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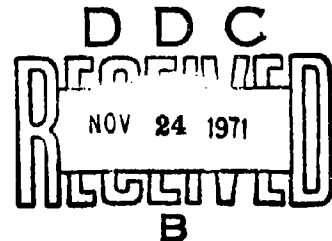
**ATMOSPHERIC AEROSOLS
BETWEEN 700 AND 3000 m ABOVE SEA LEVEL
PART V**

**A Study of the Effects of Atmospheric Fine Structure
Characteristics on the Vertical Distribution of Aerosols**

FINAL TECHNICAL REPORT

by

Reinhold Reiter
Rudolf Sládkovič
and
Walter Carnuth



July 1971

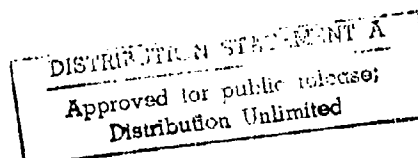
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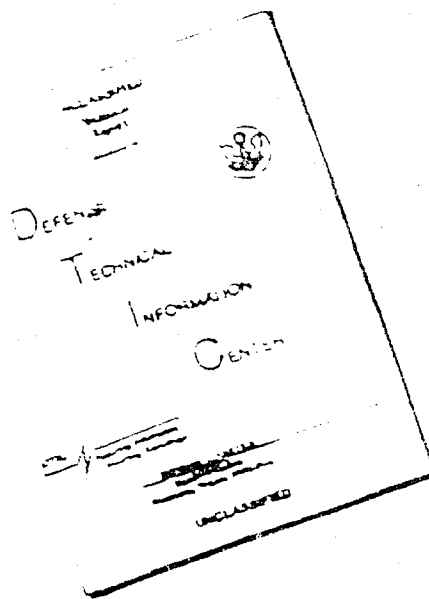
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ABSTRACT

Our research work for the purpose of studying vertical aerosol exchange up to 3000 m a.s.l., which was explained in our previous reports, has consistently been carried on. It comprises the obtaining, to the extent possible, of uninterrupted recording data, on the one hand, and, on the other, the development of appropriate methods of electronic data processing and their application toward the derivation, for practical utilization, of relations between aerological parameters and the incremental exchange coefficient. Following are details on the investigations conducted:

Obtaining of Data: Continuous recording of RaB and RaC at 700 m, 1800 m, and 3000 m a.s.l.; computation of the main vertical exchange coefficients for the strata between these levels, and computation of the ionization rate profile. Recording of air conductivities and of the concentration as well as the particle size spectrum of Aitken nuclei at the same levels. Application of these data for computing the vertical profiles of the Aitken nucleus profiles, from the soundings of air conductivities between the said levels. Performance of more than 400 soundings between 700 m and 1800 m a.s.l., and more than 1000 soundings between 1000 m and 3000 m a.s.l., by means of the cable car telemetry systems, for obtaining the profiles of the following parameters: wind velocity, temperature, humidity, polar air conductivities, and potential gradient. Application of the profiles of aerosol particle concentration as computed from the air conductivity profiles, for computing the profile of the incremental exchange coefficients.

Data Handling: Development of computer programs for automatic computation, from the said recordings, of all essential parameters and their altitude dependence; automatic transfer of the data to parameter data tables.

Scientific Processing of Data: Derivation of significant statistical relations between aerological data such as gradients of temperature, of potential and equivalent potential temperatures, of vapor pressure, on the one hand, and the incremental exchange coefficients, on the other. Detailed analyses to investigate the interrelations between all essential parameters, and to deduce appropriate principles of classification as a basis for future improved statistical data processing.

In the appendix, numerous graphs, copies of original recordings, and parameter data tables illustrate the relations found, up to now, and afford a glimpse into our analysing workshop. The most important computer program is printed out in full.

The narrative portion is concluded by a preview of advanced studies intended for the near future.

I. OBJECTIVES AND BACKGROUND

Our investigations carried out during the period from 1 July 1970 until 30 June 1971 are based upon the preparatory work of the preceding years of operation. The fundamental problem of the current investigations which have been greatly expanded, instrumentation-wise, by the telemetry system aboard the Zugspitze cable car, has been expounded in detail in the preceding report (1) and in a publication (2). It is assumed, therefore, that a reiteration of the final objective of our research may here be dispensed with. Earlier and more recent literature references to be considered have been thoroughly discussed in (1,2), also. New publications by other scientists of any importance have not since been added.

The subject to be presented, however, in this chapter is how does the work performed during the reporting period differ significantly from that of the preceding period up to the middle

of 1970. During the latter it was our objective (a) to shield the cable car telemetry systems against all effects of the weather and to obtain by them homogeneous series of recordings; (b) to develop and apply the physical and mathematical bases for the complete numeric evaluation of the recording runs, up to and including computation of the incremental exchange coefficients; (c) to continually record at the three stations the Aitken nuclei concentrations, natural radioactivity (RaB, RaC), and polar conductivities, and to utilize them in the evaluations; and (d) to derive initial deductions from the results.

The performance of evaluating operations was predominantly based on manual processes. However, certain phases of the computations, e.g. those of Aitken nucleus concentration from the total electric conductivity of the air, and of the incremental exchange coefficients from the vertical gradients of the conductivity data, were already performed electronically with the Hewlett Packard desk computer.

Now, during the reporting period of 1 July 1970 through 30 June 1971, the entire evaluation technique was completely changed. A new computer (Intertechnique Multi 8) with 12 k words (1 word = 9 bit) affords us the possibility to perform the entirety of all computation processes in one single operation, and to print them out in tables. A considerable portion of the time, however, had to be used to develop computer programs, to test them and adopt them to the computation problem in all details. The newly acquired accessory equipment such as fast reader and fast tape perforator afforded new possibilities to optimize the computation work, however, initially required time consuming conversions of the computer programs. Furthermore, it was necessary to transfer our stock of primary data, i.e. the crude data read from the recordings, on punch tapes by means of teletype, and do this both retroactively to the greatest extent possible, and continually up until they were caught up actu-

ally with the daily soundings.

Hence, there was only a relatively short period left for a thorough statistical processing of the data material as the same can only be based upon the final tables from the computer. Nevertheless, it is possible in this report to convey some interesting - tentative - results. These as well as the detailed analyses described below are in this case based upon Zugspitze cable car soundings only. Analog processing of the Wank cable car soundings will be done later. Also the vertical wind profiles recorded by both systems shall be considered at a later date.

It is by no means gratifying to merely process the data obtained statistically, "blindly", as it were. Such a "blind statistics" is even bound - if solely relied on - to lead on to wrong tracks and into incomplete knowledge. It is rather an indispensable necessity to analyse in detail and "individually", such series of soundings as belong together. Only from such practice, i.e. from an undeniably time consuming detailed analysis, grows the foundation of experience upon which a meaningful and successful statistical evaluation may be based. Part of this report will, therefore, deal with the initial results of such detail analyses.

Our long-range objective is - beside the continuation of the soundings, computer work, and detailed analysis - (1) a complete synopsis of the existing interrelations, and (2) solution of the problem to render the disclosed interrelations applicable for practical use.

II. OBTAINING OF DATA

1. Technical Facilities

a) Cable Car Telemetry Systems

During the reporting period the telemetry system in the Wank cable car was working without any troubles. In order to obtain data by it which are comparable in every respect to those obtained by the Zugspitze cable car system, the arrangement of the instruments in the bottom of the Wank cable car was changed. The inlet tube for the measuring air flow was assimilated to that of Zugspitze cable car in length, diameter and position relative to the body of the car.

To begin with, the telemetry system of the Zugspitze cable car required some further improvements.

Due to the large altitudinal difference traversed, condensation would occur occasionally on some of the sensitive electronic parts such as resistors of extremely high ohmic value. We therefore had to resort to installing those parts into sealed cartridges which are kept dry inside through anhydrous CaO. This solved the problem, and even the most severe weather conditions during the run or during waiting period at Zugspitze peak no longer affected the functioning of the unit.

Furthermore, it was possible to completely eliminate a disturbing sensitivity of the cable car equipment as well as the relay station at St. Martin's, to nearby lightning strokes; so, interesting recordings are now available from inside the thunderclouds.

Both systems have repeatedly been tested, calibrated and compared with one another in the laboratory.

b) Recordings of Natural Radioactivity in the Air
(Concentration of RaB and RaC).

Recordings of RaB and RaC concentrations at the 3 stations were made without interruption, evaluated and utilized within the scientific program. This was done, on the one hand, by computing the mean vertical exchange coefficients between 700/1800 m and 1800/3000 m a.s.l., and on the other hand by using the data in computation of the ionization rate. The results of the recordings for the reporting period are compiled in X. Appendix, Section 4.

c) Recording of Aitken Nuclei Concentration at the
Stations.

Aitken nuclei concentration and particle size distribution within the Aitken nuclei range were recorded at the two stations of Wank peak and Garmisch-Partenkirchen without any interruptions or disturbances. All data have been continually analyzed. These (and many other) data are picked up and processed at the latter station by our electronic computer system. Apart from basic research studies on Aitken nuclei and their behavior, these data are primarily used as a basis at 700 m and 1800 m a.s.l., for the conversion of total conductivities into nuclei concentrations.

A new Aitken nuclei counter of the make Environment/one, USA, was installed and put into operation at the Zugspitze station. This unit is smaller and lighter than the GE units, which is essential for operation at Zugspitze peak with the limited space available. But despite considerable expenditure of repair and reequipment efforts, it unfortunately was not yet possible to obtain homogenous recording series over more than a few weeks.

d) Recording of Polar Conductivities and Space Charge Densities at the Stations.

During the reporting period, instruments were put into operation for the recording of polar conductivities and space charge densities at 1800 m a.s.l. (Wank peak) and 700 m (valley floor). From the terminals of our cable car recording range, they furnish data, continuous in time, for direct comparison and link-up. The instruments are functioning satisfactorily, even under bad weather condition. The equipment that had been previously installed at Zugspitze peak has, without interruption, been yielding recorded data which have been evaluated.

e) Numerical Processing of Recorded Data

The methods of numerical processing of recorded data are outlined in (1,2).

2. Volume of Processed Data

From 1 July 1970 through 31 May 1971, we made

413 recording runs by Wank cable car telemetry system
and 1,015 recording runs by Zugspitze cable car telemetry
system.

The manual evaluation operations that were still necessary have all been completed.

During the same period 380 Wank cable car and 900 Zugspitze cable car runs were transferred to punch tapes and mathematically analyzed by computer. The final results are printed out in tabulated form. Based on the fact that each run yields roughly 500 individual data, our file presently comprises 650,000 data.

III. DATA PROCESSING

1. The Physical-Mathematical Fundamentals for Data Processing

The physical-mathematical computation operations are described in every detail in (1), Chapter IV (also cf (2)). They were retained in every detail, hence there is no need for reiteration here.

2. Brief Description of the Overall Procedure of Technical Data Processing

Processing of the data, starting with transfer from the moving cable car up to the print-out of the completed tables is shown in Fig.1.

The sensors and the transmitter on the running cable car transmit the measured values to the receiver in codified form and in the known manner. Thereupon follows the electronic decoding of the data and their analog recording on three xy-recorders. The y-channel of each of the three recorders is fed with the analog pressure signal as parameter of altitude. The x-channels are occupied by the analog data for polar air conductivities, wet and dry temperatures and potential gradient + wind speed. The three record sheets obtained per sounding are then subject to intermediate manual processing: the relative values are read off at the main levels (vertical intervals of 100 or 200 m) and at the secondary levels in between. These secondary levels are determined by the processing scientist, based upon the given aerological fine structures of the soundings. These relative values are then compiled in a work chart (intermediate table) per sounding. Thereupon, they are punched (per sounding) on an 8-channel punch tape by means of a teletypewriter. These tapes are then checked for errors (omissions, wrong signs, logical errors) with the aid of a test program; defective tapes are corrected (rate of errors not in excess of 5%). This test pro-

cess is not reflected in the diagram. After the test, the punched tapes are read via the fast reader, into the core store of the computer. The reading time per sounding is approx. 2 seconds. With the aid of the computer program meanwhile developed, which likewise has to be read into the core store of the computer, the result data are computed. The computation process takes 120 seconds. Thereupon, the result data are punched by means of a fast perforator on a punch tape (approx. 80 seconds per sounding). It is advisable to punch the data of several soundings, one after the other, on a continuous tape of 250 m length. The latter is then fed into another teletypewriter which will print out the result data in the form of clearly arranged tables. They are then furnished to the scientist who will study the mutual correlations of the data, taking into consideration any characteristic atmospheric conditions.

3. The Computer Program as Such

The computer program is described in full in Chapter X, Appendix, 5.

4. Description of Final Data Tables

In Chapter X, Appendix, 3, a number of Final Data Tables are printed, true to original, as supplements to individual runs. They are arranged as follows:

Headings: Z = Zugspitze system (W = Wank system)
Number of run; Date; Hour of start of run.

a. Main levels (Haupt-Niveaus")

Vertical intervals 100 m for Wank system;
Vertical intervals 200 m for Zugspitze system.

b. Special levels, selected by temperature structure
("MP-Temperatur")

Vertical intervals are roughly 30 m as a minimum.

c. Special levels selected by humidity structure -- to
the extent applicable -- ("MP-Feuchtigkeit")

Vertical intervals see b.

d. Special levels, selected by air conductivity struc-
ture -- to the extent applicable -- ("MP-Leitfähigkeit")

Vertical intervals see b,

Meaning of letters designating vertical columns of
 Tables:

Z	: Number of level
H	: Altitude (m.a.s.l.)
P	: Pressure (mb)
T	: Air temperature (°C)
TF	: Wet temperature (°C)
PT	: Potential temperature ($1/10$ °K)
EPT	: Equivalent potential temperature ($1/10$ °K)
E	: Water vapor pressure (mb)
S	: Specific humidity (g/kg)
RF	: Relative humidity (mm%)
+L	: Positive polar conductivity (10^{-14} 1/Ohm.m)
-L	: Negative polar conductivity (10^{14} 1/Ohm.m)
+/-	: Ratio of both conductivities
L	: Total conductivity (see above)
DH	: Height difference (m)
TV	: Virtual temperature (°C)
G-T	: Gradient of T
G-E	: Gradient of E
G-S	: Gradient of S

G-RF : Gradient of RF
 G-PT : Gradient of PT
 I : Ionization rate (ions/cm³ sec)
 N : Number of Aitken nuclei (cm⁻³)
 A : Incremental exchange coefficient (g cm⁻¹ sec⁻¹)
 D : Diffusion coefficient (cm² sec⁻¹)

Definition of sign of gradients:

The gradients are positive when:

T : decreases with height
PT : increases with height
E : increases with height
S : increases with height
RF : increases with height

The meanings of the letters and gradients should be born in mind when later the Tables and graphs are discussed.

IV. STATISTICAL RESULTS

1. Preliminary Remarks; Kind of Relations Studied; Principles of Selection

Our basic idea in the statistical analyses was to find significant relations between the fine structure characteristics of the meteorological parameters, on the one hand, and the respective value of the incremental vertical exchange coefficient A_1 on the same vertical interval, on the other hand. There are numerous possibilities of doing so. After preliminary tests, the following relations appeared sufficiently promising to be numerically investigated (for legend see above).

- a) $A_1 = f (G-T)$ Inversions
 b) $A_1 = f (G-PT)$

- c) $A_1 = f(G-E)$ Inversions and other barring layers
- d) $A_1 = f(G-PT)$ General relation,

There was no question, from the outset, that all values from the computer tables were not suitable to be "blindly" used for differentiation of the structure of these relations. The definition of the principles of selection, however, is a tentative one and may be varied or supplemented by other, additional ones in subsequent, more exhaustive investigations. In regard to the above defined relations, the following principles of selection were applied in the following:

a) Data of such vertical intervals only were used (no matter whether bounded by main or special levels) containing distinct temperature inversions (G-T negative). These inversion layers were required to have settled both in time and position; cases with a marked vertical movement of the inversion level were excluded, likewise such with a sudden formation or disintegration of the inversion structure. That pair of values was used at that vertical interval where the steepest negative gradient of T was reached.

b) Same definition as a).

c) Again, data of only one vertical interval were used per run, with the following conditions applied: if there was no negative G-T value anywhere that vertical interval having the lowest positive value was selected; if there was a vertical interval with - G-T, the latter was used; if there were several such the highest negative G-T value was used as criterion of selection. At the same time, G-E was required to show a maximum.

d) Almost all existing pairs of values were used, except such, derived from periods or layers where the structure was subject to rapid changes in time, a transformation of the local meteorological conditions was in progress, or where fog or

precipitations were traversed during a run. Likewise, values from layers with distinct inversions have not been included; they belong under b).

In the following part of this we show the distribution of the individual pairs of values as dots in the graphs, on the one hand, and each time a respective statistical evaluation, on the other. The latter was made with our Hewlett Packard computer which, in the meantime, has been equipped with an extended memory. The pairs of values were keyed into the computer. The latter then separated them according to A-values. To this end, each A decade was subdivided into 10 equal intervals. The computer automatically determined the 40 mean values between $A_1 = 0.1$ and $A_1 = 1000$, plus the pertinent criteria of significance

$$\sigma_M = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{(n-1) 2n}}$$

The results of these statistical investigations are presented in the form of "stepped graphs". In the discussion of the graphs below the above listed criteria of selection should be born in mind, as appropriate.

2. Relation $A_1 = f(G-T)$, Inversions

Fig. 2 shows the scattering of the individual pairs of values for the relation $A_1 = f(G-T)$ in the case of a typical inversion (see Section IV.1.a). The study covers the period of 28 July 1970 through 17 February 1971 with a total of 388 pairs of values. The graph is analogous to Fig. 23 in (1). A comparison of the result depicted in said graph with that in Fig. 2 reveals this: In principle the earlier result agrees quite well with the more recent one except that the relation $A_1 = f(G-T)$ is now much more pronounced, the scattering of the values is narrower.

Fig. 3 shows the analogous result of a statistical analysis with statement of scatter σ_M . This graph clearly shows: There is

a strict, significant relation between an incremental exchange coefficient in the range of $A_1 = 0.1$ through 300, and the temperature gradient in the range of -0.1 through -10 °C/100 m, provided that the inversion in the vertical interval under consideration is a genuine, stable and largely motionless one to which the A_1 and G-T values apply. The relation is independent of season or time of day.

Hence, the function presented in Fig. 3 is already ripe for practical application.

3. Relation $A_1 = f(G-PT)$, Inversions

Fig. 4 shows the scattering of the individual pairs of values for the relation $A_1 = f(G-PT)$. It, again, applies to cases of typical inversions. The principle of selection is defined in Section IV.1. a) and b). The period of the study, again, stretches from 28 July 1970 through 17 February 1971 and covers a total of 289 pairs of values.

With the scattering of values not too wide a surprisingly clearly defined logarithmic relation is found between incremental exchange coefficient A_1 and potential temperature gradient G-PT:

If in a defined vertical interval with an inversion the potential temperature gradient increases, the intensity of exchange in the same layer is decreased. The following rule may be stated: Per 1 °C/100 m increase of G-T, A_1 is decreased by one decimal power.

Fig. 5 shows the analogous result of a statistical analysis with statement of scatter σ_M . True it is greater than in Fig. 3, nevertheless between $A_1 = 100$ and $A_1 = 0.8$ the relation may be considered well established. The volume of data material is to be further increased in order to make the relation come out even more clearly. This particularly applies to the value range of $>A_1 = 150$ and $<A_1 = 1$.

Aside from these statements we feel justified in claiming that this function $A_1 = f(G-PT)$, too, may already be practically applied.

We consider the statement important that now we have two criteria, independent from each other, to quantitatively state the barring effect of an inversion, viz. the function in Fig. 5 and that in Fig. 3. From now on, the layer having the strongest barring effect may immediately be determined from the aerological data: negative temperature gradient and positive potential temperature gradient must be at maximum values.

4. Relation $A_1 = f(G-E)$, Inversions and Other Barring Layers

In studying the relation between the incremental exchange coefficient A_1 and the gradient of water vapor pressure (G-E) we have dropped the demand that a genuine, stable and stationary inversion must exist. With the aid of the gradients of temperature and potential temperature we have merely searched for a barring layer in general (for definition of principle of selection see Section IV.1.c). For the layers thus defined we then studied the above described relation, using data from the period of 28 July 1970 through 17 February 1971. The graph containing the individual pairs of values is shown in Fig. 6; the results of the statistical analysis is presented in Fig. 7. Between $A_1 = 100$ and $A_1 = 1$ we find a significant logarithmic function having a relatively narrow scatter with only 263 pairs of values. It appears desirable to increase the data, particularly in the limiting zones. The rule has been established that A_1 will be increased by one decimal power when the negative value of G-E is increased by 1 mb/100 m - and vice versa. This is comprehensible in principle since the vertical exchange of water vapor, too, is controlled by the amount of the A_1 value. Nevertheless, it is probable that the graphs 6 and 7, for the first time, convey a tangible picture of the function as such as it is actually applicable in the atmosphere.

With this function, now, we have an independent third criterion by which to locate layers having a barring effect, and to determine the degree of their barring effect.

5. Relation $A_1 = f(G-PT)$, General Cases Other than Inversions

Within the scope of the previous studies we had limited ourselves to either typical inversions (Sections 2 and 3) or, at least, layers of such aerologic structure as to permit the inference of a barring effect, including inversions (Section 4). To the extent that criteria of selection were applicable at all, the values of one layer, at maximum two layers, per run were, in this manner, to be taken into consideration. The study now being discussed, however, covers all layers (any number per run) except such containing an inversion. As explained in Section IV.1.d), the following have also been left outside of consideration: cases with a rapid transformation of the weather condition, with precipitations, or runs entirely or partly through clouds.

Preliminary studies have revealed that above all the potential temperature gradient is very well suited for this kind of a general statistics.

In order to determine whether seasonal differences might play a part in this we have subdivided the entire period from which values are available, into 28 July 1970 through 12 November 1970, and 13 November 1970 through 17 February 1971. We shall here dispense with a presentation of the distribution of individual pairs of values, even more so as, in view of the large volume of data, this kind of evaluation would have been too expensive.

The results of the statistical investigations are shown in Figs. 8 and 9, with statements as to the respective scatters. From both figures a clear and strict relation becomes apparent ($A_1 = f(G-PT)$), scattering only insignificantly in the range between $A_1 = 1000$ through $A_1 = 1$. At $A_1 < 1$ the relation becomes

uncertain. As demonstrated by Fig. 10 the results from both periods of time are in good agreement with one another, hence there is no seasonal impact.

The relation depicted in Figs. 8 through 10 applying to those atmospheric layers which are not of the nature of an actual inversion, clearly deviates from that deduced for typical inversions (Fig. 5). The reason for this deviation is yet to be clarified.

The function $A_1 = f(G-PT)$ resulting from Figs. 8 through 10 is suited for deducing, in practical work, from G-PT values the strength of vertical exchange, unless typical inversions are being dealt with in which case the function pursuant to Fig. 5 is to be applied.

V. DETAILED CASE STUDIES

1. Preliminary Remarks

The following case studies are partly based upon the original recordings by cable car telemetry system and pertinent parameter data tables supplied by the computer. The wind profiles are not yet taken into consideration. The graphs and tables are compiled in SECTION X, APPENDIX, 3. They, at the same time, afford a glimpse into our "Analysis Workshop". The numbers of the levels in the recordings correspond to the numbers of levels in the tables. On the other hand, the case studies are based upon a study of changes in time of certain structural elements at the inversion level and pertinent numeric values of functions: $A_1 = f(G-T)$, $A_1 = f(G-E)$ and $A_1 = f(G-PT)$. Separate graphs which are given consecutive figure numbers serve this purpose (SECTION X, APPENDIX, 1). In the graphs on which the values of the aforesaid 3 functions are entered, we have also plotted the "normal progress" of each respective function, in the form of dotted areas, which also, based upon Figs. 3, 5, 7,

indicate the mean scatter. The examples to be discussed hereinafter, are marked with identification letters in alphabetical order. These letters have been transferred to all graphs, recordings and tables (also those in SECTION X, APPENDIX, 3,) so no doubts may arise as to their correlation.

The runs of one and the same day bear encircled numbers in chronological sequence. These, too, are also found on all recordings, graphs and tables, hence the variations of all data in the course of time are readily recognized.

Following are some necessary remarks on the problem of equilibrium. An aerological structure, e.g. the variation of temperature across an inversion layer, and the vertical aerosol profile across the same vertical interval can be in lawful correlation to one another (as shown, e.g. in Figs, 3, 5, 7) only if there had been enough time for the setting of some stationary condition. There are two possibilities:

- a) A temperature inversion is created, very rapidly, say in less than 1 or 2 hours, through some processes which are known in principle. At the moment of its formation, the aerosol profile cannot, as yet, have been accommodated by this inversion to the instantaneous barring effect. The adaptation process requires a few hours; for instance, by evacuation or coagulation of aerosol particles above the inversion and concentration below, until equilibrium has been set based upon the mere eddy diffusion process. Not until then can a lawful correlation exist, and parameters be within the normal ranges of the functions per Figs. 3, 5, 7.
- b) With the barring effect of an already existing inversion being constant in time, the source strength of the aerosol in the layer below the inversion may change, or aerosol may be brought in or drawn off, through advective processes. In this case, again, the equilibrium of diffusion

is temporarily disturbed and time is required for readjustment.

- c) It may happen that aerosol fluxes from some a source into the lower atmospheric layers, where it will spread for the time being. At the upper boundary of the thus developed haze layer, an exradiation of heat begins. This causes continuous cooling and formation of vertical temperature structures which react back upon the vertical aerosol distribution. In this instance, again, the result may be a disturbance of the eddy diffusion equilibrium of long duration.

Other processes are possible which shall not be discussed in this context. The following studies are to show the meteorological conditions under which an equilibrium of diffusion is, as a rule, encountered, or not encountered, and what numeric relations will be found in each respective case.

2. Example A, 5 Oct 1970, Figs 11 through 14

Spontaneous formation in the medium altitude zone of a most sharply defined inversion, which from noon on descends.

Equilibrium of diffusion set from the beginning.

Looking, to begin with, at the original soundings (APPENDIX) we find that at around 1100 CET (run 0) neither T nor TF show any distinctive structure, and this is true of the entire vertical interval. The temperature gradient, however, is weak, and humidity is decreasing with height. The polar conductivities +L and -L are steadily increasing from level 11 to level 5. The causes of their variations above level 5 do not concern us in this report. At 1157 CET (run 1) already, a sharply defined inversion exists immediately below level 6, with humidity decreasing with increasing height, which is clearly reflected in the behavior of +L/-L. In the course of the day the picture of a typical temperature inversion with humidity break

becomes more and more distinct. At the same time the abruptness of the break of $+L$ and $-L$ keeps increasing, and the aerosol concentration below the layer of the break is continually growing (the values of $+L$ and $-L$ are decreasing). Thus the gradient of the aerosol concentration across the layer of the break is getting steeper and steeper. From noon until night the level of the inversion is continuously descending.

Let us now take a look at the detailed analyses in Figs. 11 through 14. Fig. 11 shows changes in regard to altitude and time for:

- a) the layer where the inversion is located ($-G-T_{\max}$);
- b) the level with a minimum value; and
- c) a maximum value of the equivalent potential temperature EPT.

With regard to b) and c) the following must be added: in case of well defined, stable inversions scarcely variable in time or space, or other barring layers, a minimum of EPT is encountered above the barring layer, with a maximum within or below its level. In the absence of barring layers EPT, as a rule, decreases evenly with decreasing height. Thus barring layers normally also identify themselves by an "inversion" in the course of EPT, which, however, proceeds inversely to T . The fact that this EPT inversion (signs: - and = in Fig. 11) is conected together with the temperature inversions proper (sign: $\sqcup$) is clearly apparent from Fig. 11. This figure also reflects the time slope of A_1 . During the descent, to begin with, A_1 increases. In the evening, when the inversion has settled, A_1 drops to a minimum value of only 0.3.

In Fig. 12 we study the variations with time in the range of the function $A_1 = f(G-T)$ within the inversion layer of runs 1 through 4. The variation of the pairs of values occurs exclusively inside the (dotted) normal range. Thus, A during

the descent (run 1 after 2 to 3) increases, it is true, but G-T, too, changes by a corresponding amount as the function shows. Hence, structure of inversion, and control of the vertical aerosol distribution by it are in a true-to-function relation to each other. We arrive at an analogous result if we study Fig. 13 ($A_1 = f(G-PT)$). Except for run 1 the pairs of values are within the normal range of the function. Hence, the behaviour of G-PT and the pattern of the vertical aerosol structure correspond to each other. From these findings we may deduce that equilibrium of diffusion has practically existed from the beginning. No analogous conclusion may be drawn in regard to the relation $A_1 = f(G-E)$, as illustrated by Fig. 14. In this instance all pairs of values are exclusively outside of the normal range. The E-gradients are much greater than would be permissible with regard to the A_1 values. Hence, a change must have occurred in absolute humidity (e.g. caused by advection) above or below the barring layer, which was not related, across the barring layer, to the eddy diffusion process, whereas by contrast the aerosol distribution did obviously correspond to the barring effect of the layer.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

Even in case of spontaneous formation of a very sharply defined inversion, and during a slow and constant descent of the same, the discovered "normal relations" between A_1 and G-T or G-PT, respectively, are being retained. Thus they adequately describe the vertical distribution of aerosol; the state of equilibrium prevailed. A deviation of the values outside of the normal range of $A_1 = (G-E)$ reveals an advective change of humidity. This emphasizes the high value of such detailed analyses. The rule that there has to be a minimum of EPT above the barring layer, and a maximum within its level, is met at all times. It may additionally serve as an indicator of the barring layer.

We are here dealing with a case where rapid formation of an inversion and the transformation of the vertical aerosol structure

went hand in hand together in such a manner, that the condition of equilibrium for the eddy diffusion was met at all times. Conditions for the occurrence of this situation remain yet to be defined.

3. Example B, 18 Nov 1970, Figs. 15 through 19.

Well-defined, spontaneously formed inversion, with height of barring layer and intensity of barring effect varying, Equilibrium of diffusion retained.

The soundings (for a selection pertaining to Example B see X., APPENDIX 3) already show that we are here dealing with a (spontaneously formed) inversion and barring layer which is subject to considerable fluctuations in time as to its structure and height. As demonstrated by Fig. 3 the maxima of -G-T and -G-E are located at the same respective altitude, which level, however, fluctuates considerably. A maximum of EPT above the inversion level and a minimum within the same cannot be found. A_1 , too, fluctuates considerably from run to run, and the rule is confirmed: If the inversion level descends the barring effect of the inversion is temporarily reduced (A_1 is increased), as is demonstrated by runs 3 and 6.

As is recognized from Figs. 16 and 17 the values are fluctuating precisely within the normal range of the function $A_1 = f(G-T)$ and $A_1 = f(G-PT)$. So, with the exception of runs 2 through 4, diffusion equilibrium prevails as in Example A. The change from run 2 via 3 to 4 is indeed striking. Whereas A_1 is changed considerably, G-T and G-PT remain practically constant, the full "normal" scatter of the function is traversed. This means that during the vertical movement of the inversion from 2 via 3 to 4 the aerological structure of T and PT is retained whereas the permeability of the barring layer is reduced temporarily. A local perforation of the layer by turbulences in the early afternoon with relatively extensive insolation, is likely to be the main cause thereof. This example indicates how, by means of such a detailed analysis interfering factors may be isolated.

Considering Fig. 18 we observe that the normal range is considerably exceeded in both directions. The values are not, however, all shifted in one direction as in Example A. This rules out progressive changes of absolute humidity due to advection. Turbulence caused, forced vertical transportation of water vapor is, much rather, to be considered as a cause (transitions from 4 to 5, from 5 to 6). It is, however, a striking observation that the transition 2-3-4 again appears to be out of place: While the water vapor gradient remains constant, A_1 varies considerably. This means again that here a variation of the inversion had temporarily been forced, pointing toward interference with the system from the outside (e.g. heat irradiation). It is interesting that in this case a variation of the vertical aerosol structure was triggered (as a consequence whereof a higher A-value resulted for run 3), not however one of the aerological structure and of the vertical distribution of water vapor.

For the present example we have plotted the vertical profile of the incremental exchange coefficients A_1 and of the water vapor from run to run as a special representation in Fig. 19. This representation does not only show very impressively the variation in the fine structure of the A_1 profiles but also the vertical displacement of the layers having maximum barring effect (A_1 minima). What we want to demonstrate, however, is that just these sometimes very thin layers of highest resistance to eddy diffusion are indicated in the E profile by a peak-like dip of water vapor concentration. This is true even in the case of a splitting into two barring layers with a small difference in height (run 6). At the same time we recognize a problem in the E profile for run 3: Here it is not so much a dip but much rather a sharply confined increase of E with height that is characteristic. Such findings with the aid of detailed analyses are conducive to understanding deviations from normal behavior observed from time to time.

The gathering of such exceptions and the investigation of the conditions under which they occur is important for the following reason: In order to reduce, on a pertinent basis, the scatter in the statistical investigations it is necessary to introduce a more detailed subdivision. Most of all, the complex causal nexus of the various parameters may gradually be cleared up in this manner.

Conclusions drawn from the example:

In the case of spontaneous formation of an inversion and intensive vertical movement of the same, the discovered "normal relations" between A_1 and G-T or G-PT, respectively, are retained and depict the vertical aerosol distribution which corresponds to a stationary setting of equilibrium. A "breaking out" of the values from their normal distribution, insignificant for G-T and G-PT, and quite considerable for G-E, points to a convectively forced variation in the vertical aerosol distribution, which can no longer be lawfully related to the aerological structure. The vertical water vapor gradient, in this case, behaves differently from the vertical aerosol gradient. With the barring layer sharply descending, A_1 is temporarily increased. Barring layers are always indicated by conspicuous deviations of the E profile across very small vertical intervals.

4. Example C, 14 October 1970, Figs. 20 through 23

Sharply defined inversion with predominantly insignificant vertical variations but considerably fluctuating barring effect. Vertical aerosol gradient in stationary equilibrium on basis of aerological structure.

Example C concludes, for the time being, those cases of inversions which are distinguished by the vertical aerosol gradient being in equilibrium on the basis of the given aerological structure, in other words, where the normal relations of our function are fully or largely met.

As is shown by the original recordings in APPENDIX 3 we are, from run 1, dealing with a sharply defined inversion the strong barring effect of which is clearly expressed by the profile of the air conductivities. Only early in the morning (run 0) an inversion is just slightly indicated, with only a very weak barring effect. The vertical movements can be clearly recognized on the original recordings, e.g. by comparison of run 6 with run 8.

To begin with, the variation as a function of time and altitude is shown in Fig. 20. In the forenoon we find that the ascent of the inversion layer from run 1 through run 3 results in a weakening of its barring effect (increase A_1 ; in Examples A and B we had found a weakening with a descent of the inversion), whereas later in the afternoon the opposite relation is found. Hence, vertical movement, no matter in which direction, may lead to either a weakening or a strengthening of the barring effect. We are thus compelled to restrict our statement to the more generalized form: Vertical movement of a barring layer results in a change to its barring effect. The nature of the individual relation is certainly depending upon the causative reasons for the movement of the inversion (advective processes, anticyclonic descent). In order to determine these, further detailed analyses will be needed. In the context of this discussion of the examples the implications of microscale and mesoscale meteorological conditions and processes are not to be discussed in any detail. A deepening of the detailed analyses in this direction is in process.

In the instant case we again find a minimum of EPT above the barring layer, but no marked maximum below.

Figure 21 shows the variations with time of our values relative to function $A_1 = f(G-T)$. We notice that the fluctuations of the values largely remain inside the normal range. An insignificant breaking out (deviation from equilibrium) occurs from 5 through 6 to 7. This means that in Fig. 20, too, we must

consider the temporary descent of the inversion level (run 6) as the expression of an interfering process. At any rate, the fact is again conspicuous that A_1 changes considerably, e.g. from run 5 to 6, although the aerological structure of T has been retained (G-T constant). The attenuation of the aerosol gradient encountered at the same time therefore must be due to an exterior cause, e.g. perforation of inversion by local turbulence. It is striking, however, that, as Fig. 22 indicates, the variation of the values is largely within the normal range of the function $A_1 = f(G-E)$, at least the transition 5-6-7 is within. Again, aerosol and water vapor behave differently in the case on a disturbance of equilibrium. It is surprising, however, that (see Fig. 23) the values for $A_1 = f(G-PT)$ are almost exclusively outside of the normal range of this function. What conclusions have to be drawn therefrom is yet to be investigated, using all available meteorological data.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

Vertical movements of the barring layer result in variations of their barring effect and a disturbance of the diffusion equilibrium. What direction such a variation may take cannot necessarily be predicted, until such time that the causative reasons for the interfering process are known. It appears certain that detailed analyses of the demonstrated kind will lead to recognition if the causes of interference of micro-scale and mesoscale meteorological conditions are included in future investigations. For because three basic function are available, based on G-T, G-E, and G-TE, it is, as a rule, possible from the agreement of the individual values with two of these to isolate the one which is most of all affected by the disturbance of equilibrium. This may later lead to isolation of the interfering cause.

5. Example D, 11 December 1970, Figs. 24 through 26.

Inversion at constant height. Vertical aerosol gradient not in equilibrium on basis of aerological structure.

In Figs. 24 through 26 we are studying the case of cyclic variations (runs 1 through 4) of the value obtained, in the range of functions $A_1 = f(G-T)$, $A_1 = f(G-E)$, and $A_1 = f(G-PT)$. All data obtained from these runs are far outside the normal ranges of the three functions. Vertical movements of the barring layer did not occur. Convective interference, also, must be excluded. To what extent persisted advective processes were determining in this case in the formation of this exception remains to be investigated. For it is striking that this low-lying inversion has been formed through the inflow of near-ground polluted cold air. But although this near-ground cold air layer was soon settled a state of equilibrium did not come about.

To begin with, our example shows that even with inversions at rest and seeming freedom from interferences we must be prepared for extraordinary results. If it were not possible to recognize and isolate these (e.g. on the basis of detailed analysis) such values would result in a considerable scattering within the data material. However, the investigation of the causative relations must not be neglected, particularly in such unclear cases. Exactly these may supply valuable insights.

6. Example E, 17 October 1970, Figs. 27 through 30.

Case of two simultaneously existing inversions one of which is suddenly formed newly and the other disintegrated. State of equilibrium is not attained.

Here we are dealing with a relatively complex case. It is remarkable for the only one initially existing inversion and barring layer descending and disintegrating. Prior to its disappearance, however, a second inversion and barring layer

was forming about 400 m above which also descends and goes on existing to the end - if with a weak barring effect. From the picture of the original recordings (X., APPENDIX, 3), layer I owes its formation to a layer of haze actively conveyed to the spot at little short of 1500 m a.s.l. (minima of +L and -L during run 1). In the following we consider the original recordings along with Fig. 27. This initially striking aerosol structure is reduced to a mere trace during run 2, but during run 3 it is suddenly sharply defined again at 1200 m a.s.l. During runs 3 through 6 layer I is disintegrating or hazily merging with layer II which has meanwhile descended and whose existence was first hinted at during runs 3 and 4. Presumably the transition was as indicated with dots in Fig. 27. As is apparent considerable instability prevails in the present case, impeding the setting of a stationary equilibrium of diffusion, as will also be seen from Figs. 28 through 30. First we cast a glance at the variation with time of A_1 in Fig. 27. We note that with a rapid descent of both I and II the barring effect is reduced (A_1 is steeply increased, runs 2 and 3 for layer I; runs 3 through 5 for layer II). A regeneration of the barring effect for both layers occurs when the descent has come to rest (runs 4 through 6 for layer I; runs 7 and 8 for layer II).

We now consider the position of the data relative to the normal ranges of our three basic functions. In doing so we go from the following sequence of values:

Runs 1 through 6 at level of layer I; runs 7 and 8 at level of II, pursuant to the merger of both layers as indicated (dotted) in Fig. 27.

The poorest agreement is found relative to function $A_1 = f(G-PT)$ in Fig. 28. With regard to the G-PT values the exchange coefficients are too low. i.e. the barring effect appears "too strong". This above all applies to runs 5-6-7. But this is the very vague transition phase from I to II with disintegration of II. It is not surprising, then, if during this time interval

an equilibrium situation does not prevail. The positioning of the individual values relative to the normal distribution is already notably better in Fig. 29 ($A_1 = f(G-E)$). Surprisingly, the above mentioned transition phase of runs 5-6-7, of all things, is not out of line here: water vapor gradient and aerosol gradient are here apparently triggered by the same atmospheric process. By contrast, the values of runs 1 through 3, i.e. during the descent of layer I, are outside of normal distribution: The barring effect of the layer appears to be stronger, during this time interval, for the aerosol than for the water vapor. With regard to function $A_1 = f(G-T)$, however, - see Fig. 30 - all values of our example (excepting run 5) are within its normal range. From this it would be concluded that with regard to vertical aerosol distribution, approximate diffusion equilibrium must have temporarily prevailed, after all.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

Descent movements of barring layers are coupled with a temporary reduction of their barring effect. The latter is regenerated when the vertical movement has come to rest. In case of a double inversion with disintegration of the lower layer and the suggestion of merger with the descending upper one, the diffusion equilibrium is temporarily disturbed. A discrepancy develops between vertical water vapor and aerosol distribution. A minimum of the equivalent potential temperature above the barring layers, and a maximum near the barring layers were not found which also points toward disturbed equilibrium conditions.

7. Example F, 30 September 1970, Figs. 31 through 34

Clearly defined inversion descends slightly, remains at constant level for some time, finally ascends steeply with simultaneous disintegration. Largely set equilibrium of diffusion.

Interest is particularly held by the phases of ascent and disintegration of the inversion or barring layer. For this reason,

we have represented only runs 4 through 7 by their originals and tables in X. APPENDIX,3. As with the previous runs (from which a descending movement of the inversion is recognized), an increase of temperature and decrease of humidity with height within the inversion zone is also very distinct with run 4. Just one hour later (run 5), however, the T-inversion has temporarily disappeared whereas the humidity decrease was retained, although this structural detail has risen somewhat. During run 6, a T inversion with humidity decrease is again recognized, if at a considerably higher level than before. Hardly any structures are left for recognition during run 7, traces are derived from the tables.

In Fig. 31 we consider the variations with altitude and time. In the morning the well defined inversion descends by about 100 m. During this descending movement the A_1 values are relatively high. With the barring layer becoming stationary, however, A_1 reaches minimum values between no more than 0.6 and 1.5. At 1300 hours an ascent commences, immediately triggering a steep increase in the A_1 values which persists until disintegration of the layer. It is remarkable that in instant case, again, a minimum of the equivalent potential temperature is found above the barring layer (100 m - 200 m vertical interval), with a maximum approximately at the level of the barring layer as such. Only in the case of vertical movements of the barring layer, the EPT maximum, too, is above the barring layer (runs 2 and 7).

Fig. 32 shows that the individual values (2 through 4) are in just barely satisfactory relation to the normal range of function $A_1 = f(G-T)$ only during the time that barring layer has nearly or fully settled. But during the vertical movement they are far outside thereof (1 to 2; 4 to 6).

The two pairs of values for a very low-lying near-ground inversion in the morning ("low"), which rapidly disintegrates thereafter, are within the normal range. The values of our example

are quite satisfactory with regard to the normal distribution of $A_1 = f(G-E)$, according to Fig. 33. However, we notice a contrast to Fig. 32: While the inversion has become stationary the values fall insignificantly outside of the normal distribution. The vertical aerosol gradient turns steeper, temporarily, than would correspond to the vapor pressure gradient, whereas agreement prevails during the vertical movements. The values in Fig. 34 are completely outside of the normal distribution of $A_1 = f(G-PT)$. We find a cyclic sequence with extreme deviation during the stationary phase of the barring layer. No explanation can be offered therefor, as yet.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

It was confirmed again: Vertical movement (no matter whether up or down) of the barring layer results in an increase of its permeability, its becoming stationary results in a strengthening of the barring effect. The A_1 values of the example are in satisfactory agreement with functions $A_1 = f(G-T)$ and $A_1 = f(G-E)$, slight deviations from the former are found during the vertical movement, from the latter during the stationary phase. The superpositioned minima or maxima, respectively, of EPT are found to exist throughout, even during the vertical movements.

8. Example G, 28 September 1970, Figs. 35 through 38.

Considerable vertical and structural variations of an inversion. Equilibrium of diffusion is not attained.

This example concludes our discussion of cases with vigorous vertical movements of barring layers. The original runs in APPENDIX, 3 already show that not only does a distinctive vertical unrest prevail but also the pattern of the structures is changing rapidly. We immediately pass on to Fig. 35. The variations with time of A_1 are particularly remarkable. Steep increases of A_1 are invariably found when - in accordance with our earlier experience - the level of the barring layer

is rapidly changed. This is very drastically demonstrated by the transition from run 2 to 3: A_1 is increased by two orders of magnitude and remains persistently high during the subsequent ascent movement (3 to 4). Not until the stationary condition of the barring layer exists during runs 6 and 7, does A_1 arrive at a minimum. Renewed disquiet from runs 7 through 10 causes A_1 to increase again.

The vertical displacements of the various structural elements, according to Fig. 35, present an almost confusing picture: True, minimum and maximum of EPT are still always found and in not too great vertical distance from the inversion level (as a maximum a few 100 m, as an average 200 m), but the maximum is sometimes above, sometimes below the barring layer. Even the respective strongest gradients of T and E are not - as usual - close to each other. Vertical differences up to 150 m are encountered. Besides, maximum G-T is sometimes above, sometimes below maximum G-E.

Due to the sometimes extremely poorly developed temperature gradients Fig. 36 contains only very few individual values. As was to be expected, they are far from the normal distribution of function $A_1 = f(G-T)$.

It is all the more surprising that, in Fig. 37, the individual values fit very well into the normal distribution of $A_1 = f(G-E)$. Although most certainly the setting of an eddy diffusion equilibrium was not possible in our instance the variations with time of the aerosol gradient (expressed in terms of the behavior of A_1) and of the water vapor gradient (G-E) are in good agreement with each other. The interferences, apparent from the continuous structural changes of the aerological pattern and from the vertical variations, thus took effect, in Example G, upon aerosol and water vapor distribution analogous to and on the basis of, the normal relation of $A_1 = f(G-E)$. In Fig. 38, the individual values of our example are far from the normal distribution of $A_1 = f(G-PT)$: We find a cyclic sequence for runs

2 through 7 and another one from 7 through 10. We find it interesting that the first cycle, if defined only from 2 through 6, comprises exactly the first ascent, the second cycle from 7 through 10 the second ascent. It appears to be possible to describe, with the aid of these cyclic "movement graphs", the structural variations connected with processes of ascent or general vertical displacement, and later to improve our understanding of them functionally. At any rate, in retrospect we may say that the cycles in the following earlier figures were connected with vertical movements of the barring layer: Fig. 34 (runs 2 through 6, initial lingering, then rapid ascent with disintegration of the inversion); Fig. 30 (runs 4 through 8, initial descent, then merger with lower disintegrating inversion). An exception relative to all three normal functions is formed by Example D with its cycles. True, there is no vertical movement here, but a clearly cyclic loosening up of the inversion structure (runs 1 through 5) by turbulences in the course of the day. So it will be necessary to pay still more attention to such graphs with a cyclic pattern, in the future, along with further meteorological parameters.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

In the case of violent structural and vertical changes of the barring layer eddy diffusion equilibrium cannot come about. It is, however, possible that variations of the vertical aerosol profiles and water vapor profiles are running in conformity with each other and are jointly controlled by the interferences determining the complex pattern. Again it is shown that vertical movements of the barring layer are connected with a reduction of its barring effect. During vertical movements a cyclic sequence of the values is found relative to the normal distribution of the function $A_1 = f(G-PT)$.

9. Example H, 26 September 1970. Figs. 39 through 43.

Analysis of (a) the upper boundary of the exchange layer, and (b) an ascending inversion located below.

With this example we leave the analysis exclusively of inversions or similar structures analogously belonging thereto. We consider parameters from the zone of the upper boundary of the exchange layer. However, in the present case there is also an inversion which we shall include in our considerations. The inverse temperature gradient is only rather poorly defined, however.

To begin with we go back to the original recordings in X. APPENDIX, 3. The position of the upper boundary of the exchange layer there has been marked with E, that of the inversion with I. In the profile of +L (partly also in that of -L) the increase by increments with height is recognized at the two levels so marked. Until evening (run 6), however, the structures disintegrate to a large extent. What clearly remains is the +L increment in the zone of the loosened-up structure of E.

In Fig. 39 we consider the variations in time and space of the two formations. From the value tables to Example H it is seen that the exchange layer is marked by a minimum and a subjacent maximum of the equivalent potential temperature EPT similar to what we had found with stationary inversions as a rule. The altitudes, of these structural details are entered in Fig. 39. Whereas in the course of the day the upper boundary of the exchange layer perpetually descends, the - weakly defined - inversion ascends in increments, above all from run 5 to 6. The rule found confirmed for stationary inversions, according to which EPT shows a minimum above the inversion, and a maximum below it, applies in the present case, too. These EPT structure details follow suit with the vertical movement of the barring layer proper.

Now a few words on the variation with time of the A_1 values, considering Fig. 39: The barring effect of the inversion is

the greatest in the morning, and steadily decreases in the course of the slow ascent of the layer (A_1 is growing). Another deterioration of the barring effect occurs in the evening as the layer ascends again. By contrast, the diffusion resistance through the upper boundary of the exchange layer increases by increments (A_1 decreases) as the latter descends. In conjunction with the commencing disintegration of both layers in the evening, consistently the A_1 values increase.

Due to the very scantily developed inverse temperature gradient a study with respect to function $A_1 = f(G-T)$ is foregone. Fig. 40 merely reflects the travelling times for the runs, and the symbols for the exchange layer (E) and inversion (I).

On Fig. 41 we note that the individual values for I are within the normal range of function $A_1 = f(G-E)$, even so when $G-E$ is positive (viz. when water vapor pressure is increased with height). The values of E, too, just barely meet these requirements, however, no dependence upon the water vapor gradient is apparent. The values for $A_1 = f(G-PT)$ in Fig. 42 are entirely outside of the normal distribution for this function. This is independent of whether they pertain to the exchange layer or to the inversion.

In Fig. 43 we have plotted the vertical profiles of A_1 for runs 3 and 6. These once more very clearly illustrate the following processes:

- a) descent and increase of barring effect of the upper boundary of the exchange layer;
- b) ascent and decrease of barring effect of the inversion. finally approximate mutual touching of the two layers.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

The upper boundary of the exchange layer, too, is characterized by a minimum of EPT plus a subjacent maximum of EPT. During descent of the upper boundary of the exchange layer its barring effect toward eddy diffusion is increased.

10. Example I. 17 September 1970, Figs. 44 through 48.

Upper boundary of an exchange layer. Slight vertical movement.

In conclusion, we shall discuss the case of an upper boundary of the exchange layer which was sharply defined throughout the day. The original runs in APPENDIX, 3 very convincingly demonstrate the following within the zone of this layer: (a) an increase in temperature; (b) a decrease in humidity; and (c) a sharp increase in conductivity, i.e. a decrease of the aerosol concentration. These vertical variations are very distinct during runs 1,3,4; during run 2 the structure are loosened up, and the level of the layer has descended somewhat. In the following figures we have plotted, for comparison, the values of the main levels separately from the values of the special levels.

In Fig. 44 we first consider the variations with time and with altitude. To begin with it is to be pointed out that this level, too, is distinct for sharply defined minima of EPT above it, and corresponding maxima within its level. These EPT structural details follow suit in the slight vertical movement of the upper boundary of the exchange layer. During the temporary descent of the layer (run 2) A_1 arrives at a maximum, i.e. movement reduces barring effect as with a true inversion.

Fig. 45 shows that all individual values are outside of the normal range of function $A_1 = f(G-T)$. If we concentrate on the main levels only, $G-T$ changes in the course of the day, it is true, but this has little impact on A_1 (maximum during 2, see above). If we consider the special levels we obtain a cyclic progress which is surely coming close to the true conditions and corresponds to our experience gathered so far on the occurrence of cyclic interrelations.

In Fig. 46, using the values from the special levels we find a time slope which, it is true, keeps to the border line of the normal range of our function $A_1 = f(G-E)$ but in agreement with

the latter's direction. If we lean on the values from the main levels only, A_1 remains unaffected by the variations of G-E.

An analogous conclusion is drawn from Fig. 47. If, however, we start from the values of the special levels we are again met with a cyclic pattern, although all the values are far from the normal distribution of function $A_1 = f(G-PT)$.

In Fig. 48 we have plotted the vertical profiles of A_1 for runs 2,3,4. The stepped curves are based upon the values from the main levels. The A_1 values from the special levels within the barring layer level are indicated (solid) and identified by numerals in circles. It is seen how across 1000 m from the barring layer downwards, consistently high A_1 values are encountered which is appropriate for an exchange layer. The loosening-up of the structure of the barring layer is clearly recognizable.

Conclusions drawn from this example:

Values derived from the special levels afford a much deeper insight into the true interrelations. The upper boundary of the exchange layer is again marked by EPT minima and maxima, one above the other with intervals of 150 m up to 300 m (EPT maximum within the levels of the layer). These structural details join in any vertical movements of the barring layer. Vertical movements lead to a weakening of the barring effect of the layer. The vertical movement is expressed in cyclic pattern or part of the values relative to the normal ranges of our main functions.

VI. THEORETICAL SUPPLEMENT FOR COMPUTATION OF EDDY DIFFUSION
COEFFICIENTS

In (1.2) only the asymptote solution to the stationary combined diffusion (D) and coagulation (K) equation

$$D \frac{\partial^2 N(z)}{\partial z^2} - K N(z)^2 = 0 \quad (1)$$

was used for the calculation of the eddy diffusion coefficient D (pages 25 et sequ. of (1)), i.e. that solution which extends to infinity. This presupposition without which the equation (1) is not analytically solvable applies strictly speaking only in that case where D does not vary with height. Where diffusion coefficient D_i differ from layer to layer, the partial solutions $N_i(z)$ to (1) must, for reasons of continuity, be so joined together that the diffusion current $J = -D \partial N / \partial z$ is a steady one. If $N_i(z)$ and D_i designate the nuclei concentration and diffusion coefficient in the vertical interval from z_i through z_{i+1} , the following must then apply:

$$D_i \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial z} (z = z_i) = D_{i-1} \frac{\partial N_{i-1}}{\partial z} (z = z_i) \quad (2)$$

to all i 's.

Under these premises the equation (1) is no longer analytically solvable. The general solution or its inverse function, respectively, has the following form:

$$z - z_0 = \pm \int_{N_0}^N \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(N_0')^2 + \frac{2K}{3D} (x^3 - N_0^3)}} \quad (3)$$

wherein N_0 and N_0' designate the nuclei concentration and its derivative at position z_0 . In the source-free stationary case, N must decrease with height, and the minus sign on the right side of (3) applies.

Solution (3) represents an elliptic integral which is solvable only through methods of approximation. In addition, this is a variation problem. Therein, D in the integrand must be selected so that both members of the equation (3) are in agreement with each other. The derivative $N'(z)$ needed for the joining condition (2) are easily obtained from the inverse function $z(N)$:

$$N' = \sqrt{(N_0')^2 + \frac{2K}{3D} (N - N_0)^3} \quad (4)$$

The equations (2) through (4) must be solved by layers wherein it would be best to use, for the top layer, the asymptote solution, compute therefrom the diffusion current at the lower border, and use the latter to solve the equation (3) for the next lower interval. This operation is to be repeated as often as necessary.

It is true that in principle this problem is solvable with the aid of our Hewlett-Packard desk computer with extended memory. However, this procedure requires such a high expenditure of computation effort that it would hardly appear applicable to the routine analyses. At present, a computer program is being developed for this purpose, with the aid of which it is being studied on a few selected examples what size deviations are permissible from the results of the procedure now applied in a routine manner. It is noted that due to the wide range of variation of D it will not be necessary to strive for a maximum of exactitude.

The procedure can always be used on any cases of particular interest in order to obtain more exact results.

The results of such comparisons will be reported and discussed in the next report.

VII. CONCLUSIONS

So much is certain that it would not have been possible to carry out either the statistical investigations or the detailed analyses on individual examples, without the preceding change-over of the routine evaluations and data processing to a largely electronic basis. It was only this measure that resulted in a sufficiently comprehensive mass of homogenous data from all available soundings for statistical purposes, on the one hand, and in a complete stock of all necessary parameters of the most varied kind per sounding for the detailed analyses, on the other. In practical processing of the electronically obtained data it was revealed that the most recently developed procedure of electronic data processing fully meets requirements.

The statistical analyses in logical continuation of the earlier research work revealed that there is a significant relation between the highest inverse temperature gradient and the incremental exchange coefficient, providing that there are stationary inversions with a set eddy diffusion equilibrium. The scatter of this relation is unimportant. The relation applies to an A_1 range from 0.1 to 300. Under the same conditions (stationary situations, barring layers) a significant relation may be derived, too, between the highest positive gradient of potential temperature and the incremental exchange coefficient. It applies to the A_1 range from 0.8 to 100. The scatter is not great, more data must be added.

The third of the three derived main functions for describing the behavior of A_1 in structural zones (inversions, barring layers, upper exchange boundary), is based upon the vertical gradient of water vapor pressure. Again, a significant relation

was found with relatively insignificant scatter of values. It is valid for the A_1 range from 1 through 100.

Finally it was attempted to discover more general interrelations which would apply quite generally, independently of structural details (inversions, barring layers). In doing so, another relation was found to stand the test: $A_1 = f(G-PT)$ whose scatter is surprisingly small and whose range of applicability is between $A_1 = 1$ and 1000.

Such main functions which are to have more general validity can be derived only if certain criteria of selection are applied. Such criteria, however, can grow only from sufficient experience. With increasing experience, however, the criteria must be improved, supplemented or, if need be, essentially changed, each of which means a reprocessing of the data material. This work, this is understood, can be performed only in a step-by-step manner.

In developing criteria of classification and selection, the detailed analyses proved to be especially helpful. Systematic work according to this method has only just begun. It already resulted in a series of valuable results. Some of these are: A minimum of the equivalent potential temperature is found 100 m or not more than 300 m above an inversion or barring layer resting in eddy diffusion equilibrium, and a maximum is found within the level of the layer proper. Within the zone of the barring layer proper the gradient of potential temperature reaches a maximum, likewise the negative gradient of the vapor pressure. If the temperature gradient is positive, it assumes a minimum, if it is negative, a maximum. As a rule, a minimum of the vapor pressure, narrowly limited in space, is also found within the level of a barring layer. If barring layers get into vertical movement their barring effect is reduced for the duration of such movement. After the barring layer becoming stationary its barring effect may be regenerated. Temporary interferences leading e.g. to a vertical movement of the barring layer or

triggering a loosening-up of its structure due to locally limited convection are usually expressed in cyclic patterns of the time slope of the essential parameters in the level of the barring layer.

The above discussed detailed analyses which, in the form presented, represent only an initial step, are calling, in order to be fecundated, for the use of all available microscale and mesoscale meteorological parameters (radiation, wind profiles, cloudiness) and their variations with time.

Although it is absolutely necessary to further increase the data material, to further develop and improve the scientific procedures of analysis, still some results are available even today which are possible of practical application by the meteorologist. This applies most of all where it is necessary, from the profiles of aerological data as supplied by radiosondes, to draw conclusions, quickly and directly, upon the conditions of vertical propagation of suspended matter.

VIII. OUTLOOK ON ADVANCED STUDIES IN THE NEAR FUTURE

1. General

Since the methodism for recording the exchange conditions up to 3000 m a.s.l. is now completely commanded and fully developed, it would be the obvious next step to expand the investigations at least up to and including the tropopause level. This expansion is further encouraged by another fact:

A program is being carried under contract with US AEC at our institute, for the investigation of stratospheric-tropospheric exchange using the tracers Be7, P32, S35 plus fall-out heavy-metals, the concentration of which is recorded at Zugspitze station for 24 hours at a time (see (3)). The tropopause structures are analyzed with the aid of radio-sonde data from the

Atlantic Ocean and Europe, and attempts are made to calculate the trajectories.

So the following situation exists:

- a) With the aid of cable-car telemetry systems we gain a precise insight into the exchange conditions obtaining between 0.7 and 3 km a.s.l.
- b) With the aid of the above-mentioned tracers we can survey transportation processes from the stratosphere down to the upper troposphere.

If it were possible, now, by means of appropriate additional methods to also cover the exchange conditions between upper troposphere or, even better, between lower stratosphere and 3 km a.s.l., we would have the chance to completely investigate the overall exchange from the stratospheric deposits at 10 or 20 km down to the surface of the earth at 0.7 km a.s.l. Such an expansion of our research program would increase our yield of findings by a multiple in regard to the vital problem of the atmospheric aerosol exchange.

2. Procedures to be applied

a) Lower Troposphere

The procedures per 1) - 5) will be applied without restriction during the continuation period.

b) 3 km a.s.l. up to lower stratosphere

The only one but the most effective and useful method to present itself is a combination of Rawinsonde with Lidar. Under good weather conditions and with a powerful Lidar, aerosol structures as far as the Junge layer at approx. 15 km may be covered and observed in time. The aerological data necessary for the scientific analysis of the aerosol movements are supplied by a special Rawinsonde of our own. The technical requirements for

such an essential and methodic expansion are presently being reviewed. Already now, some preparations are being made, such as the construction of a balloon filling hall adjacent to the new institute building (for radiosonde balloons), the construction of which has just begun, and the erection of a Lidar observation and set-up room on the roof platform of the institute. Negotiations with suppliers have been conducted and technical details agreed on.

IX. REFERENCES

- 1) Reiter, R., R. Sládkovič and W. Carnuth:
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- 3) Reiter, R., R. Sládkovič; K. Pötzl, W. Carnuth and
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Arch. Met. Geophys. Bioklim. Ser. A (in print).

X. APPENDIX

1. Figures 1 - 48

2. Legends to the Figures 1 - 48

3. Individual Runs and Data Tables
Examples A - J

4. Tables I - XII

RaB concentration measured on the Zugspitze (Z), the
Wank (W) and in Garmisch-Partenkirchen from July 1970
to June 1971

5. The Computer Program

for computation of all necessary values from the
original runs. Tables of results as examples, see 3.

1. Figures 1 - 48

Fig.1

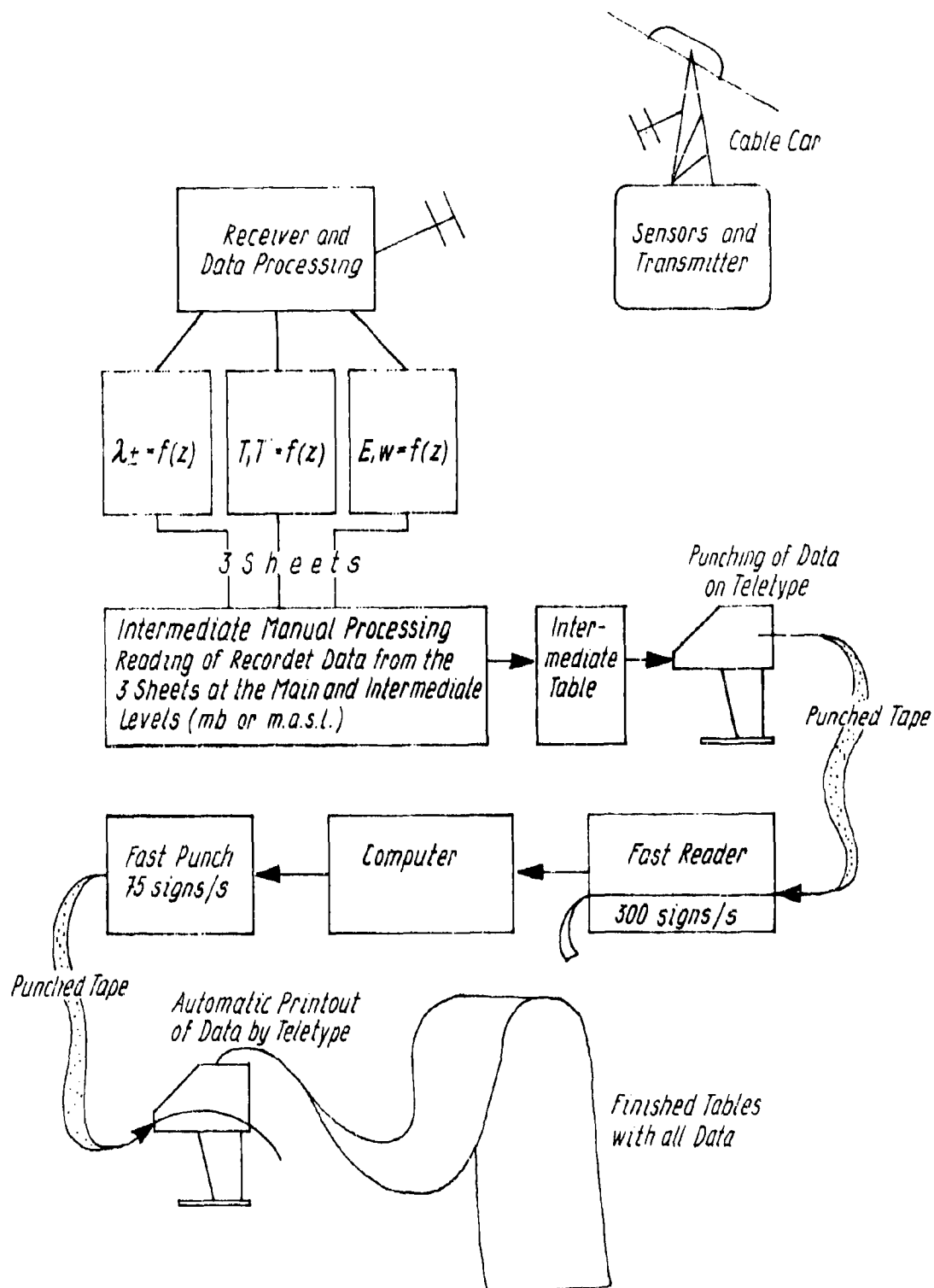


Fig. 2

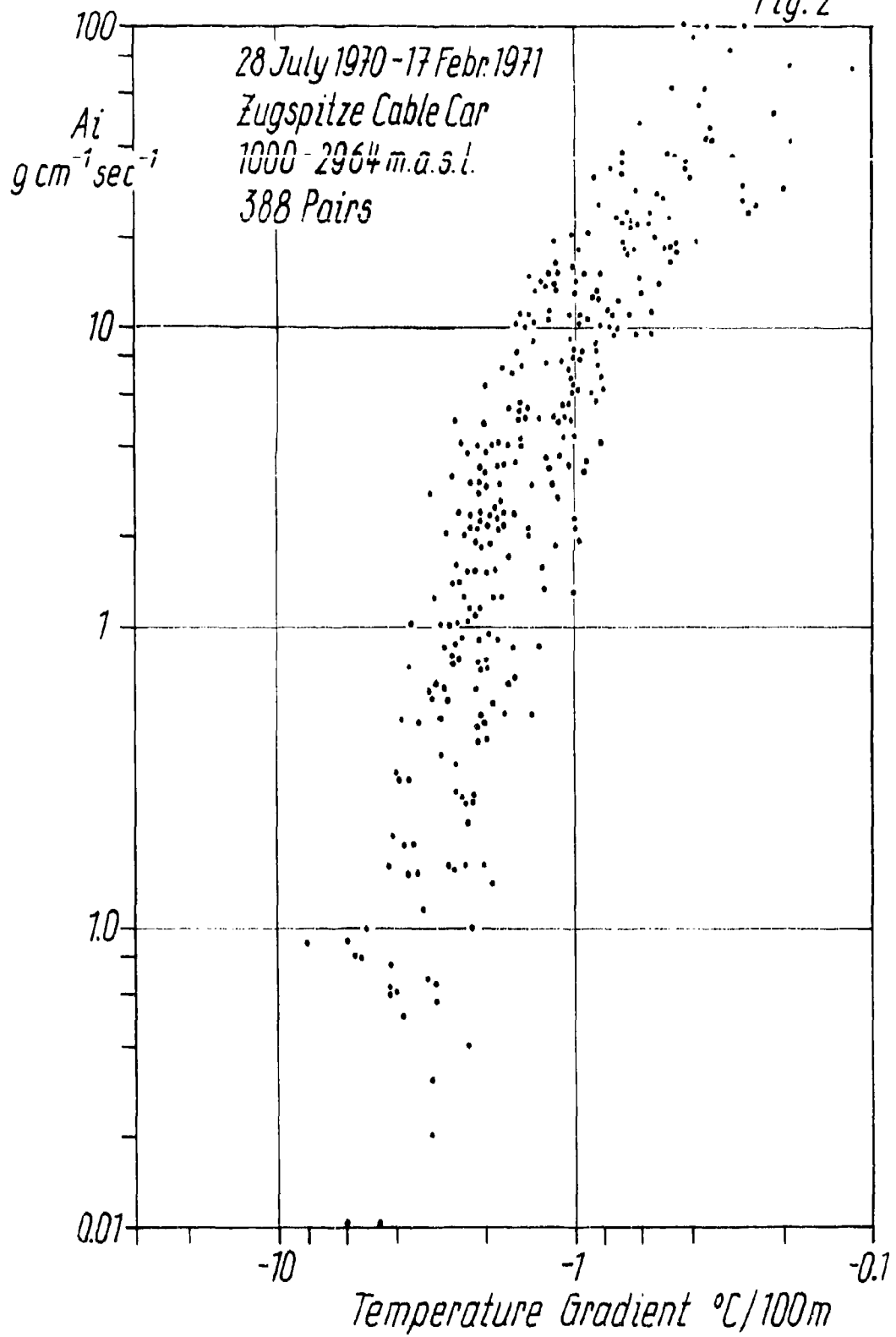


Fig.3

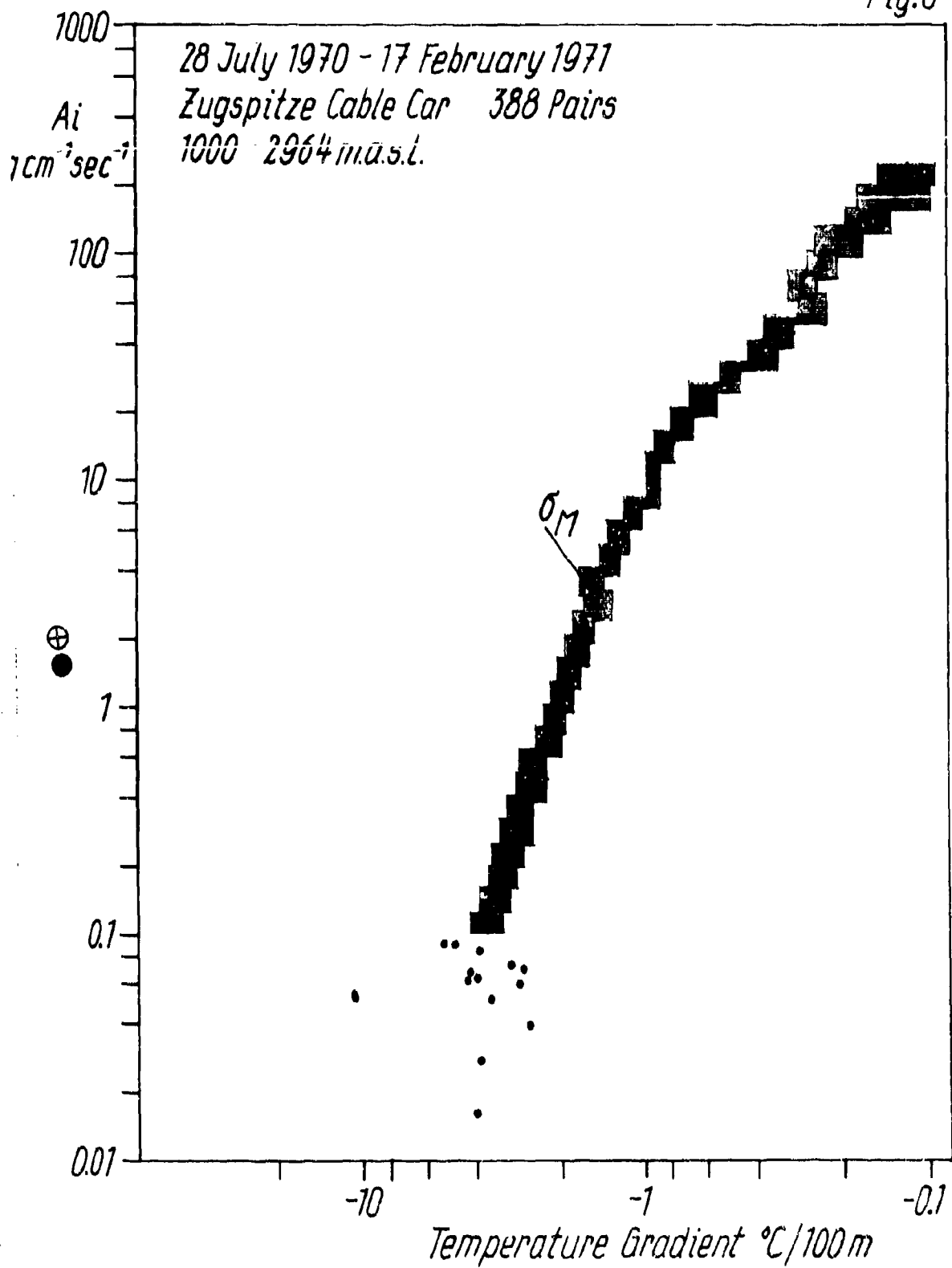


Fig 4

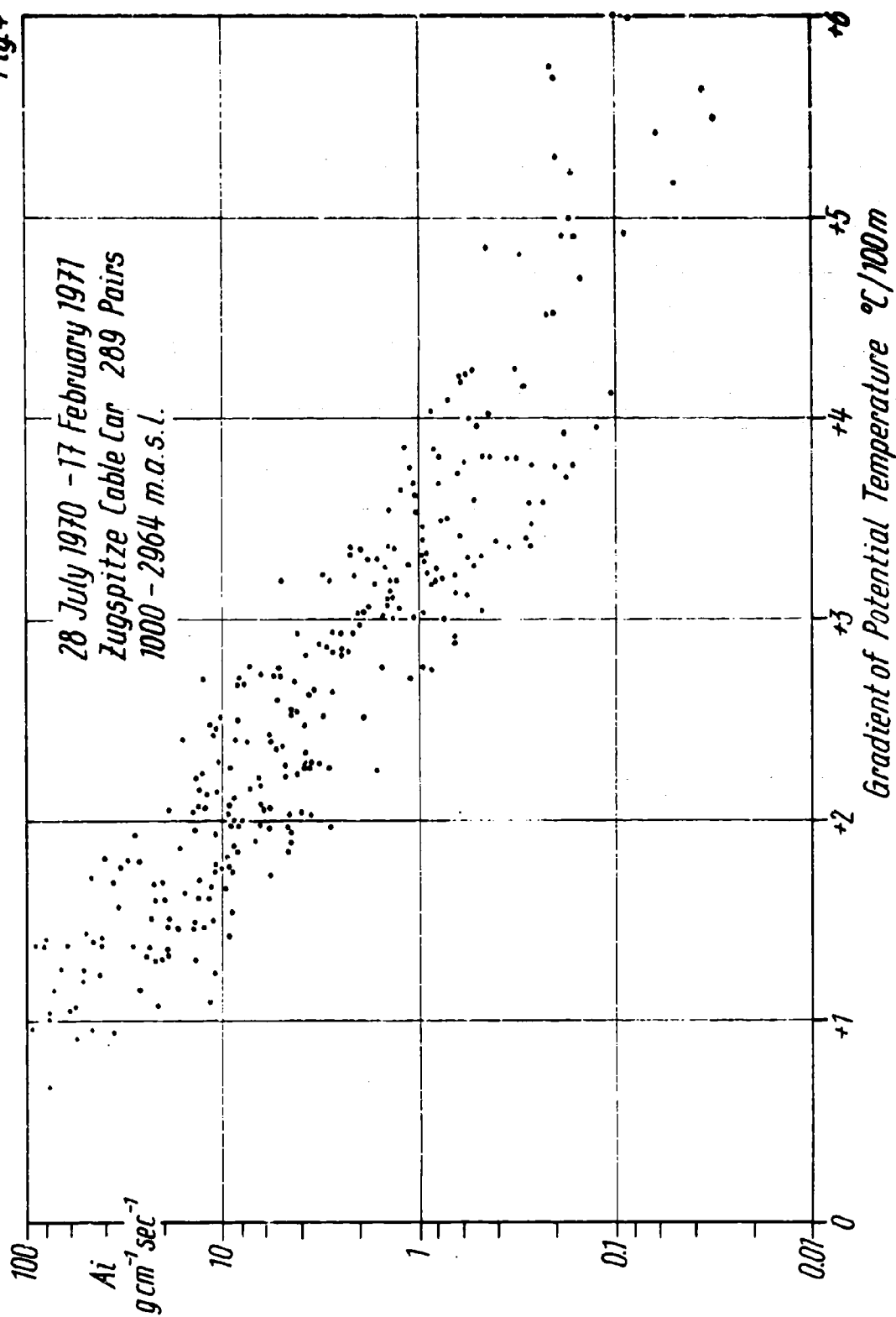
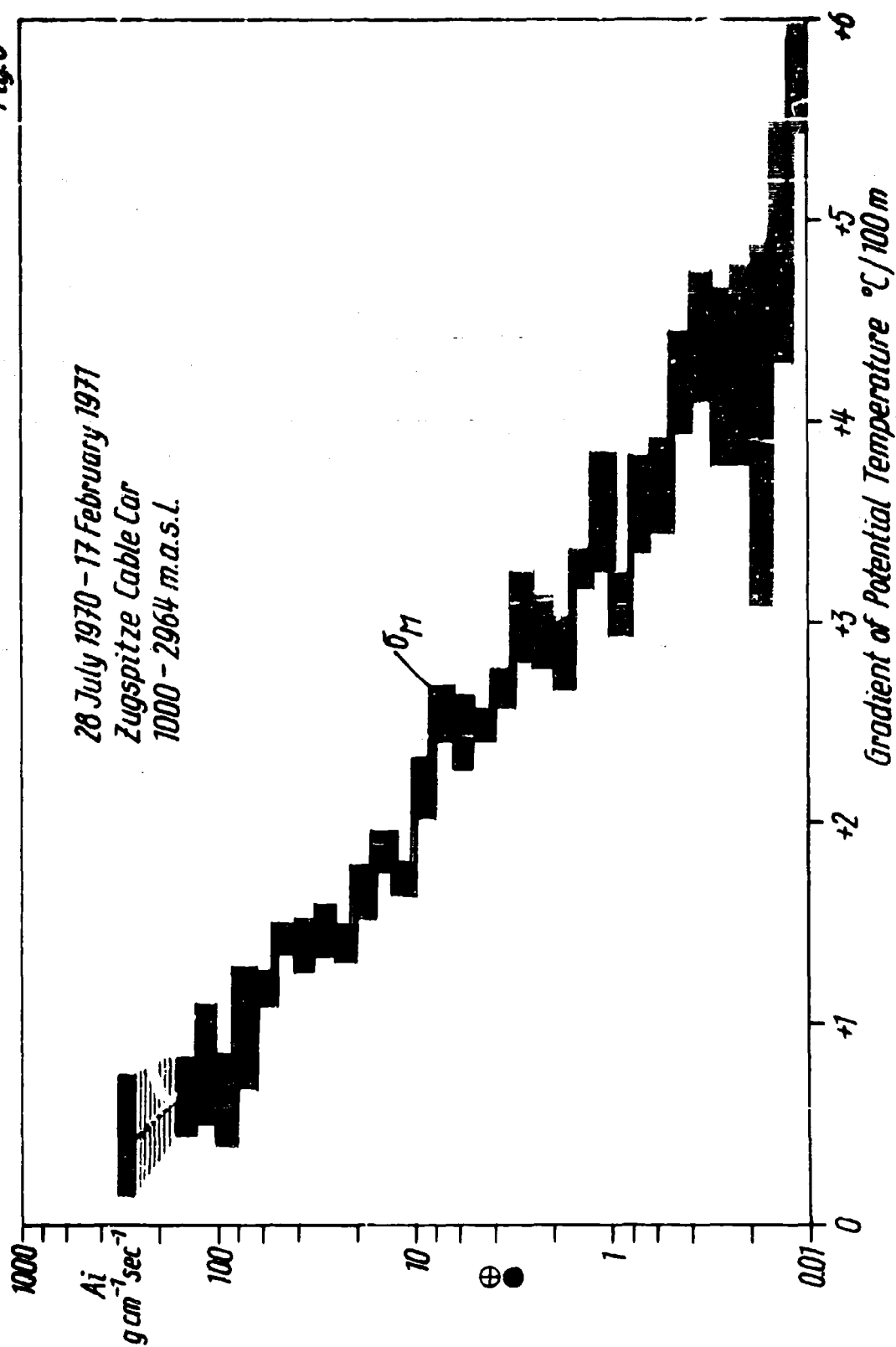


Fig.5



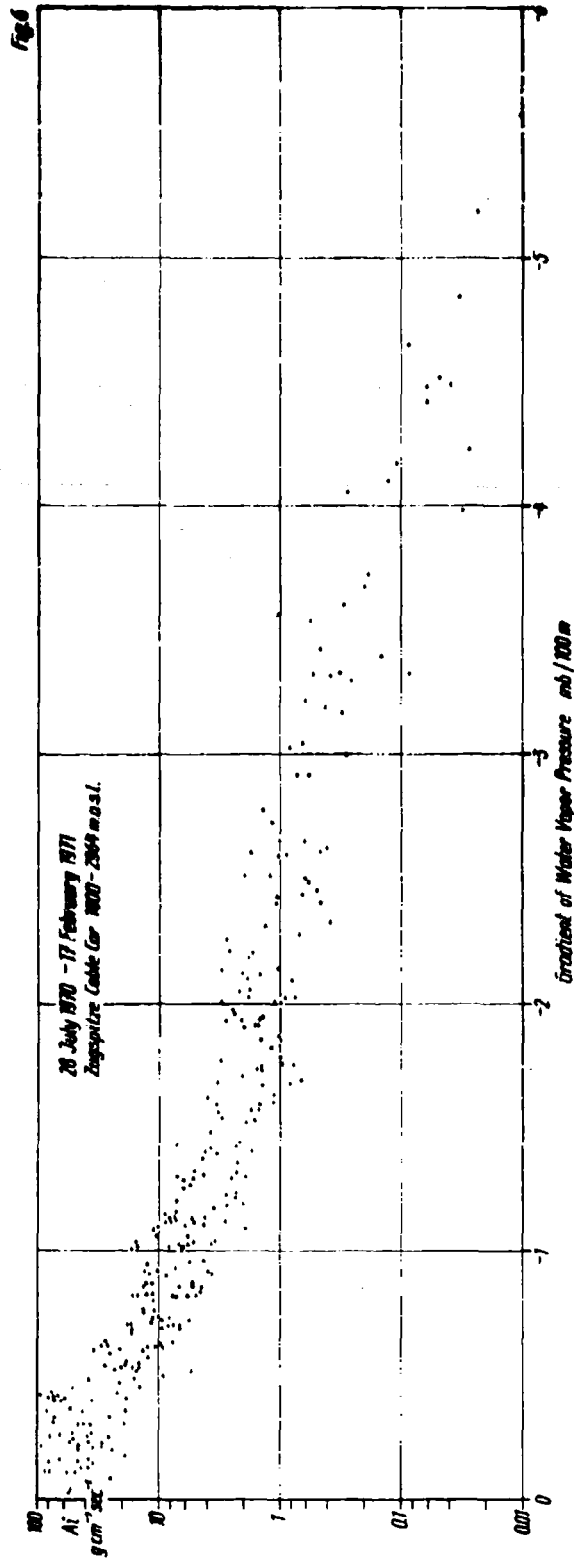


Fig. 2

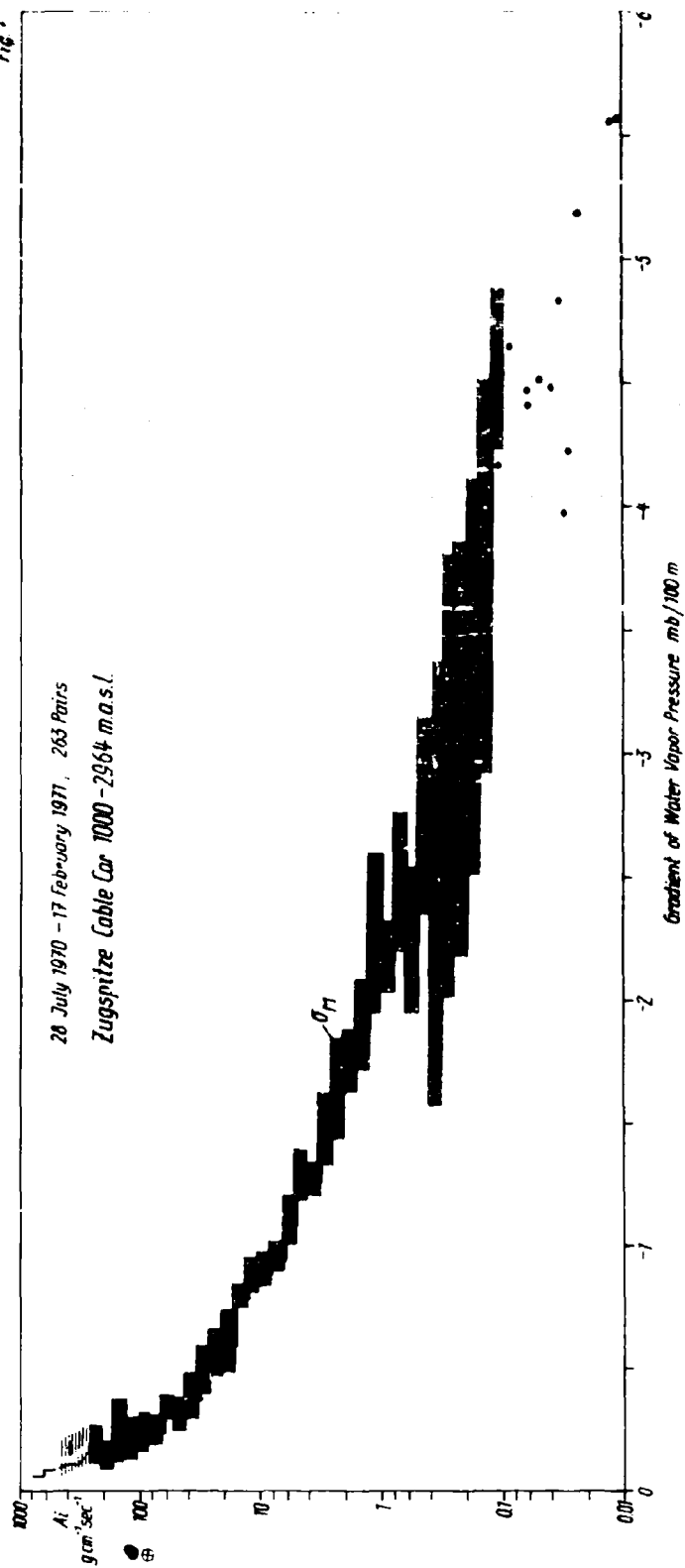
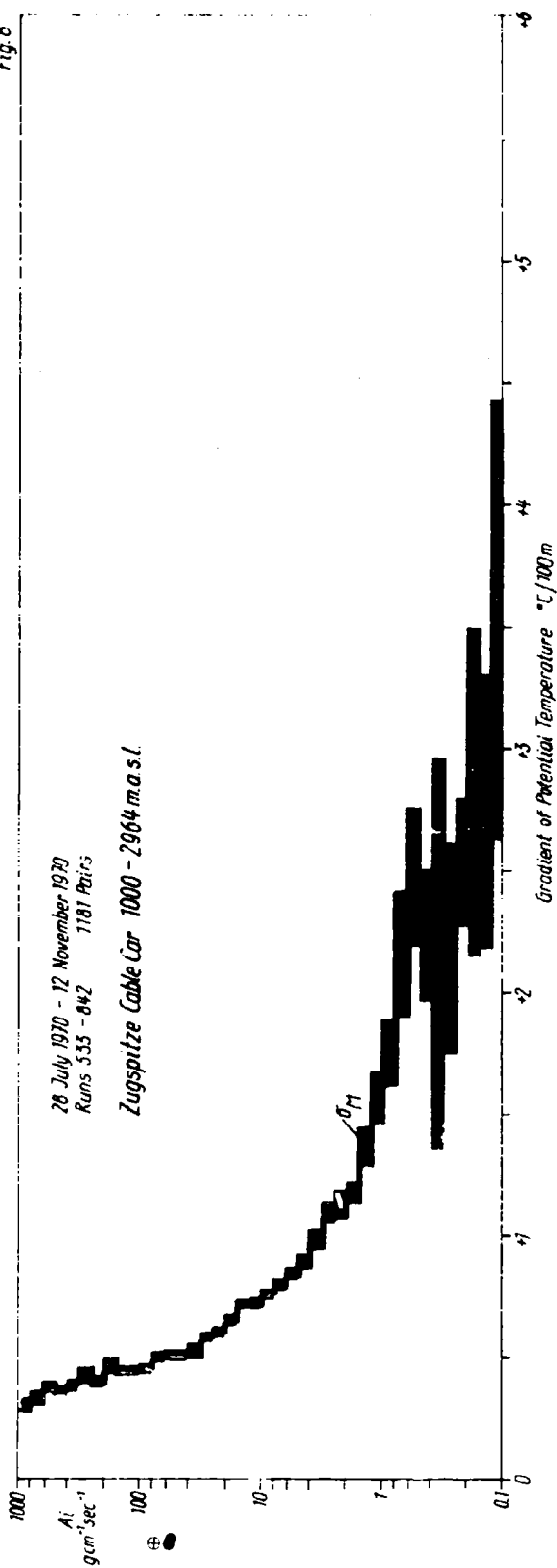


Fig. 8



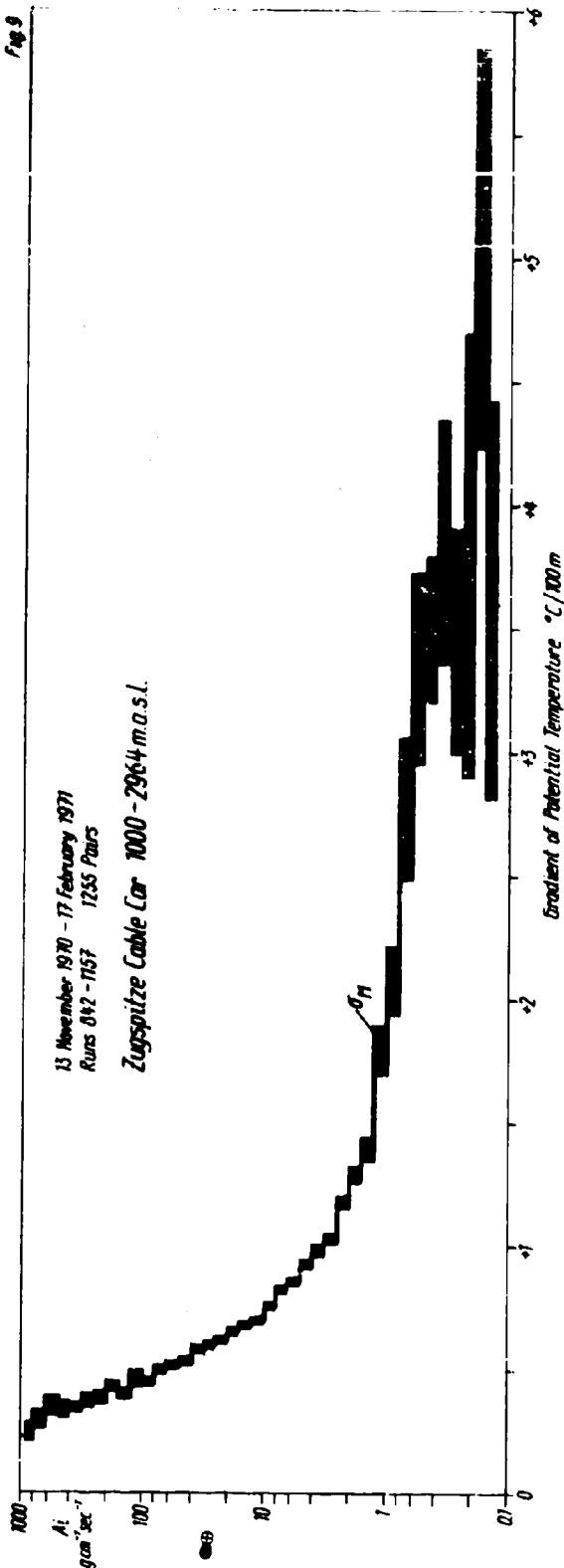
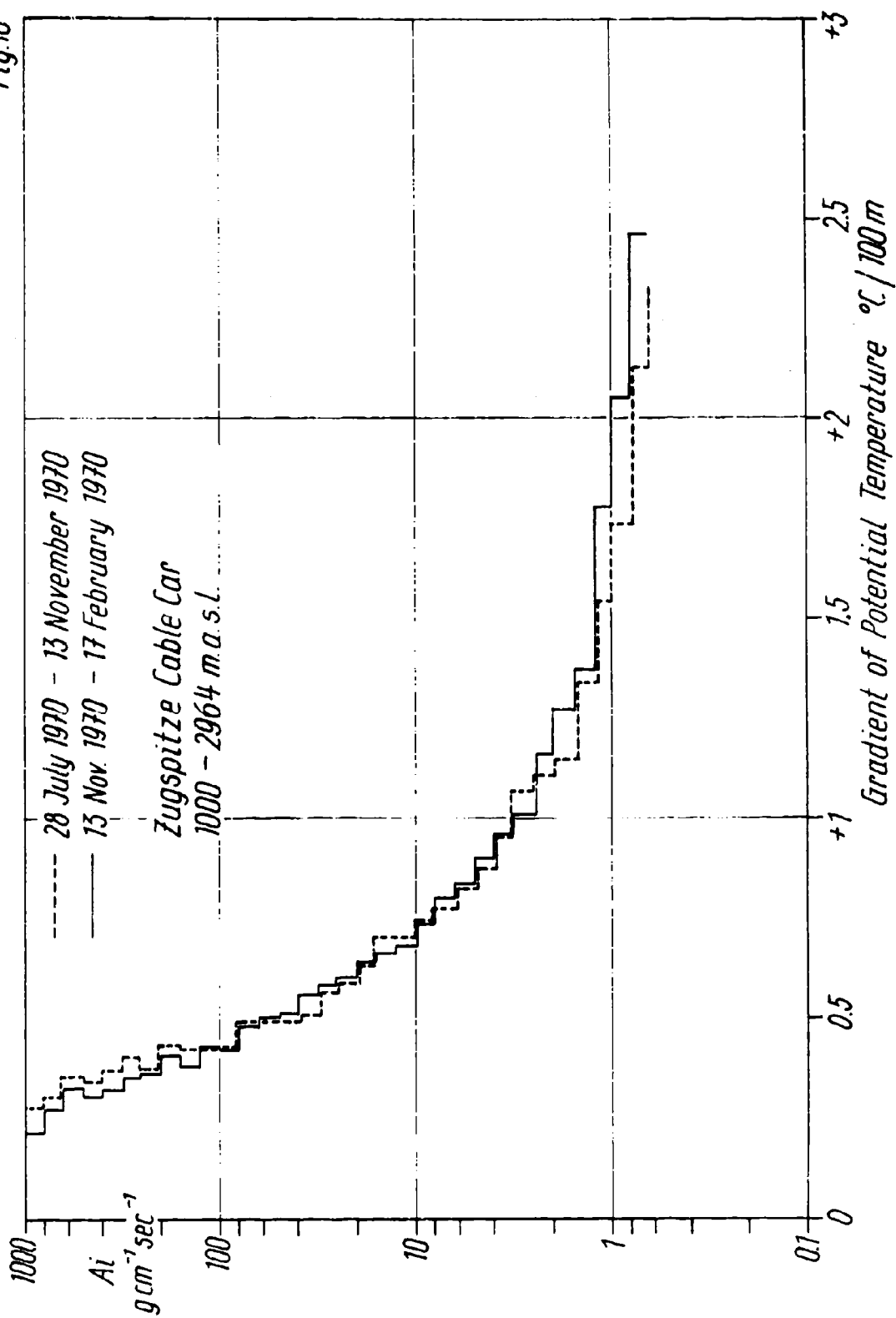
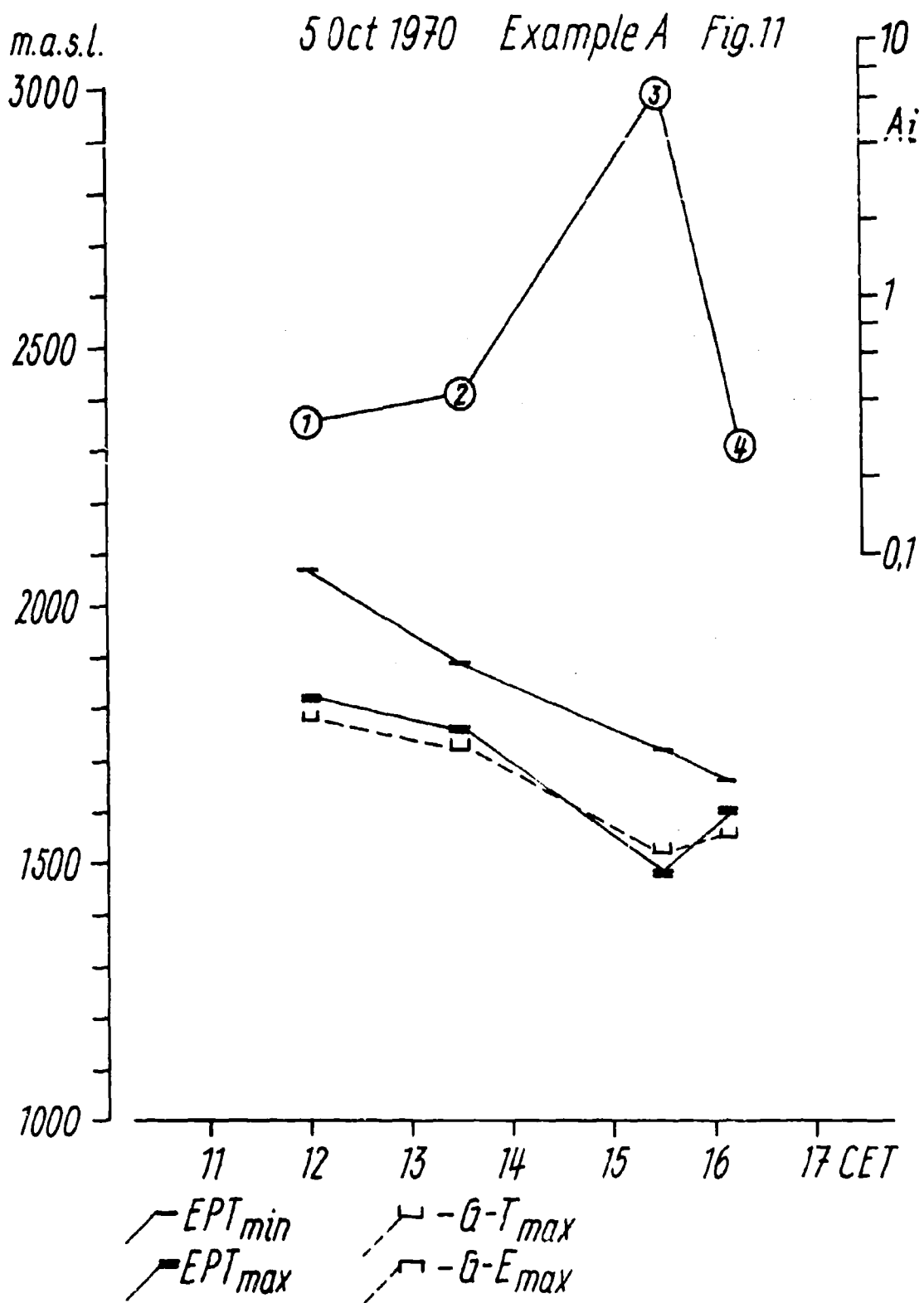
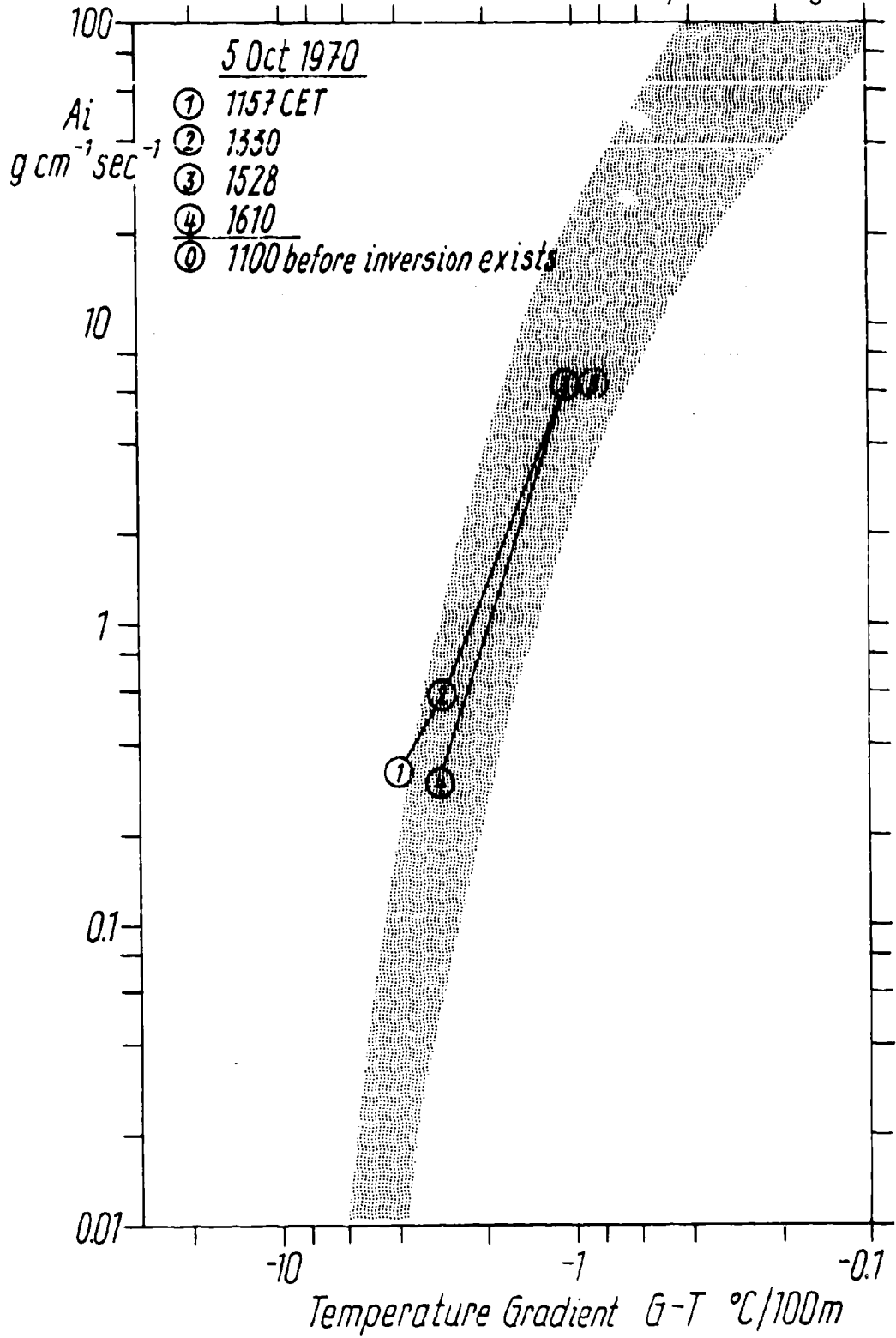


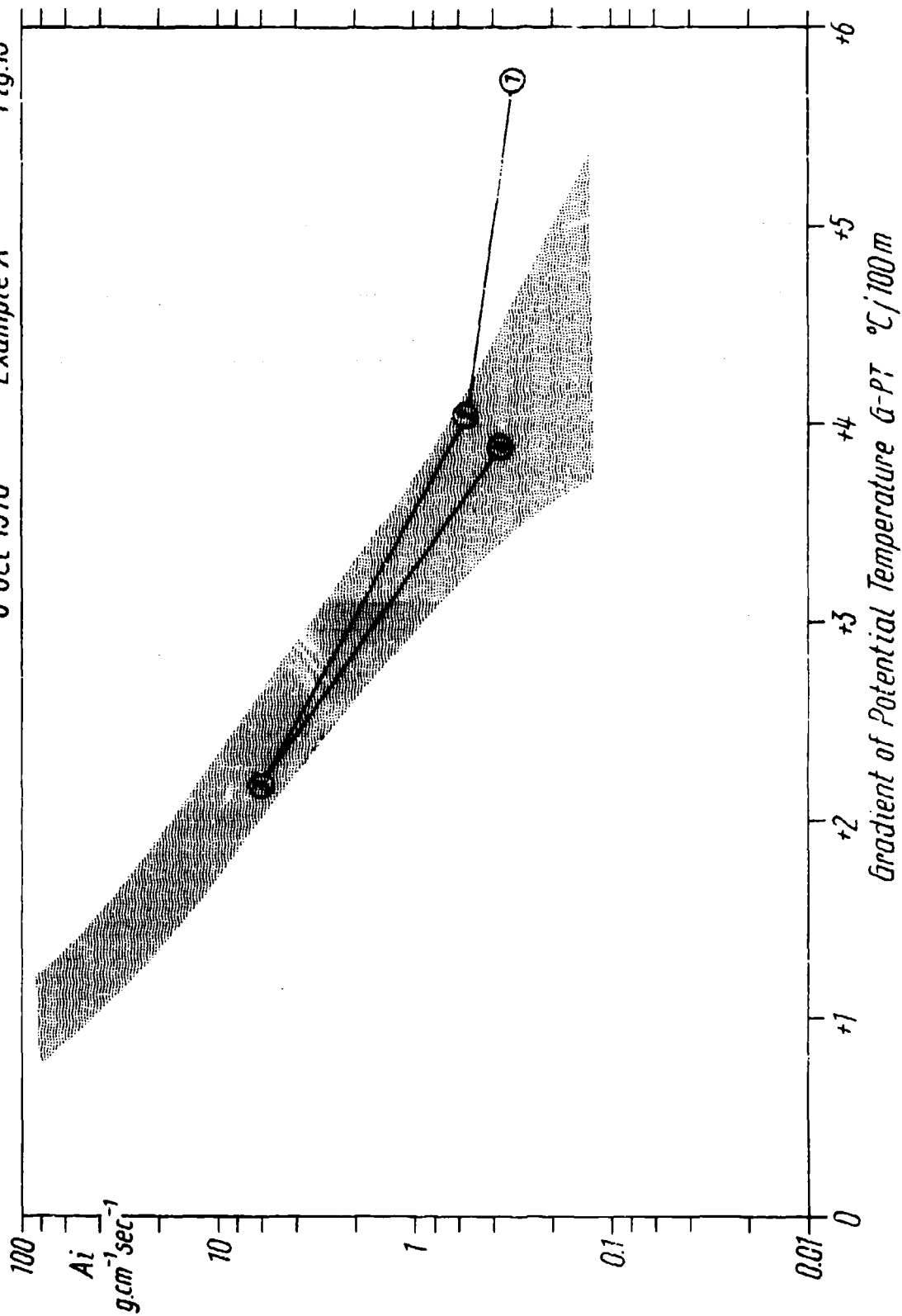
Fig. 10

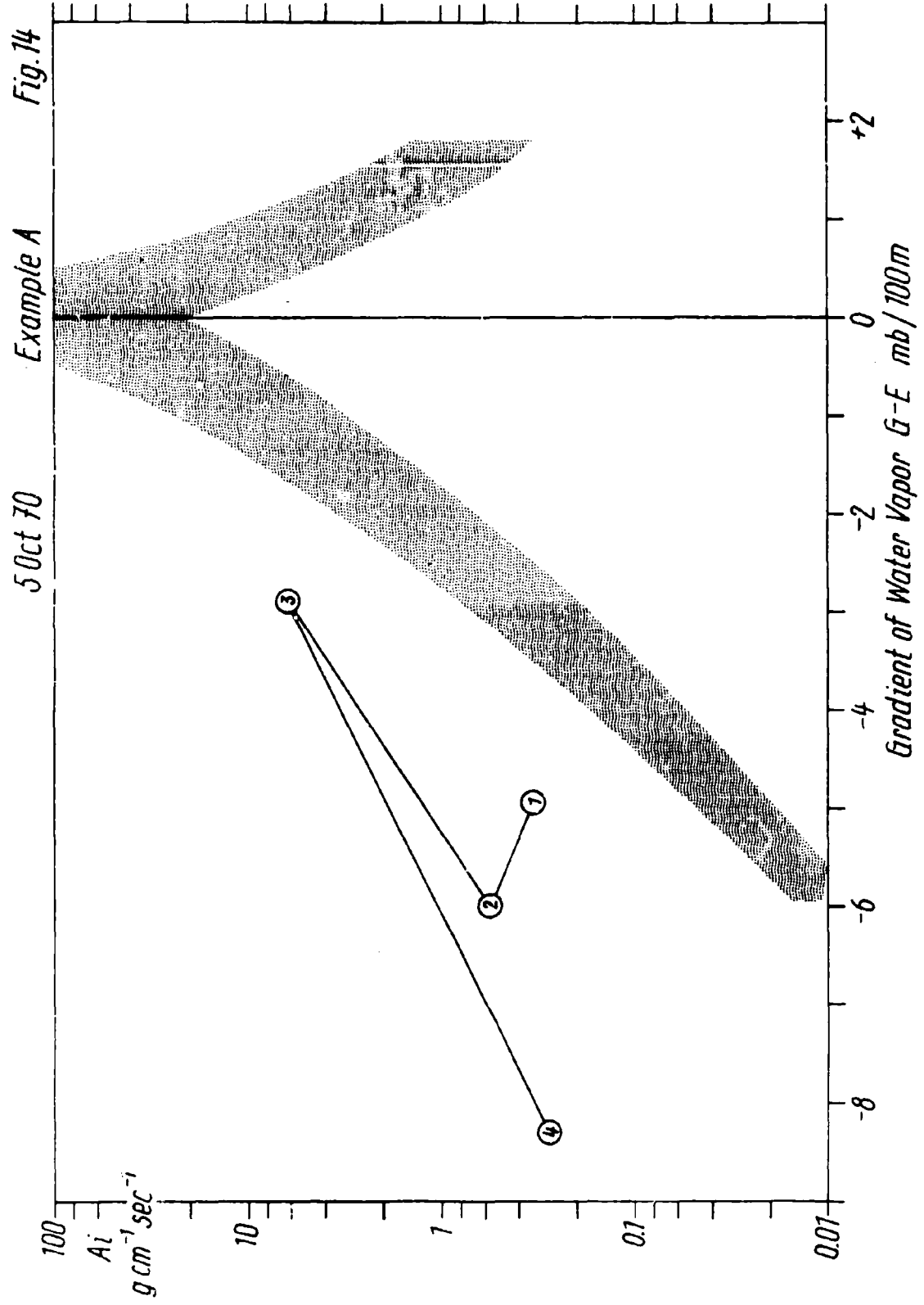




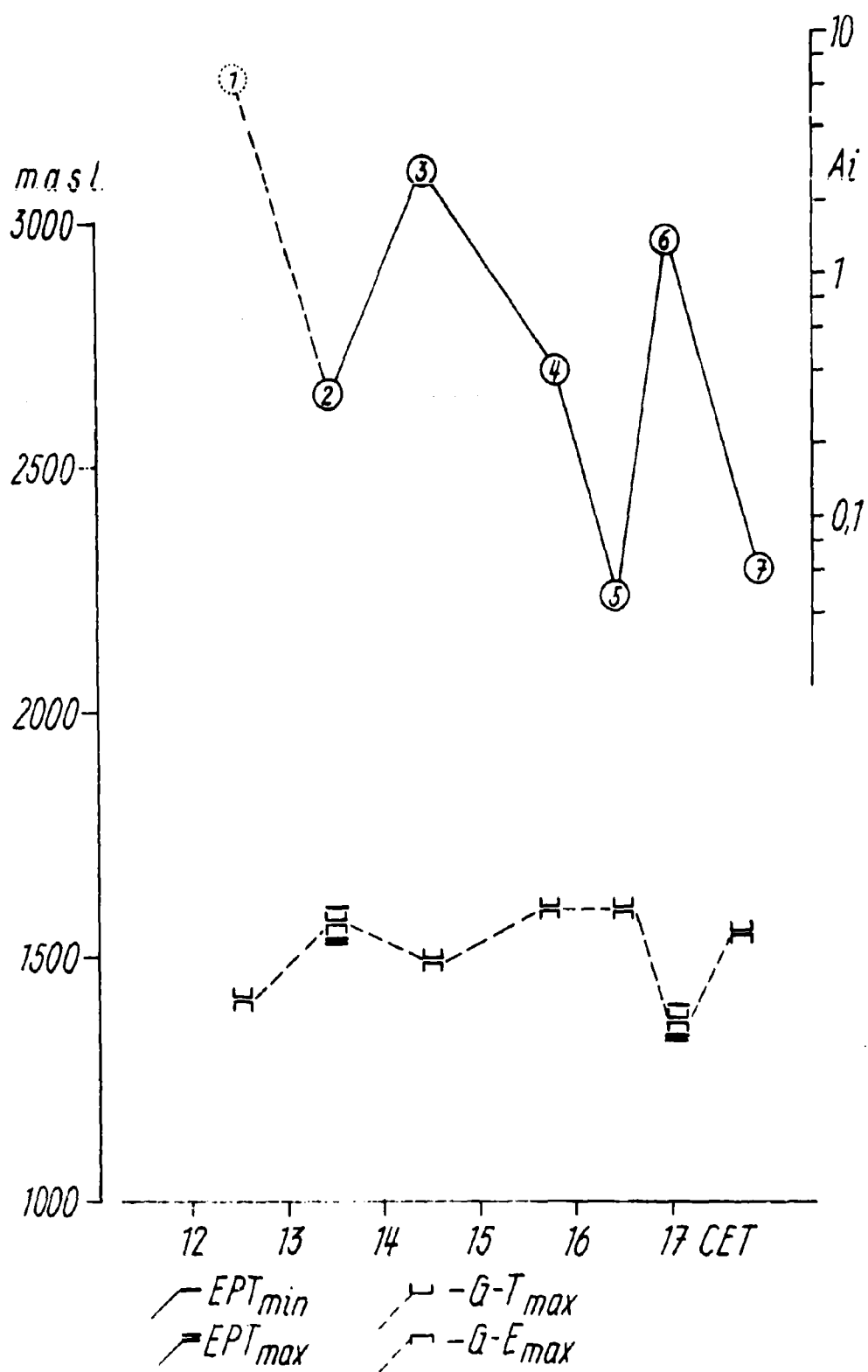
Example A Fig.12



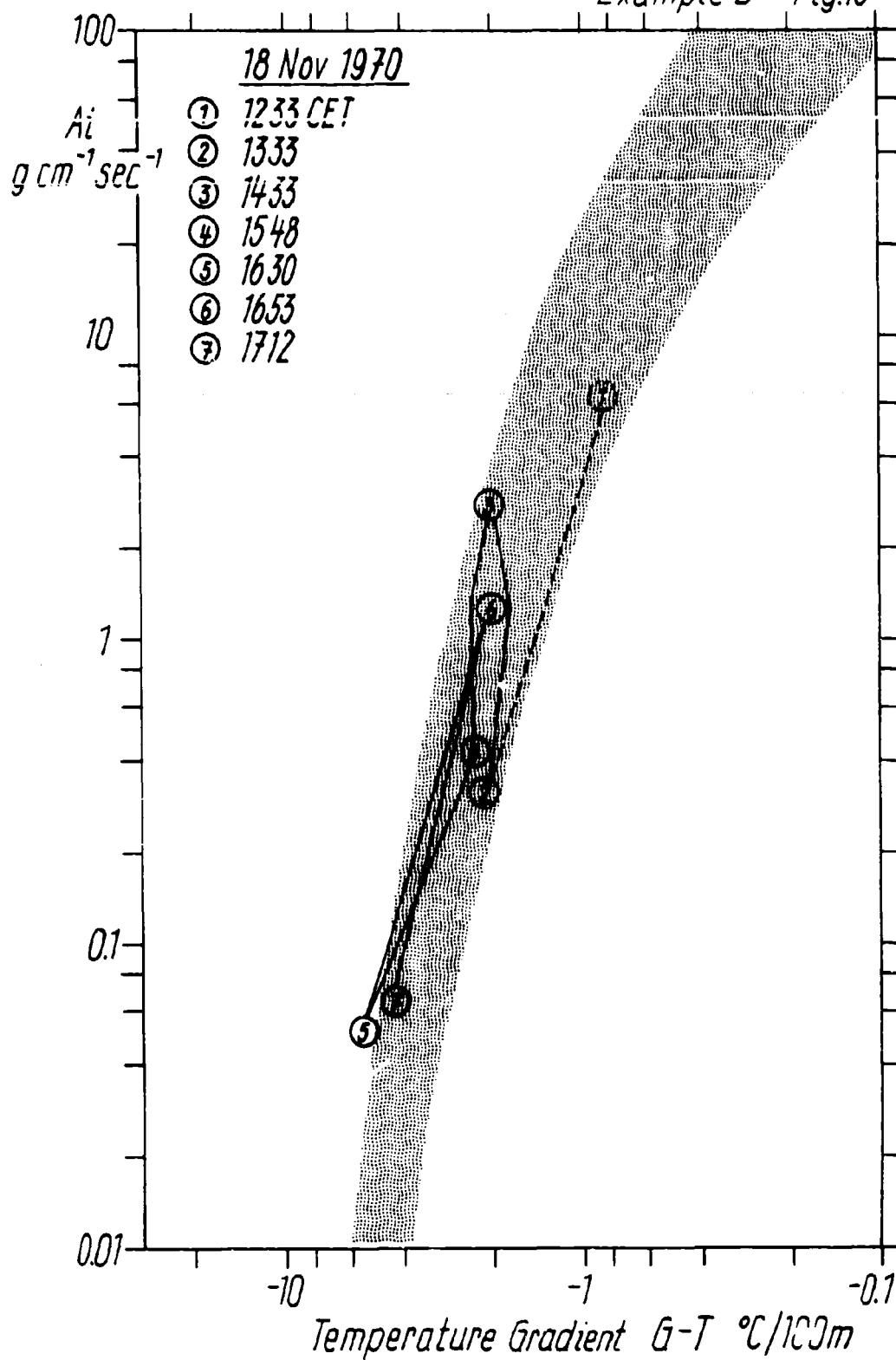




18 Nov 1970 Example B Fig.15



Example B Fig.16



18 Nov 1970

Example B

Fig.17

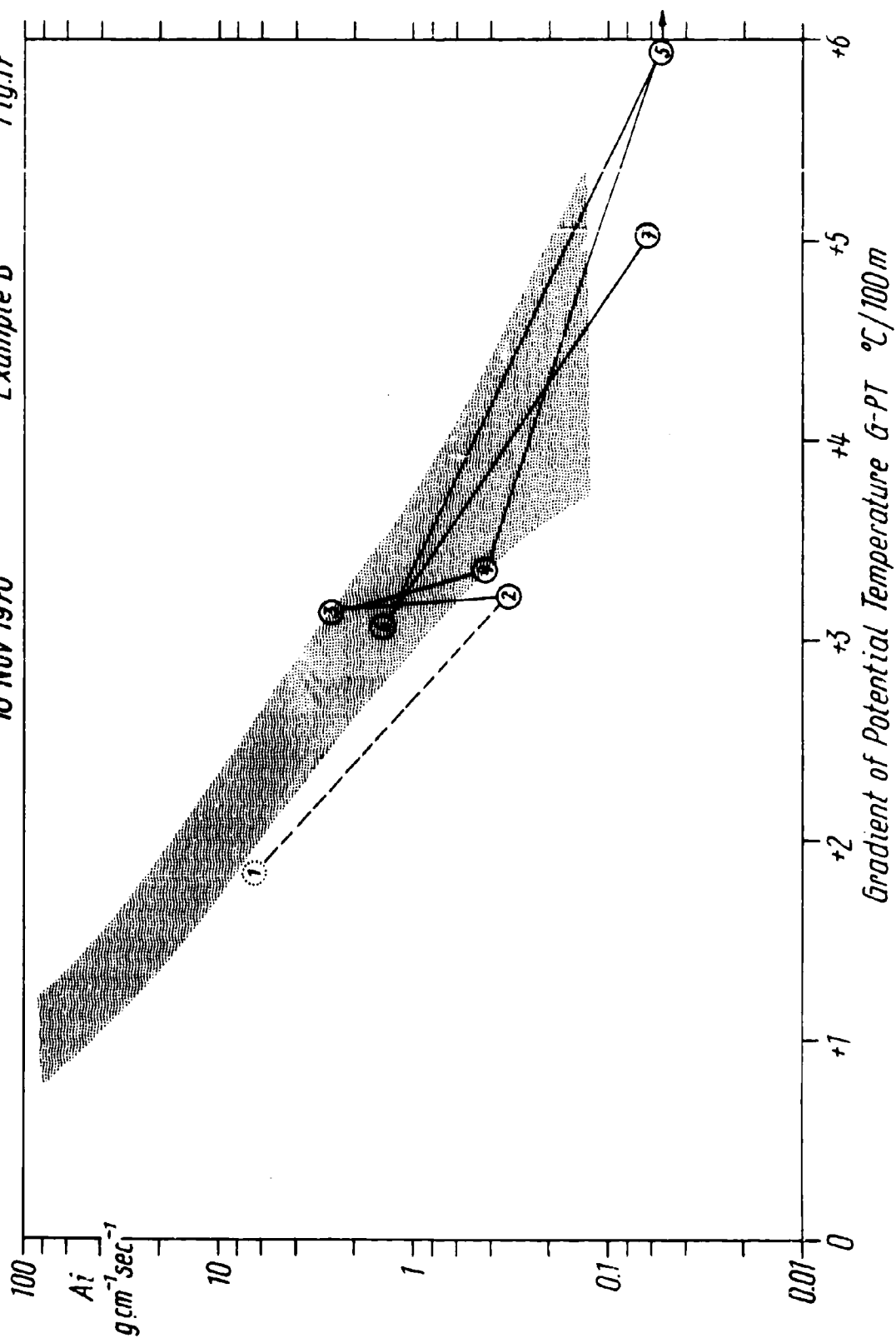
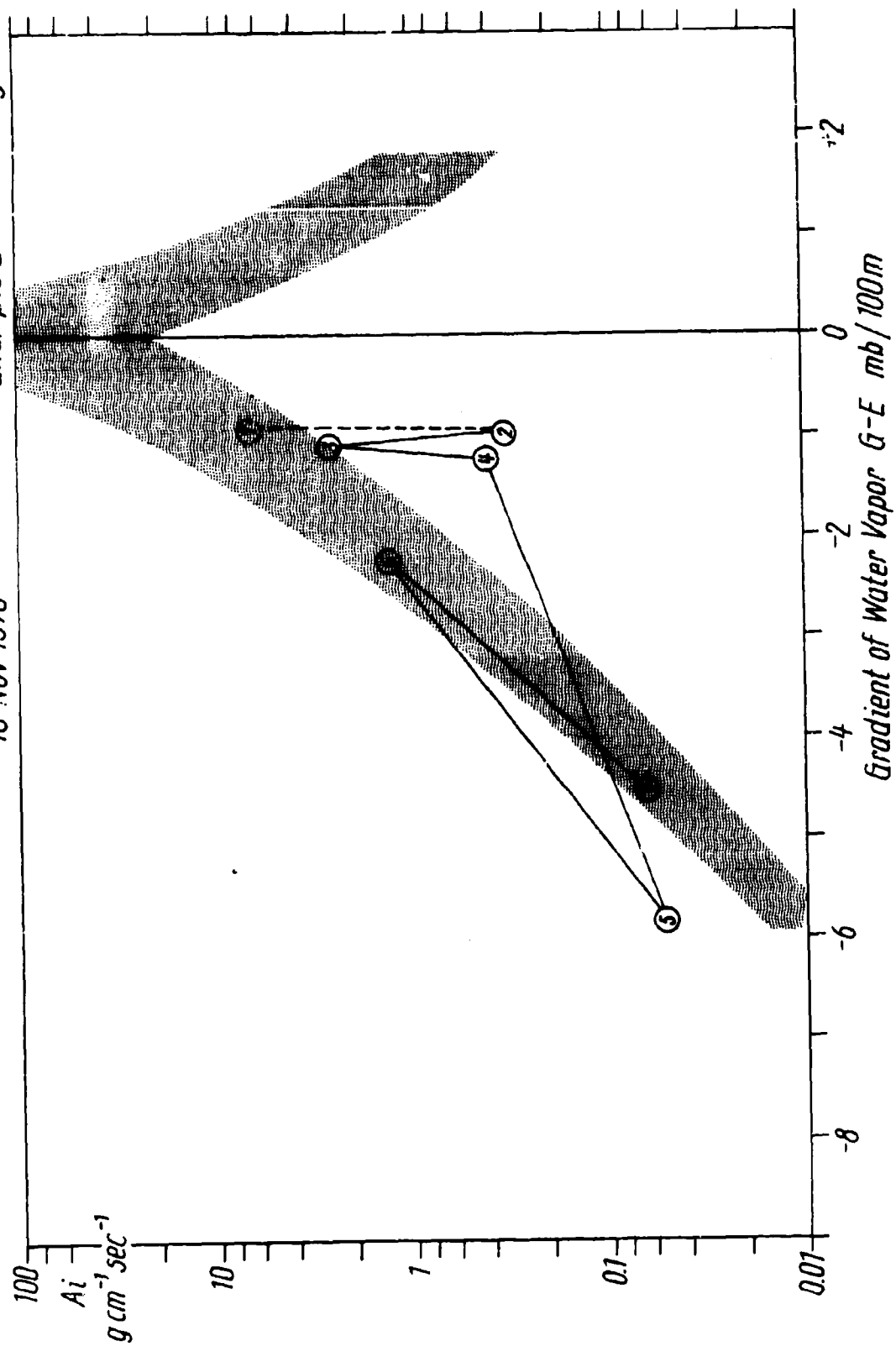


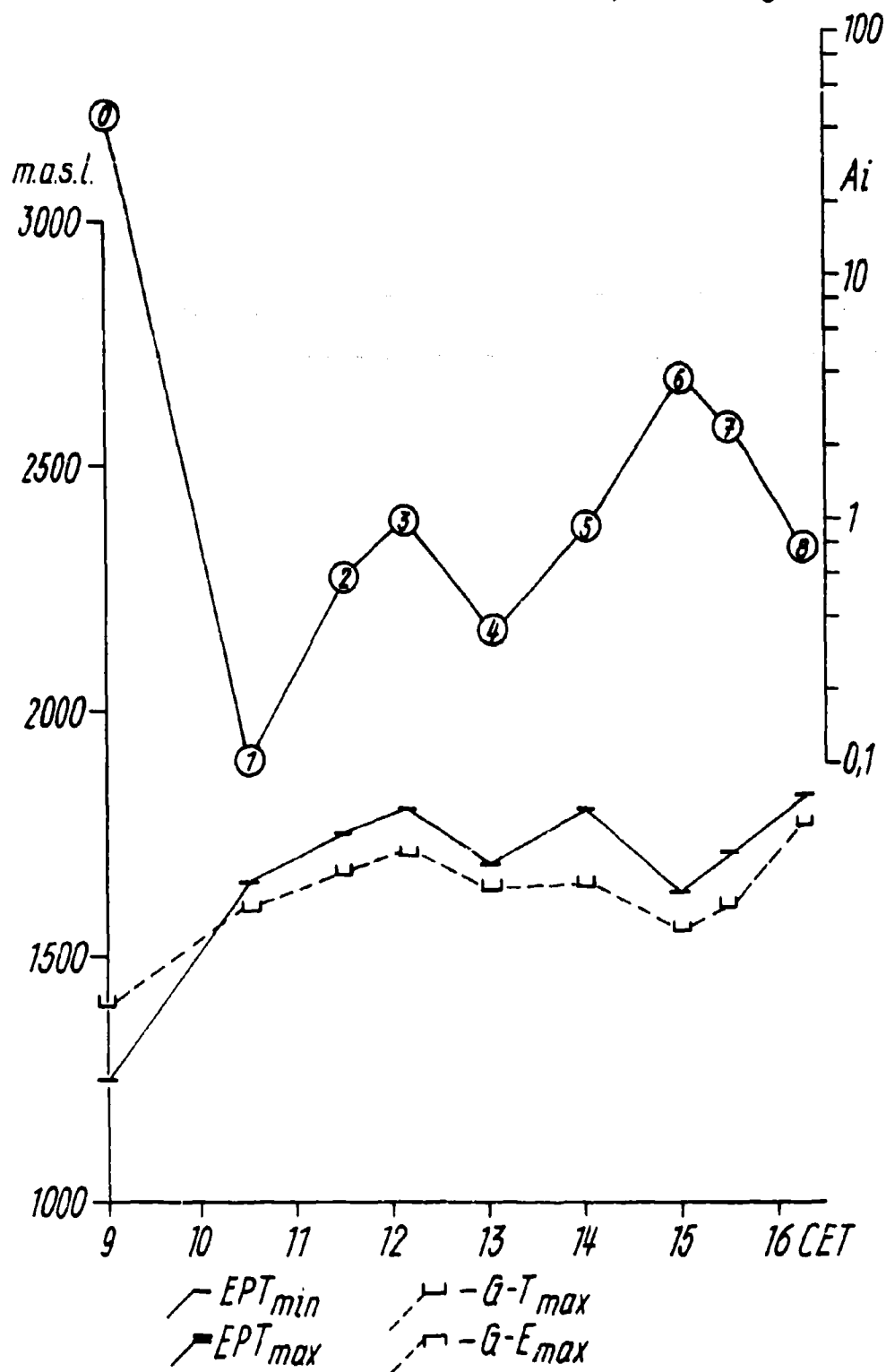
Fig. 18

Example B

18 Nov 1970



14 Oct 1970 Example C Fig. 20



Example C Fig. 21

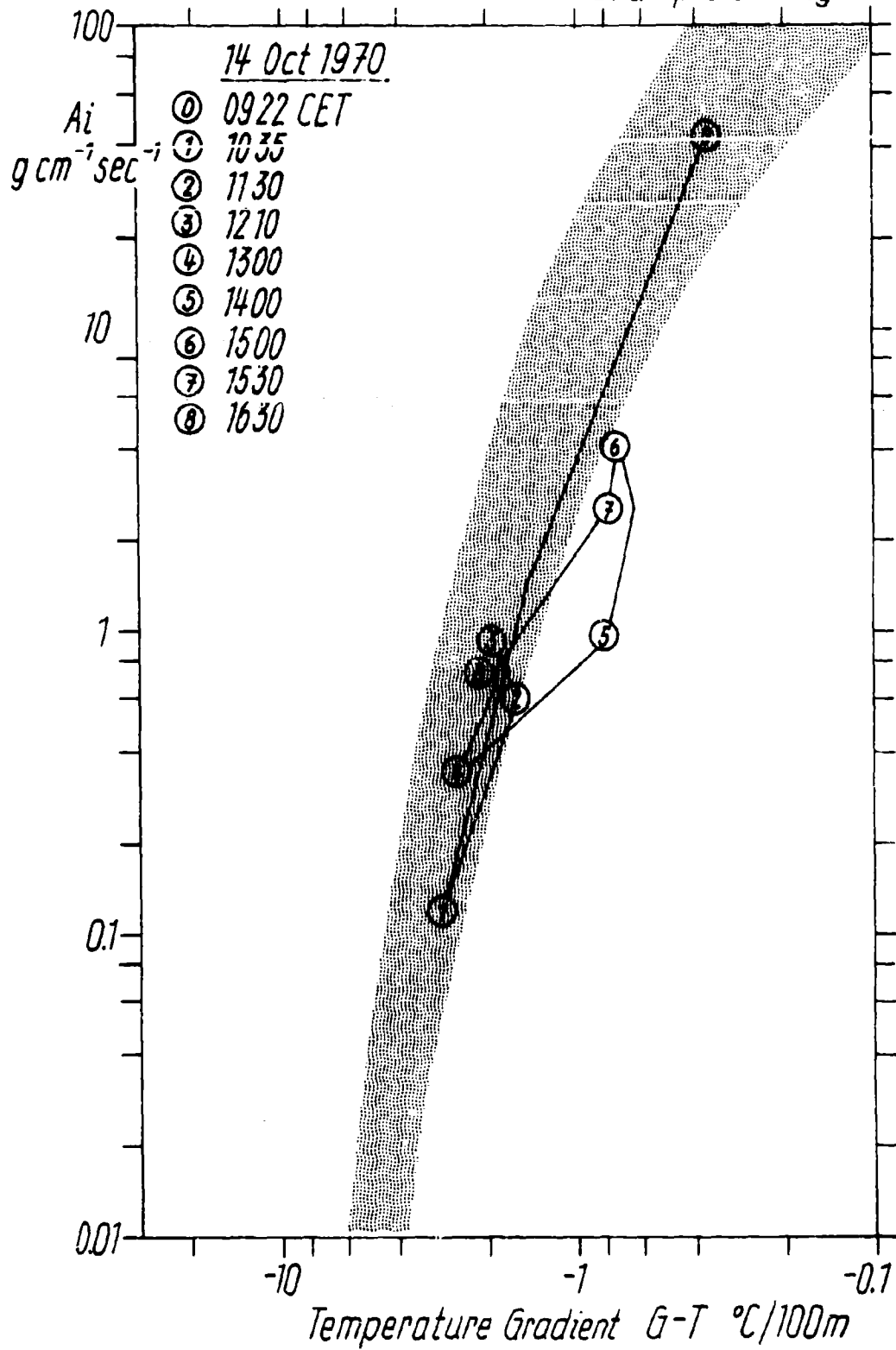
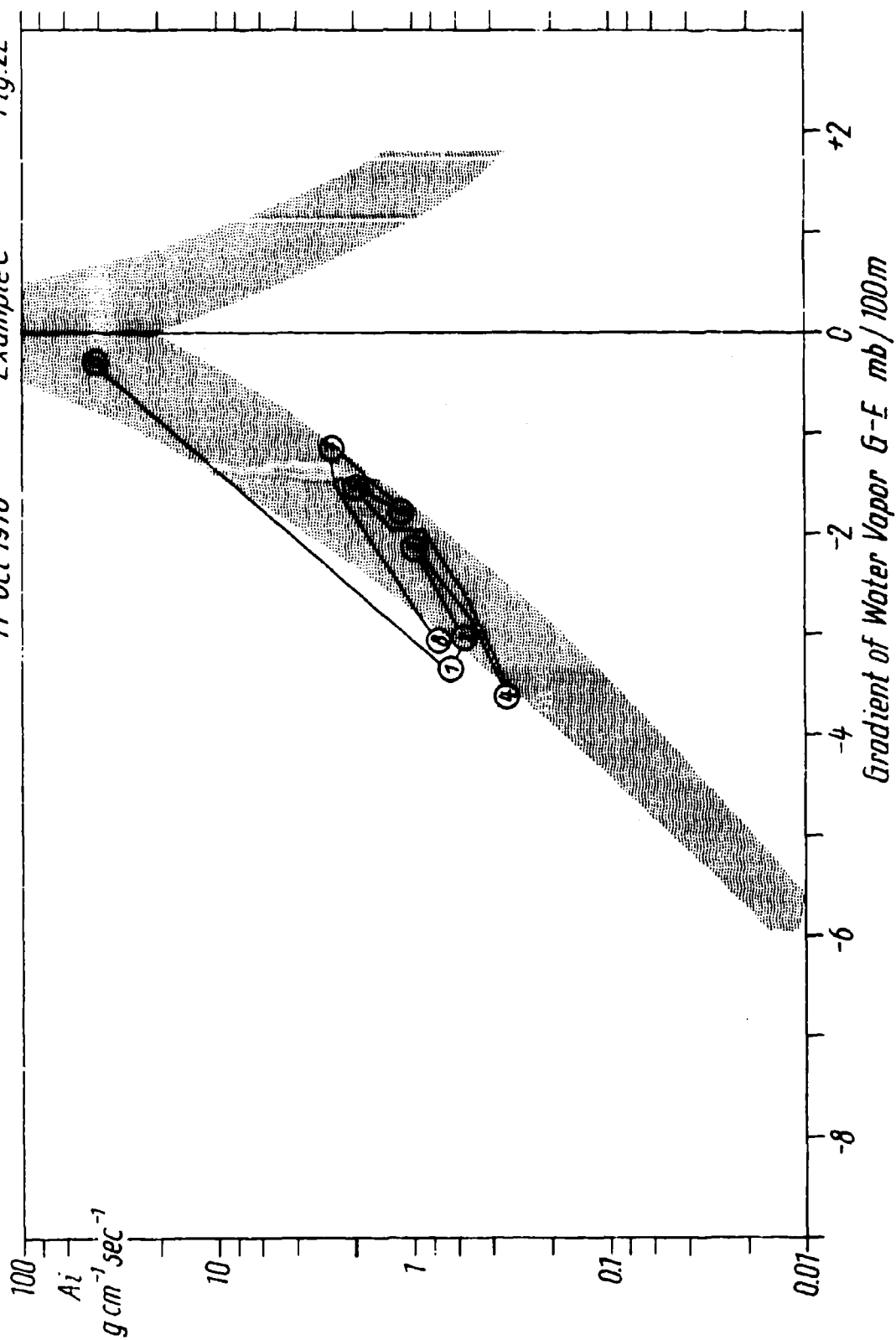


Fig. 22

Example C

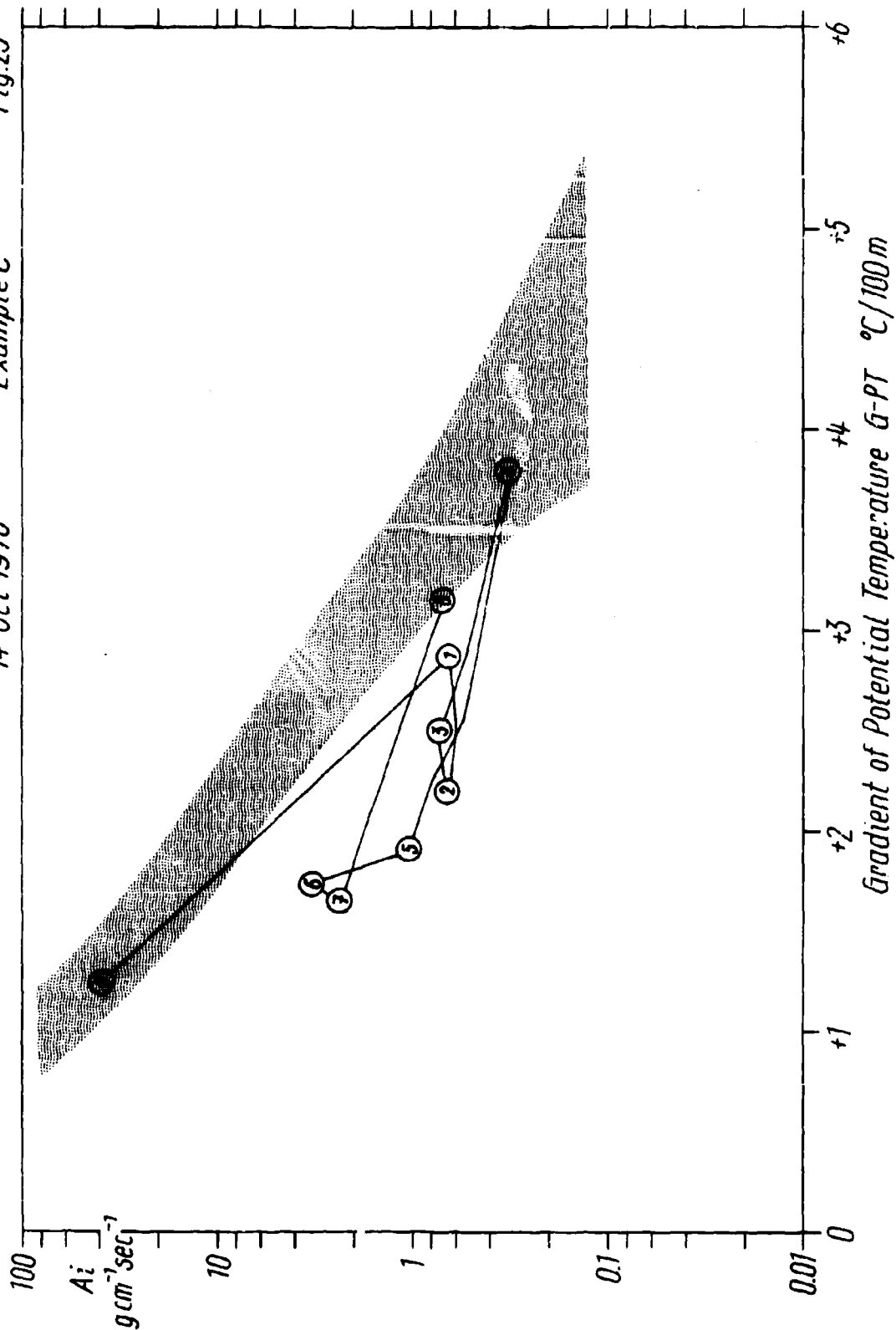
14 Oct 1970



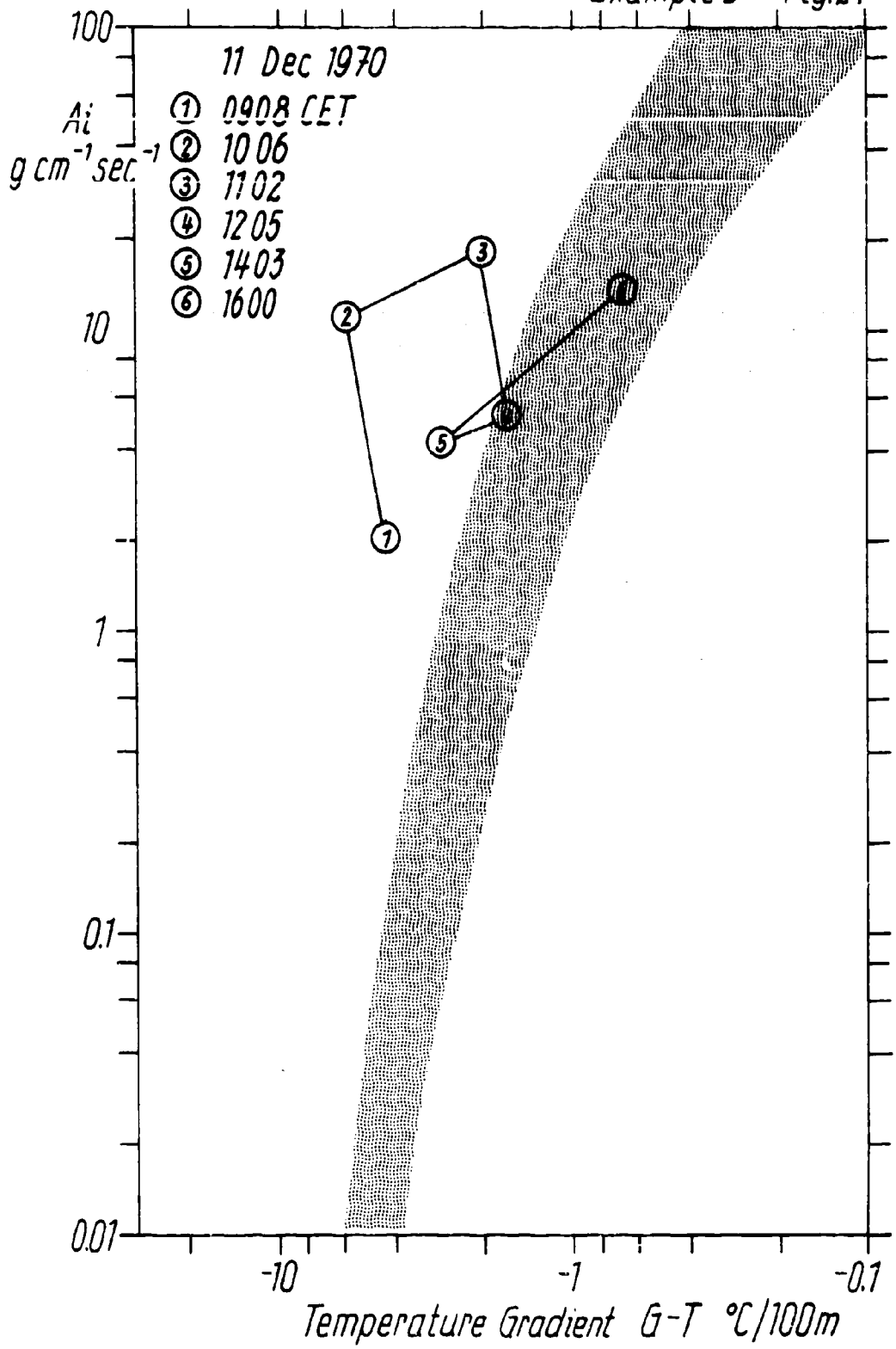
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Example C

Fig. 23



Example D Fig.24



11 Dec 1970

Example D

Fig. 25

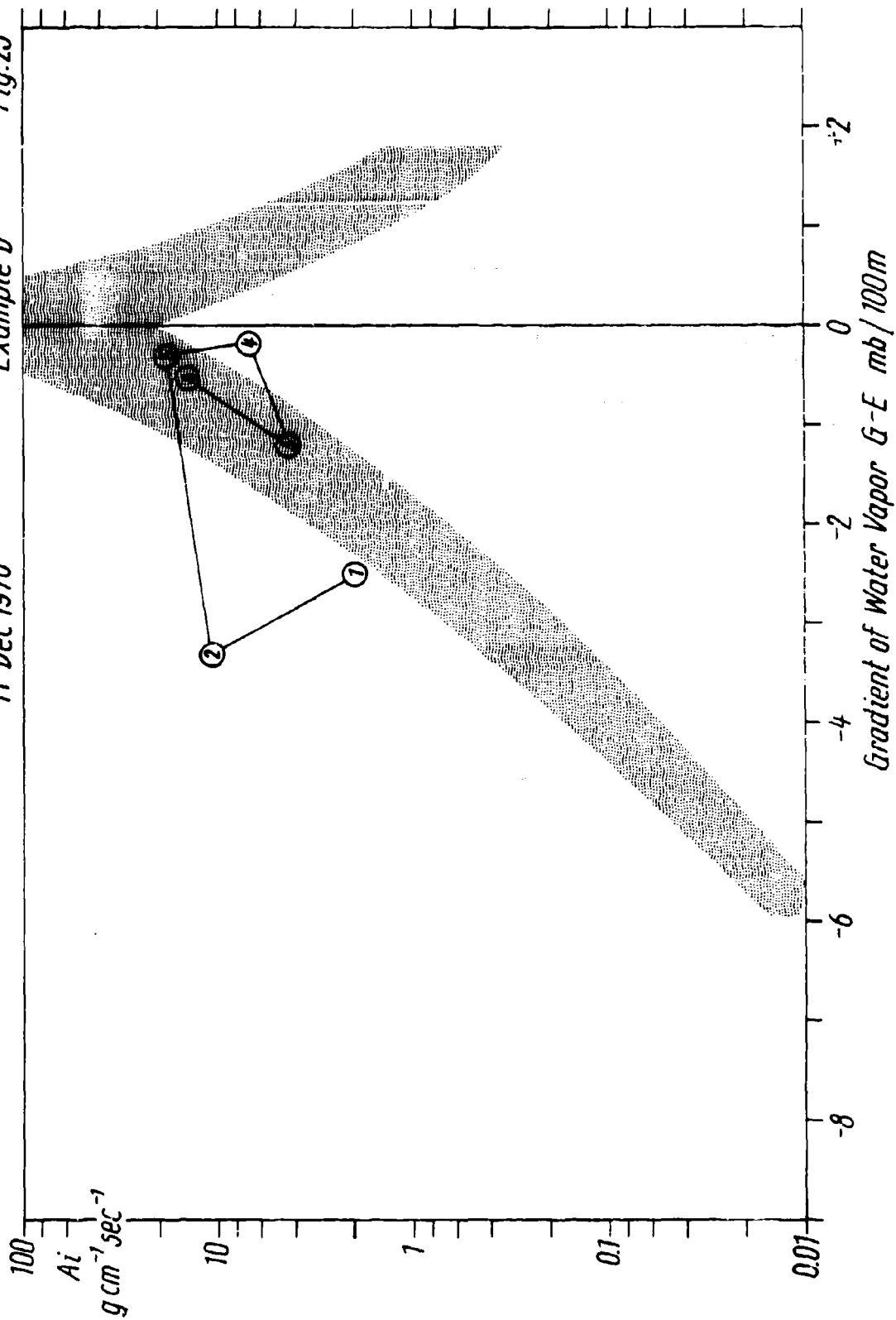
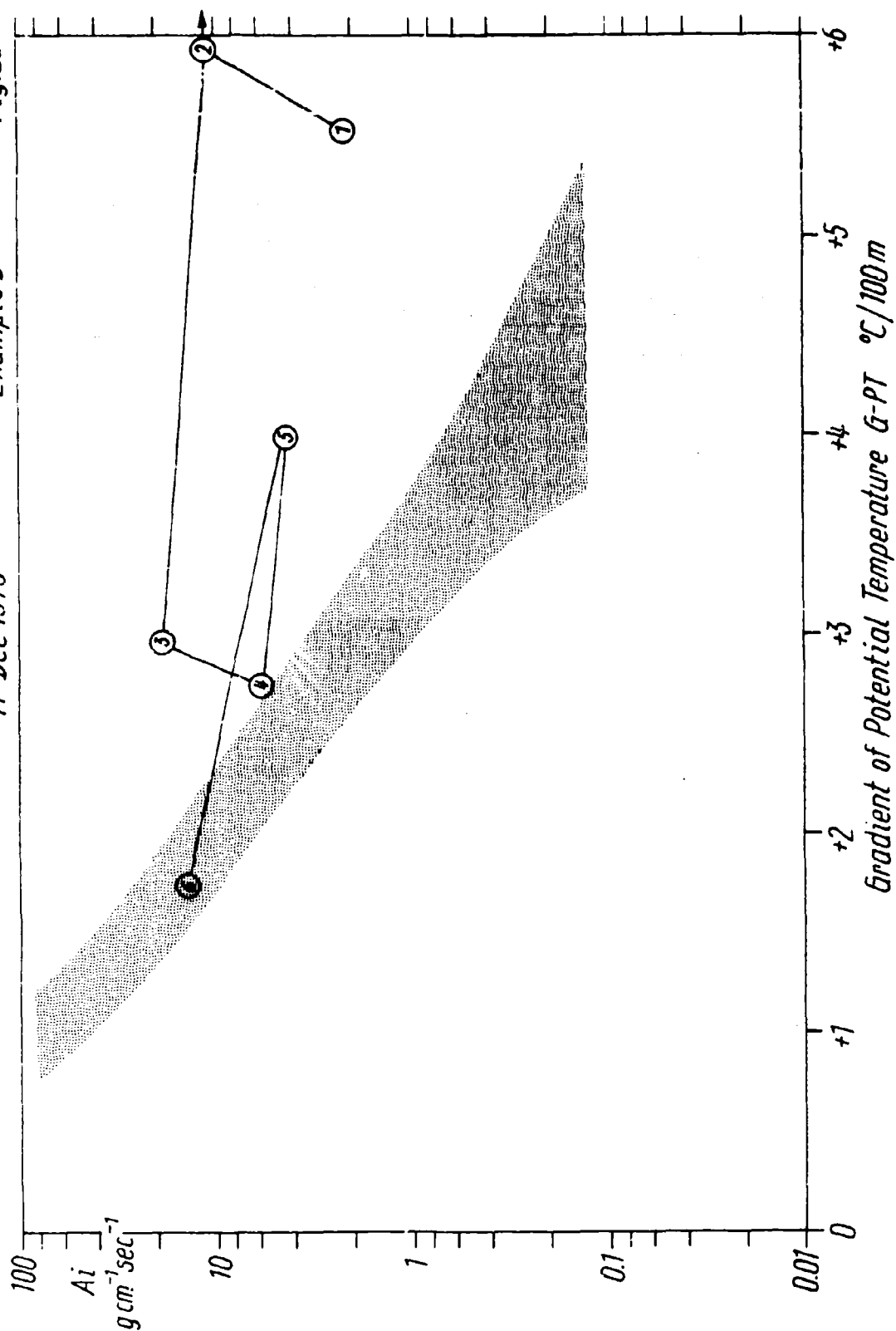


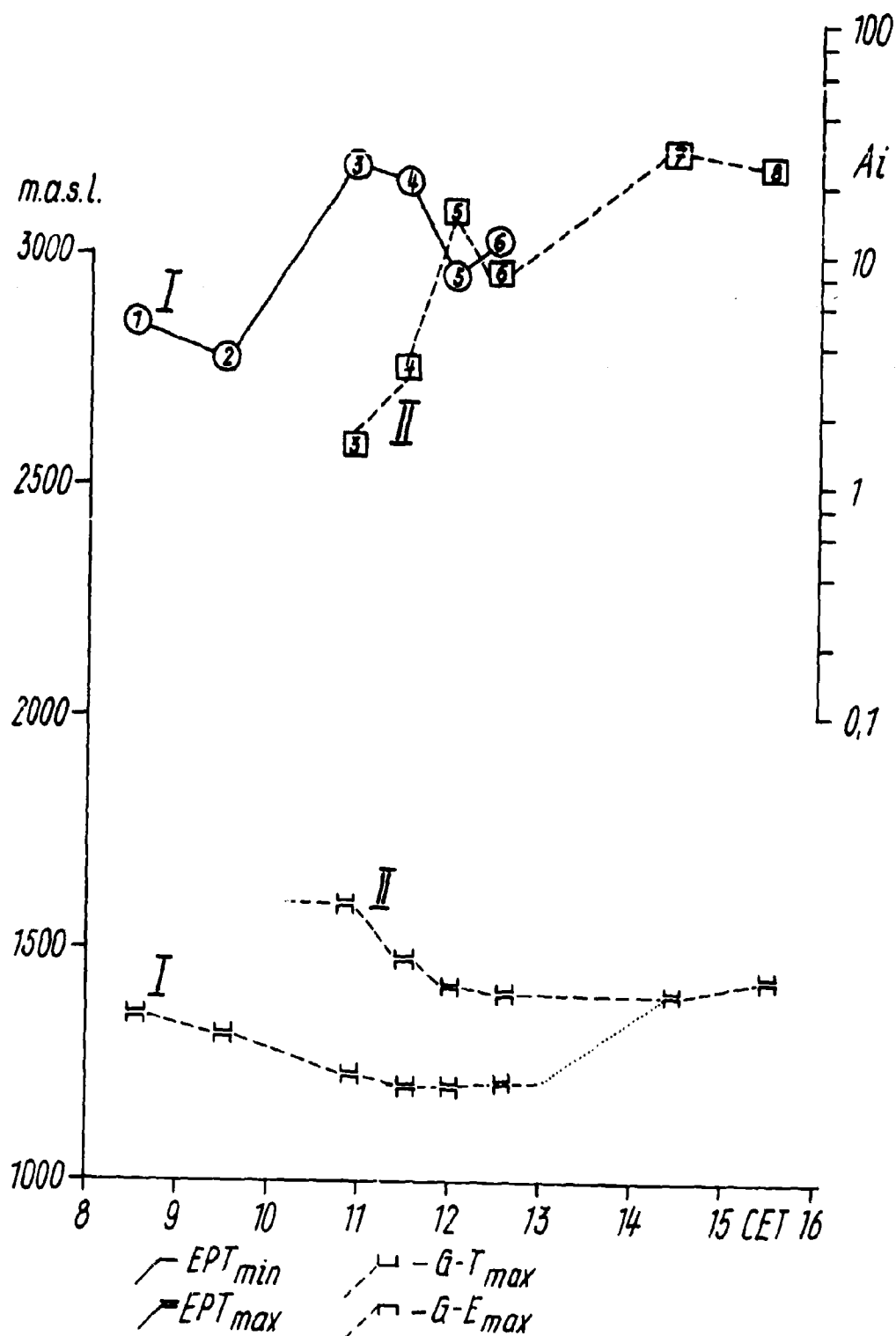
Fig. 26

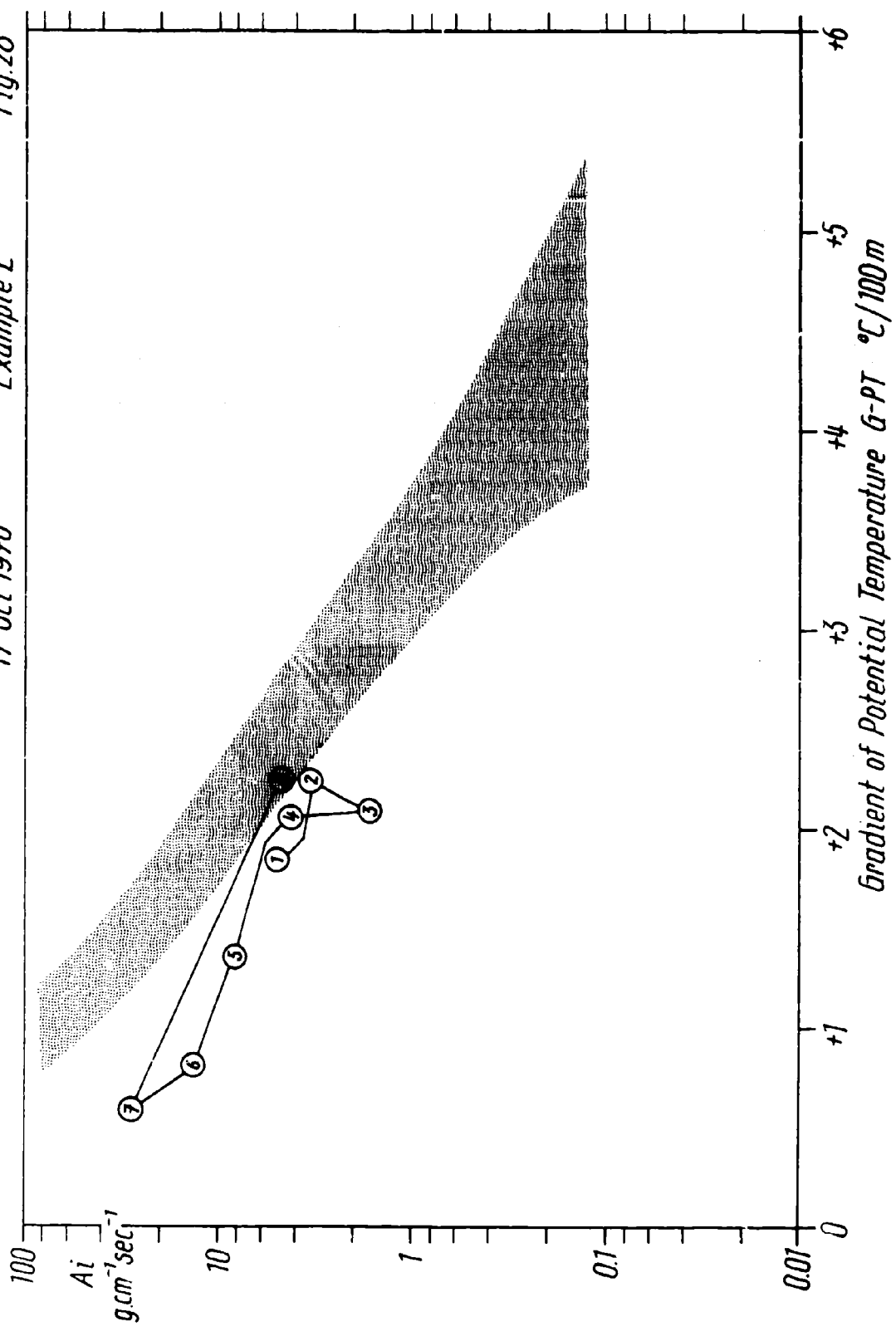
Example D

11 Dec 1970



17 Oct 1970 Example E Fig. 27

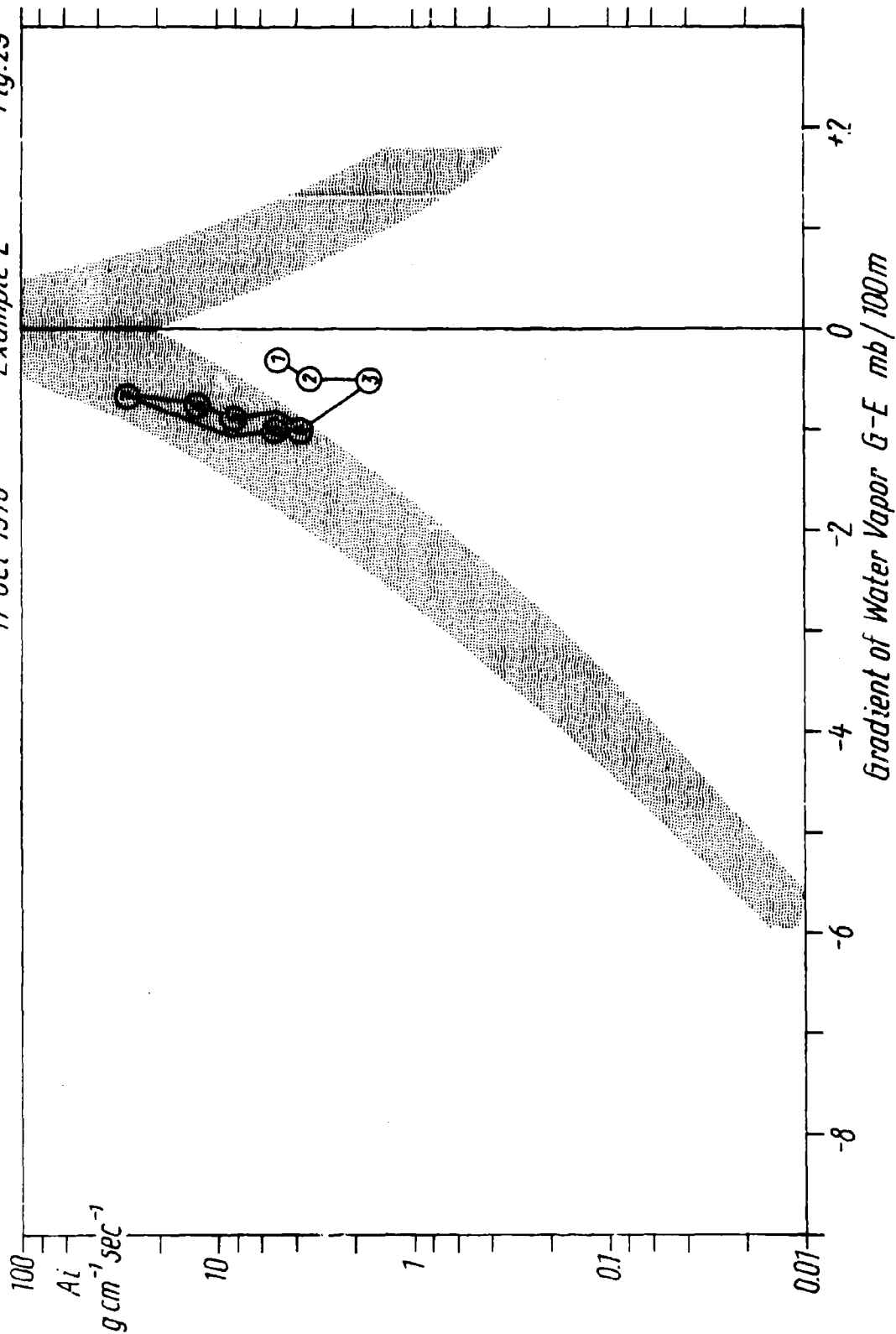




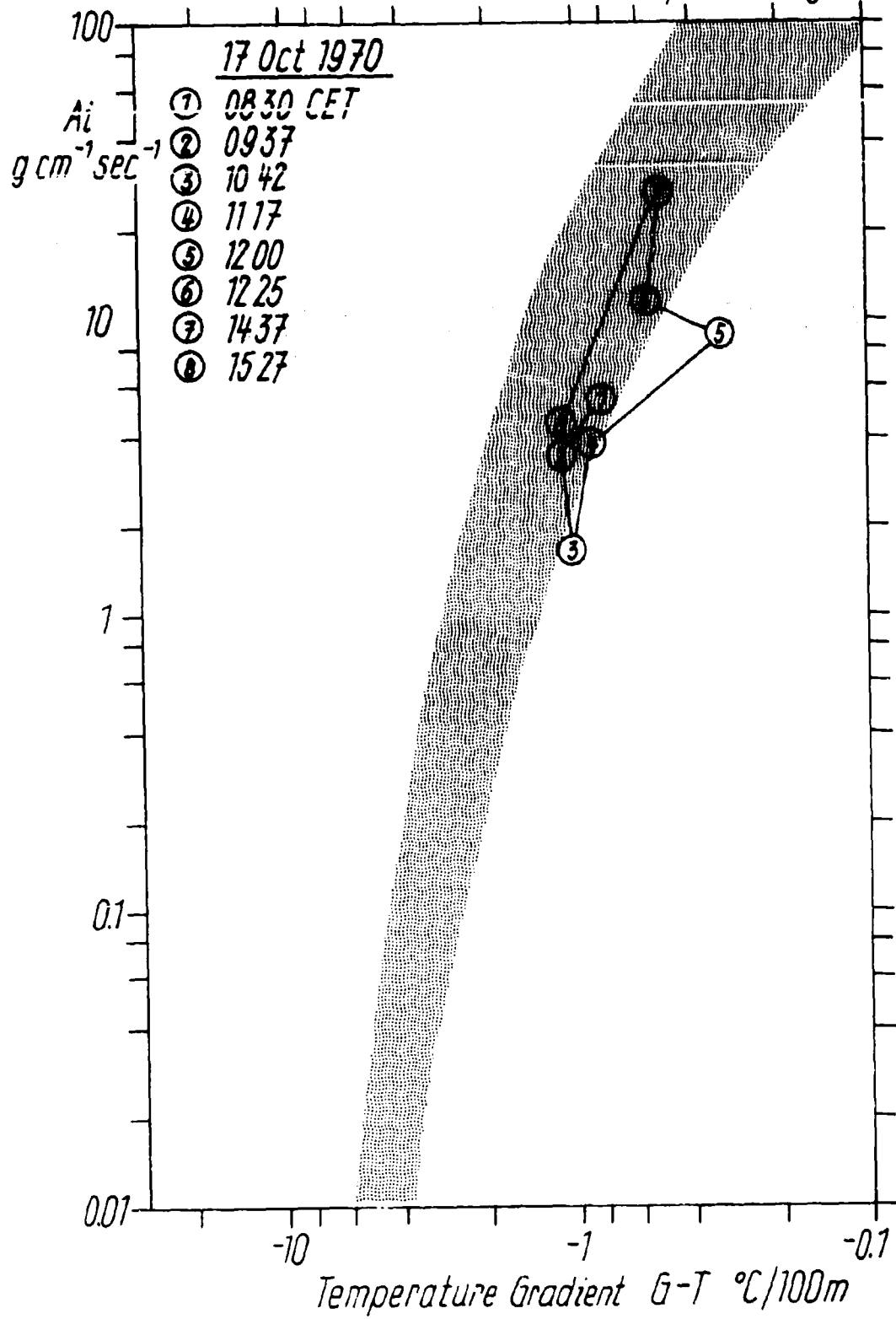
17 Oct 1970

Example E

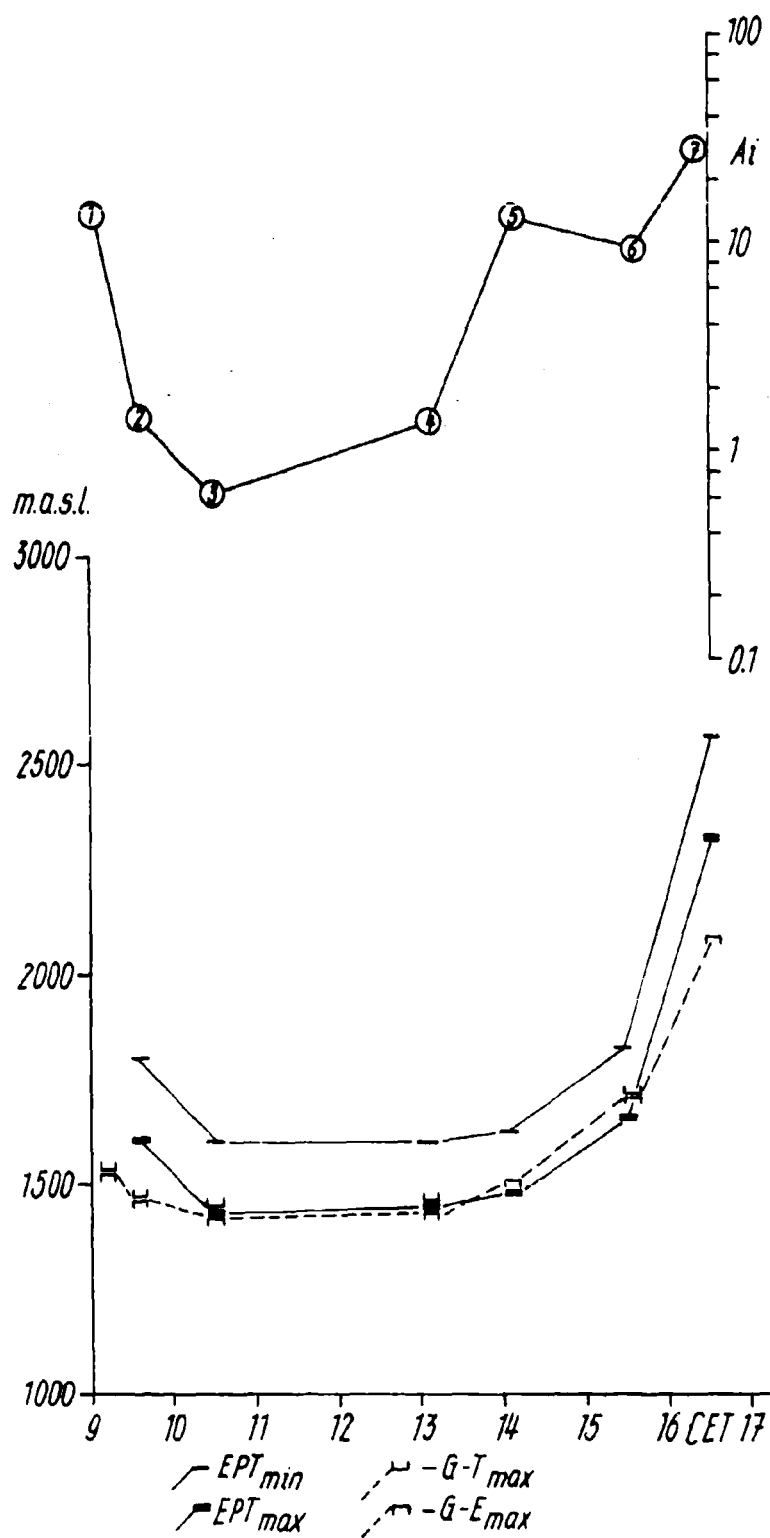
Fig. 29



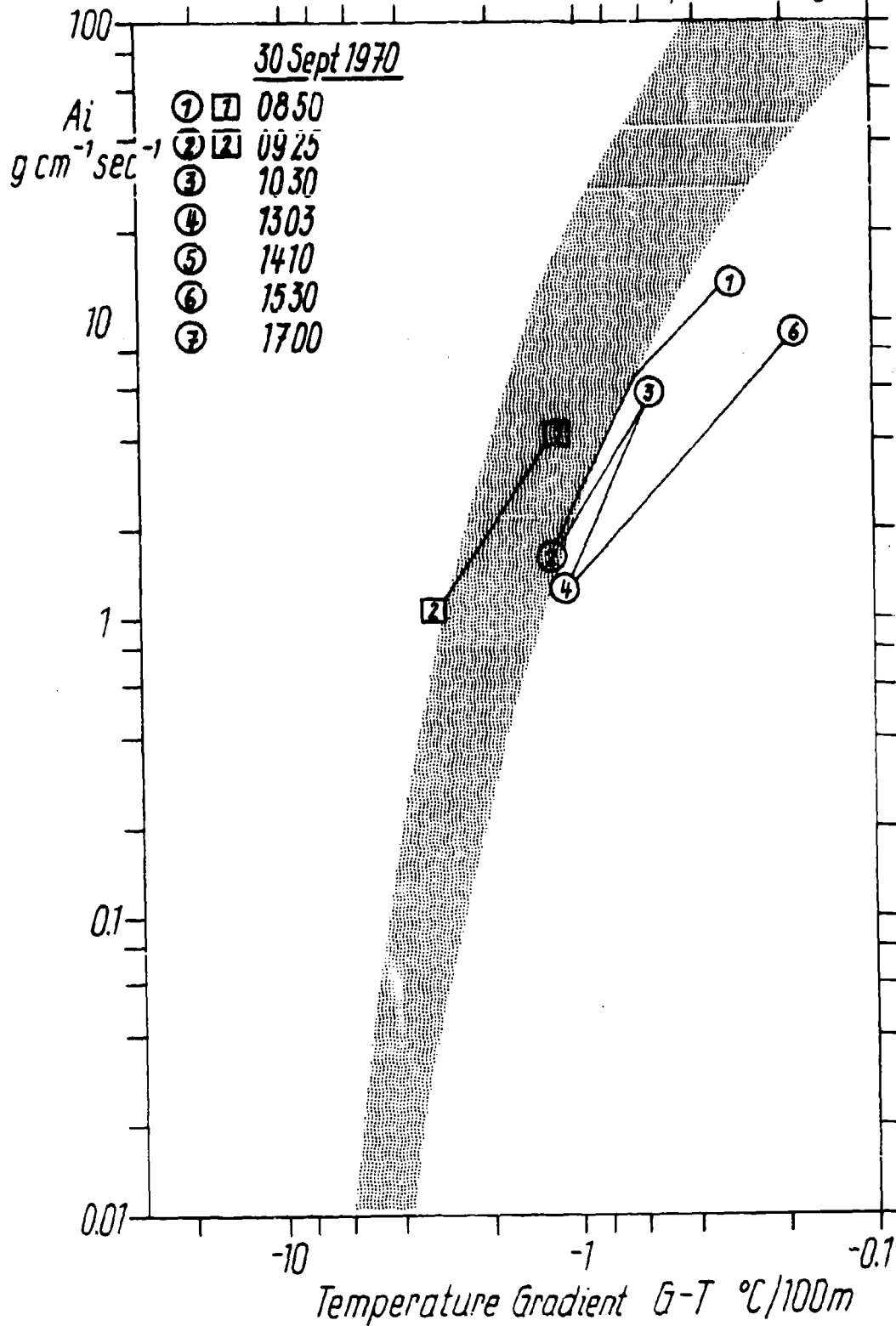
Example E Fig. 30



30 Sept 1970 Example F Fig.31



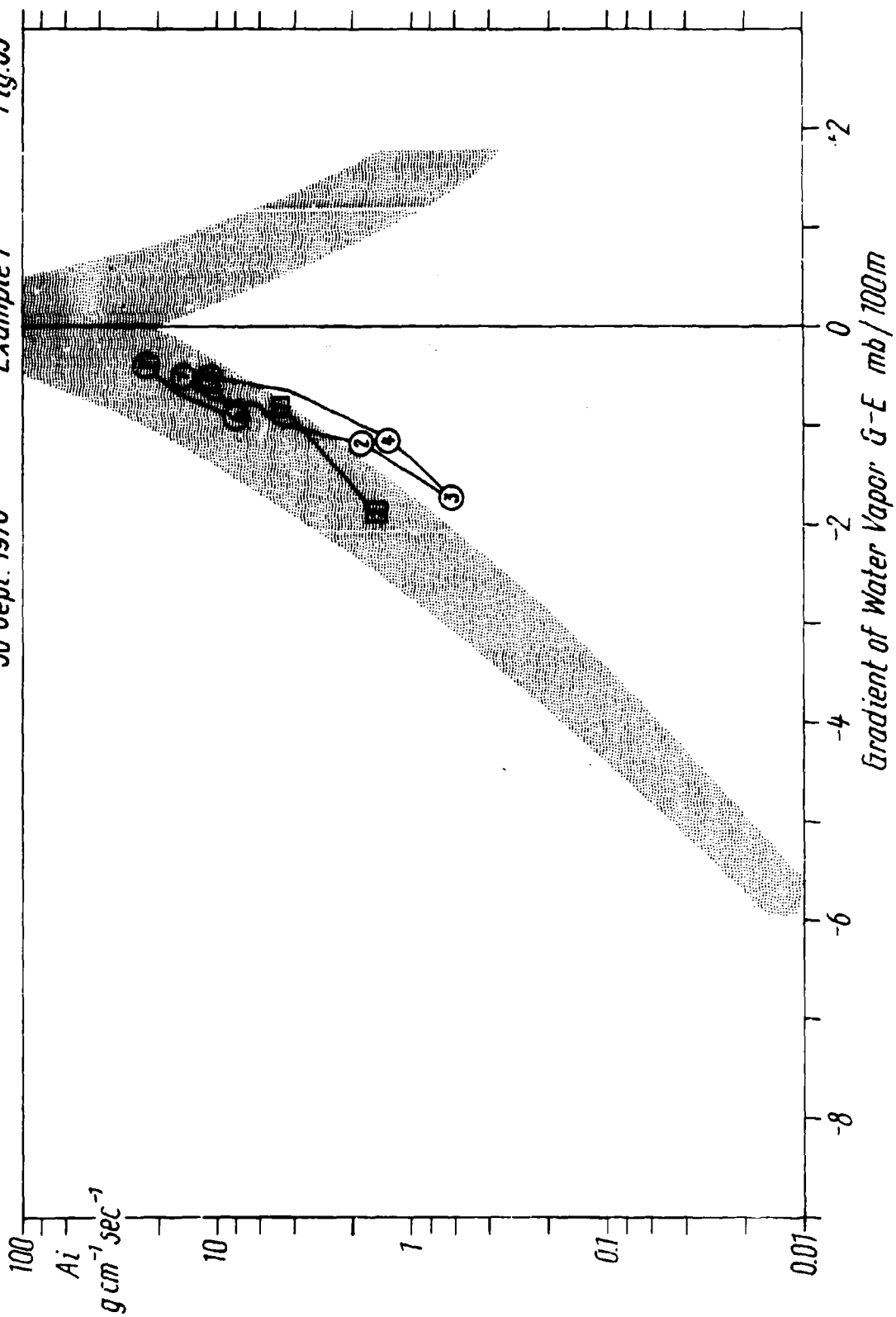
Example F Fig.32

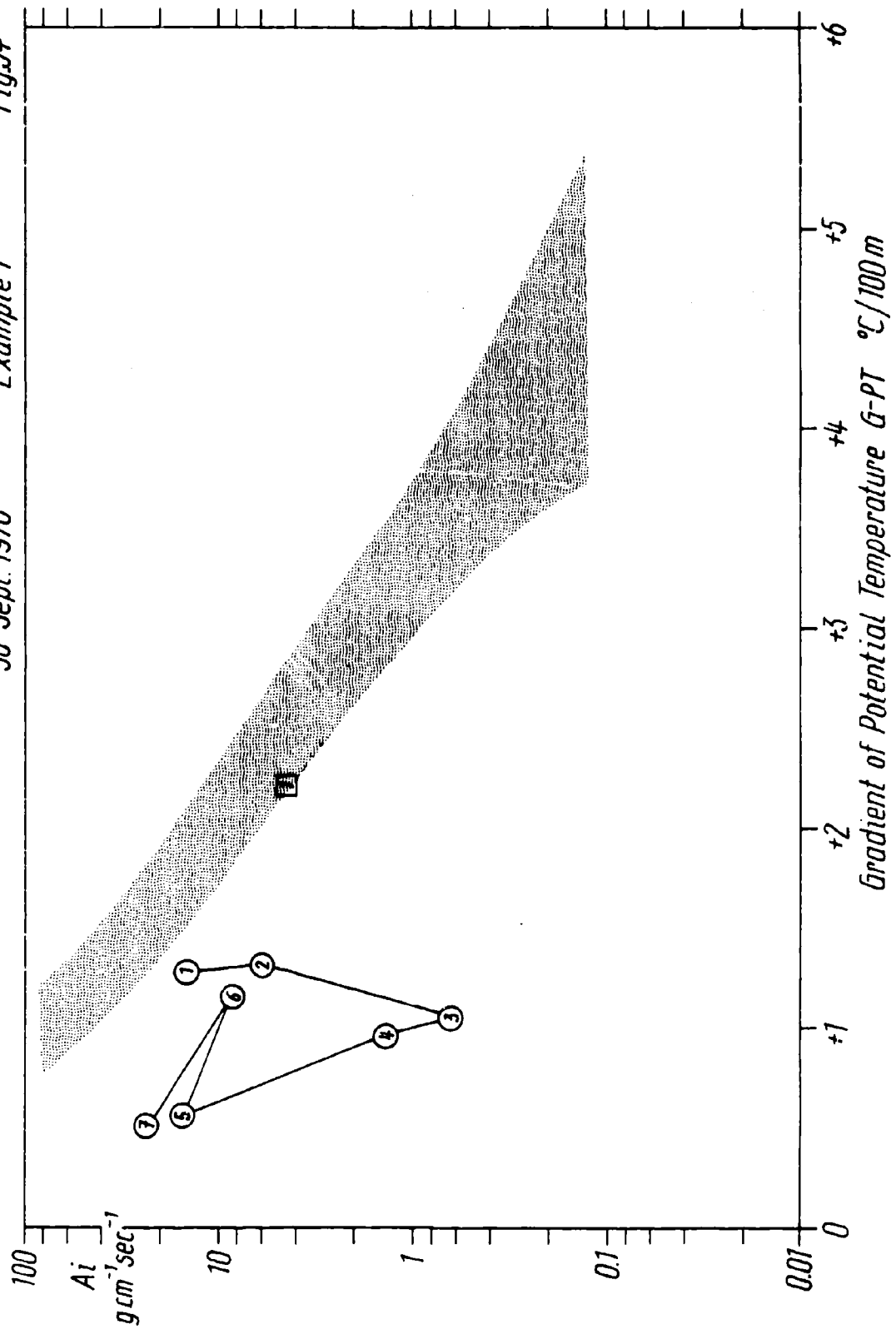


30 Sept. 1970

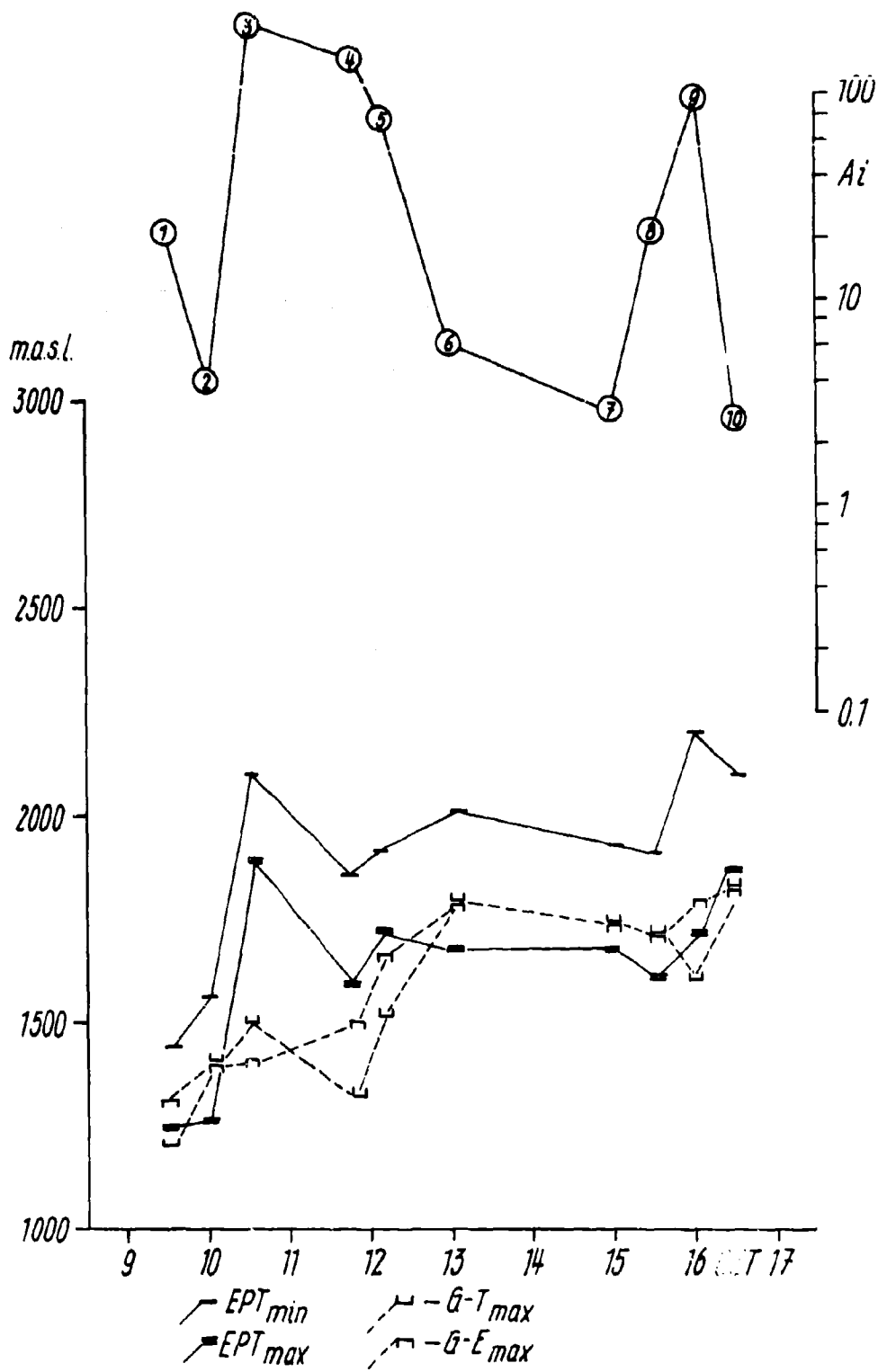
Example F

Fig. 33

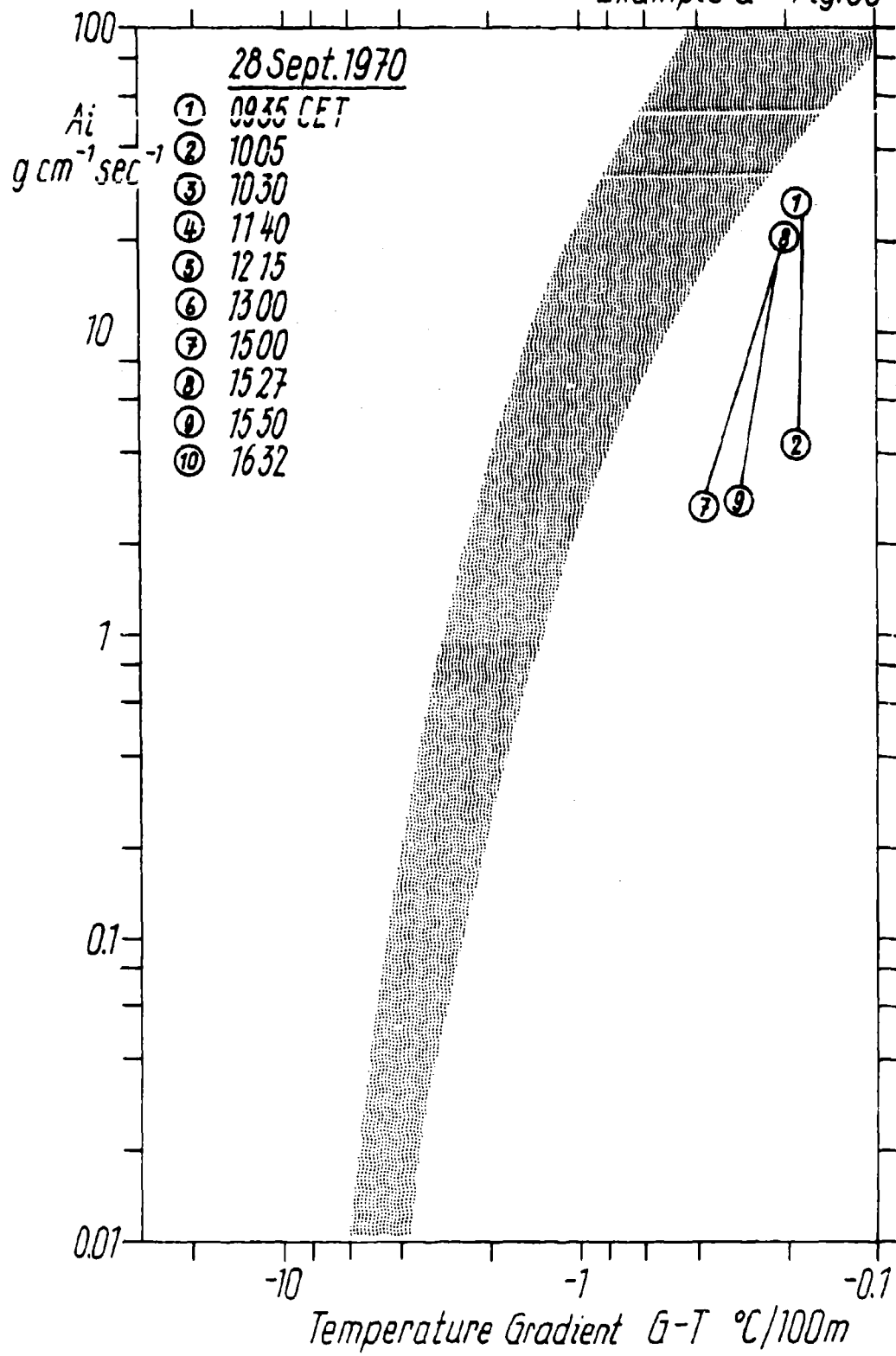




28 Sept. 1970 Example G Fig. 35



Example G Fig. 36



28 Sept. 1976

Example in Fig. 37

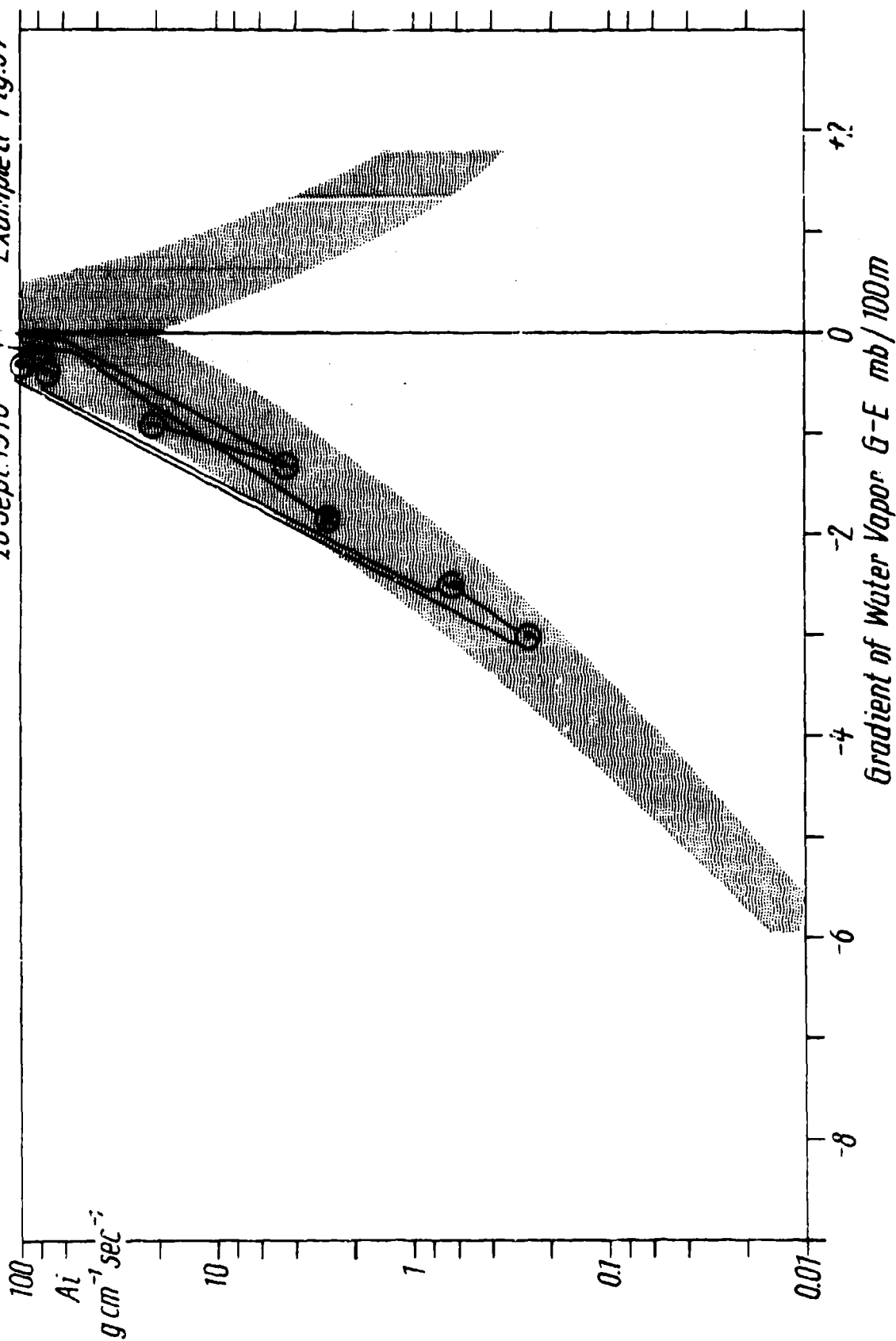
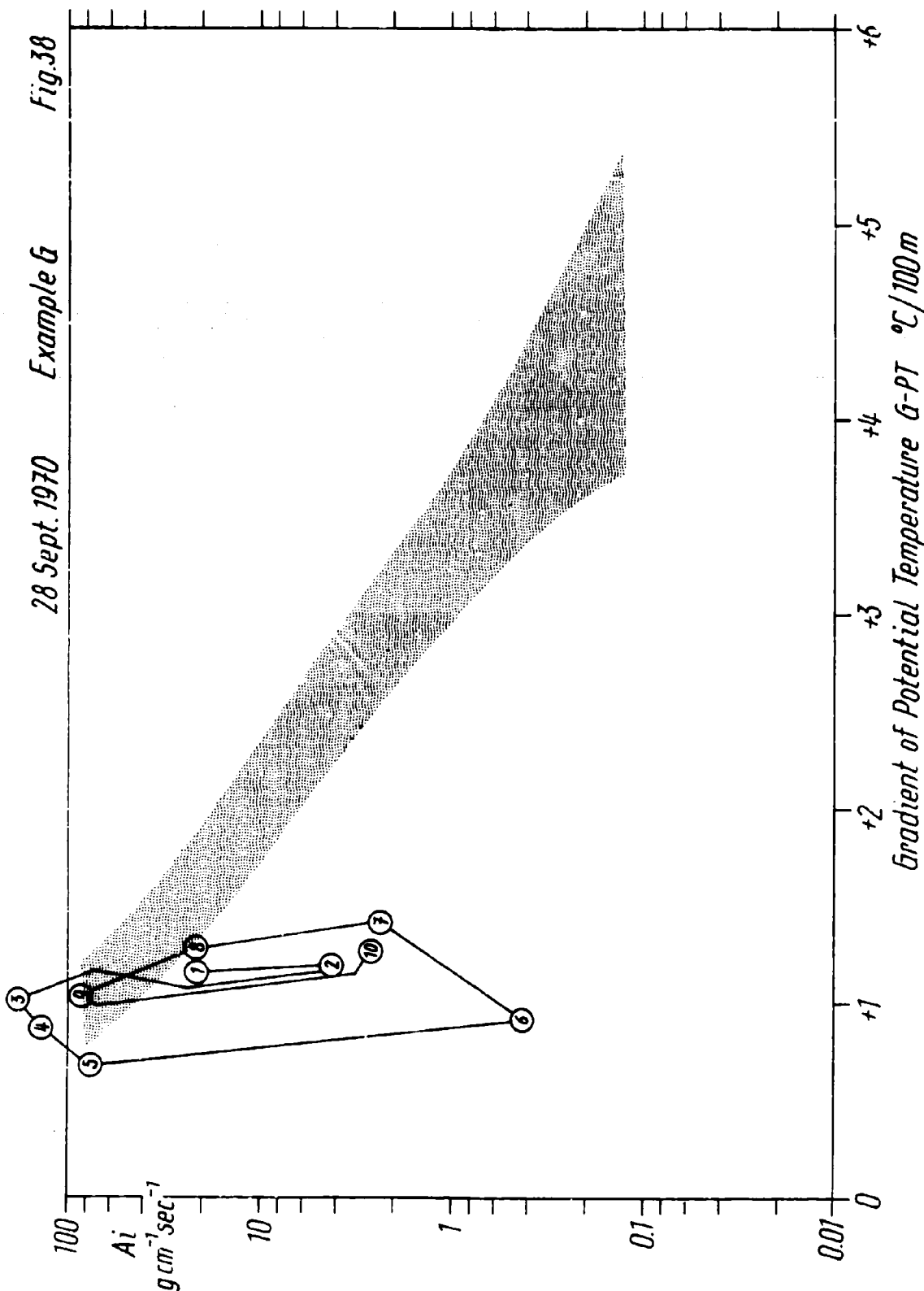


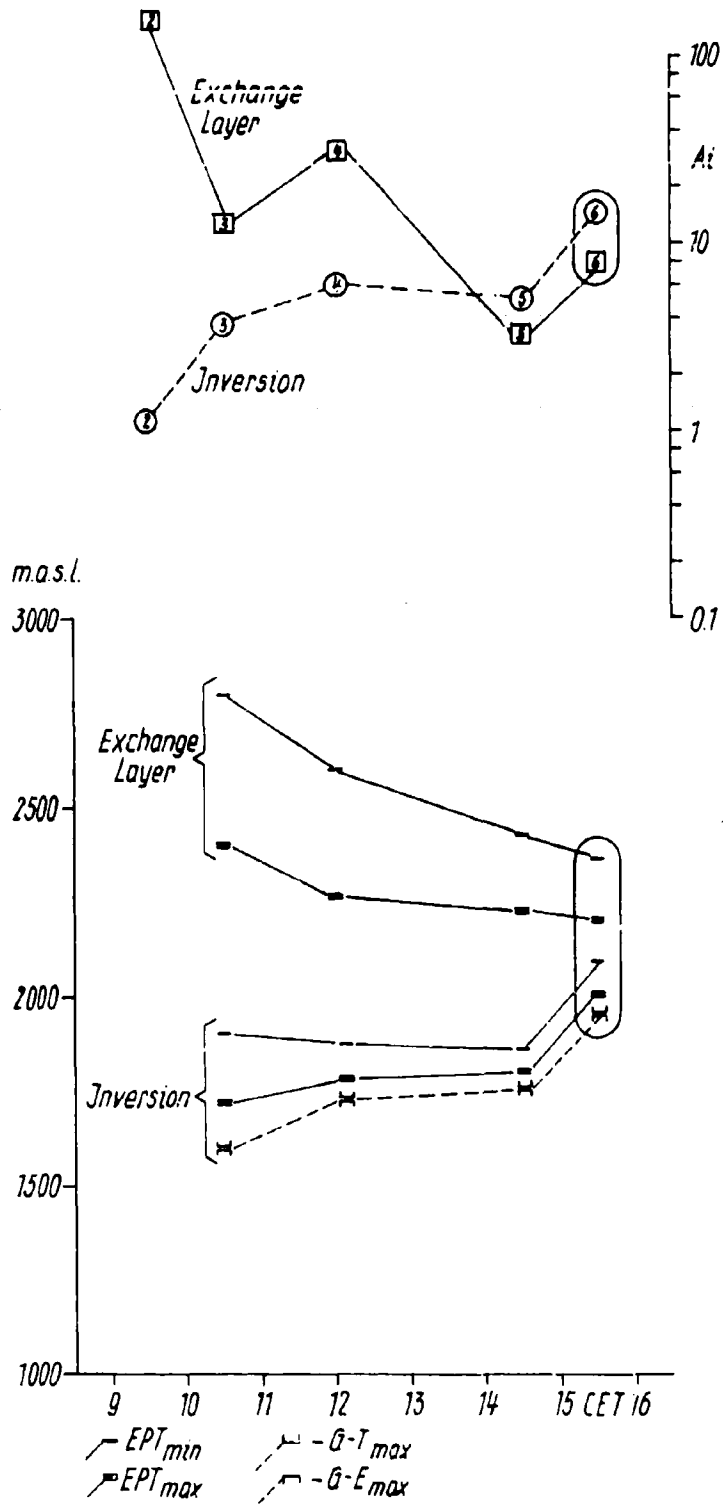
Fig.38

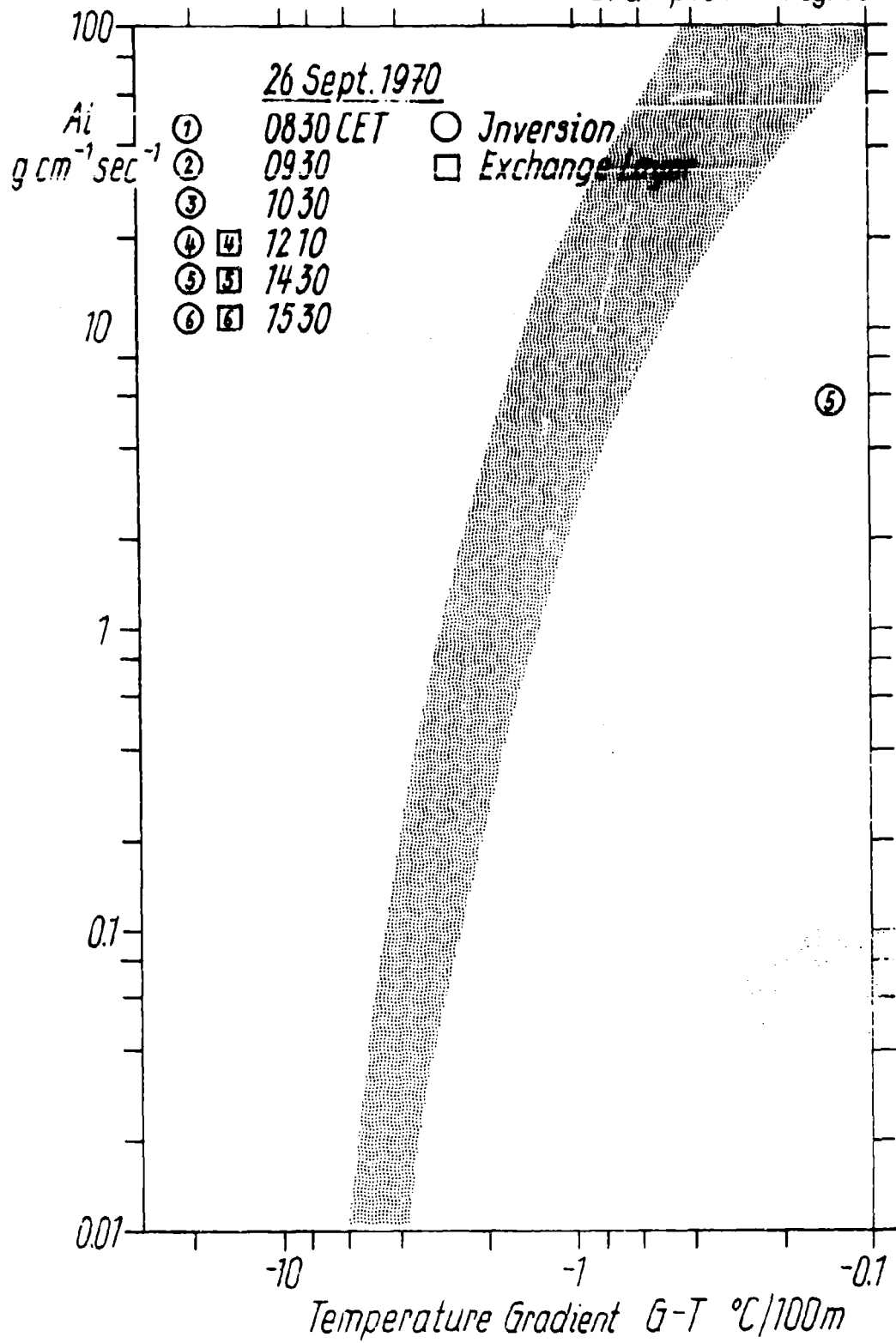
Example G

28 Sept. 1970



26 Sept. 1970 Example H Fig.39





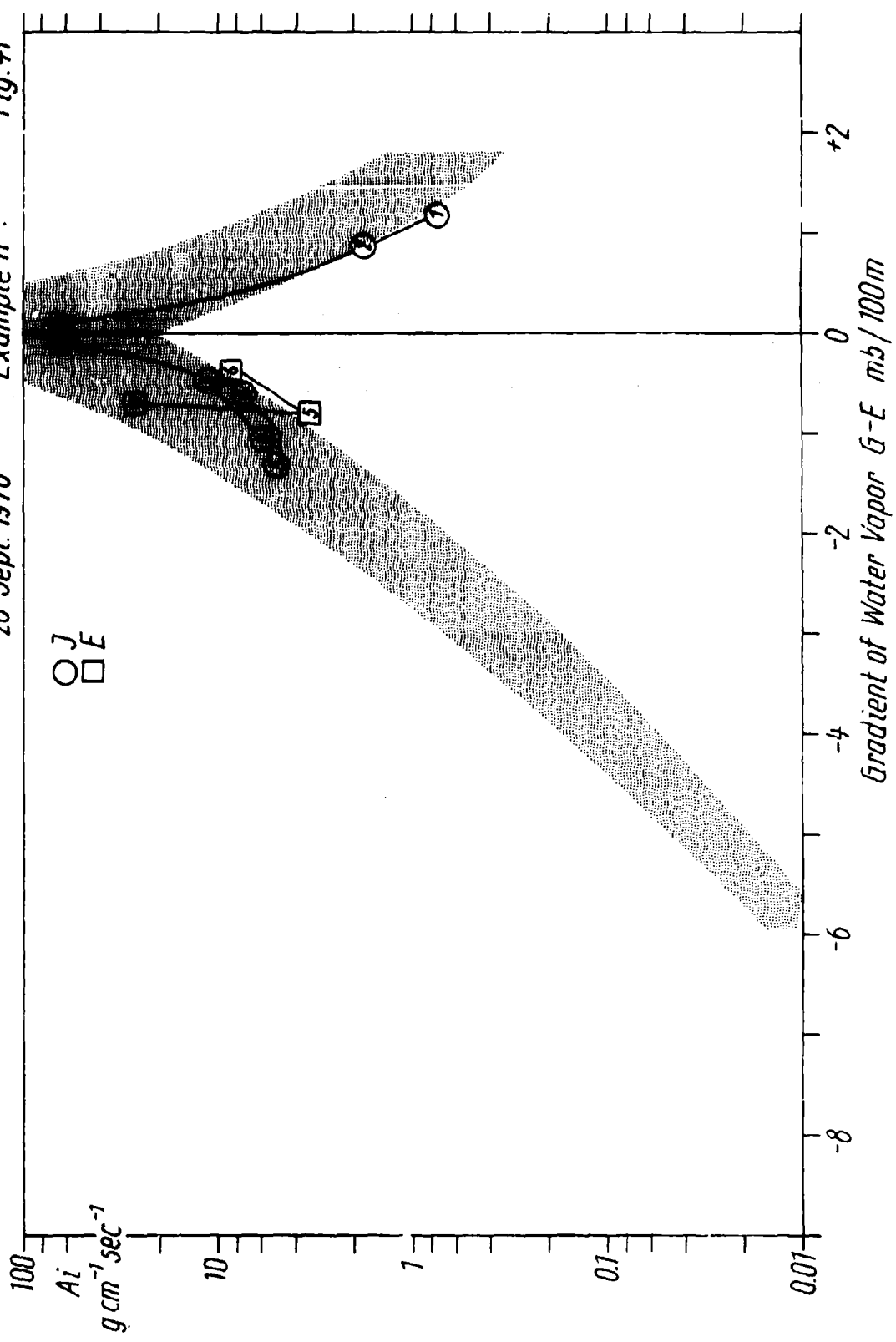
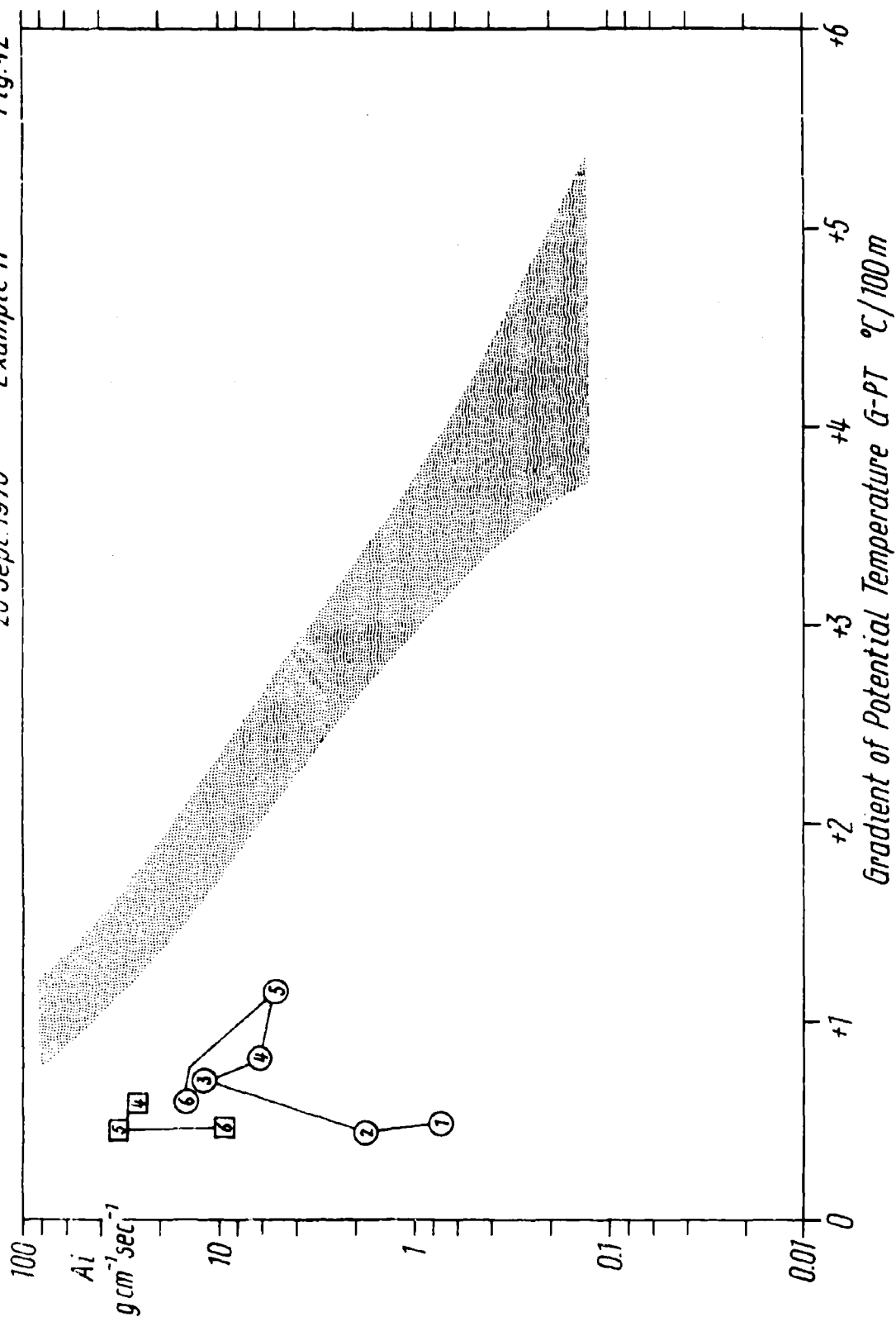


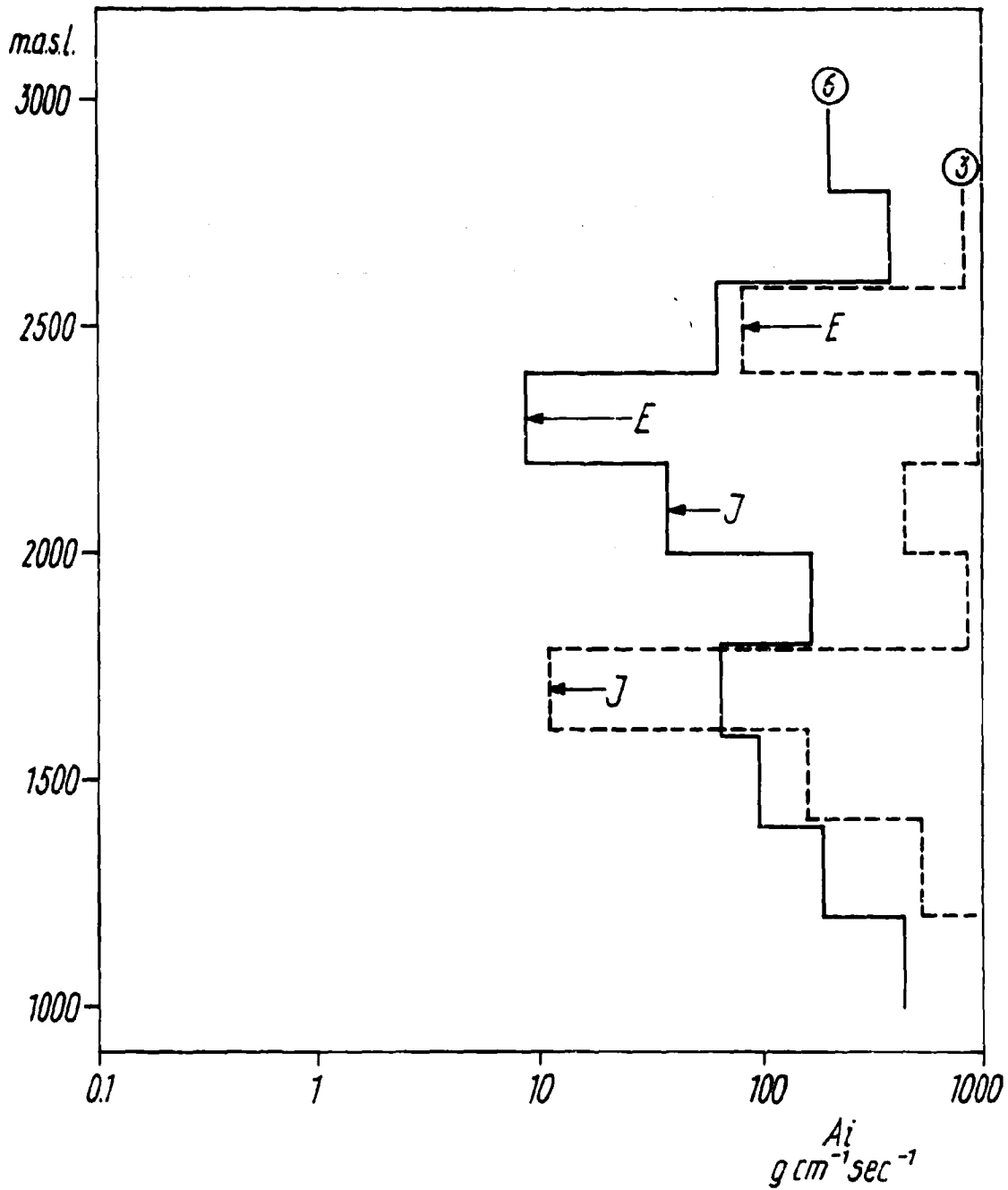
Fig. 42

Example H

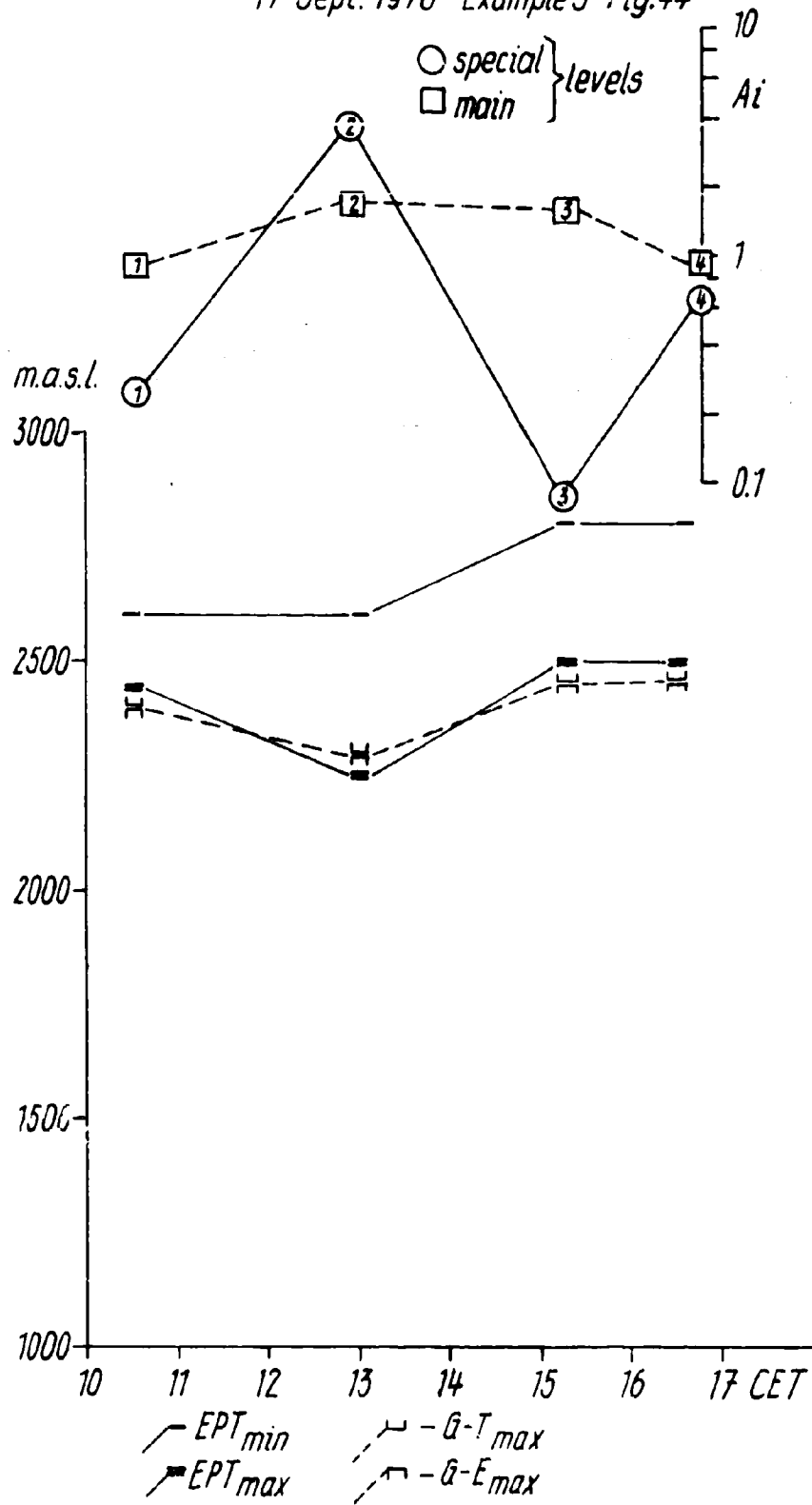
26 Sept. 1970



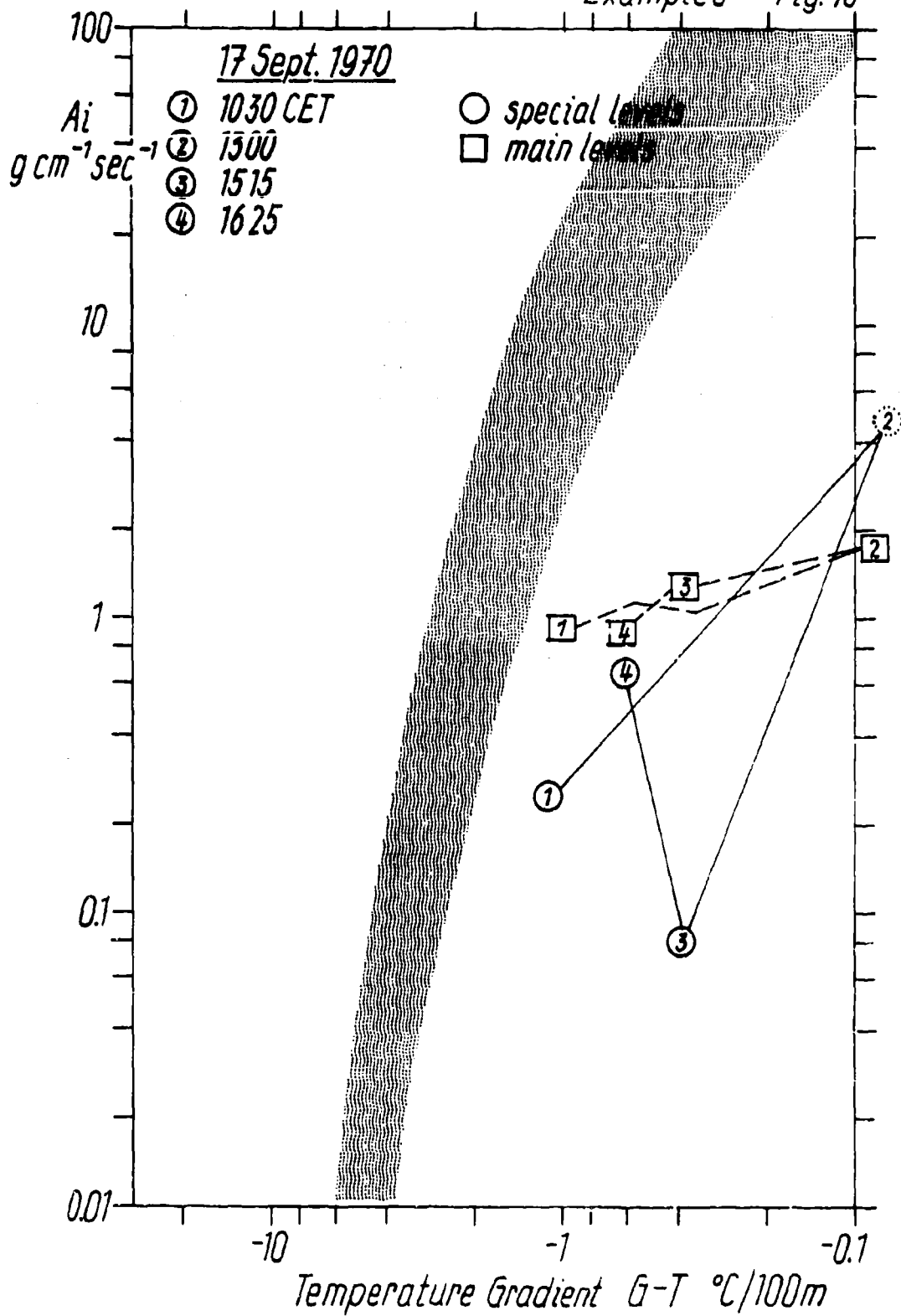
26 Sept. 1970 Example H Fig 43

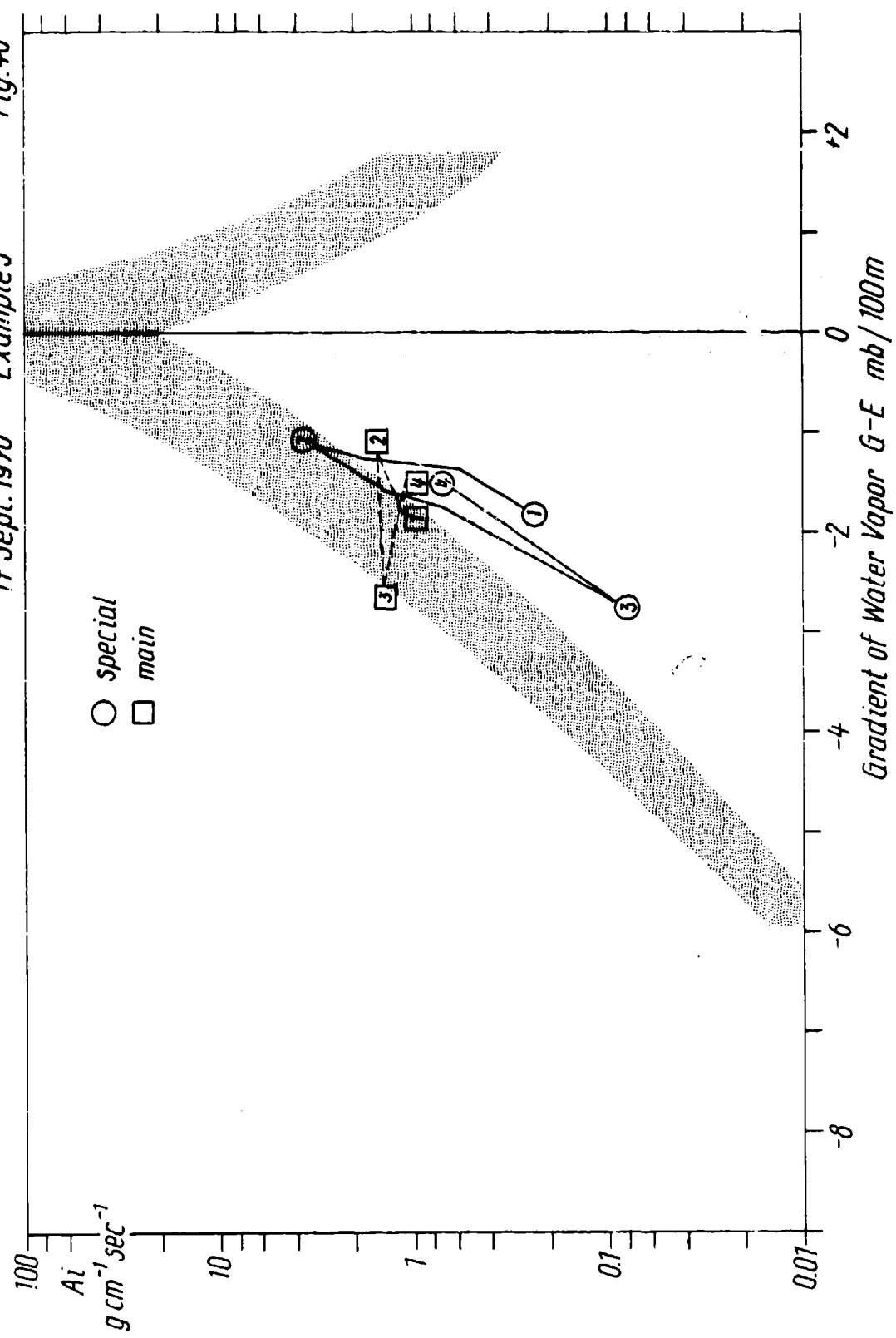


17 Sept. 1970 Example J Fig. 44



Example J Fig. 45





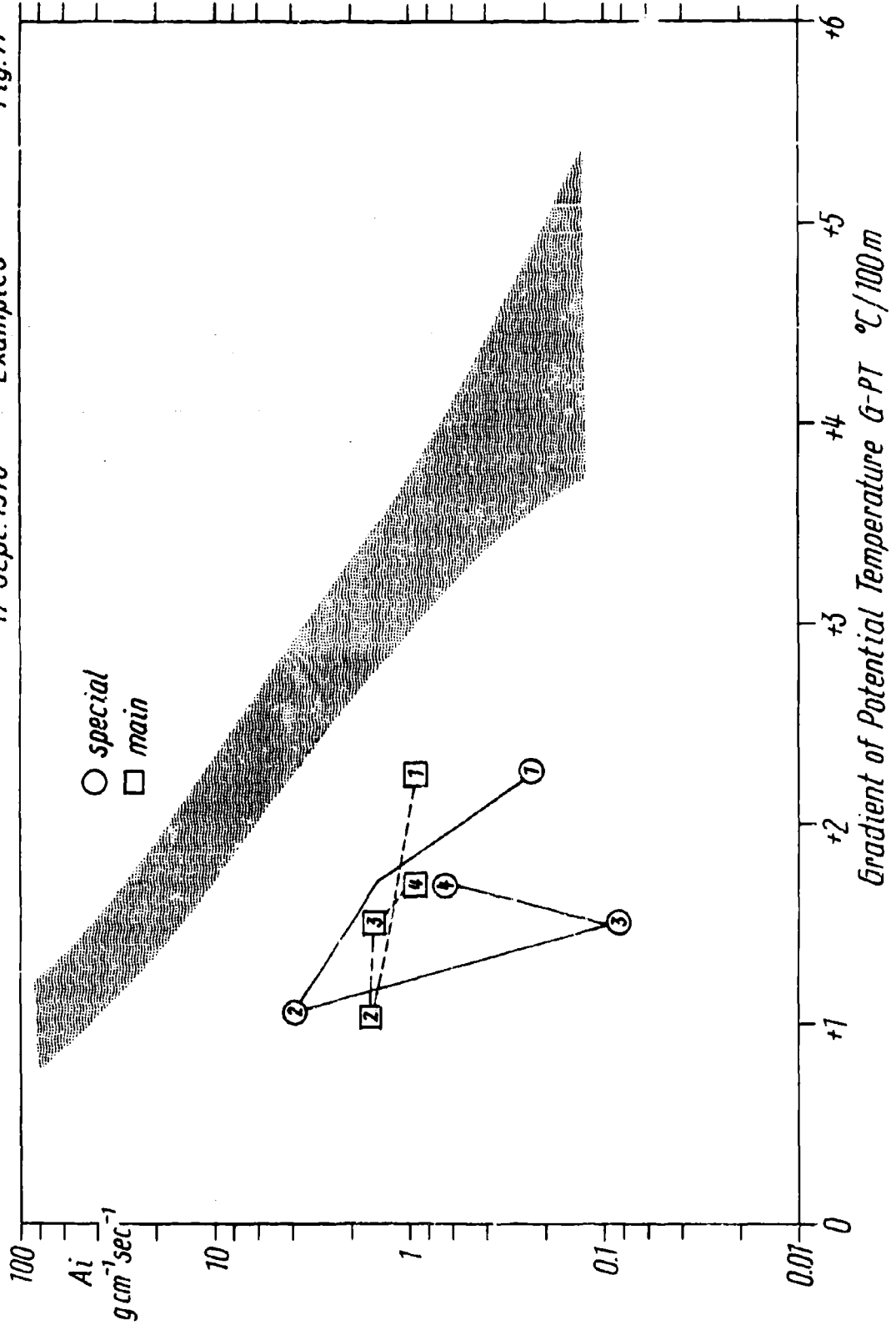
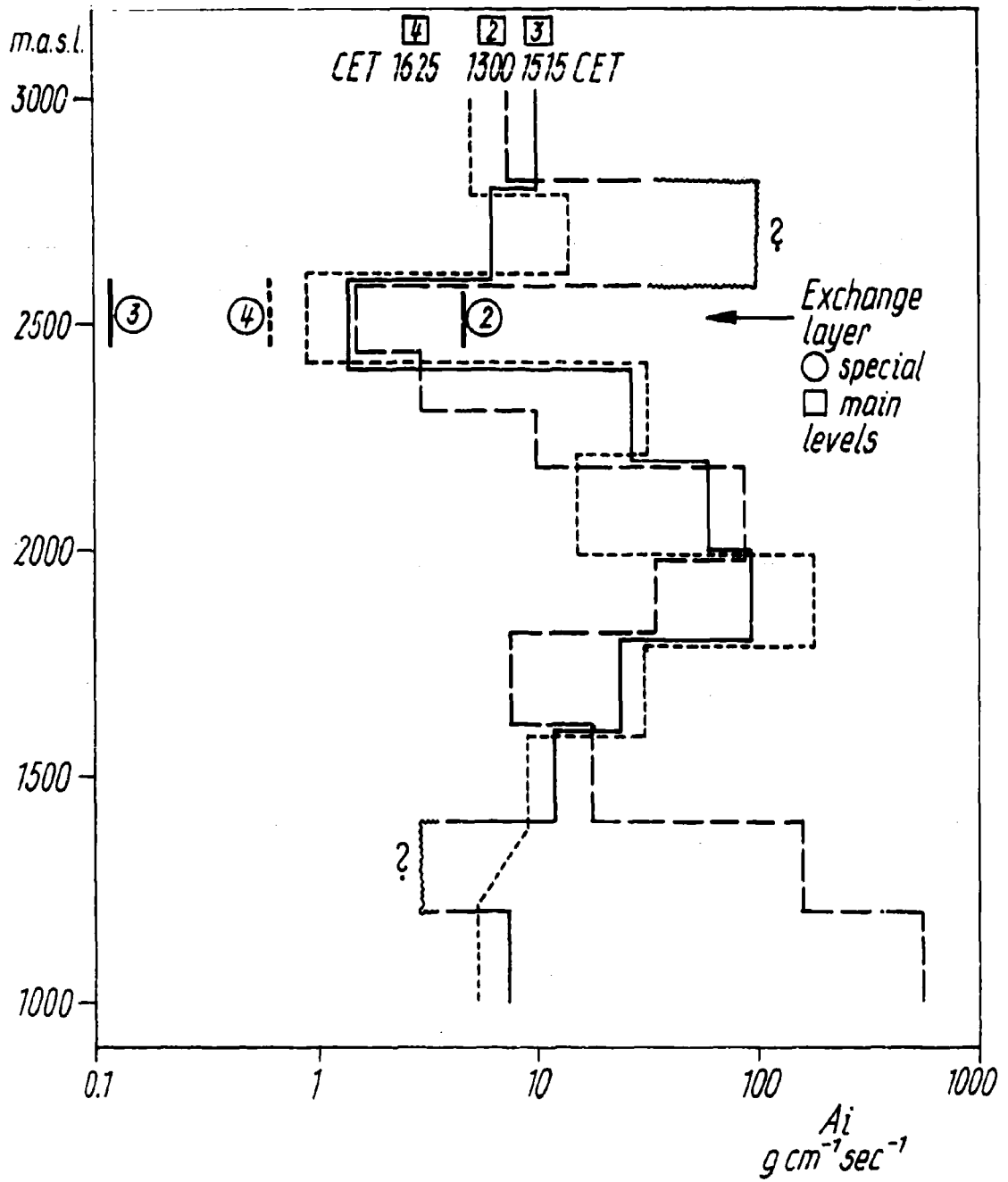


Fig. 48



2. Legends to the Figures 1 - 48

Legends to Figures

Fig. 1:

Chart on the processing of the recordings transmitted from the moving cable car, up to the final results: the completed tables printed out by teletype.

Fig. 2:

Relation between incremental exchange coefficient A_1 and temperature gradient G-T. Representation of the relation by the individual pairs of values. The relation applies to real inversions exclusively (stationary equilibrium of the eddy diffusion).

Fig. 3:

Result of statistical analyses of Fig. 2 with indication of scatter (red).

Fig. 4:

Relation between incremental exchange coefficient A_1 and gradient of potential temperature G-PT expressed in degrees centigrade per 100 m. Representation of the individual pairs of values. Valid for real inversions (stationary equilibrium of eddy diffusion).

Fig. 5:

Same as Fig. 4, however, result of statistical investigation with indication of scatter (red).

Fig. 6:

Relation between incremental exchange coefficient A_1 and gradient of water vapor pressure G-E in mb/100m. Individual pairs of values. Valid for aerological structures having a G-T minimum with stationary equilibrium.

b

Fig. 7:

Same as Fig. 6, however, result of statistical investigation with indication of scatter (red).

Fig. 8 and 9:

Relation between incremental exchange coefficient A_1 and gradient of potential temperature $G-PT$, divided into two intervals of time. Result of statistical investigation with indication of scatter. Relation of general applicability.

Fig. 10:

Mutual comparison of results from both intervals of time.

Re - Example A

Fig. 11:

Variations in space and time of important structural elements of the inversion newly formed at 1200 CET.

Fig. 12:

Time slope within the range of function $A_1=f(G-T)$. Numerals 1 through 4 identify the runs.

Fig. 13:

Same as Fig. 12, but relation $A_1=f(G-PT)$.

Fig. 14:

Same as Fig. 12, but function $A_1=f(G-E)$.

The following figures to Examples B through H basically correspond to the figures of example A; hence separate legends are not needed.

Fig. 19:

Vertical profiles of the incremental exchange coefficients

A_1 and water vapor pressure E for runs 2 through 7.

Fig. 43:

Vertical profiles of the incremental exchange coefficients A_1 , recorded during runs 3 and 6.

E : upper boundary of the exchange layer

I : level of inversion.

Fig. 48:

Vertical profile of the incremental exchange coefficients

A_1 for runs 2, 3 and 4.

3. Individual Runs and Data Tables

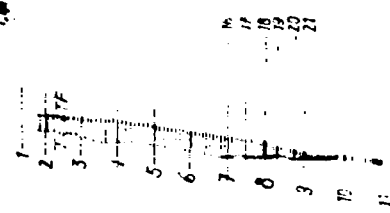
Examples A - J

Example
A
5 Oct. 1970

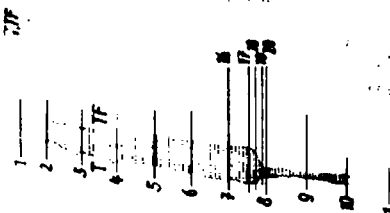
①



②



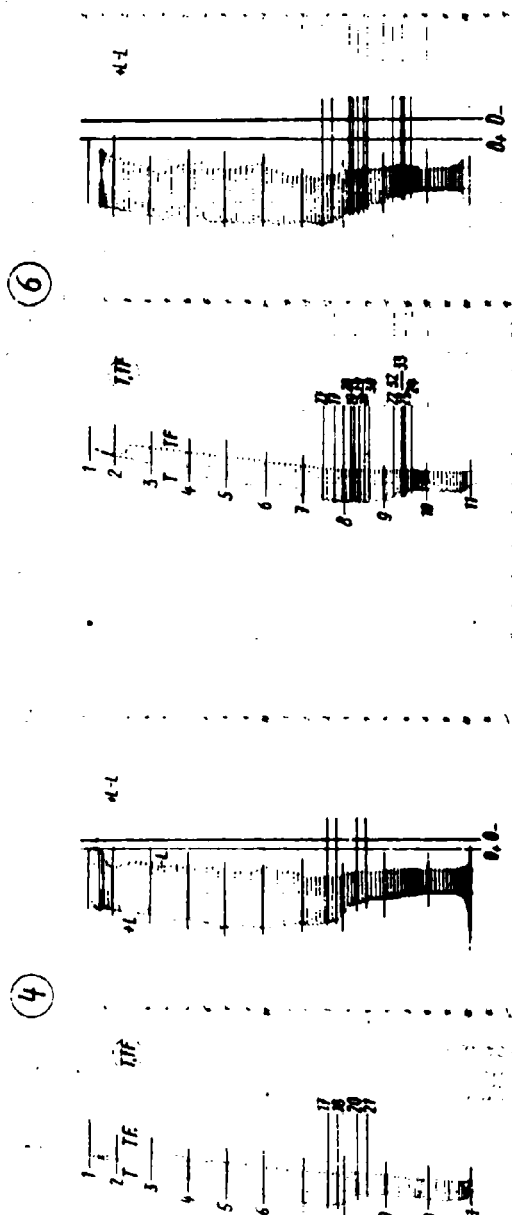
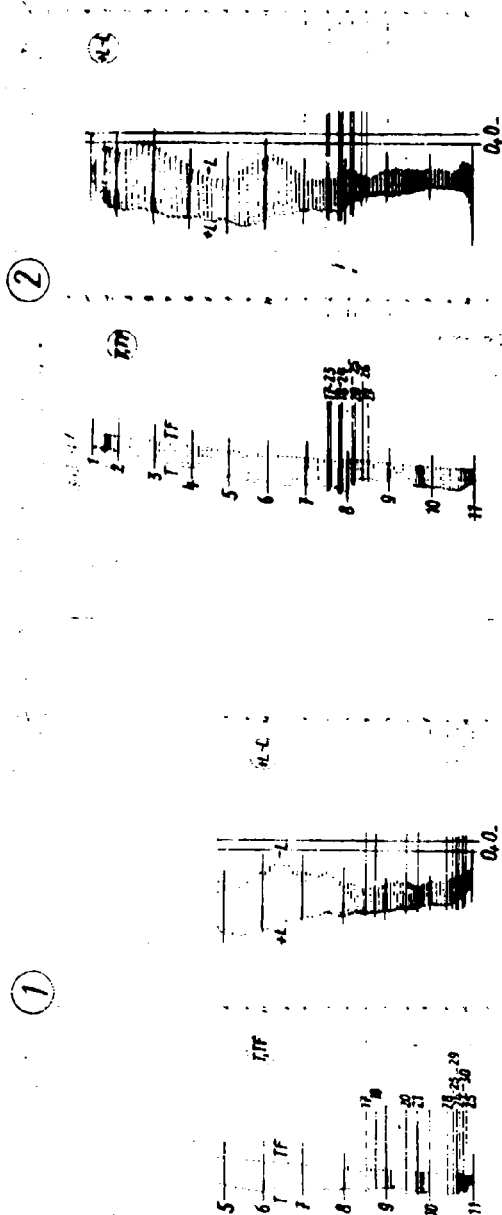
④



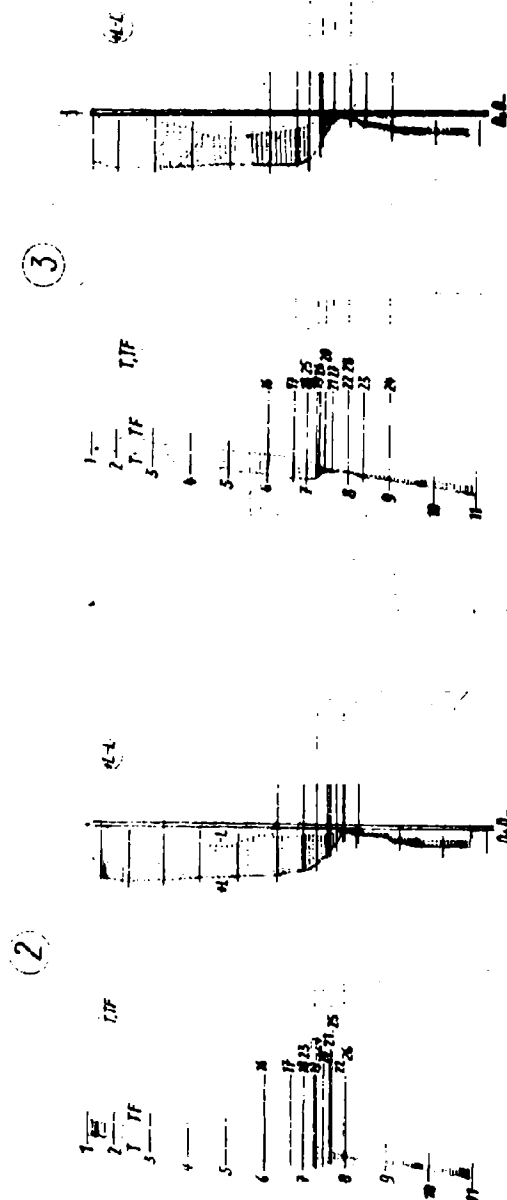
②



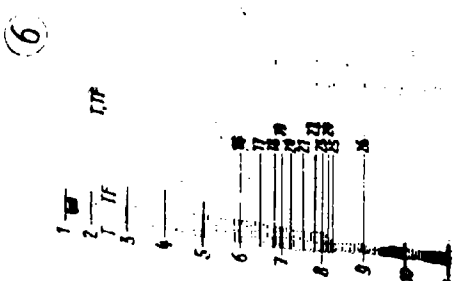
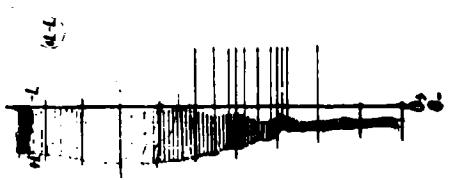
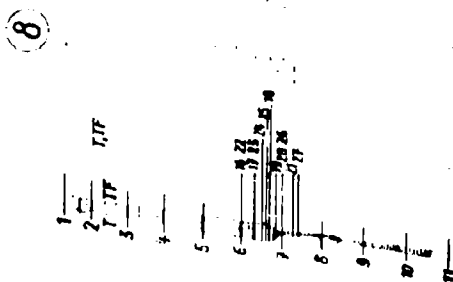
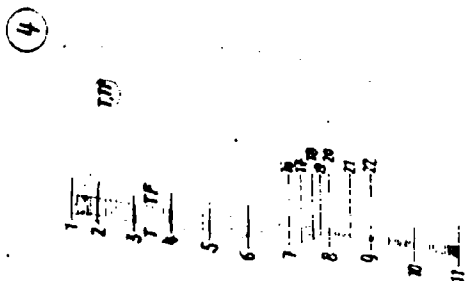
Example
B
13 Nov 1970



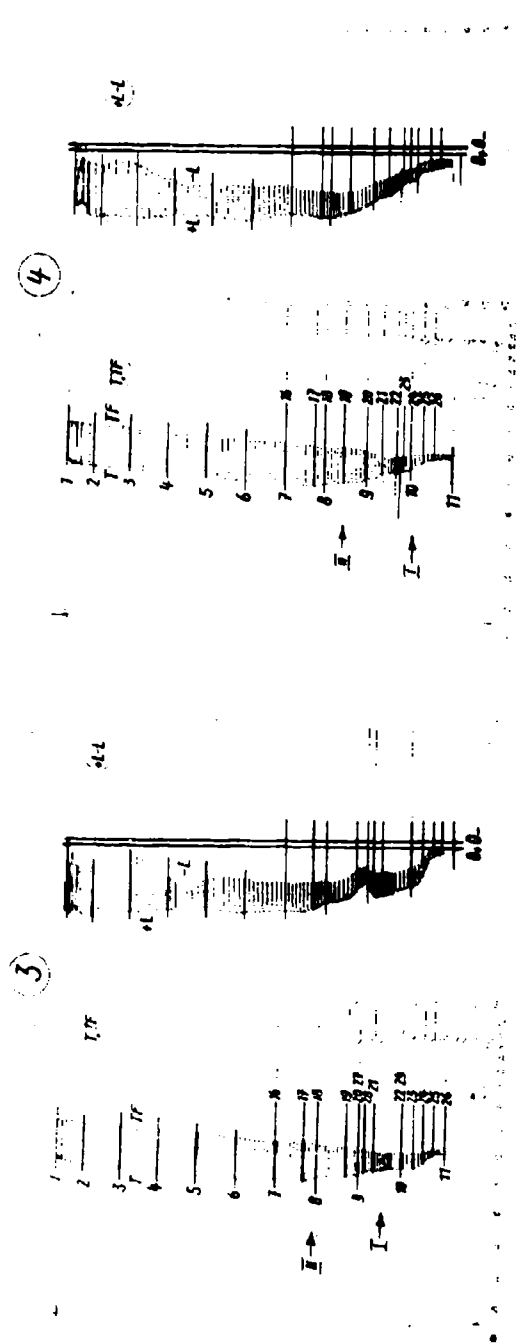
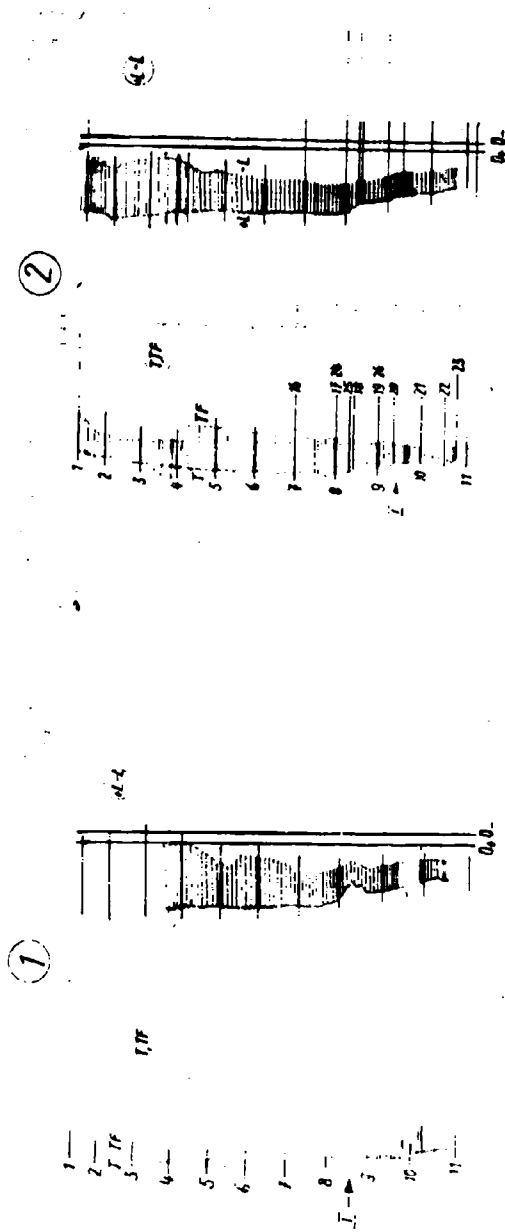
14 Oct 1970



Example
 C_2
 14 Oct 1970



Example
E₁
17 Oct 1970



Example

E_2

17 Oct. 1970

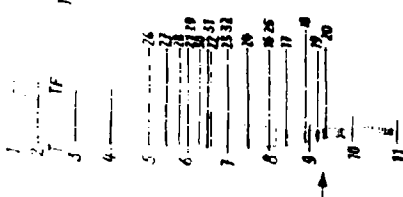
6



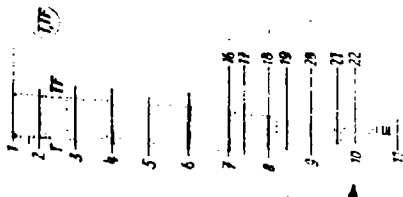
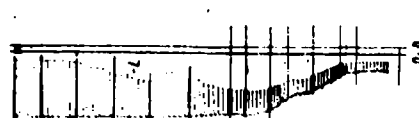
8



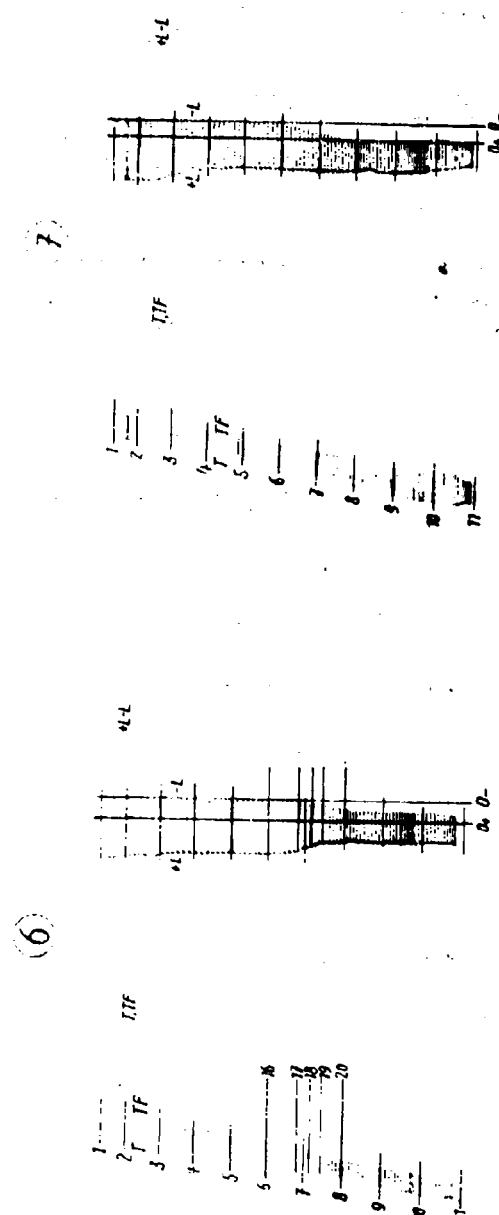
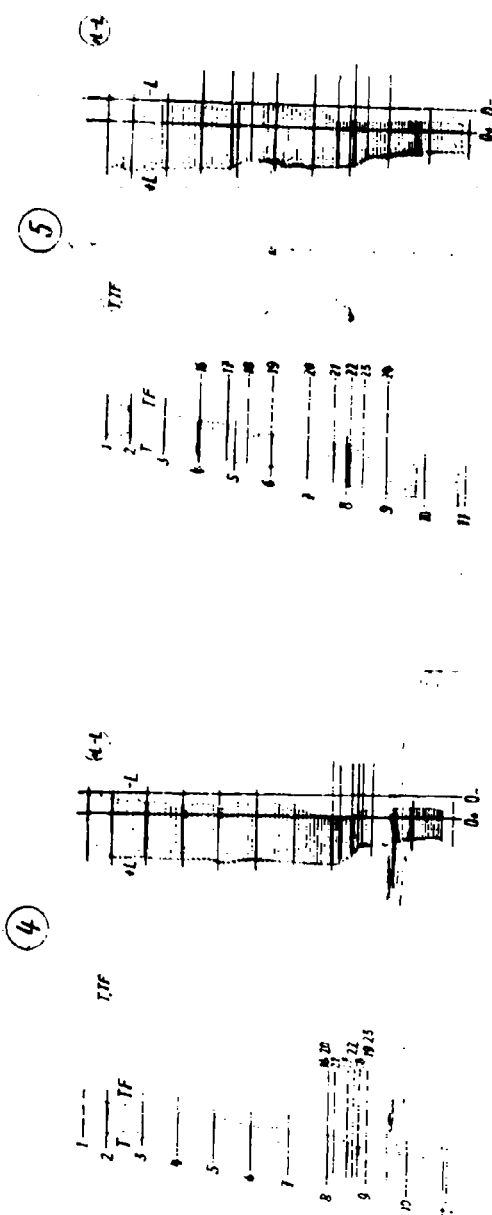
7



5



Example
F
30 Sept 1970



Example

G₁

28 Sept. 1970

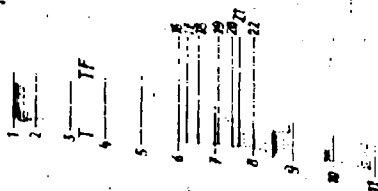
3

100



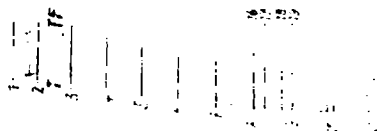
6

100



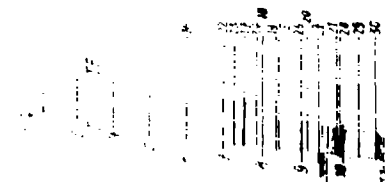
2

100

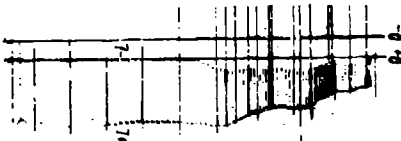


4

100



100



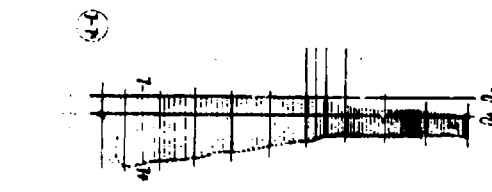
100



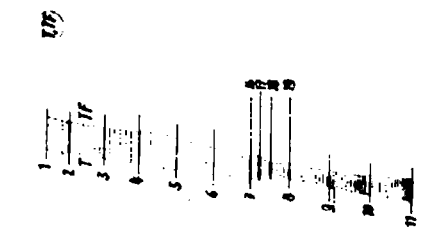
100



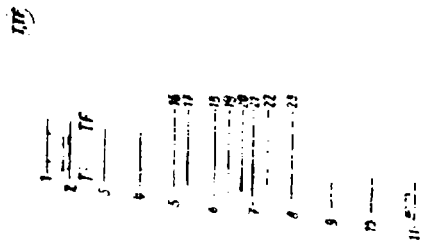
Example
G₂
28 Sept. 1970



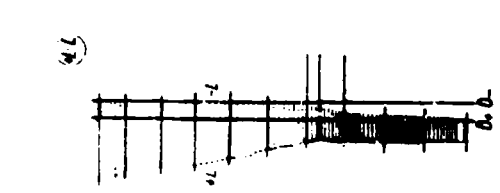
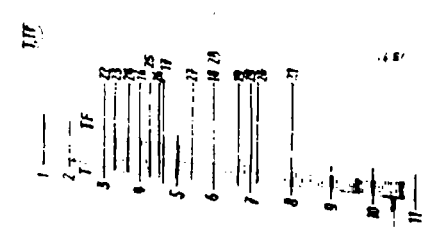
⑦



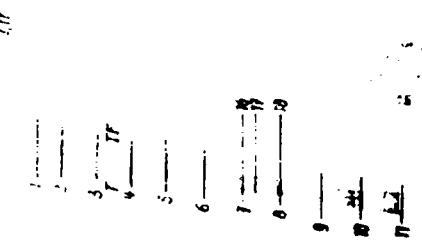
⑧



⑨



⑩



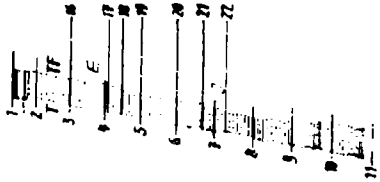
Example

11

26 Sept. 1970

4

43



6

44



3

45



5

46



42



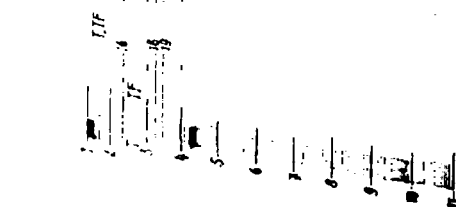
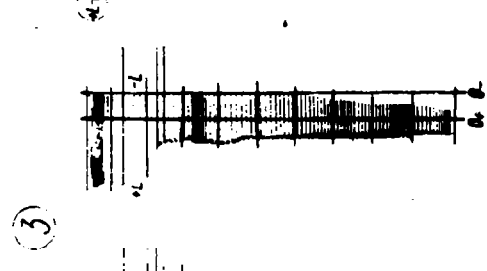
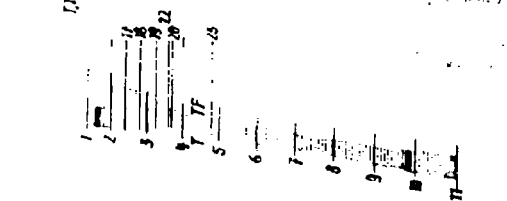
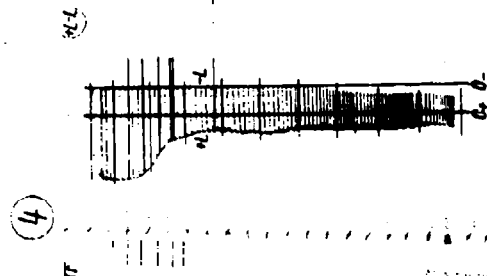
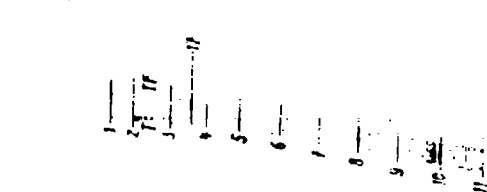
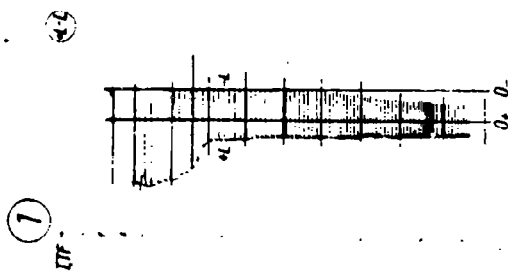
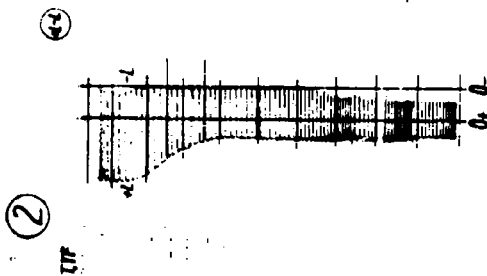
41



Example

7

17 Sept. 1970



Life Cycle Savings

HAJDU-VILAG

[illegible][illegible]

92-1244-AT(4)

[illegible][illegible]

87-016413 GKF13

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11.30 Min

HAZOP • HAZARDOUS

[illegible][illegible]

48 • J. Biol. Chem. 264:10,100-10,104

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[illegible]**Technique 101**

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10.2734 / 15.12.1970

105% 2000

$$\{f_{\alpha}^{\beta} \mid \alpha \in \mathcal{A}, \beta \in \mathcal{B}\} \subseteq \mathcal{C}$$
[illegible]

Y	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439
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Year	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100
1971	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100

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14. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 271:1233-1234, 1994

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1. The first step is to identify the main components of the system. This includes the hardware (CPU, memory, storage) and software (operating system, applications).
 2. The second step is to determine the requirements for each component. This involves identifying the specific needs of each part of the system.
 3. The third step is to select the appropriate components based on the requirements. This involves comparing different options and choosing the best one for each component.
 4. The fourth step is to install and configure the components. This involves setting up the hardware and software to work together.
 5. The fifth step is to test the system to ensure it is working correctly. This involves running various tests to check the performance and reliability of the system.
 6. The sixth step is to document the system. This involves creating a record of the system's configuration and performance for future reference.

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$$L = 0.438 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.07\%$$

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L	DM	TV	G-F	G-E	G-S	G-XF	G-PT	I	W	A	D
16		+0.64						0.16	0.17		
17	0.61	+0.68	+0.84	+0.19	+0.13	+1.58	+0.19	+0.19	0.18	54.80	935.54
18	1.17	+0.66	+0.43	+0.01	+0.36	+0.37	+0.15	+0.39	0.58	59.80	818.60
19	0.61	+0.64	+0.38	+0.03	+0.39	+0.37	+0.15	+0.39	0.58	59.80	818.60
20	1.15	+0.66	+0.01	+0.36	+0.13	+1.80	+0.19	+0.19	0.18	54.80	935.54
21	1.19	+0.55	+0.39	+0.39	+0.62	+0.36	+0.16	+0.40	0.8	9.47	482.1
22	0.61	+0.64	+1.29	+0.37	+0.14	+0.37	+0.15	+0.39	0.58	59.80	818.60

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524
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41 2379 4012 4
-3 1444 4121 4

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45 094 6 954 012

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Z	IN	TV	G-I	G-R	G-B	G-N	G-P	I	N	A	L
01	0.04							0.04	0.04		
02	0.04	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.13	0.18	0.0
03	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.0
04	0.00	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.08	0.01	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.0
05	0.04	0.00	0.18	0.09	0.13	0.05	0.01	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.0
06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.08	0.01	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.0
07	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.0
08	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.03	0.14	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.0
09	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.20	0.18	0.01	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.0
10	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.0

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2	H	P	T	TF	PT	WFS	S	IF	CL	CL	IF	L
18	1401	4403	0554	0133	0039	0633	0417	314	0101	0114	0455	331
17	1531	4475	0561	0306	0188	0659	0319	0242	0469	0119	0114	339
16	1487	6542	0536	0104	0109	0658	0438	0118	0105	0115	0138	020
15	1401	6613	0536	0104	0109	0658	0438	0118	0105	0115	0138	020
10	1389	6489	0537	0131	0109	0708	0465	0243	0426	0101	0008	020
20	1531	6774	0561	0306	0188	0659	0319	0242	0469	0119	0114	339

Z	LM	IV	G-F	D-E	G-B	Unit	Exp.	I	N	A	C
16		+384						0.0033	0.0028		
17	0.00	+0.05	+0.00	+0.00	-0.00	-0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
19	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
22	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
24	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
26	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
27	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
28	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
29	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
30	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
31	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
32	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
33	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
34	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
35	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
36	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
37	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
38	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
40	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
41	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
42	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
43	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
44	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
45	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
46	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
47	0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	+0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
48	0.00	+0.00									

Materials and Methods

Z	M	P	T	T	F	X	S	L	L	L	
82	MD78	7418	0084	0084	0078	0001	0110	0087	116	002	116
84	3000	7086	0084	0084	0080	0030	0010	0117	140	008	140
86	3000	7086	0084	0084	0080	0030	0010	0117	140	008	140
88	1000	8187	0084	0084	0080	0030	0010	0117	140	008	140
89	1747	5536	0084	0084	0080	0030	0010	0117	140	008	140
89	1601	6008	0084	0084	0080	0030	0010	0117	140	008	140

Z	DN	TV	G-1	G-2	G-3	G-4	G-5	G-6	G-7	G-8	G-9	G-10	G-11	G-12	G-13	G-14	G-15	G-16	G-17	G-18	G-19	G-20	G-21	G-22	G-23	G-24	G-25	G-26	G-27	G-28	G-29	G-30	G-31	G-32	G-33	G-34	G-35	G-36	G-37	G-38	G-39	G-40	G-41	G-42	G-43	G-44	G-45	G-46	G-47	G-48	G-49	G-50	G-51	G-52	G-53	G-54	G-55	G-56	G-57	G-58	G-59	G-60	G-61	G-62	G-63	G-64	G-65	G-66	G-67	G-68	G-69	G-70	G-71	G-72	G-73	G-74	G-75	G-76	G-77	G-78	G-79	G-80	G-81	G-82	G-83	G-84	G-85	G-86	G-87	G-88	G-89	G-90	G-91	G-92	G-93	G-94	G-95	G-96	G-97	G-98	G-99	G-100	G-101	G-102	G-103	G-104	G-105	G-106	G-107	G-108	G-109	G-110	G-111	G-112	G-113	G-114	G-115	G-116	G-117	G-118	G-119	G-120	G-121	G-122	G-123	G-124	G-125	G-126	G-127	G-128	G-129	G-130	G-131	G-132	G-133	G-134	G-135	G-136	G-137	G-138	G-139	G-140	G-141	G-142	G-143	G-144	G-145	G-146	G-147	G-148	G-149	G-150	G-151	G-152	G-153	G-154	G-155	G-156	G-157	G-158	G-159	G-160	G-161	G-162	G-163	G-164	G-165	G-166	G-167	G-168	G-169	G-170	G-171	G-172	G-173	G-174	G-175	G-176	G-177	G-178	G-179	G-180	G-181	G-182	G-183	G-184	G-185	G-186	G-187	G-188	G-189	G-190	G-191	G-192	G-193	G-194	G-195	G-196	G-197	G-198	G-199	G-200	G-201	G-202	G-203	G-204	G-205	G-206	G-207	G-208	G-209	G-210	G-211	G-212	G-213	G-214	G-215	G-216	G-217	G-218	G-219	G-220	G-221	G-222	G-223	G-224	G-225	G-226	G-227	G-228	G-229	G-230	G-231	G-232	G-233	G-234	G-235	G-236	G-237	G-238	G-239	G-240	G-241	G-242	G-243	G-244	G-245	G-246	G-247	G-248	G-249	G-250	G-251	G-252	G-253	G-254	G-255	G-256	G-257	G-258	G-259	G-260	G-261	G-262	G-263	G-264	G-265	G-266	G-267	G-268	G-269	G-270	G-271	G-272	G-273	G-274	G-275	G-276	G-277	G-278	G-279	G-280	G-281	G-282	G-283	G-284	G-285	G-286	G-287	G-288	G-289	G-290	G-291	G-292	G-293	G-294	G-295	G-296	G-297	G-298	G-299	G-300	G-301	G-302	G-303	G-304	G-305	G-306	G-307	G-308	G-309	G-310	G-311	G-312	G-313	G-314	G-315	G-316	G-317	G-318	G-319	G-320	G-321	G-322	G-323	G-324	G-325	G-326	G-327	G-328	G-329	G-330	G-331	G-332	G-333	G-334	G-335	G-336	G-337	G-338	G-339	G-340	G-341	G-342	G-343	G-344	G-345	G-346	G-347	G-348	G-349	G-350	G-351	G-352	G-353	G-354	G-355	G-356	G-357	G-358	G-359	G-360	G-361	G-362	G-363	G-364	G-365	G-366	G-367	G-368	G-369	G-370	G-371	G-372	G-373	G-374	G-375	G-376	G-377	G-378	G-379	G-380	G-381	G-382	G-383	G-384	G-385	G-386	G-387	G-388	G-389	G-390	G-391	G-392	G-393	G-394	G-395	G-396	G-397	G-398	G-399	G-400	G-401	G-402	G-403	G-404	G-405	G-406	G-407	G-408	G-409	G-410	G-411	G-412	G-413	G-414	G-415	G-416	G-417	G
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4. Data collection

[illegible]

05	4230	7604	+05.3	+02.1	0505	3017	01.31	31.75	1.3	0048	1111	1.53	03.79
09	2020	8001	+58.3	+02.1	0166	3013	01.21	31.94	1.0	0109	1111	1.66	04.01
01	1603	7403	+03.8	+00.8	0508	3016	03.16	02.42	2.3	0153	1111	1.53	02.55
03	1803	7403	+58.9	+0.1	0034	3210	02.28	00.99	4.0	0143	0058	1.66	04.01
05	1803	7403	+58.3	+04.3	0050	3210	02.08	00.84	0.1	0059	0058	1.66	01.55
10	1000	7603	+58.3	+01.0	0050	0179	01.60	00.84	7.6	0057	0058	1.66	01.55
11	1000	7603	+58.7	+01.9	0027	0194	01.53	00.82	57.9	0055	0058	1.34	02.59

01 +JJA
02 +JAG AC

04	0.97	0.35	0.08	0.23	0.28	0.30	0.38	0.19	716.24	
04	0.93	0.13	0.13	0.06	0.29	0.41	0.26	0.15	612.47	06
04	0.74	0.27	0.13	0.08	0.29	0.05	0.72	0.49	1122.90	07
04	0.74	0.39	0.05	0.28	0.34	0.28	0.73	0.51	1097.01	08
04	0.74	0.35	0.31	0.15	0.31	0.05	0.39	0.29	1097.01	09
04	0.59	0.39	0.74	0.33	0.44	0.05	0.45	0.29	1097.01	10
04	0.65	0.73	0.45	0.13	0.31	0.05	0.44	0.29	1097.01	11
10	0.34	0.55	0.48	0.12	0.34	0.34	0.44	0.29	1097.01	12

[illegible]

1575	1980	1985	1990
1575	1980	1985	1990

18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98	100																																									
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

43-78064-116471-2

Year	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100
1982	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100

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42-76164-1A (U)

2019年12月10日

2. 10. 1990

42-7387-Sub A(1,2,3)

2.4.1.1. *Phragmites*
$$u_i = 0, \forall i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}, \quad \forall t \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

2. 4. 2.

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$$1. \oplus_2(1) \in \mathcal{B}_1 \cup \mathcal{B}_2$$

17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044 1045 1046 1047 1048

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3.1 EMPLACEMENT

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MF-LF8 TRAINING FILE

Y. 0739 04, 22, 1275

10-2-2 UN

КАЛУЖА - 41 СЪСТАВИ

[illegible]

• **100% Satisfaction Guarantee**

Year	Age	Sex	Height (cm)	Weight (kg)	Arm span (cm)	Hand span (cm)	Hand width (cm)	Hand depth (cm)	Hand area (cm ²)	Hand volume (cm ³)	Hand mass (g)	Hand density (g/cm ³)
1971	18	M	170	65	185	19	8.5	4.5	38.25	171.38	165	1.05
1972	19	F	160	55	175	18	8.0	4.0	32.00	144.00	150	1.00
1973	20	M	175	70	190	20	9.0	5.0	45.00	202.50	175	1.05
1974	21	F	165	60	180	19	8.5	4.5	38.25	171.38	160	1.05
1975	22	M	180	75	195	21	9.5	5.5	52.25	237.38	185	1.05
1976	23	F	170	65	185	20	9.0	5.0	45.00	202.50	170	1.05
1977	24	M	185	80	200	22	10.0	6.0	60.00	270.00	190	1.05
1978	25	F	175	70	190	21	9.5	5.5	52.25	237.38	175	1.05
1979	26	M	190	85	205	23	10.5	6.5	68.25	308.25	200	1.05
1980	27	F	180	75	195	22	10.0	6.0	60.00	270.00	180	1.05
1981	28	M	195	90	210	24	11.0	7.0	77.00	343.00	210	1.05
1982	29	F	185	80	200	23	10.5	6.5	68.25	308.25	185	1.05
1983	30	M	200	95	215	25	11.5	7.5	86.25	388.25	220	1.05
1984	31	F	190	85	205	24	11.0	7.0	77.00	343.00	190	1.05
1985	32	M	205	100	220	26	12.0	8.0	96.00	432.00	230	1.05
1986	33	F	195	90	210	25	11.5	7.5	86.25	388.25	195	1.05
1987	34	M	210	105	225	27	12.5	8.5	106.25	478.25	240	1.05
1988	35	F	200	95	215	26	12.0	8.0	96.00	432.00	200	1.05
1989	36	M	215	110	230	28	13.0	9.0	117.00	522.00	250	1.05
1990	37	F	205	100	220	27	12.5	8.5	106.25	478.25	205	1.05
1991	38	M	220	115	235	29	13.5	9.5	130.25	592.25	260	1.05
1992	39	F	210	105	225	28	13.0	9.0	117.00	522.00	210	1.05
1993	40	M	225	120	240	30	14.0	10.0	156.00	672.00	270	1.05
1994	41	F	215	110	230	29	13.5	9.5	130.25	592.25	215	1.05
1995	42	M	230	125	245	31	14.5	10.5	170.25	762.25	280	1.05
1996	43	F	220	115	235	30	14.0	10.0	156.00	672.00	220	1.05
1997	44	M	235	130	250	32	15.0	11.0	190.00	852.00	290	1.05
1998	45	F	225	120	240	31	14.5	10.5	170.25	762.25	225	1.05
1999	46	M	240	135	255	33	15.5	11.5	210.25	952.25	300	1.05
2000	47	F	230	125	245	32	15.0	11.0	190.00	852.00	230	1.05
2001	48	M	245	140	260	34	16.0	12.0	256.00	1152.00	310	1.05

Zusammenfassung

40-724-11, 20, 22

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44. $\frac{1}{2} \pi$ and $\frac{3}{2} \pi$ are solutions.

01	32.47	71.78	+0.25	+0.77	20.66	21.22	20.82	20.76	24.1	71.8	///	1.74	0.08
02	36.00	72.47	+0.26	+0.76	20.85	21.35	20.94	20.16	22.4	71.9	///	1.74	23.6
03	39.53	73.16	+0.27	+0.75	21.04	21.45	21.04	20.35	24.5	72.0	///	1.74	47.2
04	43.05	73.84	+0.28	+0.74	21.23	21.55	21.13	20.55	26.6	72.1	///	1.74	70.8
05	46.57	74.52	+0.29	+0.73	21.42	21.65	21.23	20.75	28.7	72.2	///	1.74	94.4
06	50.09	75.20	+0.30	+0.72	21.61	21.75	21.33	20.95	30.8	72.3	///	1.74	118.0
07	53.61	75.88	+0.31	+0.71	21.80	21.85	21.43	21.15	32.9	72.4	///	1.74	141.6
08	57.13	76.56	+0.32	+0.70	21.99	21.95	21.53	21.35	35.0	72.5	///	1.74	165.2
09	60.65	77.24	+0.33	+0.69	22.18	22.05	21.63	21.55	37.1	72.6	///	1.74	188.8
10	64.17	77.92	+0.34	+0.68	22.37	22.15	21.73	21.75	39.2	72.7	///	1.74	212.4
11	67.69	78.60	+0.35	+0.67	22.56	22.25	21.83	21.95	41.3	72.8	///	1.74	236.0
12	71.21	79.28	+0.36	+0.66	22.75	22.35	21.93	22.15	43.4	72.9	///	1.74	259.6
13	74.73	79.96	+0.37	+0.65	22.94	22.45	22.03	22.35	45.5	73.0	///	1.74	283.2
14	78.25	80.64	+0.38	+0.64	23.13	22.55	22.13	22.55	47.6	73.1	///	1.74	306.8
15	81.77	81.32	+0.39	+0.63	23.32	22.65	22.23	22.75	49.7	73.2	///	1.74	330.4
16	85.29	82.00	+0.40	+0.62	23.51	22.75	22.33	22.95	51.8	73.3	///	1.74	354.0
17	88.81	82.68	+0.41	+0.61	23.70	22.85	22.43	23.15	53.9	73.4	///	1.74	377.6
18	92.33	83.36	+0.42	+0.60	23.89	22.95	22.53	23.35	56.0	73.5	///	1.74	401.2
19	95.85	84.04	+0.43	+0.59	24.08	23.05	22.63	23.55	58.1	73.6	///	1.74	424.8
20	99.37	84.72	+0.44	+0.58	24.27	23.15	22.73	23.75	60.2	73.7	///	1.74	448.4
21	102.89	85.40	+0.45	+0.57	24.46	23.25	22.83	23.95	62.3	73.8	///	1.74	472.0
22	106.41	86.08	+0.46	+0.56	24.65	23.35	22.93	24.15	64.4	73.9	///	1.74	495.6
23	109.93	86.76	+0.47	+0.55	24.84	23.45	23.03	24.35	66.5	74.0	///	1.74	519.2
24	113.45	87.44	+0.48	+0.54	25.03	23.55	23.13	24.55	68.6	74.1	///	1.74	542.8
25	116.97	88.12	+0.49	+0.53	25.22	23.65	23.23	24.75	70.7	74.2	///	1.74	566.4
26	120.49	88.80	+0.50	+0.52	25.41	23.75	23.33	24.95	72.8	74.3	///	1.74	590.0
27	124.01	89.48	+0.51	+0.51	25.60	23.85	23.43	25.15	74.9	74.4	///	1.74	613.6
28	127.53	90.16	+0.52	+0.50	25.79	23.95	23.53	25.35	77.0	74.5	///	1.74	637.2
29	131.05	90.84	+0.53	+0.49	25.98	24.05	23.63	25.55	79.1	74.6	///	1.74	660.8
30	134.57	91.52	+0.54	+0.48	26.17	24.15	23.73	25.75	81.2	74.7	///	1.74	684.4
31	138.09	92.20	+0.55	+0.47	26.36	24.2							

$$dr = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d\sigma^2}{d\sigma^2} \ln \sigma^2$$
[illegible]

18 051 *1679.3.19
18 057 *104 +9.16

H=0.217946172111

 L=0.7101605051470 17.011616
 u=0.6750151618

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 07. 01.11. 7811

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1980-1981

4. Tables I - XII

TABLE I

RaB in air; units: $10^{-12} \mu\text{c}/\text{cm}^3$

Station designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: July 1970 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	8,5	7	130	14,2	16	82	7,9	61	85
2.	-	57	233	12,2	24	64	14,8	-	58
3.	8,1	28	108	8,8	16	43	7,1	10	37
4.	3,3	18	130	1,9	11	46	3,9	17	57
5.	-	-	171	-	-	54	-	-	-
6.	4,2	-	263	4,9	57	145	17,5	64	92
7.	4,1	49	299	20,4	109	160	60,6	108	150
8.	5,8	116	256	71,7	145	237	90,3	154	229
9.	-	75	194	55,9	76	128	31,8	11	57
10.	32,7	90	304	58,7	81	116	62,9	81	86
11.	100,3	135	333	86,5	146	151	92,8	90	129
12.	-	-	268	-	-	115	-	-	-
13.	49,7	150	-	80,9	171	228	96,2	141	189
14.	65,5	87	313	68,2	113	180	66,9	103	131
15.	3,7	4	35	2,5	7	39	1,5	10	53
16.	3,2	7	80	1,3	4	58	0,8	-	38
17.	1,7	2	54	0,5	4	50	0,6	-	46
18.	2,6	15	180	7,7	35	93	5,4	21	53
19.	-	-	172	-	-	88	-	-	-
20.	75,1	-	306	99,9	157	208	93,2	168	153
21.	63,7	63	148	79,3	77	135	55,9	86	89
22.	69,7	156	336	64,0	150	200	85,1	113	138
23.	68,3	107	320	78,3	157	291	114,2	105	147
24.	75,8	75	200	84,4	126	-	88,2	104	183
25.	1,6	14	-	1,6	9	-	1,2	14	38
26.	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-
27.	1,4	15	173	2,1	15	128	3,4	23	113
28.	5,2	74	316	13,3	46	190	69,3	108	186
29.	77,4	68	307	111,4	110	131	17,6	32	96
30.	49,3	97	304	58,1	150	213	73,1	118	152
31.	44,2	89	240	55,2	126	184	65,4	46	-

TABLE II

RAB in air; units: $10^{-12} \mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: August 1970 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	22,1	49	297	40,5	112	246	51,2	44	65
2.	-	-	-	-	-	174	-	-	-
3.	31,8	101	-	63,2	111	-	67,2	77	-
4.	38,8	69	286	41,0	36	148	70,4	108	145
5.	110,3	147	359	99,8	125	143	89,7	82	-
6.	71,3	160	333	76,2	166	268	97,0	137	191
7.	142,6	107	349	87,5	95	188	73,0	94	-
8.	50,4	49	242	45,6	87	120	25,2	48	96
9.	-	-	161	-	-	130	-	-	-
10.	1,5	-	569	1,6	4	338	-	7	431
11.	0,3	32	466	-	58	174	-	26	112
12.	2,7	18	165	10,7	50	107	46,6	56	-
13.	28,4	98	-	39,8	105	-	78,5	122	132
14.	83,7	107	388	73,5	136	200	53,4	77	100
15.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17.	28,3	98	268	0,8	17	153	3,6	18	109
18.	15,6	67	215	13,3	103	169	40,0	99	133
19.	70,5	172	426	85,6	232	295	105,0	154	134
20.	77,8	110	449	101,7	132	150	53,7	23	110
21.	3,8	10	90	4,4	9	66	-	9	61
22.	5,1	25	151	7,8	35	93	28,6	41	68
23.	-	-	258	-	-	109	-	-	-
24.	-	-	194	1,7	20	243	1,2	19	102
25.	21,9	62	304	19,9	91	158	35,3	76	93
26.	15,5	101	306	24,1	128	207	82,2	86	117
27.	72,0	100	382	78,3	104	203	86,3	125	189
28.	28,3	48	217	50,7	58	130	82,6	70	153
29.	75,2	115	318	94,5	140	240	87,4	156	210
30.	-	-	503	-	-	174	-	-	-
31.	33,1	-	306	36,0	121	198	39,5	101	133

TABLE III

RaB in air; units: $10^{-12} \mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: September 1970 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	8,3	56	535	3,7	33	117	4,8	85	198
2.	38,4	80	167	45,5	114	154	88,5	129	120
3.	76,4	124	448	104,4	127	250	60,8	123	247
4.	2,4	41	279	3,7	22	67	13,2	30	59
5.	2,7	22	342	-	4	114	1,4	16	61
6.	-	-	92	-	-	57	-	-	-
7.	3,1	40	136	10,4	54	115	26,4	82	81
8.	65,6	120	276	44,5	131	230	84,7	153	160
9.	67,9	136	279	69,7	181	255	121,5	163	158
10.	54,0	112	301	59,7	101	157	50,9	91	181
11.	63,2	91	326	62,8	65	105	15,4	12	75
12.	37,8	20	88	51,8	35	104	65,3	47	99
13.	-	-	107	-	-	44	-	-	-
14.	29,4	58	258	26,3	153	160	63,4	101	103
15.	83,7	-	394	124,8	131	208	138,7	156	159
16.	4,3	16	74	2,3	11	84	1,8	12	37
17.	6,3	38	235	3,5	28	53	1,7	33	59
18.	5,5	26	275	11,1	53	184	24,0	83	124
19.	27,3	108	380	26,9	177	376	43,9	193	318
20.	-	-	504	-	-	237	-	-	-
21.	8,0	46	527	1,6	92	150	-	91	134
22.	1,6	48	697	12,4	143	201	36,8	94	119
23.	4,8	89	273	5,9	117	153	56,3	84	122
24.	8,4	84	410	0,9	109	201	24,3	132	167
25.	2,6	10	331	5,6	70	175	14,3	61	133
26.	5,4	41	401	3,2	138	230	31,2	170	164
27.	-	-	419	-	-	257	-	-	-
28.	5,8	19	311	6,6	74	265	22,3	144	211
29.	13,6	64	384	36,2	109	315	64,3	200	333
30.	5,9	44	329	12,8	50	200	41,6	146	226

TABLE IV

RaB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{c}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: October 1970 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	-	4	130	-	6	47	-	2	53
2.	1,7	16	99	0,2	9	96	0,1	8	34
3.	2,7	3	45	0,9	-	35	2,4	2	15
4.	-	-	59	-	-	56	-	-	-
5.	1,1	11	175	0,6	11	145	0,9	27	126
6.	15,5	22	190	20,6	74	143	50,3	103	174
7.	24,8	86	210	29,3	77	107	65,6	80	109
8.	40,3	43	251	26,3	61	245	34,8	50	294
9.	40,7	49	631	40,5	40	410	45,9	74	401
10.	27,7	71	276	28,6	74	123	52,8	103	392
11.	-	-	359	-	-	653	-	-	-
12.	12,4	51	238	9,9	124	431	14,0	155	399
13.	8,8	84	407	7,0	112	382	15,9	168	270
14.	16,4	65	727	20,2	232	373	46,4	192	392
15.	4,7	78	268	5,4	150	200	5,7	34	141
16.	7,4	61	412	9,9	82	322	16,7	78	141
17.	6,8	61	700	4,4	79	361	16,6	145	354
18.	-	-	395	-	-	464	-	-	-
19.	11,8	18	297	13,6	31	282	19,6	69	203
20.	13,1	11	71	6,0	4	136	8,7	3	171
21.	18,9	25	159	5,2	21	74	4,1	20	74
22.	11,1	32	226	14,7	19	63	13,4	40	90
23.	-	7	129	3,5	3	57	3,2	4	18
24.	14,2	23	175	9,6	61	112	12,9	69	102
25.	-	-	221	-	-	117	-	-	-
26.	-	9	-	2,3	10	345	6,6	36	200
27.	13,3	44	493	13,4	33	345	16,4	105	193
28.	7,2	38	487	6,0	66	264	16,1	60	169
29.	3,4	17	302	0,8	9	138	2,0	7	149
30.	6,5	15	286	2,5	35	208	8,4	25	205
31.	7,6	13	208	7,3	18	305	14,6	21	252

TABLE V

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: November 1970 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	-	-	221	-	-	145	-	-	-
2.	4,8	10	271	9,8	7	82	12,0	10	56
3.	14,4	22	276	11,6	9	35	12,2	11	34
4.	26,9	51	319	19,4	65	129	24,8	77	134
5.	7,0	15	416	8,3	10	196	4,2	5	36
6.	14,2	9	54	4,5	8	41	9,3	16	58
7.	20,1	65	384	19,7	125	320	49,5	193	289
8.	-	-	446	-	-	383	-	-	-
9.	35,2	48	484	15,2	47	373	13,5	29	91
10.	10,8	17	64	8,6	14	45	7,8	13	46
11.	4,7	28	334	2,6	25	196	2,3	6	270
12.	11,0	30	366	11,4	41	222	17,7	83	177
13.	82,9	83	415	80,1	136	241	86,8	116	183
14.	65,3	88	521	61,1	136	310	67,8	26	263
15.	-	-	211	-	-	91	-	-	-
16.	7,9	5	109	10,3	4	78	17,0	7	79
17.	3,3	21	315	1,3	10	228	0,7	2	227
18.	16,6	36	327	18,5	70	291	28,1	78	245
19.	32,2	32	302	39,4	29	209	48,1	70	146
20.	11,7	10	193	10,6	7	189	9,3	28	99
21.	45,8	-	384	57,9	-	174	44,3	-	61
22.	-	-	194	-	-	86	-	-	-
23.	3,4	19	306	2,9	14	145	-	23	146
24.	2,8	7	236	1,9	5	188	1,3	5	209
25.	4,7	22	245	3,6	16	189	1,3	83	294
26.	5,9	11	285	0,3	25	271	-	47	247
27.	3,4	24	551	0,7	40	308	0,4	61	403
28.	2,9	-	202	2,1	-	187	23,5	-	158
29.	-	-	197	-	-	340	-	-	-
30.	57,7	33	546	7,6	5	620	7,2	14	261

TABLE VI

Station Designation: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods: a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220.
b = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: December 1970 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	22,9	70	350	24,9	85	292	55,4	92	315
2.	6,7	9	285	7,5	18	175	7,5	22	146
3.	10,9	27	279	-	21	224	-	4	135
4.	-	11	233	4,1	15	250	-	-	181
5.	15,0	-	317	4,7	-	371	2,1	-	59
6.	-	-	343	-	-	183	-	-	-
7.	57,0	-	505	73,9	85	648	74,6	226	333
8.	42,0	23	187	38,7	23	205	9,4	72	233
9.	3,2	17	513	1,3	10	397	1,5	10	401
10.	2,9	6	746	0,2	12	672	-	38	551
11.	3,1	16	1045	1,6	13	557	1,4	36	509
12.	6,8	49	239	6,1	23	228	9,7	33	344
13.	-	-	317	-	-	570	-	-	-
14.	17,6	142	824	14,2	148	825	30,7	140	750
15.	32,3	10	173	5,4	12	108	16,3	15	102
16.	-	11	257	2,1	16	332	3,2	27	234
17.	2,4	7	804	0,9	9	830	-	50	630
18.	7,8	16	686	5,6	17	670	7,4	33	430
19.	5,8	54	429	5,3	74	378	3,6	105	280
20.	-	-	554	-	-	715	-	-	-
21.	2,7	15	555	1,4	26	685	6,5	16	485
22.	11,3	6	88	8,9	14	84	18,7	16	102
23.	20,4	44	436	21,7	21	260	15,9	28	152
24.	11,2	28	-	13,8	43	598	-	-	272
25.	-	-	490	-	-	495	-	-	-
26.	-	-	-	-	-	750	-	-	-
27.	-	-	328	-	-	850	-	-	-
28.	52,0	52	559	47,4	57	510	62,2	79	546
29.	34,8	88	504	31,9	93	466	25,3	38	434
30.	39,3	113	430	63,9	168	488	71,1	68	494
31.	78,5	61	713	54,2	103	292	-	-	278

TABLE VII

RaB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{c}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620, (Central European Time)

Month: January 1971 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	-	-	182	-	-	120	-	-	-
2.	3,2	12	444	2,3	8	415	3,1	10	459
3.	-	-	1150	-	-	721	-	-	-
4.	17,6	6	514	31,5	54	368	34,6	133	330
5.	25,1	74	650	12,5	79	1006	17,0	120	844
6.	-	-	402	-	-	481	-	-	-
7.	8,6	51	347	6,7	19	319	7,4	45	331
8.	4,4	8	247	3,0	13	291	0,7	13	399
9.	1,9	5	256	0,1	4	350	5,2	22	345
10.	-	-	279	-	-	413	-	-	-
11.	30,8	30	290	32,5	30	292	25,5	30	287
12.	34,1	85	508	25,6	111	445	31,4	186	344
13.	21,4	124	661	14,3	145	880	17,1	160	509
14.	26,4	36	334	30,6	26	371	32,5	30	558
15.	84,1	198	516	63,4	195	536	109,2	128	150
16.	30,2	127	588	25,3	151	599	25,5	147	304
17.	-	-	560	-	-	420	-	-	-
18.	12,8	107	434	10,2	79	445	25,9	217	443
19.	57,5	81	441	52,6	73	497	48,3	95	327
20.	52,9	91	480	35,1	77	511	34,9	107	431
21.	31,2	53	388	27,2	25	498	36,4	22	369
22.	11,7	31	-	11,7	19	403	19,4	24	416
23.	30,9	91	400	23,8	119	342	21,1	124	213
24.	-	-	314	-	-	139	-	-	-
25.	17,3	-	321	32,9	62	348	36,3	37	198
26.	11,3	27	350	9,9	12	338	9,0	22	291
27.	32,7	59	330	27,5	77	297	35,1	71	160
28.	11,7	11	176	11,7	12	207	12,3	17	109
29.	10,3	119	467	7,4	122	278	12,6	145	184
30.	26,5	99	336	29,4	86	294	24,2	61	198
31.	-	-	144	-	-	78	-	-	-

TABLE VIII

RaB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{c}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: February 1971 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	20,5	26	498	41,8	102	390	45,5	72	235
2.	4,1	27	57	2,0	26	60	5,7	86	74
3.	3,0	7	430	2,1	10	333	0,2	12	352
4.	11,9	3	65	16,1	4	64	11,1	15	85
5.	5,2	5	388	1,0	10	308	-	26	305
6.	8,6	2	224	-	6	445	0,8	26	392
7.	-	-	772	-	-	283	-	-	-
8.	2,8	5	414	0,3	22	212	1,0	34	134
9.	3,1	31	457	0,5	66	415	-	121	298
10.	2,0	91	635	-	117	644	-	192	478
11.	2,4	156	677	0,8	158	910	0,1	170	592
12.	5,1	76	487	-	31	364	24,3	26	135
13.	8,1	64	388	9,1	67	425	33,6	153	184
14.	-	-	615	-	-	277	-	-	-
15.	103,7	85	362	75,4	149	-	104,3	185	362
16.	54,7	56	281	35,2	34	184	53,5	16	33
17.	7,1	20	264	5,3	12	-	6,6	22	-
18.	7,3	17	-	4,1	8	280	9,9	21	275
19.	12,3	20	339	11,6	21	367	24,5	22	141
20.	12,1	7	47	12,9	20	79	12,1	16	66
21.	-	-	348	-	-	210	-	-	-
22.	8,6	23	388	3,0	15	96	6,0	7	38
23.	5,1	7	47	4,6	7	25	5,5	5	36
24.	5,7	15	236	1,5	29	117	1,1	78	93
25.	1,8	19	367	6,1	14	203	6,2	7	63
26.	-	-	46	8,6	7	34	12,0	6	40
27.	-	14	33	-	17	48	22,5	21	63
28.	-	-	338	-	-	109	-	-	-

TABLE IX

RnB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: March 1971 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	58,9	72	85	57,4	73	117	65,2	70	128
2.	14,6	90	482	22,9	128	255	6,0	133	210
3.	41,1	71	470	-	113	349	98,4	112	215
4.	62,9	133	147	45,6	117	170	13,9	107	130
5.	49,2	75	553	51,2	109	209	69,6	-	129
6.	45,4	95	461	52,9	169	420	55,8	176	230
7.	-	-	613	-	-	198	-	-	-
8.	28,9	136	470	16,7	136	312	16,4	182	320
9.	11,3	130	756	19,9	192	544	14,7	101	266
10.	5,8	27	272	34,3	13	137	18,7	18	54
11.	-	18	101	9,2	15	87	-	13	64
12.	5,5	19	124	1,5	12	79	7,1	16	101
13.	4,4	16	266	1,7	35	207	5,0	65	189
14.	-	-	336	-	-	242	-	-	-
15.	23,1	180	407	17,1	169	334	62,9	157	196
16.	64,2	12	128	23,0	6	69	24,1	8	58
17.	10,2	18	232	0,8	38	125	22,4	24	138
18.	27,1	90	270	29,8	79	221	100,3	69	162
19.	24,6	30	292	22,2	37	176	41,2	47	158
20.	32,8	37	201	42,7	35	105	31,3	23	63
21.	-	-	93	-	-	41	-	-	-
22.	16,4	28	195	13,4	39	165	85,8	75	162
23.	24,9	8	60	26,3	21	61	-	5	80
24.	8,7	92	274	0,6	91	212	2,9	63	124
25.	5,7	42	381	16,4	80	201	29,4	51	78
26.	10,5	18	91	15,8	19	57	18,3	13	42
27.	16,8	3	57	17,2	12	38	13,1	13	35
28.	-	-	138	-	-	61	-	-	-
29.	6,2	-	259	1,4	58	108	37,1	36	71
30.	4,4	86	350	10,7	122	201	1,2	122	108
31.	87,8	-	317	94,7	116	352	147,6	106	266

TABLE X

RaB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{C/cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: April 1971 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	13,4	75	324	3,2	87	210	64,6	85	189
2.	39,0	132	388	44,2	134	259	73,5	152	242
3.	82,1	122	382	108,0	141	229	115,3	98	179
4.	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	-	-
5.	35,5	74	316	38,7	98	139	73,0	67	104
6.	26,2	67	330	29,5	68	103	51,3	47	92
7.	56,2	109	276	75,1	99	147	105,4	111	157
8.	37,3	109	265	15,4	42	149	62,2	95	129
9.	-	-	311	-	-	156	-	-	-
10.	61,4	97	507	35,7	153	263	70,6	174	255
11.	-	-	203	-	-	132	-	-	-
12.	-	-	228	-	-	90	-	-	-
13.	8,5	44	261	1,6	47	94	30,3	56	75
14.	5,8	56	304	1,0	63	130	23,5	22	53
15.	8,5	63	242	1,8	76	162	34,7	105	130
16.	53,9	76	332	54,6	81	101	47,6	76	102
17.	-	145	381	52,6	24	88	16,0	19	91
18.	-	-	178	-	-	102	-	-	-
19.	8,1	122	256	32,4	145	203	92,2	139	166
20.	77,1	129	372	109,3	140	145	75,0	85	101
21.	-	122	289	48,4	117	187	61,9	110	138
22.	67,2	142	286	70,1	118	152	77,0	123	113
23.	54,4	92	254	62,2	72	104	45,4	63	90
24.	-	-	176	22,8	-	60	11,5	-	80
25.	-	-	49	-	-	58	-	-	-
26.	32,1	-	102	16,7	15	51	18,5	19	42
27.	52,5	87	295	50,4	79	169	39,8	54	73
28.	32,8	18	52	35,0	13	56	28,1	16	89
29.	28,8	71	245	41,0	76	185	49,7	88	114
30.	31,9	124	402	24,6	109	250	18,5	120	138

TABLE XI

RaB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^3$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods: a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: May 1971 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	-	-	282	-	-	193	-	-	-
2.	-	-	203	-	-	190	-	-	-
3.	51,5	-	220	49,6	118	207	53,9	100	155
4.	67,6	91	220	70,0	98	195	92,6	95	194
5.	75,8	90	329	64,8	68	207	45,7	76	198
6.	39,3	64	299	53,1	49	140	61,4	79	110
7.	36,6	52	306	31,8	68	126	62,3	65	100
8.	30,3	-	429	37,3	-	317	26,4	-	223
9.	-	-	336	-	-	100	-	-	-
10.	49,2	-	395	65,6	130	247	32,7	47	144
11.	39,4	77	204	41,1	81	179	47,4	49	95
12.	28,5	56	185	49,0	53	68	53,0	80	103
13.	131,3	134	340	90,4	125	128	42,7	66	91
14.	35,9	29	260	13,6	8	128	28,0	61	139
15.	33,9	43	398	39,7	87	154	52,3	73	81
16.	-	-	228	-	-	75	-	-	-
17.	19,5	111	172	34,9	45	113	52,3	86	117
18.	29,0	129	277	40,2	39	103	45,4	45	111
19.	23,0	50	150	44,8	52	79	67,5	54	97
20.	-	-	251	-	-	158	-	-	-
21.	58,0	128	203	62,8	94	94	44,1	27	73
22.	19,5	33	174	35,5	46	69	45,8	39	78
23.	-	-	213	-	-	159	-	-	-
24.	85,2	110	289	84,7	97	118	72,2	53	114
25.	71,5	70	168	57,6	74	116	45,9	69	112
26.	31,1	42	128	48,8	41	102	35,8	25	58
27.	25,7	29	190	40,5	15	153	55,2	39	144
28.	24,6	44	147	25,0	56	89	14,3	21	69
29.	19,7	24	111	33,2	23	78	30,7	35	80
30.	-	-	148	-	-	121	-	-	-
31.	-	-	308	-	-	145	-	-	-

TABLE III

RaB in air; units $10^{-12} \mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2$

Station Designations: Z Zugspitze 2964 m a.s.l.
 W Wank 1780 m a.s.l.
 G Garmisch-Partenkirchen 730 m a.s.l.

Measurement periods : a = 2150 - 0920, b = 0950 - 1220,
 c = 1250 - 1620. (Central European Time)

Month: June 1971 ("No measurement" is denoted by: -)

	a			b			c		
	Z	W	G	Z	W	G	Z	W	G
1.	25,7	101	450	25,7	89	165	21,0	75	104
2.	31,6	54	223	64,7	130	198	93,3	65	123
3.	54,8	102	368	87,3	98	158	97,6	78	142
4.	72,8	107	274	90,4	146	203	94,8	115	159
5.	42,4	83	201	47,4	68	96	72,2	49	97
6.	-	-	346	-	-	147	-	-	-
7.	26,9	62	251	22,7	40	150	21,6	70	113
8.	16,5	17	300	20,1	21	228	20,9	39	102
9.	30,1	47	299	32,4	47	193	47,6	65	96
10.	-	-	209	-	-	37	-	-	-
11.	34,4	32	121	10,0	12	54	30,2	10	55
12.	8,3	13	73	17,3	17	53	21,5	21	37
13.	-	-	169	-	-	39	-	-	-
14.	28,7	69	171	44,0	46	110	75,8	68	128
15.	60,6	80	99	12,4	4	29	2,0	5	27
16.	7,3	17	73	6,6	21	34	19,6	16	30
17.	-	-	150	-	-	67	-	-	-
18.	12,7	71	329	11,6	12	74	9,1	8	39
19.	-	26	206	5,9	7	91	1,3	13	89
20.	-	-	51	-	-	73	-	-	-
21.	-	39	110	-	14	43	-	12	48
22.	28,9	59	218	55,6	101	116	26,1	17	53
23.	44,4	58	111	42,5	37	81	43,5	32	76
24.	71,5	96	379	87,3	112	261	84,0	53	252
25.	40,3	40	391	48,1	93	187	71,8	71	96
26.	63,5	87	297	84,7	81	135	107,1	81	101
27.	-	-	61	-	-	55	-	-	-
28.	52,9	53	134	53,6	61	116	54,2	44	74
29.	5,1	9	26	7,2	11	25	6,9	8	33
30.	6,3	14	101	8,0	16	77	4,3	11	57

5. The Computer Program

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PMT 1-TEEL TAB IN MM

KOPF 3
PRINT 3. TEIL TAB IN MM

MP-1

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TAB • SPE •

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0509 ZBA000      LDW/ TAB,X
050C 877FA0      LDR= X'7FA0'
050F 1708        JWP SNE
0511 6170        JWP SNE
      0
      0
      0 MP 1 PRINT PORTSETSLNG 1 NR. 01 0
0513 0E1170      SNE RTW/ WRE
0516 0E1049      RTW/ WRE
0519 0E1189      RTW/ P73
051C 4805CE      RTW/ NET
051F ZBA000      LDW/ TAB,X
0522 877FA0      LDR= X'7FA0'
0525 1708        JAX
0527 6170        JWP SNE+6
0529 0E1170      RTW/ WRE
0532 S7000F      LDR= 15
0535 87000F      PAO LDR/ AMB,X
0538 0E000F      RTW/ OUT
0539 48        DEC
053B 1D9F      REX PAO
053E 0E1170      RTW/ WRE
0539 0E1049      JWP/ WRE
053E 0E1018      RJU ATW/ NO1
0541 0E100B      SNE RTW/ NET
0544 0E000F      RTW/ P71
0547 7FA000      LDW/ TAB,X
054A 877FA0      LDR= X'7FA0'
054B 1708        JAX SNE
054F 6170        JWP SNE
0551 0E1170      SNE RTW/ WRE
0554 8E1048      RTW/ Z08
0557 0E1189      RTW/ P73
055A 4805CE      RTW/ NET
055C ZBA000      LDW/ TAB,X
055F 0E000F      LDR= X'7FA0'
0563 1708        JAX 0+4
0565 6170        JWP SNE
0567 0E1170      RTW/ WRE
056A 870001      LDR= 17
056D ZBA07F      PAO LDR/ AMB,X
0570 0E000F      RTW/ OUT
0573 48        DEC
0576 1D9F      REX WRE
057A 0E1170      RTW/ PAA
0579 0E1088      JWP/ WRE
057C 0E1019      RJU RTW/ NO1
057F 0E10C0      SNE RTW/ P71
0582 4805CE      RTW/ NET
0585 ZBA000      LDW/ TAB,X
0588 877FA0      LDR= X'7FA0'
058B 1708        JAX SNE
058D 6170        JWP SNE
058F 0E1170      SNE RTW/ WRE
0592 0E1049      RTW/ NO3
0595 0E1189      SLE RTW/ P73
0598 4805CE      RTW/ NET
059B ZBA000      LDW/ TAB,X

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[illegible]

K1

mi

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*
* UP-6: VOI VOLL MIT 4.2.0DER VORZEI. *
*
0470 0000      DC  **
0471 00      R04
0472 72BA      STV  VOI+8
0473 00      R03
0474 72BA      LDR= X'ABBO'
0475 72BA      STV  VOI
0476 4373      JMP= UP0
*
0477 0000      UP1  DC  **
0478 00      R03
0479 72BA      STV  VOI+3
0480 72BA      LDR= X'ABBOB'
0481 72BA      STV  VOI
0482 4373      JMP= UP1
*
0483 0000      UP8  DC  **
0484 00      R01
0485 72BA      STV  VOI
0486 4373      JMP= UP8
*
* UP3 : IN PL *
*
0487 0000      UP3  DC  **
0488 00      R03
0489 72BA      LDR= A'VOI'
0490 72BA      STV  C00
0491 72BA      RTJ/ C00
0492 00      R04
0493 4373      JMP= UP3
*
* UP4 : TRANS. IN DEE *
*
0494 0000      UP4  DC  **
0495 00      LDR= X'APAF'
0496 72BA      R03
0497 00      R03
0498 72BA      LDR= X'APAF'
0499 72BA      JMP= AC4
0500 00      R04
0501 72BA      LDR= A'VOE'
0502 72BA      RTJ/ EDF
0503 4373      JMP= UP4
*
* DEE : CONV. V. EDF IN DEE-FORM *
*
0504 0000      DEE  DC  **
0505 00      RTJ/ UP4
0506 00      R01
0507 00      LDR= VOE+10
0508 72BA      STV  VOE+11
0509 00      R03
0510 72BA      LDR= VOE+11
0511 72BA      LDR= X'ABBO'
0512 72BA      MAX  D00

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0781 870003      LDR= 5
0782 870003      RTJ/ UDE
0783 00      R04
0784 8700      LDR= VOE+8
0785 8700      STV  VOE+9
0786 00      R01
0787 72BA      LDR= VOE+4
0788 72BA      STV  VOE+5
0789 611E      JMP  D07
0790 870004      DE4  LDR= 4
0791 870004      RTJ/ UDE
0792 00      R04
0793 870004      LDR= VOE+8
0794 870004      STV  VOE+9
0795 611E      JMP  D07
0796 870004      DE5  RTJ/ DE1
0797 870004      LDR= 5
0798 870004      RTJ/ UDE
0799 00      R03
0800 8700      LDR= VOE+8
0801 72BA      STV  VOE+9
0802 611E      JMP  D07
0803 870004      DE6  RTJ/ DE1
0804 870004      LDR= 6
0805 870004      RTJ/ UDE
0806 00      R03
0807 8700      LDR= VOE+8
0808 72BA      STV  VOE+9
0809 611E      JMP  D07
0810 870004      DE7  RTJ/ AR0
0811 870004      LDR= DEE
*
* UP-8 : HILFSPRO. *
*
0812 0000      UDE  DC  **
0813 00      R01
0814 8700      LDR= X'BO'
0815 8700      STV/ VOE+X
0816 00      D00
0817 1308      JRE  D00
0818 6173      JMP  D00
0819 4373      DE0  JMP= UDE
*
0820 0000      DE1  DC  **
0821 00      R01
0822 8700      LDR= VOE
0823 8700      STV  VOE
0824 4373      JMP= DE1
*
* UP-9 : DATEN IN PL *
*
0825 0000      PPL  DC  **
0826 00      R04
0827 8700      LDR  ZTA
0828 8700      LDR/ TAB+5,X
0829 8700      RTJ/ UP0
0830 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0831 8700      RTJ/ DEE

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04CC 8707AG      RTJ/ DE1
04CD 00      R04
04CE 8700      LDR  VOE+8
04CF 8700      STV  VOE+9
04D0 8700      LDR  VOE+4
04D1 8700      STV  VOE+5
04D2 8700      LDR  VOE+1
04D3 8700      STV  VOE+2
04D4 8700      LDR  VOE+3
04D5 8700      STV  VOE+4
04D6 8700      LDR  VOE+5
04D7 8700      STV  VOE+6
04D8 8700      LDR  VOE+7
04D9 8700      STV  VOE+8
04DA 8700      LDR  VOE+9
04DB 8700      STV  VOE+10
04DC 8700      LDR  VOE+11
04DD 8700      STV  VOE+12
04DE 8700      LDR  VOE+13
04DF 8700      STV  VOE+14
04E0 8700      LDR  VOE+15
04E1 8700      STV  VOE+16
04E2 8700      LDR  VOE+17
04E3 8700      STV  VOE+18
04E4 8700      LDR  VOE+19
04E5 8700      STV  VOE+20
04E6 8700      LDR  VOE+21
04E7 8700      STV  VOE+22
04E8 8700      LDR  VOE+23
04E9 8700      STV  VOE+24
04EA 8700      LDR  VOE+25
04EB 8700      STV  VOE+26
04EC 8700      LDR  VOE+27
04ED 8700      STV  VOE+28
04EE 8700      LDR  VOE+29
04EF 8700      STV  VOE+30
04F0 8700      LDR  VOE+31
04F1 8700      STV  VOE+32
04F2 8700      LDR  VOE+33
04F3 8700      STV  VOE+34
04F4 8700      LDR  VOE+35
04F5 8700      STV  VOE+36
04F6 8700      LDR  VOE+37
04F7 8700      STV  VOE+38
04F8 8700      LDR  VOE+39
04F9 8700      STV  VOE+40
0500 8700      LDR  VOE+41
0501 8700      STV  VOE+42
0502 8700      LDR  VOE+43
0503 8700      STV  VOE+44
0504 8700      LDR  VOE+45
0505 8700      STV  VOE+46
0506 8700      LDR  VOE+47
0507 8700      STV  VOE+48
0508 8700      LDR  VOE+49
0509 8700      STV  VOE+50
0510 8700      LDR  VOE+51
0511 8700      STV  VOE+52
0512 8700      LDR  VOE+53
0513 8700      STV  VOE+54
0514 8700      LDR  VOE+55
0515 8700      STV  VOE+56
0516 8700      LDR  VOE+57
0517 8700      STV  VOE+58
0518 8700      LDR  VOE+59
0519 8700      STV  VOE+60
0520 8700      LDR  VOE+61
0521 8700      STV  VOE+62
0522 8700      LDR  VOE+63
0523 8700      STV  VOE+64
0524 8700      LDR  VOE+65
0525 8700      STV  VOE+66
0526 8700      LDR  VOE+67
0527 8700      STV  VOE+68
0528 8700      LDR  VOE+69
0529 8700      STV  VOE+70
0530 8700      LDR  VOE+71
0531 8700      STV  VOE+72
0532 8700      LDR  VOE+73
0533 8700      STV  VOE+74
0534 8700      LDR  VOE+75
0535 8700      STV  VOE+76
0536 8700      LDR  VOE+77
0537 8700      STV  VOE+78
0538 8700      LDR  VOE+79
0539 8700      STV  VOE+80
0540 8700      LDR  VOE+81
0541 8700      STV  VOE+82
0542 8700      LDR  VOE+83
0543 8700      STV  VOE+84
0544 8700      LDR  VOE+85
0545 8700      STV  VOE+86
0546 8700      LDR  VOE+87
0547 8700      STV  VOE+88
0548 8700      LDR  VOE+89
0549 8700      STV  VOE+90
0550 8700      LDR  VOE+91
0551 8700      STV  VOE+92
0552 8700      LDR  VOE+93
0553 8700      STV  VOE+94
0554 8700      LDR  VOE+95
0555 8700      STV  VOE+96
0556 8700      LDR  VOE+97
0557 8700      STV  VOE+98
0558 8700      LDR  VOE+99
0559 8700      STV  VOE+100

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07C0 72BA      STV  P
07C1 72BA      JMP= PPL
*
07C2 0000      TPL  DC  **
07C3 00      R03
07C4 8700      LDR  ZTA
07C5 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07C6 8700      RTJ/ UP1
07C7 00      R01
07C8 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07C9 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07CA 8700      LDR  ZTA
07CB 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07CC 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07CD 8700      LDR  ZTA
07CE 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07CF 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07D0 8700      LDR  ZTA
07D1 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07D2 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07D3 8700      LDR  ZTA
07D4 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07D5 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07D6 8700      LDR  ZTA
07D7 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07D8 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07D9 8700      LDR  ZTA
07DA 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07DB 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07DC 8700      LDR  ZTA
07DD 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07DE 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07DF 8700      LDR  ZTA
07E0 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07E1 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07E2 8700      LDR  ZTA
07E3 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07E4 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07E5 8700      LDR  ZTA
07E6 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07E7 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07E8 8700      LDR  ZTA
07E9 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07EA 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07EB 8700      LDR  ZTA
07EC 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07ED 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07EE 8700      LDR  ZTA
07EF 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07F0 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07F1 8700      LDR  ZTA
07F2 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07F3 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07F4 8700      LDR  ZTA
07F5 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07F6 8700      RTJ/ UP3
07F7 8700      LDR  ZTA
07F8 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
07F9 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0800 8700      LDR  ZTA
0801 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0802 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0803 8700      LDR  ZTA
0804 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0805 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0806 8700      LDR  ZTA
0807 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0808 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0809 8700      LDR  ZTA
0810 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0811 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0812 8700      LDR  ZTA
0813 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0814 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0815 8700      LDR  ZTA
0816 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0817 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0818 8700      LDR  ZTA
0819 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0820 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0821 8700      LDR  ZTA
0822 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0823 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0824 8700      LDR  ZTA
0825 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0826 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0827 8700      LDR  ZTA
0828 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0829 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0830 8700      LDR  ZTA
0831 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0832 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0833 8700      LDR  ZTA
0834 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0835 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0836 8700      LDR  ZTA
0837 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0838 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0839 8700      LDR  ZTA
0840 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0841 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0842 8700      LDR  ZTA
0843 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0844 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0845 8700      LDR  ZTA
0846 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0847 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0848 8700      LDR  ZTA
0849 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0850 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0851 8700      LDR  ZTA
0852 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0853 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0854 8700      LDR  ZTA
0855 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0856 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0857 8700      LDR  ZTA
0858 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0859 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0860 8700      LDR  ZTA
0861 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0862 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0863 8700      LDR  ZTA
0864 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0865 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0866 8700      LDR  ZTA
0867 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0868 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0869 8700      LDR  ZTA
0870 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0871 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0872 8700      LDR  ZTA
0873 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0874 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0875 8700      LDR  ZTA
0876 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0877 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0878 8700      LDR  ZTA
0879 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0880 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0881 8700      LDR  ZTA
0882 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0883 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0884 8700      LDR  ZTA
0885 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0886 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0887 8700      LDR  ZTA
0888 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0889 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0890 8700      LDR  ZTA
0891 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0892 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0893 8700      LDR  ZTA
0894 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0895 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0896 8700      LDR  ZTA
0897 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0898 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0899 8700      LDR  ZTA
0900 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0901 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0902 8700      LDR  ZTA
0903 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0904 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0905 8700      LDR  ZTA
0906 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0907 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0908 8700      LDR  ZTA
0909 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0910 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0911 8700      LDR  ZTA
0912 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0913 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0914 8700      LDR  ZTA
0915 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0916 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0917 8700      LDR  ZTA
0918 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0919 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0920 8700      LDR  ZTA
0921 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0922 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0923 8700      LDR  ZTA
0924 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0925 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0926 8700      LDR  ZTA
0927 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0928 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0929 8700      LDR  ZTA
0930 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0931 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0932 8700      LDR  ZTA
0933 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0934 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0935 8700      LDR  ZTA
0936 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0937 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0938 8700      LDR  ZTA
0939 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0940 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0941 8700      LDR  ZTA
0942 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0943 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0944 8700      LDR  ZTA
0945 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0946 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0947 8700      LDR  ZTA
0948 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0949 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0950 8700      LDR  ZTA
0951 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0952 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0953 8700      LDR  ZTA
0954 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0955 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0956 8700      LDR  ZTA
0957 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0958 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0959 8700      LDR  ZTA
0960 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0961 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0962 8700      LDR  ZTA
0963 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0964 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0965 8700      LDR  ZTA
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0968 8700      LDR  ZTA
0969 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0970 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0971 8700      LDR  ZTA
0972 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0973 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0974 8700      LDR  ZTA
0975 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0976 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0977 8700      LDR  ZTA
0978 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0979 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0980 8700      LDR  ZTA
0981 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0982 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0983 8700      LDR  ZTA
0984 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0985 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0986 8700      LDR  ZTA
0987 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0988 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0989 8700      LDR  ZTA
0990 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0991 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0992 8700      LDR  ZTA
0993 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0994 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0995 8700      LDR  ZTA
0996 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X
0997 8700      RTJ/ UP3
0998 8700      LDR  ZTA
0999 8700      LDR/ TAB+10,X

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0A28 $E17D1 RTJ/ DUF
0A29 $E2C STV E88
0A2B $700D4 LDH= A'E2T'
0A30 $E1733 RTJ/ HLP
0A32 78D4 STV E2T
0A37 E8D8 LDH E2I
0A40 $7E8E1 LDH= A'K86'
0A4A $E17D1 RTJ/ DUF
0A4B 78E8 STV E2I
0A49 $E2C STV E88
0A4B $700D4 LDH= A'E2S'
0A4E $E1733 RTJ/ HLP
0A51 78E0 STV E2S
0A53 E8D4 LDH E2T
0A55 $700D4 LDH= A'E2I'
0A58 $E1678 RTJ/ ADP
0A5B $700D3 LDH= A'E2S'
0A5E $E1681 RTJ/ S8D
0A61 $700D6 LDH= A'K86'
0A64 $E1678 RTJ/ ADP
0A67 E8BC STV I7
0A6A $78D09 LDH/ KTH
0A6C $7E8E8 LDH= A'K8'
0A6F $E17D1 RTJ/ DUF
0A78 78D8 STV E2I
0A7A E8E8 LDH I7
0A7E $700D4 LDH= A'E2I'
0A79 $E1681 RTJ/ S8D
0A7D 788C STV I7
0A7E $3D4 JMP= P28

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• PPS : VELGHE ELKE VERDEN BENUTZT : NR. 17 •

0A80 0000	FF3	00	40	
0A80 00AA		LDR	RX	
0A8A 44		IMF		
0A85 4888		STX	EVN	
0A87 00B8	5F3	LDR	EVN	
0A89 09		MOB		
0A8A 82A000		LDR/	0P2,X	
0A8D 407C		LDR	27A	
0A8F 02A651		CMV/	YAB+1,X	
0A99 1009		JCV	SP1	
0A9A 10B8		LDA	EVN	
0A96 A700C7		ADA	7	
0A99 00B8		STA	EVN	
0A9B 612A		JMP	5F3	
0A9D 10B8	FF1	LDA	EVN	20-201E
0A9F A700C7		ADA	7	
0A9A 00FA		STA	ASP	
0AA4 432A		JMP	FF3	21-201E IN ASP

* DATEN Z1,Z2,RAD-1,RAD-2,Z IN FL ; NR. 18 *

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0000 0000      PF4      DC      **
0000 0000      LEX      ASP
0000 0000      RTJ      HIR

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080C 878A09	LDM	A'K9'	
080F 8E17D1	RTJ	DVP	
0838 878DC	STV	S20	B
083A 858D	LDM	ZW1	
083C 878AED	LDM	A'K99'	39
0839 8E1733	RTJ	MLP	
0830 878AD1	LDM	A'K9'	
083F 8E17D1	RTJ	DVP	
0848 808D	STV	S21	
084A 88A5F1	LDM	HLK	0806J IN EVI 1ST I
084F 878A39	LDM	A'K9'	
084E 8E17D1	RTJ	DVP	
0848 808A	STV	S20	D
084F 838D	LDM	ZW1	
0851 87005A	LDM	A'Z10A'	
085A 8E1681	RTJ	S2F	
0867 8700D	STV	Z21	E-D
0869 8860	LDM	L	
0838 8700EE	LDM	A'HL'	
083E 8E1723	RTJ	MLP	
0841 870009	LDM	A'K9K'	37186
084A 8E1723	RTJ	MLP	
084F 878AD1	LDM	A'K9'	
086A 8E17D1	RTJ	DVP	
086D 8E1687	RTJ	LDM	
0870 8700D9	LDM	A'ZV1'	
0873 8E1723	RTJ	MLP	
0876 8700BC	LDM	A'Z9B'	
0879 8E1678	RTJ	ADF	
0870 8700B4	LDM	A'ZV7'	
087F 8E1681	RTJ	S2F	
0888 8E1A88	RTJ	Z2N	
0888 878A	STV	N	
088F 8700B	JMP	PSA	

• FORMEL LAR ...NL I NR. 80 •

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0080A 0000          DC      99
0080C 00          R0A
0080D 02EAF1      LDV/   N1H          2000
00900 07EAB9      LDH=   A'KH'
00903 0217D1      RT/J/  DVF
00906 70DC        STV     LVR
00909 0000        LDV     LVA
0090A 021012      RT/J/  LLD
0090D 70EA        STV     LVA          LQO PAD
0090F 07EABE      LDH=   A'KH9'          35
00A00 021733      RT/J/  WLF
00A03 07EABE      LDH=   A'KH'
00A06 0217D1      RT/J/  DVF
00A09 0700DC      LDH=   A'LVH'
00A0E 021001      RT/J/  SW
00B00 70DC        STV     LVR
00B03 02EAB9      LDV/   KKS          19458
00B06 07EAB9      LDH=   A'KH'
00B09 0217D1      RT/J/  DVF
00B0C 70E0        STV     LVR
00B0E 02EAE      LDV     LVA

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0AAD	PHED	STV	Z43	
0AAF	ROFA	LEF	ASP	IN Z43 1ST ZI IN NM
0AB1	SEDAFR	RTJF	MIF	
0AB6	FOE	STV	EVF	NAB-1
0AB6	FOE	LDX	X48	
0AB8	SEDAEA	RTJF	MIF	
0AB8	FOEA	STV	EVF	2B IN NM
0ABD	FOE	LDX	X48	
0ABF	SEDAEA	RTJF	MIF	
0ABF	FOEA	STV	EVF	NAB-8
0AC6	FOE	LDX	X48	
0AC7	SEDAE	RTJF	MIF	
0AC8	SEDAE	LDX	X48	
0AC8	FOE	LDX	X48	
0AC7	SEDAE	LDX	X48	
0AC8	SEDAE	RTJF	UPI	
0AC9	SEDAE	RTJF	UPI	
0ACD	SEDAE	LDX	X48	100
0AD3	SEDAE	RTJF	DUF	
0AD6	FOE	STV	EVF	
0AD6	SEDAE	RTJF	UPI	
0AD6	SEDAE	LDX	X48	IN 1ST 1ST E IN NM

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QAGB 0000	RTJ/	PF1
QAGC 6E0A80	RTJ/	PF3
QADP 6E0A86	RTJ/	PF4
QAE0 6E09F0	RTJ/	PF1
QAE5 6E0A14	RTJ/	PF8
QAE8 6370	JMP	PF7

• NLR DC AA

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0000 0000      DC      00
0001 0000      R03
0002 0000      LDW/    BPS,K
0003 0000      RTW/    UP1
0004 0000      RTW/    UP2
0005 0000      LDR=    A'K0'
0006 0000      RTW/    DVP
0007 0000      JWP=    NIE

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• **Site** **Size** **Age**

OB0A	070	HIF	LC	W
OB0C	E8A003		LDAI	SPE=3,H
OB0D	6E0678		RTHJ	UP0
OB0E	6E0693		RTHJ	UP3
OB0F	63F9		JMP	HIF

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• PDA : FORMEL PUEA M : NR.- 19 •

FOIA DC 00

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0B0D 0B          R04
0B0E E49C        LDV  1T
0B10 07ABE1      LDW= A'XK6'          SC
0B13 6E1733      RJW  MLP
0B1A 6F1B1E      RJW  LCB

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BTU EW
LDR A'KUT? 033

0818	081733	RTJ	MLF	
0821	072809	LDM	A'W8'	
0824	081701	RTJ	CVF	
0827	0804	STV	LEV	
0829	082829	LDM	MX8	18408

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08C0 078A85      LDW  A'HK7'      450
08C1 081733      RTJ  HL7
08C2 078A89      LDR  A'HB'
08C3 0817D1      RTJ  DUP
08C4 07C079      LDR  A'ROK'
08C5 081678      RTJ  ADP
08C6 07C080      LDR  A'VB'
08C7 0816E1      RTJ  SFP
08C8 07C0DC      LDR  A'VB'
08C9 0817D1      RTJ  DUP
08CA 07C0C      STV  SV1
08CB 082B01      LDW  HMB
08CC 078A89      LDR  A'KB'
08CD 0817D1      RTJ  DUP
08CE 07C0C      STV  SV2
08CF 08D0      LDW  SV1
08D0 07C0DC      LDR  A'VB'
08D1 0816E1      RTJ  SFP
08D2 081A86      RTJ  EDK
08D3 07C07E      LDR  A'LV'
08D4 0817D1      RTJ  DUP
08D5 07C0E      STV  HL
08D6 07C084      STV  SV2

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      * LN -EXPERT RECOMMEN / NR 8: *
      *
0C01 0000      PG3      DC      **
0C03 87B100      LDA=    X'SIDE'
0C04 87DC      STA      SLS

```

LDH: 0

```

DC08 087C          STX  STA
DC0D 007C          LDX  STA
DC0F 00           ROB
DC10 REASOI        LCV/  TAB+1,X
DC13 00DC          LEX  Z4B
DC16 1206

```

JAX BCB
RTJ/ NFI

OC1A 01P1		JMP	SOB
OC1C 0K07FC	SGS	RTJ	LTJ
OC1F 0Z0H11		RTJ	LNF
OC00 0Z0H-1		RTJ	PFX
OC00 0H0C		LDV	L
OC07 70P6		STV	L6
OC00 1J00		JMP	PGJ

•

OCB 0000
OCB 000A
OCB 44

51X A9P

OC12 POFA	SOW	LPX	AS1
OC14 09		POE	
OC16 E6A000		LGX/	FFEX
OC18 87W1B6		LDFX	X'bligh'
OC1B 1709		JAY	SQ1
OC1D E0FA		LEA	AS2

504 481

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1377 8200CE RTJ/ RET
1378 821018 RTJ/ TAN
1379 82A031 LDV/ TAB+49,X
1400 82BC STV ZVS
1402 82BD LDV ZVI
1404 8200DC LDV A'EVS
1407 821018 RTJ/ SBT
140A 812A JNP VY3
140B 820000 VYA LDX D
140F 82TC STA STA
1411 821000 RTJ/ SWV
141A 1000 JNP VY3
141B 817F JNP VY3
141C 820083 JNP SBT
141D 0000
141E 00
141F 82A000 LDV/ TAB+X
1421 827F00 JAX VY8
142A 1703 LDX STA
142B 807C RQA TAN
142C 08 JNP VYA
142D 827F JNP VYA
142E 8210DC VY8
142F 00
1430 0000 DC
1431 807C LDX STA
1432 82A001 LDV/ TAB+1,X
1433 82008A RTJ/ SBT
1434 08 RQA
1435 8200 LDX W03E
1436 807C LDX STA
1437 82A001 STV/ TAB+1,X
1438 822E86 RTJ/ PHV
1439 822E JNP PHV
1444 822E

144A 8200DC1
144B C1000CE
144C 82A000
144D 820000
144E C100
144F 820000
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13. ABSTRACT

The investigations continued during the reporting period essentially as
described in preceding reports. The objectives were:
a. To shield the cable car telemetry systems against all effects of the
weather and to obtain by them homogeneous series of recordings;
b. to develop and apply the physical and mathematical bases for the
complete numeric evaluation of the recording runs, up to and including
computation of the incremental exchange coefficients;
c. to continually record at the three stations the Aitken nuclei con-
centrations, natural radioactivity (RaB, RaC), and polar conductivities,
and to utilize them in the evaluations; and
d. to derive initial deductions from the results.
The entire evaluation technique was completely changed. A new computer
(Intertechnique Multi 8) with 12 k words (1 word = 9 bit) affords us
the possibility to perform the entirety of all computation processes in
one single operation, and to print them out in tables. ()

Key words:

Aerosol; gradient; troposphere; boundary layer; exchange coefficient.

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