# SERDP / ESTCP Workshop Surface Finishing & Repair Issues for Sustaining New Military Aircraft



## Cadmium Alternatives for High-Strength Steel JTP – Phase II



Fiesta Resort and Conference Center Tempe, AZ 27 February 2008

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maintaining the data needed, and c including suggestions for reducing	lection of information is estimated to completing and reviewing the collect this burden, to Washington Headqu uld be aware that notwithstanding ar DMB control number.	ion of information. Send comments arters Services, Directorate for Infor	regarding this burden estimate of mation Operations and Reports	or any other aspect of the property of the contract of the con	his collection of information, Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington		
1. REPORT DATE 27 FEB 2000		2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVE	RED 8 to 00-00-2008		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE					5a. CONTRACT NUMBER		
Cadmium Alternatives for High-Strength Steel JTP -Phase II			e II	5b. GRANT NUMBER			
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER			
6. AUTHOR(S) 5d. PROJECT NUMBER					JMBER		
				5e. TASK NUMBER			
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER			
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)  Air Force Research Laboratory, Wright Patterson AFB, OH, 45433  8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER							
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)			
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)			
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAIL Approved for publ	LABILITY STATEMENT ic release; distributi	on unlimited					
_	otes and Repair Issues fo Sponsored by SERD	_	(ilitary Aircraft V	Vorkshop, F	ebruary 26-28,		
14. ABSTRACT							
15. SUBJECT TERMS							
			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF		
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	Same as Report (SAR)	33	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		

**Report Documentation Page** 

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

### **Project Overview**



### **Objective**

 Assess DoD-selected Cadmium alternatives in accordance with the DoD-approved Joint Test Protocol (JTP) for both traditional plating and brush plating of HSS applications.

(JTP is available at <a href="https://www.jgpp.com">www.jgpp.com</a> – JCAT links)

### **Approach**

- Three-phased approach:
  - Phase I (HE and adhesion testing): NAVAIR (complete)
  - Phase II (JTP test matrix): AFRL/CTC
  - Phase III (Testing for Threaded Fasteners): ARL
- Selection of candidates for further testing after each phase of testing is complete (Phases I & II)



### **Project Team Members**



- AFRL Dr. Elizabeth Berman
- CTC Mr. Neil Huber, Ms. Leanne Debias
- NAVAIR Mr. Steve Brown
- Boeing Mr. Joe Osborne
- ARL Mr. Brian Placzankis
- WMTR Mr. Jay Curry
- Hill AFB Mr. Nate Hughes
- Alumiplate Mr. Gus Vallejo
- Marshall Labs Mr. John Marshall

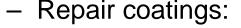


## Phase I Overview and Selection Process



#### Alternatives Tested in Phase I

- Primary coatings:
  - Sputtered Aluminum (Marshall Labs)
  - Electroplated Aluminum (Alumiplate)
  - LHE Zn-Ni (Dipsol IZ-C17)
  - Acidic Zn-Ni (Boeing, Seattle)
  - Sn-Zn (Dipsol)
- Tests Conducted
  - -Hydrogen Embrittlement
  - -Re-embrittlement
  - -Adhesion
- Selection Process
  - -WebEx Teleconference to review results
  - -E-mail voting to determine Phase II candidates



- Brush Zn-Ni (SIFCO 4018)
- Brush SN-ZN (LDC 5030)
- Spray Aluminum-ceramic (Sermetel 249/273)



### **Alternative Selection – Phase I**



#### **Down-selected Coatings for Phase II:**

- Primary test coatings
  - LHE Zinc-Nickel (Dipsol IZ-C17)
  - Electroplated Aluminum
  - Sputtered Aluminum
  - Controls:
    - Cadmium
    - IVD AI: Hill AFB flat panels
    - IVD AI: Cametoid fasteners, washers and HE bars
- Repair test coatings (Cd brush control)
  - Aluminum-Ceramic Repair Coating (Sermetel)
  - Zinc-nickel brush repair
  - Tin-Zinc brush repair
  - Control Cd Brush

All Phase II testing methods will be performed according to the procedures and requirements in the JTP.



### **Phase II Tests**

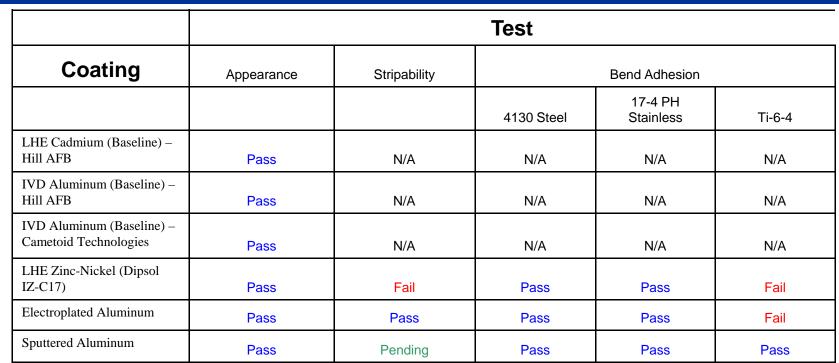


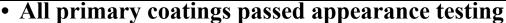
Test Category	Test	Testing Facility	
	Appearance	CTC (POC – Leanne Debias)	
Compand Dropouting	Throwing power and alloy composition uniformity	CTC	
General Properties	Strippability	NAVAIR (POC – Steve Brown)	
	Galvanic potential	ARL (POC – Brian Plosankis)	
Adhesion	Bend adhesion	NAVAIR	
Adnesion	Paint adhesion	NAVAIR	
	Unscribed NSS* (bare)	ARL	
	Scribed NSS* (bare)	ARL	
Corrosion	Galvanic corrosion resistance	ARL	
Corrosion	Fluid corrosion resistance	ARL	
	Scribed, painted salt spray	NAVAIR (paint), ARL (test)	
	Scribed and unscribed SO <sub>2</sub> salt spray	NAVAIR	
	Run-on/Break-away torque	WMTR (POC – Jay Curry)	
Lubricity	Torque-tension & torque-tension of corrosion- exposed fasteners	WMTR	
	Appearance & Thickness	CTC	
Poporobility	Bend adhesion	ARL	
Reparability	Paint adhesion	ARL	
	Scribed and unscribed salt spray	ARL	
Quality Assurance	Hydrogen embrittlement – notched bar	NAVAIR	



## Primary Coating Test Summary







- Mixed stripability results
  - •LHE Zinc-Ni failed due to change in bend adhesion in 1-2 bend cycles
- Mixed Bend Adhesion Results
  - •All Primary Coatings passed using both 4130 steel & 17-4 stainless
  - •LHE Zinc-Ni and electroplated Al failed bend adhesion for Ti-6-4 due to spalling and edge buckling respectively



## **Primary Coating Appearance Test Results**

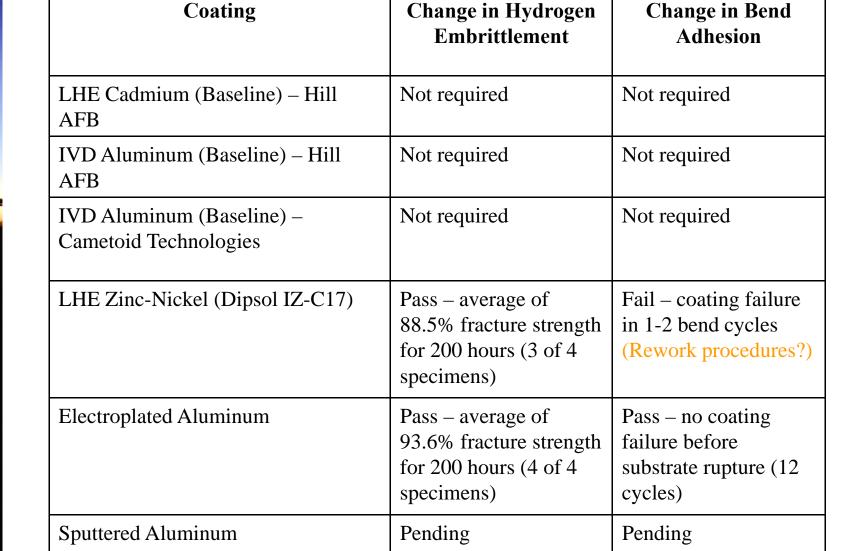


Coating	Appearance Results
LHE Cadmium (Baseline) – Hill AFB	Coating is continuous but not uniform, showing some edge effect; coating is smooth, adherent, and free from blisters, pits, excessive powder, and contamination
IVD Aluminum (Baseline) – Hill AFB	Coating is continuous, uniform, smooth, adherent, and free from blisters, pits, excessive powder, and contamination
IVD Aluminum (Baseline) – Cametoid Technologies	Coating is continuous, uniform, smooth, adherent, and free from blisters, pits, excessive powder, and contamination
LHE Zinc-Nickel (Dipsol IZ-C17)	Coating is continuous but not uniform also containing a few spots of possible contamination; otherwise, the coating is smooth, adherent, and free from pits, blisters, and excessive powder
Electroplated Aluminum	Coating is continuous, uniform, smooth, adherent, and free from blisters, pits, excessive powder, and contamination
Sputtered Aluminum	Coating is continuous, uniform, smooth, adherent, and free from blisters, pits, excessive powder, and contamination



## Primary Coating Stripability Test Results







## Primary Coating Bend Adhesion Test Results

**Bend Adhesion Results** 

17-4 PH stainless

Pass - no cracking

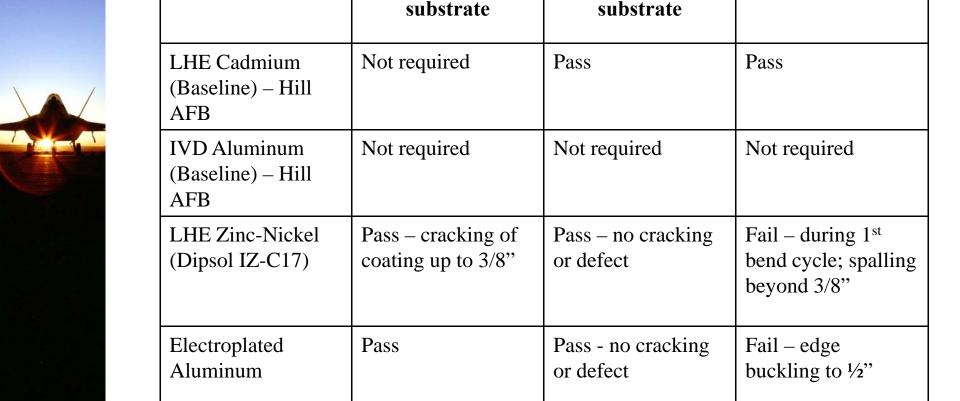
or defect



Ti-6-4 substrate

Pass - no cracking

or defect



Pass- no cracking

or defect

**4130 steel** 

**Coating** 

Sputtered

Aluminum

## Primary Coating Bend Adhesion Test Results







Zinc-Nickel on Ti-6-4



Electroplated Aluminum on Ti-6-4

## Primary Coating Test Summary (continued)



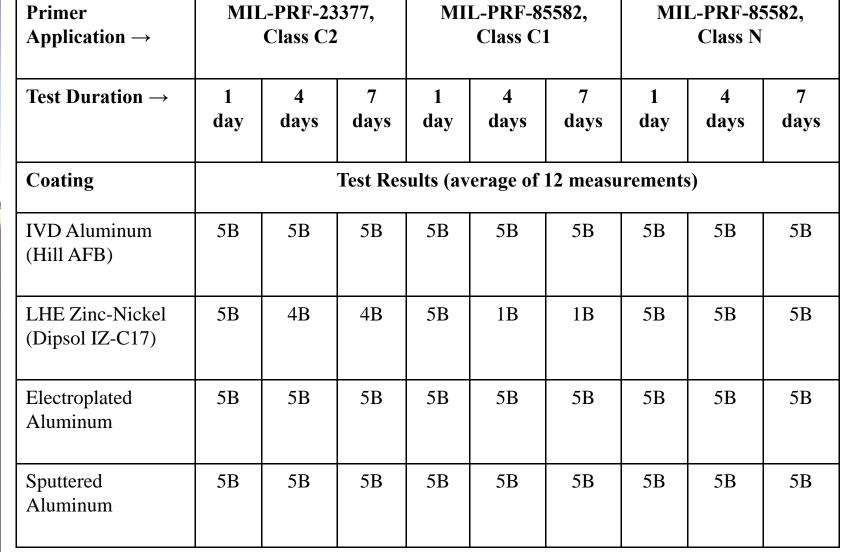
	Test					
Coating	Paint Adhesion (1, 4, 7 day duration)		Run On / Breakaway Torque		Hydrogen Embrittlement	
	MIL-PRF- 23377, Class C2	MIL-PRF- 85582, Class C1	MIL-PRF- 85582, Class N	3/8" fastener	5/8" fastener	
LHE Cadmium (Baseline) – Hill AFB	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A	discussion required	Pass
IVD Aluminum (Baseline) – Hill AFB	Pass all durations	Pass all durations	Pass all durations	N/A	discussion required	N/A
IVD Aluminum (Baseline) – Cametoid Technologies	N/A	N/A	N/A	Pending	discussion required	Pending
LHE Zinc-Nickel (Dipsol IZ-C17)	Pass all durations	Fail 4 & 7 day duration	Pass all durations	Pass	discussion required	Pending (Test performed in DI & salt water)
Electroplated Aluminum	Pass all durations	Pass all durations	Pass all durations	Pass	discussion required	Pass
Sputtered Aluminum	Pass all durations	Pass all durations	Pass all durations	Pass	discussion required	Pass

- Primary Coatings Passed Paint Adhesion Testing with one exception (LHE Zinc-Ni failed for 85582 Class C1 after 4 and 7 days)
- Run On/Breakaway torque test results:
  - •Passed for 3/8" fastener
  - •5/8" fastener need to be discussed



### **Primary Coating** Paint Adhesion (Wet Tape) Test Results U.S. AIR FORCE







## Primary Coating Paint Adhesion (Wet Tape) Test Results

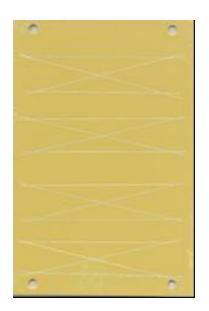




IVD Al with MIL-PRF-85582 C1, after 4 days



LHE Zn-Ni with MIL-PRF-85582 C1, after 4 days



Electroplated Al with MIL-PRF-23377, after 7 days



Sputtered Al with MIL-PRF-23377, after 4 days

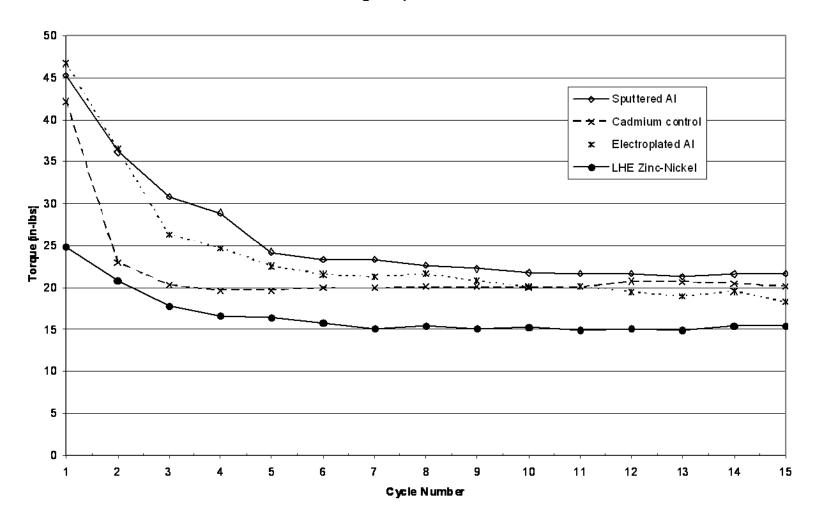


- Reporting Maximum Locking Torque and Breakaway Torque for the 3/8-inch and 5/8-inch fasteners
- 3/8-inch LHE Zinc-Nickel, electroplated aluminum and sputtered aluminum fasteners pass JTP criteria (9.5 inlbs)
- 5/8-inch Cadmium baseline and all coatings fail JTP criteria (32 in-lbs)
- Testing of the IVD Al fasteners coated by Cametoid Technologies is in progress at WMTR





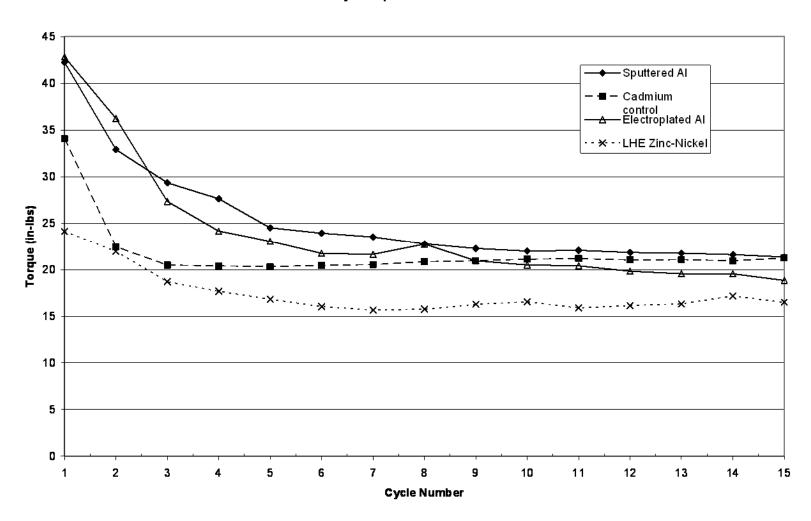
#### Maximum Locking Torque for 3/8-inch Fasteners







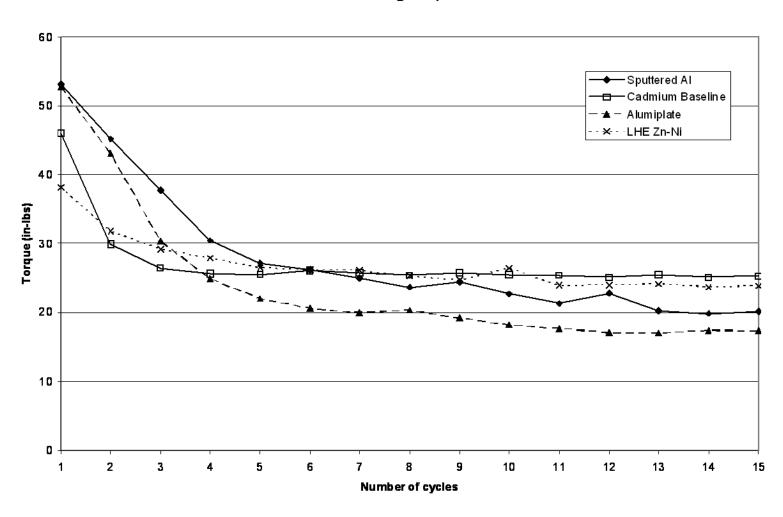
#### Breakaway Torque - 3/8-inch Fasteners







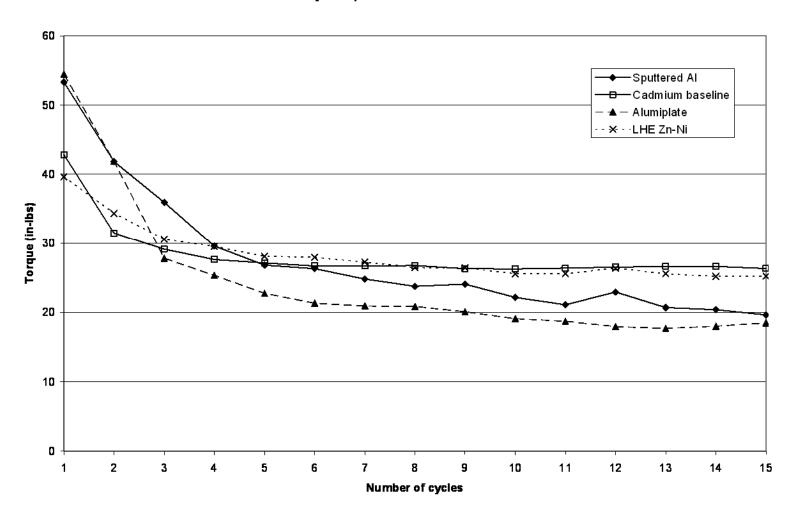
Maximum Locking Torque - 5/8-inch







#### Breakaway Torque Results - 5/8-inch fasteners





### Repair Coating Test Summary



	Test		
Coating	Appearance	Hydrogen Embrittlement	
Brush LHE Cadmium – Boeing, St. Louis	Pass	Pass	
Brush Tin-Zinc – Boeing, St. Louis	Fail	Pass	
Brush Zinc-Nickel – Boeing, St. Louis	Pass	Pass	
Sermetel 249/273 – Boeing, St. Louis	Pass	Pass	



- Three of four Repair Coatings passed Appearance Testing
  - •Brush Tin-Zinc failed, coating is not continuous or uniform; coating is adherent, but rough, with excessive powder and possible rust spots
- All Repair Coatings Passed Hydrogen Embrittlement testing

## Repair Coating Appearance Test Results

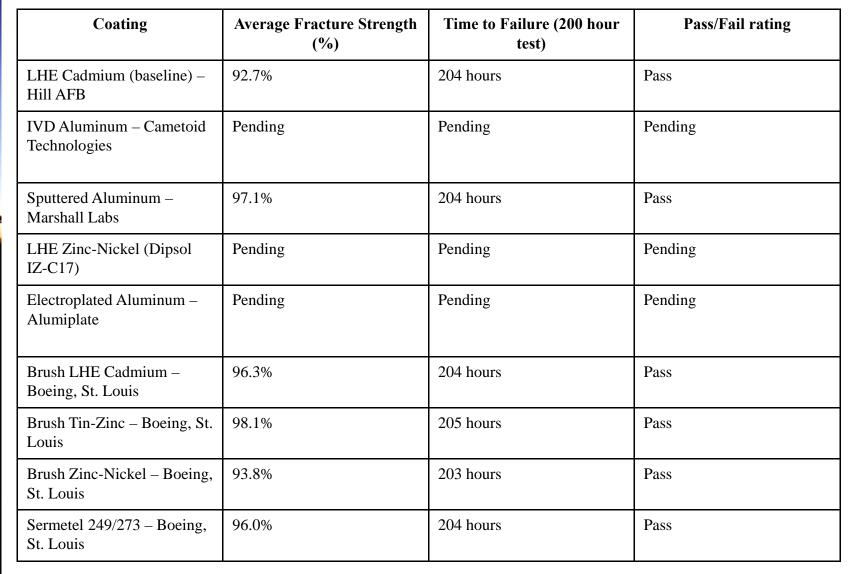


Coating	Appearance Results
Brush Plated Cadmium (Baseline) – Boeing, St. Louis	Coating is continuous but not uniform, showing swirls from processing; coating is smooth, adherent, and free from blisters, pits, excessive powder, and contamination
Brush Plated Zinc-Nickel – Boeing, St. Louis	Coating is not continuous or uniform; coating is adherent, but rough, with excessive powder and possible rust spots
Brush Plated Tin-Zinc – Boeing, St. Louis	Coating is continuous but not uniform, with a dark brown area through the center of the panel; the coating is smooth and adherent, but has excessive powder
Sermetel 249/273– Boeing, St. Louis	Coating is continuous and uniform, smooth, adherent, and free from pits, blisters, excessive powder, and contamination



### Primary / Repair Coating Hydrogen Embrittlement Quality Assurance





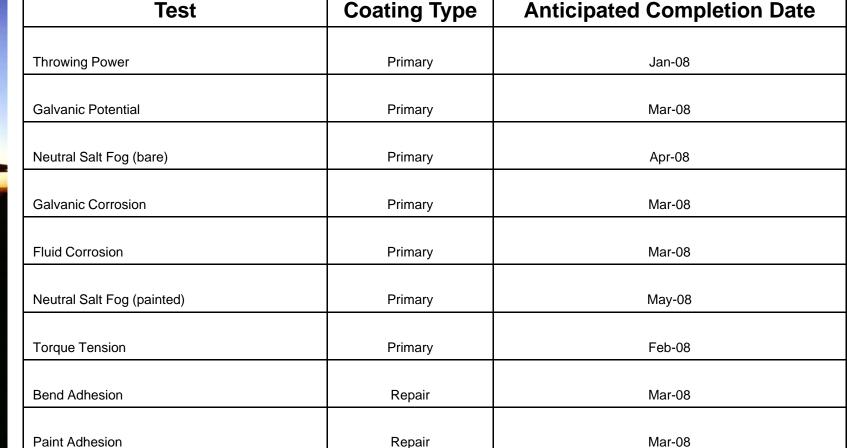


### **Anticipated Completion Dates for Testing in Progress**



Mar-08

Mar-08



Repair



Neutral Salt Fog (bare)

### **Phase II Close-Out Process**



- Test Report will be issued for AFRL/JCAT review
- CTC will host a WebEx teleconference to review the Phase II Test Report
- Based on the discussion from the teleconference and the results of the Phase II testing, promising coating candidates for will be selected
  - Any alternatives with clear deficiencies in a number of test categories will be eliminated from consideration



### **Timeline**

**Start Date** 

**Nov-05** 

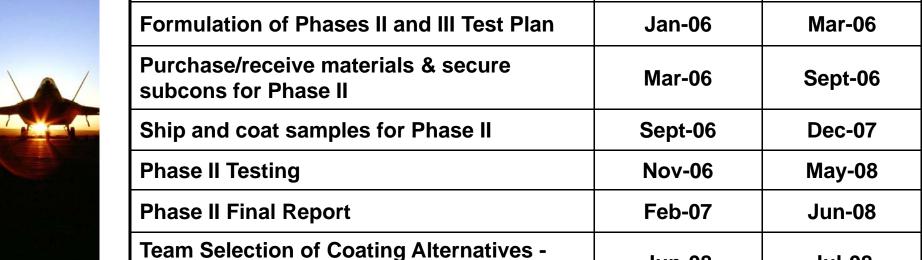
Jun-08



**End Date** 

Jan-06

Jul-08



**Activity** 

Selection of Alternatives from Phase I



Phase II

### **Summary**



- Selected alternatives from Phase I have been coated
- Alternatives are currently in Phase II testing (CTC, NAVAIR, ARL, WMTR)
  - ~50% of tests complete with remainder to finish in 1<sup>st</sup> Qtr 08
- Coating results to date show promise:
  - Primary Coatings 2 of 3 looks good
    - Electroplated and Sputtered AI have passed all 6 tests completed so far with one exception (Electroplated AI failed bend adhesion for Ti-6-4 but passed for 4130 Steel and 17-4 PH Stainless)
    - LHE Zinc-Ni alternative primary coating failed 3 of 6 tests completed so far (stripability, bend adhesion and paint adhesion)
  - Repair coatings also look good.
    - All have passed testing to date (appearance and HE) with exception of Brush Tin-Zinc failing appearance
- The Phase II Final Report is planned to be complete in June 08
- JCAT will meet via teleconference to recommend best coating candidates from this Phase II effort. This is planned for June 08





## **Back-Up Slides**



## Description of Testing Methods U.S. AIR FORCE

### General properties (primary coatings)

- Appearance visual exam
- Throwing power
  - Test fixture surrounds panel, with one access slot
  - Fixture + panel is placed in solution at 3 different orientations
  - Uniformity of coating is measured at 3 locations on each panel
- Strippability
  - Specimens are stripped by vendor-recommended method
  - Half of specimens are tested
  - Remaining specimens are recoated and tested
    - Hydrogen Embrittlement
    - Adhesion
- Galvanic Potential
  - Three types of measurements are performed over 5 days: open circuit potential measurement, electrochemical impedance spectroscopy, and tafel analysis





### Adhesion (primary coatings)

- Bend adhesion
  - Specimen is bent back and forth through 180° until the coating and/or substrate ruptures
- Wet tape paint adhesion
  - Primers are applied to test panels (14 day cure)
    - MIL-PRF-85582 Type I, Class C1
    - MIL-PRF-85582, Type I, Class N
    - MIL-PRF-23377 Type 1, Class C
  - Panels are immersed in distilled water at following conditions:
    - 23°C for 24 hours
    - 49°C for 96 hours
    - 65°C for 168 hours
  - Perform tape adhesion according to ASTM D3359, Method A





### Corrosion (primary coatings)

- Unscribed and Scribed Neutral Salt Spray (bare)
  - Bare panels exposed to a 5% NaCl solution sprayed at 35°C, until coating failure
- Galvanic corrosion resistance
  - Components of test assemblies: 2024 or 7075 Al test block, coated with MIL-PRF-85582, Class 1, Type N, test washer (4 alloys), nuts, bolts, anodized washers
  - Test assemblies are exposed to salt fog for 168 hours and cyclic corrosion for 336 hours
- Fluid corrosion resistance
  - Immerse panels in specified fluid at 100°F for 7 days
  - Test fluids: sea water, deicers, paint removers, cleaners, lubricants (14 total)





### Corrosion (continued)

- Scribed Painted Neutral Salt Spray
  - Test panels are primed with
    - MIL-PRF-85582 Type I, Class C1
    - MIL-PRF-85582, Type I, Class N
    - MIL-PRF-23377 Type 1, Class C
  - Test panels are exposed to 5% NaCl solution at 35°C for 3000 hours or until red rust
- Scribed and Unscribed SO<sub>2</sub> Salt Spray
  - Unpainted panels and scribed, painted panels (same primers as above)
  - Expose to 5% NaCl and SO<sub>2</sub> gas IAW ASTM G85 A4 until coating failure (red rust)





#### Lubricity (primary coatings)

- Run-on/Breakaway Torque
  - Record maximum locking torque after 2 complete turns from point where the top of the nut is flush with the end of the bolt
  - Breakaway torque is measured during removal of the nut
  - Measure for 15 lock/breakaway cycles and examine at 10x for thread damage
- Torque Tension
  - Measure torque and induced load with test fixture for the range of 30%-60% of the bolt UTS
  - Repeat for a total of 5 cycles
- Torque Tension of corrosion-exposed fasteners
  - Assemble bolts/nuts/washers onto an Al test block
  - Torque to 60% of UTS for bolt and exposed to cyclic corrosion for 28 days
  - Measure breakaway torque and compare to unexposed set







- Initial qualification coating applied to bare substrate and tested
- Final qualification candidate primary coating of choice is abraded to generate a bare area and then repaired with a brush plating
- Testing Methods
  - Appearance visual exam
  - Bend adhesion bend specimen back over itself until rupture
  - Thickness cross-section and microscopy
  - Scribed and unscribed salt spray (bare) until failure
  - Paint adhesion apply primers, immerse in distilled water at same temps/times as primary coatings, and perform cross-hatch adhesion according to ASTM D3359, method B
- Quality assurance HE testing to compare to Phase I

