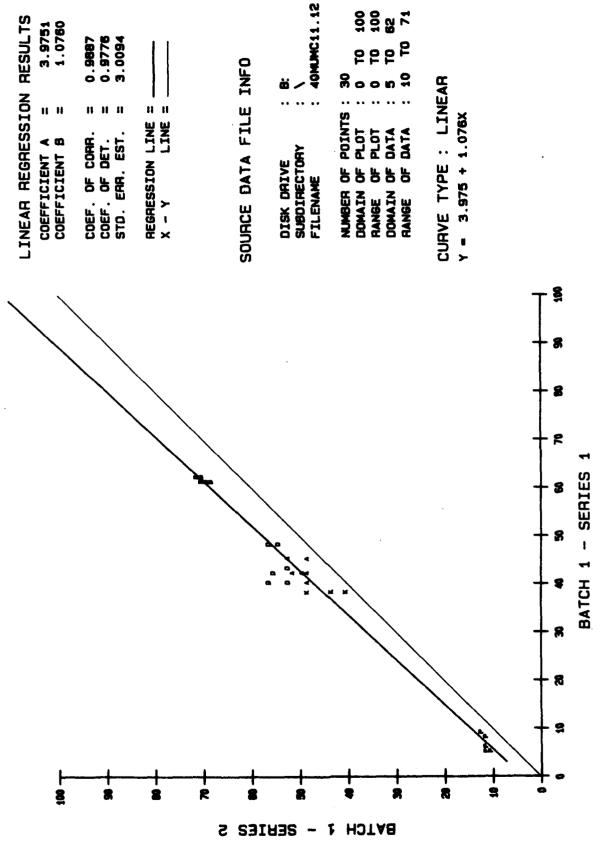


MCCREARY TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

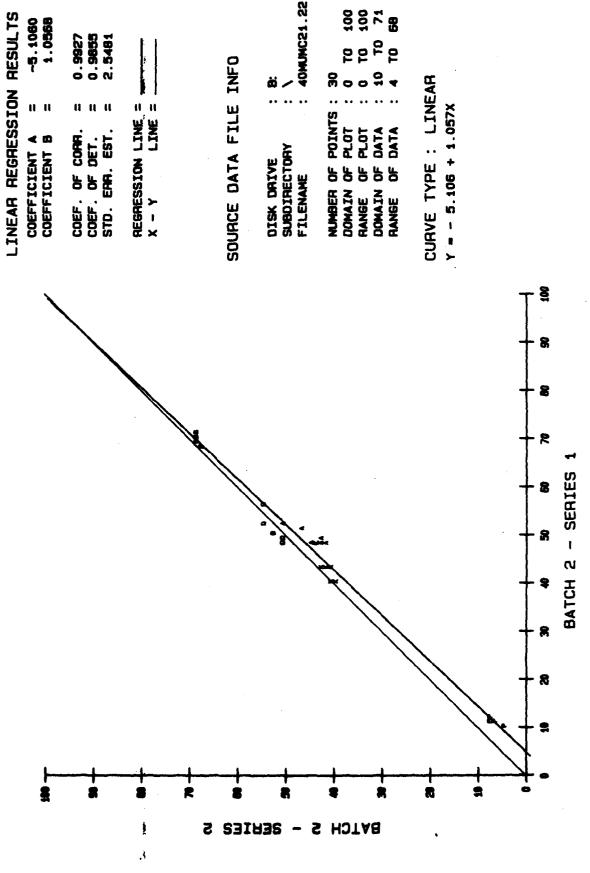


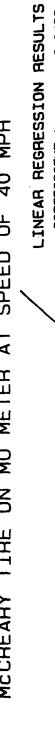
ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH MCCREARY TIRE





# MCCREARY TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH







0.9961 1.7932 COEF. OF CORR.

STD. ERR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY

FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS Por DOMAIN OF RANGE

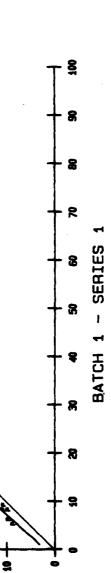
222 PLOT DOMAIN OF DATA

100 100 62 70

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

8

Y = 2.047 + 1.097X

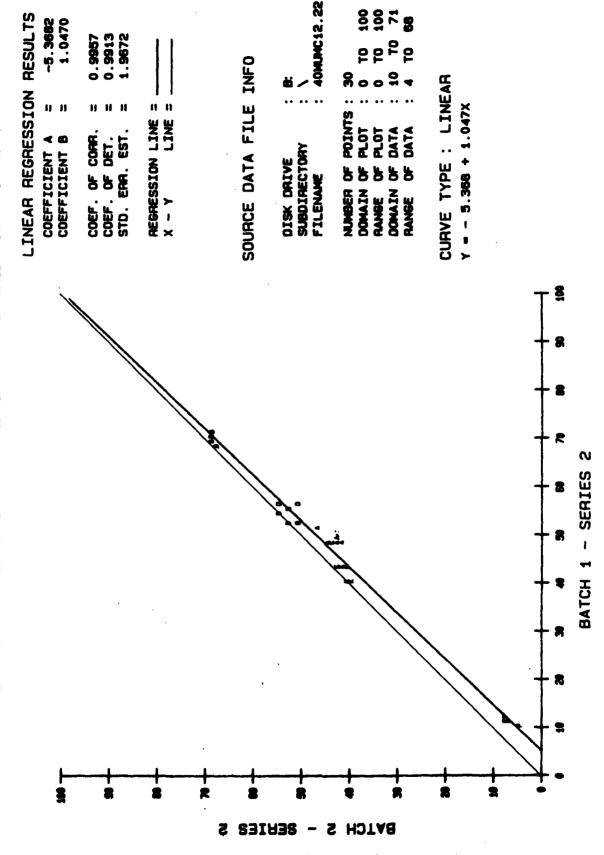


SBIHBS :-

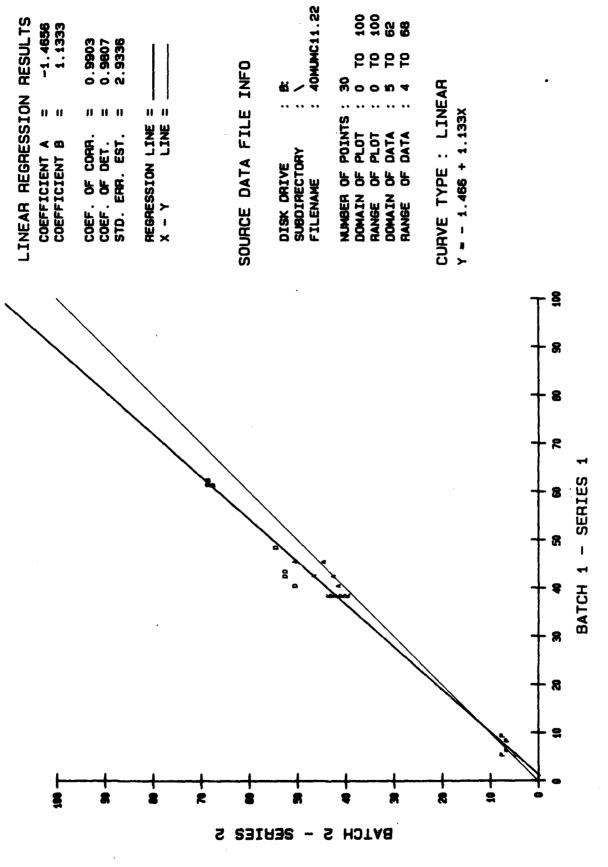
5

HOTAB

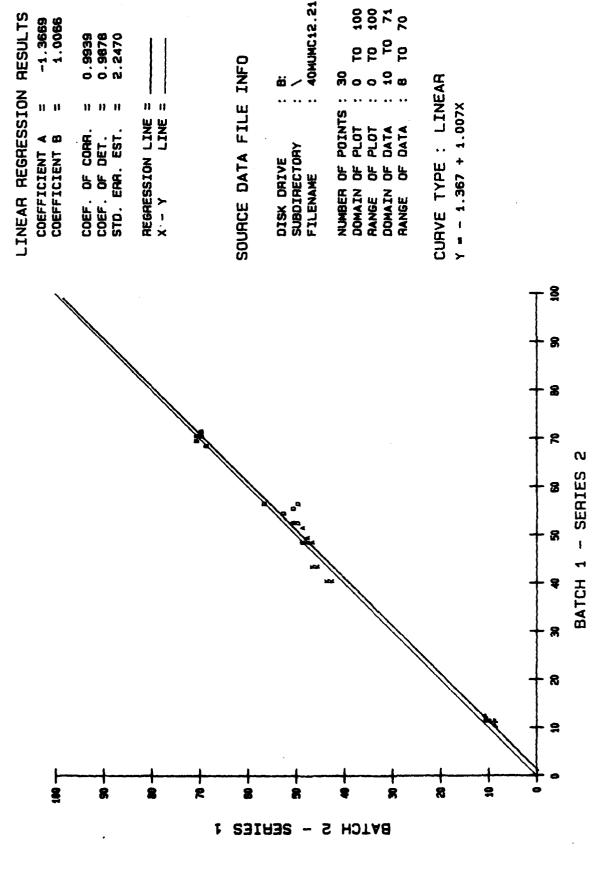
# MCCREARY TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH



MCCREARY TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH



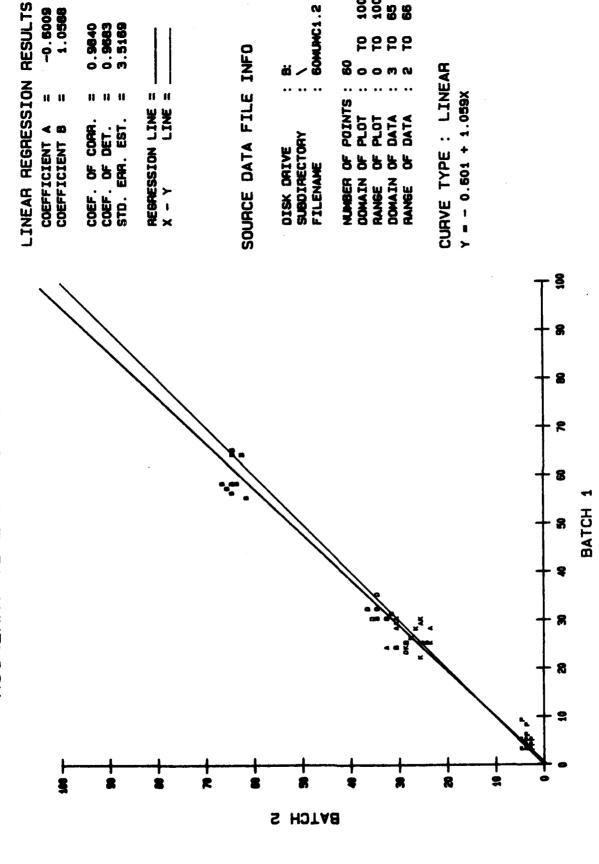
SPEED OF 40 MPH ON MU METER AT MCCREARY TIRE



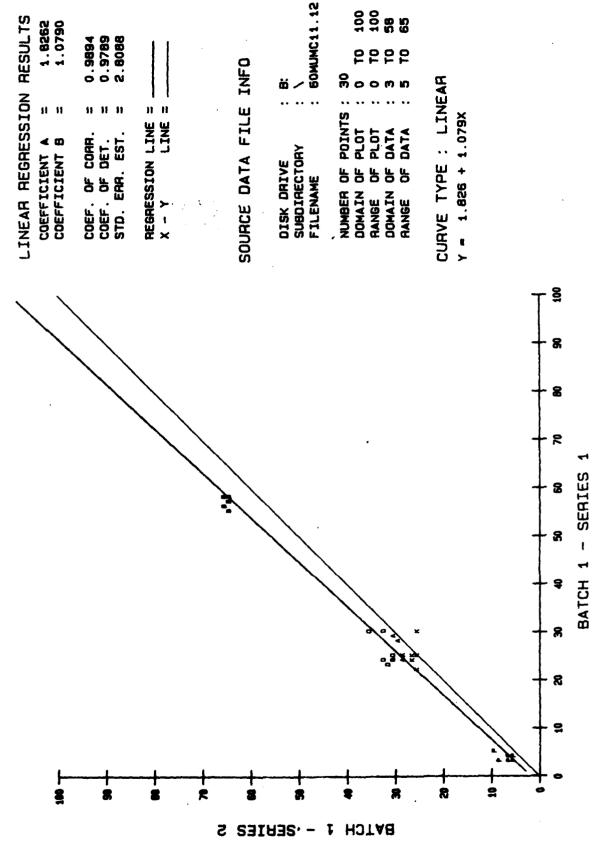
# ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH MCCREARY TIRE

-0.5009 1.0588

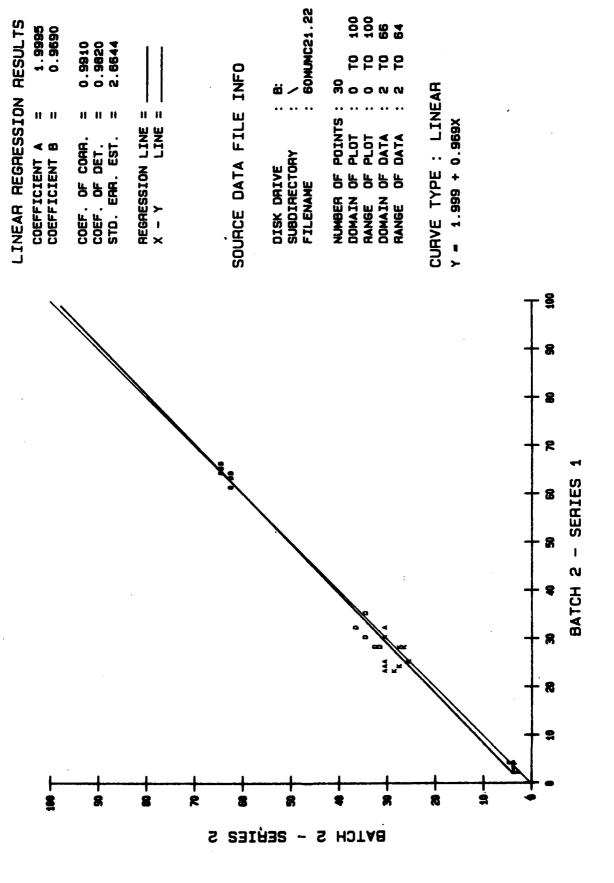
0.9640 0.9663 3.5169

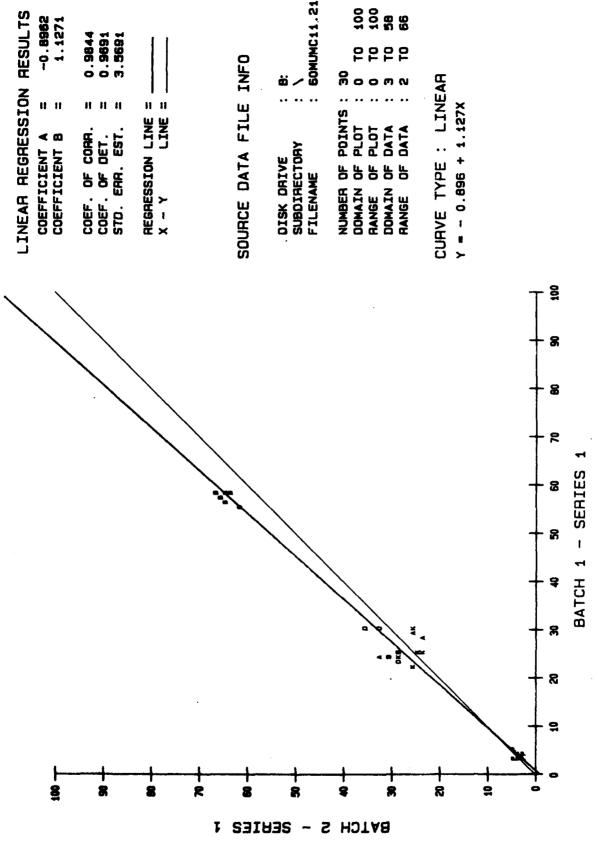


60 MPH SPEED OF ON MU METER AT MCCREARY TIRE

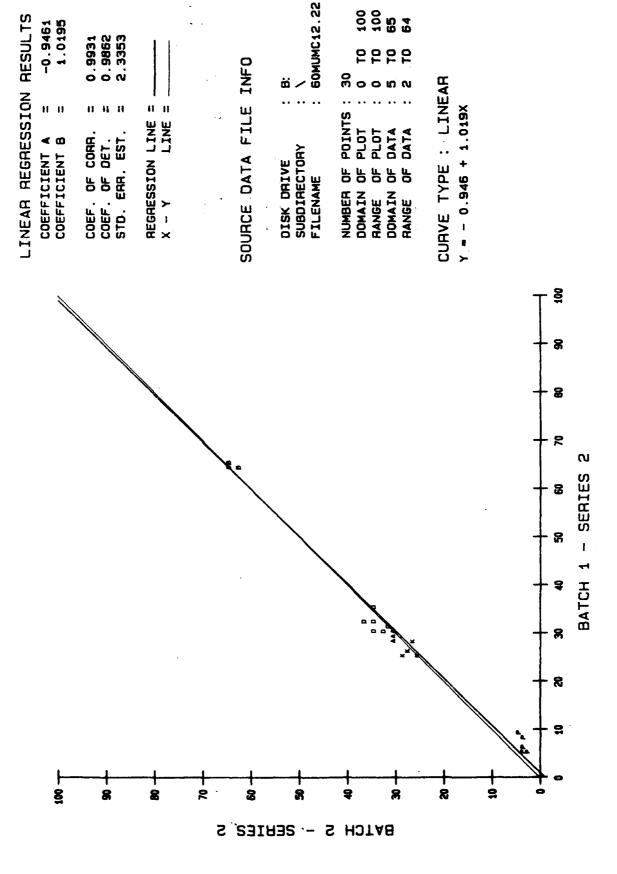


60 MPH SPEED OF ON MU METER AT MCCREARY TIRE





SPEED OF 60 MPH ON MU METER AT MCCREARY TIRE



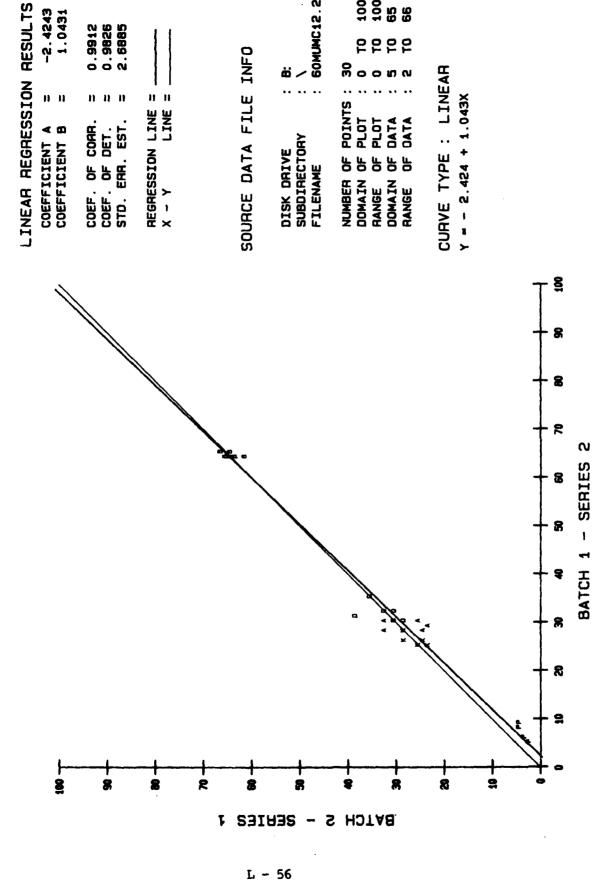
-2.4243 1.0431

11 11

0.9912 0.9826 2.6885

n n n

11



: B: : \ : 60MUMC12.21

100 100 65 65

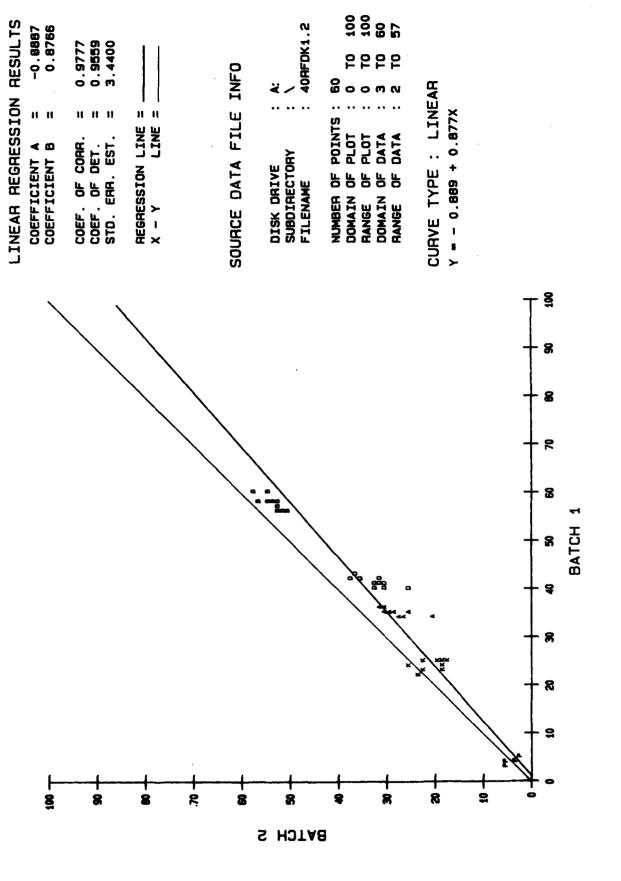
#### APPENDIX M

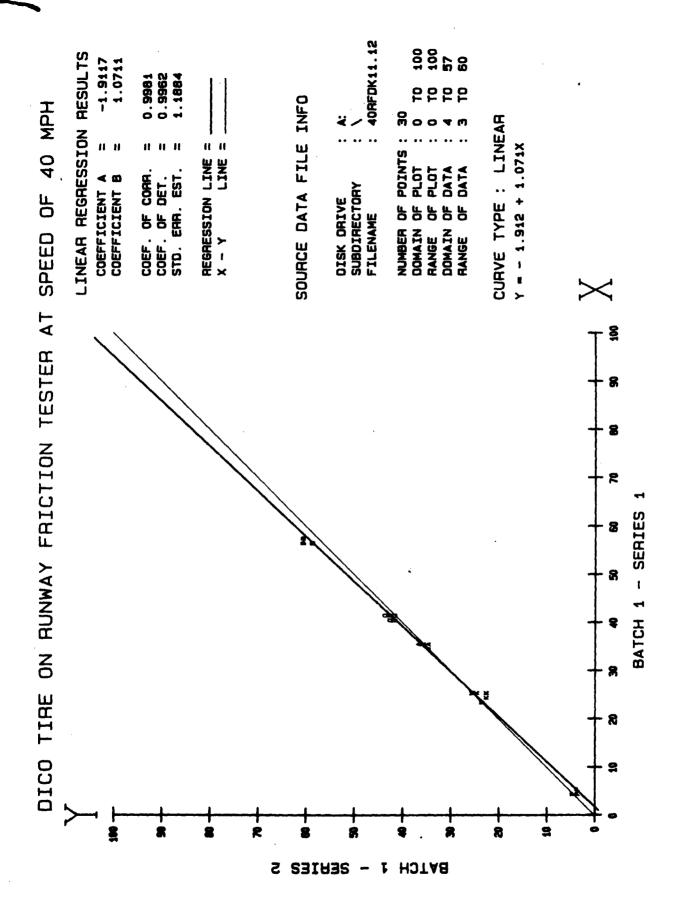
REGRESSION ANALYSIS CHARTS
SHOWING GRAPHIC PRESENTATION

OF THE PERFORMANCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DICO TIRE
MOUNTED ON FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES
USING SELF WATER SYSTEM

AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

SPEED OF 40 MPH ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE





# SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT

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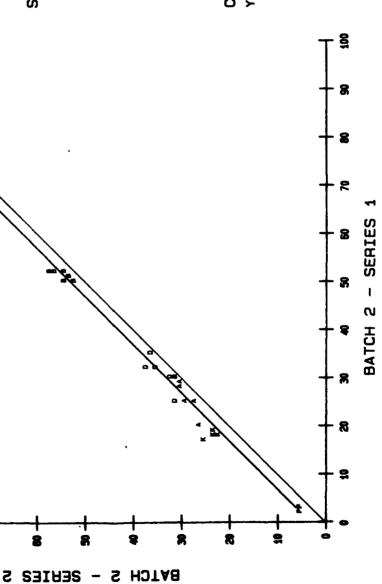


## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

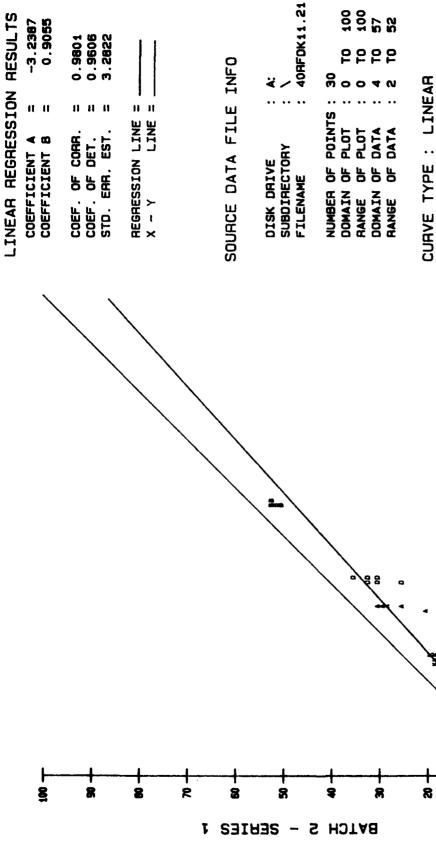
¥	_	40RFDK21.22
••	••	• •
DISK DRIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME

	100	90	25	57
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9	0	0	N	ın
••	••	• •	••	••
ູທ				
POINT	PLOT	PLOT	DATA	DATA
		OF PLOT		

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 3.239 + 0.998x



## SPEED OF 40 MPH ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE



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BATCH 1

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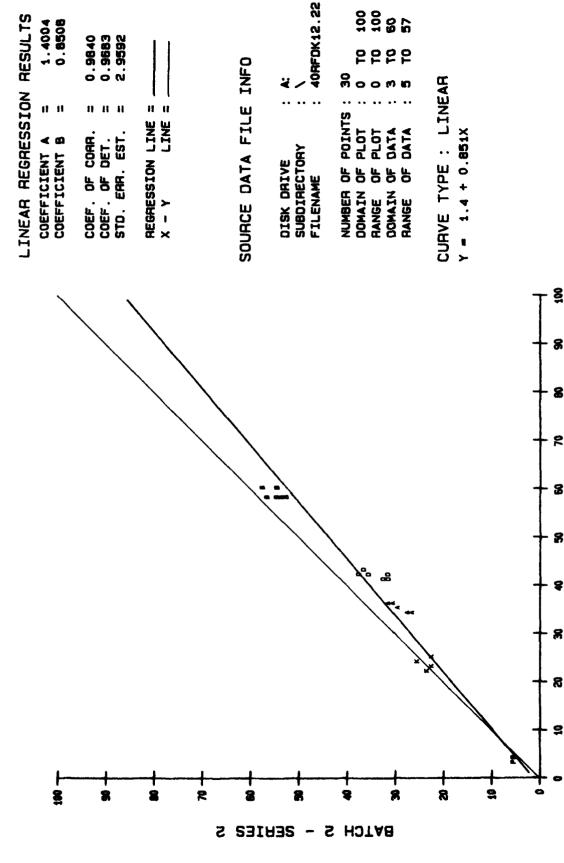
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100 100 52

SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT

1.4004 0.8508



100 100 57

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- SERIES

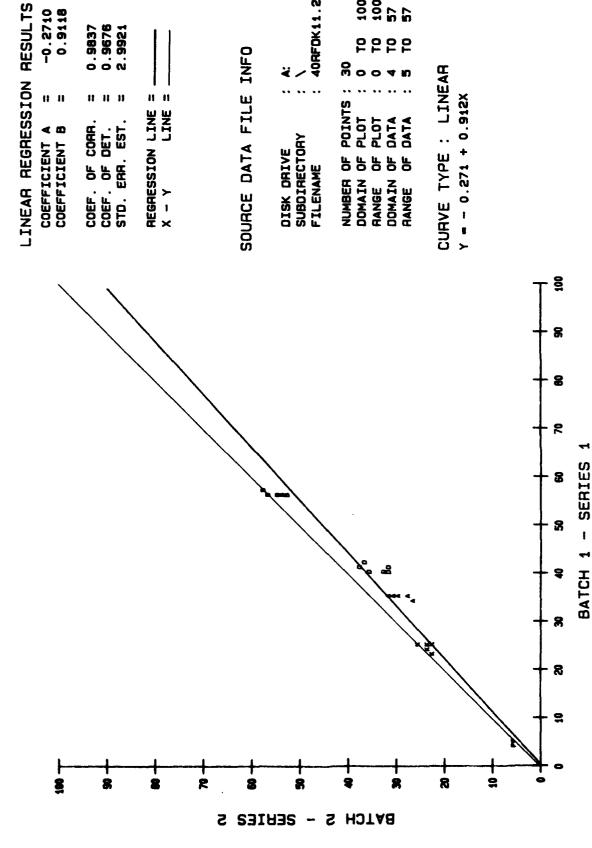
BATCH 1

-0.2710 0.9118

11 11

0.9837 0.9676 2.9921

11 11 15



40RFDK11.22

100 100 57 57

### SPEED OF 40 MPH AT ON AUNWAY FRICTION TESTER DICO TIRE

18

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LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS -1.6411 0.8459 11 11 COEFFICIENT A COEFFICIENT B

0.9827 0.9656 3.0674 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. EAR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

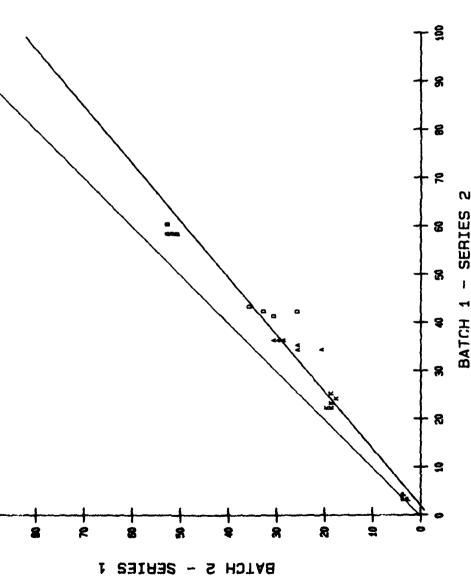
40RFDK12.21 DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS

100 100 52 2222 PLOT DOMAIN OF DATA PLOT DOMAIN OF BRANGE OF B

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = - 1.641 + 0.846X



# SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT



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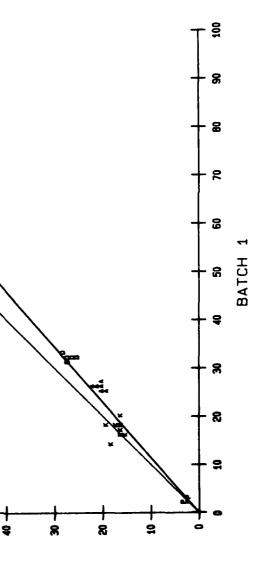


## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

: 60RFDK1.2 SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME DISK DRIVE

100 100 55 5555 NUMBER OF POINTS:
DOMAIN OF PLOT:
RANGE OF PLOT:
DOMAIN OF DATA:
RANGE OF DATA:

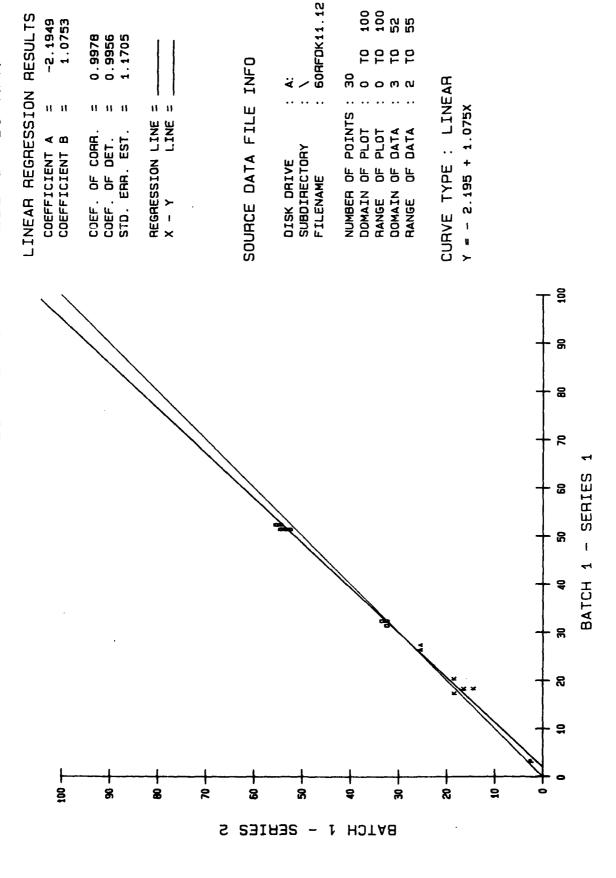
CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 0.075 + 0.872X



BATCH S

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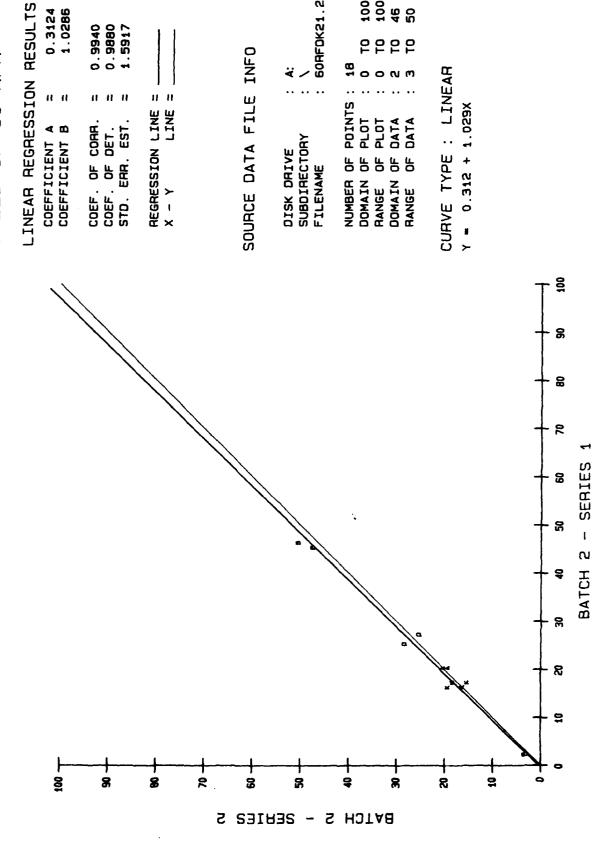
60 MPH SPEED OF AT ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER DICO TIRE



0.3124 1.0286

11 11

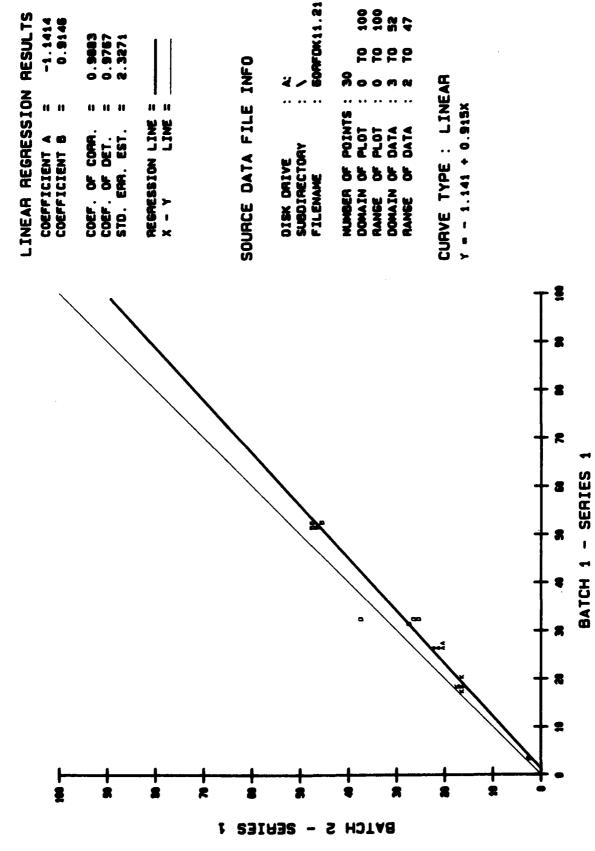
0.9940 0.9880 1.5917



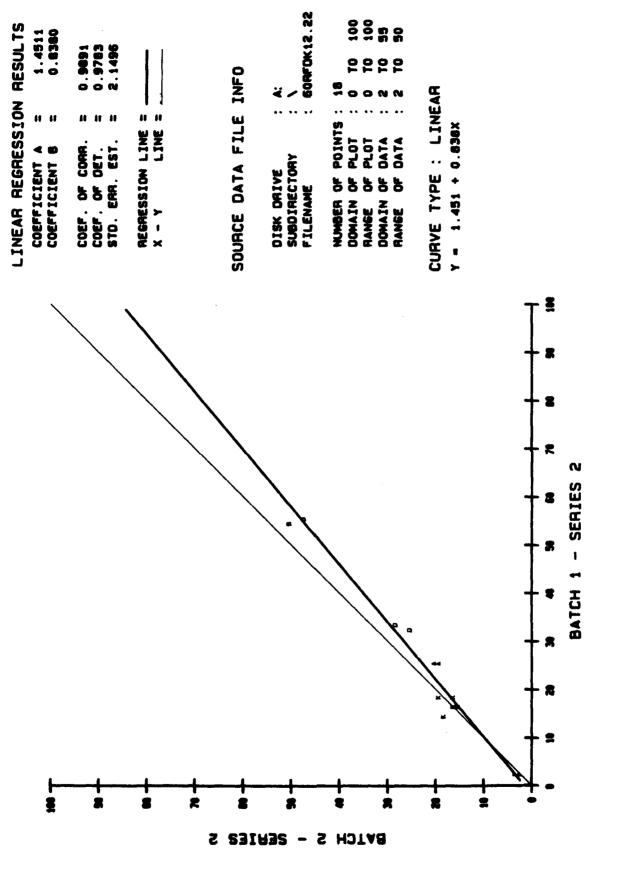
60RFDK21.22

100 100 50

SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT

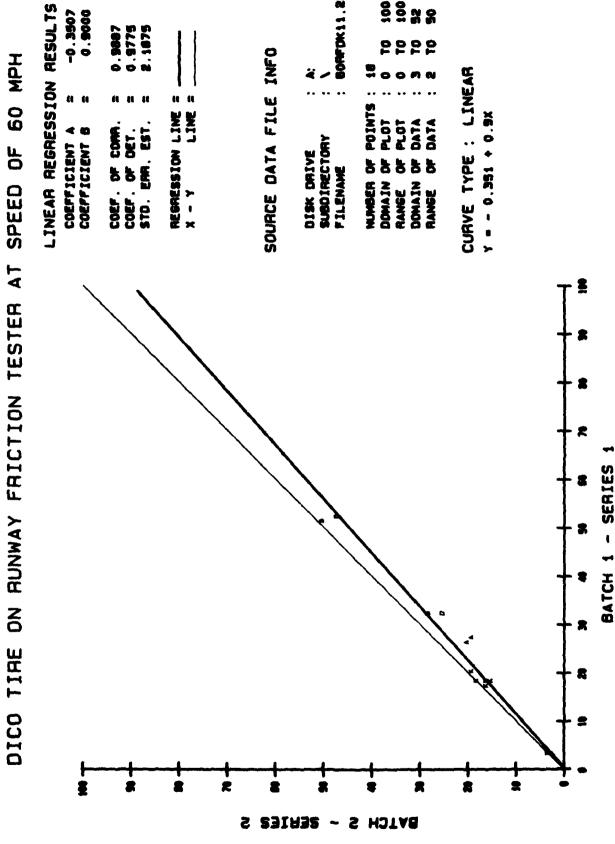


SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT



0.9000 -0.3507

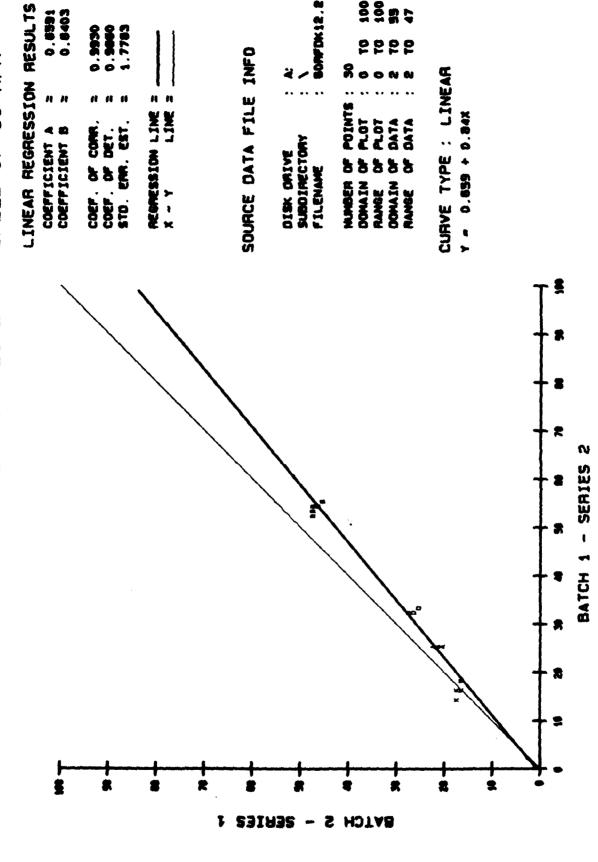
0.9087 0.9775 2.1875



5 5 % 8

SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT

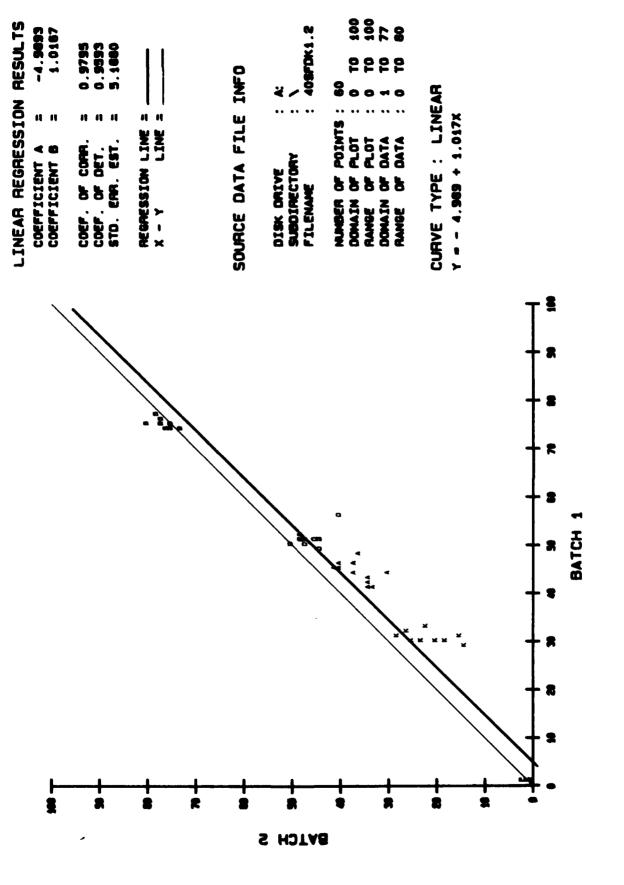
0.6391



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SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE



### SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE









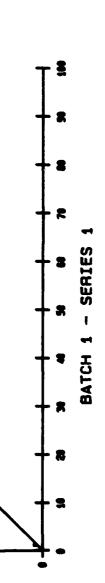
### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

<b>*</b>	<u></u>	: 40SFDK11.12
••	••	••
DISK DRIVE	SUBOIRECTORY	FILENAME

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3	•
• •	•
POINTS	1
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	<b>100</b>	90	F	2
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}	0	0	-	•
	••	••	••	••
	5	7	DATA	DATA
5	8	RANGE OF PLOT	8	8

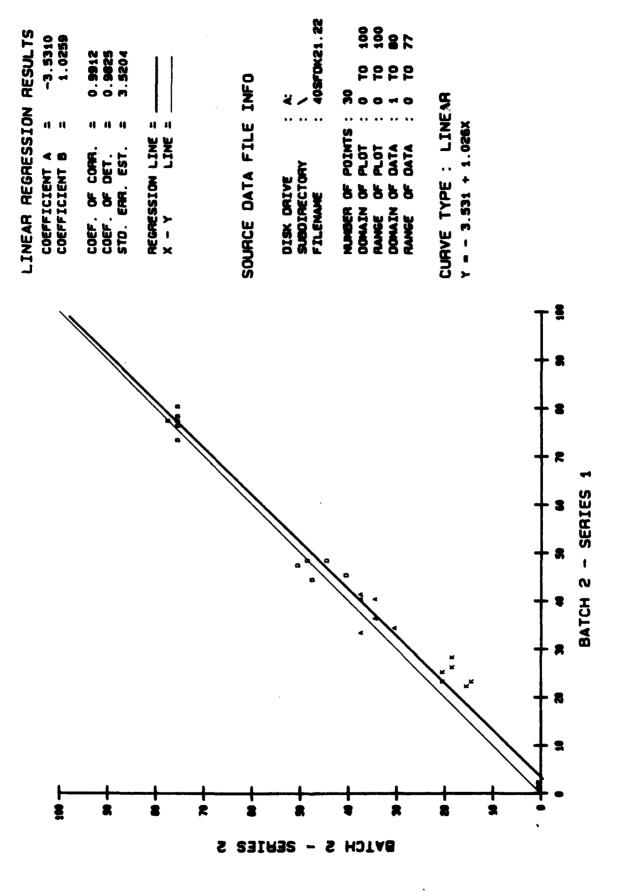
#### CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 0.062 + 0.995X



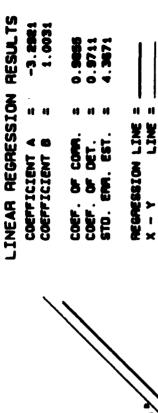
SELIES

BATCH 1

SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT



# SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT



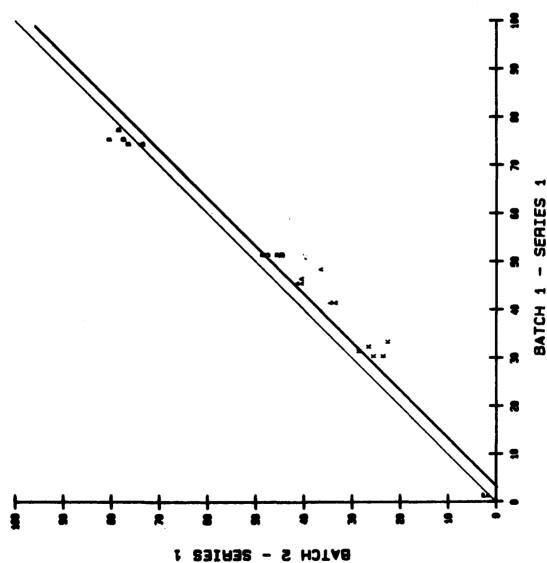
### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

405FDK11.21 BUBDINECTORY DISK DAIVE FILENAME

DOMAIN

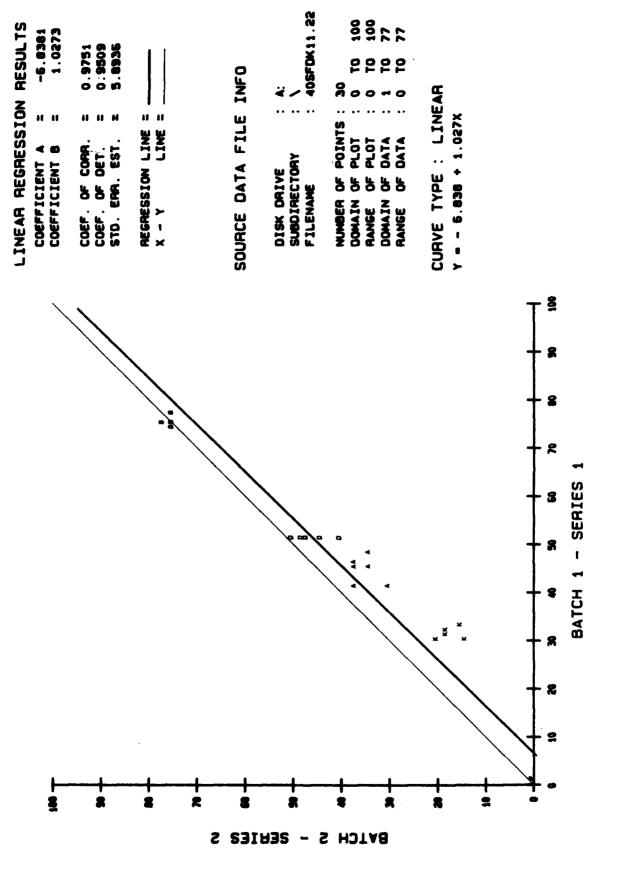
3 5 K 8 DOMAIN RANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 3.292 + 1.003X

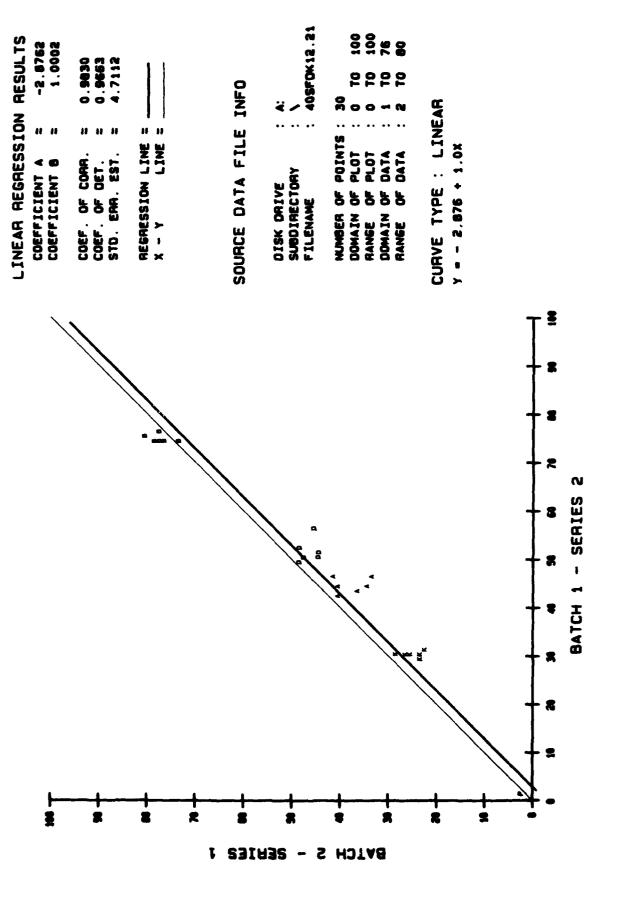


LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS 1.0286 SOURCE DATA FILE INFO SPEED OF 40 MPH CURVE TYPE : LINEAR REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE = Y = - 6.664 + 1.03X PATA PATA COEFFICIENT A COEF. OF COM. STO. EM. EST DISK DAIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME DOMAIN DOMAIN RANGE RANGE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT - SERIES 2 BATCH 1 DICO TIRE + R SATCH S - SERIES

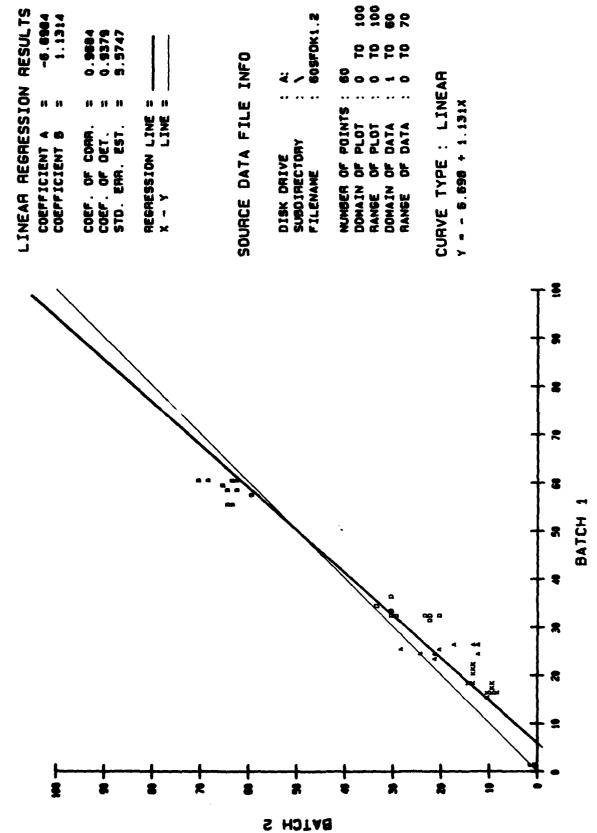
SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE



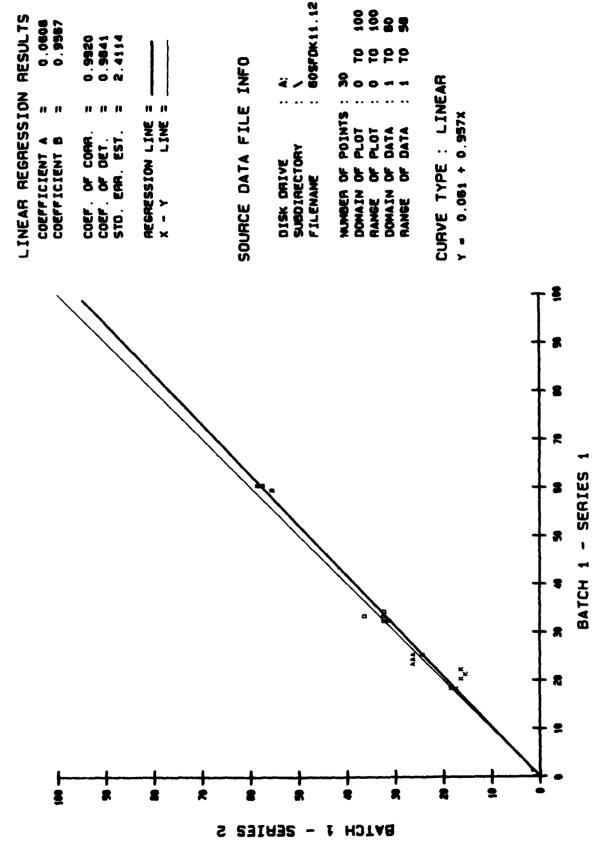
SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE



SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT

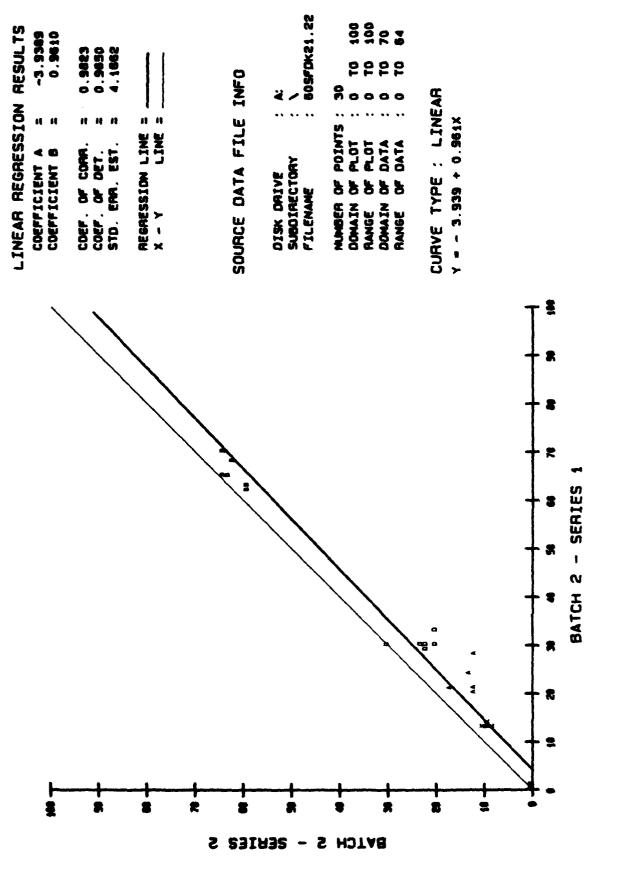


ΣDI SPEED OF 60 DICO TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT

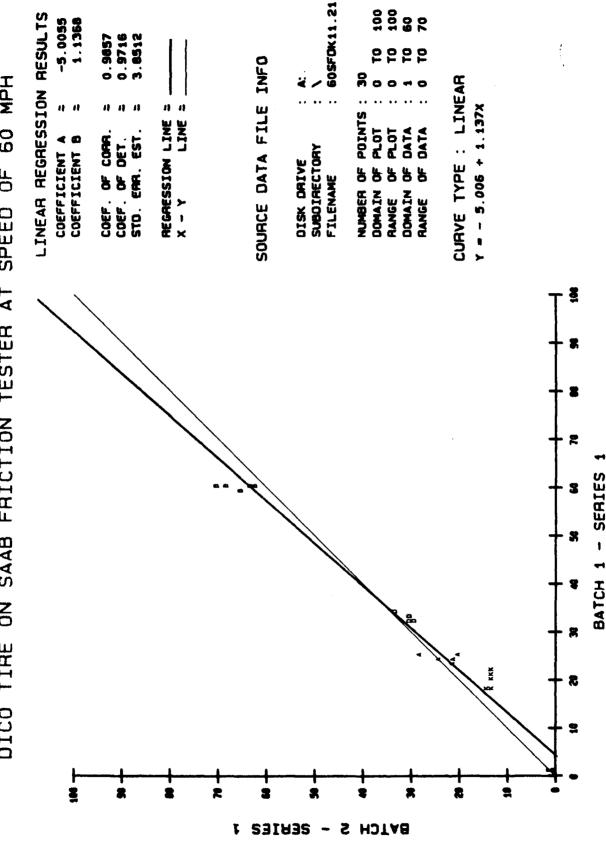


5 5 **8** 

DICO TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH



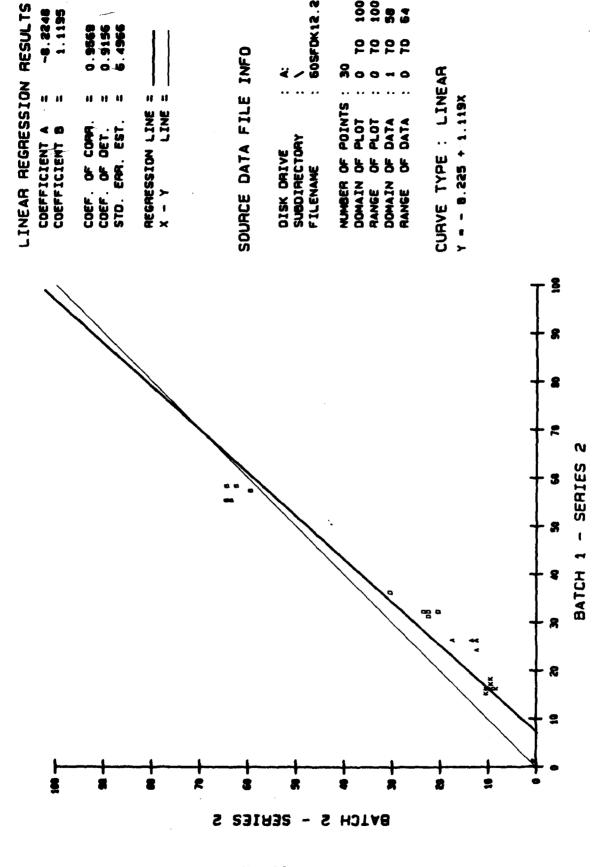
60 MPH SPEED OF ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT DICO TIRE



SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT

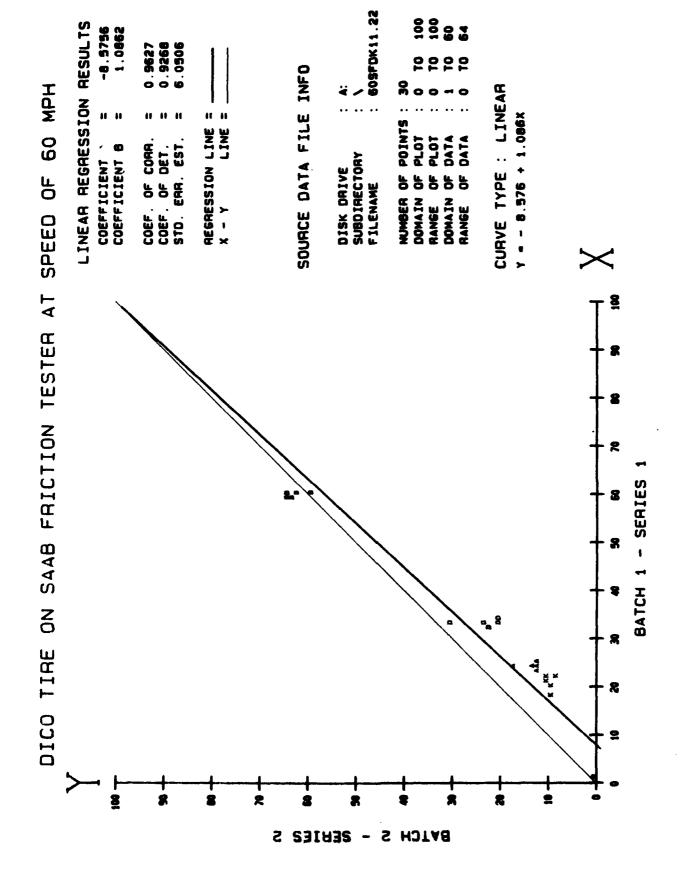
1.1195

16 16



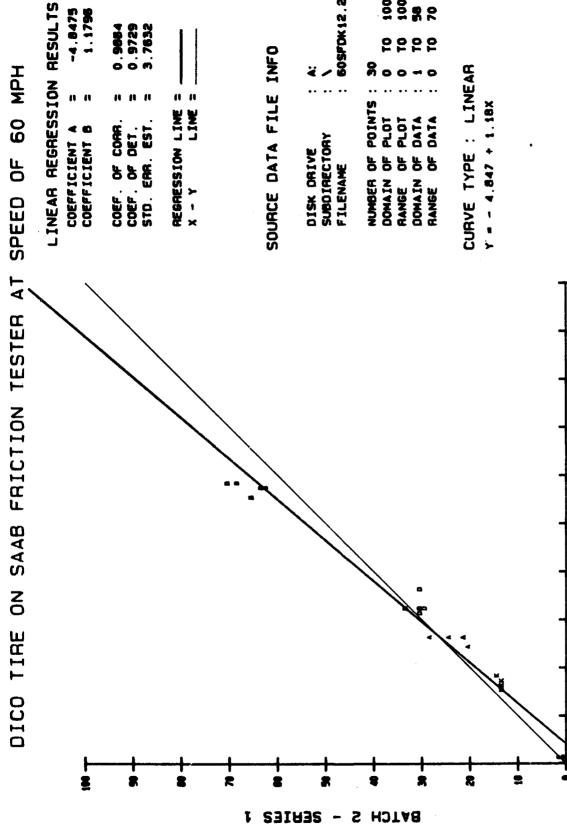
: 60SFDK12.22

0 0 **0 7** 



1.1796 -4.8475

0.9664 3.7632



60SFDK12.21

POINTS

P.01

DATA

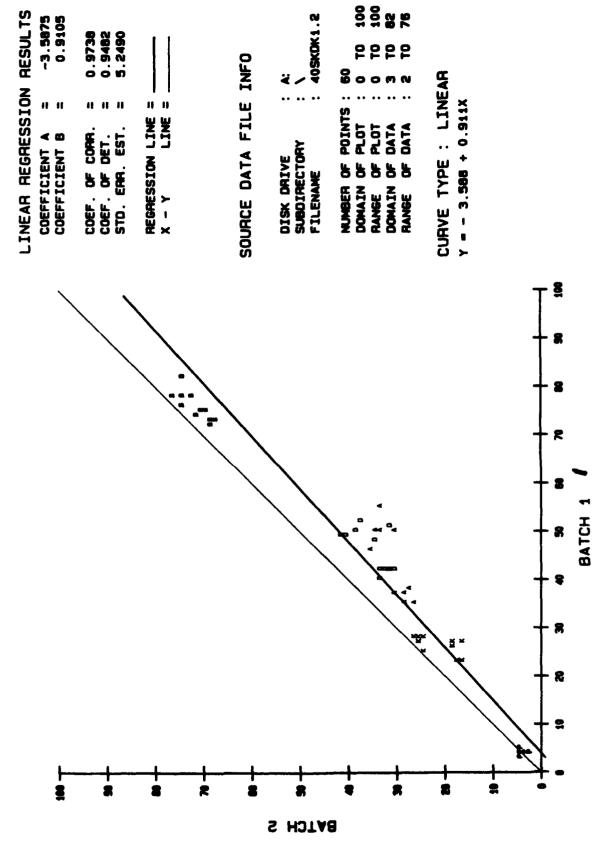
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- SERIES

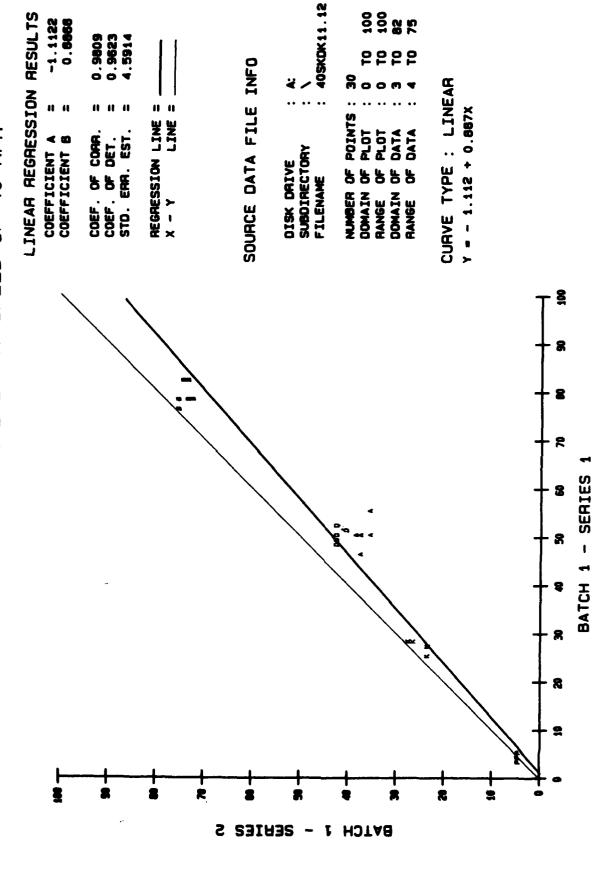
BATCH 1

5 5 **8** 5

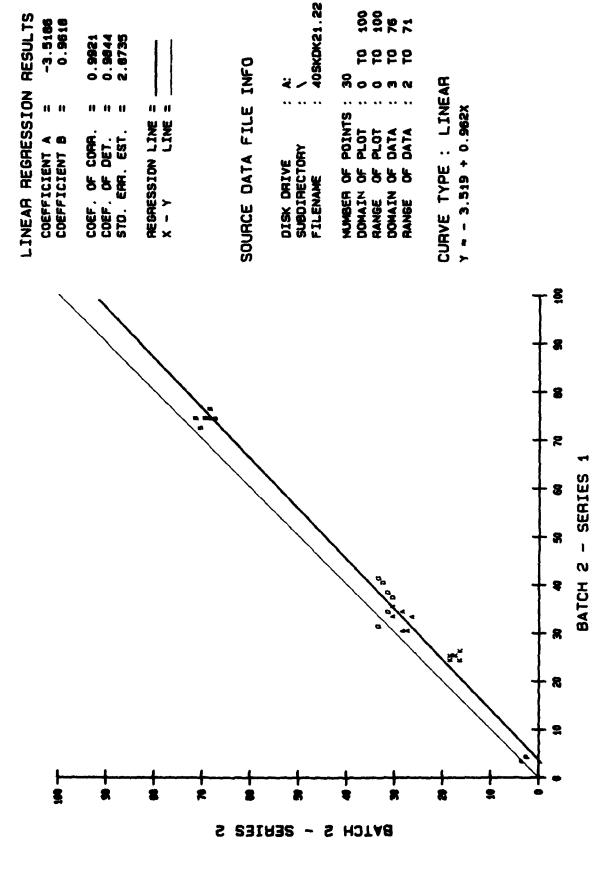
ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE



ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE



#### SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SKIDDOMETER AT DICO TIRE



DICO TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH





0.9599 0.9215 6.6413 88 88 88 COEF. OF CORA. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

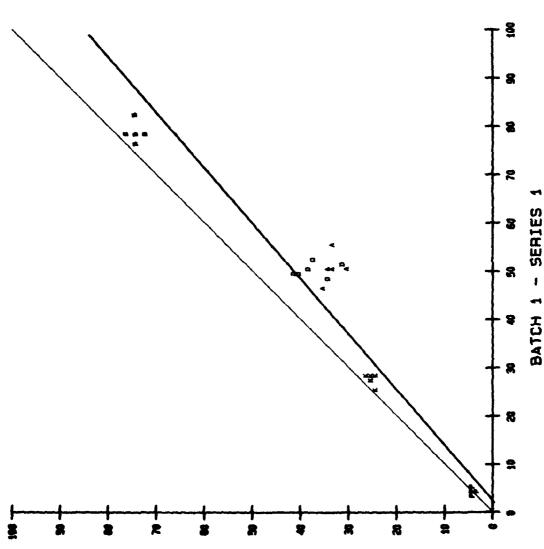
### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

: 40SKDK11.21 DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

5 5 8 K NUMBER OF POINTS: DOMAIN OF PLOT: RANGE OF PLOT: DOMAIN OF DATA: DATA DATA HANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = - 2.15 + 0.87X

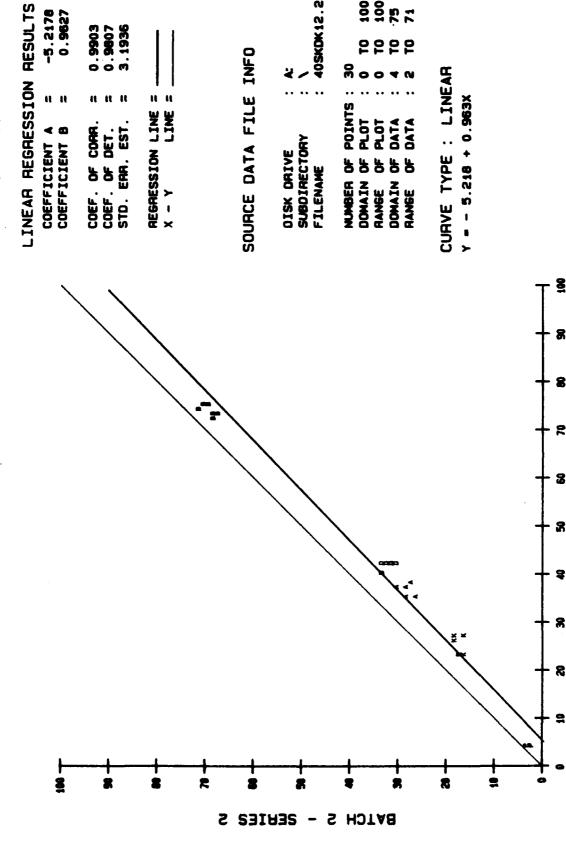


BATCH S - SERIES 1

SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SKIDDOMETER AT DICO TIRE

-5.2176 0.9627

0.9903 0.9807 3.1936



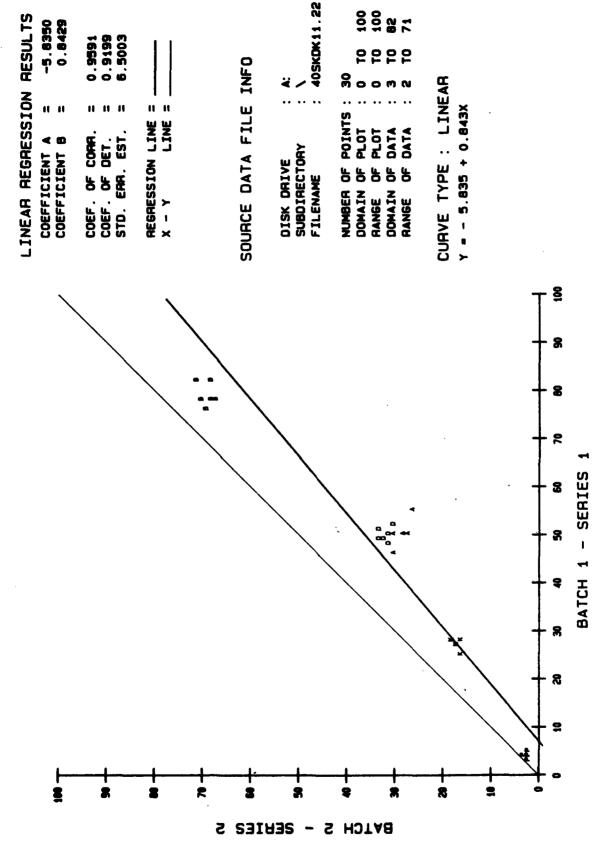
40SKDK12.22

150 150 17

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- SERIES

BATCH 1





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0.9**906** 0.9**6**17 3.202**6** STD. ERR. EST. COEF. OF CORR.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

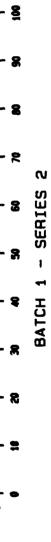
40SKDK12.21 SUBDIRECTORY DISK DRIVE FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS P.07

3 3 2 K PLOT DATA DATA DOMAIN OF RANGE OF DOMAIN OF RANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = - 1.502 + 0.994X

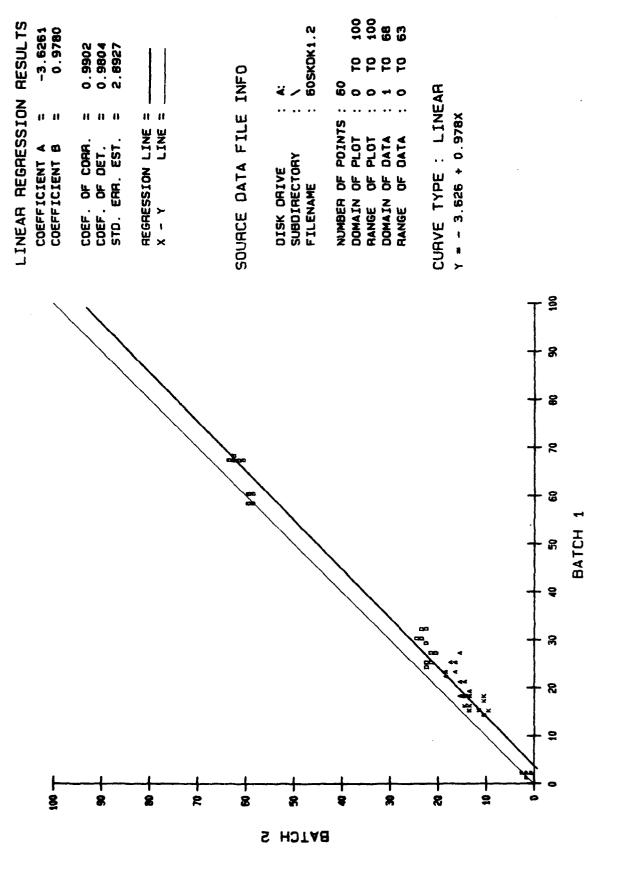


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BATCH 2

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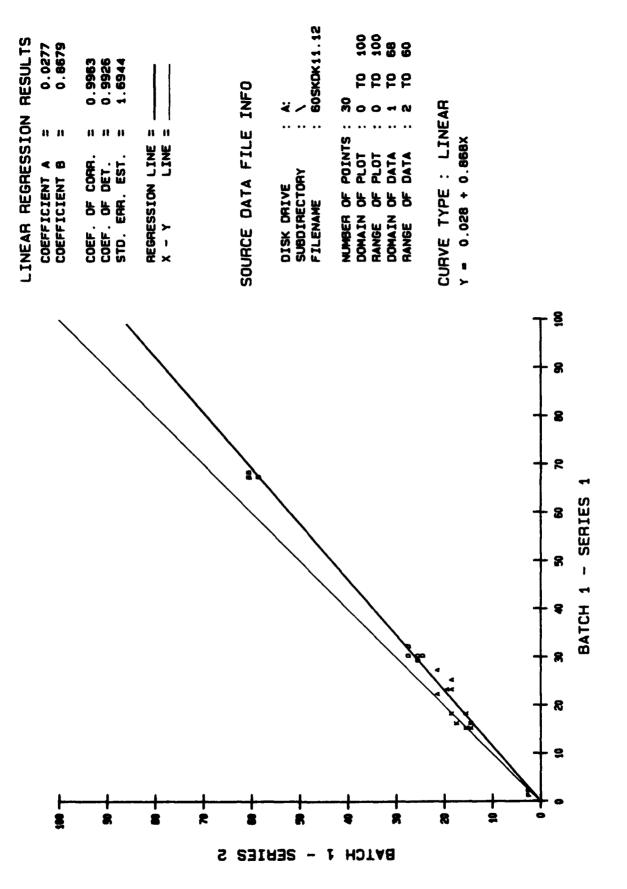
DICO TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

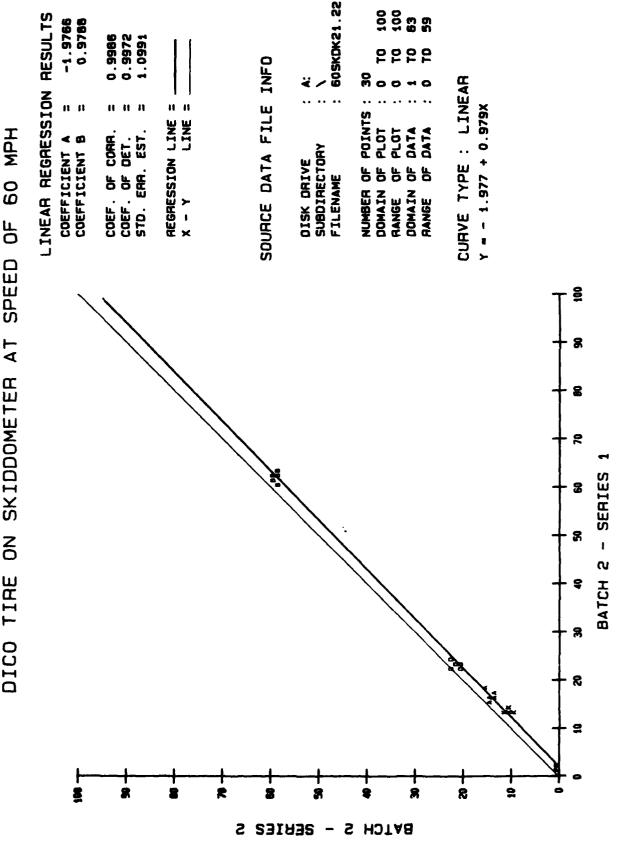


DICO TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

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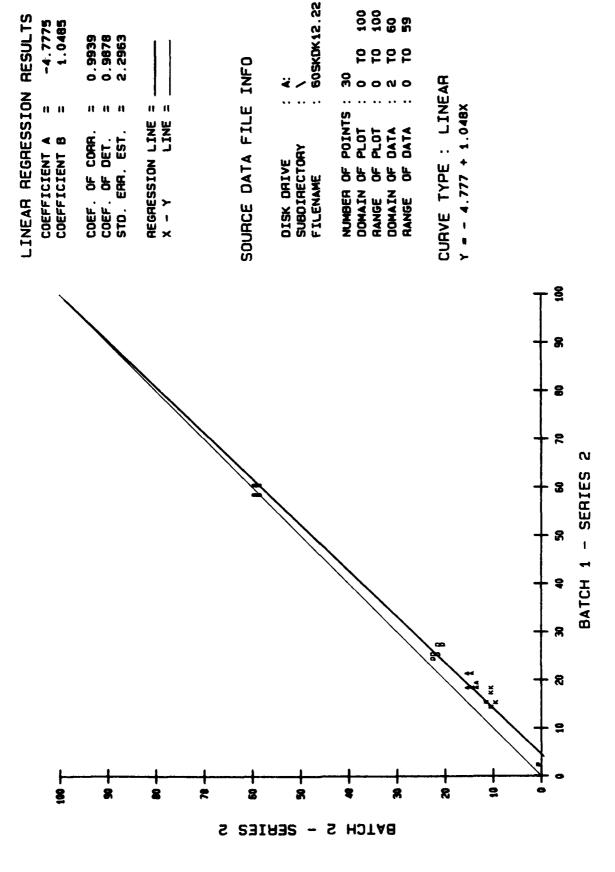
M - 38

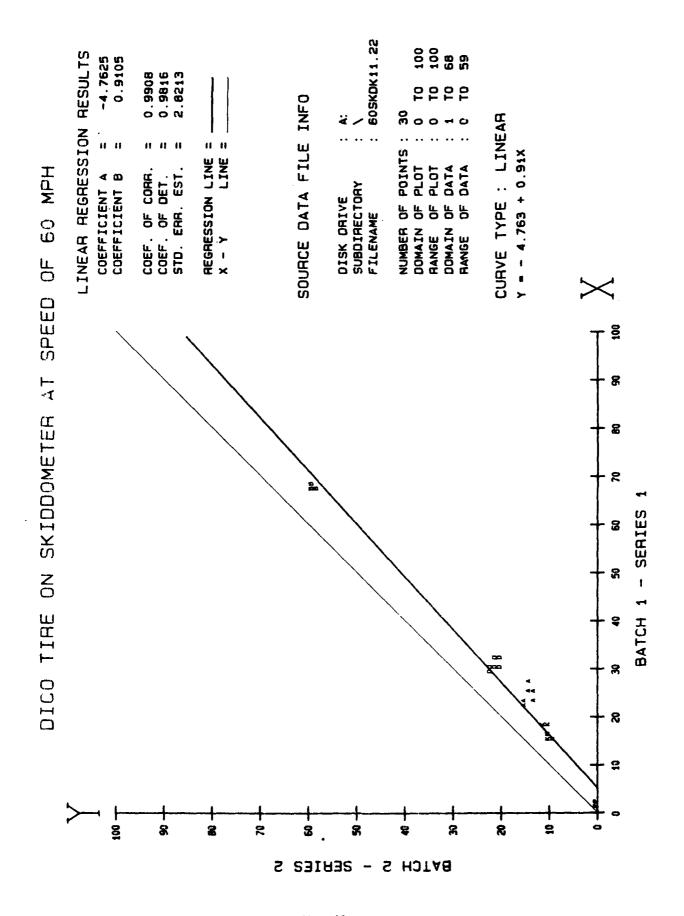
SPEED OF 60 MPH DICO TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT

. .

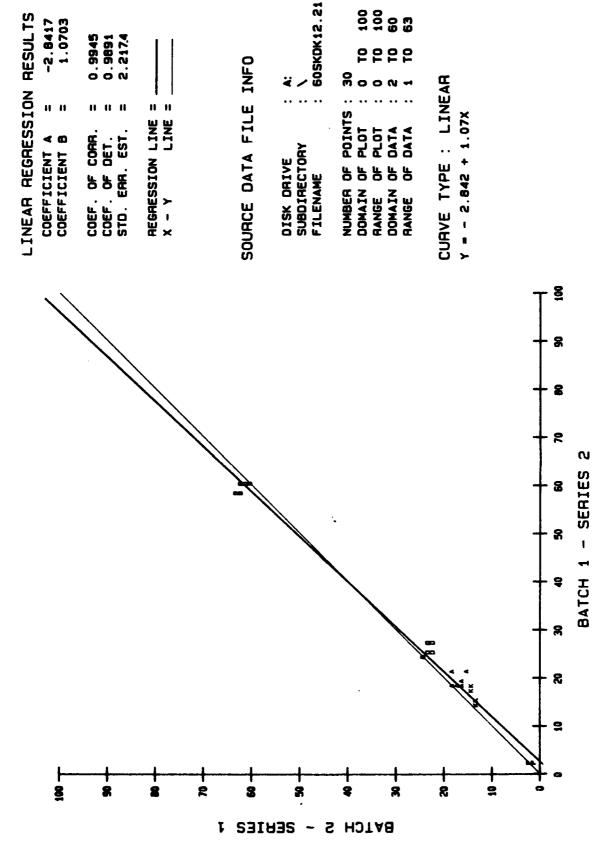
: 60SKDK11.21 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS -2.8115 0.9289 0.9906 0.9817 2.8679 5555 SOURCE DATA FILE INFO CURVE TYPE : LINEAR REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE = 41 41 . . . Y = - 2.812 + 0.929X POINTS DATA P.C07 **P.O.1** DATA COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST. COEFFICIENT A DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY NUMBER OF I DOMAIN OF I P FILENAME RANGE BATCH 1 - SERIES **₩** ġ 8 ġ 8 2 BATCH 2 - SERIES

#### 60 MPH SPEED OF SKIDDOMETER AT <u>N</u> DICO TIRE





60 MPH SPEED OF ON SKIDDOMETER AT DICO TIRE



## ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE

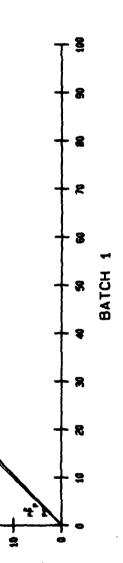
LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS -0.0473 0.9579 REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE = COEF. OF CORA. COEFFICIENT A COEFFICIENT B

### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

ë	_	40MUDK
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DISK DRIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME

	100	100	2	69
	2	먇	5	5
90	0	0	N	m
• •	••	• •	••	••
INTS	5	10	DATA	7
8	2	2	ð	8
	OF PL			

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 0.047 + 0.958X



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### ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE

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0.9969 0.9939 1.7512 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST.

LINE REGRESSION LINE X - Y LINE

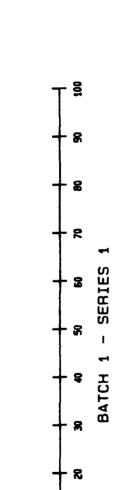
### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

40MUDK 11.12 SUBDIRECTORY DISK DRIVE FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS P.01 PLOT DOMAIN OF F

555 DATA DATA DOMAIN OF ( RANGE OF (

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 1.318 + 1.02X



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BATCH

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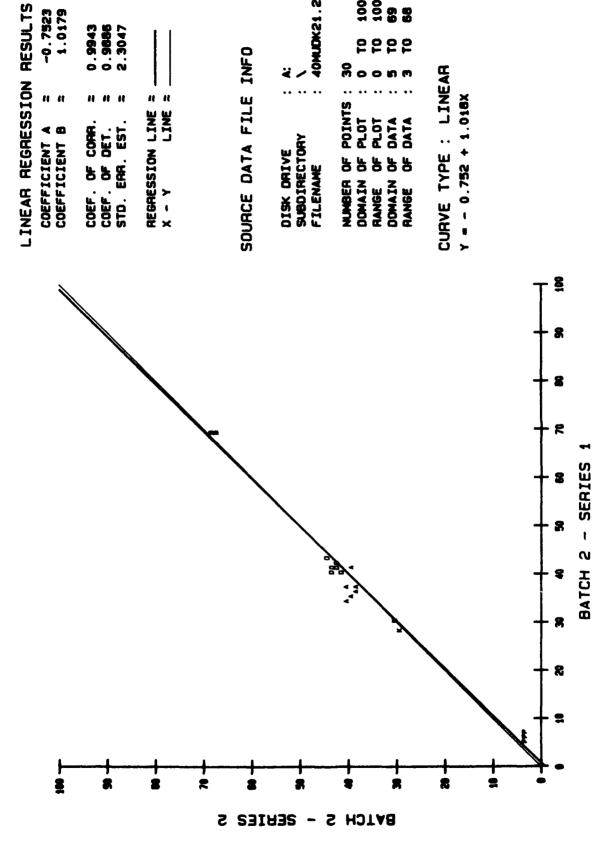
#### OF 40 MPH SPEED ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

-0.7523 1.0179

11 11

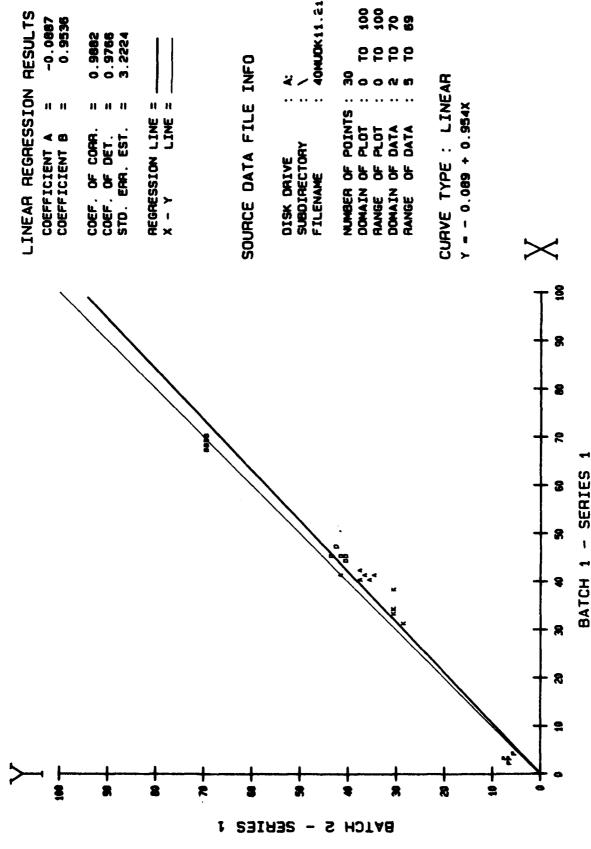
0.9943 0.9666 2.3047

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40MUDK21.22

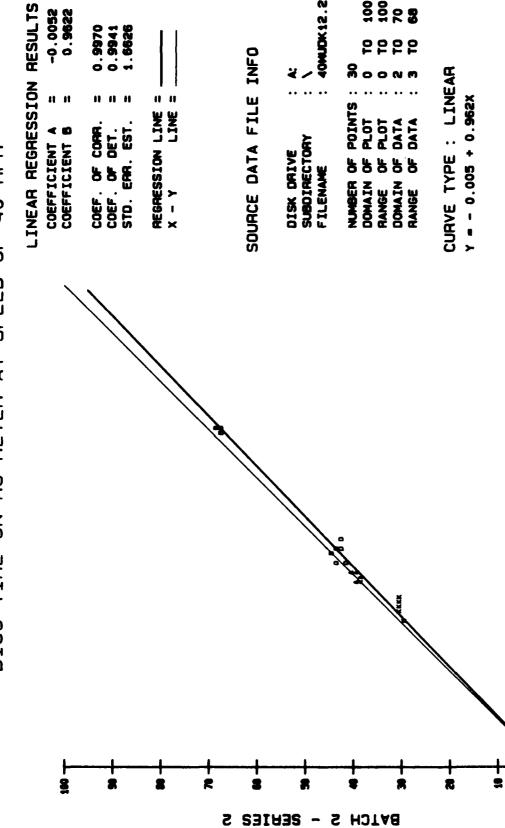
SPEED OF 40 MPH ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE



#### OF 40 MPH SPEED DICO TIRE ON MU METER AT

-0.0052 0.9622

0.9970 0.9941 1.6626



40MUDK 12.22

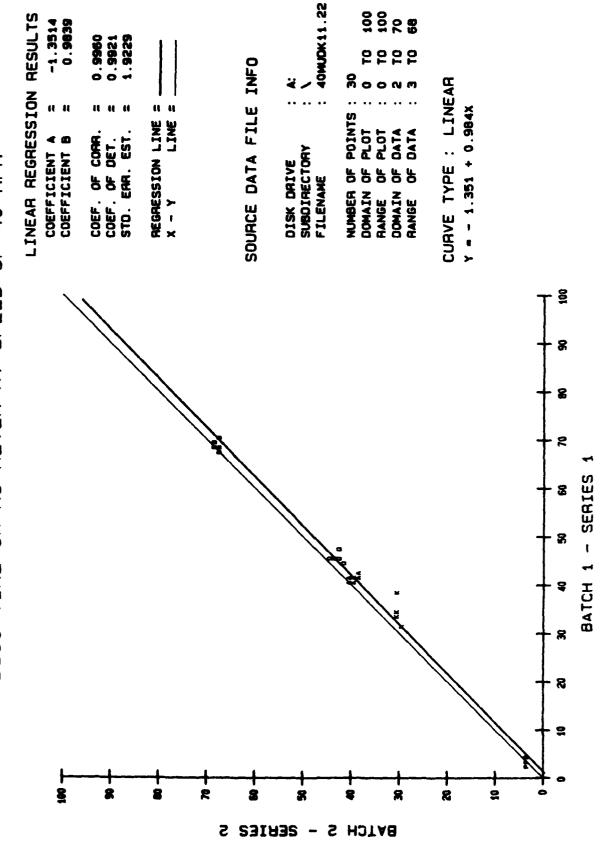
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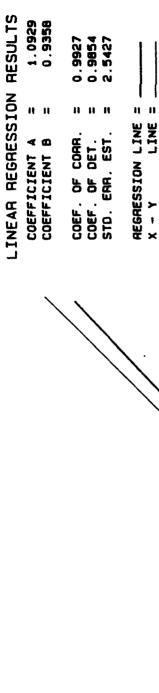
- SERIES

BATCH 1

# ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH DICO TIRE



# DICO TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH



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# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

¥	_	40MUDK 12.21
••	••	••
DISK DRIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME

NUMBER	P	POINTS	8		
DOMAIN	9	PLOT	0		100
HANGE	9	PLOT	0	2	100
DOMAIN	9	DATA	<b>N</b>		2
DANCE	Č	DATA			9

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 1.093 + 0.936x



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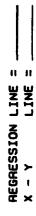
8

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#### OF 60 MPH SPEED ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS -0.2327 0.9927 0.9949 0.9898 1.9363 STD. ERR. EST. COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. COEFFICIENT A COEFFICIENT B

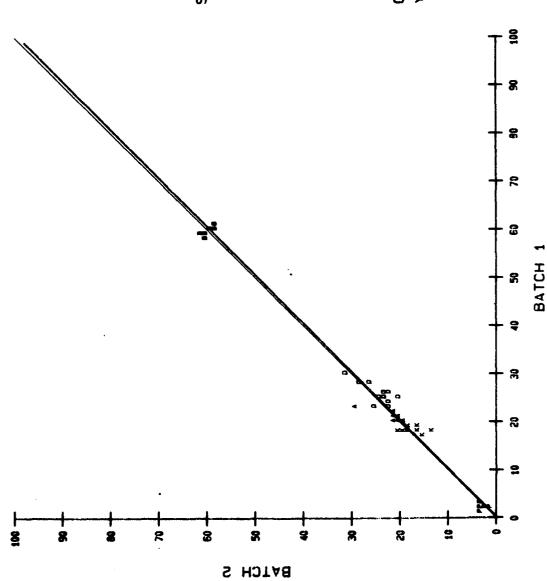


## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

 Y	<i>/</i>	. 60MUDK1.2
DISK DRIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS
DOMAIN OF PLOT
RANGE OF PLOT
DOMAIN OF DATA
RANGE OF DATA

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = -0.233 + 0.993X



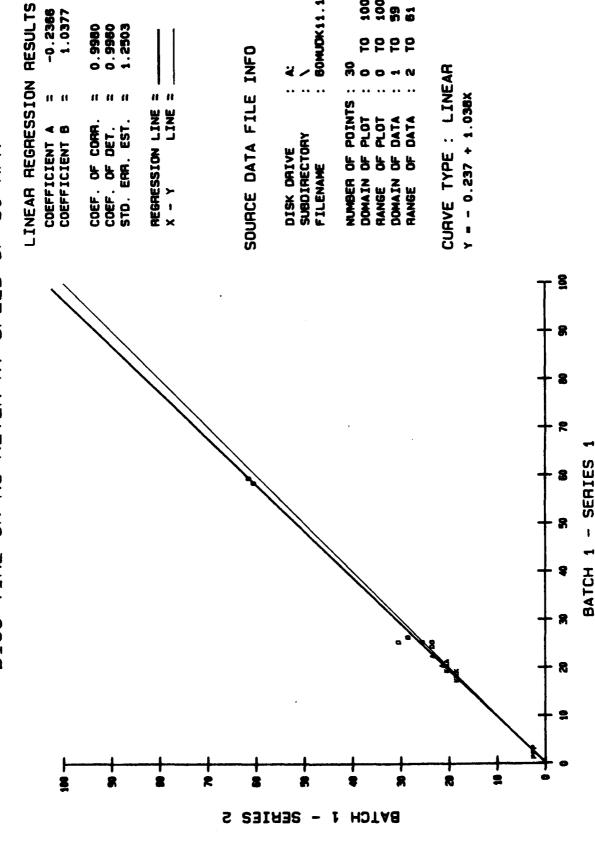
OF 60 MPH ON MU METER AT SPEED DICO TIRE

1.0377

11 11

0.9980 0.9960 1.2503

11 11 11

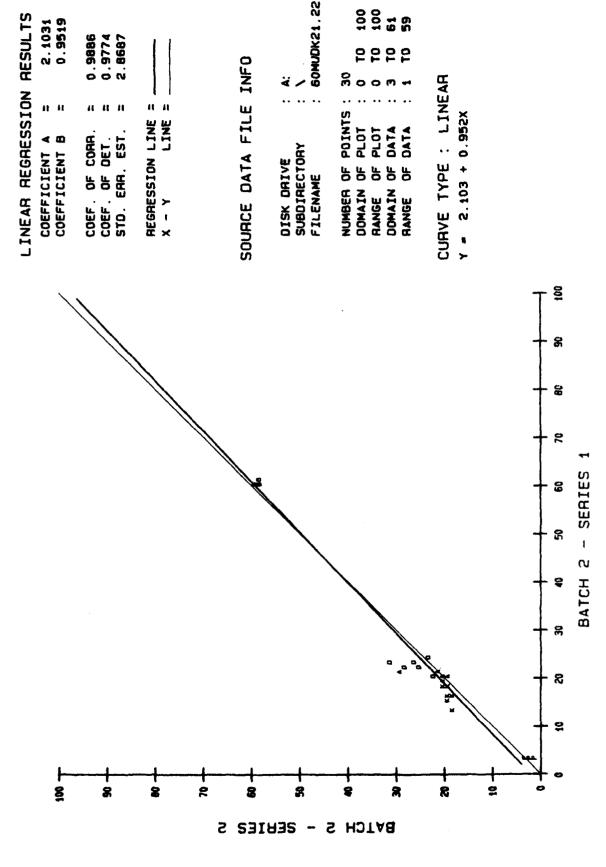


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60 MPH OF SPEED ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

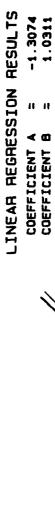
2.1031 0.9519

0.9886 2.8687



100 100 61 59

60 MPH P SPEED ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE



**8** +

0.9946 0.9891 2.0662 COEF. OF COAA.

11 11 11 STO. EAR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE X - Y LINE

#### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

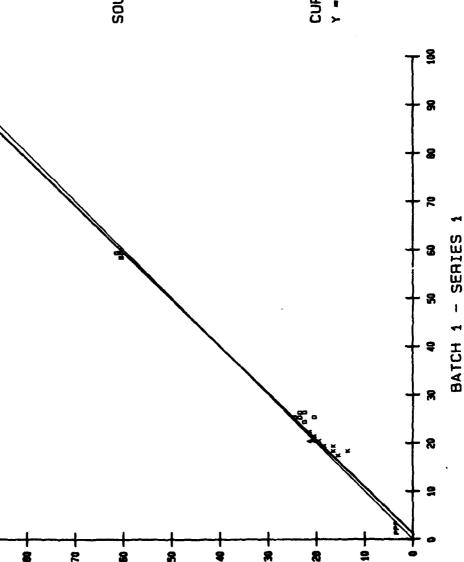
**60MUDK11.21** SUBDIRECTORY DISK DRIVE FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS

100 100 59 61 PLOT **P.** 01 DOMAIN OF DATA DOMAIN OF RANGE OF

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 1.307 + 1.031X

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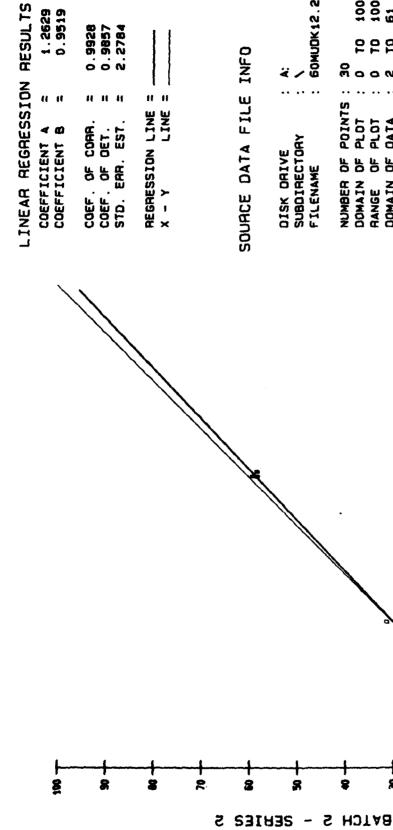


BATCH 2 - SERIES 1

#### 60 MPH A F SPEED ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

1.2629

0.9928 0.9857 2.2784



# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

A; \ 60MUDK 12 . 22			100	100	61	<b>80</b>	
			10	5	2	5	
ä	/	60	8	٥	٥	a	4
••	••	••	• •	• •	• •	••	• •
NIVE ECTORY	Ą	POINTS	PLOT	PLOT	DATA	DATA	
		ņ	p	Ŋ	P	P	
DISK DRIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME	NUMBER	DOMAIN	AANGE	DOMAIN	HANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = 1.263 + 0.952X

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BATCH 1 - SERIES

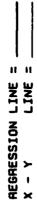
2

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#### SPEED OF 60 MPH ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS 0.5879 0.9942 0.9884 2.0582 11 11 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORA. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST. COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT



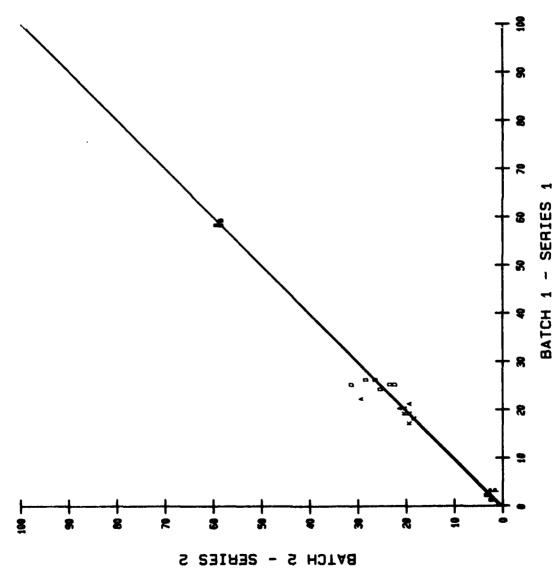
#### SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

**60MUDK11.22** DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

POINTS PLOT PLOT NUMBER OF DOMAIN OF P RANGE

50 50 50 50 50 50 50 DATA DATA DOMAIN OF I

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 0.588 + 0.992X



#### SPEED OF 60 MPH ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

-0.9931 0.9906

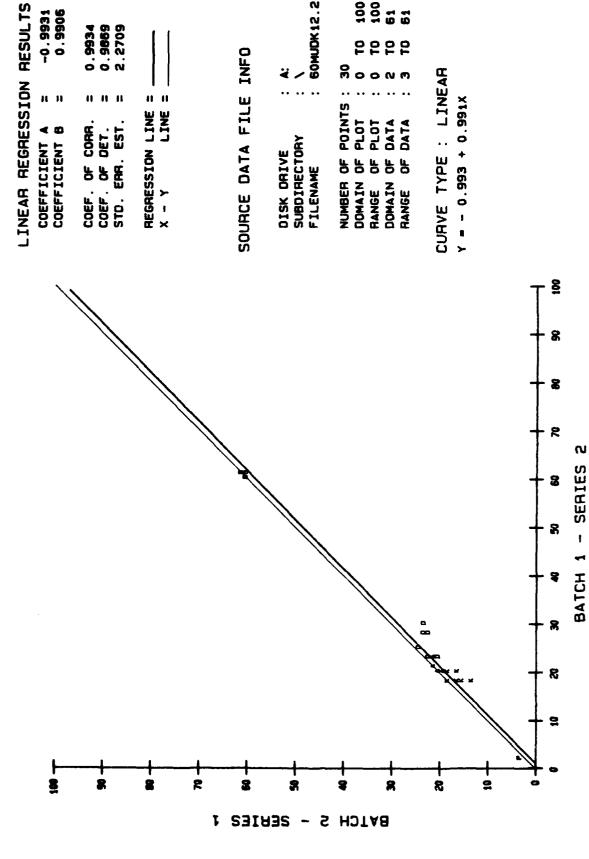
11 11

0.9934 0.9869 2.2709

11 11 11

11

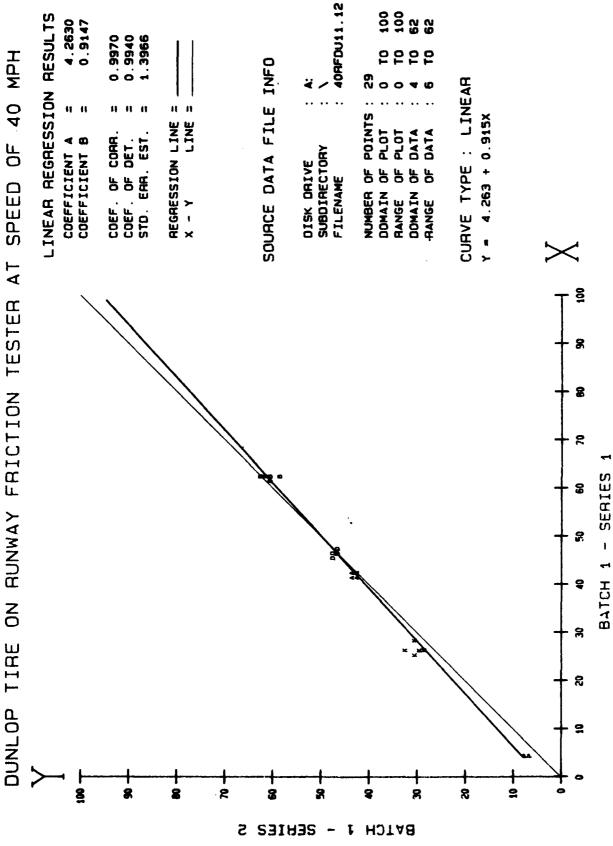
LINE

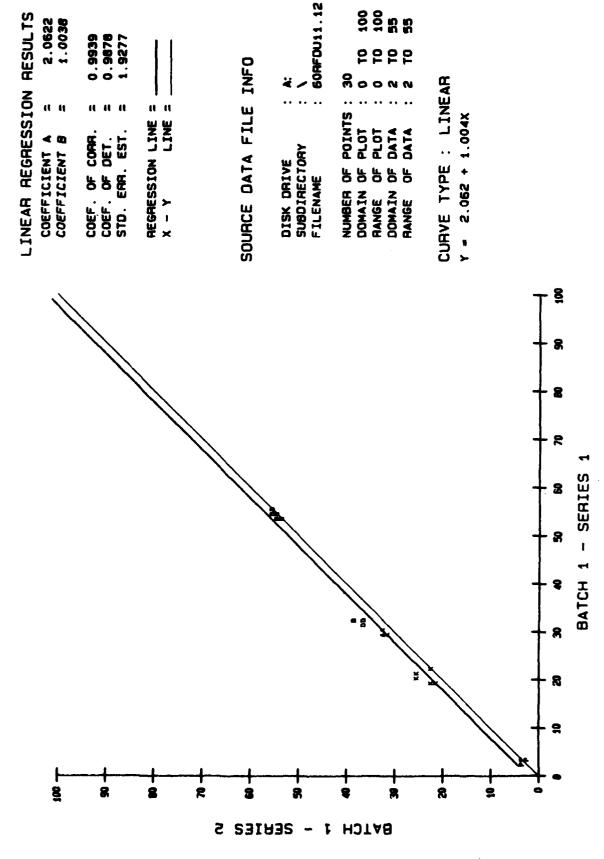


60MUDK 12.21

#### APPENDIX N

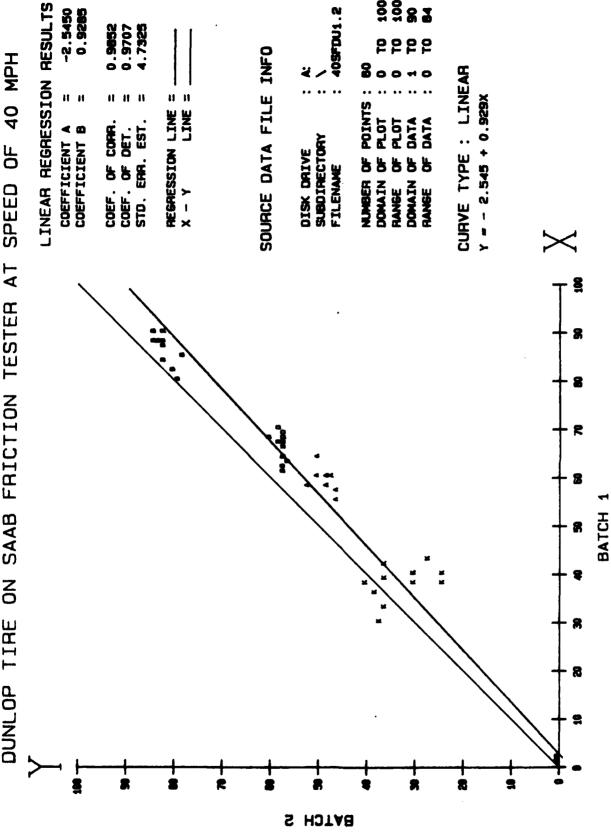
#### REGRESSION ANALYSIS CHARTS SHOWING GRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF THE PERFORMANCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DUNLOP TIRE MOUNTED ON FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES USING SELF WATER SYSTEM AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH







-2.5450 0.9265



3 3 8 **2** 

#### SPEED OF 40 MPH SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT N O DUNLOP TIRE



81 |-

8



0.9944 0.9889 3.0543 H H H COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STO. EAR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

40SFDU11.12 SUBDIRECTORY DISK DRIVE FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS PLOT DOMAIN OF

5 5 5 8 8 8 8 DOMAIN OF DATA OF PLOT HANGE RANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = -0.123 + 0.94X

> 2 - SERIES BATCH 1 8

#

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BATCH 1

8

SEBIES

8

SPEED OF 40 MPH ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT DUNLOP TIRE



8

0.9860 0.9722 4.5275 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORA. COEF. OF DET. STD. EAR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

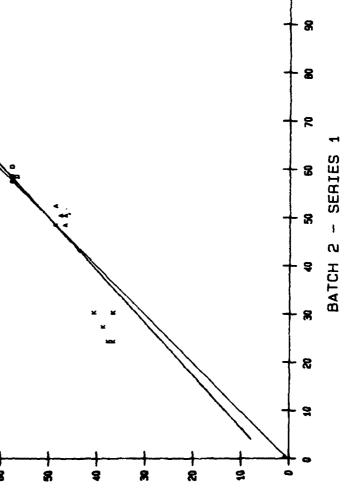
40SFDU21.22 OISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

100 100 82 82 5555 NUMBER OF POINTS: DOMAIN OF PLOT: RANGE OF PLOT: DOMAIN OF DATA: RANGE OF DATA:

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = 4.12 + 0.921X

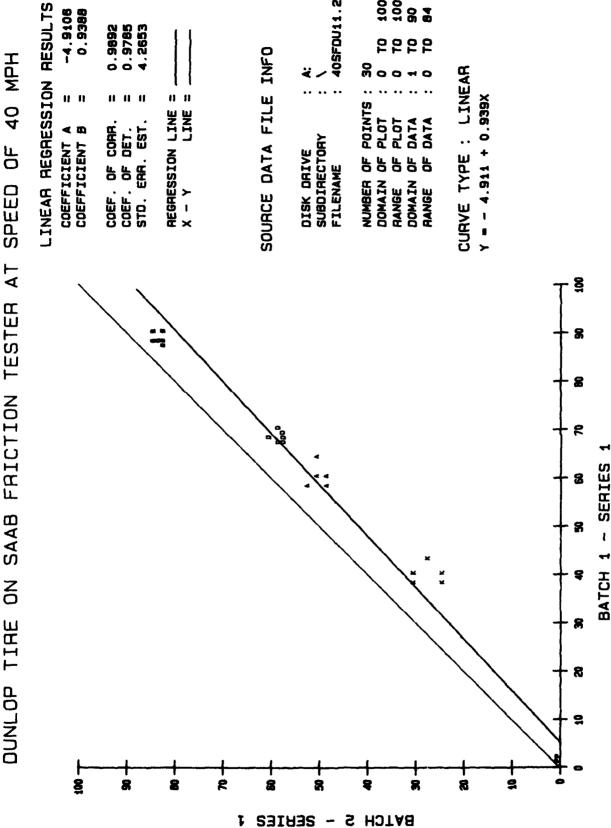
<u>\$</u>



BATCH 2 - SERIES

R

40 MPH SPEED OF SAAB S DUNLOP TIRE

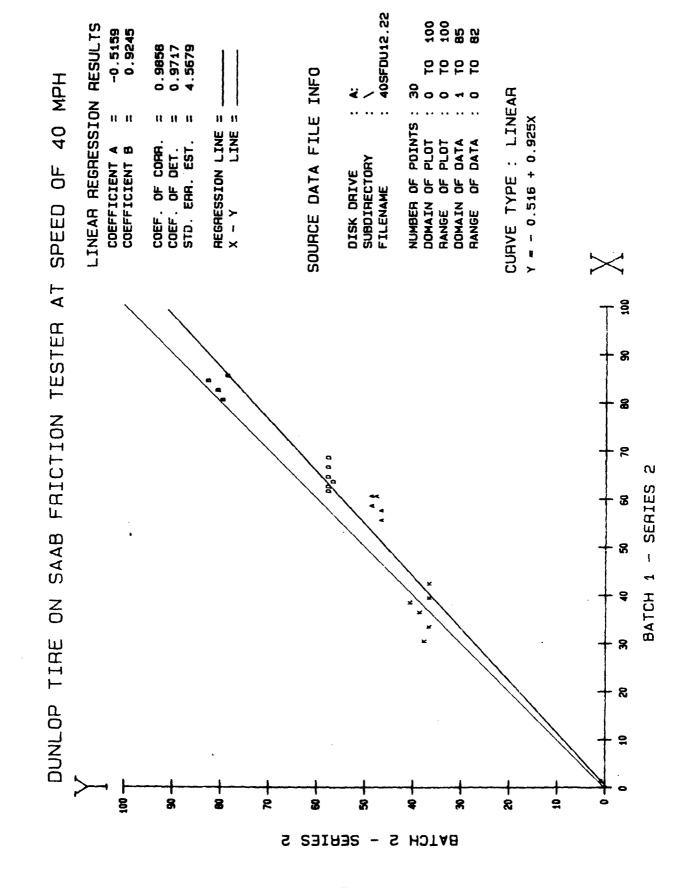


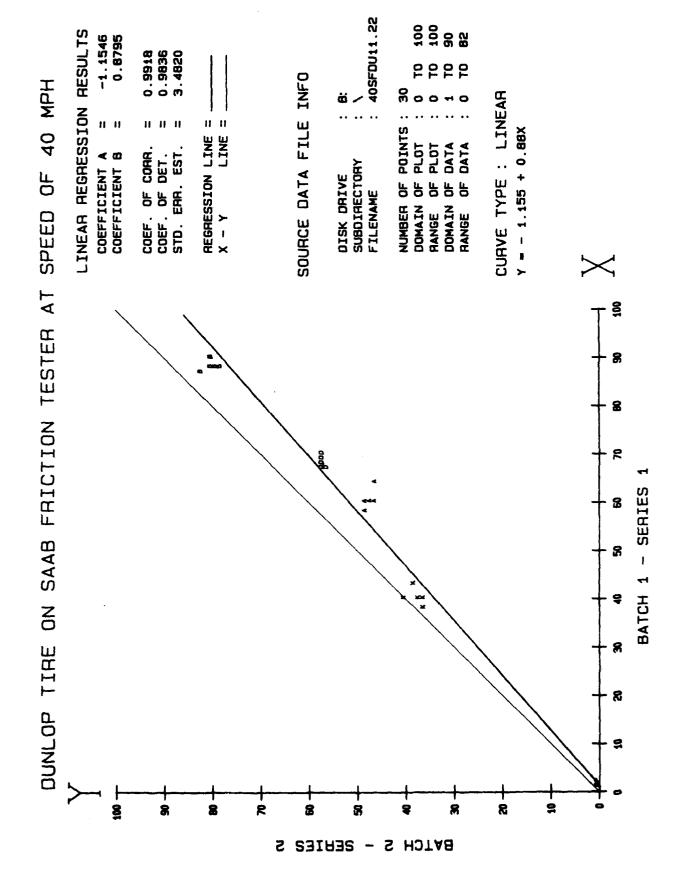
-4.9106 0.9388 0.9892 0.9785 4.2653 AEGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE = 11 11 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST.

SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

40SFDU11.21 DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR



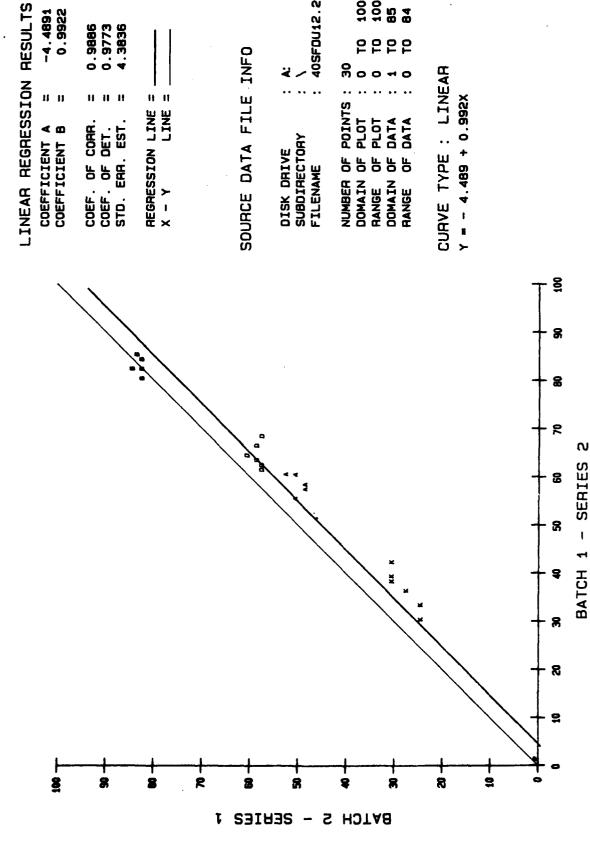


-4.4891 0.9922

11 11

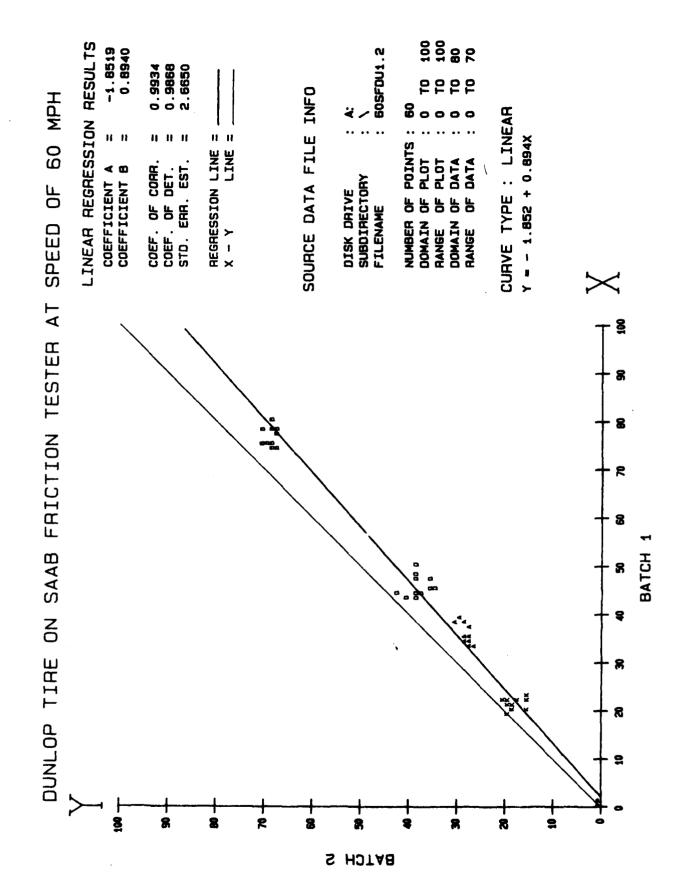
0.9886 0.9773 4.3836

11 11 11



40SFDU12.21

\$ \$ \$



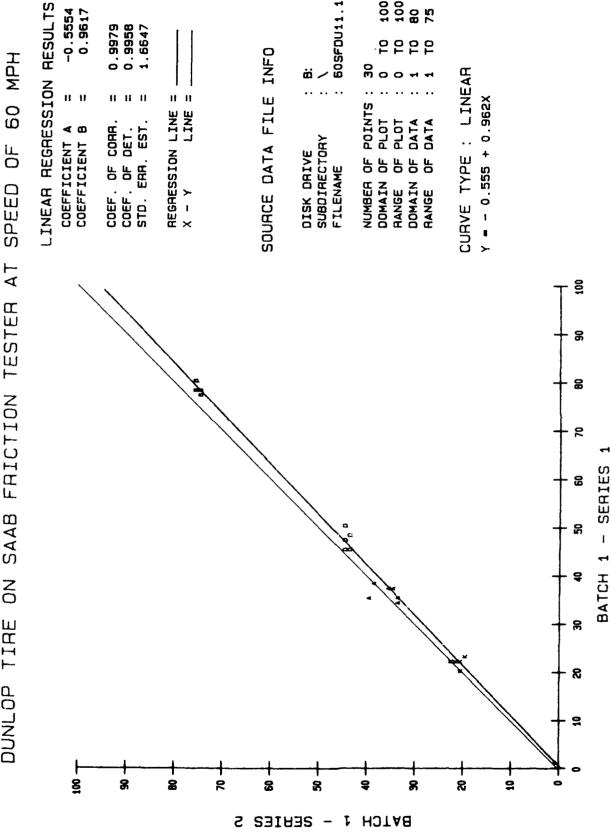
#### 60 MPH FRICTION TESTER AT ON SAAB DUNLOP TIRE

-0.5554 0.9617

11 11

0.9979 0.9958 1.6647

11 11 11



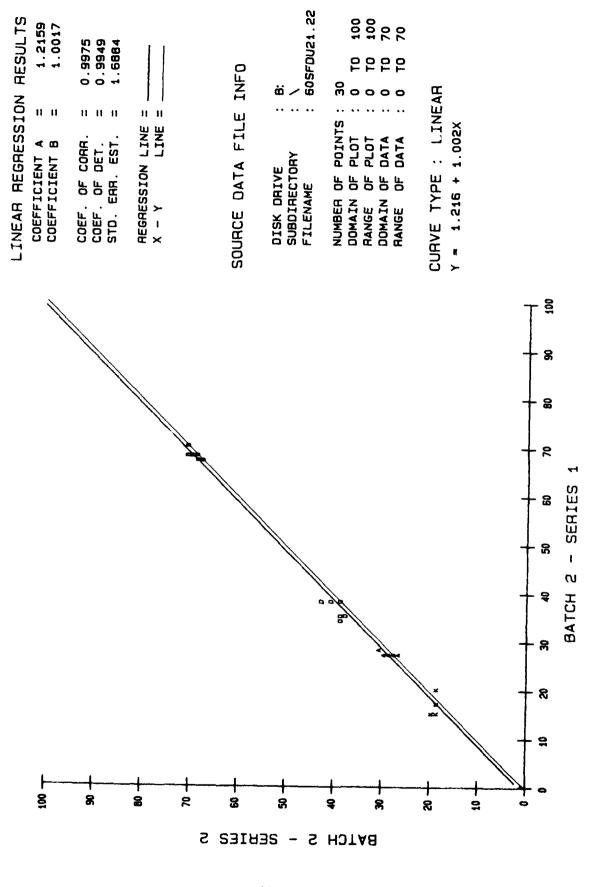
B: \ 60SFDU11.12

100 100 80 75

222

- SERIES

1.2159









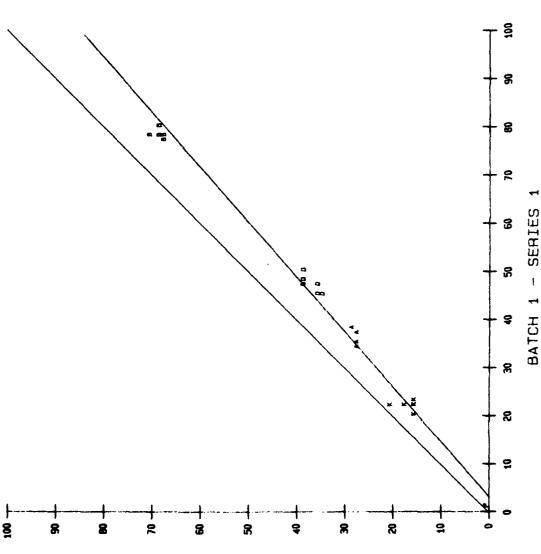


## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

ä	/	60SFDU11.21
٠.		••
DISK DHIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME

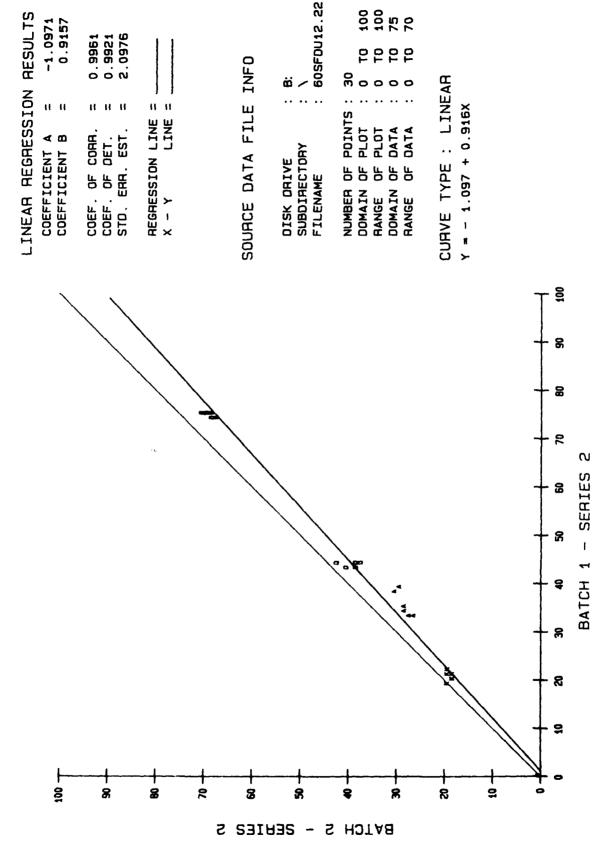
28 6 20 8 20 8 20 8 5555 00000 NUMBER OF POINTS: DOMAIN OF PLOT: RANGE OF PLOT: DOMAIN OF DATA: RANGE OF DATA:

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 2.786 + 0.878X



BATCH S -- SERIES

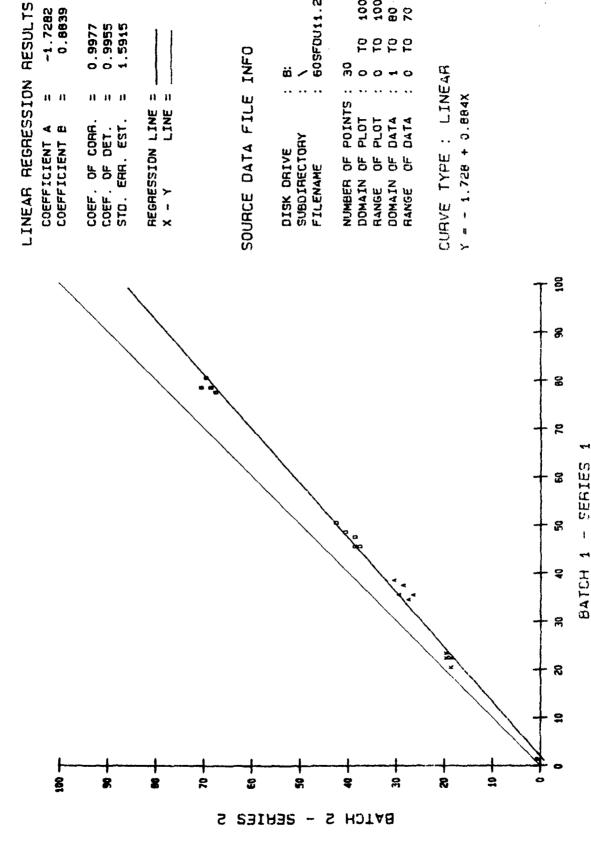
60 MPH SPEED OF FRICTION TESTER AT SAAB <u>Z</u> DUNLOP TIRE



SPEED OF 60 MPH 4 PRICTION TESTER SAAB S DUNLOP TIRE

-1.7282

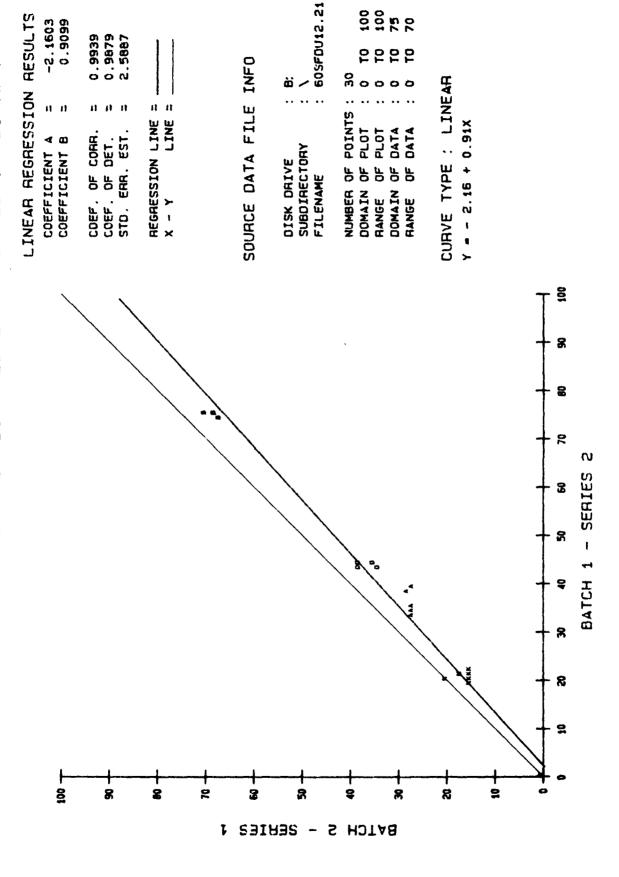
0.9977 0.9955 1.5915

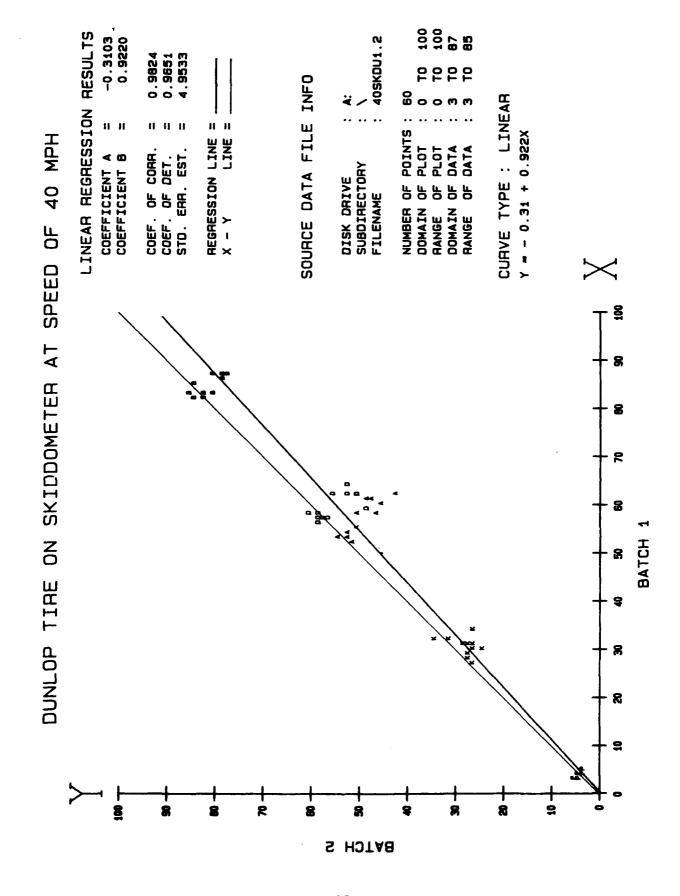


: 60SFDU11.22

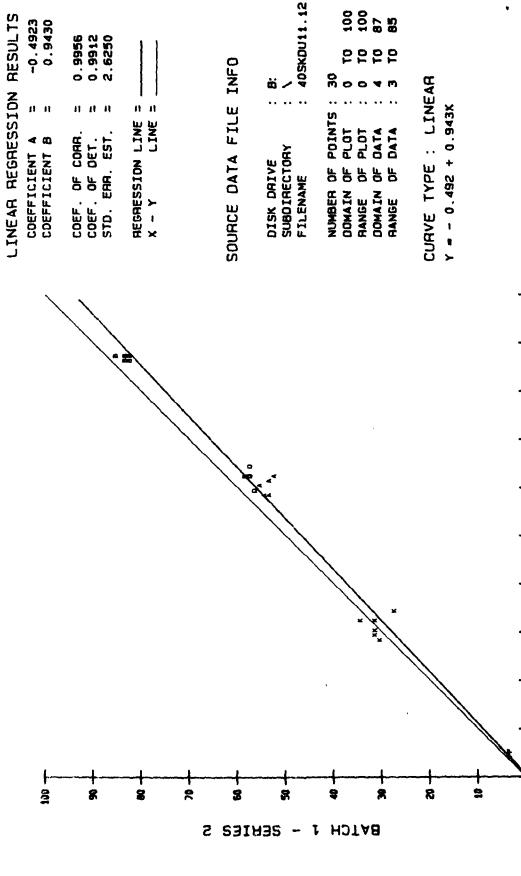
100 100 80 70

60 MPH SPEED OF FRICTION TESTER AT SAAB **Z** DUNLOP TIRE





SPEED OF 40 MPH PΑ SKIDDOMETER **N**O DUNLOP TIRE



100 100 87 85

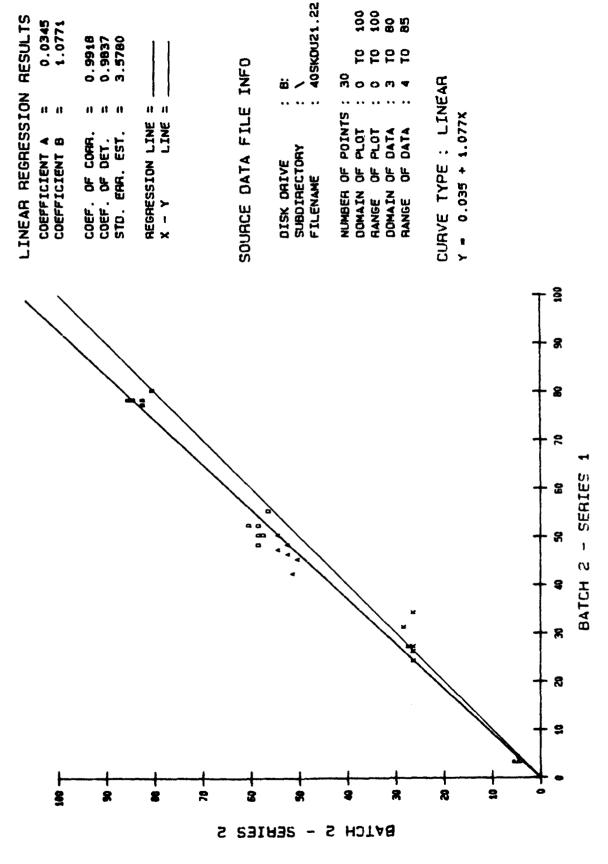
5

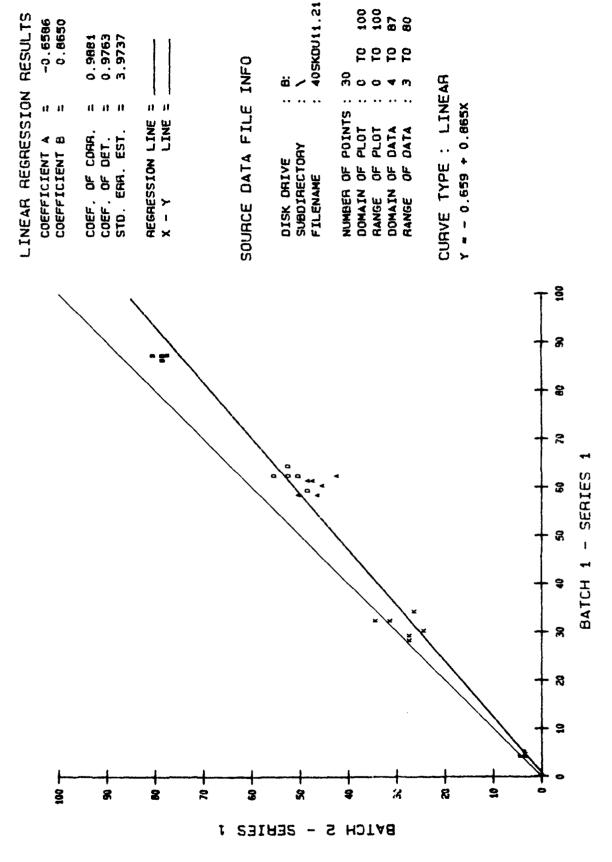
2

- SERIES

BATCH 1

SPEED OF 40 MPH DUNLOP TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT







-0.7095 0.9995 11 11 COEFFICIENT A COEFFICIENT B

8

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0.9958 0.9915 2.5764 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORA. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST.

11 11 REGRESSION LINE X - Y LINE

# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

**6** / SUBDIRECTORY DISK DAIVE

: 40SKDU12.22 FILENAME

2222 m 0 0 m ▲ NUMBER OF POINTS: DOMAIN OF PLOT: RANGE OF PLOT: COMAIN OF DATA:

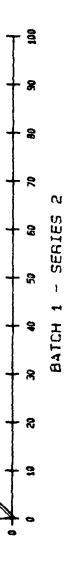
CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

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R

2

Y = -0.709 + 0.999X

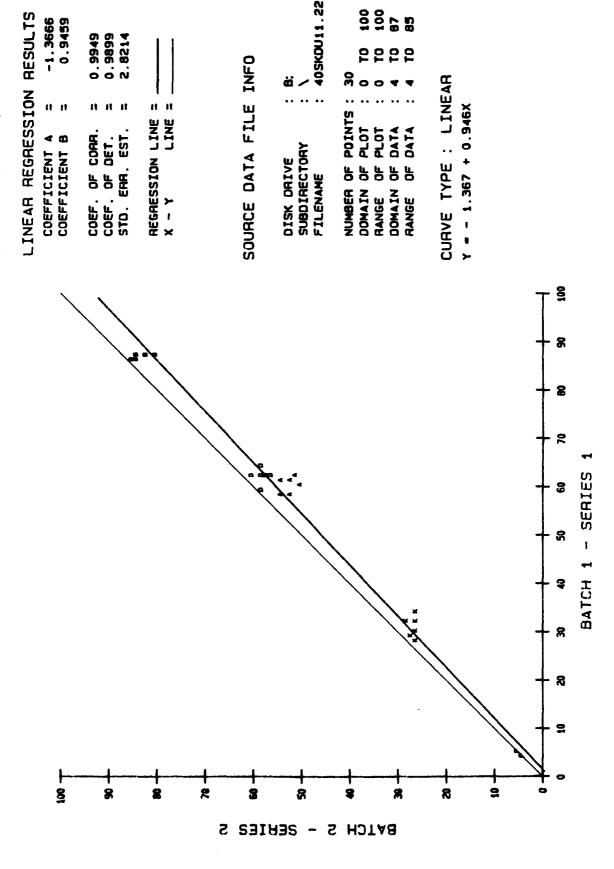


3

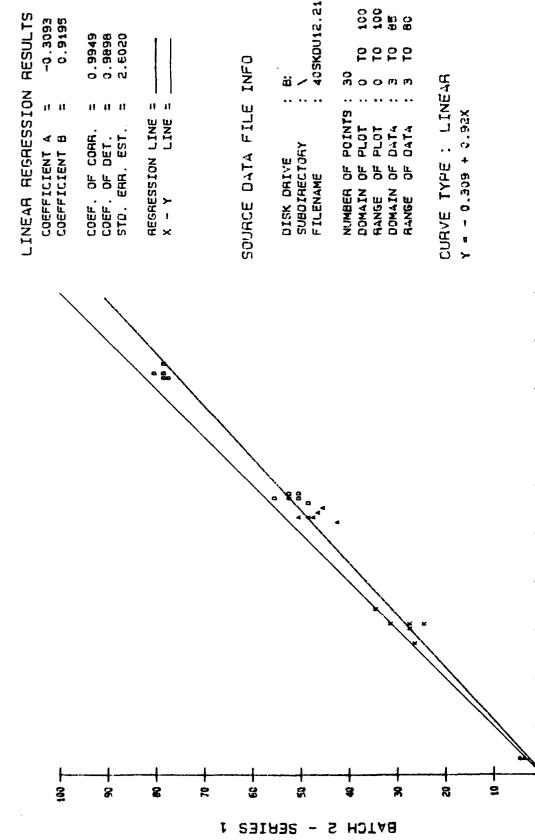
8

BATCH 2 - SEHIES 2

40 MPH Р SPEED 7 ON SKIDDOMETER DUNLOP TIRE



MDI 40 Ω IT SPEED 4 SKIDDOMETER **Z** TIRE DUNLOP



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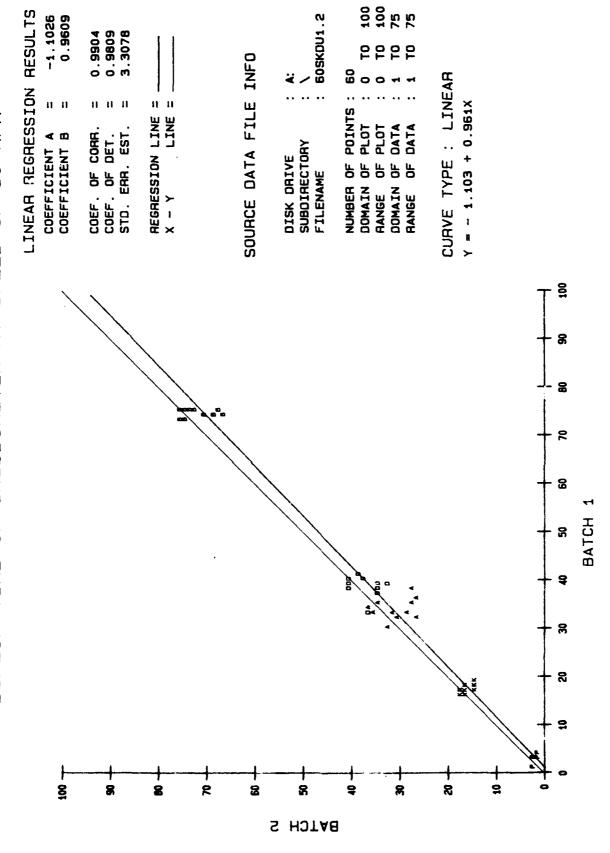
R

N

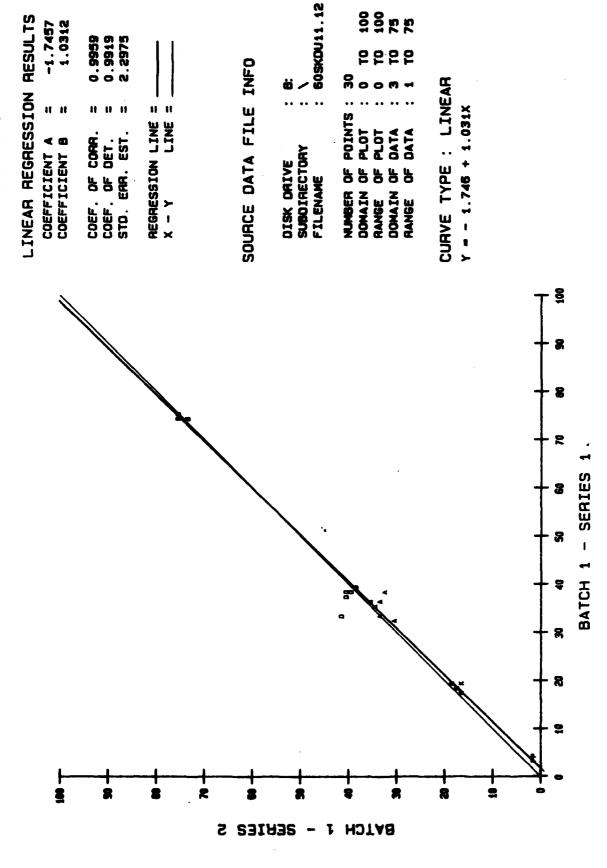
- SERIES

BATCH 1

#### 60 MPH SPEED OF ΑŢ ON SKIDDOMETER DUNLOP TIRE



## 60 MPH SPEED OF ON SKIDDOMETER AT DUNLOP TIRE

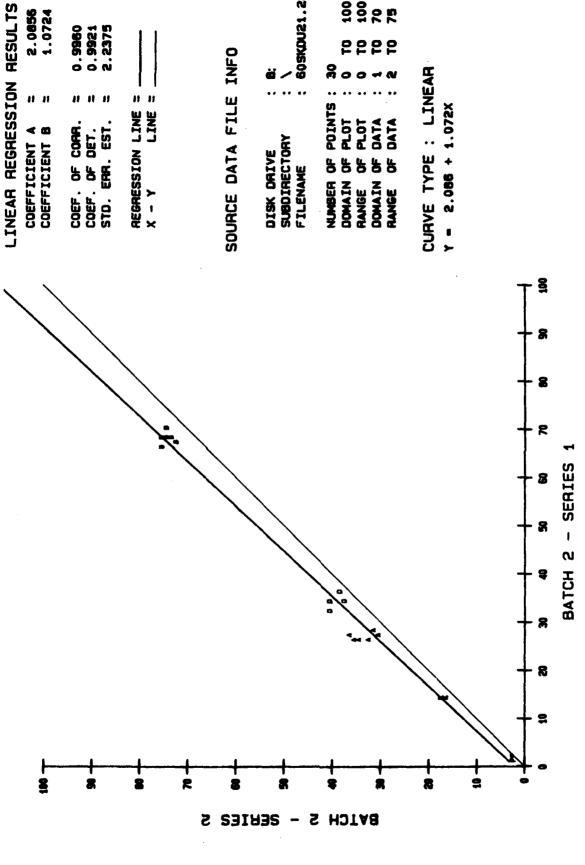


2.0856

# #

0.9921 2.2375 0.9960

#



60SKDU21.22

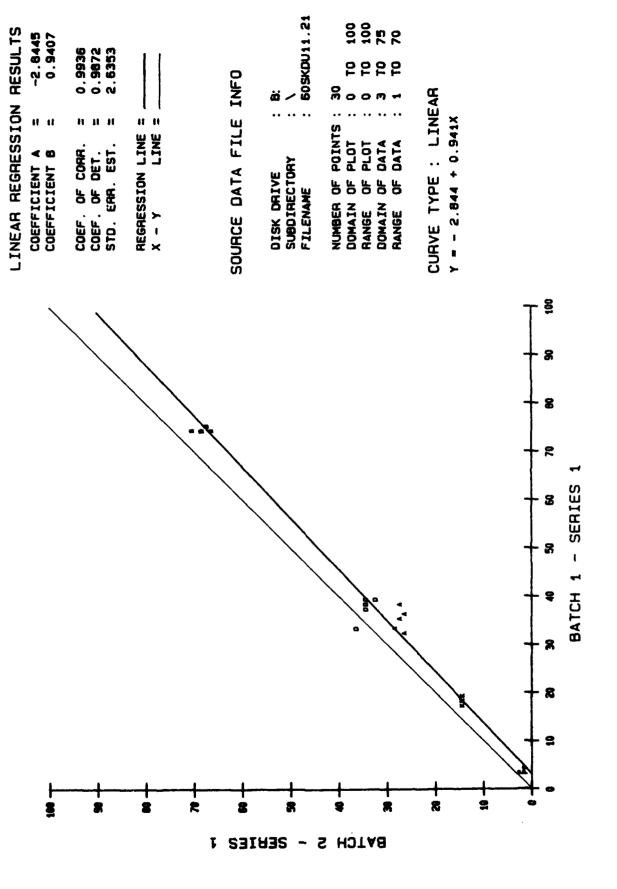
3 3 5 **E** 

2222

DATA

PLOT

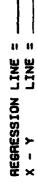
60 MPH SPEED OF DUNLOP TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT



# DUNLOP TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS
COEFFICIENT A = 0.6063

0.982	0.9979 0.9958 1.6194
1 11	AT AT 11
COEFFICIENT B	COEF. OF COAR. COEF. OF DET. STO. EAR. EST.

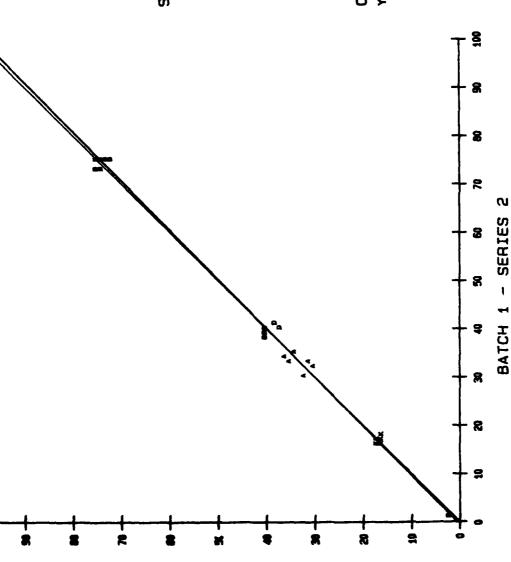


## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

Ö	_	60SKDU12.22
••		••
DISK DRIVE	SUBDIRECTORY	FILENAME

NUMBER	6	POINTS:	30		
DOMAIN	P	PLOT :	0	2	100
PANGE	8	PLOT :	0	2	100
DOMAIN	9	DATA :	-	2	75
RANGE	6	DATA :	a		73

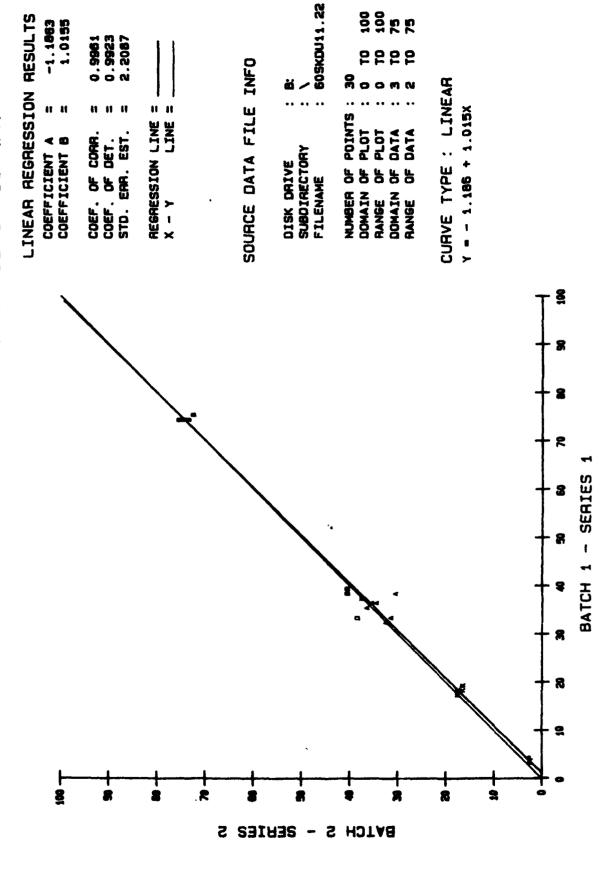
CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 0.606 + 0.983x



BATCH S -

SEBIES S

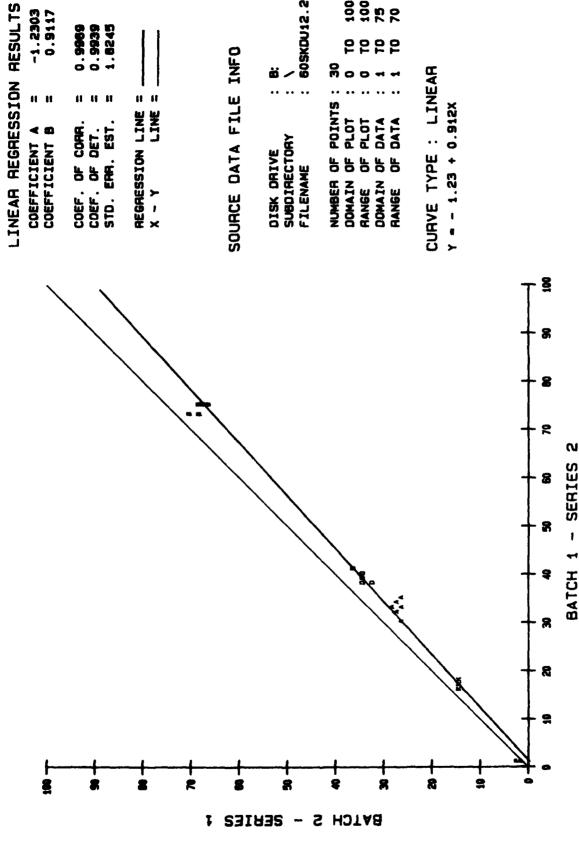
DUNLOP TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH



## SPEED OF 60 MPH DUNLOP TIRE ON SKIDDOMETER AT

-1.2303

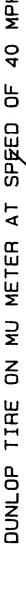
0.9969 0.9939 1.0245



60SKDU12.21

5 5 2 5 5 5 2 5

N - 31



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SERIES S

N - 32

8



0.9850 0.9703 3.9746 H H H COEF. OF CORA. COEF. OF DET. STD. EAR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

40MUDU11.12 ä DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS

100 100 64 73 222 DATA PLOT 9999 DOMAIN DOMAIN

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = 6.237 + 1.096X

The Spirit of the Contract of

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BATCH 1

-



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8



0.9956 0.9912 1.9859 H H H COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. EAR. EST.

## AEGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

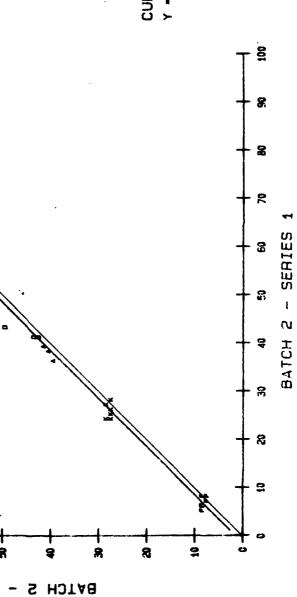
40MUDU21.22 SUBDIRECTORY DISK DRIVE FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS DOMAIN OF PLOT

2000 DATA DATA PLOT RANGE RANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = 1.573 + 1.002X



SEBIES

3

2

2

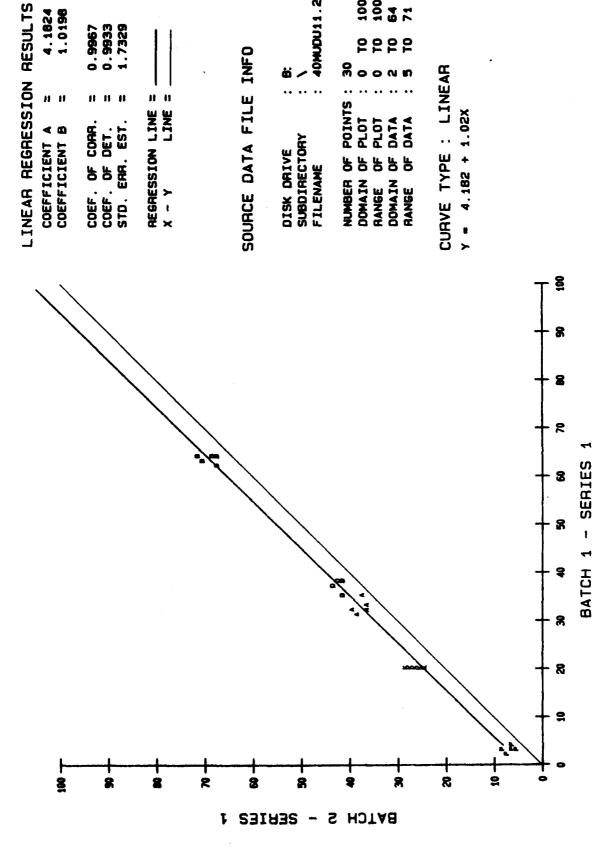
2

4.1824 1.0198

11 11

0.9967 0.9933 1.7329

11 11 11



40MUDU11.21

100 100 71

## **OF 40 MPH** ON MU METER AT SPEED DUNLOP TIRE



18

8

8

0.9689 0.9778 3.1496 11 11 11 COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

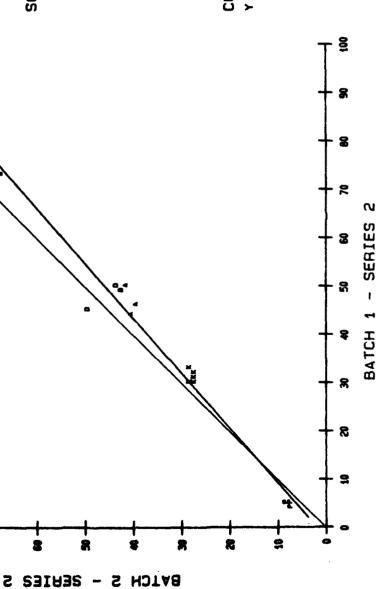
40MUDU12.22 DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS DOMAIN RANGE

100 100 73 70 5555 OF DATA OF DATA DOMAIN RANGE

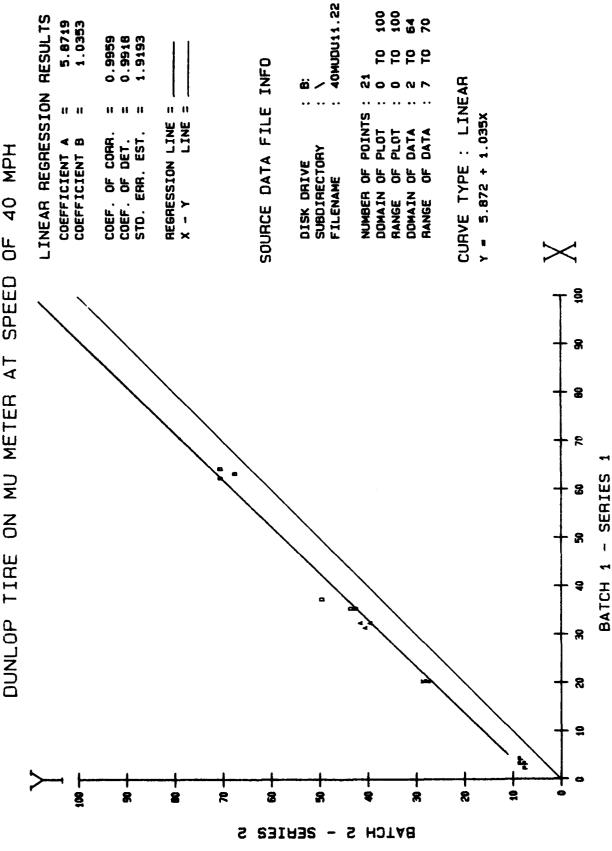
CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = 1.932 + 0.879X

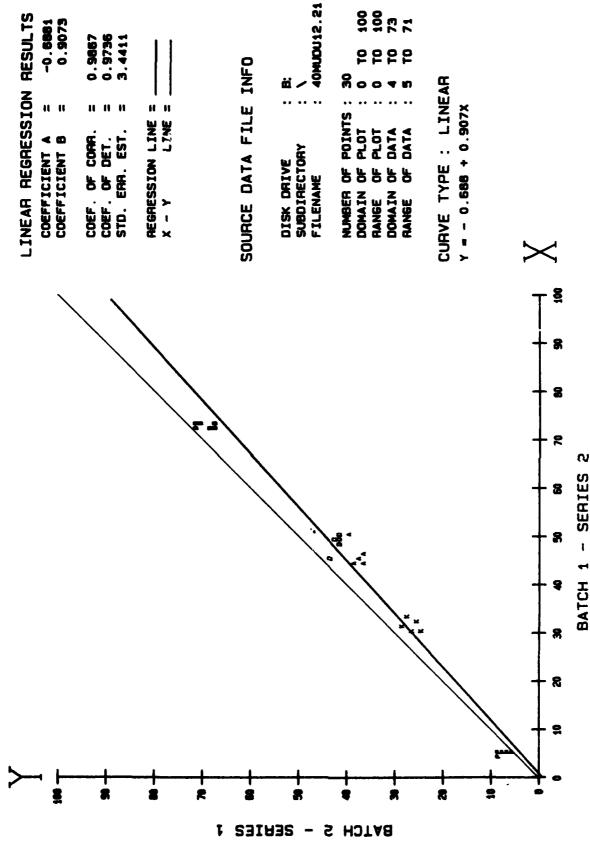


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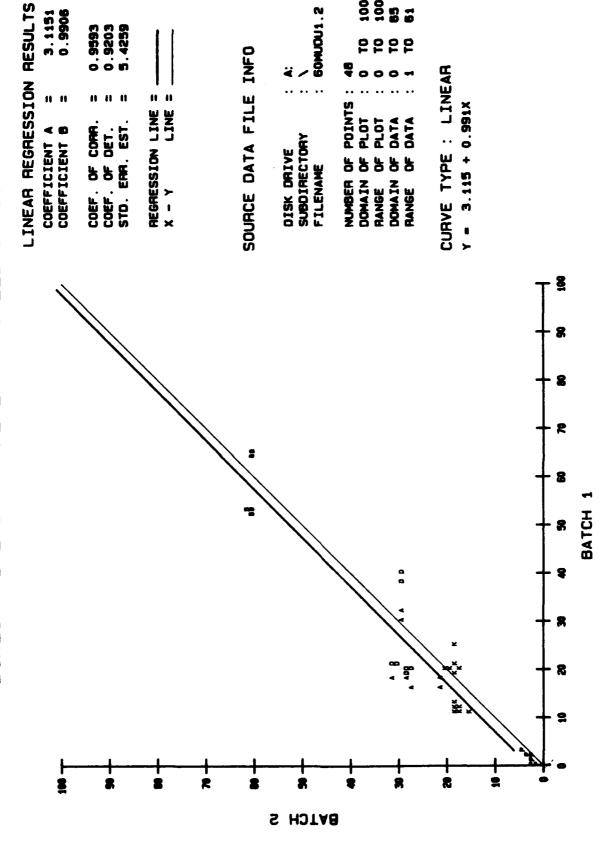
## DUNLOP TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

3.1151 0.9906

11 11

0.9593 5.4259

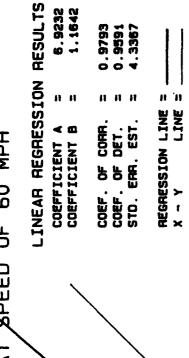
11 11 11



01 02 12 00 02 12

**60MUDU1.2** 

OF 60 MPH SPEED DUNLOP TIRE ON MU METER AT



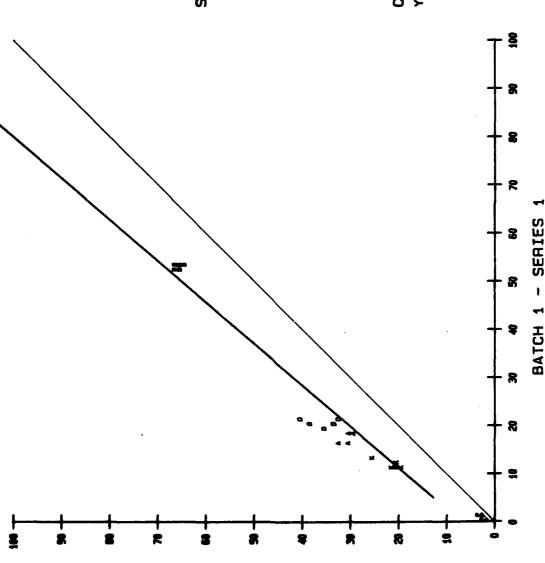
SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

**60MUDU11.12** DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

POINTS P.01 PLOT

DATA DATA NUMBER OF DOMAIN OF DOMAIN OF DOMAIN OF RANGE OF

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 6.923 + 1.164X



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HOTAB

60 MPH 9 SPEED ON MU METER AT DUNLOP TIRE



**₹** 

2

2

0.9928 0.9857 2.1886 n n n COEF. OF CORR. STD. ERR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE =

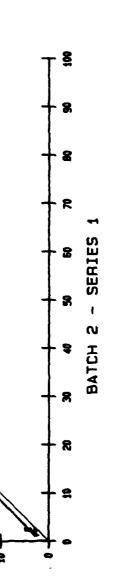
## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

: 60MUDU21.22 **ö** DISK DAIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

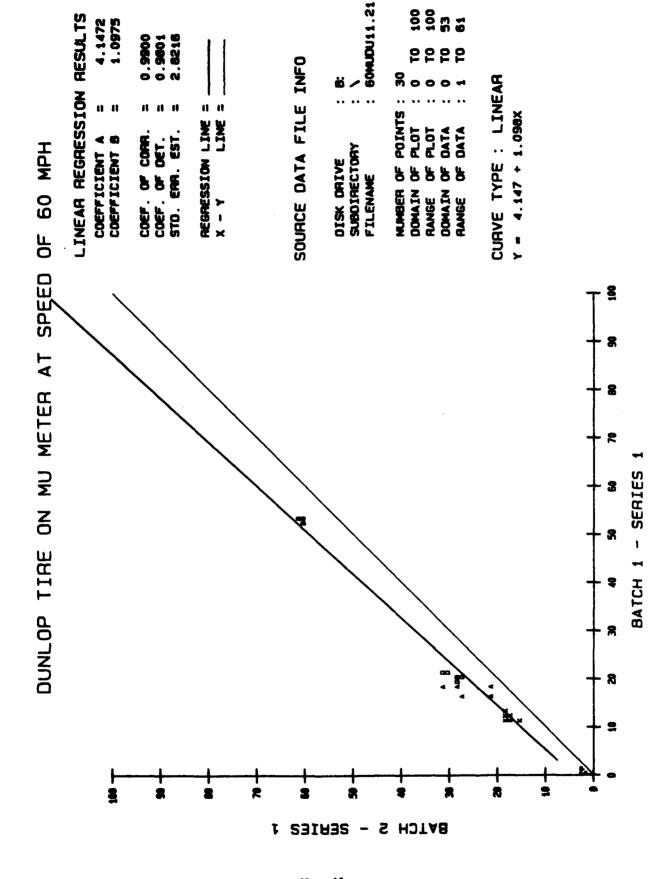
POINTS

100 100 **6**1 5555 DATA PLOT PLOT DATA RANGE OF TE NUMBER OF E DOMAIN OF E

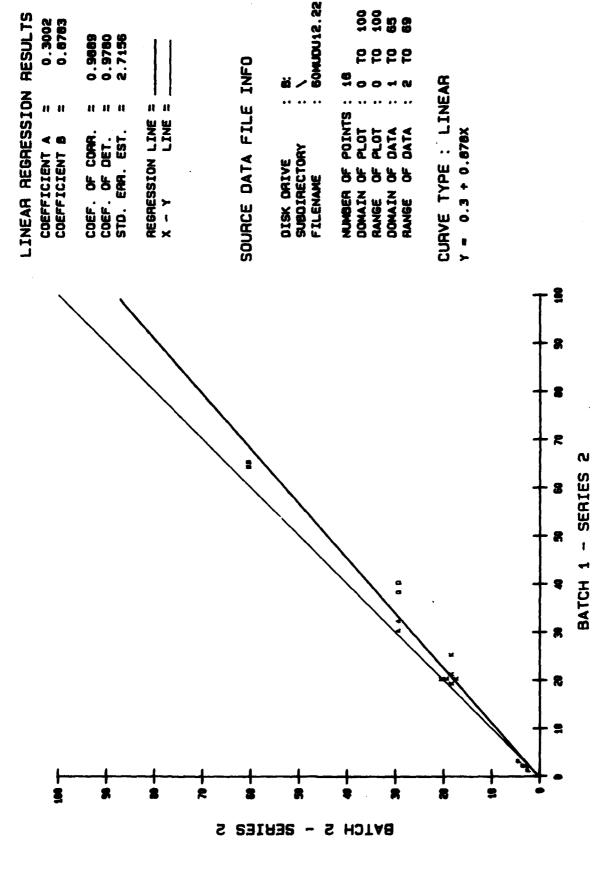
CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = 1.714 + 0.977X

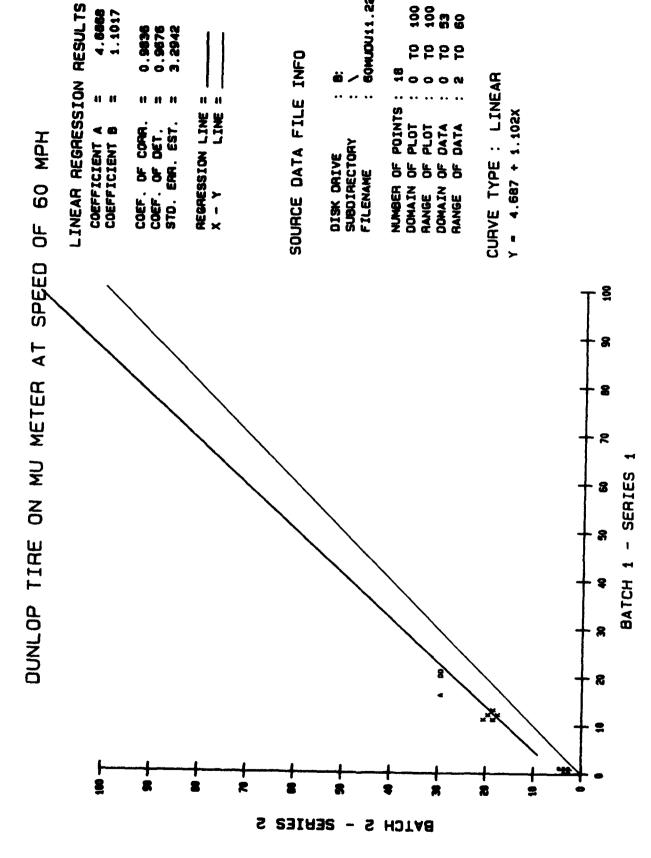


BATCH 2 - SERIES 2



OF 60 MPH ON MU METER AT SPEED DUNLOP TIRE





**4.6668** 1.1017

LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS -1.7551

0.9224 11 11 COEFFICIENT A

COEF. OF COAR.

0.9890 0.9782 2.9517 H H H STD. EAR. EST.

REGRESSION LINE = X - Y LINE =

SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

DISK DAIVE SUBDIRECTORY

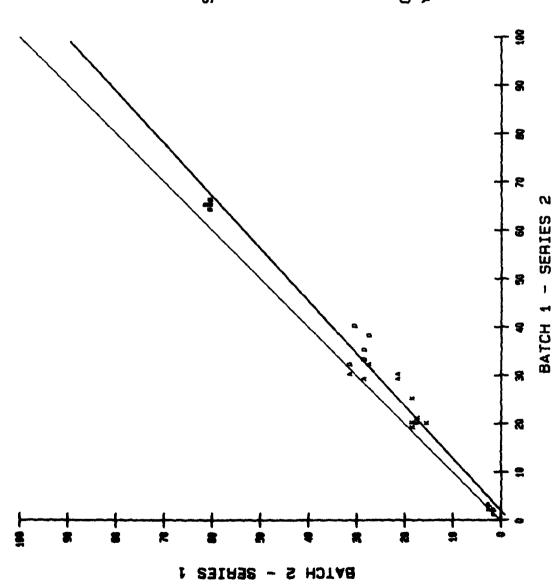
**60MUDU12.21** FILENAME

NUMBER OF POINTS DOMAIN OF PLOT

100 100 56 61 5555 PLOT DOMAIN OF DATA RANGE

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR

Y = - 1.755 + 0.922X



N-44

## APPENDIX O

PROCEDURES FOR CONDUCTING
LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSES

## APPENDIX O

## Procedures for Calculating the Standard Error of Estimate

The method for calculating the Standard Error of Estimate is given below:

Consider the straight line, which is the regression equation, in terms of Y,

 $Y = m_{yx}^{X} + b_{yx}^{X}$  where

X is the independent variable and Y is the dependent variable, in this case, the Saab Friction Tester values are determined from a Mu Meter reading.

 $\boldsymbol{m}_{\boldsymbol{y}\boldsymbol{x}}$  is the slope of the regression equation.

b<sub>vx</sub> is the Y intercept.

or in terms of X,

 $X = m_{XY}Y + b_{XY}$  where:

Y is the independent variable and X is the dependent variable, in this case, the Mu Meter values are determined from a Saab Friction Tester reading.

 $\mathbf{m}_{_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{Y}}}$  is the slope of the regression equation.

b<sub>xv</sub> is the X intercept.

The slope of the regression equation in terms of Y,

$$m_{yx} = \frac{\sum (xy) - nM_xM_y}{\sum (x^2) - n(M_x)^2}$$

where:

$$M_{x} = \sum_{n} \frac{x}{n}$$

$$M_{y} = \sum_{n} \frac{y}{n}$$

n is the number of pairs of X and Y values.

M is the mean average of the X and Y values.

or in terms of X,

$$= \frac{\sum (XY) - nM_{x}M_{y}}{\sum (Y^{2}) - n(M_{y})^{2}} \qquad \text{or,} \quad m_{xy} = \frac{\sum (XY) - nM_{x}M_{y}}{ns_{y}^{2}}$$

The Y intercept is given by:

The X intercept is given by:

$$b_{yx} = M_y - m_{yx}M_x$$

$$b_{xy} = M_x - m_{xy}M_y$$

The unadjusted coefficient of correlation is determined by:

$$r_{xy} = r_{yx} = \frac{\sum_{(XY) - nM_xM_y}}{\sqrt{\left[\sum_{(X^2) - n(M_x)^2}\right]\left[\sum_{(Y^2) - n(M_y)^2}\right]}} \text{ or } \frac{\sum_{(XY) - nM_xM_y}}{ns_xs_y}$$

When the correlation is perfect, that is, when  $r_{xy} \approx r_{yx} = 1$ ,

then: 
$$b_{yx} = b_{xy}$$

The standard deviations for X and Y are:

$$s_{x} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x^{2}) - n(M_{x})^{2}}{n}}$$

$$s_{y} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (Y^{2}) - n(M_{y})^{2}}{n}}$$

## The adjusted Standard Error of Estimate in the X direction is given by:

$$\bar{s}_{xy} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x^2) - n(M_x)^2}{n-2}} (1 - r_{yx}^2)$$

This means when the Saab Friction Tester reads 40 the Mu Meter reads between 32.7 and 49.3, or a difference of 7.6.

## The adjusted Standard Error of Estimate in the Y direction is given by:

$$\bar{s}_{yx} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (y^2) - n(M_y)^2}{n-2}} \quad (1-r_{xy}^2)$$

This means when the Mu Meter reads 40, the Saab Friction Tester reads between 41.5 and 52.3, or a difference of 10.8.

## The Coefficient of Determination is given by;

$$d_{xy} = d_{yx} = r_{xy}^2 = r_{yx}^2$$

## APPENDIX P

SUMMARY TABLES SHOWING THE RESULTS

OF THE LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY EVALUATION

BASED ON PERFORMING REGRESSION ANALYSES OF VARIOUS

COMBINATIONS OF BATCHES AND SERIES OF McCREARY TIRES

MOUNTED ON FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES

USING SELF WATER SYSTEM

AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH TABLE P

	ACCRUED POINT	FER CAIEGORY IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	09	10	10	10	10	10	10
	SEE	ო +I	1.7522	1.0970	0.8108	1.5202	2.0103	1.9242	1.7822
	CD	>0.9604	0.9891	0.9956	0.9977	0.9924	0.9856	0.9868	0.9895
	သ	>0.9800	0.9945	0.9978	0.9988	0.9962	0.9928	0.9934	0.9947
IS	X = 100	بر +۱	+0.9616	-3.0808	-3.1561	+1.1541	+0.7532	-2.1483	+4.1244
တ	X = X	+0.9200 TO	+1.0057	+0.9635	+0.9615	+1.0089	+1.0023	+0.9685	+1.0433
IS	0 = X	ო +I	+0.3916	+0.5692	+0.6939	+0.2641	+0.5232	+1.0017	-0.2056
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH ~ TABLE P -

TIRE CODE	SI	w	SI				
ВАТСН	0 = X	Х = X	X = 100	ဎ	CD	SEE	ACCRUED POINT
SERIES	۴۱ ۲+	+0.9200 TO +1.0800	+l ഹ	>0.9800	>0.9604	ო +I	FER CAIEGORY IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION
1.2	+2.3476	+0.9338	-4.2720	0.9940	0.9880	1.6967	09
11.12	+0.4867	+0.9852	-0.9933	0.9961	0.9922	1.4754	10
21.22	+0.4600	+0.9754	-2.0000	0.9960	0.9920	1.3952	10
11.21	+2.3203	+0.9405	-3.6297	0.9963	0.9925	1.3768	10
12.22	+2.3780	+0.9270	-4.9220	0.9918	0.9836	1.9991	10
11.22	+2.7721	+0.9155	-5.6779	0.9903	0.9806	2.1742	Ŋ
12.21	+1.9816	+0.9498	-3.0384	0.9951	0.9903	1.5697	10

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SAAB FRICTION TESTER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH TABLE P - 3

TIRE CODE	IS	အ	SI				
ВАТСН	0 = X	Х = Х	X = 100	႘	8	SEE	ACCRUED POINT
SERIES	۳ +ا	+0.9200	ر ا+	0086.0<	>0.9604	ღ +I	FER CAIEGORI IN TIRE
		+1.0800					EVALUATION
1.2	+2.3066	9096.0+	-1.6334	0.9935	0.9871	2.7039	60
11.12	-0.4693	+0.9402	-6.4493	0966.0	0.9920	2.1684	2
21.22	-0.5553	+0.9957	-0.9853	0.9961	0.9922	2.1345	10
11.21	+2.2734	+0.9360	-4.1266	0.9936	0.9873	2.7352	10
12.22	+2.0653	+0.9941	+1.4753	0.9965	0.9930	2.0318	10
11.22	+1.3903	+0.9396	-4.6497	0.9977	0.9955	1.6304	10
12.21	+2.9381	+0.9905	+1.9881	0.9926	0.9852	2.9513	10

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SAAB FRICTION TESTER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH TABLE P

	ACCRUED POINT	FER CAIEGORI IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	EVALUATION	09	10	10	10	10	10	10
	SEE	ب +۱		2.4443	2.4131	2.9351	2.0390	2.5476	2.9943	1.5414
	CD	>0.9604		0.9867	0.9882	0.9819	9066.0	0.9868	0.9811	0.9948
	ည	>0.9800		0.9933	0.9941	6066.0	0.9953	0.9934	0.9905	0.9974
IS	X = 100	ب ا+		-0.3701	-1.5964	+1.9262	-2.0388	+1.5642	+0.1450	-0.8205
S	X = X	+0.9200 TO	+1.0800	+0.9777	+0.9989	+1.0266	+0.9665	+0.9918	+0.9965	+0.9639
SI	0 = X	۳ +۱		+1.8599	-1.4864	-0.7338	+1.3112	+2.3842	+0.4950	+2.7895
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE P - 5 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SKIDDOMETER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	EVALUATION	.09	10	10	10	10	10	10
	SEE	κ +l		2.5752	2.9306	1.4324	2.6949	1.7332	2.1553	1.5762
	CD	>0.9604		0.9880	0.9859	0.9964	0.9873	0.9948	0.9919	0.9957
	ပ္ပ	>0.9800		0.9940	0.9929	0.9982	0.9936	0.9974	0.9959	0.9978
SI	X = 100	က +l		-3.4794	-2.5423	+0.8049	-4.9513	-1.7693	-3.9119	-2.6511
w	Х = X	+0.9200 TO	+1.0800	+0.9594	+0.9860	+0.9990	+0.9558	+0.9669	+0.9588	+0.9666
SI	0 = X	რ +I		+0.5806	-1.1423	+0.9049	-0.5313	+1.5407	+0.2081	+0.6889
TIRE CODE	BATCH	SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE P - 6 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SKIDDOMETER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

TIRE CODE	7.5	ď	7.5				
	0 = X	X = X	X = 100	ည	CD	SEE	ACCRUED POINT
	۶ ۱+	+0.9200	ري ا+	>0.9800	>0.9604	ო +I	PER CATEGORY IN TIRE
		TO +1.0800					EVALUATION
	+1.1882	+1.0055	+1.7382	0.9939	0.9878	2.3956	09
	-0.6167	+0.9662	-3.9967	0.9967	0.9934	1.7626	οτ
	-0.6734	+0.9593	-4.7434	0.9960	0.9921	1.9238	10
	+1.8313	+0.9956	+1.3913	0.9920	0.9841	2.8286	10
	+1.5205	+0.9946	+0.9805	0.9975	0.9949	1.5421	10
	+0.8211	+0.9639	-2.7889	0.9971	0.9942	1.6429	10
	+2.5044	+1.0291	+5.4144	0.9940	0.9881	2.4459	ນ

TABLE P - 7 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE MU METER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	30	2	ស	S.	S	ហ	10
	SEE	ო +I	5.1281	3.0094	2.5481	1.7932	1.9672	2.9336	2.2470
	CD	>0.9604	0.9369	0.9776	0.9855	0.9922	0.9913	0.9807	0.9878
	သ	>0.9800	0.9679	0.9887	0.9927	0.9961	0.9957	0.9903	0.9939
SI	X = 100	ى +۱	+2.7069	+11.5751	+0.5740	+11.7966	-0.6682	+11.8644	-0.7069
S	X = X	+0.9200 TO +1.0800	+1.0245	+1.0760	+1.0568	+1.0975	+1.0470	+1.1333	+1.0066
SI	0 = X	m +l	+0.2569	+3.9751	-5.1060	+2.0466	-5.3682	-1.4656	-1.3669
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE P - 8 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE MU METER USING THE MCCREARY TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	FER CAIEGORY IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	12	ی	10	8	10	8	10
	SEE	ო +I	3.5169	2.8088	2.6644	3.5691	2.3353	3.2539	2.6885
	CD	>0.9604	0.9683	0.9789	0.9820	0.9691	0.9862	0.9732	0.9826
	ည	>0.9800	0.9840	0.9894	0.9910	0.9844	0.9931	0.9865	0.9912
SI	X = 100	რ +I	+5.2791	+9.7262	-1.1005	+11.3748	+1.0039	+11.2443	+1.8857
Ø	X = X	+0.9200 TO +1.0800	+1.0588	+1.0790	+0.9690	+1.1271	+1.0195	+1.1045	+1.0431
SI	0 = X	რ +I	-0.6009	+1.8262	+1.9995	-0.8962	-0.9461	+0.7943	-2.4243
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

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## APPENDIX Q

SUMMARY TABLES SHOWING THE RESULTS

OF THE LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY EVALUATION

BASED ON PERFORMING REGRESSION ANALYSES OF VARIOUS

COMBINATIONS OF BATCHES AND SERIES OF DICO TIRES

MOUNTED ON FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES

USING SELF WATER SYSTEM

AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH TABLE Q - 1

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE	EVALUATION	0	ည	ഗ	8	ນ	S	2
	SEE	ღ +I		3.4400	1.1884	1.8006	3.2822	2.9592	2.9921	3.0674
	CD	>0.9604		0.9559	0.9962	0.9883	9096.0	0.9683	0.9676	0.9656
	ည	>0.9800		0.9777	0.9981	0.9941	0.9801	0.9840	0.9837	0.9827
1										
IS	X = 100	+l %		-13.2287	+5.1983	+3.0890	-12.6887	-13.5196	-9.0910	-17.0511
ıs		+0.9200 ± 5	+1.0800	+0.8766 -13.2287	+1.0711 +5.1983	+0.9985 +3.0890	+0.9055 -12.6887	+0.8508 -13.5196	+0.9118 -9.0910	+0.8459 -17.0511
	× = X	+1	+1.0800							

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH TABLE Q - 2

	ACCRUED POINT	FER CAIEGORI IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	30	ß	10	ß	ເດ	ស	ນ
	SEE	۶ +۱	1.9490	1.1705	1.5917	2.3271	2.1496	2.1875	1.7783
	CD	>0.9604	0.9826	9566.0	0.9880	0.9767	0.9783	0.9775	0.9860
	ည	>0.9800	0.9913	0.9978	0.9940	0.9883	0.9891	0.9887	0.9930
	0			_	-41		_		
SI	X = 100	ب +۱	-12.8547	+5.3351	+3.1724	-9.6814	-14.7489	-10.3507	-15.3109
S	$X = Y \qquad X = 10$		+0.8722 -12.854	+1.0753 +5.335:	+1.0286 +3.172	+0.9146 -9.6814	+0.8380 -14.7489	+0.9000 -10.3507	+0.8403 -15.3109
	<del></del>	+1							-,

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SAAB FRICTION TESTER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH TABLE Q - 3.

ACCRUED POINT PER CATEGORY IN TIRE	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	0	10	7	8	0	0	7
SEE + 3	1	5.1880	2.0994	3.5204	4.3671	5.7993	5.8936	4.7112
CD >0.9604		0.9593	0.9931	0.9825	0.9711	0.9525	0.9509	0.9663
CC 00.9800		0.9795	0.9965	0.9912	0.9855	0.9759	0.9751	0.9830
SI X = 100 + 5		-3.3193	-0.5720	-0.9410	-2.9821	-3.6838	-3.1081	-2.8562
X = X + 0.9200	TO +1.0800	+1.0167	+0.9949	+1.0259	+1.0031	+1.0298	+1.0273	+1.0002
SI X = 0		-4.9893	-0.0620	-3.5310	-3.2921	-6.6638	-6.8381	-2.8762
TIRE CODE BATCH SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SAAB FRICTION TESTER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH TABLE Q - 4

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	0	10	8	8	0	0	2
	SEE	ღ +I	5.5747	2.4114	4.1862	3.8512	6.4966	6.0506	3.7632
	8	>0.9604	0.9379	0.9841	0.9650	0.9716	0.9156	0.9268	0.9729
	ည	>0.9800	0.9684	0.9920	0.9823	0.9857	0.9569	0.9627	0.9864
SI	X = 100	ဟ +l	+6.4416	-4.2692	-7.8389	+8.6745	+3.7252	+0.0444	+13.1125
w	X = X	+0.9200 TO +1.0800	+1.1314	+0.9567	+0.9610	+1.1368	+1.1195	+1.0862	+1.1796
SI	0     X	რ +I	-6.6984	+0.0608	-3.9389	-5.0055	-8.2248	-8.5756	-4.8475
TIRE CODE	ватсн	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE Q - 5 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SKIDDOMETER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

ACCRUED POINT	PER CATEGORY IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	0	2	വ	0	8	0	7
K K K K	۳ +۱	5.2490	4.5914	2.8735	6.6413	3.1936	6.5003	3.2028
G	>0.9604	0.9482	0.9623	0.9844	0.9215	0.9807	0.9199	0.9817
20	>0.9800	0.9738	0.9809	0.9921	0.9599	0.9903	0.9591	0.9908
SI X = 100	່ ທ +l	-12.5375	-12.4322	-7.3386	-14.1297	-8.9478	-21.5450	-2.1421
S = X	+0.9200 TO +1.0800	+0.9105	+0.8868	+0.9618	+0.8702	+0.9627	+0.8429	+0.9936
SI	, κ +1	-3.5875	-1.1122	-3.5186	-2.1497	-5.2178	-5.8350	-1.5021
TIRE CODE	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE Q - 6 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SKIDDOMETER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

	SI X = 0 ± 3	S = X + 0.9200	SI X = 100 ± 5	cc >0.9800	CD >0.9604	SEE 3	ACCRUED POINT PER CATEGORY IN TIRE
ı	-3.6261	TO +1.0800 +0.9780	-5.8261	0.9902	0.9804	2.8927	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION 30
1	+0.0277	+0.8679	-13.1823	0.9963	0.9926	1.6944	2
	-1.9766	+0.9788	-4.0966	0.9986	0.9972	1.0991	10
	-2.8115	+0.9289	-9.9215	0.9908	0.9817	2.8679	Ŋ
	-4.7775	+1.0485	+0.0725	0.9939	0.9878	2.2963	ഹ
	-4.7625	+0.9105	-13.7125	8066.0	0.9816	2.8213	Ŋ
	-2.8417	+1.0703	+4.1883	0.9945	0.9891	2.2174	10

TABLE Q - 7 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE MU METER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	EVALUATION	09	10	10	7	10	10	ນ
	SEE	რ +i		2.5297	1.7512	2.3047	3.2224	1.6626	1.9229	2.5427
	CD	>0.9604		0.9854	6866.0	0.9886	0.9766	0.9941	0.9921	0.9854
	႘	>0.9800		0.9927	0.9969	0.9943	0.9882	0.9970	0966.0	0.9927
SI	X = 100	+l \Q		-4.2573	+0.7320	+1.0377	-4.7287	-3.7852	-2.9614	-5.3271
တ	X = X	+0.9200 TO	+1.0800	+0.9579	+1.0205	+1.0179	+0.9536	+0.9622	+0.9839	+0.9358
SI	0 # X	۳ +I		-0.0473	-1.3180	-0.7523	-0.0887	-0.0052	-1.3514	+1.0929
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE Q - 8 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE MU METER USING THE DICO TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	09	10	10	10	10	10	10
	SEE	ღ +I	1.9363	1.2503	2.8687	2.0662	2.2784	2.0582	2.2709
	CD	>0.9604	0.9898	0966.0	0.9774	0.9891	0.9857	0.9884	0.9869
	ပ္ပ	>0.9800	0.9949	0.9980	0.9886	0.9946	0.9928	0.9942	0.9934
SI	X = 100	ഗ +1	-0.9627	+3.5334	-2.7069	+1.7926	-3.5471	-0.1721	-1.9331
တ	X = X	+0.9200 TO +1.0800	+0.9927	+1.0377	+0.9519	+1.0311	+0.9519	+0.9924	+0.9906
SI	0 = X	რ +I	-0.2327	-0.2366	+2.1031	-1.3074	+1.2629	+0.5879	-0.9931
TIRE CODE	ватсн	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

### APPENDIX R

SUMMARY TABLES SHOWING THE RESULTS

OF THE LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY EVALUATION

BASED ON PERFORMING REGRESSION ANALYSES OF VARIOUS

COMBINATIONS OF BATCHES AND SERIES OF DUNLOP TIRES

MOUNTED ON FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES

USING SELF WATER SYSTEM

AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH TABLE R - 1

TIRE CODE	IS	S	SI				
BATCH	0 = X	Х = X	X = 100	သ	СД	SEE	ACCRUED POINT
SERIES	ო +1	+0.9200	+ 2	>0.9800	>0.9604	ო +i	PER CAIEGORI IN TIRE PEDECOMANCE
		+1.0800					EVALUATION
1.2							
11.12	+4.2630	+0.9147	-4.2670	0.9970	0.9940	1.3966	ហ
21.22							
11.21							
12.22							
11.22							
12.21							

BATCH 2 NOT ACQUIRED DUE TO ACCIDENTAL DAMAGE TO VEHICLE. NOTE:

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH TABLE R - 2

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE	EVALUATION		10					
	SEE	£ +			1.9277					
	CD	>0.9604			0.9878					
	ည	>0.9800			0.9939					
SI	X = 100	ا+			+2.4422					
S	X = X	+0.9200	+1.0800		+1.0038					
SI	0 # X	۳ +۱			+2.0622					
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

BATCH 2 NOT ACQUIRED DUE TO ACCIDENTAL DAMAGE TO VEHICLE. NOTE:

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SAAB FRICTION TESTER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH ო ი TABLE R

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	12	2	8	8	8	8	2
	SEE	ღ +l	4.7325	3.0543	4.5275	4.2653	4.5679	3.4820	4.3836
	CD	>0.9604	0.9707	0.9889	0.9722	0.9785	0.9717	0.9836	0.9773
	ည	>0.9800	0.9852	0.9944	0.9860	0.9892	0.9858	0.9918	0.9886
SI	X = 100	+I %	-9.6950	-6.0930	-3.7401	-11.0306	-8.0659	-13.2046	-5.2691
တ	X = X	+0.9200 TO	+0.9285	+0.9403	+0.9214	+0.9388	+0.9245	+0.8795	+0.9922
IS	0 # X	ო +1	-2.5450	-0.1230	+4.1199	-4.9106	-0.5159	-1.1546	-4.4891
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES	1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SAAB FRICTION TESTER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH TABLE R - 4

			}				
TIRE CODE	SI	တ	SI				
ВАТСН	0 = X	Х = X	X = 100	႘	CD	SEE	ACCRUED POINT
SERIES	ღ +I	+0.9200	ا+ ا	>0.9800	>0.9604	რ +I	FER CAIEGORY IN TIRE PERFORMANCE
		+1.0800					EVALUATION
1.2	-1.8519	+0.8940	-12.4519	0.9934	0.9868	2.6650	30
11.12	-0.5554	+0.9617	-4.3854	0.9979	0.9958	1.6647	10
21.22	+1.2159	+1.0017	+1.3859	0.9975	0.9949	1.6884	10
11.21	-2.7855	+0.8782	-14.9655	0.9956	0.9911	2.2182	Ŋ
12.22	-1.0971	+0.9157	-9.5271	0.9961	0.9921	2.0976	ហ
11.22	-1.7282	+0.8839	-13.3382	0.9977	0.9955	1.5915	ស
12.21	-2.1603	+0.9099	-11.1703	0.9939	0.9879	2.5887	2

TABLE R - 5 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SKIDDOMETER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	12	S.	81	8	10	Ŋ	5
	SEE	ღ +I	4.9533	2.6250	3.5780	3.9737	2.5764	2.8214	2.6020
	CD	>0.9604	0.9651	0.9912	0.9837	0.9763	0.9915	0.9899	0.9898
	သ	>0.9800	0.9824	0.9956	0.9918	0.9881	0.9958	0.9949	0.9949
	0		3	8	10	<b>1</b> 0	10		_
SI	X = 100	ري 1+	-8.1103	-6.1923	+7.7445	-14.1586	-0.7595	-6.7766	-8.3593
S	$X = Y \qquad X = 10$		<del></del>	+0.9430 -6.192	+1.0771 +7.744	+0.8650 -14.158	+0.9995 -0.7595	+0.9459 -6.7766	+0.9195 -8.3593
	# ×	+1	<del></del>						

TABLE R - 6 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE SKIDDOMETER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	EVALUATION	12	10	ເດ	Ŋ	10	10	2
	SEE	ო +I		3.3078	2.2975	2.2375	2.6353	1.6194	2.2087	1.8245
	G	>0.9604		0.9809	0.9919	0.9921	0.9872	0.9958	0.9923	0.9939
	ည	>0.9800		0.9904	0.9959	0966.0	0.9936	0.9979	0.9961	0.9969
SI	X = 100	ا+ د		-5.0126	+1.3743	+9.3256	-8.7745	-1.1337	+0.3637	-10.0603
S	X = X	+0.9200 TO	+1.0800	+0.9609	+1.0312	+1.0724	+0.9407	+0.9826	+1.0155	+0.9117
SI	0 = X	რ +I		-1.1026	-1.7457	+2.0856	-2.8445	+0.6063	-1.1863	-1.2303
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE R - 7 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE MU METER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

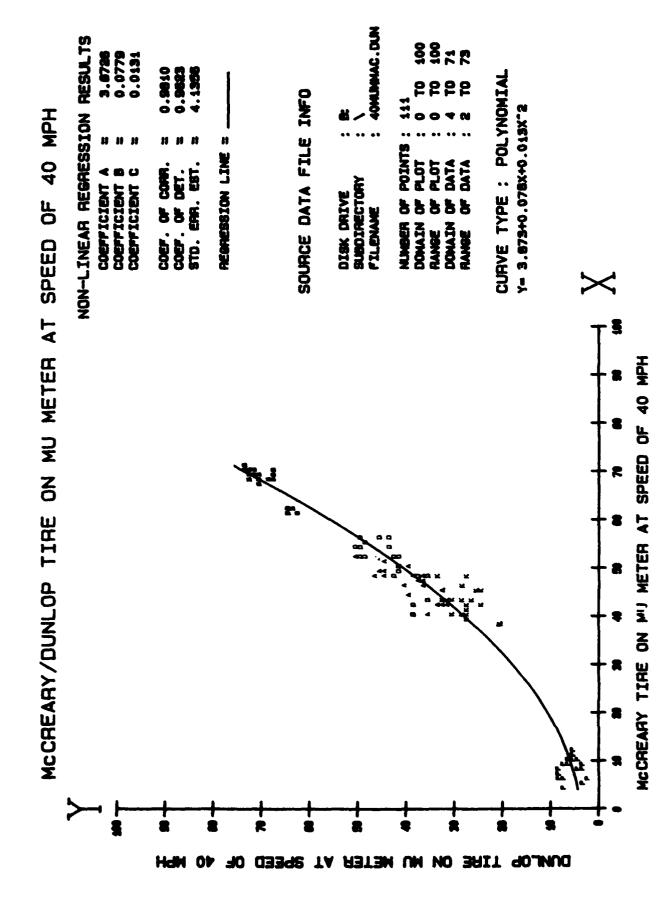
	ACCRUED POINT DEP CAMPGODY	IN TIRE PERFORMANCE	EVALUATION	0	8	10	ഗ	N	ហ	2
	SEE	ო +I		4.4304	3.9746	1.9859	1.7329	3.1496	1.9193	3.4411
	CD	>0.9604		0.9548	0.9703	0.9912	0.9933	0.9778	0.9918	0.9736
	ည	>0.9800		0.9771	0.9850	0.9956	0.9967	0.9889	0.9959	0.9867
SI	X = 100	+l		-1.9728	+15.8565	+1.7233	+6.1624	-10.1383	+9.4019	-9.9581
တ	X = X	+0.9200 TO	+1.0800	+0.9424	+1.0962	+1.0015	+1.0198	+0.8793	+1.0353	+0.9073
IS	0 = X	м +I		+3.7872	+6.2365	+1.5733	+4.1824	+1.9317	+5.8719	-0.6881
TIRE CODE	ВАТСН	SERIES		1.2	11.12	21.22	11.21	12.22	11.22	12.21

TABLE R - 8 LIMITS OF ACCEPTABILITY FOR THE MU METER USING THE DUNLOP TIRE AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

	ACCRUED POINT	FEK CAIECUKI IN TIRE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	0	0	10	Ŋ	Ŋ	8	5
	SEE	ი +I	5.4259	4.3367	2.1886	2.8216	2.7156	3.2942	2.9517
	CD	>0.9604	0.9203	1656.0	0.9857	0.9801	0.9780	0.9676	0.9782
	ນ	>0.9800	0.9593	0.9793	0.9928	0.9900	0.9889	0.9836	0.9890
	ÓÓ		51	32	.99	72	œ	œ	51
SI	X = 100	بر +۱	+2.1751	+23.3432	-0.6056	+13.8972	-11.8698	+14.8568	-9.5151
S	X = Y $X = 1$		+0.9906 +2.17	+1.1642 +23.34	+0.9768   -0.605	+1.0975 +13.897	+0.8783 -11.869	+1.1017   +14.856	+0.9224 -9.515
	<u>.</u>	+1	<del> </del>		<del></del>	- <u>-</u>			<del></del> -

### APPENDIX S

REGRESSION ANALYSIS CHARTS
SHOWING GRAPHIC PRESENTATION
OF THE CORRELATION BETWEEN
FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES
MOUNTED WITH THE McCREARY TIRE
USING SELF WATER SYSTEM
AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

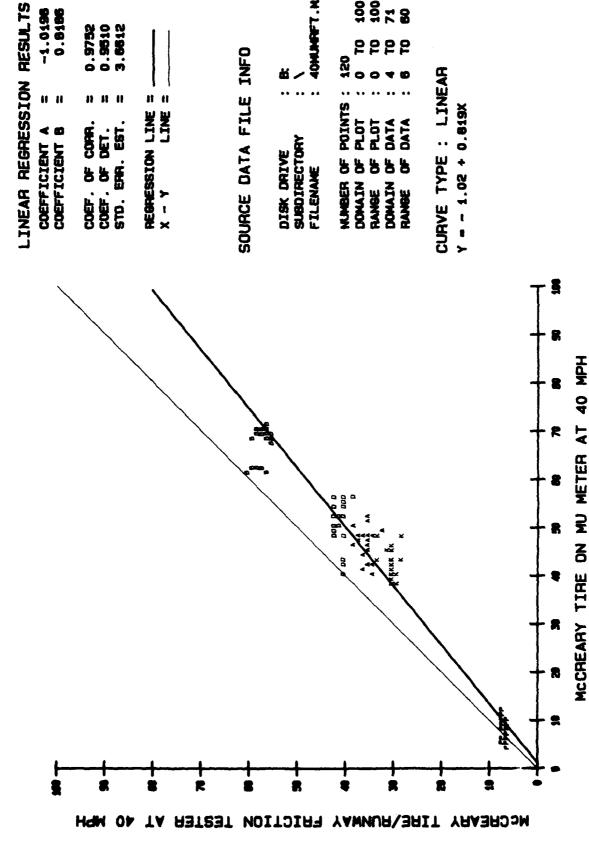


NON-LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS 3 3 7 **8** 4.3028 -0.1120 0.0138 4.0162 CURVE TYPE : POLYNOMIAL SOURCE DATA FILE INFO Y- 4.303+0.112X+0.014X"2 40 AND 60 MPH REGRESSION LINE = DATA DATA 7.9 CM. EST. SUBOIRECTORY COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT DISK DRIVE FILENAME DOMAIN **DOMAIN** RANGE P SPEEDS MCCREARY TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH ON MU METER AT MCCREARY TIRE 09 03348 **BAIT** HCCHEARY TA RETEN UN NO

MPH MU METER/RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT 40 8 MCCHEARY TIRE

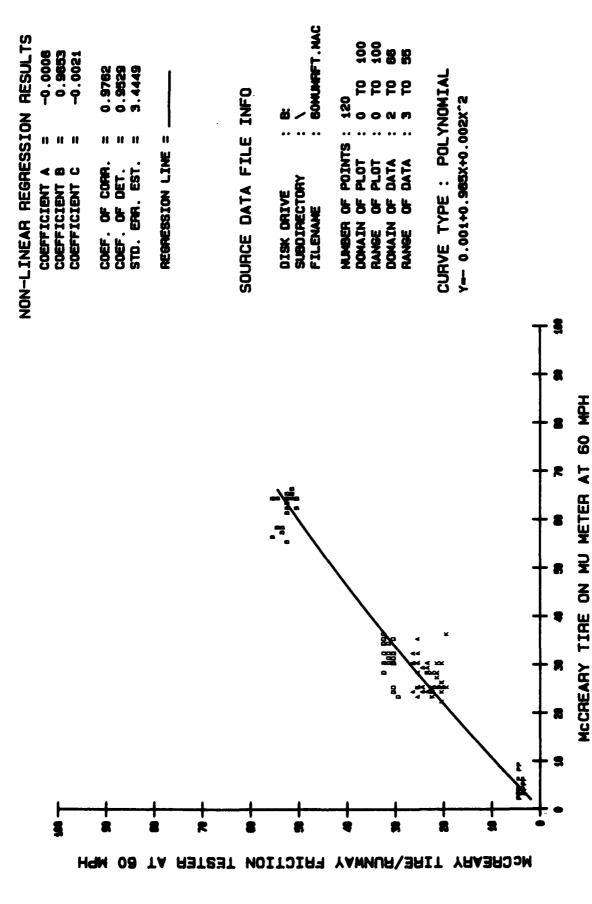
-1.0196 0.8186

0.9752 0.9510 3.6612

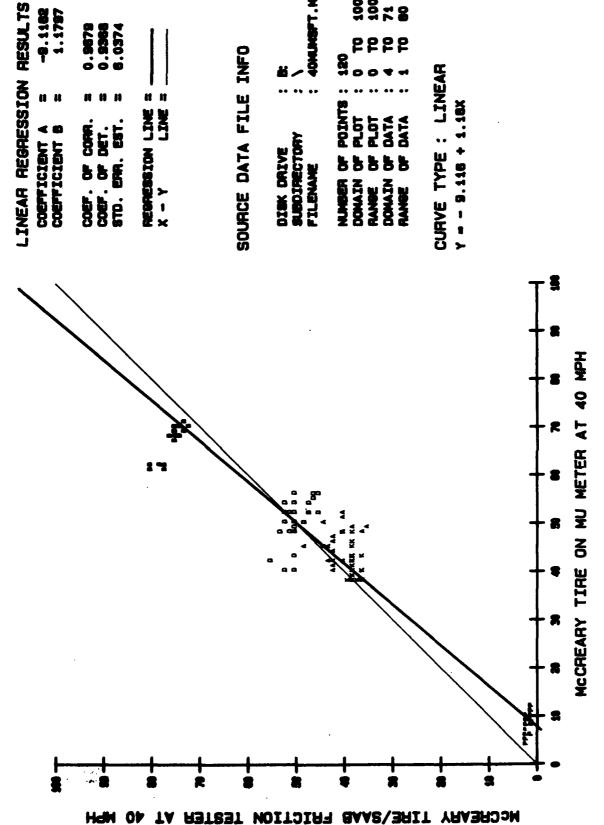


100 100 100 100 100

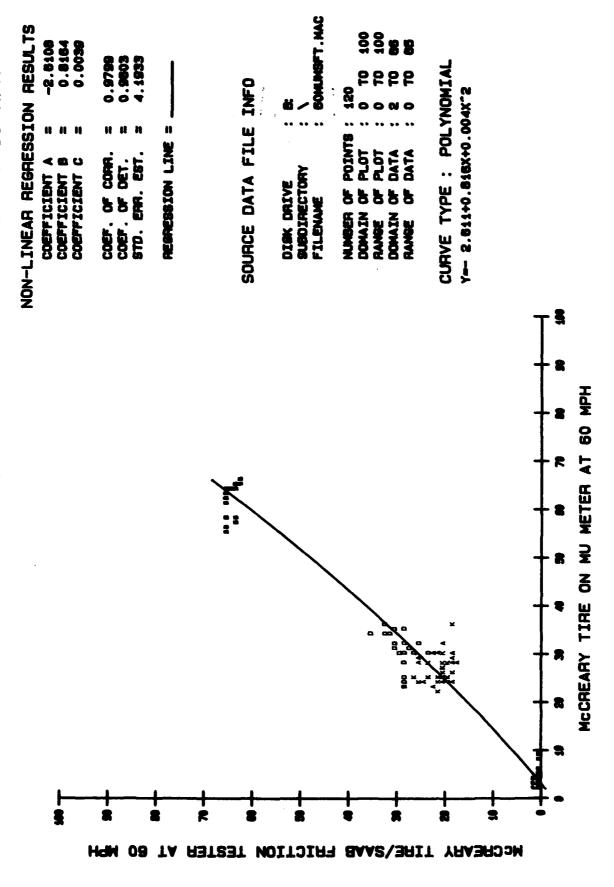
# MCCREARY TIRE ON MU METER/RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER AT 60 MPH



MCCREARY TIRE ON MU METER/SAAB FRICTION TESTER AT 40 MPH



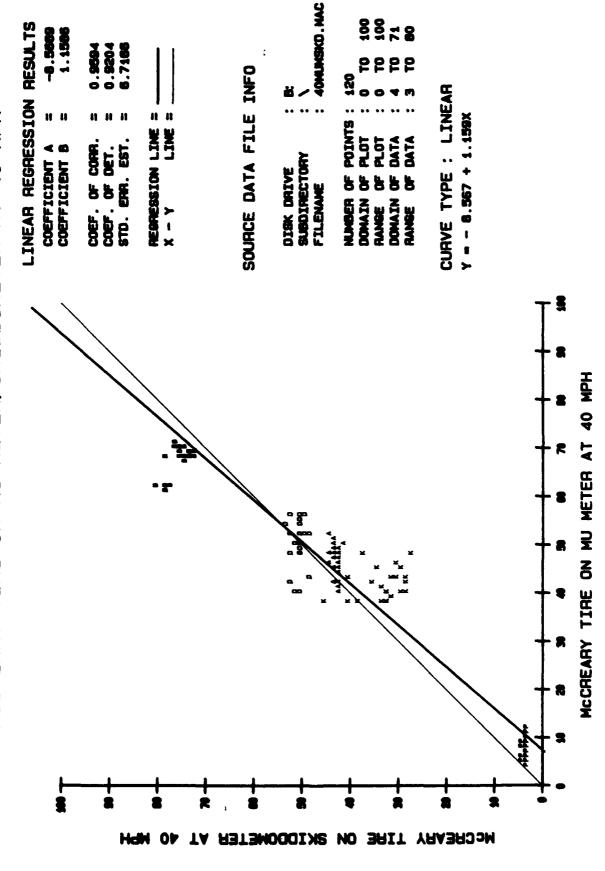
2 2 2 8 2 2 2 8



# ON MU METER/SKIDDOMETER AT 40 MPH MCCREARY TIRE

1.1586

8.7166



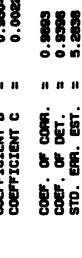
8 7 5 5 8 7 8 8

2222

# ON MU METER/SKIDDOMETER AT 60 MPH MCCHEARY TIRE



**├** 



REGRESSION LINE = \_\_\_

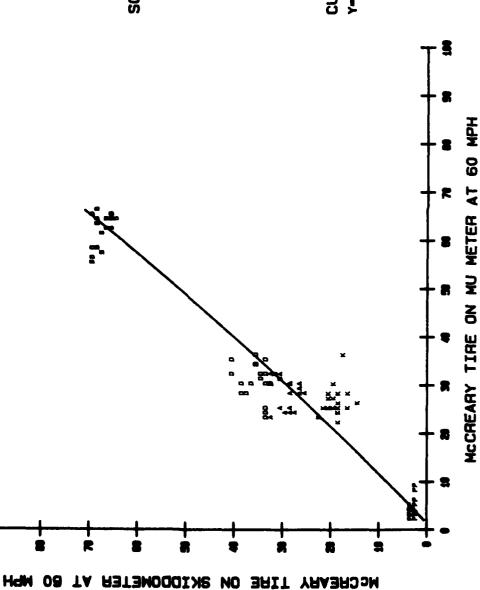
# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

DISK DRIVE : B: SUBDIRECTORY : \ FILENAME : GONLMSKD.MAC

NUMBER OF POINTS: 120

DOMAIN OF PLOT : 0 TO 100
RANGE OF PLOT : 0 TO 100
DOMAIN OF DATA : 2 TO 68
FANGE OF DATA : 2 TO 68

CURVE TYPE : POLYNOMIAL Y-- 1.352+0.96X+0.002X^2



### APPENDIX T

REGRESSION ANALYSIS CHARTS

SHOWING GRAPHIC PRESENTATION

OF THE CORRELATION BETWEEN

FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES

MOUNTED WITH THE McCREARY/DICO TIRE

USING SELF WATER SYSTEM

AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

DUNLOP/DICO TIRE ON MU METER AT 40 MPH

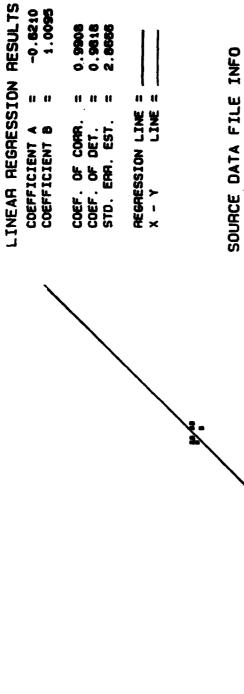
**8** 

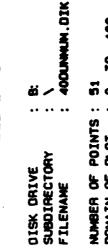
8

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HOW OP

R





MUMBER OF POINTS: 51

DOMAIN OF PLOT : 0 TO 100

RANGE OF PLOT : 0 TO 100

DOMAIN OF DATA : 5 TO 71

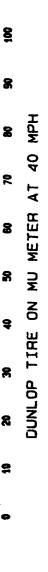
RANGE OF DATA : 3 TO 69

CURVE TYPE : LINEAR Y = - 0.621 + 1.01x

8

BRIT ODIO

2



ASTAM UM NO

### OF 40 AND 60 MPH SPEEDS ON MU METER AT DICO TIRE

NON-LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS

0.0878	0.0107
11	11
COEFFICIENT 9	COEFFICIENT C
	# <b>6</b> 0

0.9659 2.2521 COEF. OF CORN. COEF. OF DET. STD. ERR. EST.

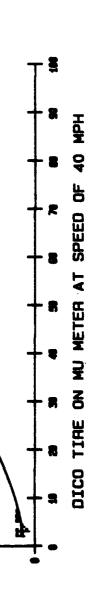
REGRESSION LINE =

# SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

SUBDIRECTORY DISK DRIVE FILENAME DOMAIN

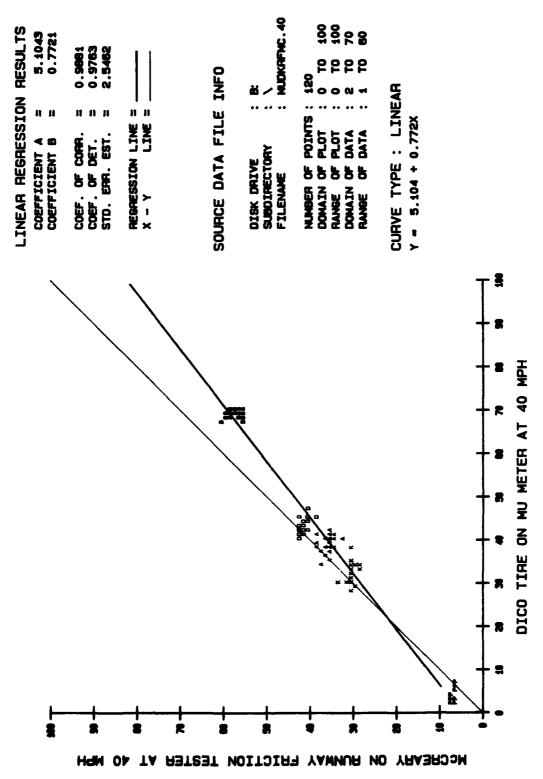
2 2 2 E 2222 DOMAIN PANGE

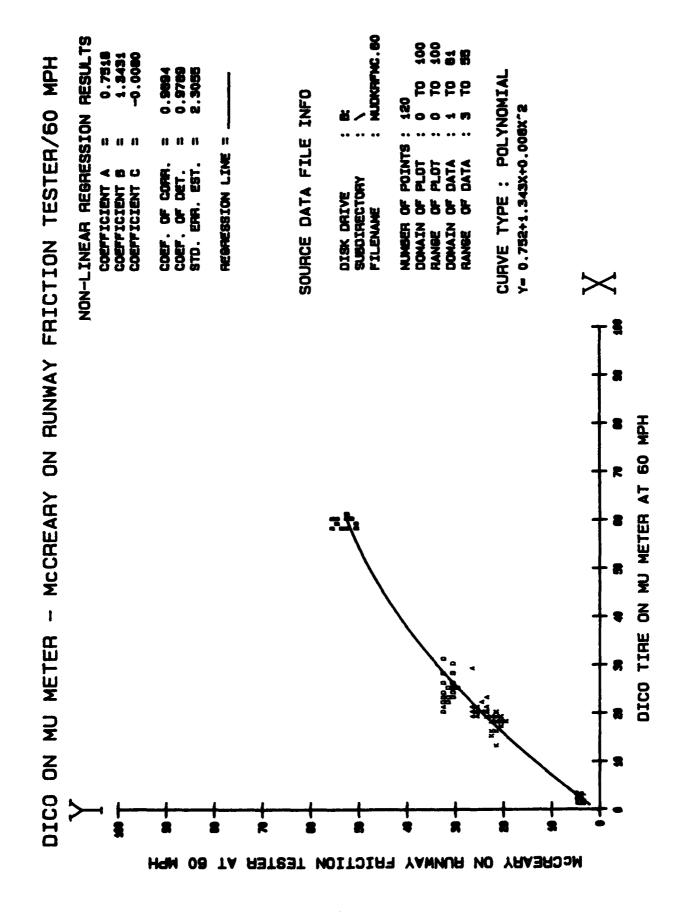
CURVE TYPE : POLYNOMIAL Y= 2.172+0.086X+0.011X^2

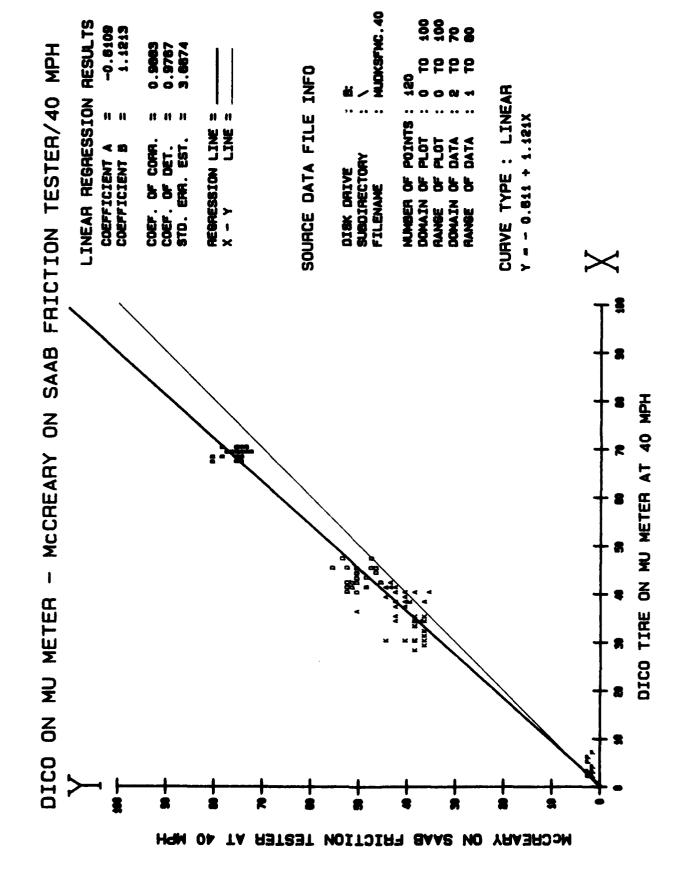


DICO TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF

DICO ON MU METER - MCCREARY ON RUNWAY FRICTION TESTER/40 MPH











0.9688 3.1262 COEF. OF CORR. COEF. OF DET. STD. ENR. EST.

ACOMESSION LINE =

## SOURCE DATA FILE INFO

DISK DRIVE SUBDIRECTORY FILENAME

5 5 2 B NUMBER DOMAIN RANGE DOMAIN RANGE

CURVE TYPE : POLYNOMIAL

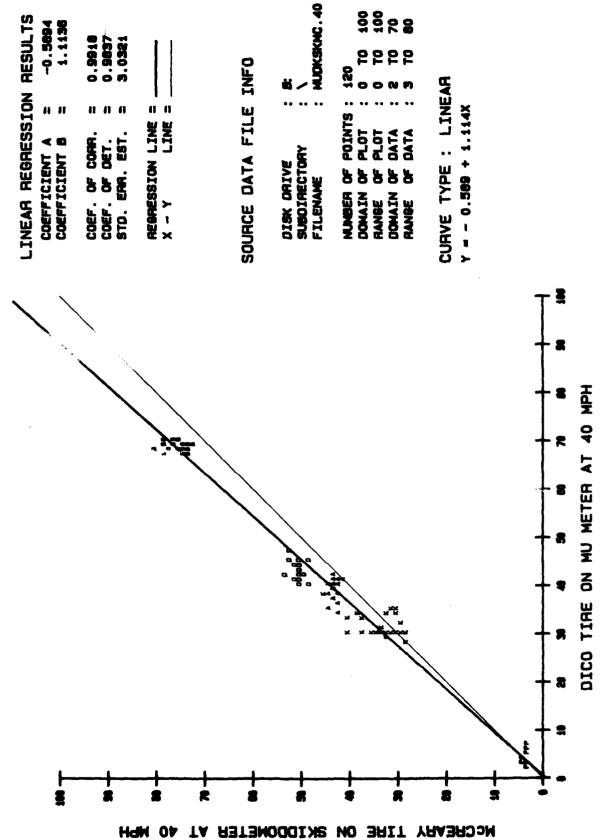
Y-- 1.868+1.237X+0.002X^2

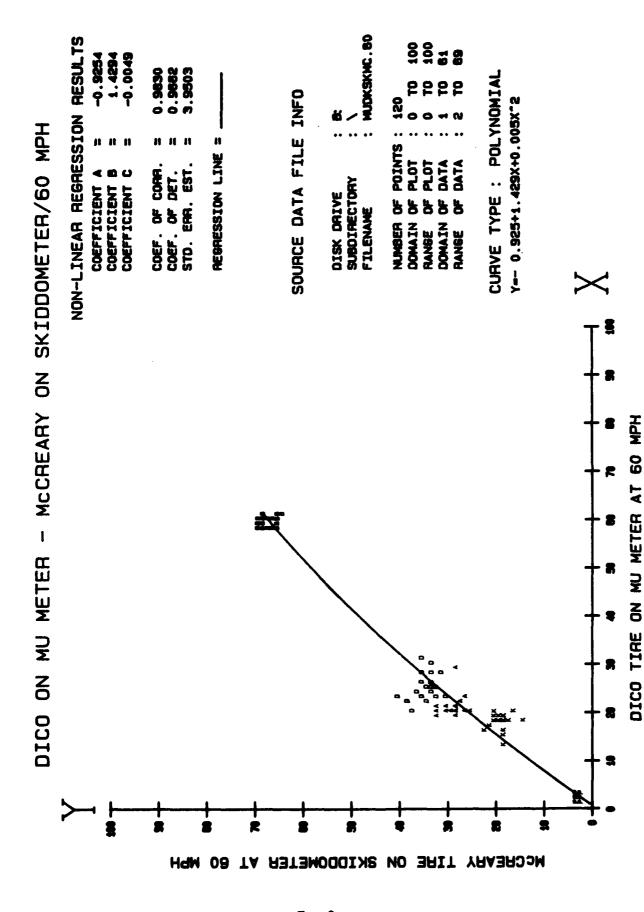
**MCCHEARY** 

ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER

2

DICO ON MU METER - "ICCREARY OF SKIDDOMETER/40 MPH

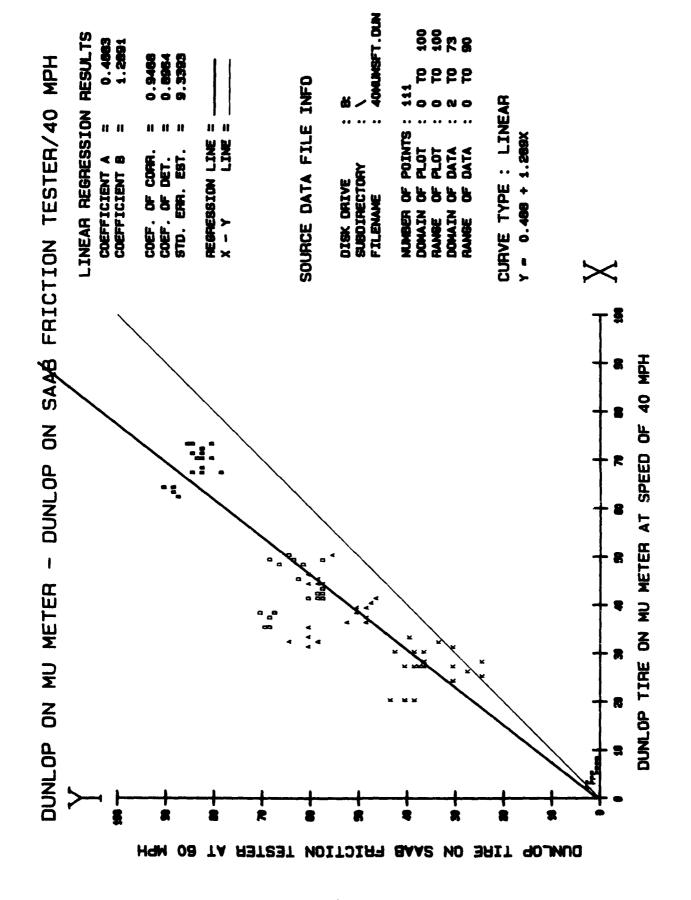




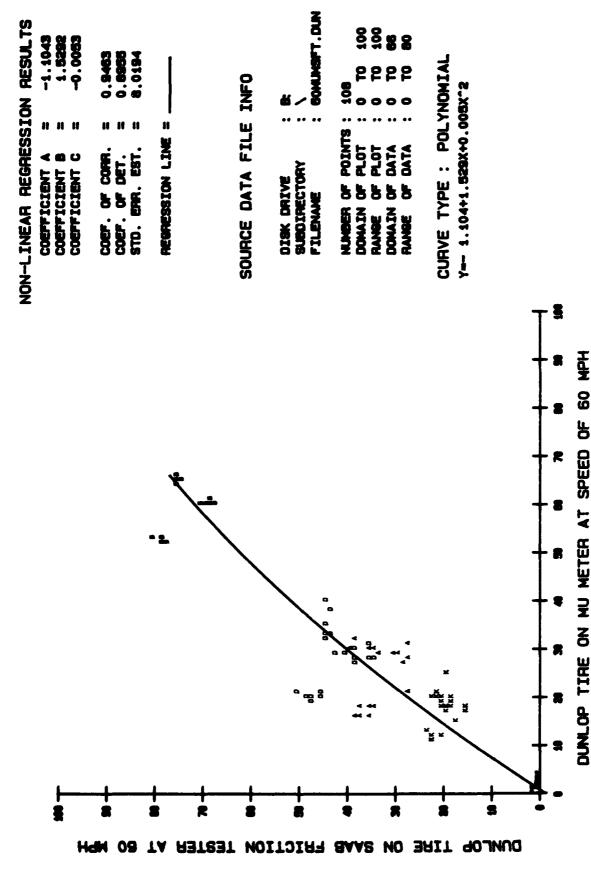
### APPENDIX U

REGRESSION ANALYSIS CHARTS
SHOWING GRAPHIC PRESENTATION
OF THE CORRELATION BETWEEN
FOUR FRICTION FRICTION DEVICES
MOUNTED WITH THE DUNLOP TIRE
USING SELF WATER SYSTEM
AT SPEEDS OF 40 AND 60 MPH

NON-LINEAR REGRESSION RESULTS 40KINGO DUN 3 3 2 **8** 9.588B 0.006 CURVE TYPE : POLYNOMIAL 2222 SOURCE DATA FILE INFO Y-- 0.289+0.411X+0.007X"2 OF 40 AND 60 MPH REGRESSION LINE = DATA STO. EM. EST SUBDIRECTORY COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT DISK DRIVE FILENAME DOMAIN DOMAIN COEF. PANGE RANGE SPEEDS 40 MPH AT DUNLOP TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF MU METER 8 DUNLOP TIRE DUNLOP TIRE ON MU NETER AT SPEED OF



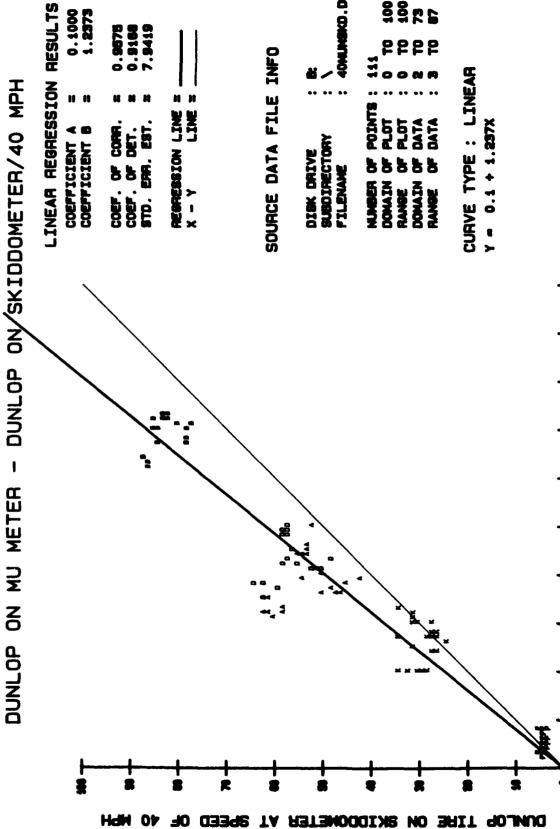
DUNLOP ON SAAB FRICTION TESTER/60 MPH DUNLOP ON MU METER -





0.1000

0.9675 0.9196 7.9419



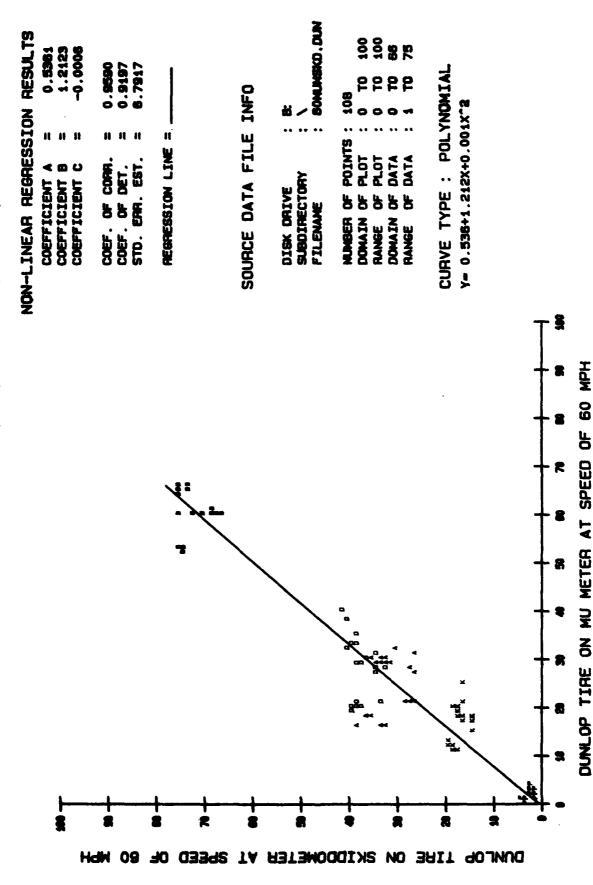
EKO. DEN

3325

2222

DUNLOP TIRE ON MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH

## SKIDDOMETER/60 MPH DUNLOP ON ı ON MU METER DUNLOP



#### APPENDIX V

EXAMPLE OF COMPUTER SET-UP FOR REGRESSION ANALYSIS

#### APPENDIX V

#### TYPICAL EXAMPLE SHOWING HOW THE DATA WAS SET UP IN THE COMPUTER PROGRAM TO OBTAIN THE MATHEMATICAL REGRESSION ANALYSES

C:\>

C:\>CD\SCATPLOT CR

C:\SCATPLOT>BASICA SCAT9 CR

Is the Plotter to be Used in This Session? (Y/N, CR=Y) : ? CR

SCATPLOT

#### CAUTION

BEFORE Using SCATPLOT, Perform the Following Checklist:

- A. LOAD Pen Carousel as Follows,
  - Place Black Pen P.7 in Position 1,
  - Place Black Pen P.3 in Position 2,
- B. LOAD Paper into Plotter,
- C. TURN ON Plotter.

Perform Checklist and Type Y to Proceed.

Proceed?  $(Y/N, CR=N) : \underline{Y} CR$ 

#### DATA ENTRY

Is Data to be Entered from:

- Stored Data File on Disk, or
- 2. Manual Entry from Keyboard.

Choose 1 or 2: ? 1 CR

#### DATA FILE

ENTER Disk Drive Specifier (A,B, or C): B CR

Disk Drive Specified: B:

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

ENTER Pathname to Subdirectory of File: > CR

Pathname Specified: \

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

ENTER File Name (Including Extension): 40MUM60.MAC CR

File Name Selected: 40MUM60.MAC

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Location of Data File: B:\40MUM60.MAC

Proceed? (Y/N,CR=Y): ? CR

Do You Want to Review the Data Points? (Y/N,CR=N) : ? CR

### EXAMPLE IF YOU WISH TO REVIEW/CHANGE DATA POINTS Do You Want to Review the Data Points ? (Y/N, CR=N) : ? Y CR

#### REVIEW/CHANGE DATA

Index	X Value	Y Value
	56 0000	25 0000
1	56.0000	35.0000
2	52.0000	32.0000
3	50.0000	30.0000
4	50.0000	30.0000
5	48.0000	28.0000
6	49.0000	28.0000
7	64.0000	44.0000
8	54.0000	36.0000
9	52.0000	34.0000
10	52.0000	34.0000

#### Do You Want to:

- 1. Change Data in This Set,
- 2. Get to Next Set of Data,
- 3. Get Previous Set of Data, or
- 4. Exit from REVIEW/CHANGE.

Choose 1, 2, 3, or 4:  $\underline{1}$  CR

ENTER Index of Data Point to be Changed (CR to Quit) ? 7 CR ENTER New X and Y Pair (e.g. 16.7,35.09) : ? 54,34 CR

#### REVIEW/CHANGE DATA

0000
0000
0000
0000
0000
0000
0000
0000
0000
0000

#### Do You Want to:

- 1. Change Data in This Set,
- 2. Get to Next Set of Data,
- 3. Get Previous Set of Data, or
- 4. Exit from REVIEW/CHANGE

Choose 1, 2, 3, or 4:  $\underline{4}$  CR

#### FILE OUTPUT

Disk Drive : B: Subdirectory : \

Filename : 40MUM60.MAC

Number of Points : 60

Domain of Plot : 0 to 100
Range of Plot : 0 to 100
Domain of Data : 4 to 70
Range of Data : 2 to 66

Do You Want to Store the Data? (Y/N,CR=N) : ?  $\underline{Y}$  CR

Change Target File? (Y/N, CR=N: ? Y CR

#### DATA FILE

ENTER Disk Drive Specifier (A,B, or C) : B CR

Disk Drive Specified: B:

Change? (Y/N, CR=N) : ? CR

ENTER Pathname to Subdirectory of File: \ CR

Pathname Specified: \

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

ENTER File Name (Including Extension): 40MUM60.MAC CR

File Name Selected: 40MUM60.MAC

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Location of Data File: B:\40MUM60.MAC

Proceed? (Y/N, CR=Y): ? CR

#### PAGE SET-UP

This Program Will Set up the Plotter to Plot Data on Either EVEN or ODD Pages Based on Your Preference.

Is This Plot to be on an EVEN (Left Hand) PAGE? (Y/N,CR=N): ? CR

#### PLOT SCALING

Legal Values are Between: -32767 and 32767 ENTER Minimum X-Value (CR= 4 ): ? O CR

Legal Values are Between: 0 and 32767 ENTER Maximum X-Value (CR= 70 ): ? 100 CR

Domain of Plotter is: 0 to 100

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Legal Values are Between: 0 and 32767 ENTER Maximum Y-Value (CR= 66): ? 100 CR

Range of Plotter is: 0 to 100

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Domain of Plotter is: 0 to 100 Range of Plotter is: 0 to 100

Change Scaling? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Do You Want Tick Marks ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? Y CR

Minimum X Value: 0
Maximum X Value: 100

Enter Tick Mark Increment (CR= 10.0000): ? CR

Do You Want to Label Tick Marks ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? Y CR

Minimum Y Value: 0
Maximum Y Value: 100

Enter Tick Mark Increment (CR=10.0000) ? CR

Do You Want to Label Tick Marks ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? Y CR

Do You Want to Title the Plot ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? Y CR

ENTER Plot Title: MU METER SPEED/FRICTION RELATIONSHIP CR

Title for Plot is: MU METER SPEED/FRICTION RELATIONSHIP

Change ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

The Title Must be 60 Characters or Less Number of characters = 36 Do You Wish to Label the Axes ? (Y/N, CR=N): ?  $\underline{Y}$  CR

Axes Labels can be up to 45 Characters Long and Either in UPPER of lower Case. The Labels MUST be ENTERFD EXACTLY as You Wish Them to Appear on the Graph.

Enter X Axis Label: ? MU METER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH CR

Label for Y is: MU METER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

Change ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Label for X Axis: MU METER AT SPEED OF 40 MPH Label for Y Axis: MU METER AT SPEED OF 60 MPH

Change Labels ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

Location of Source File: B:\40MUM60.MAC Number of Data Points : 60

ENTER The Total Number of Scatterplot Groupings (1 to 60, CR=1): ? 5 CR

Number of Scatter Pilot Groupings: 5

Group 1 of 5 Group(s)

ENTER Range: 1 to:? 12 CR

ENTER Scatter Plot Symbol: D CR

Group 2 of 5 Group(s)

ENTER Range: 25 to: ? 36 CR ENTER Scatter Plot Symbol: B CR

Group 3 of 5 Group(s)

ENTER Range: 25 to: ? 36 CR ENTER Scatter Plot Symbol: A CR

Group 4 of 5 Group(s)

ENTER Range: 37 to: ? 48 CR
ENTER Scatter Plot Symbol: K CR

Group 5 of 5 Group(s)

ENTER Range: 49 to: ? 60 CR ENTER Scatter Plot Symbol: P CR

Location of Source File : B:\40MUM60.MAC

Number of Data Points : 60 Total Number of Groupings: 5

Group#	Range	Symbol
1	1 to 12	D
2	13 to 24	В
3	25 to 36	A
4	37 to 48	K
5	49 to 60	P

Change? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

#### REGRESSION ANALYSIS

Do You Want Regression Analysis? (Y/N,CR=N) : Y CR				
	TYPE	EQUATION		
Use Up and Down Keys to Select Analysis Type. Press ENTER, Execute Choice.	Linear Exponential Logarathmic Power Law Polynomial	$Y = A + B^{X}$ $Y = A e^{(Bx)}$ $Y = A = B \text{ Log}^{(x)}$ $Y = A X^{B}$ $Y = A = Bx + Cx^{2} + nx^{n} \text{ CR}$		
Enter the Degree of Polynomial (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, CR = 2): ? CR				
Use Up and Down Keys to Select Option.  Press ENTER, Execute Choice.   PRINT Regression Plot PRINT Regression Results  ≥ PLOT Regression Line CR ≥ PLOT Regression Analysis Resul SELECT Another Analysis Type ≥ EXIT Menu CR		ion Plot ion Results on Line CR ion Analysis Results CR		
STATUS: Done	TYPE: Polyno	omial ACTION: EXIT		

#### FILE OUTPUT

Disk Drive : B:
Subdirectory : \
Filename : 40MUM60.MAC

Number of Points: 60

Domain of Plot : 0 to 100 Range of Plot : 0 to 100 Domain of Data : 4 to 70 Range of Data : 2 to 66

Do You Want to Plot This Information ? (Y/N, CR=N):  $\underline{Y}$  CR

#### PLOTTER BUSY; PLEASE BE PATIENT

#### NEXT PLOT

Do You Want to do Another Plot ? (Y/N, CR=N): ? CR

#### RETURNING TO SYSTEM

SYSTEM CR

C:\SCATPLOT>CD\ CR

C:\

# APPENDIX W CALIBRATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR RUNWAY FRICTION NUMBERS



August 14, 1989

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION 800 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20591

Att: Mr. Tom Morrow, P.E.

Program Manager

Ref: Calibration Adjustment Factor for Runway Friction Numbers

Dear Mr. Morrow:

We discovered immediately after the recent friction tire tests at Wallops Flight Facility an incorrect entry of the calibration factor for the K. J. Law Runway Friction Tester.

The calibration number should have been 346 lbs., however, our operator entered it as 274 lbs. (perhaps because the load calibration factor was in that range, at 290 lbs.) This creates a correction multiplier of 1.26 to increase the measured friction numbers to the correct values.

We respectfully request that you apply this multiplier to the data to adjust it to the correct Mu numbers. Since the transducer system is completely linear, within less than 0.5%, there will result no significant error by the use of the adjustment factor.

Thank you very much for your consideration and implementation of this request. We look forward to the issuance of your report. We certainly need new qualified test tires for the Runway Friction Tester.

Sincerely yours,

K. J. LAW ENGINEERS. INC.

K. Y. Law, P.E.,

President

KJL/djf

cc: F. X. Schwartz