

FY 87 ENERGY SURVEY

OF

DESIGNATED U.S. ARMY GARRISON HONSHU BUILDINGS 1 & 8

TOKYO, JAPAN

ENERGY ENGINEERING

ANALYSIS PROGRAM

US ARMY CONTRACT NO. DACA79-87-C-0060

PRE-FINAL SUBMITTAL

19971016 203

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- I. Introduction/Background: This study includes a complete energy audit and analysis for Buildings 1 and 8 at the Akasaka Press Center, Tokyo, Japan. Building 1 is a six story, 54,200 square foot building which contains administrative offices on the first through third floor, and bachelors' enlisted quarters and officers' quarters on the fourth through sixth floor. Building 8 is a four story, 91,000 square foot building which houses the offices, printing, and press operations of the newspaper, "Pacific Stars and Stripes".
- II. Present Energy Consumption and Costs: Present energy consumption and costs for FY87 for Buildings 8 and 1, based on utility records and based on an exchange rate of 163.1 yen per U. S. dollar for FY87 are summarized as follows:

Total Energy Costs: The energy costs for Building 8 totaled \$230,388 in FY87. A breakdown of the utility costs is shown in Figure E-1. Approximately 86% of the cost for energy was for electricity, while fuel oil accounted for 13% and coal gas for the remaining 1%. The energy costs for Building 1 totaled \$118,630 in FY87. A breakdown of the utility costs is shown in Figure E-2. Electricity represented approximately 77% of the total energy cost, while fuel oil accounted for the remaining 23%.

A summary of the total energy costs for both buildings is shown in Figure E-3. Total annual energy cost for the buildings amounted to \$344,018 in FY87.

10 AC 0

ELECTRICITY: \$36.75/MBTU \$0.1110/KWH

FUEL OIL:

COAL GAS (0.9%)

\$4,022

\$4.69/MBTU \$0.65/GAL.

FUEL OIL (13.0%)

\$29,583

\$11.68/MBTU \$11.68/1000 CF COAL GAS:

ELECTRICAL RATE SCHEDULE

(INCLUSIVE OF DISCOUNTS)

\$8.70 / 10. DEMAND:

SUMMER ENERGY CHARGE (JUNE THRU SEPT):

\$19.28/MBTU \$0.0658/KWH

OTHER THAN SUMMER CHARGE: \$16.82/MBTU \$0.0574/KWH ELECTRICITY (86.1%)

\$196,783

COULTRICA

34 B 250 # ,0658 #

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E SE

TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY COST: \$230,388

ELECTRICITY: \$44,24/MBTU \$0.1510/KWH

FUEL OIL:

\$4.69/MBTU \$0.65/GAL.

ELECTRICAL RATE SCHEDULE

(INCLUSIVE OF DISCOUNTS)

DEMAND:

\$8.75/KW

SUMMER ENERGY CHARGE (JUNE THRU SEPT):

\$31.23/MBTU \$0.1066/KWH

OTHER THAN SUMMER CHARGE:

\$27.69/MBTU \$0.0945/KWH

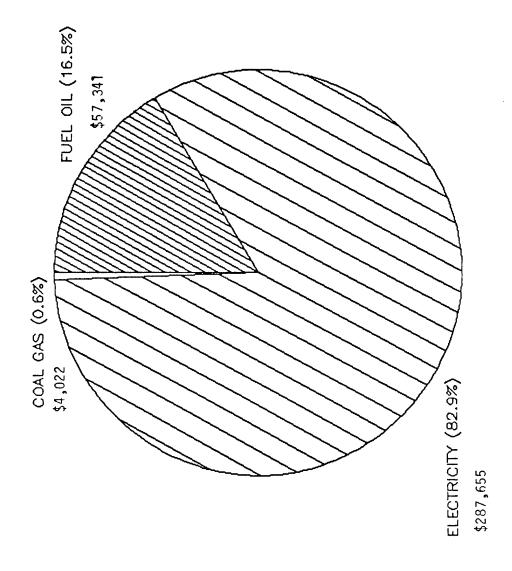
ELECTRICITY (76.6%)

\$90,872

FUEL OIL (23.4%) \$27,758

TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY: \$118,630

FIG. E-3: FY37 ENERGY COST FOR BUILDING 1 & 8



TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY COST: \$349,018

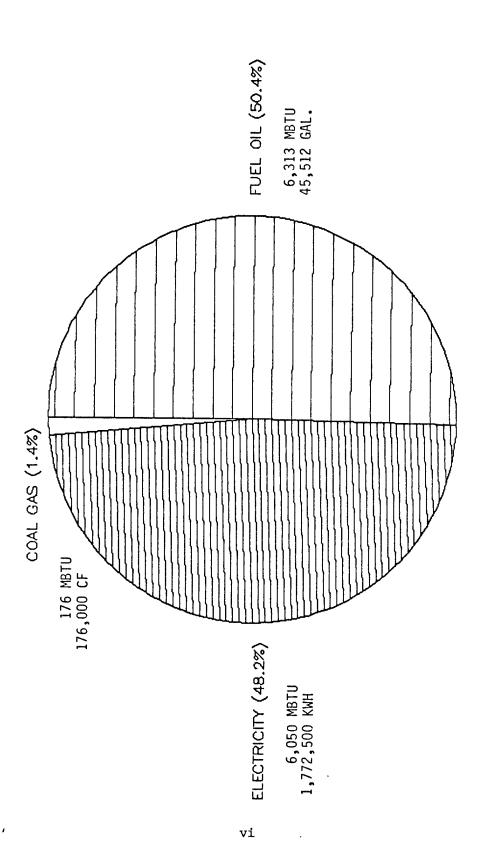
Total annual energy consumption in Building 8 is shown in Figure E-4. The total annual energy consumption for the building of 12,539 MBtu is categorized as follows: 48% is for electricity, 50% is for fuel oil, and 2% is for coal gas. A more detailed breakdown of current electrical consumption, fuel oil consumption, and coal gas consumption is included in Figures E-5, E-6, and E-7, respectively.

Total annual energy consumption for Building 1 is also shown in Figure E-8. The total annual energy consumption of 7,976 MBtu is comprised of 74% for fuel oil and 26% for electricity. A breakdown of current electrical consumption and fuel oil consumption for Building 1 are also included in Figures E-9 and E-10, respectively.

Overall annual energy consumption of the facilities totaled 20,515 MBtu as shown in Figure E-11.

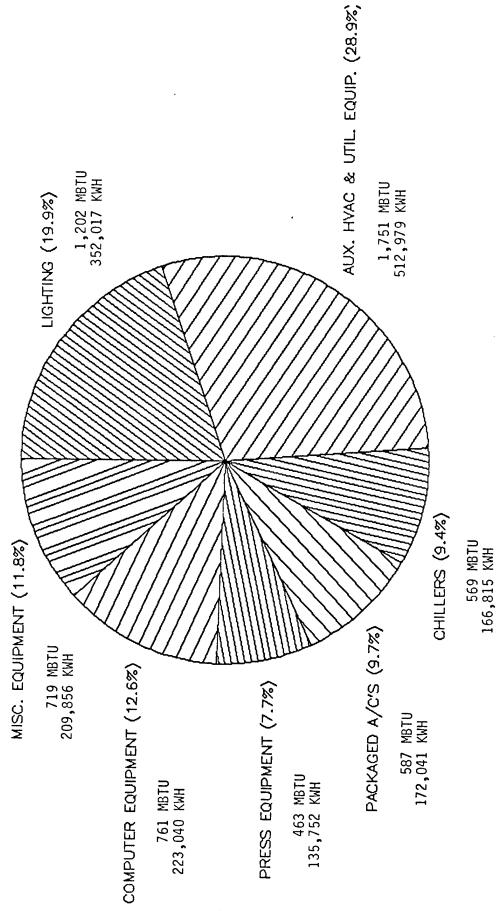
Total maintenance, operation and repair costs for Building 8 amounted to \$104,459 in FY87 as shown in Figure E-12. Approximately 68.0% of the costs were for operation of the boiler plant, 10% of the cost was for boiler maintenance and repair, while the remaining 22% was for upkeep of the air conditioning systems.

Total maintenance, operation and repair costs for Building 1 amounted to \$101,077 in FY87 and is included in Figure E-13. Approximately 70.3% of the cost was for operation of the boiler plant, 6.5% was for boiler maintenance and repair, and the remaining 23.3% was for upkeep of the air conditioning systems. Total maintenance, operation and repair costs for upkeep of the hvac equipment for Buildings 8 and 1 totaled \$205,536 in FY87.



TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION: 12,539 MBTU

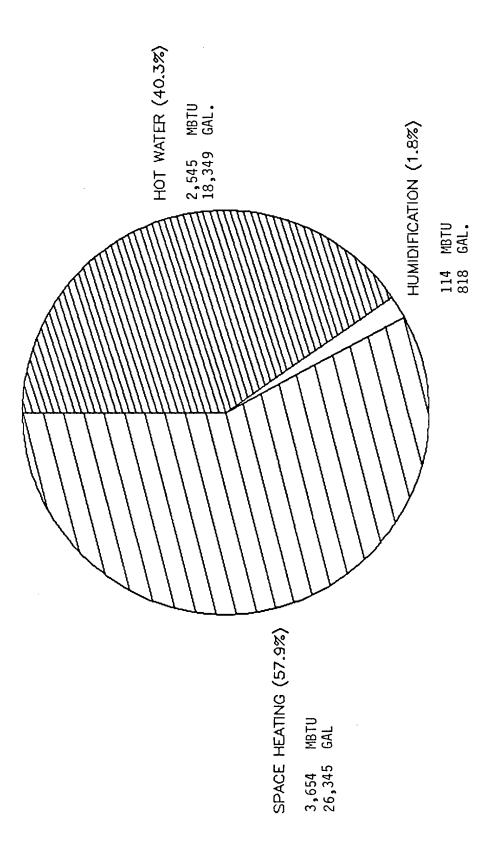
FIG. E-5: BREAKDOWN OF PRESENT ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 8 (FY87)



TOTAL ANNUAL ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION:

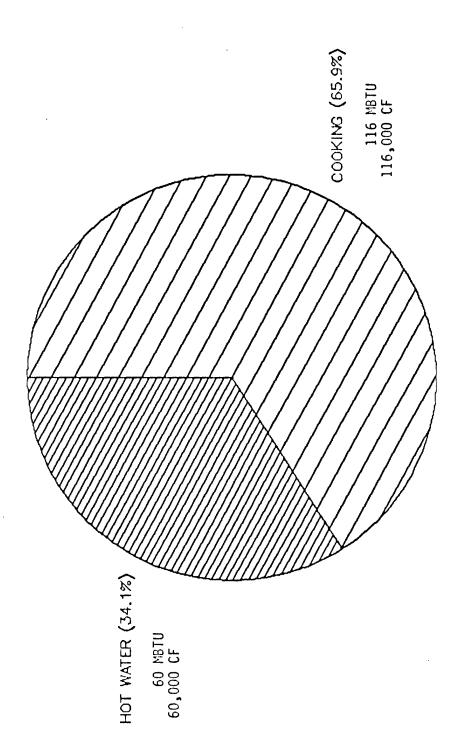
6,050 MBTU 1,772,500 KWH

vii



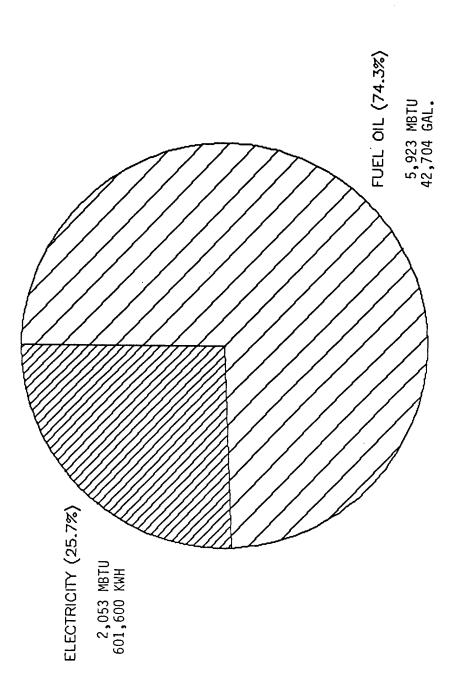
TOTAL ANNUAL FUEL OIL CONSUMPTION: 6,313 MBTU 45,512 GALLONS

viii

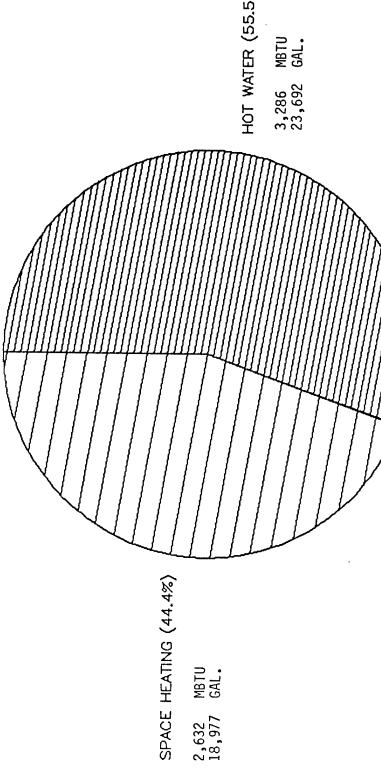


TOTAL ANNUAL COAL GAS CONSUMPTION: 176 MBTU 176,000 CUBIC FEET

FIG. E-8: PRESENT ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 1 (FY87)



TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION: 7,976 MBTU



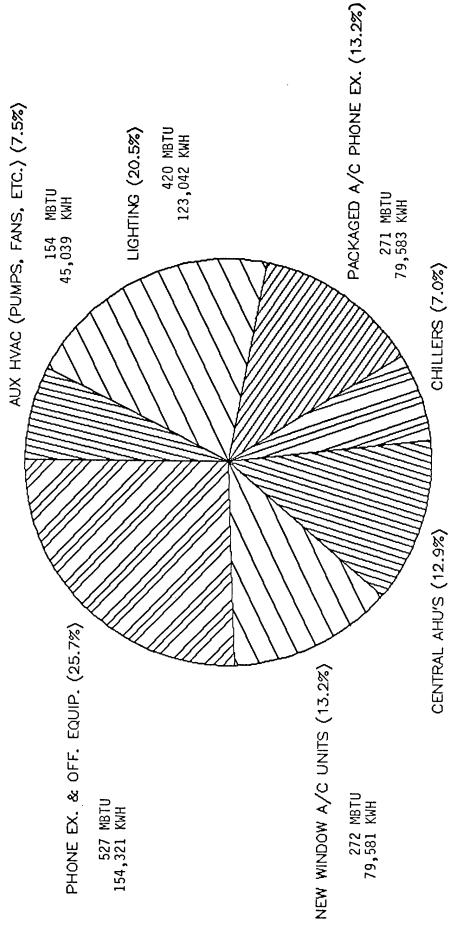
HOT WATER (55.5%)

HUMIDIFICATION (0.1%)

MBTU GAL.

TOTAL ANNUAL FUEL OIL CONSUMPTION:

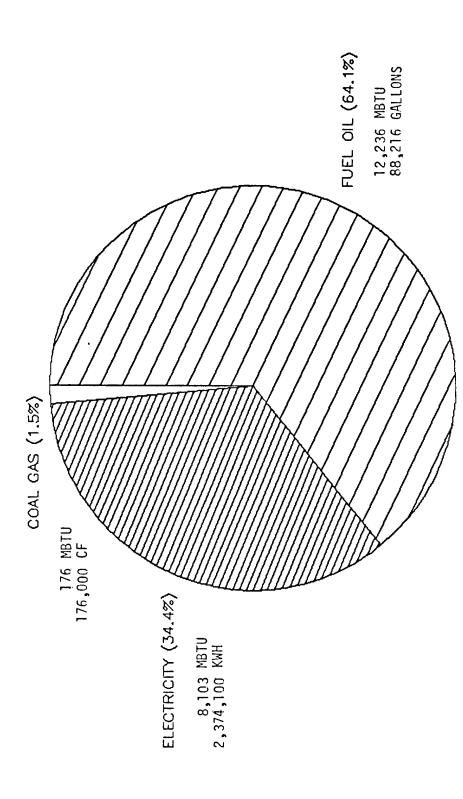
MBTU GALLONS



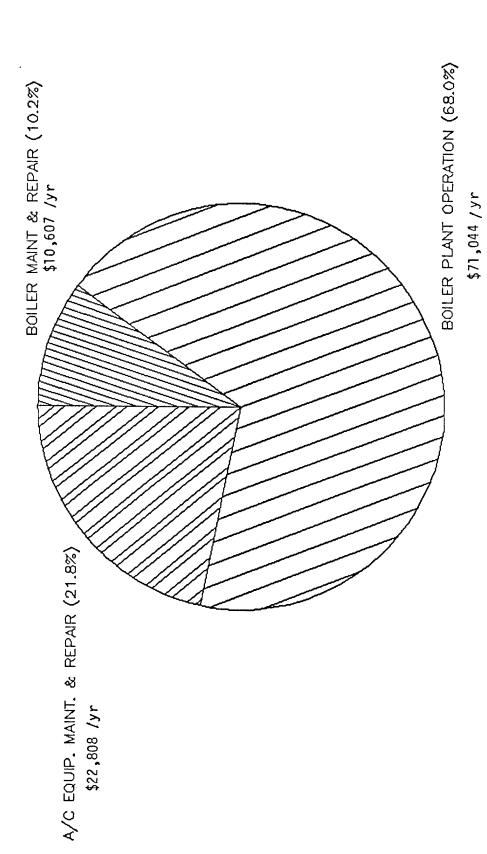
2,053 MBTU 601,600 KWH TOTAL ANNUAL ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION:

144 MBTU 42,279 KWH

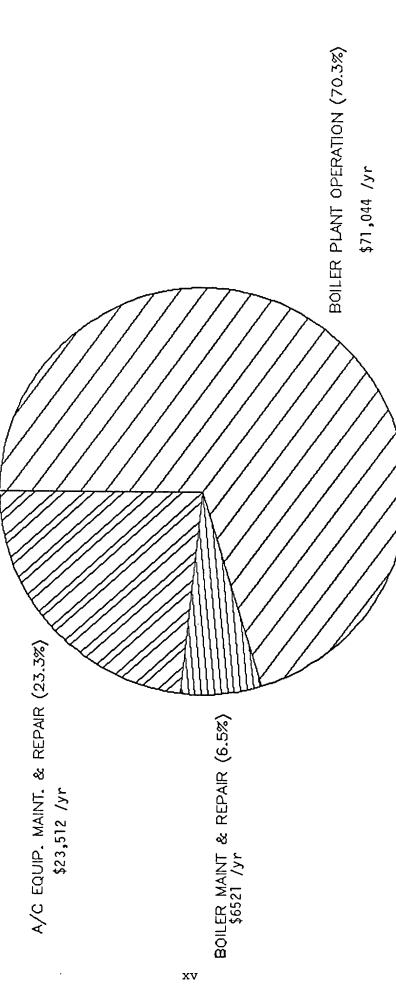
265 MBTU 77,755 KWH



TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION: 20,515 MBTU



TOTAL 08/1 COSTS: 104,459 /yr



TOTAL 0&M COSTS: \$101,077 /yr

- III. Energy Conservation Opportunity (ECO) Analysis and Recommendations:

 All reasonable energy conservation opportunities were analyzed for
 feasibility of reducing energy costs. A summary of the analysis is
 included in Table E-1 for Building 8 and in Table E-2 for Building 1.

 No cost ECO's identified in the study which should be implemented are
 listed in Table E-3 and are summarized as follows:
 - 1) Outside air for air handlers "A" and "B" in Building 8 and for the central air handlers in Building 1 should be reduced to 10 cfm per person. The amount of outside air used by air handler "D" which operates as a 100% outside air system should also be reduced by closing off the diffusers to the linotype area which is no longer utilized.
 - 2) Room thermostats for the central hvac systems in both buildings should be adjusted from 75 degrees F. to 68 degrees F. for heating and from 75 degrees F. to 78 degrees F. for cooling to comply with Architectural and Engineering Instructions, Design Criteria, dated 13 March 1987.
 - 3) Excess air for the boiler plant at Building 8 should be reduced by increasing the concentration of carbon dioxide in the flue gas from 10 to 12 percent.
 - 4) Steam pressure for the boiler plant at Building 8 should be lowered from 30 to 15 psig to reduce heating losses.

Recommended ECO's identified in the study included in Table E-4 which require funding to be implemented are summarized as follows:

1) Time clocks should be installed to shutdown the restroom fans in

	BLDG
	FOR
	ECO'S
)	FEASIBLE
	Q.
	SUMMARY
	••
	7
1	IABLE

ICAL ANNUAL ELECTRICAL DEMAND SAVINGS HBTU \$	ANNUAL ELECTRICAL ANNUAL ELE SAVINGS DEMAND SA HBTU \$ HBTU
.105	34 1105
215	108 3515
:	:
:	
06	

:	:
397	12.21 397
316 319	312 31351 118
813	8813
667	138 4499
272	100.6 3272
:	:
208	6 214
001 117	11786 75
	22788
	71 7160
95	1.71 56
394 30	11394
296	316 10296
16.	.2 801
•	2
512	
***	12.45 405
:	• 1
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/LF	9
859	764 24859
:	:
,	,
926	29.41 956
	•
:	: "
•	. 2164
	. 757
•	

TABLE E-2: SUMMARY OF FEASIBLE ECO'S FOR BLDG 1

S.I.R.		INFINITE	INFINITE	4.25	2.57	1.81	1.5	1	1.2	0.91		0.82	0.76		0.47	0.34	0.21	0.17	0.15		0.03
PAYBACK		0	0	2.3	3.8	9	7.6	•	∞	12	! !	20	15		27	77	45	57	110) 	311
ECC		0	0	1400	15000	512000	15000		32000	2400		89000	22000		51000	39000	680000	81000	7500))	00006
ERGY GS	ᡐ	3737	6415	617	3992	88955	1972		3986	677		4468	1515		1883	879	15077	1413	68	,	289
TOTAL ENERGY SAVINGS	MBTU	703.1	969.3	14	06	1072.8	342.2		90	95.7		953	347.2		42.6	136.1	341	32	14.5) - 	6.5
CTRICAL GS	∽	492	2093	617	3992	669	-128		3986	:		:	-123		1883	270	15077	1413	;		289
ANNUAL ELECTRICAL SAVINGS	MBTU	11.1	47.3	14	06	15.8	-2.8		90	:		;	-2.8		42.6	6.1	341	32	•		6.5
ANNUAL FUEL OIL SAVINGS	∽	3245	4322	;	;	7567	2100		;	644		8977	1638		;	609	:	:	89		;
ANNUAL SAV	MBTU	692	922	;	;	1057	345		;	95.7		953	350			130	:	;	14.5		1
DESCRIPTION		. Reduce Outside Air	Lower T-Stats	. Shutdown Restroom Fans	Install Economizer on Tel Exchange ACU				Automated Light Controls	Reduce Excess Air with	Oxygen Moniter	Add Building Insulation	Recover Heat from	Refrigerant Gas	Install Solar Film	Install Storm Windows	Change to VAV	Economizer on Central AC	Recover Waste Heat	From Blowdown	16. Replace Lighting
		-	7	ب	₹	5.	9		7.	∞; ∞;	ίν	6 Lii	10.		11.	12.	13.	14.	15.		16.

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDED NO COST BCOTS NO FOLLOW ARE LESS A TABLE E-3

	FUEL SAVINGS	vgs	ELECTRICAL SAVINGS	SAVINGS	TOTAL SAVINGS	SSN
	MBTU/YR \$/YR	\$/YR	MBTU/YR	\$/YR	MBTU/YR \$/YR	\$/YR
BLDG 1 1. Reduce Outside Air	692	3245	11	492	703	3737
2. Adjust T-Stats	922	4322	L 7	2093	696	6415
SUBTOTAL	1614	7567		2585	1672	10152
BLDG 8 1. Reduce Outside Air	885	4150	34	1105	919	5255
2. Adjust T-Stats	1042	4885	108	3515	1150	8400
3. Reduce Boiler Excess Air	562	2634			562	2634
4. Reduce Steam Pressure	99	317		i i i	89	317
SUBTOTAL	2557	11986	142	4620	2699	16606
TOTAL SAVINGS FOR BUILDINGS 1 & 8	4171	19553	200	7205	4371	26758

TABLE E-4 SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDED ECO'S REQUIRING FUNDING

POSSIBLE SOURCES OF FUNDING		PECIP	PECIP	OMA	ОМА	ОМА	MCA	OMA	ОМА		17
PAYBACK SIR POSSIBLE SOURCES OF FUNDIN	YEARS	2.2 3.9	3.8 2.6	4,5 5 2.3	4.5 8 2.2	5.6 1.6	6 0 7 1.5	6.7.7 1.4	0.49 1.03	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	WELL COLOR FOR
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	\$/YR	3500	15000	76000	4100	00066	1000000	30000	264000	1491600	
TOTAL ANNUAL SAVINGS	\$/YR	1581	3992	16983	883	17798	145287	6677	28229	219252	e funding
ANNUAL OPERATIONAL/ MAINTENANCE	SAVINGS \$/YR	0	0	5525	0	0	125348	0	0	130872	ify for PECII
ANNUAL ENERGY COST SAVINGS	\$/YR	1581	3992	11458	883	17798	19939	6677	28229	88379	combined to qualify for PECIP funding.
7INGS	TOTAL MBTU/YR	77	06	2445	116	-2424 + 216 kw	2639	138	337 + 208 kw	3385 + 424 kw	1 & 8
ANNUAL ENERGY SAVINGS	FUEL OIL ELECTRICITY MBTU/YR	77	06	0	12	811 + 216 kw +	265	138	337 + 208 kw +	1559 + 424 kw +	ans for Bld
ANNUA	FUEL OIL I MBTU/YR	0	0	2445	104	-3235	2274	•	0	1826	estroom f
PROJECT TITLE		1. Shutdown restroom fans, Bldgs 1 & 8*	2. Install Economizer, Bldg 1, Telephone Exchange ACU	3. New 125 hp boiler w/ Oxygen trim	X 4. Install timeclock on boiler, Bldg 8	5. Install switchgear to operate exist generators	6. Consolidate hvac plants/replace AHU's	7. Install economizer Bldg 8 computer room/ composing room ACU's	8. New 250 ton centrifugal chiller	TOTAL	*ECO's for shutdown of restroom fans for Bldgs

- both buildings after working hours.
- Economizer cycles should be installed on the air conditioners serving the telephone exchange in Building 1 and the computer/composing areas in Building 8.
- A time clock should be installed to shut down the hot water return pump and close the stem valve to the hot water heat exchanger in Building 8 after work hours.
- 4) Automatic switchgear should be installed to operate the existing emergency generators as peak demand sharing units during the summer months to reduce the peak demand charge for electricity.
- The central plant at Building 1 should be eliminated and the 5) heating and cooling loads consolidated into the central plant at Building 8. This would eliminate the need for maintenance, operation and repair of the boiler plant at Building 1 and the maintenance and repair of the separate air conditioning systems. Existing air handlers at both buildings should be replaced and the duct systems for AHU's "C" and "D" at Building 8 converted to 100% recirculation systems. All steam heating coils at Building 8 should also be converted to a hydronic heating system. changes would allow the buildings to be heated and cooled by a central dual pipe hot water/chilled water system and eliminate the need for steam. This would further reduce the labor required for 24 hour operation of the boiler plant at Building 8. Reduction of the outside air used for air handlers "C" and "D" would also reduce the peak heating and cooling loads so that the capacity of the existing boiler and chilled water plant at Building 8 would be adequate to heat and cool both buildings.

- One of the existing 80 hp boilers at Building 8 should be replaced with a new fully modulating oxygen trim central boiler. The existing boilers are relatively inefficient and are near the end of their useful lives. The other remaining boiler should serve as back-up to the new boiler. The new boiler would provide all of the heating for space and domestic water heating for the buildings.
- 7) The existing centrifugal chiller should be replaced with a new 250 ton centrifugal chiller because it is also near the end of its' useful life. The new chiller should be provided with demand limiting control to reduce its' capacity during the summer peak demand hours when the printing presses are also in operation.
- IV. Projected Energy Consumption and Costs After Implementation of ECO's:

 Impact of the implementation of the ECO's in present energy consumption and costs are summarized in Figures E-14 and E-15. No cost/low cost ECO's would generate a total savings of 4,171 MBtu per year or 30,072 gallons in fuel oil and 200 MBtu per year or 58,599 kwh in electricity, for a total annual energy savings of \$26,758. This would amount to a 21% reduction in energy consumption over present energy use and an 8% reduction in energy costs.

Implementation of all recommended ECO's requiring funding would reduce energy consumption by an additional 1,826 MBtu per year or 13,165 gallons in fuel oil, 1,559 MBtu per year or 456,703 kwh in electricity, and 424 kw in electrical demand, for a total annual energy cost savings of \$88,379. This would amount to an additional 17 percent reduction over present energy use and a 25% reduction in present energy costs.

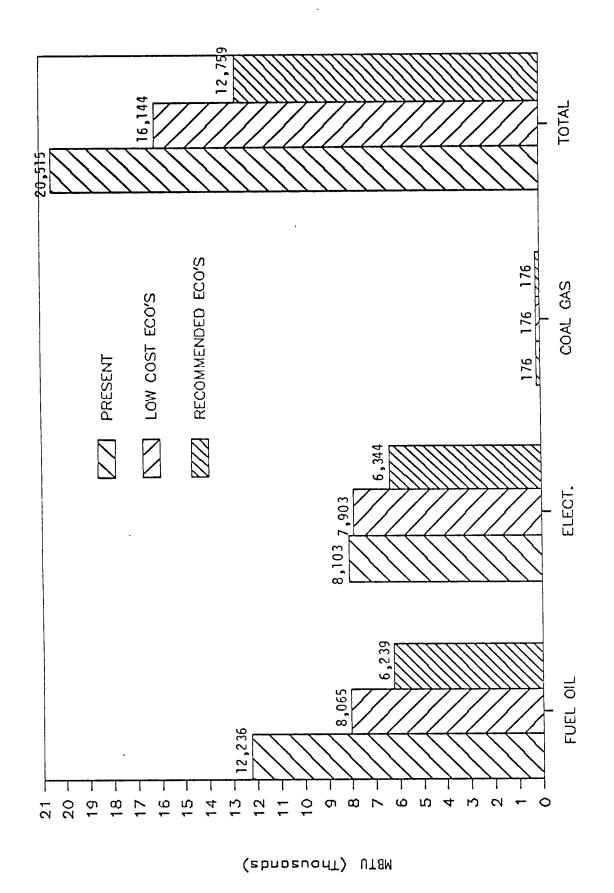
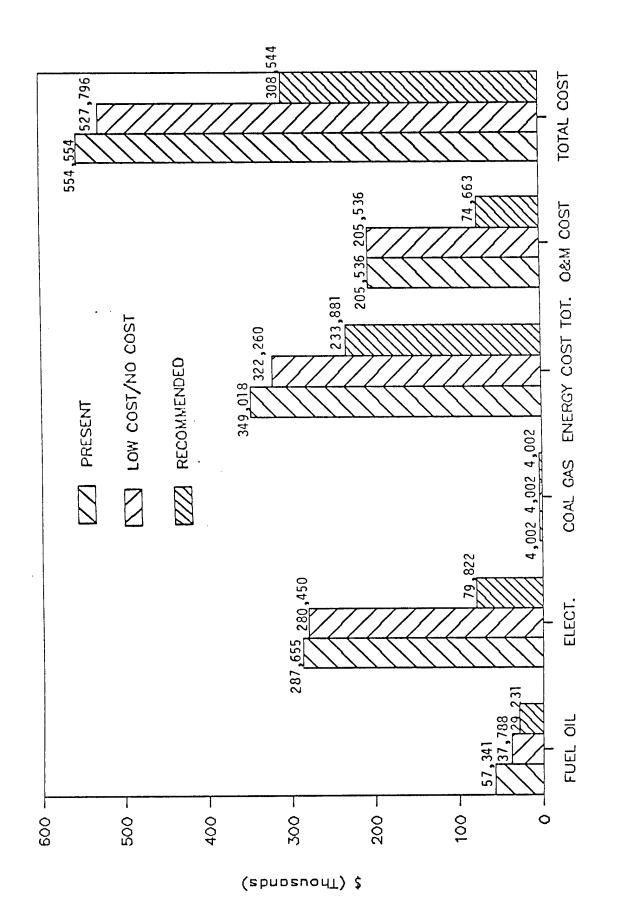


FIG. E-14: PROJECTED ANNUAL ENERGY USE FOR BUILDINGS 1 & 8



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ω FIG. E-15: PROJECTED ANNUAL ENERGY, OPERATING & MAINTENANCE COSTS FOR BUILDINGS 1 &

An additional savings of \$130,873 or a 64% reduction in avoided operating and maintenance cost would also be realized.

Combined energy savings of all ECO's would result in an overall reduction in energy usage of 38% and an overall reduction in energy costs of 33%. Total cost savings for implementation of all recommended ECO's is estimated at \$115,137 per year in energy costs, and \$130,873 in maintenance, operation and repair costs, for a total of \$246,010 per year. This represents an overall cost reduction of 44% over the current utility, operating, and maintenance costs for the facilities.

PRESENTE THE RESULTS BY FULLDING MODEL ALSO PREINFORMATION:

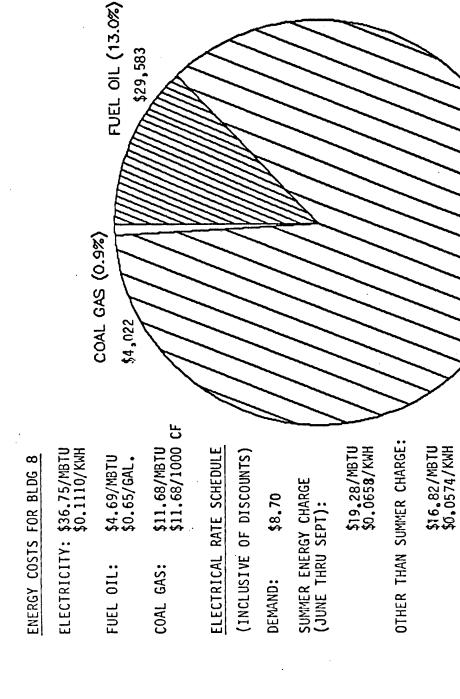
CHANGES WILL NEED TO BY MADE TO BOTH DECUTIVE SUMMATIONS

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ELECTRICITY (86.1%)

\$196,783

ENERGY COSTS FOR BLDG 1

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FUEL OIL:

FUEL OIL (23.4%) \$27,758 \$4.69/MBTU \$0.65/GAL. \$8.75/KW

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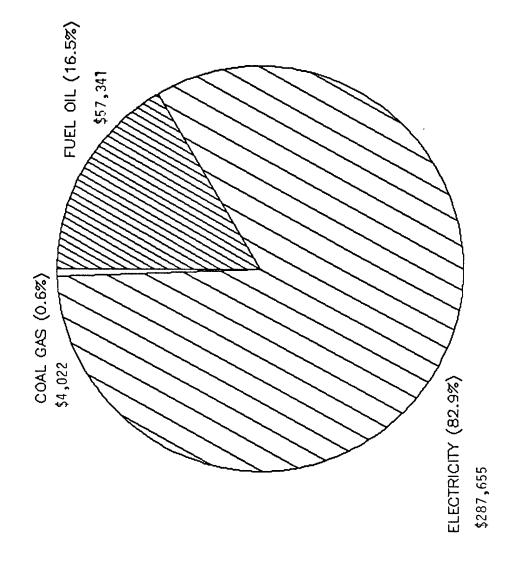
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ELECTRICITY (76.6%)

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TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY: \$118,630

FIG. E-3: FY37 ENERGY COST FOR BUILDING 1 & 8



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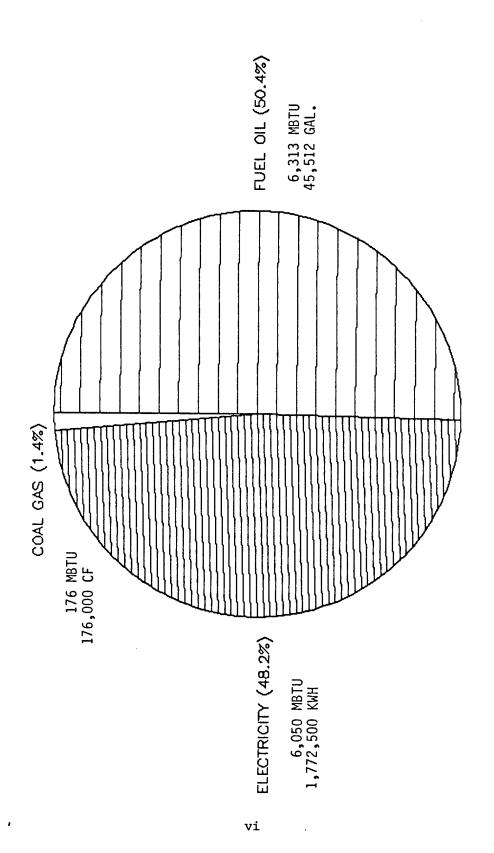
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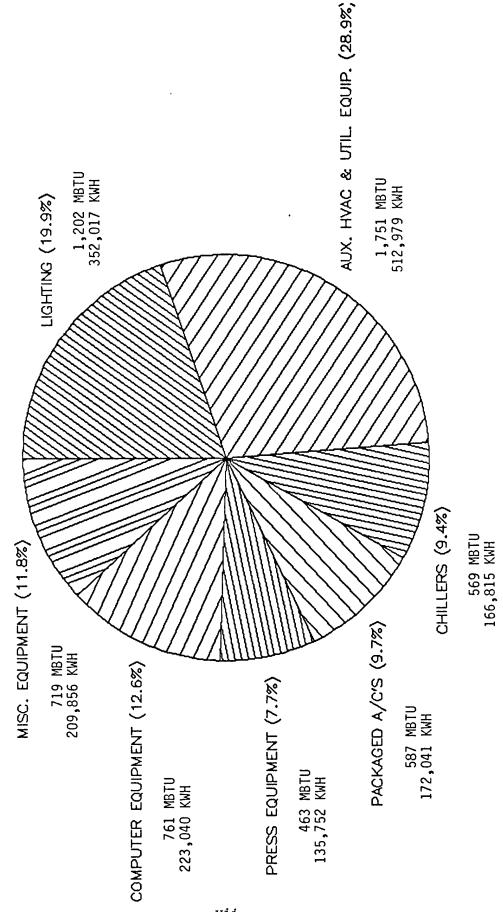
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FIG. E-4: PRESENT ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 8 (FY87)



TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION: 12,539 MBTU

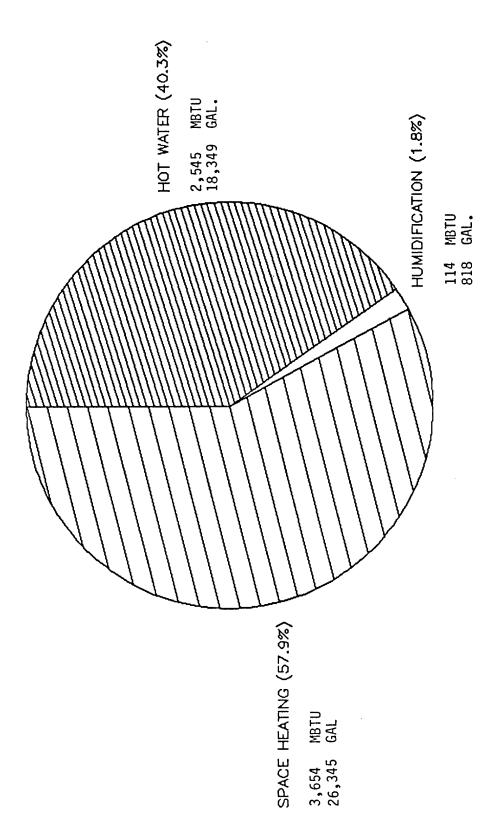
FIG. E-5: BREAKDOWN OF PRESENT ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 8 (FY87)



TOTAL ANNUAL ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION:

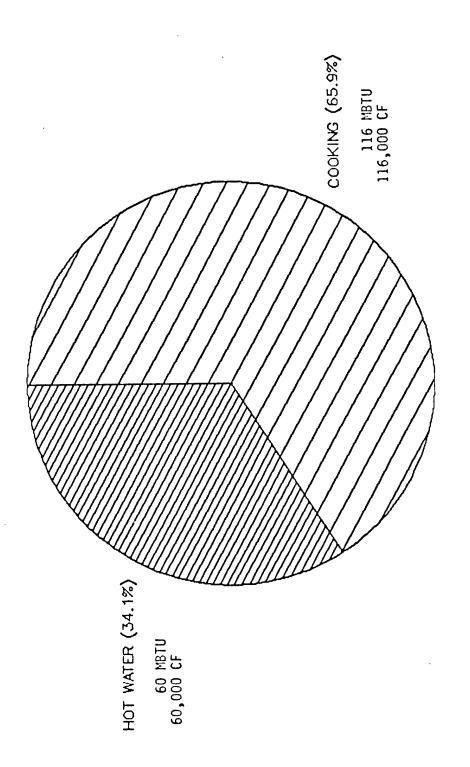
6,050 MBTU 1,772,500 KWH

vii



TOTAL ANNUAL FUEL OIL CONSUMPTION: 6,313 MBTU 45,512 GALLONS

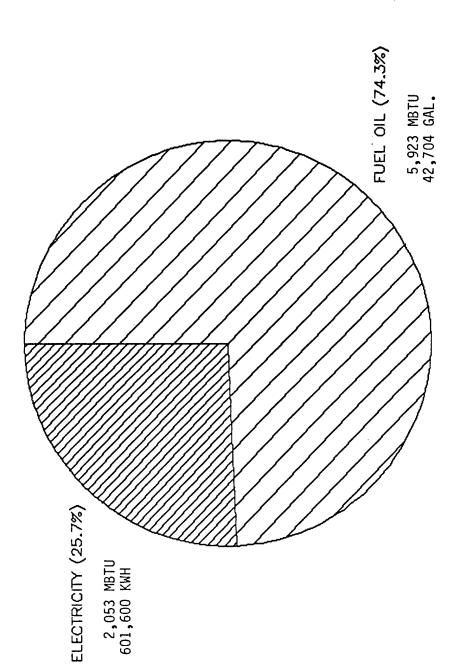
FIG. E-7: BREAKDOWN OF PRESENT ANNUAL COAL GAS CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 8 (FY87)



TOTAL ANNUAL COAL GAS CONSUMPTION: 176 MB

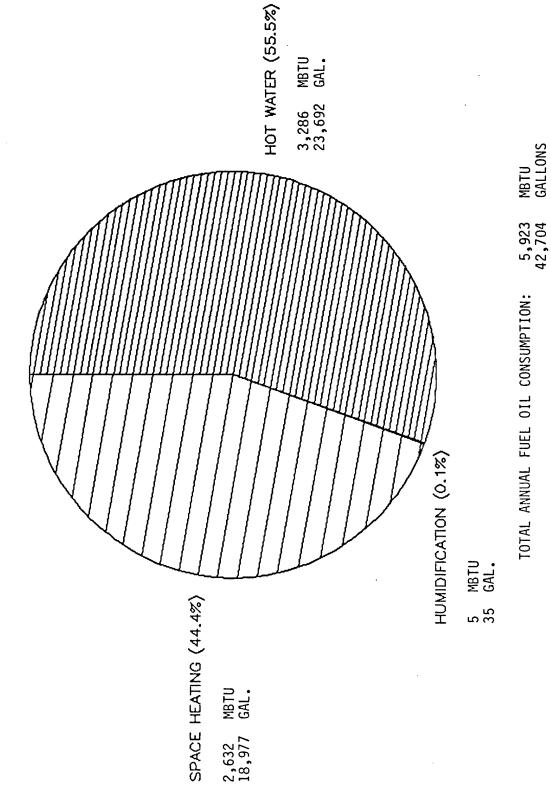
176 MBTU 176,000 CUBIC FEET

PRESENT ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 1 (FY87) FIG. E-8:

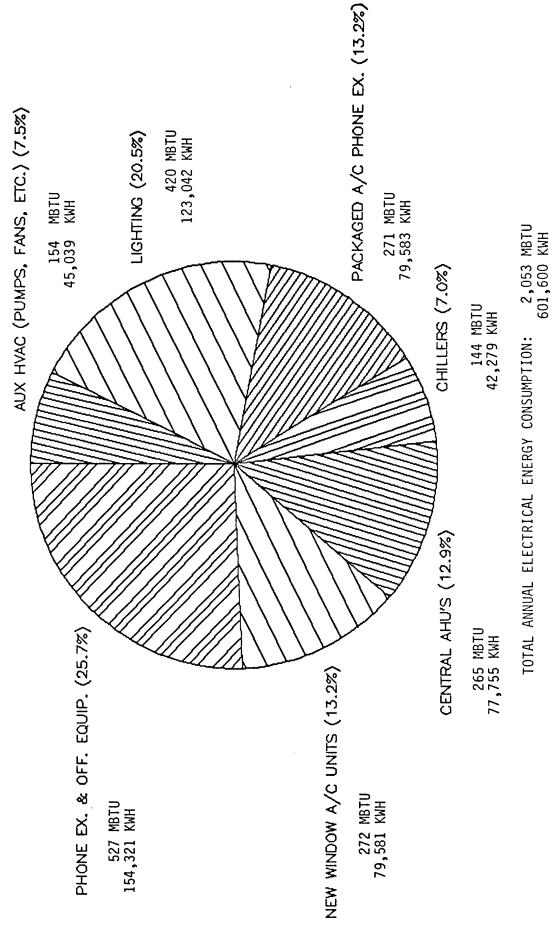


TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION: 7,976 MBTU

BREAKDOWN OF PRESENT FUEL OIL CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 1 (FY87) FIG. E-9:

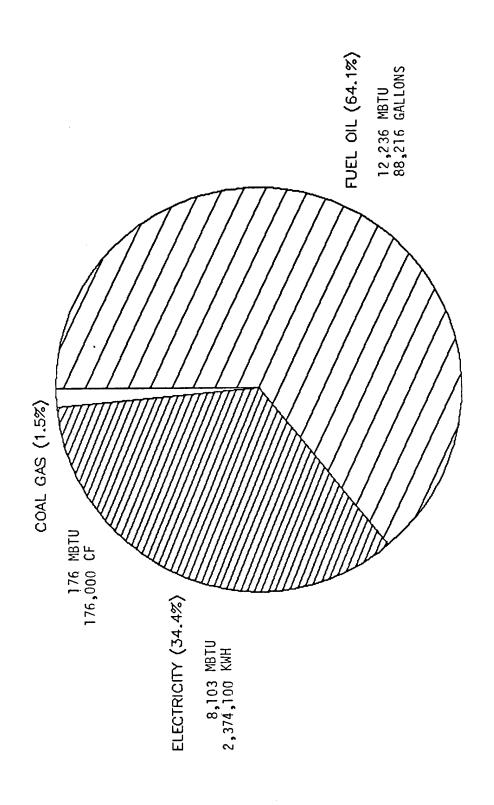


FIG, E-10: BREAKDOWN OF PRESENT ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 1 (FY87)

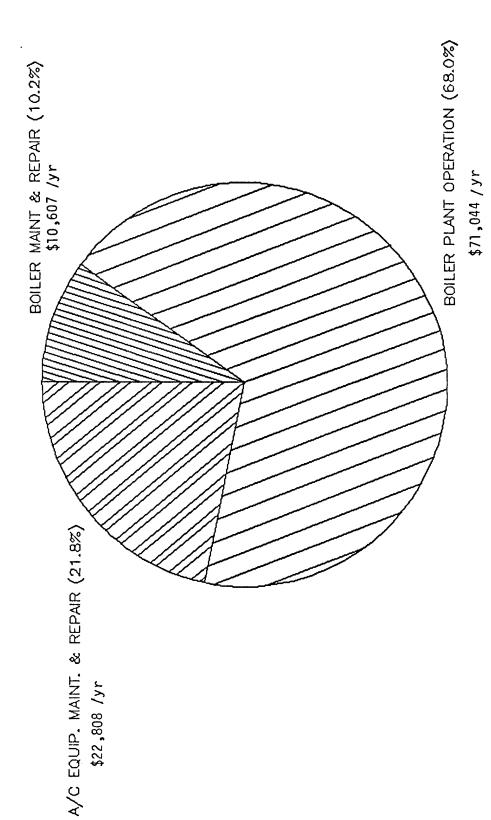


TOTAL ANNUAL ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION:

FIG. E.11 : PRESENT ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION FOR BUILDING 1 & 8 (FY87)

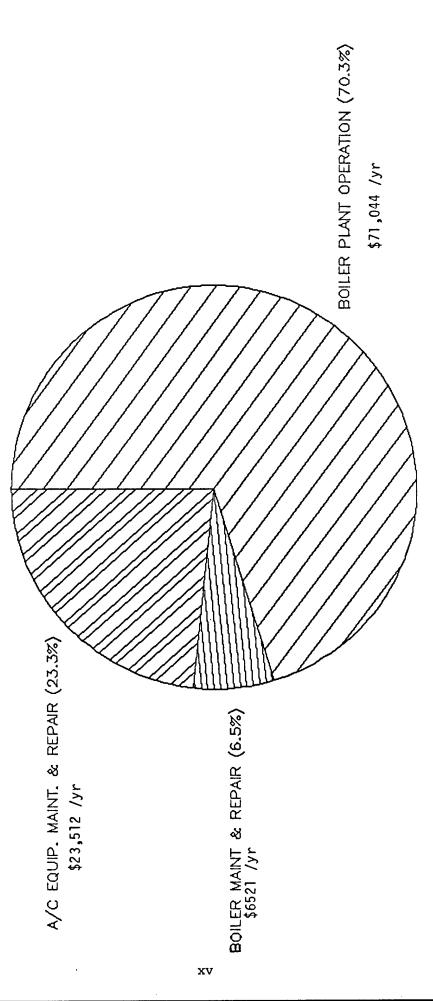


TOTAL ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION: 20,515 MBTU



TOTAL 08M COSTS: 104,459 /yr

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TOTAL 0&M COSTS: \$101,077 /yr

- III. Energy Conservation Opportunity (ECO) Analysis and Recommendations:

 All reasonable energy conservation opportunities were analyzed for
 feasibility of reducing energy costs. A summary of the analysis is
 included in Table E-1 for Building 8 and in Table E-2 for Building 1.

 No cost ECO's identified in the study which should be implemented are
 listed in Table E-3 and are summarized as follows:
 - 1) Outside air for air handlers "A" and "B" in Building 8 and for the central air handlers in Building 1 should be reduced to 10 cfm per person. The amount of outside air used by air handler "D" which operates as a 100% outside air system should also be reduced by closing off the diffusers to the linotype area which is no longer utilized.
 - 2) Room thermostats for the central hvac systems in both buildings should be adjusted from 75 degrees F. to 68 degrees F. for heating and from 75 degrees F. to 78 degrees F. for cooling to comply with Architectural and Engineering Instructions, Design Criteria, dated 13 March 1987.
 - 3) Excess air for the boiler plant at Building 8 should be reduced by increasing the concentration of carbon dioxide in the flue gas from 10 to 12 percent.
 - 4) Steam pressure for the boiler plant at Building 8 should be lowered from 30 to 15 psig to reduce heating losses.

Recommended ECO's identified in the study included in Table E-4 which require funding to be implemented are summarized as follows:

1) Time clocks should be installed to shutdown the restroom fans in

TABLE E-1 : SUMMARY OF FEASIBLE ECO'S FOR BLDG 8

	DESCRIPTION	ANNUAL FUEL	AL FUEL OIL	ANNUAL ELECTRICAL	ECTRICAL	ANNUAL ELECTRICAL	SCIRICAL	TOTAL ENERGY	NERGY	ECC	PAYBACK	SIR
		MBTU	\$	MBTU	\$	MBTU	\$	MBTU	\$			
Ή.	Reduce Outside Air -	885	4150	34	1105	:	:	919	5255	0	0	INF.
	Short Term		;	,				•	•		1	!
5	Lower T-Stats	1042	4485	108	3515	:	:	1150	8000	0	0 (INF.
m.	Reduce Boller Excess Air	262	2634	:	:	:	:	295	2634	> (o (INF.
4	Reduce Steam Pressure	67.3	31/	:	:		•	67.5	317	o	o (LN.
'n.	Shed Loads During Peak	:	:	: :	: ;	06	9336	06	9336	0	0	INF.
9.	Shutdown Restroom Fans	•	• •	30	796			90	2100	2100	2.2	4.4
7.	New Boiler - Entire Load	2135	10005	:	:	:	:	2135	15530	00099	Ś	2.39
∞	New Boiler w/ 02 Trim	2445	11458	: :	: ;	:	:	2445	16983	26000	ורא	2.29
٥.	Install Timeclock on HX	103.7	486	12.21	397	:	:	115.91	883	4100	ν.	2.22
	and Pump			;		į			1		,	•
2	Operate Exist Generators		-15161	811	15636	216	22500	-2208	17798	3 8000	9.6	1.62
11.	Boiler 02 Control -	310	1453	:	:	:	:	310	1453	10000	^	1.59
	Entire Load		,	•				•	•	,	í	,
12.	Consolidated HVAC Plant	2374	11126	265	8813	:	:	2639	145287	1E+06	7	1.53
13.	Install Economizer on	:	:	138	6677	:	:	138	6677	30000	7	1.44
	Computer/Composing Rm ACUs			,								
14.	Automated Light Controls	:	:	100.6	3272	:	:	100.6	3272	22000	7	1.43
15.	Economizer/Air Preheat -	310	1453	;	•	:	:	310	1453	14300	01	1.11
	Entire Load											
16.	Replace Chiller	;	;	337	6514	208	21715	245	28229	264000	6	1.03
17.	Install Solar Heaters		126/PNL	:	:	:	:	26.91		2100/PN	17	0.98
18.		-1276	-5981	1657	28711	100	10440	481		237000	10	96.0
19.		-1036	-4854	1292	22788	09	6264	316	16621	172000	2	0.93
20.	New Generator	-1238	-5801	371	7160	100	10440	-767	9623	95000	10	0.92
21.	Heat Recovery on Dishvashe	21.2	483	:	:	;	:	21.2(Gas)	483	7200	15	0.77
22.	Install Air Curtain	23	452	1.71	26	:	:	98.24	508	7500	15	0.73
23.	New 30 KW Cogenerator	265	-2648	979	11394	30	3132	1241	8089	110000	14	0.7
24.	Modify Ductwork to	666	4680	316	10296	:	;	1315	14976	327000	22	0.63
	Reduce Outside Air											
25.	Recover Heat from	141.2	662	-2.8	-91	:	:	138.4	571	16000	28	9.0
	Refrigerant Gas											
26.	Add Bldg Insulation	550.5	2580	15.75	512	:	:	566.25	3092	94000	30	0.52
27.	Install Vestibule	2	249	12.45	405	:	:	65.57	654	00099	54	0.5
28.	New Boiler - Space Heating	522	2449	:	:	:	:	522	5449	26000	23	0.48
29.	Boiler Oxygen Control -	82	386	:	:	:	:	82	386	10000	56	0.42
;	Space Heat	:	,						•		,	,
30.	Temp		726	:	:	:	:	55		1000		7.0
31.	lation	.0957/LF	.45/LF	.0028/LF	.090/LF	:	:	.960/LF		21.84/L		0.39
32.	Change to VAV	666	4680	164	24859	:	;	1763	29539	806000	27	0.36
33.	Economizer/Air Preheat .	82	386	;	:	:	;	82	386	13000	34	0.32
	Space Heat			;	,			:				,
34.		:	:	29.41	926	:	:	29.41	926	75000	77	0.29
35.	Install Economizer,	:	:	22	715	:	:	22	715	26000	36	0.27
;		ć	•					•			;	(
£ ;		00	140	•	: ;	:	;	30			54	0.2
37.		26.95	797	66.5	2164	:	:	66.5		_	99	0.19
38.	Install Storm Windows	• !	• •	4.2	137	:	;		707	36000	83	0.17
39.	Add Duct Insulation .	.0028/SF	.0013/SF	.0003/SF	.011/SF	:	:	.0031/SF	.0284/SF	2.65/SF	110	0.04

TABLE E-2: SUMMARY OF FEASIBLE ECO'S FOR BLDG 1

K S.I.R.	0 INFINITE 0 INFINITE 3 4.25 8 2.57	6 1.81 6 1.5	8 1.2 2 0.91 0 0.82 5 0.76	0.47 0.34 0.21 0.17 0.17 0.15
PAYBACK	2 % %	6 7.6	8 112 20 20 15	27 44 45 57 57 110
ECC	0 0 1400 15000	512000	32000 5400 89000 22000	\$1000 39000 680000 81000 7500
NERGY NGS \$	3737 6415 617 3992	88955	3986 449 4468 1515	1883 879 15077 1413 68
TOTAL ENERGY SAVINGS MBTU	703.1 969.3 14 90	1072.8 342.2	90 95.7 953 347.2	42.6 136.1 341 32 14.5
ECTRICAL NGS \$	492 2093 617 3992	699	3986	1883 270 15077 1413
ANNUAL ELECTRICAL SAVINGS MBTU \$	11.1 47.3 14 90	15.8	90	42.6 6.1 341 32
AL FUEL OIL SAVINGS \$	3245 4322 	4954	449 4468 1638	
ANNUAL FUEL SAVINGS MBTU \$	692 922	1057 345	95.7 953 350	130
DESCRIPTION	1. Reduce Outside Air 2. Lower T-Stats 3. Shutdown Restroom Fans 4. Install Economizer on	5. Consolidate Bldg 1 Loads to Bldg 8 Central Plant 6. Heat Recovery on Tel.	7. Automated Light Controls 8. Reduce Excess Air with Coxygen Moniter 19. Add Building Insulation 10. Recover Heat from	11. Install Solar Film 12. Install Solar Film 13. Change to VAV 14. Economizer on Central AC 15. Recover Waste Heat From Blowdown 16. Replace Lighting

TABLE E-3 SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDED NO COST ECO'S

	FUEL SAVINGS	168	ELECTRICAL SAVINGS	AVINGS	TOTAL SAVINGS	NGS
	MBTU/YR	\$/YR	MBTU/YR	\$/YR	MBTU/YR	\$/YR
BLDG 1 1. Reduce Outside Air	692	3245	11	767	703	3737
2. Adjust T-Stats	922	4322	L 47	2093	696	6415
SUBTOTAL	1614	7567	28	2585	1672	10152
BLDG 8 1. Reduce Outside Air	885	4150	34	1105	919	5255
2. Adjust T-Stats	1042	4885	108	3515	1150	8400
3. Reduce Boiler Excess Air	562	2634			562	2634
4. Reduce Steam Pressure	89	317	;	1 1 2	89	317
SUBTOTAL	2557	11986	142	4620	2699	16606
TOTAL SAVINGS FOR BUILDINGS 1 & 8	4171	19553	200	7205	4371	26758

TABLE E-4 SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDED ECO'S REQUIRING FUNDING

POSSIBLE SOURCES OF FUNDING		PECIP	PECIP	OMA	OMA	OMA	MCA	OMA	ОМА	
SIR		3.9	2.6	2.3	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.03	
PAYBACK	YEARS	2.2	e. 8.	S	5	5.6	7	7	6	
ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST	\$/YR	3500	15000	76000	4100	00066	1000000	30000	264000	1491600
TOTAL ANNUAL SAVINGS	\$/YR	1581	3992	16983	883	17798	145287	6677	28229	219252
ANNUAL OPERATIONAL/ MAINTENANCE	SAVINGS \$/YR	0	0	5525	0	0	125348	0	0	130872
ANNUAL ENERGY COST SAVINGS	\$/YR	1581	3992	11458	883	17798	19939	6677	28229	88379
7INGS	TOTAL MBTU/YR	777	06	2445	116	-2424 - 216 kw	2639	138	337 - 208 kw	3385 - 424 kw
ANNUAL ENERGY SAVINGS	FUEL OIL ELECTRICITY MBTU/YR MBTU/YR	77	06	0	12	811 -2424 + 216 kw + 216 kw	265	138	337 337 + 208 kw + 208 kw	1559 3385 + 424 kw + 424 kw
ANNUAI	FUEL OIL 1 MBTU/YR	0	0	2445	104	-3235	2274	0	0	1826
PROJECT TITLE		1. Shutdown restroom fans, Bldgs 1 & 8*	 Install Economizer, Bldg 1, Telephone Exchange ACU 	 New 125 hp boiler w/ Oxygen trim 	<pre></pre>	Install switchgear to operate exist generators	6. Consolidate hvac plants/replace AHU's	7. Install economizer Bldg 8 computer room/ composing room AGU's	8. New 250 ton centrifugal chiller	TOTAL

^{*}ECO's for shutdown of restroom fans for Bldgs 1 & 8 combined to qualify for PECIP funding.

- both buildings after working hours.
- Economizer cycles should be installed on the air conditioners serving the telephone exchange in Building 1 and the computer/composing areas in Building 8.
- 3) A time clock should be installed to shut down the hot water return pump and close the stem valve to the hot water heat exchanger in Building 8 after work hours.
- 4) Automatic switchgear should be installed to operate the existing emergency generators as peak demand sharing units during the summer months to reduce the peak demand charge for electricity.
- The central plant at Building 1 should be eliminated and the 5) heating and cooling loads consolidated into the central plant at Building 8. This would eliminate the need for maintenance, operation and repair of the boiler plant at Building 1 and the maintenance and repair of the separate air conditioning systems. Existing air handlers at both buildings should be replaced and the duct systems for AHU's "C" and "D" at Building 8 converted to 100% recirculation systems. All steam heating coils at Building 8 should also be converted to a hydronic heating system. changes would allow the buildings to be heated and cooled by a central dual pipe hot water/chilled water system and eliminate the need for steam. This would further reduce the labor required for 24 hour operation of the boiler plant at Building 8. Reduction of the outside air used for air handlers "C" and "D" would also reduce the peak heating and cooling loads so that the capacity of the existing boiler and chilled water plant at Building 8 would be adequate to heat and cool both buildings.

- One of the existing 80 hp boilers at Building 8 should be replaced with a new fully modulating oxygen trim central boiler. The existing boilers are relatively inefficient and are near the end of their useful lives. The other remaining boiler should serve as back-up to the new boiler. The new boiler would provide all of the heating for space and domestic water heating for the buildings.
- 7) The existing centrifugal chiller should be replaced with a new 250 ton centrifugal chiller because it is also near the end of its' useful life. The new chiller should be provided with demand limiting control to reduce its' capacity during the summer peak demand hours when the printing presses are also in operation.
- IV. Projected Energy Consumption and Costs After Implementation of ECO's:

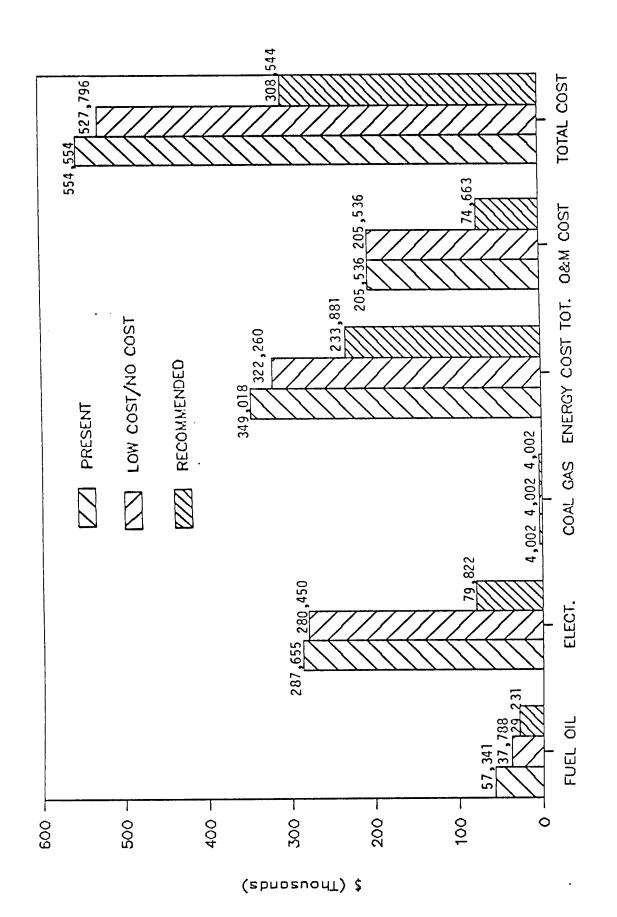
 Impact of the implementation of the ECO's in present energy consumption and costs are summarized in Figures E-14 and E-15. No cost/low cost ECO's would generate a total savings of 4,171 MBtu per year or 30,072 gallons in fuel oil and 200 MBtu per year or 58,599 kwh in electricity, for a total annual energy savings of \$26,758. This would amount to a 21% reduction in energy consumption over present energy use and an 8% reduction in energy costs.

Implementation of all recommended ECO's requiring funding would reduce energy consumption by an additional 1,826 MBtu per year or 13,165 gallons in fuel oil, 1,559 MBtu per year or 456,703 kwh in electricity, and 424 kw in electrical demand, for a total annual energy cost savings of \$88,379. This would amount to an additional 17 percent reduction over present energy use and a 25% reduction in present energy costs.

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FIG. E-14: PROJECTED ANNUAL ENERGY USE FOR BUILDINGS 1 & 8



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FIG. E-15: PROJECTED ANNUAL ENERGY, OPERATING & MAINTENANCE COSTS FOR BUILDINGS 1 & 8

An additional savings of \$130,873 or a 64% reduction in avoided operating and maintenance cost would also be realized.

Combined energy savings of all ECO's would result in an overall reduction in energy usage of 38% and an overall reduction in energy costs of 33%. Total cost savings for implementation of all recommended ECO's is estimated at \$115,137 per year in energy costs, and \$130,873 in maintenance, operation and repair costs, for a total of \$246,010 per year. This represents an overall cost reduction of 44% over the current utility, operating, and maintenance costs for the facilities.