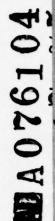




DDC 200 Lunu

SUSILI



RADC-TR-79-179, V Final Technical Report September 1979 AUTOMATE PRODUCTIO AUTOMATED AIR INFORMATION **PRODUCTION SYSTEM, PHASE I Executive Summary**

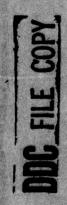
Synectics Corporation

RADC-TR-79-179, Vol I (of five)

N. Bottini P. Nash

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

B LEVEL III



ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER **Air Force Systems Command** Griffiss Air Force Base, New York 13441

79 11=05·260

This report has been reviewed by the RADC Information Office (OI) and is releasable to the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). At NTIS it will be releasable to the general public, including foreign nations.

RADC-TR-79-179, Vol I (of five) has been reviewed and is approved for publication.

APPROVED:

OHN R. BAUMANN **Project Engineer**

APPROVED:

78 Dans

HOWARD DAVIS **Technical Director** Intelligence & Reconnaissance Division

FOR THE COMMANDER: John & Huce

JOHN P. HUSS Acting Chief, Plans Office

If your address has changed or if you wish to be removed from the RADC mailing list, or if the addressee is no longer employed by your organization, please notify RAIC (IRRP), Griffiss AFB NY 13441. This will assist us in maintaining a current mailing list.

Do not return this copy. Retain or destroy.

19/77R-79-179-104-1 UNCLASSIFIED SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered) READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM **REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE** REPORT NUMBER 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. 3- RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER RADC-TR-79-179, Vol I (of five) 7 TITLE (and Subtitle) 6 AUTOMATED AIR INFORMATION PRODUCTION SYSTEM. Final Technical Report, PHASE I. Volume I. Executive Summary. 26 Apr 77- 26 Jul 78. 1 AUTHOR(.) 8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(. N./Bottini F30602 0065 P./Nash PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS Synectics Corporation 91370207 310 E. Chestnut Street Rome NY 13440 Rome Air Development Center (IRRP) REPOR Septe 1979 Griffiss AFB NY 13441 It'leta Mala - V Vela 64 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II dillerent from Controlling Office) 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Same UNCLASSIFIED 15. DECLASSIFICATION / DOWNGRADING N/A 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release distribution unlimited. 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, 11 different from Report) Same s. . . . 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES RADC Project Engineer: John Baumann (IRRP) 1979 6 9. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Automated Cartography B Automated Flight Information Product Production Text Composition and Editing Electron Beam Recorder Film Output 20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report details developmental efforts in providing the initial phase of a fully automated Air Information Production System (AAIPS) for the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center. The system is used to produce DOD Flight Information Publications (FLIPS); Navigation/Planning and Special Purpose Charts; Special Products; and the Automated Air Facility Information File. The requirements, functional design and operational considerations of the AAIPS Charting, Air Facilities, and Publishing Subsystems are presented. The principal purpose of the three subsystems is the reduction of the labor (Cont'd) DD 1 JAN 73 1473 UNCLASSIFIED SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date)

UNCLASSIFIED SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

Item 20 (Cont'd)

(manual) required for the revision and publication of information critical to flight operations and logistical planning. Improvement of response time between receipt of changes to air navigation/air facilities data and the dissemination of new data to all users, is also provided. The Publishing Sub-system permits publications to be produced on electronic equipment and extends the power and flexibility of digital manipulation to the updating and reformatting of publications. The Air Facilities Subsystem provides maintenance of the AAFIF data bases, selective data base retrieval, special report generation and generation of formatted tape files for film negative output. The Charting Subsystem provides capture, revision and output of graphic data appearing throughout the DMAAC Flight Information Publications, through preservation of data in digital form and providing techniques to simplify alteration of the data. DANKE IN smost

REPORT OF THE REPORT ATTON PAGE

White Section NTIS Buff Section DDC UNANNOUNCED JUSTIFICATION RY DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY CODES Dist. AVAIL. and/or SPECIAL afabading testing (ALTER) and Light book a

ACCESSION for

UNCLASSIFIED

Braches 9 action and and be for one will 9 as a

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Date Entered)

garitha and anala tapaman and

TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARY

FINAL REPORT - AUTOMATED AIR INFORMATION PRODUCTION SYSTEM

1. Technical Problem

The Aeronautical Information Department (AD) of the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center (DMAAC) is responsible for the acquisition, maintenance evaluation, and exploitation of aeronautical information to support Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Charts and Flight Information Publications (FLIPS) distributed worldwide. This information is provided to the Department of Defense (DoD) and other agencies and authorized users for flight operations and logistical planning purposes. The major AD production programs are DoD Flight Information Publications (FLIPS), Navigation/Planning and Special Purpose Charts, Special Products, and Automated Air Facility Information File (AAFIF). Each production program also results in several outputs.

The AAIPS system involves a functional configuration comprised of three subsystems: Publishing; Air Facility; and Charting. These subsystems accomplish the automated production workload of all FLIPS and the AAFIF. This effort encompassed the analysis, design, and specification of all hardware components, software and all user procedures comprising each subsystem.

The FLIP products are associated with the following geographical areas: Alaska, Pacific Australasia Anaractica, Canada North Atlantic, United States, Caribbean South America, Europe North Africa Middle East, and Africa. For each of these geographical areas Planning documents, Enroute Charts and Supplements, and Terminal Procedures are produced.

The AAFIF contains evaluated information pertaining to all foreign free world airways. The informational content is categorized as General Identification and Description, Operational Users, Navigation Aids and Communications, Airfield Descriptions, Maintenance and Servicing, Special Purpose Equipment Base Services, and Transportation Weather. A total of about 90 different products constitute the scheduled production.

1

2. General Methodology

Methods used during the course of the project included the review and assessment of production environments, current hardware systems, and software technology. Product data bases were developed and independent subsystems were designed and implemented according to user requirements. Interactive software and procedures were also established. Subsystem test and evaluation were performed at DMAAC, St. Louis, MO.

Aquicy & Longage Center (DMARC) is responsible for the

3. Technical Results

The AAIPS pilot system concluded that the concept was valid, efficient on-line revision existed, operational procedures were the key to integration, and the selected hardware was responsive. The major technical result was the production of quality graphics and products meeting all FLIP production specifications currently in use.

4. Implications for Further Research

Three major areas should be addressed as future considerations: interfaces; products; and technology. Regarding interfaces, consideration could be given to the possible digital transmission of the AAFIF and FLIP products or possibly a subset of the product by-passing the recording and printing process at DMAAC. The products area should be seriously considered for further research. Under this area, format size and of special interest, symbology should be reveiwed to provide streamling of product specification and thus providing greater flexibility. The technologies of computer/peripheral hardware, telecommunications hardware, and printer/plotter/recorders should be monitored.

5. Special Comments

The AAIPS is one of the first major multiple-technology systems implemented in the production environment for the purpose of supporting cartographic production requirements.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	TITLE	PAGE
1 1-10	INTRODUCTION	1-1
1.0	General	1-1
1.1	Background	1-1
1.1.1	Flight Information Publications	1-1
1.1.2	Navigation/Planning and Special Purpose Charts	1-3
1.1.3	Aeronautical Information Special Products	1-3
1.1.4	Automated Air Facilities Information File (AAFIF)	1-3
1.2	Purpose	1-4
1.3	Report Organization	1-4
1.4	References	1-5
2	AAIPS SYSTEM OVERVIEW	. 2-1
2.0	Overall Requirements/Capabilities	2-1
2.1	Operational Environment	2-3
2.1.1	Operational Procedures	2-3
2.1.2	Hardware	2-3
2.1.3	Personnel	2-3
2.2	Subsystems	2-8
2.2.1	Publishing Subsystem	2-8
2.2.2	Air Facilities Subsystem	2-9
2.2.3	Charting Subsystem	2-10
3	TEST AND EVALUATION	3-1
3.0	General	3-1
3.1	Air Facilities Subsystem	3-1
3.2	Publishing Subsystem	3-2
3.3	Air Facilities Subsystem	3-2
3.4	Charting Subsystem	3-3
3.5	Electron Beam Recorder	3-4
4	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	4-1
4.0	General	4-1

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

SECTION	TITLE	SALT	PAGE
4.1	Conclusions	דאותי באין בייני בייני בייני בייני	4-1
4.2	Recommendations and Future Co	onsiderations	4-6
4.2.1	Recommendation	Let one Data	4-6
4.2.2	Future Considerations	Flight Informati	4-9
	ing and special ranges Charts		
	prestion Special Products	ant factions ine	
	APPENDIX	A Lometed ALF Pa	
		Purpose	
APPENDIX A	AAIPS OUTPUT EXAMPLES	Report Organi sat	2
		Peter aces	·
1.4.		ALD STOTE STATEM OVE	
Lee S	saitiliden " mahilities		
		ival inclusion	1.5
		Operational Proc	
		erowbree	
		Personal *	
		Subsystem	
		Polatistic Pola	
9.45			242.2
		dia dia parte dia dia dia	2.2.3*
	TON	TAVE ONA TELE	
		istenao	
		. anifition via	
	med *	Pablishing Super	
		e antilites sua	
			3.4
	and see	Electron Star Rear	
	PHONE HAVELON	A CONCENTRATIONS	

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.	TITLE additional maliagnoisi all bersaotus add	PAGE
2-1	AUTOMATED AIR INFORMATION PRODUCTION SYSTEM	2-2
2-2	AAIPS FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW	2-4
2-3	CHARTING SUBSYSTEM DIGITIZING/PROCESSING STATION	2-5
2-4	CHARTING SUBSYSTEM OUTPUT DEVICE (ELECTRON BEAM RECORDER)	2-6
2-5	AIR FACILITIES/PUBLISHING SUBSYSTEMS PILOT HARDWARE CONFIGURATION	2-7
4-1	AAIPS SYSTEM PARAMETERS	4-2
4-2	AAIPS PILOT SYSTEM CONCLUSIONS	4-3
4-3	AAIPS PILOT SOFTWARE SUMMARY	4-7

data base than is presently available

EVALUATION

The Automated Air Information Production System (AAIPS) is being integrated into the production environment of the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center's Aeronautical Information Department (DMAAC/AD) in a phased manner. The first phase, which this report covers, involved a total system design with implementation of a pilot system to prove system design concepts and operational software. Successful testing of the pilot system has shown that AAIPS will be able to meet the strict schedules imposed on production of Flight Information Publications and will provide a more efficient and up-to-date Air Facilities data base than is presently available.

BAUMANN Project Engineer

SECTION I INTRODUCTION

1.0 General

This is the final Technical Report, Automated Air Information Production System (AAIPS), Rome Air Development Center Contract Number F30602-77-C-0065. This report is submitted as required by Contract CDRL Item A012 and has been prepared in accordance with Data Item Description DI-S-3591/A, MIL-STD-847A and other pertinent directives.

1.1 Background

The Aeronautical Information Department (AD) of the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center (DMAAC) is responsible for the acquisition, maintenance evaluation and exploitation of aeronautical information to support Defense Mapping Agency (DMA) Aerospace Charts and Flight Information Publications (FLIPS) distributed worldwide. This information is provided to the Department of Defense (DoD) and other agencies and authorized users for flight operations and logistical planning purposes.

The major AD production programs include:

✓ DoD Flight Information Publications (FLIPS);

Navigation/Planning and Special Purpose Charts;

✓ Special Products; and

✓ Automated Air Facility Information File (AAFIF).

1.1.1 Flight Information Publications

FLIP products are associated with the following geographical areas: Alaska,

Pacific Australasia Anaractica,

Canada North Atlantic,

United States,

Caribbean South America,

Europe North Africa Middle East, and Africa.

For each geographical area AFLIPs of the following general types are produced: Planning documents, Enroute Charts and Supplements, and Terminal Procedures.

1.1.1.1 Planning Documents

Each of the eight separate planning documents primarily consist of preflight planning information such as special use air space and pilot procedures. These documents collectively consist of about 50,000 lines of text. There are about 3600 update transactions performed annually to the planning documents representing about 38,500 text line changes.

1.1.1.2 Enroute Charts & Supplements

The 89 Enroute Charts are produced in large graphic format (20" X 45") and typically require over 30,000 changes per year. The six textual Enroute Supplements contain 140,000 lines of text. Nearly 45,000 update transactions are performed on these documents annually representing over 62,000 lines of text changes. Information contained within these documents are airway system/ special use airspace, aerodrome data, and navigational facilities. The Enroute Supplements for foreign areas also contain sketches of selected aerodromes and heliports.

The IFR Enroute Supplement U.S. is essentially textual content with no aerodrome sketches.

The VFR Supplement for the United States contains aerodrome information consisting of aerodrome sketches with supporting text of military and general aviation VFR aerodromes (landplanes, seaplanes, and helicopters).

1.1.1.3 Terminal Procedures

The publications are standardized graphics illustrating predetermined maneuvers for runway approaches and landings and instrument meterological conditions. The three basic types of Terminal Procedures are: Instrument Approach Procedures (IAPs); Standard Instrument Departures (SIDs); and Terminal Charts

There are approximately 3000 IAPs for which over 17000 changes are made annually. Similarly there are over 1350 SIDs for which as many as 2400 changes are made per year. Finally, there are nearly 550 terminal charts for which over 1600 updates are made each year.

1.1.2 Navigation/Planning and Special Purpose Charts

The charts in this series all require special overprints containing selected aeronautical information such as airfields, electronic navigation aids, and special use airspace. The overprint data is portrayed by symbolization with textual description. The annual workload is nearly 1000 compilations/revisions per year. The types of charts and their associated product scales are as follows:

Tactical Pilotage Chart	1:500,000;	
Operational Navigation Chart	1:1,000,000;	
Jet Navigation Chart	1:2,000,000; and	
Global Navigation/Planning Chart	1:5,000,000.	

1.1.3 Aeronautical Information Special Products

The special products are of three varieties:

Aeronautical Video Mapping;

Tactical Situation Displays; and

Air Field Diagrams.

1.1.4 Automated Air Facilities Information File (AAFIF)

AAFIF is an automated file of evaluated information pertaining to all foreign free world airways. Approximately 44,000 airfield records are

currently maintained on the AAFIF with about 2700 information updates received by AD daily. AAFIF resides on reels of magnetic tape and a disk file on the UNIVAC 1108 with the informational content categorized as follows:

General Identification and Description;

Operational Users;

Navigation Aids and Communications;

Airfield Description;

Maintenance and Servicing;

Special Purpose Equipment Base Services; and

Transporation Weather.

Outputs derived from AAFIF source information, totaling about 90 different products, are recorded on magnetic tape or printed. About onethird are in digital tape format with the remainder as hardcopy printed reports. Scheduled product users are:

Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA);

World Wide Military Command and Control System (WWMCCS); and Other U. S. Government Agencies.

1.2 Purpose

This report is the culmination of the work performed during Phase I of the AAIPS program development. Included herein is information regarding the System Overview, Training, Test and Evaluation, and Conclusions and Recommendations. The requirements, functional design, and operational considerations of each subsystem will be presented.

1.3 Report Organization

This report is organized into five volumes. Volume One deals with the AAIPS System Overview, Training, Test and Evaluation and presents Conclusions and Recommendations. Each of the remaining four volumes deal with one of the subsystems, its functional requirements, design, operational considerations, and conclusions and recommendations.

1.4 References

The numerous references used for the completion of this project and the production of reports are either required or fall under the SOW specifications. SECTION 2 AAIPS SYSTEM OVERVIEW

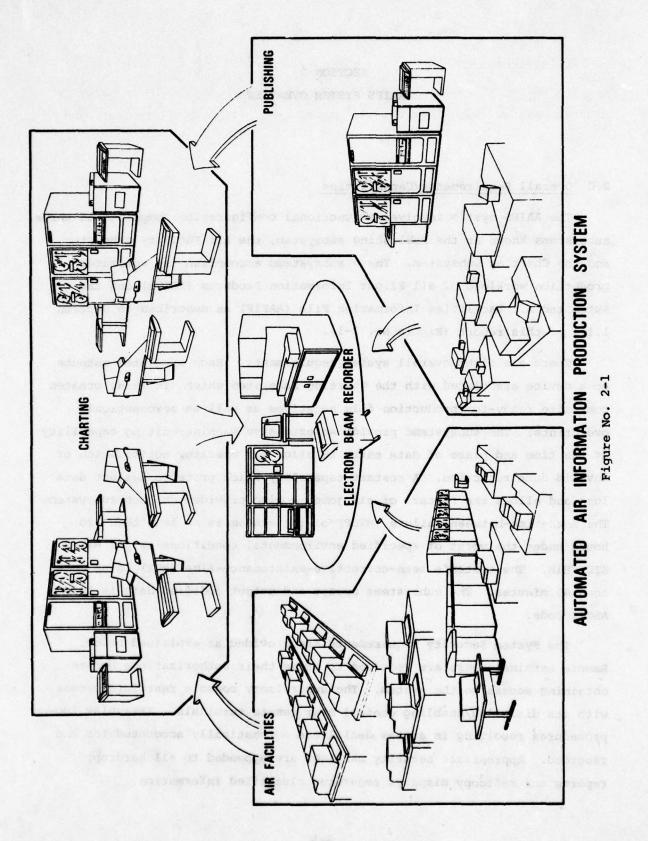
2.0 Overall Requirements/Capabilities

The AAIPS system involves a functional configuration comprised of three subsystems known as the Publishing subsystem, the Air Facility subsystem, and the Charting subsystem. These subsystems accomplish the automated production workload of all Flight Information Products (FLIPs) and the Automated Air Facilities Information File (AAFIF) as described in Section 1.1.1 of this report (Figure No. 2-1).

There are eight overall system requirements. Each subsystem outputs to a device associated with the Charting Subsystem which, in turn, creates composite ready-for-production film negatives as well as aeronautical overprints. The subsystems provide an extensive machine-editing capability at the time and place of data entry to allow for operator notification of invalid data rejection. A restart capability which protects against data loss and allows the restart of all jobs is also provided on each subsystem. The mean-time-between failure (MTBF) of the system is no less than 120 hours under the worst of specified environmental conditions as per MIL-STD-781B. The system's mean-corrective-maintenance-time (MCT) is no more than 45 minutes. The subsystems accept and output codified data is in ASCII code.

The System Security requirements are provided as explained below. Remote terminal users are required to prove their authorizations before obtaining access to the system. The supervisory console restricts access with its disabling/enabling control over remote terminals. Irregular log-on procedures resulting in access denial are automatically accounted for and recorded. Appropriate security markings are appended to all hardcopy reports and softcopy displays regarding classified information.

2-1



2-2

2.1 Operational Environment

The AAIPS system operational environment manifests itself in three tangible perspectives: operational procedures; hardware environment; and personnel functions. The overall functional framework implemented for the AAIPS will be integrated within the AD environment as illustrated in Figure No. 2-2. The Automation Division will assume the responsibility for the management of the AAIPS production environment.

2.1.1 Operational Procedures

The operational procedures within the Aeronautical Department have undergone several changes with the addition of the Charting, Air Facilities, and Publishing subsystems. These changes are necessary to provide for a smooth integration of the AAIPS into the current organizational structure. The details of these procedures are listed in subsequent volumes of this report. It is projected that the operational procedures will be refined, on a continual basis, at some point where they are deemed optimum.

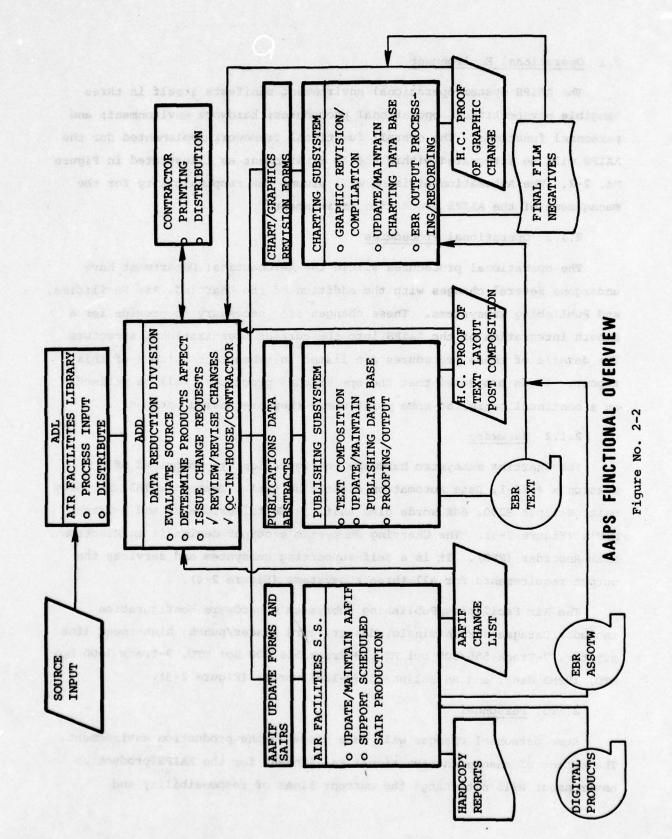
2.1.2 Hardware

The Charting subsystem hardware configuration is comprised of a Tektronix 4014-1, Data Automation digitizing table, Tektronix 4631 hardcopy unit, Eclipse S230, 54K words disk unit, 192MB teleprinters, and 9-Track MTU's (Figure 2-3). The Charting Subsystem's output device is an Electron Beam Recorder (EBR). It is a self-supporting subsystem and services the output requirements for all three subsystems (Figure 2-4).

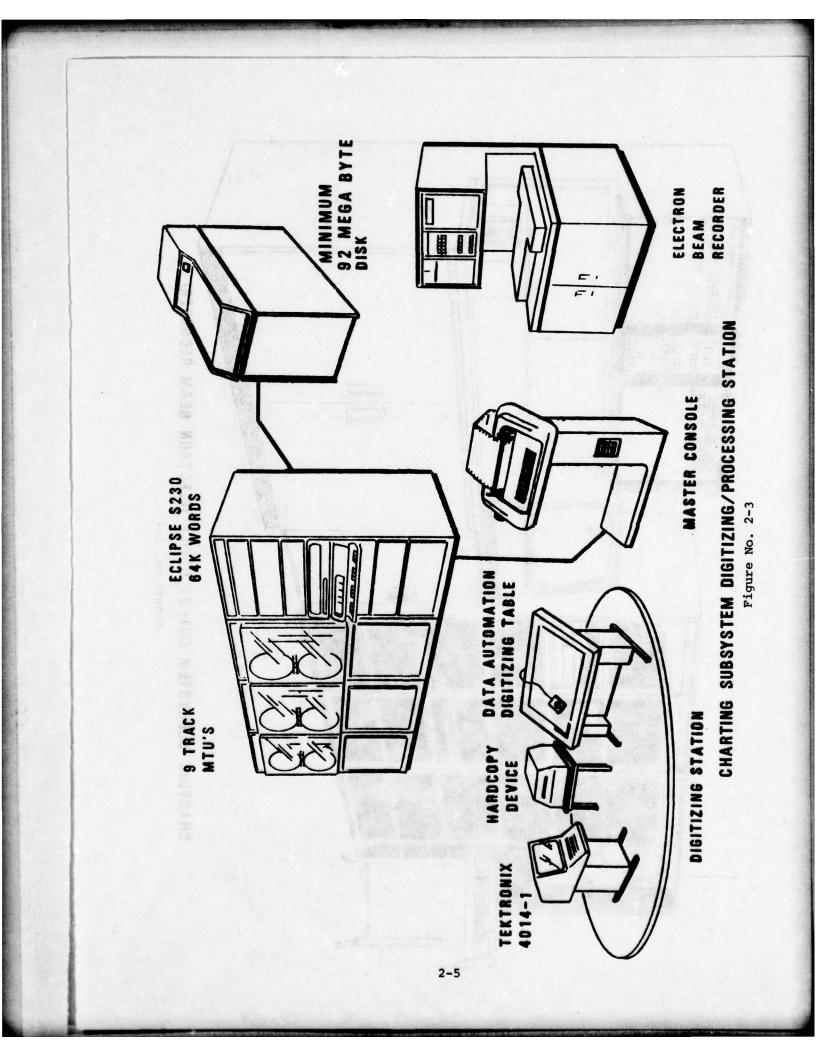
The Air Facilities/Publishing Subsystem's hardware configuration includes Datagraphix terminals, dasher, card reader/punch, high-speed line printer, 7-Track 556/800 bpi MTU, 9-Track 556/800 bpi MTU, 9-Track 1600 bpi MTU, 192MB disk, and an Eclipse C330-128K words. (Figure 2-5).

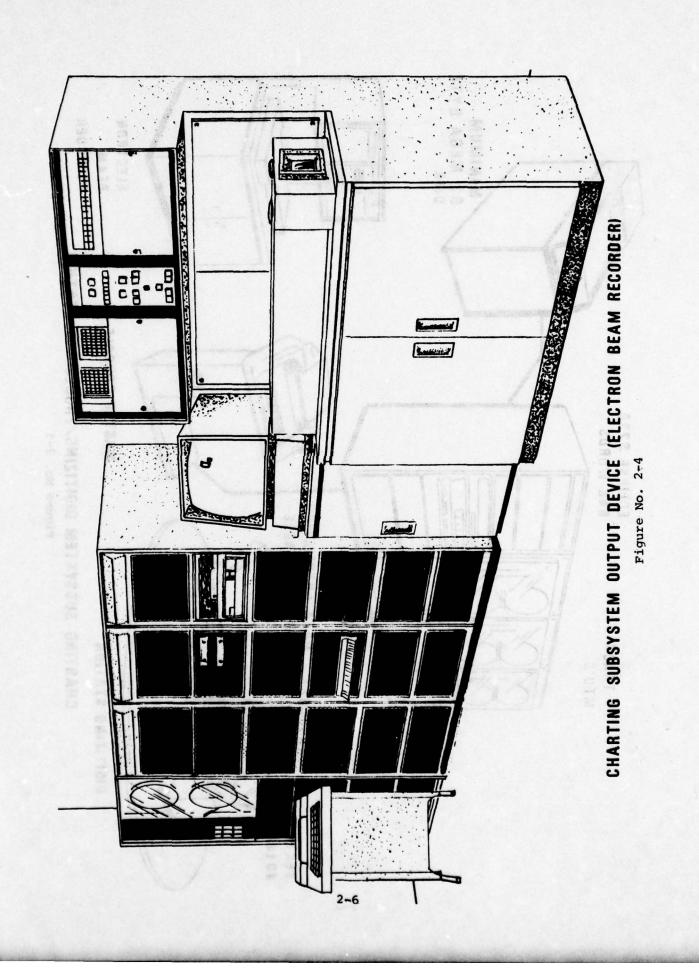
2.1.3 Personnel

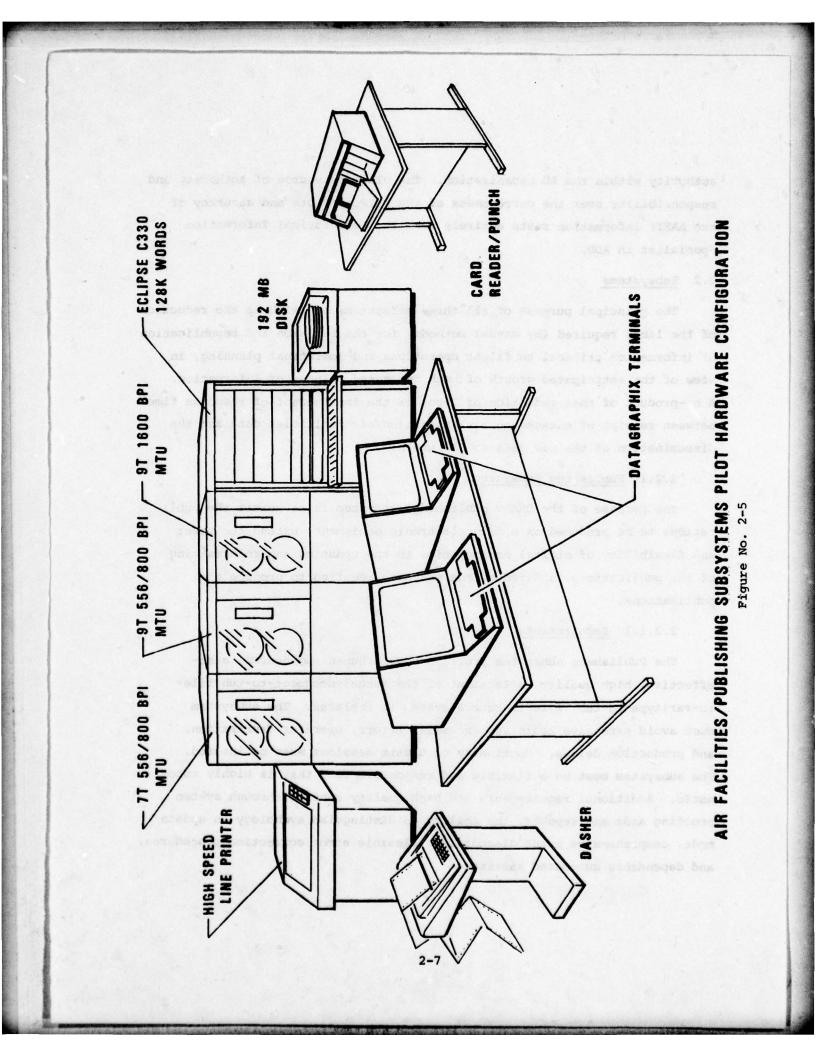
Some personnel changes will take place in the production environment. The extent of change and functional realignment for the AAIPS production environment will not change the current lines of responsibility and



2-4







authority within the AD organization. The ultimate source of authority and responsibility over the correctness of the FLIP products and accuracy of the AAFIF information rests entirely with the Aeronautical Information Specialist in ADD.

2.2 Subsystems

The principal purpose of all three subsystems of AAIPS is the reduction of the labor required (by manual methods) for the revision and republication of information critical to flight operations and logistical planning, in view of the anticipated growth of both types and volumes of information. A by-product of that reduction of labor is the improvement of response time between receipt of changes to air navigation/air facilities data and the dissemination of the new data to all users.

2.2.1 Publishing Subsystem

The purpose of the DMAAC publishing subsystem is to permit the publications to be produced on modern electronic equipment, extend the power and flexibility of digital manipulation to the updating and reformatting of the publications, and reduce the manpower required to produce the publications.

2.2.1.1 Requirements

The Publishing subsystem provides a well human engineered, costeffective, high quality replacement of the manual document-to-tub fileto-varitype-to-tub file-to-camera system it replaces. The subsystem must avoid extensive training, excessive errors, operator frustration, and production delays. Continuity of update sessions must be insured. The subsystem must be a flexible and responsive tool that is highly automatic. Additional requirements are high quality control through system proofing aids and reports, the ability to distinguish symbology in update mode, comprehensive error diagnostics, flexible error correction procedures, and dependable automated assistance.

2.2.1.2 Functional Design

The DMAAC Publishing subsystem is designed to create and maintain complex flight information publications (FLIPs) used by military pilots all over the world. The major functional areas are: log-on/log-off; publication identification and creation; display manipulation; update pages; file management; publication reports and statistics; repagination and output to CBR; and publication proofing. Each of these are described in detail in subsequent volumes of this report.

2.2.1.3 Operational Considerations

The Aeronautical Information Department (AD) of DMAAC publishes flight and air facilities information. These publications are used by DoD agencies, U.S. Commands, military services, and other authorized users for flight operations and logistical planning. These publications result in about 140 issues and 1.5 million lines of text per year with a 50% annual character change rate. The data base structure of the Publishing subsystem is designed to accommodate that data necessary for the production of the publications as well as the ready access and maintenance of the data.

2.2.2 Air Facilities Subsystem

The Air Facilities subsystem is tasked with the responsibility of maintaining the AAFIF data base and supporting on-line queries, selective data base retrieval, AAFIF special report generation, scheduled tape and hardcopy report generation, and generation of formatted tape files for the Charting output device to record film negatives of the ASSOTW report.

2.2.2.1 Requirements

The Air Facilities subsystem is required to receive input in the form of AAFIF update request forms, special air information requests, interactive analyst's queries and data entry through local and remote terminals, and auxiliary tape input for AAFIF conversion. The Air Facilities subsystem is required to provide data base processing, update, and retrieval, hardcopy printout, output and ASSOTW EBR tape processing, security, and special report generation. Compliance with these requirements result in the following outputs: extracted subsets of AAFIF data base, AAFIF special reports, special and scheduled tape and hardcopy products from AAFIF data base, and ASSOTW EBR tapes for the Charting subsystem. The Air Facilities subsystem must also provide the means for displaying AAFIF file contents for analyst's review (local and remote).

2.2.2.2 Functional Design

The major functional areas of the Air Facilities subsystem are: data base initialization, data base update, data base retrieval, product output. These areas allow the subsystem to fulfill its requirements to AAIPS as well as utilizing the Automated Air Facilities Information File (AAFIF). Each of these are discussed in detail in subsequent volumes of this report.

2.2.2.3 Operational Considerations

The Air Facilities subsystem data base is designed to assist in the maintenance and production of ASSOTWs, SAIRs, and update functions by the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center. The effort's main purpose is to create an on-line retrieval and update system that permits interactive dialogues between users and the computer. This subsystem contains the 2300 airfield records of the AAFIF data base and completes an average of 135* update transactions per day. *(This number is expected to increase to 2000).

2.2.3 Charting Subsystem

The Charting subsystem of the Automated Air Information Production System (AAIPS) is tasked with the capture, revision, and output of graphic data appearing throughout the DMAAC Flight Information Publications (FLIPs). Consistent with the time-saving purpose of all three subsystems, the Charting subsystem achieves its goal by the preservation of data in digital form and providing techniques to effect the simplicity of alteration of the data.

2.2.3.1 Requirements

The subsystem is required to support the creation and maintenance of a FLIP graphic data base which is further exploited to generate other FLIP products. The Charting subsystem also accepts data from the Publishing and Air Facilities subsystems, merges charting data with textual data from the Publishing subsystem, and generates final film negatives that are ready for production through the Electron Beam Recorder.

2.2.3.2 Functional Design

The Charting subsystem provides interactive data acquisition/revision, EBR data processing, EBR control processing/recording, EBR symbol/text library maintenance, charting data base maintenance, EBR graphic data base maintenance. The four major functional areas are: Interactive Data Acquisition, EBR Data Preparation, EBR Control Processing, Master Font/ Symbol File Processing.

2.2.3.3 Operational Considerations

The Charting subsystem is designed and implemented in a functionally modular fashion with each operation performed having a very discrete result. Well defined functions are implemented which, under operator control, can be linked together to accomplish very complex digitizing or editing functions. The system is menu-driven with the menu containing thirteen (13) functional capabilities which are devided into 162 subfunctions or operations.

2.2.3.4 EBR

All three subsystems make use of the advanced technology of the EBR for high speed, high quality output plotting/recording. Data is converted into images on electron sensitive film. The EBR provides a method of creating the final separation negatives with line, point, and area symbology which go to the printer subsequent to field distribution. The result is a more efficient and complete capability of DMAAC to maintain airfield data

2-11

and prepare hardcopy products for distribution.

The minimum key characteristics of the EBR computer-controller and peripherals are CPU (with options such as 32K-16 bit word memory, automatic power fail detection/restart, and direct memory access interface), disk controller and drive (2M words capacity), magnetic tape controller and transport, console teletype or equivalent dot-matrix type terminals, and display processor monitor, vector, discrete point, and alphanumeric capability. The overall EBR system is also required to be equipped for the suppression of radio frequency interference and radiation in accordance with MIL-STD-461.

The EBR also has its own tape format, data file, and symbol library to be used within the subsystems.

2.2.3.5 Training

For reasons of practicality, manpower allocation, training, supervision, and functional security, the potential for a clear separation of personnel functions has been provided. The strict separation of major software functions enables a corresponding separation of personnel functions: ADA system personnel, responsible for maintaining the system and changing its behavior if necessary, operator personnel for updating and maintaining the AAFIF data base.

It is obvious that a software design which follows clear functional objectives facilitates a corresponding division of personnel functions and responsibilities as well. It makes it easier for management to define specific rules, to train for them, and to maintain supervisory control over both personnel and the system. The fine tuning of functions is an inherent capability which allows for some duties to be the responsibility of a few specially trained persons.

It is apparent that some personnel changes will be necessary; some have already been accomplished. It is important to note that the

personnel roles created to operate AAIPS will not change the current lines of responsibility and authority within the AD organization. The ultimate source of authority and responsibility over the correctness of the FLIP products and accuracy of the AAFIF information rests entirely with the Air Information Specialist in ADD.

SECTION 3

TEST AND EVALUATION

3.0 General

The subsystems acceptance and evaluation tests were performed to demonstrate that the capabilities required by the SOW were met or exceeded. All testing took place at DMAAC, St. Louis, MO.

3.1 Air Facilities Subsystem

The objectives of the Air Facilities subsystem tests were to (1) demonstrate that hardware, software, and firmware capabilities supplied by vendors performed and met the criteria as stated in SOW requirements (2) that Air Facility functions performed in a manner such that the results and procedures of its functions matched or exceeded the requirements as stated in the SOW and (3) that these functions could properly execute and perform over the Air Facility data volume.

The tests were designed to achieve three major objectives in evaluating the Charting Subsystem. The first series covered all aspects of the subsystems functionality. The second was to verify that the Charting Subsystem Pilot data base could be stored and recalled repeatedly from disks without jeopardizing the data files' contents. The last objective was to demonstrate acquisition and revision procedures against typical chart products including the IAP, SID, Enroute, and AP/2.

Tests for the Publishing Subsystem demonstrated the adequacy of the vendor hardware/software, verified the proper functioning of the Publishing software capabilities (hypenation, justification, repagination/EBR output, global file editing, and auto indexing/retrieval), full repertoire of edit commands, measured throughput times, and measured the performance of the subsystem with regard to incorporating actual changes into the data base corresponding to FLIP publications.

3.2 Publishing Subsystem

Tests 1-37 of the AAIPS Publishing Subsystem Test and Evaluation Procedures, Volume 3 were designated as inspection tests and included operational and non-operational hardware characteristics, general edit and update capabilities, and vendor supplied software characteristics. These tests were successfully conducted and approved during the specified test period. The test regarding sufficiency of memory size was approved after all required software had been shown to be operational.

Functional tests regarding hyphenation; center, left, right justification; repagination/EBR output; global file editing; and auto indexing/retrieval were performed. In addition, tests pertaining to the merged text/graphic capability and the volume test for publishing throughput were performed.

Volume Test Timings were conducted utilizing the Test data base. Change throughput exceeded expectations by a considerable 50% of prediction. Timings are expected to improve based upon the findings that publication and system familiarity affected throughput to a much greater extent than did volume of change. The test succeeded in demonstrating prototype Publishing Subsystem capability to process more than 1/15 of FLIP changes.

All inspection tests were performed satisfactorily and government approval was obtained.

3.3 Air Facilities Subsystem

Three types of tests were conducted; inspection, function, and volume. Inspection Tests presented in a visual or practical manner of a particular hardware, software or firmware function. Function tests dealt with the demonstration of a required system capability such as an add, update, or delete. Volume tests dealt with performing a function over 1/15 of the Air Facility data base. Tests were conducted during the period of 15-30 September 1978.

The methodology used in constructing the test was: (1) the construction of a Test Result Certification Matrix (2) the construction of a test pro-

cedures matrix; and (3) the construction of a function/volume test sheet for tests requiring the demonstration of complex functions or volume testing.

The major conclusion from these tests was that the Air Facility system, in a two-week period using one analyst, successfully accomplished the work of several analysts who would generate the same volume in a two-week period.

The prime conclusion is that the functions as proposed, designed, and implemented performed over 1/15 of the Air Facility volume.

3.4 Charting Subsystem

The Charting subsystem was designed and implemented in a functionally modular fashion. Each operation performed has a very discrete result. Therefore, a series of tests was necessary to demonstrate that all of the functions required in the SOW were implemented and working properly.

The tests were designed to achieve three major objectives in evaluating the Charting subsystem and are specified in the <u>AAIPS Charting Subsystem Test</u> <u>and Evaluation Plan, Vol 2.</u> The first series of tests were conducted to cover all aspects of the "hsystem;s functionality. These included: all station hardware; demonstration of how font/symbol files were generated, edited, and verified as to completeness of character, widths, and spacing; and a digitizing session in which every major function has been utilized from the menu. The second objective was to verify that subsystem's pilot data base could be stored and recalled repeatedly from disks without jeopardizing data file contents. The third objective was to demonstrate acquisition and revision procedures against typical chart products including the IAP, SID, Enroute, and AP/2. Products generated were to total 1/15 of the total Charting workload.

System testing was performed between 3 June and 13 June 1978 at DMAAC/AD, Building #3, Area 27, AAIPS Facility, Charting Room 2. The charting subsystem successfully passed every area of evaluation found in the <u>AAIPS</u> <u>Charting Subsystem Test and Evaluation Plan.</u> cedures matrix; and (3) the construction of a function/volume test sheet for tests requiring the demonstration of complex functions or volume testing.

The major conclusion from these tests was that the Air Facility system, in a two-week period using one analyst, successfully accomplished the work of several analysts who would generate the same volume in a two-week period.

The prime conclusion is that the functions as proposed, designed, and implemented performed over 1/15 of the Air Facility volume.

3.4 Charting Subsystem

The Charting subsystem was designed and implemented in a functionally modular fashion. Each operation performed has a very discrete result. Therefore, a series of tests was necessary to demonstrate that all of the functions required in the SOW were implemented and working properly.

The tests were designed to achieve three major objectives in evaluating the Charting subsystem and are specified in the <u>AAIPS Charting Subsystem Test</u> <u>and Evaluation Plan, Vol 2.</u> The first series of tests were conducted to cover all aspects of the subsystem;s functionality. These included: all station hardware; demonstration of how font/symbol files were generated, edited, and verified as to completeness of character, widths, and spacing; and a digitizing session in which every major function has been utilized from the menu. The second objective was to verify that subsystem's pilot data base could be stored and recalled repeatedly from disks without jeopardizing data file contents. The third objective was to demonstrate acquisition and revision procedures against typical chart products including the IAP, SID, Enroute, and AP/2. Products generated were to total 1/15 of the total Charting workload.

System testing was performed between 3 June and 13 June 1978 at DMAAC/AD, Building #3, Area 27, AAIPS Facility, Charting Room 2. The charting subsystem successfully passed every area of evaluation found in the <u>AAIPS</u> <u>Charting Subsystem Test and Evaluation Plan.</u>

3-3

3.5 Electron Beam Recorder

The test and evaluation and acceptance of the EBR by Synectics from Image Graphics Incorporated (IGI) was a two phase process. Phase one was the preliminary acceptance and training period at the vendor's site. Training was given during the period of 3-17 April 78 and preliminary acceptance took place the week of 22 May 78. (See Appendix A of the AAIPS EBR Test and Scenario, Test and Evaluation Plan - Volume V for test and acceptance procedures). Phase two of the Test and Evaluation process took place at DMAAC/AD where the acceptance test performed at IGI was repeated and an 80-hour production environment test was conducted. (See Appendix B of the above-mentioned Volume V for Test and Acceptance procedures).

The Acceptance Inspection and Tests for the AAIPS Cartographic EBR Recorder System combined "Visual Inspection" with "Operational and Recording Tests". The "Visual Inspection" section dealt with documentation, software, and hardware. The "Operational and Recording Tests handled conditions, operational and human engineering tests, electrical measurements, and recording tests. (See the above-mentioned Volume V for specifications of the Test and Evaluation.)

The second conjective was to replic to deputers's which a second content of a three could be stored and regal of repartedly from these without second chan let a the courters. The third objective was to demonstrate second then and restant operations. The third objective was to demonstrate second then restant operations against typical there proved including the tart also restances and the solution of a second to the second of the tart also the second to set also the second to set also the second to set also

der an tenting was performed between a June and 11 one 1978 as twace Building 13. Area 77. AMIPS Pacificy, Charring Room 3. The charting solutration successfully paged overy area of evelopitica found 1. the Auto charting Subspace Test and Svalution Firm.

SECTION 4 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

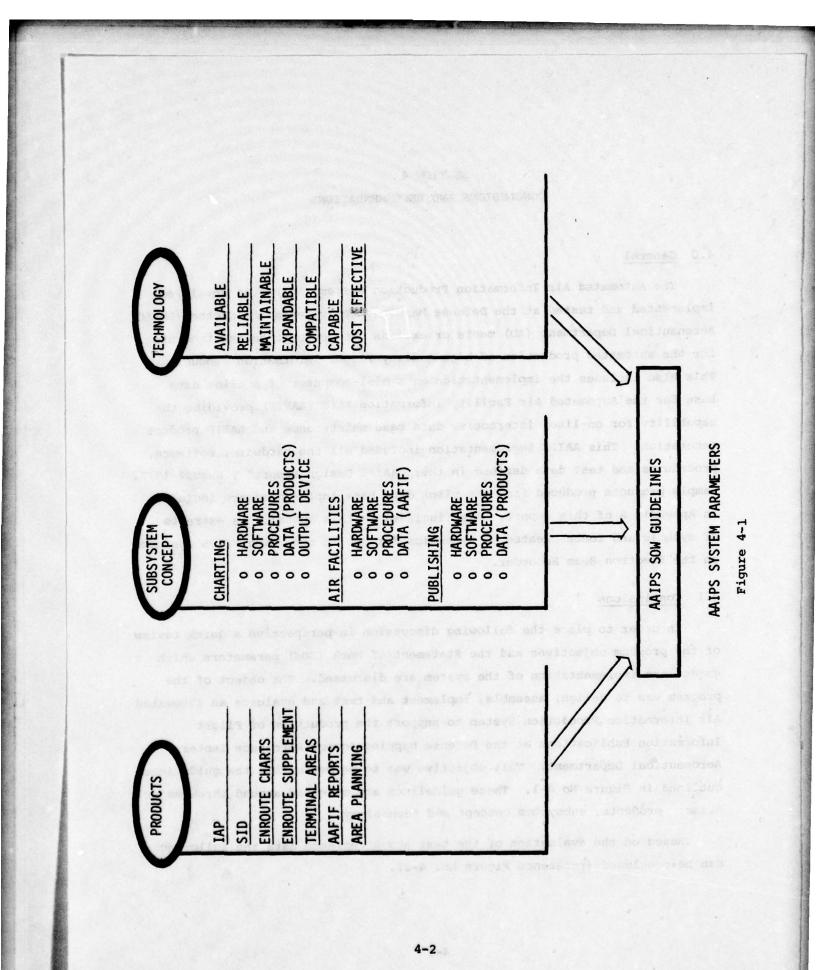
4.0 General

The Automated Air Information Production System (AAIPS) as developed, implemented and tested at the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center (DMAAC) Aeronautical Department (AD) meets or exceeds the performance requirements for the automated production of high quality Flight Information Products. This also includes the implementation on a mini-computer of a pilot data base for the Automated Air Facility Information File (AAFIF) providing the capability for on-line, interactive data base maintenance and AAFIF product generation. This AAIPS implementation included all the hardware, software, procedures and test data defined in the; "AAIPS Design Report", August 1977. Sample products produced from the pilot data base implemented are included in Appendix A of this report. Also included in this Appendix is extracts of symbols and fonts created by Synectics for use in recording FLIPS products on the Electron Beam Recorder.

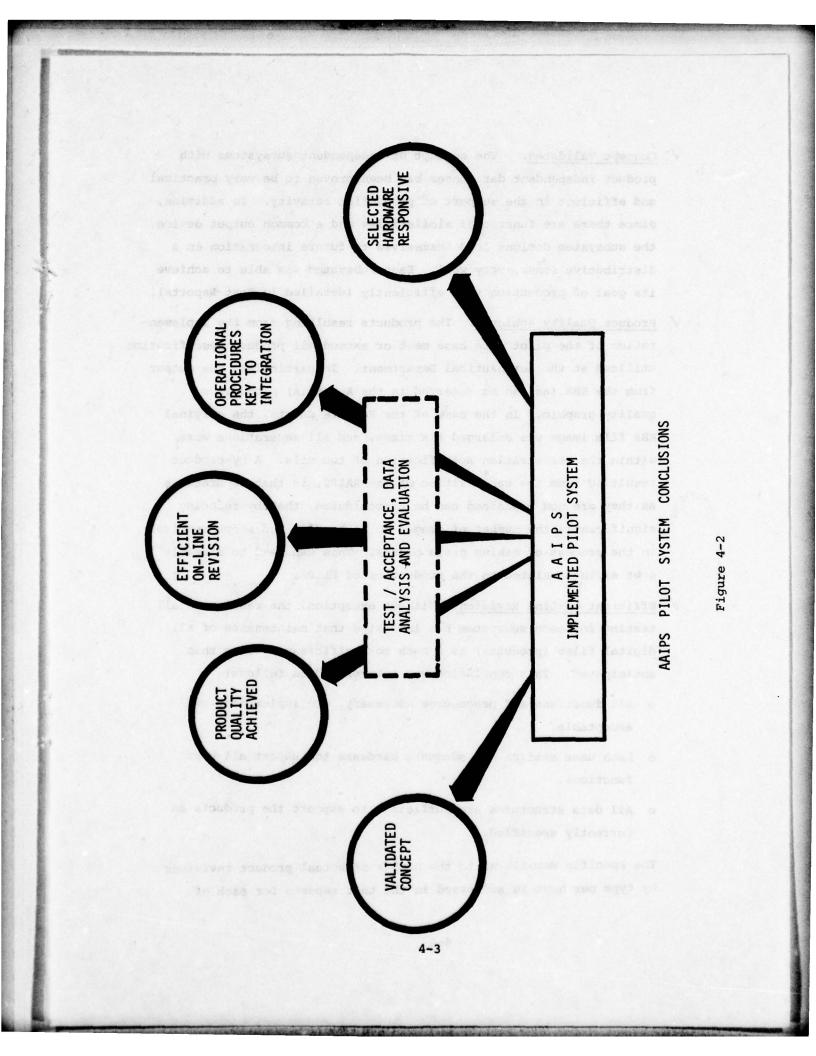
4.1 Conclusions

In order to place the following discussion in perspective a quick review of the program objectives and the Statement of Work (SOW) parameters which guided the implementation of the system are discussed. The object of the program was to design, assemble, implement and test and evaluate an Automated Air Information Proudction System to support the production of Flight Information Publications at the Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center, Aeronautical Department. This objective was to be met within the guidelines outlined in Figure No 4-1. These guidelines are oriented around three major areas: products, subsystem concept and technology.

Based on the evaluation of the test and acceptance data the following can be concluded (reference Figure No. 4-2).



4-2



- Concept Validated. The concept of independent subsystems with product independent data bases has been proven to be very practical and efficient in the support of production activity. In addition, since there are functional similarities and a common output device, the subsystem designs lend themselves to future integration in a distributive sense, very well. Each subsystem was able to achieve its goal of production very efficiently (detailed in Test Reports).
- Product Quality Achieved. The products resulting from the implementation of the pilot data base meet or exceed all product specification utilized at the Aeronautical Department. In particular, the output from the EBR (as can be observed in the Appendix) produces a quality graphic. In the case of the Enroute Charts, the original EBR film image was enlarged six times, and all separations were within the registration specification of two mils. A by-product resulting from the capabilities of the AAIPS, is that separations as they are now organized can be consolidated, thereby reducing significantly the number of images to be handled and steps involved in the process of making press plates. This can lead to sizeable cost savings related to the production of FLIPS.
- Efficient On-Line Revision. Without exception, the results of all testing for each subsystem has indicated that maintenance of all digital files (products) is a much more efficient process than anticipated. This conclusion was interpreted as follows:
 - All functions and procedures necessary, are implemented and acceptable.
 - Each user station has adequate hardware to support all user functions.
 - All data structures are sufficient to support the products as currently specified.

The specific details as to the number of actual product revisions by type per hour is addressed in the test reports for each of

4-4

the subsystems. In addition, a description of revisions by category is also addressed.

Operational Procedures. How does operational procedures affect the measure of success in the AAIPS environment? To begin with, the operational procedures defined and redefined during the pilot system proved adequate to support the necessary throughput of the AAIPS. But, an evaluation of these procedures in use, pointed to two definite conclusions:

- Procedures currently in use at the end of the pilot system can be improved within the Design of the AAIPS with no or little additional effort. This indicates that throughput can only get better with very little investment. It also demonstrates that the AAIPS Design was predicated on a solid understanding of FLIP production requirements and processes.
- 2) Operational procedures will be an even more important aspect of the Phase II AAIPS effort. Procedures not only related to the operation of user stations but equally as important, the total integration of AAIPS into the AD environment and organization.
- Selected Hardware Responsive. The best method for determining whether the user station configurations and supporting hardware was responsive to FLIP production was by observation and hands-on experience. A great deal of experience was gained in this respect because the actual pilot data base and all acceptance tests were run by AD personnel, not Synectics personnel. All SOW required hardware characteristics and response times have been satisfied. In addition, user supporting capabilities are also available such as the special cursor for the charting stations and a special keyboard for the publishing stations. All hardware is off-the-shelf, completely maintainable and meeting or exceeding all reliability and maintainability requirements in the SOW.

In assessing all of the results of the AAIPS pilot system it became very clear that the technology required to successfully complete the program covers a wide spectrum within the DMA R&D program, in fact it includes technology common to many application areas. This system is a successful demonstration of how a carefully managed Research and Development program, coupled with outstanding support from the user agency can result in a very cost effective implementation of a production system. Figure 4-3 illustrates the industry standard in terms of man-years of effort related to the software required and implemented under the AAIPS pilot program. It also indicates the actual Synectics man-years expended to accomplish the implementation; in affect, a two to one savings in labor cost.

The AAIPS system was designed, developed, and installed at DMAAC/ AD by Synectics personnel located in Rome, New York, St. Louis, Mo., Washington, D.C., and Image Graphics, Inc., personnel located in Connecticut and St. Louis. In addition, RADC personnel at Griffiss AFB and St. Louis, DMAAC/AD personnel at St. Louis and RADC were instrumental in supporting the AAIPS development.

4.2 Recommendations and Future Considerations

The recommendations listed below are basically short-term in nature, primarily related to AAIPS Phase II. Future considerations are those areas that should be addressed <u>now</u> so that proper planning can be addressed to take the AAIPS beyond Phase II in preparation for new and changing requirements and technology.

4.2.1 Recommendation

The following is a list of recommendations by subsystem for items to be included in Phase II as should be considered in Phase II with a plan for implementing them

Figure 4-3

**INCLUDES ALL UTILITY SOFTWARE BUT EXCLUDES SYSTEM SOFTWARE

ia.	MAN YEARS Expended	ent bee entitied eff	ive of bolt original data and the explain minancements to t estrables "news includes or orthogradity of strainb	ten and the second of the second of the second s	OPMENT CENTER
	MAN Expe	3.5-4	rie micher Setteental en ver Settender settend tagt	2	IR DEVEL
10 A	MAN YEARS /Standard	10 1	es d'Écas ecupaiettes fanci comm a foco ris text fanction. of encerten traveletes on 6	9	ORP. FOR ROME A
	* INDUSTRY Standard	YAQ/01		10/DAY	KED BY DIEBOLD C
10 10	**NO. OF FORTRAN STATEMENTS	25,000	20,000	15,000	MS REPORT PREPAN
er ture	SUBSYSTEM	CHART ING	PUBLISHING	AIR FACILITIES	*BASED ON THE ADAMS REPORT PREPARED BY DIEBOLD CORP. FOR ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER

AAIPS PILOT SOFTWARE SUMMARY

4-7

✓ Charting Subsystem

During the course of both original data capture and testing/revision, it was discovered that certain enhancements to the Charting Subsystem software would be desirable. These include:

- Function for orthogonality of straight lines. (Line would result to be either horizontal or vertical)
- o Variable leading of multi-line text.
- Limited set of text manipulation functions. (Change/Delete/ Add characters)
- Morse Code Input via text function. (Operator enters Alphanumeric and subsystem translates to Morse Code).
- o Mask editing which would allow "cutting" of sections of a chart.
- o Maintain the Feature Type currently set such that function need not be selected each subsequent time.
- o Method by which a feature can be cancelled while in the graphic mode.
- Charting Data Post-processing (EBRDC) capability to select a single file for processing instead of a complete set from a product directory.
- Generate rectangles from two corner points at variable angular orientations.

Publishing Subsystem

The system as delivered will produce the required publications. The following software/hardware is recommended to further optimize performance throughput and human engineering in a production environment:

a. Specification, acquisition and interface to a viewer model terminal incorporating extra function keys; Datagraphix 132B.

b. Specification, acquisition and interface to a proofing printer capable of reproducing upper/lower case special characters in several font styles and sizes.

c. Improvement or provision of such software as would improve hyphenation, AGEAR entry, block deletion and right justification within a field of data.

d. Continued analysis of production requirements and possible throughput enhancements that may be found to be cost effective.

Air Facilities Subsystem

It is recommended that the functions, as demonstrated during the Air Facilities Pilot system be extended and implemented to cover the full Air Facilities data base and processing volume. Major emphasis in this Phase II effort should be placed on an extended data base structure with automatic loading support, improved processing capabilities for application programs that product (off-line) reports and tapes, and a full expansion to remote, multi-user access for the on-line data base maintenance system.

4.2.2. Future Considerations

There are basically three major areas to be addressed as future considerations:

- o Interfaces
- o Products
- o Technology

Interfaces

Interfaces to AAIPS can occur on the input side, output side and between subsystems within AAIPS.

Currently all of the inputs to the AAIPS system are received in hardcopy or analog form, go through an assessment and data extraction

process and then used to revise the digital files. Areas or sources of digital data should be identified and evaluated as to their ability to streamline and reduce the time to input and update data bases. Programs such as the "TERPS" system are candidates.

Currently the output of the AAIPS system is hardcopy reports, magnetic tape files for the AFFIF and FLIP products in hardcopy form. Since all of the data comprising these reports are in digital data bases, consideration could be given to the possible digital transmission of these products or possibly a subset of the product by-passing the recording and printing process at DMAAC. This could be done for selected products or selected users. A consideration might be to transmit this data directly to aircraft which would be equipped to handle this information. But selected users equipped with appropriate printer/plotters could reduce the time to distribute, thereby increasing the currency of data.

/ Products

The current set of FLIP products and their related specifications have evolved over many, many years and as is characteristic of this type of environment the formats, symbology, and general appearance of the products have taken the form of the method under which they were compiled. This is not to critize the AD FLIP products in any manner, but the AAIPS employs automated technology and new procedures for accomplishing this production which provides a greater flexibility in many respects. But to take advantage of this flexibility with an eye to reducing cost and improving throughput, consideration should be given to streamlining product specification particularly in the area of symbology and format size. Many examples of how symbology could be amended can be discussed here but suffice it to say that one mil differences in line weights can not generally be distinguished with the human eye. But developing hardware and software to handle data at this resolution can be extremely expensive and limiting.

4-10

A second area which deserves some analysis is what future products may be required by FLIP users and what form they will take. If experience is a teacher in this area the user, once he becomes aware of the flexibility at DMAAC/AD, will develop requirements for many new products both recurring and one-time with the emphasis being on digital products.

✓ Technology

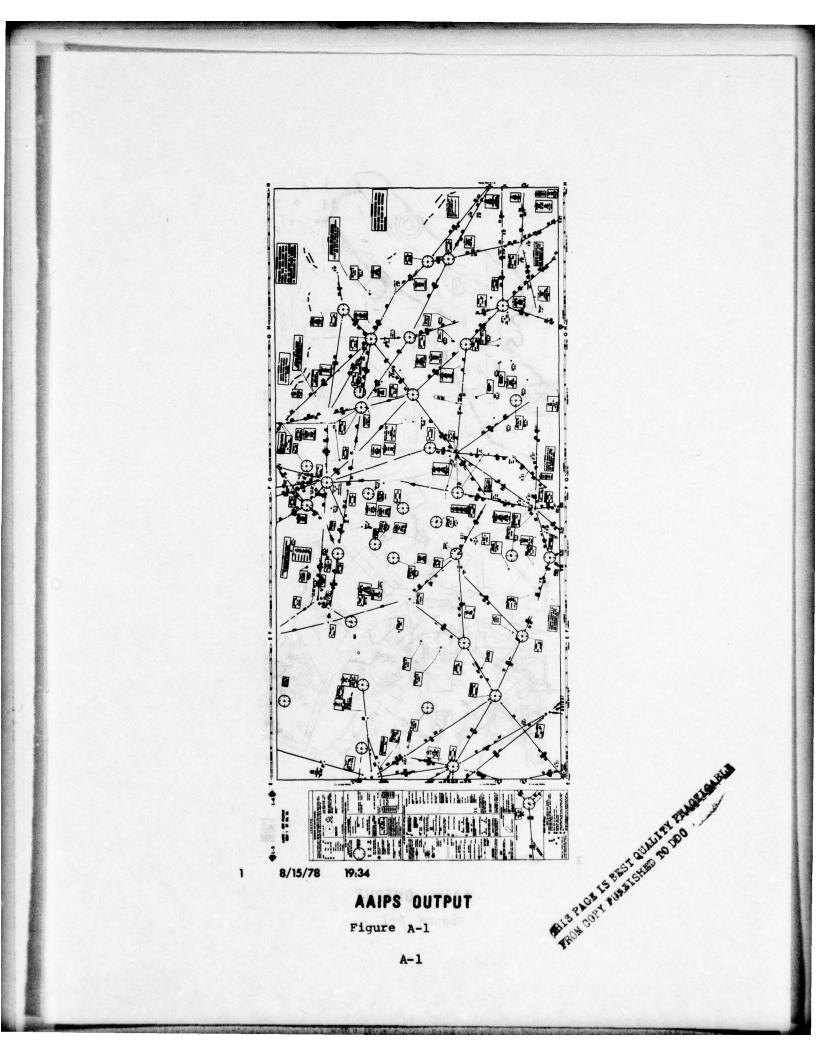
As with any system employing state of the art technology in hardware and software a constant assessment is necessary to take advantage of new technology when it becomes available. In the case of AAIPS this refers to not only computer/peripheral hardware, but telecommunications hardware and printer/plotter/recorders as well. In addition, software techniques and methodologies will be changing. All of this should be reviewed as to its relevancy to AAIPS on a schedule which would allow for its' smoothe integration into the AAIPS system.

APPENDIX A

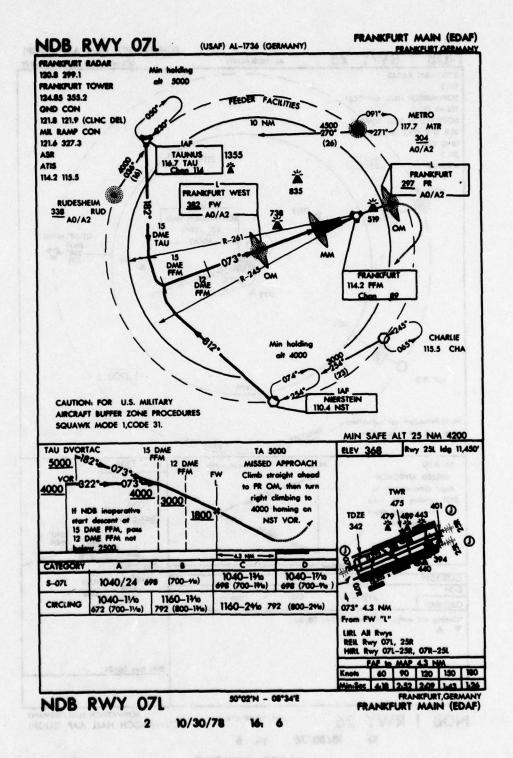
TABLE OF CONTENTS

AAIPS OUTPUT EXAMPLES

FIGURE NO.	TITLE	PAGE
A-1	ENROUTE CHART L6-BLUE SEPARATION	A-1
A-2	ENROUTE CHART L6-BROWN SEPARATION	A-2
A-3 - A-7	EXAMPLES OF HI & LOW SID AND IAP PROCEDURES	A-3 - A-7
A-8 - A-13	EXTRACTS OF PAGES OF THE "ENAME" ENROUTE SUPPLEMENT	A-8 - A-13
A-14	EXAMPLE OF A PAGE FROM THE AP2 PLANNING DOCUMENT	A-14
A-15	EXAMPLE OF A PAGE FROM THE VFR SUPPLEMENT	A-15
A-16	EXTRACT OF EBR SYMBOLS FOR FLIP CHARTS	A-16
A-17 - A-19	EXAMPLES OF AAIPS EBR FONTS	A-17 - A-19







AAIPS OUTPUT Figure A-3

A-3

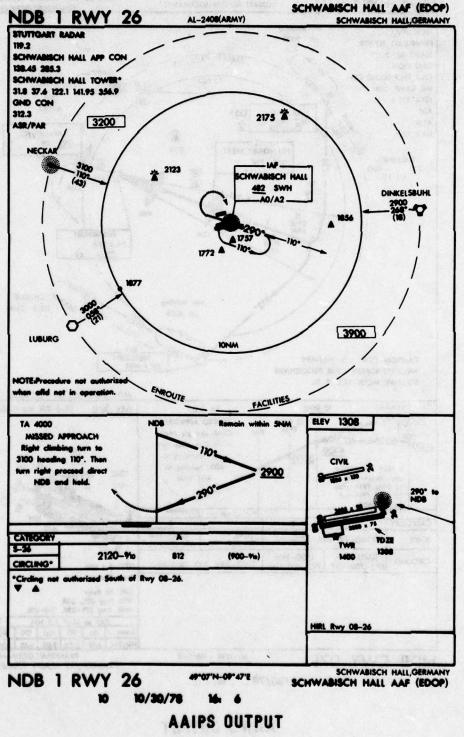
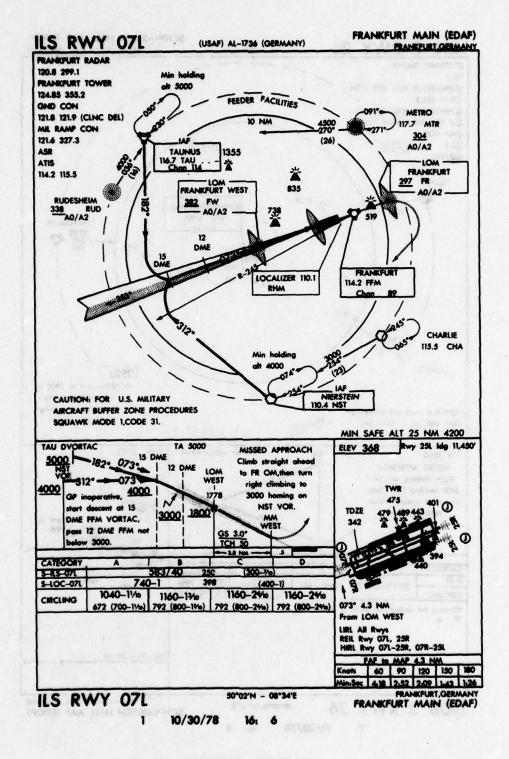
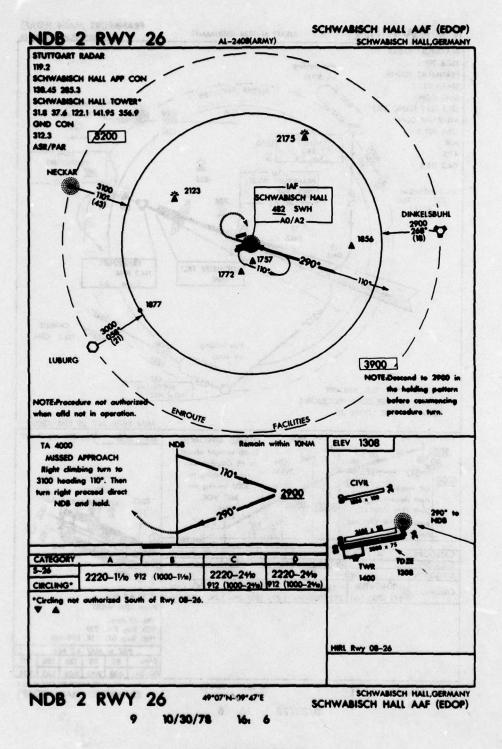


Figure A-4

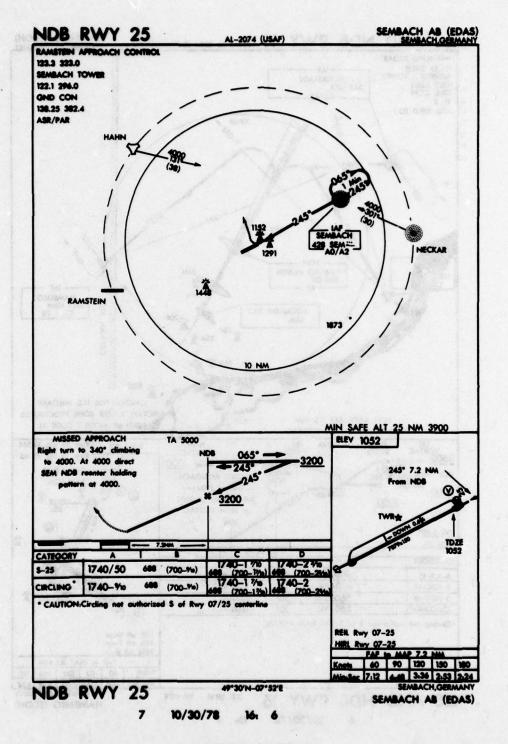
A-4



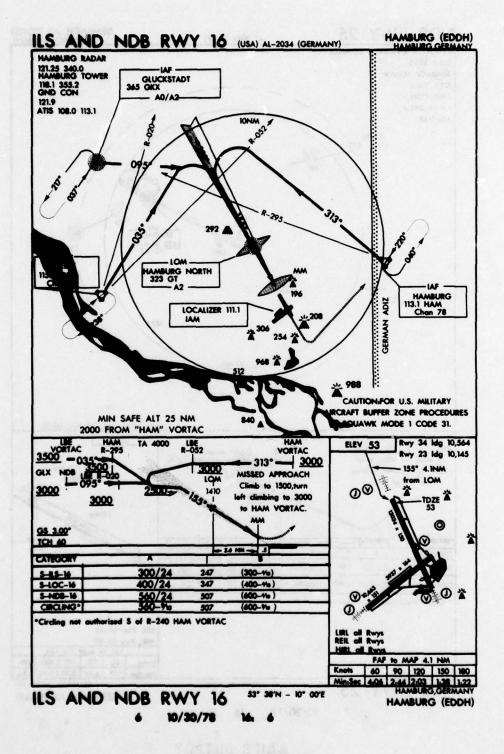
AAIPS OUTPUT Figure A-5



AAIPS OUTPUT



AAIPS OUTPUT



AAIPS OUTPUT

AERODROME/FACILITY DIRECTORY 21

RWY 24

A-BEAR RWY	6 MA-1A MOD® (74' OVEN)	BAK-9(B)@ (999')	BAK-13(8)@@ (1959')	ALCONT AND
			00 BAK-9(8)0	
		(2040	Y) (790')	(273' OVEN)

(2040') (790') EXPLOSIVES CAPABILITY-A/1/2/2/20-8/2/2/100 PPR 7323

EXPL JENVES CAPABLITY-A/1/2/2/20-8/2/2/100 PPR 7323 AEROBROBE MEBRARCE-Mandetery NS ABTAT program-quiet in 0700-12002 Sun & Germen hol. No ang starts or thof, essential full step ldg only & no low apph dur this period. Tran alert nrc 0700-16002 Man-fri, 1600-23002 Man-fri sup nrc datey of 3 h or allenger. 2200-07002 Man--Fri emerg erc only. 0700-16002 Set & Sun aug up to 3 hr delay. 1600-07002 Set & Sun emerg erc only. 11d F-4 tran main capability due to phase out of F-4 opr. Enter VR initial no further than 3 NM fr apph and of ruy. Partiens of VR eventhead pet net vis fr tur. BAK-P cable leg extin to vithin 3' of ruy edge. Reduced ruy separation std of 4000' in use ban Fir type acti, T-37's, similar performance act, cand acth (sac lwy) flw turbe jet acth. Spangdablem AB, ruy 5 NM E. Wx foot same as PMSV METRO. Ach executing a lo ng ob rg around dur VR cond shall maint 200' or biv until pensing the day and of the ruy. @Wry fit is parsus friction, first 750' both ands of ruy is cancrete perfer at Rue. @O/R 15 min. Nan--ed runout hit to 855' on day and RU ON. @Ach en BAK-P not inplace unless BAK-13 O/S. @Rigged for no-ntc engagement. @Unight for night use. COMMUNICATIONSE-(PTD 388.7) (ATIB 380.0) e EIFEL COM-340.3 122.1 (E) exter COM-579.2

TOWER-277.27 257.8x 244.3 122.1 (E) GMB CON-399.2 COMMAND POST-352.5

COMMINING FOR 1325.5 STARE 1 RABAR SVC-Cit Effel Control 25 NM out on 394.0 141.1 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. PMBV: METRO-344.6 Full svc 0300-16002 Mon-Fri, hr variable in accordance with ki flying. Ltd INC OT. RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION

TACAN BIT CHAN 56 (40/25) 49"56'25"N 06"33'23"E At Fid. MP 0500-07002 Man & Thu. RADAR-SEE TERMINAL FUP FOR RADAR MINIMA. RADIO/MAY REMARKE-@Arr. @Dep.

BORDEAUX ACC/FIC, RANCE (Civ) GMT+K+2DT)	L-7-8-11, T-3
RADAR-See Control freq	(LF88)
CONTROL @-366.4 293.0 129.4 128.75@ 125.1 124.2 124.15 (V)	
Limoges Boster-129.4	
North Bostor-314.3 125.1	
Bouth Boster-124.2	
Teulouse East Boster-124.15	
MARINA BLUE-See Bordeaux TCC for mil operational tfc arr.	
HNFO@-125.3	
VOLNET-Bordsoux Radio-126.4 QNH and trend.	
REMARKS-Shu FL 235 to airspace freq will be used, however, for FL :	200-210-220-230 CS is France
Con only. @ Also for UTA use bin FL 195-FL 235 with CS France	Con. Mandatory IR that
freq for mill opr the within TCA for N dep. @Mandatory IPR that	freq for mil opr tic within
TCA for S dep. @Also cil freg for Toulouse TCA and Tarbes PAU	TCA. 00630-1900.

MARINA BLUE RADAR-(See FRANCE ATCC FAF)



AERO/FAC DIR

; PAGE:

21 1978 SEP. 9 7:11:40 1.2 REDUCTION

AAIPS OUTPUT Figure A-9

22 AERODROME/FACILITY DIRECTORY

	47 + 1 .		IGNAC, FRANCE		and the second	
CIA 101 0.7	AT+K+				H-4F-7A, L-0	
			HI020 (ASP) (5110,	T145, ST175, TT308)		(LPE
		A+ITA2TB)				
A-BEA					二、水、水、水、水、水、	Sec. 1
RW	VY 05				LARRIER	RWY 2
and the second		(361' OVRN)			(272' OV	IN)
RW	11 11	BARRIER			BARRIER	RWY
		312' OVRN)			(312' OV	
AEROO	DROM	E REMARKS	Ldg fees rar. Wx.	00/R. ØRwy 05-2	3 ded UFN. OOn ;	ilots req
only			her want in the	and the same first through		
COMMUNI	CATH					
	MAC	APP CON/RA	DAR-265.2 362.3X	121.20 118.6 (2)0		
MERIG	MAC	ARPT Tower-	360.2 257.8 119.7 1	18.3 (E)D		
MERIQ	MAC	GND CON-29	0.4 257.8 121.9			
VOLM	ET-Se	BORDEAUX	ACC/FIC; MADRID	ACC; PARIS ACC/FIC, H	only.	
		NAVIGATIO				
VORTA	CW N	X 114.4 CHAP	4 91 (100/50) (150/	50 to the W) 44"49'39"	"N 00"43"16"W At FI	d.
			50 44"5"N 00"41'			-
				0"33'53"W 232" 8.1 N	is to Fid	
			52'N 00"24'W 266"			
				V 207" 20.4 NM to Fid.	and the product and	
ILS-			U. 45 UF N UU-33 V	T 207 20.4 NM TO FIG		
				36.10 123.30 118.1 (E)		×
ADIO/NA	IA ME	MARKS-UTo	PL 200. WO/R to	ACC. ONot permone	intly monitored, use a	n pilots
			able or under excep	tional circumstances, pro	o in kFrench language	only.
0/1	R to A	PP CON.				
BOBDE		BOUGE		48'W GMT+1(+2DT)	11 5 340 5107 C T	
			CARCE 44-31N 00"	W WMI+R+2DT)		-
FA/CIV 138						(LFD
FUELO					We contract of the	and a
				30-1600Z Mon-Fri, 070	0-1100Z Set. Reserve	d for ac
with	h res	and cleared by	y Bordeaux Twr. C	DSR-30 to SS+30.		
DODDE						
TUNULI		1 20 H	MER) ENGLAND (R	AF) 52"24'N 01"37'W G	MAI(+IDT)	1-2-3-
			134.3x 132.900		1	([
				Provides Upper Airspo		
/Ac				2000Z. @Advisory Svc	0830-1730Z Man-Fr	i. O
		England Bada	adv svc. DO/R	ATCC.	has been and	
	rthern	cingiana kabai		Manufamath) 948 49/11 000		1.0
Nor			SACAINT) TIMMELA /	THERE AND AN IN CHARTER AND AN OW		
Nor BORDJ	EL /	MRI, (MAS	SICAULT) TUNISIA (5/E GMI+R+201)	
Nor BORDJ	EL A	AMPRI, (MASS			5/ E GMI+ (+ 201)	
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD	EL A	MRI, (MAS	SICAULT) TUNISIA () Opr HX. Pilot trng		5/E GMI+1(+201)	
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD	EL A	AMPRI, (MASS			5/ E GMI + I(+201)	
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER	EL /	MRI, (MAS	Opr HX. Pilot trng	ala Marine da ser esta se	ان این - این - فرور فراد ا بر این کوری این این ا	(BTT
Nor BORDJ I CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER	EL A 15 (ASP 000000 000000 0000000000000000000000	MRI, (MAS		ala Marine da ser esta se	H-9D-110	(DTT
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28*	EL /	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-1500Z. AR DRISS, 06*50'E GMT	Opr HX. Pilot trng	ala Marine da ser esta se	ان این - این - فرور فراد ا بر این کوری این این ا	(DTT
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28% CIV 1207 5	EL /	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-1500Z. AR DRISS, 06*50'E GMT ND)	Opr HX. Pilot ling (FORT FLATTERS)	ALGERIA	ان این - این - فرور فراد ا بر این کوری این این ا	(DTT
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28* CIV 1207 54 AEROD	EL /	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-1500Z. AR DRISS, 06*50'E GMT ND) E REMARKS-	Opr HX. Pilot king (FORT FLATTERS)	ALGERIA	H-90-110	(DTT
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28* CIV 1207 54 AEROD	EL /	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-1500Z. AR DRISS, 06*50'E GMT ND) E REMARKS-	Opr HX. Pilot king (FORT FLATTERS)	ALGERIA	H-90-110	(DTT
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28" CIV 1207 SI AEROD VORW	EL / 15 (ASP 000000 0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (000 1) 000 1)	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DRISE, 06°50'E GMT 40) E REMARKS- 114.3 (200/FL4	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08	ALGERIA FGF. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F	H-9D-11D	(DT1), L-19 (DAA)
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28" CIV 1207 SI AEROD VORW	EL / 15 (ASP 000000 0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (000 1) 000 1)	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DRISE, 06°50'E GMT 40) E REMARKS- 114.3 (200/FL4	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08	ALGERIA	H-9D-11D	(DT1), L-19 (DAA)
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ (28% CIV 1207 5 AEROD VORW BORFIN	EL / 15 (ASP 000000 0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (0010 (000 1) 000 1)	AMRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DRISE, 06°50'E GMT 40) E REMARKS- 114.3 (200/FL4	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08	ALGERIA FGF. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F	H-9D-11D	(DT1), L-19 (DAA)
Nor DORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD TOWEF BORDJ 28" CIV 1207 99 AEROD VORW BORFINK Red AF/GAF 183	EL A IS (ASP DROMM R-123.0 OMA OMA OMA OMA IS (SAP DROMM BOD 1 IS (SAP DROMM B	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DAISE, 06'50'E GMT ND) E REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL4 ELLIPAD, G	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0	ALGERIA rop. '10"N 06*50'07"W A1 F 7*06'E (LA631078) GMT	H-9D-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Erb	(DTT), L-19 (DAA)
Nor DORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD TOWEF BORDJ 28" CIV 1207 99 AEROD VORW BORFINK Red AF/GAF 183	EL A IS (ASP DROMM R-123.0 OMA OMA OMA OMA IS (SAP DROMM BOD 1 IS (SAP DROMM B	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DAISE, 06'50'E GMT ND) E REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL4 ELLIPAD, G	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0	ALGERIA rop. '10"N 06*50'07"W A1 F 7*06'E (LA631078) GMT	H-9D-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Erb	(DTT), L-19 (DAA)
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ CIV 1207 S AEROD VORW BORFING AF/GAF BE HELIPC	EL A IS (ASP DROMM R-123.0 OMA OB'N (P (SAP DROMM BOD 1 K HI dome S4 ORT R	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-15002. IR DRIBE, 06'50'E GMT 80) E REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL4 ELIPAD, G	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un	ALGERIA rgr. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F 7"06'E (LA631078) GMT ettended. Opr SR-55.	H-90-110 Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Ent Tfc pet and aft of	(BTT), L-19 (DAA) estepi
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ 0 28" CIV 1207 9 AEROD VORV BORFINI Red AF/GAF 18: HELING disc	EL A IS (ASP DROMM R-123.0 OMA OB'N (IP (SAP DROMM BOD 1 IN HI dome S4 ORT R ration.	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-15002. IR DRISE, 05'30'E GAT ND) E REMARKS- 014.3 (200/FL40 ELLIPAD, G HEMARKS- OF Hwy 50' NV	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' 3	ALGERIA rop. '10"N 06*50'07"W A1 F 7*06'E (LA631078) GMT	H-90-110 Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Ent Tfc pet and aft of	(BTT), L-19 (DAA) estepi
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ 0 28" CIV 1207 9 AEROD VORV BORFINI Red AF/GAF 18: HELING disc	EL A IS (ASP DROMM R-123.0 OMA OB'N (IP (SAP DROMM BOD 1 IN HI dome S4 ORT R ration.	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-15002. IR DRIBE, 06'50'E GMT 80) E REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL4 ELIPAD, G	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' 3	ALGERIA rgr. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F 7"06'E (LA631078) GMT ettended. Opr SR-55.	H-90-110 Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Ent Tfc pet and aft of	(DTT), L-19 (DAA1 estepi pilot,
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ CIV 1207 9 AEROD VORW BORFIN Red AF/GAF 18: Give Birk	EL A S (ASP DECOMP R-123.0 OMA OMA OMA SOD 1 WC HI dome S4 OMT M S4 OMT M S4	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS-) 0700-15002. IR DRIBE, D6'50'E GMT 80) E REMARKS- 014.3 (200/FL4 ELIPAD, G Hwy 50' NW Mil 540, Cir	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' 3	ALGERIA rgr. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F 7"06'E (LA631078) QMT ettended. Opr SR-SS. E. 6' hi structure 50'S.	H-SD-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA S of Erb Tfc pat and aft of Creah eapt O/R.	(DTT), L-19 (DAA) eekspi pitots Fone
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ 28" CIV 1207 5 AEROD VORV BORDJ Rod AF/GAF 18: HELIPC disc Brite BOULOC	EL A IS (ASP DECAM R-123.0 OMA OB'N (P (SAP DOB'N (P (SAP))) D (SAP DOB'N (P (SAP))) D (SAP) D (S	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DAISS, 05*30'E GMT ND) E REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL40 ELIPAD, G Hwy 50' NV Mil 540, Civ SUR MER	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) , Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' S 06782-3434.	rgr. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F 7"06"E (LA631078) GMT ettended. Opr SR-55. E. 6' hi structure 50'S.	H-90-110 Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Ent The part and aft of	(DAA) eskapt pitots Fone
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ 28" CIV 1207 5 AEROD VORV BORDJ Rod AF/GAF 18: HELIPC disc Brite BOULOC	EL A IS (ASP DECAM R-123.0 OMA OB'N (P (SAP DOB'N (P (SAP))) D (SAP DOB'N (P (SAP))) D (SAP) D (S	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DAISS, 05*30'E GMT ND) E REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL40 ELIPAD, G Hwy 50' NV Mil 540, Civ SUR MER	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) , Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' S 06782-3434.	ALGERIA rgr. 10"N 06"50'07"W At F 7"06'E (LA631078) QMT ettended. Opr SR-SS. E. 6' hi structure 50'S.	H-SD-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA S of Erb Tfc pat and aft of Creah eapt O/R.	(DTT), L-19 (DAAY eekspi pitots Fone
Nor BORDJ CIV 12 H3 AEROD TOWES BORDJ 25" CIV 1207 51 AEROD VORW BORFIN Rad AF/GAF 18 HELIPC disc Birk BOULOG	EL A Solution A 123.0 OMA OMA OMA OMA OMA OMA OMA OMA	AMPRI, (MASS (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-15002. AR DAISS, CONTROL 1002 CONTROL 1002 C	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) , Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' S 06782-3434.	ALGERIA rgr. 10°N 06°50'07''W At F 17°06'E (LA631078) GMT attended. Opr SR-SS. 8. 6' hi structure S0'S. P'N 01°54'28''E • Touquet/Paris Plage.	H-SD-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA S of Erb Tfc pat and aft of Creah eapt O/R.	(DTT), L-19 (DAAY eekspi pitots Fone
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROD TOWER BORDJ 28" CIV 1207 5 AEROD VORV BORFIN Rod AF/GAF 18: BHLIPC disc BHL BOULOC VORW 0 BOUR0	EL A IS (ASP DROMM R-123.0 OMA COMA	AMPRI, (MASS (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. R DAISE, 05"30'E GMT ND) E REMARKS- 114.3 (200/FL44 ELLIPAD, G Hay 50' NW Mil 540, Civ SUR MER 13.8 (70/FL 50 , FRANCE 47"	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42*N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' S 06782-3434. II, FRANCE 50*37'21 0) 242*14 NM to L 004'N 02*22'E (ACE)	ALGERIA rgr. 10°N 06°50'07''W At F 17°06'E (LA631078) GMT attended. Opr SR-SS. 8. 6' hi structure S0'S. P'N 01°54'28''E • Touquet/Paris Plage.	H-9D-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NAA 5 of Erb The part and aft of Crash eagt O/R. H-3D-0	(DTT), L-19 (DAA1 exkepi pilots Fone 7, L-4
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3: AEROO TOWED BORDJ 28* CIV 1207 5 AEROO VORW BORFINI Red AF/GAF 18: BOULOG VORW BOULOG VORW	EL / ASP Solution Company Co	AMPRI, (MAS:) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. IR DRIBE, 06'50'E GMT 00) E REMARKS- 04) E REMARKS- 04) E LIPAD, G Huy 50' NV Mil 540, Civ 13.8 (70/FL 50 , FRANCE 47'' (ASP) (570, TB	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) (Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' 5 06782-5434. IL, FRANCE 50*37'2H (0) 242*14 NM to L	ALGERIA rgr. 10°N 06°50'07''W At F 17°06'E (LA631078) GMT attended. Opr SR-SS. 8. 6' hi structure S0'S. P'N 01°54'28''E • Touquet/Paris Plage.	H-9D-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NAA 5 of Erb The part and aft of Crash eagt O/R. H-3D-0	(DTT), L-19 (DAAY extepi pitots Fone 7, L-4
Nor BORDJ CIV 12 H3 AEROD TOWER BORDJ 25" CIV 1207 51 AEROD VORW BORFINI Red AF/GAF 15: HELING BOULOG VORW © DOUR CIV 528 L4 FUEL©	EL /A IS (ASP MANNELS (ASP	AMPRI, (MASS (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DAISS, CONTROL SCOTTON E REMARKS- 00'SOT GMT ND) E REMARKS- 01 Hwy 50' NV Mil 540, Civ SUR MER 13.3 (70/FL 50 , FRANCE 47" (ASP) (570, TB	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) Opr HX. Ldg fees D0) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un V. Tree line 160' 5 06782-5434. B, FRANCE 50*37'2H (0) 242*14 NM to L O4'N 02*22*E (ACE) 3, STI04, TT140)	ALGERIA rgr. 10°N 06°50'07"W At F 17°06'E (LA631078) GMT ettended. Opr SR-55. E. 6' hi structure 50'5. P'N 01°54'28"E s Touquot/Paris Plags. GMT+1(+2DT)	H-9D-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NAA 5 of Erb The part and aft of Crash eagt O/R. H-3B-00	(DTT), L-19 (DAAY otkepf pilots Fone 7, L-4 0, L-0
Nor BORDJ CIV 112 H3 AEROD TOWEDJ 28" CIV 1207 5 AEROD VORW BORFFIN Rod AF/GAF 19: HELIPC disc Birk BOULOC VORW 0 BOURCO VORW 0 BOURCO	EL / ASP Somonia R-123.0 OMA COM	AMPRI, (MASS) (AUW 6) E REMARKS- 0 0700-1500Z. AR DAISS, C REMARKS- 14.3 (200/FL40 ELIPAD, G Hwy 50' NV Mil 540, Civ SUR MER 13.8 (70/FL 50 , FRANCE 47" (ASP) (570, TB -1A)TA2) E REMARKS-	Opr HX. Pilot trng (FORT FLATTERS) , Opr HX. Ldg fees 00) (90/FL50) 28*08 ERMANY 49*42'N 0 FFL BUS ONLY. Un W. Tree line 160' S 06782-5434. B, FRANCE 30*37'21 0) 242*14 NM to L 04'N 02*22'E (AOE) 3, STI04, TT40) Opr 0700-17002 M	ALGERIA rgr. 10°N 06°50'07''W At F 17°06'E (LA631078) GMT attended. Opr SR-SS. 8. 6' hi structure S0'S. P'N 01°54'28''E • Touquet/Paris Plage.	H-9D-11D Fid. On test. (+1 1.8 NMA 5 of Erk The part and off of Crash capt O/R. H-3B-91 N-3B-91 R prior 17002. CSTM1	(DTT , L-19 (DAA) extepi pilots Fone 7, L-4 , L-4 (LFLE 5 O/R 24

prior 1700Z for Su ARPT Towar- 118.3

AERO/FAC DIR ; PAGE: 22 1978 SEP. 9 7:11:42 1.2 REDUCTION

AAIPS OUTPUT

Figure A-10

Months & 22 14 18 & an and the second second

	(ASP) (\$39)	H-30-78, L-86-8H-8
FUEL-(NC-AITA2)		(LFT)
	HER	
(246'	OVRN)	(246' OVEN)
AERODINGINE REN Man, Tuo, Wed CHMINUMICATIONS	BARKS-Emerg only, other stc with Dijon APP CC & Fri; 1100–15452 Thu. ©HX.	IN. Opr 0800-11302, 1230-15453
	-395.3 362.3 140.4 122.1 (E)	
ADIO ANDE TO NAV	-263.7 257.8 122.10 119.7 (E)	
	AI) BRP 427 47"20"06"N 05"31'50"E At Fid.	
	DINER-399.2 362.3 354.7 325.5 324.2 209.4 25	7.8 226.6 (U)
	99.2 314.0 226.6 123.3	
RADIO/MAY REM	ARKE-OOpr Dijon Longvic A/D hr. ORwy 18.	
VOR MP 0800-	2 Chan 49 (40/50) 48°00'02"N 16°54'01"E 298° 10002 lat Thr. DME MP 0800-10002 3rd Thr. NG/A2) BRK 408 48°03'48'N 16°43'04"E 296° 6 d Fri.	
· BRUGGEN.	GERMANY 51"12"N 06"08"E (AOE) GMT+1	H-3C-60, L-6
	2 HEI (ASP) (\$40, TI75, STI75, TT205, TDT550)	(EDVI
	(C6) KEI) KES) KE6) KEII) KEI2)	
FUEL-(NC-AJ4, 0-	156) LHOX LOX	
RWY OP RAF MK-1	24 BAK-130	- BAK-130 RAF MK-12A RWY 2
(THLD)	(1450')	(1400) (THLD)
	ARKS-PPR. Opr 0700-1600Z Mon-Fri. Glider	
	vill provided-See Pro section. When freezing cos	
	outside A/D times. Taxi clinc criteria reduced in	
act or act und	ler close marshaller ctl permitted access. ①Apct	and cable down, own cable up
CHINEATIONS	388.6 362.3X 130.8X 119.7	
	154.2 244.9 119.7x 130.8x 122.1x (E)	
	8x 122.1x 130.8x 119.7x	
VOLMET-Wx rpt	avbil at H+35 fr West Drayton, U.K. on 11200 a	nd 4722 kHz.
ADIO AIDE TO NAV		
	126 (40/25) 51°11'59"N 06'08'04"E At. Fid. MP My 0630-1130Z 1st Mon.	dy 0500-06002, why 0630-
	(AO/A2) BG 329 51"11'49"N 06"07'36"E At Fid	Lower of an an
UHF/DF@-362.3x 3		and the state of the state
ILS-Lear ers offset 3	" N rwy cntrline. No BC. MP dly 0500-06002	, 2 why 0700-11002 Wed.
	N Radar-344.0x 283.2x 119.7x 122.1x (E) PARO:	Call Talkdown 385.4x 371.5x
371.0x 130.5x 12		
	ARRE-CTLZ of by Wildowath ZONE CON. Obs	
ing unless under	1007 while 0700_08007 Mass mildle 0700_11007	
ing unless under MP dly 0600-07	7002, while 0700-09002 Man, millie 0700-11002 MP ally 0500-05302, while 0700-09302 Sun, mill	
ing unless under MP dly 0600-07 derath Rader.	7002, while 0700–09002 Man, mithle 0700–11002 MP alle 0500–05302, while 0700–09302 Sun, mith the 1300–14002 Fri, mithle 1300–17002 4th Fri.	
ing unless under MP dly 0600-07 derath Radar. 0430-06002, vit	MP dly 0500-05302, wbly 0700-09302 Sun, mth bly 1300-16002 Fri, mthly 1300-17002 4th Fri.	Hy 0700-1300Z let Sun. @MP a
ing unless under MP dly 0600-07 derath Radar. 0430-06002, vit	MP dly 0500-05302, wbly 0700-09302 Sun, mth bly 1300-16002 Fri, mthly 1300-17002 4th Fri.	Hy 0700-13002 he sun. @we d
ing unless under MP dly 0600-07 derath Radar. 0430-06002, vit	MP dly 0300-05302, with 0700-09302 Sun, mit tly 1300-16002 Fri, mithly 1300-17002 4th Fri. DERMANY 7 Chan 124 (100/Fl 250) 53*02*09*N 11*32*51*E	Hy 0700-13002 he sun. @we d
ing unless under MP dly 0600-01 derath Radar. 0430-06002, vik MRUNKERDOR, C VORTACW BKD 117. VOR unuse VOR unuse	MP dly 0300-05302, with 0700-09302 Sun, mit ty 1300-16002 Fri, mithly 1300-17002 dth Fri. GERMANY 7 Chan 124 (100/FL 250) 53°02'09"N 11°32'51"E	Hy 0700-13002 hr Sun. @he d H-SD, L-S
ing unless under MP dy 0600-01 deraft Rader 0430-06002, with WRUPEKEREDOR, C VORTACW BKD 117. VOR unues VOR unues VOR unues	MP dly 0300-05302, with 0700-09302 Sun, mit th 1300-16002 Fri, mithly 1300-17002 4th Fri. GERMANY 7 Chan 124 (100/FL 250) 53*02'09"N 11*32'51"E 283* byd 25 NM	Hy 0700-13002 hi Sun. @WP d H-GD, L-G4 255°-286° all alt
ing unless under MP dly 0500-01 derath Radar: 0430-05002, with NR URKE NDOR, c VOR UNUE VOR UNUE VOR UNUE TACAN UNUE TACAN UNUE	MP dry 0300-05302, with 0700-09302 Sun, mith th 1300-16002 Fri, mithy 1300-17002 4th Fri. DERMANY 7 Chan 124 (100/FL 250) 53*02*09*N 11*32*51*E 283* byd 25 NM 301*-311* btw 3500*	Hy 0700-13002 hi Sun. @WP d H-GD, L-G4 255°-286° all alt
ing unless under MP dly 0500-01 derath Radar: 0430-05002, with NR URKE NDOR, c VOR UNUE VOR UNUE VOR UNUE TACAN UNUE TACAN UNUE	MP dly 0300-05302, with 0700-09302 Sun, mit th 1300-16002 Fri, mithly 1300-17002 4th Fri. GERMANY 7 Chan 124 (100/FL 250) 53*02'09"N 11*32'51"E 283* byd 25 NM	Hy 0700-13002 bit Sun. Owe d H-GD, L-GO 255°-286° all alt

AERO/FAC DIR ; PAGE:

25 1978 SEP. 9 7:11:52 1.2 REDUCTION AAIPS OUTPUT

△ + CELLE, GERMANY 52"36"N 10"02"E (AOE) GMT+1 H-3C-5D, L-SC, T-2E
GAR 129 BL6, 7 H60 (ASP (EDGL) JABU-2(G-40) FUEL-(NC-A+L)4, 0-133)
AERODROBE REMARKS-Opr 0700-16002 Man-Fri, OT PPR, chel hel. Practice apch blw 1500' M
proh 1200-13302 and 2200-06002 Man-Fri. Wz.
COMMUNICATIONS HANNOVER RADAR-App Con-370.9 362.3@ 119.7@ 118.05 (E) H24
Dep Con-118.15 (E) H24
TOWER-282.8x 263.7 257.8 139.95x 123.1x 122.1x 40.0 (E) RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION
NDB (25 NM-W) (AO/A2) CL 311 52"36'07"N 10"07"05"E 263" 3.0 NM to Fid.
UNF/DF HORNER-317.5 366.5x 237.8x (U)
ILS-No BC. RADAR-SEE TERMINAL FLIP FOR RADAR MINIMA.
RADIO/NAV REMARKS-OGrd freq.
CENTOCELLE HELIPORT, ITALY See ROMA/CIAMPINO
CERVIA, (SAN GKORGI DI CESENA) ITALY 44"14"N 12"19"E GMT+1(+20T)
HAF 16 84 HP2 (ASP) (SWL 30) H-4H-7D-8E, L-12
FUEL 0-L/4, 0-117-128-133-148 (LIPC
A-GEAR RWY 12 SAFE-BAR/BAK-12
SAFE-BAR/BAK-12 RWY 30
(964')
(984') AERODROME REMARKS-CAUTION-WIP rwy and twy. Opr 58-30 to 55+30. ®Roful avail
Sat-Sun if PN rev by 12002 Sat.
COMMUNICATIONS ROMAGNA APP CON-227.9 123.5 122.1 116.15
TOWER-289.4 257.8 243.4x 227.9 122.1 (E)
RADIO AIDS TO HAVIGATION
TACAN CEV Chan 102 (40/25) 44*12'22"N 12*21'25"E 296* 1.6 NM re Din. 136* 15.0 NM to Rimin MP 0700-08002 lat Set. 1300-14002 3rd Set.
NOSO (50 NM-W) (A1) CEV 387 44"16'03"N 12"10'55"E 116" 5.2 NM to Fid.
UHF/DF HOMER-209.4 257.8 243.4x 227.9 (U)
RADAR-Call GCA 385.4 346.9 243.4x 123.3 122.1 (E) RADIO/INAV REMARKE-@A/D times.
CHAH BAHAR, INAN 25'17'N 60'38'E GMT+3.30(+4.3007)
MIL 20 57 (SAND) (OLZC)
CHAH BAHAR AB, RAN 25'26'N 60"23'E GMT+3:30(+4:300T)H-13D, L-18H
NAF 50 H128 (ASP)
AERODROME REMARKS-Extr const of foc in program.
ACHATEAUDUN, FRANCE 48'04'N 01'23'E GMT+1(+2DT) H-38-7A, L-7C FAF 440 80 L4 H730 (CON) (\$22, T30, TT52) (LFGC)
FUELO-(NC-AITA2) OX
AERODROME REMARKS-Opr 0700-16302 Man-Fri. DO/R 30 min prior 56. @6824' and Mg
Rwy 10-28 ngt only. @0630-10302, 1200-16302 Man-Thr, Fri. Roful not assured Sat, Sun & hal.
COMMUNICATIONS
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U)
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Towar-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Vn)
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U)
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Tour-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION NDS (30 NM-W) (AI) CON 360 48"03"47"N 01"27"49"E Ar FM. UHF/DF HOMER-362.3 290.1 (U)
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Teur-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIDE TO NAVIGATION NDG (30 NN-W) (AI) CON 360 48"03'47"N 01"27'49"E Ar Fid. UHF/DF HOMER-362.3 290.1 (U) # RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3k (U)
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Town-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO ALDS TO NAVIGATION NDS (50 NAW) (AI) CON 360 4P03'47"N 01*274P"E Ar FM. UH/OF HOMER-362.3 296.1 (U) * RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) ACHATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 46*52"N 01*44"E GMT+1(+2DT) M-38-TE, L-60
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Towa-357.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIRS TO NAVIGATION NDS (50 NM-W) (AI) CON 360 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E AF FM. UHF/OF HOMER-362.3 298.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3k (U) <u>CCM ATE AUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44°52'N 01°44'E GMT+K+201</u> H-38-7E, L-40 CIV 528 (ID6, 7, 9, HB3 (CON) (5154, 1176, 51175, 11725) (LFLR)
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARFT Teur-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIDS TO HAVIGATION NDB (30 NNW) (AI) CON 360 48*03'47"N 01*21'49"E Ar Hd. UHF/DF HOMER-362.3 296.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 136.4 123.3x (U) ACMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44*52'N 01*44'E GMT+K+201) H-38-7E, L-44 CIV 528 (106, 7, 9, HB) (CON) (5154, 176, 5175, 17326) (LFLX) FUEL 0-(NC-1TA2) ARROGNOME REMARKS.FFR 24 hr. Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri OT O/R prior 15002, Sot, Sun &
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Town-357.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Vs) RADIO ANDE TO NAVIGATION NDB (50 NM-W) (All CON 360 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E Ar FHd. UHF/OF HOMERN-362.3 298.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) <u>CCMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, REANCE 44°32'N 01°44'E GMT+K+201</u> <u>H-38-7E, L-64</u> CIV 528 (D0, 7, 9, HB3 (CON) (8154, 1176, 51175, 11325) (LFLR) FUEL 0-(NC-11A2) AEROBROBE REBARKS-PR 24 hr. Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri OT O/R prior 15002, Sot, Sun & hel O/R prior 15002 lost work day. ©O/R prior 17002. ©O/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri.
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Tewa-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIBS TO HAVIGATION NDE (SO NN-W) (AI) CON 360 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E AI FHd. UNF/OF HOMER-362.3 276.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) ACHATEAUROUX/DEOLS , FRANCE 44°52'N 01°44'E GMT+1(+20T) FUEL @-(NC-11A2) AEROBROBE REMARKS-FFR 24 Iv: Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri OT O/R prior 15002, Sot, Sun & hol O/R prior 15002 lost work day. ©O/R prior 17002. ©O/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. COMMUNICATION
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Teuro-357.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO ANDE TO INAVIGATION NDB (50 NM-W) (Al) CDN 340 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E Ar PHd. UHF/OF HOMERN-362.3 298.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) <u>CCMATER AUROUX/DECOLS, FRANCE 44°32'N 01°44'E GMT+K+201</u> <u>H-38-7E, L-64</u> CIV 528 (Dd, 7, 9, HB3 (CON) (S154, 1176, 51175, 11325) (LFLR) FUEL 0-(NC-11A2) AEROBRONE REMARKS.PR 24 hr. Opr 0700-17002 Man-Fri OT O/R prior 13002, Sot, Sun & hel O/R prior 15002 host work day. ©O/R prior 17002. ©O/R 30 min 0700-17002 Man-Fri. COMMUNICATIONS ARPT Touru-230.1 120.2 129.9x RADIO ANDS TO NAVIGATION
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Tewa-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIRS TO NAVIGATION NDB (30 NM-W) (AI) CDN 360 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E Ar FHd. UHF/OF HOMER-362.3 278.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) ACMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44°52'N 01°44'E GMT+K+2DT) M-38-7E, L-94 CIV 528 (D6, 7, 9, HB3 (CON) (5154, 176, 5175, 17325) (LFLR) FUEL 0-(NC-LTA2) AEROBROBE REMARKS.FFR 24 Iv. Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri OT O/R prior 13002, Sot, Sun & hel O/R prior 15002 lost work day. DO/R prior 17002. DO/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. COMMUNICATIONS ARPT Tewa-230.1 120.2 129.9x
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Tewa-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIDS TO HAVIGATION NDE (30 NM-W) (AI] CDN 360 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E Ar FHd. UNF/OF HOMER-362.3 278.1 (U) = RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) ACMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44°52'N 01°44'E GMT+1(+20T) M-38-7E, L-64 CIV 528 (D6, 7, 9, HB3 (CON) (5154, T176, 51175, T1325) (LFLR) FUEL 0-(NC-LTA2) AEROBROBER REMARKS.PFR 24 hr. Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri O' O/R prior 13002, Sot, Sun & hol O/R prior 13002 lost work day. ©O/R prior 17002. ©O/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. COMMUNICATIONS ARPT Tewa-230.1 120.2 129.%x RADIO ANDS TO MAVIGATION VIE/OF HOMER-120.2 129.%x
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Tewa-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO ANDS TO HAVIGATION NDE (50 NN-W) (AI) CON 360 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E AI FHd. UNF/OF HOMER-362.3 376.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/FAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) • RADAR-ASR/FAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) • COMMERCIAL CON (SIS4, TJ76, ST175, TT325) (LFLX) FUEL Φ-(NC-11A2) • AEROBROBER REMARKS-FFR 24 In: Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri OT O/R prior 15002, Set, Sun & hol O/R prior 15002 lost work day. ©O/R prior 17002. ©O/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. COMMUNICATION • RADAR ASR T Towa-230.1 120.2 127.9x • K5-BRG 218" LC2R CX 110.3/335 Olide Steps 3". 10M CTX 446. CMATILLON/BUR MARNE, FRANCE
APP CON-362.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Teuro-257.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIDS TO HAVIGATION NDS (30 NM-W) (AI) CDN 360 48'03'47"N 01'21'4P"E Ar Pld. UNF/OF HOMER-362.3 376.1 (U) = RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 138.4 123.3x (U) ACMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44'52'N 01'44'E GMT+K+2DT) ACMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44'52'N 01'44'E GMT+K+2DT) FUEL@-(NC-LTA2) AEROBROBER REMARKS.PR 24 hr. Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri O' O/R prior 13002, Sot, Sun & hol O/R prior 15002 lost work day. ©O/R prior 17002. ©O/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. COMMUNICATIONS ARPT Teuro-230.1 120.2 129.%x RADIO AIDS TO MAVIGATION VW/OF HOMER-120.2 129.%x RADIO ANDS TO MAVIGATION VW/OF HOMER-120.2 129.%x
APP CON-302.3 225.1 142.1 140.4 122.1 (U) ARPT Towa-357.8 376.4 140.9 122.1 (U, Va) RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION NDS (50 NM-W) (All CON 340 48°03'47"N 01°21'47"E Ar FHA. UHF/OF HOMERN-342.3 296.1 (U) • RADAR-ASR/PAR-365.4 344.0 286.0 285.5 136.4 123.3x (U) ACMATEAUROUX/DEOLS, FRANCE 44°32'N 01°44'E GMT+K+201) H-38-7E, L-44 CIV 528 100.7, 9, HB3 (CON) (S154, 1176, S1175, 117325) (LFLX) FUEL 0-(NC-11A2) AEROBROME REMARKS.FFR 24 tr. Opr 0700-17002 Mon-Fri O' O/R prior 15002, Sot, Sun & hel O/R prior 15002 lost work day. 'OO/R prior 17002. 'OO/R 30 min 0700-17002 Mon-Fri. COMMUNICATIONS ARPT Towa-230.1 120.2 129.9x RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION VIE/OF HOMERN-120.2 129.9x & KS-BRG 218" 1C2R CX 110.3/335 Glids Shape 3", IOM CTX 446. CMATILLON/BUR MARINE, RANCE N-3C-45" (L-6E-76) VCIW-OME CLI 117.2 Chen 110 47'08'24'N 03'24'43"E 065" 21.5 HM to Reim/Champagno.

Figure A-12

AAIPS OUTPUT

RMINE, SWITZERLAND-47*33'55"N 08*28'59"E NDS (25 NM-W) (AO/A2) RH 332 157* 5.8 NA to Zurich.	H-8H-7C, L-87-88
RODEZ/MARCILLAC, PRANCE 44"24"N 02"29'E GMT+1(+2DT) CIV 1906 12, 4 M620 (ASP) (SOB) FUEL(NC-CIAITA2)	H-40-78, L-80-110 (LFCR)
AERODROBE REMARKS-Opr 0300-11002, 1300-21002 Man-Frij 03 0900-11002, 1400-21002 Sun. OT 46 hr PPR. CSTMS SR-30 to SR-30, 24 hr PN. ©6070' avbi ldg Rwy 31.	
COMMUNICATIONS BORDEAUX CONTROL-125.1 TOULOUBE INFO-119.7	
RODEZ OPS-119.1 A/D times RADIO AIDS TO NAVIGATION	
NDB (10 NM-W) (A1) RZ 387 44*26'N 02*26'E 130* 2.4 NM to Fid. ILS-BRG 313* LCZR RZ 110.1/334.4 Glide Slopt 3.2*. 0500-1100Z 130 1300-SS+30 Sot; 0800-1100Z, 1300-SS+30 and O/R 1 hr prior of	
CIV 420 L4 H46① (ASP) (S39) (1-38, L-78 LFRT)
PUEL@-(NC-C1A1) AERODROBER REMARKS-CAUTION-UFN WIP. Tranch on W side in machinery present. Opr 0430-18002, 2000-22002 Mon-Fri, 0700- 1300-18002 Sun and hol, OT O/R before 15002. Ldg fees rgr. avbilldg ngt for Rwy 10. 4019' avbilldg Rwy 28. @0700-1100 prior 16002. ABPT Tewar-119-A 19-7x	1800Z Set, 0700-1100Z, ©4936' avbi idg day, 4298'
NDS (35 NM-W) (A1) 58 354 48"32'37"N 02"49'06"W 171" 1.7 NM VHF/DF HOMER-119.7 119.4	to Fid.
▲ + ST. TRUIDEN, BELGIUM 50*48'N 05"12'E GMT+X+2DT)	1-3C-6F, L-6A
JABUG-(A3) (G-10) FUEL-(NC-C14, 0-133-148) PRESAIR HPOX A-GEAR	
RWY 06 SAFE-BAR BAK-9(8) SAFE-BA (820') (1499') (725')	
AERODROBE REBARNE-Opr 0700-19002 Man-Fri, did Sat, Sun, Sun, hal. Wa. @857? avbi ldg Rwy 06, 8521' avbi ldg Rwy : COMMUNICA TIONS	
BELGA RADAR-276.9	
BEVINGEN APP CON-240.2 362.3 243.4 122.3 (E) BEVINGEN TOWER-226.2 257.8 243.4 122.3 (E)	
RADIO AIDS TO HAVIGATION TACAN BVG Chan 33 (40/25) 50"47"33"N 05"11"41"E At Fid.	
NDB (W) (A1) ST 510 50"46'51"N 05"11'16"E 068" 1.4 Nm to Fid.	
UHF/VHF/DF HOMER-342.3 254.00 243.4x 122.5 (Un, V)	
 RADAR-Call SEVINGEN GCA: 385.4 344.0 281.0 243.4 227.50 142 RADIO/NAV REMARKS-ØApch. OGCA talkdawn. 	.92 140.22 123.3 (E)
SALON, (SALON DE PROVENCE) FRANCE 43"34'N 05"07"E GMT+1(+ FAF 194 L4, 9 H65 (CON) (S88)	201) H-4G-78, L-110, T-30
FUEL-{NC-A1@A+1@TA2@TB@) OX A-GEAR	(LFMY
RWY 16 BARRIER BAR (OVRH) (OVRH)	and a street of the street
AERODROMS REMAINIS-CAUTION-E part of alld reserved for cap Opr 0650-17002 Mon-Fri anc hol. A/D reserved for mil refe or of French air comber patrol activity 0650-07452, 100-11302, all mon-Fri, OT sap 3 or 5 hr delay or O/R 24 hr in advance.	pt acit. A/D reserved for trng other tic proh. 00630-1700Z
COMMUNICATIONS • APP CON-375.6 362.3 360.2 344.0 140.4 138.7 122.1 119.7@ E(U) ARPT Tower-195.1 257.8 138.5 122.1 119.7@ (U)	
ANT THE TOWARD STORE AND ALL THE TOWARD ALL AND ALL AN	
UNFO/VNFC/DF HOMER@@-375.6 138.7 (E) • RADAR@-ADR@OReder: 286.6 280.4 140.9 119.7@ 122.1 PAR@ G	CA: 286.6 280.4 140.9

AERO/FAC DIR

; PAGE: 55 1978 AUG. 21 17:19:54 1.2 REDUCTION

AAIPS OUTPUT

COMMETTERY	IDENTIFICS	LOCATION IDEN	DENTIFIE			INCUTVIER.
Alghenisten	CA	Ouines Alexan	9	Pa	Listen	
Algeria			WRANK!			
Angela Angela	10	-				
Balrah		Indend			-	R
Belgin		lead			udi Arabia	00
Antonia .		haly, Sardinia & : hay Casar			angel are Leans	
brund	N	Jordan	0	54	malia	HC
Contrast	w.	Konyo			Advice	/A UE
Control Advicen		Laborer	0		-	
Ched	"	Liberia	0	5.	ealand	PD
Comps	ĸ	Libye	H			85 15
Cyprus Denmark		Madagancer	F.		ria	06
Lant		Madeira Island	U	te	ria maaria	H
Egypt Ethiopia Finland	-	Materi	~	Te	-	XQ TQ
Finland France		Matha		Tu	they	LT .
Franch Aurs & Ia		Mautteria	00	UI UI	anda Sala	NU
Oaben	N	Merecco	CA N	U	Hed Kingdom	1G 00
Cornery	80 06	Macambique			man (Adan)	OT
Olevelar	LX	National		. Y.	galaxia	LY
Greece and Cree	. 10	Mgaria			**	12
Outres Section Use Airpoon		Nerway		ICAO Location	Advention of the	
Example EDD14 Where a country he emple (ED)D14 The period a do	n nat assigned a com		a ining aluments	tember). have added by gline. THESE UPPE HOUSE OF DAY		CONTROL
Where a country he angle (EB)D14 The perform of a de	n nor antigend a com algentar andated in pr	phin airpeas designator il grantatio vill nor be uned EFFECTIVE ALTITUDE	- Saing channels In value communi DAYS	have added by glass. <u>THRE USE</u> HOURS		6 64 694 69 - 9 89 -
Where a country lo ample (ED)014 The parties of a de NUMBER	n nor antigend a com algentar andated in pr	plate airpoos designator de arontesis will not be until EFFECTIVE ALTITUDE AFGD as Alphanistan.	DAVE OF WEER	have added by glass. <u>THRE USE</u> HOURS		6 64 694 69 - 9 89 -
Where a country he angle (ED)014 The period of a do oUMINER See Area Planning (n ner mitgerid a com nigenter erdend in pr AREA NAME	plate alripeet delipedor & arandazia will not be used EFFECTIVE ALTITUDE AFGD as Alghanidas. Al	DAVE OF WEER	Harris added by prime. THERE LIVE HOURS OF DAY	WEATH	CONTROL
Where a country list angle (ED)014 The parties of a de INUMINER See Area Flowing / DAD32 Areas	n not assigned a com ngaater andread in pr AREA NAME AP/3A to unknownian	plan airpara dalpade A arabiah vil na la vad EFFECTIVE ALTURE AFGA ar Alphantan. To 4007	DAVE DAVE OF WEER CANIETAN GERIA By NOTAM	have added by glass. <u>THRE USE</u> HOURS		6 64 694 69 - 9 89 -
Where a country lo angle (ED)D16 In parties of a d polyammer See Area Planning , DAD33 Area Finan Sein DAD46 Lo M	n na anigent o can nigeger antend in p AREA MARE A/JA is ultraste / / ing 3357/055* rade atte Se & Lond	AFGD - 400 -	DAVE DAVE OF WEER CANSETAR QERIA by NOTAM So'N OF STW. by STAM		D WEATH VMC-MC VMC-MC	AUTHOL AUTHOR No A/G
Where a country lo angle (ED)D16 In parties of a d polyammer See Area Planning , DAD33 Area Finan Sein DAD46 Lo M	n na anigent o can nigeger antend in p AREA MARE A/JA is ultraste / / ing 3357/055* rade atte Se & Lond	AF 4800 To	CANSE CONTINUE CONTINUER CONTINUER CANSETAR OF NOTAN ST OF STAN ST OF STAN ST OF ST OF ST		D WEATH VMC-MC VMC-MC	AUTHOL AUTHOR No A/G
Ware a country la exple (ED)D16 In profes of a di prUMINER See Area Flaming - Ba052 Areas Fring Ba0652 (c M Fring Bages	n not anight o can algebra calond in p AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA NAME	Lib HM. control of 35' By HOTAM ST-42H OF DOT W F	- Ling damask in velse cammen - DAVE - OF WEER - AMMETAN - GERIA - BY NOTAM - STAN - STAN - STAN - STAN - STANCE		9 WEATHO VMC-MC VMC-MC 00'0PW to pe	IR AUTHOR No A/G No A/G
Ware + county, county County coupt (E30)F14 the perites of + da County provember County county County	n not anigent o can appear codend in p AREA NAME AREA NAME AREA STATE Tog 3357/0557 rodu and Soo & Lond ang of 357 5510 07100 Bevenne Code	Lib HM. control of 35' By NOTAN Y STATH OF DATH	bing diment bays bays bays constant constant constant constant constant constant constant constant constant		D WEATH VMC-MC VMC-MC	AUTHOL AUTHOR No A/G
Vibra + county, iso mpt (ED)Pid The parties of + ds POUNDER See Area Planning DADD32 DADD33 Area Planning Bandots CAPPIA2 Limit Torch POUNDER	a nor anigenti o can appeter anticial in p ANEA HAASE A/JA & whereasten by 3357/0557 radio tog 3357/0577 radio tog 33577 radio tog 33577 radio tog 335777 radio tog 33577777777777777777777777777777777777	All of the series EFFECTIVE ALTITUDE	bills dimension of a Vis of an and a of a Vis of a of a Vis of a of a Vis of a of a		9 WEATHO VMC-MC VMC-MC 00'0PW to pe	IR AUTHOR No A/G No A/G
Where a country, be country, be mayer (E32)8743 The parties of a de (E32)8743 See Arce Planning (E32)8743 DAD32 Arce Planning DAD32 Arce Planning Country See Arce Planning	a not antiport a con- appear activity in p AREA HAARE A/3A is substration to g 300°/000° reads to g 300°/000° reads to g 300°/000° reads bername conto to g 300°/000° reads bername conto to g 300°/000° reads to g 300°/000° reads to g 300°/000° reads	AFO AF AFO AF AFO AF A	bits bits bits DAYE OF WEER OF WEER bits Set OF WEER bits COERIA bits By NOTAM bits Set OF Set bits By NOTAM bits	нот added by толого об' БАТ во нотала ву нотала у нотала колого ву нотала сан ву нотала а за'зати сан ву нотала а за'зати	WEATHN VMC-MAC VMC-MAC VMC-MAC VMC-MAC VMC-MAC	CONTROL AUTION AUTION Ho A/G Ho A/G Ho A/G Ho A/G Ho A/G
Where a country, be country, be mayed: (E3)0543 The parties of a de (E3)0543 The parties of a de (E3)0543 San Area Planning (E3)0543 DADD32 Areas DADD33 Areas DADD34 (E de) DADD35 Areas DADD34 (E de) DADD35 Limit DADD36 (E d) DADD37 Limit DADD38 Limit DADD39 Limit DAD39 Limit DAD39 Limit DAD39 Limit DAD39 Limit	a not endpoid a con- spectre codend in p AREA NAME A/JA & utermuter // up 355/055/ rother and by 355/055/ rother broke rother 3 16h content in trag 256/556/ rother in trag 256/556/ in trag 256/556/ in tr	All of the series EFFECTIVE ALTITUDE	bing shows a b vide constraints OF WEER COF WEER SAMISTAR OEBRIA by NOTAR SP OF	Control of the second of		CONTROL AUTHOR He A/G He A/G

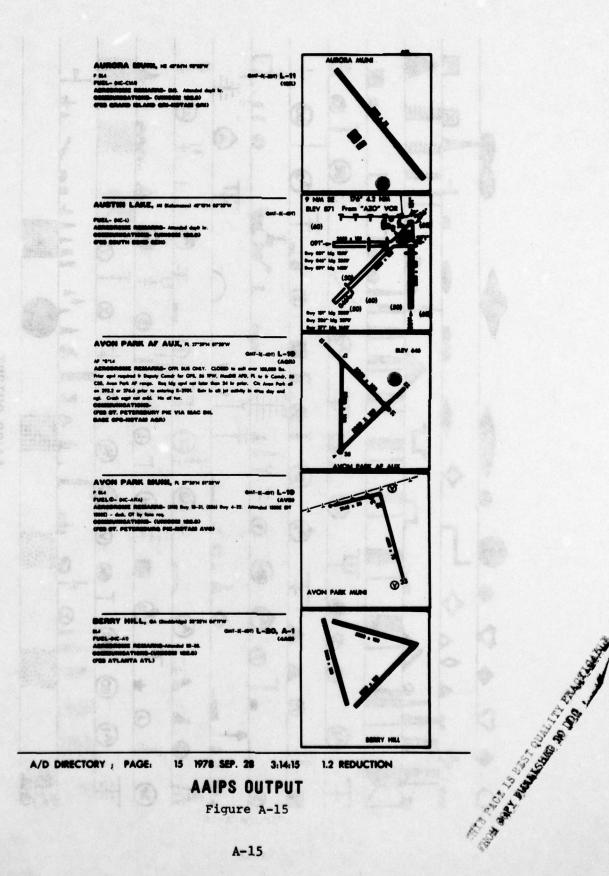
AAIPS OUTPUT

Figure A-14

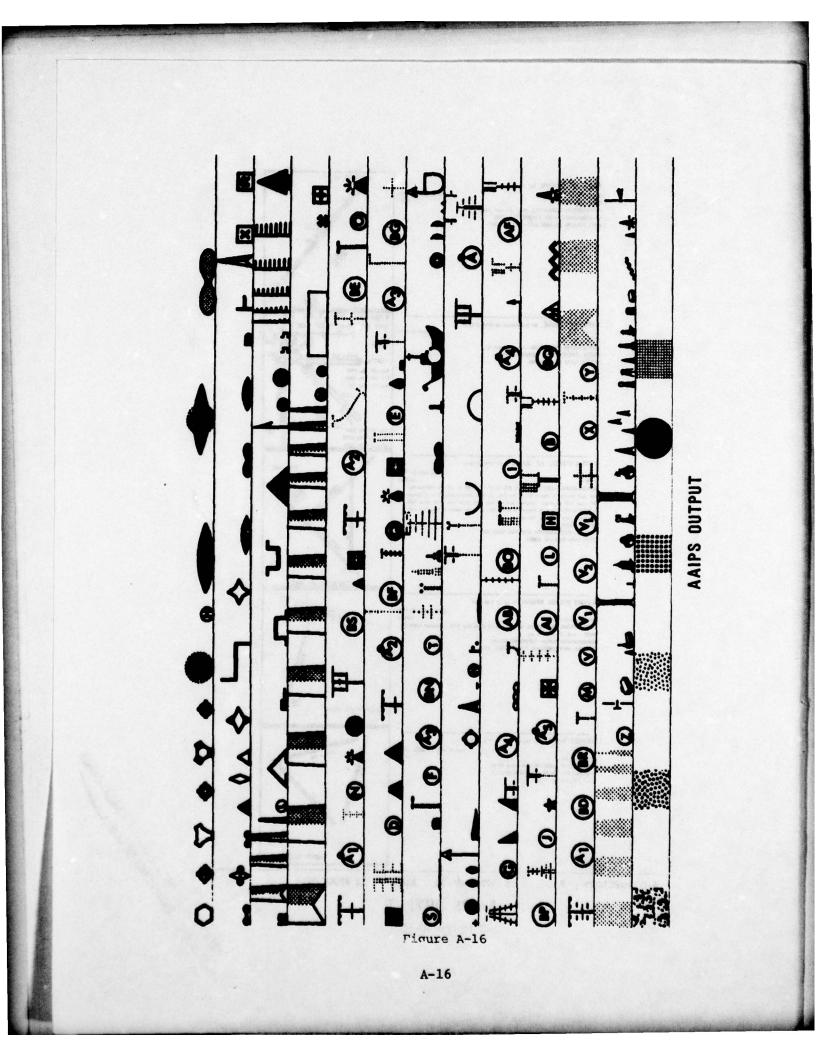
THIS PACE IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE FROM COPY PUERISHED TO DDC

)

A-14



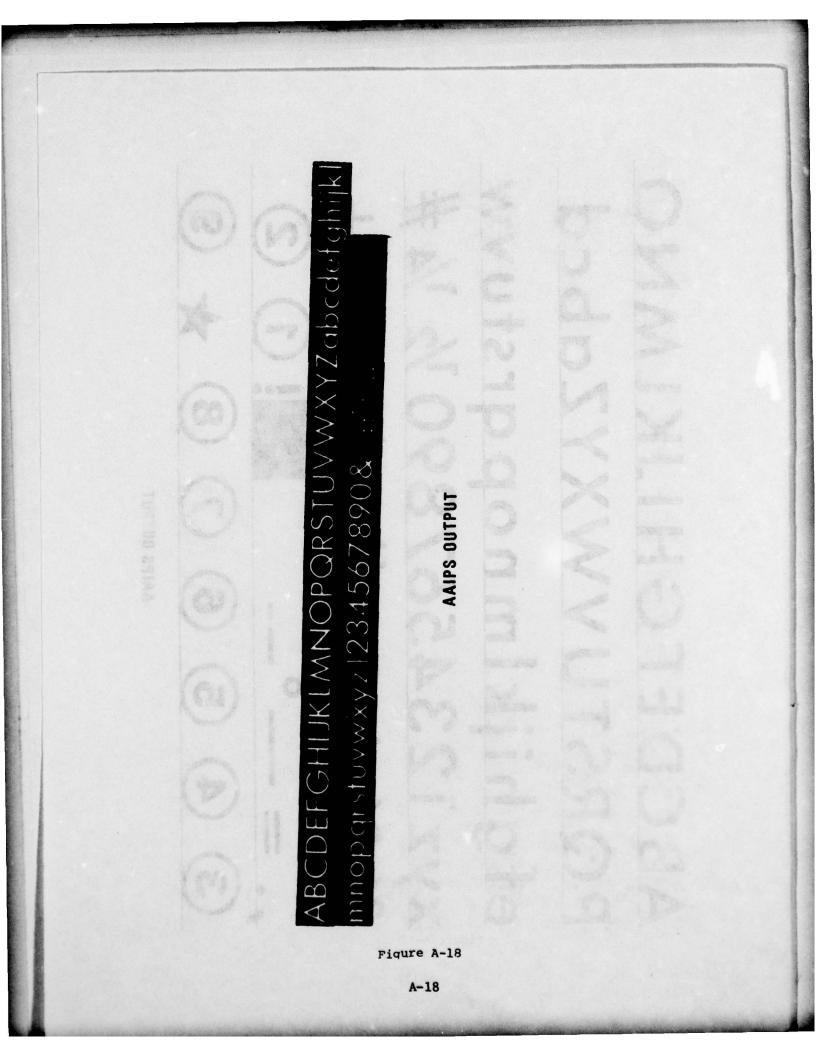
A-15



efghijk Im nop grstuvw ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO 6 ×yz1234567890 ½ ¼# n PQRSTUVWXYZabcd 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 + 34%土&*()+/"

AAIPS OUTPUT

A-17



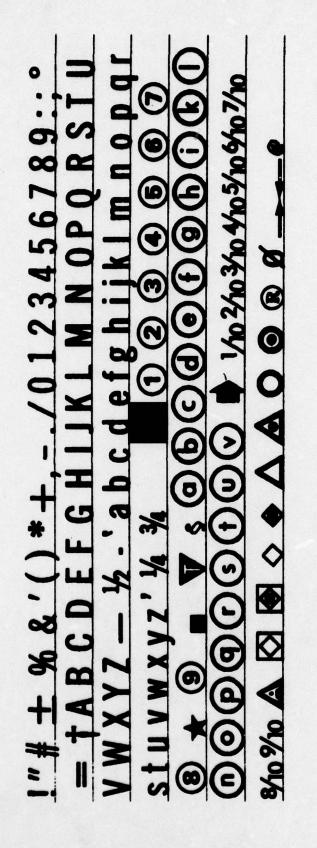


Figure A-19 A-19 AAIPS OUTPUT

MISSION of

NANANANANANANANANANAN

Rome Air Development Center

RADC plans and executes research, development, test and selected acquisition programs in support of Command, Control Communications and Intelligence (C³I) activities. Technical and engineering support within areas of technical competence is provided to ESD Program Offices (POs) and other ESD elements. The principal technical mission areas are communications, electromagnetic guidance and control, surveillance of ground and aerospace objects, intelligence data collection and handling, information system technology, ionospheric propagation, solid state sciences, microwave physics and electronic reliability, maintainability and compatibility.

MANUARA CARARARE

1.3

SC.