

# U.S. NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE **GEOMAGNETIC SURVEYS** 1953-1965

**BROCHURE No. 3** 

Magnetics Division U. S. NAVAL ACADEMY

1966

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HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS DEPARTMENT **U. S. NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE** WASHINGTON, D. C. 20390

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### ABSTRACT

Since 1953, the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office has conducted geomagnetic surveys over various ocean areas of the world. Information on survey locations, dates, navigational control, track patterns, data format, and availibility of geomagnetic technical reports, charts, and other publications is presented.

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

### A. General

The U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office has been conducting geomagnetic investigations of ocean areas since the initiation of Project MAGNET surveys in 1953. These world-wide airborne surveys provide information for computing and charting all elements of the earth's magnetic field. With the introduction of the proton precession magnetometer, total magnetic intensity measurements could be made routinely from steel-hull ships. Shipboard magnetic surveys have been conducted by this Office since 1957. The information derived from these airborne and shipboard magnetic surveys is necessary to provide for safe navigation of ships and aircraft, to meet special Naval requirements, and to support the scientific research programs of the United States.

The purpose of this brochure is to present a brief description of geomagnetic surveys accomplished by the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office since April 1953 and to provide information on the format and availability of the resulting data. It is anticipated that this basic brochure will be brought up to date by annual supplements. This publication revises and replaces the Geomagnetic Survey Information Brochure No. 2 previously distributed by the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office.

This brochure is made available to assist other organizations in their survey planning and research investigations. It is requested that similar information be provided to this Office on an exchange basis to avoid duplication of survey and research efforts.

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### B. Instrumentation

Airborne magnetic measurements are made with a Naval Ordnance Laboratory Vector Airborne Magnetometer (VAM-2). Using this magnetometer system, total magnetic intensity, inclination, and declination are determined to the following respective accuracies:  $\pm$  15 gammas,  $\pm$  0.1 degree, and  $\pm$  0.2 degree. To reduce the effects of aircraft motion, angular measurements are averaged over a 100 second period centered on each 5 minute GMT. The observed data are recorded on continuous analog strip charts and, since 1964, are sampled and recorded digitally every three seconds by a magnetic tape recording system.

The Project MAGNET survey aircraft are air swung over the Coast and Geodetic Survey Magnetic Observatory at Fredericksburg, Virginia to compensate for the disturbing effects of the aircraft's magnetic field and to determine VAM-2 alignment errors. The VAM-2 is calibrated and standardized periodically in the laboratory and at the Fredericksburg Magnetic Observatory.

All shipboard magnetic measurements are made with proton precession magnetometers which record total magnetic intensity with an absolute accuracy of  $\pm$  1-2 gammas. Measurements are made at 2 to 6 second time intervals continuously underway. The sensor unit is towed 500 to 1000 feet astern of the survey ship to minimize the effects of the ship's magnetic field. Data are recorded with time on analog and digital recorders.

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### **II. SPECIAL GEOMAGNETIC SURVEYS**

The U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office has conducted detailed geomagnetic surveys with aircraft in response to specific requirements, or on an opportunity basis aboard ships while they were engaged in some other priority survey mission. These special surveys are usually conducted on a regular grid track pattern and often produce sufficient data for the construction of contour charts. Data collected along tracks to and from the survey areas provide profile information in areas where frequently no other geomagnetic data are available.

The survey locations and descriptions are presented on the following pages. The resultant data are usually presented as contour charts or profiles in technical or informal reports along with a discussion of the survey conditions, instrumentation, data processing, and in some instances, analysis and interpretation.



U.S. NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE SPECIAL AIRBORNE MAGNETIC SURVEYS





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### A. Airborne Surveys



1.

Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: May 1957

Navigational Control: Loran-A, Doppler radar

Miles Surveyed: 38,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 5-mile spacing, NW-SE track orientation

Altitude: 1000 feet

Data Format: Total intensity, inclination, vertical intensity, horizontal intensity, and residual total intensity contour charts.

Reports: Technical Report 166, "A Study of Aeromagnetic Data - New England Seamount Area."



### 2. Charleston Rise Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: April 1957 Navigational Control: Loran-A, Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 31,000 square miles Track Pattern: 5-mile spacing, NW-SE track orientation Altitude: 1000 feet

Data Format: Total intensity, residual magnetic intensity contour charts.

### 3. Puerto Rico Trench Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: July 1962 Navigational Control: Loran-A, visual, Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 49,000 square miles Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, N-S track orientation Altitude: 1000 feet over water; 10,000 feet over land Data Format: Total intensity, residual magnetic intensity contour charts. Reports: Informal Manuscript Report No. M-1-63, "Preliminary Report on Special Aeromagnetic Survey Puerto Rico Trench."

### 4. North Arabian Sea Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: January 1961

Navigational Control: Dead reckoning and celestial

Miles Surveyed: 130,000 square miles

Track Pattern: Radial pattern south from Karachi, Pakistan; maximum spacing of radials averaged 45 miles

Altitude: 1000 feet

Data Format: Total intensity contour chart.

### 5. Midway Islands Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: April 1963 Navigational Control: Ground radar, Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 2400 square miles Track Pattern: One-mile spacing, NE-SW track orientation Altitude: 500, 2000, 6000 feet Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.

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### 6. Plantagenet Bank Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: January 1961

Navigational Control: Loran-C

Miles Surveyed: 52 square miles

Track Pattern: 1/2-mile spacing, E-W track orientation

Altitude: 500 feet

Data Format: Contour charts of total magnetic intensity, inclination, declination, anomalous X, Y, and Z components of the earth's field.

Reports: Technical Report 144, "A Study of Aeromagnetic Component Data Plantagenet Bank."



Location Chart

Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: October - November 1963

Navigational Control: Loran-A

Miles Surveyed: 58,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 2-4 nautical mile spacing, tracks flown along Loran-A rates generally orientated NW-SE.

Altitude: 1500 feet

Data Format: Total intensity and residual total intensity charts.

Report: Informal Report No. H-3-65, "An Airborne Geomagnetic Survey of the Reykjanes Ridge, 1963."



Survey Dates: November 1963 and February 1964

Navigational Control: Visual, aircraft radar

Miles Surveyed: 3600 square miles (Surtsey Island), 1100 square miles (Surtsey and South Iceland)

Track Pattern: One-mile spacing at 2000 feet; 2-mile spacing at 6000 feet; NW-SE track orientation at both levels

Altitude: 2000 feet (Surtsey) and 6000 feet (Surtsey and South Iceland)

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour charts.

Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

9. Aeromagnetic Survey of the Skagerrak



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: September 1958 Navigational Control: Visual, aircraft radar, and Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 5500 square miles Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing; N-S track orientation Altitude: 1000 feet Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.

### 10. Aeromagnetic Survey St. Paul and St. Peter Rocks



Location Chart

Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: July 1963

Navigational Control: Aircraft radar and Doppler radar

Miles Surveyed: 3600 square miles

Track Pattern: Radial pattern, maximum spacing of radials averaged 25 miles

Altitude: 500 and 1000 feet

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.

11. Aeromagnetic Survey of Eastern Virginia



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: October 1961

Navigational Control: Visual fixes and Doppler radar

Miles Surveyed: 10,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 15-mile spacing, E-W track orientation

Altitude: 1800 to 3600 feet

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity and second vertical derivative contour charts.

Reports: Informal Manuscript Report No. M-10-63, "An Interpretation of an Aeromagnetic and Gravity Survey of Eastern Virginia."





Aircraft: WV-2 BUNO 126513

Survey Dates: September 1959

Navigational Control: Ground radar

Miles Surveyed: 3600 square miles

Track Pattern: 2-mile spacing, N-S, E-W track grid.

Altitude: 20,000 feet

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity, inclination, and declination contour charts.



Aircraft: NC-121 BUNO 145925 Survey Dates: January 1964 Navigational Control: Aircraft radar and Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 13,500 square miles Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, NE-SW track orientation Altitude: 1000 feet Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.

## II-A-13



Aircraft: NC-121 BUNO 145925

Survey Dates: April 1963

Navigational Control: Visual

Miles Surveyed: 7500 square miles

Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, E-W track orientation

Altitude: 10,000 feet

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity, declination, and inclination contour charts and total magnetic intensity, declination and inclination residual contour charts.

Reports: Informal Report No. IR H-5-65, "An Airborne Geomagnetic Investigation of a Reported Declination Anomaly in Eastern Panama."

15. Milwaukee Bank Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: August 1963 Navigational Control: Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 3600 square miles Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, N-S track orientation Altitude: 1500 feet Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.





Aircraft: WV-2 BUNO 126513 Survey Dates: 2 September 1960 Navigational Control: Aircraft radar Miles Surveyed: 8000 square miles Track Pattern: Triangular search patterns

Altitude: 11,000 feet

Data Format: Inclination contour chart.

Search for the South Magnetic Pole, 1960 17.



Aircraft: WV-2 BUNO 126513 Survey Dates: 23 October 1960 Navigational Control: Aircraft radar Miles Surveyed: 8000 square miles Track Pattern: Triangular search patterns Altitude: 13,000 feet Data Format: Inclination contour chart.

Location Chart

18. Four Magnetic Profiles over Fiji Island Group



- Aircraft: NC-121 BUNO 145925
- Survey Dates: May 1963
- Navigational Control: Radar and visual
- Miles Surveyed: 750 miles
- Track Pattern: Three N-S and one E-W profiles
- Altitude: N-S profiles flown at 9000 feet; E-W profile flown at 4000 feet
- Data Format: Total magnetic intensity profiles available.





Aircraft: NG-54R BUNO 90396, NG-121K BUNO 145925 Survey Dates: August 1962 - June 1964 Navigational Control: Radar, visual Miles Surveyed: 140,000 square miles Track Pattern: 5 mile spacing, E-W track orientation Altitude: 6000 feet

Data Format: Residual total intensity charts and nested profile graphic in process.



20. A 100 mile wide Crustal Survey across the United States (West of 102<sup>o</sup>E)

Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO, NC-121K BUNO 145925

Survey Dates: August 1962 - February 1965

Navigational Control: Radar, visual

Miles Surveyed: 100,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 5 mile spacing, E-W track orientation

Altitude: 16,000 feet 103°W to San Francisco, 6000 feet over Pacific Ocean and Coastal Range.

Data Format: Residual total intensity charts and nested profile graphic in process.

21. Central South Dakota Survey



Aircraft: NC-121K BUNO 145925

Survey Dates: December 1964

Navigational Control: Ground radar

Miles Surveyed: 1500 square miles

Track Pattern: 2-mile track spacing, E-W track orientation

Altitude: 500 feet above terrain, 1100 feet above terrain, and 1700 feet above terrain.

Data Format: Total intensity chart at 500 feet and 1700 feet. Declination chart at 500 feet, 1100 feet, and 1700 feet. Residual declination chart at 500 feet, 1100 feet, and 1700 feet.



Aircraft: NC-121K BUNO 145925

Survey Dates: October 1964

Navigational Control: Aircraft radar, visual

Miles Surveyed: 24,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 8-mile track spacing, E-W orientation

Altitude: 7200 feet south of 13°30'N, 9300 feet north of 13°30'N

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity and residual magnetic intensity contour charts, residual total intensity profiles.

### 23. Eastern Mediterranean Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: July - September 1957 Navigational Control: Aircraft radar, Doppler radar, visual Miles Surveyed: 190,000 square miles Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, N-S track orientation with 3 E-W cross tracks Altitude: 1000 feet Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.



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Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396
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Survey Dates: February - April 1958

Navigational Control: Aircraft radar, Doppler radar, visual

Miles Surveyed: 190,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, E-W track orientation primarily with 5 N-S cross tracks

Altitude: 1000 feet

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.

### 25. Norwegian Sea Survey



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396, WV-2 BUNO 126513

Survey Dates: July 1958 - June 1959

Navigational Control: Radar, Doppler radar, visual, Loran-A south of 62°.

Miles Surveyed: 456,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 10-mile spacing, E-W track orientation primarily with 4 N-S cross tracks

Altitude: 1000 feet

Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart under construction.

26. A Survey in the Western Tyrrhenian Sea



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396 Survey Dates: September 1957 Navigational Control: Radar, Doppler radar Miles Surveyed: 900 square miles Track Pattern: 3-mile spacing, E-W, N-S grid Altitude: 1000 feet Data Format: Total magnetic intensity contour chart.



Aircraft: NC-54R BUNO 90396

Survey Dates: 27 May 1964 - 23 Nov 1964; 30 Oct 1964 - 31 Dec 1965

Navigational Control: Loran-A, aircraft radar, Doppler radar, and visual

Miles Surveyed: Survey 60 percent complete

Track Pattern: 5-mile spacing, NW-SE orientation with approximately 6 cross tracks.

Altitude: 500 feet over the ocean, 2500 feet over land north of the Potomac River, and 1500 feet over land south of the Potomac River.

Data Format: Total intensity charts in process; data is also available in open file at the Magnetics Division, U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office.

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B. Shipboard Surveys



Ship: USS STATEN ISLAND (AGB-5)

Survey Dates: 7 November 1960 - 5 May 1961

Navigational Control: Celestial and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 22,000 nautical miles

Track Pattern: Single track

Data Format: Profiles of magnetic intensity with regional gradient removed plotted along tracks on bathymetric contour chart in Antarctic region. Certain magnetic and bathymetric profiles presented separately. Magnetic data collected from U. S. to New Zealand presented in total intensity profile form.

Reports: Technical Report 105, "Operation Deep Freeze 61, 1960 - 1961 Marine Geophysical Investigations."
2. U. S. East Coast Survey



Ship: USS PREVAIL (AGS-20)

Survey Dates: 17 - 25 July 1961

Navigational Control: Loran-A and radar

Miles Surveyed: 43,200 square miles

Track Pattern: 30-mile spacing, normal to the continental slope

Data Format: Total and residual magnetic intensity contour charts. Magnetic and bathymetric profiles along each track.

Reports: Technical Report 133, "A Marine Magnetic Survey off the East Coast of the United States."

3. Survey South of the Hawaiian Islands



Ship: USS REHOBOTH (AGS-50)

Survey Dates: June - July 1961

Navigational Control: Loran-A

Miles Surveyed: 56,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 5 to 7 mile spacing, in E-W direction

Data Format: Total and residual intensity contour charts of the entire survey area. Total intensity and bathymetric profiles across the major magnetic feature in the area. Eight detailed development areas over seamounts within the area.

Reports: Technical Report 137, "A Marine Magnetic Survey South of the Hawaiian Islands."



4. North Pacific Survey - 1961



Ship: USS REHOBOTH (AGS-50)

Survey Dates: 9 September - 7 November 1961

Navigational Control: Loran-C, celestial, and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 3,600 nautical miles; additional 2,500 square mile survey area over Aleutian Trench.

Track Pattern: Single track; 10-mile spacing, N-S, over Trench

Data Format: Profiles of magnetic intensity with regional gradient removed plotted along survey tracks on bathymetric contour chart. Total magnetic intensity contour chart over Aleutian Trench: Profile charts of magnetic intensity and bathymetry.

Reports: Single track data from this survey, combined with surveys 5 and 10, is available in Informal Manuscript Report M-4-63, "Marine Magnetic Profiles in the Pacific Ocean 1961 - 1962." Contour chart and profiles are contained in Informal Report IR H-3-66, "Geomagnetic Measurements in the North Pacific Ocean Aboard USS REHOBOTH (AGS-50), 1961." 5. Equatorial Pacific Survey



Ship: USS REHOBOTH (AGS-50)

Survey Dates: 25 April - 6 August 1961

Navigational Control: Loran-A, celestial and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 26,000 nautical miles

Track Patterns: Single track

Data Format: Profiles of magnetic intensity with regional gradient removed plotted along survey tracks on bathymetric contour charts.

Reports: Information from this survey, combined with surveys 4 and 10, is available in Informal Manuscript Report M-4-63, "Marine Magnetic Profiles in the Pacific Ocean 1961 - 1962."



Ship: USNS BOWDITCH (T-AGS-21); USNS DUTTON (T-AGS-22); USNS MICHELSON (T-AGS-23)

Survey Dates: 20 November 1961 - 13 March 1962

Navigational Control: Loran-C, Loran-A, Decca, celestial and dead reckoning. Spacing between ships maintained by radar.

Miles Surveyed: 17,200 nautical miles

Track Pattern: 10 mile spacing simultaneously

Data Format: Total intensity and bathymetric profiles.

Reports: Technical Report 161, "Geomagnetic and Bathymetric Profiles Across the North Atlantic Ocean."



Location Chart

Ship: USS PREVAIL (AGS-20)

Survey Dates: 18 February - 31 March 1962

Navigational Control: Loran-A

Miles Surveyed: 20,000 square miles. An additional 2,700 nautical miles of enroute tracks.

Track Patterns: 5 mile spacing, NE - SW orientation

Data Format: Total and residual intensity contour charts. Continuous magnetic and bathymetric profiles.

Reports: Informal Manuscript Report M-6-63, "Analysis of Puerto Rico Trench Marine Magnetic Survey Data." A further analysis of these data combined with the data from the airborne Puerto Rico Trench survey is contained in Informal Manuscript Report M-1-64, "Magnetic Anomalies North of Puerto Rico: Trend Removal with Orthogonal Polynomials."



Ship: USS BURTON ISLAND (AGB-1)

Survey Dates: 24 October 1961 - 14 March 1962

Navigational Control: Radar, celestial, and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 1,600 square miles in Commonwealth Bay. Additional 10,000 nautical miles of continuous magnetic and bathymetric profiles.

Track Pattern: 5 mile spacing in Commonwealth Bay, N-S orientation

Data Format: Total intensity contour chart of detailed survey area. Data collected along other tracks presented as total intensity and bathymetric profiles.

Reports: Technical Report 118, "Operation Deep Freeze 62, 1961-1962 Marine Geophysical Investigations."



Ship: USS SHELDRAKE (AGS-19)

Survey Dates: 4 June - 14 August 1962

Navigational Control: Loran-A

Miles Surveyed: 30,000 square miles detailed survey area. Additional 2,800 nautical miles of continuous magnetic and bathymetric data collected along enroute tracks.

Track Pattern: 5-mile spacing, normal to the seamount chain.

Data Format: Total intensity contour charts. Total intensity and bathymetric profile sheets for five enroute tracks.

Reports: Technical Report 159, "A Marine Magnetic Survey of the New England Seamount Chain;" Informal Manuscript Report M-8-63, "Summary of Magnetization Computations for Kelvin Seamount." A brief article on this survey entitled "A Bathymetric and Geomagnetic Survey of the New England Seamount Chain" also appears in the <u>International Hydrographic Review</u>, Vol. XLI, No. 1, Jan 1964.



Ship: USS REHOBOTH (AGS-50)

Survey Dates: 25 May - 8 September 1962

Navigational Control: Loran-C, radar, celestial, and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 32,500 square miles. Additional 6,732 nautical miles of continuous magnetic profile along enroute tracks.

Track Pattern: 5 mile spacing, E-W and NW-SE orientation

Data Format: Total intensity contour charts.

Reports: Technical Report 168, "Marine Magnetic Surveys in the Northwest Pacific Ocean." Profiles of magnetic intensity with regional gradient removed plotted along enroute survey tracks, combined with information from surveys 4 and 5 are presented in Informal Manuscript M-4-63, "Marine Magnetic Profiles in the Pacific Ocean 1961 - 1962."



Ship: USS SHELDRAKE (AGS-19)

Survey Dates: 22 October - 25 November 1962

Navigational Control: Loran-A

Miles Surveyed: 18,000 square miles. Additional 2,350 nautical miles of continuous magnetic and bathymetric profiles along enroute tracks.

Track Pattern: 5 mile spacing, NE-SW orientation

Data Format: Total and residual intensity contour charts. Data along enroute tracks presented as continuous total intensity and bathymetric profiles.

Reports: Technical Report 160, "Marine Magnetic Survey off the Southern Bahamas." A geologic interpretation of the survey area using an orthogonal polynomial residual intensity contour chart is presented in Informal Manuscript Report M-7-63, "Geologic Interpretation of Marine Magnetic Data in an Area off the Southern Bahama Islands."





Ship: USNS CORE (T-AKV-41)

Survey Dates: August - December 1962

Navigational Control: Celestial and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 10,000 square miles. Additional 1000 nautical miles on continuous magnetic profile along enroute tracks.

Track Pattern: 5 mile spacing, N-S orientation

Data Format: Total intensity contour chart of the survey area and profiles of enroute magnetic intensity data with regional gradient removed plotted along survey track on bathymetric contour chart.

Reports: Informal Manuscript Report M-9-64, "A Marine Magnetic Survey of an Area in the Central Indian Ocean."

#### 13. Belfast - Piraeus Survey



Ship: USNS BOWDITCH (T-AGS-21), USNS DUTTON (T-AGS-22), USNS MICHELSON (T-AGS-23)
Survey Dates: 5 October - 11 October 1962
Navigational Control: Loran-C, radar, celestial, and dead reckoning
Miles Surveyed: 4,500 nautical miles of survey track
Track Pattern: Single track
Data Format: Continuous magnetic-bathymetric-gravimetric profiles.
Reports: Informal Report H-2-66, "Geophysical Profiles in the Northeastern
Atlantic Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea, 1962-1963."

II-B-13

## 14. Thresher Search



Ship: USNS GILLISS (AGOR-4)

Survey Dates: April - August 1963

Navigational Control: Loran-A, Loran-C

Miles Surveyed: Approximately 7 square mile area with magnetometer sensor at depths exceeding 8,000 feet.

Track Pattern: Irregular

Data Format: Total intensity contour chart.

Reports: Informal Manuscript Report M-2-64, "A Deep-Towed Magnetometer System." Describes development and design of a deep-towed magnetometer system and its subsequent use in search operations.





Data Format: Total intensity data plotted at 50 gamma intervals, maxima and minima, on 1:500,000 scale Transverse Mercator Projections.

II-B-15



Ship: USNS BOWDITCH (T-AGS-21)

Survey Dates: 27 October - 26 November 1963

Navigational Control: Loran-C, Loran-A, celestial, and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: Approximately 10,700 miles enroute survey track via Panama Canal and San Francisco.

Track Pattern: Single track

Data Format: Total intensity data plotted at 50 gamma intervals, maxima and minima, on 1:500,000 scale Transverse Mercator Projections.

17. Southwest Pacific Survey



Ship: USNS SGT CURTIS F. SHOUP (T-AG-175)

Survey Dates: 18 May 1963 - 1 November 1965

Navigational Control: Loran-A, radar, celestial, and dead reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 78,500 miles enroute survey track

Track Pattern: Irregular

Data Format: Total intensity data plotted at 50 gamma intervals, maxima and minima, on 1:500,000 scale Transverse Mercator Projections.

## 18. Hispaniola Survey



Ship: USAC'S A. J. MYER

Survey Dates: 26 March - 15 April 1964

Navigational Control: Loran-C and Loran-A

Miles Surveyed: 11,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 3 mile spacing, E-W orientation

Data Format: Total and residual intensity contour charts.

Reports: IR H-1-65, "Geomagnetic Survey of an Area Northeast of Hispaniola."



Ship: USNS DAVIS (AGOR-5)

Survey Dates: May - September 1965

Navigational Control: Radar and visual within range of land; Loran-A, celestial, and dead reckoning on most tracks.

Miles Surveyed: 13,500 nautical miles; an additional 7,600 square-mile coverage in 5 survey areas.

Track Pattern: Single track; 5-10 mile spacing, N-S or NE-SW in survey areas.

Data Format: Total intensity and bathymetric contour charts; profile charts of magnetic intensity and bathymetry with ship's track.

Reports: Contour charts and profiles are presented in Informal Report H-4-66, "Geomagnetic Measurements in the Pacific Ocean Aboard USNS CHARLES H. DAVIS (AGOR 5), 1961."



20. Antilles Atlantic Ocean Surveys



Ship: USACS A. J. MYER

Survey Dates: September - December 1964

Navigational Control: Lambda-Decca

Miles Surveyed: 41,000 square miles

Track Pattern: 3 mile spacing; part N-S, part E-W orientation

Data Format: Total and residual intensity contour charts.

Reports: IR H-5-66, "Shipboard Magnetic Survey of an Area North of the Lesser Antilles."



Ship: USNS GILLISS (AGOR-4)

Survey Dates: November - December 1964

Navigational Control: Loran-A, celestial, dead-reckoning

Miles Surveyed: 30,000 square miles

Track Pattern: Northwest-Southeast, 30-mile spacing

Data Format: Total intensity data plotted at 50-gamma intervals, maxima and minima, on 1:500,000 scale Transverse Mercator Projections; total magnetic intensity contour chart showing general magnetic characteristics.

Reports: Contour chart contained in Informal Report H-6-66, "Shipboard Magnetic Survey of an Area Northwest of Bermuda."



#### III. PROJECT MAGNET

Among the more significant of the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office's geophysical surveys is Project MAGNET, the world-wide airborne geomagnetic survey. This survey normally employs two aircraft equipped with vector airborne magnetometers which measure the intensity and direction of the earth's magnetic field. The normal data output for the VAM-2 is continuous total magnetic intensity and periodic vector magnetic data spaced at five minute (GMT) intervals or about 15-20 nautical miles along the survey track. From these data, the magnetic elements -- declination, inclination, horizontal intensity, vertical intensity, and total intensity -- are determined and used in the compilation of the world isomagnetic charts published by this Office.

The survey is programmed to cover all ocean areas with equal priority. Tracks generally are oriented east-west and spaced 200 miles apart. The accompanying figure shows the Project MAGNET tracks flown as of 31 December 1965. Although flight altitudes vary from 4000 feet to 20,000 feet depending on survey conditions, the majority of the survey tracks are flown between 8000 and 10,000 feet altitude. The primary navigational control is celestial navigation. Doppler radar, radar, Loran-A, Loran-C, and visual navigational control are used when appropriate.

Geomagnetic data derived from Project MAGNET surveys are presented in tabular form along with the time and space coordinates in Special Publication No. 66, "Airborne Geomagnetic Data 1953-1961," and in Special Publication No. 66 -- Supplement No. 1, "Airborne Geomagnetic Data 1962-1963." Approximately 43,000 data points have been observed since 1953 and are available in these tabular listings, data cards, or magnetic tape. Total intensity profiles are available on microfilm. (See Section IV C.)

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U. S. NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE

### IV. PUBLICATIONS

## A. Reports

The following reports may be ordered from the Distribution Control Department, U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office, Washington, D. C. 20390:

(1) Technical Reports

TR-105, "Operation Deep Freeze 61, 1960-1961 Marine Geophysical Investigations," June 1962	No Charge
TR-118, "Operation Deep Freeze 62, 1961-1962 Marine Geophysical Investigations," February 1965	\$ 1.25 No Gharge
TR-133, "A Marine Magnetic Survey Off the East Coast of the United States," September 1962	\$.40
TR-137, "A Marine Magnetic Survey South of the Hawaiian Islands," September 1962 (reprinted May 1965)	.85
TR-144, "A Study of Aeromagnetic Component Data Plantagenet Bank," G. A. Young and A. L. Kontis, January 1964	.30
TR-159, "A Marine Magnetic Survey of the New England Seamount Chain," James E. Walczak, October 1963	.40
TR-160, "Marine Magnetic Survey Off the Southern Bahamas," Dewey R. Bracey and Otis E. Avery, July 1963	.40
TR-161, "Geomagnetic and Bathymetric Profiles Across the North Atlantic Ocean," Otis E. Avery, November 1963	1.35
TR-166, "A Study of Aeromagnetic Data New England Seamount Area," A. L. Kontis and G. A. Young, February 196	5.70
TR-168, "Marine Magnetic Surveys in the Northwest Pacific Ocean," Dewey R. Bracey, September 1963	.25

(2) Informal Reports

IMR M-1-63, "Preliminary Report on Special Aeromagnetic Survey --Puerto Rico Trench, 1962," Wilburt H. Geddes and Leonard S. Dennis, May 1963

IMR M-3-63, "Analysis of Approximating Residual Total Magnetic Intensity by the Projection of the Anomalous Force on the Earth's Normal Field," A. L. Kontis and G. A. Young, September 1963

IMR M-4-63, "Marine Magnetic Profiles in the Pacific Ocean 1961-1962," Dewey R. Bracey, September 1963

IMR M-5-63, "Special Aeromagnetic Survey -- Mayaguez Area Puerto Rico," Leonard S. Dennis and Charles L. Gunn, Jr., June 1963

IMR M-6-63, "Analysis of Puerto Rico Trench Marine Magnetic Survey Data," Gerald D. Van Voorhis and Jerry C. Carroll, September 1963

IMR M-7-63, "Geologic Interpretation of Marine Magnetic Data in an Area Off the Southern Bahama Islands," Dewey R. Bracey, November 1963

IMR M-8-63, "Summary of Magnetization Computations for Kelvin Seamount," Gerald Van Voorhis and James Walczak, January 1964

IMR M-9-63, "A Marine Magnetic Survey of an Area in the Central Indian Ocean," Gordon D. Burton, January 1964

IMR M-10-63, "An Interpretation of an Aeromagnetic and Gravity Survey of Eastern Virginia," N. J. DiPiazza, December 1963

IMR M-2-64, "A Deep-towed Magnetometer System," J. C. Carroll and J. E. Walczak, June 1964

IR H-1-65, "A Geomagnetic Survey Northeast of Hispaniola," Gordon D. Burton, 1965

IR H-3-65, "An Airborne Geomagnetic Survey of the Reykjanes Ridge 1963," J. G. Baron, J. R. Heirtzler, and G. R. Lorentzen, 1965

IR H-4-65, "Proton Magnetometer Test On Board a Survey Aircraft," O. E. Avery and F. N. Waits, 1965

IR H-5-65, "An Airborne Geomagnetic Investigation of a Reported Declination Anomaly in Eastern Panama," J. G. Baron and G. R. Lorentzen, 1965

IR H-1-66, "Magnetic Anomalies North of Puerto Rico: Trend Removal with Orthogonal Polynomials," Gerald D. Van Voorhis and Thomas M. Davis, 1966 IR H-2-66, "Geophysical Profiles in the Northeastern Atlantic Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea, 1962-1963," D. E. Frankowski, 1966.

IR H-3-66, "Geomagnetic Measurements in the North Pacific Ocean Aboard USS REHOBOTH (AGS 50), 1961," R. F. Obrochta, 1966.

IR H-4-66, "Geomagnetic Measurements in the Pacific Ocean Aboard USNS CHARLES H. DAVIS (AGOR 5), 1964," D. R. Bracey, 1966.

IR H-5-66, "Shipboard Magnetic Survey of an Area North of the Lesser Antilles," O. E. Avery, J. C. Carroll, D. R. Bracey, 1966.

IR H-6-66, "Shipboard Magnetic Survey of an Area Northwest of Bermuda," Herbert K. Schneider, 1966.

# (3) Other Reports and Publications

<b>S</b> pecial Pub. 66, "Airborne Geomagnetic Data, 1953-1961," 1963	\$6.50
Special Pub. 66 Supplement No. 1, "Airborne Geomagnetic Data, 1962-1963," 1965	2.00
"Aeromagnetic Survey of the Gulf of Fonseca," Norbert J. O'Neill, 1965	No Charge

#### B. Charts

(1) Epoch 1965.0 World Magnetic Charts: These charts of the magnetic elements were compiled using spherical harmonic analysis techniques by the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey in consultation with the Royal Greenwich Observatory and in collaboration with the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office. The world charts employ the Mercator projection, scale 1:39,000,000 at the Equator, and extend from 84 N to 70 S. The polar charts are printed on a polar stereographic projection, scale 1:10,000,000 at 71° and extend from 55° latitude to the poles. The U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office publishes the Magnetic Variation Charts every 5 years (1965, 1970, 1975, etc.) and all other magnetic charts every 10 years (1965, 1975, 1985, etc.). The charts are available at \$1.00 each from the Distribution Control Department, U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office, Washington, D. C. 20390, or the Branch Oceanographic Offices.

Chart Title	H.O. Chart No. and Type
Magnetic Inclination or Dip, Epoch 1965.0	1700 World 1700N North Polar 1700S South Polar
Magnetic Horizontal Intensity, Epoch 1965.0	1701 World 1701N North Polar 1701S South Polar
Magnetic Vertical Intensity, Epoch 1965.0	1702 World 1702N North Polar 1702S South Polar
Magnetic Total Intensity, Epoch 1965.0	1703 World 1703N North Polar 1703S South Polar
Magnetic Variation, Epoch 1965.0	1706 World 1706N North Polar 1706S South Polar
Magnetic Grid Variation, Epoch 1965.0	1706N-G North Polar 1706S-G South Polar
Magnetic Variation, Epoch 1965.0; World Chart	15281 (1 through 12)

Magnetic Variation, Epoch 1965.0; World Chart in 12 sheets (Mercator projection, scale 1:12,233,000 at the Equator)



15281 Series Index

IV-B-1

(2) Preliminary Special Magnetic Survey Charts. The following preliminary charts presenting data from special magnetic surveys are available on request from the Magnetics Division, U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office, Washington, D. C. 20390: Charleston Rise Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1957 North Arabian Sea Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1961 Midway Islands Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1963 Westmann Islands Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1964 Skagerrak Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1958 St. Paul and St. Peter Rocks Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart. Aeromagnetic Survey, 1963 Pensacola Gulf Coast Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1959 Guardian Bank Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1964 Milwaukee Bank Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1963 North Magnetic Pole Inclination Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1960 South Magnetic Pole Inclination Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1960 Central South Dakota Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1964 Gulf of Fonseca Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1964 Eastern Mediterranean Sea Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1957 Western Mediterranean Sea Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1958

Western Tyrrhenian Sea Total Magnetic Intensity Contour Chart, Aeromagnetic Survey, 1957

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C. Data

Original geomagnetic data recordings can not be released outside the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office. The data can be inspected, however, upon prior arrangement with the Director of the Magnetics Division. Some data are available on microfilm and can be provided upon special request.

## 1. <u>Microfilm Copies of Project MAGNET Total Magnetic Intensity</u> Recordings

Microfilm copies of total magnetic intensity analog traces recorded on Project MAGNET from 1953 through 1963 are available from the Distribution Control Department, U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office, Washington, D. C. 20390. A tabulation of aircraft altitude and position for each five minutes of time is included with each profile. A microfilm index, which sequentially lists survey tracks for each microfilm reel, and a set of track location charts are presented on the following pages. Full scale track location charts (scale 1:12,250,000) are available on request.

Microfilm Reel of Project MAGNET Total Intensity Data \$ 6.00 ea Complete Set of 9 Reels \$ 54.00 (Minimum order is one reel)

## MICROFILM REEL INDEX FOR PROJECT MAGNET TRACKS

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Reel	Reel	Reel 2	Ree1 _2	Reel	Reel	Reel 4	Reel	Reel
P001 P002 P003 P004 P005 P006 P007 P008 P009 P010 P011 P012 P013 P014 P015 P016 P017 P018 P019 P020 P021 P022 P023 P024 P022 P023 P024 P025 P026 P027 P028 P027 P028 P029 P030 P031 P032 P033 P034 P035 P036 P037 P038 P037 P038 P039 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P033 P034 P035 P036 P037 P038 P036 P037 P038 P037 P038 P039 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P033 P034 P035 P036 P037 P038 P037 P038 P039 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P030 P031 P032 P032 P030 P032 P030 P031 P032 P032 P032 P032 P032 P032 P032 P032	1 0003 0004 0005 0006 0007 0008 0009 0010 0011 0012 0013 0014 0015	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 0016\\ 0017\\ 0018\\ 0019\\ 0020\\ 0021\\ 0022\\ 0023\\ 0024\\ 0025\\ 0026\\ 0027\\ 0028\\ 0029\\ 0030\\ 0031\\ 0032\\ 0030\\ 0031\\ 0032\\ 0030\\ 0031\\ 0032\\ 0030\\ 0031\\ 0032\\ 0030\\ 0031\\ 0032\\ 0030\\ 0040\\ 0041\\ 0035\\ 0036\\ 0037\\ 0038\\ 0039\\ 0040\\ 0041\\ 0042\\ 0043\\ 0044\\ 0045\\ 0044\\ 0045\\ 0044\\ 0045\\ 0044\\ 0045\\ 0044\\ 0045\\ 0046\\ 0047\\ 0048\\ 0049\\ 0050\\ 0051\\ 0052\\ 0053\\ 0054\\ 0055\\ 0056\\ 0057\\ 0058\\ 00$	2 0061 0062 0063 0064 0065 0066 0067 0068	0069 0070 0071 0072 0073 0074 0075 0076 0077 0078 0079 0080 0081 0082 0083 0084 0085 0086 0087 0088 0089 T001A T003B T003A T003B T005 T006A	4         T006B         T003         T013         T014         T015         T015D         T017A         T020         T024         T025         T026         T031         T032         T033         T034         T035         T041         T042         T043         T044         T045         T046         T047B         T058         T060         T061         T062         T063         T064A         T065         T066         T067         T074         T075         T076         T101         T102         T103	1106 T107 T108A T109B T109B T112 T113 T114 T115 T116 T201 T202	5         T203         T205         T206         T207         T208         T209         T210         T211         T212         T213         T215         T216         T224B         T301         T302         T307         T400         T401         T405         T400         T410         T405         T406         T407         T410         T412         T413         T415         T501         102         104A         105B         106         107         108         109         110         111A         112         113	5 123 126 140 141 201A 201B 201C 203A 203B 204A
0001 0002		0059 0060			T104 T105		114 115	

# MICROFILM REEL INDEX FOR PROJECT MAGNET TRACKS

Ree1	Reel	Reel	Reel
_6	7	8	9
204B 205A 205B 206 211 215 217 218 301 302A 302B 304 305A 306 307 308A 308B 308C 309 310 311 312 316 318 320 321 322A 322B 323B 324 325B 324 325B 326 327A 329 330 334 336 338 340 341 342	343 344 345 345A 347 348 349 350 353 354 355 356 357 358 359A 360 361 362A 362B 364 375 401 402 404 405 407 408 411 415 426 428 431 432 434 436	$\begin{array}{c} 437\\ 440\\ 441\\ 442\\ 443\\ 444\\ 445\\ 447\\ 449\\ 450\\ 4518\\ 452\\ 501\\ 503\\ 505\\ 507\\ 509\\ 511\\ 512\\ 5128\\ 513\\ 5168\\ 517\\ 520\\ 521\\ 523\\ 5168\\ 517\\ 520\\ 521\\ 523\\ 526\\ 527\\ 529\\ 530\\ 531\\ 532\\ 533\\ 534\\ 537\\ 538\\ 540\\ 543\\ 544\\ 603\\ \end{array}$	604 606 610B 613 626 627 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 701 706 707 708 709 715 716 717









IV-C-6

U.S. NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE PROJECT MAGNET TRACK LOCATION CHART

CHART 1 OF 12



CHART 2 OF 12

U.S. NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE PROJECT MAGNET TRACK LOCATION CHART

IV-C-7


CHART 3 OF 12













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IV-C-17

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