

NRL FACT BOOK



“The Navy’s Corporate Laboratory”

Report Documentation Page

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The NRL Fact Book is a reference source for information about the Naval Research Laboratory (NRL). It is updated and placed on NRL's Web site (<http://www.nrl.navy.mil/>) annually. It is printed every other year. To provide additional information to the reader, a point of contact is listed for each activity.

NRL has a continuing need for physical scientists, mathematicians, engineers, and support personnel. Vacancies are filled without regard to age, race, creed, sex, or national origin. Information concerning current vacancies is furnished on request. Address all such inquiries to:

Human Resources Office
 Personnel Operations Branch (Code 1810)
 Naval Research Laboratory
 Washington, DC 20375-5320

NRL's URL: <http://www.nrl.navy.mil/>

Quick Reference Telephone Numbers

	NRL WASHINGTON	NRL- SSC	NRL- MONTEREY	NRL CBD	NRL FSD Patuxent River
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DSN	297- or 754-	828	878	—	342
Direct-in-Dialing	767- or 404-	688	656	257	342
Public Affairs	(202) 767-2541	(228) 688-5328	(202) 767-2541	—	(202) 767-2541

Additional telephone numbers are listed on pages 140 and 141.

NRL

FACT

BOOK

**NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY
WASHINGTON, DC 20375-5320**

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Introduction to the Naval Research Laboratory

Mission

To conduct a broadly based multidisciplinary program of scientific research and advanced technological development directed toward maritime applications of new and improved materials, techniques, equipment, systems, and ocean, atmospheric, and space sciences and related technologies.

The Naval Research Laboratory

- Provides primary in-house research for the physical, engineering, space, and environmental sciences;
- Provides broadly based exploratory and advanced development programs in response to identified and anticipated Navy and Marine Corps needs;
- Provides broad multidisciplinary support to the Naval Warfare Centers;
- Provides space and space systems technology development and support; and
- Assumes responsibility as the Navy's corporate laboratory.



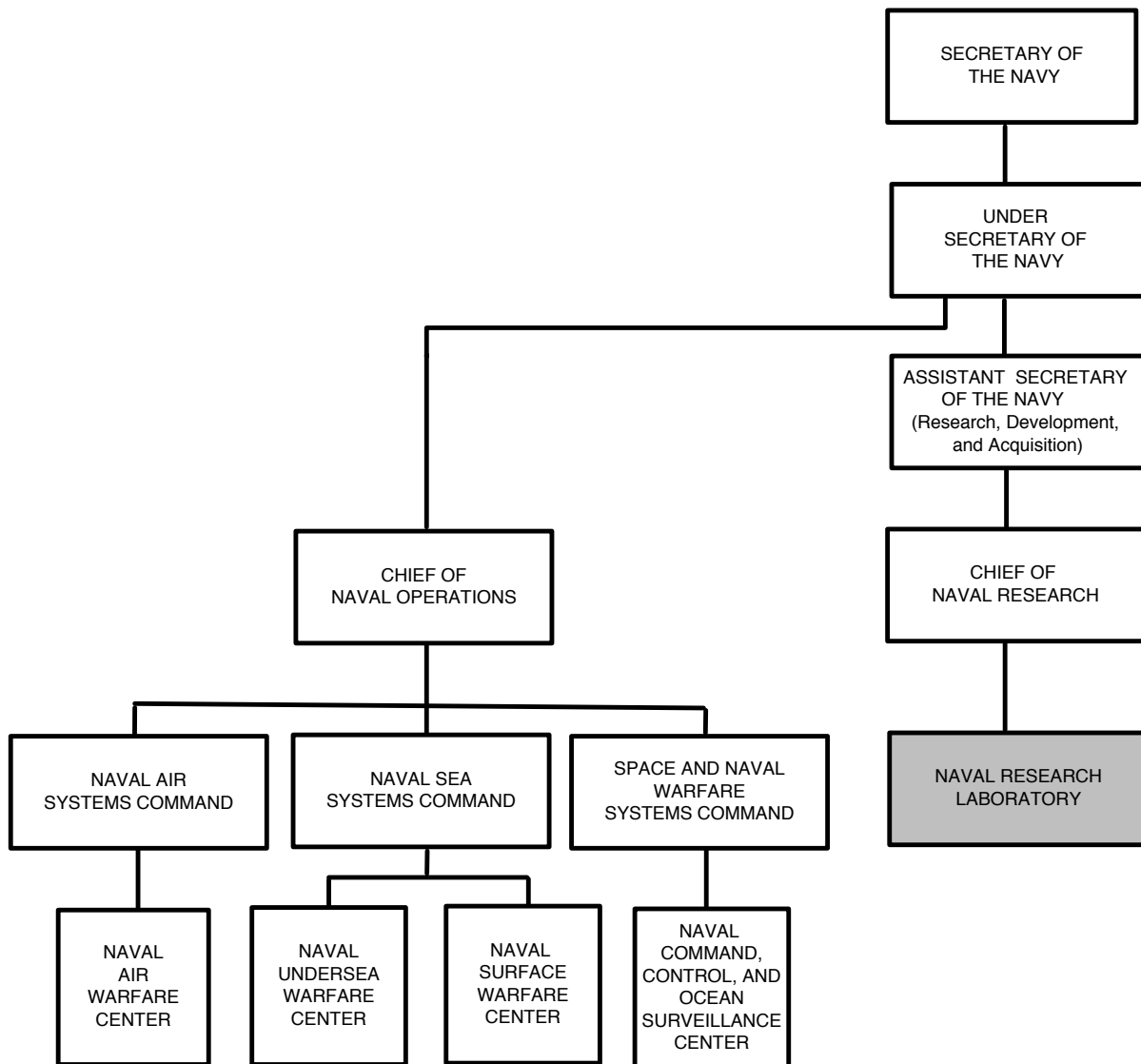
The Naval Research Laboratory is located in Washington, DC, on the east bank of the Potomac River.



The NRL Marine Meteorology Division is located in Monterey, California (NRL-MRY).



The Naval Research Laboratory Detachment is located at Stennis Space Center, Bay St. Louis, Mississippi (NRL-SSC).





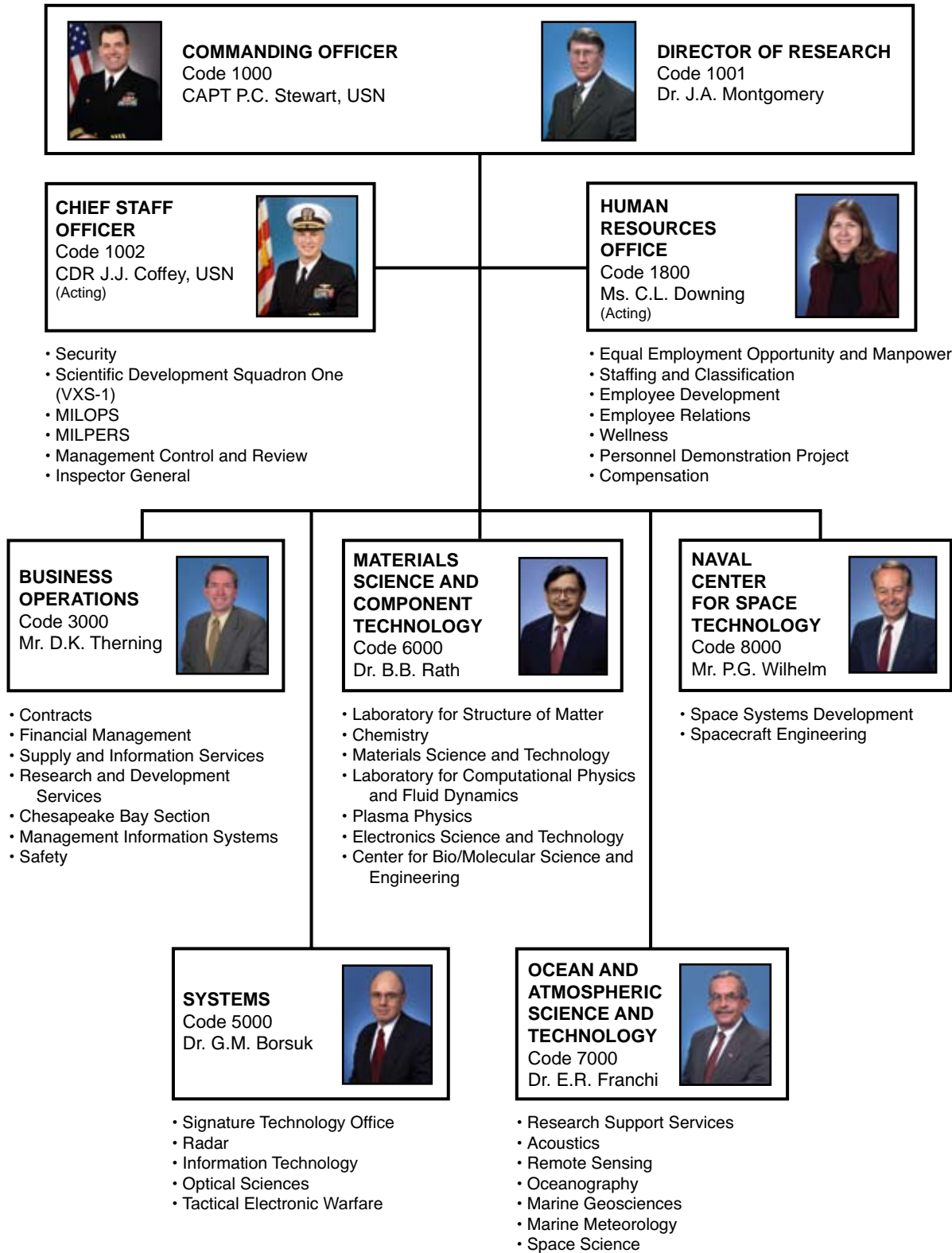
The Naval Research Laboratory in the Department of the Navy

The Naval Research Laboratory is the Department of the Navy's corporate laboratory; it is under the command of the Chief of Naval Research. As the corporate laboratory of the Navy, NRL is the principal in-house component in the Office of Naval Research's (ONR) effort to meet its science and technology responsibilities.

NRL has had a long and fruitful relationship with industry as a collaborator, contractor, and most recently in Cooperative Research and Development Agreements (CRADAs). NRL values this linkage and continues to develop it.

NRL is an important link in the Navy Research, Development, and Acquisition (RD&A) chain. Through NRL, the Navy has direct ties with sources of fundamental ideas in industry and the academic community throughout the world and provides an effective coupling point to the R&D chain for ONR.

NRL Functional Organization



Current Research

The following areas represent broad fields of NRL research. Under each, more specific topics that are being investigated for the benefit of the Navy and other sponsoring organizations are listed. Some details of this work are given in the *NRL Review*, published annually. More specific details are published in reports on individual projects provided to sponsors and/or presented as papers for professional societies or their journals.

Advanced Radio, Optical, and IR Sensors

- Advanced optical sensors
- EM/EO/meteorological/oceanographic sensors
- Satellite meteorology
- Precise space tracking
- Radio/infrared astronomy
- Infrared sensors and phenomenology
- UV sensors and middle atmosphere research
- Image processing
- VLBI/astrometry
- Optical interferometry
- Imaging spectrometry
- Liquid crystal technology

Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence

- Standard computer hardware, development environments, operating systems, and run-time support software
- Methods of specifying, developing, documenting, and maintaining software
- Human-computer interaction
- Intelligent systems for resource allocation, signal identification, operational planning, target classification, and robotics
- Parallel scientific libraries
- Algorithms for massively parallel systems
- Digital progressive HDTV for scientific visualization
- Adaptive systems: software and devices
- Advanced computer networking
- Simulation management software for networked high performance computers
- Interactive 3D visualization tools and applications
- Distributed modeling and simulation (e.g., HLA and FOM development)
- Real-time parallel processing
- Scalable, parallel computing
- Processing graph method for parallel processing
- Teraflop scalable shared memory, massively parallel computer architectures

Directed Energy Technology

- High-energy lasers
- Laser propagation
- Solid-state and fiber lasers
- High-power microwave sources
- RAM accelerators
- Pulse detonation engines
- Charged-particle devices

- Pulse power
- DE effects

Electronic Electro-optical Device Technology

- Integrated optics
- Radiation-hardened electronics
- Nanotechnology
- Microelectronics
- Microwave and MM wave technology
- Hydrogen masers for GPS
- Aperture syntheses
- Electric field coupling
- Vacuum electronics
- Focal plane arrays
- Infrared sensors
- Radiation effects and satellite survivability
- Molecular engineering

Electronic Warfare

- EW/C2W/IW systems and technology
- COMINT/SIGINT technology
- EW decision aids and planning/control systems
- Intercept receivers, signal processing, and identification systems
- Passive direction finders
- Decoys and offboard CM (RF and IR)
- Expendable autonomous vehicles/UAVs
- Repeaters/jammers and EO/IR active countermeasures and techniques
- Platform signature measurement and management
- Threat and EW systems computer modeling and simulations
- Visualization
- Hardware-in-the-loop and flyable ASM simulators
- Missile warning infrared countermeasures
- RF environment simulators
- EO/IR multispectral/hyperspectral surveillance

Enhanced Maintainability, Reliability, and Survivability Technology

- Coatings
- Friction/wear reduction
- Water additives and cleaners
- Fire safety
- Laser hardening
- Satellite survivability
- Corrosion control
- Automation for reduced manning
- Radiation effects

- Mobility fuels
- Chemical and biological sensors
- Environmental compliance

Environmental Effects on Naval Systems

- Meteorological effects on communications
- Meteorological effects on weapons, sensors, and platform performance
- Air quality in confined spaces
- Electromagnetic background in space
- Solar and geomagnetic activity
- Magnetospheric and space plasma effects
- Nonlinear science
- Ionospheric behavior
- Oceanographic effects on weapons, sensors, and platforms
- EM, EO, and acoustic system performance/optimization
- Environmental hazard assessment
- Contaminant transport
- Biosensors
- Microbially induced corrosion

Imaging Research/Systems

- Remotely sensed signatures analysis
- Real-time signal and image processing algorithms/systems
- Image data compression methodology
- Image fusion
- Automatic target recognition
- Scene/sensor noise characterization
- Image enhancement/noise reduction
- Scene classification techniques
- Radar and laser imaging systems studies
- Coherent/incoherent imaging sensor exploitation
- Remote sensing simulation
- Hyperspectral imaging
- Microwave polarimetry

Information Technology

- High-performance, all-optical networking
- Antijam communication links
- Next-generation, signaled optical network architectures
- Integrated voice and data
- Information security (INFOSEC)
- Voice processing
- High performance computing
- High performance communications
- Requirement specification and analysis
- Real-time computing
- Wireless mobile networking
- Natural environments for distributed simulation
- Collaborative engineering environments
- Information filtering and fusion
- Integrated internet protocol (IP) and asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) multicasting
- Reliable multicasting
- Wireless networking with directional antennas

- Sensor networking
- Communication network simulation
- Bandwidth management (quality of service)
- High assurance software
- Distributed network-based battle management
- High performance computing supporting uniform and nonuniform memory access with single and multithreaded architectures
- Distributed, secure, and mobile information infrastructures
- Virtual engineering
- Simulation-based virtual reality
- Advanced distributed simulation
- High-end, progressive HDTV imagery processing and distribution
- Defensive information warfare
- Virtual reality / mobile augmented reality
- Motion adaptation and vestibular research
- 3D multimodal interaction
- Model integration (physical, environmental, biological, psychological) for simulation
- Synthetic natural environments for distributed simulation
- Command decision support
- Data fusion

Marine Geosciences

- Marine seismology, including propagation and noise measurement
- Geoacoustic modeling in support of acoustic performance prediction
- Geomagnetic modeling in support of nonacoustic system performance prediction
- Static potential field measurement and analysis (gravity and magnetic) in support of navigation and geodesy
- Geotechnology/sediment dynamics affecting mine warfare and mine countermeasures
- Foreshore sediment transport
- Geospatial information, including advanced sea-floor mapping, imaging systems, and innovative object-oriented digital mapping models, techniques, and databases

Materials

- Superconductivity
- Magnetism
- Biological materials
- Materials processing
- Advanced alloy systems
- Solid free-form fabrication
- Environmental effects
- Energetic materials/explosives
- Aerogels and underdense materials
- Nanoscale materials
- Nondestructive evaluation
- Ceramics and composite materials
- Thin film synthesis and processing
- Electronic and piezoelectric ceramics

- Thermoelectric materials
- Active materials and smart structures
- Computational material science
- Paints and coatings
- Flammability
- Chemical/biological materials
- Spintronic materials and half metals
- Biomimetic materials
- Multifunctional materials

Meteorology

- Global, theater, tactical-scale, and on-scene numerical weather prediction
- Data assimilation and physical initialization
- Atmospheric predictability and adaptive observations
- Adjoint applications
- Marine boundary layer characterization
- Air/sea interaction; process studies
- Coupled air/ocean/land model development
- Tropical cyclone forecasting aids
- Satellite data interpretation and application
- Aerosol transport modeling
- Meteorological applications of artificial intelligence and expert systems
- On-scene environmental support system development/nowcasting
- Tactical database development and applications
- Meteorological tactical decision aids
- Meteorological simulation and visualization

Ocean Acoustics

- Underwater acoustics, including propagation, noise, and reverberation
- Fiber-optic acoustic sensor development
- Deep ocean and shallow water environmental acoustic characterization
- Undersea warfare system performance modeling, unifying the environment, acoustics, and signal processing
- Target reflection, diffraction, and scattering
- Acoustic simulations
- Tactical decision aids
- Sonar transducers
- Dynamic ocean acoustic modeling

Oceanography

- Oceanographic instrumentation
- Open ocean, littoral, polar, and nearshore oceanographic forecasting
- Shallow water oceanographic effects on operations
- Modeling, sensors, and data fusion
- Bio-optical and fine-scale physical processes
- Oceanographic simulation and visualization
- Coastal scene generation
- Waves, tides, and surf prediction
- Coupled model development

- Coastal ocean characterization
- Oceanographic decision aids
- Global, theater, and tactical scale modeling
- Remote sensing of oceanographic parameters
- Satellite image analysis

Space Systems and Technology

- Space systems architectures and requirements
- Advanced payloads and optical communications
- Controllers, processors, signal processing, and VLSI
- Precision orbit estimation
- Onboard autonomous navigation
- Satellite ground station engineering and implementation
- Tactical communication systems
- Spacecraft antenna systems
- Launch and on-orbit support
- Precise Time and Time Interval (PTTI) technology
- Atomic time/frequency standards/instrumentation
- Passive and active ranging techniques
- Design, fabrication, and testing of spacecraft and hardware
- Structural and thermal analysis
- Attitude determination and control systems
- Reaction control
- Propulsion systems
- Navigation, tracking, and orbit dynamics
- Spaceborne robotics applications

Surveillance and Sensor Technology

- Point defense technology
- Imaging radars
- Surveillance radars
- Multifunction RF systems
- High-power millimeter-wave radar
- Target classification/identification
- Airborne geophysical studies
- Fiber-optic sensor technology
- Undersea target detection/classification
- EO/IR multispectral/hyperspectral detection and classification
- Sonar transducers
- Electromagnetic sensors—gamma ray to RF wavelengths
- SQUID for magnetic field detection
- Low observables technology
- Ultrawideband technology
- Interferometric imagery
- Microsensor system
- Digital framing reconnaissance canvas
- Biologically based sensors
- Digital radars and processors

Undersea Technology

- Autonomous vehicles
- Bathymetric technology
- Anechoic coatings
- Acoustic holography
- Unmanned undersea vehicle dynamics
- Weapons launch

Major Research Capabilities and Facilities

(Listed alphabetically by organizational unit)

Acoustics Division (Code 7100)

- Large, sandy-bottom, holographic pool facility for investigating echo characteristics of underwater buried/near-bottom targets and sediment acoustics
- Multichannel programmable acoustic signal processing system
- Containerized data processing for acoustic array processing at remote sites and aboard ship
- One-million-gallon, vibration-isolated underwater holographic/3D laser vibrometer facility for studying structural acoustic phenomena for submarine, mine countermeasure, and torpedo systems
- In-air structural acoustics facility with high spatial density nearfield acoustic holography and 3D laser vibrometer measurements and processing systems for diagnosing large structures, including aircraft interiors and rocket payload fairings
- High-powered sound sources and source arrays
- Twin underwater towers supporting sources and hydrophone arrays to measure high-frequency propagation, volume, and boundary scattering in shallow water
- High-speed maneuverable towed body with MK-50 and synthetic aperture sonars to measure high-frequency scattering and coherence
- Acoustic communications data acquisition systems and simulation laboratory
- 20-ft by 20-ft by 10-ft deep above-ground salt water acoustic tank facility with environmental control and substantial optical access for studying the acoustics of bubbly media
- State-of-the-art laboratory to study the structural dynamics and performance of high-Q oscillators and other micro-mechanical systems using laser Doppler vibrometers and a super-resolution nearfield scanning optical microscope (NSOM)
- Portable, ocean-deployable synthetic aperture acoustic measurement system, consisting of sources and receivers attached to a robotic carriage that can be positioned precisely at any point along a 100-meter rail using an encoder feedback system, for the collection of high quality scattering cross-sections of mines and the associated clutter data
- 64-channel broadband source-receiver array with time-reversal mirror functionality over a frequency band of 500–3500 Hz to study time-reversal methods
- Autonomous acoustic data acquisition suites to collect data from vertical and horizontal arrays unattended for up to 30 days
- Geoacoustic Model Fabrication Laboratory to fabricate rough topographical surfaces in various materials for acoustic scattering and propagation measurements in water-tank facilities

Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering (Code 6900)

- Optical equipment
 - Confocal Microscope
 - Raman Microscope
 - UV-Visible Absorption Spectrophotometers
 - Transmission Electron Microscope
 - Scanning Electron Microscope
 - Confocal Microscope
 - Microscope/AFM
- Analytical instruments
 - Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometer
 - HPLC
 - LC/MS/MS System
 - FluoroMax-3 Spectrofluorometer
- General facilities
 - X-Ray Scattering
 - Cold room for storage and preparation
 - High-speed ultracentrifuges
 - Inert atmosphere dry box
 - NMR
 - FTIR
 - Ellipsometer
 - Dynamic Mechanical Analyzer
 - Differential scanning Calorimeter
 - Circular Dichroism
 - Minimill Injection Mold Machine
 - Multi Rf Centrifuge
 - Perkin Elmer BioChip Arrayer I
 - Freeze Dry System
 - Affymetrix Gene Chip system

Chemistry Division (Code 6100)

- Synthesis/processing facilities
 - Paint formulation and coating
 - Functional polymers/elastomers
 - Langmuir-Blodgett film
 - Surface cleaning
 - Thin film deposition/etching with in situ control
- Marine Corrosion Facility (at Key West, FL)
- Fire/Damage Control Test Facility (at Mobile, AL)
- Characterization facilities
 - General purpose chemical analysis
 - Surface diagnostics
 - Nanometer scale composition/structure/properties
 - Magnetic resonance NDI
 - Tribology
 - Polymer structure/function
- Special purpose capability
 - Environmental monitoring/remediation
 - Combustion and fire research
 - Alternate and petroleum-derived fuels

Simulation/modeling
Synchrotron radiation beam lines (at NSLS,
Brookhaven, NY)

Electronics Science and Technology Division (Code 6800)

Nano- and microelectronics characterization and
processing facilities
Electron-beam nanowriter
High-resolution transmission electron microscope
Scanning tunneling microscopy and electro-optical
analysis
Crystal growing facilities including bulk growth, mo-
lecular beam epitaxy, and organometallic chemical
vapor deposition
Optical and electrical characterization of materials
Electronic testing and analysis facilities
Vacuum electronics engineering facility
Femtosecond laser facility
Space solar cell facility
Power electronics materials characterization and
device processing facilities

Information Technology Division (Code 5500)

Extended Spectrum Experimentation Laboratory
Robotics & Autonomous Systems Laboratory
Immersive Simulation Laboratory
Warfighter Human-Systems Integration Laboratory
Audio Laboratory
Mobile and Dynamic Network Laboratory
Integrated Communications Technology (ICT) Test
Lab
General Electronics Environmental Test Facility
Key Management Laboratory
Crypto Technology Laboratory
Navy Cyber Defense Research Laboratory (NCDRL)
Communications Security (COMSEC) Laboratory
Navy Shipboard Communications Testbed
Virtual Reality Laboratory
Motion Imagery Laboratory
Global Information Grid - Evaluation Facility
Laboratory for Large Data Research
Distributed Center for High Performance Computing
Ruth H. Hooker Research Library

Institute for Nanoscience (Code 1100)

Clean room (5000 sq ft), quiet (4000 sq ft), and ultra-
quiet (1000 sq ft) laboratories
35 dB and 25 dB acoustically isolated zones
20°C ± 0.5°C and 0.1°C controlled temperature
zones
Vibration isolation
Vertical (mm, pp) <0.1 @ 70–500 Hz
Horizontal (mm, pp) <0.1 @ 70–500 Hz
Clean electrical power, free from SCR spikes and
other interferences, and < ±10% voltage
change

<0.5 mG at 60 Hz EMI
45 ± 5% relative humidity
Class 100 clean room
Source of water meeting ASTM D5127 spec. Type
E1.2

Clean Room Major Equipment
Monitoring system (toxic gas, hazmat, temperature)
Laminar flow wet benches for localized Class
1/10 ambient in clean room
Air purification unit to remove local organic
contamination
DI water system
Wire bonder
E-beam writer with active vibration control
system
Scanning electron microscope
Atomic force microscope
Metallurgical optical microscopes
Surface profiler
Mask aligners (2, 1, and 0.2 μm)
Electron beam evaporation system
Low pressure chemical vapor deposition
(LPCVD) system
Magnetron sputter deposition system
Reactive ion etching systems
Dual-beam focused ion beam workstation
Optical pattern generating system
Plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition
(PECVD) system
Chlorine reactive ion etching system
Other Major Equipment
Transmission electron microscope
UHV multi-tip scanning tunneling microscope/
nanomanipulator

Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics (Code 6400)

1120-core x86 Cluster
(3) 64-core SGI Altix Systems
184-core x86 Cluster
256-core SGI ICE
256-processor Opteron Cluster
More than sixty SGI, Apple, and Intel workstations
Three-quarter-terabyte RAID disk storage systems
All computers and workstations have network
connections to NICENET and ATDnet allowing access
to the NRL CCS facilities (including the DoD HPC
resources) and many other computer resources both
internal and external to NRL

Laboratory for Structure of Matter (Code 6030)

Two area detector systems
One X-ray diffractometer
Four Silicon Graphics IRIS workstations
Protein and peptide chromatography
Atomic force microscope

Marine Geosciences Division (Code 7400)

Airborne gravimetry, magnetics, and topographic measurements suite coupled with differential GPS yielding position accuracies of < 1.0 meter

100 and 500 kHz sidescan sonar with 2–12 kHz chirp profiler and Cs magnetometer for seafloor characterization/imaging and shallow subbottom profiling

Deep-towed acoustic geophysical system operating at 220–1000 Hz characterizes subseafloor structure including gas clathrate accumulations and dissociation of methane hydrates

Acoustic seafloor classification system operating at 8–50 kHz provides underway, real-time prediction of sediment type and physical properties

Seafloor probes for measuring sediment pore water pressures, permeability, electrical resistivity, acoustic compressional and shear wave velocities and attenuations, and dynamic penetration resistance

100 and 300 kV transmission electron microscopes with environmental cell for study of sediment fabric, especially impact of organic matter

Map data formatting facility compresses map information onto CD-ROM media for masters for use in aircraft digital moving map systems

Positioning, navigation, and timing laboratory

Comprehensive geotechnical and geoacoustics laboratory capability

Airborne electromagnetic (AEM) bathymetry system

Ocean bottom magnetometer system

3D, multispectral, subbottom swath imaging system

Ocean bottom seismographs (OBS)

In situ sediment acoustic measurement system (IS-SAMS)

Instrumented mine shapes to measure hydrodynamics of free-fall in the water column, dynamics of deceleration in seafloor sediments, and rates and depths of scour burial

Hydrothermal plume imaging data acquisition and analysis system

Integrated digital databases analysis and display system for bathymetric, meteorological, oceanographic, geoacoustic, and acoustic data

Stereometric video image processing system for use in foreshore morphology measurement

Sediment gas-content sampler

Acoustic tomographic probes for surf zone sands and gassy muds

Computed tomography (CT) system and real-time radiography unit with a 0–225 keV @ 0–1 mA micro-focus X-ray tube and a 225-mm image intensifier

Patented Geospatial Information Data Base (GIDB™) for rapidly accessing disparate geospatial content on the internet. This is the most extensive interconnection of geospatial data that exists. <http://dmap.nrlssc.navy.mil>

Human-centered display design through the application of human factors principles in the design

of geospatial displays (e.g., analysis of clutter in electronic displays)

GPS-based survey vehicles and equipment to measure foreshore and nearshore bathymetry (camera towers, jet ski, and push cart)

Geospatial visualization lab for rapid 2D and 3D graphic and physical visualization, analysis, and prototyping

Marine Meteorology Division (Code 7500)

Real-time METOC data collection and distribution database management system

AN/SMQ-11 shipboard antenna system for retrieving polar-orbiting satellite data

Geostationary satellite data direct readout and polar orbiting satellite data processing center

Supercomputer for numerical weather prediction systems development

Master Environmental Library (MEL) implemented on superworkstations for archiving and distributing real-time and historical atmosphere/ocean databases

Bergen Data Center for extensive file serving and research data backup/archival capability

Data visualization center for developing shipboard briefing tools, displaying observations and model output, and integrating meteorological parameters into tactical simulations

Classified radar and satellite data processing facility

Mobile Atmospheric Aerosol and Radiation Characterization Observatory (MAARCO)

Technical Research Library

Materials Science and Technology Division (Code 6300)

Hot isostatic press

Cold isostatic press

High-energy dispersive X-ray analytical system

Electron microprobe, SEM, SAM, and STEM systems

Quantitative metallography

Computer-controlled multiaxial loading and SCC measurement systems

Computer-aided experimental stress analysis

Crystallite orientation distribution function (CODF)

Class 1000 clean room; processing metallic film

Elevated temperature and structural characterization laboratory

Metallic film deposition systems

Magnetometry

Cryogenic facilities

High-field magnets

High-resolution analytical electron microscope

Isothermal heat treating facility

Vacuum arc melting facility

Vacuum induction melting facility

3-MeV tandem Van de Graaff accelerator

200-keV ion-implantation facility

Microwave device test facility
 Excimer laser film deposition facility
 Bomen infrared spectrometer facility
 Diffuse light scattering facility
 Femtosecond laser facility
 Surface characterization facility
 Accelerator mass spectrometry facility
 Carbon-14 dating facility
 Laminated object manufacturing system
 Thermal analysis characterization suite (TGA/DSC/
 DMA/DEA/rheometer)
 Dielectric characterization facility
 Composites processing autoclave
 3D ESPI strain measurement system
 Biomechanical surrogate fabrication facility

Oceanography Division (Code 7300)

Towed sensor and advanced microstructure profiler systems for studying upper ocean fine and microstructure
 Integrated absorption cavity and optical profiler systems for studying ocean optical characteristics
 Self-contained bottom-mounted upwardlooking acoustic profilers for measuring ocean variability
 Acoustic Doppler profiler for determining ocean currents while under way
 Remotely operated underwater vehicle (ROV)
 Bottom-mounted acoustic Doppler profilers
 Towed hyperspectral optical array
 SCI processing facility
 Satellite receiving stations for AVHRR, SeaWiFS, and DMSP ocean color processing facility
 Environmental scanning electron microscope, confocal laser scanning microscope, and the new Inspect S Low Vacuum Scanning Electron Microscope for detailed studies of biocorrosion in naval materials
 Real-time Ocean Observations and Forecast Facility for monitoring and tracking of ocean physical and bio-optical conditions
 Slocum Electric Gliders for performing wide-area ocean surveys of temperature, salinity, and optical characteristics
 SCANFISH MKII, a towed undulating vehicle system, designed for collecting 3D TS profile data of the water column
 Bottom-mounted Shallow water Environmental Profiler in Trawl-safe Real-time configuration (SEPTR) for measuring temperature, salinity, and some optical parameters in addition to current profiles and pressure

Optical Sciences Division (Code 5600)

Optical probes laboratory to study viscoelastic, structural, and transport properties of molecular systems
 Short-pulse excitation apparatus for kinetic mechanisms investigations
 IR laser facility for optical characterization of semiconductors
 Facilities for synthesis and characterization of optical

glass compositions and for the fabrication of optical fibers
 Silica and IR fluoride/chalcogenide fiber fabrication facilities
 Environmental testing of fiber sensors (acoustic, magnetic, electric field, etc.)
 Laser diode pumped solid-state lasers
 Mid-IR, low-phonon crystal growth facility
 Infrared countermeasure techniques laboratory
 Mobile, high-precision optical tracker
 Indoor IR test range
 Computer EO/IR technology/systems simulation center
 Field-qualified EO/IR measurement devices
 Focal plane array evaluation facility
 Facilities for fabricating and testing integrated optical devices
 Panchromatic and multi- and hyper-spectral digital imaging processing facilities
 NRL P-3 aircraft sensor pallet
 Airborne EO/IR and radar sensors
 VNIR through SWIR hyperspectral systems
 VNIR, MWIR, and LWIR high-resolution systems
 Wideband SAR systems
 RF and laser data links
 High-speed, high-power photodetector characterization
 Communication link characterization to >100 Gbps
 RF phase noise, noise figure, and network analysis
 Ultrahigh-speed A/O converters

Plasma Physics Division (Code 6700)

Mercury, 6 MV, 360 kA, magnetically insulated inductive voltage adder
 Gamble II, 1 MV, 1 MA pulsed power generator
 HAWK, 1 MA inductive storage facility
 PHAROS III, two-beam neodymium-glass laser and target facility
 Table-Top Terawatt (T³) laser system
 Table-Top Ti: Sapphire Femtosecond Laser (TFL) system
 NIKE krypton fluoride laser facility
 Space Physics Simulation Chamber
 Plasma Applications Laboratory
 Microwave facility for processing of advanced materials (2.45, 35, 83, and 60–120 GHz)
 ELECTRA, test bed for high-rep 5 Hz KrF laser
 Railgun Materials Testing Facility
 Directed Energy Physics Facility

Radar Division (Code 5300)

Shipboard radar research and development test beds:
 AMRFC testbed
 Wideband digital beamforming testbed

AN/SPS-49A(V)1

Airborne research radar facility, including advanced profile high-resolution imaging radar and P-3 (1998) with APS-145 Group 2 and CEC
High-power 94 GHz radar system
Ultrahigh resolution radar system (microwave microscope)
Radar signature calculation facility
Electromagnetic numerical computation facility
Compact range antenna measurement laboratory and nearfield scanner
Space-time adaptive processing (STAP) laboratory
Electronic computer-aided design facility
Clutter research radar
Microwave and RF instrumentation laboratory
Functional materials electromagnetic analysis laboratory
High-bandwidth, high-capacity data recording system

Remote Sensing Division (Code 7200)

Polar ozone and aerosol monitor space sensor
Ground-based stratospheric water-vapor monitoring system
SAR processing facility
SCI processing facility
SEALAB
SAIL
Hyperspectral imaging, sensors, and processing
Optical remote sensing calibration lab / facility
Navy Prototype Optical Interferometer (NPOI)
NRL/NRAO 74-MHz Very Large Array
Free surface hydrodynamics laboratory
SSM/I processing facility
STEMS system
Volume imaging lidar system
Aerosol and field measurement facility
NRL RP-3A aircraft sensors
Airborne polarimetric microwave imaging radiometer (APMIR)
Airborne Lidar
mm-wave imager
DMSP SSM/I simulator
Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar (InSAR)
Flight-level meteorological sensors
Hyperspectral sensor systems (PHILLS)
Mid-wave infrared (MWIR) Indium Antimonide (InSb) imaging system
Long-wave infrared (LWIR) quantum well IR photodetector (QWIP) imaging system

Research and Development Services Division (Code 3500)

Military construction
Research support engineering
Planning

Full range of facility contracting, including construction, architect/engineering services, facilities support, and reserved parking
Transportation
Telephone services
Maintenance and repair of buildings, grounds, and communication and alarm systems
Shops for machining, sheet metal, welding, and plating
Occupational Safety and Health
Environmental
Health Physics

Spacecraft Engineering Department (Code 8200)

Chambers:
Thermal-vacuum
Acoustic reverberation
Facilities:
Spacecraft high-reliability electronic and electrical production facility
Spacecraft electronic systems integration and test facility
Radio frequency (RF) system development facility
RF microcircuit fabrication cleanroom facility
Large tapered horn RF anechoic chamber facility
Frequency Sources Laboratory
Shock and vibration test
Cleanrooms
Spacecraft fabrication and assembly
Fuels testing
Autoclave
Space robotics laboratory
Proximity operations testbed
CAD/CAM
Propulsion system welding
Static loads test
Star tracker characterization
Spacecraft spin balance
Modal analysis
Computational astrodynamics simulation and visualization

Space Science Division (Code 7600)

Development and test facilities for spaceborne instruments to perform astrophysical, solar, upper/middle atmospheric, and space environment sensing
Advanced Level Physics High Altitude extension of the Navy's Operational Global Atmospheric Prediction System (NOGAPS-ALPHA)
Mountain Wave Forecast Model (MWFM)
Spatial Heterodyne Imager for Mesospheric Radicals (SHIMMER), for measuring hydrosyl and polar mesospheric clouds

Infrared test facility for Spatial Heterodyne Spectroscopy for tropospheric gases (SHIMCAD)
 Clean room facilities
 High energy radiation detector simulations and design support (SWORD/SMART)
 Space science theory group in high-energy neutrinos, cosmic rays, and gamma rays
 Gamma Ray Imaging Laboratory (GRIL)
 Gamma Ray Large Area Telescope (GLAST) data investigation center
 Mobile Imaging and Spectroscopic Threat Identification (MISTI)
 X-ray Attitude Camera Testbed (XACT)
 Solar instrument test facility
 Sun Earth Connection Coronal and Heliospheric Investigation (SECCHI) Payload Operations Center (POC)
 Special Sensor Ultraviolet Limb Imager (SSULI) calibration facility
 Coronal Physics Explorer (CPEX)
 Geocoronal imager: remote sensing solar wind and near-earth plasma interactions by Thompson scattering
 Extensive computer-assisted data manipulation and interpretive capabilities for space-data imaging and modeling
 UV-EUV facility to validate performance of high resolution UV and EUV detectors for solar and astronomical applications
 Extreme Ultraviolet Imaging Spectrometer (EIS)

Space Systems Development Department (Code 8100)

Payload test facility and processor development laboratory
 Laser communications and electro-optics laboratories
 Tactical Technology Development Laboratory (TTDL)
 Precision oscillator (clock) test facility
 RF payload development laboratory with anechoic chamber
 Precision high-frequency RF compact range anechoic chamber facility
 Transportable ground station development, assembly, and test facility
 Multiplatform FPGA / ASIC / VLSI development laboratory
 Satellite telemetry, tracking, and satellite control at Blossom Point, MD

- L/C/S/X-band fixed antenna resources
- Connectivity to the Air Force Satellite Control Network (AFSCN)

 Pomonkey field site—large antenna, space communications, and research facility
 Midway Research Center—space communications and research facility
 Optical telescope facility

Tactical Electronic Warfare Division (Code 5700)

Visualization Laboratory
 Transportable step frequency radar
 Vehicle development laboratory
 Offboard test platform
 Compact antenna range facility
 Isolation measurement chamber facility
 RFCM techniques chamber facility
 Search radar ECM/EA simulator
 Low-power anechoic chamber
 High power microwave research facility
 Electro-optics mobile laboratory
 Infrared-electro-optical calibration and characterization laboratory
 Infrared missile simulator and development laboratory
 Secure supercomputing facility
 CBD/Tilghman Island IR field evaluation facility
 Ultrashort pulse laser effects research and analysis laboratory
 Central target simulator facility
 Flying electronic warfare laboratory
 High power RF explosive laboratory
 Classified support office
 Classified material lay-up facility
 Classified super computing facilities
 RF measurement laboratory
 Wet chemistry laboratory
 Classified project room
 Ultra near field test facility
 RF and mm wave laboratory
 Optical laboratory
 Black laboratory
 Paint room
 Classified computer room
 Human perception laboratory

NRL Sites and Facilities

SITE	ACREAGE		BUILDINGS/ STRUCTURES
	LAND OWNED/LEASED	EASEMENT/ LICENSE-PERMIT	
District of Columbia NRL and Artificial Intelligence Center at Bolling AFB*	131/0	0/10.13	85/28
Virginia Midway Research Center Quantico*	162/0	0/0	6/12
Maryland NRL Scientific Development Squadron One (VXS-1), NAS Patuxent River*	Tenant		
Chesapeake Bay Section and Dock Facility Chesapeake Beach*	168/0	.6/.02	47/80
Multiple Research Site Tilghman Island*	3/0	0/0	3/3
Radio Antenna Range USAF Receiver Site Brandywine*	0/0	0/0	1/0
Free Space Antenna Range Pomonkey*	55/0	29.4/0	10/10
Blossom Point Satellite Tracking and Command Station Blossom Point*	0/0	0/265	20/24
Florida Marine Corrosion Facility Key West	Tenant		
California NRL Monterey Monterey*	Tenant		
Mississippi Stennis Space Center Bay St. Louis*	Tenant		
Alabama Ex-USS <i>Shadwell</i> (LSD-15) Mobile Bay	Tenant		
	Decommissioned 457-ft vessel used for fire research		

PROPERTY

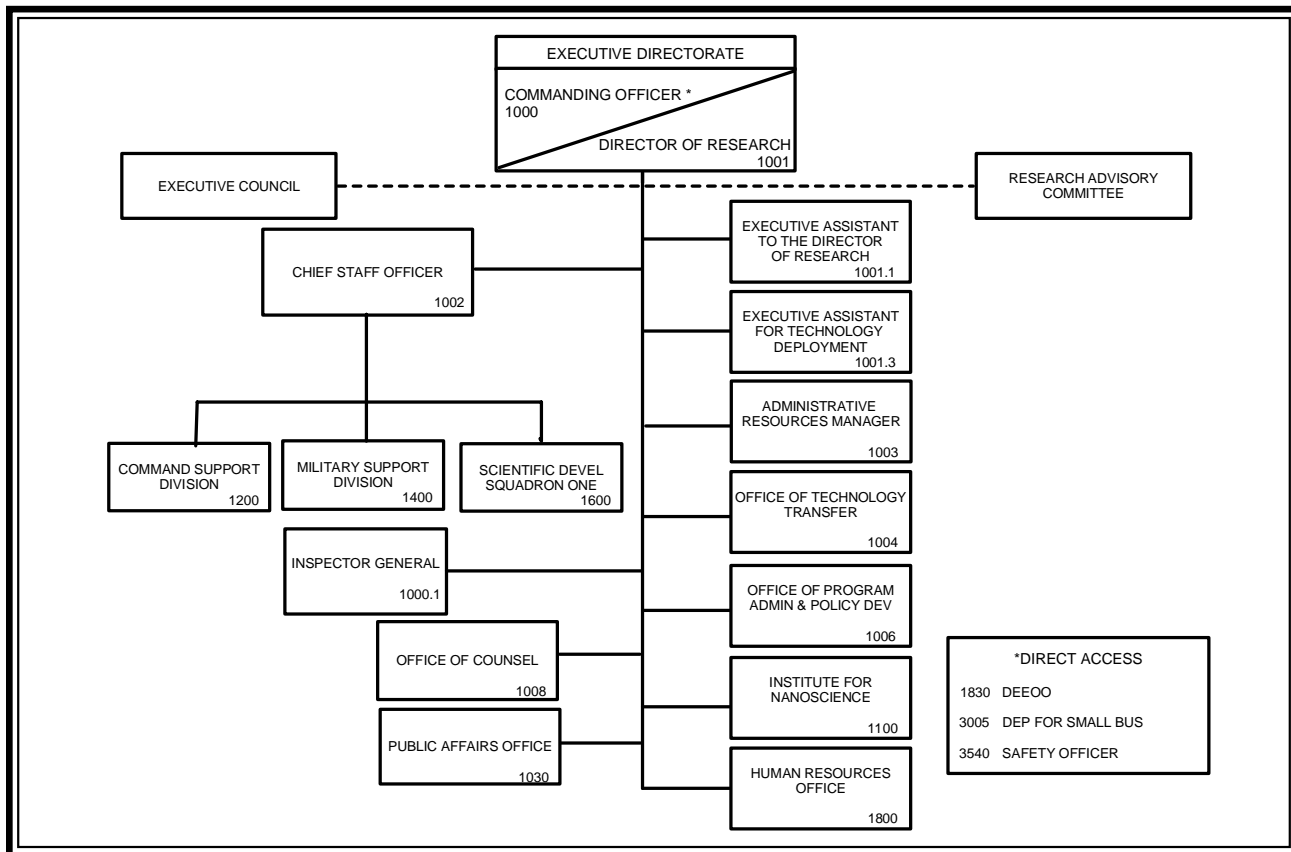
Land: 824 acres	Buildings:	Replacement Costs:
	RDT&E 3,098,754 ft ²	Buildings Plant Replacement
	Administrative 228,067 ft ²	Value (PRV) ¹ \$1,009.2 million
	Other 276,711 ft ²	Equipment Costs ² \$234.6 million

¹Per DON Facilities Asset Data System standard cost factors.

²Accountable Property

*See maps in the General Information section (page 129).

**Executive
Directorate**



Key Personnel

Name	Title	Code
CAPT P.C. Stewart, USN	Commanding Officer	1000
Dr. J.A. Montgomery	Director of Research	1001
Mr. D.J. DeYoung	Executive Assistant	1001.1
Ms. C.L. Downing	Head, Strategic Workforce Planning	1001.2
Mr. B. Kiviat	Executive Assistant for Technology Deployment	1001.3
Dr. Leo Slater	NRL Historian	1001.15
CDR J.J. Coffey, USN*	Chief Staff Officer/Inspector General	1002/1000.1
Vacant	Deputy Head, Command Support Division/ Deputy Inspector General	1000.11
Ms. A.E. Downing	Command Management Review	1000.12
Mrs. L.T. McDonald	Administrative Resources Manager	1003
Dr. R.C. Manak	Head, Office of Technology Transfer	1004
Ms. L.S. Herrin*	Head, Office of Program Administration and Policy Development	1006
Mr. J.N. McCutcheon	Head, Office of Counsel	1008
Mr. R.L. Thompson	Head, Public Affairs Branch	1030
Dr. Eric Snow	Director, Institute for Nanoscience	1100
CDR J.J. Coffey, USN*	Head, Command Support Division	1200
CDR J.J. Coffey, USN	Head, Military Support Division	1400
CDR D.G. Vance, USN	Commanding Officer, Scientific Development Squadron One (VXS-1)	1600
Ms. C.L. Downing*	Director, Human Resources Office	1800
Ms. L.L. Hill	Deputy Equal Employment Opportunity Officer	1830
Ms. M. Thompson	Deputy for Small Business	3005
Mr. K.J. Pawlovich	Head, Safety Branch	3540

*Acting

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORATE

Code 1000 and Code 1001

The Commanding Officer (Code 1000) and the Director of Research (Code 1001) share executive responsibility for the management of the Naval Research Laboratory. In accordance with Navy requirements, the Commanding Officer is responsible for the overall management of the Laboratory and exercises the usual functions of command including compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, liaison with other military activities, and the general supervision of the quality, timeliness, and effectiveness of the technical work and of the support services.

The Commanding Officer delegates line authority and assigns responsibility to the Director of Research for the Laboratory's technical program, its planning, conduct, and staffing; evaluation of the technical competence of personnel; liaison with the scientific community; selection of subordinate technical personnel; exchange of technical information; and the effective execution of the NRL mission.

Within the limits of Navy regulations, the Commanding Officer and the Director of Research share authority and responsibility for the internal management of the Laboratory. The Commanding Officer retains all authority and responsibility specifically assigned to him by higher authority.

The mission of the Laboratory is carried out by three science and technology directorates and the Naval Center for Space Technology, supported by the Business Operations Directorate and the Executive Directorate. In addition, the Laboratory's operating staffs provide assistance in their special fields to the Commanding Officer and to the Director of Research. The operating staffs are listed on the following pages of this publication.

Commanding Officer

Captain Paul C. Stewart, a native of Longmeadow, Massachusetts, graduated cum laude from Hartwick College of Oneonta, New York in May 1983 with a bachelor of science degree in mathematics. He was commissioned an Ensign in 1984 at Officer Candidate School in Newport, Rhode Island.

His first operational assignment was on board USS Constant (MSO 427), home ported in San Diego, California, from 1985 to 1987. Captain Stewart served as First Lieutenant, Supply Officer, Mine Counter Measures Officer and Executive Officer during this tour and qualified as an unrestricted line Surface Warfare Officer. After this sea tour, Captain Stewart was assigned to the Pre-Commissioning Unit Princeton; following extensive Aegis training, he commissioned USS Princeton (CG 59) in February 1989 as the Combat Information Center and Assistant Operations Officer. Princeton participated in combat systems qualification tests and evaluation of the new SPY-1B radar and fired 24 Tomahawk, Harpoon and SM-2 missiles. Princeton then completed several months of workups and training enroute to the Gulf War.

From 1990 to 1992, Captain Stewart was a student at the United States Naval Postgraduate School in Monterey, California where he was awarded a master of science degree in physics (meteorology and oceanography). In 1992, Captain Stewart reported to Naval Pacific Meteorology and Oceanography Center, Pearl Harbor where he qualified as Command Duty Officer and Typhoon Duty Officer; additionally, he served as Technical Services Officer and Fleet Services Officer.

Upon completion of his Department Head tour in Pearl Harbor, Captain Stewart reported to Commander, Cruiser-Destroyer Group Two aboard USS George Washington (CVN 73) as Staff Oceanographer and Assistant Operations Officer. The Battle Group participated in extensive operations in the Mediterranean, Adriatic, Red Sea and Arabian Gulf; additionally, he qualified as Fleet Tactical Action Officer.

Following his Battle Group tour, Captain Stewart reported for duty to the Bureau of Naval Personnel in Washington, DC as the assistant Oceanography and Meteorology assignment and placement officer; in 1998, he made the Bureau's transition to Tennessee. In 2000, Captain Stewart reported to the Oceanographer of the Navy as a requirements officer, after which he served as the Special Assistant for Ocean Resources and International Activities to the Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Installations and Environment). From 2002 to 2003, Captain Stewart studied at the National War College where he earned a master of science degree in national security strategy. In Oct 2003, Captain Stewart assumed command as the Commanding Officer/Director of the National Ice Center in Washington, DC. From 2005 to 2008, Captain Stewart served at the Office of Naval Research as the Deputy Director for the Ocean Battlespace Sensing Department and the Division Director of the Ocean, Atmospheric and Space Sensing and Systems Division; additionally he served as the U.S. National Liaison Officer to the NATO Undersea Research Center in La Spezia, Italy. In September 2008, Captain Stewart reported to the Naval Research Laboratory as the prospective Commanding Officer.

Captain Stewart's awards include the Legion of Merit, Meritorious Service Medal with gold star, Navy and Marine Corps Commendation Medal with gold stars in lieu of third award, Navy and Marine Corps Achievement Medal with gold stars in lieu of fourth award, National Defense Service Medal with bronze star, Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, Southwest Asia Service Medal, Military Outstanding Volunteer Service Medal, NATO Medal, Expert Rifleman Medal, and Expert Pistol Medal.



Director of Research

Dr. John A. Montgomery received his Bachelor of Science degree in physics from North Texas State University in 1967 and his master's degree, also in physics, in 1969. He received his Ph.D. in physics from the Catholic University of America in 1982. As Director of Research at the Naval Research Laboratory, Dr. Montgomery oversees research and development expenditures of approximately \$1 billion per year.

Dr. Montgomery joined the Naval Research Laboratory in 1968 as a research physicist in the Advanced Techniques Branch of the Electronic Warfare Division, where he conducted research on a wide range of electronic warfare (EW) topics. In 1980, he was selected to head the Off-Board Countermeasures Branch. In 1985, he was appointed to the Senior Executive Service and was selected as Superintendent of the Tactical Electronic Warfare Division. He has been responsible for numerous systems that have been developed / approved for operational use by the Navy and other services. He has had great impact through the application of advanced technologies to solve unusual or severe operational deficiencies noted during world crises, most recently in the Persian Gulf, in the Kosovo campaign, in Afghanistan, and for Homeland Defense. Dr. Montgomery has accumulated 39 years of civilian service to date at the Naval Research Laboratory.

Dr. Montgomery received the Department of Defense Distinguished Civilian Service Award in 2001. He was recognized with the Department of the Navy Distinguished Civilian Service Award in 1999 and the Department of the Navy Meritorious Civilian Service Award in 1986. As a member of the Senior Executive Service, he received the Presidential Rank of Distinguished Executive award in 1991 and again in 2002, and the Presidential Rank of Meritorious Executive award in 1988, 1999, and again in 2007. He received the Laboratory Director of the Year award given by the Federal Laboratory Consortium in 2006. He also received the 1997 Dr. Arthur E. Bisson Prize for Naval Technology Achievement, awarded by the Chief of Naval Research in 1998. Further, he received the Association of Old Crows (Electronic Defense Association) Joint Services Award in 1993. He was an NRL Edison Scholar, and is a member of Sigma Xi. He served as the U.S. National Leader of The Technical Cooperation Program's multinational Group on Electronic Warfare from 1987 to 2002, and served as its Executive Chairman.



Executive Council



The Executive Council consists of executive, management, and administrative personnel. Executive Council members include the following:

- Commanding Officer, Chairperson
- Director of Research
- Associate Directors of Research
- Chief Staff Officer
- Director, Naval Center for Space Technology
- Heads of Divisions
- Head, Laboratory for Structure of Matter
- Head, Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics
- Head, Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering
- Director, Human Resources Office
- Public Affairs Officer
- Deputy Equal Employment Opportunity Officer
- Administrative Resources Manager
- Head, Office of Program Administration and Policy Development
- Safety Officer
- Head, Office of Counsel

Research Advisory Committee



The Research Advisory Committee advises the Commanding Officer and the Director of Research on scientific programs and the administration of the Laboratory. The committee assists in planning the long-range scientific program, coordinating the scientific work, reviewing the budget, accepting or modifying problems, considering personnel actions, and initiating such studies as may be necessary or desirable. The membership consists of the following:

- Director of Research, Chairperson
- Commanding Officer
- Associate Directors of Research
- Chief Staff Officer (Observer)

Chief Staff Officer/Inspector General Code 1002/1000.1/1200



CDR J.J. COFFEY, USN
(ACTING)

The Chief Staff Officer serves as the Deputy to the Commanding Officer and acts for the Commanding Officer in his absence. The Command Support Division (Code 1200), the Military Support Division (Code 1400), and the Scientific Development Squadron One (VSX-1) (NAS Patuxent River, MD, Code 1600) report directly to the Chief Staff Officer. When directed, the Laboratory's Inspector General investigates, inspects, and/or inquires into matters that affect the operation and efficiency of NRL. These matters include but are not limited to: effectiveness, efficiency, and economy; management practices; and fraud, waste, and abuse. He serves as principal advisor to the Commanding Officer on all inspection matters and audits and is the principal point of contact and liaison with all agencies outside NRL.

Public Affairs Officer Code 1030



MR. R.L. THOMPSON

The Public Affairs Officer (PAO) advises the Commanding Officer and Director of Research on public affairs matters, including external and internal relations and community outreach, and serves as the Commanding Officer's principal assistant in the area of public affairs. To do this, the PAO plans and directs a program of public information dissemination on official NRL activities. The PAO coordinates responses to requests from the news media and the public for unclassified information or materials dealing with the Laboratory, coordinates participation in community relations activities, and directs the internal information programs. The PAO is also responsible for coordinating all actions within the Laboratory that respond to requirements of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

Deputy Equal Employment Opportunity Officer Code 1830

The Deputy Equal Employment Opportunity Officer (DEEEO) is the EEO program manager and the advisor to the Commanding Officer on all EEO matters. The DEEEO manages the discrimination complaint process and directs the Laboratory's affirmative action plans and special emphasis programs (Federal Women's, Hispanic Employment, African American Employment, Asian-Pacific Islanders, American Indian Employment, Individuals with Disabilities, including Disabled Veterans). The DEEEO recruits quality candidates for those areas when underrepresentation exists. Duties also include reviewing, coordinating, and monitoring implementation of EEO policies and developing local guidance, directives, and implementation procedures for the EEO programs.

Office of Technology Transfer

Code 1004

Basic Responsibilities

The Technology Transfer Office (TTO) is responsible for NRL's implementation of the Federal Technology Transfer Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-502). The law requires the transfer of Government innovative technologies to industry for commercialization as products and services for public benefit. TTO negotiates Cooperative Research and Development Agreements (CRADAs) under which NRL investigators collaborate with investigators from industry, academia, state or local governments, or other federal agencies to develop NRL technologies for government and/or commercial use. It markets NRL's patented inventions, negotiates patent license agreements under which the Navy grants a licensee the right to make, use, and sell NRL inventions (in exchange for receiving licensing fees and a percentage of sales), and enforces licenses to assure diligence in commercialization efforts.

Personnel: 6 full-time civilian; 1 part-time civilian, 1 STEP student

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Technology Transfer	1004
Sr. Licensing Associate	1004
Sr. Licensing Associate	1004
Licensing Associate	1004
Management Analyst	1004
Administrative Assistant	1004

Point of contact: Code 1004, (202) 767-7229

Office of Program Administration and Policy Development

Code 1006

Basic Responsibilities

The Office of Program Administration and Policy Development provides managerial, technical, and administrative support to the Director of Research (DOR) in such areas as program and policy development, intra-Navy and inter-Service Science and Technology (S&T) program coordination; liaison with other Navy, DoD, and government activities on matters of mutual concern; and support to the Executive Directorate in planning and directing NRL's S&T (6.1, 6.2) program. Specific functions include: monitoring and providing background information on technical and policy matters that come under the purview of the DOR; representing NRL, ONR, and/or the Navy on tri-Service or DoD-wide coordination matters; performing special studies or chairing ad hoc study groups regarding program decisions or policy positions; performing special studies involving major NRL programs and resource issues; providing administrative support in the areas of personnel, budget, facilities, equipment, and security; providing executive management information and analyses for various aspects of the S&T program effort; coordinating VIP visits to NRL; managing the NRL directives system; administering the NRL response to Congressional requests; maintaining the NRL R&D achievements file; developing the S&T guidance for monitoring and reporting the NRL S&T program; administering NRL's various postdoctoral fellowship programs; and managing the Facility Modernization Program.

Personnel: 14 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Office of Program Administration and Policy Development	1006
Head, Program Administration Staff	1006.1
Administrative Officer	1006.2
Head, NRL Facilities Staff	1006.4
Head, Directives Staff	1006.5
Special Assistant	1006.6

Point of contact: Code 1006.2, (202) 767-3370

Office of Counsel

Code 1008

Basic Responsibilities

The Office of Counsel is responsible for providing legal services to NRL's management in all areas of general, administrative, intellectual property, and technology transfer law. The Office reviews all procurement-related actions; reviews NRL scientific papers prior to publication; prepares patent applications and prosecutes the applications through the Patent and Trademark Office; defends against contract protests, other contract litigation, and personnel cases; and advises on other legal matters relating to technology transfer, personnel, fiscal, and environmental law.

NRL Counsel also serves as legal advisor to the Commanding Officer and Director of Research.

Personnel: 28 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Office of Counsel	1008
Associate Counsel/General Law	1008.1
Associate Counsel/Intellectual Property	1008.2
Associate Counsel/SSC Legal Matters	1008.3

Point of contact: Code 1008.1, (202) 767-7606

Institute for Nanoscience

Code 1100 Staff Activity Areas

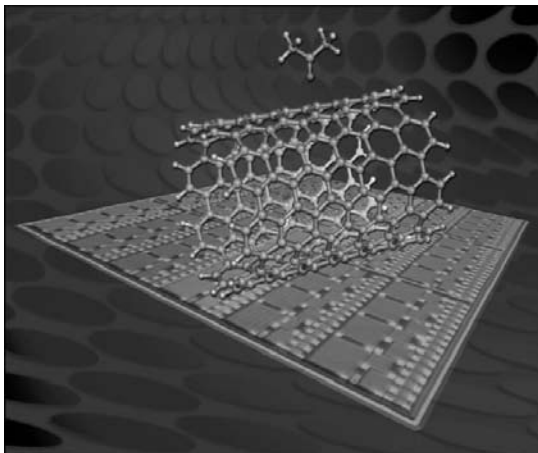
- Interdisciplinary nanoscience that enables:
 - Low power, high-speed electronics
 - Light-weight, high-strength materials
 - Highly sensitive molecular sensors
 - Efficient energy generation and storage



NRL researchers working the the NSI class 100 cleanroom.



Transmission electron microscope located in one of the NSI's environmentally controlled laboratories.



Wafer of carbon nanotube chemical sensors fabricated in the NSI cleanroom.

Code 1100

Basic Responsibilities

The Institute for Nanoscience has two primary responsibilities, to administrator an interdisciplinary research program in nanoscience and to provide NRL scientists with high-quality laboratory space and state-of-the-art nanofabrication facilities.

The mission of the research program is to conduct highly innovative, interdisciplinary research at the intersections of the fields of materials, electronics and biology in the nanometer size domain. The Institute exploits the broad multidisciplinary character of NRL to bring together scientists and engineers with disparate training and backgrounds to attack common goals at the intersection of their respective fields at this length scale. The Institute's S&T programs provide the Navy and DoD with scientific leadership in this complex, emerging area and help to identify opportunities for advances in future Defense technology.

The Institute also operates a new nanoscience research building containing nanofabrication facilities and environmentally-controlled measurement laboratories. The central core of the new building, a 5000-square-foot class-100 cleanroom, has been outfitted with the newest tools to permit nanofabrication, measurement, and testing of devices. In addition to the cleanroom facility, the new building also contains 5000 square feet of controlled-environment laboratory space, which is available to NRL researchers whose experiments are sufficiently demanding to require this space. There are 12 of these laboratories within the new building. They provide shielding from electromagnetic interference and very low floor vibration and acoustic levels. Eight of the laboratories control the temperature to within ± 0.5 °C and four to within ± 0.1 °C.

Personnel: 4 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Director, Institute for Nanoscience	1100
Position Assistant	1100
Facilities Manager	1100
Facilities Technician	1100

Point of Contact: Code 1100, (202) 767-1804

Command Support Division

Code 1200 Staff Activity Areas

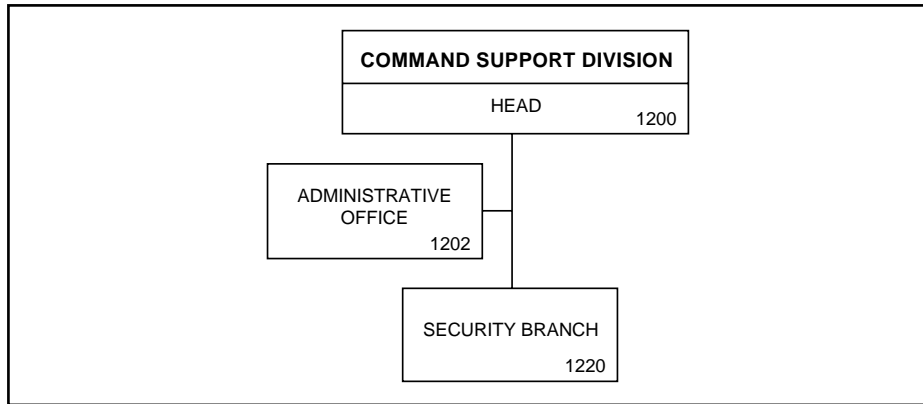
- Security



Incoming visitor reception area



Security monitoring



Basic Responsibilities

The Command Support Division provides civilian staff to the Commanding Officer and to the Director of Research. The Division is responsible for the Laboratory’s physical, personnel, information, industrial, and IT security programs; and communications service. It provides intelligence support and support for international cooperative agreements in technology. The Division also coordinates the Laboratory’s Management Control Program and provides liaison and coordination for all audit and inspection teams. It provides Supervision of Administrative/Budget functions for the Security Branch, the Military Operations Branch, and the Scientific Development Squadron One (VXS-1).

The Head of the Command Support Division is also the Inspector General. The Inspector General is responsible for day-to-day functioning of the office and its staff; program planning and execution; and providing interface with outside agencies concerning inspections and audits conducted or to be conducted by NRL. These include Inspector General representatives from ONR, Navy, DoD, and GAO.

Personnel: 36 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Command Support Division	1200
Administrative Officer	1202
Head, Security Branch	1220
Head, Information Assurance Section	1221
Head, Physical Security Section	1222
Head, Special Security Services	1223
Head, Personnel Security Section	1224
Head, Force Protection/Command Investigator Section	1225
Head, Information Security Section	1226
Head, Communications Security Section	1227
Head, NRL-SSC Security	1228

Point of contact: Code 1202, (202) 767-6987

Military Support Division

Code 1400 Staff Activity Areas

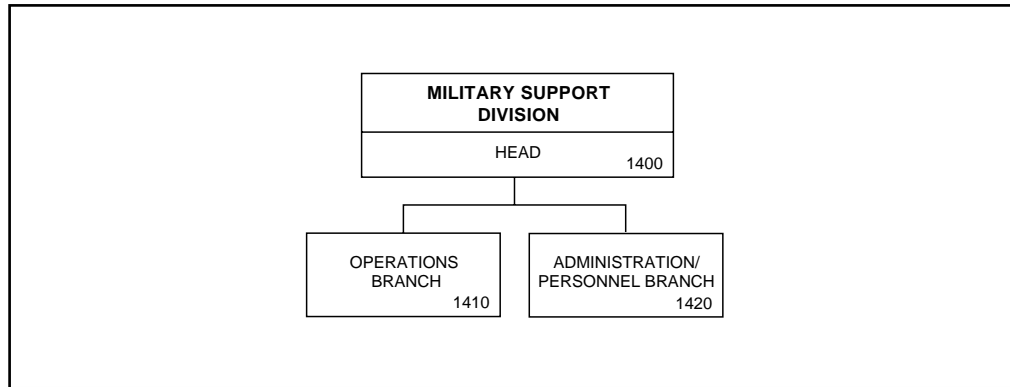
- Operations
- Administrative Operations



P-3 airborne research facility



Administration



Basic Responsibilities

The Military Support Division provides military operational and administrative services to NRL.

The Operations Branch assists NRL Research Directorates in planning and executing project flight missions, develops deployment schedules and military operational and training objectives, and coordinates the Research Reserve Program within NRL.

The Military Administration Branch is responsible for the coordination and efficient functioning of all military administrative operations for NRL (including site detachments). These duties specifically include: personnel actions, maintenance of personnel records, performance evaluations, awards and training; advising the Chief Staff Officer on manpower matters and organization issues; and preparing and administering the military operational budget.

Personnel: 1 full-time civilian; 10 military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Director, Military Support Division	1400
Project Officer	1400
Project Officer	1400
Project Officer	1400
Administrative Officer	1420

Point of contact: Code 1420, (202) 767-2103

Scientific Development Squadron One (VXS-1)

Code 1600 Staff Activity Areas

- Operations
- Administrative Operations
- Aircraft Maintenance
- Safety/NATOPS



VXS-1 maintains two RC-12 aircraft dedicated to airborne research. They are smaller, more cost-efficient, alternatives to the P-3 Orion. Each aircraft is outfitted with a research electrical load center and has a roll-on roll-off capability which enables it to be equipped with project stations. The RC-12s can support a broad spectrum of project configurations.



Administration



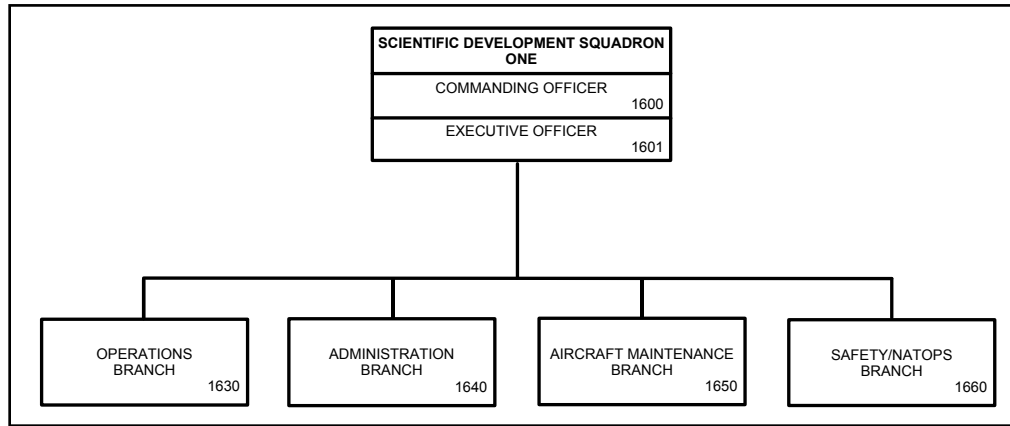
P-3 airborne research facility



Aircraft maintenance



Scientific Development Squadron One hangar



Basic Responsibilities

The Scientific Development Squadron ONE (VXS-1) located at NAS Patuxent River, Maryland, operates and maintains three uniquely configured P-3 Orion aircraft and two C-12 aircraft. The men and women of the squadron provide the Naval Research Laboratory with airborne research platforms, conducting flights worldwide in support of a broad spectrum of projects and experiments. These include magnetic variation mapping, hydroacoustic research, bathymetry, electronic countermeasures, gravity mapping, and radar research. The squadron annually logs approximately 1000 flight hours, and in its 44 years, Scientific Development Squadron ONE (VXS-1) has amassed 66,000 hours of mishap-free flying.

Personnel: 4 full-time civilian; 95 military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Commanding Officer, VXS-1	1600
Executive Officer	1600.1
Senior Enlisted Advisor	1600.2
Executive Secretary	1600.4
Chief Project Officer	1620
Operations Officer	1630
Administrative Officer	1640
Maintenance Officer	1650
Assistant Maintenance Officer	1650.1
Maintenance/Material Control Officer	1650.2
Safety Officer	1660
NATOPS/Officer	1670
Training Officer	1670.1

Point of contact: Code 1600.4, (301) 342-3751; DSN 342-3751

Human Resources Office

Code 1800 Staff Activity Areas

- Personnel Operations (Staffing and Classification)
- Employee Relations (Employee Development)
- Equal Employment Opportunity and Manpower
- Compensation, Reports, and Demonstration Project
- Information Technology and Reports



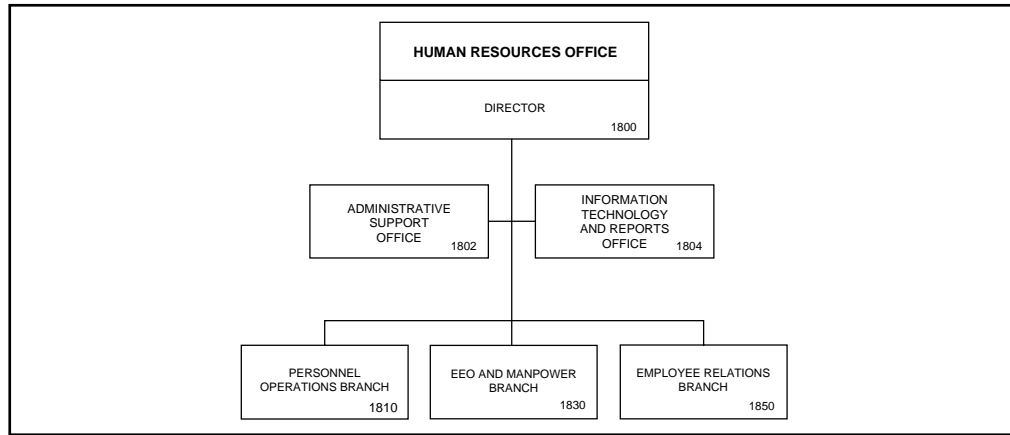
EEO and Manpower Branch



Personnel Operations Branch



Employee Relations Branch



Basic Responsibilities

The Human Resources Office (HRO) provides civilian personnel, manpower, and Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) services to the Naval Research Laboratory. The Human Resources Program provides the full range of operating civilian personnel management in the staffing and placement, position classification, employee relations, labor relations, employee development, EEO functional areas, manpower management, and morale, welfare, and recreation programs.

The HRO at NRL's main site in Washington, DC, services approximately 2,500 employees and provides a centralized capability to perform managerial, service, and advisory functions in support of field office operations. These include issuing policy and procedural directives; developing, designing, and maintaining automated systems; and monitoring and evaluating product effectiveness to develop and maintain efficient, cost-effective, service-oriented methods.

Personnel: 27 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Director, Human Resources Office	1800
Administrative Officer	1802
Head, Information Technology and Reports Branch	1804
Head, Personnel Operations Branch	1810
Head, Equal Employment Opportunity and Manpower Branch	1830
Head, Workforce Development and Management Branch	1840
Head, Employee Relations Branch	1850

Point of contact: Code 1802, (202) 404-2797

**Business
Operations
Directorate**

BUSINESS OPERATIONS DIRECTORATE

Code 3000

The Business Operations Directorate provides executive management, policy development, and program administration for business programs needed to support the activities of the scientific directorates. This support is in the areas of financial management, supply management, contracting, research and development services, and management information systems support.

Associate Director of Research for Business Operations



Mr. D.K. Therning was born in Modesto, California. He graduated from Washington State University with a bachelor's degree in finance in 1983 and earned a master's degree in business administration from George Mason University in 1993. Mr. Therning has accumulated extensive experience in the financial business management of research, development, test, and evaluation (RDT&E) activities within the Department of the Navy (DoN) beginning at the Naval Weapons Center, China Lake, California, where he served as a budget analyst in the Public Works Department and then in the Weapons Department. In 1984, he became the Financial Management Advisor to the Ordnance Systems Department. In 1985, under the auspices of

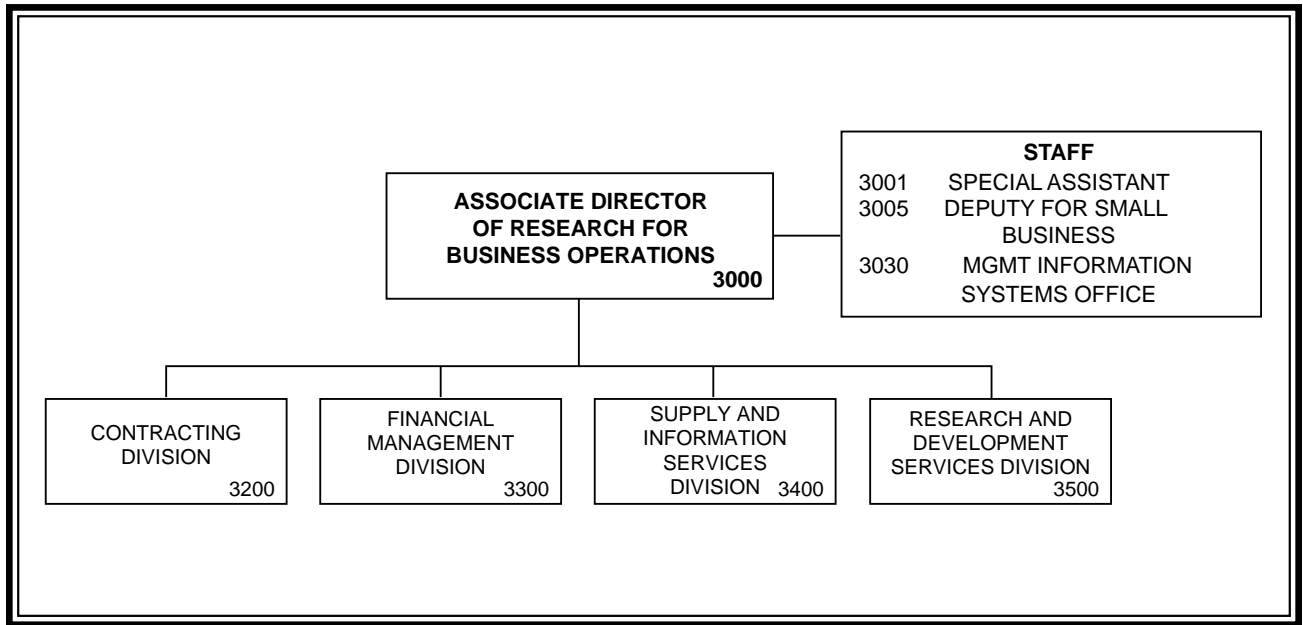
the Naval Scientist Training and Exchange Program, he was selected for a one-year assignment in the Office of the Director of Naval Laboratories (DNL), Washington, DC. He remained on the DNL staff as a budget analyst until 1987, when he was appointed Budget Officer of the DNL's seven Navy Industrial Fund R&D laboratories.

As the DoN reorganized the R&D laboratories and T&E activities, Mr. Therning oversaw the financial reorganization of the DNL labs with other activities into the Naval warfare centers. Upon the disestablishment of DNL, Mr. Therning remained in the Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command as the Director of the Defense Business Operations Fund (DBOF) Resources Management Division, with collateral duty as the Financial Manager of the Naval Command, Control, and Ocean Surveillance Center (NCCOSC). During this time, he managed the conversion of nine appropriated fund engineering activities to DBOF and the financial consolidation of these activities with NCCOSC.

In 1995, Mr. Therning served as Head of the Revolving Funds Branch of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Financial Management and Controller), where he was responsible for the budget formulation and execution processes of all DoN DBOF activities, which includes the RDT&E activities, shipyards, aviation depots, ordnance centers, and supply centers.

Mr. Therning was appointed Head, Financial Management Division/Comptroller of NRL in July 1996. Since that time, his responsibilities have increased in the Business Operations Directorate. In October 1996, in addition to leading the Financial Management Division, he assumed responsibilities for the Management Information Systems office. In January 1999, as an additional duty to his role as Comptroller, Mr. Therning was appointed to the newly established position of Deputy Associate Director of Research for Business Operations to assist in the management and administration of the Business Operations Directorate.

Mr. Therning was Acting Associate Director of Research for Business Operations from April 1999 until March 2000, when he was appointed the Associate Director of Research for Business Operations.



Key Personnel

Title	Code
Associate Director of Research for Business Operations	3000
Special Assistant	3001
Deputy for Small Business	3005
Head, Management Information Systems Office	3030
Head, Contracting Division	3200
Head, Financial Management Division	3300
Head, Supply and Information Services Division	3400
Director, Research and Development Services Division	3500

Point of contact: Code 3000A, (202) 404-7461

Contracting Division

Code 3200 Staff Activity Areas

- Advance Acquisition Planning
- Acquisition Strategies
- Acquisition Training
- Contract Negotiations
- Contractual Execution
- Contract Administration



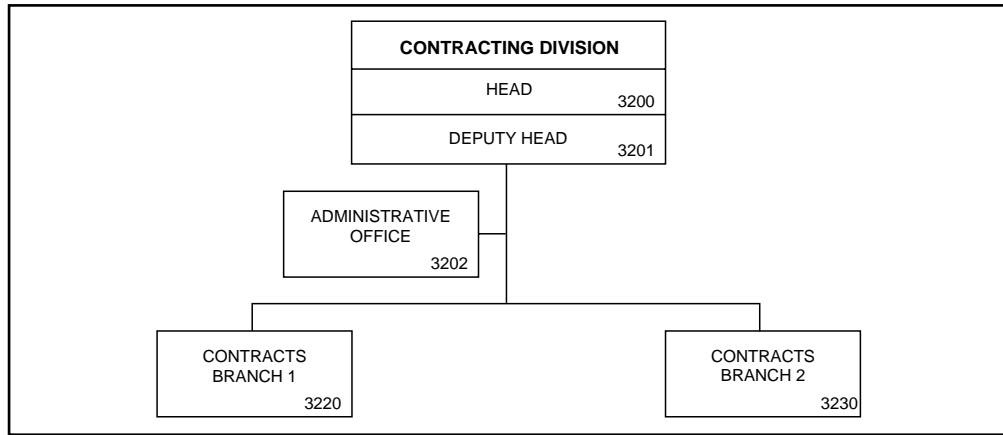
Division Head conducts staff meeting.



Contract specialists analyze PIPS data.



Division Head reviews contract file with specialist.



Basic Responsibilities

The Contracting Division is responsible for the acquisition of major research and development materials, services, and facilities where the value is in excess of \$100,000. It also maintains liaison with the ONR Procurement Directorate on procurement matters involving NRL. Specific functions include: providing consultant and advisory services to NRL division personnel on acquisition strategy, contractual adequacy of specifications, and potential sources; reviewing procurement requests for accuracy and completeness; initiating and processing solicitations for procurement; awarding contracts; performing contract administration and post-award monitoring of contract terms and conditions, delivery, contract changes, patents, etc., and taking corrective actions as required; providing acquisition-related training to division personnel; and interpreting and implementing acquisition-related Federal Department of Defense and Navy regulations.

Personnel: 30 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Contracting Division	3200
Deputy Head	3201
Administrative Officer	3202
Head, Contracts Branch 1	3220
Head, Contracts Branch 2	3230
Head, Contracts Section, SSC	3235

Point of contact: Code 3202, (202) 767-3749

Financial Management Division

Code 3300 Staff Activity Areas

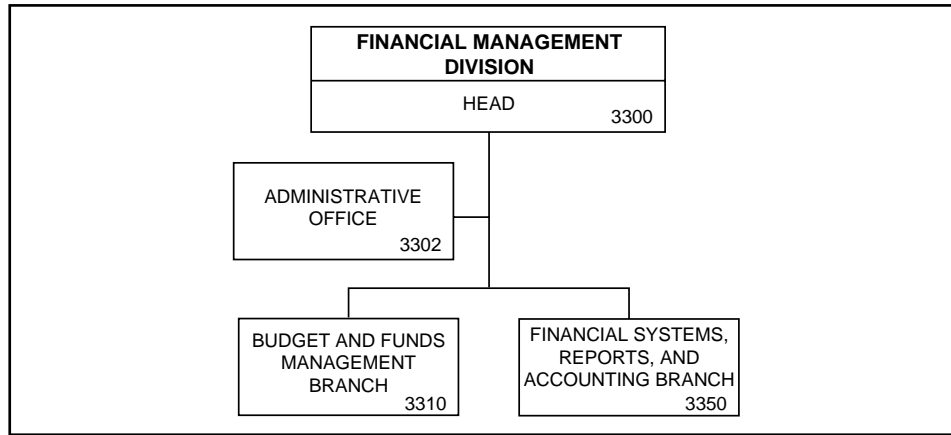
- Budget
- Reports and Statistics
- Accounting
- Travel Services
- Payroll Liaison



The Budget Branch prepares various financial analyses, reports, and studies in response to external data calls and/or management requests.



The Financial Systems, Reports, and Accounting Branch ensures that NRL's financial system satisfies user requirements and is in compliance with applicable rules and regulations, maintains official accounting records, and coordinates efforts with DFAS to complete payment transactions related to NRL business.



Basic Responsibilities

The Financial Management Division (FMD) develops, coordinates, and maintains an integrated system of financial management that provides the Comptroller, Commanding Officer, Director of Research, and other officials of NRL the information and support needed to fulfill the financial and resource management aspects of their responsibilities. FMD translates the NRL program requirements into the financial plan, formulates the NRL budget, monitors and evaluates performance with the budget plan, and provides recommendations and advice to NRL management for corrective actions or strategic program adjustments. FMD maintains the accounting records of NRL's financial and related resources transactions and prepares reports, financial statements, and other documents in support of NRL management needs and/or to comply with external reporting requirements. FMD provides financial management guidance, policies, advice, and documented procedures to ensure that NRL operates in compliance with Navy and DoD regulations and with economy and efficiency. FMD coordinates efforts with the Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) to complete payment transactions related to NRL business (e.g., the payment of NRL personnel for payroll and travel expenses and the payment to NRL's contractors and vendors for goods and services purchased by NRL). Additionally, FMD develops, operates, and maintains automated business and management information systems supporting the lab-wide administrative and business processes, including financial management, procurement and contracting, stores and inventory, asset management, human resources, facilities, and security.

Personnel: 68 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Financial Management Division	3300
Administrative Officer	3302
Head, Budget and Funds Management Branch	3310
Head, Corporate Budget Unit	
Head, Internal Budget Unit	
Head, Financial Systems, Reports, and Accounting Branch	3350
Head, Cost Accounting Section	3351
Head, Contracts and Credit Cards Unit	3351.1
Head, Small Purchases and Miscellaneous Docs Unit	3351.2
Head, Financial Services Section	3352
Head, Payroll Services Unit	3352.1
Head, Travel Services Unit	3352.2
Head, Asset Management Unit	3352.3
Head, Accounting Systems and Reports	3353

Point of contact: Code 3302, (202) 767-2950

Supply and Information Services Division

Code 3400 Staff Activity Areas

- Purchasing
- Technical Information Services
- Customer Support and Program Management
- Material Control
- Administrative Services
- Automated Inventory Management System
- Disposal and Storage
- Store Material Issues



Head of the Small Purchase Section reviews purchase order.



Customers and employee at the Supply store



Woodworkers prepare boxes for shipping



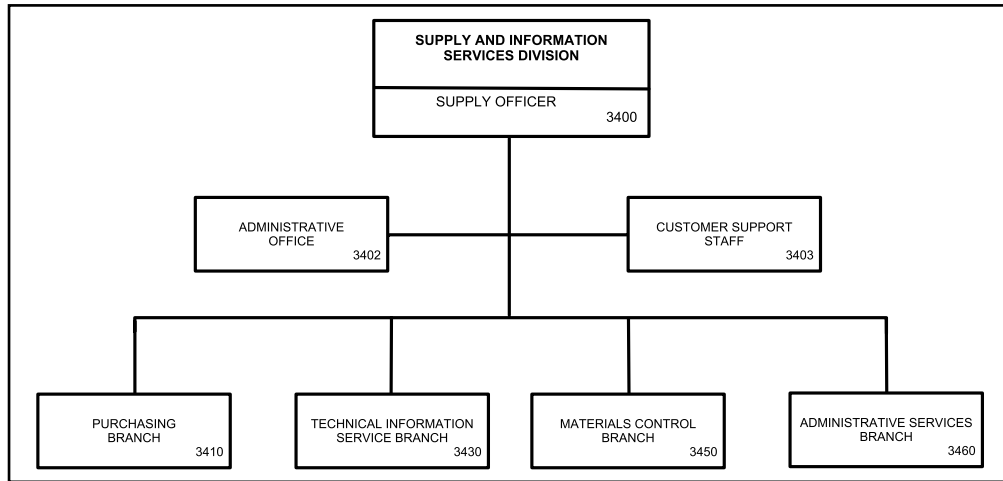
Disposal and Storage in Building 49



Mail clerks sort mail by directorate and file into bins by organizational codes. Mail is bundled and delivered once a day.



The Publications staff discusses design ideas for a new publication.



Basic Responsibilities

The Supply and Information Services Division provides the Laboratory and its field activities with contracting, supply management, logistics, administrative, and technical information services. Specific functions include: procuring required equipment, material, and services; receiving, inspecting, storing, and delivering material and equipment; packing, shipping, and traffic management; surveying and disposing of excess and unusable property; operating various supply issue stores and performing stock inventories; providing technical and counseling services for the research directorates in the development of specifications for a complete procurement package; and obtaining and providing guidance in the performance stages of contractual services. Services also include publications, visual information, photography, editing, and mailroom services and correspondence management.

Personnel: 102 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Supply Officer	3400
Administrative Officer	3402
Head, Customer Support Staff	3403
Head, Purchasing Branch	3410
Head, Technical Information Services Branch	3430
Head, Materials Control Branch	3450
Head, Administrative Services Branch	3460

Point of contact: Code 3402, (202) 767-3871

Research and Development Services Division

Code 3500 Staff Activity Areas

- Technical/Support Services
- Production Control
- Shop Services
- Chesapeake Bay Section
- Customer Liaison
- Safety
- Environmental
- Health Physics
- Administrative Office
- Telephones

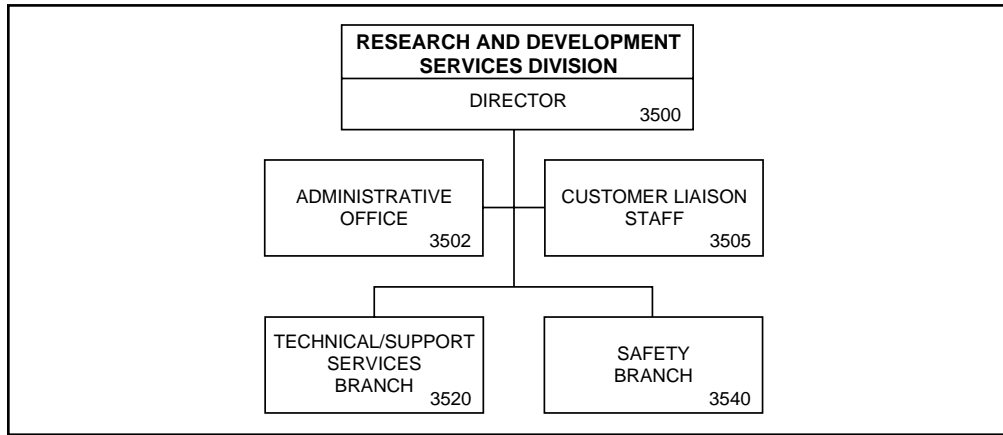


Service Desk – processing service calls

Telephone Office – processing service calls



Machine Shop – fabricating radar pedestal for shipboard operation



Basic Responsibilities

The Research and Development Services Division is responsible for the physical plant of the Naval Research Laboratory and subordinate field sites. The responsibilities include military construction, engineering, and coordination of construction; facility support services, planning, maintenance/repair/operation of all infrastructure systems; transportation; and occupational safety, health and industrial hygiene, and environmental safety.

The Division provides engineering and technical assistance to research divisions in the installation and operation of critical equipment in support of the research mission.

Personnel: 134 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Director, Research and Development Services Division	3500
Administrative Officer	3502
Head, Customer Liaison Staff	3505
Head, Technical/Support Services Branch	3520
Head, Engineering Section	3521
Head, Chesapeake Bay Section	3522
Head, Shop Services Section	3523
Head, Production Control Section	3524
Head, Safety Branch	3540
Occupational Safety and Health/Industrial Hygiene	3541
Explosives Safety	3542
Health Physics	3544
Environmental	3546

Point of contact: Code 3502, (202) 404-4312

**Systems
Directorate**

SYSTEMS DIRECTORATE

Code 5000

The Systems Directorate applies the tools of basic research, concept exploration, and engineering development to expand operational capabilities and to provide materiel support to Fleet and Marine Corps missions. Emphasis is on technology, devices, systems, and know-how to acquire and move war-fighting information and to deny these capabilities to the enemy. Current activities include:

- New and improved radar systems to detect and identify ever smaller targets in the cluttered littoral environment;
- Optical sensors and related materials to extract elusive objects in complex scenes when both processing time and communications bandwidth are limited;
- Unique optics-based sensors for detection of biochemical warfare agents and pollutants, for monitoring structures, and for alternative sensors;
- Advanced electronic support measures techniques for signal detection and identification;
- Electronic warfare systems, techniques, and devices including quick-reaction capabilities;
- Innovative concepts and designs for reduced observables;
- Techniques and devices to disable and/or confuse enemy sensors and information systems;

- Small “intelligent”/autonomous land, sea, or air vehicles to carry sensors, communications relays, or jammers; and

- High performance/high assurance computers with right-the-first-time software and known security characteristics despite commercial off-the-shelf components and connections to public communications media.

Many of these efforts extend from investigations at the frontiers of science to the support of deployed systems in the field, which themselves provide direct feedback and inspiration for applied research and product improvement and/or for quests for new knowledge to expand the available alternatives.

In addition to its wide-ranging multidisciplinary research program, the Directorate provides support to the corporate laboratory in shared resources for high performance computing and networking, technical information collection and distribution, and in coordination of Laboratory-wide efforts in signature technology, counter-signature technology, Theater Missile Defense, and the Naval Science Assistance Program.

Associate Director of Research for Systems

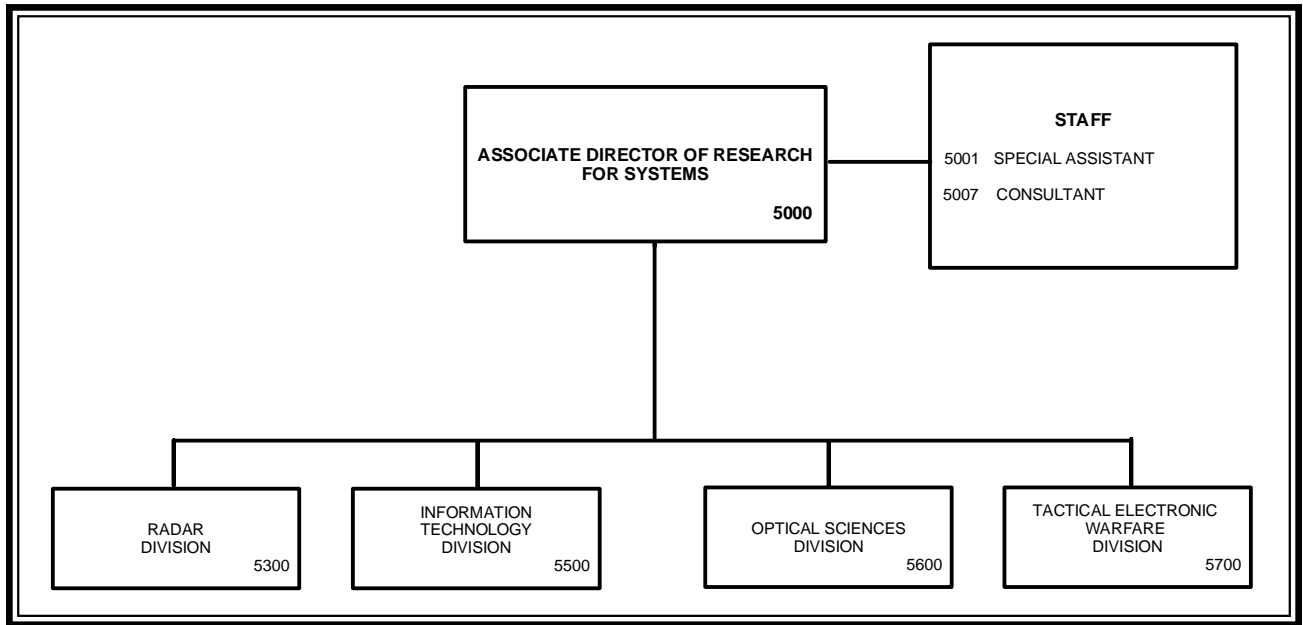


Dr. G.M. Borsuk is the Associate Director of Research for Systems at the Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) in Washington, DC. In this position he provides executive direction and leadership to four major NRL research divisions that conduct a broad multidisciplinary program of scientific research and advanced technological development in the areas of optics, electromagnetics, information technology, and radar. He is responsible for the conduct and effectiveness of research programs conducted within these divisions and for the overall administration of activities throughout the Systems Directorate. He is also the Focus Area Coordinator for all NRL base programs in electronics science and technology.

Prior to this appointment, Dr. Borsuk served for 23 years as the Superintendent of the Electronics Science and Technology Division at NRL where he was responsible for the in-house execution of a multidisciplinary program of basic and applied research in electronic materials and structures, solid state devices, vacuum electronics, and circuits. Dr. Borsuk serves as the Office of Naval Research (ONR) representative for electronics basic research to the Office of the Secretary of Defense and is the Navy member to the Tri-Service Scientific Planning Group for Electronics. He was the Navy Deputy Program Manager and Technical Director for the now completed DARPA/Tri-Service MIMIC and MAFET Programs. He was the Department of Defense (DoD) technical representative for Electronics to the Wassenaar Arrangement dealing with export control. He has also served as the DoD representative to the President's National Science and Technology Council's Electronic Materials Working Group.

Dr. Borsuk joined the ITT Electro-Physics Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland, as a staff physicist in 1973, where he worked on the application of charge-coupled devices (CCDs) for imaging and signal processing. In 1976 he joined the Westinghouse Advanced Technology Laboratory in Baltimore, Maryland, developing advanced silicon VLSI integrated circuits and performing device physics research. He performed original work in the design and fabrication of CCDs for signal processing and photodetectors for use with acousto-optic signal processors. He headed the Westinghouse VHSIC effort in advanced sub-micron VLSI device technology. Dr. Borsuk was department manager of Solid State Sciences at the Advanced Technology Laboratory when he left Westinghouse in 1983 to join the Naval Research Laboratory as the Superintendent of the Electronics Science and Technology Division.

Dr. Borsuk received a Ph.D. in physics from Georgetown University in Washington, DC, in 1973. He is a Fellow of the IEEE, a member of the American Physical Society, a member of the AVS, a member of Sigma Xi, and the Navy's Deputy Member to the Advisory Group on Electron Devices (AGED). He has 37 technical publications, four patents, and eleven invention disclosures. He is the recipient of three Presidential Rank Senior Executive Awards, the most recent awarded in 2005. He is also the recipient of the IEEE Frederik Philips Award, the IEEE Harry Diamond Memorial Award, the IEEE Millennium Medal, and an IR-100 Award for his work on high speed CCDs. Dr. Borsuk also served on the editorial board of the IEEE Proceedings.



Key Personnel

Title	Code
Associate Director of Research for Systems	5000
Special Assistant	5001
Consultant	5007
Superintendent, Radar Division	5300
Superintendent, Information Technology Division	5500
Superintendent, Optical Sciences Division	5600
Superintendent, Tactical Electronic Warfare Division	5700
Head, Signature Technology Office	5708

Point of contact: Code 5000A, (202) 767-3324

Radar Division

Code 5300

Staff Activity Areas

AEGIS coordination
Marine Corps/IFF coordination

Electromechanical design
Multifunction RF systems

High-power millimeter-wave radar
Digital array radar

Research Activity Areas

Radar Analysis

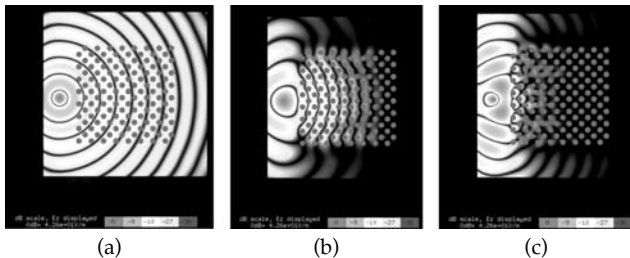
Target signature prediction
Electromagnetics and antennas
Airborne early-warning radar (AEW)
Inverse synthetic aperture radar (ISAR)
Space-time adaptivity
In situ array calibration

Advanced Radar Systems

High-frequency over-the-horizon radar
Signal analysis
Real-time signal processing and equipment
Computer Aided Engineering (CAE)
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)
Mark XII IFF improvements
Future identification technology

Surveillance Technology

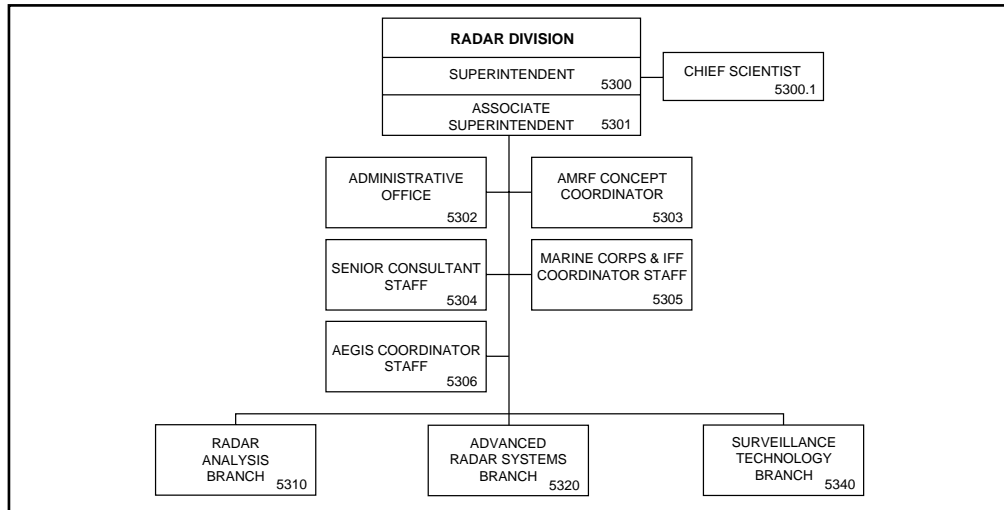
Shipboard surveillance radar
Ship self-defense
Electronic counter-countermeasures
Target signature recognition
Digital T/R modules
Sea clutter characterization
Ultrawideband technology
Dynamic waveform diversity
Information extraction
Ballistic missile defense
Mine detection



The electromagnetic wave propagation through an Electromagnetic Band Gap (EBG) material: (a) free space, (b) with EBG and at the pass-band frequency (2.0 GHz), and (c) with same EBG at the stop-band frequency (2.7 GHz). Note frequency-dependent propagation characteristics.



The Advanced Multifunction RF Concept (AMRFC) test-bed as a proof-of-principle demonstration system capable of simultaneously transmitting and receiving multiple beams from common transmit and receive array antennas for radar, electronic warfare, and communications.



Basic Responsibilities

The Radar Division conducts research on basic physical phenomena of importance to radar and related sensors, investigates new engineering techniques applicable to radar, demonstrates the feasibility of new radar concepts and systems, performs related systems analyses and evaluation of radar, and provides special consultative services. The emphasis is on new and advanced concepts and technology in radar and related sensors that are applicable to enhancing the Navy's ability to fulfill its mission.

Personnel: 94 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Radar Division	5300
Associate Superintendent	5301
Administrative Officer	5302
AMRF Concept Coordinator	5303
Senior Consultant Staff	5304
Marine Corps and IFF Coordinator	5305
AEGIS Coordinator	5306
Head, Radar Analysis Branch	5310
Head, Advanced Radar Systems Branch	5320
Head, Surveillance Technology Branch	5340

Point of contact: Code 5300, (202) 404-2700

Information Technology Division

Code 5500

Research Activity Areas

Freespace Photonics Communications Office

- Extended spectrum communications
- Atmospheric channel effects on photonic transfer
- Studies in marine miraging
- Analog modulation techniques on freespace optical carriers
- Modulating retroreflector based communications
- Signature studies for ISR
- Adaptive optics for freespace optical communications

Navy Center for Applied Research in Artificial Intelligence

- Intelligent decision aids
- Natural language and multimodal interfaces
- Intelligent software agents
- Machine learning and adaptive systems
- Robotics software and computer vision
- Neural networks
- Novel devices/techniques for HCI
- Spatial audio
- Immersive simulation
- Autonomous and adaptive systems
- Case-based reasoning and problem solving methods
- Machine translation technology evaluation

Transmission Technology

- Arctic communication
- Communication system architecture
- Communication antenna/propagation technology
- Communications intercept systems
- Signal analysis systems
- Virtual engineering
- Secure voice technology

Center for High Assurance Computer Systems

- Secure service oriented architectures (SOA) and Secure Enterprise Architectures (SEA)
- Formal specification/verification of system security
- COMSEC application technology
- Technology and solutions to secure networks and databases
- Software engineering for secure systems
- Key management and distribution solutions
- Certification and Accreditation (C&A) methodologies and practices
- Information Systems Security (INFOSEC) Engineering
- Formal methods for requirements specification and verification
- Security product development
- Secure wireless network and wireless sensor technology
- Network security protocol modeling and simulation

Networks and Communication Systems

- Communication system engineering
- Mobile, wireless networking technology
- Bandwidth management (quality of service)
- Joint service tactical networking
- Integration of communication and C2 applications
- Automated testing of highly mobile tactical networks
- Reliable multicast protocols and applications
- Integrated IP and ATM multicasting
- Communication network simulation
- Networking protocols for directional antennas
- Policy-based network management
- Tactical voice-over IP
- Sensor networks
- Fastlane and Taclane crypto testing

Advanced Information Technology

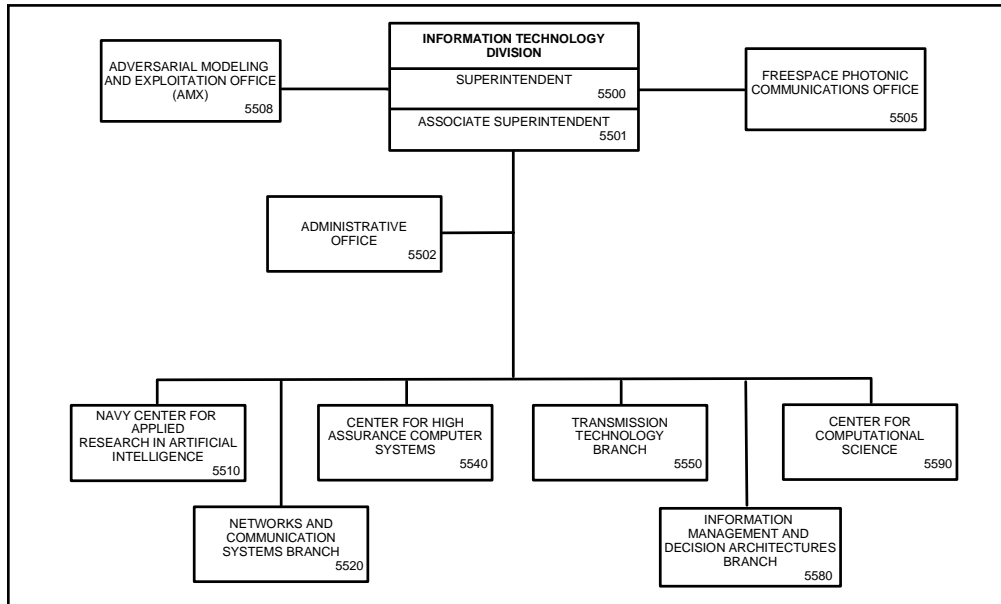
- Software agents for systems command center data fusion
- 3D multimodal interaction
- Distributed modeling and simulation (e.g., HLA, FOM development)
- Natural environments for distributed simulation
- Model integration (physical, environmental, biological, psychological) for simulation
- Spatial feature temporal analysis
- Virtual reality/mobile augmented reality
- Collaborative engineering enterprise
- Deception algorithm research

Center for Computational Science

- Transparent optical network research and design
- Parallel computing
- Scalable high performance computing for Navy and DoD
- Distributed computing environments
- Scientific visualization
- Advanced networking streams
- High-definition video technology
- End user support for information technology and operational networks
- Lab-wide support for web, email, and other information services
- Testbed for Global Information Grid

Ruth H. Hooker Research Library

- Desktop/workbench access to nearly all-relevant scientific resources
- NRL scientific digital archive (TORPEDO Ultra)
- Authoritative database of NRL-produced publications (Online Bibliography)
- Comprehensive literature/citation/classified searches
- Extensive collection of print-based books, journals, and technical reports



Basic Responsibilities

The Information Technology Division conducts research and development programs in the collection, transmission, processing, distribution, and presentation of information to provide a basis for improving military operations, with a focus on Network Centric Warfare. The organization of the Division is directed toward addressing the technologies, architectures, and subsystems necessary to develop future warfare systems and next-generation command, control, communication, computer, intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance systems.

Personnel: 204 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent/NRL Chief Information Officer	5500
Associate Superintendent	5501
Administrative Officer	5502
Head, Freespace Photonics Communications Office	5505
Head, Adversarial Modeling and Exploitation Office	5508
Director, Navy Center for Applied Research in Artificial Intelligence	5510
Head, Networks and Communication Systems Branch	5520
Director, Center for High Assurance Computer Systems	5540
Head, Transmission Technology Branch	5550
Head, Information Management and Decision Architecture Branch	5580
Director, Center for Computational Science	5590
Chief Librarian, Ruth H. Hooker Research Library	5596

Point of contact: Code 5501, (202) 767-2954

Optical Sciences Division

Code 5600 Staff Activity Areas

Program analysis and development
Special systems analysis
Technical study groups

Technical contract monitoring
Theoretical studies

Research Activity Areas

Infrared Materials and Chemical Sensors

Advanced infrared glasses and fibers
IR fiber-optic materials and devices
IR fiber chemical and environmental sensors
IR transmitting windows
Transparent armor material
Planar waveguide devices
IR nonlinear materials

IR Range Facility
IR low observables
Multispectral/hyperspectral/detection algorithms
EO/IR systems analysis
Atmospheric IR measurements
Ship IR signatures
Airborne IR search and track technology

Optical Physics

Laser materials diagnostics
Nonlinear frequency conversion
Optical instrumentation and probes
Optical interactions in semiconductor superlattices and organic solids
Laser-induced reactions
Organic light-emitting devices
Nano-optical and electrical research

Photonics Technology

Fiber and solid-state laser/sources
High-speed (<100 fs) optical probing
High-power fiber amplifiers
High-speed fiber-optic communications
Antenna remoting
Free space communication
Photonic control of phased arrays
Optical clocks
Microwave photonics

Applied Optics

Detection signal processing studies
Optical and IR countermeasures
Ultraviolet component development and UV countermeasures
Multispectral sensors and processing
Missile warning sensor technology
UV, visible, and IR imager development
Framing reconnaissance sensors
Novel optical components

Optical Techniques

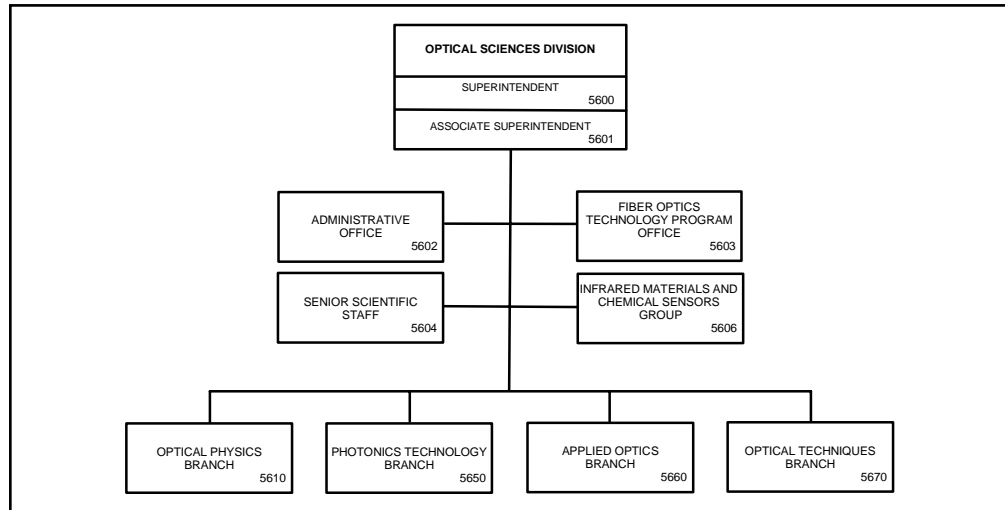
Radiation effects
Fiber lasers/sources and amplifiers
Fiber-optic materials and fabrication
Fiber Bragg grating sensors/systems for smart structures
Fiber-optic sensors/systems (acoustic, magnetic, gyroscopes)
Integrated optics
Optical sources for sensors



Fiber Fabrication Facility for Nonoxide and Specialty Glasses. Unique state-of-the-art draw tower used for fabricating infrared transmitting fiber from specialty glasses under controlled atmospheres using NRL-invented preform and double crucible processes.



The infrared countermeasure (IRCM) Techniques Laboratory provides a comprehensive test bed for all types of infrared (IR) countermeasures against a variety of IR threats. The facility includes advanced countermeasure sources for the testing of advanced CM systems and a two-color multiflare/expendable hardware simulator for testing advanced expendable techniques against multispectral threats. The laboratory also has an extensive modeling and simulation capability for testing of IRCM against both reticle-based and IR focal plane array-based missile seekers.



Basic Responsibilities

The Optical Sciences Division carries out a variety of research, development, and application-oriented activities in the generation, propagation, detection, and use of radiation in the wavelength region between near-ultraviolet and far-infrared wavelengths. The research, both theoretical and experimental, is concerned with discovering and understanding the basic physical principles and mechanisms involved in optical devices, materials, and phenomena. The development effort is aimed at extending this understanding in the direction of device engineering and advanced operational techniques. The applications activities include systems analysis, prototype system development, and exploitation of R&D results for the solution of optically related military problems. In addition to its internal program activities, the Division serves the Laboratory specifically and the Navy generally as a consulting body of experts in optical sciences. The work in the Division includes studies in quantum optics, laser physics, optical waveguide technologies, laser-matter interactions, atmospheric propagation, optical technology, holography, optical warfare, optical data processing, fiber-optic sensor systems, optical systems, optical materials, radiation damage studies, IR surveillance and missile seeker technologies, IR signature measurements, optical recording materials, and optical diagnostic techniques. A significant portion of the effort is devoted to developing, analyzing, and using special optical materials. Various field measurement programs on optical problems of specific interest are also conducted.

Personnel: 137 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Optical Sciences Division	5600
Associate Superintendent	5601
Administrative Officer	5602
Head, Senior Scientific Staff	5604
Head, Infrared Materials and Chemical Sensors Group	5606
Head, Optical Physics Branch	5610
Head, Photonics Technology Branch	5650
Head, Applied Optics Branch	5660
Head, Optical Techniques Branch	5670

Point of contact: Code 5602, (202) 767-6986

Tactical Electronic Warfare Division

Code 5700 Staff Activity Areas

EW Strategic Planning
Information Warfare Technology Program

Navy Science Assistance Program (NSAP)
Effectiveness of Naval EW Systems (ENEWS)

Research Activity Areas

Offboard Countermeasures

Expendable technology and devices
Unmanned air vehicles
Offboard payloads
Decoys

Airborne Electronic Warfare Systems

Air systems development
Penetration aids
Power source development
Jamming and deception
Millimeter-wave technology
Communications CM

Ships Electronic Warfare Systems

Ships systems development
Jamming technology
Deception techniques
EW antennas

Electronic Warfare Support Measures

Intercept systems and direction finders
RF signal simulators
Systems integration
Command and control interfaces
Signal processing

Advanced Techniques

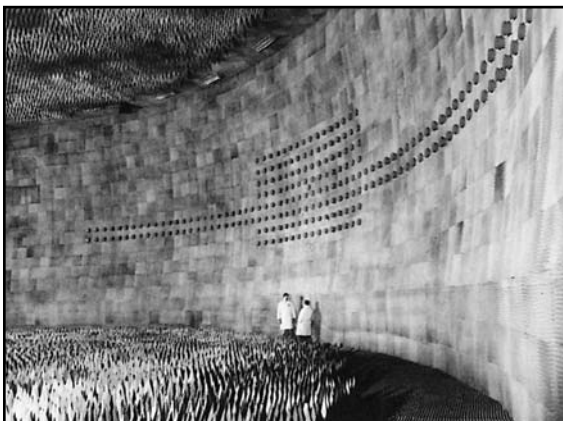
Analysis and modeling simulation
New EW techniques
Experimental systems
EW concepts
Infrared technology

Integrated EW Simulation

Hardware-in-the-loop simulation
Data management technology
Flyable ASM seeker simulators
Foreign military equipment exploitation

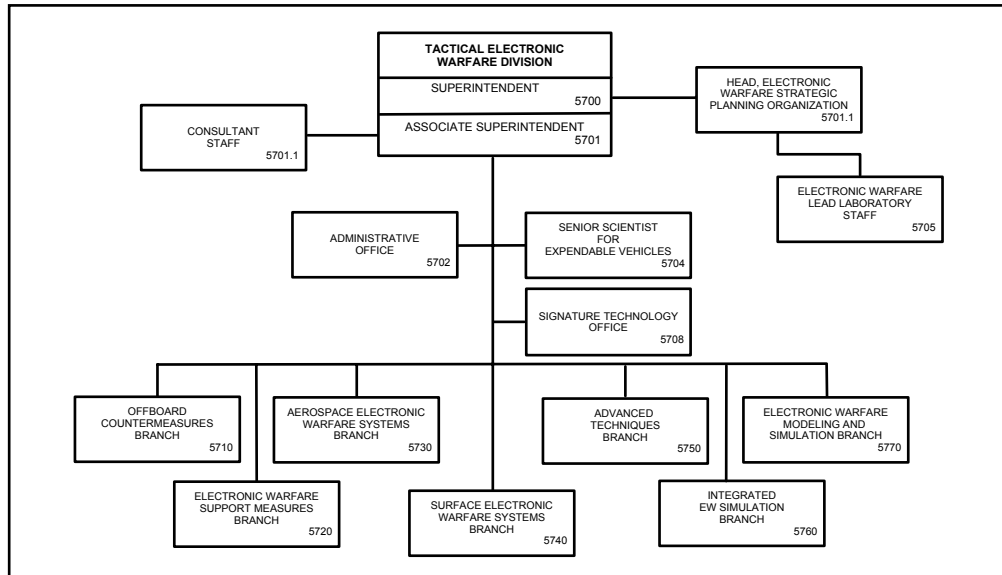
Signature Technology Office

Materials research tagging, tracking, and locating systems
Signature and counter-signature control



Using the latest composite, MMIC, and processing technologies, the Tactical Electronic Warfare Division has developed a small, lightweight, and inexpensive ESM receiving system for use on frigates, Coast Guard vessels, and various patrol aircraft

The Central Target Simulator (CTS) Programmable Array is part of a large hardware-in-the-loop simulation facility whose purpose is to test and evaluate electronic warfare systems and techniques used to counter the radar guided missile threat to Navy forces



Basic Responsibilities

The Tactical Electronic Warfare Division (TEWD) is responsible for research and development in support of the Navy's tactical electronic warfare requirements and missions. These include electronic warfare support measures, electronic countermeasures, and supporting counter-countermeasures, as well as studies, analyses, and simulations for determining and improving the effectiveness of these systems.

Personnel: 237 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Tactical Electronic Warfare Division	5700
Head, Electronic Warfare Strategic Planning Organization	5700.1
Associate Superintendent	5701
Administrative Officer	5702
Senior Scientist for Expendable Vehicles	5704
Head, Electronic Warfare Lead Laboratory Staff	5705
Head, Signature Technology Office	5708
Head, Offboard Countermeasures Branch	5710
Head, Electronic Warfare Support Measures Branch	5720
Head, Aerospace Electronic Warfare Systems Branch	5730
Head, Surface Electronic Warfare Systems Branch	5740
Head, Advanced Techniques Branch	5750
Head, Integrated Electronic Warfare Simulation Branch	5760
Head, Electronic Warfare Modeling and Simulation Branch	5770

Point of contact: Code 5701, (202) 767-5974

**Materials
Science and
Component
Technology
Directorate**

MATERIALS SCIENCE AND COMPONENT TECHNOLOGY DIRECTORATE

Code 6000

The Materials Science and Component Technology Directorate carries out a multidisciplinary research program whose objectives are the discovery, invention, and exploitation of new improved materials, the generation of new concepts associated with materials behavior, and the development of advanced components based on these new and improved materials and concepts. Theoretical and experimental research is carried out to determine the scientific origins of materials behavior and to develop procedures for modifying these materials to meet important naval needs for advanced platforms, electronics, sensors, and photonics. The program includes investigations of a broad spectrum of materials including insulators, semiconductors, superconductors, metals and alloys, optical materials, polymers, plastics, and artificially structured bio/molecular materials, composites, microbial effects on material degradations and transformations and energetic materials which are used in important naval devices, components, and systems. New techniques are devel-

oped for producing, processing, and fabricating these materials for crucial naval applications.

The synthesis, processing, properties, and limits of performance of these new and improved materials in natural or radiation environments, and under deleterious conditions such as those associated with the marine environment, neutron or directed energy beam irradiation, or extreme temperatures and pressures, are established. For new materials design, emphasis is placed on protection of the environment.

Additionally, major thrusts are directed in advanced sensing, detection, reactive flow physics, computational physics, and plasma sciences. Areas of particular emphasis include nanoscience and technology, fluid mechanics and hydrodynamics, nuclear weapon effects simulations, high-energy density materials including fuels, propellants, explosives, and storage devices, interactions of various types of radiation with matter, survivability of materials and components, and directed energy devices.

Associate Director of Research for Materials Science and Component Technology



Dr. B.B. Rath was born in Banki, India. He received a B.S. degree in physics and mathematics from Utkal University, an M.S. in metallurgical engineering from Michigan Technological University, and a Ph.D. from the Illinois Institute of Technology.

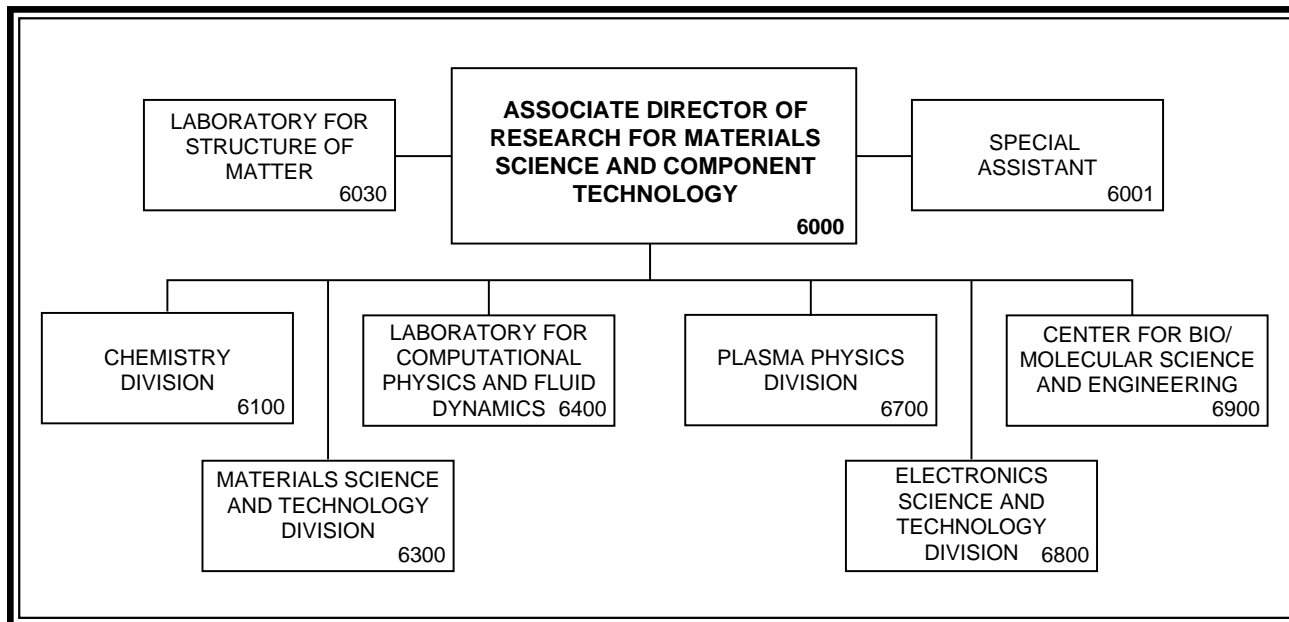
Dr. Rath was Assistant Professor of Metallurgy and Materials Science at Washington State University from 1961 to 1965. From 1965 to 1972, he was with the staff of the Edgar C. Bain Laboratory for fundamental research of the U.S. Steel Corporation. From 1972 to 1976, he headed the Metal Physics Research Group of the McDonnell Douglas Research Laboratories in St. Louis, Missouri, until he came to NRL as Head of the Physical Metallurgy Branch. During this period, he was adjunct professor at Carnegie-Mellon University, the University of Maryland, and the Colorado School of Mines. Dr. Rath served as Superintendent of the Materials Science and Technology Division from 1982 to 1986, when he was appointed to his present position.

Dr. Rath is recognized in the fields of solid-state transformations, grain boundary migrations, and structure-property relationships in metallic systems. He has published over 140 papers in these fields and edited several books and conference proceedings.

Dr. Rath serves on several planning, review, and advisory boards for both the Navy and the Department of Defense, as well as for the National Materials Advisory Board of the National Academy of Sciences, National Science Foundation, Carnegie-Mellon University, University of Virginia, Colorado School of Mines, University of Maryland, University of Connecticut, Florida Atlantic University, Lehigh University, and the University of Florida. He is currently the Navy representative to the DOE Deputy Assistant Secretary's advisory and planning committee on methane hydrates, and the Navy representative to the Indo-U.S. Joint Commission on Science and Technology. He previously served as the Navy representative to the panel of The Technical Cooperation Program (TTCP) countries.

Dr. Rath is a member of the National Academy of Engineering. He is a fellow of the Minerals, Metals and Materials Society (TMS), American Society for Materials-International (ASM), Washington Academy of Sciences, Materials Research Society of India, and the Institute of Materials of the United Kingdom. In 2007, Dr. Rath received an honorary doctorate in engineering from the Michigan Technological University and was elected to deliver the commencement address to the 2007 graduating class. In 2008, he received the Illinois Institute of Technology Mechanical Materials & Aerospace Engineering Department 2008 Alumni Recognition Award.

Dr. Rath has received a number of honors and awards, most recently the Acta Materialia J. Herbert Hollomon Award. His other awards include the DOD Distinguished Civilian Service Award which is presented by the Secretary of Defense for distinguished accomplishments and sustained superior service, the 2005 Fred Saalfeld Award for Outstanding Lifetime Achievement in Science, the Presidential Rank Award for Distinguished Executive (2005), the NRL Lifetime Achievement Award (2004), National Materials Advancement Award from the Federation of Materials Societies (2001), the Presidential Rank of Meritorious Executive Award (1999 and 2004), the S. Chandrasekhar Award and Medal, and the Award of Merit for Group Achievement from the Chief of Naval Research. He received the 1991 George Kimball Burgess Memorial Award, the Charles S. Barrett Medal, and the prestigious TMS Leadership Award for his contributions to Materials Research. The American Society for Materials International and The Metals, Minerals, and Materials Society have jointly recognized him with the TMS/ASM Joint Distinguished Lectureship in Materials & Society Award and the 2001 ASM Distinguished Life Membership Award. He has served as the 2004-2005 President of the American Society for Materials. He also has served as a member of the Boards of Directors/Trustees of TMS, ASM-International, and the Federation of Materials Society (FMS), as a member of the editorial boards of three international materials research journals, and as chairman of several committees of TMS, ASM, FMS, and American Association of Engineering Societies.



Key Personnel

Title	Code
Associate Director of Research for Materials Science and Component Technology	6000
Special Assistant	6001
Chief Scientist, Laboratory for Structure of Matter	6030
Superintendent, Chemistry Division	6100
Superintendent, Materials Science and Technology Division	6300
Chief Scientist and Director, Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics	6400
Superintendent, Plasma Physics Division	6700
Superintendent, Electronics Science and Technology Division	6800
Director, Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering	6900

Point of contact: Code 6000A, (202) 767-2538

**Dr. Jerome Karle, recipient of the
1985 Nobel Prize in Chemistry**



Dr. Jerome Karle's research has been concerned with diffraction theory and its application to the determination of atomic arrangements in various states of aggregation, gases, liquids, amorphous solids, fibers, and macromolecules. This research has resulted in new techniques for structure determination and a broad variety of applications. His work in crystal structure analysis was recognized by the 1985 Nobel Prize in Chemistry.

Dr. Karle is a Fellow of the American Physical Society, and a member of the National Academy of Sciences and the American Philosophical Society. He has served as president of the International Union of Crystallography, and is a member of a number of other professional societies. He has been chairman of the Chemistry Section of the National Academy of Sciences. Some time ago, he was a Professorial Lecturer in the University College of the University of Maryland and a Visiting Professor at the University of Kiel in Germany. He has also lectured at many international schools and symposia and has served on a number of international scientific organizations.

Laboratory for Structure of Matter

Code 6030

Basic Responsibilities

The Laboratory for Structure of Matter carries out experimental and theoretical investigations of the atomic, molecular, glassy, and crystalline structures of materials. The methods of X-ray, electron, and neutron diffraction are used in a broad program of structural studies that can form the basis for understanding and interpreting the results of research investigations in a wide variety of scientific disciplines. Structural investigations relate structure to function, facilitate industrial syntheses and the creation of new materials with improved properties, and provide foundation information for numerous associated disciplines and studies. Applications are made, for example, to propellants, explosives, dense energetic materials, absorptive carbons, metallic glasses, device materials, ion carriers, antibiotics, analgesics, reversible oxygen carriers, and synthetic reaction intermediates and final products. More recently, the group is engaged in developing a new computational approach called quantum crystallography for the calculation of the energetic content of molecules as an additional means of describing physical properties.

Personnel: 6 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Chief Scientist	6030

Point of contact: Code 6030, (202) 767-3496

Chemistry Division

Code 6100 Research Activity Areas

Chemical Diagnostics

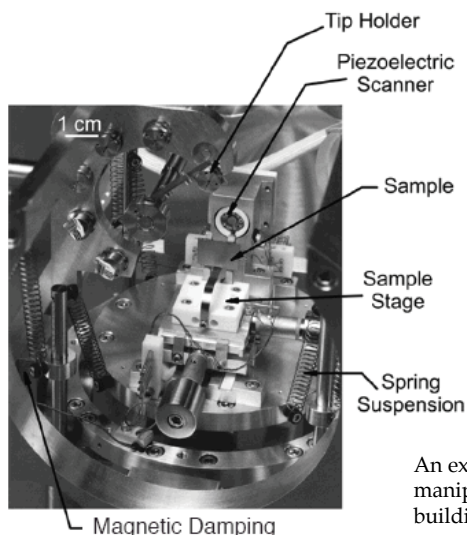
- Optical diagnostics of chemical reactions
- Kinetics of gas phase reactions
- Trace analysis
- Atmosphere analysis and control
- Ion/molecule processes
- Environmental chemistry/microbiology
- Methane hydrates
- Laboratory on a chip
- Alternate energy sources

Materials Chemistry

- Synthesis and evaluation of innovative polymers
- Functional organic coatings
- Polymer characterization
- Magnetic resonance
- Degradation and stabilization mechanisms
- High-temperature resins

Center for Corrosion Science and Engineering

- Materials failure analysis
- Marine coatings
- Cathodic protection
- Corrosion science
- Environmental fracture and fatigue
- Corrosion control engineering



An example of a nanometer characterization and manipulation tool housed in NRL's nanoscience building.

Surface/Interface Chemistry

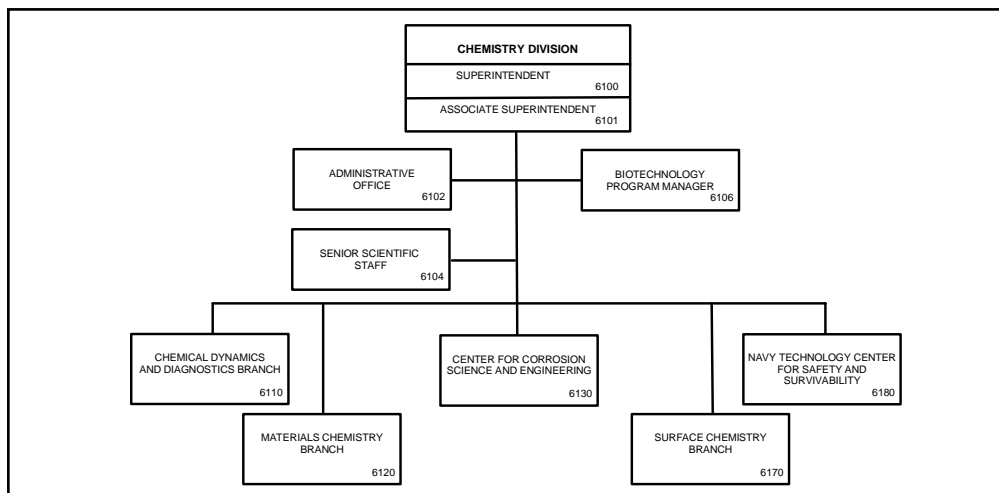
- Tribology
- Surface properties of materials
- Surface/interface analysis
- Chemical/biological sensors
- Surface reaction dynamics
- Diamond films
- Nanostructures
- Electrochemistry
- Synchrotron radiation applications

Safety and Survivability

- Combustion dynamics
- Fire protection and suppression
- Personnel protection
- Modeling and scaling of combustion systems
- Mobility fuels



The Key West site of the NRL Center for Corrosion Science and Engineering specializes in understanding and modeling the marine environment's impact on Naval materials. A complete laboratory for the study of corrosion control technologies provides sponsors with prototypical seawater exposure of their systems.



Basic Responsibilities

The Chemistry Division conducts basic research, applied research, and development studies in the broad fields of chemical/structural diagnostics, reaction rate control, materials chemistry, surface and interface chemistry, corrosion passivation, environmental chemistry, and ship safety/survivability. Specialized programs within these fields include coatings, functional polymers/elastomers, clusters, controlled release of energy, physical and chemical characterization of surfaces, electrochemistry, assembly and properties of nanometer structures, tribology, chemical vapor deposition/etching, atmosphere analysis and control, environmental protection/reclamation, prevention/control of fires, mobility fuels, modeling/simulation, and miniaturized sensors for chemical, biological, and explosives.

To enhance protection of Navy personnel and platforms from damage and injury in peace and wartime, the Navy Technology Center for Safety and Survivability performs RDT&E on fire and personnel protection, fuels, chemical defense, submarine atmospheres, and damage control aspects of ship and aircraft survivability; supports Navy and Marine Corps requirements in these areas; and acts as a focus for technology transfer in safety and survivability.

To address problems in corrosion and marine fouling, a Marine Corrosion Facility is located in Key West, Florida. This laboratory resides in an unparalleled site for natural seawater exposure testing and marine related materials evaluation. The tropical climate is ideal for marine exposure testing. Along with the high quality seawater, the location provides small climatic variation and a stable biomass throughout the year.

Personnel: 100 full-time civilian; 2 full-time military; 1 part-time

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Chemistry Division	6100
Associate Superintendent	6101
Administrative Officer	6102
Senior Scientific Staff	6104
Biotechnology Program Manager	6106
Head, Chemical Dynamics and Diagnostics Branch	6110
Head, Materials Chemistry Branch	6120
Head, Center for Corrosion Science and Engineering	6130
Head, Surface Chemistry Branch	6170
Head, Navy Technology Center for Safety and Survivability	6180

Point of contact: Code 6102, (202) 767-2460

Materials Science and Technology Division

Code 6300 Research Activity Areas

Physical Metallurgy

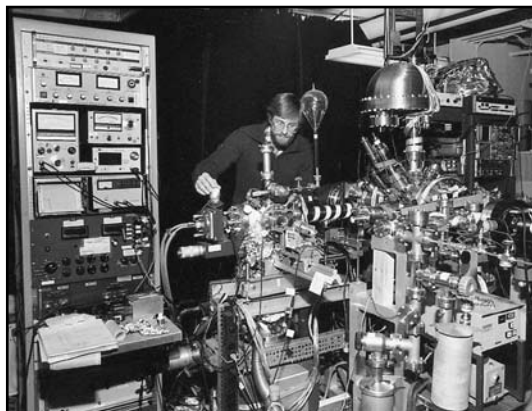
- Ferrous and intermetallic alloys
- Synthesis/processing of metals
- Welding technology
- Micro/nanostructure characterization

Computational Materials Science

- Condensed matter theory
- Electronic structure of solids and clusters
- Molecular dynamics
- Quantum many-body theory
- Theory of magnetic materials
- Theory of alloys
- Semiconductor and surface physics
- Theoretical studies of phase transitions
- Atomic physics theory

Surface Modification

- Thin film deposition
 - Pulsed laser deposition
 - Ion-beam-assisted deposition
 - Variable balance magnetron sputtering
- Ion engineering
 - Ion implantation
 - Reactive ion etching
- Functional materials
 - Optoelectronics
 - Electroceramics
 - Chemical sensors

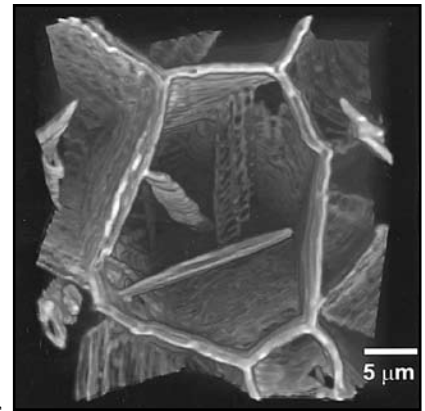


Analysis

- Surface analysis by accelerator techniques
- Trace element accelerator mass spectrometry

Material Physics

- Superconducting materials
- Magnetic materials
- Thermoelectric materials
- Nonlinear (chaotic) phenomena

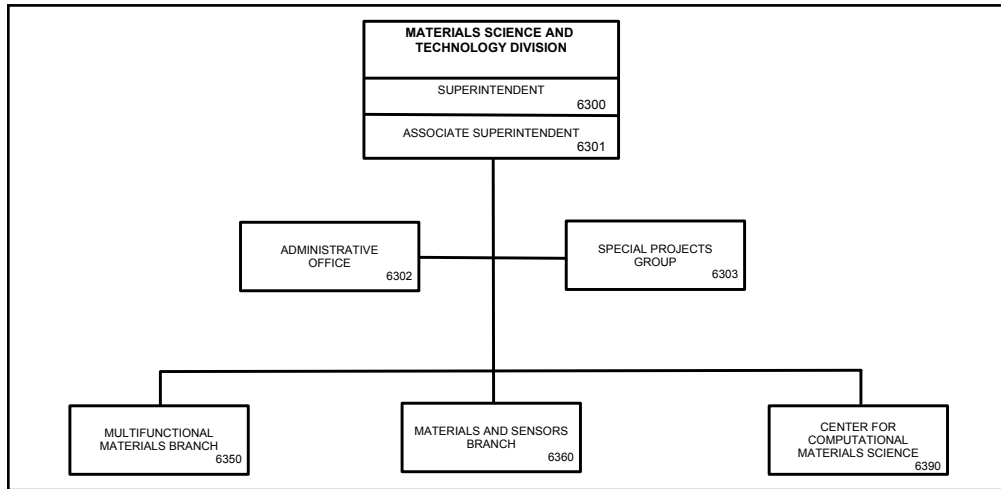


3D reconstruction of cementite precipitates in an austenite grain

Multifunctional Materials

- Composite multifunctional material systems
 - Structure-plus-power
 - Structure-plus-conduction
 - Structure-plus-acoustics
- Corrosion simulation and control
 - Modeling of electrochemical corrosion systems
 - Evaluation of cathodic protection system performance
- Computational modeling of active materials
- Mesoscale material characterization and simulation
 - Image-based modeling
 - Materials by design
- Biochemical surrogates and response simulation
- Synthesis and processing of advanced ceramics
 - High energy density dielectrics
 - Piezoelectrics
- Rapid prototyping

Observing the growth of single crystal magnetic films on semiconductor substrates for electronic applications



Basic Responsibilities

The Materials Science and Technology Division conducts basic and applied research and engages in exploratory and advanced development of materials having substantive value to the Navy. R&D programs encompass the intrinsic behavior of metals, insulators, composites, and ceramics, including efforts in ferrous alloys, intermetallic compounds, superconducting, dielectric, and magnetic materials, films and coatings, and multifunctional materials systems. The programs encompass advanced synthesis and processing techniques as well as postprocessing techniques to fabricate sensors, devices, structures, and components. A variety of state-of-the-art characterization tools are used to probe the atomic and microstructure nature (composition and structure) of the materials as well as to delineate the fundamental properties of the material or material system. Response of materials and material systems to a variety of external influences (mechanical, chemical, optical, electromagnetic radiation, high-power lasers, temperature, etc.) is integral to the division's programs as well as performance and reliability projections for military service lifetime. The program includes strong theoretical, computational, and simulation efforts to predict, guide, and explain the behavior of materials and materials systems. Studies conducted in the division will provide guidance for the selection, design, certification, and life-cycle management of material in naval vehicles and systems. The diversity of R&D programs in the division is carried out by multidisciplinary teams of materials scientists, metallurgists, ceramists, physicists, chemists, and engineers using the most advanced testing facilities and diagnostic techniques.

Personnel: 110 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Materials Science and Technology Division	6300
Senior Scientist	6300.1
Associate Superintendent	6301
Administrative Officer	6302
Head, Special Projects Group	6303
Head, Multifunctional Materials Branch	6350
Head, Materials and Sensors Branch	6360
Head, Center for Computational Materials Science	6390

Point of contact: Code 6302, (202) 767-2458

Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics

Code 6400 Research Activity Areas

Reactive Flows

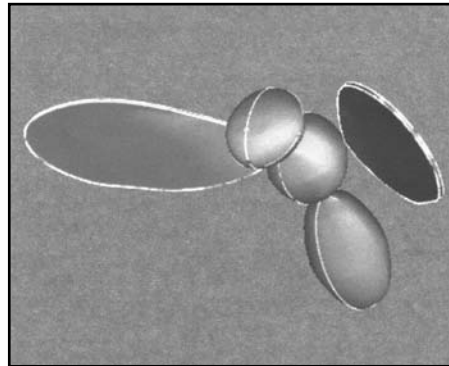
- Fluid dynamics in combustion
- Turbulence in compressible flows
- Multiphase flows
- Turbulent jets and wakes
- Turbulence modeling
- Computational hydrodynamics
- Propulsion systems analysis
- Contaminant transport modelling
- Fire and explosion mitigation

Computational Physics Developments

- Laser plasma interactions
- Inertial confinement fusion
- Solar physics modeling
- Dynamical gridding algorithms
- Advanced graphical and parallel processing systems
- Electromagnetic and acoustic scattering
- Microfluidics
- Fluid structure interaction
- Shock and blast containment



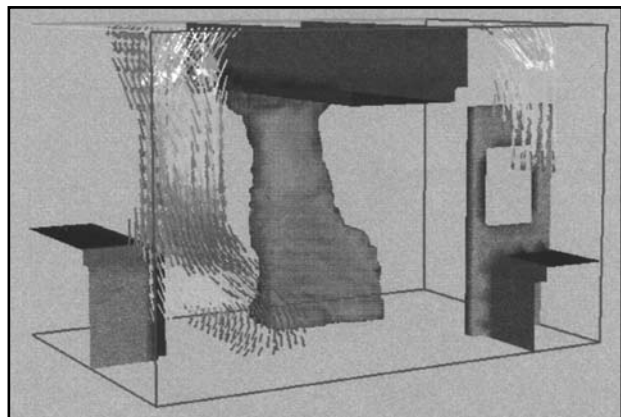
Olive (32P) and Snuffy (24P) — Origins at work



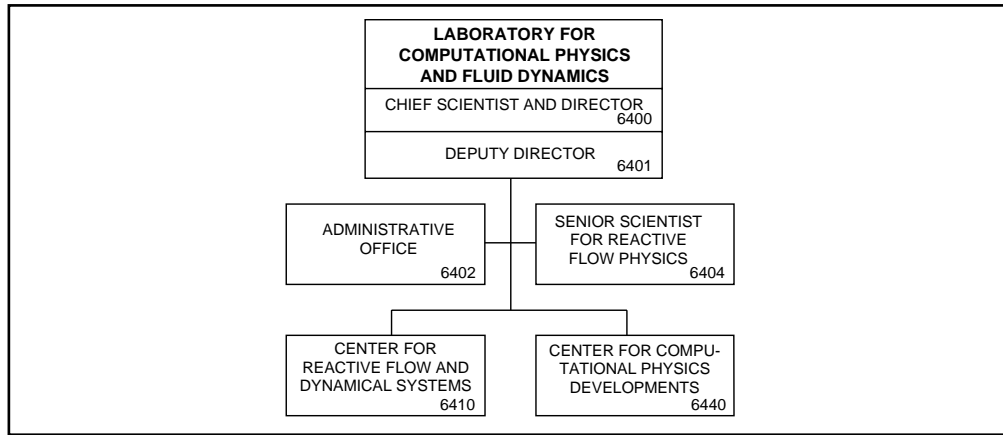
Unstructured grid technology has been used to obtain the surface pressure distribution on a hovering fruitfly *Drosophila*. Such computations are being carried out to gain insights into unsteady force production in nature that may guide in the design of insect-like autonomous air vehicles for the Navy.



This figure shows a contaminant cloud from a FAST3D-CT simulation of downtown Chicago using a $360 \times 360 \times 55$ grid (6 m resolution). A 3 m/s wind off the lake from the left blows contaminant across a portion of the detailed urban geometry. The contaminant is lofted rapidly above the tops of the majority of the buildings due to their geometrical effect.



Water-mist trajectories and temperature distributions during the suppression of a fire inside a complex ship compartment. Simulations and experiments have shown that using fine water-mist can significantly reduce the amount of water needed for fire suppression.



Basic Responsibilities

The Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics is responsible for the research leading to and the application of advanced analytical and numerical capabilities that are relevant to Navy, DoD, and other programs of national interest. This research is pursued in the fields of compressible and incompressible fluid dynamics, reactive flows, fluid/structure interaction including submarine and aerospace applications, atmospheric and solar geophysics, magnetoplasma dynamics for laboratory and space applications, application of parallel processing to large-scale problems such as unstructured grid generation for complex flows and target tracking and correlation for battle management, and in other disciplines of continuum and quantum computational physics as required to further the overall mission of the Naval Research Laboratory. The specific objectives of the Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics are to develop and maintain state-of-the-art analytical and computational capabilities in fluid dynamics and related fields of physics; to establish in-house expertise in parallel processing for large-scale scientific computing; to perform analyses and computational experiments on specific relevant problems using these capabilities; and to transfer this technology to new and ongoing projects through cooperative programs with the research divisions at NRL and elsewhere.

Personnel: 22 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Chief Scientist and Director	6400
Administrative Officer	6402
Senior Scientist for Reactive Flow Physics	6404
Head, Center for Reactive Flow and Dynamical Systems	6410
Head, Center for Computational Physics Developments	6440

Point of contact: Code 6402, (202) 767-6581

Plasma Physics Division

Code 6700

Research Activity Areas

Radiation Hydrodynamics

- Radiation hydrodynamics of Z-pinches and laser-produced plasmas
- X-ray source development
- Cluster dynamics in intense laser fields
- X-ray channeling and propagation
- Plasma kinetics for directed energy and fusion applications
- Plasma discharge physics
- Dense plasma atomic physics, equation of state
- Numerical simulation of high-density plasma

Laser Plasma

- Nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship
- Laser fusion, inertial confinement
- Megabar high-pressure physics
- Rep-rate KrF laser development
- Strongly coupled plasmas
- Laser fusion technology
- Laser fusion energy

Charged Particle Physics

- Electrodeless plasma discharges for lighting
- Applications of modulated electron beams
- Rocket, satellite, and shuttle-borne natural and active experiments
- Laboratory simulation of space plasma processes

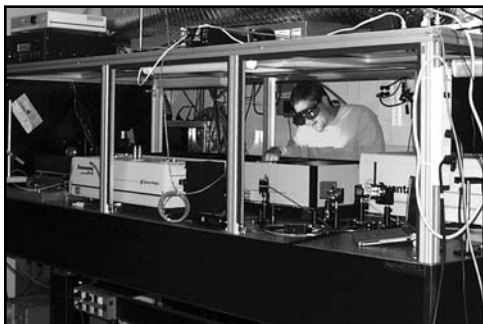
- Large-area plasma processing sources
- Atmospheric and ionospheric GPS sensing
- Ionospheric effects on communications
- Electromagnetic launchers
- Radiation belt remediation

Pulsed Power Physics

- Production, focusing, and propagation of intense electron and ion beams
- High-power, pulsed radiography
- Plasma radiator and bremsstrahlung diode source development
- Capacitive and inductive energy storage
- Nuclear weapons effects simulation
- Electromagnetic launchers
- Detection of Special Nuclear Materials

Beam Physics

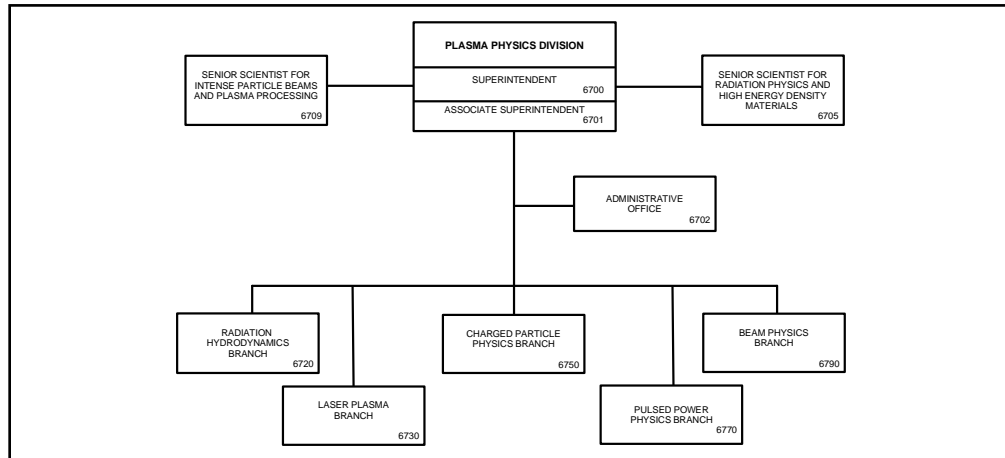
- Advanced accelerators and radiation sources
- Microwave, plasma, and laser processing of materials
- Microwave sources: Magnicons and gyrotrons
- Nonlinear dynamics of coupled lasers
- Ultrahigh-intensity laser-matter interactions
- Free electron lasers and laser synchrotrons
- Theory and simulation of space and solar plasmas
- Global ionospheric modeling
- Space weather modeling
- Laser propagation in the atmosphere
- Underwater laser interactions



The NRL Ti:Sapphire Femtosecond Laser (TFL) currently operates at 50 fsec, 10 TW and provides a facility to conduct research in intense laser-plasma interactions, ultrashort intense laser propagation in the atmosphere, remote sensing of chem/bio agents, and laser induced electrical discharges.



The Nike is the world's largest krypton fluoride (KrF) laser. Its operation is funded by the U.S. Department of Energy to explore physics issues for laser fusion. Shown is the propagation bay where 56 short-duration (4–5 ns) beams are directed by mirrors first to the electron-beam-pumped amplifiers and then to the target facility. The Nike KrF system achieves extremely uniform high-intensity illumination of planar targets by overlapping numerous smoothed laser beams. Typical experiments include studies of the ablative acceleration of matter to high velocities (100 km/sec) and studies of the reaction of materials to very high pressures (10 million atmospheres) produced by the laser light.



Basic Responsibilities

The Plasma Physics Division conducts a broad theoretical and experimental program of basic and applied research in plasma physics, laboratory discharge, and space plasmas, intense electron and ion beams and photon sources, atomic physics, pulsed power sources, laser physics, advanced spectral diagnostics, and nonlinear systems. The effort of the Division is concentrated on a few closely coordinated theoretical and experimental programs. Considerable emphasis is placed on large-scale numerical simulations related to plasma dynamics; ionospheric, magnetospheric, and atmospheric dynamics; nuclear weapons effects; inertial confinement fusion; atomic physics; plasma processing; nonlinear dynamics and chaos; free electron lasers and other advanced radiation sources; advanced accelerator concepts; and atmospheric laser propagation. Areas of experimental interest include laser-plasma, laser-electron beam, and laser-matter interactions, high-energy laser weapons, laser shock hydrodynamics, thermonuclear fusion, electromagnetic wave generation, the generation of intense electron and ion beams, large-area plasma processing sources, electromagnetic launchers, high-frequency microwave processing of ceramic and metallic materials, advanced accelerator development, inductive energy storage, laboratory simulation of space plasma phenomena, high altitude chemical releases, and in situ and remote sensing space plasma measurements.

Personnel: 97 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Plasma Physics Division	6700
Associate Superintendent	6701
Administrative Officer	6702
Senior Scientist, Directed Energy Physics	6703
Senior Scientist, Radiation Physics and High Energy Density Materials	6705
Senior Scientist, Intense Particle Beams and Plasma Processing	6709
Head, Radiation Hydrodynamics Branch	6720
Head, Laser Plasma Branch	6730
Head, Charged Particle Physics Branch	6750
Head, Pulsed Power Physics Branch	6770
Head, Beam Physics Branch	6790

Point of contact: Code 6701, (202) 767-2997

Electronics Science and Technology Division

Code 6800 Research Activity Areas

Electronic Materials

Preparation and development of magnetic, dielectric, optical, and semiconductor materials including micro- and nanostructures
Electrical, optical, and magneto-optical studies of semiconductor microstructures and nanostructures, superlattices, surfaces, and interfaces
Impurity and defect studies
Surface research and interface physics
Theoretical solid state physics

Microwave Technology

Microwave and millimeter-wave integrated circuits and components research
High-frequency device design, simulation, and fabrication
Reliability and failure physics of electronic devices and circuits
High-temperature superconductors

Power Electronics

Power device design, simulation, and fabrication
High-voltage/high-temperature power device and components research
Growth and characterization of wide bandgap and thin film materials for power devices
Wafer bonding for power devices and novel substrates
Reliability and failure physics of power devices

Nanoelectronics

Characterization of nanosurfaces and interfaces
Nanoelectronic device research and fabrication
Processing research for nanometric devices

Radiation Effects

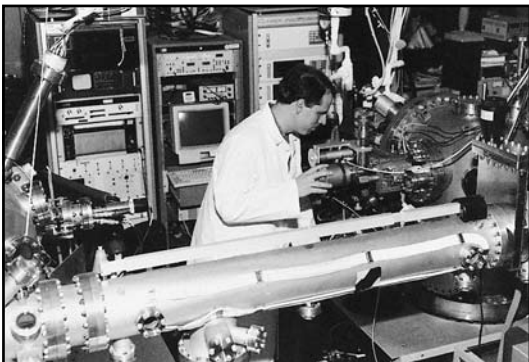
Space experiments and satellite survivability
Single event and total ionizing dose effects
Radiation tolerant ultralow-power microelectronics/design and test
Ultrafast charge collection
Environmental hazard remediation
Advanced photovoltaic technologies
Femtosecond laser research
Radiation effects in microelectronics and photonics

Solid State Devices

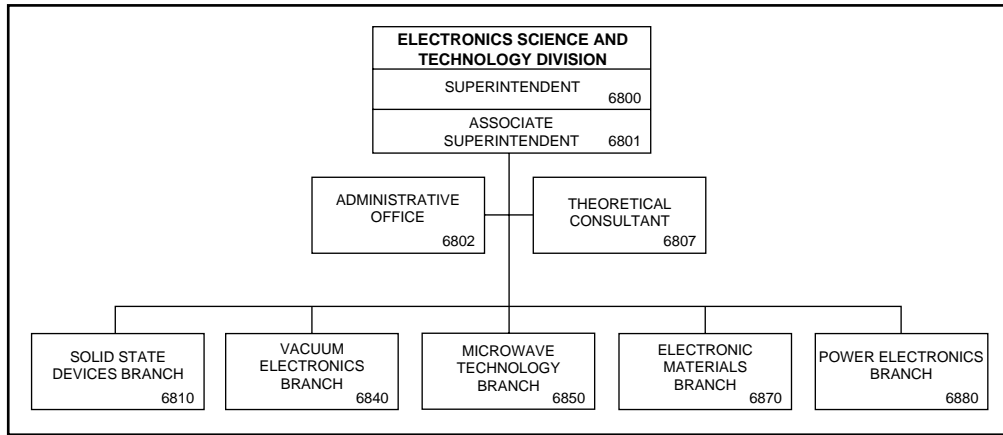
Solid state optical sensors
Hardening of electronic devices, circuits, and optoelectronic sensors
Very far infrared photodiodes/arrays
Microelectronics device research and fabrication
Solid state circuits research
Signal processing research

Vacuum Electronics

Compact microwave and millimeter-wave power amplifier research and development
Cathode research and development
Materials development for RF electronics applications
Electron emission science
High power millimeter-wave components: fabrication and cooling technology
Techniques for high data rate digital communications



The EPICENTER specializes in molecular beam epitaxial growth of nanostructures created by alternating layers of narrow bandgap materials made available from four ultrahigh-vacuum chambers. These structures are expected to improve the performance of far-infrared detectors, midwave lasers, and superhigh frequency transistors and resonant tunneling diodes. Here a scientist creates a structure using high-vacuum, chamber-to-chamber sample transfer.



Basic Responsibilities

The Electronics Science and Technology Division conducts programs of basic science and applied research and development in materials growth and properties, surface physics, micro- and nanostructure electronics, microwave techniques, microelectronic device research and fabrication, vacuum electronics, and cryoelectronics, including superconductors. The activities of the Division integrate device research with basic materials investigations and with systems research and development needs.

Personnel: 92 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Electronics Science and Technology Division	6800
Associate Superintendent	6801
Administrative Officer	6802
Theoretical Consultant	6807
Head, Solid State Devices Branch	6810
Head, Vacuum Electronics Branch	6840
Head, Microwave Technology Branch	6850
Head, Electronic Materials Branch	6870
Senior Scientist for Nanoelectronics	6877
Head, Power Electronics Branch	6880

Point of contact: Code 6801, (202) 767-3894

Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering

Code 6900 Research Activity Areas

Biologically Derived Microstructures

Self-assembly, molecular machining
Synthetic membranes
Nanocomposites
Tailored electronic materials
Low observables
Molecular engineering, biomimetic materials
Molecular imprinting
Viral scaffolds
Multifunctional decontamination coatings

Biosensors

Binding polypeptides and proteins
Cell-based biosensor
DNA biosensor
Fiber-optic biosensor
Flow immunosensor
Array-based sensors
Optical biosensor
Microfluidics

Novel Materials

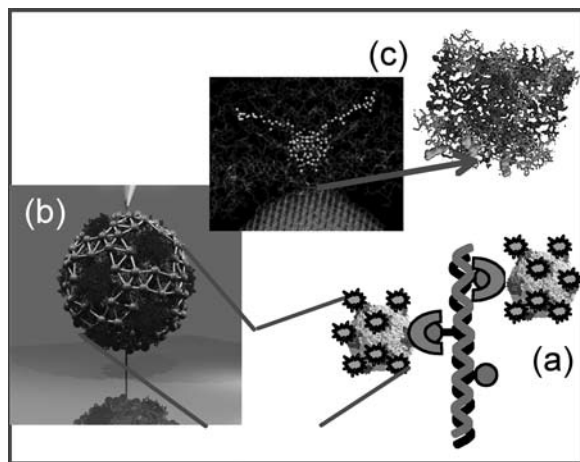
Soil/groundwater explosives detection
Antifouling paint, controlled release
Single chain antibodies
Liquid crystal nanoparticles
Liquid crystal elastomers
Nano and mesoporous materials
Quantum dot and protein conjugates
Biomimetic materials

Molecular Biology

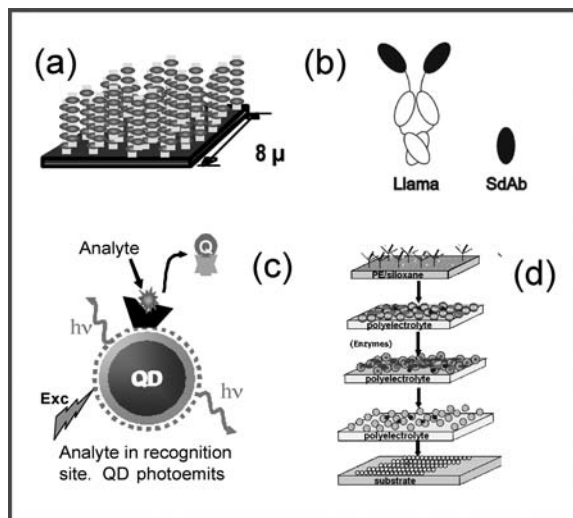
Genomics and proteomics of marine bacteria
Tissue engineering
Gene arrays, biomarkers
System and synthetic biology

Energy Harvesting

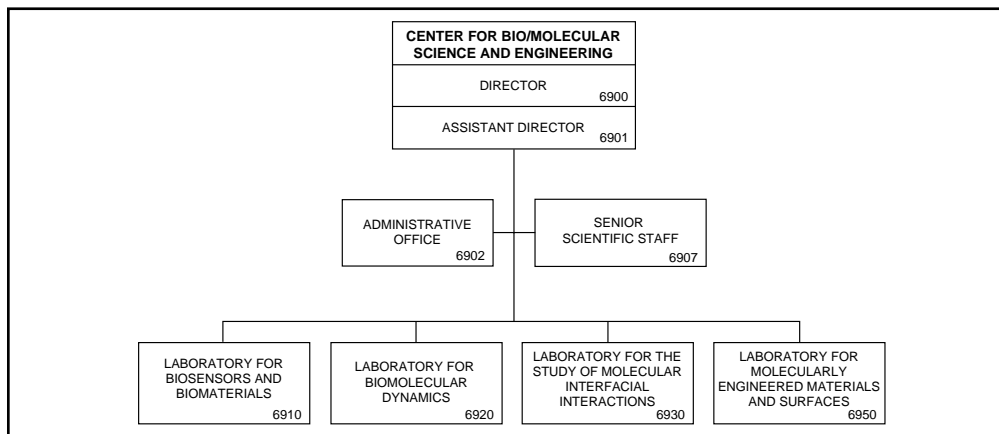
Biomaterials for charge storage
Ocean floor biofuel cell
Photo induced electron transfer



Proteins and viruses as scaffolds for (a) chem/bio nanosensors and (b) nanoscale electronics and (c) photovoltaic devices.



Novel approaches to chem/bio detection and decontamination: (a) sequence based pathogen detection, (b) heat stable single domain antibody, (c) Quantum dot FRET based analyte recognition and (d) multilayer assembly assembly based decontamination coating.



Basic Responsibilities

The Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering is using the tools of modern biology, physics, chemistry, and engineering to develop advanced materials and sensors. The long-term research goal is first to gain a fundamental understanding of the relationship between molecular architecture and the function of materials, then apply this knowledge to solve problems for the Navy and DoD community. The key theme is the study of complex bio/molecular systems with the aim of understanding how “nature” has approached the solution of difficult structural and sensing problems. Technological areas currently being studied include molecular and microstructure design, molecular biology, self-assembly, controlled release and encapsulation, and surface patterning and modification. Much of the research deals with the self-assembly of lipids, proteins, and liquid crystals into complex microstructures for use in advanced material applications, and the harnessing of the recognition functions of proteins and cells for the development of advanced sensors. A highly multidisciplinary staff is required to pursue these research and development programs. The Center provides a stimulating environment for cross-disciplinary programs in the areas of immunology, biochemistry, electrochemistry, inorganic and polymer chemistry, microbiology, microlithography, photochemistry, biophysics, spectroscopy, advanced diagnostics, organic synthesis, and electro-optical engineering.

Personnel: 49 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Director, Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering	6900
Assistant Director	6901
Administrative Officer	6902
Head, Senior Scientific Staff	6907
Head, Laboratory for Biosensors and Biomaterials	6910
Head, Laboratory for Biomolecular Dynamics	6920
Head, Laboratory for the Study of Molecular Interfacial Interactions	6930
Head, Laboratory for Molecularly Engineered Materials and Surfaces	6950

Point of contact: Code 6902, (202) 404-6012

**Ocean and
Atmospheric
Science and
Technology
Directorate**

OCEAN AND ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DIRECTORATE

Code 7000

The Ocean and Atmospheric Science and Technology Directorate performs research and development in the fields of acoustics, remote sensing, oceanography, marine geosciences, marine meteorology, and space science. Areas of emphasis in acoustics include advanced acoustic concepts and computation, acoustic signal processing, physical acoustics, acoustic systems, ocean acoustics, and acoustic simulation and tactics. Areas of emphasis in remote sensing include radio, infrared, and optical sensors, remote sensing physics and hydrodynamics, remote sensing simulation, and imaging systems. Areas of emphasis in oceanography include coastal and open ocean dynamics, ocean modeling and prediction, coastal and open ocean processes, remote sensing applications to oceanography, and marine biocorrosion processes. Areas of emphasis in marine geosciences include

marine physics, seafloor sciences, geospatial information science and technology, and mapping, charting, and geodesy. Areas of emphasis in marine meteorology include atmospheric dynamics for theater-wide, tactical scale prediction systems and forecast support, and meteorological applications development. Areas of emphasis in space science include middle and upper atmosphere physics, solar terrestrial relationships, solar physics, and higher energy astronomy. Senior naval officers are assigned as military advisors to help maintain the directorate focus on operational Navy and other DoD requirements in these areas of emphasis. The directorate is responsible for administrative and technical support to major activities in Washington, DC; Stennis Space Center, Mississippi; and Monterey, California.

Associate Director of Research for Ocean and Atmospheric Science and Technology

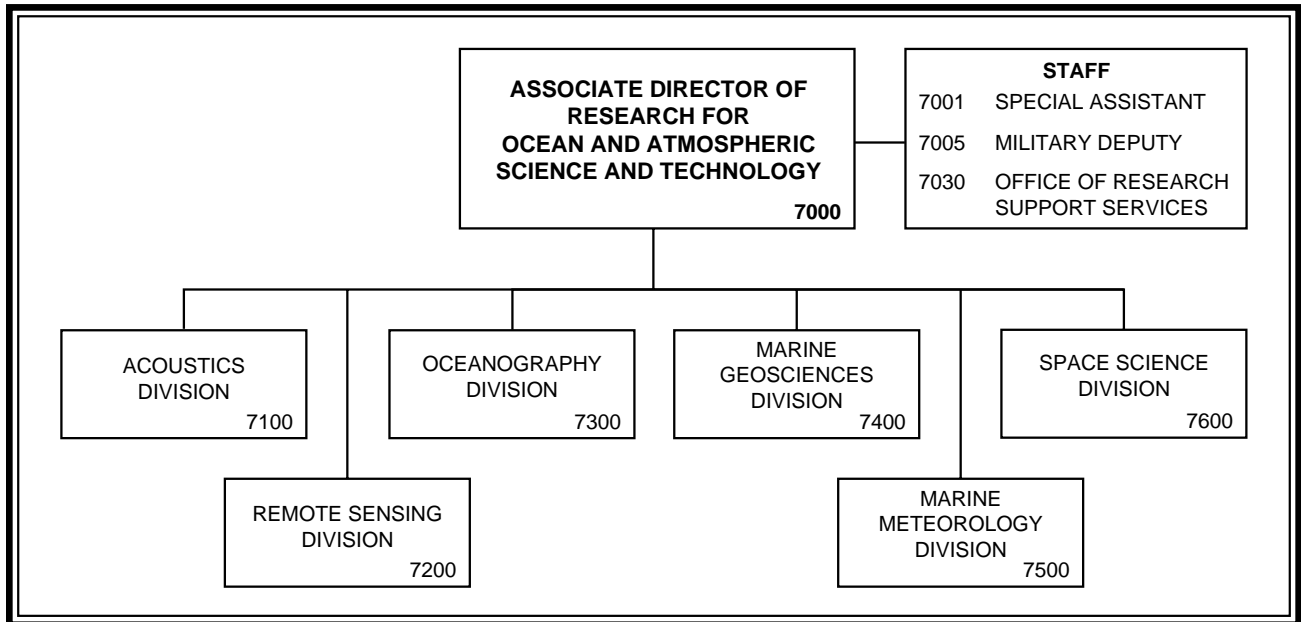


Dr. E.R. Franchi was born in Huntington, New York. He graduated from Clarkson University in 1968, with a Bachelor of Science degree in mathematics. He received his Master of Science (1970) and Ph.D. (1973) degrees both in applied mathematics from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. After completing his graduate studies, Dr. Franchi accepted a research position with Bolt, Beranek, and Newman where he performed validation studies of underwater acoustic propagation and noise models.

Dr. Franchi joined the Naval Research Laboratory in 1975 as a research mathematician in the Acoustics Division. In this position, he conducted and directed research in low frequency acoustic reverberation and scattering, including design and conduct of field experiments, development of signal processing techniques, data analysis and interpretation, computer prediction models, and active sonar performance studies. In 1986, he was named Head of the Acoustic Systems Branch where he was re-

sponsible for programs that emphasized theoretical, experimental, and computational research to understand the physical mechanisms of acoustic propagation, scattering, and ambient noise that control the design and performance of large-aperture passive sonar systems, low frequency active sonar systems, and shallow water sonar systems. In July 1988, Dr. Franchi was appointed to the Senior Executive Service and selected as the Associate Technical Director of the Naval Ocean Research and Development Activity (NORDA) and its Director of Ocean Acoustics and Technology. The Directorate conducted basic, exploratory, and advanced research and development and program management in the areas of acoustic model development and simulation, ocean acoustics measurements, and ocean engineering in support of all undersea warfare missions. In October 1992, the Directorate became the Center for Environmental Acoustics in the Acoustics Division of the Naval Research Laboratory, with Dr. Franchi as Director. Dr. Franchi was selected to the position of Superintendent of the Acoustics Division in October 1993. The Division conducts basic, exploratory, and applied research and development in areas of acoustic modeling and simulation, ocean acoustics measurements, acoustic systems development, acoustic signal processing, and physical acoustics. He was responsible for the technical/scientific management, direction, and administration of programs with a total budget in excess of \$25M, and for efficient management of division resources including the activities of approximately 110 civilian personnel. He served as Acting Associate Director of Research for the Ocean and Atmospheric Science and Technology Directorate from October 2001 to May 2002 and from June 2007 to April 2008. In April 2008, he was selected as the Associate Director.

Dr. Franchi received the Presidential Rank Award of Meritorious Executive in 2003. He has over 35 years experience in underwater acoustics research and is the author/co-author of over 35 publications. He is recognized as an authority on underwater acoustic scattering and reverberation and has played major roles in Navy low frequency active sonar programs as both performer and advisor/consultant. He served as the U.S. National Leader of the Technical Cooperation Program's multinational Panel on ASW Systems and Technology from 1996 to 2002, and has served as its Panel Chairman from 2003 to the present. He represents the United States to the NATO Undersea Research Centre Scientific Committee of National Representatives. He was elected to Pi Mu Epsilon, the Honorary National Mathematics Society, while an undergraduate at Clarkson University. Dr. Franchi is a member of the Acoustical Society of America and past member of the Mathematical Association of America.



Key Personnel

Title	Code
Associate Director of Research for Ocean and Atmospheric Science and Technology	7000
Special Assistant	7001
Military Deputy	7005
Head, Ship Support Group	7008
Head, Office of Research Support Services	7030
Superintendent, Acoustics Division	7100
Naval Science (Acoustic) Research Coordinator	7105
Superintendent, Remote Sensing Division	7200
Military Deputy	7205
Superintendent, Oceanography Division	7300
Military Deputy	7305
Superintendent, Marine Geosciences Division	7400
Military Deputy	7405
Superintendent, Marine Meteorology Division	7500
Military Deputy	7505
Superintendent, Space Science Division	7600
Space Test Program Officer	7603

Point of contact: Code 7000A, (202) 404-8174

Office of Research Support Services (NRL-SSC)

Code 7030 Staff Activity Areas

Office of Research Support

Conference coordination, video teleconferencing
Directives, reports, forms

Facilities Office

Facilities planning and maintenance
Vehicles

HPC Management Office

Supercomputing interface management

Safety/Environmental Office

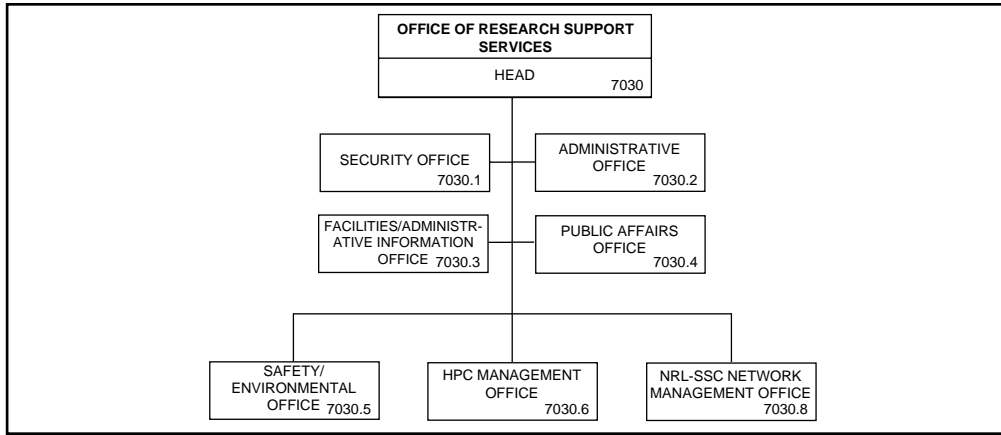
Industrial/laboratory safety
Specialized safety training
Hazard abatement
Mishap prevention
Hazardous materials program
Hazardous waste disposal

Public Affairs Office

Community relations
News releases
Exhibits
Information
Freedom of Information Act

NRL-SSC Network Management Office

Data communications
Data networking
Computer network maintenance



Basic Responsibilities

The Office of Research Support Services is responsible for the operational and management support necessary for the day-to-day operations at NRL Stennis Space Center, Mississippi (NRL-SSC). The Head of NRL-SSC acts for the Commanding Officer in dealing with local Naval, Federal, and civil activities and personnel on matters relating to NRL-SSC support activities and facilities, community and multicommand issues, and safety and disaster control measures.

Support functions include security, public affairs, safety, high performance computer management, and support services to include management, administration, and facilities.

Personnel: 9 full-time civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Head, Office of Research Support Services	7030
Administrative Officer	7030.2
Head, Facilities Office	7030.3
Public Affairs Office	7030.4
Safety/Environmental Officer	7030.5
HPC Management Office	7030.6
NRL-SSC Network Management Office	7030.8

Point of contact: Code 7030, (228) 688-4010; DSN 828-4010

Acoustics Division

Code 7100 Staff Activity Areas

Special programs management

System concepts and studies

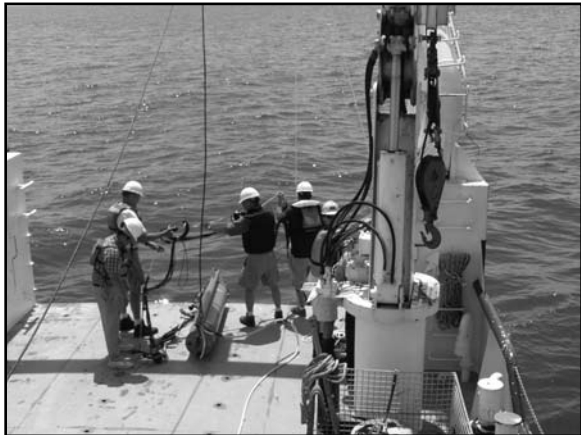
Research Activity Areas

Acoustic Signal Processing

- Random media propagation
- Limits of acoustic array performance
- Underwater acoustic communications
- Undersea noise signal characterization and modeling
- Surf zone noise generation
- Shallow water acoustic surveillance methods
- Geophysical inversion
- Matched field processing and inversion
- High-frequency acoustic flow visualization

Physical Acoustics

- Structural acoustics
- Active sound control
- Fiber-optic acoustic sensors
- Acoustics of coatings
- Dynamics of complex structures
- Target strength/radiation modeling
- Acoustic transduction
- Inverse scattering
- Nanomicrostructure dynamics



The acoustic source-receiver array (ASRA) contains twelve sources/receivers. The purpose is to conduct multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) underwater acoustic communications experiments.

Acoustic Systems

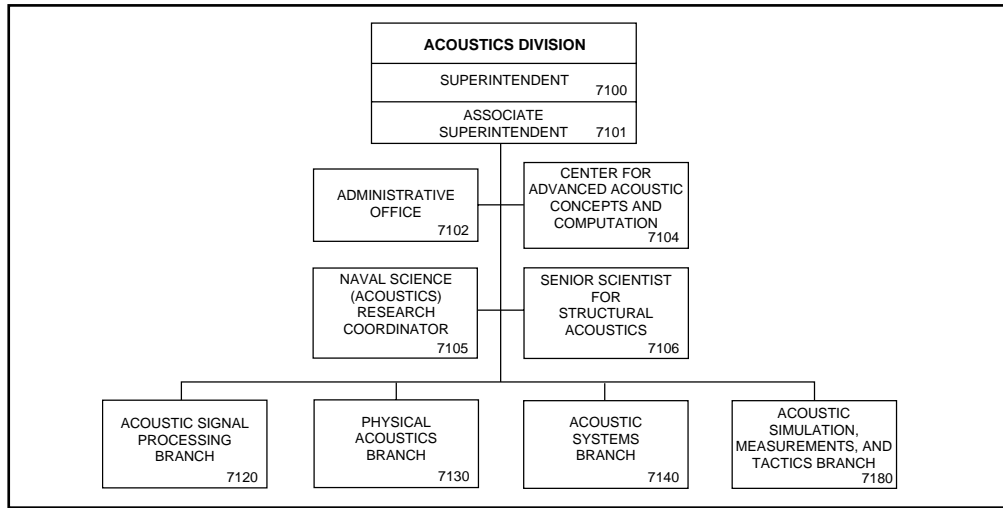
- Ocean boundary scattering
- Shallow water active classification
- Statistical characterization of reverberation
- Active sonar performance modeling
- Matched field processing
- Acoustic inversion techniques
- Acoustic propagation
- Nonlinear signal propagation
- Acoustics of bubbly media

Acoustic Simulation, Measurements, and Tactics

- Coupled dynamic ocean and acoustic modeling
- Ocean acoustic propagation and scattering models
- Ocean ambient noise models and simulation
- Supercomputer and scalable acoustic models
- Fleet application acoustic models
- Environmental acoustic assessments and characterizations
- High-frequency seafloor and ocean acoustic measurements
- Coastal acoustic measurements and studies
- Biologic ocean volume reverberation measurements
- Multisensor system optimization
- Tactical oceanography simulations and databases
- Warfare effectiveness studies and optimizations



Structural acoustic studies in the one-million-gallon Acoustic Holographic Pool Facility



Basic Responsibilities

The Acoustics Division conducts basic and applied research in undersea physics. The basic research areas are signal processing, ocean acoustics and the associated description of the ocean environment as it impacts advanced systems, and physical acoustics. The applied spectrum includes developing and proving system concepts; signal processing for active and passive detection, tracking, and classification of underwater targets; echo strength; structural acoustics; large area assessment techniques; and development of processing systems and techniques. Also included are basic and applied research in simulations and tactics as influenced by the environment. The Division program is interactive with the ONR Contract Research Program and other research laboratories, both U.S. and foreign.

Personnel: 74 full-time civilian; 1 full-time military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Acoustics Division	7100
Associate Superintendent	7101
Administrative Officer	7102
Head, Center for Advanced Acoustic Concepts and Computation	7104
Naval Science (Acoustics) Research Coordinator	7105
Senior Scientist for Structural Acoustics	7106
Head, Acoustic Signal Processing Branch	7120
Head, Physical Acoustics Branch	7130
Head, Acoustic Systems Branch	7140
Head, Acoustic Simulation, Measurements, and Tactics Branch	7180

Point of contact: Code 7100, (202) 767-3482

Remote Sensing Division

Code 7200 Research Activity Areas

Remote Sensing

Sensors

- SAR
- Imaging radar
- Passive microwave imagers
- CCDs and focal plane arrays
- Thermal IR cameras
- Fabry-Perot spectrometers
- Imaging spectrometers
- Radio interferometers
- Optical interferometers
- Adaptive optics
- Lidar
- Spaceborne and airborne systems

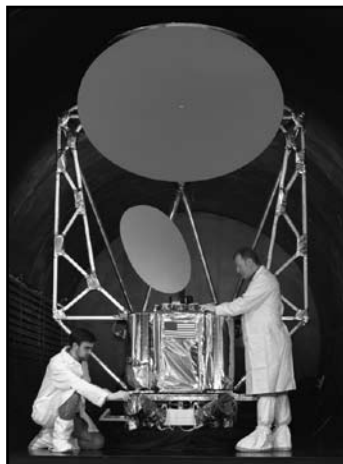
Areas

- Radiative transfer modeling
- Coastal oceans
- Marine ocean boundary layer
- Polar ice
- Middle atmosphere
- Global ocean phenomenology
- Environmental change
- Ocean surface wind vector
- Ionosphere
- Data assimilation

Astrophysics

- Optical interferometry
- Radio interferometry
- Fundamental astrometry and reference frames
- Fundamental astrophysics
- Star formation
- Stellar atmospheres and envelopes
- Interstellar medium, interstellar scattering pulsars
- Low-frequency astronomy

The WindSat polarimetric radiometer prior to spacecraft integration.

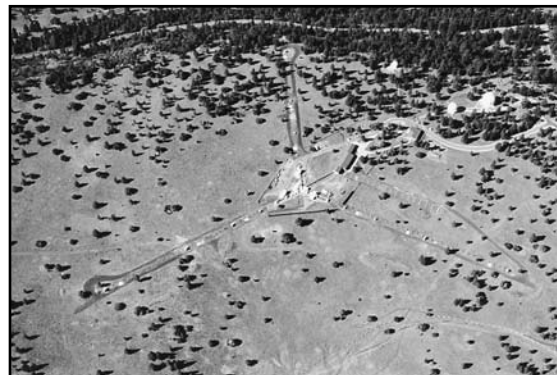


Physics of Atmospheric/Ocean Interaction

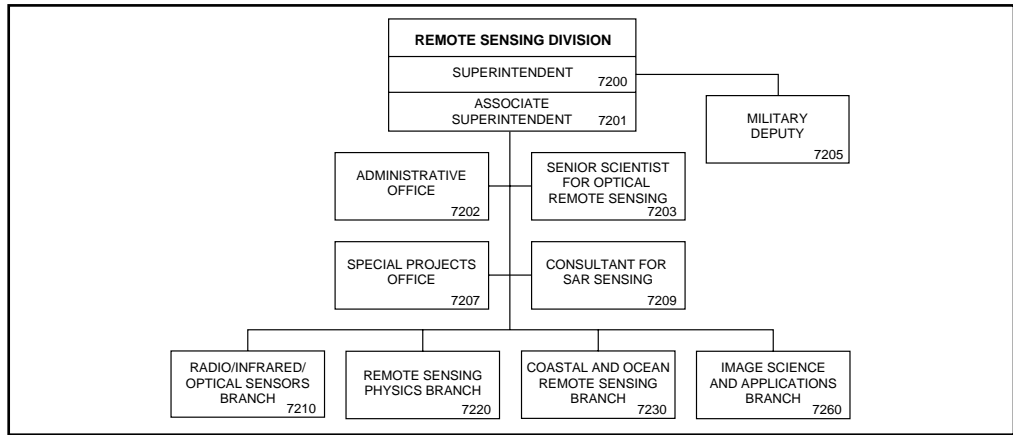
- Mesoscale, fine-structure, and microstructure
- Aerosol and cloud physics
- Mixed layer and thermocline applications
- Sea-truth towed instrumentation techniques
- Turbulent jets and wakes
- Nonlinear and breaking ocean waves
- Stratified and rotating flows
- Turbulence modeling
- Boundary layer hydrodynamics
- Marine hydrodynamics
- Computational hydrodynamics

Imaging Research/Systems

- Remotely sensed signatures analysis/simulation
- Real-time signal and image processing algorithm/systems
- Image data compression methodology
- Image fusion
- Automatic target recognition
- Scene/sensor noise characterization
- Image enhancement/noise reduction
- Scene classification techniques
- Radar and laser imaging systems studies
- Coherent/incoherent imaging sensor exploitation
- Numerical modeling simulation
- Environmental imagery analysis



The Navy Prototype Optical Interferometer produces the highest angular resolution images ever made at optical wavelengths. Its four astrometric elements (the rectangular huts) provide extremely precise star positions for use by the U.S. Naval Observatory in navigation and time keeping. The imaging elements are mounted on piers extending out the "Y" configuration. Light from all the telescopes is carried down evacuated pipes and combined in the optics laboratory to produce images of stellar surfaces.



Basic Responsibilities

The Remote Sensing Division conducts a program of basic research, science, and applications aimed at the development of new concepts for sensors and imaging systems for objects and targets on the Earth, in the near-Earth environment, and in deep space. The research, both theoretical and experimental, deals with discovering and understanding the basic physical principles and mechanisms that give rise to target and background emission and to absorption and emission by the intervening medium. The accomplishment of this research requires the development of sensor systems technology. The development effort includes active and passive sensor systems to be used for the study and analysis of the physical characteristics of phenomena that give rise to naturally occurring background radiation, such as that caused by the Earth's atmosphere and oceans, as well as man-made or induced phenomena, such as ship/submarine hydrodynamic effects. The research includes theory, laboratory, and field experiments leading to ground-based, airborne, or space systems for use in such areas as remote sensing, astrometry, astrophysics, surveillance, nonacoustic ASW, and improved meteorological support systems for the operational Navy. Special emphasis is given to developing space-based platforms and exploiting existing space systems.

Personnel: 97 full-time civilian; 1 full-time military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Remote Sensing Division	7200
Associate Superintendent	7201
Administrative Officer	7202
Military Deputy	7205
Consultant for SAR Sensing	7209
Head, Radio/Infrared/Optical Sensors Branch	7210
Head, Remote Sensing Physics Branch	7220
Head, Coastal and Ocean Remote Sensing Branch	7230
Head, Image Science and Applications Branch	7260

Point of contact: Code 7200, (202) 767-2351

Oceanography Division

Code 7300 Research Activity Areas

Ocean Dynamics and Prediction

Circulation

- Global resolution of circulation and meso-scale fields
- Littoral circulation at the coast, bays, and estuaries
- Satellite observation processing and assimilation
- UUV adaptive sampling
- Observation system simulation experiments
- Ice concentration and ice drift
- Tidal currents and heights

Surface effects

- Surface wave effects globally and into bays
- Wave breaking
- Mixed layer dynamics
- Swell propagation and dynamics
- Phase averaged wave evolution
- Phase resolved wave dynamics

Nearshore

- Wave breaking at the shore
- Rip currents at the shore
- Tidal currents and heights into rivers
- Nonlinear wave interaction
- Sensor deployment optimization

Acoustic effects

- Sound speed variation for acoustic propagation
- Internal waves, solitons, and bores for beam focusing
- Wave bubble entrainment and noise generation



Optical mooring equipment for shallow water showing attenuation and absorption meters and irradiance sensors

Ocean Sciences

Dynamical processes

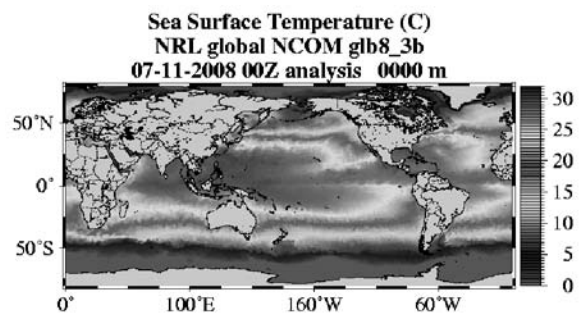
- Coastal current systems
- Waves and bubbles

Coupled systems

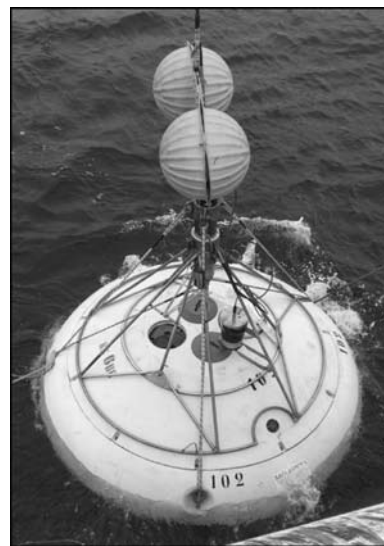
- Air/ocean/acoustic coupling
- Coupled bio/optical/physical processes

Remote sensing applications

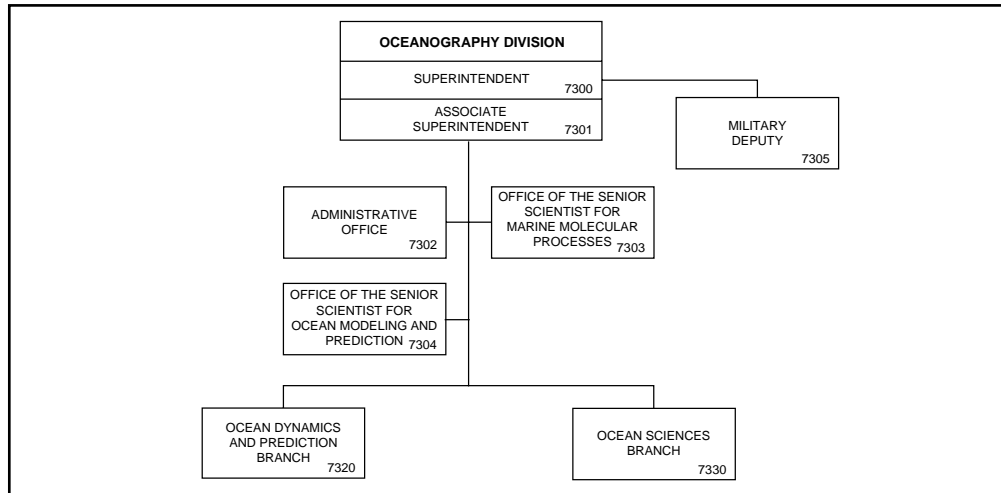
- Color/hyperspectral signatures
- Ocean optics
- Microbiologically influenced corrosion
- Metal microbe interaction



Global Sea Surface Temperature from the Navy Coastal Ocean Model (NCOM) for 11 July 2008. The model is operational at NAVOCEANO.



The SEPTR (Shallow water Environmental Profiler in Trawl-safe Real-time configuration) consists of an acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP), a Wave-Tide Gauge, two acoustic releases, and a buoy, controlled by a winch within the trawl-resistant bottom mount, that houses conductivity, temperature, and depth (CTD) sensors which are profiled between the bottom unit and ocean surface multiple times per day.



Basic Responsibilities

The Oceanography Division conducts basic and applied research in description and modeling of biological, physical, and dynamical processes in open ocean, regional, and littoral areas; in exploitation of satellite, airborne, and in situ sensors for environmental characterization; and in investigation and application of microbial processes to Navy problems. The oceanographic research is both theoretical and experimental in nature and is focused on understanding and modeling ocean, coastal, and littoral area hydro/thermodynamics, circulation, waves, ice dynamics, air-sea exchange, optics, and small and microscale processes. Analytical methods and algorithms are developed to provide quantitative retrieval of geophysical parameters of Navy interest from state-of-the-art sensor systems. The Division work includes analysis of biological processes that mediate and control optical properties of the oceans, coastal, and littoral regions, and microbially induced corrosion/metal microbe interaction. The Division programs are designed to be responsive to and to anticipate Naval needs. Transition of Division products to the DoD, Navy systems developers, operational Navy, and civilian (dual use) programs is a primary goal. The Division's programs are coordinated and interactive with other NRL programs and activities, ONR's research programs, and other government agencies involved in oceanographic activities. The Division also collaborates and cooperates with scientists from the academic community and other U.S. and foreign laboratories.

Personnel: 79 full-time civilian; 1 full-time military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Oceanography Division	7300
Associate Superintendent	7301
Administrative Officer	7302
Office of the Senior Scientist for Marine Molecular Processes	7303
Office of the Senior Scientist for Ocean Modeling and Prediction	7304
Military Deputy	7305
Head, Ocean Dynamics and Prediction Branch	7320
Head, Ocean Sciences Branch	7330

Point of contact: Code 7302, (228) 688-4114; DSN 828-4114

Marine Geosciences Division

Code 7400 Research Activity Areas

Marine Geology

- Sedimentary processes
- Sediment microstructure
- Pore fluid flow
- Diapirism, volcanism, faulting, mass movement
- Biogenic and thermogenic methane
- Hydrate distribution, formation, and dissociation
- Small scale granular/fluid dynamics

Marine Geophysics

- Seismic wave propagation
- Physics of low-frequency acoustic propagation
- Acoustic energy interaction with topography and inhomogeneities
- Gravimetry and geodesy
- Geomagnetic modeling

Marine Geotechnique

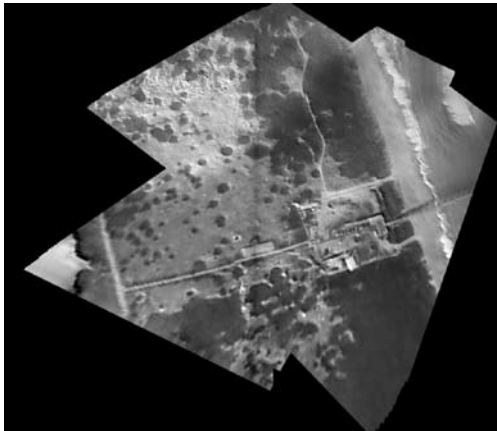
- Acoustic seafloor characterization
- Geoacoustic modeling
- Geotechnical properties and behavior of sediments
- Measurement and modeling of high-frequency acoustic propagation and scattering
- Mine burial processes
- Marine biogeochemistry
 - Animal-microbe-sediment interactions
 - Early sediment diagenesis
- Sedimentary microbial respiration of manganese and iron

Mapping and Charting

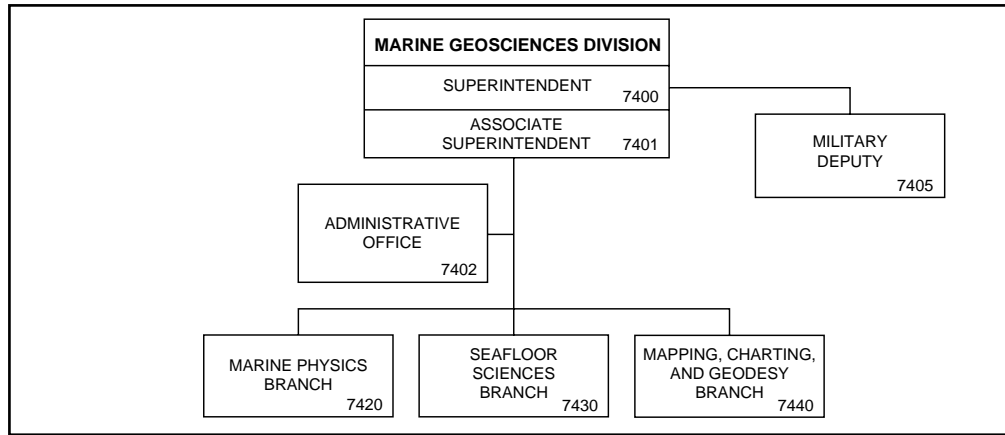
- Digital database design
- Digital product analysis and standardization
- Data compression techniques and exploitation
- Hydrographic survey techniques
- Bathymetry extraction techniques from remote and acoustic imagery
- Modeling of nearshore morphodynamics
- Geospatial portal design with 2D and 3D interfaces
- Characterization of the littoral from airborne platforms

In Situ and Laboratory Sensors

- High-resolution subseafloor 2D and 3D seismic imaging
- Laser/hyperspectral bathymetry/topography
- Swath acoustic backscatter imaging
- Sediment pore water pressure, permeability, and undrained shear strength
- Compressional and shear wave velocity and attenuation
- Airborne geophysics, gravity, and magnetics
- Seafloor magnetic fluctuation
- Sediment microfabric change with pore fluid and/or gas change
- Instrumented mine shapes
- Bottom currents and pressure fluctuations



Georectified mosaic of Field Research Facility in Duck, NC automatically created from the video of a Raven Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS). Efficient mapping algorithms have been developed to create rectified movies to allow exploitation of this type video to determine littoral processes including waves, currents, and bathymetry.



Basic Responsibilities

The Marine Geosciences Division conducts a broadly based, multidisciplinary program of scientific research, technology development, and applied research in marine geosciences, geospatial information and systems, and related technologies. Scientific research investigates fundamental seafloor geological and biogeochemical processes within ocean basins and littoral regions including adjacent land areas. Emphasis is placed on the development of models, sensors, techniques, and systems to exploit this knowledge. Work emphasizes (1) quantitatively predicting the effects of the seafloor on performance of Naval systems and operations and (2) techniques to rapidly acquire, process, fuse, and analyze geospatial, geoacoustical, and geotechnical information to meet existing and future digital data base requirements of the Chief of Naval Operations, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA), and other national users.

As the Navy's subject matter expert (SME) in the areas of MC&G and Geospatial Information and Services (GI&S), the Division provides vital technical support to the Oceanographer/Navigator of the Navy (N84), the NGA, and the Tri-Services community. NRL also contributes to the development of leading edge geospatial technology by reviewing emerging GI&S standards and products, as well as by enhancing naval systems with embedded geospatial information technology. DMAP Team products like the Geospatial Information Data Base (GIDB) serve a vital role in addressing Navy's ever-growing requirements for GI&S.

Close coordination and interaction with Commander, Naval Oceanography and Meteorology (CNMOC), Naval Oceanographic Office (NAVOCEANO), CNO, ONR, Systems Commands, Warfare Center, NGA, and other DoD and national organizations is essential to the success of Division programs, with transition of Division technology to systems developers and to the operational Navy a primary goal. The Division program is coordinated and interactive with other NRL programs and activities, ONR's Research Program Department, NOAA, USGS, NSF, and other government agencies involved in seafloor activities. The Division collaborates and cooperates with scientists from the academic community, other U.S. and foreign laboratories, and industry.

Personnel: 70 full-time civilian; 2 full-time military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Marine Geosciences Division	7400
Associate Superintendent	7401
Administrative Officer	7402
Military Deputy	7405
Head, Marine Physics Branch	7420
Head, Seafloor Sciences Branch	7430
Head, Mapping, Charting, and Geodesy Branch	7440

Point of contact: Code 7402, (228) 688-4660; DSN 828-4660

Marine Meteorology Division

Code 7500 Research Activity Areas

Atmospheric Dynamics and Prediction

- Global
- Mesoscale
- Tactical scale
- Large eddy simulation
- Boundary layer
- Land surface
- Coastal
- Urban effects
- Massively parallel computing
- Coupled ocean/atmosphere
- Tropical cyclones
- Aerosols
- Topographically forced flow
- Predictability
- Ensembles
- Advanced numerical methods

Data Assimilation

- Hybrid techniques
- 3D and 4D variational analysis
- Ensemble Transform Kalman Filter (ETKF)
- Quality control
- Tropical cyclone initialization
- Remotely sensed data
- Adjoint applications
- Direct radiance assimilation
- Radar data assimilation
- Targeted observations
- Aerosol assimilation
- UAV data assimilation

Tactical Environmental Support

- Rapid environmental assessment
- Through-the-sensor measurements
- Atmospheric impact on weapons systems
- Data fusion
- Nowcasting
- Visualization
- Port studies
- Typhoon havens
- Forecaster handbooks
- Expert systems
- Aviation risk assessment

Atmospheric Physics

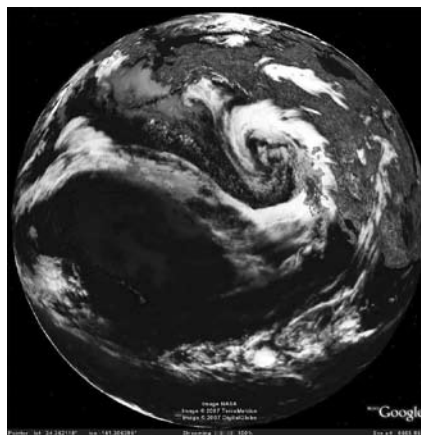
- Air-sea interaction
- Cloud microphysics
- Radiative transfer
- Aerosol characterization
- Tropical cyclone structure

Satellite Data/Imagery

- Automated cloud properties
- Sensor calibration/validation
- Satellite imagery analysis and enhancement
- Case study development
- Multisensor data fusion
- Tropical cyclone characterization
- Feature-tracked winds
- Dust/aerosols
- Rain rate and snow cover
- Nighttime environmental analysis
- NPOESS preparation
- Tactical meteorology

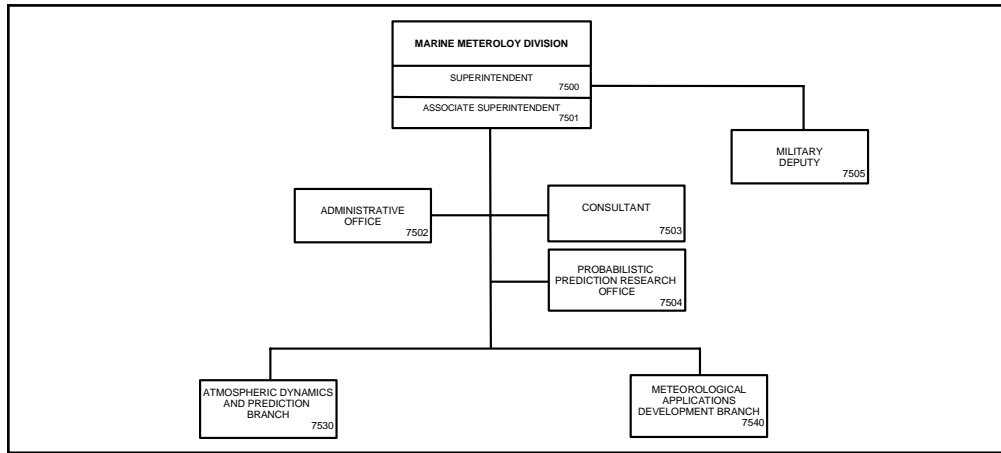
Decision Aids

- Refractivity/ducting
- Ceiling/visibility
- Fog/turbulence/icing
- Electromagnetic propagation
- Electro-optical propagation
- Tropical cyclones/consensus forecasts
- Quantifying uncertainty



NRL's Marine Meteorology Division is collaborating with Google™ to provide near-real time global cloud information for integration into the interactive Google Earth™ weather layers. The data is a blended combination of geostationary sensor data,

augmented by low-earth orbiting satellite data over the poles and other missing regions to provide updated fields every hour at roughly 4-km resolution at the equator.



Basic Responsibilities

The Marine Meteorology Division conducts a basic and applied research and development program designed to improve the basic understanding of atmospheric processes that impact Fleet operations and to develop information systems that analyze, simulate, predict, and interpret the structure and behavior of these processes and their effect on naval weapons systems. Basic and applied research includes work in air-sea interaction, aerosol characterization, atmospheric turbulence, orographically forced flow, atmospheric predictability, targeted observations, advanced data assimilation, ensemble prediction, tropical dynamics, and atmospheric physics. Research and development ranges from development of atmospheric analysis/forecast systems and satellite data products to the development of tactical decision aids for operations support. Interdisciplinary research supports the development of coupled analysis/forecast systems, including components for ocean, wave, land surface, aerosol, chemistry, and middle atmosphere prediction. NRL-Monterey (NRL-MRY) is co-located with the Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Center (FNMOC) and has developed and transitioned to FNMOC the data assimilation, global and mesoscale forecast models, and satellite applications products that form the backbone of the Navy's worldwide environmental forecasting capability. Specialties of the Division include numerical weather prediction, data assimilation, tropical cyclones, marine boundary layer processes, aerosols, rapid environmental assessment, environmental decision aids, and satellite data analysis, interpretation, and application.

Personnel: 69 full-time civilian; 1 full-time military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Marine Meteorology Division	7500
Associate Superintendent	7501
Administrative Officer	7502
Lead Scientist, Probabilistic Prediction Research Office	7504
Military Deputy	7505
Head, Atmospheric Dynamics and Prediction Branch	7530
Head, Meteorological Applications Development Branch	7540

Point of contact: Code 7500, (831) 656-4721; DSN 878-4721

Space Science Division

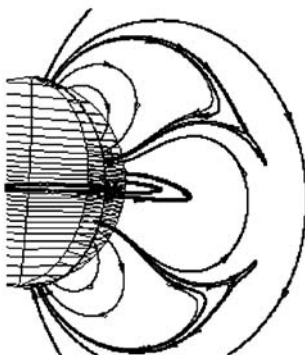
Code 7600 Research Activity Areas

Space Weather and Atmospheric Physics

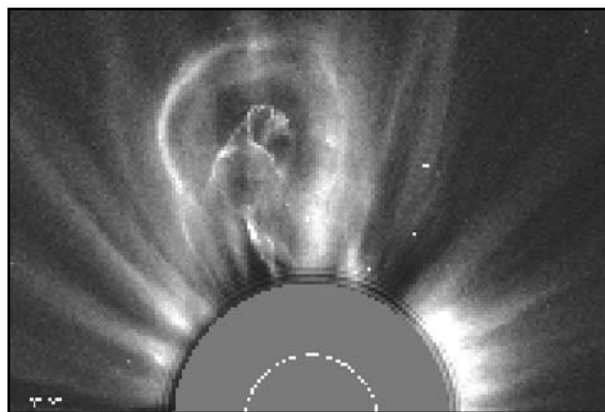
Remote sensing of the ionosphere and thermosphere
Middle atmospheric investigations
Global modeling
Upper atmospheric physics

Space Astronomy

X-ray observation, analysis, and theory of space astronomical sources
Gamma-ray astrophysics, solar-flare gamma rays, and space cosmic ray particle environment
Gamma-ray Large Area Space Telescope (GLAST) NASA space mission



The Solar Theory Group has simulated the overall magnetic field in the Sun's corona and demonstrated the formation of coronal mass ejections following field reconnection



A coronal mass ejection emerging from the Sun as a large, spherical region of hot gas and entrapped magnetic field

Solar Physics

Solar ultraviolet and visible light spectroscopy and photometry from rockets, satellites, and the Space Shuttle
Extreme-ultraviolet Imaging Spectrometer (EIS)
Sun Earth Connection Coronal and Heliospheric Investigation (SECCHI) for the Stereo Mission

Solar-Terrestrial Relationships

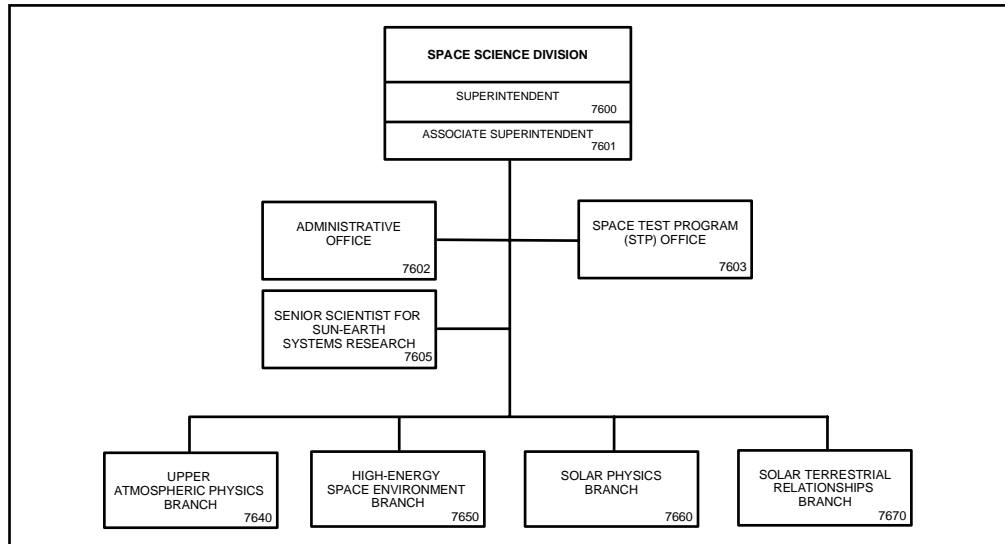
Solar X-ray/EUV plasma diagnostics; coronal effects on Earth



SHIMMER being readied for flight on the Space Shuttle. SHIMMER, a Michelson Interferometer, will map the globe in atmospheric trace compounds.



A Black Brant rocket being readied for flight at the White Sands Missile Range. The rocket is carrying NRL's advanced spectrometer for studying stars at soft X-ray wavelengths.



Basic Responsibilities

The Space Science Division conducts a broad-spectrum RDT&E program in solar-terrestrial physics, astrophysics, upper/middle atmospheric science, and astronomy. Instruments to be flown on satellites, sounding rockets and balloons, and ground-based facilities and mathematical models are conceived and developed. Researchers apply these and other capabilities to the study of the atmospheres of the Sun and Earth, including solar activity and its effects on the Earth's ionosphere, upper atmosphere, and middle atmosphere; laboratory astrophysics; and the unique physics and properties of celestial sources. The science is important to orbital tracking, radio communications, and navigation that affect the operation of ships and aircraft, utilization of the near-space and space environment of the Earth, and the fundamental understanding of natural radiation and geophysical phenomena.

Personnel: 75 full-time civilian; 1 full-time military

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Space Sciences Division	7600
Associate Superintendent	7601
Administrative Officer	7602
Space Test Program Officer, Kirtland AFB, NM	7603
Head, Sun-Earth Systems Research	7605
Head, Upper Atmospheric Physics Branch	7640
Head, High-Energy Space Environment Branch	7650
Head, Solar Physics Branch	7660
Head, Solar Terrestrial Relationships Branch	7670

Point of contact: Code 7602, (202) 767-3248

**Naval Center
for Space
Technology**

NAVAL CENTER FOR SPACE TECHNOLOGY

Code 8000

In its role to preserve and enhance a strong space technology base and provide expert assistance in the development and acquisition of space systems that support naval missions, the Naval Center for Space Technology performs basic and applied research through advanced development in all areas of interest to the Navy space program. The Center develops spacecraft, systems using these spacecraft, and ground command and control stations. Principal functions of the Center include understanding and clarifying requirements, recognizing and prosecuting promising research and development, analyzing and testing systems to quantify their capabilities, developing operational concepts that exploit new technical

capabilities, performing system engineering to allocate design requirements to subsystems, and performing engineering development and initial operation to test and evaluate selected spacecraft subsystems and systems. The Center is a focal point and integrator for those divisions at NRL whose technologies are used in space systems. The Center also provides systems engineering and technical direction assistance to system acquisition managers of major space systems. In this role, technology transfer is a major goal and motivates a continuous search for new technologies and capabilities and the development of prototypes that demonstrate the integration of such technologies.

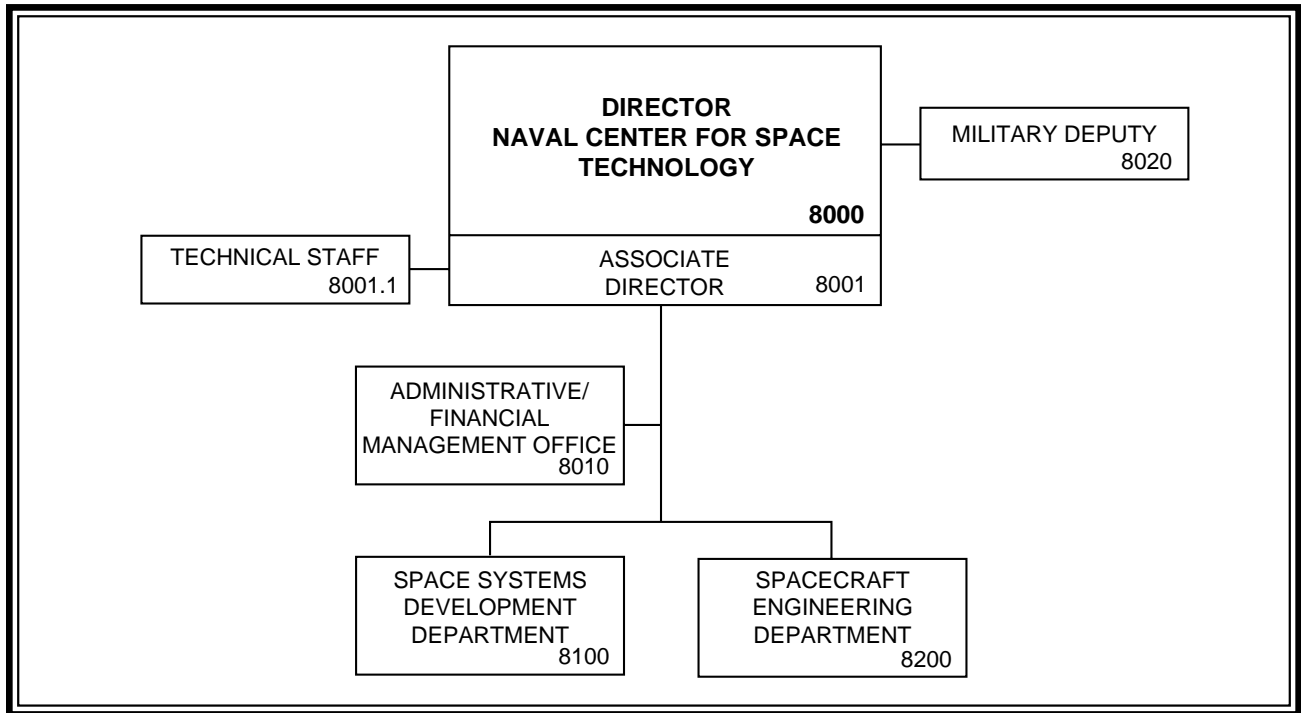
Director of Naval Center for Space Technology



Mr. P.G. Wilhelm was born in New York City. He attended Purdue University, where he received a B.S.E.E. degree in 1957. By 1961, he had completed all the course work for an M.S.E. degree from George Washington University. From 1957 to 1959, Mr. Wilhelm served as an electrical engineer with Stewart Warner Electronics where he was assigned to a project to redesign the UPM-70, a Navy radar test set. In March 1959, he joined the Naval Research Laboratory as an electrical scientist in the Electronics Division. In December 1959, he joined the Satellite Techniques Branch. In 1961, he became Head of the Satellite Instrument Section; in 1965, he became Head of the Satellite Techniques Branch; and in 1974, Head of the Space-

craft Technology Center. In these positions, he performed satellite system design, equipment development, environmental testing, launch operations, and orbital data handling. In 1981, he was named Superintendent of the Space Systems and Technology Division, the Navy's principal organization, or lead laboratory, for space. He is credited with contributions in the design, development, and operation of more than 92 scientific and Fleet-support satellites. He has been awarded five patents. In October 1986, he was appointed Director of the newly established Naval Center for Space Technology. The Center's mission is to "preserve and enhance a strong space technology base and provide expert assistance in the development and acquisition of space systems which support naval missions."

Mr. Wilhelm has been recognized with numerous awards including the Navy's Meritorious Civilian Service Award, the DoD Distinguished Civilian Service Award, the Presidential Meritorious Executive Award, the Presidential Distinguished Rank Award, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Aerospace and Electronic Systems Group Man of the Year Award, the NRL E.O. Hulburt Annual Science and Engineering Award, the Dexter Conrad Award, the Rotary National Stellar Award, the NRL Lifetime Achievement Award, and in May 1999, Mr. Wilhelm received the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics (AIAA) Goddard Astronautics Award. He also has been elected a Fellow of the Washington Academy of Sciences and a Fellow of the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, and was elected to the National Academy of Engineering. Mr. Wilhelm is also the first recipient of the R.L. Easton Award for excellence in engineering.



Key Personnel

Title	Code
Director, Naval Center for Space Technology	8000
Associate Director	8001
Technical Staff	8001
Head, Administrative/Financial Management Office	8010
Military Deputy	8020
Superintendent, Space Systems Development Department	8100
Superintendent, Spacecraft Engineering Department	8200

Point of contact: Code 8010, (202) 767-6550

Space Systems Development Department

Code 8100 Research Activity Areas

Advanced Space/Airborne/Ground Systems Technologies

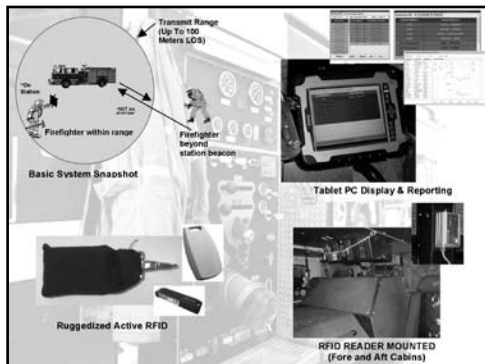
- Space systems architectures and requirements
- Advanced payloads and optical communications
- Controllers, processors, signal processing, and VLSI data management systems and equipment
- Embedded algorithms and software
- Satellite laser ranging

Astrodynamics

- Precision orbit estimation
- Onboard autonomous navigation
- Onboard orbit propagation
- GPS space navigation
- Satellite coverage and mission analysis
- Geolocation systems
- Orbit dynamics
- Interplanetary navigation

Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance

- Communications theory and systems
- Satellite ground station engineering and implementation
- Transportable and fixed ground antenna systems
- High-speed fixed and mobile ground data collection, processing, and dissemination systems
- Tactical communication systems



NRL's Naval Center for Space Technology (NCST) is beginning final phases of a program to wirelessly identify and report firefighter identities and locations for the Fire Department of New York City (FDNY). This

program is applying Active Radio Frequency Identification (Active-RFID) technologies to answer the questions: "Which firefighters got on the apparatus to respond to an incident?" and "Which firefighters are at the incident?" RFID tags programmed with unique identifiers are affixed to firefighter "bunker gear" coats to facilitate automated identification activities. Future efforts could include embedding other information such as badge number and health-related information including blood types and medical histories. The tags have communication ranges up to 100 meters (line of sight).

Space and Airborne Payload Development

- Space and airborne system payload concept definition, design, and implementation including hardware and software
- Detailed electrical/electronic design of electronic and electromechanical payload and systems and components
- Design and verification of real-time embedded multiprocessor software
- Payload antenna systems
- Space and airborne payload fabrication, test, and integration
- Launch and on-orbit payload support

Laser Communications Research

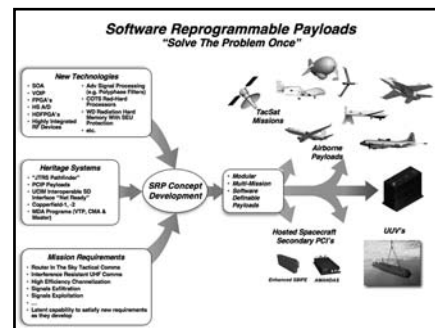
- Ship-to-ship laser communications
- Space-to-ground laser communications
- Satellite laser ranging for precise orbit determination

Space and Airborne Mission Development

- Mission development and requirements definition
- Systems engineering and analysis
- Concepts of operations and mission simulations
- Mission evaluation and performance assessments

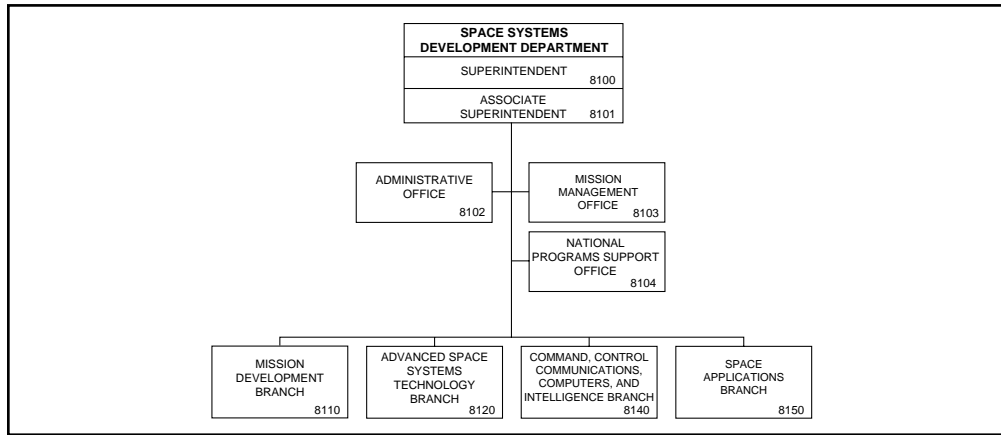
Space Surveillance, Navigation, and Time

- Advanced navigation satellite technology
- Precise Time and Time Interval (PTTI) technology
- Atomic time/frequency standards/instrumentation
- Passive and active ranging techniques
- Precision tracking of orbiting objects from space/ground
- National and International standards for timekeeping/Universal Coordinated Time/UTC (NRL)



NRL's Space Systems Development Department has been an innovator in software reconfigurable payload design for thirty years. NRL's work began with tactical

radio terminals and basic spacecraft transceiver systems, continued through the JCIT tactical radio, continuing on to NTM (National Technical Means) hardware and software. Most recently, the Copperfield-2 system (on aircraft, TACSAT-1, and TACSAT-2) continues to validate the model for programmability by implementing new features rapidly using Software Reprogrammable Payloads (SRP) technology.



Basic Responsibilities

The Space Systems Development Department (SSDD) is the space and ground support systems research and development organization of the Naval Center for Space Technology. The primary objective of the SSDD is to develop Command, Control, Communications, Computers, and Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance hardware and software solutions to space, airborne, and ground applications to respond to Navy, DoD, and national mission requirements with improved performance, capacity, reliability, efficiency, and/or life cycle cost. The Department must derive system requirements from the mission, develop architectures in response to these requirements, and design and develop systems, subsystems, equipment, and implementation technologies to achieve the optimized, integrated operational space, airborne, and ground system. These development responsibilities extend across the entire space/airborne/ground spectrum of hardware, software, and advanced technologies, including digital processing and control, analog systems, power, communications, payload command and telemetry, radio frequency, optical, payload, and electromechanical systems, as well as systems engineering.

Personnel: 128 full-time civilian; 1 part-time civilian; 18 student civilian; 1 intermittent civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Space Systems Development Department	8100
Associate Superintendent	8101
Administrative Officer	8102
Head, Mission Management Office	8103
Head, National Programs Support Office	8104
Head, Mission Development Branch	8110
Head, Advanced Space Systems Technology Branch	8120
Head, Command, Control, Communications, Computers, and Intelligence Branch	8140
Head, Space Applications Branch	8150

Point of contact: Code 8102, (202) 767-0432

Spacecraft Engineering Department

Code 8200 Research Activity Areas

Design, Test, and Processing

Design, fabrication, and testing of spacecraft and hardware
Preliminary and detailed design, fabrication, testing, and integration onto launch vehicle
Systems engineering for new spacecraft proposals
Start-to-finish responsibility for NCST spacecraft mechanical systems

Space Mechanical Systems Development

Research and development in spacecraft technology
Conceptual design trade studies
Integrated engineering design and analysis
Structural and thermal design and analysis
Development and transition of prototype hardware
Development and integration of experimental payloads
Mission integration and development

Control Systems

Attitude determination and control systems
Precision pointing
Optical line-of-sight stabilization
Propulsion systems
Precision cleaning and component testing
Propellant and pressurization systems
Hydraulic and pneumatics control
Test systems and services
Analytical design and mission planning
Navigation, tracking, and orbit dynamics
Expert systems
Flight operations support
Computer simulation
Computer animation
Robotics systems engineering
Proximity operations
Autonomous servicing
Autonomous inspection
End effector design
Compliance control
Trajectory planning
Machine vision
Fault detection, isolation, and recovery

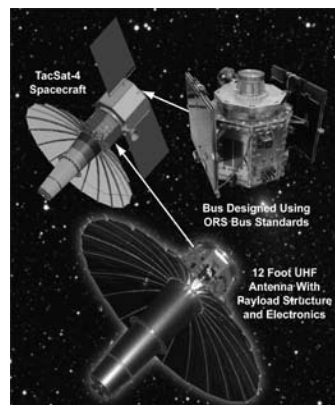
Space Electronic Systems Development

Space system concept definition, design, and implementation including hardware and software
Detailed electrical/electronic design of electronic and electromechanical systems and components
Implementation of real-time flight software and embedded command, control, and telemetry software
Design and verification of real-time embedded multi-processor software
Spacecraft antenna systems
Space systems fabrication, test, and integration
Launch and on-orbit support
Space test systems and electronic launch support equipment
Space TT&C and control systems
Space communication systems



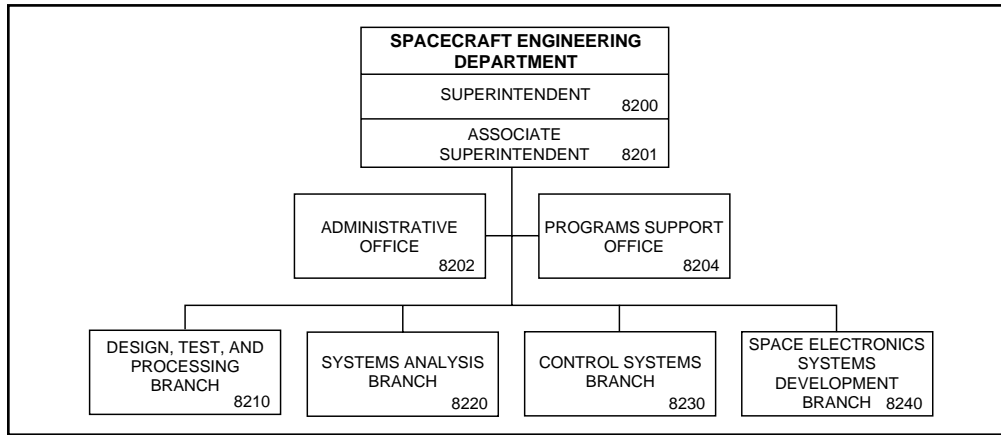
The Space Robotics Laboratory employs two six-degree-of-freedom robotic manipulators to perform realistic orbital and attitude motion simulations for proximity operations of spacecraft. This facility enables hardware-in-the-loop testing of machine vision systems,

capture mechanisms and autonomous guidance, navigation, and control algorithms. The resulting technologies will benefit future DoD space missions involving autonomous rendezvous and capture.



TacSat-4 is a Navy-led joint mission to provide operationally relevant capabilities and enable Operationally Responsive Space (ORS). TacSat-4 provides 10 ultra high frequency channels that can be used for any combination of communications, data exfiltration, or Blue Force tracking. Notably, TacSat-4 provides communications on-the-move with legacy radios and provides a wideband "MOUS-like" channel for early testing. The unique orbit augments geosynchronous communications by allowing near-global, but not continuous, coverage including the high latitudes. TacSat-4 also advances ORS development areas including spacecraft bus standards,

long dwell orbits, dynamic tasking, and net-centric operations. TacSat-4 spacecraft will be completed in Fall 2008 for launch in Fall 2009.



Basic Responsibilities

The Spacecraft Engineering Department (SED) is the focal point for the Navy's capability to design and build spacecraft. Activities range from concept and feasibility planning to on-orbit IOC for NRL's space systems.

The SED provides spacecraft bus expertise for the Navy and maintains an active in-house capability to develop satellites; manages Navy space programs through engineering support and technical direction; in concert with the Space Systems Development Department, designs, assembles and tests spacecraft and space experiments, including all aspects of space, launch, and ground support; analyzes and designs structures, mechanisms, and a variety of control systems, including attitude, propulsion, reaction, and thermal; integrates satellite designs, launch vehicles, and satellite-to-boost stages; functions as a prototype laboratory to ensure that designs can be transferred to industry and incorporated into subsequent satellite hardware builds; and consults with the Navy Program Office on technical issues involving spacecraft architecture, acquisition, and operation.

Personnel: 109 full-time civilian; 1 part-time civilian; 12 student civilian; 1 intermittent civilian

Key Personnel

Title	Code
Superintendent, Spacecraft Engineering Department	8200
Associate Superintendent	8201
Administrative Officer	8202
Head, Programs Support Office	8204
Head, Design, Test, and Processing Branch	8210
Head, Space Mechanical Systems Development Branch	8220
Head, Control Systems Branch	8230
Head, Space Electronics Systems Development Branch	8240

Point of contact: Code 8202, 767-6412

**Technical
Output,
Fiscal, and
Personnel
Information**

Technical Output

Publications, Presentations, and Patents

The Navy continues to be a pioneer in science and engineering developments and a leader in applying these advancements to military requirements. The primary means of informing the scientific and engineering community of the advances made at NRL is through the Laboratory's technical output—reports, articles in scientific journals, contributions to books, papers presented to scientific societies and topical conferences, patents, and inventions.

The figures for calendar years 2006 and 2007 presented below represent the output of NRL facilities in Washington, DC; Bay St. Louis, Mississippi; and Monterey, California.

In 1986, Congress enacted the Federal Technology Transfer Act in an effort to encourage the commercial use of technology developed in Federal laboratories. The Act allows Government inventors and the laboratories where they work to share the royalties generated by commercial licensing of their inventions. Also, the Act encourages the establishment of cooperative research and development agreements (CRADAs) between laboratories such as NRL and nonfederal entities such as state and local governments, universities, and business corporations. Such cooperative R&D agreements can include the allocation in advance of patent rights on any inventions made under the joint research effort.

The 1986 Act has given additional impetus to the Laboratory's efforts to patent important inventions arising out of its various research programs.

Calendar Year 2006

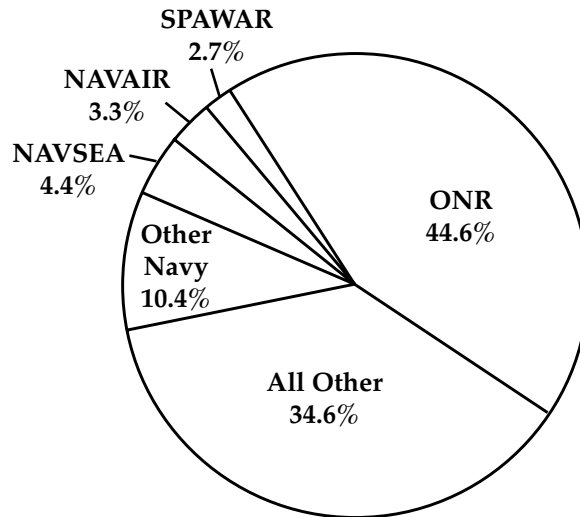
Type of Contribution	Unclassified	Classified	Total
Articles in periodicals, chapters in books, and papers in published proceedings	1,047	0	1,047*
Oral Presentations	1331		1331
NRL Formal Reports	11	3	14
NRL Memorandum Reports	71	3	74
Books	0	0	0
Patents granted			54
Statutory Invention Registrations (SIRs)			0

Calendar Year 2007

Type of Contribution	Unclassified	Classified	Total
Articles in periodicals, chapters in books, and papers in published proceedings	1,030	0	1,030*
Oral Presentations	1316		1316
NRL Formal Reports	12	2	14
NRL Memorandum Reports	56	3	59
Books	0	0	0
Patents granted			56
Statutory Invention Registrations (SIRs)	1		1

* This is a provisional total based on information available to the Ruth H. Hooker Research Library on August 1, 2008. Total includes non-refereed SPIE (International Society for Optical Engineering) and MRS (Materials Research Society) proceedings.

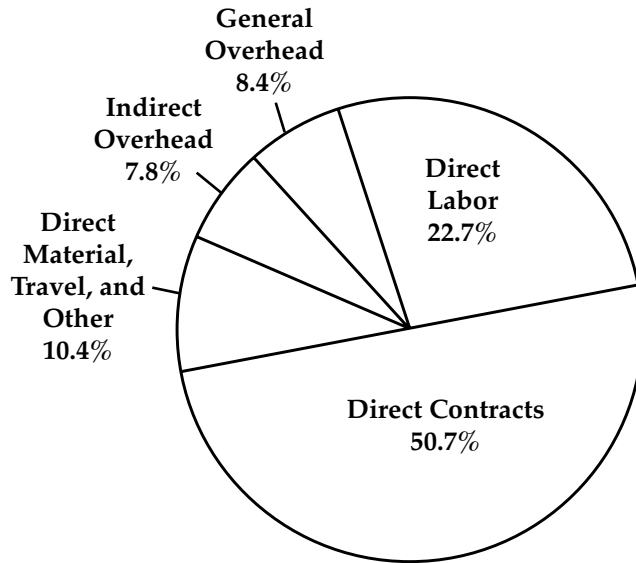
FY 2007 Sources of New Funds (Actual)



FY 2007
Source of Funds (%)

FY 2007	\$M		Total
	Reimbursable	Direct Cite	
Office of Naval Research (ONR)	305.3	110.2	415.5
Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA)	22.9	17.9	40.8
Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command (SPAWAR)	20.6	4.9	25.5
Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR)	4.5	25.8	30.3
Other Navy	66.9	30.3	97.1
All Other	<u>221.6</u>	<u>100.5</u>	<u>322.1</u>
Total Funds	641.8	289.6	931.4

FY 2007 Uses of Funds

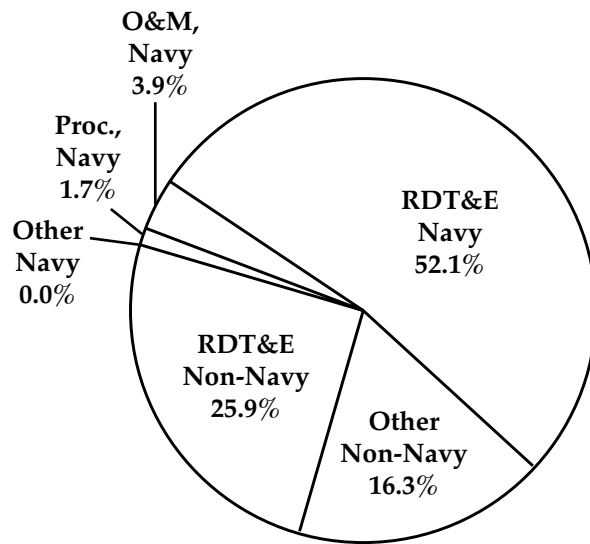
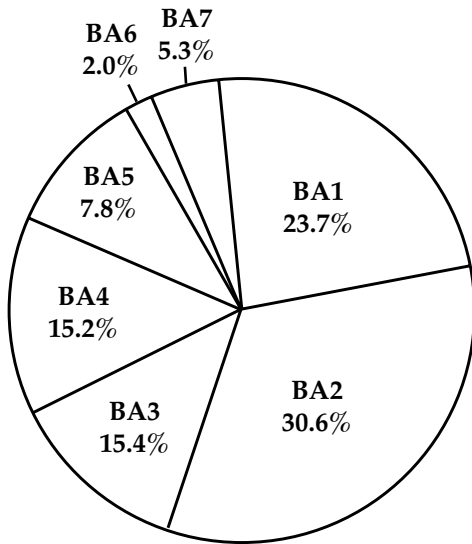


**FY 2007
Distribution of Funds (%)**

	\$M
Direct Labor	204.2
General Overhead	75.9
Indirect Overhead	69.9
Direct Material, Travel, and Other	93.9
Direct Contracts	<u>457.0</u>
Total Costs*	901.0

*Costs based on CFO statements; direct contracts include costs for reimbursably-funded contracts and obligations for direct cite-funded contracts.

FY 2007 Total New Funds by Category



FY 2007

Distribution of RDT&E, Navy (%)
(\$485.3)

Distribution of Total (%)
(\$931.4)

Category	\$M		Total
	Navy	Non-Navy	
BA1 Basic Research	115.0	4.5	119.6
BA2 Applied Research	148.7	29.2	177.8
BA3 Advanced Technology Development	74.9	118.0	192.9
BA4 Advanced Component Development Prototypes	73.7	17.5	91.2
BA5 System Development and Demonstration	37.7	3.9	41.6
BA6 RDT&E Management Support	9.8	52.2	61.9
BA7 Operational System Development	<u>25.5</u>	<u>16.3</u>	<u>41.8</u>
Subtotal RDT&E	485.3	241.6	726.9
Operations and Maintenance	36.6	16.3	52.9
Procurement	16.0	42.9	58.9
Other	<u>0.0</u>	<u>92.7</u>	<u>92.7</u>
Total New Funds	537.9	393.4	931.4

Personnel Information*

Civilian On-Board

Full-Time, Permanent (FTP)	
Graded	2,136
Ungraded	<u>94</u>
Total	2,230
Temporary, Part-Time, Intermittent (TPTI)	
TPTI	<u>250</u>
Total Civilian	2,480

FTP Breakdown

Scientific/Engineering Professional	1,419
Scientific/Engineering Technical	93
Administrative Specialist/Professional	340
Administrative Support	249
Senior Executive Service	19
Scientific or Professional	16
General Schedule	<u>0</u>
Total	2,136

Military On-Board

Officers	38
Enlisted	<u>79</u>
Total Military On-Board	117
(Military Allowance)	109

Annual Civilian Turnover Rate (%) (permanent employees only)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Research divisions	6.1	6.0	6.8	7.2	9.5	8.5
Nonresearch areas	8.9	8.2	8.2	8.5	11.0	13.7
Entire Laboratory	6.6	6.4	6.5	7.4	9.7	9.6

Highest Academic Degrees Held by Civilian Permanent Employees

Bachelors	532
Masters	328
Doctorates	778

* All data is as of 30 September 2007 unless otherwise noted.

Professional Development

Professional Development

NRL has established programs for the professional and personal development of its employees so that they may better serve the needs of the Navy. These programs develop and retain talented people and keep them abreast of advanced technology and management skills. Graduate assistantships, fellowships, sabbatical study programs, cooperative education programs, individual college courses, and short courses for personal improvement contribute to professional development.

Programs also exist for non-NRL employees. These programs enhance research efforts by providing means for non-NRL professionals to work at the Laboratory, thereby improving the interchange of ideas, meeting critical short-term technical requirements, and providing sources for new scientists and engineers. The programs include two-year graduate fellowships, faculty and professional interchanges, undergraduate work, and introducing gifted and talented high school students to the world of technology.

Programs for NRL Employees

NRL employees participate in hundreds of individual training events throughout the year. Many of these are presented under the auspices of the Human Resources Office as in-house courses on diverse technical subjects, computer software, and management techniques.

One common study procedure is for employees to work full time at the Laboratory while taking job-related scientific courses at universities and schools in the Washington area. The training ranges from a single course to full graduate-level programs. Tuition for training is paid by NRL. The formal programs offered by NRL are described below.

Graduate Programs

- The **Advanced Graduate Research Program** (formerly the Sabbatical Study Program, which began in 1964) enables selected professional employees to devote full time to research or pursue work in their own or a related field for one year at an institution or research facility of their choice without the loss of regular salary, leave, or fringe benefits. NRL pays all educational costs, travel, and moving expenses for the employee and dependents. Criteria for eligibility include professional stature consistent with the applicant's opportunities and experience, a satisfactory program of study, and acceptance by the facility selected by the applicant. The program is open to paraprofessional (and above) employees who have completed six years of Federal service, four years of which are required at NRL.

- The **Edison Memorial Graduate Training Program** enables employees to pursue advanced studies in their fields at local universities. Participants in this program work 24 hours each work-week and pursue their studies during the other 16 hours. The criteria for eligibility include a minimum of one year of service at NRL, a bachelor's or master's degree in an appropriate field, and professional standing in keeping with the candidate's opportunities and experience.

- To be eligible for the **Select Graduate Training Program**, employees must have a college degree in an appropriate field and must have demonstrated ability and aptitude for advanced training. Students accepted in this program devote a full academic year to graduate study. While attending school, they receive one half of their salary; and NRL pays for tuition, books, and laboratory expenses.

- The **Naval Postgraduate School (NPS)**, located in Monterey, California, provides graduate programs to enhance the technical preparation of Naval officers and civilian employees who serve the Navy in the fields of science, engineering, operations analysis, and management. It awards a master of arts degree in national security affairs and a master of science degree in many technical disciplines.

NRL employees desiring to pursue graduate studies at NPS may apply for a maximum of six quarters away from NRL, with thesis work accomplished at NRL. Specific programs are described in the NPS catalog. Participants continue to receive full pay and benefits during the period of study.

- Research conducted at NRL may be used as thesis material for an advanced degree.

This original research is supervised by a qualified employee of NRL who is approved by the graduate school. The candidate should have completed the required course work and should have satisfied the language, residence, and other requirements of the graduate school from which the degree is sought. NRL provides space, research facilities, and supervision but leaves decisions on academic policy to the cooperating schools.

Professional Development

NRL has programs, professional society chapters, and informal clubs that enhance the professional growth of employees. Some of these are listed below.

- The **Congressional Fellowship Program**, sponsored by the American Political Science Association, provides an opportunity for some of the most promising young, technically oriented Federal executives to participate in a variety of assignments designed to develop their knowledge and understanding of Congressional operations. These Fellows share activities with other members of the Congressional Fellowship Program who come mainly from journalism, law, and college teaching.

- The **LEGIS Fellows Program** provides assignments for personnel whose current or prospective positions may require working knowledge of the operations of the Congress. The Fellows receive instruction and hands-on experience in a Congressional office through training/developmental activities such as seminars, intensive briefings, and assignments on the staff of a member, committee, or support agency of the Congress in Washington, DC.

- The **Counseling Referral Service (C/RS)** helps employees to achieve optimal job performance through counseling to resolve problems such as family and work-related stress and relationship difficulties, and behavioral, emotional, and substance abuse problems that may adversely impact job performance. C/RS provides confidential assessments and short-term counseling, training workshops, and referrals to additional resources in the community. (Contact MSW, LGSW at (202) 767-6857, NRL Washington, DC; (228) 688-5726, NRL Stennis Space Center; 1-800-523-5668, NRL Monterey).

- The **NRL Women in Science and Engineering (WISE) Network** is an open-membership network of scientists and engineers who meet periodically to discuss issues of common interest, host speakers, and address and sponsor projects to benefit NRL's S&T community. The primary goals of the NRL WISE Network, a merger of the NRL Women's S&T Network and the NRL WISE Chapter, are to encourage and promote professional growth among NRL scientists and engineers. One of the most successful

projects initiated and sponsored by this group is the Mentor Program, which was institutionalized to provide an environment for personal and professional growth at NRL. Another recent project focused on addressing issues concerning the quality of life for scientists and engineers at NRL.

The **NRL WISE Network** holds regular brown bag luncheon meetings open to all NRL female and male scientists and engineers, including contractors and postdoctoral associates. (Contact the NRL WISE Network secretary at (202) 404-4389; or the NRL WISE Network president at (202) 767-5697.)

- **Sigma Xi**, the Scientific Research Society, encourages and acknowledges original investigation in scientific research. As an honor society for research scientists, individuals who have demonstrated the ability to perform original research are elected to membership in local chapters. The NRL-Edison Chapter, with several hundred members, recognizes leadership research at NRL by presenting awards annually in pure and applied science to outstanding NRL staff members. This year the chapter has initiated a Young Investigator Award to be presented to an outstanding young NRL researcher. The NRL-Edison Chapter also sponsors lectures at NRL on a wide range of scientific topics for the entire NRL community. These lectures are delivered by scientists from all over the nation and the world. The highlight of the Sigma Xi lecture series is the Edison Memorial Lecture, traditionally featuring a Nobel laureate. (Contact (202) 404-8626.)

- The **NRL Mentor Program** was established to provide an innovative approach to professional and career training and an environment for personal and professional growth. It is open to all NRL employees in all job series and at all sites. Mentorees are matched with successful, experienced colleagues with more technical and/or managerial experience, who can provide them with the knowledge and skills needed to maximize their contribution to the success of their immediate organization, to NRL, to the Navy, and to their chosen career fields. The ultimate goal of the program is to increase job productivity, creativity, and satisfaction through better communication, understanding, and training. NRL Instruction 12400.1 established the NRL Mentor Program and provides the policy and procedures for the program. (Contact the Employee Relations Branch at (202) 767-2957.)

- The Charlotte Moore-Sitterly Chapter of **Federally Employed Women, Inc. (FEW)** was chartered at NRL in 1993. FEW is an international organization of federally employed women and men whose purpose is to eliminate sex discrimination and sexual harassment and enhance career opportunities for women in government. FEW works closely with

other Federal agencies and organizations, including the Office of Personnel Management, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, and Federal Women's Program subcommittees. (Contact (202) 767-3846.)

- Employees interested in developing effective self-expression, listening, thinking, and leadership potential are invited to join the Forum Club, a chapter of **Toastmasters International**. Members of this club possess diverse career backgrounds and talents and learn to communicate not by rules but by practice in an atmosphere of understanding and helpful fellowship. NRL's Commanding Officer and the Director of Research endorse Toastmasters. (Forum Club: contact (202) 404-4670.)

Continuing Education

NRL employees take government sponsored college courses (undergraduate and graduate) in order to improve their skills and keep abreast of current developments in their fields.

- The Human Resources Office (HRO) at NRL offers to all employees **short courses** in a variety of program areas; Laboratory employees may attend these courses at nongovernment facilities as well. Interagency courses in management, personnel, finance, supervisory development, clerical skills, and other areas are also available.

Technology Base

- The **Scientist-to-Sea Program** (STSP) provides increased opportunities for Navy R&D laboratory / center personnel to go to sea for several days to gain first-hand insight into operational factors affecting system design, performance, and operations on a variety of ships. For further information on the Technology Base Programs, contact (202) 767-2945.

Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Programs

Equal Employment Opportunity is a fundamental NRL policy for all persons, regardless of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, age, or physical/mental disability. The EEO office's major functions include affirmative action in employment, discrimination complaint process, EEO training, advice and guidance to management on EEO policy, and the following special emphasis programs: the Federal Women's Program, the Hispanic Employment Program, the African American Employment Program, the Individuals with Disabilities Employment Program, the Asian American/Pacific Islander Employment Program, and the American Indian-Alaskan Native Employment Program.

The management and planning of diversity issues and the special emphasis programs are accom-

plished through the NRL Diversity Committee. The Diversity Committee serves as an advisory committee to the Commanding Officer and recommends policies, programs, and activities that encourage advancement and self-improvement for all employees. The committee educates NRL employees on diversity issues by sponsoring awareness programs and special workshops on quality of life issues pertaining to women, minorities, and persons with disabilities. They also aid in Community Outreach efforts. (Contact the EEO Office at (202) 767-2486.)

In addition, the EEO Office handles the Federal Employment Opportunity Recruitment Program (FEORP). The FEORP is designed to establish, maintain, and update targeted recruitment programs to increase participation of minorities through innovative internal and external recruitment. Furthermore, it fosters relationships with minority and women's institutions and organizations.

Other Activities

- The **Community Outreach Program** fosters programs that benefit students and other community citizens. Volunteer employees assist with and judge science fairs, give lectures, tutor, mentor, coach, and serve as classroom resource teachers. The program also sponsors African American History Month art and essay contests for local schools, student tours of NRL, and an annual holiday party for neighborhood children. Through this program NRL has partnerships with four District of Columbia public schools. (Contact the Public Affairs Office at (202) 767-2541.)

- Other programs that enhance the development of NRL employees include the **Amateur Radio Club** which is devoted to amateur and related radio communications and is open to licensed radio operators as well as others interested in radio. The wide spectrum of club activities range from vintage radio to satellite communications. A club station is available for use by all members. The club conducts annual nationally coordinated Field Day (simulated emergency) operations. The **Recreation Club** accommodates the varied interests of NRL's employees with its numerous facilities, such as a 25-yard, 6-lane indoor swimming pool; basketball and volleyball courts; a weight room; an exercise room; table tennis; a meeting room; hot tub and sauna.

Programs for Non-NRL Employees

Several programs have been established for non-NRL employees. These programs encourage and support the participation of visiting scientists and engineers in research of interest to the Laboratory. Some of the programs may serve as stepping-stones to federal careers in science and technology. Their objective is to enhance the quality of the Laboratory's research activities through working associations and interchanges with highly capable scientists and engineers and to provide opportunities for outside scientists and engineers to work in the Navy laboratory environment. Along with enhancing the Laboratory's research, these programs acquaint participants with Navy capabilities and concerns.

Recent Ph.D., Faculty Member, and College Graduate Programs

- The **National Research Council (NRC)/NRL Cooperative Research Associateship Program** selects associates who conduct research at NRL in their chosen fields in collaboration with NRL scientists and engineers. The tenure period is two years.

- The **American Society for Engineering Education (ASEE) Postdoctoral Fellowship Program** aims to increase the involvement of highly trained scientists and engineers in disciplines necessary to meet the evolving needs of naval technology. Appointments are for one year (renewable for a second and sometimes a third year). These competitive appointments are made by ASEE.

- The American Society for Engineering Education also administers the **Navy/ASEE Summer Faculty Research Program** for university faculty members to work for ten weeks with professional peers in participating Navy laboratories on research of mutual interest.

- The **NRL/United States Naval Academy (USNA) Cooperative Program for Scientific Interchange** allows faculty members of the U.S. Naval Academy to participate in NRL research. This collaboration benefits the Academy by providing the opportunity for USNA faculty members to work on research of a more practical or applied nature. In turn, NRL's research program is strengthened by the available scientific and engineering expertise of the USNA faculty.

- The **National Defense Science and Engineering Graduate Fellowship Program** helps U.S. citizens obtain advanced training in disciplines of science and engineering critical to the U.S. Navy. The three-year program awards fellowships to recent outstanding graduates to support their study and research leading to doctoral degrees in specified disciplines such as electrical engineering, computer sciences, material sciences, applied physics, and ocean engineering. Award recipients are encour-

aged to continue their study and research in a Navy laboratory during the summer.

For further information about the above programs, contact (202) 404-7450.

- The **Professional Development Program for Ensigns** assigns newly commissioned ensigns who are awaiting future training to NRL, working in areas of their own choosing commensurate with their academic qualifications. These young officers provide a fruitful summer of research assistance while gaining valuable experience in the Navy's R&D program.

For more information, contact the Military Administrative Office at (202) 767-2103.

Professional Appointments

- **Faculty Member Appointments** use the special skills and abilities of faculty members for short periods to fill positions of a scientific, engineering, professional, or analytical nature.

- **Consultants and experts** are employed because they are outstanding in their fields of specialization, or because they possess ability of a rare nature and could not normally be employed as regular civil servants.

- **Intergovernmental Personnel Act Appointments** temporarily assign personnel from state or local government or an educational institution to the federal government (or vice versa) to improve public services rendered by all levels of government.

Undergraduate and Graduate Student Programs

The student programs are tailored to undergraduate and graduate students to provide employment opportunities and work experience in naval research. These programs are designed to attract applicants for student and full professional employment in fields such as engineering, physics, mathematics, oceanography, meteorology, and computer

science. The student employment programs are designed to help students and the educational institutions gain a better understanding of NRL's research, its challenges, and its opportunities. The employment programs for college students include the following:

- The **Student Career Experience Program** (formerly known as Cooperative Education Program) employs students in study-related occupations. The program is conducted in accordance with a planned schedule and a working agreement between NRL, the educational institution, and the student. Primary focus is on students pursuing bachelor's degrees in engineering, computer science, or the physical sciences.

- The **Student Temporary Employment Program (STEP)** enables students to earn a salary while continuing their studies and offers them valuable work experience.

- The **Summer Employment Program** employs students for the summer in paraprofessional and technician positions in engineering, physical sciences, computer sciences, and mathematics.

- The **Student Volunteer Program** helps students gain valuable experience by allowing them to voluntarily perform educationally related work at NRL.

For additional information on these undergraduate and graduate student programs, contact (202) 767-8313.

High School Student Programs

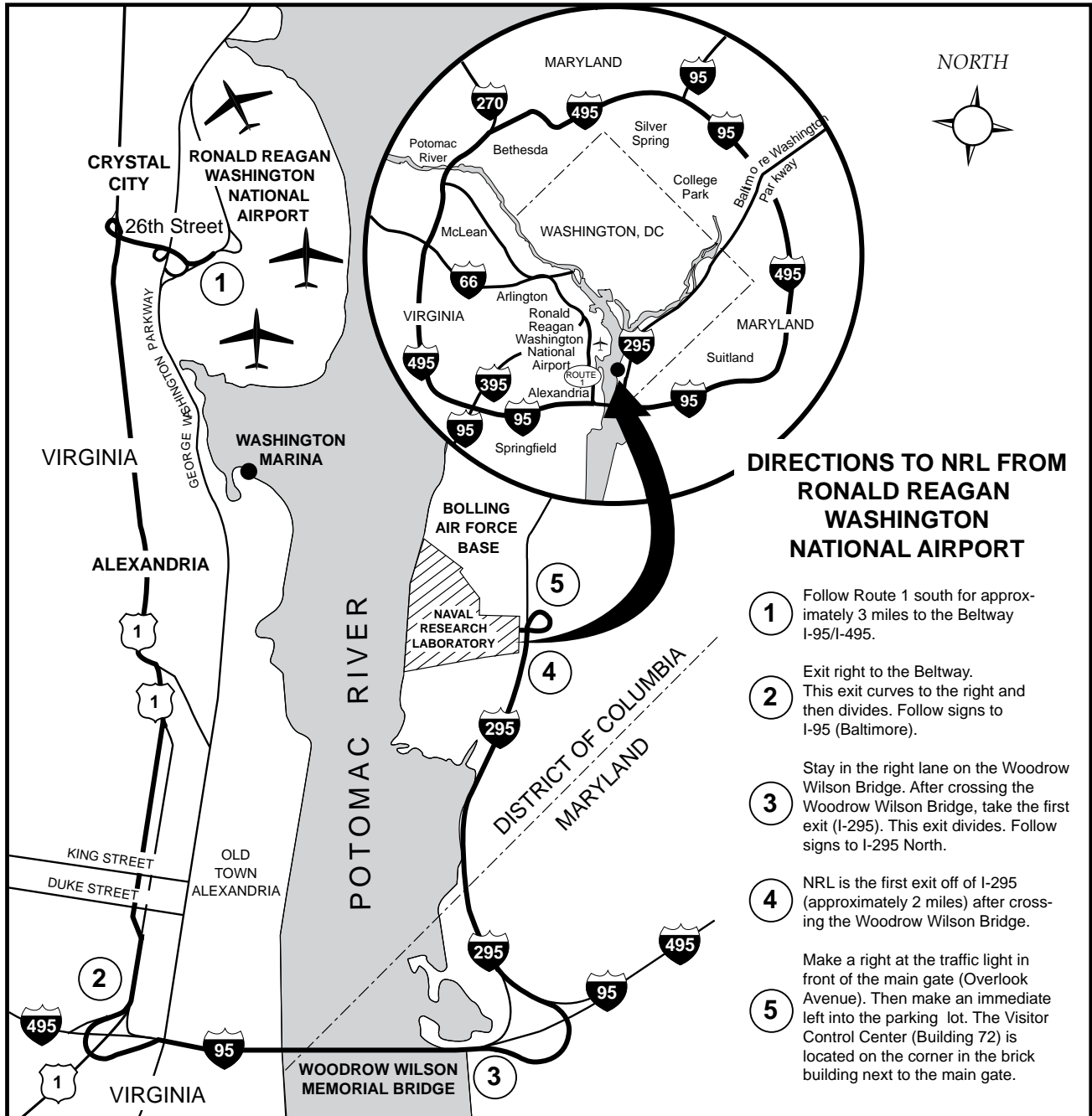
- The **DoD Science & Engineering Apprentice Program (SEAP)** employs high school juniors and seniors to serve for eight weeks as junior research associates. Under the direction of a mentor, students gain a better understanding of research, its challenges, and its opportunities through participation in scientific programs. Criteria for eligibility are based on science and mathematics courses completed and grades achieved; scientific motivation, curiosity, and capacity for sustained hard work; a desire for a technical career; teacher recommendations; and achievement test scores. The NRL program is the lead program and the largest in DoD.

Prospective mentors desiring additional information on this program, please contact the Employee Relations Branch at (202) 767-2957.

Students desiring additional information on this program may call the American Society for Engineering Education Coordinator's Office at (202) 331-3509.

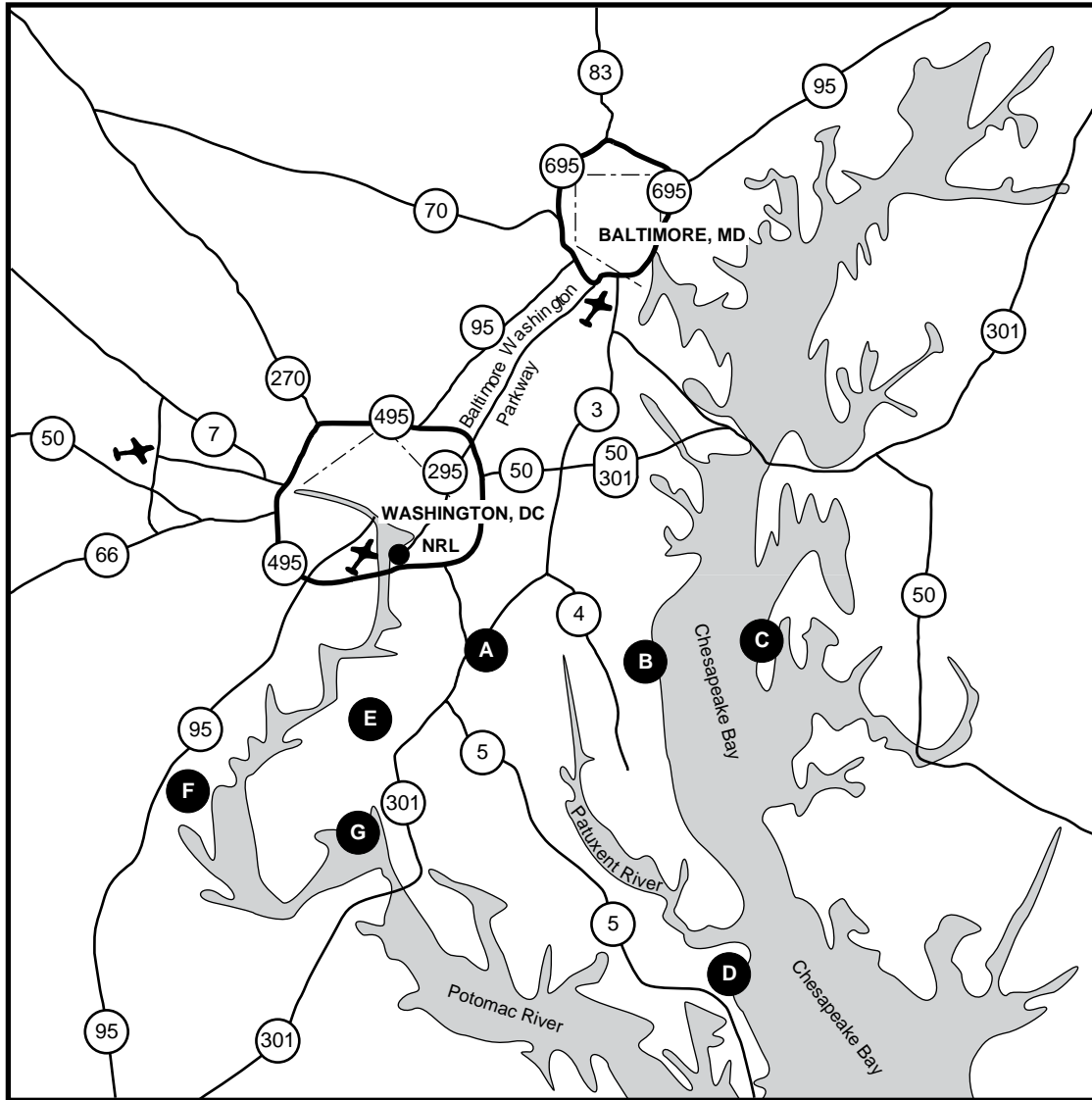
General Information

Naval Research Laboratory (Washington, DC)



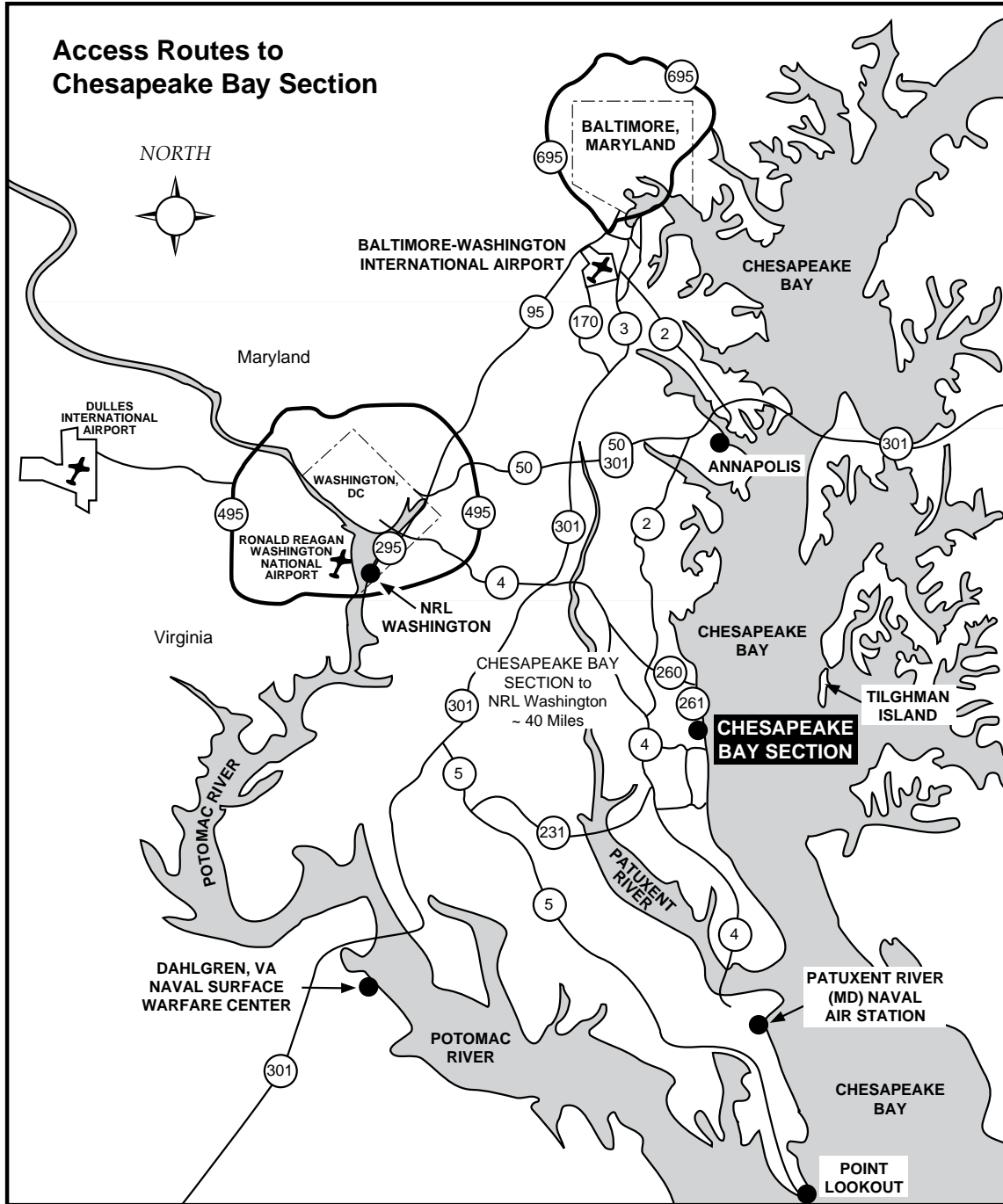
Naval Research Laboratory
4555 Overlook Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20375-5320
(202) 767-3200 – DSN 297-3200

Location of Field Sites in the NRL Washington Area



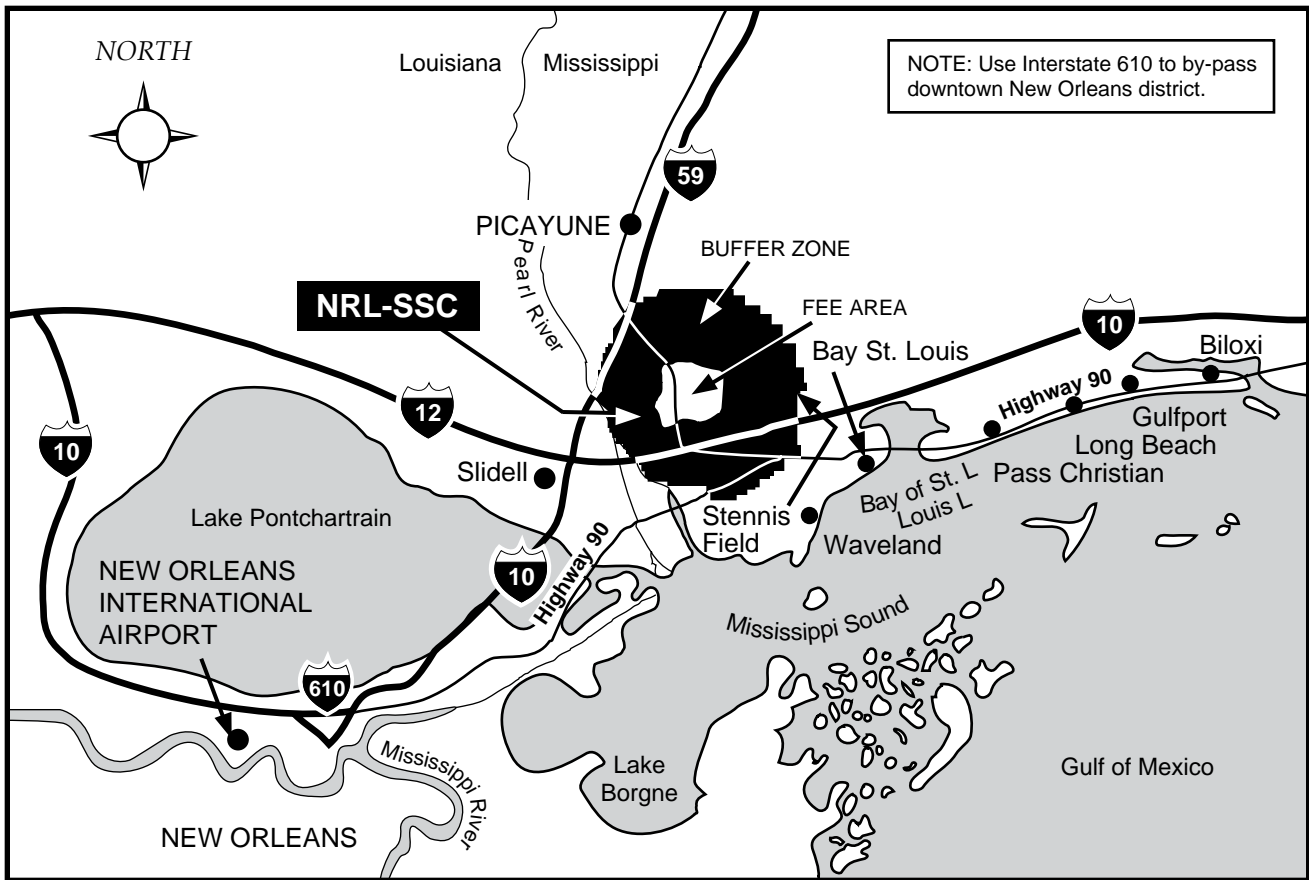
<u>Location</u>	<u>Approximate Mileage from NRL Washington</u>	<u>Cognizant Code</u>
A - Brandywine, MD	28	3520
B - Chesapeake Bay Section, Chesapeake Beach, MD	40	3522
C - Tilghman Island, MD	110	3522
D - Patuxent River (MD) Naval Air Station	64	1600
E - Pomonkey, MD	20	8124
F - Midway Research Center, Quantico, VA	38	8140
G - Blossom Point, MD	40	8140

Chesapeake Bay Section (Chesapeake Beach, Maryland)



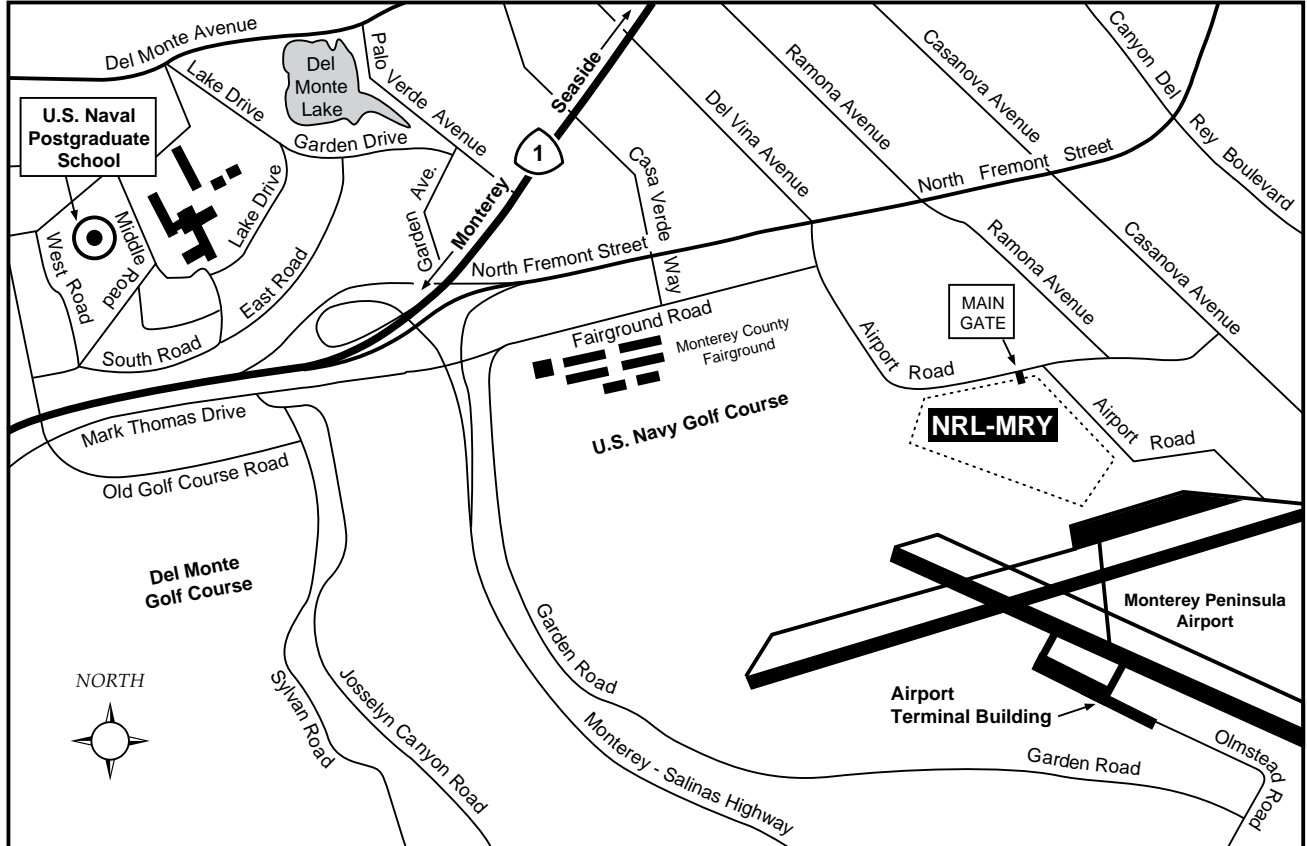
Naval Research Laboratory
 Chesapeake Bay Section
 5813 Bayside Road
 Chesapeake Beach, MD 20732
 (301) 257-4002

John C. Stennis Space Center (Stennis Space Center, Mississippi)



Naval Research Laboratory
John C. Stennis Space Center
Stennis Space Center, MS 39529-5004
(228) 688-3390

Naval Research Laboratory Monterey (Monterey, California)



Naval Research Laboratory
Marine Meteorology Division
7 Grace Hopper Avenue
Monterey, CA 93943-5502
(831) 656-4721

Key Personnel

DSN: NRL Washington 297- or 754-; NRL/SSC 828-; NRL/Monterey 878-;
NRL FSD/Patuxent River 342-

Code **Telephone**

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORATE

1000	Commanding Officer	(202) 767-3403
1000.1	Inspector General	(202) 767-3621
1001	Director of Research	(202) 767-3301
1001.1	Executive Assistant	(202) 767-2445
1001.2	Head, Strategic Workforce Planning	(202) 767-3421
1001.3	Executive Assistant for Technology Deployment	(202) 767-0851
1002	Chief Staff Officer	(202) 767-3621
1003	Administrative Resources Manager	(202) 767-3091
1004	Head, Office of Technology Transfer	(202) 767-3083
1006	Head, Office of Program Administration and Policy Development	(202) 767-1312
1008	Head, Office of Counsel	(202) 767-2244
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1200	Head, Command Support Division	(202) 767-3621
1220	Head, Security Branch	(202) 767-0793
1400	Head, Military Support Division	(202) 767-2273
1600	Commanding Officer, Scientific Development Squadron One (PAX River NAS)	(301) 342-3751
1800	Director, Human Resources Office	(202) 767-8322
1830	Deputy Equal Employment Opportunity Officer	(202) 767-8390
3005	Deputy for Small Business	(202) 767-0666
3540	Head, Safety Branch	(202) 767-2232

BUSINESS OPERATIONS DIRECTORATE

3000	Associate Director of Research for Business Operations	(202) 767-2371
3005	Deputy for Small Business	(202) 767-0666
3030	Head, Management Information Systems Office	(202) 404-3659
3200	Head, Contracting Division	(202) 767-5227
3300	Head, Financial Management Division	(202) 767-3405
3400	Head, Supply and Information Services Division	(202) 767-3446
3500	Director, Research and Development Services Division	(202) 404-4054

SYSTEMS DIRECTORATE

5000	Associate Director of Research for Systems	(202) 767-3525
5007	Consultant	(202) 404-4004
5300	Superintendent, Radar Division	(202) 404-2700
5500	Superintendent, Information Technology Division/NRL Chief Information Officer*	(202) 767-2903
5600	Superintendent, Optical Sciences Division	(202) 767-3171
5700	Superintendent, Tactical Electronic Warfare Division	(202) 767-6278

MATERIALS SCIENCE AND COMPONENT TECHNOLOGY DIRECTORATE

6000	Associate Director of Research for Materials Science and Component Technology	(202) 767-3566
6030	Chief Scientist, Laboratory for Structure of Matter	(202) 767-2665
6100	Superintendent, Chemistry Division	(202) 767-3026
6300	Superintendent, Materials Science and Technology Division	(202) 767-2926
6400	Chief Scientist and Director, Laboratory for Computational Physics and Fluid Dynamics	(202) 767-3055
6700	Superintendent, Plasma Physics Division	(202) 767-2723
6800	Superintendent, Electronics Science and Technology Division	(202) 767-3693
6900	Director, Center for Bio/Molecular Science and Engineering	(202) 404-6000

*Additional duty

DSN: NRL Washington 297- or 754-; NRL/SSC 828-; NRL/Monterey 878-;
NRL FSD/Patuxent River 342-

Code		Telephone
OCEAN AND ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DIRECTORATE		
7000	Associate Director of Research for Ocean and Atmospheric Science and Technology	(202) 404-8690
7005	Military Deputy	(202) 404-8162
7030	Head, Office of Research Support Services	(228) 688-4650
7100	Superintendent, Acoustics Division	(202) 767-3482
7105	Naval Science (Acoustics) Research Coordinator	(202) 767-3643
7200	Superintendent, Remote Sensing Division	(202) 404-7877
7205	Military Deputy	(202) 767-4132
7300	Superintendent, Oceanography Division	(228) 688-4670
7305	Military Deputy	(228) 688-4013
7400	Superintendent, Marine Geosciences Division	(228) 688-4650
7405	Military Deputy	(228) 688-5404
7500	Superintendent, Marine Meteorology Division	(831) 656-4721
7505	Military Deputy	(831) 656-4782
7600	Superintendent, Space Science Division	(202) 767-1312
7603	Space Test Program Officer	(505) 846-8704
NAVAL CENTER FOR SPACE TECHNOLOGY		
8000	Director, Naval Center for Space Technology	(202) 767-6547
8100	Superintendent, Space Systems Development Department	(202) 767-0410
8200	Superintendent, Spacecraft Engineering Department	(202) 767-6411

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December 2008

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "P.C. Stewart".

Paul C. Stewart, Captain, USN
Commanding Officer