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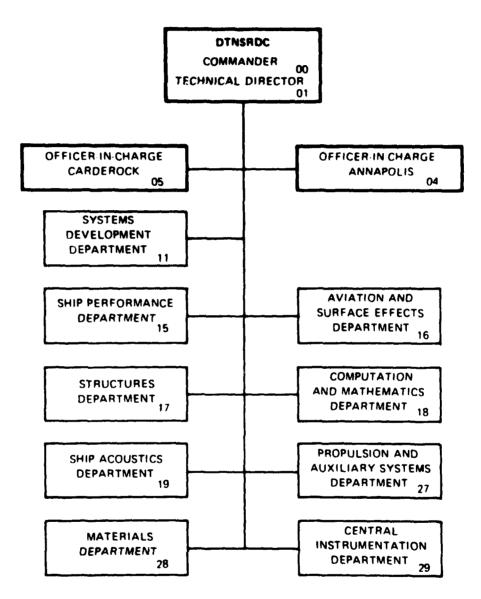
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UNCLASSIFIED SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered) READ INSTRUCTIONS **REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE** BEFORE COMPLETING FORM PIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER 17735.0 . . . 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. CMD-\$7-76 C ---DATA ENTRY ABOARD SHIP - U.S.S. MULLINNIX INTERIM REPORT (DD-944) - SHIP TRIAL REPORT . hMan Ronald N. Koontz Jack A. Jeffers PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK David W. Taylor Naval Ship R&D Center 62760N Bethesda, Maryland 20084 TF53531045 11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS June 🗰75 Naval Supply Systems Command Code 043 5U 29 <u>Washington</u> 20376 ADDRESS(II dillorent from Controlling Office) 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of th Unclassified 154. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED NSTUC-1-1867-012 '6 SUPPLEMENTARY MO F53-531-Ø45 on reverse side if necessary and identify by block numbe KEY WORDS (Conth Shipboard Data Processing Microprocessors Logistics Source Data Automation ACT (Continue on reverse elde II necessary and identify by block number) This report documents the results of a shipboard test, on the DD-944, of the Data Entry Aboard Ship (DEAS) breadboard system. A six week test of supply and maintenance applications was conducted using ship's data and personnel to exercise the system. This initial test of system concept feasibility was generally successful. DD 1 JAN 73 1473 EDITION OF I NO J 45 IS OBSOLETE UNCLASSIFIED 5/N 0102-0 SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (Then Date 40684



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I. INTRODUCTION

A. GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The Data Entry Aboard Ship (DEAS), an automated logistics system concept, was tested for six weeks (1 April 1975 - 12 May 1975) on board the destroyer, U.S.S. MULLINNIX. The purpose of the shipboard test was to evaluate the viability for DEAS to support and effectively execute shipboard logistics services involving both in-port and at-sea conditions.

The DEAS project utilizes prototype equipment consisting of an intelligent terminal (8 K programmable), printer, card reader, CRT, and three cassette tape drives. The DEAS equipment was hand-carried aboard the U.S.S. MULLINNIX and installed on a desk top located in the supply office in approximately one hour. Naval Ship Research and Development Center (NSRDC) personnel checked the equipment for breakage, plugged in the components, tested the system software, and were running the DEAS system for training purposes within minutes.

The DEAS test objectives for the shipboard experiment were to:

- 1) Evaluate the performance of the DEAS breadboard equipment under at-sea conditions,
- 2) Train shipboard supply personnel, and evaluate their adaptability to Data Entry procedures and the use of an automated supply system,
- 3) Operate the DEAS logistics system in parallel with normal shipboard logistics operations,

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4) Test and evaluate the newly developed shipboard maintenance system which produces a local Current Ship's Maintenance Project (CSMP) report and a Ship's Maintenance Completion report.

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B. DEAS TRAINING SCHEDULE - SUPPLY SYSTEM

Phase one of the shipboard test was to train available supply personnel to use the DEAS hardware and create master files containing the SIM stock records, the 1348 Outstanding File (Requisitions and Status), and a representative segment of the 12,000 non-Sim stock records. Several men from the supply department participated in the DEAS test on a part-time basis, notably an SK-3 and the supply department Chief Petty Officer. The SK-3 and Chief Petty Officer were given two 2-hour training sessions to familiarize them with the data entry of forms and the master file search program in the DEAS system. The training included:

- How to handle cassette tapes and change printer paper,
- Load data entry programs (supply forms) into computer memory,
- 3) Switch from one data entry program to another,
- Key in data to complete the displayed supply forms,
- 5) Learn the validation and correction features for the displayed supply form,
- 6) Learn to switch to the search program and interpret the displayed data fields of the 1114 stock record or the 1348 requisition and status records, and
- 7) Learn the proper open and close down procedures of the DEAS computer.

After the training sessions, the supply departments' SIM, one hundred (representative segment) Non-SIM stock records, and several hundred 1348 requisitions were keyed into the DEAS system. In a period of three weeks,

working two or three hours per day, the Navy personnel assigned to the project and the NSRDC research personnel were able to create the Sim and non-Sim master files, plus the 1348 Outstanding File (Requisitions). The following average for record input by the Navy personnel was established:

- 1) Approximately 925 manual records were keyed for the files, and
- 2) A total of 50 man-hours was utilized.

This is approximately the same amount of time a sailor requires to type or keypunch the same supply records. The supply department personnel adapted to the DEAS method of inputting records as quickly as they would adapt to a typewriter.

The next phase of the DEAS test was to run parallel to the supply department manual systems. The supply department personnel spent 10 hours during the third and fourth week to train and familiarize themselves with all facets of the DEAS supply system. Included in their training were such points as: 1) key input of 1250 issues, 1348 requisitions, status messages. 1114 Sim and non-Sim data changes, and 1348-1 receipts; 2) cassette tape changing to provide input and outputs required by various DEAS programs; 3) creating new daily master files and storing yesterday's master files; 4) performing all functions of program selection, updating master files, generating reports; 5) audit trail-reject lists were produced and studied to check accuracy of inputs to update the master files; and finally, 6) producing reports to determine reorder quantity, latest status and progress of outstanding requisitions, and data field maintenance required for stock records.

Following the 10-hour training period, the supply personnel were able to operate the DEAS system in parallel with the manual supply system. Due to the other duties assigned to the supply department personnel, the NSRDC research personnel also performed various DEAS update and system requirements. In general, the DEAS system data entry, file update, and report generation effort can be measured in two distinct areas -- 1) in-port work requirements, and 2) at-sea work requirements.

In-port work requirements performed by the DEAS system averaged three hours per day. Three hours is an indication of total computer time required for processing the more limited supply information used by the DEAS systems. Supply duties not performed by DEAS at the time of the test were Optar reporting and financial reconciliation. Also excluded from actual computer time is the need for supply personnel to provide continuous monitoring of the Sim and Outstanding files, expedite orders, provide back order reconciliations, provide historical demand review, physical inventory checks, etc.

At-sea work requirements for the DEAS system averaged two hours or less. During deployment of a Naval ship, there are usually fewer duties performed by supply department personnel.

C. DEAS TRAINING SCHEDULE -- 3-M SYSTEM

Another objective for the DEAS test was to evaluate the newly developed shipboard maintenance system. The DEAS automated maintenance system was designed to provide data entry validation for the 2-kilo maintenance form generated by all departments within the local ship. Secondly, the DEAS

maintenance system was to provide a direct tie-in for 2-kilo maintenance jobs which interface with the supply department. The interface between departments and the supply department would provide the various departments within the ship a printout showing the 2-kilo job, the 1250 issues delivered to the supply department and completed by the supply department, plus any 1348 requisitions which were created by the supply department in order to fill the 1250 issue request.

The printout for the local ship's departments is listed in Figure 1. Figure 1 resembles the 3-M system printout, CSMP Option 3. The DEAS system has modified the CSMP to reflect a local ship's CSMP containing the departments 1250 issues and any 1348 requisitions initiated by the 1250. Further modifications are suggested by the DEAS personnel, but the first attempt to interface supply files (1348 requisition with document number should be noted) and departments' 2-kilo jobs was favorably received by the local ship's commanding officer, department heads and division heads.

Figure 2 (Project Completion Report) gives ship's departments a completion report. This lists the completed 2-kilo job with accompanying 1250 issues and 1348 requisitions. (A simple modification by the DEAS personnel can provide man hours expended and date completed for the Project Completion Report, thus providing each division head a convenient tool to estimate work hours.)

During the DEAS test, NSRDC personnel collected various 2-kilo and 1250 issue information from the ship's departments. Approximately 75 2-kilo forms were keyed into the DEAS system, thus creating a maintenance master

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Figure 2

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file. Existing documentation for many of the 2-kilo forms proved to be unavailable, therefore, the OE division was selected to provide 1250 information due to their complete record-keeping. Twenty 2-kilo forms were researched and accompanying 1250 issues were established for the DEAS maintenance system.

Next, the DEAS maintenance system is designed to incorporate the supply department, 1348 outstanding file, requisition records to complete the information produced on the local ship's CSMP. A side product of the DEAS system allows the various departments to query supply department stock records in order for the department personnel to produce up-to-date 1250 issue information. The local CSMP was produced on a three to four days basis.

II. SHIPBOARD OPERATION

A. ENVIRONMENT

The DEAS shipboard test was assigned two adjoining desks in the supply office of the U.S.S. MULLINNIX. The equipment was set up on the two desks in the following configuration:

- The processor unit (including CRT, 3 cassette tape drives, and keyboard) was placed directly on top of the right-most desk. The machine was secured so that it would not fall off the desk top during heavy seas. This left ample work area on the desk for the operator.
- 2) The printer was placed on top of padding on the left-most desk and connected to the processor. The padding consisted of one sheet of 1/2" rubber padding, one sheet of 1/2" felt padding and another sheet of 1/2" rubber padding. The padding accomplished two things. First, it provided a non-skid surface on which to place the printer. Second, it reduced the vibration transmitted from the printer to the desk which is an annoyance to an adjacent operator in a confined space.
- 3) The card reader was placed on the deck, directly below the printer. There was space to place it on top of the desk, but this was not done for ease of operation and because it was used infrequently.

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4) Cassette tapes not in use, extra printer paper, and NSRDC personnel belongings were stored on the deck behind the card reader.

The equipment was on-loaded 1 April 1975 and off-loaded 9 May 1975. It was in use 32 of the 37 days between 2 April and 8 May. It was used a total of 82 hours and 40 minutes during 16 days at sea and a total of 86 hours and 20 minutes during 16 days in port. The equipment operated without failure. It was subjected to two days of shipwide electrical system power fluctuation drills, high speed runs of up to three hours at 27 knots, heavy seas up to sea state 6, the vibrations of the 5-inch gun firing from directly overhead, and coffee spills from supply personnel getting coffee from the coffeepot located behind the printer.

B. TEST SCHEDULE AND DESCRIPTION

This DEAS shipboard test was composed of training, data file creations, and operation in parallel with actual ship's work. Ship personnel were trained on an as-available schedule. Training for each person was two 2-hour periods for the data entry portion of the system and a total of 10 hours for the update and report generation portions of the system. Actual ship's transactions were entered and processed during the training periods for maximum usage of the personnel. The file generation and transaction processing schedule is shown on the following page.

Inclusive Dates	Accomplishments
2 April - 6 April	Create the SIM stock record file
	containing all of the ship's SIM
	stock items.
3 April - 8 April	Create a partial maintenance file.
16 April - 26 April	Create an outstanding requisition
	file containing the ship's high
	priority outstanding requisitions
	(Pri 2-9) and all outstanding
	requisitions for SIM items.
27 April - 7 May	Add some of the status messages in the
	ship's file to the outstanding
	requisition file.
1 May - 2 May	Create a representative Non-SIM stock
	record file.
5 May - 6 May	Add some of the recent electronic
	division's actions to the
	maintenance file.
8 April - 5 May	Process all supply transactions affecting
	the SIM and outstanding files.
	Approximately 100 of the Non-SIM and
	not-carried transactions were also
	processed.

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Data entry of a typical form was accomplished at an average rate of one every two minutes. Additional processing for updating, error correction, and report generation averaged one minute per form. During the DEAS shipboard test aboard the U.S.S. ALBANY in the Fall of 1974, it was found that an operator can comfortably enter and print one form a minute. Two of the general reasons for the slower rate during this test are listed below (some specific reasons are detailed later).

 The personnel were invariably interrupted to perform other duties. A breakdown of the operator's time into DEAS and ship's operational duties during a DEAS utilization session was not attempted. In addition, measurements of interruptions unconnected with either were not broken out.

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2. In order to obtain the representative record collections contained in the Outstanding and Maintenance files, the operator was required to find, pull, input, and then replace records from ship's files. This manual handling consumed a good deal of time, since the records were not consecutive. That handling was not separated from the data entry times recorded.

The data entry times could have been significantly decreased by eliminating the printing of each input form. The forms were printed for monitoring and documentation purposes of the NSRDC personnel.

AS System Training Creating Data Files a. SIM Stock Records b. Outstanding Requisitions	6:00	6:40	12:40	
Creating Data Files a. SIM Stock Records b. Outstanding Requisitions			12:40	
a. SIM Stock Records b. Outstanding Requisitions				1
b. Outstanding Requisitions		1		
c. Status d. Non-SIM Stock Records e. Maintenance	20:40 7:30 	12:20 2:45 3:50 3:45 11:10	12:20 23:25 11:20 3:45 11:10	
Process Normal Supply Transactions	9:25	12:55	22:20	0:42
Demonstration, Monitoring, and Additional Backup Tape Creation	7:40	18:15	25:55	
Subtotal	51:15	71:40	122:55	3:51
rdware Testing and ogramming	31:25	14:40	46 :05	1:20
Total	82:40	86:20	169:00	5:17
	Supply Transactions Demonstration, Monitoring, and Additional Backup Tape Creation Subtotal odware Testing and ogramming	Supply Transactions9:25Demonstration, Monitoring, and Additional Backup Tape Creation7:40Subtotal51:15odware Testing and ogramming31:25	Supply Transactions9:2512:55Demonstration, Monitoring, and Additional Backup Tape Creation7:4018:15Subtotal51:1571:40odware Testing and ogramming31:2514:40	Supply Transactions9:2512:5522:20Demonstration, Monitoring, and Additional Backup Tape Creation7:4018:1525:55Subtotal51:1571:40122:55Gware Testing and ogramming31:2514:4046:05

DEAS EQUIPMENT USAGE TIMES

NOTE: Times are given in HOURS:MINUTES.

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DEAS PROCESSING AVERAGES

Function Jerformen	Date Forty	201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	Total Time	Number of Transactions	Average Number of Transactions Entered	Average Number of Transactions Fully Processed
1. Creating Octa Files						
a. SIM Stock Records	00 : 6	3:20	12:20	365	4]	30
b. Outstanding Requisitions	16:30	6:55	23:25	328	20]4
c. Status Messages	7:20	4:00	11:20	124	11	11
d. Non-SIM Stock Pecords	2:30	1:15	3:45	108	43	29
e. Maintenance	8:10	3:00	11:10	117	14	10
 Process Normal Supply Transactions 	14:20	8:00	22:20	550	38	24
Total	57:50	26:30	84 :20	1592	28	61

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NOTE: 1. Data entry time includes time required to obtain the transaction from the ship's files.

2. Times are given in HOURS: MINUTES.

3. Averages are given in number of transactions per hour.

C. TEST SEGMENT DESCRIPTIONS

1. Training Supply Department Personnel

Seven supply department enlisted personnel were utilized in this DEAS shipboard test. Two were trained to use the entire system. The other five were trained in the data entry portion of the system. In addition, four non-supply enlisted personnel were trained to operate the equipment using a set of manufacturer supplied games programs. None of the personnel experienced any difficulty in learning to use the system. All of them were able to load a cassette program tape, initiate programs, and run programs by following the directions given on the CRT after two or three minutes training. Supply personnel easily adapted to the DEAS automated supply system. Even new supply personnel, with little or no previous shipboard experience in supply, quickly learned to understand and use the DEAS supply system. In fact, the naturally hectic training schedule of new supply personnel in the busy, "fire-drill" atmosphere of a ship's supply office makes the automated system a more efficient and effective way to train such personnel into viable working members of the supply department.

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SCHEDULE OF EQUIPMENT TIMES USED IN TRAINING

Date	Total Time	Personnel .	Accomplishments
2 April	2 hrs. 10 mins.	SKI Ladia SK3 Jones SK3 Edwards SA Manansala SA Medina	Hardware operation and data entry.
3 April (A.M.)	1 hr. 55 mins.	SA Imadhay SA Medina	Hardware operation and data entry.
3 April (P.M.)	. 1 hr. 5 mins.	SK3 Jones	Data entry, updating and report generation.
4 April	l hr.	3 non-supply personnel	Hardware operation.
9 April	1 hr. 30 mins.	SK3 Jones	Entire supply system
18 April	1 hr. 30 mins.	SKC Pellom SK3 Jones	Data entry. (Note: the Chief was trained by the Third Class.)
20 April	3 hrs.	SKC Pellom	Entire system.
2 May	30 minutes	l non-cr ew supply personnel	Hardware operation and data entry.

2. SIM Stock Record File

The SIM stock record file is a duplicate of the ship's own manual file. It was the first file created. A SIM file of 359 items was built between 2 April and 6 April. The supply office's daily transactions were processed against this file during the remainder of the time that the DEAS system was aboard the ship. Six more items were added to the file as a result of items becoming SIM during the remaining period. The creation of the SIM stock record file took 12 hours and 20 minutes of computer usage for an average of 29 items per hour. This time includes printing, updating, correction, and report generation times. Some of the personnel training time is included in this figure, since training and SIM file creation were combined in order to speed up the creation of the file. It was actually possible to enter up to 60 new SIM records per hour. On 5 April, 183 SIM additions were entered, printed, added to the SIM file, and a new SIM master file listing was printed in 4 hours and 45 minutes. The operator experienced minor interruptions even during this period.

3. Outstanding Requisition and Status File

The outstanding requisition and status file built and maintained contains 328 outstanding requisitions and some 124 of the status messages pertaining to these requisitions. This does not include requisitions which were entered into the file and completed during this DEAS shipboard test. The file contains all of the outstanding requisitions for SIM items, all of the high priority outstanding requisitions (priority equal to 9 or less),

and the outstanding requisitions which were initiated during the test. The input time for records on this file includes not only the keying, printing, updating, and report generation times, as for the stock record files, but also includes the time it took the operator to locate and pull the appropriate records from the ship's outstanding file. The outstanding requisitions required 23 hours and 25 minutes to enter, for an average of 14 items per hour. With no interruptions, except for pulling and replacing items in the ship's file, 36 requisitions were entered and printed in one hour on 25 April. (The DEAS system contains a provision to greatly enhance the requisition creation time shown in these figures. The DEAS prototype includes a program for automatic reorder of those carried stock items which the ship desires to reorder. The same program speeds up the requisition creation of not-carried stock items and carried stock items above reorder point by optionally filling in most of the data fields in the requisition with default values. This provision of the DEAS system was demonstrated and well received by the personnel of the supply department. However, the basic sct-up of this DEAS shipboard test, that is, operation in parallel with the ship's own manual system with the manual system having the lead, precluded the use of this feature of DEAS.)

The status messages entered required 11 hours and 20 minutes for an average of 11 per hour entered and fully processed. The status data entry required manual input of status messages by keyboard. The DEAS system feature of entering status cards via the card reader was only partially successful because the status cards in the ship's outstanding requisition

file were somewhat mutilated by being stapled to their corresponding requisitions. The status card reading feature was used to read a batch of 123 new status cards received by 1 May. The time required to read and edit these cards was 5 minutes.

4. Non-SIM Stock Record File

The Non-SIM Stock record file consists of the first 108 items in the ship's own manual Non-SIM file. The file was created in 3 hours and 45 minutes on 1 May and 2 May for an average of 29 items per hour added to the file. The ship's entire Non-SIM file contains approximately 12,000 items. Obviously it was not feasible to key in all of these items during the period that DEAS was on board. An attempt was made to utilize the card reader to read in the COSAL Non-SIM records with manufacturer's software. Unfortunately, an error was found in these routines which DEAS research personnel could not correct on board.

5. Maintenance File

The DEAS maintenance file consists of 2-Kilo forms with corresponding 1250's and 1348's. The maintenance system was designed and programmed just prior to this DEAS shipboard test. It was first tested on 46 2-Kilo's provided by the ship on 2 April. These forms were entered, a maintenance file was created, and a ship's local CSMP option B was printed in 3 hours and 50 minutes for an average of 12 per hour. This average includes extensive checkout of the then new DEAS maintenance system. An additional 20 2-Kilo

forms were obtained from the electronic technician office and the corresponding 33 1250's and 18 1348's were located and processed. Seventy-one documents were entered and fully processed in 7 hours and 20 minutes, which included the time necessary to locate the material in the ship's files, for an average of 10 per hour.

6. Supply Transactions

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Transactions processed in the supply office (1250;s, 1348-6's, 1348's, LBI's, etc.) were entered into the DEAS system between 3 April and 5 May. Five hundred and fifty transactions were entered and fully processed in 22 hours and 20 minutes, for an average of 24 per hour. This included all time for updating, data correction and reprocessing, and report generation. Approximately 15 percent of the transactions entered were initially rejected by the update, usually due to the careless recording of units of issue by supply personnel on transaction documents. These errors were researched, the proper corrections were made to the DEAS transaction file, and this file was reprocessed through the update. These errors had the effect of increasing the average processing time of transactions. The number of such errors fell sharply as the personnel became used to the system.

7. Additional Equipment Utilization

NSRDC personnel's equipment usage for system demonstrations, test monitoring, and additional backup tape creation totaled 25 hours and 55 minutes. An additional 46 hours and 5 minutes were used for hardware checkout and programming system improvements suggested by ship's personnel, especially in the DEAS maintenance system.

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III. EVALUATION

A. DEAS EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE

The DEAS breadboard equipment, as explained previously in this report, performed exceptionally well during the 6-week test. At-sea conditions provided the DEAS equipment with a true test of the various vibrations (firing 5-inch guns), stress and pressures (sharp turns, heavy rolls), power fluctuations, and hard knocks (18 to 20-foot seas) that many Navy ships encounter. In fact, the computer equipment responded so well that the manufacturer's maintenance technician accompanying the NSRDC research personnel was off-loaded and sent home on the seventh day of the 13-day voyage. A concluding comment on the DEAS breadboard equipment is simply -- there were no malfunctions.

B. DEAS LOGISTICS SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

The first task, constructing the DEAS data bases, was largely accomplished by the third week to allow processing supply transactions as they occurred within the supply office. The logistics information developed into data bases included: 1) 1114 Sim stock records, 2) 1114 Non-Sim stock records, 3) Outstanding File (1348 Requisitions and Status Messages, input by card reader), and 4) 3-M master file (containing 2-Kilo jobs, 1258 issues, and 1348 requisitions).

The second task was to operate all modules of the DEAS system as part of the ship's daily routine. Both supply department personnel and NSRDC personnel operated the DEAS system on a daily basis -- depending on the availability of

ship's personnel. The functions performed during the shipboard test are divided into the following subgroups.

- daily functions
- periodic functions

<u>Daily Functions</u>: the system functions performed on a daily basis were continually executed by shipboard and NSRDC personnel. These daily functions are further subdivided below.

 a. Input (data entry) of logistics data -- the capture of data for local file updating. The following types of data were captured as they occurred each day.

 1250 issues 	•	1348-1 receipts
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 1348 requisitions 	 2-Kilo forms
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- status messages
 1114 transactions
- b. File information searching -- answering stock battery and status requests on a walk-in basis using the automated system.
 - stock availability and location
 - outstanding status
- c. Daily reports -- these reports were generated daily using DEAS, usually at the end of the workday.
 - audit trail list (SIM's, requisitions, issues, etc.)
 - SIM stock battery list

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- d. File maintenance -- at the end of each workday the following files were updated with the day's transactions.
 - Sim stock battery file
 - Outstanding file

<u>Periodic functions</u>: in addition to functions which were performed daily, other functions were executed on a three-four day basis.

- a. Periodic reports -- the following reports were generated at the end of each three or four day period.
 - Non-SIM audit trail
 - Non-SIM stock battery list
 - Candidate reorder list (SIM and Non-SIM)
 - Outstanding requisition status list
 - Local ship's CSMP
 - Local ship's completed maintenance jobs
- b. File maintenance
 - 3M master file
 - Outstanding requisition and status file
 - Non-SIM stock battery file
- c. Special function -- a DEAS function which does not correspond to any current procedure is the Automatic Requisition Reorder Selection. This feature allows the supply officer to select items for reorder; the system will then generate an automated 1348 requisition form.

At the conclusion of the test aboard the U.S.S. MULLINNIX, the DEAS project accomplished its primary goals for this test. The ship's Captain, Commander Clardy, was highly complimentary of the local ship's CSMP and its utility. The supply department head, Lieutenant Triplett, was using the DEAS generated reports to research problem areas in the supply office files. Chief Petty Officer Pellom complimented the efficiency and accuracy of the DEAS system, and SK-3 Jones enjoyed operating the DEAS computer.

Basically, the DEAS programs and procedures were utilized as a direct replacement for existing manual procedures. The supply personnel adapted readily to running the DEAS tutorial programs (14 hours training, as compared to weeks of training to run a larger computer), and the supply clerks were proficient in interpreting all the information produced by the DEAS system.

C. COMMENTS

 The tangible benefits of the DEAS system include better management tools and faster supply response. An integral part of the DEAS system test should be to acquaint the ship's department heads with the possibilities of an automated logistics system. However, due to operational training priorities during the exercises, a shipboard conference was not attempted.

2. Future preparation for a DEAS type of test should include leasing another intelligent terminal (five weeks) in order to build data bases before the actual test period. Shipboard time is better utilized when DEAS is operating in parallel with the current supply system rather than building the data base during the test. In this way, more time is available to evaluate crew acceptance of the system.

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3. Trouble-shooting the DEAS equipment could not be evaluated since the equipment did not fail.

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