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49-FT Boat Utility Stern Loading (BUSL) (49403 Underway Testing)

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Final Report October 1997

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Coast Guard Yard has been awarded the construction of ten 49-foot Boat Utility Stern Loading (BUSL) boats by Commandant, US Coast Guard (G-AWL). The BUSL is a stern loading buoy tender that is replacing the aging 46-foot BUSLs. The Coast Guard Yard conducted underway trials in August and September 1997 on its first production 49403 BUSL to demonstrate that it met the requirements of the BUSL production specification. The R&D Center provided ship Test & Evaluation (T&E) support in a number of areas. The trials consisted of the following: speed/power, tactical measurements, spiral maneuver, zig zag maneuver, bollard pull, noise and vibration measurements, endurance test, emergency stop, scale weighing, and an initial corrosion survey.

The BUSL met all of its on-board noise requirements. Its far field noise Sound Pressure Level (SPL) was measured as 72 dBA +/- 1 dBA. The far field distance was estimated visually. Stiffeners were added to the 49403 hull plating above the propellers during the sea trials to reduce observed vibration levels. Subsequent vibration measurements indicate that the blade frequency is the dominant excitation source for most of the engine speeds tested.

The 49403 achieved 10 knots at both full load at 2200 rpm and full load plus 16,000 lbs of deck cargo at 2300 rpm. The 49403 is powered by two Cummins engines de-rated to 305 BHP at 2500 rpm. Little additional speed was achieved for the additional fuel expended when running at rpms above 2300. It is recommended, based on the assumption that a maximum speed of 10 knots is required for the BUSL under full load conditions with deck cargo, that the engines be governed to 2300 rpm. This will reduce fuel burn rate by over 30% compared to when running the engines at 2500 rpm. A 300 nm endurance can be achieved at 2300 rpm but not at 2500 rpm. In this engine configuration, it is recommended that operational guidelines limit extreme towing evolutions, e.g., pulling a vessel from aground, to 2200 rpm which was the maximum rpm achievable during the bollard pull.

The BUSL achieved a bollard pull of 11,000 lbs and 8,300 lbs when pulling from aft and from the bow, respectively. The steering trials demonstrate that the BUSL has very good directional stability and good rudder responsiveness. The BUSL passed the crash-stop-reversal test which presents the greatest abuse to the engine. It experienced no engine stalls and took only two and on-half boat lengths in 12 seconds to come to Dead-in-the-Water (DIW). Load cells were used to determine the light ship weight of 30.8 LT with an LCG at 18 feet forward of the Aft Perpendicular (AP). The corrosion survey demonstrated that sufficient sacrificial anodic protection was provided to the boat and its through-fittings although, it was observed that the BUSL's ground was connected to the shore-tie.

It is recommended, after the production run and/or after any significant design changes are made, some standardization trials be performed to verify performance for the operators. Speed/power, limited maneuvering, and noise and vibration checks should be performed after engine modifications, i.e., de-rating and after outfitting of the vessel is completed.

The Coast Guard Yard delivered the 49403 on 30 September, 1997.

1 Introduction

1.1 <u>49-FT BUSL Overview</u>

The stern loading buoy boat project at the Coast Guard (CG) Yard was established to provide up to forty new buoy tending boats as replacements for the Coast Guard's fleet of 45 foot Buoy Boats (BU) and 46 foot Stern Loading Buoy Boats (BUSL) which are reaching the end of their service lives. This effort (at the CG) is a follow-on to a commercial contract which delivered two pre-production boats. The pre-production boats demonstrated the suitability and effectiveness of the basic design of the BUSL for meeting the sponsor's operational requirements. The BUSL performance characteristics are illustrated in Figure 1.

The boats under construction at the CG Yard are essentially the same operationally to the pre-production boats but modified in many areas to improve boat performance and customer acceptance based on pre-production Operational Testing & Evaluation (OT&E) results.

1.2 49403 Testing Requirements

The CG Yard was required to conduct Builder's Trials and Preliminary Acceptance trials to ensure that the boat met the requirements of the BUSL Production Specification. The underway trials and the 49403 results are the subject of this report. The following underway trials were conducted.

Underway Trials

Туре	Status
Endurance Trial	Completed
Speed/Power Trial	Completed
Steering Trial	Completed
Emergency Stop	Completed
Bollard Pull	Completed
Noise Survey	Partially Complete*
Dieudonne Spiral	Completed
Buoy Handling	Completed
CO ₂ Test	Completed
* noise data were not collec	ted at idle with buoy
hydraulics in operation	



BUSL Physical Characteristics

Length, molded 49 ft 2.5 in Beam molded (max) 16 ft 10 in Depth at midship 6.9 ft Range at 10 kts (full load) 300NM Endurance 4 days Hoist Capacity SWL 4500 lbs Towing Capacity (min bollard pull) 6000 lbs Deck load 16k lbs Propellers, fixed pitch Accommodations: 4 crew and 3 spare Weight (light ship) 31.65 long tons VCG above baseline (max) 6.2 ft Forward most LCG (max) 20 ft Aft most LCG (min) 19 ft Draft, appendage (max) 5.6 ft and freeboard at transom (max) 3.25 ft

Figure 1 - BUSL Physical Characteristics 2

The CO_2 and Buoy Handling test results were provided by the CG Yard as separate reports. The noise surveys were planned for underway at full speed and with the main engine at idle with the trolling gear engaged and the buoy hydraulic equipment at maximum load. The buoy hydraulics were not operating on 9 September. Therefore, these data were not collected.

Additional testing support provided by the R&D Center included.

Scale Weighing	Completed
Corrosion Survey	Completed

Under Sections 092 and 094 of the 49-foot BUSL Production Specification, there were a number of tests and trials that the CG Yard was tasked to perform. Additionally, there were some tests and equipment installations that the CG Yard has not historically done without outside assistance. A request for R&D Center support from the CG Yard dated 25 June 1997 asked that the R&D Center provide T&E support in a number of the underway tests of the 49403 BUSL.

1.3 49403 Trial Conditions

Caution was observed to minimize shallow water effects on several of the underway trials. The Society of Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering (SNAME) criterion of,

 $H > 0.4V^2$ where H is defined as the water depth (m) where V is defined as speed (m/s).

A minimum depth of 40 feet was required for the speed/power trials, turning maneuvers, spiral maneuver, and zig zag maneuvers.

A depth of five times the draft of the 49-foot BUSL was required to minimize shallow water and circulation effects for the bollard pull off the CG Yard pier bollard.

Several days of underway trials were conducted. Speed/power trials were conducted on 28 August and 9 September 1997. There were 10 persons (1900 lbs) aboard on 28 August and 12 persons (2271 lbs) aboard on 9 September. The weight conditions of the BUSL on 28 August and 9 September are estimated based on scale test weighing of the BUSL on 10 September. The trial weights are summarized as follows:

28 August	Full Load (no cargo)	79,683 lbs [+/- 800 lbs]
9 September	Full Load + 16K lbs cargo	96,150 lbs [+/- 800 lbs]

The CG Yard weight manager calculated the displacement based on freeboard measurements he made prior to getting underway. The trial displacements which include all of the personnel aboard are summarized below:

28 August	Full Load (no cargo)	82,182 lbs [+/- 0.5 in or +/- 1000 lbs]
9 September	Full Load + 16K lbs Cargo	95,612 lbs [+/- 0.5 in or +/- 1000 lbs]

Seas were observed to be less than or equal to one foot for all the underway trials.

1.4 Overview of Test Equipment

All of the sensor test data were recorded on a Digital Audio Tape (DAT) Instrumentation recorder during the underway tests. Some information was manually recorded by CG Yard personnel and R&DC Test Team.

A Humphrey motions package was installed near the BUSL's center of gravity in the Engine Room. A rudder angle indicator was used to measure all of the rudder motion information. Turning circles and position data were collected using an Ashtech DGPS receiver and Tacman41 (Tactical Maneuvering) software program on a Gateway 2000 portable computer. The Tacman41 program recorded the ship position during maneuvering and determined the ship speed, advance, transfer, acceleration, deceleration and other characteristics. Sound level measurements were collected using a portable Bruel & Kjaer precision sound level meter.

The following equipment was installed during the underway trials of the 49403 at the CG Yard in Baltimore, MD.

o BRUEL & KJAER Model BZ100 Precision Sound Level Meter

- o WIRELESS DATA CORP, (Formerly ACUREX) Model 1642 Horsepower Meter W/ shaft mounted collars and strain gauges
- o HUMPHREY Model H-1 Motion Package, 6 Degrees of Freedom (DOF)

o MAGNETEK Model PSA-40A 5K(A179) Linear Motion Transducer

o ASHTECH Model XII Global Positioning System (GPS) Receiver & STARLINK Beacon Receiver

o TEAC Model RD-200T 16 channel Digital PCM Data Recorder

o Hedland Flow Meters 0.1-1 GPM (Model No. 601-001) and 0.05-0.5 GPM (Model No. 201-000) provided by CG Yard

o TACMAN41 GPS Data Acquisition Software

o Boat Weighing System 30 k lb BLH Type T3P2-B 50 k lb Sensotec Model 41/573 Strain Gage Conditioner / Indicator Daytronic Model 3278 MICROMEASUREMENTS Type 2310 Signal Conditioning Amplifier

The following additional equipment was used during data reduction.

o TEAC Model RD-101TD Digital PCM Data Recorder

o FLUKE Model 97 Scopemeter

o TEAC Quick VU II Software

o TRIMETRIX Axum Technical Graphics and Data Analysis Software

2 Trial Agenda

2.1 Boat Weighing

On 10 September, the 49403 was weighed using the CG Yard crane No. 1 rated at 38 tons. Two load cells were used, a 50k lb and 30k lb load cell. These load cells are accurate to 0.5% of their full scale reading. Therefore, an accuracy of +/- 800 lbs can be expected for the load cell arrangement used. Figure 2 illustrates the weight test arrangement for the 49403. The boat was lifted three times with the load cells aft and then three times with the load cells moved forward. In both the forward and aft lifts the trim of the boat was approximately 1.3 degrees bow down. The geometry of the straps was measured with an electronic inclinometer held to the straps. There was an approximate one degree angle to the straps in the fore-to-aft orientation. The fore-to-aft geometry and trim were not used in determining the scale weight. The athwartship geometry presented the most significant angles.





Table 1 presents a summary of the weight test.

Table 1 - Weight Test Summary

Aft Lift				
	Port Aft	Stbd Aft	Port Aft	Stbd Aft
	(lbs)	(lbs)	(deg)	(deg)
	18600	17700	9.1	9.7
	18580	17740	8.5	8.4
	18590	17815	-	-
Average	18590	17752	8.8	9.1
Scale	18371	17528		
Weight				
Forward	Lift			
	Port	Stbd Fwd	Port	Stbd Fwd
	Fwd		Fwd	
	(lbs)	(lbs)	(deg)	(deg)
	17700	17515	7.9	9.4
	17450	17780	7.9	8.9
	17300	17900	-	-
Average	17483	17732	7.9	9.2
Scale	17317	17504		
Weight				
÷	le Weight	70720		

The light ship condition is defined as the boat completely ready for service in every respect less crew and variable loads. The light ship weight was calculated based on the following subtractions

- 530 lbs [lifting straps]
- 290 lbs [R& D Center test gear]
- 428 lbs [2-persons on board during weighing]
- 280 lbs [residual fuel remaining in tanks, approx. 40 gallons]
69,192 lbs [+/- 800 lbs]

The displacement calculated by the CG Yard BUSL Weight Manager based on recorded freeboards was 71,746 lbs [+/- 0.5 in. or +/- 1000 lbs]. This is after the same subtractions were applied as above. The light ship weight determined by the load cells is less than the light ship performance requirements of 31.65 LT (71,213 lbs). It should be noted that the BUSL was not completely outfitted. The following items were not onboard:

o cable for A frame winches	35 lbs
o cable for cross deck winches	21 lbs
o stores	96 lbs
o personnel effects	200 lbs

The Longitudinal Center of Gravity (LCG) was determined based on the hoisting strap locations relative to Frame No. 4 and by summing the moments about the aft perpendicular. The LCG was determined to be 18.03 feet forward of the aft perpendicular.

The measured LCG is further aft than the 19 ft < LCG < 20 ft performance range described.

2.2 Speed/Power Trial

Speed/power trials were conducted on two different occasions. On the first occasion the 49-foot BUSL was in a full load condition without cargo. The second set of speed/power data include the full load condition with an additional 16,000 lbs loaded to the buoy deck. These data are presented in Appendix A. It should be noted that the strain gauge/ horsepower meter installation was functioning on the port shaft for the full load test and on the starboard shaft during the full load plus cargo test. The 49-foot BUSL speeds were obtained from DGPS reciprocal run averages recorded with the TACMAN41 system for one minute time periods. Figure 3 presents speed/power data for both the full load and full load plus 16k lb cargo displacements.



Figure 3 - Speed/Power Result

There appears to be little difference in shaft horsepower performance between the full load and full load plus cargo condition. Speed performance is generally better in the full load condition, but there is no significant gain in top speed in the lighter condition. Trim was determined from the motions package for the full load plus 16K lb cargo conditon. Trim increased from 0 to 2 degrees (bow up) as speed increased to full throttle.

Fuel consumption was measured using in-line Hedland fuel flow meters, one attached to the inlet and one attached to the exit side of the engine fuel system. These meters are analog devices with limited accuracy. The net fuel was determined by subtracting the inlet rate from the exit rate with an accuracy of \pm 4.5 GPH. In both speed runs, the fuel meters on the port engine did not seem to operate properly and were not used in the results.

2.3 Endurance Trial

At full load plus cargo the BUSL achieves 10 kts at 2300 ERPM with a fuel rate of approximately 12 gph. Using a conservative estimate of fuel/oil consumption by the ship service diesel generator of 1.95 gph at 20 kW the endurance can be estimated as

$$\frac{782 \text{ gal}}{[(12 \text{ gal/hr x 2 engines}) + 1.95 \text{ gph}]} \qquad x \quad 10 \text{ kts} = 301 \text{ nm}$$

At full load the BUSL achieves 10 kts at 2200 ERPM with a fuel rate of approximately 11 gph. This translates to an endurance of

 $\frac{782 \text{ gal}}{[(11 \text{ gal/hr x 2 engines}) +1.95 \text{ gph}]} \times 10 \text{ kts} = 326 \text{ nm}$

At 2500 ERPM (full load plus cargo) the BUSL fuel consumption is approximately 19 gph which only translates to an endurance of 196 nm. The endurance trial data, engine parameters, were collected by CG Yard personnel and are presented in Appendix B for information.

2.4 Steering Trials

The steering trials consists of a number of tests to measure different aspects of the maneuverability of the BUSL. These data are presented in Appendix C.

2.4.1 Zig Zag Test

The zig zag maneuver is a definitive ship trial for measuring the rudder's ability to control the boat in calm water. A string potentiometer was attached to the rudder and was used to synchronize the execution of rudder maneuvers with the boat's heading. Heading was recorded using the yaw gyro of the motions package installed near the BUSL center of gravity. The BUSL's track was recorded using the DGPS Tacman41 system. Figure 4 illustrates the BUSL results for a 35 and 20 degree zig zag at full speed.



Figure 4 - Zig Zag Maneuvers



Table 2 - BUSL 49403 Zig Zag Results

	Time to Reach 2 nd Execute (sec)	Average Overshoot Yaw Angle (deg)	Average Period (sec)	Overshoot Width of Path (ft)
20/20 zig zag @ 2500 ERPM	8	12	34	98
35/35 zig zag @ 2500 ERPM	8	15	40	148

The time to reach second execute is a measure of the ability of the BUSL to rapidly change course. This is only slightly more than the time it takes a Coast Guard 41-foot Utility Boat (approximately six seconds) to reach its second execute. The average overshoot angle and overshoot width of path are indicative of the amount of anticipation the coxswain will need to operate in restricted waters.

2.4.2 Dieudonne Spiral Maneuver

The Dieudonne spiral test measures the directional stability, turn rate, and course-keeping ability of a boat in calm water. This is an important test that should be performed on the first of any new class of vessels. This test was conducted beyond the Annapolis Bay Bridge in water depths greater than 40 feet. The rudder angle was measured using a string potentiometer and the yaw rate was recorded using the motions package yaw rate gyro. The yaw rate information was averaged over a one-minute period of steady turning for incremental rudder commands. Figure 5 demonstrates the results of this test maneuver.



Figure 5 - Spiral Maneuver

There is little hysteresis in the plot which indicates that the BUSL 49403 has good directional stability and will be easy to keep on course. The little hysteresis apparent in the plot is in the noise of the instrumentation. The 49-foot BUSL may be paying the price for the good directional stability with its maneuverability as demonstrated by the large overshoot width of path and yaw angles in the zig zag results.

2.4.3 Turning Performance

Almost all ship maneuvers involve some degree of turning. Therefore, quantifying a vessel's turning maneuverability is important. The turning path of a vessel is characterized by four numerical measures: 1) advance, 2) transfer, 3) tactical diameter, and 4) steady turning diameter. Figure 6 illustrates these measures.



Figure 6 - Tactical Turning Maneuver

The advance is the distance from the point of execution when the rudder is quickly placed over to the desired setting to the point when the boat has turned 90 degrees. The transfer is the distance from the original approach course to the boat's center when it has turned 90 degrees. The tactical diameter is the distance from the original approach course to the point where the boat has turned 180 degrees. The steady turning diameter is different from the tactical diameter. The tactical diameter includes the initial transient part of the maneuver whereas the steady turning diameter reflects the footprint of the steady-state part of the maneuver only.

The trials were conducted in a calm area of water in the Patapsco River with approximately 40 feet of water depth near the CG Yard. Each run was started with the boat on a straight approach with a fixed throttle, i.e., engine RPM held constant. At the turning point, the rudder was rapidly moved to a specified angle and held there until the boat changed a course of 720 degrees. The track of the boat was measured by the

Tacman41 software. Corrections were also made for set and drift using the Tacman41 software. Six degrees of freedom of motion measured by the Humphreys motions package were recorded to a digital tape recorder. Figure 7 illustrates an example of BUSL 49403 tactical data captured by the Tacman41 software.



Horizontal Scale 40.0 M/Div

Figure 7 - Example of Test Run (10 deg rudder at 2500 ERPM)

Table 3 presents a summary of the tactical measurements collected during the underway trials of the 49403. It can be observed from Table 3 that there is no consistent bias to port or starboard. This means that there is no misalignment of the rudders or asymmetry in the controls fixed appendages. The tactical diameters are only slightly larger than the steady turn diameters. This indicates that there is little initial sliding of the boat in the transient part of the turn even at full rudder. An average speed loss in the turn across all the maneuvers is about 15%. Previous BUSL tactical data could not be identified for comparison to data collected on the 49403 BUSL. Therefore, a comparison was made to a 10 knot steady turn radius of a 41-FT UTB and the 10 knot turning radius of the 49 foot BUSL normalized to a 41 foot length. The results were comparable which is indicative of good turning performance of the BUSL 49403.

Initial Speed (kts)	Rudder (°/dir)	Eng. RPM	Time to Turn 180 deg (sec)	Time to Turn 360 deg (sec)	Steady Turning Dia. (ft)	Tactical Diameter (ft)	Advance @ 90 deg (ft)	Transfer @ 90 deg (ft)	Turning Spd _{avg} at180° (kts)
6.7	10° Port	1250	127	246	793	813	440	403	5.5
5.5	10° Stbd	1250	121	235	721	749	321	359	5.5
6.3	20° Port	1250	68	127	334	307*	176	160	5.5
6.2	20° Stbd	1250	68	139	400	391*	222	194	5.5
5.6	35° Port	1250	55	107	236	237	122	44	4.0
6.1	35° Stbd	1250	55	100	234	236	162	119	4.5
10.4	10° Port	2500	72	138	708	811	340	155	9.2
10.1	10° Stbd	2500	64	126	636	642	360	322	10.0
10.4	20° Port	2500	38	73	341	359	216	186	9.0
10.4	20° Stbd	2500	41	76	367	373	251	193	9.5
10.1	35° Port	2500	32	59	230	236	187	120	7.5
10.2	35° Stbd	2500	29	57	236	239	180	120	8.0

 Table 3 - 49403 Turning Performance Summary

* difficulty in correcting for set & drift resulted in tactical diameter slightly smaller than steady diameter

2.5 Emergency Stop Trial

An acceleration and crash stop test was conducted on 9 September in the Patapsco River near the CG Yard after the speed power trials. Time was only allowed for one direction runs. Standard testing procedures require reciprocal runs to be made to cancel current effects. Nevertheless, the results for one direction are as follows:

Crash Stop [12 sec to DIW - stops in 2.5 boat lengths]

Acceleration [17 sec to full speed - achieves full speed in 4.3 boat lengths]

The time for the throttle to move from full ahead to full astern was two seconds. The engines did not stall during the crash stop and moved no more than 0.2 inches in both directions in their mounts.

Appendix D presents the acceleration and crash stop time histories and data collected by CG Yard personnel.

2.6 Bollard Pull

A bollard pull was attempted on 28 August but was aborted because the bridle was attached to the aft cleats and came to a point at the pier-side bollard. This did not allow for a pivot point on the BUSL to control the pull against side current. The drifting of the BUSL around the end of the pier on 28 August resulted in a crushed connector on a load cell. A new bridle was constructed that attached to deck shackles and came to a 'V' at the stern. A 50K lb load cell was attached to the bridle end point on the BUSL. The bollard pull was performed on 9 September. The stern pull results are presented in Table 4.

Table 4 - Stern Bollard Pull

ERPM	Pull (lbs)	Torque	Shaft HP
1326	3790	580	64
1631	5740	880	112
1943	8120	1250	188
2189	10330	1960	265
2294	11085	1990	367

The BUSL 49403 could not achieve 2500 ERPM on 28 August. An engine rpm of 2300 at about 11K lbs was as high as it could go. It maintained this for three minutes before the turbocharger hose broke free. An additional 4:46 minutes was attempted before the water temperature became too high. A bow bollard pull was also performed. The BUSL 49403 achieved 8320 lbs in this configuration. The bow pull results are presented in Table 5.

Table 5 - Bow Bollard Pull

ERPM	Pull (lbs)
1300	2400
1600	3850
1900	5700
2200	7500
2400	8320

The CG Yard retested the bollard pull on 22 September. The BUSL easily maintained 2200 ERPM for the ten minute period required without any problems. The pulling strength of the 49403 exceeds the minimum required bollard pull of 6000 lbs. Appendix E presents the bollard pull data results.

2.7 Noise Survey

Noise measurements were made in several locations while the BUSL was underway at maximum speed. The 'A' weighted results are demonstrated in Table 6.

Table 6 - 'A' Weight Noise Results

Location Description	Average 'A' Weighted SPLs
Berthing Area Center of Compartment	68.6 dBA
Berthing Area Average of Head of Each	73.9 dBA
Berth	
Pilot House (one foot above chart table)	68.0 dBA
Galley and Mess (center of passageway)	75.1 dBA
Workshop	73.1 dBA
Work Deck (eight feet from stern)	83.3 dBA
Engine Room (between engines)	109.8 dBA

Both the 'A' weighted and 1/3 octave band measurement criteria were met in all of the designated spaces.

A far field noise survey was conducted on 9 September. A 41-FT UTB from Station Baltimore was used as the standoff vessel for conducting the measurements. The 41-FT UTB secured its engines for a background measurement using the B&K 2231 Precision Sound Level meter. A background sound pressure level of 65.5 dBA was recorded. The BUSL then proceeded at 2500 ERPM past the bow of the 41-FT UTB four times. The first time was very close, approximated at 50 feet or less while the other passes were about 100 ft +/- 10 ft. A measured 100 ft marker was not employed. The consensus of the BUSL test personnel was that the first data point should be discarded because the run was much less than 100 feet away from the 41-FT UTB. The variations noted in the SPL readings were +/- 1 dBA. The correction for a recorded noise source that is 7.3 dBA above the background noise is 0.8 dBA. The results are as follows

	<u>SPL</u>	Direction of Approach
	78.8 dBA	Port-(Discarded)
	71.0 dBA	Port
	77.9 dBA	Port
	<u>69.5 dBA</u>	Stbd
Avg.	72.8 dBA	

Corr. 72.0 dBA [+/- 1 dBA @ 100 ft +/- 10 ft]

Although this did not meet the 70 dBA far field noise requirement, it should be noted that measurements on the pre-production 49-foot BUSLs resulted in a far field noise level of 76 dBA.

During the 28 August speed/power trials significant vibrations were observed around 2300 ERPM and greater. The vibration was so severe that the feedback transmitter on the steering in the Lazarrette vibrated off. The port lube oil reduction gear seal also began to

leak around this time. The vibration source was isolated to local hull plating directly above the propellers. The CG Yard added several stiffeners which appeared to reduce the vibrations to an acceptable level. An accelerometer was installed on a stiffener adjacent to the hull plating during the 9 September sea trial. Vibration data were collected during these speed/power measurements to serve as a baseline for any future comparisons. The blade rate frequency is the dominant excitation source for most of the engine speeds tested. The vibration levels rapidly increased at 2100 ERPM. At this speed the amplitude of vibration is the most significant. At 2100 ERPM (actual was 2123 ERPM) the blade rate frequency was estimated as follows:

 $\frac{2123 \text{ (ERPM)}}{2.54 \text{ (red. gear ratio) x 60 (sec/min)}} \times 4 \text{ (blades)} = 56 \text{ Hz}$

The acceleration levels at the 2100 ERPM blade rate frequency are in a range where human response increases rapidly in severity based on SNAME guidelines for ship vibration. However, this may not be a reason for concern if these levels are localized to the lazarrette and not transmitted to a habitable space. It is difficult to determine based on these limited measurements whether of not the acceleration amplitude at 2100 ERPM is a resonant condition with the hull or non-resonant condition associated with cavitation. Noise and vibration data are presented in Appendix F.

2.8 Corrosion Survey

A corrosion test meter with a silver/silver chloride half cell (Yacht Corrosion Consultants, Inc. Model No. 296584) was used to test for sufficiency of sacrificial anodic protection in the 49403. The hull and steel through hull fitting readings were approximately 800 mV. Steel freely erodes at 425 mV and is protected at 675 mV. When the shore-tie was connected the reading went down to 700 mV. This means that the BUSL 49403's ground was connected to the shore power and there was no galvanic isolator or isolation transformer in the system. The BUSL 49403 is loosing zinc to the dock or other boats. A ZINC SAVER installed between the A.C. green wire system and D.C. bonding is recommended.

The stainless steel shafts and rudder posts were apparently bonded to the hull and protected. Bronze freely erodes at 120 mV and is protected at 380 mV. Therefore, the bronze fittings by the grid coolers are isolated from the hull and are protected when the shore tie is disconnected. The pictures of the zincs on the grid cooler recesses in Appendix E demonstrate significant erosion after only two weeks in the water. The tubes are copper/nickel and a reading was not obtained for the tubing. The results of the corrosion survey are presented in Appendix E.

3 Test Summary/Recommendations

Table 7 provides a quick-look summary of the testing conducted on the BUSL 49403. The CG Yard conducted many other dock-side tests not addressed in this report. This report addresses the majority of underway test requirements required by the 49-foot BUSL Production Specification and Test Memos No. 094-02 and 094-03. Because this was the

first production boat built by the CG Yard, it is expected that some changes would will occur to improve its performance. It is recommended, after the production run, some standardization trials be performed to verify that changes have not affected performance in any way. Speed/power, limited maneuvering, and noise and vibration checks should be performed after engine modifications, i.e., de-rating, and after outfitting of the vessel is completed.

Table 7 - Summary of Results

	eets all on-board noise requirements at full speed
	es not meet far-field noise of 70 dBA [72 dBA +/-1 dBA] ieves 10 kt design speed full load (@ 2200 ERPM) and
-	1 load + 16,000 lb cargo (@ 2300 ERPM)
Bollard Pull bo	llard pull maintained for 10 minutes at 2200 ERPM; far
exe	ceeds 6000 lbs of min. bollard pull
Turning Performance lar	ge vertical inboard rudders provide good turning
pe	rformance
Acceleration	od acceleration performance (17 sec to full speed in 4.3
bo	at lengths)
Crash/Stop exe	cellent crash stop performance; no engine stalling (12 sec
to	DIW in 2.5 boat lengths)
Corrosion loc	osing zinc to dock; otherwise adequate zinc protection
Weight les	s than 31.65 LT for light ship; LCG 18 ft fwd AP (30.75
LI	but not completely outfitted)
Zig zaggoo	od rudder responsiveness
Spiralexe	cellent directional stability
Vibrationvib	ration levels should be monitored in follow-on
BU	JSLs
Endurance	1 nm+@10 kts @ full load + 16,000 lbs cargo)

Appendix A Speed/Power Trials Data

1997
Trials
ower
Speed P
BUSL S

				9 Sept. 19	9 Sept. 1997 BUSL Test in Patapsco River	st in Patape	sco River									
(full load di	spl. + 16k	lb cargo; ba	(full load displ. + 16k lb cargo; based on red gear ratio of 2.54 to 1; gear efficiency of 97%; port shaft not instrumented; seas < 1 foot)	ar ratio of 2.5	4 to 1; gear	efficiency o	of 97%; port	shaft not in	Istrumented	; seas < 1 f	oot)					
Run No.	Start Time	Start Time End Time	Stbd SRPM	Stbd ERPM	Stbd TQ	Stbd SHP	Stbd SHP Stbd BHP Direction		Trim (deg)		Port Fuel			Stbd Fuel		DGPS spd.
										in (gpm)	out (gpm)	net (gph)	in (gpm)	out (gpm)	net (gph)	(kts)
2	-	-	393	998.2	240	18	18.54 A	A	TBD	0.47	0.44	1.8	0.39	0.36	1.8	5.5
e		-	394		230	16	16.5 B	8	TBD	0.47	0.44	1.8	0.39		2.4	5.5
4		-1	524			32	33.0 A	A	TBD	0.47	0.45	1.2	0.48	0.46	1.2	5.8
ŝ		-	523	1328.4			31.9 B	8	TBD	0.53	0.44				2.4	6.5
9			616			56	57.7 A	A	TBD	0.54	0.46	4.8	0.47	0.47	0	6.5
2		-	622		500	8	61.8 B	8	TBD	0.55	0.44	6.6	0.47	0.44	1.8	7.8
හ	-	-	752		800	116	119.5 A	×	TBD	0.42	0.2	13.2	0.47	0.42	e	8.5
6		-	753		810	118	121.5 B	8	TBD	0.4	0.28	7.2	0.47	0.39	4.8	8.8
10		-	870		1100	181	186.4 A	A	TBD	0.57	0.34	13.8	0.52	0.43	5.4	
11			870		1140	188	193.6 B	8	TBD	0.59	0.37	13.2	0.53	0.41	7.2	9.8
12		-	986		1410	262	269.9 A	4	TBD	0.58	0.28	18	0.56	0.37	11.4	10
13			985		1430	265	273.0 B	m	TBD	0.59	0.27	19.2	0.57	0.39	10.8	10.4
14	•	-	385		-	-	-	B	TBD	0.55	0.28	16.2	0.57	0.39	10.8	10.1
15	•		985		1320	271	279.1 A	A	TBD	0.58	0.26		0.57	0.37	12	10.5
16	1	•	202		650	84	86.5 B	ß	TBD	0.53	0.44	5.4	0.47	0.45	1.2	7.8
17	1	-	705			23	75.2 A	×	180	0.53	0.43	9	0.46	0.44	1.2	7.5
18		-	834		950	146	150.4 B	6	TBD	0.58	0.43	6	0.52	0.42	9	9.5
19	•	-	836			131	134.9 A	•	TBD	0.59	0.43	9.6	0.51	0.43	4.8	9.8
20	4	-	904		1050	222	228.7 B	6	TBD	0.62	0.43	11.4		0.41	7.8	10
21			913	2319.0	970	207	213.2 A	A	TBD	0.62	0.42	12	0.52	0.41	6.6	10
						28 /	28 August 1997 BUSL Test in Patapsco River	r BUSL Te	st in Patap	sco River						
			(fu	(full load displ.;	based on re-	d gear ratio	based on red gear ratio of 2.54 to 1; gear efficiency of 97%; stbd shaft not instrumented; seas < 1 foot)	; gear effic	iency of 97	%; stbd sha	ft not instru	mented; se	as < 1 foot)			

		r	T	—	5	<u>س</u>	í۵	G	5	n	2	4	ŝ	-	5	lin.	1	6
			DGPS spd.		5.5	5.5	6.6	6.6	7.5	8.8	8.2	9.4	10.8	10.4	10.2	10.5		10.8
				net (gph)	1.2	1.2	0	0	1.2	1.8	3.0	3.6	7.2	7.8	12.0	10.2		13.2
	()		Stbd Fuel	out (gpm)	0.19	0.19	0	0	0.28	0.27	0.16	0.15	0.0	0.08	0.12	0.32		0.12
	eas < 1 fool			(mdp) n	0.21	0.21	0	0	0.3	0.3	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.32	0.49		0.34
	umented; s			net (gph)	4.8	5.4	4.8	4.2	6.0	6.6	9.0	7.8	11.4	10.2	16.2	15.6		15.0
	ift not instru		Port Fuel	out (gpm) Ir	0.38	0.38	0.46	0.47	0.47	0.46	0.45	0.46	0.44	0.44	0.36	0.38		0.39
sco River	%; stbd she			o (mqg) i	0.46	0.47	0.54	0.54	0.57	0.57	0.60	65.0	0.63	0.61	0.63	0.64		0.64
28 August 1997 BUSL Test in Patapsco River	(full load displ.; based on red gear ratio of 2.54 to 1; gear efficiency of 97%; stbd shaft not instrumented; seas < 1 foot)		Trim (deg)	ų	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD		TBD
197 BUSL T	o 1; gear effi		Direction		×	в	A			В	×	8	×	8	×	В		
August 19	o of 2.54 tc		Port BHP		14.4 A	14.4 B	33.0 A	33.0 B	65.9 A	64.9 B	112.3 A		184.4 A	185.4 B	260.6 A	261.6 B		273.0 A
28	ed gear rat		Port SHP		14	14	32	32	64	ន	109	108	179	180	253	254		265
	based on r		M Port TQ		180	180	320	320	520	520	760	750	1080	1080	1350	1390		1400
	load displ.;		Port ERPM		1019	1024	1308	1308	1615	1618	1902	1910	2217	2220	2471	2471	not Run	2507
	(ful		Port SRPM	-	401	403	515	515	636	637	749	752	873	874	973	973	Max Speed Run - Reciprocal Course not Run	987
			End Time	-	1233	1240	1251	1259	110	119	129	136	148	153	202	310	Run - Recip	0
			Start Time		1230	1238	1245	1257	107	116	127	134	146	151	159	308	Max Speed	0
			Run No.		2	8	ŋ	9	7	12	13	4	15	16	17	18		19



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TEST MEMORANDUM

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

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DATA SHE	FULL LOAD + 16KID		ili i
STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
	SPEED/POWER TRIAL		
(a) (2) (a) (3) (a) (4)	@ 1000 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate (ST&D) Running Trim ST&D SHR	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH Deg +aft/-fwd	NA NA 5.5 KTC 1.8 GPH 0.9 DFG 17 SHP
(a) (2) (a) (3) (a) (4)	@ 1300 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate Running Trim STRP SHR	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH Deg +aft/-fwd	N A N A 6.2 LTC 3.3 G7H 0.9 DEG 32 SHP
(a) (2) (a) (3) (a) (4)	<pre>@ 1600 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate Running Trim STRD SHR</pre>	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH Deg +aft/-fwd	HIA NIA 7.2 KTS 5.7 GPH 0.980FG 58 SHP
(a) (2) (a) (3) (a) (4)	@ 1900 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate Running Trim STBD SHR	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH Deg +aft/-fwd	HIA NIA 10.7 KTS 10.7 GPH. 1.0 DEG 117SHP
(a) (2) (a) (3) (a) (4)	© 2200 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate Running Trim STGD SHP	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH Deg +aft/-fwd	N/A N/A 9.7 KTS 14.0 GPH 1.3 DEE 185 SHR

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	TEST MEMORANDUM U.S. COAST GUARD YARD	LEAD SHOP J.O. NO. Page <u>9</u>	
data she	FULL LOAD + 16K 1		<u> </u>
STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	actual Results
(a) (2) (a) (3) (a) (4)	SPEED/POWER TRIAL (cont'd) @ 2500 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate Running Trim $\varsigma_{T} g_{D} S H \varphi$ ENDURANCE TRIAL	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH Deg +aft/-fwd	NIA NIA 10.2 KTS 19.0 GPH 2.1 DEG 2645HP
(b) (2)	<pre>@ 15 MINUTES Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD
(b) (2)	<pre>@ 30 MINUTES Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD
b) (2)	<pre>@ 45 MINUTES Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD

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Appendix B Endurance Trial Data

TEST MEMORANDUM

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STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
(b) (2)	ENDURANCE TRIAL (cont'd) @ 60 MINUTES \700 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	60 60 160 140 170 160 557 490
(b) (2)	FWD PILOTHOUSE CONSOLE READINGS @ 60 MINUTES ONLY 1700 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure Engine Oil Temperature Engine Jacket Water Temperature Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	30 60 160 150 190 210
(b) (2)	@ 75 MINUTES 17(5 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD 2509 2503 60 60 160 140 170 170 575 560 Lo Gauce
(b) (2)	<pre>@ 90 MINUTES \730 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>		ENGINE PORT STBD 2507 2502 60 60 160 140 170 170 580 554 M0 60000
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STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
	SPEED/POWER TRIAL (cont'd)		
(a) (2) (a) (3)	<pre>@ 2500 Engine RPM Starting Direction Time Opposite Direction Time Average Time/Speed Fuel Flow Rate</pre>	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time Time/Knots GPH	
(a) (4)	Running Trim	Deg aft/-fwd	
(b) (2)	ENDURANCE TRIAL Start 1600 @ 15 MINUTES 1615 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD 2512 2509 60 60 150 140 170 170 570 520 N/A N/A
(b) (2)	<pre>@ 30 MINUTES \630 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD 2508 2505 60 60 160 140 170 170 560 550 10 64060
(b) (2)	<pre>@ 45 MINUTES \\GQS Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STBD 2.508 2.502 60 60 160 140 170 170 578 541 10 640

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ET		
DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
ENDURANCE TRIAL (cont'd) @ 105 MINUTES \745 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature	30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F	60 65 160 140 170 170
<pre>@ 120 MINUTES (%) Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature</pre>	30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F	60 160 170 170 170 570 534
AFT PILOTHOUSE CONSOLE READINGS @ 120 MINUTES ONLY \'800 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure Engine Oil Temperature Engine Jacket Water Temperature Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature	2450-2550 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F 650-850 deg F 150-210 deg F	ENGINE PORT STED 2500 2500 45 60 140 150 200 220 400 400 100 6440
MN ENG/RED GEAR PIPING SYSTEMS LEAK/DEFECT INSPECTION Mn Eng Sea Water Piping Mn Eng Jacket Water Piping Mn Eng Lube Oil Piping Red Gear Lube Oil Piping	Leaks/Defects None None None None None	ENGINE PORT STED LONG LONG LONG LONG LONG NONG LONG NONG NONG LONG
	ENDURANCE TRIAL (cont'd) @ 105 MINUTES \745 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature @ 120 MINUTES \800 Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE) Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature AFT PILOTHOUSE CONSOLE READINGS @ 120 MINUTES ONLY \800 Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure Engine Oil Pressure Engine Jacket Water Temperature Engine Exhaust Gas Temperature Reduction Gear Oil Temperature Engine Jacket Water Temperature MN ENG/RED GEAR PIPING SYSTEMS LEAK/DEFECT INSPECTION Mn Eng Sea Water Piping Mn Eng Jacket Water Piping Mn Eng Jacket Water Piping Mn Eng Lube Oil Piping	DATA OR FUNCTIONEXPECTED RESULTSENDURANCE TRIAL (cont'd)0105 MINUTES (745Engine Speed2450-2550 RPMEngine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE)30-70 psigEngine Oil Temperature180-250 deg FEngine DW Temp (SR200 GAUGE)55-185 deg FEngine Exhaust Gas Temperature650-850 deg FEngine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE)30-70 psigEngine Oil Temperature180-250 deg FEngine Oil Temperature155-185 deg FEngine Exhaust Gas Temperature650-850 deg FReduction Gear Oil Temperature150-210 deg FAFT PILOTHOUSE CONSOLE READINGS2450-2550 RPM@ 120 MINUTES ONLY \%\circ2450-2550 RPMEngine Oil Pressure150-210 deg FEngine Oil Pressure155-185 deg FEngine Oil Temperature650-850 deg FEngine Oil Temperature650-850 deg FEngine Oil Pressure155-185 deg FEngine Exhaust Gas Temperature650-850 deg FISO-210 deg F150-210 deg FMN ENG/RED GEAR PIPING SYSTEMS150-210 deg FMn Eng Jacket Water Piping Mn Eng Jacket Water Piping Mn Eng Lube Oil PipingNone None

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STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
	LOAD TEST		
(c) (1)	<pre>@ 30 MINUTES Generator Power Output Generator Voltage Generator Frequency Generator Amps Engine Jacket Water Temp Engine Lube Oil Pressure</pre>	20 KW 116-126 VAC 57-62 Hz N/A 170-210 deg F 35-60 psig	120
(1)	<pre>@ 60 MINUTES Generator Power Output . Generator Voltage Generator Frequency Generator Amps Engine Jacket Water Temp Engine Lube Oil Pressure</pre>	20 KW 116-126 VAC 57-62 Hz N/A 170-210 deg F 35-60 psig	120 60 175 75
c) (1)	<pre>@ 90 MINUTES Generator Power Output Generator Voltage Generator Frequency Generator Amps Engine Jacket Water Temp Engine Lube Oil Pressure</pre>	20 KW 116-126 VAC 57-62 Hz N/A 170-210 deg F 35-60 psig	120 60 175 75
c) (1)	<pre>@ 120 MINUTES Generator Power Output Generator Voltage Generator Frequency Generator Amps Engine Jacket Water Temp Engine Lube Oil Pressure</pre>	20 KW 116-126 VAC 57-62 Hz N/A 170-210 deg F 35-60 psig	175

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Appendix C Steering Trials Data BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (1250 ERPM 10 deg Port Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (1250 ERPM 10 deg Stbd Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (1250 ERPM 20 deg Port Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (1250 ERPM 20 deg Stbd Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (1250 ERPM 35 deg Stbd Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (1250 ERPM 35 deg Port Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (2500 ERPM 10 deg Port Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (2500 ERPM 10 deg Stbd Turn)





C-10

BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (2500 ERPM 20 deg Port Turn)



BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997 (2500 ERPM 35 deg Port Turn)







C-13

(Example of Speed Profile for a 2500 ERPM 20 deg Port Turn) BUSL 49403 8 Sept 1997



(Example of Speed Profile in a 2500 ERPM 35 deg Port Turn) BUSL 8 Sept 1997















C-21





C-23



C-24

Turning rate vs Rudder Angle

0

Average Turning Rates in Degrees per Second for BUSL 49403. Data Taken From Spiral Curve Data, September 1997

Rudder Angle Degrees	Turn Rate Deg./Sec.
35	4.61
20	3.61
15	2.89
10	2.13
5	1.15
3	0.80
1	0.69

o Average Rudder Time from 35 Degrees Port to 35 Degrees Starboard

Average Rudder Time in seconds, as taken from the 35 deg. Zig Zag maneuver in manual mode 10.4 Sec.

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Appendix D Acceleration/Crash Stop Trials Data

BUSL 9 Sept 1997 (Acceleration and Crash Stop - One Direction Only)



U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO.			
TEST	MEMO	NO.	09	4-02
LEAD	SHOP		X-2	3
J.O.	NO			
PAGE	13	OF	•	22
REV I	ATE _	08/	18/	97
	_		1	1

STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
	STEERING TRIAL		-
(d) (3)	Contractor to provide report of rudder angle rate and times. Attach to memo as Attachment D.		
(đ) (4)	Manual Steering Mode	Satisfactory	Sat DPS
(đ) (5)	Aft Helm Mode	Satisfactory	Sat DPS Sat DPS
	EMERGENCY STOP TRIAL		
(e) (l)	Time for Throttle Movement from Full Ahead to Full Astern	≤ 4 seconds	J 526
(e) (2)	Movement of Engines Resulting from Emergency Stop "FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES"	N/A N/A	Port quad to for Stbd 4s toro for 200 Both P+S
(e) (3)	Verify the Following: Engine Mount Adequacy Propulsion Control Response Stalling of Engines Lube Oil System Leaks Fuel Oil System Leaks Exhaust System Leaks Foundation Structural Defects	Satisfactory Satisfactory No None None None None	JUS 9.4.97 OF OF NONE NONE NONE NONE LONE

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Appendix E Bollard Pull Data

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AUG. -19' 97 (TUE) 09:05

TEST MEMORANDUM

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO.		
TEST	MEMO	NO	094-02
LEAD			x-23
J.O.			
PAGE	14	G	F 22
REV I	ATE	0	/18/97
			1

DATA SHE	ET		
STEP	DATA OR FUNCTIÓN	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
	BOLLARD PULL		
(f) (2)	Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE)	≤ 2500 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F	
(f) (4)	Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE)	≤ 2500 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F	
	STEP (f)(7) FOR HULL 49403 ONLY		
(f) (7)	Load Cell Reading @ 1300 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 1600 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 1900 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 2200 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 2500 RPM MAX ELPM OSTALLED 2300 If Load Cell Reading Reaches 12,000 lbs Before 2500 RPM Record Engine RPM	<pre>≤ 12,000 lbs ≤ 2500 RPM</pre>	3790 165 5740 16. 9120 16 10330 16 11085 16
	LOAD CELL DID NO REACH IZKIDS	Ĩ	

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E-2
U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO		
TEST	MEMO T	NO.	094-02
LEAD	SHOP		(-23
J.O.	NO		
PAGE	14	OF	22
REV I	DATE _	08/1	8/97
			-1.

STEP	DATA OR FUNCTION	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTUAL RESULTS
	BOLLARD PULL		PORT STB
(f) (2) Å~⊳	Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE)	≤ 2500 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F	2242 . 2314 70 65 130 120 175 170
(f) (4)	Engine Speed Engine Oil Pressure(SF15 GAUGE) Engine Oil Temperature Engine JW Temp (SR200 GAUGE)	≤ 2500 RPM 30-70 psig 180-250 deg F 155-185 deg F	
	STEP (f)(7) FOR HULL 49403 ONLY		
(f) (7)	Load Cell Reading @ 1300 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 1600 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 1900 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 2200 RPM Load Cell Reading @ 2500 RPM	$\leq 12,000$ lbs $\leq 12,000$ lbs $\leq 12,000$ lbs $\leq 12,000$ lbs $\leq 12,000$ lbs $\leq 12,000$ lbs	
	If Load Cell Reading Reaches 12,000 lbs Before 2500 RPM Record Engine RPM	<u><</u> 2500 RPM	
	Desperation for a trans And Stoped Queen of 10 min for The S		.



OCT. -10' 97 (FRI) 12:21

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TEL:4106367458

DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION U.S. COAST GUARD COYARD-229 (Rev. 12/95)	INTRA-YARD CORRESPONDENCE Cifics Code Sheet 1 of 1 Date	<u>x 23</u> 9-23 97
FROM: DON SHIELDS X-23	y be prepared with ball point pen or pencil - Typing is not require TO: Commanding Officer, YARD Industrial Manager Financial Manager Financial Manager	dnager Inager
SUBJECT: RETEST OF BOLLARD PULL ON 49403	Support Manager Support Manager Quality Manager Quality Manager Chief, Dept. Chief, Chief, Div. Chief, Shop Head X Shop Head X (Specify) X, T, K URNER (Specify)	Dept. Div. J. RICE
ACTION/HESPONSE	ON 9-22-97 WE RETESTED THE BOLLARD PULL ON 49 FOLLOWING RESULTS; PORT ENGINE SPEED 2215 ENGINE OIL PSI (SF15) 55 * * (SF10) 55 ENGINE L/O TEMP. 130 ENGINE L/O TEMP. 130 ENGINE J/W TEMP. (SR200) 200 * * (SR205) 185 TRANS. GEAR OIL PSI 340 TESTING HELD FOR TEN MINUTES. ALL READINGS TAKEN AT LOCAL GAUGE BOARDS AS TO BOARDS DO NOT READ PROPERLY.	STBD 2210 55 55 130 208 195 325
OFFICE OR LC 5 DIVISION 345 INITIALS OF 7497 RESPONSI- 7487	ACTION & DISTRIBUTION Originator - Forward original to add (through the chain of c	ommand) if
DATE 7/28/57	applicable. Retain cop Addressee - Write response on 229 originator. Retain cop	y for file. and return to

[BLANK]

Appendix F Noise Data

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO.				
TEST	MEMO	NO	_0	94-0)2
LEAD	SHOP		X-3	23	
J.O.	NO.				
PAGE	15	OF	•	22	
REV I	DATE	08/	18	/97	
	-				

DATA SHEET	Bi	<u> 251-</u>	494	¢3_	85	xEPTE M	BER	1997	•	
	ости	AVE B	AND CEN	NTER FI	REQ.(H:	z)				
	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dba

1	PIL	OTHOU	SE AP	PROXIM	ATE CE	NTER OF	r Compar	TMENT			
MAX ALLOWABLE	90	84	79	76	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	76	
FULL POWER RESULTS	80.7	81.4	72.4	67.9	L	Ш	W	Ш	Ц	67.9	70.4 65.6
	8¢.3	83.4	74.¢	64.5	LL_	Ц		·Ψ	U	67.5	68.3
MAX Allowable	90	84	79	76	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	
BUOY OPS RESULTS]
NESO DAS]

BOOY HYDRAULICS NOT YET INSTALLED

LOCATION

FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #1- ONE FOOT ABOUE CHART TABLE CENTER FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #2- ONE FOOT ABOVE CHART TABLE CENTER BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #1-_____ BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #2-

"I" - UNDER RANGE OF SOUND LEVEL METER

WINDOWS WEDE CLOSED & AL ON FULL LOAD + CARGO 2500 ERPM

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO		
TEST	MEMO	NQ.	094-02
LEAD	SHOP		X-23
J.O.	NO		
PAGE	16	_ OF	22
REV I	DATE	08/	18/97

DATA SHEET	BU	کر د	1940	3	8 SF	PIEMB	FR	1997		
	ости	AVE BA	AND CEN	NTER FI	REQ.(Hz	z)				
	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dBA

2	BER	THING	AREA	APPROX	IMATE	CENTER	OF COMP	ARTMEN	T]
MAX Allowable	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84]
FULL POWER RESULTS	75.3	કુવ.9	73.2	75.4	62.2	62.4	Ш	Ц	Ш	68.4	60
	76.3	87.4	75.¢	74.8	62.3	64-4		Ш	L	68.7	74
MAX Allowable	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84	
BUOY OPS RESULTS											

BUDY HTDRAULICS NOT YET INSTALLED

LOCATION

FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #1- <u>CENTER OF COMPARTMENT</u> FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #2- <u>CENTER OF COMPARTMENT</u> BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #1-BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #2-"<u>U</u>". UNDER RANGE OF SOUND LEVEL METER DOOR CLOSED & AC ON FULL LOAD + CARGO ZICO ERPM

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO.				
TEST		NQ_	0	94-0	2
LEAD	SHOP		X-	23	
J.O.	NO.				
PAGE	17	OF	, 	22	
REV I	DATE	08/	18	/97	
	_				

DATA SHEET	Bus	ل ك	1940	3	8 <u>5</u> 5	PTEMS	3ER-	1997		
	ости	AVE B	AND CEI	NTER FI	REQ.(H:	z)				
	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dBA

	3		BER	THING	AREA	HEAD O	F EACH	BERTH				
	MAX ALLOWAI	BLE	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84
PORT	FULL POWER	1	81.8	96.8	84.6	60.6	Ц	Ш		Ц	U	72.9
PORT Bestion	RESULTS	2	81.8	96.5	69.7	74.1	62.8	Ш	Ц	N		74.5
STED Top		3	85.2	98.9	84.2	68.9	L	L_	Ш	U	W	74.9
STBD BOTTOM		4	75.7	51.0	EL.S	73.3	64.9	63.1	Ц	L	\mathbb{N}	73.3
	MAX ALLOWAI	3LE	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84
	BUOY OPS											
	RESOLIT	2		B	007	HYDRA	DLICS	NOT YE	t inst	ALLE	>	
		3									•	
		4								-		
								METEN	RC	- ON		
F	FULL POWE	ER N	IEASURI	EMENT	#1- <u>c</u>	DHE F	1007 A	FOUE	нғар	TIAC	EMEN	<u> </u>
F	FULL POWE	ER M	IEASURI	EMENT	#2		ONT	SERTH				
E	BUOY OPS	MEA	SUREMI	ENT #1							····	
E	BUOY OPS	MEA	SUREM	ENT #2	?							

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO.				
TEST	MEMO	NO.	09	4-02	2
LEAD	SHOP		<u> X-2</u>	3	
J.O.	NO.				
PAGE	18	_ OF		22	
REV I	DATE _	08/	18/	97	
	-				

DATA SHEET	Bos	≥L_L	494c	3	8 (EPTE	MREI	2 199	<i>i</i> +			
OCTAVE BAND CENTER FREQ.(Hz)												
	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dba		

4	GAL	GALLEY AND MESS AREA											
MAX ALLOWABLE	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84			
FULL POWER RESULTS	78.5	91.4	76.4	75.6	71.3	71-6	67.5	Ш	U	75.7			
	80.1	88.0	75.7	75.8	70.3	69.3	64-7	<u> </u>		745			
MAX Allowable	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84			
BUOY OPS		BUO	1 441	RALIL	NOT	YET	NSTAL	ED					
RESULTS	/								1	1			

"L" - UNDER RANGE OF SCOND LEVEL METER

DOORS CLOSED + ACON LOCATION

FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #1- GALLET/MESS PASSAGE WAY - FRAME NO.6 FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #2- <u>2-FT ABOUE DECK</u>

BUOY ORS MEASUREMENT #1-_____

BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #2-____

F-5

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL					
TEST	MEMO	NO.	_0	94-0	2
	SHOP				
J.O.	NO.				
PAGE	19	OF	•	22	
REV I	DATE	08/	18	/97	
				,	

											ר			
DATA SHEET	B	USI	49:4	103	જ	SEP	TEMBE	R I	4997					
	ост	OCTAVE BAND CENTER FREQ.(Hz)												
	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dBA	1			
[1	_l	I	I	I	<u>.</u>	.l		<u> </u>		ך ר			
5	WOR	KSHOP												
MAX ALLOWABLE	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84				
FULL POWER RESULTS	87.2	86.9	80.2	73.2	69.5	68.4	64.3	L	U	72.7	72. 71.			
	885	88.0	79.7	74.5	68.8	68.9	65.7	L		73.4	73.			
MAX Allowable	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	82				
BUOY OPS RESULTS		800	· H~15	DRAUL	(SN	ot ye	T INS	AUE	>		1			

"L"- UNDER RANGE OF SOUND LEVEL METER

	CLOSED + AC ON		ATION		
FULL POWER	MEASUREMENT #1	FT ABOVE DE	CK 3-FT	FROM	PORT
FULL POWER	MEASUREMENT #2i-	HULL 3-FT	AFT OF	HEAD	BKHD
	EASUREMENT #1	I			
BUOY OPS MI	EASUREMENT #2				

hM

U.S. COAST GUARD YARD

HULL	NO		
TEST	MEMO	NO_	094-02
LEAD	SHOP		(-23
J.O.	NO		
PAGE	20	OF	22
REV D	ATE _	08/1	.8/97

DATA SHEET	Bo	SI.	494(23	85	RIF	NBER	- 19'	£?			
	DATA SHEET BULL 49403 & SEPTEMBER 1997 OCTAVE BAND CENTER FREQ.(Hz)											
	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dba		

6	WOR	K DECI	K]
MAX Allowable	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	84	
FULL POWER RESULTS	80.1	94.9	94-5	34.3	81.1	76.2	73,9	69.1	65.3		83. 81.
NEODIO	78.1	94.6	94.Z	83.1	79.5	76.5	73.6	69.1	66-\$	83.6	00000
MAX Allowable	105	100	95	90	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	82	
BUOY OPS RESULTS		800	7 475	SRAULI	ls no	T YET	INSTAI	LED]
NESUELS											

DOORS CLOSED I HATCHES CLOSED	LOCATION		
FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #1- 3-FT ABOUT	PDECK	(FATERLINE	.8-FT
FULL POWER MEASUREMENT #2- FLOM STE		1	
BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #1			

BUOY OPS MEASUREMENT #2-

٤

7	FAR FIELD NOISE										
MAX ALLOWABLE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	
FULL POWER RESULTS										72	

* N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

SEE REPORT DISCUSSION

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The following SPLs were collected in the BUSL engine room. These data were not required as part of Test Memo No. 094-02.

BUSL 49403 8 September 1997

Engine Room												
Full	31.5	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dBA		
Pwr.												
Results												
	91.3	109.4	105,5	104.6	102.1	104.9	103.2	98.5	99.5	108.9 ^{109.4} 108.4		
	91.3	111.7	107.3	105.3	103.1	105.5	104.2	99.2	99.8	110.7 111.1 110.6		

Centerline of boat 4-ft Aft of engine room door

















1-1



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Appendix G Corrosion Survey

CORROSION SURVEY REPORT Name of Boat BUSL Registration # 49403Hull Material STEE(Reason for Survey INITIAL DETERMINATION OF SUFFICIENCY OF SACRIFICIAL ANODIL PROTECTION ON ILT PRODUCTION BUSI Owner (G TARO Phone Address____ City/State____ - ENG QUID COOLER 04301 01430) HULL (800) OVENIL BOO) C. INLET OSW SUCT (760) O SW DISCH (760) (850) /(250) O DECK WALH (760) ENG. 0 (600) AUX SW SULT (760) (850) O SW SULT (760) 17:00 ENG . O SW DISCH (760) 0 VENT (800) O SW SUCT (760) 10(4:0) O(3:0) (OH30) ((410) GEN 6212 COULER / ENG GRO COOLER O = Through hull fitting = transducer = shaft = sacrificial anode BROWLE FITTINGS 💭 = A.C. inlet = shaft log TUBING IS CORVER! = rudder shaft = engine NILKLE = rudder shaft log = strainer = shaft brush RESULTS BOOMV to HULL W/O SHORE TIE BUT FOOMV to HULL WI SHORE TIE CONNECTED A.C. Stray current Present_____ D.C. Stray current Present ___ RECOMMENDATIONS INSTALL FINC SAJER Signed_ Surveyor

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OwnerPhone				
Address	City/State			~
	·			
			2	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
○ = Through hu ✓ = shaft	ll fitting		$\int = \text{transo}$	ducer ficial anode
= shaft log			$\Box = \text{Sach}$	
= rudder sha			= engine	
= rudder sha			- strain	ner
RESULTS				
A.C. Stray current	Present		****	
D.C. Stray current				
RECOMMENDATIONS		·····		·····

49403 GRID COOLER EROSION





[AFTER] - Approximately 2-weeks in water