

UV Sentry: A Collaborative Approach to Creating a Collaborative System

The 2011 CINT Team



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Overview

- Background
 - Centers for Innovative Naval Technology (CINT)
 - UV Sentry Concept
 - Proposed Scenario
- Summer Objectives
- Discussion of Results
 - Developed CONOPS
 - Platform
 - Autonomy
 - Communications
 - Human-Machine Interfacing



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Background: Centers for Innovative Naval Technology

- Underlying Structure:
 - Single Overall Project
 - Student Interns at Multiple Centers
 - NREIP
 - SMART
 - Mentors and Advisors at Each Center
- Objectives:
 - Concept Development and Exploration
 - Cross Lab Collaboration
 - Students Exposure to Multidisciplinary Team Projects



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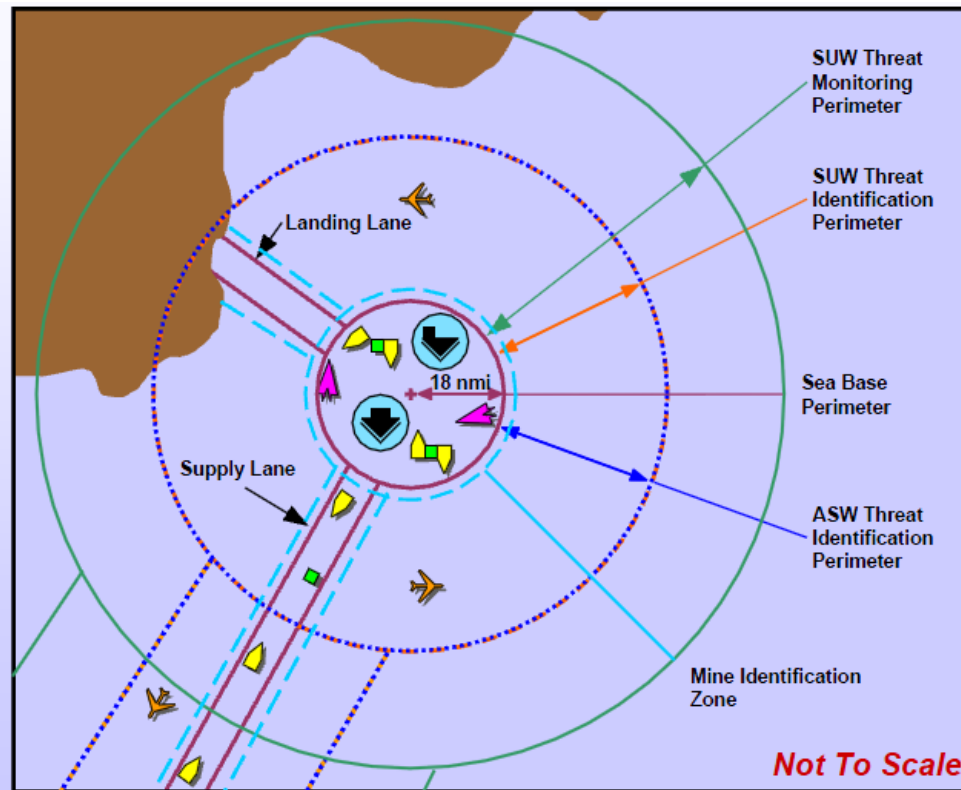
Background: UV Sentry

- Multiple Unmanned Vehicle System
 - Autonomous Collaboration
 - Heterogeneous Mix of Vehicles
- Force Protection Role
 - Expanded Situational Awareness
 - Reduced Response Times
 - Flexible Mission Profiles

Background: UV Sentry

- Originally Envisioned for Sea Base Protection

- **Sea Base**
 - 18 nmi radius
- **MIW**
 - Area of interest
- **ASW & SUW**
 - Area of interest
- **SUW Monitoring**
 - Area of interest





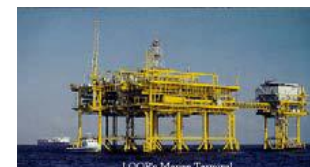
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Background: UV Sentry

Several Identified Missions:

- Maritime Facility Protection
 - Persistent, long endurance, asset-limited surveillance and tracking
- Counter Drug Operations:
 - Persistent, long endurance, wide-area surveillance and tracking
- Maritime Security/ Anti-Piracy
 - Persistent, long endurance, wide-area surveillance and warning
- Maritime Domain Awareness
 - Persistent ISR, automated data fusion, autonomous mission planning and task allocation



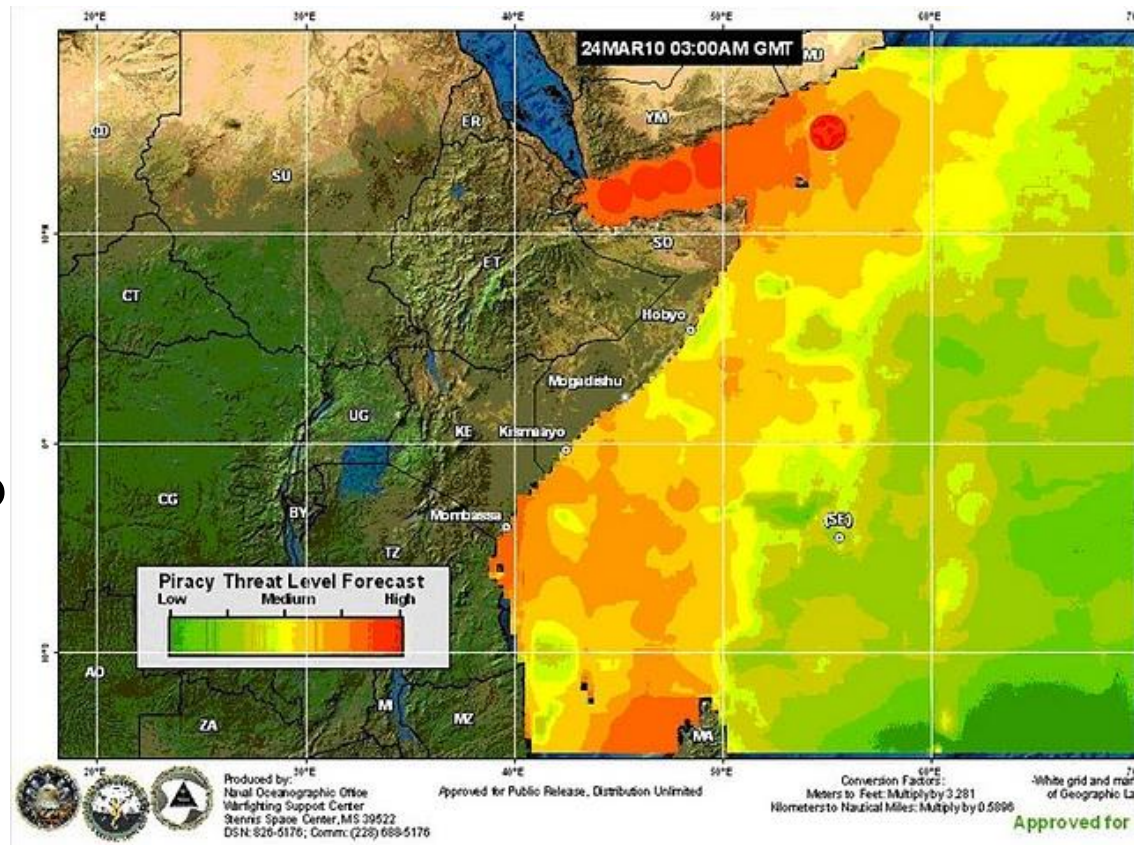


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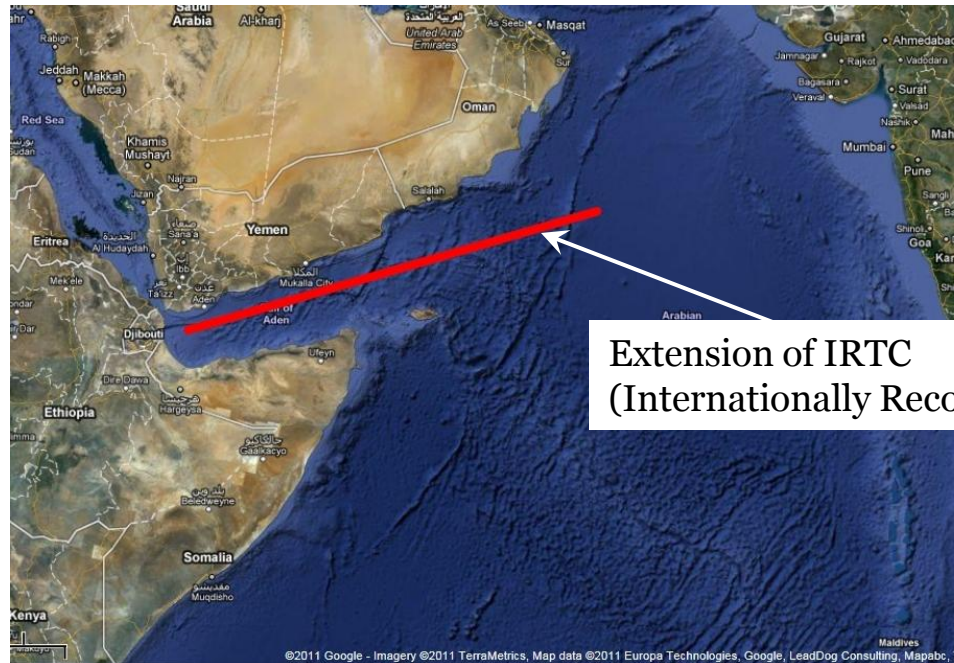
Background: Anti-Piracy Scenario

- 219 attempted pirate attacks off the coast of Somalia in 2010
- Greater than \$80M was paid out in ransom
- Costs maritime industry \$1-16B
(Peter Chald, Rand Corp 2009)
- Number of attacks and dollars paid out in ransom increasing each year

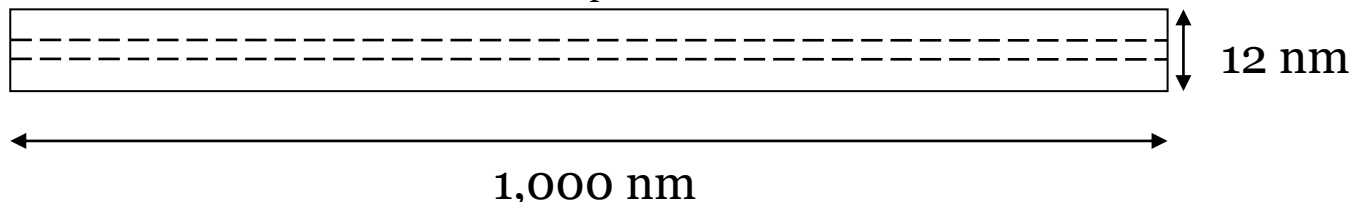


Background: Anti-Piracy Scenario

Area of Protection



Detail of protection area





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Background: Anti-Piracy Scenario

- Typical Convoy Based Force Protection Schemes Not Viable:
 - 33,000 ships pass through per year
 - 3 days to transit area of protection
 - 300 ships in area of protection at one time
 - 15 minute response times
- Major Challenges
 - Reduction in Response Time
 - Increased Situational Awareness



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Summer Objectives

- CINT:
 - Provide Stimulating, Challenging, and Educational Problems for the Summer Students
 - Foster Interdisciplinary, Cross-Warfare Center Teams
 - Establish a model from which future CINT efforts could draw.
- UV Sentry
 - Evaluate Technical Feasibility of Concept
 - Identify Technologies of Interest for Future Study



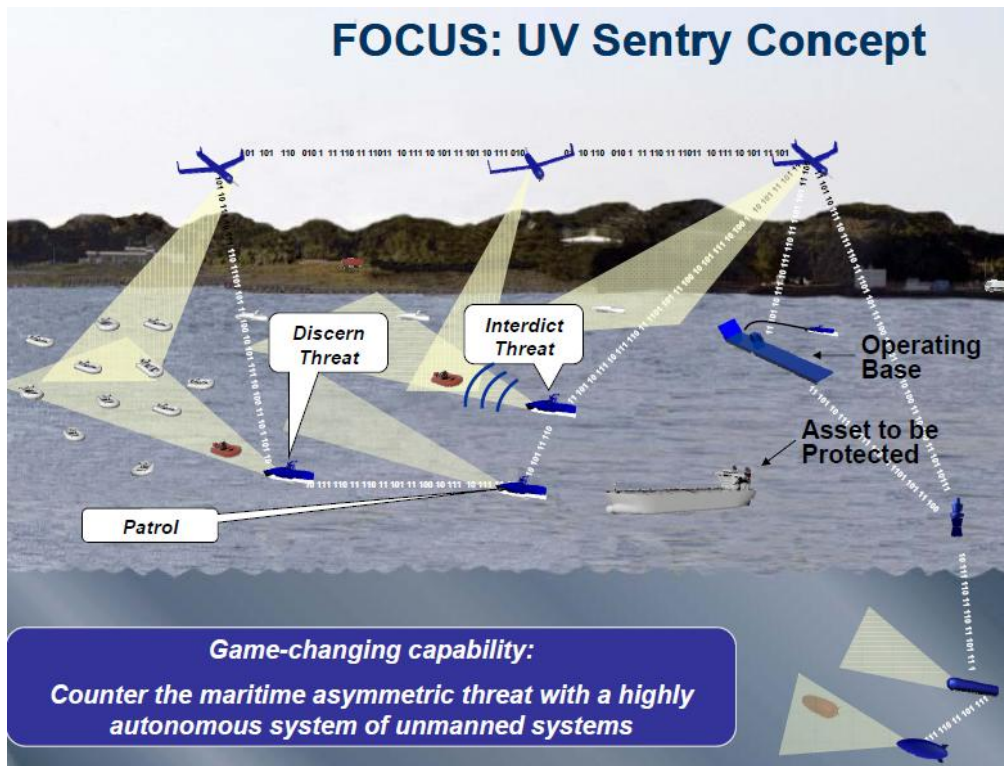
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Summer Objectives: Topic Focuses

- Platform Objectives:
 - USV design to meet needs of scenario
 - Explore small craft design without need for onboard human operator
- Autonomy Objectives:
 - Identify enabling technology and methods for the autonomous, decentralized operation of multiple, heterogeneous unmanned vehicles
 - Focus Areas:
 - Real-time tasking
 - Machine learning
 - Autonomous target identification and classification
- Communication Objective:
 - Identify requirement drivers for the UV Sentry communication system
- Human-Machine Interaction Objectives
 - Identify Human-Machine Interface (HMI) requirement drivers
 - Explore the implications related to increasing the level of autonomy in system

Results: System CONOPs



General CONOPs

- Leverage Platform Capabilities
 - UAVs – Comms relays and broad area surveillance
 - USVs – Local recon and threat interdiction
 - UUVs – Discrete surveillance
- Zonal Coverage
- Human in-the-loop Control Systems



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UxV System Operational View

Remote Supervisory Control



OV 1 Diagram

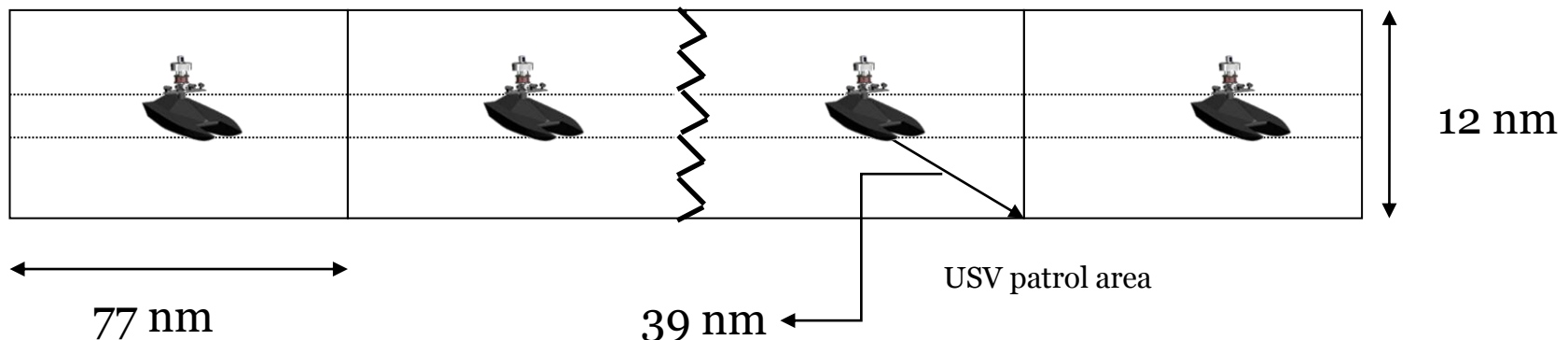


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Results: Platform CONOPs

- Deployed & serviced by Service Ship
- Loiter until pirate threat detected
 - Each USV guards a 77x12 nm area
 - 13 USVs needed for complete coverage
 - 5 days between servicing
- Intercept pirate threat (sprint up to 39 nm)
 - Provide ISR
 - Delay, Deter or Monitor/Follow





Results: USV Requirements

- Endurance: 6 days (1 day buffer)
- Speed: 40 knots sprint speed
 - Allows for 60 minute or less response time anywhere in zone
- Sea State (S.S.)
 - Operable in S.S. 4 (2.5m waves)
 - Survivable in S.S. 7 (9m waves)
- Loiter in up to 1.5 knot current



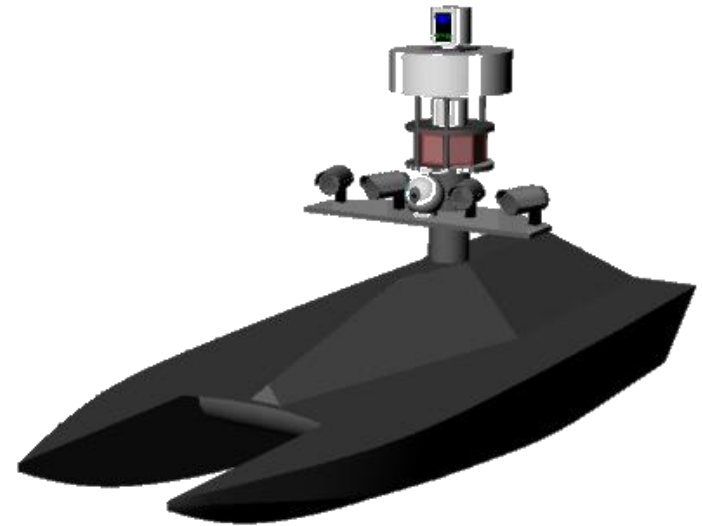
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Hydrofoil Supported Catamaran

Length Overall	11 m
Beam	4.7 m
Draft	0.8 m
Displacement	7.8 tonnes
Speed (S.S. 4)	40 knots
Duration	6 days
Installed Power	898 kW

Characteristics



Isometric View



Results: Group Autonomy

- Game Theory (GT) is used to determine the **Group Mode**.
 - Every possible action is given an objective function.
 - Each function is evaluated given the current state of the environment.
 - The highest function value is chosen for the next action.
- Market-Based Tasking (MBT) is used to determine **Individual Tasks**.
 - MBT uses an auctioning system to optimally redistribute Tasks.
 - Periodically each UV auctions its current task.
 - Participants place bids on the task using a personal cost-benefit function.
 - The highest bid wins the auction and is assigned the task.

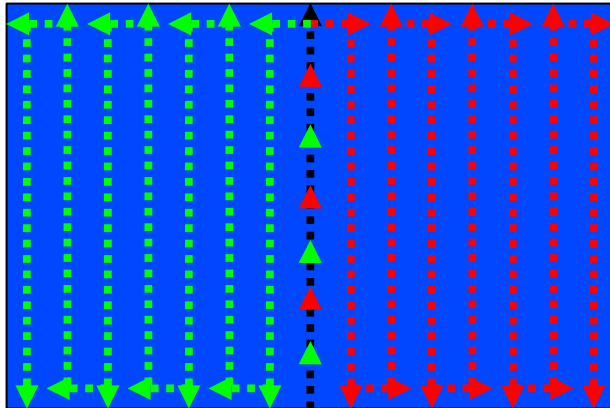


Results: Machine Learning

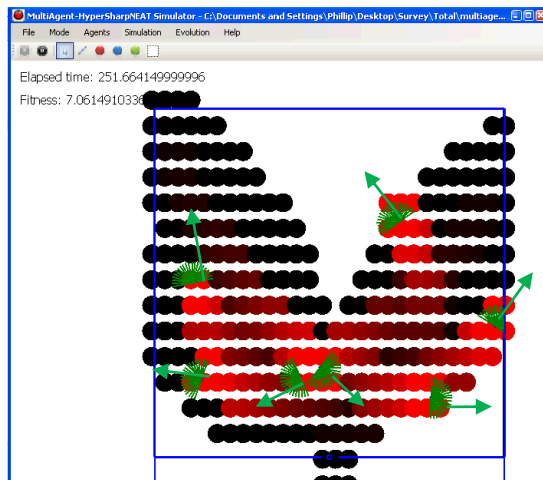
Big Picture: Benefits of Machine Learning:

- Machine learning leverages cheap computational power rather than expensive man-power
- Learned policies can compete with or exceed the performance of human-designed policies
- Learning can provide robustness and features such as scalability
- Learning algorithms are domain independent

Results: Machine Learning Search Patterns



Scripted Search Pattern



Learn Search Behavior

Patrol Training Domain

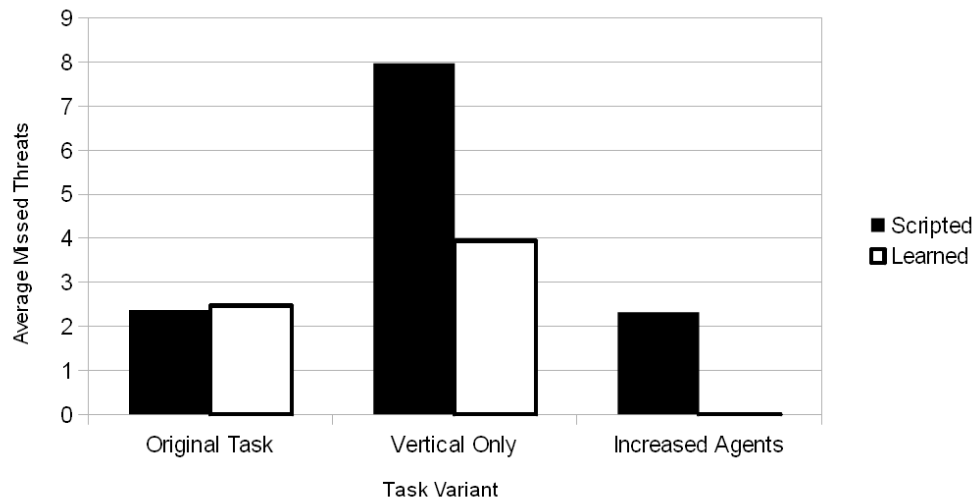
- 7 'USV's
 - 3 nm sensors
 - 25 knot speed
- Potential 'pirate' threats
 - Randomly appear along edges of operational area
 - Traverse a straight line to a random point on opposite edge
 - 10 knot speed
- Learned policy 'USV's must come within half sensor range to remove threat
 - Hand designed parallel search is relaxed to full sensor range



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Results: Machine Learning



- Learned policy competitive with scripted policy that incorporates domain knowledge
- Learned policy more robust to changes in the domain
- Learned scales performance with number of agents



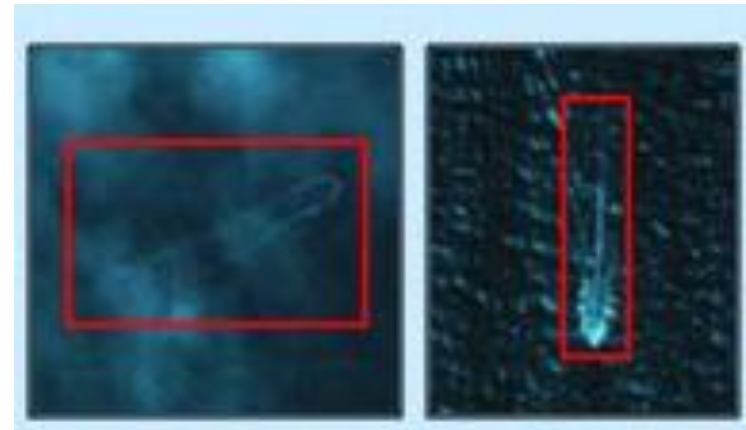
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Results: Object Recognition

Rapid Image Exploitation Resource (RAPIER)

- What is RAPIER?
 - Framework for processing satellite imagery
 - Automatically detect targets and analyze imagery
- Allows one to create new algorithms to plug into RAPIER (airplanes, vehicles, roads, etc.) – currently used for ship detection
- Handles variety of data sources : SAR, EO, Multispectral, IR, etc
- Large Computational Loads
 - Increased Preprocessing
 - High Bandwidth



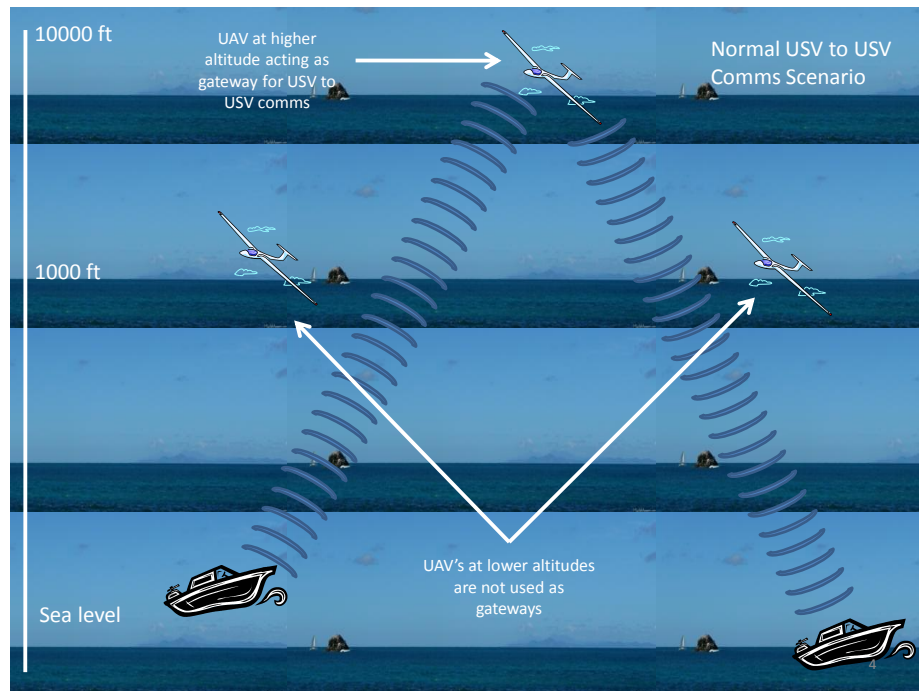
Advanced Algorithms Detect Ships
behind Clouds and in Rough Seas



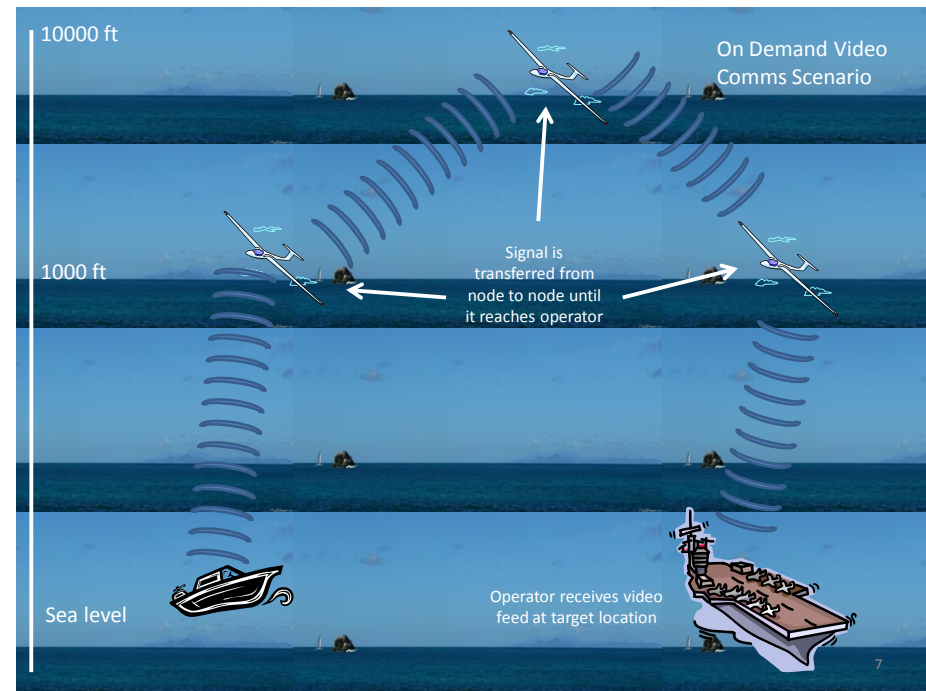
Results: Communication Systems

- Challenges:
 - Variable Bandwidth Loading with High Peak Loading
 - Large Distributed Network without Set Architecture
- Proposed Solution:
 - Ad Hoc Network Structure
 - Communication Pathways reconfigure based upon bandwidth demands

Results: Communication Systems



Low Bandwidth Network Concept



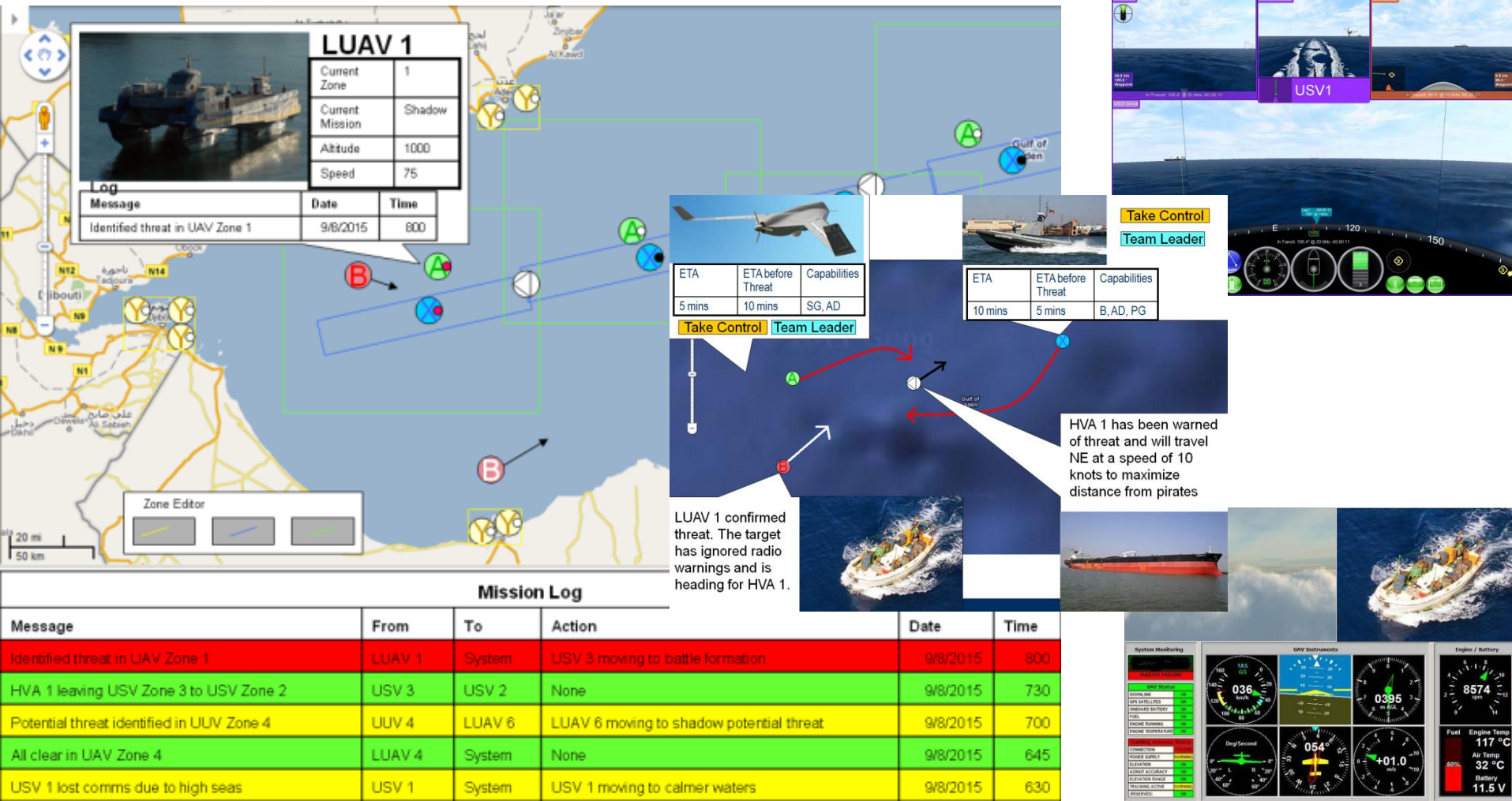
High Bandwidth Network Concept



Results: Human Factors

- Automation Level Concerns
 - Too much automation under utilizes users, reducing their situation awareness and overall system performance
 - Too little automation overloads users, reducing their situation awareness and overall system performance
 - **Balance**
- Human – Machine Interface Design Concerns
 - Focus on the users and their tasks, not the technology
 - Consider function first, presentation later
 - Conform to the users' view of the task
 - Do not complicate the users' task
 - Promote learning
 - Deliver information, not just data
 - Design for responsiveness
 - Try it out on users, then fix it

Results: Human - Machine Interface





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Results: Summary

- A large number of the necessary pieces of UV Sentry are being actively developed for use in other programs
 - Machine Learning
 - Object Detection
 - Communication Networks
 - Single Vehicle Autonomy
 - HMI
- The viability of UV Sentry is dependent upon the integration of all of the technical components



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Questions

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