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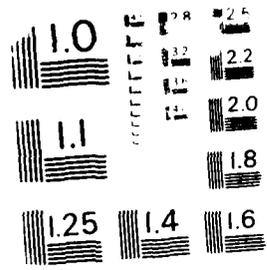
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Aircraft Structures Technical Memorandum 475

PAFEC LEVEL 5.3 APPLICATION PROGRAMS

by
J. PAUL

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Aircraft Structures Technical Memorandum 475

PAFEC LEVEL 6.2 APPLICATION PROGRAMS

by

J. Paul

SUMMARY

Finite element programs such as PAFEC often produce vast quantities of data which need to be processed. For analysis purposes only certain information is required and the rest is often discarded. However, the massive amounts of output generated sometimes makes it difficult to locate the relevant information. This report provides a brief outline of a suite of programs which have been developed for use with PAFEC to enable easier processing of the relevant data.



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1. INTRODUCTION

Finite element programs generate vast amounts of numerical data. This set of data has to be processed by the user to obtain the required information about a particular numerical model or process results, e.g. find crack tip nodes or stresses around a crack tip. The purpose of the suite of programs presented in this report is to simplify the processing of this information.

The PAFEC finite element package provides the programmer with a suite of subroutines that allow access to the data held in the PAFEC database. Using these subroutines independent programs can be written to manipulate sections of the database in the required way.

The suite of programs presented in this report are divided into two distinct sections. The first section discusses those programs which enable the user to access and modify the data file. With some programs the modified information can be stored into the database. The second section deals with the post processing of results. In some cases the output from the first section can be used as the input to the post processing programs.

The purpose of this report is to provide a brief outline of each of the application programs currently available. The execution of the programs is simplified by the fact that they are interactive, i.e., the programs prompt the user for the required information. There exists a fairly high degree of error trapping which allows recovery if the incorrect data are entered. However there is always the contingency that the user will have to start from scratch.

2. ACCESSING PAFEC PROGRAMS

Executable versions of the application programs can be accessed by users on the LINC computer at the Aeronautical Research Laboratories (ARL). The path name of the area is as follows:

`/Applications/Fe packages/pafec/pafec`

To access these files aliases are created in the users command directory pointing to the particular file on the PAFEC area. It is envisaged that with future levels of PAFEC this will be changed and will require the user to modify their command search rule to access the PAFEC commands directory. At present a shellfile (i.e., an executable command language file) on the PAFEC area, which is called PAFEC-SET-UP, automatically assigns all the relevant aliases for the user. It also sets up the the users command directory so that they can execute PAFEC.

3. PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

3.1 PROGRAMS FOR MODEL MANIPULATION

3.1.1 Program name:	NODEFIND
Description:	The NODEFIND program is used to extract node number and their co-ordinates. The menu provided allows the easy selection of a multitude of search patterns. The tolerance on searching the nodal co-ordinates can be changed to adjust for numerical drift in the coordinate value. Nodes can be read from an external file if the procedure has to be repeated many times.
Output file name:	[Jobname] NODES
Output description:	Papec job name Tolerance used Description of option chosen Node, X, Y, Z, Radius, Theta (relative to input node) Data.

- 3.1.2 Program name: PAFGRFIND
- Description: Element data in a finite element program is made up of group numbers, property numbers and nodal topology. PAFGRFIND is used to extract this set of data. There are two options, one which allows the input of a node number and the other which requires the element number.
- Output file name: [Jobname].GRFIND
- Output description: Pafec job name
Option description
Node, element, group, element type, property numbers
Data.
or
Element, group, property numbers and topology
Data.
- 3.1.3 Program name: PAFINFO
- Description: PAFEC stores information about the structure in an array called IBASE. This program displays the information outlined in the output description section and can be very useful in extracting information pertaining to a particular backing store file.
- Output file name: [Jobname].INFO
- Output description: Current phase indicator
Nodal information
Job tolerance
Element information
Number of degrees of freedom
Dimension of stiffness matrix
Plane stress or plane strain
Error and warning count for the current phase.
- 3.1.4 Program name: PAFTRIM
- Description: This program allows the extraction of elements with their corresponding nodes from a PAFEC backing store. The nodes extracted can be renumbered from 1 if required. PAFTRIM can be used to extract a substructure from a much larger model. It can also be used to check if elements have collapsed. The output file is written as a PAFEC data file with only nodal and elemental data.
- Output file name: [Jobname].TRIM
- Output description: Pafec phase 1 control module
Nodes module header
Data
Elements module header
Data.
END OF DATA card

- 3.1.5 Program name PAICENTROID
- Description This program calculates the centroid of all elements in the structure and with the provided element information it outputs the element numbers found. This is then used in conjunction with PAIGRSET (see 3.1.6) to set the group number of the element to a group number not currently used. Then, when using PFI (Pafec Integrated Graphics system), the selected elements can be drawn, thereby allowing a view of the structure to be shown.
- Output file name [Jobname].CENT
- Output description Element X, Y, Z centroid coordinates. Element ID's.
Data
List of elements for PAIGRSET input.
Data
- 3.1.6 Program name PAIGRSET
- Description This program changes the group number of the elements listed in an input file to the required group number. The elements that are to have their group numbers changed must exist in a database file so that the program can access them. PAIGRSET can be used to change element group numbers in the backlist structure and the job can be restarted with the same modified group numbers used in conjunction with an existing PAIC input model. This is useful if the numerical model was previously generated.
- Output file name [Jobname].BS (MODIFIED)
- Output description None
- WARNING
It should be noted that this program modifies the backlist structure file and might, in some instances, not allow the successful restart of a problem. Therefore great care must be taken when using this program.
- 3.1.7 Program name ENQIBASE
- Description When writing PAIC code it is very useful to know the values of certain PAIEC control and structural constants. This program allows the programmer to examine the value of any IBASE number. IBASE is the PAIEC array that holds the control and structural constants.
- Output file name None (Output is to the terminal)
- Output description IBASE number and value
- 3.1.8 Program name GAPS
- Description Locating the GAPS and CRACK TIP nodes is one of the more tedious problems one has to solve. With the aid of the program GAPS the program will automatically find the location of the crack tip nodes and two nodes adjacent to it. The user is then informed of the location of the crack tip nodes and the adjacent nodes. The crack front length is also calculated and the location of the nodes is reported. The GAPS program is used to solve the two-dimensional problems.

Output file names: [Jobname] GAPS
 [Jobname] GAPINFO

Output description: [Jobname] GAPS: Gaps module header
 Data
 Crack tip module header
 Data
 [Jobname] GAPINFO: Paired gap nodes
 NODE, X, Y, Z coordinates, Bndry, Thckn
 Data

3.4.9 Program name: SCAL

Description: In some problems, especially with composite materials, where the aspect ratio of elements is sometimes very large, viewing the structure in PIGS is difficult. SCAL allows the user to scale up or down the X, Y or Z coordinates by a factor rather than using a clearer view of the structure.

Output file name: [Jobname] BS (MODIFIED)

Output description: None

WARNING:
 It should be noted that this program modifies the backing store file and might not allow a successful restart of a problem. SCAL can be used in reverse to return the backing store coordinates to their original values, but cannot be taken

3.4.10 Program name: DELAMINATION

Description: This program will create a circular patch to PATCH, a hole, a wedge, a hole and a circular delamination at the specified layer in the composite. The output file has a complete list and description of all the parameters used. The program will need to be recompiled if these parameters are changed. DELAMINATION can create a structural model with or without the delamination and with or without a patch on the top surface.

Output file name: Requested at run time

Output description: See separate output file for full description of parameters and the PATCH modules used in DELAMINATION.

3.4.11 Program name: NODI QIV

Description: Sometimes two elements with the same structure but different meshed need to be compared. The coordinates of the structure often can be allocated in the output file of one. NODI QIV compares the elements and the structure of the other. It is an equivalent of some of the other programs. It gives the output from columns file and many other things.

Output file name: [Jobname] QIV (and I think)

Output description: [Jobname] (and [Jobname] X, Y, Z coordinates) Data

3.2 POST PROCESSING PROGRAMS

3.2.1	Program name	PAI STRESS
	Description	<p>For large finite element problems a certain amount of stress output can be generated. PAI STRESS reduces the total stress output to a manageable quantity. The program provides the ability to extract nodal or elemental averaged or maximum stresses. The elemental global stresses are displayed when the averaged option is selected and the principal stresses are printed when the averaged option is chosen. Output is to the terminal only, but all information is written to the output file.</p> <p>PAI STRESS accesses two files: the first is the backfile containing the second is called the SS file. The backfile provides the ability to check the requested node or element number with that in the structure and provide the program with the type of the requested element. The SS file provides the stress information and is accessed through a slightly modified PAI C routine of the routine R70000 (see PAI C Data Preparation User Manual, Level 6.2, section 7.12.5).</p>
	Output file name	Jobname, STRESS
	Output description	<p>Page job name Option description Element, node σ_1, σ_2, σ_3, $\sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3$ or Element, node, σ_1, σ_2, σ_3, σ_1, σ_2, σ_3</p>
	Note 1	There exists in the PAI C code a program bug which causes stress records to be written to the SS file. This has probably been corrected in PAI C level 7. Due to this bug PAI STRESS will sometimes print duplicate information for a particular node.
	Note 2	Initially on some PAI STRESS runs a vertical bar is appearing before output with the output from PAI STRESS. If a difference occurs then ignore the PAI STRESS output in the SS file and somehow have become corrupt.
	Note 3	PAI STRESS will only produce stresses for the element included in the PAI C STRESS ELEMENT module.
3.2.2	Program name	DISPL
	Description	<p>The PAI C phase 7 calculates all the static displacements for the numerical model. DISPL can be used to extract any model displacement required. If more than one load case is present then the program will automatically re-size this and prompt for the load case required. The program can also be used to check the status of gaps/nodes and this comes under the option of model pairs difference.</p>
	Output file name	Jobname, DISPL
	Output description	<p>Page job name Node, Ux, Uy, Uz displacement or Node, Ux, Uy, Uz displacement, U, list of pairs difference</p>

3.2.3	Program name:	PLASDISP
	Description:	The displacements for a PAI EC property analysis are calculated for each load increment due to the amount of force required. If the displacements are required at each time step of the load increments then modifications are required to the PAI EC and to the PAI EC code. These modifications are listed below and result in the displacements being stored in a binary file. After the analysis has been completed, PLASDISP can then be executed to extract the displacements at any load increment from the [jobname].DISP
	Output file name:	None
	Output description:	Node, Ux, Uy, Uz displacements to terminal
	Data file changes:	The following lines should be inserted after the PHASE statement in the control module: <pre>USE PLASJNT ADD PROG CALL R09806(CMLC, JROW, IPO, CI) IREC = MLG * 4 OPEN(UNIT = 79, FILE = [JOBNAME].DISP + FORM = 'UNFORMATTED', ACCESS = 'DIRECT' + RECL = IREC, STATUS = 'NEW') END OF ADD PROG</pre>
	PAI EC code changes:	Insert the following lines in routine INCDIS in PLASJNT1 before the return statement: <pre>IDCHAN = 79 CALL R00401(IDCHAN, INCT, BASE, IPO, CI, MLG * 2)</pre>

3.2.4	Program name:	PAFSTRAIN
	Description:	The program PAFSTRAIN can be used to extract the strain values for nodes and elements in exactly the same manner as PAFSTRESS (see 3.2.1). The program accesses the ET file in which PAI EC has written the strain records. The ET file is only written if the user has requested a non-linear analysis. This file is usually deleted after completion of the analysis by the PAI EC shell commands. If required by any user then the control module option of SAVE ET FILE should be used in control module.
	Output file name:	[Jobname].STRAIN
	Output description:	Pafe job name Option description Element or node number Load case, Group, Element, Node or Load case, Node (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)

3.2.5	Program name:	PAFSTRCAL
	Description:	Sometimes it is desirable to calculate the stresses at other certain sections of the structure. PAFSTRCAL will calculate the strains using the following formulae:

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_x &= U_1 \\ \epsilon_y &= U_2 \\ \epsilon_z &= U_3 \\ \gamma_{xy} &= U_4 \\ \gamma_{yz} &= U_5 \\ \gamma_{zx} &= U_6 \end{aligned}$$

where U_1, U_2 are the displacements of the two points in the x, y or z direction and M is the distance between the two points in the x, y or z direction. The program requests the direction of the line and then a node on the line. Only the corner nodes that exist on the line are used in the above formula.

Output file name: [Jobname].STREAM
 Output description: Title
 Node (X, Y or Z coordinate), (X, Y or Z difference) = $(U_1 - U_2) / M$
 U1, (X, Y or Z difference) = $(U_1 - U_2) / M$
 U2, (X, Y or Z difference) = $(U_1 - U_2) / M$
 Parel data

3.2.6 Program name: ENERGY
 Description: Failure analysis of composite material involves the calculation of a number of parameters such as the strain energy density, volume fraction (V_1, V_2, \dots) and area fraction. ENERGY uses the backup store file and the SS file to retrieve the stresses and strains for orthotropic material elements only. To examine a particular point in the structure, the node and element number is required. If the element number is given as zero, the program will provide a list of elements attached to that node number.

Output file name: [Jobname].ENERGY
 Output description: Page job name
 Node, Element, $\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3, \tau_{12}, \tau_{13}, \tau_{23}$
 Data
 Total energy
 Available energy
 DV
 DA1
 DA2
 DA3
 Message depicts whether DV, DA1, DV, DA2 or DV, DA3 is the maximum.

3.2.7 Program name: MODAL
 Description: Analysis of viscoelastic material using the PALLC dynamic analysis, involves determining the modal strain energy for each element and for each mode shape. PALLC produces tables of strain energy, but it is convenient to manipulate these tables in terms of the elements defined as viscoelastic. The MODAL program calculates the strain energy for each element and mode and assumes that the viscoelastic elements are defined as being 1 in the numerical model. The loss factor for the viscoelastic elements is assumed to be 1. The table records are MODAL the elemental strain energy, the mode number and the total of the run. To stop the PALLC job, command from the command file the option SAVE FILE must be included in the command file.

Output file name: [Jobname].MODAL
 Output description: Title
 Element, Mode 1, Mode 2, ..., Mode 10
 Data
 Element, Mode 11, Mode 12, ..., Mode 100

Data
Eqs of MEM based on the EFW eqs
Modal Strain energy of viscoelastic element
Modal Strain energy of rigid element
Eqs Factor for viscoelastic material
Eqs Factor for structure

4. DISCUSSION

The suite of programs outlined in this report are useful tools in analyzing PAFF's numerical models. The programs allow repetitive work to be carried out with the minimum effort. They do not take away the need for the user to check information and if doubt occurs, then the PAFF's output should generally be believed before the output from the particular program. As mentioned *earlier, extensive error trapping is performed, but sometimes the path through the program that the user takes may cause a problem to arise.*

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16 ABSTRACT Finite element programs such as PAFEC often produce vast quantities of data which need to be processed. For analysis purposes only certain information is required and the rest is often discarded. However, the massive amounts of output generated sometimes makes it difficult to locate the relevant information. This report provides a brief outline of a suite of programs which have been developed for use with PAFEC to enable easier processing of the relevant data.			

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