# 1997

### A Hybrid Immersive / Non-Immersive Virtual Environment Workstation

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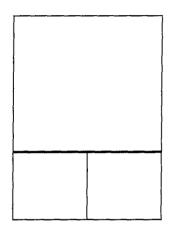
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### Introduction

The implementation of a prototype software application for the Hybrid Immersive / Non-Immersive system has been accomplished. The application, written in C, runs on Silicon Graphics Reality Engines. In order to get the stereo images to both the Immersive Push Viewer and to the large tabletop Non-Immersive display, an option called a Multi-Channel Option (MCO) is used.

### Video Configuration

In order to test the prototype software that has been implemented, two stereo pairs (4 images) need to be generated and displayed. This may be accomplished by using the MCO on the SGI in the  $2@640x480_{60+1}@1280x1024_{60}$  mode which divides up the frame buffer as shown:



The large upper area is a 1280 by 1024 area of the larger 1280x1504 graphics frame buffer. The lower two areas are 640 by 480 pixels.

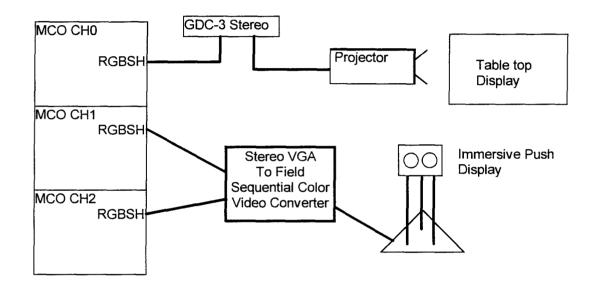
The two 640x480\_60 images are routed from MCO channels 1 and 2 to the Immersive Push display. This video is not in the correct format and must be converted to the right timing as will be described later.

The 1280x1024\_60 image is routed to the projector in the Non-Immersive display. This image is not stereo so it is divided in half. Each half is used for one of the two eye views. This is accomplished by running the video into a set of electronics that adds an additional vertical sync pulse into the middle of the picture. The result is a display with a resolution of 1280x492 at 120 hertz. The user views the display with shutter glasses and each eye sees one of the 1280x492 regions.

The Immersive Push display uses a video format called Field Sequential color. This type of video permits the display to offer high resolution and color images in a small display. For small displays (under 14") the traditional approaches to achieving a color display are limited. Traditionally, color has been achieved by using three colored sub-pixels. On a color LCD or CRT you will generally find sub-pixels of the 3 color primaries red, green, and blue. These sub-pixels are used to create

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the color images you see. As you can well imagine, placing a high powered magnifier in front of a display with sub-pixels is going to lead to difficulties because you will see the sub-pixels rather than the overall color image on the display. Field sequential color gets around this problem by displaying the color images over time rather than as colored sub-pixels. The colored fields are presented fast enough that your eye integrates them over time and perceives a full color image. Field sequential video is a relatively new and rather obscure format so it's not generally supported as an output format from computers. The SGI Reality Engine does support field sequential video but not in the combinations we need, so a converter that takes in VGA and produces field sequential color is used.



#### **Input Devices**

The Immersive Push Display uses a serial port to communicate it's position and orientation. The navigation paradigm is implemented on the host from the raw data reported. The navigation paradigm for the Non-Immersive display has not been fully implemented yet. We would like an interface that's consistent with the navigation paradigm used by the Push. In order to deal with this, the first implementation of the prototype software uses the keyboard as the navigational interface for the Non-Immersive user.

### Avatars

The two users can move in the space independently. As a result, each viewer does not know where the other viewer is. This is an issue as they need to know this so that they can discuss particular features of the terrain or situation. An initial solution to this has been to show the location of the Immersive user to the Non-Immersive user by means of an avatar. The Immersive Push Display is represented by a 3-D icon (a model of the Enterprise) in the Non-Immersive user's world. This

helps communicate the location and orientation of the Immersive user to the Non-Immersive user. Interestingly, displaying an avatar for the Non-Immersive user is more difficult to achieve.

The Non-Immersive user does not have a representation that we are all familiar with. Imagine for a moment that you are in a car in unfamiliar terrain and you have someone helping you navigate. The navigator is map reading and has their finger on the map to represent the car's location (actually the *believed* location). What's the navigator's relationship to the car? If you were some how to look out of the window and see a representation of the navigator in the sky, what would be most helpful? This is important because there may be an error in where the navigator *believes* the car is versus where it *actually* is. If there was some way for the driver to verify the location of the navigator with respect to the car, then there would be less chance of the driver getting lost since errors in the current location would be noticed by the driver. Meanwhile, the navigator could be concentrating on route planning as well as where to turn next to achieve an optimal route or get back to an optimal route should local conditions that can't be shown on the map arise, such as a flooded road or other road block.

In this example, we can see how the Immersive (driver) and Non-Immersive (navigator) users have to work together and would ideally have representations for each other in the virtual case.

#### **Software Structure**

The prototype software used as a test bed for exploring the capability of the Immersive / Non-Immersive system is written in C and is based on Performer and VLIB.

## Appendix 1 - The Software Prototype Used

```
/* benchFly.c - interface for joint exploration of a Performer based
                space.
 * One user interfaces with a Table top display and another user
 * can explore the same database with a Push or Boom
 * Uses the MCO in 20640x480_60+101280x1024_60 mode
 * Boom or Push will need an FSCONVERT-VGA
 * Interface to Table will need GDC-3 for stereo.
 */
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <Performer/pf.h>
#include <Performer/pfutil.h>
#include <Performer/pfdu.h>
#include <Performer/pr.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <GL/gl.h>
#include "pfBench.h"
#include "xboomer.h"
#include "pfSimShare.h"
/**pfBench**/
pfBench *myBench;
/**pfmBoom **/
pfmBoom *myBoom;
pfMatrix lastBoomMat;
pfDCS *enterpriseDCS;
pfDCS *townDCS;
/**pfSimShare **/
pfSimShare *myShare;
/**some nodes**/
pfDCS *scaleDCS, *transDCS;
pfScene *boomScene;
pfScene *benchScene;
typedef struct
  float curZoomPos[3];
  float curFactor;
  float startSize;
  float curRotZ;
} zoom_struct;
zoom struct *zoomVar;
void
UpdateZoom(pfBench *myBench)
{
  pfMatrix mat;
  float size;
  pfBench GetVirtualLookat( myBench, mat, &size);
  pfMakeRotMat( mat, zoomVar->curRotZ, 0.0f,0.0f,1.0f);
  mat[3][0]=(float)zoomVar->curZoomPos[0];
  mat[3][1]=(float)zoomVar->curZoomPos[1];
  mat[3][2]=(float)zoomVar->curZoomPos[2];
  size=zoomVar->startSize*zoomVar->curFactor;
```

```
pfBench SetVirtualLookat( myBench, mat, size);
  /*
  printf("curzoom %f %f %f -%f- %f\n", zoomVar->curZoomPos[0],\
         zoomVar->curZoomPos[1], zoomVar->curZoomPos[2], \
         zoomVar->curFactor, size);
         */
}
static void
Usage (void)
{
    pfNotify(PFNFY FATAL, PFNFY USAGE, "Usage: benchFly <model>");
    exit(1);
}
int
ProcessKeybdInput(void)
{
  int i;
  int j;
int key;
  int dev;
  int val;
  int numDevs;
  pfuEventStream events;
  pfuCollectInput();
  pfuGetEvents(&events);
  numDevs = events.numDevs;
  for (j = 0; j < numDevs; j++)
    {
      dev = events.devQ[j];
      val = events.devVal[j];
      if (events.devCount[dev] > 0)
       {
         switch(dev)
           {
           case PFUDEV KEYBD:
             for (i = \overline{0}; i < \text{events.numKeys}; i++)
              {
                key = events.keyQ[i];
                if (events.keyCount[key])
                 {
                    switch(key)
                    {
                                  /* ESC exit program */
                    case 27:
                      return 0;
                      break:
                       /**Set Zoom factor**/
                    case 49: /**zoom in**/
                      zoomVar->curFactor *= 0.99;
                      break;
                    case 50: /**zoom out**/
                      zoomVar->curFactor *= 1.01;
                      break;
                    case 51:
                      zoomVar->curZoomPos[1]+= zoomVar->curFactor*\
                        zoomVar->startSize*0.05;
                      break;
                    case 52:
                      zoomVar->curZoomPos[1]-= zoomVar->curFactor*\
                        zoomVar->startSize*0.05;
                      break;
```

```
case 53:
                       zoomVar->curZoomPos[0]+= zoomVar->curFactor*\
                         zoomVar->startSize*0.05;
                       break;
                     case 54:
                       zoomVar->curZoomPos[0]-= zoomVar->curFactor*\
                        zoomVar->startSize*0.05;
                       break;
                     case 55:
                       zoomVar->curRotZ+=5.0f;
                       break;
                     default:
                       break;
                     }
                  }
              }
             break;
           default:
             break;
           }
       }
    }
  return 1;
}
#if 0
int
ProcessKeybdInput(void)
{
  int i;
  int j;
  int key;
  int dev;
  int val;
  int numDevs;
  pfuEventStream events;
  pfuCollectInput();
  pfuGetEvents(&events);
  numDevs = events.numDevs;
  for (j = 0; j < numDevs; j++)
    {
      dev = events.devQ[j];
      val = events.devVal[j];
      if (events.devCount[dev] > 0)
       {
         switch(dev)
           {
           case PFUDEV KEYBD:
             for (i = \overline{0}; i < events.numKeys; i++)
              {
                key = events.keyQ[i];
                if (events.keyCount[key])
                  {
                    switch(key)
                     {
                                   /* ESC exit program */
                     case 27:
                       return 0;
                       break;
                     default:
                       break;
                     }
                  }
```

```
}
             break;
           default:
             break;
           }
       }
    }
  return 1;
}
#endif
void RUNUPTREE( pfNode *node, pfMatrix *mat)
{
       if ( pfIsOfType( node, pfGetDCSClassType() ) )
       {
             pfMatrix nodeMat;
             pfGetDCSMat( (pfDCS *)node, nodeMat);
             pfPostMultMat( *mat, nodeMat );
                           printf("RUNUP !\n");*/
              /*
       if ( pfIsOfType( node, pfGetSceneClassType() ) )
             return;
       if ( pfIsOfType( node, pfGetGroupClassType() ) )
       {
             pfGroup *parent;
             parent=pfGetParent(node, 0);
             if (parent!=NULL)
              {
                    RUNUPTREE( (pfNode *)parent, mat);
              }
       }
}
void RUNDOWNTREE( pfNode *node, pfMatrix *mat)
{
       if ( pfIsOfType( node, pfGetDCSClassType() ) )
       {
             pfMatrix nodeMat;
             pfGetDCSMat( (pfDCS *)node, nodeMat);
             pfPreMultMat( *mat, nodeMat );
       if ( pfIsOfType( node, pfGetSceneClassType() ) )
             return;
       {
             pfGroup *parent;
             parent=pfGetParent(node, 0);
              if (parent!=NULL)
              {
                    RUNUPTREE( (pfNode *)parent, mat);
              }
       }
}
int
main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    pfPipe
                  *pipe;
    pfPipeWindow
                     *pw;
    pfNode *model;
    pfLightSource *lt;
    int ExitFlag;
    /************************/
    /* Initialize Performer */
```

```
pfInitArenas();
  pfInit();
  zoomVar=pfMalloc( sizeof(zoom struct), pfGetSharedArena() );
  /* Get a pfmBoom */
  myBoom=(pfmBoom *)pfmNewBoom(pfGetSharedArena(),"./setup");
  {
  myBoom->coord.xyz[0]= 2565.5f;
  myBoom->coord.xyz[0]= 2389.2f;
  myBoom->coord.xyz[0]= 5.0f;
  myBoom->lastCoord.xyz[0]= 2565.5f;
  myBoom->lastCoord.xyz[0]= 2389.2f;
  myBoom->lastCoord.xyz[0]= 5.0f;
  }
  /* Get a pfBench */
  if ( (myBench=pfBench Create("./bench.config"))==NULL)
   {
    printf("Could not open a pfBench.\n");
    exit(-1);
   }
  /* Get a pfSimShare */
  if ( (myShare=pfSimShare Open( (void *)myBoom, (void *)myBench, ""))==NULL)
   {
    printf("Could not open a pfSimShare.\n");
    exit(-1);
   }
  /* Use default multiprocessing mode based on number of
   * processors.
   */
  pfMultiprocess( PFMP_APPCULLDRAW );
      *****
  /*****
  /* initiate multi-processing mode set in pfMultiprocess call
   * FORKs for Performer processes, CULL and DRAW, etc. happen here.
   */
  pfConfig();
  pfuInitUtil();
  /* Append to Performer search path, PFPATH, files in
      /usr/share/Performer/data */
   pfFilePath(".:/usr/share/Performer/data:../geometry:./geometry:../../geome
try");
```

```
/* Create and configure a window*/
   pipe = pfGetPipe(0);
   pw = pfNewPWin(pipe);
   pfPWinType(pw, PFPWIN_TYPE_X);
   pfPWinName(pw, "Fakespace WorkBench");
   pfPWinMode(pw, PFWIN_NOBORDER, 1);
   /*pfBench will configure the size and
     type based on config file settings**/
   pfSimShare ConfigureWindow(myShare, pw);
   pfOpenPWin(pw);
   /** Initialize event model for keyboard input**/
   pfuInitInput(pw, PFUINPUT_X);
   /** Set some global graphics state**/
   pfOverride(PFSTATE_CULLFACE, 0);
   pfCullFace(PFCF OFF);
   pfEnable(PFEN_HIGHLIGHTING);
   pfEnable(PFEN_LIGHTING);
   /**pfSimShare_ConfigureChannels_ will create the necessary channels**/
   pfSimShare ConfigureChannels( myShare, pipe );
   pfBench InitSceneGraph( (pfBench *)myShare->benchObject );
   benchScene= (pfScene *)pfBench_GetNode( (pfBench *)myShare->benchObject,
PFBENCH SCENE);
   boomScene = pfNewScene();
   /*
        scene=pfNewScene();*/
   /**Perform some additional channel configuration**/
   {
     pfChannel *chans[4]={NULL,NULL,NULL,NULL};
     int i;
     pfEarthSky *es;
     pfSimShare_GetChannel( myShare, &chans[0], BOOM_LEFT_EYE_CHAN);
     pfSimShare_GetChannel( myShare, &chans[1], BOOM_RIGHT_EYE_CHAN);
     pfSimShare_GetChannel( myShare, &chans[2], BENCH_LEFT_EYE_CHAN);
pfSimShare_GetChannel( myShare, &chans[3], BENCH_RIGHT_EYE_CHAN);
     for (i=0;i<4;i++)</pre>
      {
       if (chans[i]!=NULL)
         {
           es = pfNewESky();
           pfESkyMode(es, PFES_BUFFER_CLEAR, PFES_FAST);
          pfESkyFog(es, PFES_GENERAL, NULL);
          pfESkyColor(es, PFES_CLEAR, 0.6,0.6,0.6,1.0);
           pfChanESky(chans[i],es);
           pfChanLODAttr(chans[i], PFLOD_SCALE, 0.0);
           pfChanTravMode(chans[i], PFTRAV_CULL, PFCULL_VIEW);
         }
     }
```

```
/**Create a scene**/
    scaleDCS=pfNewDCS();
    transDCS=pfNewDCS();
    townDCS=pfNewDCS();
    /**And then there was light**/
    lt=pfNewLSource();
    pfLSourcePos(lt, -10.0f, -100.0f, 100.0f, 0.0f);
    pfLSourceOn(lt);
    pfAddChild( benchScene, lt);
   pfAddChild( boomScene, lt);
    /**Get a model; add it to the virtual space**/
    if ((model = pfdLoadFile(argv[1])) == NULL)
      ł
      printf("Could not load geometry.\n");
      pfExit();
      exit(-1);
      }
    pfAddChild( (pfGroup *)pfBench GetNode( (pfBench *)myShare-
>benchObject, PFBENCH_VIRTUAL), \
                                      townDCS);
    pfAddChild(boomScene, townDCS);
    pfAddChild(townDCS,model);
    ł
      pfSphere sph;
      pfMatrix move;
      float mat[4][4],size;
      pfGetNodeBSphere( model, &sph );
      pfMakeIdentMat(move);
      pfMakeTransMat( move, sph.center[0], sph.center[1], 0);
      pfBench SetVirtualLookat( myBench, move, sph.radius*2);
      pfBench GetVirtualLookat( myBench, mat, &size);
      zoomVar->curFactor=1.0f;
      zoomVar->startSize=size;
      zoomVar->curRotZ=0.0f;
      zoomVar->curZoomPos[0]=sph.center[0];
      zoomVar->curZoomPos[1]=sph.center[1];
      zoomVar->curZoomPos[2]=0.0f;
    }
#if 0
    /**Now setup the scene so that, initially our
      view is positioned and scaled above the model so that
      the model fits within the display surface **/
      pfSphere sph;
      pfGetNodeBSphere( model, &sph );
      printf("center %f %f %f - scale %f\n", \
            -sph.center[0],-sph.center[1],-sph.center[2], sph.radius);
      pfDCSTrans( transDCS, -sph.center[0],-sph.center[1],-sph.center[2]+1.0);
      pfDCSScale( scaleDCS, 40.0/sph.radius );
```

```
}
#endif
   /**enterprise avatar*/
   ł
    pfNode *eModel;
    pfDCS *eSDCS, *eTDCS;
    eSDCS=pfNewDCS();
    eTDCS=pfNewDCS();
    enterpriseDCS=pfNewDCS();
    if ((eModel = pfdLoadFile("enterprise.flt")) == NULL)
       printf("Could not load geometry.\n");
       pfExit();
       exit(-1);
     }
    pfAddChild(townDCS, enterpriseDCS);
    pfAddChild(enterpriseDCS,eSDCS);
    pfAddChild(eSDCS, eTDCS );
    pfAddChild(eTDCS,eModel );
     {
     pfSphere sph;
     pfGetNodeBSphere( eModel, &sph );
     printf("enterprise center %f %f %f - scale %f\n", \
           -sph.center[0],-sph.center[1],-sph.center[2], sph.radius);
     pfDCSTrans( eTDCS, -sph.center[0],-sph.center[1],-sph.center[2]);
     pfDCSScale( eSDCS, 10.0/sph.radius );
    }
   }
   /**miscellaneous*/
  pfPhase(PFPHASE LOCK);
  pfFrameRate(20.0f);
   /**optimize the database and scene**/
   /*
  pfdMakeSharedScene( benchScene );
  pfdMakeSharedScene( boomScene );
  pfFlatten( scene, 0 );
   */
   /**set table angle**/
   /* pfBench SetTableAngle( myBench, 0.0f );*/
   /****
   /** Main Loop **/
  ExitFlag=0;
  while (!ExitFlag)
    /**Act on keyboard events**/
    if (ProcessKeybdInput()<1)</pre>
     ExitFlag=1;
    /* Go to sleep until next frame time. */
```

```
pfSync();
               *****
      /* Do Latency Critical Stuff */
      /* Track the view first*/
     pfmGetBoomMat( ((pfmBoom *)myShare->boomObject), lastBoomMat );
     pfDCSMat( enterpriseDCS, lastBoomMat );
     pfSimShare UpdateViews(myShare, lastBoomMat, boomScene, benchScene);
     UpdateZoom( (pfBench *)myShare->benchObject );
      /*****
     /* Initate cull/draw for this frame. */
     pfFrame();
                 ******
      _
/********
   }
    /* Terminate parallel processes and exit. */
   pfExit();
    }
/* This Performer based software is based on software originally
* developed by SGI. The required license follows.
 */
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*
*/
```