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ARMY SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY FORT MONMOUTH NJ
CAT - A DISK CATALOGING SYSTEM FOR THE CP/M OPERATING SYSTEM. (U)

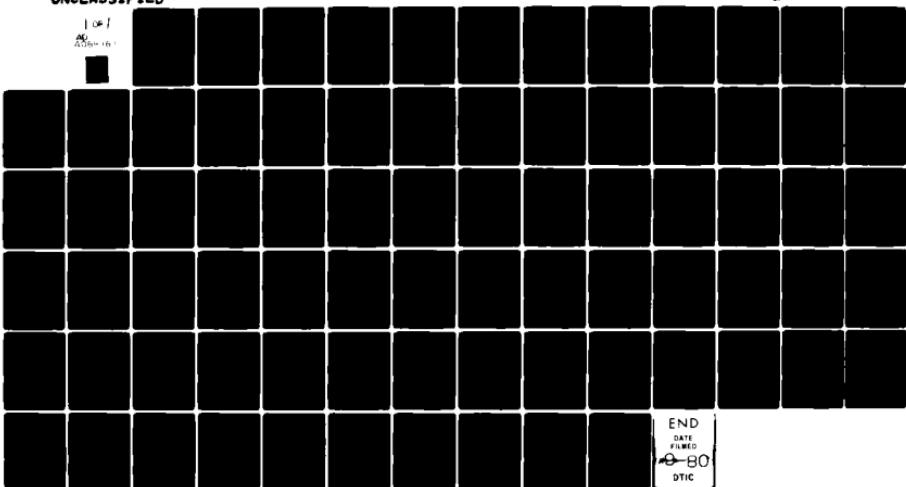
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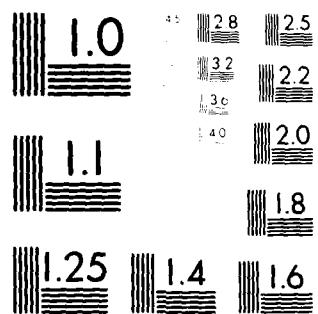
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SCHMIDT MICROSCOPE SYSTEM

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The Disk Cataloging System (CAT) described by this document is a utility program which runs on the CP/M operating system, Version 1.4. This system consists of the CAT program itself as a .COM file, the NAMEDISK program as a .COM file, and one or more catalog files (named catname.CAT). It provides an automated method of cataloging the contents of a group of disks and quickly scanning the catalog file so created to determine the disks specified files reside on. This system permits the user to keep a number of distinct		

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catalogs on the same disk and modify the contents of and make queries of each without affecting the others.

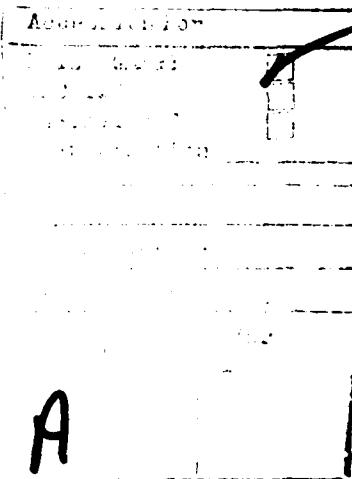
Wild card specifications are permitted, thereby giving the user to selectively catalog files from other disks and selectively scan a catalog file for entries matching a general specification. For example, by specifying the command string "CAT *.ASM *.A??", the user instruction causes CAT to search the current default catalog file for all assembly language source files on all disks in group A (*.A?? specifies any disk name in group A with any disk number). Updating of a catalog can be done in a similar fashion.

CAT — A Disk Cataloging System for the CP/M Operating System

by

Richard Conn

4 August 1990



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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

CAT (short for CATALOG) is a program whose function is to maintain and selectively display elements of a catalog of a group of disks. This catalog contains the names of all files on these disks except for those specifically omitted by the user and the names of the disks themselves. CAT is designed to give the user the ability to quickly answer the question: What files do I have and where are they?

This is a relatively simple question, but, if you are a user of CP/M who has more than 10 disks with files on them, you may not find this to be an easy question to answer quickly. Manual systems of keeping track of this information are sometimes quite good; however, as the number of disks grows and the amount of information to keep track of grows correspondingly, the burden of housekeeping becomes cumbersome. CAT is a program which is designed to relieve this burden.

CAT performs three basic functions -- CATALOG, UPDATE, and STATUS. The CATALOG function reports on the contents of a CATALOG File. The user may specify the files he wants to search for and the disks he wants to search on, and the CATALOG Function will scan a CATALOG File and list all files matching his specification and all disks said files reside on. The UPDATE function updates the contents of a CATALOG File by examining the disk directory of the disk to be updated, selecting those files specified by the user, and changing the contents of the CATALOG File. Thirdly, the STATUS function reports on the current environment of the CAT program, including such information as the default function and the name of the CATALOG File.

CAT supports many useful and unique features, including:

- Wild card specification of file names and disk names
- Negative selection (i.e., specifying file names NOT to be selected)
- Flexibility in setting and changing the default conditions of CAT itself
- The ability to support more than one CATALOG File
- User-selectable Printer output from the CATALOG Function and

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Console output from the UPDATE Function

CAT, then, is an attempt to answer a simple question, and it is felt that as the user becomes increasingly more familiar with the usage of this program, he will find this simple question quite easy to answer. This manual is a user's guide to the use of CAT. The first chapters describe CAT and how to use it, and the latter chapters contain error information and a sample terminal session containing displays of output from CAT exactly (or nearly so) as it would appear on the user's console.

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CHAPTER 2

The CATALOG File and NAMEDISK

The CATALOG File is the file containing the information for CAT to build upon and retrieve and display to the user. It is a file named

filename.CAT

and it is divided into two parts --

- A list of files to be excluded from the CATALOG File for every disk
- The names of the files and disks in the CATALOG File

The CATALOG File is a CP/M-standard ASCII text file and it may be edited by a CP/M compatible editor. The first character of a CATALOG File MUST be a '('. The list of files to be excluded from the CATALOG File is enclosed by '(' and ')'. This is followed by the names of the files to be excluded (one per line) and a closing ')' as the last character of a line. Examples of a list of excluded files are --

Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
()	(XDIR.COM PIP.COM)	(XDIR.COM PIP.COM)	(XDIR.COM PIP.COM)

In Example 1, no files are excluded; in Examples 2-4, the files XDIR.COM and PIP.COM are excluded. It is common practice to exclude those files which appear on all (or almost all) of the disks since such information leads to a large number of entries for these files being made in the CATALOG File.

The rest of a CATALOG File contains the names of the files and disks in the CATALOG. This list is in alphabetical order by file name, file type, disk name, and disk type. The file names/types are separated from

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the disk names/types by a comma. For example,

Example 1

```
(  
XDIR.COM  
PIP.COM  
)  
-SOURCE.A00,SOURCE.A00  
-SOURCE.A01,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A00  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.COM,SOURCE.A00  
MYFILE.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
MYFILE.COM,SOURCE.A01  
TEST.ASM,SOURCE.A00
```

Example 2

```
(XDIR.COM  
PIP.COM)  
-SOURCE.A00,SOURCE.A00  
-SOURCE.A01,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A00  
FILE1.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
FILE1.COM,SOURCE.A00  
MYFILE.ASM,SOURCE.A01  
MYFILE.COM,SOURCE.A01  
TEST.ASM,SOURCE.A00
```

In the above example, both files are valid CATALOG Files. Note that in both cases, the files XDIR.COM and PIP.COM are excluded from the entries and the entries are in alphabetical order by ASCII collating sequence.

The first entries of any CATALOG File will always be the excluded file list, and an empty CATALOG File will contain just this information. If the CATALOG File is not empty, the next group of entries will be the names of the disks in the catalog preceded by '-' signs. This situation occurs because all disks are named under CAT, and these names take the form of an empty file whose name is '-dskname.typ'. To allow the user to easily name his disks, the program NAMEDISK is used in conjunction with the CAT program. It is executed by mounting a disk to be named in drive B: and typing NAMEDISK at the console (assuming that a disk is mounted in drive A: containing the CAT and NAMEDISK programs). The general form for invoking NAMEDISK is 'NAMEDISK x:', and if 'x:' is specified, then that particular disk will be named (like, 'NAMEDISK A:' names the disk in drive A:), and the disk in drive B: will be named if 'x:' is not specified. When NAMEDISK prompts for a disk name and type, the user should type 'dskname.typ', and the file '-dskname.typ' will be created, thereby naming the disk. The normal CP/M intra-line editing commands (^U, , ^R, etc.) are supported by NAMEDISK.

The remaining entries in a CATALOG File are the names of the files and disks in alphabetical order.

CATALOG Files must be initialized by the user. "Empty" CATALOG Files contain just the names of the excluded files surrounded by '(' and ')'. Once initialized, CAT can be used to make all other entries into the files.

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CHAPTER 3

The CATALOG, UPDATE, and STATUS Functions

As mentioned earlier, the CAT program performs three basic functions -- CATALOG, UPDATE, and STATUS. The CATALOG Function displays selected information from the current CATALOG File, the UPDATE Function updates the contents of the current CATALOG File for a particular disk, and the STATUS/ENVIRONMENT Function displays the current default settings of the CAT program and allows the user to change them.

The CATALOG Function

The CATALOG Function displays selected information from the current CATALOG File. This information includes the names of the selected files and the names of the selected disks they reside on. For the purpose of this discussion, let's assume that the default function for CAT is CATALOG. The CAT command by itself, then, would display the contents of the entire CATALOG File. This listing would include the names of all files in alphabetical order followed by the names of all the disks they reside on in alphabetical order. See the last chapter for examples.

With the default function set to CATALOG, the general form for CAT would be

```
CAT filename.typ dskname.typ /o
```

where 'filename.typ' and 'dskname.typ' may contain wild cards and '/o' is zero or more options. Examples of valid forms and their meanings are --

— CAT *.COM — display all .COM files and the disks they reside on

— CAT *.COM *.A?? — display all .COM files on disks whose type begins with the letter A

— CAT *.COM *.A?? /N — display all files which are NOT .COM files on disks whose type begins with the letter A

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— CAT S*.MAC MACRO80.* — display all files beginning with the letter S and having a type of .MAC on all disks whose name is MACRO80

As the user can note, the third example employed the '/N' option; this option negates the file name selection. That is, if a match is found and /N is on, then it is declared to be a no match; otherwise, a match occurs.

Command options which affect the CATALOG Function are —

— /C — force the CATALOG Function; the CATALOG Function is engaged regardless of what the default function is

— /F <delim> <filename> <delim> — declare the name of the CATALOG File to be 'filename.CAT'; this forces the CATALOG function to be performed on the specified CATALOG File

— /L — toggle listing of selected files; if listing is on, the output from the CATALOG Function will appear on the user's LST: device. This toggles the default listing setting; that is, if listing is engaged by default, this disengages it, and vice-versa.

— /N — negate selection. Select those files which do NOT match the 'filename.typ' wild card.

— /T — toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function; if UPDATE is on by default, CATALOG will be engaged, and vice-versa.

Examples of valid CAT commands are —

CAT *.COM /N/F'CPMUG'/C

— CATALOG Function, Negate Selection, and CATALOG files on CPMUG.CAT

CAT *.ASM *.A?? /L/F/MASTER/

— CATALOG Function (assumed), toggle listing, and CATALOG files on MASTER.CAT

CAT -*.*

— CATALOG Function (assumed); since all files beginning with a '-' are selected, then only the names of the disks will be displayed

The UPDATE Function

The UPDATE Function updates the contents of the current CATALOG File for a particular disk. Under the normal mode of operation, the CATALOG File and the CAT program reside on the disk on drive A: and the disk to be

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updated resides on drive B:, although this can be changed. The general form of the CAT command as used for the UPDATE Function is --

CAT x:filename.typ /o

where 'x:' may be used to specifically identify the drive on which the disk to be updated resides, 'filename.typ' specifies which files are to be entered into the CATALOG File, and '/o' are options pertaining to the UPDATE Function. Valid forms of this command are --

- CAT A: — UPDATE all files on drive A:
- CAT *.COM /N — UPDATE all files which are NOT .COM files on drive B:
- CAT /L — UPDATE all files on drive B: and list the files as they are being updated

The following are the options valid under the UPDATE Function and their meanings --

- /F <delim> <filename> <delim> -- UPDATE on the specified CATALOG File (like the /F option for CATALOG)
- /L — toggle listing of selected files. If the listing is on, then the names of the files selected for the UPDATE will be displayed with a count of the number of files, and, as the UPDATE progresses, the names of files not previously in the CATALOG File are displayed in the form

Add: filename.typ

and the names of files deleted from the CATALOG File because they are no longer on this disk are displayed in the form

Delete: filename.typ

The /L flag toggles the default listing mode; that is, if listing is ON by default, /L turns it OFF, and vice-versa.

- /N — negate selection. This specifies that a match is NOT to be made if the wild card filename.typ specification matches as in the CATALOG Function.
- /T — toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function. If the default function is CATALOG, then the function to be performed will be UPDATE, and vice-versa.
- /U — force the UPDATE Function to be performed. If there is a conflict and both /U and /C are specified, then the option specified last will take affect.

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The STATUS Function

The STATUS/ENVIRONMENT Function displays the current default settings of the CAT program and allows the user to change them. The default settings affected by this function are --

- The name of the CATALOG File
- The default CAT Function (CATALOG or UPDATE)
- The default setting for the listing (/L)

The CAT options under the STATUS/ENVIRONMENT Function are --

- /C -- set the function to CATALOG
- /E -- display the ENVIRONMENT of the CAT program on the user's console and return to CP/M without performing a change to the CAT program on disk. If any options such as /C or /U are specified in the same command line, the resulting environment is displayed.
- /F <delim> <filename> <delim> -- set the name of the CATALOG File
- /L -- toggle the listing flag
- /S -- save the current ENVIRONMENT of CAT on disk and return to CP/M. After the save is complete, the new environment is displayed to the user as in the /E option.
- /T -- toggle the current default CATALOG/UPDATE Function
- /U -- set the function to UPDATE

The /E and /S commands specifically identify the STATUS Function. When any CAT command line contains either of these options, then the STATUS Function is engaged and the normal CATALOG or UPDATE is not performed. If both options are specified, the /S takes precedence.

Examples of the use of the CAT program with the STATUS Function are --

- CAT /F'MASTER'/S -- change the name of the default CATALOG File to 'MASTER.CAT' and save the change on disk
- CAT /E -- display the current environment of CAT
- CAT /C/S/F/CPMUG/ -- change the name of the default CATALOG File to 'CPMUG.CAT', set the default function to CATALOG, and save the change on disk
- CAT /L/U/E -- toggle the listing flag, set the default function to UPDATE, and display the new environment without changing it on

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disk. This is useful in seeing what an environment would be before changing it on disk.

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CHAPTER 4

CAT Error Messages

Informative Messages

++ CATALOG Function ++

++ CATALOG Function Complete ++

These messages indicate when the CATALOG Function is beginning and is completed.

++ UPDATE Function ++

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

These messages indicate when the UPDATE Function is beginning and is completed.

Delete: <filename.typ>

Add: <filename.typ>

These messages appear during an UPDATE with Listing ON, and they indicate that the specified file has been Deleted from or Added to the CATALOG File.

Selected Files --

nnn Files Selected

These messages appear during an UPDATE with Listing ON, and the first message precedes the names of the files selected for updating and the second message follows this list and gives a count of the number of files in the list. This list includes the names of the files excluded by the file exclusion part of the CATALOG File if they were selected.

++ STATUS Function ++

This message indicates when the STATUS Function is beginning.

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Listing of Selected Files is ON
Listing of Selected Files is OFF

These messages appear in a STATUS Function display and indicate the status of the Listing Flag.

Default Function: UPDATE
Default Function: CATALOG

These messages appear in a STATUS Function display and indicate the default function which is currently set.

CATALOG File: <filename.CAT>

This message appears under several conditions and indicates the name of the CATALOG File.

Change Complete

This message appears when an /S option is invoked and the new environment of CAT is successfully copied back to disk.

No Matching Entries in Directory

This message indicates that no entries were selected.

++ CAT Interrupted ++

This message appears when the user types an <ESC> or CTRL-C during a CAT Function. If this occurs during an UPDATE, then the current CATALOG File is in its backup state and has the name '\$CAT\$.\$\$\$' and should be renamed; if this occurs during a CATALOG, no problems should be encountered.

**Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue -
Self-explanatory.**

Please set Top of Form --

Self-explanatory. This message occurs when Listing is engaged for the CATALOG Function.

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Fatal Error Messages

Invalid Drive Specification
Self-explanatory.

CATALOG Name too Long -- Aborting

The name given for the catalog file has more than 8 characters in the filename portion or 3 characters in the filetype portion (filename.typ).

FILE ERROR -- Returning to CP/M

An error occurred while trying to open, close, read, or write to the CATALOG File. Check to see that it is intact and has its proper name (is not named '\$CAT\$.\$\$\$').

ERROR in CATALOG File Name Description -- Aborting

See 'CATALOG Name too Long -- Aborting' above.

ERROR -- File Output Error to CATALOG

A write error occurred while performing an UPDATE. Possible causes include running out of disk or directory space.

ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure

ERROR ON: <filename.CAT>

The structure of the CATALOG File is not valid. Possible causes include not specifying the omitted files or just an empty () if there are none.

ERROR -- Error in closing CATALOG File

Self-explanatory. The backup '\$CAT\$.\$\$\$' should still exist.

ERROR -- CATALOG Format Error -- Premature EOF

See 'ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure' above.

ERROR -- CATALOG Format Error -- No Beginning '('

See 'ERROR -- Invalid CATALOG Structure' above.

ERROR -- No Directory Space for New CATALOG

Self-explanatory.

ERROR -- No Name Present on Disk

An UPDATE Function was attempted on a disk which did not have a valid

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disk name as the first entry of its sorted directory. Possible causes include the name not being present and another file containing a character less than '-' in the ASCII collating sequence as the first character of its name.

ERROR — Cannot Open CATALOG File

Self-explanatory. Check to see that the required CATALOG File resides on disk.

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CHAPTER 5

Sample Terminal Session

The following is a series of screen displays illustrating the usage of the CAT program. These displays are almost exact copies of the output from CAT as it would appear on the user's console; the differences are very minor.

The lines starting with 'A>' indicate information typed by the user (as per a normal CP/M terminal session), and the rest of the information is that produced by the result of the commands typed.

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A>XDIR B:

XDIR V1.6

FILENAME.TYP	SIZE	FILENAME.TYP	SIZE	FILENAME.TYP	SIZE
-SYSTEM	.06	OK		FORMAT	.COM 2K
USER32	.ASM	18K		HELP	.COM 2K
USER32B	.ASM	18K		LIST	.COM 2K
USER48	.ASM	18K		LOAD	.COM 2K
USER56	.ASM	18K		MEMTEST	.COM 2K
ABORTSUB	.COM	2K		MOVCPM	.COM 10K
ASM	.COM	8K		MSBFFIX	.COM 2K
COPY	.COM	2K		NAMEDISK	.COM 2K
CPM56	.COM	10K		PIP	.COM 8K
DDT	.COM	6K		PRINT	.COM 4K
DENSITY	.COM	2K		RESOURCE	.COM 6K
DUTIL	.COM	6K		S	.COM 2K
ED	.COM	6K		SINGLE	.COM 2K
EDIT80	.COM	14K		STAT	.COM 4K
ERASE	.COM	4K		SUBMIT	.COM 2K
				SYSGEN	.COM 2K
				TERM	.COM 6K
				WM	.COM 10K
				WS	.COM 26K
				WSMSGGS	.COM 20K
				XDIR	.COM 6K
				ZDT	.COM 6K
				ZRUN	.COM 2K
				CPM	.HLP 32K
				HELP	.HLP 8K
				INDEX	.HLP 10K
				WM	.HLP 4K
				NEWDISK	.SUB 2K
				DISKS	.TXT 2K

51 ENTRIES & 44 FILES IN DIRECTORY — 162K BYTES REMAINING
A>CAT /? ; display HELP information

CATALOG V1.1

CATALOG COMMAND —

CAT x:filename.typ diskname.dsk /o

All arguments are optional, and wild cards (*,?) are permitted in "filename.typ" and "diskname.dsk".

Options are —

- /C = invoke CATALOG Function on A:
- /E = display CATALOG Environment on CON:
- /F <delim> <FILENAME> <delim> = declare name of CATALOG File 'FILENAME.CAT'; at most 8 characters may be in FILENAME
- /L = toggle listing of selected files
- /N = negate selection
If this option is given, wild card specifies files NOT to be selected
- /S = save CATALOG Environment on disk
- /T = toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function
- /U = invoke UPDATE Function on B: (or x:)

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A>CAT /E

CATALOG V1.1
++ STATUS Function ++
CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT
Default Function: CATALOG
Listing of Selected Files is OFF
A>CAT /T/S

CATALOG V1.1
Change Complete
++ STATUS Function ++
CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT
Default Function: UPDATE
Listing of Selected Files is OFF
A>CAT /E

CATALOG V1.1
++ STATUS Function ++
CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT
Default Function: UPDATE
Listing of Selected Files is OFF
A>CAT /T/S/L

CATALOG V1.1
Change Complete
++ STATUS Function ++
CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT
Default Function: CATALOG
Listing of Selected Files is ON
A>CAT /L/S

CATALOG V1.1
Change Complete
++ STATUS Function ++
CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT
Default Function: CATALOG
Listing of Selected Files is OFF

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A>CAT CAT.ASM

CATALOG V1.1
Catalog File: MASTER .CAT
++ CATALOG Function ++
Filename.Typ Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk
CAT .ASM ASM .A00 BACK4 .A09 SRC4 .A09
++ CAT Interrupted ++
A>CAT CAT.*

CATALOG V1.1
Catalog File: MASTER .CAT
++ CATALOG Function ++
Filename.Typ Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk
CAT .ASM ASM .A00 BACK4 .A09 SRC4 .A09
CAT .COM HELP .-08 HELP .D06 MASTER .A04
++ CAT Interrupted ++
A>CAT CAT.* *.A??

CATALOG V1.1
Catalog File: MASTER .CAT
++ CATALOG Function ++
Filename.Typ Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk
CAT .ASM ASM .A00 BACK4 .A09 SRC4 .A09
CAT .COM MASTER .A04
++ CAT Interrupted ++
A>CAT *.* ASM.A??

CATALOG V1.1
Catalog File: MASTER .CAT
++ CATALOG Function ++
Filename.Typ Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk
-ASM .A00 ASM .A00
ASM .COM ASM .A00
ASM .HLP ASM .A00
ASM .SUB ASM .A00
CAT .ASM ASM .A00
CHESSPAT.ASM ASM .A00
CIO .ASM ASM .A00
CKSUM .ASM ASM .A00
COMPARE .ASM ASM .A00
DUTIL .ASM ASM .A00
ED .COM ASM .A00
FILEO .ASM ASM .A00
GAMEPAT1.ASM ASM .A00
GAMEPAT2.ASM ASM .A00
HELP .ASM ASM .A00
HELP .COM ASM .A00
++ CAT Interrupted ++
A>CAT -*.*

CATALOG V1.1
Catalog File: MASTER .CAT
++ CATALOG Function ++

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Filename.Typ	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-ALGOL .B05	ALGOL	.B05		
-ASM .A00	ASM	.A00		
-BACK1 .A03	BACK1	.A03		
-BACK2 .B00	BACK2	.B00		
-BACK3 .C05	BACK3	.C05		
-BACK4 .A09	BACK4	.A09		
-BACK5 .D09	BACK5	.D09		
-BASIC .B09	BASIC	.B09		
-C .A02	C	.A02		
-CBASIC .B08	CBASIC	.B08		
-COBOL .C05	COBOL	.C05		
-COMP .A01	COMP	.A01		
-COMP .C08	COMP	.C08		
-COMP .D02	COMP	.D02		
-COMPBKA .D03	COMPBKA	.D03		
-COMPBKA .D04	COMPBKA	.D04		
-COMPBKA .D05	COMPBKA	.D05		
-CPM32 .A06	CPM32	.A06		
-CPM32 .A07	CPM32	.A07		
-FORTH .D00	FORTH	.D00		
-FORTRAN.B07	FORTRAN	.B07		

Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue -

Filename.Typ	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-GAMES .-07	GAMES	.-07		
-HELP .-08	HELP	.-08		
-HELP .D06	HELP	.D06		
-MAC .D01	MAC	.D01		
-MACRO80.C00	MACRO80	.C00		
-MACRO80.C02	MACRO80	.C02		
-MASTER .A04	MASTER	.A04		
-MBASIC .C07	MBASIC	.C07		
-PASMT .A05	PASMT	.A05		
-PASZ .C09	PASZ	.C09		
-PERSONL.-04	PERSONL	.-04		
-SMAL .C01	SMAL	.C01		
-SRC1 .B04	SRC1	.B04		
-SRC2 .B05	SRC2	.B05		
-SRC3 .C04	SRC3	.C04		
-SRC4 .A08	SRC4	.A08		
-SRC5 .D03	SRC5	.D03		
-STOIC .D07	STOIC	.D07		
-SYSTEM .-05	SYSTEM	.-06		
-SYSTEM .B03	SYSTEM	.B03		
-TEXT1 .B01	TEXT1	.B01		

Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue -

Filename.Typ	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
-TEXT2 .B02	TEXT2	.B02		
-TEXT3 .C03	TEXT3	.C03		

++ CAT Interrupted ++

A>CAT S*.MAC MACRO.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

The User's Manual for CAT

```
++ CATALOG Function ++
Filename.Typ Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk

++ CATALOG Function Complete ++
A>CAT S*.MAC MACRO*.*
```

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

```
++ CATALOG Function ++
Filename.Typ Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk Diskname.Dsk
S .MAC MACRO80 .C00
S1FILEIO.MAC MACRO80 .C02
S2FILEIO.MAC MACRO80 .C02
S3FILEIO.MAC MACRO80 .C02
SBIOS .MAC MACRO80 .C02
SCAPS .MAC MACRO80 .C02
SCCOUT .MAC MACRO90 .C02
SCIN .MAC MACRO90 .C02
SCIO .MAC MACRO80 .C02
SCLOUT .MAC MACRO80 .C02
++ CAT Interrupted ++
```

The User's Manual for CAT

A>CAT /U

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

18 Files Selected

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT /U/L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES .-07	CHESS .COM	CHESS .ZER	HURKLE .BAS
LIFE .ZER	LIFE8 .COM	MBASIC .COM	PIP .COM
PONG .COM	PTRN .ZER	REVERSE .BAS	ROCKET .BAS
TARG .ZER	TIMESQ .COM	TREK80 .ZER	XDIR .COM
ZING .ZER	ZRUN .COM		

18 Files Selected

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT /T/S

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: UPDATE

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT *.COM /N/L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES .-07	CHESS .ZER	HURKLE .BAS	LIFE .ZER
PTRN .ZER	REVERSE .BAS	ROCKET .BAS	TARG .ZER
TREK80 .ZER	ZING .ZER		

10 Files Selected

Delete: CHESS .COM

Delete: LIFE8 .COM

Delete: MBASIC .COM

Delete: PONG .COM

Delete: TIMESQ .COM

Delete: ZRUN .COM

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT *.ZER /N/L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES .-07	CHESS .COM	HURKLE .BAS	LIFE8 .COM
-------------	------------	-------------	------------

The User's Manual for CAT

MBASIC .COM	PIP .COM	PONG .COM	REVERSE .BAS
ROCKET .BAS	TIMESQ .COM	XDIR .COM	ZRUN .COM

12 Files Selected

Add: CHESS .COM
Delete: CHESS .ZER
Delete: LIFE .ZER
Add: LIFE8 .COM
Add: MBASIC .COM
Add: PONG .COM
Delete: PTRN .ZER
Delete: TARG .ZER
Add: TIMESQ .COM
Delete: TREK80 .ZER
Delete: ZING .ZER
Add: ZRUN .COM

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT /L

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ UPDATE Function ++

Selected Files --

-GAMES .-07	CHESS .COM	CHESS .ZER	HURKLE .BAS
LIFE .ZER	LIFE8 .COM	MBASIC .COM	PIP .COM
PONG .COM	PTRN .ZER	REVERSE .BAS	ROCKET .BAS
TARG .ZER	TIMESQ .COM	TREK80 .ZER	XDIR .COM
ZING .ZER	ZRUN .COM		

18 Files Selected

Add: CHESS .ZER
Add: LIFE .ZER
Add: PTRN .ZER
Add: TARG .ZER
Add: TREK80 .ZER
Add: ZING .ZER

++ UPDATE Function Complete ++

A>CAT /T/S

CATALOG V1.1

Change Complete

++ STATUS Function ++

CATALOG File: MASTER .CAT

Default Function: CATALOG

Listing of Selected Files is OFF

A>CAT *.* GAMES.*

CATALOG V1.1

Catalog File: MASTER .CAT

++ CATALOG Function ++

Filename.Typ	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk	Diskname.Dsk
--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

-GAMES .-07 GAMES .-07

CHESS .COM GAMES .-07

CHESS .ZER GAMES .-07

The User's Manual for CAT

HURKLE	.BAS	GAMES	.-07
LIFE	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
LIFE8	.COM	GAMES	.-07
MBASIC	.COM	GAMES	.-07
PONG	.COM	GAMES	.-07
PTRN	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
REVERSE	.BAS	GAMES	.-07
ROCKET	.BAS	GAMES	.-07
TARG	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
TIMESQ	.COM	GAMES	.-07
TREK80	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
ZING	.ZER	GAMES	.-07
ZRUN	.COM	GAMES	.-07

++ CATALOG Function Complete ++

PROGRAM NAME: CATALOG
AUTHOR: RICHARD CONN

DATE: 25 JUNE 1980

VERSION: 1.1

PREVIOUS VERSION: 1.0 (15 JUNE 1980)

* * * * * CATALOG PROGRAM — CAT.ASM

* * * * * The purpose of this program is to provide the user with a convenient way to keep track of all or a selected subset of his files on all or a selected subset of his disks.

* * * * * CAT does this by performing two basic functions -- CATALOG and UPDATE.

* * * * * The CATALOG Function allows the user to review the contents of a specified or implied catalog file on either CON: or LST:. He may use wild card specifications to select only certain files on certain disks. The UPDATE Function allows the user to update the contents of a specified or implied catalog file. Again, he may use wild card specifications to select only certain files to be included in the update.

* * * * * ** General Form of Command **

CAT X:FILENAME.TYP DISKNAME.TYP /O

* * * * * Only CAT is required; all others are optional. Wild Cards (?,*) may be included as part of the file name or disk name specifications.

* * * * * ** Switches **

* * * * * CAT responds to the following switches —
/C — Perform the CATALOG Function (CATALOG assumed to be on drive A:)

* * * * * /U — Perform the UPDATE Function (Disk to be updated assumed to be on drive B:)

* * * * * /T — Toggle the current default function and perform it (i.e., if the default function is UPDATE, CATALOG will be performed, and vice-versa)

* * * * * /P <delim> <FILENAME> <delim> — Change the name of the Catalog File to <FILENAME>; <delim> may be any valid delimiter, like / or ; only the <FILENAME> is specified, and '.CAT' is the assumed file type; examples: /F'MASTER2', /F'MAST/

* * * * * /N — Negate selection; for UPDATE, select all files which

do NOT match the specified or implied wild card (if no wild card or file specification is given, no files are selected, thereby effectively deleting all files for a specified disk from the catalog); for CATALOG, select all files which do NOT match the specified or implied wild cards (one wild card for the file names and the other for the disk names); this function may be made a default, in which case normal selection is engaged (see /E and /S below).

/L — List/Print Selected Entries; for UPDATE, list on the CON: the names of the selected files from the disk whose entries are being updated and specify all deletions and additions being made for this disk; for CATALOG, print selected entries on LST: (output normally goes to CON:); this function may be made a default, in which case /L does the revers

E — Display the current environment of CAT; this command displays to the user the name of the currently-defined Catalog File, the currently-defined function (CATALOG or UPDATE), and whether /L and /N are currently engaged; the current function is not performed and control is returned to CP/M.

/S — Save the current environment as the new default environment of CAT; upon completion, control is returned to CP/M; by using the options above in conjunction with this command, the user may change the default environment of CAT; examples CAT /C /U /F'MAST' /S — changes the default function to CATALOG, sets listing on LST: as default List Function (assuming listing is currently off; otherwise, listing is on CON:1) and changes the default Catalog File name to MAST.CAT; now, typing just CAT will result in a catalog listing of MAST.CAT to be printed on the LST: device

CAT /T /S -- toggles the current function; if it is UPDATE, function is now CATALOG, and vice-
/S always performs a /E before returning
CP/M, and /E should NOT be used in conjunction

```

* Examples --
*   CAT *.COM
*   If default function is UPDATE, all *.COM files on drive B:
*   are selected and placed in the default Catalog file on drive A: (assuming
*   the user is logged in to drive A:)
*   If default function is CATALOG, all *.COM files for all
*   disks are displayed (assuming /N is not in effect)
*   CAT *.COM /N
*   Same as above, but all files other than *.COM are selected
*   CAT *.COM *.A??
*   For UPDATE, same as above. For CATALOG, same as above but
*   disks *.A?? (A-Series) are selected.

* NOTE: Disks to be cataloged must be NAMED. A disk name is simply
* an entry for a file which need not occupy any disk space which
* begins with a '-' like '-DDI.-01' or '-GAMES.FUN' are valid
* disk names. The NAMEDISK program may be run to name a disk.

* NOTE: Due to the nature of CAT, file names starting with a character
* (such as $) whose ASCII value is less than that of '-' are NOT
* permitted. A CAT error message will result if such files are
* selected.

* * START OF PROGRAM
* * * * *

* * USER CUSTOMIZED I/O PARAMETERS
* CRT$LINES EQU 24      ; NUMBER OF LINES ON CON:
* LST$LINES EQU 51      ; NUMBER OF LINES ON LST:
* OR3 100H
*     JMP START ; GO TO START OF PROGRAM
* THE FOLLOWING IS THE DEFAULT OPTION FOR UPDATE OR CATALOG FUNCTION
* UPDATESFLAG:
*   DB 0      ; SET FOR CATALOG FUNCTION
* THE FOLLOWING IS THE FILE LIST FLAG
* LIST$FLAG:

```


PAGE 5 — SOURCE LISTING OF CAT.ASM 3 AUGUST 1980

ADD L : PT TO LAST BYTE
MOV L,A : PT TO AFTER LAST BYTE
INR L : STORE ZERO

* * EXTRACT DRIVE SPECIFICATION, IF ANY
* *

DSPEC LXI H,TBUFP+1 ; SCAN FOR DRIVE SPEC
MOV A,M ; SKIP TO NON-BLANK
INX H ; PT TO NEXT
CPI ' ' ;
DSPEC A ; EOLN?
JZ ORA ; SELECT B:
DRIVEB A,M ; PTING TO 2ND CHAR — GET IT
MOV I,: ; DRIVE SPEC?
CPI JNZ ; SELECT B:
DRIVEB H ; GET DRIVE LETTER
DCX DCX ;
MOV A,M ; CONVERT TO 0-3
SUI 'A' ;
CPI 4 ; ERROR?
JC DID ;
DID * INVALID DRIVE SPECIFICATION
PRINT\$MESSAGE

DB CR,LF,'Invalid Drive Specification',0
JMP CPM ; PRINT ERROR MSG AND EXIT
* SELECT DRIVE B:
DRIVE: MVII A,1 ; 1=DRIVE B:
* SAVE DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN FOR LATER
DID: STA LOG\$DRIVE ; SAVE DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN

* * SCAN FOR AND PROCESS OPTIONS
* *

OPTION: LXI H,TBUFP+1 ; LOOK FOR OPTIONS
XRA A
STA NEGFLG ; TURN OFF NEGATION FLAG
STA CHNGFLG ; TURN OFF CHANGE OPTION
OPT: MOV A,M ; OPTION?

```

INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
CPI      OPTC
JZ      OPT1
ORA      A      ; EOLN?
OPT
JNZ      OPT
LDA      CHNGFLG ; CHANGE OPTION INVOKED?
ORA      A      ; O=NO
CHANGE  ; CHANGE IF YES
PRINT$CATALOG$NAME ; PRINT NAME OF CATALOG FILE AND CONT
JMP

* OPTION DETECTED

OPT1:
MOV      A,M      ; GET OPTION CHAR
CPI      'N'      ; NEGATE SELECTION?
JZ      OPTNEG
CPI      'P'      ; DECLARE NEW NAME FOR CATALOG FILE
JZ      OPTFILE
CPI      'S'      ; SAVE ENVIRONMENT AS DEFINED ON DISK
OPTCHNG
CPI      'C'      ; FORCE CATALOG
JZ      OPTFCAT
CPI      'U'      ; FORCE UPDATE
JZ      OPTUPDATE
CPI      'T'      ; TOGGLE UPDATE FLAG
OPTUPDATE
CPI      'E'      ; DISPLAY ENVIRONMENT OF PROGRAM
JZ      OPTSTAT
CPI      'L'      ; TOGGLE LISTINS FLAG
JZ      OPTLIST

* INVALID OPTION
LXI      D,HELPMS ; PRINT HELP MESSAGE
MVI      C,9      ; PRINT ON CON:
CALL
BDOS
JMP      CPM

* FORCE CATALOG FUNCTION
* OPTFCAT:
MVI      A,0      ; UPDATE OFF
STA      UPDATESFLAG
INX      H      ; PT TO NEXT
JMP      OPT      ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

```

```
* * FORCE UPDATE FUNCTION
*
* OPTUPDATE:    MVT      A,0FFH ; UPDATE ON
*                 STA      UPDATE$FLAG
*                 INX      H ; PT TO NEXT
*                 JMP      OPT ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

* * DISPLAY STATUS OF CATALOG PROGRAM
*
* OPTSTAT:      CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      CR,LF,'++ STATUS Function ++',0
*                 CALL     SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; FAKE OUT PRINT ROUTINE
*                 CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      CR,LF,' CATALOG File:',0
*                 LXI    H,PCB1+1 ; PRINT NAME OF CATALOG FILE
*                 CALL     PRINT$ENTRY
*                 CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      CR,LF,' Default Function: ',0
*                 CALL     UPDATE$FLAG ; DISPLAY NAME OF DEFAULT FUNCTION
*                 LDA    A ; 0=CATALOG
*                 ORA    A ; 0=CATALOG
*                 CALL     OPTSTAT$CAT
*                 CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      'UPDATE',0
*                 CALL     OPTSTAT$CAT1

* OPTSTAT$CAT:   CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      'CATALOG',0

* OPTSTAT$CAT1:  CALL     PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      CR,LF,'Listing of Selected Files is ',0
*                 CALL     LIST$FLAG ; DISPLAY LISTIN$ OPTION
*                 ORA    A ; 0=OFF
*                 CALL     OPTSTAT$LIST
*                 PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 DB      'OFF',0
*                 CALL     OPTSTAT$DONE
*                 PRINT$MESSAGE
*                 CALL
```

```
DB      'ON',0
OPTSTATSDONE:
JMP    CPM

* TOGGLE UPDATE FLAG
* OPTUPDATE:
LDA    UPDATESFLAG ; GET FLAG
CMA
STA    UPDATESFLAG
INX   H             ; PT TO NEXT OPTION CHAR
JMP    OPT          ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

* TOGGLE LISTING FLAG
* OPTLIST:
LDA    LIST$FLAG   ; GET FLAG
CMA
STA    LIST$FLAG
INX   H             ; PT TO NEXT OPTION CHAR
JMP    OPT          ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING

* DECLARE NEW NAME FOR CATALOG FILE
* OPTFILE:
INX   H             ; PT TO DELIMITER
MOV   A,M           ; ... IN A
ORA   A             ; 0=DONE—ERROR
JNZ   OPTFILE1
CALL  PRINT$MESSAGE
DB    CR,LF,'ERROR in CATALOG File Name Declaration -- Aborting',0
JMP    CPM

OPTFILE1:
MOV   C,A           ; DELIMITER IN C
INX   H             ; PT TO 1ST CHAR
LXI   D,FCBL+1     ; PLACE <SP> IN FILE NAME PART
PUSH  D             ; SAVE PTR
XCHG  B,B           ; DE PTS TO 1ST CHAR, HL PTS TO FILE NAME PART
MVI   B,'.'         ; <SP> OUT FILE NAME
MVI   A,'.'         ; <SP>
```

```

CALL    FILL      ; HL PTS TO FILE NAME PART, DE PTS TO 1ST CHAR
POP    H         ; HL PTS TO FILE NAME PART, DE PTS TO 1ST CHAR
MVI    B,8       ; AT MOST 8 CHARS

FILE$NAME: LDAX    D      ; GET CHAR
              C      ; DONE?
              FILE$NAME$DONE
              A      ; DONE?
              FILE$NAME$DONE
              ORA    A      ; DONE?
              FILE$NAME$DONE
              JZ     FILE$NAME$DONE
              MOV    M,A   ; PUT CHAR
              INX    H      ; PT TO NEXT
              INX    D      ; COUNT DOWN
              IER    B      ; COUNT DOWN
              JNZ    FILE$NAME
              LDAX    D      ; GET NEXT CHAR -- MUST BE DELIMITER
              CMP    C      ; OK?
              FILE$NAME$DONE
              JZ     PRINT$MESSAGE
              CALL   DB    CR,LF,'CATALOG Name too Long -- Aborting',0
              DB    CPM
              JMP    FILE$NAME$DONE

FILE$NAME$DONE: XCHG    XCHG  ; HL PTS TO NEXT CHAR OF OPTION
              JMP    OPT   ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING
              *
              * OPTION CHANGE -- WRITE FIRST PART OF FILE BACK TO DISK
              *

OPTION$: MVI    A,0FFH  ; SET FLAG FOR NOW -- CHANGE WHEN DONE
          STA    CINGFLG
          INX    H      ; PT TO NEXT CHAR
          JMP    OPT   ; CONTINUE OPTION PROCESSING
          *
          * WRITE FIRST PART OF FILE BACK TO DISK
          *

CHANGE: LXI    D,PCB2  ; OPEN FILE
          MVI    C,15   ; OPEN
          CALL  BDOS
          CPI    OFFH   ; ERROR?
          JNZ    CHANGEL
          *
          * WRITE FIRST PART OF FILE BACK TO DISK
          *

CHANGE$: CALL  PRINT$MESSAGE

```

DB CR,LF,'FILE ERROR — Returning to CP/M',0
JMP CPM

CHANGEL:
LXI H,100H ; COPY FIRST BLOCK TO DISK
LXI D,80H
MVI B,128 ; 128 BYTES
CALL MOVE
LXI D,PCB2 ; WRITE SECTOR
MVI C,21 ; WRITE
CALL BDOS
ORI A ; ERROR?
JNZ CHANGE0
CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'Change Complete',0
JMP OPTSTAT

* NEGATE SELECTION OF WILD CARD
*

OPTNEG:
MVI A,OFFH ; TURN ON NEGATE FLAG
STRA NEGFLG
INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
JMP OPT ; CONTINUE PROCESSING OPTIONS

* PRINT NAME OF CATALOG FILE
*

PRINT\$CATALOG\$NAME:
CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'Catalog File: ',0
CALL SET\$ENTRY\$COUNT ; FAKE OUT PRINT ROUTINE
LXI H,PCB1+1 ; PT TO FILE NAME
CALL PRINT\$ENTRY

* SELECT UPDATE OR CATALOG FUNCTIONS
LDA UPDATESFLAG ; 0=CATALOG, OFFH=UPDATE
ORI A ; CATALOG?
JZ CATALOG\$FUNCTION

* UPDATE FUNCTION *

UPDATESFUNCTION:

```

CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'++ UPDATE Function ++',0
XRA A ; TURN OFF PRINT
STA PRINT$FLAG

```

* * SET POINTERS TO INPUT (READ) AND OUTPUT (WRITE) FILES

```

LXI SHLD H,FCB3 ; READ
SHLD READ$FILE$PTR
LXI SHLD H,FCB1 ; WRITE
SHLD WRITE$FILE$PTR

```

* * MAKE PCB WILD (EQUIV TO *.*)

```

LXI H,TFCB ; NAME SPECIFIED?
MVI M,0 ; SET FCB TO WILD
INX H ; STORE NAME AND EXT AS ?
MVI B,11 ; 11 CHARS
MVI A,'?' ; '?' IS WILD CHAR
CALL FILL
MVI B,21 ; REST OF CHARS ARE ZERO
MVI A,0 ; 0 IS CHAR
CALL FILL

```

* * LOG IN DISK DRIVE AND SAVE CURRENT DRIVE NUMBER

```

MVI C,25 ; GET CURRENT DRIVE NUMBER
CALL BDOS
STA LFLG ; SAVE IT IN LOGIN FLAG
LDA LOG$DRIVE ; GET DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN
MOV E,A ; :: IN E
MVI C,14 ; LOG IN NEW DRIVE
CALL BDOS

```

* * BUILD DIRECTORY TABLE

```

DIR: XRA A

```

```
STA      ENTRY$COUNT ; SET COUNT OF ENTRIES TO ZERO
        MVI     C,17   ; SEARCH FOR FILE
        LXI     D,TFCB ; PT TO WILD NAME
        CALL    BDOS
        CPI     255   ; NO MATCH?
        JZ     DIR$EMPTY

DIR$LOOP:
        CALL    PUTSENTRY ; PLACE ENTRY IN DIR
        MVI     C,18   ; SEARCH FOR NEXT MATCH
        LXI     D,TFCB ; PT TO WILD NAME
        CALL    BDOS
        CPI     255   ; DONE?
        JNZ    DIR$LOOP

* LOG IN ORIGINAL DRIVE
        LDA     LFLG   ; GET DRIVE NUMBER
        MOV     E,A   ; ... IN E
        MVI     C,14   ; LOG IN DISK
        CALL    BDOS
        JNZ    DIR$LOOP

* ALPHABETIZE DIRECTORY
        CALL    ALPHABETIZE

* SET FILE COUNT
        LDA     ENTRY$COUNT ; GET ENTRY COUNT
        STA     FILE$COUNT ; SET COUNT OF FILES
        MVI     A,0

* SEARCH DIR1 FOR SPECIFIED FILE(S), IF ANY
        CALL    SEARCH$DIR

* ANY MATCHES?
        LDA     FILE$COUNT
        ORA     A
        JNZ    DISK$NAME$TEST

* NO MATCHING ENTRIES
        DIR$EMPTY:
        CALL    PRINT$MESSAGE
        DB     CR,LF,'No Matching Entries in Directory',0

* LOG IN ORIGINAL DRIVE
        LDA     LFLG   ; GET DRIVE NUMBER
        MOV     E,A   ; ... IN E
```

```
MVI C,14 ; LOG IN DRIVE
CALL BDOS
```

```
* RETURN TO CP/M
JMP CPM
```

* DISK NAME MUST BE PRESENT

```
DISK$NAME$TEST: DIRL ; 1ST BYTE OF DIRL IS DISK NAME
                 '-' ; NAME STARTS WITH '-'
                 CPI ; DIR$PRINT : CONTINUE IF OK
                 JZ
                 CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
                 DB CR,LF,'ERROR — No Name Present on Disk',0
                 CPM
```

* PRINT NAMES OF SELECTED FILES

```
DIR$PRINT: LDA LISTSFLAG ; LISTING ON?
            ORA A ; 0=NO
            JZ DIR$PRINT$DONE
```

* PRINT NAMES OF SELECTED FILES

```
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'Selected Files --',CR,LF,0
CALL SET$ENTRY$COUNT
LDA FILE$COUNT ; A=NUMBER OF FILES
MOV C,A ; ... IN C
LXI H,DIRL ; PT TO DIRL
DIR$PRINT$LOOP: CALL PRINT$ENTRY ; PRINT FILE NAME
                DCR C ; DONE?
                JNZ DIR$PRINT$LOOP
                LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; JUST START NEW LINE?
                CPI 4 ; IF SO, COUNT IS 4
                CNZ CRLF
DIR$PRINT$DONE: CALL CRLF ; NEW LINE
                LDA FILE$COUNT
                CALL PRINT$VALUE ; PRINT COUNT OF FILES
                CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
                DB ', Files Selected',0
```

* PLACE CTRL-Z AT END OF DIRL

```
LXI H,DIRL ; PT TO DIR
LDA FILE$COUNT
MOV C,A ; NUMBER OF FILES IN C
DIR$END: CALL ADD$11$TC$HLL
          DCR C ; COUNT DOWN
          DIRSEND
          MVN M,CTRLZ ; PLACE CTRL-Z

* RENAME CATALOG FILE FOR RECREATION
LXI H,FCB1 ; CREATE DUAL PCB CONTAINING DUAL NAMES FOR RENAME FCT
LXI D,DUAL$FCB
          B,16 ; 16 BYTES
MOVE CALL LXI H,FCB3 ; NEW CATALOG NAME
          D,DUAL$FCB1
          B,16 ; 16 BYTES
MOVE CALL LXI D,DUAL$FCB ; RENAME CATALOG FILE
          C,23 ; RENAME FUNCTION
          BDOS
CALL OPEN$OLDSCAT:
          LXI D,FCB3 ; OPEN OLD CATALOG UNDER ITS NEW NAME
          MVN C,15 ; OPEN FILE
          CALL BDOS
          CPI 255 ; ERROR?
          JNZ CAT$FILE$OPEN$ERR:
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
          DB CR,LF,'ERROR -- Cannot Open CATALOG File',0
          JMP CPM

* READ FIRST SECTOR OF OLD CATALOG FOR GET/PUT OPERATIONS
READ$FIRST$SECTOR:
CALL READ$SECTOR ; USE GENERAL READ SECTOR ROUTINE

* MAKE NEW CATALOG FILE
OPEN$NEWSCAT:
          LXI D,FCB1 ; OPEN NEW CATALOG
          MVN C,22 ; MAKE FILE
          PUSH D ; SAVE PTR TO PCB
```

```
CALL    BDOS
CPI    255    ; OK?
JNZ    OPEN$NEWSCATI
CALL    PRINT$MESSAGE
DB     CR,LF,'ERROR — No Directory Space for New CATALOG',0
```

* CHANGE CATALOG NAME BACK

```
ABORT: LXI    D,PCB1  ; DELETE ORIGINAL FILE
        MVI    C,19  ; DELETE FILE
        CALL   BDOS
        LXI    H,FCB3  ; PT TO BACKUP NAME
        LXI    D,DUAL$FCB  ; PLACE IN 1ST PART OF DUAL
        MVI    B,16  ; 16 BYTES
        CALL   MOVE
        LXI    H,PCB1  ; PT TO ORIGINAL NAME
        LXI    D,DUAL$FCB1 ; PLACE IN 2ND PART OF DUAL
        MVI    B,16  ; 16 BYTES
        CALL   MOVE
        LXI    D,DUAL$FCB  ; RENAME
        MVI    C,23  ; RENAME FILE
        CALL   BDOS
        JMP    CPM
```

* OPEN CATALOG FOR OUTPUT

```
OPEN$NEWSCATI: POP   D    ; GET PTR TO PCB
                MVI   C,15  ; OPEN FILE
                CALL  BDOS
                LXI   H,PUR$BUFFER ; SET PTR TO PUT BUFFER
                SHLD PUR$BUFFER$PTR
                MVI   A,128 ; SET PUT BYTE COUNT
                STA   PUR$BYTE$CNT
```

* FORMAT DISK NAME (REMOVE LEADING '-' AND MOVE OVER 1 BYTE)

```
LXI   H,DIR1+1 ; COPY 7 BYTES OVER
LXI   D,DISK$NAME ; PT TO DISK NAME BUFFER
MVI   B,7   ; 7 BYTES
CALL  MOVE
MVI   A,'-' ; PLACE TRAILING <SP>
STAX D    ; INTO DISK NAME BUFFER
INX   D    ; PT TO TYPE
MVI   B,3   ; 3 BYTES IN TYPE
```

```
CALL MOVE

* ** PROCESS EXCLUDED FILES **
* GET AND CHECK FOR LEADING '(
CALL GET ; GET BYTE
CALL PUT ; PUT BYTE
CPI ',' ;
J2 EXTRACT$FILES

EXCL$FILE$ERR:
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR — CATALOG Format Error -- No Beginning ''('',0
JMP CPM

* EXTRACT OMITTED FILES FROM DIR1
EXTRACT$FILES:
LDA WORK$BYTE ; GET LAST BYTE OBTAINED
CP ',' ; END OF FILES?
JZ EXTRACT$FILES$DONE
CPI CTRLZ ; ERROR?
JNZ EXTRACT$FILES$0

* PREMATURE EOF ENCOUNTERED
PREMATURE$EOF:
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'ERROR — CATALOG Format Error -- Premature EOF',0
JMP CPM

* SCAN FOR FILE TO EXTRACT
EXTRACT$FILES$0:
CALL GET$PUT$SPRLE ; GET FILENAME IN FILE1$BUF
LXI H,DIR1+11 ; PT TO DIR TABLE
LXI D,FILE1$BUF

EXTRACT$FILES$1:
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
CPI CTRLZ ; DONE?
JZ EXTRACT$FILES
CALL CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE DIR1 ENTRY AGAINST FILE1$BUF
JNZ EXTRACT$FILES$2

* EXTRACTION MATCH — REMOVE ENTRY
MVI M,0 ; REMOVE DIR1 ENTRY
JMP EXTRACT$FILES ; CONTINUE EXTRACTION
```

* POINT TO NEXT ENTRY IN DIRI

EXTRACT\$FILES2:
CALL ADD\$11\$TO\$HL
JMP EXTRACT\$FILES1

* EXTRACTION COMPLETE — FLUSH
EXTRACT\$FILESDONE:
CALL GET ; GET UNTIL <LF>
CALL PUT
CPI CTRLZ
JZ PREMATURE\$EOF
CPI LF
JNZ EXTRACT\$FILESDONE

* START UPDATE PROCEDURE
LXI H,DIRI ; PT TO FIRST ENTRY OF DIRI
XRA A ; A=0
STA CAT\$LOAD\$FLAG ; SET NO CURRENT WORK\$DISK/WORK\$FILE

* CHECK FOR END OF MEMORY DIRECTORY
UPDATE\$CAT:
SHLD DIRSPTR ; PTR TO DIR ENTRY
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE FROM DIRI
CPI CTRLZ ; DONE?
JZ FLUSH\$CATALOG ; COPY REST OF CATALOG FILE OVER
ORA A ; NULL?
JNZ UPDATE\$CAT0

NEXT\$DIRI:
CALL ADD\$11\$TO\$HL
UPDATE\$CAT

* GET NEXT FILE FROM DISK
UPDATE\$CAT0:
CALL GET\$CAT\$ENTRY ; GET CATALOG ENTRY IN WORK\$FILE AND WORK\$DISK
JZ FLUSH\$DTR ; EOF

* COMPARE ENTIRE FILE NAME/DISK NAME ENTRY WITH TARGET DIRI ENTRY
COMPARE\$CAT:
LXI H,DISK\$NAME ; CHECK FOR SAME DISK
LXI D,WORK\$DISK
CALL CMP\$ENTRY ; COMPARE
JNZ DIFFERENT\$DISK

- * SAME DISK NAME — FUNCTION MUST BE ADD/DEL/NO CHANGE
 - LHLD DIR\$PTR ; PT TO DIR1 ENTRY
 - LXI D,WORK\$FILE ; PT TO TARGET FILE NAME
 - XCHG ; SWTCH FOR CMP
 - CALL CMP\$ENTRY ; CARRY SET MEANS DIR1 ENTRY<TARGET
- * CHECK FOR NO CHANGE
 - JZ SAME\$FILE
- * CHECK FOR DIR1 ENTRY < TARGET; IF SO, ADD DIR1
 - JC ADD\$DIR1\$TO\$CAT
- * TARGET < DIR1, SO DELETE
 - LDA LIST\$FLAG ; LIST?
 - ORA A
 - JZ UPDATESCATO ; NO IF ZERO
 - CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
 - DB CR,LF,'Delete: ',0
 - LXI H,WORK\$FILE
 - CALL PRINT\$ENTRY ; PRINT FILE NAME
 - JMP UPDATESCATO ; GET NEXT ENTRY FROM DISK
- * NO CHANGE IN CAT ENTRY, SO WRITE TO DISK
 - SAME\$FILE:
 - CALL LHLD PUT\$CAT\$ENTRY ; WRITE WORK\$FILE AND WORK\$DISK TO CAT
 - DIR\$PTR ; PT TO DIR ENTRY
 - JMP NEXT\$DIRI ; PT TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY AND CONTINUE
- * ADD DIR1 TO CATALOG
 - ADD\$DIR1\$TO\$CAT:
 - LDA LIST\$FLAG ; LIST?
 - ORA A
 - JZ ADD\$DIR1\$TO\$CAT ; NO IF ZERO
 - CALL PRINT\$MESSAGE
 - DB CR,LF,'Add: ',0
 - LHLD DIR\$PTR ; PRINT FILE NAME
 - CALL PRINT\$ENTRY
 - ADD\$DIR1\$TO\$CAT: LHLD DIR\$PTR ; WRITE FILE NAME
 - CALL PUT\$FILE
 - MVI A, ','
 - CALL PUT
 - LXI H,DISK\$NAME ; WRITE DISK NAME

```
CALL    PUT$FILE
CALL    PUT$CRLF
LHLD    DIR$PTR ; PT TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY

* POINT TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY
ADD$DIR$NEXT:
CALL    ADD$LISTOSH1
MOV    A,M   ; CHECK FOR NULL ENTRY
ORA    A     ; 0=NO ENTRY
JZ    ADD$DIR$NEXT
CPI    CTRL2 ; DONE?
JZ    FLUSH$CATALOG

* NOW POINTING TO NEXT DIR1 ENTRY
SHLD    DIR$PTR ; SET POINTER
JMP    COMPARE$CAT ; COMPARE WITH CURRENTLY-LOADED ENTRY

* DISK NAMES ARE NOT THE SAME — DETERMINE IF ADD DIR1 ENTRY OR TARGET
DIFFERENT$DISK:
LHLD    DIR$PTR ; PT TO DIR1 ENTRY
LXI    D,WORK$FILE ; COMPARE FILE NAMES
CALL    CMP$ENTRY
JZ    DIFFERENT$DISK1 ; SAME — COMPARE DISK NAMES
JNC    ADD$DIR$STOSCAT ; DIR1 ENTRY DESS — ADD IT

* COPY TARGET ENTRY TO CAT AND GET NEXT
ADD$TARGET$STOSCAT:
CALL    PUT$CAT$ENTRY ; WRITE WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK TO CAT
LHLD    DIR$PTR ; PT TO DIR1 ENTRY AND RESUME
JMP    UPDATE$CAT

* COMPARE DISK NAMES FOR DIFFERENT DISK NAME SUBPROGRAM
DIFFERENT$DISK1:
LXI    H,DISK$NAME
LXI    D,WORK$DISK
CALL    CMP$ENTRY
JC    ADD$TARGET$STOSCAT ; TARGET NAME IS LESS (DE<HL)
JMP    ADD$DIR$STOSCAT

* PUT <CR> <LF> ON DISK
* PUT$CRLF:
```

```
MVI    A,CR
CALL
MVI    A,LF
PUT
JMP
```

* FLUSH CATALOG — COPY REST OF OLD CATALOG INTO NEW CATALOG

```
* FLUSH$CATLOG:
LDA   CAT$LOAD$FLAG ; ENTRY IN WORK$DISK/WORK$FILE?
ORA   A ; 0=NO
JZ    FLUSH$CATO

FLUSH$CAT:
CALL
JZ    GET$CAT$ENTRY ; READ INTO WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK FROM CAT
FLUSH$CATI
FLUSH$CATI ; EOF

FLUSH$CATO:
LXI   H,DISK$NAME ; CHECK FOR LIKE DISK — IF SO, DELETE FILE
LXI   D,WORK$DISK
CALL
JZ    CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE
FLUSH$CAT$DELETE

* DISK NAMES ARE DIFFERENT — WRITE TO DISK
CALL
JMP   PUT$CAT$ENTRY ; WRITE WORK$FILE AND WORK$DISK TO CAT
FLUSH$CAT ; CONTINUE FLUSHING
```

* DISK NAMES ARE SAME — TELL USER THAT FILE IS DELETED

```
FLUSH$CAT$DELETE:
LDA   LIST$FLAG ; LIST?
ORA   A ; 0=NO
JZ    FLUSH$CAT ; CONTINUE FLUSHING
CALL
DB    PRINT$MESSAGE
      CR,LF,'Delete: ',0
H,WORK$FILE
PRINT$ENTRY
FLUSH$CAT ; CONTINUE FLUSHING
```

* FIL OUT REST OF CAT W/CTRL-Z

```
FLUSH$CAT1:
LDA   PUT$BYTE$CNT ; DONE W/LAST PUT?
CPI   128
JZ    FLUSH$CAT2 ; YES :: CLOSE
MVI   A,CTRLZ ; PUT ANOTHER CTRLZ
PUT
CALL
```

JMP FLUSH\$CAT1

* CLOSE FILE, DELETE BACKUP, AND RETURN TO CP/M

```
FLUSH$CAT2:  
LXI D,FCB1 ; CLOSE CATALOG  
MVI C,16 ; CLOSE FILE  
CALL BDOS  
CPI 255 ; ERROR?  
JNZ FLUSH$CAT3  
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE  
DB CR,LF,'ERROR — Error in closing CATALOG File',0  
JMP CPM
```

* DELETE BACKUP

```
FLUSH$CAT3:  
LXI D,FCB3 ; PT TO FCB  
MVI C,19 ; DELETE FILE  
CALL BDOS
```

```
* RETURN TO CP/M  
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE  
DB CR,LF,'++ UPDATE Function Complete ++',0  
JMP CPM
```

* * FLUSH DIRECTORY — COPY REST OF DIR1 ONTO END OF CATALOG

```
FLUSH$DIR:  
LHLD DIR$PTR ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY  
* CHECK FOR EMPTY ENTRY: SKIP IF SO
```

```
FLUSH$DIR1:  
MOV A,M ; GET 1ST BYTE  
ORA A ; 0=NO ENTRY  
JNZ FLUSH$DIR2  
CALL ADD$11STOSH  
JMP FLUSH$DIR1
```

```
* CHECK FOR END OF DIR1 AND FINISH IF SO  
FLUSH$DIR2:  
CPI CTRLZ ; END OF DIR1?  
JNZ FLUSH$DIR3  
CALL PUT ; PUT CTRL-Z
```

JMP FLUSH\$CAT1 ; FILL OUT REST AND FINISH

* PLACE FILE AND DISK NAMES

FLUSH\$DIR3:

```
LDA LIST$FLAG ; LIST?
ORA A ; 0=NO
JZ FLUSH$DIR4
PUSH H ; SAVE PTR TO FILE NAME
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'Add: ',0
CALL PRINT$ENTRY
POP H ; PT TO FILE NAME
FLUSH$DIR4:
CALL PUT$FILE ; PLACE FILE NAME
MVI A,',' ; COMMA
CALL PUT
PUSH H ; SAVE PTR TO NEXT ENTRY IN DIR1
LXI H,DISK$NAME ; STORE DISK NAME
CALL PUT$FILE
POP H ; GET PTR
CALL PUT$CRLF
FLUSH$DIR1
```

* CATALOG FUNCTION *

CATALOGFUNCTION:

```
CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'++ CATALOG Function ++',0
LDA LIST$FLAG ; SET PRINT FLAG TO LIST FLAG
STA PRINT$FLAG
```

* TRANSLATE WILD CARDS IN DUAL FCB

```
LXI H,DUAL$FCB+1 ; PT TO 1ST
MOV A,M ; CHECK 1ST CHAR
CPI ',' ; NO FILE NAME MEANS WILD
JZ WTLD$DUAL$FCB
CPI ',' ; OPTION CAUGHT, SO WTUD ALSO
JZ WTLD$DUAL$FCB
CALL SET$PCB ; SET FCBI ACCORDINGLY
```

```
LXI H,DUAL$FCB+17 ; PT TO 2ND
CALL SET$FCB : SET PCB2 ACCORDINGLY
JMP SET$CATALOG$DISK
```

* MAKE BOTH PCB'S WILD

```
WILD$DUAL$FCB:
    MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES
    MVI A,'?' ; WILD
    CALL FILL
    LXI H,DUAL$FCB+17 ; PT TO 2ND
    MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES
    MVI A,'?' ; WILD
    CALL FILL
    SET$CATALOG$DISK
```

* SCAN PCB FOR '*' AND SET REST OF IT TO '?' IF FOUND
SET\$FCB:

```
MVI B,8 ; 8 BYTES FOR FILE NAME
MOV A,M ; CHECK 1ST
CPI ',' ; MAKE WILD IF LEADING <SP>
JZ SET$WILD
CPI '/*' ; MAKE WILD IF OPTION CAUGHT
JZ SET$WILD
```

* SCAN FILE NAME
SET\$FCB1:

```
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
CPI '*' ; REST WILD?
JZ SET$FCB2
INX H ; SKIP
DCR B
JNZ SET$FCB1
JMP SET$FCB3
```

* MAKE REST OF FILE NAME WILD
SET\$FCB2:

```
MVI M,'?' ; WILD
INX H
DCR B
JNZ SET$FCB2
```

* SCAN FILE TYPE
SET\$FCB3:

```
MVI B,3 ; 3 BYTES
SET$FCB4:
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
```

```
CPI      '!' ; WILD?
SET$FCB5
INX      H ; SKIP
DCR      B
SET$FCB4
JNZ      RET

* MAKE REST OF FILE TYPE WILD
SET$FCB5:
MVI      M, '?' : WILD
INX      H
DCR      B
SET$FCB5
RET

* SET BOTH FCB'S TO WILD
SET$WILD:
MVI      B, 11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI      A, '?'
CALL    FILL
LXI      H,DUAL$FCB+17 ; FCB 2
MVI      B, 11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI      A, '?'
JMP    FILL

* CONTINUE WITH CATALOG FUNCTION — SET NAME OF DISK TO GET CATALOG FROM
* SET$CATALOG$DISK:
SET$CATALOG$DISK:
LXI      H,FCB1 ; PTR TO CATALOG NAME FCB
SHLD    READ$FILE$PTR
XCHG    ; PTR TO FCB1 IN DE
MVI      C, 15 ; OPEN FILE
CALL    BDOS
CPI      255 ; ERROR
CAT$FILE$OPEN$ERR
JZ      READ$SECTOR ; READ 1ST SECTOR FOR FURTHER GET'S
CALL    GET

* SKIP EXCLUDED FILES
CALL    GET ; GET LEADING '('
CPI      '('
JNZ    EXCL$FILE$ERR
SKIP$EXCL$FILES:
CALL    GET ; CONTINUE TO ')'
CPI      CTRLZ ; EOF?
```

```
JZ    PREMATURE$EOF
CPI   '1'
JNZ   SKIP$EXCL$FILES1:
      CALL  GET    ; GET TO <LF>
      CPI   CTRLZ ; EOF?
      JZ    PREMATURE$EOF
      CPI   LF
      JNZ   SKIP$EXCL$FILES1

* SET LAST FILE TO NULL
      XI   H,LAST$FILE
      MVT B,11 ; 11 BYTES
      MVI A,1 ; <SP>
      CALL FILL

* SET ENTRY COUNT FOR DISPLAY
      CALL SET$ENTRY$COUNT

* SET TOP OF FORM IF PRINT
      LDA  PRINT$FLAG
      ORA  A
      JZ   CATALOG$LOOP$HDR
      CALL PRINT$MESSAGE
      DB   CR,LF,'Please set Top of Form --'
      DB   CR,LF,'Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue - ',0
      CALL CHAR$IN ; GET RESPONSE
      CPI  'C'-40H ; CTRL-C
      JZ   CPM   ; RETURN TO CP/M
      CALL CRLF ; NEW LINE

* PRINT HEADER FOR CATALOG OUTPUT
      CATALOG$LOOP$HDR:
      XRA  A ; SET PAGE NUMBER
      STA  PAGESNUM
      CALL PRINT$CAT$HDR

* MAIN LOOP FOR CATALOG FUNCTION
* CATALOG$LOOP:
      CALL CTRL$CHECK ; CHECK FOR ABORT
      CALL GET$CAT$ENTRY ; GET FILE NAME/DISK NAME FROM CAT
```

```

JZ      CATALOG$LOOP$DONE
CALL   COMPSCAT$ENTRY ; COMPARE WITH WILD CARD
JNZ    CATALOG$LOOP ; NO MATCH
CALL   PRINTSCAT$ENTRY ; PRINT ENTRY IF MATCH
JMP   CATALOG$LOOP

```

CATALOG\$LOOP\$DONE:

LDA PRINT\$FLAG ; PRINT?

ORA A

JZ CATALOG\$LOOP\$FINIS

```

* PRINT, SO EJECT PAGE
MVI   A,CR
CALL  LIST$OUT ; NEW LINE
LDA   PAGE$COUNT ; COUNT DOWN LINES FOR PAGE EJECT
ADI   15 ; NEXT PAGE
MOV   B,A ; IN B
MVI   A,LF ; <LF>
EJECT$LOOP:
CALL  LIST$OUT ; PRINT CHAR ON LST:
DCR   B
JNZ   EJECT$LOOP

```

CATALOG\$LOOP\$FINIS:

```

CALL  PRINT$MESSAGE
DB   CR,LF,'++ CATALOG Function Complete ++',0
JMP   CPM

```

* PRINT CATALOG ENTRY ON CON: OR LST:
* PRINTSCAT\$ENTRY:

```

* CHECK TO SEE IF NEW FILE
LXI   H,WORK$FILE ; PT TO CURRENT FILE
LXI   D,LAST$FILE ; PT TO PREVIOUS FILE
CALL  CMP$ENTRY ; COMPARE
JZ   PRINT$CAT$DISK ; WAS PREVIOUS LINE ALREADY TERMINATED?
LDA   ENTRY$COUNT ; RESET IF YES
A    4
CPI   PCRLF ; NEW LINE W/PAGING IF NOT
CNZ   H ; MAKE PREVIOUS FILE=CURRENT FILE
PUSH B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI   CALL

```

```

H      SET$ENTRYCOUNT ; ABORT POSSIBLE NEW LINE
POP   CALL CL$ENTRYNAME ; PRINT JUST NAME
CALL SET$ENTRYCOUNT ; SET FOR NEW LINES
JMP   PRINT$CAT1$DISK ; PRINT DISK NAME

* PRINT DISK NAME AND <SP> OVER IF NEW LINE
PRINT$CAT$DISK:
LDA   ENTRY$COUNT ; NEW LINE?
4
CPI   JNZ PRINT$CAT1$DISK ; JUST PRINT ENTRY
      MV1   B,12 ; 12 BYTES
      MV1   A, .
PRINT$CAT$SP:
CALL CONS$LT$OUT
DCR    B
JNZ   PRINT$CAT$SP

* PRINT DISK NAME
PRINT$CAT1$DISK:
LXI   H,WORKSDISK ; PT TO DISK NAME
CALL CL$ENTRY ; PRINT ON CON: OR LST:
RET

* NEW LINE WITH PAGING
* PCRLF:
PCRLF:
MVI   A,CR ; NEW LINE
CALL CONS$LT$OUT
MVI   A,LF
CALL CONS$LT$OUT

LDA   PAGE$COUNT ; COUNT DOWN LINES
DCR    A
STA   PAGE$COUNT ; NO PAGE
RNZ

LDA   PRINT$FLAG ; EJECT PAGE?
ORA   A ; 0=CON:
JZ    PCRLF$PAGE

MVI   A,LF ; <LF> DOWN

```

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```
MVI    B,10      : 10 LINES
PCRLF$PAGESDOWN:
CALL   CONSLS$OUT
DCR    B
PCRLF$PAGESDOWN
```

* PRINT HEADER

```
PCRLF$PAGE1:
CALL   PRINT$CAT$HDR ; PRINT HEADER
RET
```

* OUTPUT TO CON: SO GIVE USER PROMPT

```
PCRLF$PAGE:
CALL   PRINT$MESSAGE
DB    'Type CTRL-C to Abort or anything else to Continue - ',0
CALL   CHAR$IN : GET RESPONSE
CPI    'C'-40H : CTRL-C
JZ    CPM
PCRLF$PAGE1
```

* PRINT ENTRY PTD TO BY HL ON CON: OR LST:

* CL\$ENTRY:

```
MVI    A,' '      ; PRINT 3 LEADING SPACES
MVI    B,3
CL$ENTRY$SP:
CALL   CONSLS$OUT
DCR    B
JNZ   CL$ENTRY$SP
```

* PRINT NAME AND TYPE

```
CL$ENTRY$NAME:
MVI    B,8      ; 8 BYTES
CALL   CL$FIELD
MVI    A,'.'    ; DECIMAL
CALL   CONSLS$OUT
MVI    B,3      ; 3 BYTES
CALL   CL$FIELD
```

* NEW LINE?
LDA ENTRY\$COUNT
DCR A
CALL COUNT DOWN

```
STA      ENTRY$COUNT
RNZ
CALL    SET$ENTRY$COUNT
PCRLF   ; NEW LINE
RET
```

* PRINT FIELD PTED TO BY HL FOR B BYTES ON CON: OR LST:

```
CLSFIELD: MOV    A,M   ; GET BYTE
           CALL   CONSLS$OUT
           INX   H    ; PT TO NEXT
           DCR   B
           JNZ   CLSFIELD
           RET
```

* PRINT CATALOG HEADER AND RESET PAGE COUNT

```
PRINT$CAT$HDR: PRINT$FLAG  ; LISTING?
                LDA   A    ; 0=NO
                ORA   0
                JNZ   LIST$CAT$HDR
```

* PRINT ON CON:
 MVI A,CRTSLINES-3 ; SET PAGE COUNT
 STA PAGE\$COUNT
 JMP PRINT\$STD\$HDR

* PRINT ON LST:
 LIST\$CAT\$HDR:

```
MVI   A,LSTSLINES-4-10  ; SET PAGE COUNT
    STA   PAGE$COUNT
    LXI   H,PAGESM
    CALL  PRINT$STRING
    LDA   PAGE$NUM  ; PRINT PAGE NUMBER
    INR   A    ; INCREMENT
    STA   PAGE$NUM
    CALL  PRINT$VALUE
    LXI   H,TITLE$LINE ; PRINT INPUT LINE AS HEADER ON PAGE
    CALL  PRINT$STRING
    LXI   H,TBUF+1
    CALL  PRINT$STRING
```

```
* PRINT STANDARD HEADER
PRINT$STDHDR:
LXI H,STDHDR ; PRINT HEADER
CALL PRINT$STRING

* RESET NAME OF LAST FILE
LXI H,LASTFILE
MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI A,' ' ; <SP> FILL
CALL FILL
RET

* PRINT STRING PTED TO BY HL ON CON: OR LST:
* STRINGS ENDS IN 0

PRINT$STRING:
MOV A,M : GET BYTE
ORA A ; DONE?
RZ
CALL CONS$OUT
IMX H ; PT TO NEXT
JMP PRINT$STRING

* CHECK FOR CTRL-C AND ABORT IF SO
CTRLC$CHECK:
PUSH H ! PUSH D ! PUSH B ! PUSH PSW
MVI C,11 ; CONSOLE CHAR AVAIL?
CALL BDOS
ANI 1 ; SEE LSB
JZ CTRLCS$CHECK$DONE
CHAR$IN : GET CHAR
'C'-40H : CTRL-C?
JNZ CTRLCS$CHECK$DONE
PRINT$MESSAGE
DB CR,LF,'++ CAT Interrupted ++',0
JMP CPM

CTRLCS$CHECK$DONE:
POP PSW ! POP B ! POP D ! POP H
RET
```

* PRINT CHAR IN A ON CON: OR LST:, DEPENDING ON LISTSFLAG

* CONSLS\$OUT:
 PUSH PSW ; SAVE CHAR
 LDA PRINT\$FLAG ; GET FLAG
 ORA A ; 0=CON:
 JZ CONSLS\$OUTC
 POP PSW ; GET CHAR

* CHAR TO LST:
 LIST\$OUT:

PUSH H ! PUSH D ! PUSH B ! PUSH PSW
 MOV E,A ; CHAR IN E
 MVI C,5 ; LST: OUT
 CALL BDOS
 POP PSW ! POP B ! POP D ! POP H
 RET

* CHAR TO CON:
 CONSLS\$OUTC:
 POP PSW ; GET CHAR
 JMP CHAR\$OUT

* COMPARE CATALOG ENTRY FROM DISK WITH DUAL\$FCB
 * RET W/ZERO SET IF MATCH

* COMPSCAT\$ENTRY:
 * COMPARE FILE NAME
 LXI H,WORKSFILE ; COMPARE FILE
 LXI D,DUAL\$FCB+1
 CALL CMP\$ENTRY ; COMPARE
 JNZ COMPSCAT\$FAIL ; NO MATCH — CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT
 * COMPARE DISK NAME
 LXI H,WORKSDISK ; COMPARE DISK
 LXI D,DUAL\$FCB+17
 CALL CMP\$ENTRY ; COMPARE
 JNZ COMPSCAT\$FAIL ; NO MATCH — CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT
 * COMPARE SUCCEEDED — CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT
 LDA NEGFLG ; GET FLAG
 ORA A ; 0=NO
 RET

* COMPARE FAILED — CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECT

```
LDA    NEGFLAG ; GET FLAG
CPI    OFFH    ; OFFH=YES
RET
```

* LOAD WORK BUFFERS WITH NEXT FILE AND DISK NAMES FROM DISK

* GETCAT\$ENTRY:

```
CALL   GET$FILE  ; GET FILE NAME
CPI   CTRLZ    ; RET W/ZERO SET IF EOF
RZ
CPI   ','      ; CHECK FOR VALID STRUCTURE
JNZ   CAT$STR$ERR
LXI   H,FILE1$BUF ; STORE FILE NAME
D,WORK$FILE
LXI   B,11      ; 11 BYTES
MVI
CALL   MOVE     ; GET DISK NAME
CALL   GET$FILE  ; GET DISK NAME
CPI   CR       ; CHECK FOR VALID STRUCTURE
JNZ   CAT$STR$ERR
LXI   H,FILE1$BUF ; STORE DISK NAME
MVI   B,11      ; 11 BYTES
CALL   MOVE     ; SET NO ZERO
MVI   A,1      ; SET NO ZERO
STA   CAT$LOAD$FLAG ; MARK ENTRY IN BUFFER
ORA   A
RET
```

* STRUCTURAL ERROR IN CATALOG

CAT\$STR\$ERR:

```
CALL   PRINT$MESSAGE
DB   CR,LF,'ERROR — Invalid CATALOG Structure'
DB   CR,LF,'ERROR 'N: '0
LXI   H,FILE1$BUF ; PRINT TEXT AFTER WHICH ERROR OCCURS
CALL   PRINT$ENTRY
JMP   ABORT
```

* WRITE CATALOG ENTRY FROM WORK BUFFERS TO CAT

```

PUT$CATSENTRY:    A      ; A=0          ; MARK NO ENTRY IN BUFFER
                  STA   H,WORK$FILE ; WRITE FILE NAME
                  LXI  H,WORK$FILE
                  CALL MVT
                  MVT A,','        ; COMMA
                  CALL PUT
                  PUT PUT$FILE      ; WRITE DISK NAME
                  CALL PUT$CRLF     ; NEW LINE
                  JMP  CALL

* * LOAD NEXT FILE NAME FROM DISK INTO FILE$BUF; WORK$BYTE
* * RETURNS WITH CHARACTER WHICH TERMINATED SCAN
* * GET$PUT$FILE:
* *      LXI  H,FILE1$BUF ; <SP> FILL BUFFER
* *      PUSH H
* *      MVT B,11         ; 11 BYTES
* *      MVT A,'.'        ; <SP>
* *      CALL FILL
* *      POP H           ; GET PTR TO BEGINNING OF BUFFER
* *      MVT B,8          ; UP TO 8 BYTES
* *      CALL GET$PUT$FILE1
* *      CPI ?           ; TYP?
* *      RNZ
* *      MVT B,3          ; UP TO 3 BYTES

* * EXTRACT FILE NAME UNTIL DELIMITTER REACHED
* * GET$PUT$FILE1:
* *      CALL GET      ; GET BYTE
* *      PUT      ; PUT BYTE
* *      CPI LF      ; IGNORE <LF>
* *      GET$PUT$FILE1
* *      CPI ?      ; DONE W/NAME?
* *      GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
* *      CPI ?      ; DONE
* *      GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
* *      CPI ?      ; DONE
* *      GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
* *      JZ    CR      ; DONE
* *      GET$PUT$FILE$SCR
* *      CPI CTRLZ    ; DONE
* *      GET$PUT$FILE$DONE

```

```
MOV M,A ; PLACE BYTE
INX H
DCR B
JNZ GET$PUT$FILE1
GET ; FULL NUMBER OF BYTES — GET NEXT ONE
PUT
CALL GET$PUT$FILE1$DONE
JMP GET$PUT$FILE$CR:
PUSH PSW ; SAVE <CR>
CALL GET ; GET <LF>
PUT
POP PSW ; GET <CR>
GET$PUT$FILE$DONE:
INX H ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
DCR B ; COUNT DOWN TO END OF BUFFER
JNZ GET$PUT$FILE$DONE
GET$PUT$FILE1$DONE:
STA WORKBYTE ; SAVE WORK BYTE
RET

* PUT FILE — PLACE FILE NAME AND TYPE ON DISK; HL PTS TO NAME
* PUT$FILE:
MVI B,8 ; 8 BYTES IN FILE NAME (MAX)
CALL PUT$FILE1
MVI A,'.' ; DECIMAL
CALL PUT
MVI B,3 ; 3 BYTES IN FILE TYPE (MAX)
CALL PUT$FILE1
RET

* PUT$FILE1 — PLACE UP TO 8 BYTES ON DISK; STOP IF <SP> ENCOUNTERED
PUT$FILE1:
MOV A,M ; GET BYTE
CPI ? ; <SP>?
JZ PUT$FILE2
PUT ; PUT BYTE ON DISK
CALL INX H ; PT TO NEXT
DCR B ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ PUT$FILE1
RET

PUT$FILE2:
INX H ; <SP> ENCOUNTERED — SKIP TO END OF FIELD
```

```
DCR     B      PUT$FILE2
JNZ     RET
```

* LOAD NEXT FILE NAME FROM DISK INTO FILE1\$BUF; WORK\$BYTE BUFFER
* RETURNS WITH CHARACTER WHICH TERMINATED SCAN

GET\$FILE:

```
LXI    H,FILE1$BUF ; <SP> FILL BUFFER
PUSH   H
MVI    B,11 ; 11 BYTES
MVI    A,'.' ; <SP>
CALL   FILL
POP    H ; GET PTR TO BEGINNING OF BUFFER
MVI    B,8 ; UP TO 8 BYTES
CALL   GET$FILE1
CPI   ?! ; TYP?
RNZ
MVI    B,3 ; UP TO 3 BYTES
```

* EXTRACT FILE NAME UNTIL DELIMITER REACHED

GET\$FILE1:

```
CALL   GET ; GET BYTE
CPI   LF ; IGNORE <LF>
JZ    GET$FILE1
CPI   ?'.' ; DONE W/NAME?
JZ    GET$FILE$DONE
CPI   ?'.' ; DONE
JZ    GET$FILE$DONE
CPI   ?'.' ; DONE
JZ    GET$FILE$DONE
CPI   CR ; DONE
CPI   GET$FILE$CR
JZ    CTRLZ ; DONE
CPI   GET$FILE$DONE
MOV   M,A ; PLACE BYTE
INX   H
DCR   B
JNZ   GET$FILE1
CALL   GET ; FULL NUMBER OF BYTES — GET NEXT ONE
JMP   GET$FILE$DONE
GET$FILE$CR:
```

```
PUSH    PSW    ; SAVE <CR>
CALL    GET    ; GET <LF>
POP    PSW    ; GET <CR>
GET$FILESDONE:
        INX    H    ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
        DCR    B    ; COUNT DOWN TO END OF BUFFER
        JNZ    GET$FILESDONE
GETFILE1SDONE:
        STA    WORK$BYTE    ; SAVE WORK BYTE
        RET
```

* * READ SECTOR FROM FCB3 AND SET CONSTANTS FOR GET OPERATION

```
READSECTOR:
        PUSH   H ! PUSH D ! PUSH B
        LHLD   READ$FILESPTR ; GET PTR TO FCB
        XCHG   C,20    ; ... IN DE
        MVI    C,20    ; READ
        CALL   BDOS    ; SET FLAGS — Z MEANS OK
        ORA    A    ; SET FLAGS — Z MEANS OK
        PUSH   PSW    ; SAVE FLAGS
        LXI    H,BUFF    ; COPY TO GET BUFFER
        D,GET$BUFFER
        MVI    B,128    ; 128 BYTES
        MOVE   H,GET$BUFFER    ; RESET PTR TO GET BUFFER
        SHLD   GET$BUFFERSPTR
        MVI    A,128    ; SET BYTE COUNT
        STA    GET$BYTSCNT
        POP    PSW    ; GET FLAGS
        POP   B ! POP D ! POP H
        RET
```

* * WRITE SECTOR TO FCB1 AND SET CONSTANTS FOR PUT OPERATION

```
WRITESECTOR:
        PUSH   H ! PUSH D ! PUSH B
        LXI   H,PUT$BUFFER
        D,BUFF    ; COPY TO 30H BUFFER
        MVI   B,128    ; 128 BYTES
        MOVE
```

```
LHD    WRITE$FILE$PTR ; GET PTR TO FCB
XCHG      ; *** IN DE
MVI    C,21 ; WRITE FILE
CALL    BDOS
A      ; SET FLAGS — Z MEANS OK
ORA    WRITE$SECTOR1
JZ     PRINT$MESSAGE
CALL    DB, 'ERROR — File Output Error to CATALOG',0
ABORT
JMP

WRITE$SECTOR1:
LXI    H,PUT$BUFFER ; RESET PTR TO PUT BUFFER
SHLD   PUT$BUFFER$PTR
MVI    A,128 ; RESET BYTE COUNT
STA    PUT$BYTE$CNT
POP B ! POP D ! POP H
RET

* * GET BYTE FROM FILE ROUTINE
* *
GET:
PUSH   H
LHD    GET$BUFFER$PTR ; GET PTR TO BUFFER
MOV    A,M ; GET BYTE
INX    H ; PT TO NEXT
SHLD   GET$BUFFER$PTR
STA    WORK$BYTE ; SAVE IT TEMPORARILY
LDA    GET$BYTE$CNT ; COUNT DOWN
DCR
STA    GET$BYTE$CNT
GET1
JNZ    READ$SECTOR ; IF BUFFER EMPTY, READ NEXT SECTOR
CALL   GET1
JZ     GET1 ; READ OK
MVI    A,CTRLZ ; EOF — SO FORCE CTRL-Z
POP H
RET

GET1:
LDA    WORK$BYTE ; GET BYTE
POP H
RET

* * PUT BYTE INTO OUTPUT FILE
```

```
* PUT:
    PUSH H
    LHLD PUT$BUFFER$PTR
    MOV M,A ; PUT BYTE
    INX H ; PT TO NEXT
    SHLD PUT$BUFFER$PTR
    STA WORK$BYTE ; SAVE IT TEMPORARILY
    LDA PUT$BYTE$CNT ; COUNT DOWN
    DCR A
    STA PUT$BYTE$CNT
    JNZ PUTL
    CALL WRITE$SECTOR ; IF BUFFER FULL, WRITE TO DISK

* PUT1:
    LDA WORK$BYTE ; GET BYTE
    POP H
    RET
```

```
* SET ENTRY COUNT — SET NUMBER OF ENTRIES PRINTED ON EACH LINE
* SET$ENTRY$COUNT:
    MVI A,4 ; 4 ENTRIES/LINE
    STA ENTRY$COUNT
    RET
```

```
* PRINT ONE ENTRY WITHOUT <CRLF>
```

```
* PRINT$ENTRY:
    CALL SET$ENTRY$COUNT ; FAKE OUT PRINT ROUTINE
```

```
* PRINT ENTRY — PRINT ENTRY PTED TO BY HL (12 BYTES/ENTRY, SKIP LAST)
* PRINT$ENTRY:
    MVI A,' ' ; PRINT 5 LEADING <SP>S
    MVI B,5
    PRINT$SPACE:
    CALL CHAR$OUT
    DCR B ; COUNT DOWN
```

JNZ PRINT\$SPACE

* PRINT FILE NAME AND TYPE WITHOUT LEADING <SP>

```
PRINT$ENTRY$NAME:  
    MVI B,8 ; PRINT FILE NAME  
    CALL PRINT$FIELD  
    MVI A,'.' ; PRINT DECIMAL  
    CALL CHAR$OUT  
    MVI B,3 ; PRINT FILE TYPE  
    CALL PRINT$FIELD  
    LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; COUNT DOWN  
    DCR A  
    STA ENTRY$COUNT  
    RNZ SET$ENTRY$COUNT  
    JMP CRLF ; RESET ENTRY COUNT AND NEW LINE
```

* PRINT FIELD PTD TO BY HL; FIELD IS B BYTES LONG

```
PRINT$FIELD:  
    MOV A,M ; GET BYTE  
    CALL CHAR$OUT  
    INX H ; PT TO NEXT  
    DCR B ; COUNT DOWN  
    JNZ PRINT$FIELD  
    RET
```

```
* ALPHABETIZE — ALPHABETIZES DIRL; ENTRY$COUNT CONTAINS  
* THE NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIRL
```

* ALPHABETIZE:

```
LXI H,DIRL ; PT TO DIR  
LXI D,DIRL+1L ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY  
LDA ENTRY$COUNT ; GET COUNT  
SUI 1 ; STOP IF 1 ENTRY  
RZ  
MOV B,A ; COUNT IN B  
ALPHAL: PUSH H ! PUSH D  
        MVI C,B ; SUBCOUNT  
ALPHA2:
```

```
CALL    CMP$ENTRY      ; COMPARE ENTRIES
CC      EXCHG          ; EXCHANGE IF BACKWARD
CALL    ADD11         ; DE=DE+11
DCR    C
JNZ    ALPHA2
POP D ! POP H
CALL    ADD11         ; DE=DE+11
XCHG          B
CALL    ADD11         ; HL=HL+11
XCHG          B
DCR    ALPHA1
JNZ
RET
```

* ADD11 — DE=DE+11

```
ADD11:
XCHG          B
CALL    ADD$11$TO$HL
XCHG          B
RET
```

* COMPARE DIR ENTRY PTED TO BY HL WITH THAT PTED TO BY DE;
* NO NET EFFECT ON HL, DE, OR BC; RET W/CARRY SET MEANS DE<HL

CMP\$ENTRY:

PUSH B ! PUSH D ! PUSH H

* COMPARE BY FILE NAME, FILE TYPE, AND EXTENSION (IN THAT ORDER)

```
CMP$FN$FT:
MVI   B,11        ; COMPARE FN, FT
CALL  COMP
COMP:
```

```
POP H ! POP D ! POP B
RET
```

* COMP COMPARES DE W/HL FOR B BYTES; RET W/CARRY IF DE<HL

```
COMP: LDAX  D      ; CHECK FOR AUTOMATIC MATCH
```

```
CPI    '?
JZ    COMP1
MOV    A,M      ; ON OTHER ALSO
CPI    '?
JZ    COMP1
LDAX   D        ; COMPARE
CMP    M
RC
RNZ

COMP1: INX   H      ; PT TO NEXT
       INX   D      ; COUNT DOWN
       IER
JNZ
RET
```

* EXCHG — EXCHANGE DIR ENTRY PTED TO BY HL W/THAT PTED TO BY DE

```
EXCHG: PUSH B ! PUSH D ! PUSH H
       MVI  B,11    ; 11 BYTES
EXCHG1: LDAX   D      ; GET DE BYTE
       MOV    C,M    ; GET HL BYTE
       MOV    M,A    ; STORE DE BYTE
       MOV    A,C    ; STORE HL BYTE
       STAX   D      ; PT TO NEXT
       INX   H      ; COUNT DOWN
       INX   D
       IER
JNZ
EXCHG1
POP H ! POP D ! POP B
RET
```

* SELECT FILES IN DIR1 ACCORDING TO CONTENTS OF FCB

```
SEARCH$DIR:
LXI   D,FCB+1 ; PT TO FN
LDAX   D      ; WILD?
      ,        ; NO FN MEANS WILD
SEARCH$DIR0
      '/' ; OPTION CAUGHT, SO WILD ALSO
CPI
```

```
SEARCH$DIR0:  
    JNZ SEARCH$DIR1  
  
    MOV H,D ; MAKE HL PT TO FN  
    MOV L,E ;  
    MVI B,11 ; WILD, SO MAKE FN AND FT ALL '?'S  
    MVI A,'?' ; WILD OVERALL  
    CALL FILL ; FILL IT  
  
SEARCH$DIR1:  
    INX D ; PT TO NEXT  
    LDAX D ;  
    CPI ':' ; COLON MEANS DRIVE SPEC CAUGHT  
    RZ  
    LXI H,DIR1 ; PT TO DIR1 & DIR2  
    LXI D,DIR2  
    LDA FILESCOUNT ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR1  
    MOV B,A ; ... IN B  
  
* COMPARE ENTRY IN DIR1 AGAINST PCB  
  
SDL:  
    PUSH B ! PUSH D ! PUSH H  
    MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES IN FN AND FT  
    LXI D,FCB+1 ; PT TO FN IN FCB  
  
* DISK NAME ALWAYS MATCHES  
    MOV A,M ; CHECK 1ST BYTE  
    CPI '-' ; DISK NAME?  
    JZ SD3A ; MATCH IF SO  
  
* DO COMPARISON  
SD2:  
    LDAX D ; GET PCB BYTE  
    CPI '?' ; WILD?  
    JZ SD3  
    CMP M ; MATCH?  
    JNZ SD4  
  
* PARTIAL MATCH  
SD3:  
    INX H ; PT TO NEXT  
    INX D  
    IER B  
    JNZ SD2
```

* CHECK FOR NEGATIVE SELECTION; NO MATCH IF SO

```
LDA NEGFLG ; NEGATE SELECTION?  
ORA A ; 0=NO  
JNZ SD4A
```

* COMPLETE MATCH — COPY INTO DIR2

```
SD3A:  
    POP H ! POP D  
    MVI B,11 ; 11 BYTES/ENTRY  
    CALL MOVE  
    JMP SD5
```

* NO MATCH — DECR FILE\$COUNT

```
SD4:  
    LDA NEGFLG ; NEGATE SELECTION?  
    ORA A ; 0=NO  
    JNZ SD3A
```

* NO MATCH — DECR FILE\$COUNT

```
SD4A:  
    LDA FILE$COUNT  
    DCR A  
    STA FILE$COUNT  
    POP H ; GET PTR TO DIR1  
    LXI D,11 ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY  
    DAD D  
    POP D ; GET PTR TO DIR2
```

* CONTINUE UNTIL END OF DIR1

```
SD5:  
    POP B ; GET CNT  
    DCR B ; COUNT DOWN  
    JNZ SD1
```

```
* DONE — CHECK IF ANY MATCHES  
LDA FILE$COUNT  
ORA A  
RZ
```

```
* AT LEAST ONE MATCH — COPY INTO DIR1 FROM DIR2  
MOV C,A ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES  
LXI H,DIR2 ; FROM DIR2 INTO DIR1  
LXI D,DIR1
```

```

SD6:    MVT    B,11   ; 11 BYTES/ENTRY
        CALJ
        DCR    C      ; COUNT DOWN
        JNZ    SD6
        RET

```

* PRINT A AS DECIMAL NUMBER 0-255 WITH LEADING <SP>

PRINT\$VALUE:

```

PUSH B ! PUSH D
MOV    D,A   ; SAVE A
MVT    A,1   ; SET LEADING <SP> FLAG
STA    LDSP
MOV    A,D
MVT    E,100 ; PRINT 100'S COUNT
CALL   PDEC
MVT    E,10   ; PRINT 10'S COUNT
CALL   PDEC
ADT   '0'   ; PRINT 1'S COUNT
CALL   CONS$OUT
POP D ! POP B
RET

```

* A=A-E UNTIL <0>; PRINT COUNT OF NUMBER OF TIMES THIS OCCURRED
 * USED FOR DECIMAL PRINTING, BUT COULD BE APPLIED TO ANY
 * BASE
 *

PDEC:

```

PDEC1  MVT    C,0   ; SET COUNT
        SUB    E      ; A=A-E
        JC     PDEC2
        INR    C      ; INR CNT
        JMP    PDEC1
PDEC2  AND    E      ; MAKE A POS
        MUV    D,A   ; SAVE TN D
        MOV    A,C   ; GET CNT
        ORA    A      ; ZERO?
        JNZ    PDEC3
        LDA    ORA
        A      PDEC3
        JZ     PDEC3

```

; PRINT AS DIGIT

```

    MVI   A,' ' ; PRINT <SP>
    JMP   PDEC4
PDEC3  XRA   A ; NO LEADING <SP>
        STA   LDSP
        MOV   A,C ; GET VALUE
        ADI   '0' ; CONVERT TO ASCII
        CALL  CONSLS$OUT
        MOV   A,D ; RESTORE VALUE
        RET

```

* PLACE ENTRY INTO DIR1 IF NOT ALREADY THERE; IF ALREADY THERE,
* THROW AWAY

* ON INPUT, B=BYTE ADR IN PCB OF ENTRY
* ENTRY\$COUNT=NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR SO FAR
* ON OUTPUT, ENTRY\$COUNT=NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR SO FAR

*
PUT\$ENTRY:
 PUSH PSW ! PUSH B
 MVI E,BUFF ; ADR IN DE
 MVI D,0
 MVI A,4 ; LOCK FOR 4 ENTRIES
 STA PUT\$CNT
 XCHG PUT\$LOC ; SAVE PTR TO ENTRY
 SHLD PUT\$LOC

* PUT AT MOST 4 ENTRIES INTO DIR

PUT\$LOOP:
 MOV A,M ; ENTRY PRESENT?
 ORA A
 PUT\$TEST
 PPUT\$LOOP:
 XCHG D ; GET PTR BACK
 INX H,DIR1 ; PT TO FN
 LXI D,0 ; PT TO DIR TABLE
 LDA ENTRY\$COUNT ; EMPTY DIR?
 ORA A
 JZ MAKE\$NEWENTRY
 MOV C,A ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES ALREADY IN DIR1

* LOOK FOR A MATCH
SCAN\$DIR:

```

MVI    B,11   ; 11-BYTE MATCH (FN, FT)
PUSH   H      ; SAVE PTRS
PUSH   D

SCAN$DIR:
LDAX   D      ; GET FN OR FT BYTES
CMP    M      ; COMPARE AGAINST DIR1 BYTE
JNZ    SCAN$DIR ; FAIL IF NO MATCH
INX    H      ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
INX    D
DCR    B      ; COUNT DOWN
JNZ    SCAN$DIR

```

* MATCH — REJECT ENTRY AND FALL THRU TO TEST
 POP D ; GET PTRS
 POP H

* DONE WITH PLACING AT MOST 4 ENTRIES?
 PUT\$TEST:

```

ORLD   D      ; GET PTR TO CURRENT ENTRY
LXI   D,32   ; SKIP TO NEXT
DAD   D
SHLD   A,H   ; BEYOND BUFF?
PUT$LOC 1
MOV    CPI   ; BEYOND BUFF?
JZ    PUTSDONE
LDA    DCR   ; DCR COUNT
DCR    A
STA    PUTSCNT
PUT$LOOP JNZ    PUTSDONE

```

PUTSDONE:
 POP B ! POP PSW
 RET

* NO MATCH

```

SCAN$DIR:
POP   D      ; GET PTRS
POP   H
PUSH  D      ; SAVE PCB PTR
LXI   D,11   ; PT TO NEXT ENTRY IN DIR1
DAD   D
POP   D      ; RESTORE PCB PTR
DCR   C      ; DONE W/SCAN?
JNZ   SCAN$DIR

```

```
* MAKE NEW ENTRY IN DIR TABLE
* ON INPUT, HL=ADR TO PLACE ENTRY IN DIR1
* DE=ADR IN PCB
*
* MAKE$NEW$ENTRY:
    MVI    B,11      ; 11 BYTES IN DIR ENTRY
    PUT$NAME:
        LDAX   D      ; STORE FN AND FT
        MOV    M,A
        TNX    H      ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
        INX    D
        IER    B
        JNZ    PUT$NAME

* INCREMENT ENTRY COUNT
    LDA    ENTRY$COUNT
    TNR    A
    STA    ENTRY$COUNT
    JMP    PUT$TEST

* GET CHAR FROM CONSOLE
*
* CHAR$IN:
    PUSH   H ! PUSH D ! PUSH B
    MVI    C,1      ; READ CONSOLE
    CALL   BDOS
    POP    B ! POP D ! POP H
    RET

* PRINT CHAR IN A ON CON:
*
* CHAR$OUT:
    PUSH   H ! PUSH D ! PUSH B ! PUSH PSW
    MOV    E,A      ; CHAR IN E
    MVI    C,2      ; PRINT TO CON:
    CALL   BDOS
    POP    PSW ! POP B ! POP D ! POP H
    RET
```

```
* <CR> <LF>
*
CRLF:    MVI    A,CR      ; PRINT CR
          CALL   CHAR$OUT
          MVI    A,LF      ; PRINT LF
          JMP    CHAR$OUT

* PRINT MESSAGE POINTED TO BY RETURN ADDRESS ON CON:
* MESSAGE ENDS IN BINARY 0

PRINT$MESSAGE: XTHL    ; HL ON STACK, HL=PTR TO MSG
                A,M    ; GET BYTE
                INX    H       ; PT TO NEXT BYTE
                ORA    A       ; O=DONE
                JZ     PRINT$DONE
                CALL   CHAR$OUT
                JMP    PRINT$MESS

PRINT$DONE:   XTHL    ; RESTORE HL AND RET ADR
                RET

* * BASIC SUPPORT ROUTINES
*
ADD$11STHIL: MVI    A,11      ; 11
                ADD    L,A      ; HL=HL+A
                MOV    A,H      ; ADD A TO HL
                ACI    0
                MOV    H,A      ; RESTORE HL
                RET

FILL:      MVI    M,A      ; FILL MEMORY PTED TO BY HL WITH CHAR IN A FOR B BYTES
                INX    H       ; PUT CHAR
                DCR    B       ; PT TO NEXT
                JNZ    FILL
                RET
```

```

MOVE:    MOV     A,M   ; MOVE DATA PTD TO BY HL TO DE FOR B BYTES
        STAX    D      ; GET BYTE
        TMX    H      ; PUT BYTE
        JNX    D      ; PT TO NEXT
        IER    B      ; MOVE
        JNZ    MOVE
        RET

```

* CP/M EQUATES

```

CPM    EQU    0      ; CP/M WARM BOOT
BDOS   EQU    5      ; ENTRY POINT
FCB    EQU    5CH   ; FCB
BUFF   EQU    80H   ; BUFFER
CR     EQU    0DH   ; CR
LF     EQU    0AH   ; LF
CTRLZ  EQU    'Z'-'40H ; CTRL-Z

```

* XDIR EQUATES

```

OPTC   EQU    '/'   ; OPTION INDICATOR CHAR
MAXCHAR EQU    80    ; MAX NUMBER OF CHARS IN PAUF

```

* MESSAGE BUFFERS

HELPMS:

```

DB     CR,LF
DB     'CATALOG COMMAND -- ','CR,LF
DB     'CAT x:filename.typ diskname.dsk /o','CR,LF
DB     ' All arguments are optional, and wild cards (*,?) are ','CR,LF
DB     ' permitted in "filename.typ" and "diskname.dsk". ','CR,LF
DB     ' Options are -- ','CR,LF
DB     ' /C = Invoke CATALOG Function on A: ','CR,LF
DB     ' /E = display CATALOG Environment on CON: ','CR,LF
DB     ' /F <filename> <delim> = declare ','CR,LF
DB     ' name of CATALOG File "<filename>.CAT"; ','CR,LF
DB     ' at most 8 characters may be in FILENAME ','CR,LF

```

```

DB    ; '/L = toggle listing of selected files',CR,LF
DB    ; '/N = negate selection',CR,LF
DB    ; If this option is given, wild card',CR,LF
DB    ; specifies files NOT to be selected',CR,LF
DB    ; '/S = save CATALOG Environment on disk',CR,LF
DB    ; '/T = toggle default CATALOG/UPDATE Function',CR,LF
DB    ; '/U = invoke UPDATE Function on B: (or X:)',CR,LF
DB    ; '$'

PAGES: DB    'Page Number ',0

STD$HDR: DB    CR,LF,LF
DB    'Filename.Typ' Diskname.Dsk   Diskname.Disk
DB    'Diskname.Disk',CR,LF,LF,0

*
* BUFFERS
*
CAT$LOAD$FLAG: DS    1      ; 0=>NO ENTRY IN WORK$FILE/WORK$DISK; 1=>ENTRY
PAGE$NUM:   DS    1      ; PAGE NUMBER
PAGE$COUNT: DS    1      ; PAGING COUNT
PRINT$FLG:  DS    1      ; PRINT FLAG
FILE1$BUF:  DS    11     ; 11 BYTES FOR FILE NAME AND TYPE
LAST$FILE:  DS    11     ; NAME OF CUR DISK FOR UPDATE/NAME OF PREV FILE FOR CAT
DISK$NAME:  DS    11     ; NAME OF WORKING FILE FROM DISK
WORK$FILE:  DS    11     ; NAME OF WORKING DISK FROM DISK
DIR$PTR:   DS    2      ; PTR TO DIR$ ENTRY
LOG$DRIVE: DS    1      ; DRIVE NUMBER TO LOG IN FOR CATALOG
CHNGFLG:   DS    1      ; CHANGE FLAG; 0=NO CHANGE ON DISK, OFFH=CHANGE
PUT$CNT:   DS    1

```

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```
PUT$LOC: DS 1 ; PUT$ENTRY BUFFER FOR FILE COUNT
NEGFLG: DS 2 ; POSITION OF CURRENT DIRECTORY ENTRY IN BUFF
FILE$COUNT: DS 1 ; NEGATE SELECTION FLAG; 0=NO NEGATION, OFFH=NEGATE
DIR$COUNT: DS 1 ; NUMBER OF FILES IN DIR
ENTRY$COUNT: DS 1 ; NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN DIR
PAUF: DS MAX$CHAR+1 ; PRINT HEADING BUFFER
TFCB: DS 33 ; TEMP FCB
TITLE$LINE: DS '---' ; PAGE NUMBER/TITLE SEPARATOR
TBUFF: DS 128 ; TEMP BUFFER AREA
LDSP: DS 1 ; LEADING <SP> FLAG
LF$LG: DS 1 ; LOGIN FLAG; OFFH=NO CHANGE, OTHERWISE DRIVE
STACK EQU $ ; XDIR STACK SPACE
WORK$BYTE: DS 1 ; BUFFER FOR GET/PUT
GET$BUFFER: DS 128 ; BUFFER FOR GET
GET$BUFFER$PTR: DS 2 ; PTR FOR GET
GET$BYTE$CNT: DS 1 ; BYTE COUNT FOR GET
PUT$BUFFER: DS 128 ; BUFFER FOR PUT
PUT$BUFFER$PTR: DS 2 ; PTR FOR PUT
PUT$BYTE$CNT: DS 1 ; BYTE COUNT FOR PUT
READ$FILE$PTR: DS 2 ; PTR TO FILE PCB FOR GET
WRITE$FILE$PTR: DS 2 ; PTR TO FILE PCB FOR PUT
DIRI: DS 11*64+1 ; 11 BYTES/ENTRY; 64 ENTRIES MAX; END IN CTRL-Z
```

PAGE 52 — SOURCE LISTING OF CAT.ASM 3 AUGUST 1980

DIR2: DS 11*64 ; SAME FOR DIR2

END

