SWIFT observations in the Arctic Sea State DRI

Jim Thomson 1013 NE 40th St, Seattle WA 98105

phone: (206) 616-0858 fax: (206) 616-5467 email: jthomson@apl.uw.edu

Award Number: N00014-13-1-0284 http://www.apl.washington.edu/project/project.php?id=arctic_sea_state FY14 report (year 2 of 5)

LONG-TERM GOALS

The long-term goal is to understand the role of waves and sea state in the Arctic Ocean, such that forecast models are improved and a robust climatology is defined.

OBJECTIVES

The objectives are to: develop a sea state climatology for the Arctic Ocean, improve wave forecasting in the presence of sea ice, improve theory of wave attenuation/scattering in the sea ice cover, apply wave—ice interactions directly in integrated arctic system models, and understand heat and mass fluxes in the air—sea—ice system.

APPROACH

The technical approach is to measure waves, winds, and turbulence in the Arctic Ocean using drifting SWIFT buoys deployed during a 2015 cruise and moored Acoustic Wave and Current (AWAC) subsurface instruments maintained yearly. These measurements will be used to estimate the fluxes of momentum and heat between the air, sea, and ice. Results will be integrated with remote sensing products and wave models.

WORK COMPLETED

Work during this second year of the DRI has centered around cruise planning for the 2015 effort and coordination of remote sensing products. To assist in cruise planning, a cruise module template has been developed and an example is shown in Figure 1. This template is intended for use across the science team to describe a coordinated response to conditions that are present during the 2015 cruise.

Work has also been completed to assess the skill of existing ice routines in the WAVEWATCH III spectral wave model, by comparing WWIII results (provided in a collaboration with Erick Rogers at the Naval Research Lab) with AWAC mooring measurements from 2012.

Finally, a workflow for utilizing remote sensing products during high-latitude cruises was tested during the MIZ-DRI experiment of 2014.

maintaining the data needed, and c including suggestions for reducing	lection of information is estimated to ompleting and reviewing the collect this burden, to Washington Headqu uld be aware that notwithstanding an DMB control number.	ion of information. Send comments arters Services, Directorate for Info	s regarding this burden estimate ormation Operations and Reports	or any other aspect of the s, 1215 Jefferson Davis	nis collection of information, Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington	
1. REPORT DATE 30 SEP 2014		2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVE 00-00-2014	red to 00-00-2014	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER				
SWIFT Observations in the Arctic Sea State DRI				5b. GRANT NUMBER		
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S)			5d. PROJECT NUMBER			
				5e. TASK NUMBER		
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) University of Washington, Applied Physics Laboratory, 1013 NE 40th Street, Seattle, WA, 98105					8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)		
				11. SPONSOR/M NUMBER(S)	ONITOR'S REPORT	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAIL Approved for publ	ABILITY STATEMENT ic release; distributi	on unlimited				
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NO	OTES					
14. ABSTRACT						
15. SUBJECT TERMS						
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON	
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	Same as Report (SAR)	3		

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

ONR Sea State DRI cruise planning template (3 day scenarios)

Scenario name: Open water

Science objective: baseline measurements, shakedown of equipment and deck ops

Ice condition: none

Wave condition: moderate to large... Hs at least 1 m Met condition: moderate to strong winds... U at least 8 m/s

Activities (by hours allocated)

Category	Day 1: pre-event	Day 2: event	Day 3: post event
WAVE	Prep all gear		recover buoys (4 hr)
Process buoys			
SWIFT buoys		deploy 4 SWIFTs (1 hr)	
Waverider buoys		deploy 2 WRs (1 hr)	
Wave radar		Wave radar (-)	
ICE	Prep all gear	AUV mission (6 hr)	
Ship transects			
AUV transects			
IMB			
MET	Prep all gear		
Ship underway		Ship head to wind (4 x	
Ship head to wind		.5)	
Radiosondes	Radiosondes (4 x .5)		Radiosondes (4 x .5)
AWS on ice		Radiosondes (4 x .5)	
OCEAN	Prep all gear		
CTD stations, 200 m		CTD casts (4 x .5)	
towed CTD		towing (4)	
Shipboard ADCP		ADCP off for AUV ops	
towed sea snake		towing (4)	
glider		glider mission (4)	

Sequencing

bequencing			
Timing	Day 1 (pre-event)	Day 2 (event)	Day 3 (post event)
Morning	quadcopter recon	quadcopter recon	quadcopter recon
		buoy deployments	buoy recovery
		CTD cast, head to wind	
Afternoon		AUV and glider ops	
		CTD cast, head to wind	
Evening	POD meeting	POD meeting	POD meeting
		towing	
		CTD cast, head to wind	
Overnight		towing	
		CTD cast, head to wind	

Figure 1. Example cruise module template.

RESULTS

The assessment of WAVEWATCHIII indicates that the model severly overestimates wave heights in the early and late portions of the open water season (in particular, mid August of Figure 2). These are periods when the ice edge is very close to the mooring location. It is yet to be determined if the bias is owing to errors in the model physics or errors in the ice products used as input to the wave model.

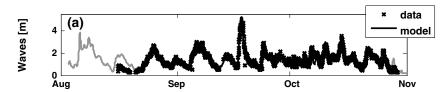


Figure 2. Wave heights measured by the AWAC mooring and hindcast by WAVEWATCH III during 2012.

IMPACT/APPLICATIONS

Improved sea state predictions in the Arctic Ocean will enable safe naval operations in the region.

RELATED PROJECTS

A contract with Scitor Corp. is supporting a graduate student to analyze declassified satellite images for wave information in the Beaufort region.

Resources are data are shared with the "Marginal Ice Zone" DRI. More information is at http://www.apl.washington.edu/project/project.php?id=miz

PUBLICATIONS

Thomson, J. and E. Rogers, Swell and sea in the emerging Arctic Ocean, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 41 (2014).

Thomson et al, "Science Plan for the Sea State and Boundary Layer Physics of the Emerging Arctic Ocean DRI," *APLUW Technical Report 1306*, 2013. [published]

Thomson, J. "Observations of wave breaking dissipation with SWIFT drifters," *J. Atmos. and Ocean. Tech.*, 2012. [published, refereed].