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UNITED STATES ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21010

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-36530 US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROPRIETARY CHEMICAL-AMIDE STUDY NO. 75-51-0903-79 MAY 1976 - MAY 1978



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UNCLASSIFIED SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered) READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM SAEHA REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER FPOR 75-51-0903-79 ORT & PERIOD COVERED TITLE (and Subtitle) TYPE OF RE 9 Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of Candidate Final May 76- May 78_ Insect Repellent AI3-36530, US Department of 6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER Agriculture Proprietary Chemical - Amide * 75-51-0903-79 A CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(+) AUTHORIA ALLEN W./SINGER JOHN G. HARVEY, JR 10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS 9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010 12. REPORT DATE 11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Commander May 76 - May 78 US Army Health Services Command 13. NUMBER OF PAGES Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234 7 14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If different from Controlling Office) 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified 154. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited. 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, If different from Report) 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) USDA Proprietary Chemical - Amide skin irritation AI3-36530 eye irritation Topical Hazard Evaluation candidate repellent 29. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) A preliminary hazard evaluation of AI3-36530 was performed by means of laboratory animal studies using rats, rabbits and guinea pigs. The technical grade compound did not produce eye or skin irritation, or cause a photochemical irritation in rabbits, did not sensitize guinea pigs and did not demonstrate an acute ingestion hazard. It is recommended that AI3-36530, US Department of Agriculture Proprietary Chemical - Amide, be approved for further testing as a candidate insect repellent. A DD 1 JAN 73 1473 EDITION OF I NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE UNCLASSIFIED \$38150 SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (Then Date Enter



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE AGENCY ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND 21010

CPT Singer/cf/584-3980

HSE-LT-T/WP

29 DEC 1978

SUBJECT: Topical Hazard Evaluation Program of Candidate Insect Repellent, AI3-36530, US Department of Agriculture Proprietary Chemical-Amide, Study No. 75-51-0903-79, May 1976-May 1978

Executive Secretary Armed Forces Pest Control Board Forest Glen Section, WRAMC Washington, DC 20012

A summary of the pertinent findings and recommendations of the inclosed report follows:

A preliminary hazard evaluation of AI3-36530 was performed by means of laboratory animal studies using rats, rabbits, and guinea pigs. The technical grade compound did not produce eye or skin irritation, or cause a photochemical irritation in rabbits, did not sensitize guinea pigs and did not demonstrate an acute ingestion hazard. It is recommended that AI3-36530, US Department of Agriculture Proprietary Chemical-Amide, be approved for further testing as a candidate insect repellent.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

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TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM OF CANDIDATE INSECT REPELLENT AI3-36530 US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PROPRIETARY CHEMICAL-AMIDE STUDY NO. 75-51-0903-79 MAY 1976 - MAY 1978

1. AUTHORITY.

a. Letter, US Department of Agriculture - Agricultural Research Service, Southern Region, Insects Affecting Man-Research Laboratory, Gainesville, Florida, 4 November 1977.

b. Memorandum of Understanding between the Department of the Army; Office of The Surgeon General; the US Army Health Services Command; the US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency; the Armed Forces Pest Control Board; and the US Department of Agriculture, effective 1970 with Amendment No. 1 effective August 1974.

2. REFERENCE. Toxicology Division Procedural Guide, US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency (USAEHA), 1972, revised 1976.

3. PURPOSE. The purpose of this program is to provide guidance for further entomological testing of the candidate insect repellent AI3-36530.

4. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS. A hazard evaluation of the candidate insect repellent AI3-36530, US Department of Agriculture Proprietary Chemical-Amide, was conducted by this Agency using New Zealand White rabbits for skin and eye studies, Hartley guinea pigs for a skin sensitization study and Sprague-Dawley rats for determination of oral toxicity. A tabular presentation of animal toxicity data developed in this Agency follows.*t

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^{*} In conducting the studies described in this report, the investigators adhered to the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals," US Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Publication No. (NIH) 74-23, revised 1972 - second printing 1974.

t The experiments reported herein were performed in animal facilities fully accredited by the American Association for the Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care.

JUSTIFICATION ____

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TABULAR PRESENTATION OF DATA

Compound AI3-36530 produced no primary irritation of the intact skin or to the skin surrounding an abrasion.	USAEHA Category (ref Appendix)
Compound AI3-36530 did not produce any injury to the cornea and, in addition, no injury to the conjunc- tiva in six out of six rab- bits.	USAEHA Category (ref Appendix)
ALD >3300 mg/kg	Presents little lethal hazard from acute accidental ingestion.
	accidental
	no primary irritation of the intact skin or to the skin surrounding an abrasion. Compound AI3-36530 did not produce any injury to the cornea and, in addition, no injury to the conjunc- tiva in six out of six rab- bits.

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Test	Results	Interpretation
PHOTOCHEMICAL SKIN IRRITATION	STUDIES	
Rabbits		
A single application (0.05 ml) of a 25 percent (w/v) solution of the compound (AI3-36530) and of a 10 per- cent oil of Bergamot solu- tion (positive control) in 95 percent ethyl alcohol were applied to the intact skin of six rabbits. Five minutes after application, the rabbits were exposed to UV light (365 nm) for 30 minutes at a distance of 10-15 cm. <u>Control</u>	A 25 percent solution of AI3-36530 in ethanol did not cause a photochemical irritation reaction under test conditions. Positive control application and irradiation caused greater irritant effects than in unirradiated skin areas. Ethanol solutions of AI3-36530 caused mild irritation at both UV and non-UV skin sites.	Compound AI3-36530 did not cause a photochemical irritation re- action under test conditions and is not expected to cause a photo- chemical irri- tation reaction in humans. Ethanol solutions of this compound may cause skin irritation in some
Following UV exposures of the rabbits, 0.05 ml of test compound, positive control and diluent were applied to additional skin areas to serve as unirradiated control sites. Application areas were checked for skin irritation at 24, 48 and 72 hours.		sensitive indi- viduals. Persons experiencing this reaction should wash off the solution as soon as possible.

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Test	Results	Interpretation
SENSITIZATION STUDIES		
Guinea Pigs (male)		
Intradermal injections of 0.1 ml of a 0.1 percent suspension (w/v) of AI3-36530 or of dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB)* in a mixture containing 1 volume propylene glycol and 29 volumes of saline.		
Ten test guinea pigs re- ceived and challenged with a 0.1 percent solution of AI3-36530.	Challenge dose of test com- pound (last intradermal in- jection) did not produce a sensitization reaction.	Compound AI3-365 did not produce sensitization re action under the test conditions
Ten positive control guinea pigs received and challenged with a 0.1 percent sus- pension of DNCB.	Positive control (DNCB) pro- duced a marked sensitization reaction in 10 out of 10 guinea pigs.	and is not ex- pected to cause sensitization re action in humans

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* A known skin sensitizer

5. CONCLUSION. Technical grade compound AI3-36530 presents no acute hazard from eye, skin, photochemical or sensitization contact or from acute ingestion. A potential for mild skin irritation exists when AI3-36530 is applied in ethanol solutions.

6. RECOMMENDATION. Under the provisions of the Memorandum of Understanding (paragraph 1b), it is recommended that AI3-36530, USDA Proprietary Chemical-Amide, be approved for further testing as a candidate insect repellent. Ethanol solutions of this compound may cause skin irritation in sensitive individuals and, if experienced, the site should be washed with copious amounts of water.

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APPENDIX

TOPICAL HAZARD EVALUATION PROGRAM DEFINITIONS OF CATEGORIES OF COMPOUNDS BEING CONSIDERED FOR ACUTE SKIN APPLICATION

<u>CATEGORY I</u> - Compounds producing no primary irritation of the intact skin or no greater than mild primary irritation of the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: No restriction for acute application to the human skin.)

CATEGORY II - Compounds producing mild primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should be used only on human skin found by examination to have no abrasions or may be used as a clothing impregnant.)

<u>CATEGORY III</u> - Compounds producing moderate primary irritation of the intact skin and the skin surrounding an abrasion. (INTERPRETATION: Should not be used directly on the skin without a prophetic patch test having been conducted on humans to determine irritation potential to human skin. May be used without patch testing, with extreme caution, as clothing impregnants. Compound should be resubmitted in the form and at the intended use concentration so that its irritation potential can be reexamined using other test techniques on animals.)

<u>CATEGORY IV</u> - Compounds producing moderate to severe primary irritation of the intact skin and of the skin surrounding an abrasion and, in addition, producing necrosis, vesiculation and/or eschars. (INTERPRETATION: Should be resubmitted for testing in the form and at the intended use concentration. Upon resubmission, its irritation potential will be reexamined using other test techniques on animals. prior to possible prophetic patch testing in humans, at concentrations which have been shown not to produce primary irritation in animals.)

<u>CATEGORY V</u> - Compounds impossible to classify because of staining of the skin or other masking effects owing to physical properties of the compound. (INTERPRETATION: Not suitable for use on humans.)

EYE CATEGORIES:

A. <u>Compounds noninjurious to the eye</u>. INTERPRETATION: Irritation of human eyes is not expected if the compound should accidentally get into the eyes, provided it is washed out as soon as possible.

B. <u>Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes.

C. <u>Compounds producing mild injury to the cornea, and in addition some</u> injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with caution around the eyes and mucosa.

D. <u>Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes.

E. <u>Compounds producing moderate injury to the cornea, and in addition</u> producing some injury to the conjunctiva. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution around the eyes and mucosa.

F. <u>Compounds producing severe injury to the cornea and to the</u> <u>conjunctiva</u>. INTERPRETATION: Should be used with extreme caution. It is recommended that use be restricted to areas other than the face.