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B-1 ENGINEERING RESEARCH SIMULATOR (ERS) DATA LINK STUDY

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| per target or threat, and Subjectiv | | | |
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| | | | freetext modes were compared in the |
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Link 16 data format was designated on October 18, 1994, as the Department of Defense primary data link for all Service and Defense Agency C3I and weapon system applications. In preparation for the integration of Link 16 into the B-1, the B-1 System Program Office requested the Crew Station Evaluation Facility to perform a series of human-in-the-loop studies evaluating B-1 Link 16 system human interface.

The primary objectives of this evaluation were to 1) establish a B-1 defensive and offensive station base line performance using audio tasking, and 2) compare the base line performance with performance for a freetext message and an integrated mode. This study looked at interface issues, not specific hardware. Two part-tasks, re-targeting (Offensive System Officer (OSO)) and threat updating (Defensive System Officer (DSO)), were used. Due to experimental constraints, only two modes, audio and freetext, were tested for the DSO task. The dependent measures for both tasks were key strokes per target or threat, time per target or threat, errors per target or threat, and Subjective Workload Analysis Technique (SWAT). The OSO and DSO tasks were analyzed separately.

The repeated measures Multivariate Analysis of Variance (MANOVA) for the OSO task showed the integrated mode was significantly (p<0.05) lower for number of strokes, time, errors and workload than the audio or freetext modes. Subjective rank ordering of the three modes indicated the Weapon System Officers (WSOs) unanimous preference for the integrated mode.

For the DSO task, the MANOVAs for strokes and time showed significant (p<0.05) main effects for modes. The main effects for error and workload were not significant (p<0.05). The number of strokes was higher for the freetext compared to the audio mode, but the time to accomplish the task was less. Although more strokes were required, the compactness of the task permitted more efficiency and, thus, the lower time.

The results support the conclusion that the integrated mode significantly decreased the number of strokes, time, and errors to accomplish the retargeting task, and was the preferred mode by the WSOs. Also, the lower SWAT scores suggest a lower workload associated with the integrated mode. The integrated mode is recommended for the OSO and DSO stations.

1. INTRODUCTION

The success of future battlefield operations will depend on how efficiently forces attack an extremely complex array of targets while at the same time countering a diverse set of threats, including advanced offensive information warfare capabilities. Battlefield success will be achieved through the integration of ground and airborne weapons systems via digital data links. Real-time, high capacity data transfer between weapons platforms and Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (C4ISR) systems are required for more effective battle management as the density of the air combat environment increases. As conditions change during mission execution, both air and ground crews require an effective capability to exploit new and updated information from off-board sensors.

Joint Tactical Information Distribution System (JTIDS) or Link-16 (the NATO term for JTIDS) is the backbone for the United States Navy and Air Force air and maritime operations. The Link-16 terminal implements the Tactical Digital Information Link-J (TADIL-J) message standard. Its architecture provides a common communications net to a large community of airborne and surface elements within line-of-sight. The Link 16 data format was designated on October 18, 1994, as the Department of Defense (DoD) primary data link for all Service and Defense Agency C3I and weapon system applications.

JTIDS and Multi-functional Information Distribution System (MIDS), in conjunction with a host system, support the exchange of joint approved Military Standard (MIL-STD) 6016 Tactical Digital Information Link (TADIL) J messages. JTIDS and MIDS, in addition to fixed format messages, are capable of freetext messages and variable message formats.

In preparation for the integration of Link 16 into the B-1, the B-1 SPO requested the CSEF to perform a human-in-the-loop study evaluating human performance differences between the audio tasking of the Weapon System Officer (WSO) and his/her tasking using the Link 16 digital message system.

1.1 TEST OBJECTIVE

This is the first in a series of studies to look at the B-1 controls and displays relative to implementing the Link 16 in the B-1. The primary objectives of this evaluation were to 1) establish a B-1 offensive and defensive station base line performance using audio tasking, and 2) compare the base line performance with two levels of data link performance. The base line condition was compared to 1) digital freetext message with operator manual input, and 2) digital data link message integrated into the B-1B avionics system. This study evaluated the B-1 data link human interface; it did not evaluate hardware per se.

2. METHOD

2.1 SUBJECTS

Eleven Weapon System Officers (WSO) participated in the evaluation. All subjects were qualified B-1 WSOs and represented a random sample. Total flying hours ranged from 650 to 4000 hours with an average of 2507 hours. B-1 specific flying time ranged from 250 to 2250 hours with a mean of 1170 hours. The mean age was 34.9 years.

2.2 APPARATUS

2.2.1 Crew Station Evaluation Facility (CSEF)

The Crew Station Evaluation Facility is an Air Force human-in-the-loop simulation facility managed and operated by the Crew Systems Branch (ASC/ENFC) under the Flight Systems Engineering Division (ASC/ENF). ASC/ENF is part of the Engineering Directorate (ASC/EN) at Wright-Patterson AFB. CSEF is a customer-funded facility that supports System Program Offices in their acquisition engineering through crewmember – vehicle interface evaluations using human-in-the-loop real-time simulation. Currently, the CSEF has the capability to perform full and part mission simulations for a variety of aircraft including the F-22, F-16, B-1, KC-135 and T-38.

2.2.2 Test Bed

The B-1 Engineering Research Simulator (ERS) is supported by the B-1 SPO (ASC/YDE) and operated and maintained by CSEF. The B-1 ERS contains the pilot, co-pilot, offensive and defensive stations. The system does not employ a motion base or a visual system. The cockpit controls and displays are currently configured in a mixture of configurations. The forward cockpit is between Block B and C, the Defensive station is Block F and Offensive station is Block E.

2.2.3 Voice Recording System

A Creative Technology Ltd. Wave Studio, version 3.2.1.0, recorded the voice messages for the audio condition. The same male voice recorded all messages. The voice messages simulated an AWACS controller directing the OSO to update the target information or the DSO to update the threat data. The presentation of the recorded message was automatically controlled by the B-1 ERS computer system. The audio message was only presented once.

In order to assess the audible intelligibility of the recorded messages and B-1 ERS headsets, the system was tested using word lists patterned after the Modified Rhyme Test. The Air Force Research Laboratory at Wright-Patterson AFB generated the word lists. A male voice recorded two separate 50-word lists for testing purposes (see Appendix A). Six subjects were tested (three subjects per word list) seated in the B-1 ERS wearing the headsets used during the study's data collection sessions. From the <u>Human Engineering Guide to Equipment Design</u> (1972, p. 174), a formula (percent correct ={number right – (number wrong/5)] x 2) was used to score the multiple choice answer sheets. In MIL-STD-1472E (1996), DOD Design Criteria Standard for Human Engineering, a 97% speech intelligibility (SI) for voice communication indicates exceptionally high intelligibility. The results of our SI test indicated an intelligibility level of 98.8%.

2.2.4 Experimenter's Console

The test engineer controlled the simulator operation and selected appropriate test parameters such as test subject number, test session number, etc., using a keyboard. The test engineer sat behind the WSO wearing a headset to monitor the audio voice messages.

2.3 TASKS

Two part-tasks were used to compare the performance for the base line audio condition and two data link configurations. These were: 1) Retargeting (OSO), and 2) Updating threats (DSO). The CSEF modified the Defensive Station Upgrade Program (DSUP) mission for the Defensive System Operator (DSO) task, and modified a mission from the B-1 Weapon Flexibility Study for the Offensive System Operator (OSO) task.

2.4 TARGETS/THREATS

Three target and three threat groupings were used. The targets/threats represented a continuum of difficulty; i.e., one target or threat for the easiest condition, a grouping of 3 targets or threats for the middle condition, and 5 targets or threats for the most difficult condition. Four different targets and four different threat sets were used to limit the number of times the subject entered the same target or threat coordinates. For example, there were four 1-target packages, four 3-target packages and four 5-target packages. The same approach applied to the threat groupings. See Appendix B for target and threat data.

2.5 AUDIO AND FREETEXT MESSAGE FORMAT

The OSO audio and/or freetext messages (FTM) were based on the 9-line In-Flight Target Assignment (ITA) format (see Table 1). While the use of additives (a predetermined value added by the crew member to the transmitted value) is operationally approved and occasionally implemented, typically, secure voice is available and; therefore, additives are not necessary. Additives were not used during this study. Only the appropriate lines of the 9-line message, as defined for this study, were used (Items # 1, 2, 3, and 4). The same information was supplied verbally (recorded message) for the audio condition. For example, the voice message for a one-target scenario was: "Strike 01. Target group 20. Change target 6. New target information as follows: Item 1: N3406.010 W11715.250, 01100. Item 2: 1225-1235. Item 3: one. Item 4: N3424.0 W11720.0." For the same one-target scenario the FTM read:

| ALERT: Target group 20 Chg target 6 | New target information as follows: |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ITEM 1: N3406.010 W11715.250 01100 | |
| ITEM 2: 1225-1235 | |
| ITEM 3: 1 | |
| ITEM 4: N3424.0 W11720.0 | |

A different format was used for the DSO messages. As an example, for a DSO task updating one threat, the subject heard the voice message "Strike 01. Badger active N3435.5 W11745.5." For the same scenario, the freetext message read: "ALERT: SA7 N3435.5 W11745.5." Code words indicated the type of threat; i.e., Badger was the code word for a SAM 7 missile.

Voice message duration for the OSO task ranged from 43.49 seconds to 127.23 seconds. For the DSO task, the voice message duration ranged from 14.5 to 71 seconds. The average message length for both tasks by target and threat grouping is presented in Table 2.

TABLE 1. IN-FLIGHT TARGET ASSIGNMENT FORMAT

ITEM 1: Target Coordinates (WGS-84), Elevation ITEM 2: Time on Target (TOT) ITEM 3: # Weapons/Interval (msec) ITEM 4: Initial Point (IP) ITEM 5: Offset Aim Point(s) (OAP) ITEM 6: Ingress ITEM 7: Egress ITEM 8: Remarks

Authentication _____

| TABLE 2. AVERAGE MESSAGE LENGTH | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| OSO TASK | AVERAGE DURATION (Seconds) | DSO TASK | AVERAGE DURATION (Seconds) | | | | |
| 1 Target 49.01 | | 1 Threat | 15.25 | | | | |
| 3 Targets | 87.93 | 3 Threats | 39.25 | | | | |
| 5 Targets | 121.46 | 5 Threats | 66.5 | | | | |

2.6 DATA LINK CONTROLS/DISPLAYS

2.6.1 OSO Controls/Displays

The task-relevant Multi-Function Display (MFD) pages were modified to provide a data link capability for the study. The top portion of the MFD page displayed the data link free form text message (FTM). When a FTM was received, the words "LINK 16" flashed at the bottom of the MFD page. The OSO viewed the FTM with one button push. The FTM area measured 4 lines with 55 characters per line. Navigation data normally displayed in this area was still available on the second OSO MFD from the navigation page (i.e., the normal page displayed on the right MFD).

For this study, other OSO controls were modified to provide a means to display the FTM, a FTM scroll capability, and a control to enter the new data into the mission plan (integrated condition). The FTM area was displayed for the freetext and integrated conditions. In addition, for the integrated condition, a data link page displayed the new target coordinates (see Appendix C).

For the integrated condition, the OSO received an FTM alerting him/her to new target coordinates. The OSO maneuvered to the data link page. The OSO viewed the FTM, simultaneously, with the Link 16 page to verify that the new target information was correct on the Link 16 page. To enter the FTM information automatically into the mission plan, the OSO pushed the "accept" button. No manual data entry was required for the integrated condition.

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | TABLE 3. CONTROLS/DISPL | AYS | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-------|----------|-----------------|
| CONTROL/DISPLAY | LAY FUNCTION Displayed the FTM on the top portion of the MFD | | DSO | Audio | FTM X | Inte- grated |
| FTM View | | | x | | | x |
| Scroll | Scroll the FTM up and down | X | X | | X | X |
| Start/Stop | Start and stop each trial | X | X | X | X | X |
| Accept | Automatically input the new target data into the mission plan | x | | | | X |
| Link 16 page | Displayed in action point table format the new target information | | | | | x |
| Integrated Keyboard (IKB) | Entered alphanumeric data and maneuvered through the various MFD pages | x | x | X | x | X |
| MFD | Displayed relevant function page | X | X | X | Х | X |

2.6.2 DSO Controls/Displays

As described for the OSO, a similar FTM area and controls were provided for the DSO MFD, specifically the Defensive Order of Battle page (see Appendix D). The DSO data link controls/displays were only used for the freetext condition. For the audio condition the standard MFD page (without FTM) was displayed.

2.7 PROCEDURE

Two groups of four subjects and one group of three subjects participated in the study. Subjects were briefed on the general study purpose, study particulars, B-1 ERS study-relevant controls and displays, and the Subjective Workload Assessment Technique (SWAT).

SWAT has two phases: scale development and event scoring. The scale development trains the subjects on the use of the three descriptors (time load, mental effort, and psychological stress) and obtains data on how each of these descriptors individually affects the WSO's own perception of workload. This data was obtained by each WSO rank ordering 27 SWAT cards to establish his/her own personal SWAT profile. The event scoring was the verbal data collection after each test trial.

After completing the briefing session, each subject had individual hands-on simulator practice time to familiarize himself with the B-1 ERS and perform several practice trials. As a minimum, all subjects performed 5 practice trials. Subjects were encouraged to perform as many practice trials as necessary to feel comfortable with the equipment and the tasks. Once all subjects had completed the hands-on practice session, the testing session began. The sequence of events for a group of four WSOs is depicted in Table 4. With the group of three WSOs, the three subjects alternated turns in the simulator instead of testing by twos. They maintained consistency with the other two groups of four by completing four test blocks on day 1 and 6 test blocks on day 2.

| | TABLE 4. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| DAY 1 | BRIEFING ALL | INDIVIDUAL HANDS-ON PRACTICE | LUNCH | WSO 1-2 TESTING | WSO 3-4 TESTING | | | |
| DAY 2 | WSO 1-2 TESTING | DEBRIEFING | LUNCH | WSO 3-4 TESTING | DEBRIEFING | | | |

At the beginning of a trial the simulator was positioned approximately 10 minutes from the bombing target area between 1000 to 4000 feet altitude depending on the scenario. The MFD was on the list page (menu page). A time limit of 10 minutes was imposed on all test trials. If the subject exceeded the time limit, the test trial automatically ended. Once a subject completed his task, he indicated its completion by pressing a stop button. The test engineer recorded the subject's SWAT scores and continued on to the next test trial.

For the audio condition, the subjects' notes of the audio message; i.e., new target or threat information, were collected for later use.

2.8 DATA COLLECTION SESSION

Two subjects alternated time in the simulator. While one subject tested, the second WSO relaxed in a waiting area. After each block of 6 trials, the subjects rotated. On day 1, all subjects had a test session in the afternoon. On day 2, two subjects tested in the morning and two subjects tested in the afternoon. The exception to this sequence is discussed for the group of three subjects in the procedures section. Each subject ran a complete block of one task before testing on the second task. Prior to the start of each task for the first time, the subject performed at least one practice trial to refresh his memory on the upcoming task.

2.8.1 Objective Data

Performance data were collected for time to complete the task, number of errors made, and the number of keystrokes. For analysis purposes, the dependent measures were computed as time per target/threat, number of errors per target/threat, and number of strokes per target/threat.

2.8.2 Subjective Data

SWAT data were collected after each test trial and a debriefing questionnaire collecting preference data was administered after the subject's final test session.

2.9 EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

The design was divided into two separate designs, the OSO task was a 3×3 repeated measures Multivariate Analysis of Variance (MANOVA) and the DSO task was a 2×3 repeated measures MANOVA.

2.9.1 OSO Task

Four trials were accomplished for each condition for a total of 36 trials per subject. The order of the mode of presentation and the targets was randomized. The presentation mode was constrained not to appear more than 4-5 times in any one position of order across the subjects. The 36 trials were subdivided into 6 blocks with 6 trials in each block. Each block represented one mode; i.e., there were 2 blocks of audio trials, 2 blocks of freetext trials, etc. The order of the blocks was randomized across subjects and the order of the target groups was randomized within the blocks. The order of presentation of the tasks was also randomized; i.e., half the subjects were randomly assigned to test the OSO task before the DSO task, and vice versa. See Appendix E for the order of presentation.

| | RETA | O TASK ARGETING SO 1-12* | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| MODE | | TARGETS | | |
| | Target Group1 | Target Group2 | Target Group3 | |
| AUDIO | 44 trials | 44 trials | 44 trials | |
| DATA LINK FREETEXT | 44 trials | 44 trials | 44 trials | |
| DATA LINK INTEGRATED | 44 trials | 44 trials | 44 trials | |
| Total | | 396 trials | | |

*Note: the study was designed for 12 subjects. One subject dropped out without prior notice; thus, a replacement was not available. The above table reflects the actual number of trials tested for 11 subjects.

2.9.2 DSO Task

Four trials were accomplished for each condition for a total of 24 trials per subject. The order of the mode of presentation and the threat groups was randomized. The presentation mode was constrained not to appear more than 6 times in any one position of order. The 24 trials were subdivided into 4 blocks with 6 trials in each block. Each block represented one mode; i.e., there were 2 blocks of audio trials, and 2 blocks of freetext trials. The order of the blocks was randomized across subjects and the order of the threat groups was randomized within the blocks. See Appendix E for the order of presentation.

A DSO integrated condition was not tested. For an integrated DSO condition, the threat update would automatically occur; i.e., the new or revised threat information would automatically appear on the Threat Situation Format (TSF). No DSO input would be required, ergo; we did not test this condition.

| | UPDATI | O TASK NG THREATS O 1-12* | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| MODE | | THREATS | | |
| | Threat Group 1 | Threat Group 2 | Threat Group 3 | |
| AUDIO | 44 trials | 44 trials | 44 trials | |
| DATA LINK FREETEXT | 44 trials | 44 trials | 44 trials | |
| Total | | 264 trials | | |

TABLE 6. DSO EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

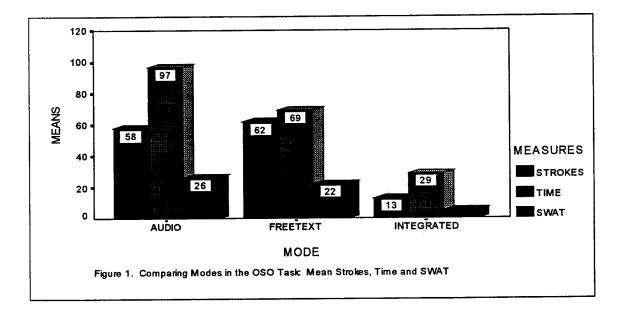
*Note: the study was designed for 12 subjects. One subject dropped out without prior notice; thus a replacement was not available. The above table reflects the actual number of trials tested for the 11 subjects.

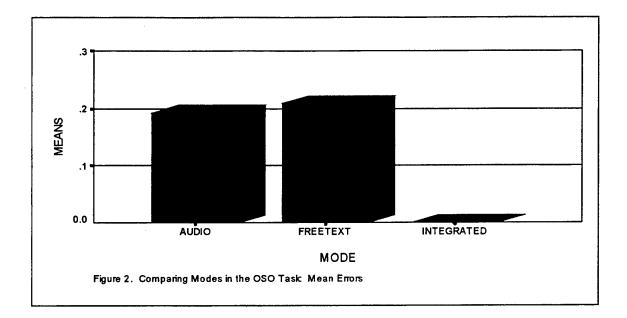
3. RESULTS

Through the use of several descriptive and inferential procedures provided by SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences, 1993) release 6.0, the experimental data were analyzed separately for each of the two tasks. The major statistical procedure used to test the effect of differences between modes on the four dependent measures---strokes per target/threat, time per target/threat, errors per target/threat and SWAT---was a repeated measures Multivariate Analysis of Variance (MANOVA). Repeated measures MANOVAs were completed in a two step process. First, the overall data for the particular task under all target or threat conditions were analyzed. If the SPSS multivariate criterion tests were significant at the alpha .05 level, differences between modes under each target or threat condition were examined. MANOVAs, associated with this second step, provided estimates that could be generalized to the population.

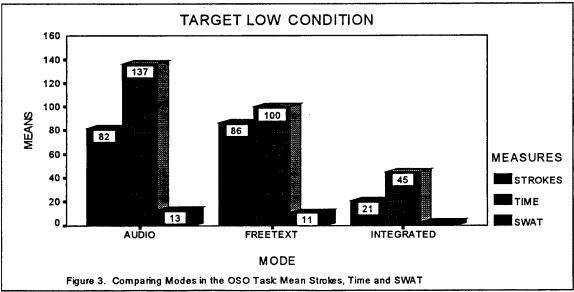
3.1 OSO Task

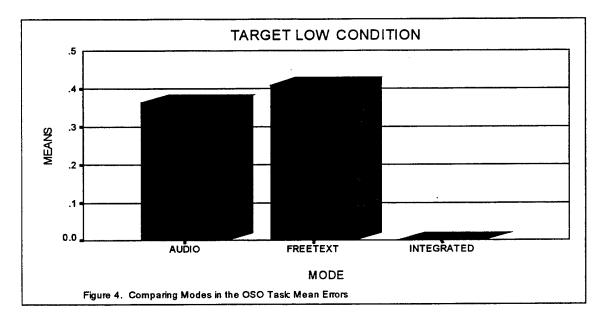
Figure 1 displays the average values for strokes, time, and SWAT for all subjects across all replications (N=99). Figure 2 displays average error. As shown, the integrated mode is associated decidedly with the lowest values for all of the dependent measures. In particular, note that error is zero in all cases in the integrated mode. The freetext mode is lower than the audio mode in time and SWAT, but is higher in average strokes and errors. More indices of central tendency and dispersion, including minimum and maximum values, are shown in Appendix F, Table 1. Median values are graphically displayed in Appendix F, Figures 1 (strokes, time, and SWAT) and 2 (error). Some positive skew exists in the data, but does not impact further analysis.



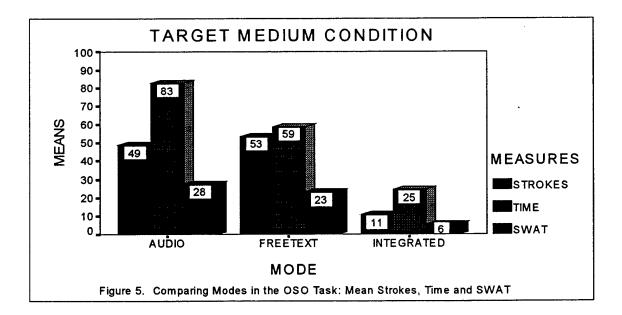


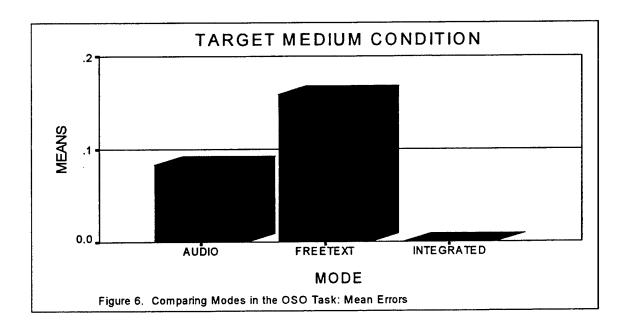
Prior to testing the null hypothesis of no difference between the modes, the dependent measures were correlated, revealing that strokes, time, and error (S-T-E) were significantly correlated with each other (p<0.05), while SWAT was not correlated with any of the other measures (Appendix F, Table 2). This required a "doubly multivariate" repeated measures analysis investigating strokes, time, and errors simultaneously. A separate analysis considered SWAT. Both repeated measures MANOVA (Appendix F, Tables 3 and 4, for S-T-E and SWAT, respectively) show significant (p<0.05) multivariate tests for the main effects of mode and target, as well as for their interaction. Given the significant interactions, further analysis focused on simple main effects, wherein the three communication modes were compared within each of the target conditions. Figures 3 through 8 display the average values for the dependent measures. For all conditions, the integrated mode is much lower in value than the other two modes. Note that freetext remains highest in mean strokes for each of three target conditions, just as in the overall case, but its associated mean error is lower than that associated with the audio mode for the most difficult target condition. Numerous measures of central tendency and dispersion for each mode by target condition are shown in Appendix F, Table 5. Also, as with the overall case, median values are graphically portrayed in Figures 2 through 7, Appendix F. Note that less positive skew (as demonstrated by the difference between mean and median) on each of the dependent measures is associated with the high target condition than for the other target conditions.

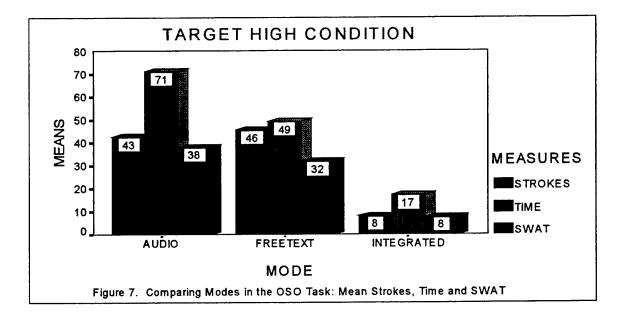


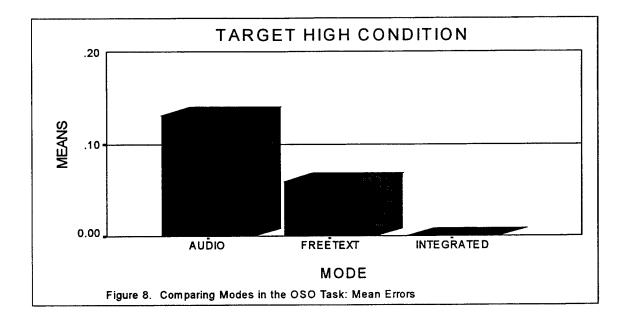


Note that low, medium and high target conditions equal 1 target, 3 targets, and 5 targets.









Separately, within each target condition, the modes were compared through repeated measures MANOVAs. Again, as in the overall condition, strokes, time, and error were analyzed, simultaneously, and SWAT by itself. Statistics derived from these MANOVAs resulted in Tables 7 through 9, which display an association measure of effect, similar to correlation, "eta-squared," for the low to high target conditions, respectively. The repeated measures "eta-squared" is derived by dividing the sum of squares for the effect of interest by the sum of squares for error added to the sum of squares for the effect of interest. The effect of interest is either of the two orthogonal contrasts, freetext minus audio (FT-A), and integrated minus the average of audio plus freetext (I-avg (A+T)). These contrasts are transformed dependent variables provided by the MANOVA procedure. For each of the four dependent measures in each of the target conditions, the strength of the association is greatest with the latter contrast than the former. For example, the difference between integrated and the other two modes in combination accounts for 98.7%, 99.16% and 99.1% of variance in strokes for the low to high target conditions, respectively, compared to 31.17%, 58.61% and 27.97% for the difference between freetext and audio. For each of the contrasts, strokes and time account for more of the variance than error or SWAT. Included with the sample eta-squared values are estimates for the degree of association in the population. A formula provided in Bray and Maxwell (1990, p.37) adjusts the sample for the more general case. Table 10 displays the values over all target conditions.

Aside from eta-squared values for each contrast, the SPSS procedure provides parameter estimates for univariate tests of mean differences. These are shown in Tables 11 through 13 for the low, medium and high conditions, respectively. As in the previous tables, the difference between integrated and the other two modes is much greater than the difference between freetext and audio for all four dependent measures under all target conditions. For instance, in the integrated mode, the WSOs took less time than in the other two modes combined; 73.48, 46.39 and 42.91 seconds for the low to high target condition, respectively. In contrast, in the freetext mode, the WSOs took on average 36.59, 24.17 and 21.87 seconds less than in the audio mode. Also, the differences between the two contrasts are stark for strokes and time compared to errors and SWAT; the disparity for strokes and error between freetext and audio is generally positive, indicating freetext was worse than audio. In order to generalize beyond the sample, 95% confidence intervals around the mean differences are provided. Table 14 displays values over all target conditions. Finally, in regard to the OSO task, replications and an experience variable were found not to be significant (p>0.05) in the main effects or interactions (with mode).

TABLE 7. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: ETA-SQUARED

| <pre>*p<.05, **p<.01 A=audio; FT=freetext; I=integrated</pre> | | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|------------------|----------|-------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| | | LOW | | | | | | | | |
| | | MEASURE | | | | | | | | |
| | STI | STROKES TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | | | |
| | CONT | TRAST | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg (A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | | |
| SAMPLE | .3117 | .9870** | .8697** | .9523** | .0107 | .4204* | .0212 | . 2838 | | |
| POPULATION ESTIMATE | .2405 | . 9856 | .8563 | .9474 | (0916) | . 3604 | (0800) | .2097 | | |

TABLE 8. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: ETA-SQUARED

-

| **p<.01 | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| A=audio; FT=freetext; I=integrated | MEDIUM | | | | | | | | | |
| | MEASURE | | | | | | | | | |
| | STR | OKES | TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | | |
| | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | | |
| SAMPLE | .5861** | .9916** | .8477** | .9371** | .1421 | . 2327 | .1196 | .5984** | | |
| POPULATION ESTIMATE | . 5433 | . 9908 | .8319 | . 9306 | .0533 | .1534 | . 0285 | .5569 | | |

TABLE 9. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: ETA-SQUARED

| **p<.01 A=audio: FT=freetext; | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| I-integrated | HIGH | | | | | | | | | |
| | MEASURE | | | | | | | | | |
| | SŤI | STROKES | | TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | |
| | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg (A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | | |
| SAMPLE | . 2797 | .9910** | .8126** | .9650** | .3062 | . 2638 | .2537 | . 6628** | | |
| POPULATION ESTIMATE | . 2052 | . 9900 | .7932 | . 9613 | . 2344 | .1876 | .1765 | . 6279 | | |

TABLE 10. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: ETA-SQUARED

| *p<.05, **p<.01 A=audio; FT=freetext; I=integrated | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------|---------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------|-------------|--|--|
| | OVERALL | | | | | | | | | |
| | MEASURE | | | | | | | | | |
| | STROKES CONTRAST | | TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg (A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | | |
| SAMPLE | .5112** | .9936** | .8958** | .9651** | .0095 | .3718* | .1493 | .5828** | | |
| POPULATION ESTIMATE | .4618 | . 9929 | .8853 | .9616 | (0907) | . 3083 | .0632 | . 5406 | | |

TABLE 11. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: MEAN DIFFERENCES

| **p<.01 A=audio: FT=freetext; | | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| I=integrated | | LOW | | | | | | | | | |
| | . MEASURE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ST | ROKES | TI | TIME ERRORS | | SWAT | | | | | |
| | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg (A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | | | |
| MEAN DIFFERENCE | 4.5227 | -63.4429** | -36.5935** | -73.4795** | .0455 | 3864 | -1.8816 | -9.4159 | | | |
| LOWER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 2125 | -68.5790 | -46.5722 | -85.0647 | 2626 | 7060 | -10.8884 | -19.9555 | | | |
| UPPER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 9.2579 | -58.3069 | -23.0490 | -61.8942 | .3535 | 0667 | 7.1248 | 1.1237 | | | |

TABLE 12. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: MEAN DIFFERENCES

| **p<.01 | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|--------|----------|------------|--|------|-------------|
| A=audio; FT=freetext; I=integrated | | MEDIUM | | | | | | | | | |
| | MEASURE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | STROKES CONTRAST | | TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) |
| MEAN DIFFERENCE | 4.6742** | -40.3673** | -24.1656** | -46.3904** | . 0758 | 1212 | -4.3841 | -19.6533** | | | |
| LOWER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 1.9068 | -42.9789 | -31.3843 | -54.8563 | 0554 | 2763 | -12.7643 | -30.9972 | | | |
| UPPER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 7.4416 | -37.7556 | -16.9469 | -37.9245 | 2.0690 | . 0339 | 3.9962 | 8.3094 | | | |

TABLE 13. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: MEAN DIFFERENCES

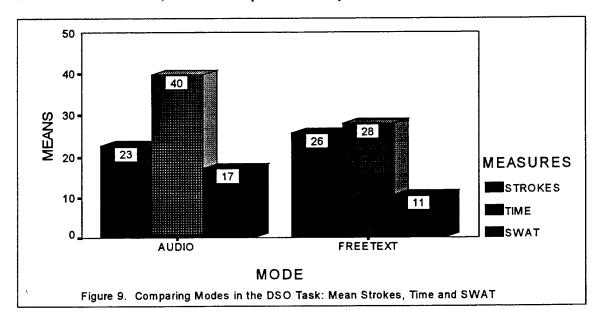
| **p<.01 | | TARGET CONDITION HIGH | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| A=audio; FT=freetext; I=integrated | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | MEASURE | | | | | | | | | |
| | STROKES CONTRAST | | TI | TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | | |
| | | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg (A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | | | |
| MEAN DIFFERENCE | 3.0045 | -35.9339** | -21.8674** | -42.9121** | 0727 | 0955 | -6.2204 | -27.1306** | | | |
| LOWER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 3926 | -38.3498 | -29.2676 | -48.6749 | 1499 | 2078 | -13.7374 | -40.7657 | | | |
| UPPER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 6.4016 | -33.5181 | -14.4673 | -37.1493 | .0044 | . 0169 | 1.2965 | -13.4954 | | | |

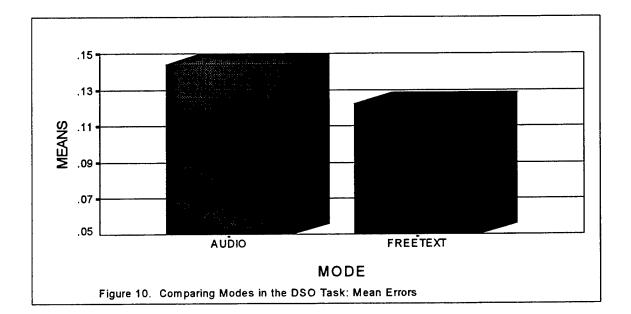
TABLE 14. COMPARING CONTRAST EFFECTS IN THE OSO TASK: MEAN DIFFERENCES

| *p<.05, **p<.01 | TARGET CONDITION | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|--------------|--|--|
| A=audio; fT=freetext; I=integrated | | OVERALL | | | | | | | | |
| | MEASURE | | | | | | | | | |
| | STRO | DKES | TIME | | ERRORS | | SWAT | | | |
| | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | CONTRAST | | | |
| | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg(A+FT) | FT-A | I-avg (A+FT) | | |
| MEAN DIFFERENCE | 4.0670** | -46.5820** | -27.5410** | -54.2614** | .0162 | 2010* | -4.1619 | -18.7335** | | |
| LOWER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 1.2649 | -49.2224 | -34.1582 | -61.5272 | 1004 | 3851 | -11.1634 | -29.9023 | | |
| UPPER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 6.8691 | -43.9416 | -20.9238 | -46.9955 | .1149 | 0169 | 2.8395 | -7.5647 | | |

3.2 DSO Task

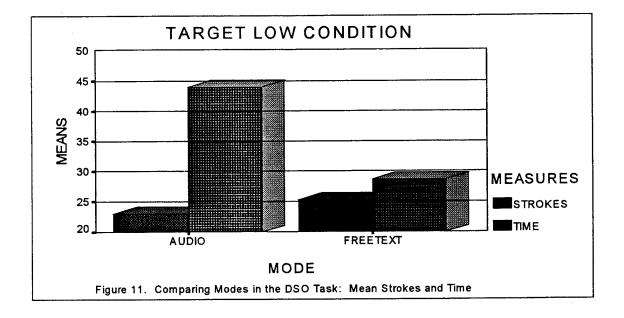
Figure 9 displays the average values for strokes, time, and SWAT for all subjects across all replications (N=66). Figure 10 displays average error. As in the OSO task, the freetext mode is lower in time and SWAT than the audio mode and higher in strokes. However, unlike the OSO task, error on average is lower in the freetext condition. More indices of central tendency and dispersion are displayed in Appendix G, Table 1. Figures 1 (strokes, time, and SWAT) and 2 (error), Appendix G show some positive skew in the data as in the OSO task, but does not impact further analysis.

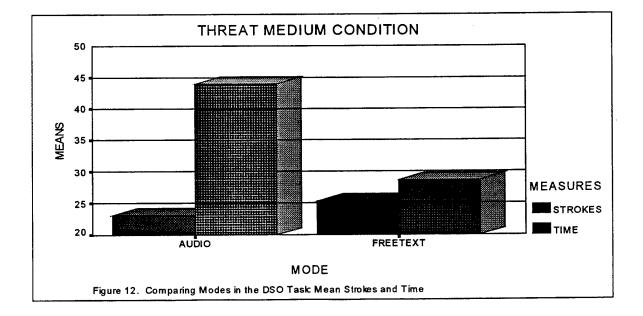


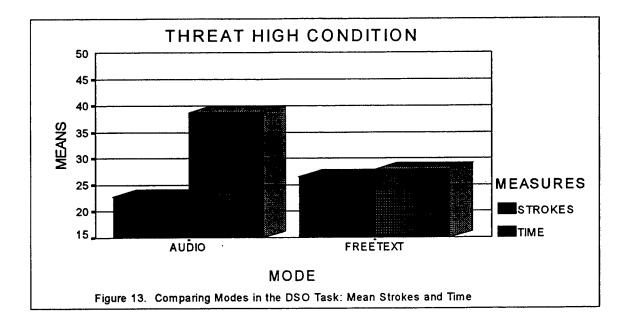


Examination of the correlations among the dependent measures (Appendix G, Table 2) showed no significant correlations (p>0.05) between any of the measures. As a consequence, each dependent measure was analyzed by a separate repeated measures MANOVA (Appendix G, Tables 3 through 6 for strokes,

time, error, and SWAT, respectively). The MANOVAs for strokes and time showed significant (p<0.05) main effects for mode. For time, the interaction between mode and threat was significant (p<0.05) but not for strokes (p>0.05). The main effects and the interaction for error and SWAT were not significant (p>0.05) with the exception of threat (not the focus here) and SWAT. Consequently, these two last dependent measures were dropped from further analysis. Further analysis focused on simple main effects for both strokes and time, even though the interaction for strokes was not significant, given that such analysis has proved useful. Figures 11 through 13 display the mean values under audio and freetext for the low (1 threat), medium (3 threats) and high (5 threats) conditions, respectively. Strokes remain higher under freetext for all threat conditions, but time is lower. Note that under the most difficult threat condition, the differences are less extreme than under the other conditions. Other measures of central tendency and dispersion are shown in Appendix G, Table 7. Figures 3 to 5 (Appendix G) display the median values for each threat condition. Positive skew is less pronounced compared to the OSO task.







Since only two modes were tested in the DSO task, there is only one contrast, freetext minus audio. The eta-squared values for each threat condition and over all threat conditions are presented in Table 15. Note that while under all conditions the strength of the associations between the contrast and time are comparable to those in the OSO task, for strokes they are much higher. This is not, however, reflected in the mean differences in strokes between the two modes as shown in Table 16. Although still positive, the magnitude of the difference is less than in the OSO task, and the differences in time are also less. This is due to the compact nature of the DSO task requiring much less time and strokes to perform and, hence, less variance in the data. As in the OSO task, replications and an experience variable were found not to be significant (p>0.05) for main effects or interactions.

TABLE 15. COMPARING THE CONTRAST FREETEXT-AUDIO IN THE DSO TASK: ETA-SQUARED

| **p<.01 | THREAT CONDITION | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|--|
| | LOW | | MEDIU | м | HIGH | | OVERALL | | |
| | | | MEASURE | | MEASURE | | MEASURE | | |
| | STROKES | TIME | STROKES | TIME | STROKES | TIME | STROKES | TIME | |
| SAMPLE | . 7100** | . 9570** | . 6708** | .8267** | . 7240** | .8982** | .8425** | . 9441** | |
| POPULATION ESTIMATE | . 6795 | . 9524 | . 6361 | . 8085 | . 6950 | . 8875 | . 8265 | . 9384 | |

TABLE 16. COMPARING THE CONTRAST FREETEXT-AUDIO IN THE DSO TASK: MEAN DIFFERENCES

| **p<.01 | THREAT CONDITION | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|----------|------------|--|--|
| | LOW MEASURE | | MEDI | :UM | HIGH | | OVERALL | | | |
| | | | MEASURE | | MEASURE | | MEASURE | | | |
| | STROKES | TIME | STROKES | TIME | STROKES | TIME | STROKES | TIME | | |
| MEAN DIFFERENCE | 2.1818** | -15.3411** | 3.3207** | -9.3272** | 3.7363** | -10.7900** | 3.0795** | -11.8190** | | |
| LOWER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 1.9940 | -17.6335 | 1.6814 | -12.3358 | 2.1110 | -13.3497 | 2.1414 | -13.8453 | | |
| UPPER LIMIT 95% C.I. | 3.1643 | -13.0486 | 4.9600 | -6.3187 | 5.3617 | -8.2303 | 4.0176 | -9.7926 | | |

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3.3 Subjective Data

In the post test questionnaire, the WSOs rank ordered the three modes (audio, freetext, integrated) based on their preference, i.e., the mode they liked best, the mode easiest to use, and the mode least likely to make errors. The integrated mode was ranked number one, unanimously, as the preferred method, followed by the freetext mode. The audio mode was ranked third. For the mode least likely to make errors, integrated was ranked first, followed by freetext, and audio was the most likely to make errors. Ten out of 11 WSOs ranked the integrated mode as the easiest to use, followed by the freetext mode, and the audio mode was ranked last. One WSO ranked the integrated mode easiest to use, followed by the audio mode, then the freetext mode.

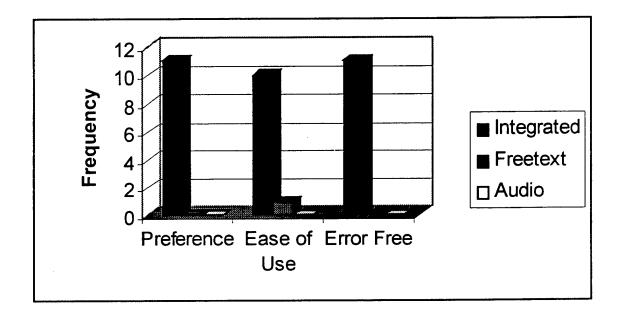


Figure 14. Rank Order Mode for Preference, Ease of Use and Error Free

The WSOs also rank ordered the two modes for the DSO task (audio and freetext). They unanimously ranked the freetext mode as the number one choice in terms of preference, ease of use, and least likely to make errors.

The Link 16 page designed to implement the integrated mode was moderately acceptable. Eight of the 11 WSOs responded to the question "Did they like the Link 16 page" more in a positive direction (4 slightly agreed, 2 moderately agreed and 2 strongly agreed). Three of the WSOs didn't like it. A suggestion to improve the page was to show only the data that was being changed, i.e., targets that were not a part of the FTM were included. Another suggestion was to provide the capability to accept or reject parts of the Link 16 message. There seemed to be some confusion as to what the "Link 16 page" was. Some of the related comments made suggestions for improving the FTM format thus suggesting that some WSOs were confusing the FTM area with the Link 16 page. Suggestions for improving the FTM format included numbering the target coordinates on the left for easier cross-check, and to display the whole message without needing to scroll.

To alert the WSO to the presence of a data link FTM, the words "Link 16" flashed at the bottom of the MFD page. Eight of 11 WSOs said the flashing message was sufficient to get their attention. However, it was suggested that it should be tied into the B-1 master caution system or CITS. Other suggestions were to

use bold or reverse video instead of flashing. One WSO preferred that the flashing be stopped once the FTM was displayed—he found the flashing to be distracting.

The questionnaire highlighted several data link design considerations for future designs:

- 1) Don't use prime data area to display the FTM
- 2) Use a separate full screen capability for the FTM
- 3) Display the FTM in its entirety so scrolling isn't required
- 4) Integrate the FTM controls into the system.

The WSO's recommendations for integrating Link 16 into the B-1 were:

- 1) The defensive, offensive and pilot stations all need Link 16 data
- 2) Replace existing MFDs/EDUs/VSDs with Liquid Crystal Displays (LCD) to provide a textual and graphics capability
- 3) Provide a beyond-line-of-sight data link capability
- 4) Replace the integrated keyboard (IKB) with a full alphanumeric keyboard
- 5) Integrate Link 16 into the B-1 from an Air Force-perspective, rather than as a B-1 only solution.

4. DISCUSSION

The primary purpose of this study was to evaluate the difference between the communication modes for WSO part tasks---three modes for the OSO task and two for the DSO task. The major tool used for this evaluation, repeated measures MANOVA transformed the four dependent measures: strokes per target or threat, time per target or threat, error per target or threat, and SWAT into contrasts or difference measures. These contrasts were freetext minus audio and integrated minus the average of the other two combined. For the OSO task, overall statistics for eta-squared and mean difference (derived from evaluating both contrasts) emphatically supported the integrated mode as the best environment in which the WSO can work. Eta-squared, a type of correlation between the difference measure and the original dependent measure(s), showed that the difference between the integrated mode and the average of the other two modes accounted for over 99% of the variance in strokes, more than 96% of the variance in time, 37% in errors, and 58% in SWAT. The corresponding percentages for freetext minus audio were 51% in strokes, 89.5% in time, less than 1 % in errors, and less than 15% in SWAT. By itself, eta-squared did not indicate the direction of the difference. The other statistic, mean difference, based on the univariate parameter estimates for each contrast favored the integrated mode over the other two. The difference between the integrated mode and the other two modes was over 11 times fewer strokes than the difference between freetext and audio. In fact, the freetext mode exhibited more strokes on average than in the audio mode. The time difference was twice as large when considering the integrated contrast versus the freetext/audio contrast. Integrated also showed 12 1/2 times less error (freetext and audio were about even in error overall) and a 4 1/2 times better SWAT rating.

Because of the interaction between mode and target, the focus of the analysis shifted to comparing the modes within each target condition. The strength of the association for the integrated contrast was consistently higher for each target condition when considering time and strokes. On the other hand, the effect of the difference between freetext and audio on strokes was only significant in the medium target condition, being about twice as strong as the low and high conditions. In addition, the effect on errors and on SWAT, although not significant, was several times greater in the high target condition, as opposed to the other two. The integrated contrast exhibited much greater consistency. This suggests an instability in measuring differences between freetext and audio that could be affected by subtle differences in an experimental environment or real world milieu.

The results for the integrated mode are more reliable with perhaps greater generalizability to the WSO population than the freetext/audio modes. Admittedly, some of this could be attributable to an artifact of the present study; i.e., the high target condition necessitated a longer FTM. Since the message area was limited to displaying only four lines simultaneously, the WSOs by necessity had to scroll the message up and down for both data entry and cross-check. This explains the increased number of strokes and would seem to have contributed to the increase in errors. This explanation is also supported in part by the subjective results; i.e., many WSOs stated their preference to see the message in its entirety.

Examining the mean differences demonstrated that the differences between contrasts held up for each target condition, namely, the difference between integrated and the other two modes being much greater than the difference between freetext and audio. However, interestingly, while within each contrast, the differences in SWAT ratings increased as would be expected when going from the low to high difficulty condition; just the opposite occurred for strokes, time and for the most part, errors. In other words, as evidenced by the general descriptive statistics, SWAT ratings became worse, as expected, but the number of strokes, amount of time, and number of errors decreased from the low to high conditions. This cannot be attributable to position effects---each condition appeared in each position an equal number of times and the replications variable was not significant (p>0.05). There was less skew; i.e., less extreme scores in the higher conditions, perhaps making the most difficult condition more representative of the greater population. In any event, the results support superior performance in the integrated mode. This performance was reinforced by the subjective data; i.e., the WSOs rank ordered the integrated mode as number one in terms of their preference, for ease of use, and as least likely to make errors.

The DSO results were less definitive. The differences between the contrasts were decidedly less than in the OSO task. This is attributed to the efficiency of the DSO task. All the data entry was accomplished on one page, the DOB page. The most difficult threat condition required more strokes for data entry but the organization of the DOB page makes for a relatively efficient method of data entry. Whether manually entering one set of threat coordinates, or five sets of threat coordinates, the task merely required entering more of like data on the same page. The freetext mode compared to audio mode was significantly lower in time but not for number of strokes. The number of errors and workload were not significantly different between the two modes.

Comparing the two tasks, the OSO task was much more complex and difficult than the DSO task. For example, between the two tasks, in the audio and freetext modes overall, the number of strokes and amount of time is more than doubled. Therefore, designing for the worst case, the biggest payoff will come with implementing the integrated mode for the OSO task; this task being the more onerous of the two. However, since the WSO is expected to function as both the OSO and DSO, equally sharing time between the two tasks, the type of data link interface implementation should be consistent for both the offensive and defensive stations.

5. CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The OSO data results, both objective and subjective, clearly demonstrate the superiority of the integrated mode as compared to the audio and freetext modes. In all areas, number of strokes, time, number of errors, and workload, the integrated mode was significantly better.

The DSO task results were not as consistent as the OSO results. The freetext mode, compared to audio mode, was significantly lower in time, but not for number of strokes. This effect was attributed to the compactness of the task. The number of errors and workload were not significantly different between the two modes.

The subjective data highlighted several design considerations. For the Link 16 page (automated the OSO retargeting task), suggestions for improving the page design were to show only the data being changed, provide a capability to accept or reject parts of the freetext message, and stop flashing the alert message once the freetext message was acknowledged. Future data link design considerations are: 1) Don't use prime data areas to display FTM, 2) Use a separate full screen capability for the FTM, 3) Display the FTM in its entirety so scrolling isn't necessary, and 4) Integrate the FTM controls into the system.

The WSOs recommendations for integrating Link 16 into the B-1 are:

1) The defensive, offensive and pilot stations all need Link 16 data

2) Replace existing MFDs/EDUs/VSDs with Liquid Crystal Displays (LCD) to provide a textual and graphics capability

- 3) Provide a beyond-line-of-sight data link capability
- 4) Replace the integrated keyboard (IKB) with a full alphanumeric keyboard
- 5) Integrate Link 16 into the B-1 from an Air Force-perspective rather than as a B-1 only solution.

Since the OSO task is clearly more complex and the more difficult of the two tasks, the offensive station is primary in shaping recommendations for a B-1 data link interface design. Designing for the worst case, the biggest payoff will come with implementing the integrated mode for the OSO task. The type of data link implementation should be consistent for both the offensive and defensive stations. Therefore, based on these study results, the integrated mode is recommended as the most beneficial design from a performance and user acceptance perspective.

Future studies should address the design details for an integrated approach. This study evaluated interface issues; it was not a hardware evaluation. The post-test questionnaire clearly stated the WSOs areas of concern with this study's interface design and provided some recommendations for what they would like to see in a future data link hardware design.

6. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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APPENDIX A

INTELLIGIBILITY WORD LISTS

SHEET 5B

.

| 1. | seek | 26. math |
|-----|-------|----------|
| 2. | din | 27. nest |
| 3. | kill | 28. took |
| 4. | beat | 29. case |
| 5. | fed | 30. bark |
| 6. | tip | 31. tent |
| 7. | pin | 32. not |
| 8. | ban | 33. sup |
| 9. | beat | 34. run |
| 10. | gang | 35. hop |
| | came | 36. tear |
| 12. | day | 37. sin |
| | tang | 38. bit |
| | wick | 39. cut |
| 15. | peace | 40. bill |
| 16. | rig | 41. cold |
| 17. | foil | 42. win |
| 18. | puff | 43. heap |
| 19. | rust | 44. page |
| 20. | safe | 45. peel |
| 21. | path | 46. buck |
| 22. | sass | 47. ten |
| 23. | fin | 48. sale |
| 24. | lake | 49. raze |
| 25. | paw | 50. duđ |
| | | |

Generated by Air Force Research Laboratory, Wright-Patterson AFB

APPENDIX A

INTELLIGIBILITY WORD LIST

SHEET 6B

| 1. kin | 26. pen |
|-----------|----------|
| 2. dip | 27. teak |
| 3. heave | 28. wed |
| 4. beat | 29. tan |
| 5. peach | 30. told |
| 6. bad | 31. shop |
| 7. lake | 32. sane |
| 8. lark | 33. not |
| 9. sun | 34. sass |
| 10. seed | 35. pack |
| 11. went | 36. pub |
| 12. cave | 37. keel |
| 13. cud | 38. mat |
| 14. vest | 39. dun |
| 15. hang | 40. will |
| 16. tin | 41. bug |
| 17. pay | 42. book |
| 18. dill | 43. came |
| 19. sit | 44. fib |
| 20. kit | 45. sick |
| 21. pace | 46. just |
| 22. pale | 47. pig |
| 23. sum | 48. pip |
| 24. beach | 49. raw |
| 25. rate | 50. boil |

٦

APPENDIX B

Target Data

| MISSION | MSN REF. # | TARGET GROUP | DIFFICULTY LEVEL |
|---------|------------|--------------|--|
| A | #15 | 30.9 | 1 – 1 TARGET 2 – 3 TARGETS 3 – 5 TARGETS |
| В | #14 | 20.9 | 1 – 1 TARGET 2 – 3 TARGETS 3 – 5 TARGETS |
| С | #32 | 60.9 | 1 – 1 TARGET 2 – 3 TARGETS 3 – 5 TARGETS |
| D | #12 | 30.9 | 1 – 1 TARGET 2 – 3 TARGETS 3 – 5 TARGETS |

Threat Data

| MISSION | MISSION # | THREAT GROUP | DIFFICULTY LEVEL |
|---------|-----------|--------------------------|------------------|
| A | M15.APT | SA-7 | 1 – 1 THREAT |
| | | SA-3 & SA-10 | 2 – 3 THREATS |
| | | SA-9 & SA-10 | 3 – 5 THREATS |
| В | M14.APT | SA-10 | 1 – 1 THREAT |
| | | SA-3, SA-9 & SA-10 | 2 – 3 THREATS |
| | | SA-3 & SA-7 | 3 – 5 THREATS |
| С | M32.APT | SA-7 | 1 – 1 THREAT |
| | | SA-3 & SA-10 | 2 – 3 THREATS |
| | | SA-3, SA-7, SA-9 & SA-10 | 3 – 5 THREATS |
| D | M12.APT | SA-3 | 1 – 1 THREAT |
| | | SA7, SA-9 | 2 – 3 THREATS |
| | | SA-3, SA7, SA-9 & SA-10 | 3 – 5 THREATS |

APPENDIX C

Link 16 Page

| THIS IS WHERE THE MESSAGES WILL APPEAR. LINE I THIS IS WHERE THE MESSAGES WILL APPEAR. LINE I THIS IS WHERE THE MESSAGES WILL APPEAR. LINE I THIS IS WHERE THE MESSAGES WILL APPEAR. LINE I | 2 3 | | |
|--|--------|-------|----|
| GF APTABLE - DEST | Â | SN | 6 |
| <u>SN LAT LONG ELEV</u> 006-9 N37°22.9800 W120°34.0220 +00188 | В | MODIF | Y |
| SCA 01188FT PTA 1200:00 | С | REDES | IG |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| DESCR CASTLEAFB | | | |
| QUAL 1 SUBTYPE OVERFLY | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| LINK16 SYS CM NAV S | MS | | |
| | | | |

APPENDIX D

Defensive Order of Battle Page

| THIS THIS THIS THIS | 5 IS 5 IS | 4 W | | R E | ТН ТН | Li Li | 1 E 1 | 65 55 | А (А (| 5 E S 5 E S | Z Z | I L I I L I | . AF . Af | P P E | A A | R. | | LIN LIN | NE 1 NE 2 NE 3 NE 4 | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-------|-------|----------|------------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------------|------------|--------|----------|------|------------|------------------------------|---|-----|------------------------------|----|
| Ę | I | | | D | ΟB | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ¢ | S | И | 000 | 2 |
| S N | L 1 | A T | | | | | N E | | | | ŝ | ΥM | BOI | _ R | Â | NG | ليرا | | B | | A T | | |
| 0001 | NI | 00 | 00 | . (| 3 | Εŧ | 00 | 10 | Ø. | Ø | ŝ | 3 | | Y | | 2 | Y | N | C | | 0 N | 6 | |
| 0002 | | 00 | 00 | . (| 3 | Ē٤ | 00 | 9 | 0. | Ø | 5 | 3 | | Y | | Y | Y | ~~~ | | | | | |
| 0003 | N | 00 | 0 Ø | . (| 3 | E e | 00 | 0 | Ø. | Ø | S | 3 | | Y | | Y | Y | N | D | S | ΥM | BOL | |
| 0004 | NI | 00 | 00 | . (| 3 | ΕE | 100 | 9 | Ø. | Ø | 5 | 3 | | Ϋ́ | | ` | Y | Ν | | | | | |
| 0005 | N | 00 | 00 | . (|] | ΕE | 00 | 0 | 0. | Ø | S | 3 | | Y | | \sim | Y | \sim | E. | 2 | 5 N | MZN | 0 |
| 0006 | | | 00 | | | | 00 | | | 0 | | 3 | | Ý | | Ż, | Ŷ | 22 | | | | | |
| 0007 | | | 00 | | | | 00 | | | | | 3 | | Y | | | Ϋ́ | ž | ۰۲۷ | 5 | ØN | $\mathbb{M}\times\mathbb{N}$ | 0 |
| 0008 | N | 90 | 00 | . (| | E | 00 | 0 | 0. | Ø | ŝ | لىئ | | Ŷ | | V | Ŷ | X | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | G | 1 | 00 | NMZ | ΝО |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 00 | NM/ | NO |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | U, | 5 Y S - | • | CM | ł | VAV | SM | S | | | |

APPENDIX E

Randomized Order of Presentation

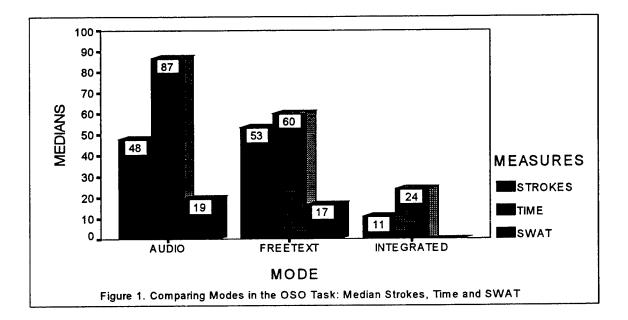
| | | | OSO TA | ASK | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---|--------|-----|---|---|--|--|--|
| SUBJECT : | SUBJECT # MODE OF PRESENTATION | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | V | F | I | V | F | I | | | |
| 2 | F | I | V | F | Ι | V | | | |
| 3 | I | V | F | I | V | F | | | |
| 4 | I | F | V | I | V | F | | | |
| 5 | F | V | I | F | V | I | | | |
| 6 | V | I | F | V | I | F | | | |
| 7 | V | I | F | V | Ι | F | | | |
| 8 | I | F | V | I | F | V | | | |
| 9 | F | V | I | F | V | Ι | | | |
| 10 | F | I | V | F | I | V | | | |
| 11 | I | v | F | I | V | F | | | |
| 12 | V | F | I | V | F | Ι | | | |

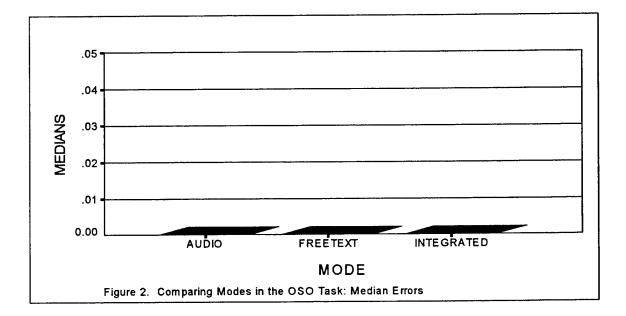
Note: Subject #12 did not appear as scheduled-this order was not tested

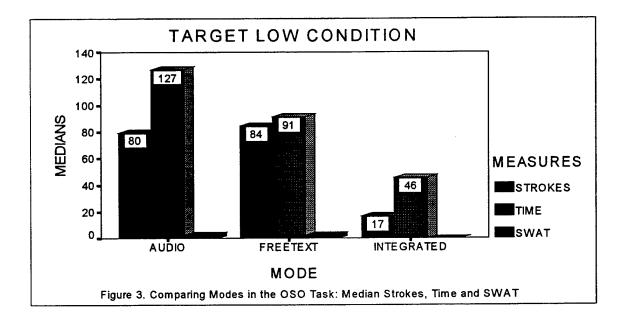
| | | | TASK | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| SUBJECT # MODE OF PRESENTATION | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | V | V | F | F | | | | |
| 2 | F | V | V | F | | | | |
| 3 | V | F | V | F | | | | |
| 4 | F | F | V | V | | | | |
| 5 | V | F | F | V | | | | |
| 6 | F | V | F | V | | | | |
| 7 | F | F | V | V | | | | |
| 8 | V | F | F | V | | | | |
| 9 | F | V | F | V | | | | |
| 10 | V | V | F | F | | | | |
| 11 | F | V | V | F | | | | |
| 12 | V | F | V | F | | | | |

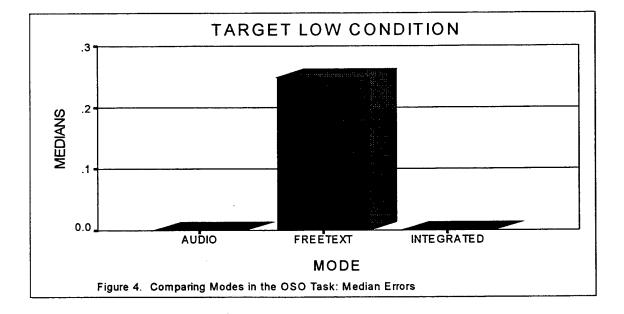
V – AUDIO (VOICE) F – FREETEXT MESSAGE I – INTEGRATED

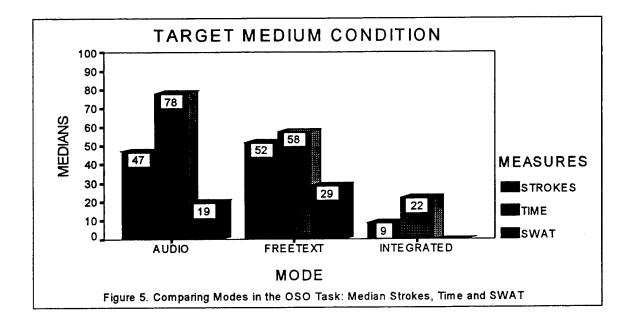
Note: Odd subject numbers did OSO task first; even subject numbers did DSO task first. Subject #12 did not appear when scheduled---this order was not tested

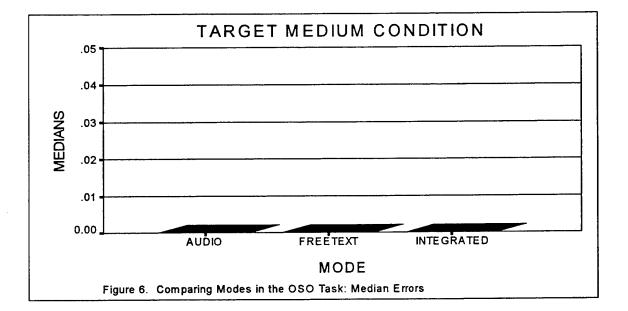


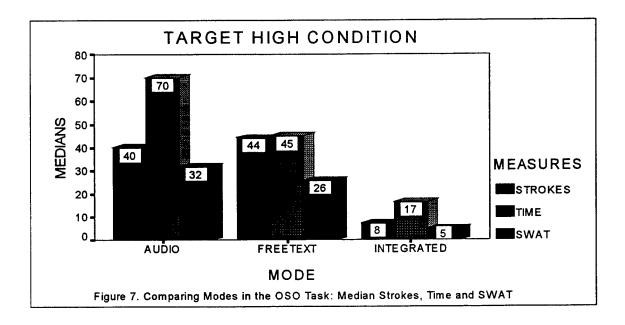












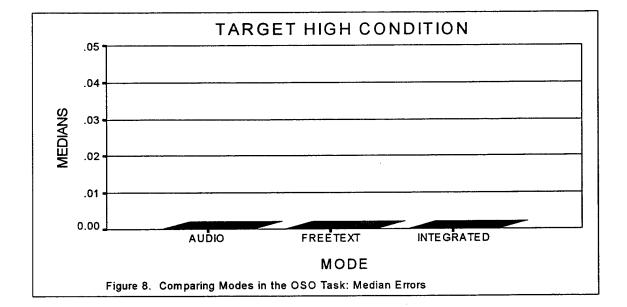


TABLE 1. OVERALL INDICES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND DISPERSION OSO TASK

| | | | MODE | |
|------------------|---|---------|----------|------------|
| | | | | |
| | * | AUDIO | FREETEXT | INTEGRATED |
| | | AUDIO | FREEIENI | INTEGRATED |
| STROKES | | | | 1 |
| Mean | | 57.817 | 61.884 | 13.269 |
| Std Deviation | | 18.727 | 18.446 | 7.302 |
| Median | | 47.750 | 53.250 | 10.950 |
| Percentile 25 | | 43,450 | 47.950 | 7.550 |
| Percentile 75 | | 77.000 | 83.250 | 15.750 |
| Mode | | 37.700 | 53.250 | 7.500 |
| Range | | 61.300 | 56.950 | 24.500 |
| Minimum | ÷ | 37.700 | 41.300 | 6.000 |
| Maximum | i | 99.000 | 98.250 | 30.500 |
| Maximum | | 22.000 | | |
| TIME | | | | |
| Mean | | 96.921 | 69.379 | 28.889 |
| Std Deviation | | 32.793 | 26.848 | 14.128 |
| Median | | 86.879 | 60.101 | 24.084 |
| Percentile 25 | | 70.346 | 48.117 | 17.991 |
| Percentile 75 | | 122.508 | 82.998 | 41.545 |
| Mode | | 56.404 | 37.459 | 12.478 |
| | | 116.941 | 104.666 | 44.867 |
| Range Minimum | | 56.404 | 37.459 | 12.478 |
| Maximum | | 173.345 | 142.125 | 57.345 |
| Maximum | - | 112.242 | 142.123 | . 57.545 |
| ERRORS | | | | |
| Mean | | . 193 | .209 | .000 |
| Std Deviation | | .347 | .388 | .000 |
| Median | | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Percentile 25 | | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Percentile 75 | | .250 | .250 | .000 |
| Mode | | . 000 | .000 | .000 |
| Range | | 1.250 | 1.500 | .000 |
| Minimum | | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Maximum | | 1.250 | 1.500 | .000 |
| | | | | |
| SWAT | | | | 1 |
| Mean | | 26.357 | 22.195 | 5.542 |
| Std Deviation | | 23.853 | 18.517 | 7.370 |
| Median | | 19.400 | 16.700 | .000 |
| Percentile 25 | | 7.700 | 5.400 | .000 |
| Percentile 75 | | 46.800 | 37.800 | 11.550 |
| Mode | | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Range | | 74.775 | 58,050 | 20.950 |
| Minimum | | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Maximum | | 74.775 | 58.050 | 20.950 |
| | | | | |

| TABLE | 2. | OVERALL | CORRELATION | COEFFICIENTS |
|-------|----|---------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | OSO TASK | |

| | TIMÉ | ERRORS | SWAT |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| STROKES | .8932 (99) P=.000 | .5168 (99) P= .000 | .1787 (99) P= .077 |
| TIME. | | .5024 (99) P=.000 | .1140 (99) P= .261 |
| ERRORS | | | .1179 (99) P= .245 |

TABLE 3. OVERALL REPEATED MEASURES MANOVA DEPENDENT MEASURES: STROKES, TIME AND ERROR OSO TASK

Tests involving 'MODE' Within-Subject Effect.

EFFECT .. MODE

Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 2 , N = 1 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | . 99790 | 395.22973 | 6.00 | 5.00 | .000 |
| Hotellings | 474.27568 | 395.22973 | 6.00 | 5.00 | .000 |
| Wilks | .00210 | 395.22973 | 6.00 | 5.00 | .000 |
| Roys | . 99790 | | | | |
| Note F statist: | ics are exact. | | | | |

Tests involving 'TARGET' Within-Subject Effect.

EFFECT .. TARGET Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 2 , N = 1 1/2) Error DF Sig. of F Exact F Hypoth. DF Value Test Name 5.00 .000 6.00 Pillais . 99599 206.96160 206.96160 6.00 5.00 .000 248.35392 Hotellings 6.00 5.00 .000 206.96160 Wilks .00401 . 99599 Roys Note.. F statistics are exact.

Tests involving 'MODE BY TARGET' Within-Subject Effect.

EFFECT .. MODE BY TARGET AVERAGED Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 3, M = 0, N = 18)

| Value | Approx. F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1.40084 9.49238 .05314 | 8.75985 29.00449 17.07553 | 12.00 12.00 12.00 | 120.00 110.00 100.83 | .000 .000 .000 |
| | 1.40084 9.49238 | 1.40084 8.75985 9.49238 29.00449 .05314 17.07553 | 1.40084 8.75985 12.00 9.49238 29.00449 12.00 .05314 17.07553 12.00 | 1.400848.7598512.00120.009.4923829.0044912.00110.00.0531417.0755312.00100.83 |

TABLE 4. OVERALL REPEATED MEASURES MANOVA DEPENDENT MEASURE: SWAT OSO TASK

EFFECT .. MODE Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------|---------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | . 61151 | 7.08339 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .014 |
| Hotellings | 1.57409 | 7.08339 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .014 |
| Wilks | . 38849 | 7.08339 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .014 |
| Roys | . 61151 | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Note.. F statistics are exact.

| EFFECT TARGET Multivariate Tes | ts of Significance | e (S = 1, M = 0, | N = 3 1/2) | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
| Pillais | . 77213 | 15.24839 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .001 |
| Hotellings | 3.38853 | 15.24839 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .001 |
| Wilks | . 22787 | 15.24839 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .001 |
| Roys | .77213 | | | | |

Note.. F statistics are exact.

| EFFECT MODE BY TARGET | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Multivariate Tests of Significance | (S = 1, M = 1, N = 2 1/2) |

ς.

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------|---------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | . 73962 | 4.97087 | 4.00 | 7.00 | . 032 |
| Hotellings | 2.84049 | 4.97087 | 4.00 | 7.00 | .032 |
| Wilks | . 26038 | 4.97087 | 4.00 | 7.00 | .032 |
| Roys | . 73962 | | | | |
| | • | | | | |

Note.. F statistics are exact.

TABLE 5. INDICES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND DISPERSION FOR EACH TARGET CONDITION OSO TASK

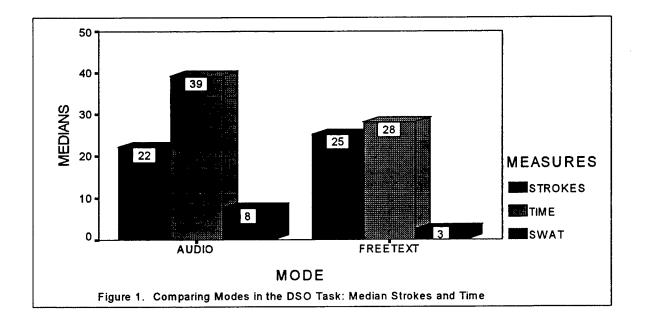
| · · · · | | | TAR | | | | |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| | | | | , . | | | |
| | LOW | | | MEDIUM | | | |
| | MODE | | Total | | MODE | | |
| AUDIO | FREETEXT | INTEGRATED | | AUDIO | FREETEXT | INTEGRATED | |
| | i | • • | | | | | |
| 81 000 | 86 432 | 20 727 | 63 023 | 48 705 | 53 470 | 10 765 | 37.67 |
| | | | | | | | 20.05 |
| | | | | | | | 46.91 |
| | | | | | | | 11.66 |
| | | | | | | | 51,83 |
| | | | | | | | 7.50 |
| | | | | | | | 56.000 |
| | | | | | | | 6.00 |
| 99.000 | 98.250 | 30.500 | 99.000 | 61.750 | 62.000 | 23.417 | 62.00 |
| | • | · · · | | | | ···· · · ; | |
| 126 526 | | 44 740 | 02 726 | 93 010 | E0 044 | 24 626 | 55.46 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 27.39 |
| | | | | 1 | | | 57.604 |
| | | | | | | | 25.29 |
| | | | | | | | 76.61 |
| , | | | | | | | 16.45 |
| | | | | | | | 93.78 |
| | | | | | | | 16.45 |
| 173.345 | 142.125 | 57.345 | 173.345 | 110.238 | 92.117 | 51.859 | 110.238 |
| | | | | | | | |
| . 364 | . 409 | .000 | . 258 | .083 | . 159 | .000 | .081 |
| . 517 | . 539 | .000 | .457 | .149 | . 322 | .000 | . 209 |
| .000 | . 250 | .000 | . 000 | .000 | . 000 | .000 | . 000 |
| . 000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | . 000 | .000 | . 000 |
| 1.000 | . 750 | .000 | . 250 | . 083 | . 250 | .000 | .000 |
| .000 | . 000 | .000 | .000 | . 000 | . 000 | .000 | . 000 |
| 1.250 | 1.500 | . 000 | 1.500 | . 417 | 1.000 | .000 | 1.000 |
| . 000 | .000 | . 000 | .000 | .000 | . 000 | .000 | .000 |
| 1.250 | 1.500 | . 000 | 1.500 | . 417 | 1.000 | .000 | 1.000 |
| | | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · | • • |
| 13.339 | 11.457 | 2.982 | 9.259 | 27,573 | 23.189 | 5.727 | 18.830 |
| | | 5.104 | 14.891 | 22.572 | 15.334 | 8.391 | 18.61 |
| 2,700 | 2.700 | .000 | .000 | 19,400 | 28,650 | .000 | 11.550 |
| .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | 9.250 | 9.250 | .000 | 2.700 |
| | | 6.550 | 14.650 | | 36.225 | 14.400 | 33.42 |
| | .000 | .000 | .000 | 46.800 | 11.550 | .000 | .000 |
| 52.725 | 41.650 | 15,700 | 52.725 | 64.575 | 44.100 | 20.950 | 64.575 |
| .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | 2,700 | .000 | .000 |
| | | | | | 46.800 | | 64.575 |
| | 81.909 8.405 79.500 77.000 81.500 74.500 24.500 99.000 136.526 19.007 127.060 122.508 154.230 112.378 173.345 .364 .517 .000 .000 1.250 .000 1.250 .000 1.250 .000 1.250 .000 2.700 .000 2.725 | MODE AUDIO FREETEXT 81.909 86.432 8.405 5.046 79.500 84.250 77.000 83.250 81.500 89.250 74.500 83.250 24.500 19.000 74.500 99.922 19.007 21.062 127.060 91.140 122.508 82.945 154.230 118.818 112.378 77.460 60.968 64.665 112.378 77.460 173.345 142.125 .364 .409 .517 .539 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .1250 1.500 .1250 1.500 .13.339 11.457 19.352 15.558 .700 .700 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .145 | MODE AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED 81.909 86.432 20.727 8.405 5.046 6.843 79.500 84.250 17.000 77.000 83.250 15.000 81.500 89.250 27.750 74.500 83.250 13.250 24.500 19.000 17.250 74.500 79.250 13.250 99.000 98.250 30.500 136.526 99.932 44.749 19.007 21.062 9.003 127.060 91.140 45.620 122.508 82.945 39.875 154.230 118.818 52.703 112.378 77.460 28.838 60.968 64.665 28.508 112.378 77.460 28.838 173.345 142.125 57.345 .364 409 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 | MODE Total AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED 81.909 86.432 20.727 63.023 8.405 5.046 6.843 31.154 79.500 84.250 17.000 79.250 77.000 83.250 15.000 27.750 81.500 89.250 27.750 84.000 74.500 79.250 13.250 13.250 24.500 19.000 17.250 85.750 74.500 79.250 30.500 99.000 98.250 30.500 99.000 98.250 136.526 99.932 44.749 93.736 19.007 21.062 9.003 41.765 127.060 91.140 45.620 91.140 122.508 82.945 39.875 52.703 154.230 118.818 52.703 126.503 112.376 77.460 28.838 28.838 60.968 64.655 28.508 144.508 12.374 | MODE Total AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED AUDIO 81.909 86.432 20.727 63.023 48.795 8.405 5.046 6.843 31.154 5.854 79.500 84.250 17.000 79.250 46.917 77.000 83.250 15.000 27.750 46.001 81.500 89.250 27.750 84.000 53.167 74.500 83.250 13.250 13.250 46.917 74.500 79.000 17.250 85.750 19.000 74.500 79.250 13.250 13.250 42.750 99.000 98.250 30.500 99.000 61.750 136.526 99.932 44.749 93.736 83.010 19.007 21.062 9.003 41.765 15.338 127.060 91.140 45.620 91.140 78.074 122.508 82.945 39.875 52.703 82.998 12.378 77.460 | MODETotalMODEAUDIOFREETEXTINTEGRATEDAUDIOFREETEXT81.90986.43220.72763.02348.79553.4708.4055.0466.84331.1545.8544.61379.50084.25017.00079.25046.91751.83377.00083.25013.25013.25046.91755.33374.50083.25013.25013.25046.91753.25024.50019.00017.25085.75019.00013.75074.50079.25013.25013.25042.75048.25099.00098.25030.50099.00061.75062.000136.52699.93244.74993.73683.01058.84419.00721.0629.00341.76515.33812.810127.06091.14045.62091.14078.07457.604122.50882.94539.87552.70368.83748.366154.230118.81852.703126.50392.99862.754112.37877.46028.83828.83863.39844.280173.345142.12557.345173.345110.23892.117.364.409.000.258.083.159.517.539.000.250.083.250.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.3341.4572.982 <t< td=""><td>MODE Total MODE AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED 81.909 86.432 20.727 63.023 48.795 53.470 10.765 8.405 5.046 6.843 31.154 5.854 4.613 4.976 79.500 84.250 15.000 27.750 45.250 50.750 7.500 81.500 89.250 27.750 84.000 53.167 56.333 11.667 74.500 83.250 13.250 13.250 46.917 53.250 7.500 74.500 79.250 13.250 13.250 42.750 48.250 6.000 99.000 98.250 30.500 99.000 61.750 62.000 23.417 136.526 99.932 44.749 93.736 83.010 58.844 24.536 19.007 21.062 9.003 41.755 15.338 2.810 10.103 127.060 91.40 78.073 126.503</td></t<> | MODE Total MODE AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED AUDIO FREETEXT INTEGRATED 81.909 86.432 20.727 63.023 48.795 53.470 10.765 8.405 5.046 6.843 31.154 5.854 4.613 4.976 79.500 84.250 15.000 27.750 45.250 50.750 7.500 81.500 89.250 27.750 84.000 53.167 56.333 11.667 74.500 83.250 13.250 13.250 46.917 53.250 7.500 74.500 79.250 13.250 13.250 42.750 48.250 6.000 99.000 98.250 30.500 99.000 61.750 62.000 23.417 136.526 99.932 44.749 93.736 83.010 58.844 24.536 19.007 21.062 9.003 41.755 15.338 2.810 10.103 127.060 91.40 78.073 126.503 |

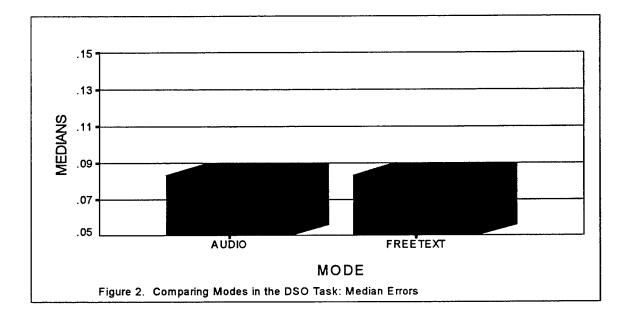
TABLE 5 (CONTINUED)

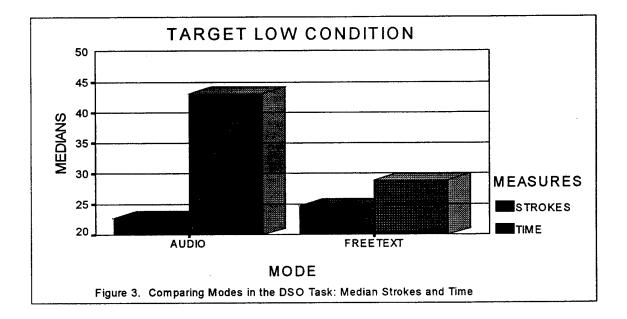
TARGET

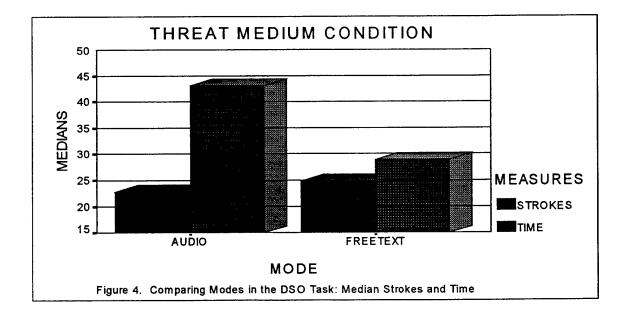
HIGH

| | | Total | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|----------|------------------|---------|
| | AUDIO | FREETEXT | INTEGRATED | |
| STROKES | | | • : | |
| Mean | 42.745 | 45.750 | 8.314 | 32,270 |
| Std Deviation | 6.285 | 3.870 | 1.987 | 17.769 |
| Median | 40.300 | 44,450 | 7.550 | 40.300 |
| Percentile 25 | 38,500 | 42.800 | 6,800 | 8,800 |
| Percentile 75 | 44.300 | 47,950 | 8,800 | 44.450 |
| Mode | 37,700 | 41.300 | 8.800 | 8,800 |
| | 20.700 | 13.100 | 6.200 | 51,750 |
| Range Minimum | 37,700 | 41.300 | 6.650 | 6,650 |
| Maximum | 58,400 | 54.400 | 12.850 | 58,400 |
| Maximum | 58.400 | 54.400 | 12.850 | 56.400 |
| - | | | | |
| TIME | 71.228 | 49.360 | 17,381 | 45,990 |
| Mean | 13.429 | 49.360 | 3.523 | 24.465 |
| Std Deviation Median | 13.429 | 45.195 | 3.523 16.578 | 45.195 |
| | 60,666 | 42.725 | 14.677 | 19.040 |
| Percentile 25 | | | | 61.213 |
| Percentile 75 | 77.064 | 54.159 | 19.040 12.478 | 12.478 |
| Mode | 56.404 | 37.459 | 12.478 | 88.212 |
| Range | 44.287 | 36.097 | 12.478 | 12.478 |
| Minimum | 56.404 | 37.459 | | |
| Maximum | 100.690 | 73.556 | 24.084 | 100.690 |
| ERRORS | | | : | |
| Mean | . 132 | . 059 | .000 | .064 |
| Std Deviation | , 218 | .122 | . 000 | .150 |
| Median | .000 | . 000 | .000 | .000 |
| Percentile 25 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Percentile 25 Percentile 75 | . 250 | .050 | .000 | .000 |
| | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 |
| Mode | . 700 | . 350 | . 000 | .700 |
| Range | .000 | . 000 | . 000 | .000 |
| Minimum | . 700 | . 350 | .000 | .700 |
| Maximum | . 700 | . 350 | .000 | . 700 |
| SWAT | · | | | |
| Mean | 38.159 | 31,939 | 7,918 | 26.005 |
| Std Deviation | 24.400 | 19.688 | 7.995 | 22.416 |
| Median | 32.125 | 26.200 | 5,150 | 19.550 |
| Percentile 25 | 15.800 | 10.800 | .000 | 8,100 |
| Percentile 25 | 68.225 | 50.475 | 15.400 | 47.575 |
| Mode | 7,700 | 3.850 | 10.000 | .000 |
| | 67.075 | 54.200 | 19.550 | 74.775 |
| Range Minimum | 7,700 | 3.850 | .000 | .000 |
| Maximum | 74.775 | 58.050 | 19.550 | 74.775 |
| maximum | /4.//3 | 50.050 | 19.000 | |









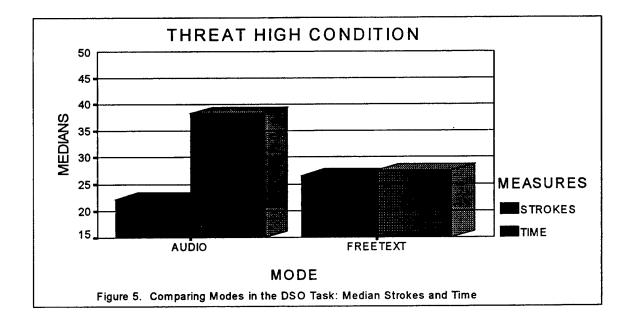


TABLE 1. OVERALL INDICES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND DISPERSION DSO TASK

| | MO | DE |
|---------------|-----------------|----------|
| | AUDIO | FREETEXT |
| | • • • • • • • • | • • • • |
| TROKES | : | |
| Mean | 22.68 | 25.76 |
| Std Deviation | 1.94 | 2.58 |
| Median | 22.20 | 25.25 |
| Percentile 25 | 21.25 | 23.58 |
| Percentile 75 | 23.67 | 26.55 |
| Mode | 21.00 | 23.50 |
| Range | 8.50 | 10.20 |
| Minimum | 20.50 | 21.80 |
| Maximum | 29.00 | 32.00 |
| DRODG | • | • • |
| RRORS | .14 | .12 |
| Std Deviation | .21 | .17 |
| Median | .08 | .08 |
| Percentile 25 | .00 | .00 |
| Percentile 75 | .25 | .20 |
| Mode | .00 | .00 |
| Range | .00 | .83 |
| Minimum | .00 | .00 |
| Maximum | . 95 | .83 |
| | | |
| IME Mean | 39.83 | 28.01 |
| Std Deviation | 6.03 | 6.03 |
| Median | 39.40 | 28.10 |
| Percentile 25 | 36.35 | 24.29 |
| Percentile 75 | 43.19 | 31.33 |
| Mode | 27.92 | 17.73 |
| Range | 26.97 | 20.87 |
| Minimum | 27.92 | 17.73 |
| Maximum | 54.89 | 38.60 |
| | • | • |
| SWAT | | |
| Mean | 17.33 | 10.69 |
| Std Deviation | 20.90 | 14.80 |
| Median | 7.70 | 2.70 |
| Percentile 25 | .00 | .00 |
| Percentile 75 | 30.78 | 19.65 |
| Mode | .00 | .00 |
| Range | 65.80 | 54.55 |
| Minimum | .00 | .00 |
| Maximum | 65.80 | 54.55 |

TABLE 2. OVERALL CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS DSO TASK

| | TIME | ERRORS | SWAT |
|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| STROKES | 1140 (66) P= .362 | .2384 (66) P= .054 | 1285 (66) P= .304 |
| TIME | | | 1182 (66) P= .344 |
| ERRORS | | | 1075 (66) P= .390 |

TABLE 3. OVERALL REPEATED MEASURES MANOVA DEPENDENT MEASURE: STROKES DSO TASK

Tests involving 'MODE' Within-Subject Effect.

[mode has only two levels--same as averaged univariate test]

| Source of Variation | SS | DF | MS | F | Sig of F |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|-------|----------|
| WITHIN+RESIDUAL MODE | 29.25 156.49 | 10 1 | 2.93 156.49 | 53.50 | .000 |

.

EFFECT .. THREAT

.

Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = $3 \frac{1}{2}$)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------------|--------------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | .19077 | 1.06083 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .386 |
| Hotellings | .23574 | 1.06083 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 386 |
| Wilks | .80923 | 1.06083 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 386 |
| Roys | .19077 | | | | |
| Note F statistic | s are exact. | | | | |

EFFECT .. MODE BY THREAT Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------|---------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | .38438 | 2.80972 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .113 |
| Hotellings | . 62438 | 2.80972 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .113 |
| Wilks | .61562 | 2.80972 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 113 |
| Roys | .38438 | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Note.. F statistics are exact.

.

TABLE 4. OVERALL REPEATED MEASURES MANOVA DEPENDENT MEASURE: TIME DSO TASK

Tests involving 'MODE' Within-Subject Effect.

[mode has only two levels--same as averaged univariate test]

| Source of Variation | SS | DF | MS | F | Sig of F |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------|--------|----------|
| WITHIN+RESIDUAL MODE | 136.48 2305.05 | 10 1 | 13.65 2305.05 | 168.90 | .000 |

EFFECT .. THREAT Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------------|--------------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | .64851 | 8.30270 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .009 |
| Hotellings | 1.84504 | 8.30270 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .009 |
| Wilks | .35149 | 8.30270 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .009 |
| Roys | .64851 | | | | |
| Note F statistic | s are exact. | | | | |

EFFECT .. MODE BY THREAT Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------------|--------------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | . 59609 | 6.64097 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .017 |
| Hotellings | 1.47577 | 6.64097 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .017 |
| Wilks | .40391 | 6.64097 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .017 |
| Roys | .59609 | | | | |
| Note F statistic | s are exact. | | | | |

TABLE 5. OVERALL REPEATED MEASURES MANOVA DEPENDENT MEASURE: ERRORS DSO TASK

Tests involving 'MODE' Within-Subject Effect.

[mode has only two levels--same as averaged univariate test]

| Source of Variation | SS | DF | MS | FS | ig of F |
|-------------------------|------------|---------|------------|-----|---------|
| WITHIN+RESIDUAL MODE | .10 .01 | 10 1 | .01 .01 | .85 | . 378 |

EFFECT .. THREAT Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------------|--------------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | .29740 | 1.90474 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .204 |
| Hotellings | . 42328 | 1.90474 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .204 |
| Wilks | .70260 | 1.90474 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 204 |
| Roys | . 29740 | | | | |
| Note F statistic | s are exact. | | | | , |

EFFECT .. MODE BY THREAT Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------|-------------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | .28815 | 1.82157 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .217 |
| Hotellings | .40479 | 1.82157 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .217 |
| Wilks | .71185 | 1.82157 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .217 |
| Roys | .28815 | | | | |
| | • • • • • • | | | | |

Note.. F statistics are exact.

TABLE 6. OVERALL REPEATED MEASURES MANOVA DEPENDENT MEASURE: SWAT DSO TASK

Tests involving 'MODE' Within-Subject Effect.

·

| [mode has only two levelssame as average | ed univariate test] |
|--|---------------------|
|--|---------------------|

| Source of Variation | SS | DF | MS | F | Sig of F |
|---------------------|---------|----|--------|------|----------|
| WITHIN+RESIDUAL | 2164.61 | 10 | 216.46 | | |
| MODE | 726.74 | 1 | 726.74 | 3.36 | .097 |

EFFECT .. THREAT Multivariate Tests of Significance (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2)

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------|----------------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | . 69131 | 10.07752 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .005 |
| Hotellings | 2.23945 | 10.07752 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .005 |
| Wilks | .30869 | 10.07752 | 2.00 | 9.00 | .005 |
| Roys | . 69131 | | | | |
| - | ics are exact. | | | | |

| EFFECT MOI | DE BY THREAT | |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Multivariate | Tests of Significance | (S = 1, M = 0, N = 3 1/2) |

| Test Name | Value | Exact F | Hypoth. DF | Error DF | Sig. of F |
|------------------|--------------|---------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Pillais | .22734 | 1.32406 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 313 |
| Hotellings | .29423 | 1.32406 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 313 |
| Wilks | .77266 | 1.32406 | 2.00 | 9.00 | . 313 |
| Roys | .22734 | | | | |
| Note F statistic | s are exact. | | | | |

TABLE 7. INDICES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY AND DISPERSION FOR EACH THREAT CONDITION DSO TASK

| | | | | THF | REAT | | | |
|------------------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|-------|----------|
| | | LOW | | | MEDIUM | | нт | GH |
| | 1 | TO. | | , | | | | |
| | MC | DE | Total | MC | DE | Total | MODE | |
| | AUDIO | FREETEXT | | AUDIO | FREETEXT | | AUDIO | FREETEXT |
| | • • •••• | : . | | | 4 F F F F | • | | |
| STROKES | 23.09 | 25.27 | 24.18 | 22.15 | 25.47 | 23.81 | 22.79 | 26.53 |
| Mean | | 25.27 | 24.18 | 1.51 | 2.81 | 2.78 | 1.99 | 2.54 |
| Std Deviation | 2.30 | | 2.57 | 21.83 | 2.81 | 23.29 | 22.20 | 2.54 |
| Median | 22.75 | 24.75 | | | | | | |
| Percentile 25 | 21.50 | 23.50 | 22.75 | 21.00 | 23.42 | 21.83 | 21.05 | 24.85 |
| Percentile 75 | 24.00 | 25.50 | 25.25 | 23.17 | 26.33 | 25.50 , | 24.65 | 28.75 |
| Mode | 21.00 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 20.50 | 22.83 | 22.83 | 20.55 | 26.55 |
| Range | 8.00 | 8.50 | 11.00 | 5.00 | 8.25 | 10.58 | 5.35 | 8.05 |
| Minimum | 21.00 | 23.50 | 21.00 | 20.50 | 22.83 | 20.50 | 20.55 | 21.80 |
| Maximum | 29.00 | 32.00 | 32.00 | 25.50 | 31.08 | 31.08 | 25.90 | 29.85 |
| · ·· · · · | | | | | | | | : |
| TIME | | | | | | | | |
| Mean | 44.01 | 28.67 | 36.34 | 36.78 | 27.46 | 32.12 | 38.70 | 27.91 |
| Std Deviation | 6.30 | 5.33 | 9.70 | 4.27 | 6.37 | 7.13 | 5.26 | 6.81 |
| Median | 43.10 | 28,92 | 36.32 | 37.40 | 27.95 | 33.27 | 38.24 | 27.49 |
| Percentile 25 | 39.68 | 24.81 | 28,92 | 33.03 | 21.92 | 27,95 | 36.35 | 23.72 |
| Percentile 75 | 49.82 | 30.65 | 43.10 | 39,62 | 33.52 | 37.40 | 43.19 | 34.05 |
| Mode | 35.50 | 19.02 | 19.02 | 28.42 | 18.01 | 18.01 | 27.92 | 17.73 |
| Range | 19.39 | 19.42 | 35.87 | 15.26 | 18.51 | 25.67 | 18.90 | 20.8 |
| Minimum | 35.50 | 19.02 | 19.02 | 28.42 | 18.01 | 18.01 | 27.92 | 17.7 |
| Maximum | 54.89 | 38.44 | 54.89 | 43.68 | 36.52 | 43.68 | 46.82 | 38.60 |
| Maximum | 34.03 | 1 50.44 | 54.05 | 45.00 | | | | 1 |
| ERRORS | | | | | : | | | |
| Mean | .07 | .07 | . 07 | . 11 | .19 | .15 | . 26 | .11 |
| Std Deviation | .16 | .12 | . 14 | .12 | . 25 | . 20 | . 27 | . 09 |
| Median | .00 | .00 | . 00 | .08 | .08 | . 08 | . 20 | ; .15 |
| Percentile 25 | .00 | .00 | . 00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | . 10 | .00 |
| Percentile 75 | .00 | .25 | .00 | .25 | . 33 | . 25 | . 40 | . 20 |
| Mode | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .08 | . 08 | . 00 | . 00 |
| Range | . 50 | .25 | . 50 | .33 | .83 | .83 | . 95 | . 2! |
| Minimum | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | . 00 |
| Maximum | . 50 | .25 | . 50 | .33 | .83 | .83 | . 95 | .2 |
| Maximum | . 50 | | | | | | | |
| SWAT | | | | | | | | |
| Mean | 5.59 | . 49 | 3.04 | 16.69 | 11.74 | 14.21 | 29.71 | 19.8 |
| Std Deviation | 12.67 | 1.09 | 9.15 | 20.16 | 15.91 | 17.90 | 22.59 | 15.4 |
| Median | .00 | .00 | .00 | 7.85 | 2.70 | 6.63 | 29.93 | 19.6 |
| Percentile 25 | .00 | . 00 | .00 | 2.70 | .00 | . 00 | 10.40 | 5.1 |
| Percentile 75 | 5.40 | .00 | 2.70 | 30.78 | 22.25 | 22.25 | 47.75 | 28.6 |
| Mode | | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | . 01 |
| Range | 42.95 | 2.70 | 42.95 | 58.43 | 46.80 | 58.43 | 65.80 | 54.5 |
| Kange Minimum | 42.95 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .00 | .0 |
| | 42.95 | 2.70 | 42.95 | 58.43 | 46.80 | 58.43 | 65.80 | 54.5 |
| Maximum | 42.95 | 2.70 | 42.95 | 38.43 | 40.00 | 50.43 | 05.00 | 54. |

TABLE 7 (CONTINUED)

| | THREAT |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| | HIGH |
| | Total |
| STROKES | |
| Mean | 24.66 |
| Std Deviation | 2.94 |
| Median | 24.75 |
| Percentile 25 | 21.80 |
| Percentile 75 Mode | 26.55 26.55 |
| Range | 26.55 9.30 |
| Minimum | 20.55 |
| Maximum | 29.85 |
| , | |
| TIME | |
| Mean | 33.31 |
| Std Deviation | 8.11 |
| Median | 35.21 |
| Percentile 25 | 27.49 |
| Percentile 75 | 38.60 |
| Mode | 17.73 |
| Range | 29.08 17.73 |
| Minimum Maximum | 46.82 |
| Maximum | |
| ERRORS | |
| Mean | .18 |
| Std Deviation | . 21 |
| Median | .15 |
| Percentile 25 | .00 |
| Percentile 75 | . 20 |
| Mode | .00 |
| Range | .95 |
| Minimum Maximum | .00 |
| Maximum | |
| SWAT | |
| Mean | 24.78 |
| Std Deviation | 19.55 |
| Median | 23.66 |
| Percentile 25 | 10.40 |
| Percentile 75 | 33.80 |
| Mode | .00 ; |
| Range | 65.80 |
| Minimum Maximum | .00 65.80 |
| raximum | |