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PREFIX VERSUS POSTFIX IN C++

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U.S. ARMY ARMAMENT RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND
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14. ABSTRACT Many coders today do not take the time to consider the implications of the code they write. Not all code is created equal, and something as seemingly harmless as incrementing or decrementing via prefix instead of a postfix notation can have a considerable effect on performance. Modern day compilers can and do optimize certain common instances of code involving this notation, but it should not be relied upon in a well-developed and maintained code base.					
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CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	1
Methodology	1
Conclusions	3
Distribution List	5

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INTRODUCTION

Compilers today have become very good at optimizing code that has not been written in the most efficient manner possible. Many coders often take this for granted and do not spend time concerning themselves with the performance of their code and mistakenly rely on compilers to detect and correct inefficiencies. One simple example of why coders should pay attention and not rely on compilers to do the thinking for them is when to use prefix or postfix in their code.

Most coders coming out of school today all know the basic difference between these two lines of code:

```
function(++variable);  
function(variable++);
```

The basic difference is that the first function call will be sent an incremented variable, whereas the second one will receive the current value of the variable and then the variable will be incremented upon return from the function. So, many coders will be comfortable with that knowledge but not think there is any difference between the next two lines of code:

```
variable++;  
++variable;
```

In the end, both of these lines of code will increment the variable, but the concern is how.

METHODOLOGY

In order to understand the difference between these two notations, what is produced by the compiler must be discussed. Without optimization, the compiler must create a copy in order to accomplish a postfix increment or decrement. The prefix does not require this and is, therefore, more efficient. Most modern compilers can detect and optimize the simple cases like the cases involving basic built-in types. This should not be relied upon and it should be a habit to always use prefix unless specifically needed to postfix. Take for example the following code:

```
for(int i = 0; i < SomeNum; i++) { doAnything; }
```

Most college professors and books will show loops written in this way. So, coders that have seen loops mostly written in this way will continue to write them in the same fashion. It is not necessary to postfix increment for this loop. Even though most compilers will optimize this properly in most cases, this should always be written for loop:

```
for(int i = 0; i < SomeNum; ++i) { doAnything; }
```

So let's take a look at some assembly. Modern compilers will produce the following after they optimize this code:

```
//prefix built in type  
; 21 : for(auto i = 0u; i < 10000; ++i)  
mov     DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp], 0  
jmp     SHORT $LN3@wmain  
mov     eax, DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp]  
add     eax, 1  
mov     DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp], eax  
cmp     DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp], 10000; 00002710H  
jae     SHORT $LN1@wmain
```

```

; 22 ;;
jmp     SHORT $LN2@wmain

//postfix built in type
; 21 : for(auto i = 0u; i < 10000; i++)
mov     DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp], 0
jmp     SHORT $LN3@wmain
mov     eax, DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp]
add     eax, 1
mov     DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp], eax
cmp     DWORD PTR _i$1[ebp], 10000; 00002710H
jae     SHORT $LN1@wmain
; 22 ;;
jmp     SHORT $LN2@wmain

```

As one can see, the optimized code is exactly the same. The following loops are an example of code that is a little trickier for the compiler to optimize:

```

auto& it = my_ints.begin();
while(it != my_ints.end())
    it++;

auto& it = my_ints.begin();
while(it != my_ints.end())
    ++it;

```

The variable 'it' is a vector iterator. The prefix and postfix increment line of code produces the following assembly code:

```

//iterator prefix
00F755E2 mov     ecx, dword ptr[it]
00F755E5 call    std::_Vector_iterator<std::_Vector_val<std::_Simple_types<unsigned int> >>::operator++ (0F711F9h)
00F755EA jmp     wmain + 0EEh (0F7558Eh)

//iterator postfix
002E5A12 push   0
002E5A14 lea   eax, [ebp - 17Ch]
002E5A1A push   eax
002E5A1B mov   ecx, dword ptr[it]
002E5A1E call  std::_Vector_iterator<std::_Vector_val<std::_Simple_types<unsigned int> >>::operator++ (02E10FFh)
002E5A23 lea   ecx, [ebp - 17Ch]
002E5A29 call  std::_Vector_iterator<std::_Vector_val<std::_Simple_types<unsigned int> >>::~_Vector_iterator<std::_Vector_val<std::_Simple_types<unsigned int> >> (02E119Ah)
002E5A2E jmp   wmain + 0EEh (02E59BEh)

```

As one can clearly see, the compiler was unable to optimize the postfix. It had to create the copy. Figure 1 displays how long it takes to run through the previous code for a certain number of iterations.

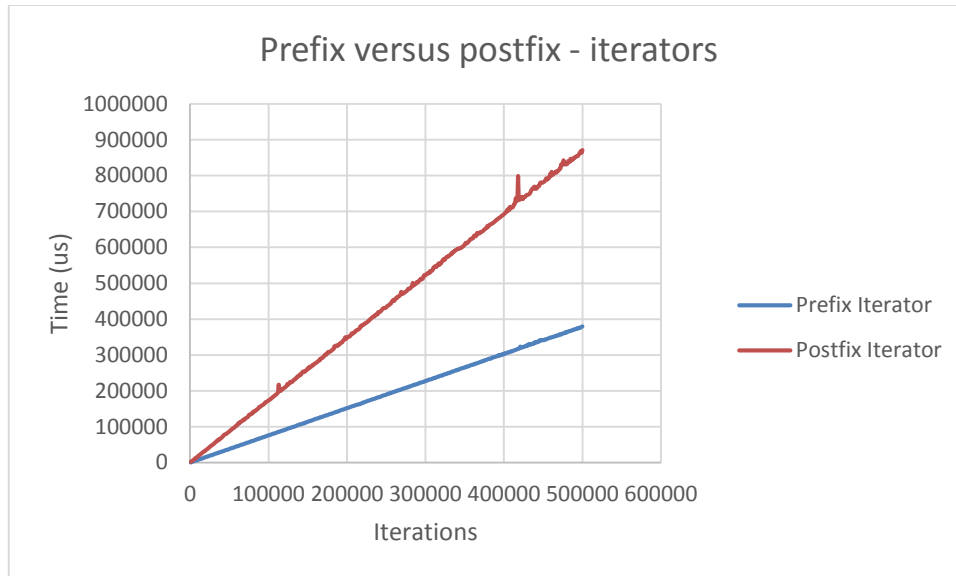


Figure 1
Prefix versus postfix - iterators

CONCLUSIONS

The C++ coders need to take the time to understand implications of the code that they create. Some of the most benign looking code can have a significant impact on the performance of a piece of software that can, in turn, affect the device/system that is running it. An easily addressable example of this is the prefix and postfix notation. A coder should always use prefix notation unless they have to use postfix.

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