UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER

ADB010428

LIMITATION CHANGES

TO:

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

FROM:

Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies only; Test and Evaluation; 17 MAR 1976. Other requests shall be referred to Air Weather Service, Attn: CSE, Scott AFB, IL 62225.

AUTHORITY

AWS ltr, 8 Jul 1976

THIS PAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN DELIMITED AND CLEARED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE UNDER DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.20 AND NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED UPON ITS USE AND DISCLOSURE,

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

10

5 bys

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

SAMSO 27 R-76-85- Pt-2) Part 2 AIR FORCE GLOBAL WEATHER CENTRAL SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE STUDY, FINAL SYSTEM/SUBSYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT. ADB010428 VOLUME 2. Requirements Compilation and Analysis . Part 2, Functional Description. SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 2500 Colorado Avenue Santa Monica, California 90406 12 91p. 1 1 Mar Final Report for 1 February 75 - 1 Marchante 76 Distribution Statement Distribution limited to U.S. Government Agen-cies only. Other requests for this document TEE 17 MAR 1976 must be referred to Air Weather Service/CSE, Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, 62225. FØ4701-75-C-0114 Prepared for: DEPUTY FOR DEFENSE METEOROLOGICAL SATELLITE PROGRAM OFFICE H.Q. SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS ORGANIZATION AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90009 MAR 17 1976 Ъ D 339 900-

Unclassified	
	READ INSTRUCTIONS
REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	BEFORE COMPLETING FORM 3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
TM-(L)-5613/002/01, Part 2	
TITLE (and Subville) AIR FORCE GLOBAL WEATHER CENTRAL SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE STUDY, FINAL SYSTEM/SUBSYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT,	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Final Report for Period 1 Feb 1975 - 1 Mar 1976
VOLUM: 2 - Requirements Compilation and Analysis Part 2 - Functional Description	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
AUTHOR(s)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(3)
	F04701-75-C-0114 V
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 2500 Colorado Avenue Santa Monica, California 90406	PE351670F
DEFENSE METEOROLOGICAL SATELLITE PROGRAM OFFICE	12. REPORT DATE 1 March 1976
HQ SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS ORGANIZATION/YDA LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90009	13. NUMBER OF PAGES 90 (this volume)
4. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If dillerent from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
	Unclassified
	15. DECLASSIFICATION OOWNGHADING SCHEDULE
only. Other requests for this document must be Service/CSE, Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, 622	d to U.S. Government Agencies a referred to Air Weather T&E 225.
only. Other requests for this document must be Service/CSE, Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, 622	
16 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Only. Other requests for this document must be Service/CSE, Scott Air Force Base, Illinois, 622 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in	
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in	
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in	
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block numbe	
 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde ti necessary and identify by block number data system	rom Report) MAR 17 1976 MAR 17 1976 D D D D D D D D D D D D D
 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse elde if necessary and identify by block number data system	" " Global Weather Central gical data processing " " " " " " " " " " " " "
 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different in Block	" " Global Weather Central gical data processing " 11ment of CDPL line item A004 obal Weather Central System eport were expended under , performed under contract of Col. R. J. Fox, YDA.
 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, 11 different 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20,	" " Global Weather Central gical data processing " 11ment of CDPL line item A004 obal Weather Central System eport were expended under , performed under contract of Col. R. J. Fox, YDA.

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

ing system from the vantage point of current and future support requirements, addressing the AFGWC data processing system over the 1977 through 1982 time frame. This study was performed under a unique plan which allows complete traceability between user requirements, Air Force Global Weather Central operational functions, requirements levied upon the data system, a proposed component configuration which meets the data system requirements, and a system specification designed to acquire a system which meets these requirements.

The resultant system described has a number of unique features, including total hardware authentication separation of security levels, load leveling accomplished by assigning main processors in accordance with a dynamic priority queue of tasks, and a system-wide network control capability. Other key features include a central data base processor to fill requests for data from other processors, computer operations centers, the use of array processors for accomplishing difficult numerical problems, and sophisticated forecaster console support. These elements have been designed to provide 99.5% reliability in meeting user requirements.

The proposed system architecture consists of five dual processors each of which is about 3.5 times as powerful as an existing AFGWC processor (a Univac 1108). Each dual processor has an array processor which will be capable of very high performance on vector arithmetic. The array processors are used to assist on the difficult numerical problems, including the Advanced Prediction Model for the global atmosphere, as well as very fine grid cloud models and cloud probability models. Some of the new requirements that will be supported with this system are a one minute response to query interface, reentry support for Minuteman, and limited processing of high resolution (0.3 nautical mile) meteorological satellite data. In addition, cloud cover prediction for tactical weapon systems, ionospheric prediction for radio frequency management, and defense radar interference prediction will be supported by this system.

Volumes of this final System/Subsystem Summary Report are as follows:

Volume 1 - Executive Summary

Volume 2 - Requirements Compilation and Analysis (Parts 1, 2, and 3)

Volume 3 - Classified Requirements Topics (Secret)

Volume 4 - Systems Analysis and Trade Studies

Volume 5 - System Description

Volume 6 - Aerospace Ground Equipment Plan

Volume 7 - Implementation and Development Plans

Volume 8 - System Specification

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

L and/or SPE

System Development Corporation

AIR FORCE GLOBAL WEATHER CENTRAL SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE STUDY

FINAL SYSTEM/SUBSYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

VOLUME 2

REQUIREMENTS COMPILATION AND ANALYSIS PART 2

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

1 MARCH 1976



TM-(L)-5613/002/01 PART 2

ABSTRACT

This document has been prepared in partial fulfillment of CDRL line item A004 of System Development Corporation's Air Force Global Weather Central System Architecture Study contract. Efforts for this report were expended under Task 6, "Conceptual Design and Development Plan", performed under contract F04701-75C-0114 for SAMSO, under the direction of Col. R. J. Fox, YDA.

The purpose of this study has been to optimize the entire AFGWC data processing system from the vantage point of current and future support requirements, addressing the AFGWC data processing system over the 1977 through 1982 time frame. This study was performed under a unique plan which allows complete traceability between user requirements, Air Force Global Weather Central operational functions, requirements levied upon the data system, a proposed component configuration which meets the data system requirements, and a system specification designed to acquire a system which meets these requirements.

The resultant system described has a number of unique features, including total hardware authentication separation of security levels, load leveling accomplished by assigning main processors in accordance with a dynamic priority queue of tasks, and a system-wide network control capability. Other key features include a central data base processor to fill requests for data from other processors, computer operations centers, the use of array processors for accomplishing difficult numerical problems, and sophisticated forecaster console support. These elements have been designed to provide 99.5% reliability in meeting user requirements.

The proposed system architecture consists of five dual processors each of which is about 3.5 times as powerful as an existing AFGWC processor (a Univac 1108). Each dual processor has an array processor which will be capable of very high performance on vector arithmetic. The array processors are used to assist on the difficult numerical problems, including the Advanced Prediction Model for the global atmosphere, as well as very fine grid cloud models and cloud proba-

i

bility models. Some of the new requirements that will be supported with this system are a one minute response to query interface, reentry support for Minuteman, and limited processing of high resolution (0.3 nautical mile) meteorological satellite data. In addition, cloud cover prediction for tactical weapon systems, ionospheric prediction for radio frequency management, and defense radar interference prediction will be supported by this system.

Volumes of this final System/Subsystem Summary Report are as follows:

Volume 1 - Executive Summary

Volume 2 - Requirements Compilation and Analysis (Parts 1, 2, and 3)

Volume 3 - Classified Requirements Topics (Secret)

Volume 4 - Systems Analysis and Trade Studies

Volume 5 - System Description

Volume 6 - Aerospace Ground Equipment Plan

Volume 7 - Implementation and Development Plans

Volume 8 - System Specification

This volume consists of three separately bound parts, with each part oriented towards specific areas covered in Task 1. Part 1 includes user requirements analyses in Section 1.0 that summarize the impact of current and new requirements on the proposed architecture. Part 1 also contains descriptions of proposed new models for the 1977-1982 time period in Section 2.0, with emphasis on data processing requirements.

In Part 2, this volume contains detailed descriptions of current and future functional characteristics of AFGWC in Section 3.0.

In Part 3, an in-depth network analysis (Section 4.0) that depicts various key interrelationships between these functions is presented. This network analysis has been instrumental in leading to the determination of processing capability that is required of this new architecture.

Another important analysis that has led to the determination of data system parameters has been the Task 1 data system characteristics summarization effort. This activity involved the compilation of a wide variety of important data system parameters across functional areas, eventually leading to the establishment of component values of the architectural domain in subsequent tasks. Results are summarized in Part 3, Section 5.0. The extensive working papers generated in this compilation process have been provided under separate cover.

SDC has also compiled a presentation of several topics involving growth, maintainability, and other aspects of general system performance. These topics appear in Part 3, Section 6.0.

Finally, SDC has compiled extensive glossaries of the terms and abbreviations encountered and used in this study. These glossaries include the abbreviations encountered in assessing user requirements (described in Section 1.0), plus many others emanating from AFGWC, technical literature, and other sources, and are included after Section 6.0 in Part 3 of this volume.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION

PART 1 - USER AND MODEL REQUIREMENTS

PART 2 - FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Abstract
List of Figures
Tracing of Architectural Development
Relationship of Volume Structure to Domains
Applicable Domain vs. Page Numbers
Volume/Domain Relationships
3.0 Functional Description
3.1 Function Descriptions
267
3.1.1 Input Processing Functions (F1000)
3.1.2 Data Base and Related Computations Functions (F2000) 279
3.1.3 Output Processing Functions (F3000)
3.1.4 Support Processing Functions (F4000)
3.2 Detailed Functional Procedures for Selected Areas 286
286
3.2.1 Input Processing Functions
3.2.2 Data Base and Related Computations Functions 296
3.2.3 Output Processing Functions
3.2.4 Support Processing Functions

PART 3 - CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARIES AND NETWORK ANALYSIS

PAGE

LIST OF FIGURES

(PART 2)

FIGURE		PAGE
7.	Input Data Processing Functions	269
8.	Computational Functions	271
9.	Output Processing Functions	273
10.	Support Processing Functions	275

RELATIONSHIP OF VOLUME STRUCTURE TO DOMAINS

This part of Nolume 2 describes present and planned functional requirements for the AFGWC data system. As such, the content of this document is based on the structure of the Functional Domain. In Section 3.1, the function descriptions are ordered in direct accordance with the structure of this domain. Topics are discussed as subdivisions under the following major areas:

- F1000: Input Processing Functions,
- F2000: Data Base and Related Computations Functions,
- F3000: Output Processing Functions,

F4000: Support Processing Functions.

In Section 3.2, this same functional categorization is used, to provide step-bystep detail of the sequential steps used to perform several key functions within this domain. These detailed procedures have been assembled to provide additional insight into AFGWC data system requirements through the analysis of data processing operations at a functional level.

vii

neyto

APPLICABLE DOMAIN VS. PAGE NUMBERS

FUNCTIONAL DOMAIN	PAGE*
F1000 Input Data Processing	267
F1100 SESS	267, 286
F1110 TWX Monitoring Inputs	
FIIII AWN	
F1112 AUTODIN	
F1113 SOON/RSTN	
F1114 OTH Propagation Data	
F1120 Bulk Data Processing Inputs	
F1121 DSF	
F1122 VELA	
F1123 ERL/NOAA (Boulder)	
F1124 ERL/NOAA	
F1125 Classified Operations	
F1200 Conventional Data	277, 287
F1210 Surface Data	
F1211 Surface Reports	
F1212 Terminal Forecasts	
F1213 Automated Weather Stations	
F1220 Upper Air Data	
F1221 Pibals	
F1222 Raobs	
F1223 Aircraft Reports	
F1224 Rocobs	
F1225 AWRS	
F1230 Severe Weather Advisories/Warnings	
F1231 NSSFC	,
F1232 AWN Input	
F1233 Radar Reports	
F1234 ARTCC Inputs	
F1300 MET SAT/Imagery Data	277, 289
*Page number of general functional area description and/or detailed	functional

*Page number of general functional area description and/or detailed functional procedures

North a more an one

· 新新教堂

F1310 Polar Satellite Data	000
F1311 DMSP	290
F1312 ITOS	
F1313 TIROS-N	
F1320 Geostationary Satellite Data	
F1321 SMS	
F1322 GOES	
F1323 GMS, METEOSAT, USSR	
F1330 Secondary Sensor Data	
F1331 DMSP	
F1332 GOES	
F1333 TIROS-N	
F1334 GMS, METEOSAT, USSR	
1400 Product Requests	277
F1410 CFP Requests	
F1411 Automatic Requests	293
F1412 Semi-Automatic Requests	
F1413 Manual Requests	294
F1420 Command & Control Systems	
F1421 Manual Requests	294
F1422 SACCS	294
F1423 Mid-Term System	
F1424 WIN	295
F1430 Misc. Requests	
F1431 Forecast Constant Generation Program	
F1432 Forward Trajectory Model	
F1433 Special Exercises	294
F1434 CFLOS	
F1435 Minuteman	
F1436 MBWS REQUEST	
F1500 Digital Radar	278
F1600 Special Projects	278

F

ix

F2000 Data	Base & Related Computations	279
F2100 SES	SS	279, 296
F2101 I	Magnetic Field	
F2102 I	HF Propagation	
F2103	Electron Density	
F2104	Applications	
F2105	Proton Flare	
F2106	Ionospheric Analysis Field	
F2107	Ray Tracé	
F2108	Improved Total Electorn Count	
F210 9	Conjugate Aurora	
F2110	Statistical Polar Ionospheric Propagation	
F2111	Improved Total Electron Count	
F2112	Improved F Region Storm	
F2113	Improved Ionosphere	
F2200 Re	quest Processing	2 79
F2210	Computer Flight Plans	
F2211	Automatic Responses	
F2212	Semi Automatic Request Responses	
F2213	Manual Request Responses	
F2214	Enhanced CFP Models	
F2220	Command & Control Systems	
F2221	Manual Responses	
F2222	SACCS	
F2223	Midterm Secure AUTODIN	
F222 4	WWMCCS	2 97
F2230	Misc. Requests	
F2231	FCGP	298
F2232	Forward Trajectory Model	2 99
F2233	CFLOS	
F2234	Minuteman	
F2235	MBWS	

х

Care and the second state of the

F2300 Analysis	279
F2310 Surface Data Analyses	
F2311 Hemispheric	
F2312 Tropical	
F2313 Window	
F2314 Global Analysis	
F2315 Advanced Window Analysis	
F2316 Variational Analysis	
F2320 Upper Air Analyses	300
F2321 Hemispheric	
F2322 Tropical	
F2323 Window	
F2324 Global Analysis	
F2325 Advanced Window Analysis	
F2326 Variational Analysis	
F2330 Satellite Data Processing	301
F2331 Initial Vertical Temperature Profile	
F2332 Final Vertical Temperature Profile	
F2333 Archival Processing	
F2334 Temperature & Humidity Soundings	
F2335 Microwave Data Processing	
F2340 3DNEPH Computations	302
F2341 Northern Hemisphere	
F2342 Southern Hemisphere	
F2343 Initial Enhancements	
2350 Misc. Analysis	
F2351 Agricultural Analysis	
F2352 Snow Cover Analysis	306
F2353 Digital Radar Analysis	070
F2400 Forecast/Prognosis	279
F2410 General Purpose Fields	307

xi

F2411 Hemispheric	
F2412 Tropical	
F2413 Window	
F2414 Global Applications Data Base	
F2415 Northern Hemisphere	
F2416 Hemispheric Wet AWSPE	
F2417 Global Spherical Harmonics for Tropics	
F2418 APM	
F2419 Tropical Window APM	
F2420 Special Purpose Fields	308
F2421 Turbulence	500
F2422 Clouds	
F2423 Contrails	
F2424 Severe Weather	
F2425 Tropopause	
F2426 Air Stagnation	
F2427 Precipitable Water	
F2428 Cloud Zoom	
F2429 HWD	,
F2429A Terminal Forecast	
F2429B Window Zoom	
F2429C Clear Line of Sight	
F2429D Minuteman	
F2430 Boundary Layer Models	309
F2431 Boundary Layer Models	005
F2432 BLM Zoom	
F2500 Special Projects	28 0
F3000 Output Processing	280
F3100 SESS	280
F3110 Computer Assisted Outputs	312
F3111 Particle Event	UIL.

1.5

F3112	Radio & Propagation Reports	
F3113	Solar, Geomagnetic, Geophysical	
F3114	Event Warning	
F3120	Automatic Outputs	313
F3121	Satellite Data Analysis	
F3122	Radio & Propagation Reports	
F3123	Solar, Geomagnetic, Geophysical	
F3124	Auroral Oval	
F3125	Proton Prediction	
F3126	Ionospheric Summary	
F3127	Electron Density Forecast	
F3128	ОТН В	
F3130	Manual Outputs	312
F3131	Satellite Data Analysis	
F3132	Event Notification	
F3200 Fa	acsimile Products	2 8 0
F3210	Automatic	
F3211	STATFAX Products	
F3212	EURFAX Products	
F3213	PACFAX Products	
F3214	RAFAX Products	
F3215	Weather Graphics System	
F3220	Manua]	
F3221	STRATFAX Products	
F3222	PACFAX Products	
F3300 Sa	tellite/Imagery Related Products	281
F3310	Manual	
F3311	Hardcopy Driven	
F33 12	Digital Fax	
F3320	Computer Assisted	
F3321	Digital Fax	
F3322	Display Machine	
F3323	SID	

xiii

F3400 AW	N Products	282
F3410	Manual	
F3420	Automated	
F3430	MBWS Products in CONUS	
F3500 Au	todin Products	282
F3510	Computer Assisted	
F3511	Giant Lance	
F3512	2 ADG-WF	
F3513	CFP's	
F3514	Time Enroute Bulletins	
F3520	Automatic	
F3521	72 Hr. Trajectory Report	
F3522	36 Hr. Wind Forecast	
F3523	CFP's	
F3524	Time Enroute Bulletins	
F3525	Forward Trajectory Model Predictions	
F3530	Manual	
F3531	CINCEUR Briefing Bulletin	
F3532	DCA European Forecast Bulletin	
F3600 De	dicated Circuits	283
F3610	Computer Driven External	
F3611	FUAC 35	
F3612	Sage Wind Forecasts	
F3613	3 AF WSU Data	
F3614	9 WRW OPS Center TAF/OBS	
F3615	15 AF WSU Data	
F3616	21 AF OPS Center Data	
F3617	22 AF OPS Center Data	
F3618	JCS Data	
F3619	HQ USAF Data	
F361A	Automated MAC Data	
F361B	SAC Data	

xiv

1.

F361C	FNWC Data	
F361D	MACDET 14	
F361E	NSA	
F361F	Pentagon	
F361G	NOAA	
F361H	VELA	
F361I	Misc. WSU's	
F361J	Beale Data	
F3620	Computer Assisted Internal	
F3621	Global Environmental Applications Branch	
F3622	SESS Branch	
F3623	Special Projects Branch	
F3700 WW	IMCCS	283, 314
F3800 Sp	ecial Projects	283
	port Processing	284
	oftware Development & Maintenance	284
	Program Compilation & Assembly	
F4120	Program Parameter Test & Checkout	
F4130	System Integration & Validation	
	pecial Studies & Analyses	284
F4210	System Simulation & Modeling	
F4220	Forecast & Prognosis Studies	
F4230	Output Data Handling	
F4240	Input Data Handling	
F4300 Da	ita System Management	284
F4310	Network Control	315
F4320	Quality Control	317
F4330	Hardware Validation	
F4340	Configuration Management	
F4400 Re	al Time Computer Operations	285
F4410	Unscheduled Production	318

F4420	Tape Handling	319
F4430	Console Operations	320
F4440	Error Processing	321
F4450	Output Data Processing	322
F4460	Preventive Maintenance	323
F4470	Interrupt Processing	324
F4480	Error Reporting	325
F4490	Online & Special Diagnostics	
F4500 Co	ontinuity of Operations	285
F4510	ETAC	326
F4511	Current Support	
F4512	Extended Data Archival	
F4513	Implemented C.O.P.	
F4520	Carswell	328
F4521	Initial Backup Capabilities	
F4522	Implemented C.O.P.	
F4530	NWS/NMC	
F4531	Current Support	
F4532	Enhanced Support	
F4540	FNWC	
F4541	Current Support	
F4542	Enhanced Support	
F4600 Da	ata Base Construction & Maintenance	285
F4610	Analysis & Forecast Files	
F4620	Satellite Files	
F4621	Raw Data	
F4622	Gridded Data	
F4630	Special Purpose Files	
F4631	RTOS Worker Files	
F4632	CFPs	
F4633	DMSP E Package	

F4634	Flight Plan Control	
F4635	SESS	
F4636	Classified and Misc.	
F4640	Program Storage	

VOLUME/DOMAIN RELATIONSHIPS

FUNCTION	REQUIREMENT*
F1000	
F1100	
F1110	
F1111	R402, 408
F1112	
F1113	R402
F1114	R511
F1120	
F1121	R515
F1122	
F1123	R119
F1124	
F1125	R516
F1200	
F1210	R402
F1211	R402, 404
F1212	R402
F1213	R402, 404
F1220	R402
F1221	R402
F1222	R402
F1223	R402
F1224	R402
F1225	R402
F1230	
F1231	
F1232	R402
F1233	
F1234	R405

*See Part 1 of this volume for descriptions of requirements

xviii

F1300	
F1310	
F1311	R118
F1312	
F1313	R119
F1320	
F1321	
F1322	
F1323	
F1330	
F1331	
F1332	
F1333	
F1334	
F1400	
F1410	R203, 205, 208, 211, 213, 215, 218, 302-4
F1411	R201, 203, 205, 208, 211, 213, 215, 218, 302-4
F1412	R201, 203, 205; 206, 208-11, 213-15, 218, 302-4
F1413	R201, 203, 205, 206, 208-11, 213-15, 218, 302-4
F1420	R201-18, 301-5
F1421	
F1422	R213, 303, 305
F1423	R202, 203, 205, 208, 211, 213, 301-5
F1424	R201-3, 205-14, 301-5
F1430	R201, 203, 208, 211, 213, 215, 301-5
F1431	R201, 213, 303, 305
F1432	R213, 303
F1433	R201, 203, 208, 211, 213, 215, 302, 303
F1434	R104-6, 108, 111-113, 117, 127, 203-6, 211, 213, 217, 303, 304
F1435	R305
F1436	R404
F1500	R410
F1600	R101-12, 114, 115, 117-20, 126, 127, 129, 413, 515, 516

xix

۰.

F2000 F2100 F2101 R503-6, 508, 512, 513 F2102 F2103 R501, 507, 511, 516, 517 F2104 R501-3, 507, 510-12, 517, 518 F2105 F2106 R501, 507, 511, 516, 517 F2107 F2108 R501, 503, 507, 508, 511, 517 F2109 R501-8, 511-13, 516, 517 F2110 F2111 F2112 R501, 503, 509, 511-13, 516-18 F2113 F2200 F2210 R201, 203, 208, 211, 213, 217, 218 F2211 R201, 203, 208, 211, 213, 217, 218 F2212 R201, 203, 208, 211, 213, 217, 218 F2213 R201, 203, 208, 211, 213, 217, 218 F2214 R202, 213 F2220 F2221 R213, 303 F2222 R201-3, 205-13 F2223 R201-3, 205-13 F2224 F2230 F2231 R213, 303, 305 R101, 202, 205 F2232 R104-6, 203, 205, 207-9, 213, 214 F2233 R213, 303, 305 F2234 R404 F2235

XX

F2300	
F2310	R104, 105
F2311	R104, 105, 124
F2312	R104, 105
F2313	R104, 105, 124
F2314	R104, 105, 124, 401, 411, 601
F2315	R104, 105, 111-13, 119, 120, 123, 301, 411, 601
F2316	R601
F2320	
F2321	R104, 105
F2322	R104, 105
F2323	R104, 105
F2324	R104, 105, 401, 410, 601
F2325	R104, 105, 411, 601
F2326	R601
F2330	
F2331	
F2332	
F2333	
F2334	R121, 601
F2335	
F2340	
F2341	R104-6, 111-13, 118-20, 124, 201, 203, 205-11, 213, 214, 217, 218, 302-4
F2342	R210
F2343	R601, 602
F2344	R601, 602
F2350	
F2351	R107
F2352	R205-7, 209, 411
F2353	R411, 601, 602
F2400	
F2410	

xxi

F2411	R101, 105, 108, 117, 120-22, 124, 126-29, 201-18, 301-5, 403, 404, 408, 501, 503-6, 601, 602
F2412	R121, 122, 126-29, 201, 202, 204, 208, 211, 301, 403, 407, 414, 501, 503, 504
F2413	k104-8, 120-22, 127, 202, 208, 218, 402, 404, 407, 413, 501, 503, 504, 508, 511, 601, 602
F2414	A11
F2415	R101, 102, 105, 120-22, 125, 129, 201-18, 301-5, 401-4, 406-17, 501-4, 507, 508, 512
F2416	A11
F2417	A11
F2418	A11
F2419	R106-10, 121-23, 128, 203, 208, 218, 403, 405, 408, 414, 502, 504, 505, 509, 512, 601, 602
F2420	
F2421	R105, 129, 218, 405
F2422	R101, 105, 117, 120, 121, 204, 208, 218, 403, 405, 408, 414, 501-5, 507
F2423	R124, 127, 129, 303
F2424	R101, 106, 122, 124, 129, 201-18, 301-5, 403, 405
F2425	R122, 127, 129, 217, 305
F2426	R117, 403
F2427	R105-9, 120-22, 127, 202, 208, 218, 403, 405, 408, 414, 502, 504, 505, 508, 512, 601, 602
F2428	
F2429	
F2429A	R105-9, 120-22, 127, 202, 208, 218, 403, 405, 408, 414, 502, 504, 505, 508, 512, 601, 602
F2429B	R105, 107, 108
F2429C	
F2429D	
F2430	
F2431	A11
F2432	R101, 105, 116, 119, 120, 204, 208, 218, 403, 405, 408, 414, 501-5, 507
F2500	R102, 104-6, 110-16

xxii

F3000	
F3100	
F3110	
F3111	511
F3112	511-13
F3113	203, 205, 504, 506-8, 511
F3114	508, 515
F3120	
F3121	201
F3122	504, 506, 507, 511, 513, 516
F3123	202, 203, 205
F3124	508, 511
F3125	
F3126	
F3127	505, 507, 511
F3128	511
F3130	
F3131	
F3132	201, 212, 213, 511
F3200	
F3210	
F3211	
F3212	203, 205, 214
F3213	211
F3214	
F3215	203, 205, 214, 414
F322C	
F3221	
F3222	211
F3300	
F3310	

xxiii

F3311	
F3312	412
F3320	
F3321	412
F3322	
	406, 412
F3400	
F3410	402, 404
F3420	402, 404,406, 407
F3430	404
F3500	
F3510	
F3511	
F3512	
F3513	201, 203, 205-11, 213, 214, 216, 218
F3514	201, 205, 208-11
F3520	
F3521	
F3522	
F3528	201, 203, 206-11, 213, 214, 216, 218
F3524	201, 203, 208-11
F3525	101, 205
F3530	
F3531	205
F3532	
F3533	201
F3600	507
F3610	
F3611	
F3612	
F3613	

xxiv

F3614		
F3615		
F3616		
F3617		
F3618		
F3619		
F361A		
F361B	105, 303, 503	
F361C	401	
F361D		
F361E	103	
F361F	501	
F361G		
F361H		
F361I		
F361J		
F3620		
F3621		
F3622		
F3623		
F3700	201-3, 205-14, 216-18, 301-5	
F3800	101, 103-5, 107, 110-15, 123, 124, 51	5
F4000		
F4100		
F4120		
F4130		
F4200		
F4210		
F4220		
F4230		
F4240		

xxv

really & No & Black Stand & An

F4300	
F4310	
F4320	
F4330	
F4340	
F4400	
F4410	
F4420	
F4430	
F4440	
F4450	
F4460	
F4470	
F4480	
F4490	
F4500	
F4510	
F4511	417
F4512	417
F4513	417
F4520	
F4521	416
F4522	416
F4530	
F4531	402
F4532	406
F4540	
F4541	401
F4542	401
F4600	
F4610	

xxvi

F4620		
F4621		
F4622		
F4630		
F4631		
F4632	218	
F4633		
F4634		
F4635	517	
F4636	101, 107,	110-15
F4640		

J. St.

xxvii

(Page xxviii Blank)

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

This section depicts the major operational functions employed at AFGWC to support user requirements. These functional areas are categorized as follows:

- a. Input Data Processing,
- b. Data Base and Related Computations,
- c. Output Processing, and
- d. Support Processing.

Subcategories describe current operations, as well as new functions that will be implemented in the 1977-82 time period. This information is depicted graphically on Figures 7 through 10, and is summarized for major functional areas on the pages that follow. More detailed information on a number of selected key functional areas is also presented.

3.1 FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

3.1.1 Input Processing Functions

3.1.1.1 SESS (F1100)

Space environmental support system data enters AFGWC from these primary sources:

- a. Astrogeophysical Teletype Network (ATN) messages which are routed from ATN stations to Carswell for input to AFGWC on the AWN line,
- b. NOAA messages over a dedicated circuit, and
- c. DSP messages over a dedicated circuit.

267 (page 268 blank)

FIGURE 7. INPUT DATA PROCESSING FUNCTIONS



2

of appreciation of the second states

1982

1 a mill



269 (page 270 blank)

get being and all the highlight the second we will

13.3



4

FIGURE 8. COMPUTATIONAL FUNCTIONS

a fight a strangenties a property and the second second second second second second second second second second
and I



The second second second second second

 \mathcal{C}

271 (page 272 blank)



.

1:1

ALL STREET

and the second second



....

273 (page 274 blank)



The Content of the

L. L.

and the same

a deline to the section of the stand on the story

a hard a set of the second second and the second second second second second second second second second second

trut



275 (page 276 blank)

All and a second and

There is also an alternate route from Carswell directly to a SESS teletype at AFGWC, bypassing all computational components for immediate dissemination of significant solar phenomena. This line is the responsibility of the 1911th Communications Squadron. All SESS input data are unclassified, and are decoded, validated, and stored in the data base for eventual access by SESS computation functions.

3.1.1.2 Conventional Data (F1200)

Conventional data inputs consist of surface data, upper air data, and severe weather advisories/warnings. All such data are currently received on the AWN line from Carswell. In 1977 and 1978, new inputs will include surface data from unattended Automated Weather Stations, upper air data from the Advanced Weather Reconnaisance System, and severe weather advisories from Air Route Traffic Control Centers. However, it is expected that these additional inputs will have a small effect on AFGWC, and will also be input via AWN. Conventional data will all be unclassified.

3.1.1.3 METSAT/Imagery Data (F1300)

These inputs currently enter AFGWC at the Site 3 ground station, and now consist of primary and special sensor data from the DMSP satellites. Primary and secondary data from the GOES satellite is expected in 1976 (through its own AFGWC ground station), and similar data is expected from TIROS-N in 1978 (also through a dedicated ground station).

3.1.1.4 Product Requests (F1400)

Product request inputs involve a wide variety of classified and unclassified inputs, encompassing CFP requests, command and control system requests, and numerous types of miscellaneous inputs. Unclassified requests over AWN and dedicated circuits will be decoded, routed, validated, and temporarily stored

the same as SESS and conventional data described earlier, and will use the same kind of equipment. The current AUTODIN line (which can carry messages up to Top Secret level) will eventually be phased out in favor of AUTODIN II, which will have a Top Secret capability, and which will enter AFGWC through a Datanet 355. Other Secret and Confidential inputs will be routed through devices of the appropriate classification level, and subsequent validation and storage will be processed in a manner similar to unclassified data.

3.1.1.5 Digital Radar (F1500)

Digital radar inputs (planned for 1980 implementation) will enter AFGWC on an unclassified high speed dedicated line. It is assumed that 105 current TAF locations will be the sites for AWS digital radars. For effective collection and preprocessing, it is assumed that about 4 "preprocessing" sites will accept data from about 25 radars each (plus several radars from NWS), performing extensive compression of site inputs to eliminate the transmission of useless data to AFGWC. These preprocessing sites could communicate with AFGWC by uplinking to a communications satellite, with a single downlink from this vehicle to AFGWC.

Data rates are expected to be about 2×10^5 bits/second to AFGWC for 4 seconds (one second from each of the four regional sites), with this rate occurring as often as every 15 minutes under severe weather conditions. These data should be sent in virtual real time for maximum utility; therefore, no more than one second should be allowed for the data from each processor site. This infers a 200 kilobit uplink capability to the communications satellite from each preprocessing station and a 200 kilobit downlink to AFGWC.

3.1.1.6 Special Projects (F1600)

Input communications processing for Special Projects will follow the same basic type of data handling scheme indicated for SESS, Conventional Data, and Product Requests.

3.1.2 Data Base and Related Computations Functions (F2000)

3.1.2.1 SESS (F2100)

SESS functions run the gamut of security classifications. Input processing will trigger computational models for both analysis and forecasting algorithms. These execute on main processors and will retrieve from and store into the data base. Most jobs run at scheduled times, but some are event dependent and impossible to schedule in advance, and therefore are initiated as batch runs.

3.1.2.2 Request Processing (F2200)

Typically, the request processing function will involve computer flight plans or related trajectories. The classification of such requests could run anywhere from Unclassified to Top Secret. Requests will be routed to a main processor where necessary computations will be performed. The central data base will be accessed for new and climatological data as well as archived records and libraries, and the result will be routed back to the requestor. Although most requests are more apt to be made at certain hours of the day, they are essentially random and require short reaction times.

3.1.2.3 Analysis (F2300)

The bulk of the computer power at AFGWC can be considered to be dedicated to functions classified as general analysis and forecasting. Almost all these routines can be scheduled far in advance. The models involved in analysis (as well as forecasting) will retrieve from and store into the data base and, when security dictates, make use of classified overlays to the data base.

3.1.2.4 Forecast/Prognosis (F2400)

See section 3.1.2.3 above.

3.1.2.5 Special Projects (F2500)

Jobs associated with the Special Projects Branch run at a special access security level. Jobs will be equally divided between those that are scheduled and those that are more or less random. Most have a high priority and require a fast reaction or minimal deviation from scheduled completion time.

3.1.3 Output Processing Functions (F3000)

3.1.3.1 SESS (F3100)

Space environmental support output products consist of a wide variety of unclassified event warning messages and analysis summaries which are transmitted over dedicated lines to NORAD, MAC, SAC, and other customers. Messages are also transmitted to ATN operating locations through the Carswell link. Data messages can be automatically generated, or they can be assembled by a combination of computer-driven techniques and manual procedures.

SESS output processing will consist of the accessing of SESS messages which have previously been assembled by appropriate conventional routines and stored in the data base. Extraction will be via a main processor, which will pull formatted information from the data base in accordance with runstream, operator, or forecaster commands and pass this information on for transmission over appropriate circuits.

3.1.3.2 Facsimile Products (F3200)

AFGWC will transmit a wide variety of digital and analog facsimile products over STRATFAX, PACFAX, and RAFAX circuits, and will also send digital charts over the Weather Graphics System to European subscribers. In addition, AFGWC will continue to provide backup support to the NWS on NAFAX and NAMFAX networks with analog facsimile products until AFOS becomes operational, when the National Distribution Circuit will be used to support NWS. To accommodate total automation from a centralized CUNUS weather facsimile facility, AFGWC will eventually use minicomputers (similar to the Interdata Model 50) of the same type that NWS is employing at the National Meteorological Center (NMC). The ID Model 50 will be hereafter referred to as the WFSC. The WFSC will replace the manual facility at Offutt AFB, Nebraska, and Suitland, Maryland. The WFSC will receive digitized weather facsimile maps from both the Suitland NMC and AFGWC. The maps/charts will be relayed to users on a predetermined schedule. The WFSC will be a store and forward system whose products will be received in digital form from the data base and converted to an analog signal compatible with customer facsimile recorders. A Keyboard Video Display Terminal (KVDT) will be used for monitoring system performance. It will allow operators to control and alter facsimile schedules. A teletype device will be used to provide a permanent record of data transmitted and received by the WFSC. An intermediate storage device (disk) can be used for map storage. The WFSC will also receive manually drawn charts. These charts will be digitized and stored on the intermediate storage device. A schedule of transmission requirements can also be kept on the disk, and schedules can be executed automatically under program control.

3.1.3.3 Satellite/Imagery-Related Products (F3300)

The Satellite Imagery Dissemination (SID) system will provide satellite imagery data dissemination from various weather satellites. This system will provide imagery from the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program (DMSP), from the NASA-NOAA/NESS GOES satellites, from other NOAA/NESS satellites, and from foreign satellite systems as they become available. These data will be sent to AWS CONUS and overseas units in near real time.

Gridded and mapped data will be extracted from disks in accordance with inputs from an operator console associated with the SID support processor. These inputs will trigger the data base processor into accessing the requested data from disk, performing initial formatting, and routing the data to the SID processor. This processor will perform final formatting and message assembly, and forward the data to users, either through vehicle-dedicated ground stations or on separate dedicated lines directly from the processor.

Raw satellite data can also be sent directly, employing SID console commands. In this case, data are retrieved in real time from data formatter outputs at the vehicle ground station and routed through the SID processor for dissemination to users. In this manner, time is saved and the use of the data base processor is eliminated, but the data are not corrected, mapped or gridded, and appear in relatively crude form.

3.1.3.4 AWN Products (F3400)

A wide range of manually prepared and automated teletype messages will be sent to AWN subscribers over the Carswell line. All data are unclassified, and are routed in real time or are stored in the data base for later extraction and routing.

3.1.3.5 AUTODIN Products (F3500)

Several types of manual, automatic, and computer assisted message products will be generated for transmission to AUTODIN subscribers. (A key message type that will be sent much more frequently in the future is that of Computer Flight Plans.) AUTODIN can now carry messages up to a classification level of Top Secret, and messages will be extracted from the data base by the data base processor and routed for final formatting and transmission on AUTODIN. These procedures will be followed until the Top Secret AUTODIN II system is available (about 1978), when AUTODIN output traffic will be sent to the Datanet 355 for final formatting and dissemination on this new high speed line.

3.1.3.6 Dedicated Circuits (F3600)

AFGWC will continue to serve numerous user agencies on several dedicated KSR, ASR, and high speed lines. In addition, the operational branches of AFGWC itself will receive data from the data system via a number of internal dedicated circuits. These outputs will be initiated directly by data system computers or by a combination of automatic and manual means.

Classification levels of these circuits range from Unclassified to Secret. The techniques of accessing, routing, and transmitting messages over dedicated circuits are basically the same as those discussed for SESS, except that the main processor will, for dedicated circuit outputs, determine the appropriate device to accept these messages, based on the security classification of these data, and route these messages accordingly.

3.1.3.7 WWMCCS (F3700)

In 1978, the WWMCCS Intercomputer Network (WIN) will be operational. The current 2-channel AUTODIN will be replaced by a 4-channel circuit supporting both WWMCCS and the current AUTODIN. AUTODIN will then gradually be phased out, and WWMCCS will be served by what will then be AUTODIN II.

The WIN will be capable of carrying messages through a classification of Top Secret. Output messages for the WIN will thus be sent to the LHDR that will accommodate AUTODIN II (the Datanet 355) for outside dissemination.

3.1.3.8 Special Projects (F3800)

Output communications processing in the special access perimeter will follow the same basic type of data handling scheme indicated for SESS.

3.1.4 Support Processing Functions (F4000)

3.1.4.1 Software Development and Maintenance (F4100)

Software development and maintenance includes those activities necessary to design, write, test, document, and upkeep all input, computational, output, and support processing functions at AFGWC. Most of the tasks involved will be unclassified, low priority, and run in batch mode.

3.1.4.2 Special Studies and Analysis (F4200)

Special studies and analysis functions are confined to the development of new meteorological analysis and forecasting methods and (to a lesser extent) the investigation of new software techniques which will enhance AFGWC computer operations. In this development stage, all such operations are unclassified. These functions are low priority and will access the central data base. Most will run in a batch mode, but some will be scheduled to run routinely as tests and will be time critical.

3.1.4.3 Data System Management (F4300)

Data system management includes the two major functions of network control and quality control. Quality control consists of the policing cf AFGWC products to maintain a high level of excellence. It should be present in all functions, primarily in the support area, and in that respect is really tied to all security classifications and hardware components. The proposed network control capability will monitor the status and control the operation of all processors.

3.1.4.4 Real-Time Computer Operations (F4400)

The computer operations included under this heading include unscheduled production, tape handling, console operations, error processing, output data processing, preventive maintenance, processing of interrupts, and error reporting. None of these tasks represent complete functions by themselves. They are steps in more complicated procedures and as such have been covered either implicitly or explicitly by other discussions.

3.1.4.5 Continuity of Operations (F4500)

Certain functions which normally are handled by facilities outside of AFGWC must nevertheless be backed up by AFGWC in case of system failure. The operations involved include those normally performed by Carswell, ETAC, and NWS/NMC. This category also includes the transmission of satellite data to FNWC. To a large extent, these entail a minimum amount of computational processing and a maximum of input and output processing, particularly as it involves communication. ETAC backup is furthermore involved in the archiving of meteorological data, placing a burden on AFGWC's tape drives and library. (It is assumed that a Mass Storage Facility would be of no use for ETAC backup because of the resulting incompatibility between the highly unique nature of AFGWC's recorded data and ETAC's reading devices.)

3.1.4.6 Data Base Construction and Maintenance (F4600)

The manager of the data base will be a central automated monitor who will oversee the attempts to access the data base. This task will be the responsibility of one main processor, but because of the importance of data management to the health of the entire system, an alternate processor will be available at all times to take over the job. Data base management will be an unclassified operation and will occur in the normal access area, although some minor data management (especially as applies to the classified overlays) will be left to all individual processors where the data are used.

3.2 DETAILED FUNCTIONAL PROCEDURES FOR SELECTED AREAS

3.2.1 Input Processing Functions

- F1100 SPACE ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT SYSTEM DATA (all steps currently performed in System I)
 - a. Receive data at communications terminal.
 - b. Decrypt data (DSP, VELA, classified applications only).
 - c. Buffer and route to printer via RTOS (with operator monitoring).
 - d. Buffer and route to temporary storage via RTOS.
 - e. Threshold on key events (by RTOS).
 - f. Produce and format event messages for transmission on ATN/AWN.
 - g. Route to raw data file.
 - h. Initiate validation and decoding by console operator (hourly for ground based data).
 - i. Store data in processed data file.
 - j. Route data to printer (with operator monitoring).
 - k. Produce and format data reports for transmission.

F1200 CONVENTIONAL DATA (currently AWN)

The following steps are currently done on System I:

- a. Receive data at communications terminal.
- b. Route data to temporary storage.
- c. Store data in temporary storage (raw data storage file).
- d. Identify data message by MANOP heading.
- e. Format messages for decoders and output device.
- f. Read in surface/TAF decoding programs and tables as required.
- g. Decode surface observations and TAF reports.
- h. Route decoded surface and TAF reports to System II.
- i. Route raw upper air bulletins to System II.

The following steps are currently done on System II:

- j. Route upper air bulletins to Decode File.
- k. Read in upper air decode programs.
- 1. Decode upper air data.
- m. Route decoded upper air, surface, and TAF reports to temporary storage files (if required depends on type of data).
- n. Load validation programs.
- o. Execute validation programs.
- p. Route program outputs to printer or other output device.

- q. Accept operator editing and modification inputs as required.
- r. Route validated data to regional data base.
- s. Store validated data in regional data base.
- NOTE: Future functions of Input Processing for Conventional Data: Route display products/special messages to printer or AN display (NSSFC, NMC, AFOS products)

F1300 MET-SAT DATA (general)

- a. Receive data on "Offutt" link at Site 3 into Data Formatter.
- b. Record raw data on magnetic tape.
- c. Input operator requests (e.g., data type).
- d. Route data to Site 3 display units (raw imagery only).
- e. Reformat data as required (analog to digital).
- f. Route data to System V.

£.,

g. Store data in temporary storage.

F1311 DMSP INPUT DATA PROCESSING

- a. The pass schedule is automatically built once a week and with the new schedule the NOVA disk data base is rebuilt.
- b. Prior to a particular pass on the schedule, the operator identifies the pass on the schedule.
- c. He calls up the pass number via his console.
- d. He validates the run setup, including insuring that the data on the CRS scope agrees with the schedule data.
- e. He changes status of equipment if required due to problems. This is done by editing of the equipment assignment list through the CRT and accompanying keyboard.
- f. He determines what the readout commands must be and he checks to make sure the readout command is correct. The command is actually issued through the NOVA computer at the appropriate time.
- g. A sequence card is sent through the NOVA to the 1110 to indicate what data is expected.
- h. The operator calls the readout site to see if the on time is correct. The objective is to activate the equipment just prior to data acquisition. There is a pad of about 15 or 20 seconds in this process.
- i. Just before the data is received, there is voice communication with the station.
- j. Upon sensing acquisition, he hits the shift transfer on his console and the NOVA computer takes over. NOVA automatically configures the equipment.

290

- k. The data is received from Loring and Fairchild tracking stations over a dual 1.334 megabit line. Maximum readout is approximately 12 minutes. This amounts to 200 minutes at tape-recorder speed. The transmission system will be the COMSAT satellite.
- Frame sync is checked by the data formatter. The data formatter decommutates data between various data types including HRV (2 nautical miles), VHR (1/3 nautical mile), HRIR (2 nautical miles), VHRIR (1/3 nautical mile), and SESS data (including vertical sounding, charge particle counter, lightning counter microwave in 1977, and other classified sources).
- m. Data can be written on the tape, displayed, and processed through the OF simultaneously. Presently, only one type of data, the VHR, can be sent to the 1110. By the first of 1976 there will be a second data formatter and therefore two types of data can be read simultaneously.
- n. The analog data is written onto a CEC VR3200 tape device. The data that goes to the 1110 has been digitized into 64 gray shades.
- o. The operator annotates the analog tape with voice on the third channel.
- p. Data is displayed on the weather display racks as it is received from the 1110 computer.
- q. Processing by the 1110 is against high resolution data, both IR and video and it includes cleaning, gridding, mapping and computation related to the statistical distribution of gray scales within 25 nautical mile squares on the earth's surface.
- r. The data is validated and bad data is thrown out (presently the data base is updated with bad data).

291

- s. Data can be displayed on the digital fax or the police fax. The data from the fax sources can be gridded manually, copied, and distributed. There is a plan to get a second digital display hooked up to the 1110.
- t. All data is stored for recall (presently 30 days, but this will be reduced to 7 days). The data is stored on the analog tapes for archival purposes; however a plan is to convert this to drawing digital tapes.
- u. The data can be displayed digitally anytime it is available in the disk data base.
- v. Processing of secondary data presently requires a replay. The latter can be done simultaneously. It includes application of geography fields against sounding data. Geography fields presently used in the computer are 25 nautical miles resolution, but the data is actually available in 3 nautical mile resolution.

F1411 AUTOMATIC CFP REQUESTS/RESPONSES (currently done in System I)

- a. CFP request is received from Autodin at System I.
- b. RTOS calls Flight Plan Control (FPC) Program.
- c. FPC archives CFP request message for permanent record.
- d. FPC stores CFP request in temporary storage.
- e. Request is called from temporary storage, FPC decodes requests, validates, determines type and initiates acknowledgement of receipt.
- f. FPC routes request to "Request File" (stores request in a queue).
- g. FPC produces local output of request on printer.
- h. FPC schedules CFP subsystem to process the request:
 - Operational Flight Data
 - Flight Simulation Model
 - Recovery

F1413 MANUAL CFP REQUESTS (currently done in System I).
F1421 MANUAL C&C REQUESTS
F1422 SACCS REQUESTS
F1433 SPECIAL EXERCISE REQUESTS

a. Receive data request from AUTODIN at System I.

b. Route request to 'Request File.'

c. Store in temporary storage 'Request File.'

d. Verify and validate request.

e. Route request to WPF printer for action by WPF.

-

F1424 WWMCCS INPUT PROCESSING

- a. Communications is established on the AUTODIN II network which will also be used as the WWMCCS line.
- b. A GWC computer will monitor on a real time basis.
- c. Messages coming in will be recognized or sent to the communications console.
- d. Protocol will include verification of message received.
- e. Message will be checked, single errors corrected, and interpretted for processing.
- f. If a request for WWMCCS data base data, a search will begin for the user standard data macros or for the specific data requested by the user.
- g. The extraction program will be used to seek out the data.
- h. If the message is a request for SDM, the specific parameter sequence is set up based on the input message request and appropriate programs are successor called.
- i. When a message first comes in, it is stored in auxiliary memory for recovery.
- j. Throughout the processing, the software continues checking, insuring valid processing. If for any reason processing is found to be not valid, the communications console is notified and processing is immediately switched to another configuration using the base message as a start point (unless it can be shown that processing was indeed valid beyond this point).

3.2.2 Data Base and Related Computations Functions

F2100 SPACE ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT SYSTEM DATA

- a. Program execution control.
- b. Process input request.
- c. Load program.
- d. Input external (non-data base) data.
- e. Input data base data.
- f. Computation.
- g. Program monitoring of execution (by operator).
- h. Local output.

F2224 WWMCCS DATA BASE COMPUTATION

- a. A set of macro programs are established, keyed off of data type.
- b. Incoming data are received from conventional or satellite data sources.
- c. The programs are called which validate, process and store the data into the WWMCCS data base. (Note that in the context of GWC design, the "WWMCCS data base" will actually be the data base which facilitates any query response capability.)
- d. Processing includes limited graphic capability.

F2231 REQUEST PROCESSING COMPUTATIONS FORECAST CONSTANT GENERATION

- a. Prepare card deck.
- b. Carry deck to computer center.
- c. Remove classified tape from safe and install on computer.
- d. Execute model; output local comeback copy on DCT2000 in Command Post (WPF operations).

e. Transmit data to user.

- f. Remove tape and replace in safe.
- g. Retrieve card deck and return.

F2232 REQUEST PROCESSING COMPUTATIONS - FORWARD TRAJECTORY MODEL

a. Prepare card deck.

b. Submit (handcarry) to computer center.

c. Computer operator submits to computer for execution.

d. Execute FTM program; output local comeback copy on DCT2000 in GF0¹.

e. Card deck returned to GFO¹ courier.

f. Card deck returned to current operations file by GFO^1 courier.

¹Now part of WPF.

F2320 UPPER AIR ANALYSIS

- a. Call up Analysis Program (Macro scale or Fine Mesh Upper Air Analysis Models).
- b. Input validated upper air data reports (Height, Temperature, Wind).
- c. Input 'First Guess' data fields (blend gridded data from Northern Hemisphere into tropical best-guess field).
- d. Compute Scan Radius (in Fine Mesh model).
- e. Scan grid points in circular area about observation point and compute difference between 'reported' and interpolated 'best guess values.'
- f. Store difference (correction) data values by grid point.
- g. Sum corrections for each grid point and add total correction to Best Guess values.
- h. Repeat steps d through f as required (3 times for fine mesh 3 to 4 times for macroscale).
- i. Produce (compute) final analysis field.
- j. Compute and make adjustments to analysis field (smoothing, vorticity, wind shear, etc.)
- k. Store analysis fields in Data Base.

F2330 SATELLITE DATA PROCESSING

- a. Input parameters which describe data bench line (eleven values: line number, Julian time, latitude of subpoint, etc.).
- b. Determine scan planes (from bench line parameters).
- c. Locate map bench point between scan planes.
- d. Determine interpolation value from perpendicular distance from point to planes.
- e. Determine through interpolation the line value for the Map Bench Point.
- f. Calculate sample value (IR or Video) for the Map Bench Point.
- g. Store sample value (character value) for Bench Point in Mapped Data File.
- h. Repeat process for each Map Bench Point and produce updated Mapped Data File.

F2340 3DNEPH COMPUTATIONS (SEE FLOW CHART)

- a. Determine data status by window (or block) (and output data status to computer operator if decision is required).
- b. Call up 'Surface Data Processor' routine.
- c. Input 1/8 mesh terrain model.
- d. Input validated surface data for window.
- e. Compute "total cloud amount" and amount of cloud for each of 15 layers (8 functions for each data report).
- f. Store computed data from 'Surface Data Processor' for use in 'Decision Tree Processor' routine.
- g. Call up 'Raob Data Processor' routice.
- h. Input validated raob data for window.
- i. Compute cloud amounts for each of 15 layers (using 1/8 mesh terrain field).
- j. Store computed data from 'Raob Data Processor' for use in "Decision Tree Processor."
- k. Call up "Aircraft Data Processor" routine.
- 1. Input validated aircraft data reports.
- m. Compute 'total cloud amounts' and amounts of cloud by layer for each of 15 layers (using 1/8 mesh grid).
- n. Store computed data from 'Aircraft Data Processor' for use in 'Decision Tree Processor routine.'
- o. Call up 'Manual Data Processor.'
- p. Output analyzed data to monitoring analyst upon request.

- q. Accept input of new or corrected data from analyst.
- r. Compute 15-layer cloud report for every 1/8 mesh grid point.
- s. Repeat steps a through r for each window.
- t. Sort merge and store data for use in "Decision Tree Processor."
- u. Call up "Decision Tree Processor" routine.
- v. Input data from the four (4) previous routines.
- w. Integrate all cloud data into decision process.
- x. Compute "Best Report" of total cloud, and cloud by each of 15 layers.
- y. Store computed cloud data in "Best Reports File."
- z. Call up "Satellite Video Data Processor" routine.
- aa. Input Minimum Brightness Field.
- bb. Input rectified and normalized satellite video data.
- cc. Compute digitized cloud data from raw video ita (for 1/8 mesh grid).
- dd. Compute updated Background Brightness field
- ee. Store updated Brightness field.
- ff. Rank satellite video data according to timeliness and data source (vs surface report) in decision process.
- gg. Produce mosaic of total cloud cover.
- hh. Store cloud mosaic data for use in 'Final Processor.'
- ii. Call up 'Satellite IR Data Processor' Routine.
- jj. Input rectified IR Data.
- kk. Input related data fields for use in analysis (surface data and upper air).

- 11. Compute digitized cloud cover data from raw IR data (1/8 mesh grid).
- mm. Rank satellite IR data according to timeliness and availability of satellite video data for decision process.
- nn. Store data from Satellite IR Data Processor for use in Final Processor.
- oo. Call up Final Processor.
- pp. Input data from Continuity Cloud Field.
- qq. Input data fields from previous routines (Decision Tree Processor and Satellite Data Processors).
- rr. Input validated manual data as applicable for change or correction (analyst interface as required).
- ss. Compare and weigh data inputs for logical decision process.
- tt. Determine total cloud amounts, cloud types, and amounts for each of 15 layers.
- uu. Store cloud data in 3DNEPH Data Base.



305

Copy available to DDC does not permit fully legible reproduction

...

1.

JONEPH PROGRAM FLOW.

F2352 SNOW ANALYSES

- a. Call up general purpose grid analysis routine.
- b. Access Data Base containing validated surface data.
- c. Input reported values of snow depth.
- d. Produce gridded field of snow depth.
- e. Store snow depth field in data base.

F2410 GENERAL PURPOSE FIELD FORECASTS

a. Call up Forecast Model.

b. Input pressure-height analysis data from GWC data base.

c. Compute stream functions.

- d. Store stream functions values for subsequent use.
- e. Call stream functions values from storage and compute vertical velocities by layers.
- f. Compute stream functions tendency (using vertical velocities and computed stream functions).
- g. Compute stream function forecasts.
- h. Produce forecast fields of vertical velocity, wind and temperature.
- i. Store forecast fields in GWC data base.

Forecast fields packed in 1/2 word format, wind forecast fields are stored for every 2 hours out to 60 hours, then at 72 hours. Heights and temperature fields for every 6 hours out to 48 hours, then at 60 hours, and 72 hours.

Macroscale 6 Level Model 572 Packed fields for 72-hour forecast

Mesoscale Prediction Model (Window) — Program contains 6000 lines of coding (FORTRAN V) - Runs each 12 hours, requires 8 min CPU time to produce 24 hour forecast - utilizes 55000 core locations in each of 3 segments of execution. Stored in data base in 1448 word formats - wind components every hour, temperature and height fields every 3 hours.

Tropical - Not as rigorous - same basic differences - 5 min - CPU time (1108) for 48 hour forecast.
F2420 SPECIAL PURPOSE FIELD FORECASTS

- a. Input analysis field from data base.
- Input general purpose prognosis field as applicable (e.g., U.A.
 Prog. Data for 3DNEPH forecast model).
- c. Call up special purpose forecast model.
- d. Compute special purpose field.
- e. Store computed data in prognosis data base.

F2430 BOUNDARY LAYER MODEL FORECAST (See Flow Chart)

- a. Call up Boundary Layer Analysis Model (6 programs).
- b. Input fixed field data, upper air and surface data, and mesoscale analysis fields (sequentially, as required in step 'c' for execution of analysis programs).
- c. Execute analysis programs and establish arrays for prognostic model:
 - 1. Check data base for presence of data to execute model.
 - Compute fields of specific humidity, temperature and specific humidity lapse rates for use as first guess fields in temporary storage.
 - 3. Compute height values, temperatures and humidity for each level of model, store data for subsequent use.
 - 4. Produce analyses of temperatures and specific humidity for each level of the model.
 - 5. Integrate analysis fields, fixed fields, and cloud data into arrays for forecast model; store for subsequent use.
 - 6. Interpolate analysis and 24-hour forecasts of U and V components of wind; pack into arrays, store for use in prognostic model.
- d. Call up Boundary Layer Prognostic Model.
- e. Input initial conditions (data arrays for analysis model, forecast fields) from temporary storage.
- f. Perform diagnostic computations to produce geostrophic winds and vertical wind components.
- g. Input cloud forecast field.

- h. Compute forecast fields of 1600m D-values, wind components, temperature, humidity, cloud forecasts, etc.
- i. Store output data (see Table Attached) at hourly forecast intervals in GWC data base.

Copy available to DDC does not permit fully legible reproduction



RIOW BASBAM OF OPERATORIAL BOU (LIRY LAYER MODEL

1 4.

3.2.3 Output Processing Functions

F3110 MANUAL AND COMPUTER ASSISTED SESS OUTPUTS

- a. Accumulate data, sort TTY information.
- b. Review data:
 - ask for more via card deck, through "hole in wall" record information on printer;
 - 2. analyze data (phone if required).
- c. Type message, punch paper tape, or punch cards.
- d. TWX or card deck to computer.
- e. Come back copy ATN product returned on AWN.

F3120 AUTOMATIC (COMPUTER DRIVEN) SESS PRODUCTS

- a. Automated products released.
- b. Forecaster accumulates data, sorts TTY information.
- c. Review data:
 - 1. Correct incorrect data through ATN or by card deck.
 - 2. Request additional information if required:
 - a) card deck,
 - b) receive on printer.
 - 3. Analyze data.
- d. Prepare computer input card deck or paper tape for ATN (HMUS 1, 2).

e. Card deck input through "hole in wall".

f. Come back copies:

- 1. Printer,
- 2. DCT,
- 3. 1004 in computer room back through "hole in wall", and
- 4. Punched cards.
- g. 1004 copy mailed if required.
- h. Punch cards validated, interpreted and mailed.

F3700 WWMCCS DATA OUTPUT PROCESSING

- a. Once the data has been identified and located in the data base, and the buffer area for results of computation is identified, the output processing programs are called.
- b. Data are formatted for output, security level is established, and validity check is made to insure compatibility between recipient and message.
- c. Mesgage logging and timing is accomplsiehd.
- d. If specified, hard copy results are stored for output.
- e. Communications is established through appropriate protocol.
- f. Message is transmitted. Verification is awaited.

3.2.4 Support Processing Functions

F4310 DATA SYSTEM MANAGEMENT - NETWORK CONTROL FUNCTION

- a. Prepare and update standard task frequency table.
- b. Insert special task times.
- c. Run task schedule routine.
- d. Identify action if task requirement not met.
- e. Identify task/event relationships.
- f. Identify task priorities.
- g. Identify task/resource matrix.
- h. Identify threshold criterion for task activation.
- i. Identify criteria for query frequency/times.
- j. Identify maintenance schedule.
- k. Enter maintenance into queue.
- Determine event/time relationships where this a priori relationship can be established.
- m. Associate event activated tasks with a time and enter into priority ordered queue.
- n. Query unpredictable events to see if associated tasks are to be exercised.
- o. Process any queries and enter in priority ordered queue.
- p. Terminate tasks which have been bumped by priority.
- q. Take appropriate action for bumped tasks (e.g., reenter into task queue).

315

r. Initiate task process when resources are available.

s. Monitor data base status.

t. Monitor resource integrity.

u. Monitor task processing.

v. Sense processing abnormalities.

w. Respond to abnormalities by manually adjusting the queue.

x. Force resource scheduling if required.

F4320 DATA SYSTEM MANAGEMENT - QUALITY CONTROL FUNCTION

- a. Build forecast vs forecaster file.
- b. Obtain Computer Flight Plan vs Actual Flight Data File (currently from MAC Form 193 Flight Folder Information but potentially it could be added to the arrival message AM-2 MAC information system).
- c. Monitor message transmission vs transmission requirement and record deltas.
- d. Generate statistics on output timeliness.
- e. Input verified data as required.
- f. Compare forecast data against current analysis¹ data.
- g. Generate comparison statistics.
- h. Compare Flight Plan vs Actual Flight Data.
- i. Generate comparison statistics.
- j. Observe wind and pressure analysis charts overlayed on forecasts and score differences.
- k. Update quality assurance results data.
- 1. Generate monthly internal and external summaries.
- m. Generate annual summary.

¹Techniques are required for analysis validation

F4410 UNSCHEDULED PRODUCTION

- a. Job is submitted into the system (WPF, SESS, Development).
- b. Job is logged into Job Control (unless classified in which case logging is performed by system operations).
- c. Necessary tapes etc. are obtained to support job.
- d. Unclassified jobs can be input to the computer through the remote 1004 system.
- e. Deck is returned or submitted for return to the originator along with a listing.
- f. RTOS processes the job and places in the product file.
- g. RTOS performs a security check against customer, any lines that are involved and whether the classification is proper.
- h. The executive executes the job.

F4420 TAPE HANDLING (Disk Packs are not used like tapes)

- a. All tapes (except for rare exceptions) are in the tape library.
- b. The Forecast Constant Generation Program is handled by operator and operator from the GFO section.
- c. Job request designates tapes to be used.
- d. Tape Librarian supplies tape(s) associated with job.
- e. Individual is assigned to miscellaneous tasks such as mounting tapes. Depending on workload (e.g., production vs operational) a single person may perform this function on one or more systems.
- f. Tapes are addressed to physical units within a program. The only way to alter tape drive for a given program is through "repatching" of a plugboard.
- g. If the tape is not mounted by the time the program is executed the operator is notified and the computer awaits the appropriate action.
- h. Tapes written during a run are labelled and logged back into the library.
- i. Few or no cases of manual tape handling during the middle of a run exist.

F4430 CONSOLE OPERATIONS

- a. The operator console consists of a CRT hardcopy device, one alphanumeric keyboard, and status information via lights.
- b. All messages from the computer to the operator arrive on the CRT and hardcopy device.
- c. Classified job requests require a password if the program is not preloaded in the classified program file.
- d. The System Duty Officer must personally identify the person requesting the run and then will enter the password associated with the request.
- e. The key is compared against a classified password match code entered at system autoload time.
- f. System I operator has no indication that remote entries have been made from the 1004 unless he checks the job queue.
- g. When running the Forecast Constant Generation Program (FCGP) the operator must jointly handle classified tape with operator from WPF to conform with regulation.

F4440 ERROR PROCESSING

- a. Program errors may show up on the operator CRT.
- b. The way of presenting the error depends on who wrote the program.
- c. Error identification and continue; error identification and operator action request; and also abort are all possibilities in error reporting.
- d. Job number is identified with error.
- Errors may require action by someone other than the operator (e.g., person submitting run). If this is the case the operator makes a telephone call.
- f. In the case of an abort, since successive programs communicate primarily by disk, very little is affected other than current programs.
- g. New programs are immediately loaded and processing continues.
- h. The operator option exists to obtain a post mortem dump (as long as it is allowed for by the program).
- i. The dump is entered into the output processing queue.

F4450 OUTPUT DATA PROCESSING

- a. High speed printer output is separated and marked.
- b. Printer output is buffered via disk.
- c. Printer output is given in a mixed first ready-first out/priority scheme.
- d. 4 high speed printers in Systems I-II-IV.
- e. Maximum of two (2) high speed printers per system.
- f. Printer output is on 1-ply paper.
- g. Special map or gridded paper is occasionally used.
- h. System is used as off-line printer system a couple of times a month.
- i. On operator option, the printout output can be written onto tape and output on another system or saved until later output.
- j. Output is immediately hand delivered or via 3-hr distribution depending on classification/priority.
- k. Printer output does not in general contain status information but rather the end result of computation.

F4460 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

- a. The 1108 systems (I through IV) have preventive maintenance (PM) performed every two weeks. The 1110 system (V) has preventive maintenance performed every week.
- b. PM is performed by UNIVAC and involves detailed checking of electronics both with equipment and diagnostic software.
- c. The operator has the daily task of certain cleaning and adjustment functions including cleaning the tape heads.
- d. UNIVAC PMs attempt to isolate hardware problems that are indicated in resent problem report history, based on analysis of error reports that were not deadly to the system.

F4470 INTERRUPT PROCESSING

- a. To interrupt the executing job, it must be aborted by operator action.
- b. If a job is aborted all capacity to restart at interrupt point is lost. Job must make a virgin restart.

F4480 ERROR REPORTING

SOFTWARE

5

- a. Errors are limited to operations problems.
- b. Errors are noted on software error forms.
- c. Attached to forms are core dumps (typewriter output).
- d. Reports are analyzed by WPD central analyst and distributed to appropriate programming group or groups.

HARDWARE

- a. System operators note problem on hardware error report form.
- b. UNIVAC responds to report with on site field engineers.

F4510 CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS - ETAC BACKUP

NORMAL OPERATIONS (ETAC OPERATIONAL)

- a. Receive daily ETAC climatological data base update from ETAC via dedicated communication link (current communications are via the NWS National Distribution Circuit).
- b. Temporarily store ETAC update data in mass storage.
- c. Perform update of AFGWC maintained ETAC climatological data base stored on magnetic tapes.

CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS (ETAC INOPERATIVE)

Twelve hours following notification that ETAC is inoperative:

- a. Identify the existing ETAC climatological tape stored data base as Day No. 1. Remove and physically store all day No. 1 tapes.
- b. Mount new blank ETAC magnetic tapes.
- c. Load ETAC Operational Programs.
- d. Perform computations with ETAC Operational Programs and GWC
 Global Data Base to generate new ETAC climatological data base.
 (Requires approximately 6 hours per day.)
- e. Transfer new ETAC climatological data base to magnetic tape mounted in Step (b). Label as tape No. N+1 with N= to number of ETAC data bases previously stored.
- f. Perform steps (b) through (e) daily for the period of time the ETAC facility is inoperative but with a limit of N = 90.

Within six hours following notification that ETAC has resumed operation:

- a. Send via the dedicated ETAC to AFGWC communications link all accumulated daily ETAC climatological data bases.
- b. Following acknowledgement from ETAC that the daily data base data has been received, remove the N number identification from the last AFGWC data base produced, and identify as the current AFGWC maintained ETAC climatological data base. Purge all other magnetic tapes containing ETAC data base data.
- c. Return to NORMAL OPERATIONS.

12

F4520 CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS - CARSWELL BACKUP

These procedures assume a total functional backup of all Carswell operations with no change in AFGWC basic operations. It is assumed that input, product computation and output data processing facilities equivalent to those located at Carswell are available on a standby or interruptable basis at AFGWC.

- a. Immediately following notification that the Carswell facility has become inoperative, initiate AWN data collection. If input processors assigned to Carswell backup are in use, interrupt operation and load AWN decoder programs and initiate operation. If Carswell assigned input processor is in standby mode, AWN decoder programs will be in core.
- b. Initiate Carswell product computation and output scheduleing on the computational facilities assigned for Carswell backup. If these facilities are in use, interrupt and load the Carswell backup scheduling and operational programs and initiate operations. If the Carswell backup assigned facilities are in a standby mode, the scheduling and computaional program will be in core.
- c. Operate the Carswell backup functions concurrent with AFGWC operations for the duration of the Carswell outage.
- d. Following notification that Carswell has returned to full operational status, discontinue backup operations and return facilities to standby or low priority usage.

328