

TRANSITION TOPIC: Better Allocating the Secretary's Focus and Time to Drive Performance

TASK: Consider how past Secretaries of Defense have allocated their time as a basis of developing options for how the Secretariat-level leadership can better focus on the most strategically important objectives. Recommend how the leadership can create and stick to a management agenda that sustains that focus.

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Report Documentation Page				Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188	
Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.					
1. REPORT DATE 23 OCT 2008	2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVERED 00-00-2008 to 00-00-2008		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
Transition Topic: Better Allocating the Secretary's Focus and TIme to Drive Performance				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Defense Business Board,1155 Defense Pentagon,Washington,DC,20301-1155				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release; distribution unlimited					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES					
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFIC	17. LIMITATION OF	18. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF		
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	ABSTRACT Same as Report (SAR)	OF PAGES 4	RESPONSIBLE PERSON

Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8-98) Prescribed by ANSI Std Z39-18



ISSUE:

• Successful management of the Department of Defense requires that the Secretary maintain focus on the right objectives. It is imperative to set priorities and establish a management agenda that articulates priorities and holds the lower organizations and management accountable.

IMPORTANCE:

- The next Secretary will need a management agenda which is focused on addressing key strategic priorities as the time and resources to do everything will not be available
- Early alignment with key internal and external stakeholders on key priorities requires a clear understanding of trade space
- The current financial constraints will require faster and more targeted decision making. The next Secretary must create a high-performing, well run management team synchronized to his objectives, so he can be proactive vice reactive on those strategically important objectives



DISCUSSION:

- Previous Secretaries have commented that there is insufficient time to be proactive or focus on long term strategic issues. The majority of the their day was consumed by interagency or internal meetings reacting to events that have already occurred, as compared to an CEO who spends the majority of his time being proactive on future strategic issues. Those that were successful focused on a few major objectives and were able to get stakeholders buy-in.
- Previous Secretaries found that one of the most difficult tasks in government was to marshal the ideas and interests of the various components of the defense community in order to build a consensus on policy. Those that were successful found that they could use incentives to get what they wanted and force trade-offs, without infringing on autonomy of execution.
- At least one former SECDEF saw his task as exercising civilian control for the Commander in Chief by reserving the right to get into anything and issuing orders. Many others saw their role through the prism of their experience, whether in industry and government, which would ultimately influence how they would advance their management agenda. However, what is consistent is agreement that cohesive alignment of budgets with priorities, and an ability to stay focused on a few critical objectives while building stakeholder consensus, are the keys to effectiveness.



RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. Focus on a few key objectives and harmonize those priorities with stakeholders. Provide management attention early and consistently.
 - a. Identify trade space within the major budget categories (i.e., personnel/operations and maintenance/research and development/and procurement) and use that to obtain and leverage mutual cooperation with key internal and external stakeholders
 - b. Clearly communicate expectations to the senior civilian appointees, link objectives to outcomes and allocate time to monitor performance.
- 2. Engage the military and civilian leaders, including CJCS and COCOM Commanders on strategic operational matters to better align key objectives and provide a force multiplier to the Secretary.
 - a. Leverage the expertise and forums available to these entities to advance key management objectives.
- 3. Support strategic priorities by aligning management attention and major budget items.
 - a. Issue strategic planning guidance that supports key management objectives and drive implementation decisions down to Tier II and lower.
 - b. Identify core management systems and processes and use them to provide important budget and management data.