



POWER AND ENERGY



SILICON CARBIDE FOR NEXT GENERATION VEHICULAR POWER CONVERTERS

John Kajs – SAIC



18 August 2010

UNCLASSIFIED: Dist A. Approved for public release



Report Documentation Page

Form Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.

1. REPORT DATE 18 AUG 2010	2. REPORT TYPE N/A	3. DATES COVERED -	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Silicon Carbide for Next Generation Vehicular Power Converters		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER W56HZV05C0225	
		5b. GRANT NUMBER	
		5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S) John Kajs		5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
		5e. TASK NUMBER	
		5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) SAIC		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) US Army RDECOM-TARDEC 6501 E 11 Mile Rd Warren, MI 48397-5000, USA		10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) TACOM/TARDEC	
		11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) 21103	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release, distribution unlimited			
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Presented at NDIAs Ground Vehicle Systems Engineering and Technology Symposium (GVSETS), 17 22 August 2009, Troy, Michigan, USA, The original document contains color images.			
14. ABSTRACT			
15. SUBJECT TERMS			
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT SAR
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	
			18. NUMBER OF PAGES 15
			19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON



Why SiC?

POWER AND ENERGY



- Higher Temperature Capability than High Power Silicon
 - 175 °C for silicon (Si) IGBT & diode junction temperature
 - >250 °C for SiC DMOSFET & diode junction temperature
- Faster Switching Characteristics
 - Lowers switching losses for hard switched converters
 - Reduces size of passive components
- Improved Thermal Conductivity of SiC compared to Si
 - Thermal performance becomes limited by packaging which is typically a modified silicon package

- Benefits of SiC
- Status of commercially available SiC at this time
- Converters being developed
- Data measured
 - DC
 - AC
 - Thermal
- Conclusions

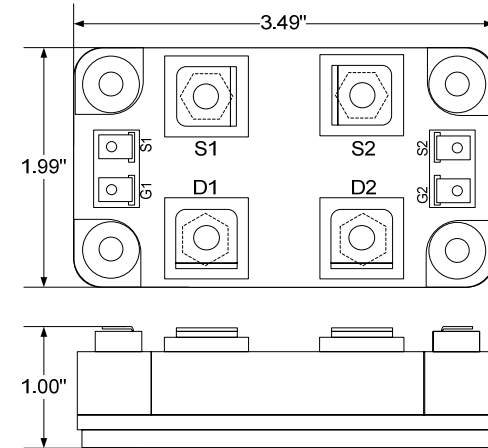
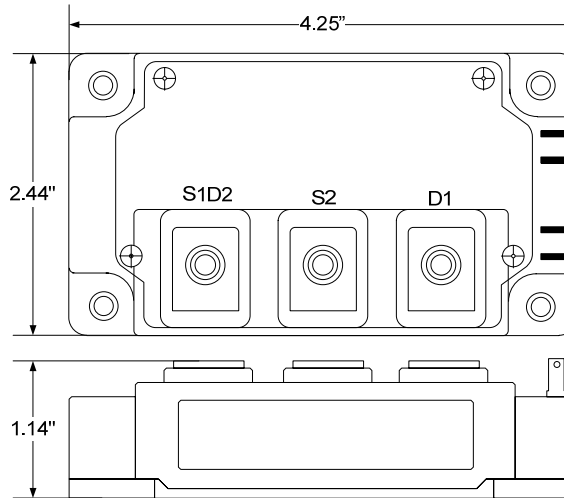
- Devices available from multiple vendors
 - Modules tested used 1200 Volt/20 Amp DMOSFET and 1200 Volt/10 Amp JBS Diodes per location from Cree
 - Significant data available from device testing
- Modules tested are commercially available from Powerex & MS Kennedy in half H-bridge modules
 - ½ H-Bridge modules similar to IGBT modules available from both vendors
 - 5 parallel devices (DMOSFETS & diodes) per location
 - **Limited or incomplete datasheets for modules presently available**
- Purpose of testing was to obtain adequate data to enable initial design of converters using available SiC modules

Modules Tested

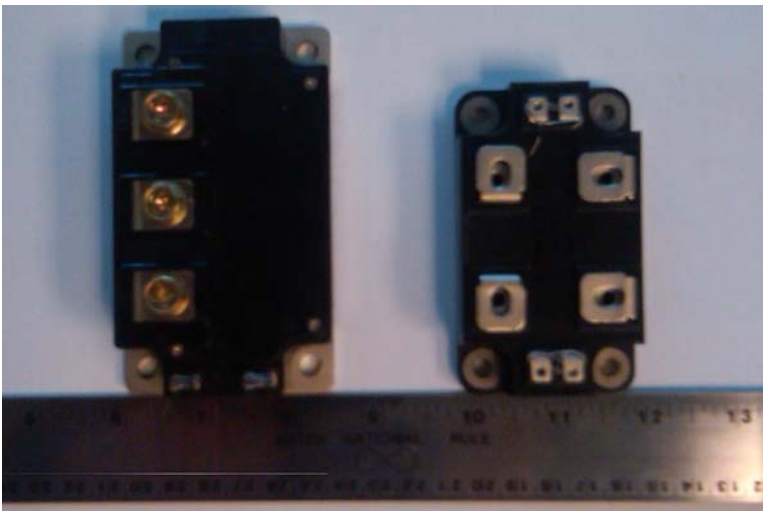
POWER AND ENERGY

- Mass
 - Powerex: 400 g
 - MSK: 200 g

Powerex (left), MSK (right)

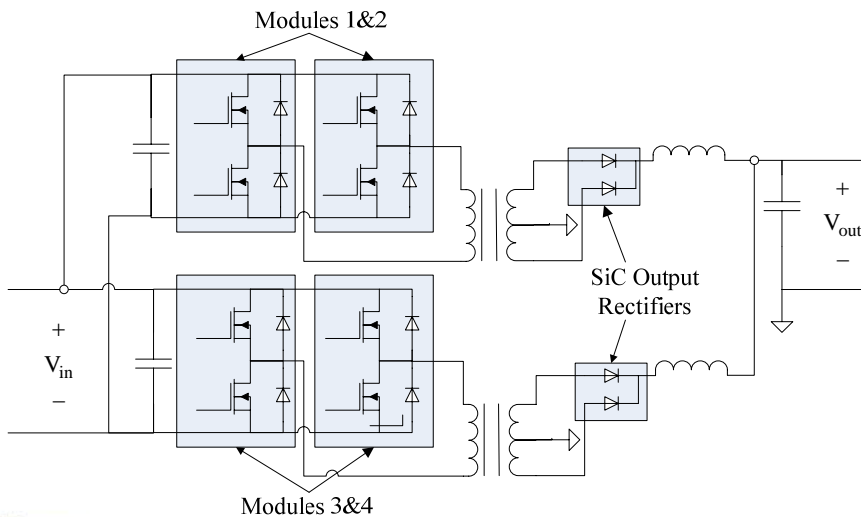


Powerex (left), MSK (right)

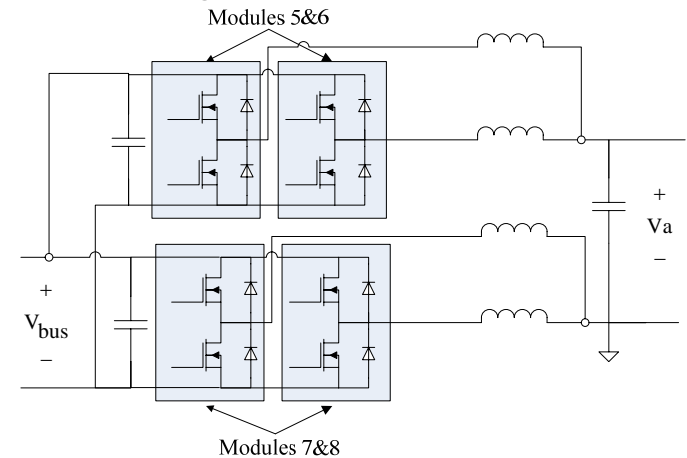


Converters Being Developed

- DC-DC Converter
 - 300 Volt DC to 28 Volt DC
 - 30 kW Power Level



- DC-AC Converter
 - 300 Volt DC to 50/60 Hz Output
 - 30 kW Power Level
 - Utilizes DC-DC converter as isolation stage
 - 300 to 400 Volt DC-DC
 - Full bridge rectified rather than 1/2 bridge



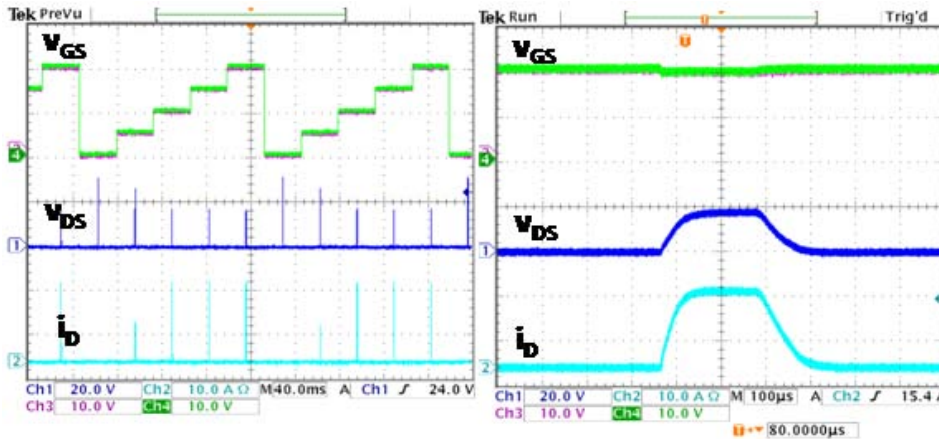
- DC Characteristics (JBS Diodes & DMOSFETS)
 - Primarily verification of scaling of parallel devices or datasheet values
- AC Characteristics
 - Turn-on & Turn-off losses
 - Typically given as curves for silicon IGBT & MOSFET modules
 - Some data available for SiC devices
 - Little or no data presently available for SiC modules
 - Gate Circuitry
 - Combination of voltages & resistances
 - Packaging differences (ie stray impedances) can become dominant factor as a result of higher speed switching of SiC devices
- Thermal Characteristics
 - Limited or no data presently on available datasheets
- Reliability data for module design choices not evaluated due to limited funding & time (will eventually be needed for long-term converter reliability)

Rds On Measurements

- Measured with Sony/Tektronix 371b in short pulses over range of operation
- All measured values (both Powerex & MSK) at 25 °C & 175 °C were within range of values given in Powerex datasheet

Rds Measured at 100 Amps & Vgs=20 V

		25 C	100 C	175 C
		Ron (m-Ω)	Ron (m-Ω)	Ron (m-Ω)
PX104	Device 1	18.81	20.00	24.06
	Device 2	17.89	18.81	23.56
PX105	Device 1	19.23	19.23	23.71
	Device 2	18.72	19.70	25.00
Powerex Ave		18.66	19.44	24.08
MSK 392	Device 1	20.71	22.45	31.58
	Device 2	19.40	22.45	29.72
MSK 393	Device 1	20.19	21.74	29.47
	Device 2	19.81	21.26	29.63
MSK 394	Device 1	21.15	23.27	30.98
	Device 2	20.69	21.78	29.57
MSK Ave		20.33	22.16	30.16
MSK/Powerex		109%	114%	125%

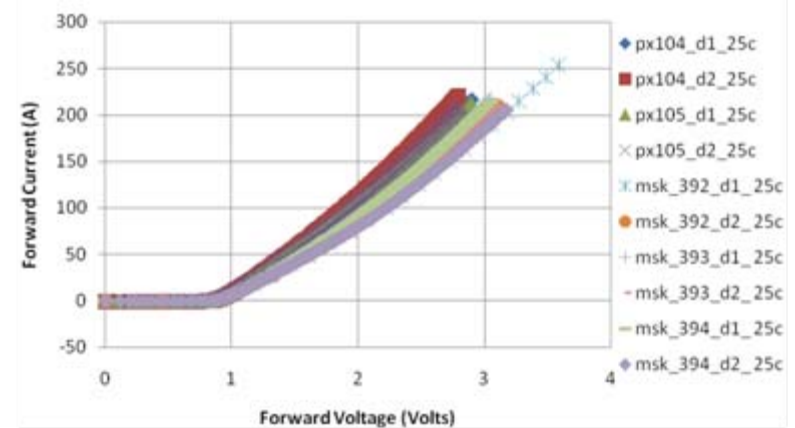


Rds Measurement Waveforms

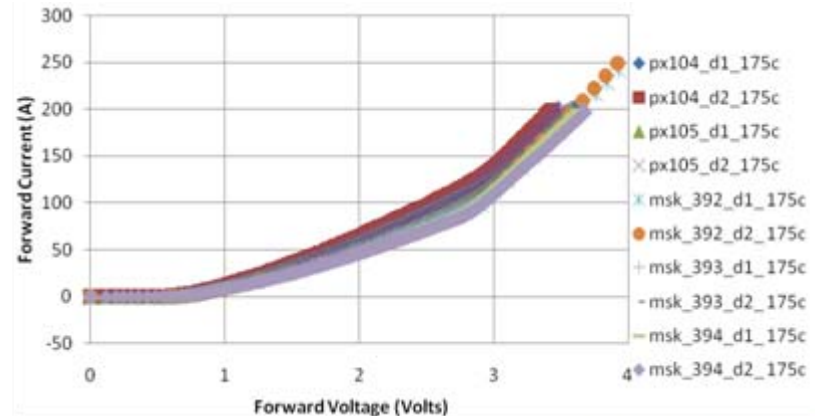
Diode Measurements

- Voltage measurements at 25 °C consistent with Powerex datasheet
- Voltage measurements at 175 °C lower (less lossy) than Powerex datasheet indicated
- Upon closer examination Powerex datasheet is only indicating voltages for external SB diodes
 - Actual measurements include effect of both SB diodes & intrinsic PN diodes (part of DMOSFETS)

Measurements at 25 °C

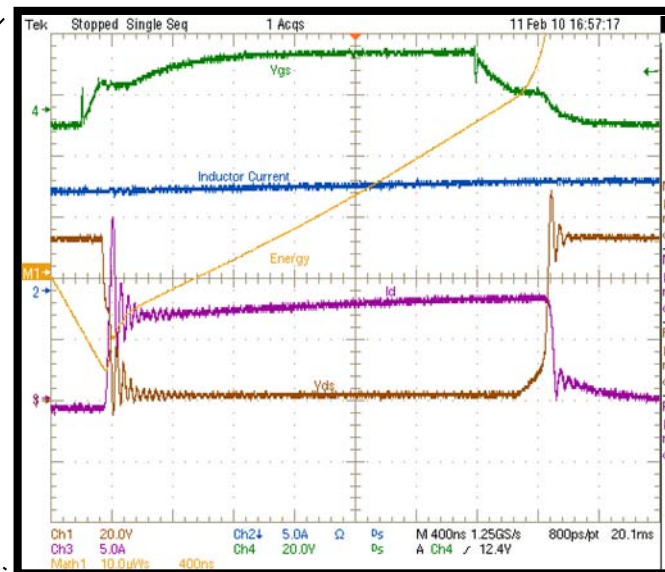
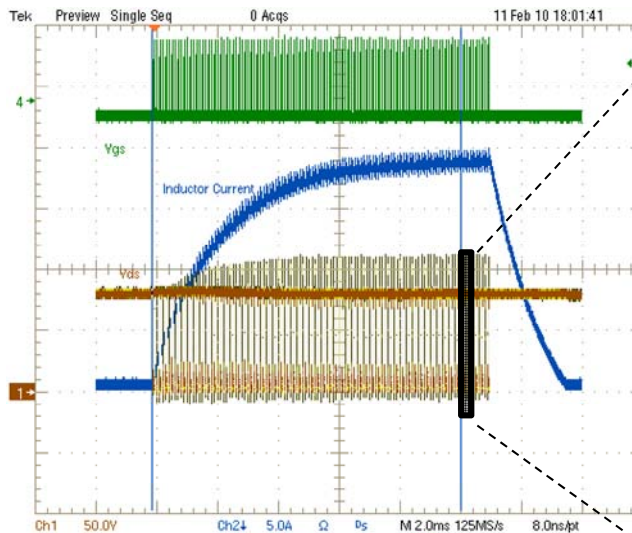
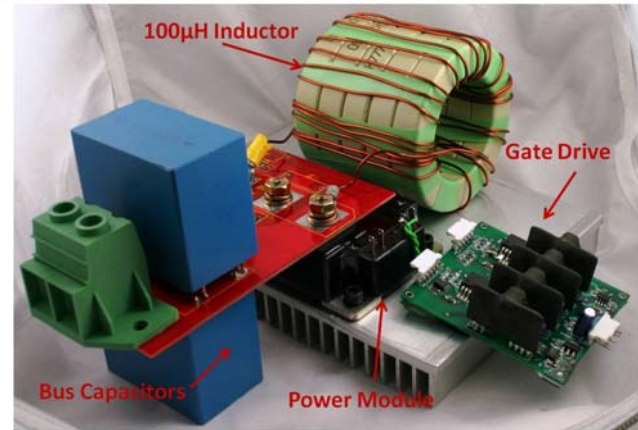
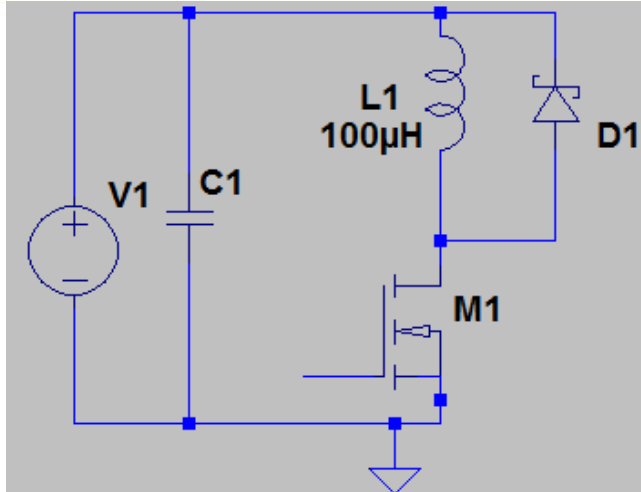


Measurements at 175 °C



Switching Loss Setup

POWER AND ENERGY

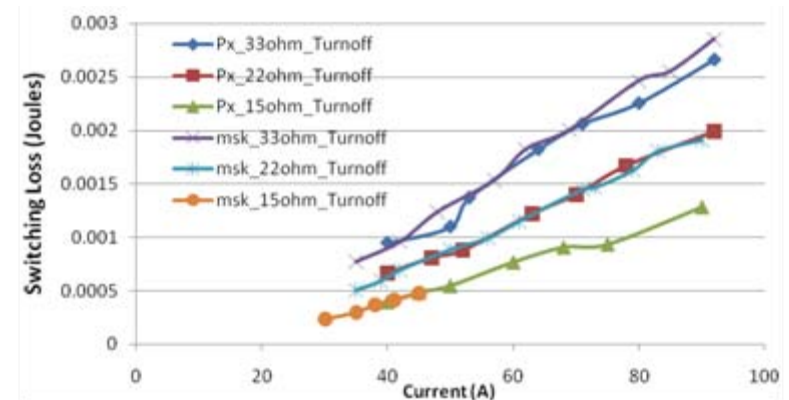


Switching Loss Measurements

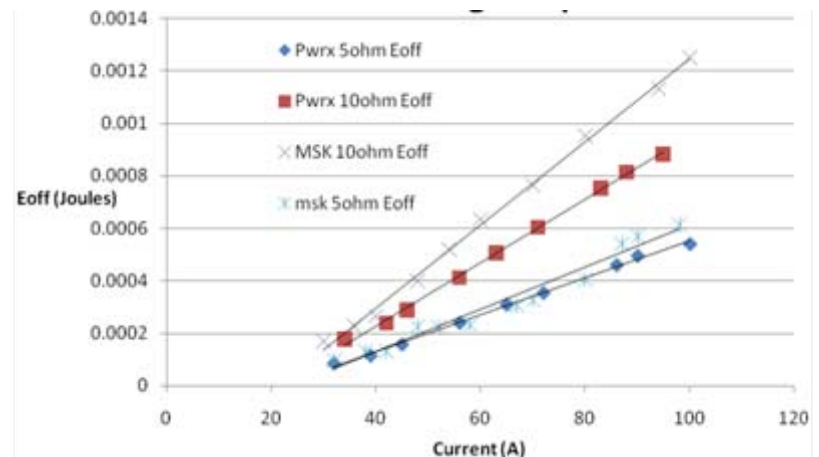
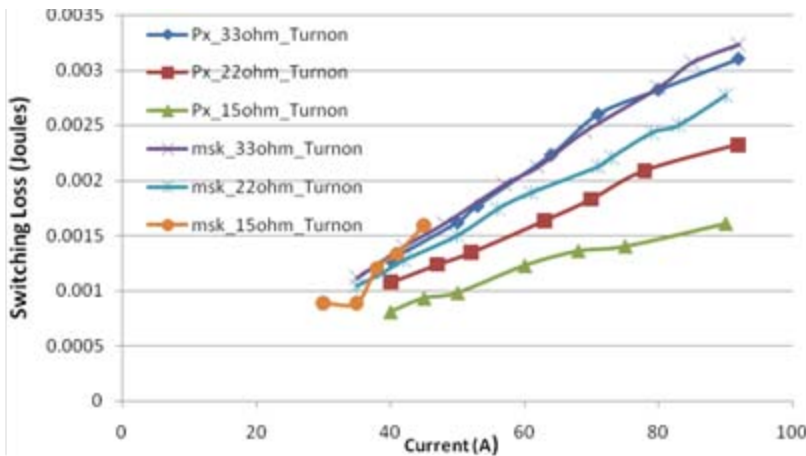


- Losses were similar between 2 types of modules
- Powerex modules had lower ringing than MSK modules
 - Powerex modules appear to have lower internal inductance than MSK modules
 - Lower ringing allows safe operation at higher switching speeds

Turn-Off Losses

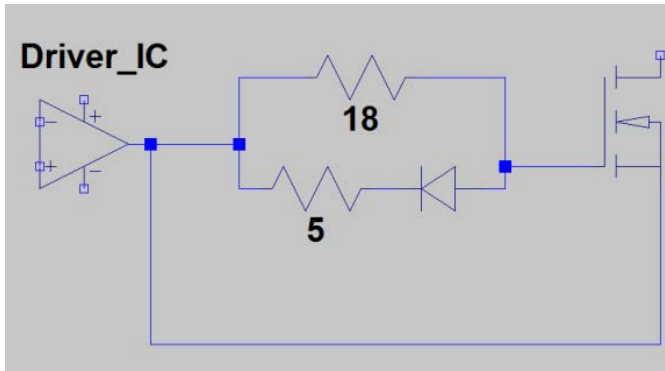


Turn-On Losses

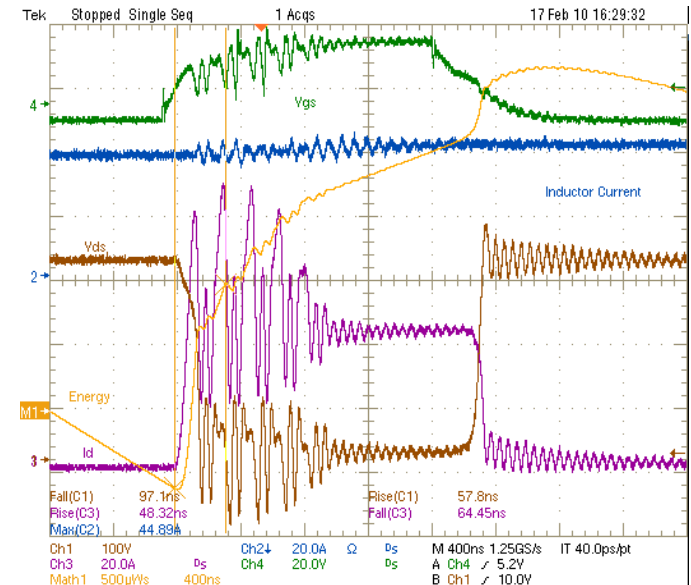


Gating Modifications

- Recommendation was for operation at $V_{gs,on}=20\text{ V}$ & $V_{gs,off}=-5\text{ V}$ & $R_g=5\Omega$
- Operation with $R_{g,on}\sim 18\Omega$ used to avoid excessive ringing, $R_{g,off}=5\Omega$ used



Gate Drive Circuit to allow different Turn-on & Turn-off resistor



Test Example at $R_g=\Omega$ for MSK Module

Powerex D MOSFET Thermal Measurements

Current (Amps)	Voltage	Power (W)	Ron (Ω)	Tbp (°C)	Tdie (°C)	R _{th(j-c)} (°C/W)	Thsink (°C)	R _{th(j-h)} (°C/W)
75	3.304	247	0.0442	62	107	0.18	49	0.24
60	2.855	171	0.0476	50	78	0.16	42	0.21
50	2.51	126	0.0502	43	64	0.16	37	0.21
40	2.08	83	0.0520	38	50	0.15	33	0.20

Powerex Diode Thermal Measurements

Current (Amps)	Voltage	Power (W)	Ron (Ω)	Tbp (°C)	Tdie (°C)	R _{th(j-c)} (°C/W)	Thsink (°C)	R _{th(j-h)} (°C/W)
75	1.854	139	0.0248	48	71	0.17	39	0.23
60	1.635	98	0.0272	41	51	0.10	35	0.16
50	1.496	75	0.0299	38	44	0.09	33	0.15
40	1.365	55	0.0341	34	34	0.01	31	0.07

- Powerex Datasheet
 - D MOSFET
 - R_{th,j-c}=0.17 °C/W
 - R_{th,j-h}=0.21 °C/W
 - Diode
 - R_{th,j-c}=0.28 °C/W
 - R_{th,j-h}=0.32 °C/W

MSK D MOSFET Thermal Measurements

Current (Amps)	Voltage	Power (W)	Ron (Ω)	Tbp (°C)	Tdie (°C)	R _{th(j-c)} (°C/W)	Thsink (°C)	R _{th(j-h)} (°C/W)
60	3.05	183	0.0509	76	117	0.22	47	0.38
50	2.77	139	0.0555	65	98	0.24	43	0.40
40	2.45	98	0.0614	53	75	0.23	36	0.39
30	2.06	62	0.0685	43	55	0.19	32	0.37

MSK Diode Thermal Measurements

Current (Amps)	Voltage	Power (W)	Ron (Ω)	Tbp (°C)	Tdie (°C)	R _{th(j-c)} (°C/W)	Thsink (°C)	R _{th(j-h)} (°C/W)
75	2.29	171	0.0306	72	122	0.29	45	0.45
60	1.98	119	0.0330	59	99	0.33	40	0.49
50	1.77	88	0.0353	51	81	0.33	35	0.52
40	1.56	62	0.0389	44	61	0.27	32	0.46
30	1.37	41	0.0456	37	40	0.07	29	0.26

- No MSK datasheet provided
- Measured MSK thermal performance (junction to heat-sink) ~60% worse than Powerex Modules



Overall Comparison

POWER AND ENERGY



- DC Losses
 - Measured Powerex module losses lower than measured MSK module losses
 - All modules (Powerex & MSK) within range provided by Powerex indicating possibility that variation could be device lot dependent
- AC Losses
 - Powerex modules have less ringing allowing operation at higher frequency than MSK modules
 - Indication primarily of lower module inductances
 - Next generation MSK modules likely different than tested modules
- Thermal Properties
 - Measured MSK module performance worse than Powerex module performance
- Physical
 - MSK module is smaller & lighter than Powerex module

- Module measurements completed to allow initial designs for fabrication of converters to demonstrate of SiC converters using Commercially available SiC modules