AD	)			

Award Number: W81XWH-11-2-0166

TITLE: The Root Cause of Post Traumatic and Development Stress Disorders

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR: Dr. Keith Young

CONTRACTING ORGANIZATION: Texas A & M University System Health Science Center

College Station, TX 77854

REPORT DATE: October 2012

TYPE OF REPORT: Annual

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command

Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT: Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision unless so designated by other documentation.

REPORT DO	CUMENTATION PAGE	Form Approved
		OMB No. 0704-0188 instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the
data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection	of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any oth	er aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing
4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN Y		illing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently
1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE	3. DATES COVERED (From - To)
01-10-2012 `	Annual	12 Sep 2011 - 11 Sep 2012
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER
The Root Cause of Post Traumatic	and Development Stress Disorders	
		5b. GRANT NUMBER
		W81XWH-11-2-0166  5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER
		5C. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER
6. AUTHOR(S)		5d. PROJECT NUMBER
Dr. Keith Young		
Zi. Rolai Tourig		5e. TASK NUMBER
E-Mail: kayoung@medine.tamhsc.e	edu	5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME	(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT
Texas A & M University System He	, ,	NUMBER
College Station, TX 77854	aith odence denter	
College Glation, 17, 17004		
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENC	V NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)	10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)
U.S. Army Medical Research and M		10. SPONSOR/MONITOR S ACRONTM(S)
Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012		
Total Doutlon, Marylana 217 02 00 11	-	11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT
		NUMBER(S)
12. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STAT	EMENT	
Approved for Public Release; Distri		
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		
14. ABSTRACT		
	is holds that serotonergic influences on brain	development driven by genetics and early
experience induce a variation of nor	mal brain anatomy that makes the brain high	ly susceptible to the effects of severe stress.
We are studying this question using	both clinical and basic approaches. New fin	dings from our lab funded by VA support the
existence of an anatomical phenoty	pe conferring susceptibility to depression, an	d the current work seeks to extend these
findings to PTSD. After TATRC rev	iew in January of 2011, a revised research pl	lan was developed to include a
pre/post-deployment study at Fort F	lood and anatomical studies of PTSD in colla	boration with NIMH, Yale and USUHS. Based
on input from contracting relating to	the maturation date of funds, the budget and	d revised proposal was resubmitted in Decembe
and the funds were released for use	e in June, 2012. Post-mortem brain tissue fro	om 9 brains have been sent to NIMH for a gene
expression/transcriptome study to ir	nvestigate gene expression. This tissue has	been combined with 6 PTSD brains from the
NIMH Clinical Brain Disorder Branch	h whose clinical diagnosis are being verified	as consistent with our diagnostic methods. Golg
	natomy have been developed at Yale and pile	<del>-</del>
		NA hypermethylation in the medial orbitofrontal
	re being trained to employ the SCID and Colu	
starting this month.		
15. SUBJECT TERMS		

18. NUMBER

17. LIMITATION

None.

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:

19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON

# **Table of Contents**

	<u>Page</u>
Introduction	4
Body	5
Key Research Accomplishments	5
Reportable Outcomes	7
Conclusion	7
References	N/A
Appendices	N/A

#### INTRODUCTION:

Our overarching scientific hypothesis holds that serotonergic influences on brain development driven by genetics and early experience induce a variation of normal brain anatomy that makes the brain highly susceptible to the effects of severe stress. The new goal of Project 1 is to describe the progression of post-deployment stress disorders (PTSD, major depression, suicidality) in active duty troops using predeployment/postdeployment structured clinical interviews, and to investigate developmental and environmental factors that influence predisposition to PTSD and depression. A subset of participants will be selected to have predeployment/postdeployment MRI and psychophysiological analysis. Using DNA gathered from clinical trials, we will investigate genetic factors influencing resiliency and susceptibility to stress disorders using a panel of 20 genes that we have tested and validated. Project 2 will investigate post-mortem anatomy in subjects with major depression and/or PTSD. Both molecular and histological techniques will be employed to study the brains already collected. An overarching goal of the Program is integration of data across the projects to compare and contrast the potential for different assessment paradigms (MRI anatomy, fMRI, evoked potentials, startle, genetic profiling) to screen for resiliency and predisposition to post-traumatic and developmental stress disorder stress disorders.

#### BODY:

## KEY RESEARCH ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

#### Administrative:

Approval to move forward with the redesigned Project 1 was received from TATRC and MOMRP in February, 2012 and the redesigned budget was released in June, 2012. The IRB for Project 1 has completed initial review at BAMC and is under initial review by HRPO. Approval for the post-mortem human work was received from ORP in September, 2012.

### Project Specific:

## Project 1:

Task 1: Sample 2000 active duty/guard troops predeployment

- a. Diagnostic interview (SCID)
  - b. Depression symptoms
  - c. Stress battery (DRRI, development history, suicidality)
    - d. Blood for DNA/RNA
    - e. Medical testing (CBC/TSH/CMP)

#### Task 2: Resample/test post-deployment

Progress 09/21/12

Initial IRB review is completed at BAMC and the proposal has been submitted to HRPO for initial review. Seven SCID trainers haves completed training are in the process of undergoing certification by the training team. Phlebotomy training is complete and most of the trainees are now certified. Columbia Suicide Interview training is 75% complete.

#### Project 2 Neurobiology

# Task 1: Pre-deployment/post-deployment MRI testing 300 scanning sessions

Progress 09/21/12

IRB approval for MRI work is pending at BAMC and HRPO.

## Task 2. Continue collection of PTSD, MDD and control brains

Progress 09/21/12

2 additional PTSD and 2 controls have been collected in 2011-12. In addition, 3 MDD brains were collected. Two of these brains have completed post-mortem diagnosis and contributed samples for the PTSD gene expression study.

# <u>Task 3.</u> Compare gene expression in the frontal cortex of PTSD and controls.

Progress 09/21/12

Samples from the brains have been sent to NIMH Clinical Brain Disorders Branch to study frontal cortical gene expression in PTSD vs controls. Frontal cortical tissue (area 9/25) from 9 PTSD brains from our collection and 6 PTSD brains from NIMH are undergoing RNAseq analysis. In a subset of these brains, we have documented hypermethylation at 355 methylation sites in the medial orbitofrontal cortex in PTSD brains, compared to 25 sites in controls. We are in the process of analyzing and extending this data to include microRNA and biomarkers and will prepare an abstract for Biological Psychiatry in the spring.

# <u>Task 4.</u> Compare anatomical markers in frontal cortex/hippocampus of PTSD, MDD and controls, with 5HTTLPR and other genetic variants as cofactors.

Progress 09/21/12

Both golgi and synaptic marker methods are under development since funding started on this project in July, 2012. Processing to provide slides for other anatomical markers is also being performed currently

REPORTABLE OUTCOMES: None

CONCLUSION: No scientific conclusions have been made at this point in time.

APPENDICES: None.