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AVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER WARMINSTER, PENNSYEVANIA

CONTRACT N6226 75-C-0070

RAYTHEON

ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS DIVISION

OCTOBER 1977

APPENDIX 3

COMPUTER PROGRAM OPERATORS MANUAL FINAL SOFTWARE REPORT

DATA ITEM A005

INTEGRATED ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEM (IEWS) ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT MODEL (ADM)

Contract No. N62269-75-C-0070

Prepared for:

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SECTION I SCOPE

1.1 Introduction

(U) This document contains the Computer Program Operator's
 Manual (CPOM) for the Integrated Electronic Warfare System (IEWS).
 The IEWS is described in terms of the necessary hardware, software, and operator tasks and procedures required to exercise the system.

1.2 Functional Summary

(U) This document provides the necessary information to load, operate, monitor, and restart the operational system.

1.2.1 Loading

(U) Loading establishes the power up procedures and the transfer of operational software to the System Controller. See Table 2.

1.2.2 Operation

(U) Operation provides the necessary operator command definitions and procedures for the system control and display units. See Table 4.

1.2.3 Monitor

(U) Monitor provides the available methods to examine the system operation via the special test equipment. See Table 8.

1.2.4 Restart

(U) Restart enables the operator to restart the IEWS operational system if a failure occurs.

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SECTION II OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

(U) This section defines the necessary equipment and computer programs required to operate the Integrated Electronic Warfare
 System (IEWS). It also identifies the documentation available to further develop specific operations, procedures, and installations.

2.1 Equipment Requirements

(U) The IEWS comprises a number of units which are integrated to form an advnaced electronic warfare system. These units include receivers that detect, and encode in a digital format, all pulse signals within the operating frequency range. The encoded information is processed digitally to separate the signals into groups corresponding to individual emitters in the environment. Each emitter shall be identified and analyzed to determine the level of threat it poses to the aircraft. Defensive countermeasures shall be initiated against all emitters which are identified as threats.

2.1.1 Peripheral Equipment Identification

(U) When configured in the operational state, the SC interfaces with the following units:

1) Multibeam Receiver, *

2) Heterodyne Receiver,*

3) Instantaneous frequency measurement receiver,*

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- 4) Parameter Encoder,
- 5) Signal Sorter,
- 6) Emitter Tracker,

7) Technique Generator,

8) Display and Control,

9) Program tape cassette, *

10) Instrumentation Tape, *

11) External Device 1 (HARM), *

12) External Device 2 (ALE-39), *

13) External Device 3 (MAWS), and *

14) External Device 4 (EO). *

(U) When configured for maintenance, the SC also interfaces with the following maintenance control panels and special test equipment (STE):

1) Response CPU Maintenance Control Panel,

2) Classification CPU Maintenance Control Panel,

3) Analysis CPU Maintenance Control Panel, and

4) STE

(U) The following support peripheral equipments can be accessed through the STE interface:

1) CRT

2) Line Printer

3) Floppy Disk

4) Paper Tape Reader

5) Paper Tape Punch

(U) A block diagram of the operationally configured IEWS is shown in figure 1. The primary data functional flow between the various units is separated from the command and control path. Data flow in general proceeds along two paths. The first consists of a flow from the receiver through the parameter encoder and the signal sorter to the system controller for analysis and response assessment. The second proceeds from the receiver and parameter encoder and signal sorter to the emitter tracker, techniques

*Growth Capability

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generator, and multibeam transmitter to generate an active countermeasure response. The command and control extends from the SC to all indicated units. The system operation is normally automatic; however, the operator can exercise certain override functions through the display and control unit to the system controller.

2.1.3 Computer Interface Block Diagram

(U) The computer interface block diagram is shown in figure 2.
 The diagram shows all SC/equipment interfaces in IEWS. Three parallel bus systems operate between the SC and other equipment. They are:

- 1) Classification bus,
- 2) Auxiliary bus, and
- 3) Resource Management bus.

The classification bus handles message traffic between the SC and the SS. The auxiliary bus distributes PDWs throughout the system. The resource management bus interfaces to many of the other units in the system. Low data rate interfaces comprise six serial data busses. The address allocation to each unit or processor in the system is shown in figure 2.

2.2 Computer Program Materials

(U) The computer programs required for IEWS operation and maintenance are divided into 4 areas.

1) System Controller (SC)

2) Signal Sorter (SS)

- 3) Techniques Generator (TG)
- 4) Special Test Equipment (STE)

Each group of available software consists of a floppy disk file and associated backup paper tapes. The software used for initial loading, the STE operating system and linking loader, are not loadable by the floppy disk and exist only as paper tape. The list of available software is contained in table 1.

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L	PY DISK LARCE LARC	FD RMP. LS					D. FD RMPLD. LS	P. FD XFRMP. LS	CP. LS					BB CPLD. LS	FD XFCP. LS	AP. LS			FD APLD. LS	
AM MATERIA	FLOPI	RMP.					RMPLI	XFRMI	CP. FI					CPLD.	XFCP.	AP. FD	<u> </u>		APLD.	_
COMPUTER PROGRA	PAPER TAPE		RMPEX. BB	DCDR. BB	RMEXTS. BB	RMPDE. BB	RMPLD. BB	XFRMP. BB		CPEX. BB	ARFG. BB	ECFG. BB	CPBE. BB	CPLD. BB	XFCP. BB		APEX. BB	APEX. BB	APLD. BB	
	FUNCTION	RMP Operation					RMP Loader	RMP XFER	CP Operation					CP Loader	CP XFER	AP Operation			AP Loader	
	TINU	sc																	7	~

TABLE 1

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TINU	FUNCTION	PAPER TAPE	FLOPPY DISK	DNILSIT
SS	SS Operation			
			SUPV. FD	
		·	NESU. FD	
	SS Loader	SSLD. BB	SSLD. FD	SSLD. LS
	SS XFER	XFSS. BB	XFSS. FD	XFSS. LS
ЪG	TG Operation	TGOP. BQ	1 TGOP. FD	TGOP. LS
	TG XFER	XTG. BB	STG. FD	XTG. LS
STE	Operating System	FDOS. BQ		FDOS. LS
	Linking Loader	LLDR. BQ		LIDR. LS
	Data Recording	DRCD. BW	DRCD. FD	DRCD. LS
	Data Reduction	DRDR. BQ	DRDR. FD	DRDR. LS
	SC Loader	SCLT1. BQ	SCLT1. FD	SCLT1. LS
1	STE Loader	STELT. BB	STELT. FD	STELT. LS
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COMPUTER PROGRAM MATERIAL

TABLE I (Continued)

2.3 Supporting Documentation

(U) The information available for each unit consists of hardware and software specifications. Additional information is available in the form of operation manuals.

2.3.1 System Controller

061290529

93959-GT-0301

53959-GT-0750

53959-JK-1002

System Controller Software Functional Requirements

Computer Program Performance Specification for System Controller Unit, IEWS, ADM

System Controller Unit Hardware Development Specification (ADM) IEWS

System Controller Program Design Specification (ADM) IEWS

System Controller - Sorter Interface Control Document

9211/RA/IEWS #292 9211/RA/IEWS #303 9211/RMB/ IEWS #468

Display/Control Manual Switch Operation Task Requirements

Computer Subprogram Design Document, Executive, IEWS

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Computer Subprogram Design Document , Sorter Message Processing, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, Analysis Return Processing, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, Emitter Classification Processing 1, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, CW Processing, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, ABI Management, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, Resource Management, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, Display/Control, IEWS

Computer Subprogram Design Document, System Management 2, IEWS

Common Data Base Design Document, IEWS

Data Extraction Design Document

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2.3.2	Signal Sorter	
(U)	ESD-SB-001	Signal Sorter, IEWS, Equipment Design
		and Performance Specification
	CG-893645	IEWS Signal Sorter, Computer Program
	· · ·	Performance Specification
	53959-JK-1002	System Controller - Sorter Interface
		Control Document
2.3.3	Technique Generator	
(U)	-	Technique Generator, Computer
		Program Performance Specification
	53959-HM-0410	Technique Generator, Unit Hardware
		Development Specification
2.3.4	Special Test Equipment	
(U)	9211/DB/IEWS #517	Software Development Center
		Paper Tape Software System
	9211/DB/IEWS #566	Data Recording Operation Manual
	,,	RP-16 Linking Loader

RP-16 Relocatable Object Text

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SECTION III

PRESTANDBY PROCEDURES

(U) This section describes the operator tasks and procedures prior to normal system operation. It includes the power up and equipment setup, program loading, and program initialization. Table 2 contains a list of these necessary operator functions.

3.1 Equipment Setup

3.1.1 Power Up

(U) The IEWS system power is routed via a central distribution box controlled by the POWER ON switch on the display and control panel. The Special Test Equipment must be powered up separately. This includes the main power switch on the front panel, the floppy disk power switch, the paper tape reader power switch, and the paper tape punch power switch.

3.1.2 Equipment Reset

(U) The IEWS is master cleared prior to operation via the RESET switch on the system controller.

3.2 Program Loading

3.2.1 STE Operating System and Linking Loader

(U) The floppy disk operating system (FDOS. BQ) and the linking loader (LLDR. BQ) are loaded via the RP-16 bootstrap loader. The bootstrap loader, located at "FF $\phi\phi_{1c}$, requires starting and the typing of "H" then the stack address of ' $\phi\phi\phi 1\phi\phi'$ ' for each load.

3.2.2 STE/SC Loader

(U) The SC loader (SCLT1. FD) must be moved into the STE processor one so that the additional loaders and data can be obtained. This loader is

available on a floppy disk and is loaded by starting the FDOS at " $4\phi_{16}$ " and by placing the disk in the drive, assigning the file handler BIN1 to the loader file and by executing the "LO" load command.

3.2.3 STE and RMP Loaders

(U) The SC loader is now used to load the various loaders. The first two are the STE processor 2 loader (STELT. FD) and the RMP loader (RMPLD. FD). This is accomplished by assigning the file handler BIN1 to the correct disk file and by executing the SC loader.

3.2.4 AP and CP Loaders

(U) If the RMP and CP control panels are present, the AP and CP loaders, APLD. FD and CPLD. FD respectively, must be manually initiated by first starting the RMP at " $7\phi44_{16}$ ", then by assigning the file handler BIN1 to the correct disk file and by executing the SC loader. The CP is then started at " $2\phi4_{16}$ ".

3.2.5 SC Software

(U) The SC software is loaded by assigning the disk file containing the SC software to the BIN 1 file handler and by starting the SC loader. The data is positioned automatically to the correct memory via the various loaders.

3.2.6 Data Recording

(U) To load the data recording software in the STE, assign the Linking Loader to the disk file containing the DATA RECORD (DRCD. FD) and start the linking loader via the "LO" command.

3.2.7 Data Reduction

(U) After the test is performed and data has been recorded on a disk file the data reduction software should be loaded. Halt the STE then reload the Linking Loader LLDR. BQ(see 3.2.1). Assign the

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BIN 1 file holder to the disk file containing the DATA REDUCTION (DRDR. FD) and start the loader via the "LO" command.

	Table 2. Prestandby Procedures (U)
alle and the second	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
1)	Depress D/C Power On (3.1.1)
2)	STE Power On (3.1.1)
	Main Power
	Floppy Disk
	Paper Tape Reader
	Paper Tape Punch
3)	Depress SC Reset (3.1.2)
4)	Load FDOS. BQ in PTR (3.2.1)
5)	Start STE @ "FF $\emptyset \emptyset_{16}$ " Observe "?" (3.2.1)
	Type "H" Observe "??"
	Type ''ØØØ1ØØ'' Tape loads half ''FF58 ₁₆ ''
6)	Load LLDR. BQ in PTR (3.2.1) Repeat (5)
7)	Start STE @ "4 \emptyset " ₁₆ Observe "Operating System" Place SCLT1.FD in Disk
	Drive A (3.2.2) Type "As BIN 1, FDA, Ø
	Type LOFiles load Observe "Busy"
8)	Place SC. FD in Disk Drive B Type "As BIN 1, FDB, \emptyset " (3.2.3)
	"Go TBD" Files Load Observe "Busy"
9)	Start RMP @ "7 $\emptyset 4 \emptyset_{16}$ " Type "As BIN 1, FDA, 1" (3.2.4) "CO
	TBD" Files load observe "Busy"
	Start cp @ '2Ø4 16"
10)	Type "As BIN 1, FDA, 2" (3.25) "Go TBD" Files load observe "Busy"
11)	Type "As BIN 1, FDB, 1" (3.2.6)
	'LO' Files load observe "Busy"
12)	Master Clear STE (3.2.7)
•	Start @ "FF $\emptyset _{16}$ " observe "?" Load LLDR. BQ in PTR (3.2.1)
	Type "H" Observe "??" Type "ØØØ1ØØ" Tape Loads Hait "FF58 ₁₆ "
	Start @ "40" Observe "Operating System" "As BIN 1, FDB, 2"
	"LO" Files load observe 'Busy"
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3.3 Program Adaption

(U) All the computer programs associated with IEWS are selfinitializing and require no operator inputs prior to operation.

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SECTION IV

STANDBY/OPERATE PROCEDURES

(U) This section describes the operator tasks and procedures required for normal system operation. It includes the Special Test Equipment and IEWS Display/Control commands.

4.1 Special Test Equipment

4.1.1 I/O Device Assignment

(U) The STE outputs must be assigned to the appropriate devices prior to program operation. The STE outputs are as follows:

1)	BIN2	=	Raw Data Output
2)	BIN1	=	ASCII Record Output
3)	LST1	=	ASCII Print Output

The available I/O devices are as follows:

1)	TYP	=	Operator Console
-)	* * *		Operator Console
2)	FDA	=	Floppy Disk Drive A
3)	FDB	=	Floppy Disk Drive B
4)	\mathbf{PTP}	=	Paper Tape Punch
5)	\mathbf{PTR}	=	Paper Tape Reader
6)	SLO	=	Serial Line Output
7)	SLO1	=	Operator Console (no LFCR)
8)	\mathbf{SLI}	=	Serial Line Input
9)	NOP	=	Nothing

4.1.2 Data Recording Operation

(U) The starting address of DATA RECORDING is " 1000_{16} ". Initiating a "GO" command causes the STE to start processing messages and display them to the operator. Additional commands are available for

message control (see table 3) such as "SF 1" which will record all the incoming message via BIN2. The operation is terminated by the "QU" quit command and the recorded data file is closed via the "EF" command.

TABLE 3						
DATA RECORDING COMMANDS						
A. Primary Commands						
Go Initializes and Starts Processor 2						
In Initializes Processor 1						
Qu Stops Processor 2 and Returns Control to Operating						
System						
B. Review Mode						
RV Rewinds BIN 2 and Loads Input Cyclic Buffer						
C. Message Control						
*** Default All Messages Sent to Display ***						
SF <sw1>, < SW2>, < SW3> if SW1=1 RAW Data to BIN 2 if SW2=1 ASC II Data to I. LST1 if SW3=1 ASC II Data to I. BIN1</sw1>						
DS < OP CODE >, < FILE , < COUNT > DISPLAY (I, OPLS)						
PR < OP CODE > , < FILE , < COUNT > PRINT (I, LST1)						
RD < OP CODE >, $< FILE$, $< COUNT > RECORD$ (I, BIN 1)						
AF < OP CODE > , < SWITCH > ALL FILES ON =1, OFF=0						
EXAMPLES:						
DS 80, 1, 1 - Display Data Extraction Point MSG 80 For Track						
File 1 Every Time						
PR 81, 2, 10-Print MSG 81 For File 2 Every 10TH Time						
RD 81, 3, 100-Record MSG 81 For File 3 Every 100TH Time						
AF 81, 1 - Print And Record Every MSG 81						

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D. SC Messages

DM PROC # , ADDRESS Dump 15 Contigous Memory Locations

MO PROC # , ADDRESS , ARG1 ,,,,, ARG8 Modify Up To 8 Memory Locations

EM ARG , ARG ,,,,, ARG CREATE ANY SC MESSAGE (Processor Numbers: 3=RMP, 4=AP, 5=TG, 6=CP, 7=SS)

E. INS Control

HEAD ALT PITCH ROLL IL From, To, Inc, From, To, Inc, From, To, Inc. (In (LSB = 1°/SEC or 10 FT/SEC)

4.1.3 Data Review

(U) To review the RAW DATA file the SC/RMP must be halted so as not to interfere. The Data Recording program must be restarted and the review mode (RV) entered. Processing is identical to normal operation.

4.1.4 INS Simulation

(U) To simulate changes in aircraft heading the start and stop limits and the rate of change must be entered via the "IL" command.

TABLE 4. STE OPERATION

and the second second	
1)	Start STE @ " $4\phi_{16}$ " Observe "operating system" Insert raw data floppy disk in drive A
	Under write protect switch Observe ''ready'' wp off
	Insert record data floppy disk in drive B
	Under write protect switch Observe ''ready'' wp off
	Type 'as BIN2, FDS'' (4.1.1)
	Type "as BIN1, FDB"
	Type 'as LST1, SLO''
2)	Type "go 1000" (4, 1, 2) Observe "data extraction"
_/	Type "SF 1"
	Type ''GO''
	** Data received from SC is displayed and stored **
	Type ''QU'' Observe ''operating system''
	Type ''EF BIN2'' Observe ''file closed''
3)	Halt RMP
	Type "go 1000" (4.1.3) Observe "data extraction"
	Type "RV"
	Type "GO"
	** Data received from stored file and displayed **
	Type ''QU''
4)	Type 'IL Ø, FF, 10'' (4, 1, 4) Observe 'target movement $0-256^\circ$ at 1° /sec'
•	

4.2 IEWS Operation

4.2.1 Starting

(U) Each processor must be started via the associated control panels. The RMP starts at " $9\emptyset 8E_{16}$ " the cp at " $5\emptyset \emptyset 2_{16}$ ". IEWS is now processing received data.

4.2.2 Transmit

(U) To provide high voltage to the transmitter TWT's the transmit switch must be enabled on the D/C panel.

4.2.3 Display Priority

(U) To select the highest 8 priority emitters for the polar display, the priority/all switch must be enabled on the D/C panel.

4.2.4 Emitter Parameters

(U) To obtain detailed emitter paramters on the alphanumeric display, the cursor must be positioned to the selected emitter and the emitter hooked.
 The parameters will continue to be displayed and updated.

4.2.5 Expand Display

(U) To resolve a multiple emitter symbol on the polar display, the cursor must be positioned to the multiple emitter symbol and the expand mode enabled. The highest priority emitter within the resolved group becomes hooked.

4.2.6 List Display

i.

(U) To display a list of 8 detected emitters in order of priority, the keyboard must be used. The list mode is entered by typing "L" then the desired priority level.

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4.2.7 Acquire

(U) To obtain detailed parameters on an emitter with a specific priority the keyboard must be used. The acquisition mode is entered by typing "A" then the desired priority level.

4.2.8 Manual Priority

(U) To modify the priority assigned to an emitter, the emitter is hooked and the new prioty is entered by typing "P" then the desired priority level.

4.2.9 Manual Technique

(U) To modify the technique assigned to an emitter, the emitter is hooked and the new technique is entered by typing "T" then the desired technique number.

4.2.10 Return Technique And Priority

(U) To return a modified technique and priority to SC contro, type "R" then the present priority level.

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1)	Depress Reset (4.2.1) Observe Processor Halt
	Set RMP Switches to $"908E_{16}"$
	Load P-Reg
	Execute Run
	Set cp Switches to $"5002_{16}"$
	Load p.reg
•	Execute Run Observe Detected Emitters
<u>if desi</u>	red
2)	Depress XMIT (4.2.2) Observe 'XMIT Indicator"
3)	Depress Priority (4.2.3) Observe "Indicator"
4)	Position Cursor To Emitter Parameters
5)	Position Cursor to Multiple Emitter Symbol (4.2.5)
	Depress Expand Observe Display Change
6)	Type "Lnnn" (4.2.6) Observe Emitter List nnn=priority level
7)	Type "Annn" (4.2.7) Observe Emitter Parameters nnn=priority leve
8)	Type "pnnn" (4.2.8) Observe Changed Priority
	nnn=priority level
9)	Type "Tnnn" (4.2.9) Observe Changed Technique nnn=technique
	number
10)	Type "Rnnn" (4.2.10) Observe Changed Priority and Technique
	nnn=Priority Level

SECTION V

MONITORING PROCEDURES

(U) This section describes the operator tasks and procedures required to monitor the IEWS system operation. Monitoring capabilities exist in the Special Test Equipment and consists of me mory read/write commands and data extraction routines. The list of possible operations is found in Table 8.

5.1 Special Test Equipment

5.1.1 Memory Read

(U) The STE allows the capability to interrogate all the memory within the address spectrum of IEWS. By entering the "DM" command, the processor number, and the starting address 15 contiguous memory locations are returned as a data extraction message. The assigned processor numbers are:

> 3=RMP 4=AP 5=TG 6=CP 7=SS

5.1.2 Memory Write

(U) The STE allows the capability to modify all the memory within the address spectrum of IEWS, except a portion of the technique generator memory. By entering the "MO" command, processor number, start address, and up to 8 data words, contiguous memory locations are modified.

5.1.3 Data Extraction Monitoring

(U) The STE allows the capability to handle certain data extraction
 messages in various manors. In normal operation or while in review mode
 (4.1.3) specific message may be displayed, printed, or recorded. The operator

can specify which message, which track number, and how many must be received prior to an output. The command "DS" selects the operator display, "PR" selects LST1 assignment (see 4.1.1), and "RD" selects BIN 1 assignment (see 4.1.1). By entering the command, data extraction opcode, track number, and count, various capabilities exist. If the track and count is not required, the "AF" command will enable all files for the specified opcode. See table 6 for SC Opcodes for the available opcode messages.

5.2 IEWS Data Extraction

(U) Data extraction points peovide the monitoring of the SC operational software. Each data extraction point must be assembled or patched into the SC operational code. Whenever a DE point is encountered during execution a message is generated if the processor, opcode, and DE point is enabled. This message is sent to the STE for processing.

5.2.1 Data Extraction Points

(U) A data extraction points may send the contents of the registers,
 16 contiguous memory locations, or 16 non-continguous locations, See the
 data extraction design document for specific doding details.

5.2.2 Processor Enable

(U) Each processor is initially enabled when it is loaded. If the processor is to be <u>disabled</u> a $\cancel{0}$ should be sent to "AC53₁₆" for the RMP, "6C53₁₆" for the CP, "3C5B₁₆" for the AP.

5.2.3 Opcode Enable

(U) Each opcode must be enabled by the STE operator. If the opcode is to be enabled a non- \emptyset should be sent to the appropriate location "AC53+1+opcode₁₆" for the RMP, "6C53+1+opcode₁₆" for the CP, "3C5B+1+opcode₁₆" for the AP.

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The opcode can be \emptyset through FF₁₆. See table 6 SC opcodes for those presently implimented.

5.2.4 Extraction Point Enable

(U) Each data extraction point must be enabled by the STE operator. If the DE point is to be enabled a non- \emptyset must be sent to the appropriate location. These locations are contained in Table 7.

PROCESSOR	MESSAGE	ROUTINE	AREA
	Update	ANOC2	EDC Processing 2 (Part of Anal Return)
		ANOC4	EOC Processing 4
		SOOC1	EOC Processing 1
СР	Deletion	SODE L	Inact File Alert Processing (Part of SS MSG Processing)
•	Acquisition	SONE 1	New Emitter Processing
	Response	AB1DR	ABI Management 1 Driver
	Class.	ANAMB	(Ambiguity Resolution Part of and/RTN)
RMP	Id Dump	RMARPR	Arrange Priorities (Res Mng)
	Priority Dump	RMARPR	Arrange Priorities (Res Mng)
СР	Sorter 80-93	SODR	SS Msg Proc Driver (Sorter Msg Processing)
	Table 7. I	DE Points (II)	ndet the Birline the Manaphel - 1994 of the Analesian and the Barlin Barlinessian and the constant of the second

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TABLE 8, MONITORING

1)	Type "DM p, ADDR" (5.1.1) observe memory dump message
	p=processor 3=RMP, 4=AP, 5=TG, 6=CP, 7=SS ADDR=Address
2)	Type "MO P, ADDR, DATA 1, DATA 2, DATA 8" (5.1.2)
	p=processor ADDR=Address
3)	Type 'DS CODE, TRK, COUNT'' (5.1.3)
	"PR CODE, TRK, COUNT"
а 2	"AF CODE"
4)	Type "MO 3, AC53, \emptyset " (5.2.2) Disable RMP
 	Type ''MO 6, 6C53, \emptyset '' Disable CP
	Type ''MO 4, 3C5B, \emptyset '' Disable AP
5)	Type ''MO 6, $6D2F$, 1'' (5.2.3) Enable Acquisition

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SECTION VI RECOVERY PROCEDURES

(U) This section describes the operator tasks and procedures required to restart the IEWS system after an abnormal interruption.

6.1 STE Restart

(U) The reinitialize the STE prior to SC restart the operator must enter an "IN" and a "GO" command.

6.2 SC Restart

(U) If an SC processor is halted or becomes hung, the system must be reinitialized. This requires restarting the RMP at " $9\emptyset 8E_{16}$ " and the CP at " $5\emptyset\emptyset 2_{16}$ ". If the system fails to restart, it must be reloaded (see section 3.)