



# APPLE

# Raytheon

# Adaptive Photonic Phase Locked Elements - An Overview -

Presented by

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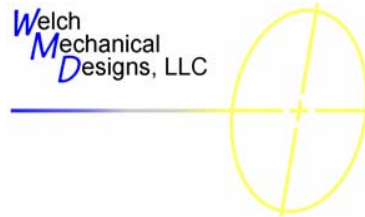
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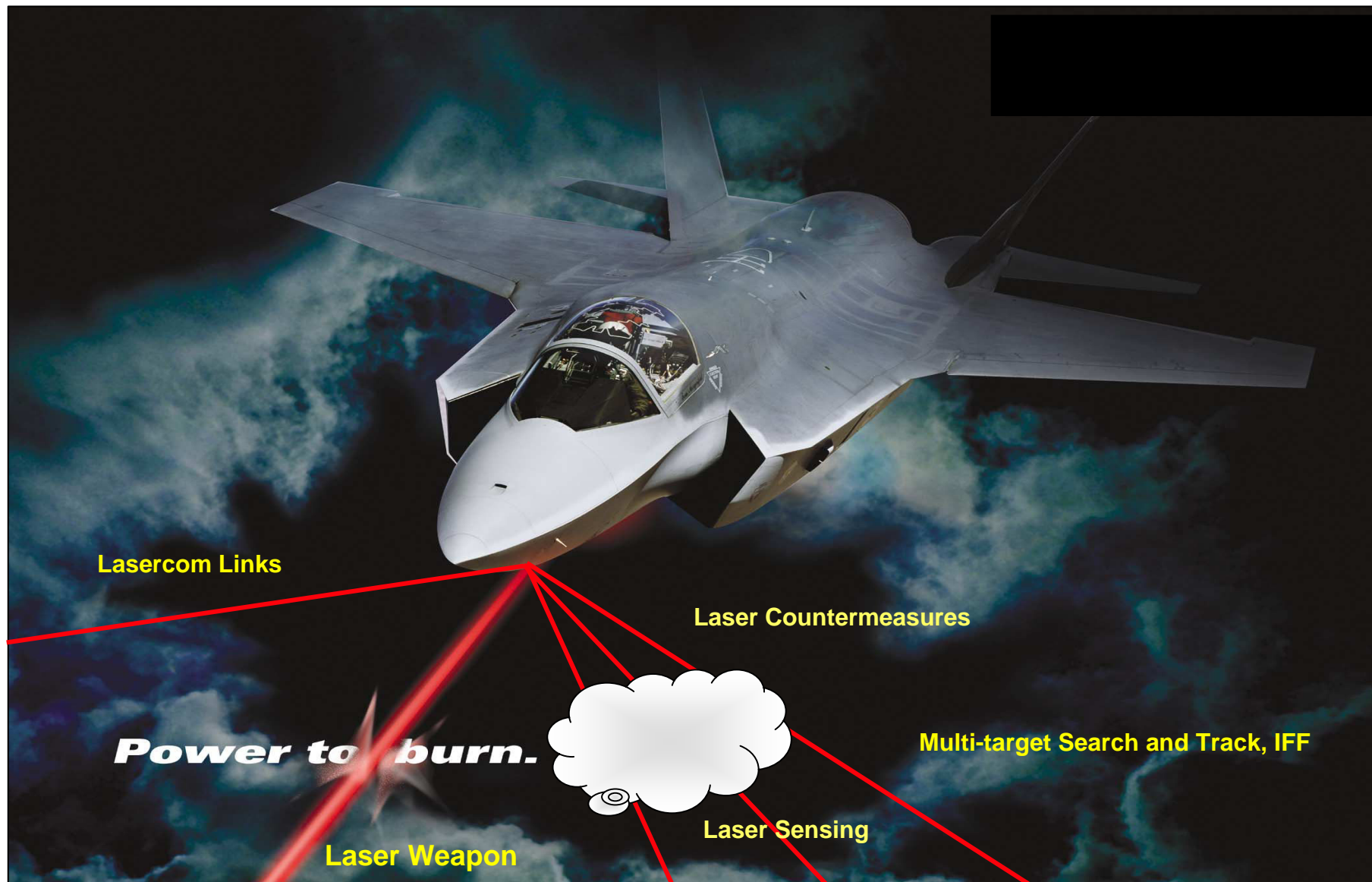
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# APPLE Vision: Multi-function EO Sensor/Weapons Beam Control

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# APPLE Scenario

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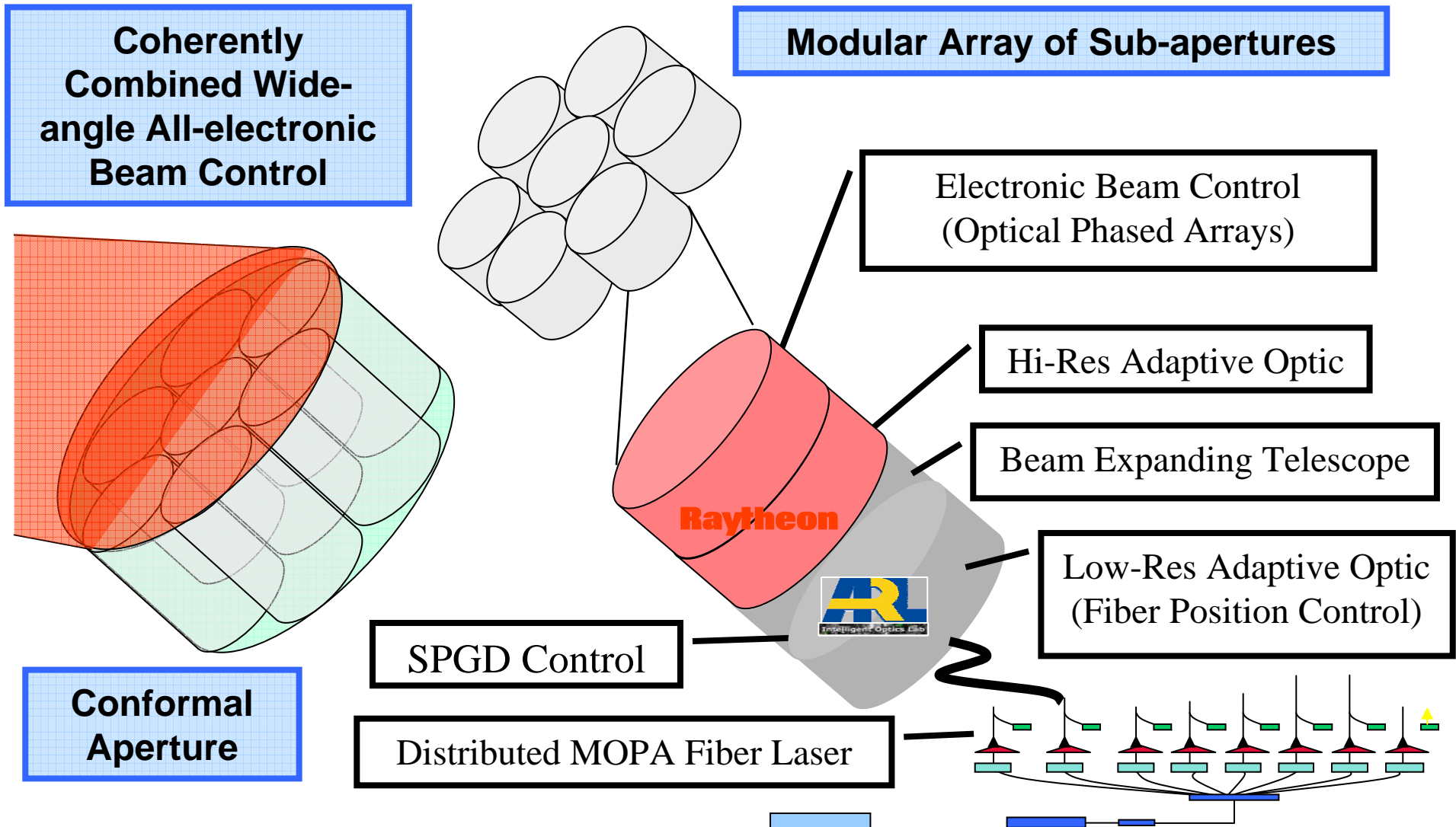




# APPLE Architecture

## - A Phased Array of Phased Arrays -

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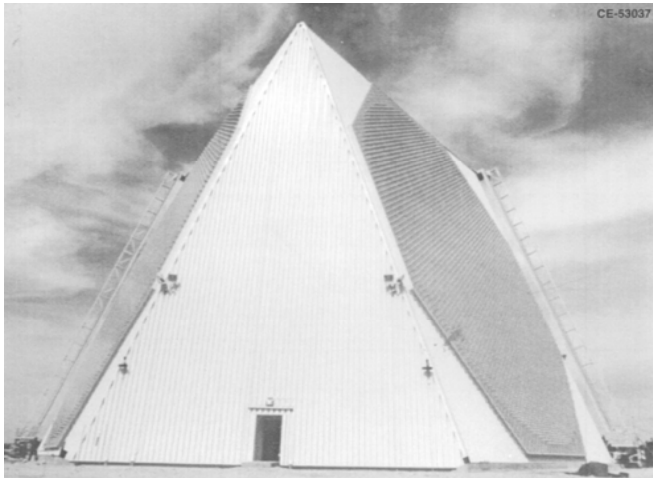




# OPA: An Optical Analog of Microwave Phased Arrays

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### PAVE PAWS Phased Array Radar



7,000 Phase Shifters, 35 Foot Array

Brings to EO systems the enhanced functionality & mission flexibility that microwave phased arrays brought to RF systems

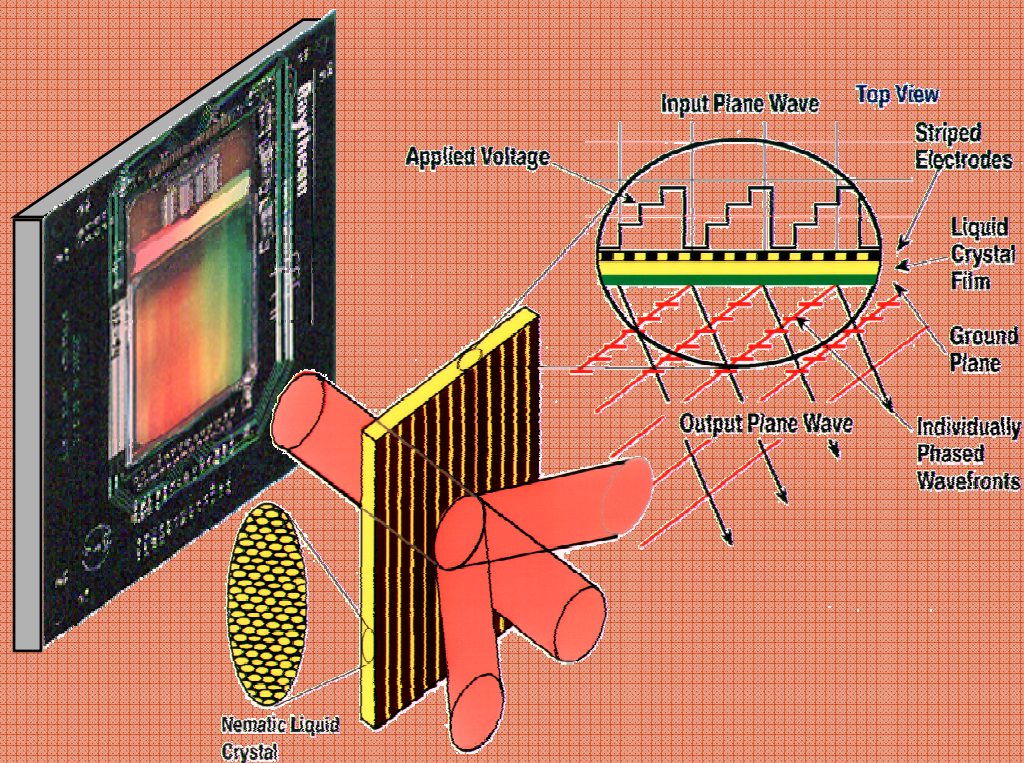
- Beam Steering
- Multiple-beam Generation
- Electronic Focus

### Optical Phased Array (OPA)



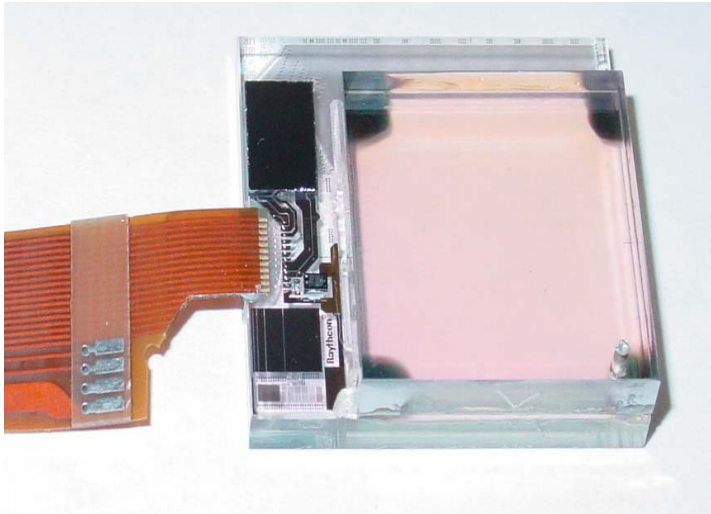
10,000 Phase Shifters, 4 cm Array

## How Does an Optical Phased Array Work?



- Raytheon invented and developed the OPA to give electro-optic sensors the advantages of phased array antennas
  - The OPA modifies the phase front across an aperture through photo-lithographically patterned liquid crystal phase shifters
  - Cascaded orthogonal cells provide azimuth and elevation steering
- An OPA is the optical analog of a microwave phased array antenna. It controls laser beams electronically.
  - Non-mechanical beam control has been the “holy grail” of optical beam steering
  - Optical wavelengths are 10,000 × smaller than RF; OPA’s are 10,000 times smaller than microwave arrays
  - A Pave Paws antenna with the angular accuracy equivalent to an OPA would have to be 20 miles in diameter

## Optical Phased Array



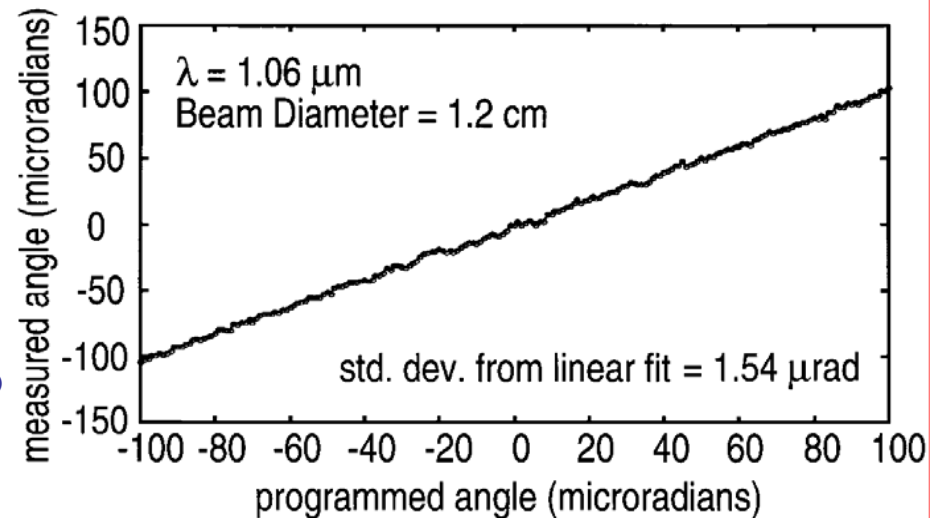
## Conditions:

- Wavelength: 1.06 microns
- Beam diameter ( $1/e^2$ ): 1.2 cm
- Far-field spot size: 105  $\mu\text{rad}$
- Angular position determined by centroiding beam spot on a FPA

## Results:

- 1.5  $\mu\text{rad}$  rms noise on otherwise strictly linear, open-loop response
- Smallest detectable motions correspond to 1.5% of far-field spot size
- RF rule of thumb is  $1/100^{\text{th}}$  spot motions
- Data are actually limited by system vibrations

## Open-loop Data





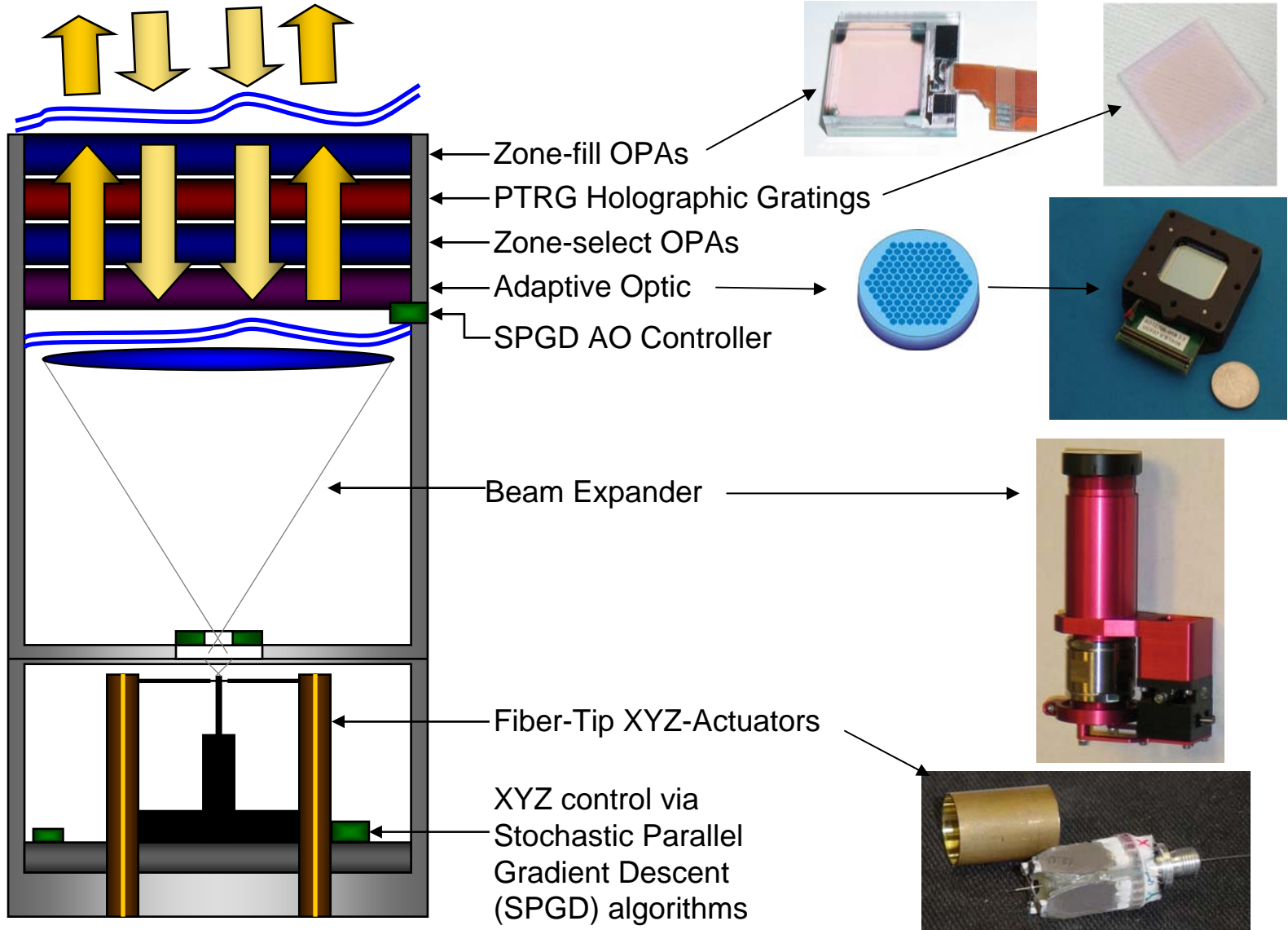


# Aperture Module



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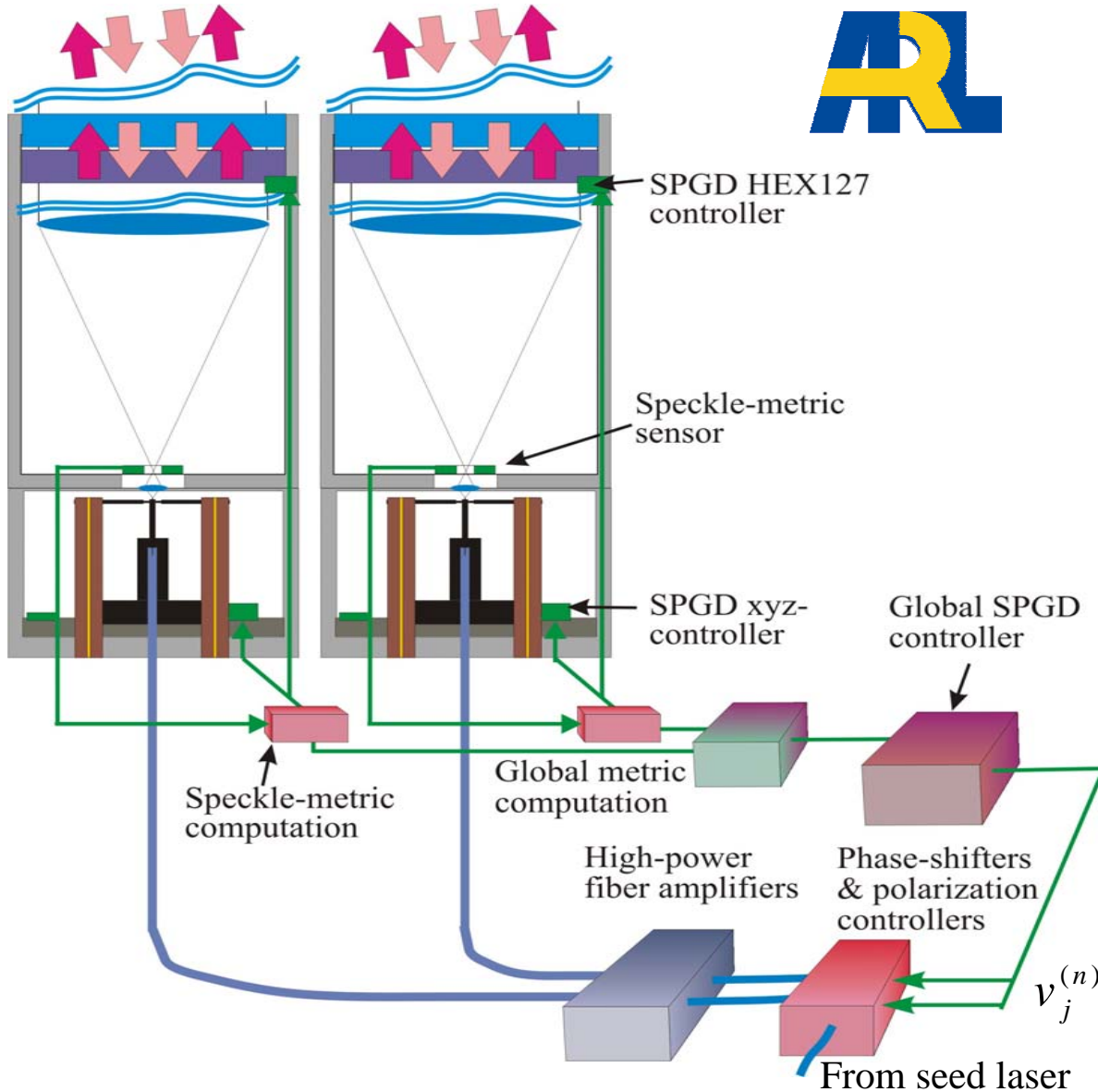
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# APPLE: Control Concept

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**APPLE Transceiver operation with a non-cooperative target**

Directed energy applications

Global metric: Speckle-metric

$$J_{ph} = \sum_{j=1}^M J_j$$

Phase-locking algorithm

$$v_j^{(n+1)} = v_j^{(n)} + \gamma \tilde{J}_j^{(n)}$$

Local metric: Local speckle-metric

$$J_j$$

Aberration compensation algorithm

$$u_j^{(n+1)} = u_j^{(n)} + \gamma \delta u_j^{(n)} \delta J_j^{(n)}$$



# Componentry Developed **Raytheon**

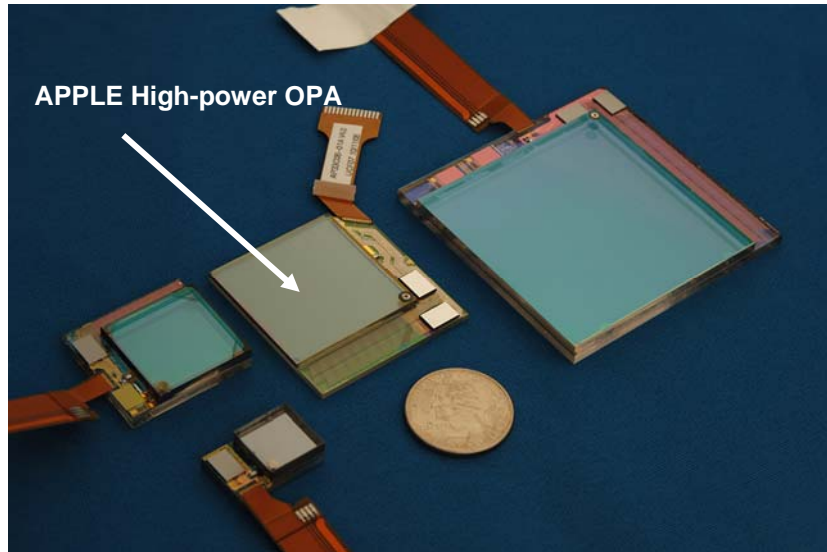
Component	Developer	Special Capabilities
Spatial Phase Modulator for Adaptive Optics	Raytheon	127 Pixels in Transmission-mode format 500 Hz Frame Rate High power capability (kW class)



# APPLE Componentry

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## Large-aperture Optical Phased Arrays



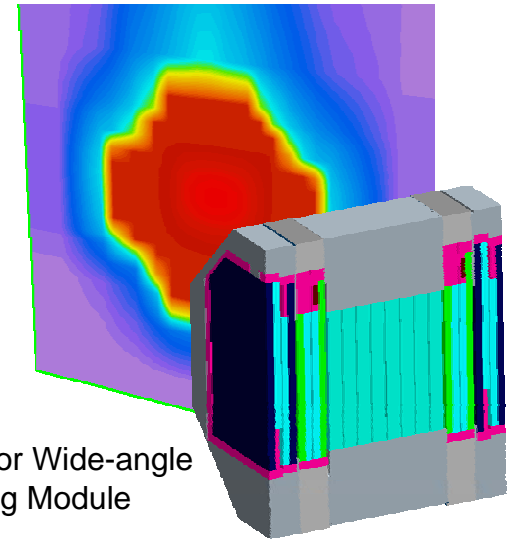
## Aperture Thermal Model at 1 kW

Demonstrates acceptable temperatures and gradients for Phase 1 components

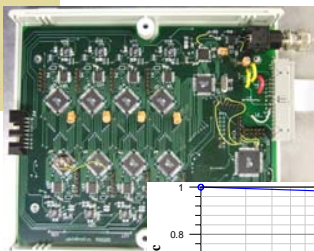


Prototype OPA's Tested to 113 W

Package Design for Wide-angle Beam Steering Module



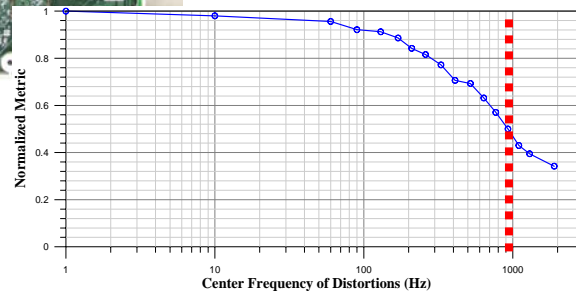
## 20 kHz closed-loop Phase-locking demonstration (7 channels)



**Electronics**  
Phase-locking SPGD micro-processor; update rate  $10^4$  iterations/sec



**Components Development**  
Fiber-tip tip/tilt actuators:  
100  $\mu$ m amplitude,  
3 kHz bandwidth



## Adaptive Optic Spatial Phase Modulator



127 Pixels

kW Class

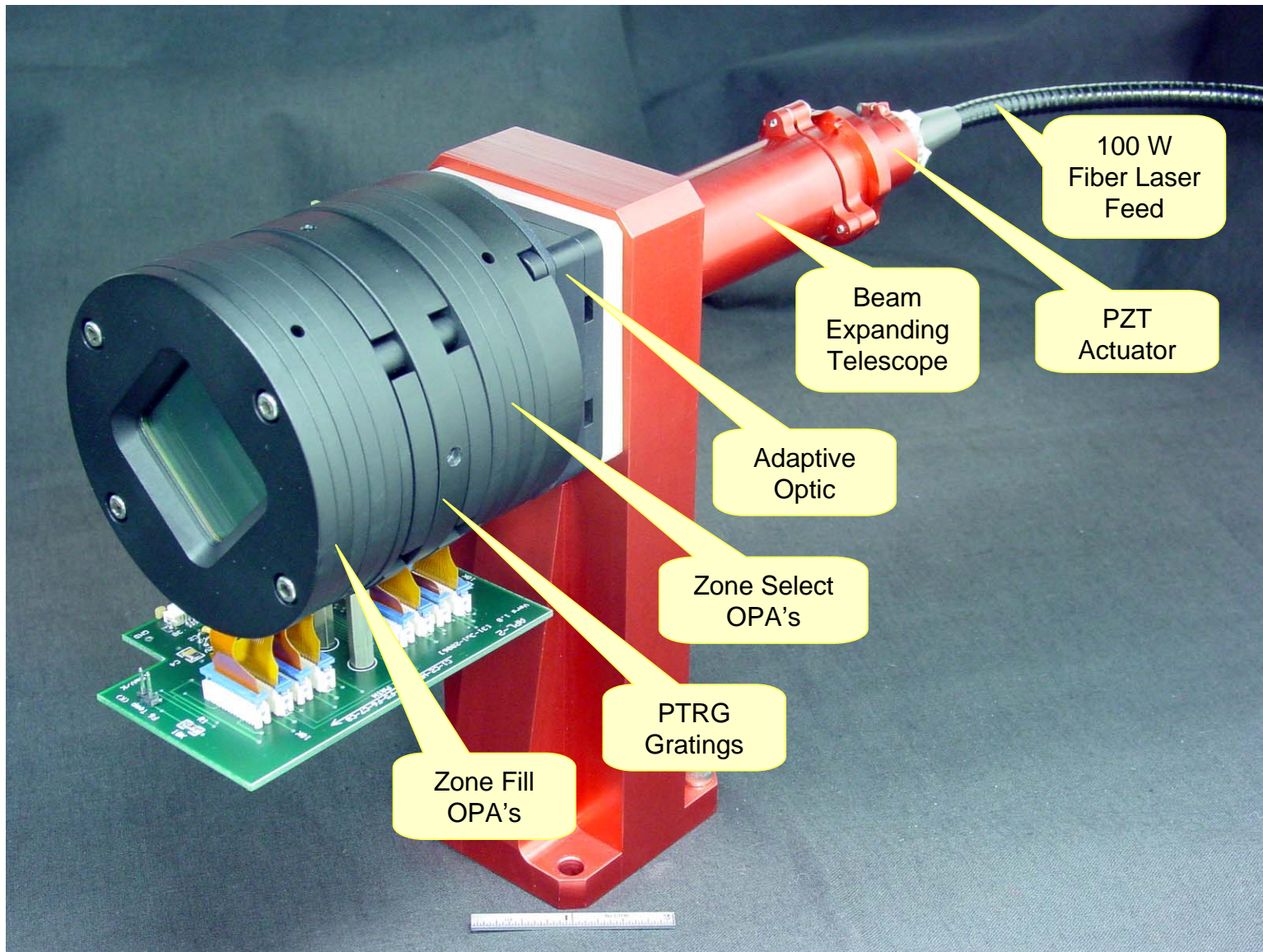
300 Hz Frame Rate



# APPLE Prototype Aperture

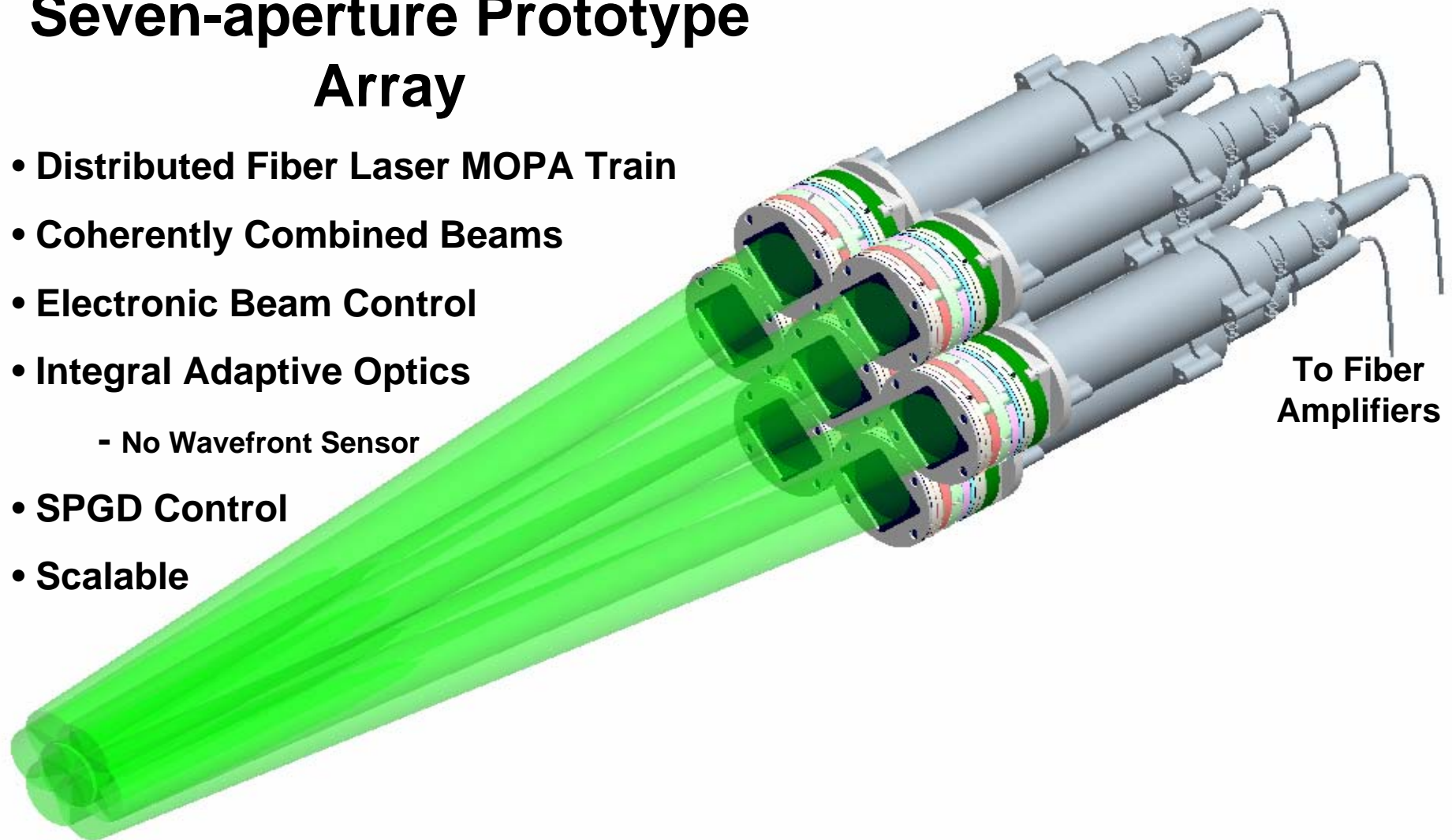


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## Seven-aperture Prototype Array

- Distributed Fiber Laser MOPA Train
- Coherently Combined Beams
- Electronic Beam Control
- Integral Adaptive Optics
  - No Wavefront Sensor
- SPGD Control
- Scalable

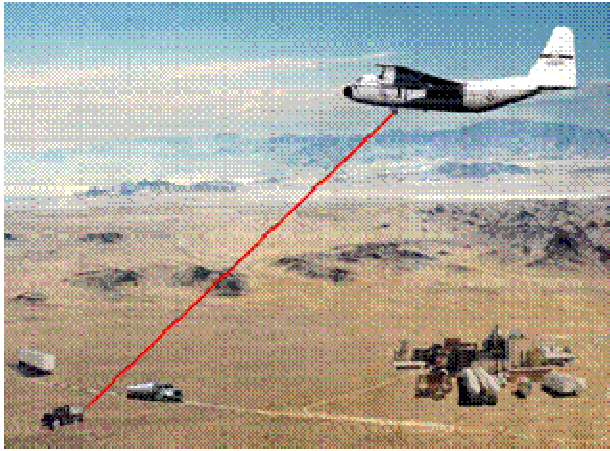




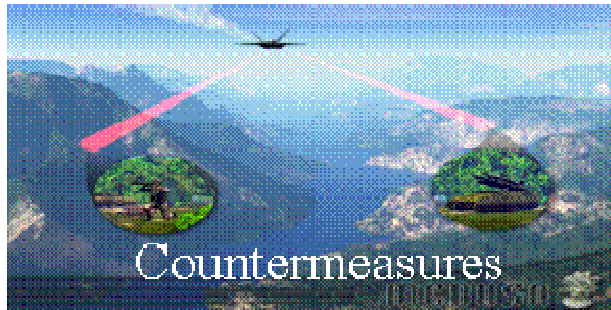
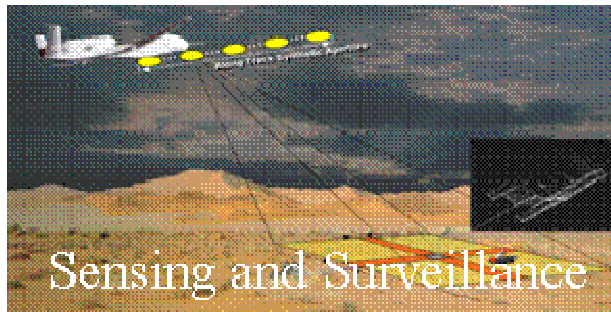
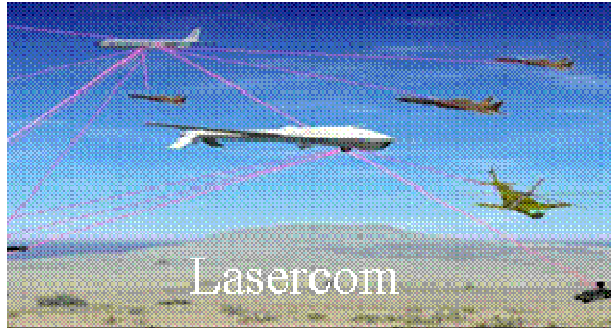
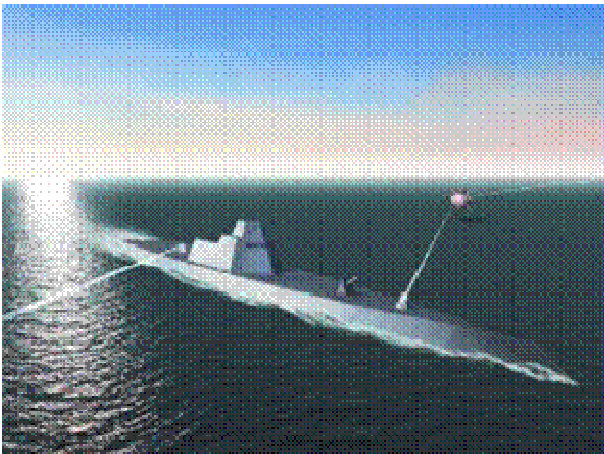
# APPLE: Beam Control for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century

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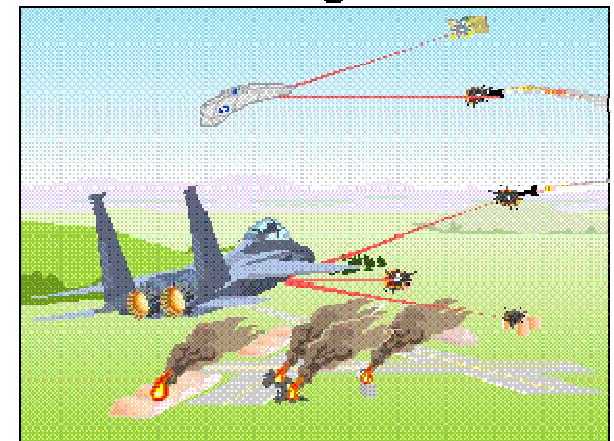
### ATL



### Naval HEL



### HEL Fighter



### M- THEL





# Summary



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## APPLE is a revolutionary approach to EO beam control

- **Revolutionary Architecture**

- Coherent beam control with no moving parts
- Distributed apertures, distributed laser train, distributed control system
- Simple SPGD control
- Built in compensation for aberrations
- Modular, Adaptive, and Flexible

- **Enabling Mission Attributes**

- Conformal
- Scales to high powers
- Scales to large apertures
- Offers order-of-magnitude SWaP savings over conventional systems
- Advantageous to a wide variety of programmable Multi-function systems

