

## DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

OFFICE OF COUNSEL NAVAL UNDERSEA WARFARE CENTER DIVISION 1176 HOWELL STREET NEWPORT RI 02841-1708

IN REPLY REFER TO:

Attorney Docket No. 80010 Date: 20 December 2002

The below identified patent application is available for licensing. Requests for information should be addressed to:

PATENT COUNSEL NAVAL UNDERSEA WARFARE CENTER 1176 HOWELL ST. CODE 00OC, BLDG. 112T NEWPORT, RI 02841

Serial Number <u>10/214,549</u>

Filing Date 8/8/02

Inventor Henry J. Banas

If you have any questions please contact Michael J. McGowan, Patent Counsel, at 401-832-4736.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A Approved for Public Release Distribution Unlimited

Attorney Docket No. 80010

# IMPROVED SHUTTER DOOR SEAL

## TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT HENRY J. BANAS, citizen of the United States of America, employee of the United States Government, resident of Gales Ferry, County of New London, State of Connecticut, has invented certain new and useful improvements entitled as set forth above of which the following is a specification:

MICHAEL J. MCGOWAN, ESQ. Reg. No. 31042 Naval Undersea Warfare Center Division, Newport Newport, RI 02841-1708 Tel: (401)832-4736 FAX: (401)832-1231



1	Attorney Docket No. 80010
2	
3	IMPROVED SHUTTER DOOR SEAL
4	
5	STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT INTEREST
6	The invention described herein may be manufactured and
7	used by or for the Government of the United States of America
8	for governmental purposes without the payment of any royalties
9	thereon or therefor.
10	
11	CROSS REFERENCE TO OTHER PATENT APPLICATIONS
12	Not applicable.
13	
14	BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION
15	(1) Field of the Invention
16	This invention generally relates to a seal assembly for a
17	sea vessel and more particularly to an improved seal assembly
18	for a sea vessel having a hull portion and a shutter door, the
19	seal assembly closing a gap formed between the hull portion
20	and shutter door.
21	(2) Description of the Prior Art
22	The current art for a sealing a gap 12 formed between
23	an outer hull wall 14 and a shutter door 16 of a sea vessel
24	is generally shown in FIG. 1 of the drawings. At present,
25	a nominal gap 12 exists between the hull wall 14 and the
26	shutter door 16. This gap 12 is sealed in the current art
27	with a soft pliable hollow core type (extruded section)

1 rubber seal 40. The rubber seal 40 is fastened to the hull
2 wall 14 using a welded stud 42 secured with a washer 44 and
3 nut 46 combination. A mating surface between the seal 40
4 and an inner surface of the hull wall 14 is filled with an
5 adhesive (not shown).

This known arrangement has many limitations and 6 7 disadvantages. In particular, as seawater flows along an outer surface of the hull 14 and closed shutter door 16, a 8 9 negative pressure develops along the hull boundary layer. 10 With a higher positive pressure (filled with seawater) 11 residing in a shutter recess area 22, the existing flexible 12 seal 40 with a very large surface area extrudes into the 13 flow, releasing the water from the shutter recess area 22. A continuous flopping motion of the seal 40 results, 14 15 causing the tearing of the hollow seal, further resulting 16 in a noisy turbulent flow of water past the now-exposed gap 17 12.

18 An additional problem associated with this type of seal 19 occurs when the shutter door 16 is open. The swing arc of the 20 rotating shutter door 16 as it opens seaward is shown at 34. 21 Under this condition, an extremely high velocity plume of 22 water passes over the seal 40 just prior to and following a 23 weapon launch. There is also the possibility of physical 24 contact between a weapon being launched and the seal 40 itself. Any one of these conditions could result in seal 25 26 failure. The ship cannot attain high speed and stealth 27 capabilities with this type of seal.

The following patents, for example, disclose sealing
 systems but fail to disclose a shutter door seal system as
 disclosed herein.

U.S. Patent No. 3,296,742 to Mortimer; 4 U.S. Patent No. 3,396,712 to Sakraida et al.; 5 U.S. Patent No. 3,913,971 to Green; and 6 U.S. Patent No. 4,394,044 to Hough et al. 7 Specifically, Mortimer discloses a locking and sealing 8 device having a rigid latch attached to one of the closure 9 member and a surround member. The device is adapted to engage 10 the other member to secure the closure member in a locked 11 closed position. A sealing means, which is expandable and 12 disposed around the closure member, is expandable to effect 13 movement of the latch to a latch closing position, the sealing 14 means being in the form of an inflatable tube which is located 15 to seal a clearance around confronting surfaces of the closure 16 member and surround member, the latch being pivotally movable 17 by expansion of the inflatable tube to be brought into locking 18 relation between the closure member and the surround member. 19 The patent to Sakraida et al. discloses a cover seal 20 arrangement having a removable cylinder head cover including 21 peripheral seal retaining means having a splash lip and a seal 22 retaining groove receiving a resilient seal, the groove and 23 seal being shaped to provide improved sealing ability with low 24 seal compression combined with good retention of the seal in 25 the groove. 26

Green discloses a detachable sun panel for the roof of an 1 automobile consisting of a transparent panel supported on a 2 resilient molding extending around the perimeter of an 3 aperture formed in the roof. The molding is installed in a 4 hole cut in a conventional roof and engages the sheet metal of 5 the roof as well as the underlying headliner. The panel 6 carries a pair of extensions on one end that engage the 7 underside of the molding and a pair of latches on the opposite 8 side which may be moved into a closed position to lock the 9 panel against the molding. 10

Hough et al. discloses a removable sunroof panel adapted 11 to be mounted in overlying relationship in an opening in the 12 roof of a vehicle and includes front and rear mounting 13 assemblies which allow either or both the front and rear of 14 the panel to be held in an open position above the vehicle's 15 roof. Each of the mounting assemblies includes a lever handle 16 pivotally connected to the sunroof panel and a handle in a 17 plurality of positions. A frame molding mounted in the 18 sunroof opening includes a first section overlying the roof, 19 and second and third sections below the roof defining a 20 channel for receiving a resilient seal against which the roof 21 panel seats; the second and third sections include a pair of 22 opposed grooves for captivating a pair of ribs in the seal to 23 retain the seal in the channel. An air deflector is mounted 24 adjacent the leading edge of the sunroof opening in spaced 25 relation to the leading edge and serves as a deflector for 26

either redirecting air through the opening into the vehicle or
 preventing wind buffeting noise.

3 It should be understood that the present invention would 4 in fact enhance the functionality of the above patents by 5 providing a seal assembly combining a metal retainer and a 6 resilient seal portion.

7

8

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

9 Therefore it is an object of this invention to provide a10 seal assembly for an underwater vessel.

Another object of this invention is to provide a sealassembly that is durable in varying conditions.

Still another object of this invention is to provide a
seal assembly for an underwater vessel that closes a gap
between a hull wall and shutter door.

16 A still further object of the invention is to provide a 17 sealing assembly including a metal retainer member and a 18 resilient sealing member for closing the gap between the hull 19 wall and shutter door.

In accordance with one aspect of this invention, there is 20 provided a sealing assembly for closing a gap between a hull 21 wall and a shutter door of a vessel. The sealing assembly 22 includes a metal retainer member having a mounting block 23 portion and a gap-closing portion extending from the mounting 24 block portion. The mounting block portion is mounted to the 25 hull wall and includes a slot formed therein parallel to the 26 hull wall. The gap-closing portion has a tapered surface and 27

a flat surface such that the flat surface is flush with sea-1 exposed surfaces of each of the hull wall and the shutter 2 door. A resilient rubber member is provided having at least a 3 part thereof secured within the slot of the mounting block 4 portion and a remainder thereof secured to the tapered surface 5 of the gap-closing portion of the retainer member with an 6 The resilient member fills the portion of the gap 7 adhesive. not closed by the gap-closing portion of the retainer. 8 9 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS 10 The appended claims particularly point out and distinctly 11 claim the subject matter of this invention. The various 12 objects, advantages and novel features of this invention will 13 be more fully apparent from a reading of the following 14 detailed description in conjunction with the accompanying 15 drawings in which like reference numerals refer to like parts, 16 and in which: 17 FIG. 1 is side sectional view of a prior art door seal; 18 19 and FIG. 2 is side sectional view of a sealing assembly 20 according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention. 21 22 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT 23 In general, the present invention is directed to an 24 improved seal assembly 10 for an existing gap 12 between an 25 outer non-pressure hull 14 of a ship and a torpedo tube 26 shutter door 16 formed in the ship hull. 27

Referring again to FIG. 1, there is shown the prior
 art shutter door seal in a ship pressure hull. FIG. 2
 shows the present invention, the seal assembly shown at 10
 completely replacing the existing seal described in
 connection with FIG. 1 and any other known similar seal.
 The seal assembly 10 in FIG. 2 primarily includes a rubber
 seal member 18 and a metal retainer member 20.

As described in the Background above, a typical 8 structure for an underwater portion of a vessel (not shown) 9 includes the outer non-pressure hull portion 14 and the 10 torpedo tube shutter door 16 that opens and closes in 11 relation to the hull portion 14. The shutter door 16 is 12 positioned so that there is a gap 12 from the distal end 13 16a of the shutter door 16 to the opposing end 14a of the 14 hull wall 14. The purpose of the seal assembly 10 15 described herein is to close the gap 12 in a much more 16 secure manner than previously known. As seen in FIG. 2, 17 the combined hull wall 14, shutter door 16, and sealing 18 assembly 10 provide a dividing wall between a shutter 19 recess area 22 and a sea side 24 of the vessel. Although 20 not part of the present invention, it will be understood 21 that the purpose of the shutter door 16 is for the passage 22 23 of a fired weapon such as a torpedo.

Continuing, the metal retainer member 20 is formed to substantially cover the existing gap 12 between the hull wall 14 and the shutter door 16. The metal retainer 20 is shaped so as to include a mounting block portion 26 and an

extending portion 28. The mounting block portion 26 is 1 securable to an inner surface of the hull wall 14 and the 2 extending portion 28 extends beyond the end of the hull 3 wall 14 and substantially fills the gap 12 with the 4 exception of a very small area. That portion of the 5 extending member 28 facing a sea side 24 of the vessel 6 structure is conforming in surface shape to join the outer 7 faces of the hull wall 14 and the shutter door 16 in an 8 uninterrupted manner. In the example shown in FIG. 2, the 9 outer surface is flat. That portion of the extending 10 member 28 that faces the shutter recess area 22 of the 11 vessel structure is fairly arcuate in shape so as to taper 12 to a narrowest point just adjacent the distal end 16a of 13 the shutter door 16. The distal end 16a of the shutter 14 door 16 is angled so as to slant away from the recess 15 shutter area 22. The taper in the extending portion 28 of 16 the metal retainer 20 corresponds in shape to the slant at 17 the distal end 16a of the shutter door 16. 18

The metal retainer 20 further includes a slot 30 where 19 the mounting block portion 26 of the metal retainer 20 20 begins its taper. The rubber seal 18 is inserted into the 21 slot 30 of the retainer 20 and secured thereto by adhesive 22 (not shown) and any number of flathead screws 32 as are 23 necessary to make the connection. Additionally, the 24 remainder of the rubber seal 18 is adhered to the tapering 25 portion 28 of the metal retainer 20 and terminates flush 26 with the surface of the vessel on the sea side 24 thereof. 27

In order to install this new sealing assembly 10, it
 is only necessary to remove the existing seal assembly and
 replace it with the new sealing assembly 10. The existing
 self-locking nut 46, washer 44 and corresponding stud 42
 can be reused to attach the mounting block portion 26 of
 the retainer 20 to the inner surface of the hull wall 14.

An arc of the rotated shutter door 16 is shown at 34. 7 As the shutter door 16 rotates, it will clear the tapered 8 portion 28 of the metal retainer 20 and brush against the 9 rubber seal portion 18 of the seal assembly 10. After full 10 rotation (to closure) of the shutter door 16, there will be 11 a minimum or no gap 12 between the seal assembly 10 and 12 shutter door 16. Further, the rubber seal portion 18 will 13 be fully supported on both sides within the slot 30 of the 14 metal retainer 20 of the seal assembly 10. 15

The rubber seal portion 18 of the described seal 16 assembly 10 will not be subjected to the high loads known 17 to exist in the rubber portion 40 of prior seals (see FIG. 18 1), but rather in the metal retainer 20 of the seal 19 assembly 10. Therefore, the rubber portion 18 of the seal 20 assembly 10 will not fail and leave the gap 12 exposed. If 21 the rubber portion 18 of the present seal assembly 10 ever 22 did fail, it would only leave a small gap as reflected by 23 the cross section of the rubber portion 18 of the seal 24 25 assembly 10.

26 The present invention is highly advantageous over27 the known assemblies in that the metal retainer 20 fills

the large gap 12 and supports the resilient portion 18 of 1 the seal assembly in the high stress area. Further, 2 there is a minimum or no gap between the seal assembly 10 3 and the shutter door 16. The resilient portion 18 of the 4 seal assembly 10 will not extrude by design or flap back 5 and forth, thereby eliminating the inherent high noise 6 condition of the existing seal. With the new sealing 7 assembly and installation thereof, the ship can now fully 8 utilize its high speed and stealth design 9 characteristics. Because of the design as a replacement 10 part, there is a one to one replacement for existing ship 11 components, thereby saving both time and cost. 12

In view of the above detailed description, it is anticipated that the invention herein will have far reaching applications other than those of a seal for closing the gap between the outer non-pressure hull and the torpedo tube shutter door of a vessel.

18 This invention has been disclosed in terms of certain 19 embodiments. It will be apparent that many modifications can 20 be made to the disclosed apparatus without departing from the 21 invention. Therefore, it is the intent of the appended claims 22 to cover all such variations and modifications as come within 23 the true spirit and scope of this invention.

1	Attorney	Docket	No.	80010
---	----------	--------	-----	-------

2	
3	IMRPOVED SHUTTER DOOR SEAL
4	
5	ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE
6	A sealing assembly is disclosed for closing a gap between
7	a hull wall and a shutter door of a vessel. The sealing
8	assembly includes a metal retainer member having a mounting
9	block portion and a gap-closing portion extending from the
10	mounting block portion. The mounting block portion is mounted
11	to the hull wall and includes a slot formed therein parallel
12	to the hull wall. The gap-closing portion has a tapered
13	surface and a flat surface such that the flat surface is flush
14	with sea-exposed surfaces of each of the hull wall and the
15	shutter door. A resilient rubber member is provided having at
16	least a part thereof secured within the slot of the mounting
17	block portion and a remainder thereof secured to the tapered
18	surface of the gap-closing portion of the retainer member with
19	an adhesive. The resilient member fills the portion of the
20	gap not closed by the gap-closing portion of the retainer.





FIG. 2