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12. DISTRIBUTION / /		AENT		<b>I</b>			
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**Final Technical Report** 

# Portable Diode Laser Diagnostic System for Collaborative Research on Air-breathing Combustion

AFOSR Grant F49620-02-1-0286

Prepared for

AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

For the Period

June 1, 2002 to May 31, 2002

July 1, 2003

Submitted by

R. K. Hanson, Principal Investigator Department of Mechanical Engineering Stanford University Bldg 530, Room 112 Stanford, CA 94305-3030

HIGH TEMPERATURE GASDYNAMICS LABORATORY Mechanical Engineering Department Stanford University

## Portable Diode Laser Diagnostic System for Collaborative Research on Air-breathing Combustion

Ronald Hanson Department of Mechanical Engineering Stanford University, Stanford, CA 94305

#### EQUIPMENT ACQUIRED

Table 1 lists the equipment purchased by the DURIP Grant, Portable Diode Laser Diagnostic System for Collaborative Research on Air-breathing Combustion, AFOSR Grant F49620-02-1-0286 and matching funds from Stanford University Cost Sharing Accounts. This contract covered the period June 1, 2002 to May 31, 2002.

#### **RESEARCH SUMMARY**

Laser-based diagnostics measurements have enabled extraordinary advances in our understanding of the reactive flows during the past two decades. This understanding has led to the design and testing of new propulsion and aero-engine concepts. Modern propulsion test facilities are now commonly equipped with laser-based tools for flow visualization, spray characterization, and planar laser-induced fluorescence measurements of temperature, fuel mixing, and combustion intermediate species.

The development of inexpensive, rugged, solid-state laser sources by the telecommunications industry has led to a new revolution in practical and portable sensors for high-speed reacting flows. Simultaneous multi-parameter measurements using diode laser-based sensors now offer prospects for real-time combustion control. This equipment grant has provided equipment enabling research on portable sensors based on multiplexed telecommunications diode lasers. In addition, this grant provided equipment to extend the available wavelengths in the infrared and ultraviolet.

This equipment grant was focused on four areas: 1) portable diode laser sensors with new fiber-coupled diode lasers and the support equipment to provide higher power with extended wavelength tuning range and speed, 2) agile wavelength tuning to cover a broader wavelength region, 3) new wavelength sources for the ultraviolet to expand the wavelengths available for sensor strategy research, and 4) portable data acquisition and laser control electronics. The equipment list in Table 1 shows the distribution of expenses in these three focus areas.

This new equipment has allowed important expansion of our current studies. In particular, the portable diode laser sensor system assembled using this new equipment was used for experiments at Wright-Patterson AFB. Figure 1 illustrates the sensor used in the gas turbine combustor sector test rig to measure gas temperature using water vapor

absorption. Figure 2 shows the first-ever diode laser absorption measurements inside a gas turbine combustor sector; in this case of water vapor concentration and temperature.



Laser detectors

Figure 2. Temperature measured by the diode laser sensor varies with position with respect to the fuel injectors in the gas turbine combustor sector.

A similar experimental arrangement was also successful to measure time-resolved temperature in the scramjet combustor test rig at Wright-Patterson AFB. The collaboration with the scramjet team is continuing, and we anticipate additional measurement campaigns in the future.

We recently developed a new approach to UV absorption-based temperature sensing based on our recent discovery of strong temperature dependence in the  $CO_2$  absorption cross-section. Initial tests of this strategy in the Stanford PDE are extremely encouraging; these measurements were enabled by the new high-power VUV lamp purchased on this equipment grant. Most recently the new cw 266 nm laser source funded by this grant was used to investigate absorption in shock-heated flows. The initial measurements are also quite encouraging; this source may prove a robust tool for routine absorption measurements in combustion flows.

Finally, the fabrication of a new spectroscopic data validation facility consisting of a new three-zone oven and test cells with gas mixture and pressure control is nearing completion. This facility will enable us to investigate the high temperature and elevated pressure spectroscopy needed to develop practical optical sensors to combustion and propulsion flows and provide controlled test conditions.

ExpenditureFabrication	Cost (\$)
Portable IR Laser Sensors	51,700
Agile Wavelength Tuning	97,400
Expanded Wavelength Range-UV	57,500
Portable Data Acquisition	29,900
TOTAL	\$236,500
Stanford University Contribution (10%)	\$ 23,650
Total AFOSR funds	\$212,850

### TABLE 1: Portable Diode Laser Diagnostic System for Collaborative Research on Air-breathing Combustion (Fabrication)