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Survivability, Structures, and Materials Directorate Technical Report

Practical Guidelines for Moisture Diffusion Measurements in Composites

by

Joseph M. Augl

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13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) Composite powder samples and thin sheet laminates were investigated for their moisture absorption behavior. Knowledge of the maximum moisture equilibrium concentrations in composites as a function of the surrounding relative humidity is necessary for determining their moisture diffusion coefficients. While thin sheet laminates gave the same solubility values as thick laminates, powder samples of the same laminates gave about 25 percent higher values. These apparently higher solubilities in composite powder samples were attributed to the larger surface area per unit mass. Based on these findings, procedural guidelines were proposed for increasing the efficiency in determining the diffusion coefficients in composite materials. 14. SUBJECT TERMS							
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ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

This project investigates the aspects of moisture sorption and diffusion as a function of time, temperature and humidity. This report is one of several that document the project. It provides guidelines to scientists and engineers who model composite materials property changes in marine environments. The purpose of this report is to reduce the experimental time for obtaining the diffusion coefficients and sorption behavior of composite laminates and sandwich materials without sacrificing accuracy.

The work was sponsored by the Office of Naval Research, Seaborne Structural Materials, ONR 332. The Program Manager is James J. Kelly. The work was performed at the Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division (NSWCCD), White Oak Detachment by the Materials Technology Branch, Code 681. The project Task number is SWC 34560, PE 0602234N.

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INTRODUCTION

Prediction of life cycle costs for maintenance of new Navy hardware is very important in the acquisition process and must be introduced in the early stages of the engineering development. Long-term effects of the environment will change the initial properties of the materials used in these structures. In order to simulate the property changes of what might be considered the worst case scenario, structural test items are usually exposed to an accelerated environmental condition thought to represent desired conditions. This approach is often crude and misleading. Using available computational tools, such as desktop computers, one can obtain better results at greatly reduced cost. This includes better estimates for accelerated times and temperature conditions in polymeric and composite materials exposed to real marine environments.

Strength, stiffness, stress relaxation, creep, shear deformation, and other matrix dominated properties of organic polymers and composites depend on the local concentration of absorbed moisture and on the local state of stress. These relations must be determined independently. The local moisture concentration, however, can be predicted with a high degree of reliability, and is an important first step in modeling these property changes. The tools for these diffusion analyses are finite difference or finite element codes, which we discussed in other reports.^{1,2}

The purpose of this work is to provide the materials scientist and engineer with guidelines for performing the necessary experiments to obtain moisture diffusion coefficients and solubilities in polymers or composites. The detailed suggestions, given in this report, may be obvious to those experienced in this field, but those who intend to get fast results, without having to engage the expert or to go through a long learning curve, may profit from it. The main objective is to provide suggestions for reducing the times required for these measurements to a minimum. Our discussion will be limited to procedures which require no more than a semimicro-analytical balance, a series of desiccators for providing constant relative humidifies (RH), and ovens that can be controlled to $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$ C; in other words, a standard laboratory environment with no more than $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$ C temperature fluctuation.

One of the simplest methods (discussed in this report) for obtaining moisture diffusion coefficients is to expose pre-dried plate samples to different constant RH's and measure the weight gain with an analytical balance. The diffusion coefficients are then derived from the initial weight gains. This approach is described in many papers and in Crank's "Mathematics of Diffusion."³ Although the analysis of this method is straight forward, it usually takes a long time to complete the experiments. For instance, if one uses plate samples with 0.1-inch thickness, it may take from 6 months to one year at ambient temperatures to get the samples to an equilibrium concentration with the specified RH. On the other hand, if the samples are too thin, one can easily make a significant error in the initial slope of the moisture uptake. Therefore, we recommend using several sets of different laminate thicknesses for the experiments. We found it necessary to discuss a

number of experimental issues which may affect the accuracy of the diffusion and sorption measurements, especially, if one wants to reduce the measurement times to a minimum. To demonstrate the validity of the arguments made for shorter measurement procedures, we compared our suggested approach with previous results obtained from single sets of specimens. While the number of specimens to be machined for this purpose is larger, the overall time to get the desired results is significantly shorter and therefore less expensive.

EXPERIMENTAL

COMPOSITE MATERIALS

Three composite laminates, two E-glass/vinyl-ester laminates and one Eglass/epoxy laminate were provided by C. Williams of NSWC Carderock Division, Annapolis Site. The first two laminates were nominally 0.1 inch thick composites made from 24 oz. E-glass woven roving /510A Dow Derakane vinyl ester fabricated using VARTM. These two laminates had the same formulation, yet they showed slightly different maximum moisture uptake and slightly different diffusion coefficients^{4,5}. Both laminates will be called RTM3 for brevity sake. The first laminate was made as an individual panel and will be called RTM3 (Fab. 1) the second panel was removed from the undamaged part of an impacted sandwich panel which had a 1 inch PVC foam core. The third composite was an E-glass/epoxy(G10) laminate (reported in reference 4)

MAXIMUM MOISTURE EQUILIBRIUM CONCENTRATION

Powder Samples.

A 7/32 inch diameter drill bit was used to drill holes into the composite sheets. About one gram of turnings were used per powder sample. The powder samples were placed into a small porcelain crucible, nominally of four gram weight and one inch maximum diameter. The samples were dried over drierite or equilibrated in an environmental chamber before weighing. The time when the environmental chamber was opened, was defined as time zero. The sample was placed on a magnetically damped semimicro balance. The first weighing was done one minute after removing the sample from the environmental chamber. The sample weight gain (or loss) was recorded in intervals of one minute for the next 5 to 10 minutes. Note that the RH in the laboratory is usually different from that in the environmental chamber (higher or lower); therefore, the equilibrium moisture concentration can only be determined from the zero time extrapolated differences between the weights of the totally dry samples and their weights after equilibration at a specified RH. If more than one sample was in the environmental chamber, their removal times were spaced 3 hours apart to ensure equilibrium inside the desiccator.* This is especially important for powder samples because they sorb very rapidely. Every time the chamber is opened for sample removal, the equilibrium RH in its interior is disturbed. Since there is no exact theory of moisture uptake for a powder with an unknown distribution of particle size, we defined the zero weight as the linear extrapolation of their weight changes to zero time. The samples had attained equilibrium with their environments after one or two hours (laboratory or environmental chamber).

^{*} The terms desiccator and environmental chamber are used here interchangeably for both drying the specimens and exposing them to specified relative humidities. Humidity is applied by using various salt solutions in separate containers at the bottom of the desiccator. Remaining undissolved salt crystals keep the RH constant.

Thin Sheet Composite Plate Samples

The composite laminates which, were usually 1/8 to 1/10 inch thick, were used for machining specimens with 0.010 to 0.016 inch thickness. Before the specimens were machined to their final thickness, both surfaces were machined off to ensure that any resin reach surface area was removed. The composite laminates were then mounted with a double-stick tape onto a grinding bench with a parallel surface grinding wheel to give a uniform thickness. After machining, the samples were carefully removed from the surface of the grinding bench with a wide, flat spatula. The thickness of each sample was measured at 9 different places and averaged. The moisture equilibrium concentrations were again defined from the difference of their zero point extrapolations between dry and moisture equilibrated specimens. The initial weight gain for flat plates is proportional to the square root of time. Therefore, we plotted the square root of time versus weight as an extrapolation procedure to obtain zero time weights. The weight gains for the thin sheet samples were considerably slower than for the powder samples, therefore one obtained a better extrapolation. One can use the first 4 to 8 points for the extrapolation to zero time.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONING

Glass desiccators were used, for both drying and RH equilibration. Saturated salt solutions with undissolved excess salts were used for establishing specific RH's (potassium chloride for 80 percent RH, and sodium acetate for 23 percent RH). The salt solutions were placed in a wide dish at the bottom of the desiccator and the samples were placed on sample holders above the dividing, perforated porcelain plate. In this investigation, we made only room temperature measurements. If one intends to make measurements at elevated temperatures, one needs to modify the procedures somewhat in order to accommodated the faster sorption rates. One needs to choose sample thicknesses that will reduce the errors of the measurement. A rapid temperature quenching to ambient weighing temperature is necessary. This may be accomplished by placing the plate samples between two metal blocks that are at ambient temperature.

MEASUREMENT OF DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT ON THICK SPECIMENS

While the measurements of the maximum moisture solubilities in composites should be done on thin plates, it is recommended that the diffusion coefficients which is determined from the initial sorption curves be determined on thick plate samples. The reason for this recommendation is accuracy, and will be discussed in the following sections of this report.

DISCUSSION

DETERMINATION OF THE MOISTURE DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT BY THE SORPTION METHOD

The simplest method for determining the diffusion coefficients in composites and probably the most accurate, is based on the solution of the Fick's diffusion equation for an infinite plate geometry which is given in Equation (1), (see reference 3, p.48).

$$\frac{M_t}{M_m} = 1 - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8}{(2n+1)^2 \pi^2} e^{-D(2n+1)^2 \pi^2 t/4t^2}$$

where M_t is the amount of moisture absorbed after time t, and M_{∞} is the maximum amount of moisture that can be absorbed for a given outside RH after an infinite exposure time, D is the diffusion coefficient, and *l* is 1/2 the plate thickness. On plotting M_t/M_{∞} versus (Dt/thickness²)^{1/2} one obtains a dimensionless graph (see Figure 1, solid line) which is the same for all materials obeying Fickean diffusion. For the calculation of the graph in Figure 1, we used the first 20 terms of the infinite series of Equation (1). The initial slope of the curve is a straight line up to a value of about 0.5. Thus, on plotting the experimental sorption data as M_t/M_{∞} versus (t/thickness²)^{1/2}, one can derive the diffusion coefficient from the slope of the initial part of the sorption curve where the value of M_t/M_{∞} is about 0.5, (see reference 2, p. 239; note in the reference *l* is called the thickness while in Equation (1), it is half the thickness). After simplifying and rearranging Equation (1) the average diffusion coefficients are obtained from Equation (2).

$$D = (\pi/16) S^2$$

where $S = d(M_1/M_{\infty})/d(t/(2l)^2)^{1/2}$ is the initial slope of the curve.

In a recent technical report (reference 4), we have described the determination of diffusion coefficients of several materials using this approach. A major shortcoming of the experimental work we described therein was that it took about one-half year to determine the diffusion coefficients of composites at room temperature. Once M_{∞} is known, it takes no more than one or two weeks to get sufficient data for the initial slope of the sorption curve from reasonably thick specimens (0.09 inch). However, it takes more than ten times as long to ensure that there is no further weight gain, and that at least 99 percent of the equilibrium concentration (M_{∞}) for a given RH in order to calculate D from equation (2), it was desirable to develop a method that would shorten the time to determine M_{∞} without sacrificing accuracy of the measurement.

(1)

(2)

From inspection of the dimensionless graph of Figure 1 we can get other important information. We see that more than 99 percent of saturation for a given RH is attained when the condition of Equation (3) is satisfied.

$$(\mathrm{Dt}/l^2)^{1/2} = 1.4$$
 (3)

Solving Equation (3) for t when D and the plate thickness is known, one can estimate how long it takes to attain maximum moisture saturation. Or vice versa, how thin the specimen must be in order to saturate it in a given time. At $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ one obtains from Equation (1) a $(Dt/l^2)^{1/2}$ value of 0.4436. Solving for t, one gets Equation (4)

$$t = 0.4436^2 l^2 / D$$
 (4)

This expression gives the same result as that obtained in reference(3 p. 239), where the diffusion coefficient can be obtained from Equation (5)

$$D = 0.049/(t/th^2)$$
(5)

where the time (t) is taken when $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$, th = 2*l* is the sample thickness.

Equations (3) and (4 or 5) indicate that it takes about 10 times as long to fully saturate the material with moisture than to sorb only 1/2 the amount. Therefore, it would be desirable to obtain the maximum moisture concentration, M_{∞} , for a specific constant temperature and RH value, from an independent experiment that does not take longer than measuring the initial slope with reasonable accuracy or to interpolate the time when M_t/M_{∞} is 0.5. This is one of the objectives of this work.

From what we have said above, it seemed reasonable to use very thin sheets of composite or even powdered samples to attain a very short saturation time and use the measured saturation value, M_{∞} , and the short-time M_t values from thicker plate samples, for the calculation of the diffusion coefficient. To use only thin sheet composite samples for measuring the diffusion coefficients may lead to unacceptably large errors which we will discuss in the next section.

For an accurate environmental model, one also needs to determine the change of the diffusion coefficient with temperature and concentration. The change of the diffusion coefficient with concentration can be measured simultaneously by using separate desiccators with different saturated salt solutions inside the desiccators that provide different constant RH values. The samples are exposed in these atmospheres of constant RH. For most polymers, one finds that Henry's Law (that is, the sorbed amount is linearly proportional to the partial pressure in the gas phase) applies only approximately. The Flory-Huggins or the Brunauer, Emmett, and Teller sorption isotherm may be more applicable. However, for most polymer matrix composites, the curvature is small and may be approximated with a simple second or third order least square fit of the sorption data sufficient to represent the relation of RH to the equilibrium concentration.

Finally, we have to consider the change of the diffusion coefficient with temperature. Again, in order to optimize the sample thickness for these measurements at elevated temperatures, it is prudent to estimate a suitable sample thicknesses for the temperatures of interest. This can be done once a diffusion coefficient has been measured for some reference temperature. Since diffusion is a thermally activated process, the diffusion coefficient follows an Arrhenius behavior that can be represented by Equation $(6)^6$

$$D = D_o \exp(-E_{D,0} / RT) f(c)$$
(6)

where $E_{D,0}$ is the activation energy of diffusion, R is the ideal gas constant, T is the absolute Temperature in °K, f(c) is the exponent(αc), c is the concentration, α is a temperature dependent constant and D_o is a constant. For a small temperature range a mean activation energy E_D can be defined by the simpler Equation (7) (see Reference 6)

$$D = D_{o} \exp(-E_{D}/RT)$$
(7)

or equivalently by Equation (8)

$$\ln(D) = -E_D/RT + \ln(D_o)$$
(8)

A plot of ln(D) versus 1/T is the equation of a straight line. From its slope one obtains the activation energy of the diffusion of moisture in composites, which, from our experience, was found to be in the range of 9 to 14 kcal/mole. For a known diffusion coefficient at some reference temperature, and by taking an average activation energy of 12 kcal/mole, one can use equation (8) to make a rough estimate for the diffusion coefficient at some elevated temperature. This will help in deciding the sample thickness for the elevated temperature experiments (using equations (4 or 5)). Figure 2 shows an example where the diffusion coefficient at 23°C was given as 8.39E-09 cm²/sec. The corresponding Arrhenius plots for 10,11,12,13, and 14 kcal/mole are shown. The expected diffusion coefficients for these activation energies at 35, 50, and 60°C are located on the ordinates of the abscissa values 3.245, 3.095, and 3.002 respectively.

For the environmental model, we find that we need a three-dimensional surface to describe the diffusion coefficient as a function of temperature and surface RH, or equivalently, of the corresponding moisture concentration in equilibrium with RH.

Since we have assumed that the change of D with temperature, when plotted according to Equation (7), is a straight line, and since the change of D versus

concentration is a smooth curve that can be described with a simple second or third order polynomial, we propose to use the following semi-empirical Equation (9)

$$z(x,y) = a_{12} (x - x_1) + b_{11} (y - y_1) + b_{12} (x - x_1) (y - y_1) + c_{11} (y - y_1)^2 + c_{12} (x - x_1) (y - y_1)^2 + z_1$$
(9)

for describing the moisture diffusion coefficient as a function of temperature and concentration. For simplicity, we have used Cartesian coordinates, were z represents the natural (or the common) logarithm of the average diffusion coefficient, ln(D); x represents 1000*1/T (in °K); and y represents the RH value at the surface of the specimen or the respective maximum moisture concentration of the composite in equilibrium with the RH value. The latter is obtained experimentally. From the measured values of diffusion coefficients as a function of temperature and concentration, the unknown parameters a_{12} , b_{11} , b_{12} , b_{22} , c_{11} , and c_{12} are determined by an iterative process (a three-dimensional, nonlinear, least square fitting routine according to an algorithm by Marquardt-Levenberg). One of the centrally located diffusion coefficients is taken as a reference point, (x_1,y_1,z_1) .

Knowledge of solubilities and diffusion coefficients as a function of RH and temperature are basic requirements for environmental modeling. In this report we don't intend to discuss how these data are to be used to model the environment and the transport of moisture in composite structures. Suffice it to say that such a model requires both, a mathematical presentation of the environment giving the boudary conditions of the model, and the moisture transport behavior of the material, that is, the diffusion coefficient as a function of temperature and concentration. Finite element or finite difference methods are usually employed for this purpose. Here we will only provide experimental guidelines for making diffusion coefficient measurements more efficient.

EXPERIMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

For high quality composites, that is, composites with low void content, one could calculate their diffusion coefficients from the fiber volume fraction and from the resin diffusion coefficients as we have shown previously.⁷ For equal thicknesses of resin and composite plate specimens, it would take only about one fifth of the time to measure the resin diffusion coefficient. Since most composites have voids of various kinds, which affect their diffusion coefficients, we recommend measurement of the diffusion coefficient for composites directly. Other methods for measuring diffusion coefficients, which are based on measuring changes in volume or partial pressure of moisture or where a Cahn electric micro-balance is placed inside a vacuum manifold will not be discussed here.

The procedure for obtaining the moisture diffusion coefficient described here is simple and reasonably accurate, yet, it requires careful analysis of the various steps and attention to details which we will discuss below.

Weighing Errors

The semimicro-analytical Mettler balance used for the sorption measurements has an accuracy of ± 0.00001 grams (not counting possible drifts in calibration due to changes

in temperature or RH in the laboratory atmosphere). With a maximum moisture solubility of 0.17 percent at 80 percent RH and for a 1.0 gram powder sample (which was the nominal amount of powder used for the measurements) this results in a 0.00170 grams difference between the dry and fully moisture saturated samples. Considering the weighing errors of the crucibles which contains the powder samples, one may expect at least an error of ± 2 percent in the weight gain measurements with powder samples.

For thin plate samples with a nominal thickness of 0.010 to 0.016 inch and a size of 2 x 2 inches, the resulting weights where about 1.5 grams which improved the accuracy slightly to about ± 1.5 percent. Also, the extrapolation procedure for the zero time weights is probably more reliable since it is based on a theoretically defined sorption process.

In the past, we used a Cahn-Electro-Balance within a vacuum manifold to follow automatically the moisture sorption. This method has some advantages when one needs to measure only very few specimens, but one should not expect a higher accuracy of the results, even though the sensitivity of the Cahn-Electro-Balance is an order of magnitude better (10^{-6} grams) than the semi-micro balance. However, since the sample size for the Cahn balance was very small (in the order of 0.1 gram), there was no advantage in using it. It suffers the same problems, that are inherent with measuring thin specimens as will be discussed later in section RTM3 Thin Sheet Composite Specimens.

Temporary Change of the RH in the Environmental Chamber After Removal of Specimens

We have not examined the duration of the temporary change in RH after a sample was removed from the environmental chamber (the salt bath desiccator). We noticed however, that during the first sorption experiments on powder samples (where the individual samples were removed from the same environmental chamber at a rate of about one sample every 10 minutes), that the initial slopes for the weight changes became flatter with increasing sample number. A repeat of the experiment after 24 hours, with a reversed sequence of sample removal, gave the same result, that is, the first samples taken out of the desiccator showed the highest slope in weight change. This indicates that, as a result of opening the desiccator for sample removal, there is enough change in RH inside of it, to affect the moisture equilibrium concentration of the rapidly sorbing samples remaining inside. This effect is observable for both absorption or desorption experiments. A similar observation was made even with the slower sorbing thin sheet specimens. Qualitative estimates seem to indicate that one should wait at least for 3 hours before removing the next sample. Or better yet, to use a single, small desiccator per sample.

Rapid Methods for Determining M_∞

As we have pointed out above, the major shortcoming of the thick plate (0.09 inch) method is that it takes from 5 months to a year for the composite sample to become saturated with moisture. In order to speed up the determination of M_{∞} we considered two methods:

Method A: Moisture sorption on powder samples, and

Method B: Moisture sorption on very thin (0.010 to 0.016 inch) composite plates.

We compared the sorption data of powder and thin plate samples with results previously obtained from nominally 0.1 inch thick composite plates (see references 4 and 5).

Method A seemed to be the simplest and fastest way to obtain the equilibrium concentration. Resin or composite powders can be readily prepared from the turnings of a 7/32-inch diameter drill bit. Several sources of errors in using powder samples seemed obvious and needed further consideration. The moisture uptake of the dried powder or the desorption of moisture from a sample that was equilibrated at higher than the ambient RH, was expected to be fast enough to change during the weighing process after removal from the desiccator. Indeed, within the time it took to weigh the sample on a magnetically damped semimicro balance (which is about one minute) one could clearly observe a change in weight. Thus, the weighing process may introduce a significant error. Therefore, after removal of the samples from the environmental chamber, it is necessary to extrapolate the weight to the time zero when the sample was removed. Since there is no theory for the sorption curve of a powdered sample, we simply used a linear extrapolation of the change in weight from one to two minutes, back to time zero. The differences in absorption and desorption of these extrapolated weights were then defined as the maximum moisture solubilities of the powder samples, M'_{∞} , for the corresponding RH values. (We use a prime here to distinguish the result from that of the plate samples). The total time necessary to obtain M'_∞ now takes only two days.

Another source of error is that the surface area of the powder sample is much higher than the surface area of a plate sample. Therefore, the amount of moisture adsorbed on the surface and that absorbed in the bulk of the material, need not be the same. For plate samples, the ratio of surface to bulk is obviously much smaller than for powders and may therefore be neglected. A closer inspection for the validity of using powder samples for this purpose was required. Indeed, it was observed that the weight gains of the powder samples were higher, for both, the vinyl RTM3, as well as for the epoxy composite. The average of the RTM3 powder samples was 27 percent higher than the average of the thick composite laminates. A similar weight gain (in the average 23.5 percent higher than the thin or thick sheet speciemns) was observed in the G10 epoxy composite powder.

Method B requires more time to prepare the samples, because they must be carefully machined to a nominal thickness of 0.010 to 0.016 inches and the time required to achieve equilibrium at a given RH also takes longer than with powder samples (depending on the diffusion coefficient). The drying time can be substantially accelerated in a vacuum oven before the samples are transferred into desiccators with a drying agent such as molecular sieve, drierite or other drying agents. Although the samples gain (or loose) less weight during the weighing process than powder samples do, it is still necessary to extrapolate the weight changes during the weighing process to time zero. Since these samples have a plate geometry, we used a linear regression of the weight gain (or loss) versus the square root of time to extrapolate to time zero. The linear behavior of weight gain versus square route of time is justified from Equation (1) and from Figure 1. For

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these extrapolations, weight measurements were taken between 1 and 8 minutes after the samples were removed from the environmental chamber. The differences in the extrapolated absorption and desorption curves back to time zero, after removal from the environmental chambers, were defined as M_{∞} .

In contrast to the powder samples, the "thin" composite plate samples absorbed, within experimental errors, the same amount of moisture as previously measured thick samples (reference and). Since the relative contributions of the surface areas of the thin and thick samples are small, and about the same, their contribution to the overall solubility is negligible. This clearly indicates that the thin plate approach, Method B, is preferable. However, for a quick, rough estimate, powder samples may be used, after deducting about 25 percent from the ultimate weight gain.

Expected Errors in Diffusion Coefficient as a Result of Errors in Measuring M_{∞} or Specimen Thicknesses

One can easily see how an error in measuring the maximum moisture solubility, M_{∞} , would affect the calculation of the diffusion coefficient. This is especially important if one would use the measured solubility of powder samples, where the surface area contributes to a higher apparent solubility (as we have seen when we measured the solubility of the RTM3 powder, which sorbed 27 percent more moisture than thick plate samples of the same material, that is, M'_{∞} is 27 percent higher than M_{∞}). For assumed values of D = 1.0, and l = 0.5 (as half the plate thickness), equation 1 gives the calculated values for Mt/M_m as are shown in Figure 1 (solid line). As one can see from this figure, if we unknowingly accepted the powder solubility, M'_∞, as the true solubility, and if we had plotted the calculated Mt/M_w values from the sorption data of the plate samples, we would have obtained the dotted line, and therefore, a different initial slope. As a result the dotted line would intersect the value $Mt/M'_{\infty} = 0.5$ at a considerably longer time than expected from equation (4 or 5), and therefore, lead to a lower calculated diffusion coefficient. We can easily estimate the error we would make as follows. If we let the plate sample solubility be 27 percent lower than the powder samples solubility, we would have to take the dotted line for the calculation of the diffusion coefficient. This curve levels out at $Mt/M'_{\infty} = 0.73$ (where $Mt/M_{\infty} = 1.0$). Therefore $Mt/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ is where $MtM'_{\infty} = 0.356$ (= 0.5*0.73). Substituting the corresponding times into equation 4 or 5 we find an error of 46 percent. In Figure 3 we have plotted the expected percent error in the diffusion coefficient versus percent error in solubility measurement (the curve shows only positive values of solubility errors, the negative values are obviously opposite).

Although thin sheet specimens are very useful for a rapid determination of the maximum moisture solubilities in composites, they are less suitable for directly determining the diffusion coefficient. One reason is that the initial slope is very steep, and the time to reach 0.5 for Mt/M_{∞} is quite short. Another reason is, that after each sample removal, it takes some time for the desiccator environment, that is, its RH, to recover to its specified value, so that the weighing times become a significant part of the exposure times. This is especially true when the time to reach Mt/M_{∞} = 0.5 is only several recovery times. Another source for errors in measuring the diffusion coefficient on very thin composite plates is that relative variations in thickness are more pronounced in thin specimens than in thick ones. Also, the thickness measurements of thin specimens becomes less accurate if a

micrometer is used for the measurements. Using equation (5), one can estimate the expected errors in diffusion coefficients resulting from errors in thickness measurements which we have plotted in Figure 4.

One may, however, use thin sheets for a preliminary estimate of the diffusion coefficient corresponding to the laboratory environment, that is, for ambient temperature and ambient RH. In this case the dried sample is removed from the desiccator and left outside (in the balance chamber) for the entire sorption time, while intermittent weighings are performed. If the RH in the laboratory does not change significantly while the sample is kept outside, such estimates may come very close to the actual diffusion coefficient and provide a useful preliminary estimate as we shall show in the result section, Estimate of the Diffusion Coefficient from Thin Laminates. These preliminary diffusion coefficients can be used to calculate desirable specimen thicknesses for more accurate experiments. On the other hand, if there are large RH fluctuations in the laboratory, substantial errors in the estimate can result.

Temporary Change of the RH in the Environmental Chamber after Removal of Specimens

We have not examined the duration of the temporary change in RH after a sample was removed from the environmental chamber (the salt bath desiccator). We noticed however, that during the first sorption experiments on powder samples (where the individual samples were removed from the same environmental chamber at a rate of about one sample every 10 minutes) that the initial slopes for the weight changes became flatter with increasing sample number. A repeat of the experiment after 24 hours, with a reversed sequence of sample removal, gave the same result, that is, the first samples taken out of the desiccator showed the highest slope in weight change. This indicates that, as a result of opening the desiccator for sample removal, there is enough change in RH inside of it, to affect the moisture equilibrium concentration of the rapidly sorbing samples remaining inside. This effect is observable for both absorption or desorption experiments.

RESULTS

In this section we will discuss the results of our investigation that were intended to show that the experimental time for determining diffusion coefficients in composites could be substantially reduced. We have taken the same composite laminate materials from which we had previously measured the maximum moisture sulubilities and diffusion coefficients on thick specimens (as reported in references 4 and 5).

RTM3 COMPOSITE POWDER SAMPLES FROM IMPACTED SANDWICH PANELS

The samples were prepared as described in the Experimental section. Their maximum moisture uptake at 80 percent RH was determined from the difference between

the dry and the 80 percent RH equilibrated sample weights. Because of the rapid moisture gain, these weights had to be obtained by extrapolation to time zero after removal from the environmental chamber. The experimental data for the moisture uptake of dry samples in a 43 percent RH and 23°C environment of the laboratory are shown in Figures 5 through 10.

All weights given in the following figures are, for brevity reasons, only the last two or three significant decimals in units of 10^{-5} grams of the nominally 1 to 1.5 gram sample weights. Only the extrapolated values will be given in full in the Appendix.

Since there is no simple theory of the moisture uptake in powder samples with unknown particle distribution, we have defined a somewhat arbitrary extrapolation procedure for the zero-time weight. We simply extrapolated the sample weights at one and two minutes on the balance in a straight line to time zero. The same procedure was used for the 80 percent RH equilibrated samples that lost weight very rapidly in the 43 percent RH environment of the laboratory. This can be seen in Figures 11 through 16. The data of the individual experimental measurements are given in the Appendix. Table 1 lists the maximum percent weight gain of the individual powder samples and compares them with the same samples that were previously determined on "thick, undamaged" plate samples (equilibrated at 80 percent RH, see reference 5). The powder samples were drilled out of the respective plate specimens. Also listed are the percent differences in weight gain between the powder and plate samples.

Table 1. Comparison of the Maximum Moisture Equilibrium Concentration ofRTM3 Thick Plate Composite Samples and their Respective Powder Samples at 80Percent RH.

Specimen ID	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	Avg.	Std.Dev.	C. Var.%
Powder Wt%	0.212	0.230	0.207	0.217	0.214	0.221	0.217	0.008	3.675
Plates Wt%								0.016	9.231
% Difference	27.060	30.499	35.413	9.082	32.579	28.007	27.107	9.340	34.456

The powder samples show a smaller variation than the plate samples, however it is quite obvious that the powder samples show a significantly higher solubility than the respective plate samples. The average is 27 percent higher. We attribute this higher moisture gain in powders to an increased contribution in surface condensation of moisture on the powder.

The conclusion is that the rapid powder method is, at best, only useful for a quick preliminary estimate of the solubility and not for an accurate determination of the moisture diffusion coefficient in composites. The expected error in using the powder method can be estimated from Figure 3.

RTM3 THIN SHEET COMPOSITE SPECIMENS

Specimens from impacted Sandwich Panels

The preparation of the thin sheet composite samples was described in the Experimental section. Four samples were machined from the face sheets of undamaged areas of impacted sandwich panels, as described in reference 5. The weight gain (weight loss) experiments were carried out similarly to the powder samples. The extrapolation procedure for plate samples is well defined by equation (1). We therefore used a least square fit of the sorption data where the weight gains were plotted as the square root of time. The intersection of this line with the ordinate was defined as zero-time weight. The results are given in Figures 17 through 20 for the sorption of the dry samples in an ambient environment of the laboratory (43 percent RH) and in Figures 21 through 24 for the weight loss of 80 percent equilibrated samples in the same ambient environment. The individual experimental data are listed in the Appendix. Table 2 lists the weight gains in thin plate samples and compares them with the average of the plate samples in Table 1.

Table 2. Comparison of the Maximum Moisture Equilibrium Concentration of	
RTM3 Thin Sheet Composite with Thick Plate Laminates at 23°C and 80 Percent	
RH.	

From Extrapolation	#1	#2	#3	#4	Average	Std.Dev.	C.Var.(%)
80% RH Wt. dry Wt.	1.89642 1.89312	1.928	10 1.917	31 1.7529	4	=	0.811
% Wt. gain % Wt. gain of t	0.174 0.174 Ihick lamina		75 0.1	76 0.17	3 0.17 0.17		

Again, we find that the variation in the measured thin sheet specimens was less than that of the thick laminates. The somewhat higher moisture sorption in the thin sheet specimens is well within the error limit of the thick laminates, and is therefore not significant. Because of the small variation in maximum moisture solubility for the thin laminates, we believe that the new value of maximum moisture solubility average of 0.175 (instead of 0.172) is more likely.

The same set of samples were measured after equilibration at 23 percent RH which was maintained in a desiccator above a sodium acetate salt bath (see Figures 25 through 28). The results are listed in Table 3.

From	#1	#2	#3	3	#4	Average	Std.Dev.	C.Var.(%)
Extrapolation								
23% RH Wt.	1.89	396 1.	92904	1.91818	1.75373	3		
dry Wt.	1.89	312	1.9281	1.91731	1.75294	L.		
% Wt. gain	0.	044	0.049	0.045	0.045	0.04	6 0.002	2 4.256

Table 3. Maximum Moisture Equilibrium Concentration in RTM3 Thin Sheet Composite Specimens at 23°C and 23 Percent RH.

Specimens from an Earlier Fabricated RTM3 Panel (Fab. 1)

We compared the previous results for the RTM3 (Fab. 1) composite that showed a lower maximum moisture solubility than the samples from the undamaged area of the impacted sandwich face sheet laminate (see reference 4). Figures 29 and 30 show the ambient sorption of the dry samples, and Figure 31 and 32 show the moisture loss of the 80 percent RH equilibrated samples in the ambient laboratory environment. In Table 4, we compare the moisture gain in the previously measured RTM3 (Fab. 1) thick laminate (reference 4) with the thin sheet measurements. The experimental data are listed in the Appendix.

 Table 4. Comparison of the Maximum Equilibrium Concentration of RTM3 (Fab. 1)

 Thin Sheet Laminates with the Corresponding Thick Plate Specimens of Reference 4.

From Extrapolation	#1	#2	Average
80% RH Wt.	1.91633	1.92015	
dry Wt.	1.91322	1.91708	
% Wt. gain	0.163	0.160	0.161
% Wt. gain of	0.157		

The differences between thin sheet and thick laminates of RTM3 (Fab. 1) specimens are within experimental error. Compared with the results of the RTM3 specimens from the undamaged areas of the impacted sandwich panels of Table 2, they show a lower maximum moisture solubility. We find that the difference in equilibrium concentration between the RTM3 from the sandwich panel and that from the previously measured RTM3 (Fab. 1) samples are of the same magnitude in both, the thin and thick specimens.

The maximum equilibrium concentration of these samples were also measured at 23 percent RH. The procedure was the same as described above. The thin samples were equilibrated at 23 percent RH and then the weight gain was measured at ambient laboratory conditions (23°C and 43 percent RH), see Figures 33 and 34. The results are listed in Table 5.

From Extrapolation	#1	#2	Average
23% RH Wt. dry Wt.	1.914 1.913		
% Wt. gain	0.0	56 0.	057 0.0565

Table 5. Maximum Moisture Equilibrium Concentration in RTM3 (Fab. 1) Thin Composite Sheets at 23 Percent RH.

MOISTURE SORPTION IN E-GLASS/G10-EPOXY COMPOSITE POWDER AND THIN SHEET SPECIMENS

We also measured the maximum moisture concentration in E-glass/G10-epoxy composite powder and thin sheet laminates and compared them with the previously measured thick laminates (see reference 4) from the same panel. The sorption and desorption measurements were run as described above.

Figures 35 through 38 show weight gain (of dry) and weigh loss (of 80 RH equilibrated) powder samples in the 43 percent RH laboratory environment. Figures 39 through 42 show the same sorption behavior for G10 thin sheet laminates, and Figures 43 and 44 show the weight gain after equilibration at 23 percent RH. Tables 6 and 7 summarize the results.

Table 6. Comparison of E-Glass/G10-Epoxy Composite Powder, Thin Sheet, and Thick Laminate Sorption Data at 80 Percent RH.

From Extrapolation	Powder #1				Thick Sheet
80% RH Wt	1.03148	1.09202	1.56344	1.59244	3.94206
Dry Wt	1.02228	1.08253	1.55191	1.58065	3.91388
% Wt gain	0.900	0.877	0.743	0.746	0.720

Table 7. Maximum Moisture Concentration in E-Glass/G10-Epoxy Thin Sheet Composite Laminate at 23 Percent RH.

From Extrapolation	#1	#2	Average
23% RH Wt dry Wt	1.5563 1.55191		
%Wt.gain	0.282		

As before, we find that the powder samples sorb significantly more moisture than the thin sheet or the thick sheet laminates (on the average 24 percent higher than the thick composite). The thin sheet specimens give, within the experimental error, the same results as the thick sheet.

ESTIMATION OF THE DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT FROM THIN LAMINATES

In the discussion section, we remarked that one should not expect accurate diffusion coefficients from thin composite specimens. However, for ambient conditions (room temperature and the existing RH of the laboratory), one can get a reasonably good estimate of the average diffusion, especially, when the RH value remains within a narrow range of ± 2 percent. Such preliminary estimates are quite useful, since they permit one to calculate the sample thicknesses required for more accurate experiments, and, they can be carried out within one day.

The following steps can be used for preliminary estimate of the diffusion coefficients:

1. Determine the maximum equilibrium concentration for the highest RH value of interest (such as 80 percent) and a lower one (between 20 and 35 percent RH). Potassium chloride for 80 percent RH and sodium acetate for 23 percent RH can be used for constant humidity salt solutions.

2. Fit an approximate maximum equilibrium concentration curve as a function of RH through these points and through zero such as shown in Figures 45 and 46.

3. From this curve, estimate the maximum moisture solubility corresponding to the laboratory humidity; this gives M_{∞}

4. Remove the dried sample from the desiccator and measure the weight gain of the sample in the laboratory environment.

5. Plot the data as M_t/M_{∞} versus (time/thickness²)^{1/2} in units of seconds and centimeters.

6. Use equation (5) to calculate the diffusion coefficient.

As an example, we show the results of two RTM3 laminates: one sample, (RTM3, #3), from the sandwich panel, and one sample from the RTM3 (Fab. 1), panel (#1). The sample thicknesses (average of nine measured points each) were 0.0403 and 0.0419 cm respectively. The average solubility curves for these materials (obtained from the thin sheet sorption experiments) are shown on Figures 45 and 46 where we have used a quadratic least square fit through the experimental data (four each for the sandwich face materials and two for the Fab. 1 material). In Figure 45 we have overlaid a box indicating what error we would expect if we had a variation in RH from 42 to 62. The error in solubility for this case would be 53 percent which is quite substantial. Thus a monitoring of the RH is necessary. Fortunately, one rarely has such a big change within the measurement times (which is the order of one day, since M_t/M_{∞} only has to reach 0.5). The first sample was run when the laboratory RH was 60 ± 1 percent. From the curve in Figure 45, we estimate a maximum moisture solubility in the sample to be 0.126 weight percent. The second sample was run when the laboratory RH was 43 ± 1 percent. From Figure 46 we estimate a solubility of 0.98 weight percent.

Figures 47 through 51 show the thin sheet sorption plots as: weight versus square root of time, M_t/M_{∞} versus (time/thickness²)^{1/2}, and the intersection of this curve with $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$.

The calculated diffusion coefficients for the RTM3 (#3) thin laminate sample was $4.0 \ge 10^{-9} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$. The corresponding thick sample average diffusion coefficient previously reported was $4.1 \ge 10^{-9} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$. The RTM3 (Fab. 1, #1) thin sample had a diffusion coefficient of $2.37 \ge 10^{-9} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$, while the corresponding thick sample diffusion coefficients from the previously measured thick laminates was $2.42 \ge 10^{-9} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$. From what we have said about possible errors in measuring the diffusion coefficient on thin specimens, such a close fit must be considered fortuitous.

GUIDELINES

From what we have described, we can now present guidelines for more efficient measurements of diffusion in composites. Needless to say, improving measurement efficiency is an important goal. At the same time, data accuracy must be maintained. This is especially true if the resulting data becomes the basis for environmental modeling. In a natural environment, temperature and humidity change continuously. A future report will discuss the dynamics of moisture diffusion. However, we need to generate enough data for a three-dimensional representation of the diffusion coefficient as a function of moisture concentration and temperature used for such models (Equation 9). The first set of guidelines refer to measurements at room temperature. The measurements at elevated temperature are similar, but require more attention to details.

ROOM-TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS OF D

The bulk solubility (maximum moisture equilibrium concentration) in a composite is primarily governed by the solubility of moisture in the organic matrix (glass fibers and graphite fibers do not absorb moisture in the bulk of the fiber). However, if there is a lack of interfacial bonding between resin and fiber, or if the void volume fraction is high, the resulting capillary condensation may also contribute significantly to the overall maximum moisture concentration, and result in higher than expected values, especially at high RH values. For room temperature measurements of solubility and diffusion coefficient, we recommend the following steps:

1. Machine thin sheet laminate plate specimens (0.01 to 0.016 inch thickness), measure their thickness along the edges and in the center, and take the average. From these samples determine the bulk solubility of the composite.

2. Dry the specimens in a vacuum oven, at or below temperatures at which the laminate has been cured. This will not take more than a few hours if one can heat the samples above 90°C. Then store the samples in a desiccator over a drying agent such as molecular sieves or dryerite.

3. Determine the moisture sorption at ambient laboratory temperature and humidity conditions over the period of one day. Although, for obtaining the initial dry weight, it usually suffices to stop the measurements after 10 minutes, continuing the measurements to sorb enough moisture to get to $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ will permit a rough estimate of the diffusion coefficient at ambient conditions (as indicated below in step 6). Record changes in temperature and RH throughout the measurement time. The larger the changes, the less reliable the resulting estimates. Extrapolate the sorbed weights to time zero after removal from the desiccator (as was shown in Figures 17 through 20). This gives the dry sample weight.

4. Place the samples into a desiccator with 80 percent RH environment until they reach equilibrium. This may take 1 or 2 weeks. Again, an extrapolation to zero time is made (as shown in Figure 21 through 24). The moisture solubility corresponding to 80 percent RH is the difference betwee the extrapolation values for the absorption and desorption. During the time necessary for saturating the samples at 80 percent RH, one may also measure powder samples of the composite (as shown in Figures 5 through 16) and deduct 25 percent from the 80 percent equilibrium weight to obtain an approximate solubility as discussed on page 17 (this can be done within 2 days). One will thus obtain a rough estimate of how long the thin sheet samples should remain in the in the 80 percent desiccator before removal for the more accurate solubility measurement.

5. It is advisable to carry out another moisture solubility measurement between 20 and 50 percent RH equilibration. Since most bulk solubility curves between 0 and 80 percent RH have only a small curvature, one may get a reasonably good approximation by using a nonlinear curve fit through these points and through zero. The equilibration time is about the same as that found for 80 percent RH. Again, one determines the equilibrium weight from the zero point extrapolation (as was shown in Figures 25 through 28). Since the equilibration is now closer to ambient RH, one will observe a flatter slope for this extrapolation curve.

6. The moisture equilibrium corresponding to the current laboratory RH is then taken directly from this solubility curve. Now the first crude estimate of the diffusion coefficient can be made from the data of step 3 which are plotted as M_t/M_{∞} versus the square root of time/thicknes². From the intersection of the initial sorption curve with $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$, we obtain the diffusion coefficient from equation (5): $D = 0.049/(time/thicknes^2)$ (in units of seconds and centimeters). The diffusion coefficient thus obtained corresponds to the laboratory temperature and humidity.

7. The next step is to calculate sample thicknesses for more accurate measurements. Since we already know the maximum moisture solubilities as a function of RH and the approximate diffusion coefficient, we can now select the specimen's thickness such that $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ can be reached within a convenient time (between four to eight days). On page A-7 we have supplied a table where the diffusion coefficients are listed in the first

column. The upper part of the table gives the time (in hours) to reach $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ for a given diffusion coefficient and a specified plate thickness. Values in between can be easily obtained by interpolation. The lower part of the table gives the times (in hours) to reach equilibrium saturation for thin sheet laminates. The tables were calculated using equation (1). We have defined the saturation value M_{∞} to be 99.3 percent of the true saturation value for practical reasons. First, fluctuations in RH will probably prevent a better accuracy, second, it would take infinitely long to get to equilibrium.

8. Specimens with the desired thickness can now be machined and a more accurate diffusion coefficient can be obtained. The machined samples are dried in a vacuum oven (sufficiently long to ensure that they are dry). If necessary, one can estimate the drying time from the approximate diffusion coefficient and an assumed activation energy of 12 Kcal/Mole). A few days will suffice for most cases.

9. Now, one can determine the diffusion coefficient for any desired concentration by exposing the sample to an RH that corresponds to the specified concentration. This is usually accomplished by storing the samples above specific, saturated salt bath containers. Many salt-water mixtures, where there is still excess, undissolved salt in the mixture, will produce a constant RH value, depending on the specific kind of salt. Some of these salt solutions change very little with temperature.⁸ Since one already knows the approximate time it will take to reach $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$; it will suffice to make only one or two weight determinations and thus reduce the disturbance of the environment to a minimum. We have said, the sorption curve, plotted as M_t/M_{∞} versus square root of time/thickness² is a straight line in the range between zero and 0.5. Therefore, being close to 0.5 is good enough to make an extrapolation to 0.5 in order to calculate the diffusion coefficient using equation (5).

ELEVATED TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS OF D

The determination of diffusion coefficients at higher than room temperature is not substantially different. One obvious difference is that one cannot use very thin composite plates to obtain the maximum moisture solubility at these elevated temperatures. During the process of removing a thin sample from the heated environmental chamber, cooling it down to room temperature, and weighing it, would lead to an uncontrollable weight loss (or gain) and therefore result in a considerable error, even if one tries to extrapolate back to zero time. Thus, the major concern is to reduce the experimental errors caused by this process. The removal from the environmental chamber and the cool-down to room temperature must be done as quickly as possible. How quick is quick enough? And how long do we have to leave the sample in the elevated temperature chamber to get it to its maximum equilibrium concentration with the RH in the chamber?

Having done the room-temperature measurements first, we are not totally ignorant and may proceed as follows:

1. Estimate the diffusion coefficient at the specific elevated temperature (such as 35 or 55°C). From the room temperature diffusion coefficient, and from the assumption that the temperature coefficient of the diffusion is in the order of 12 Kcal/Mole, we can use

equation (7 or 8) to get a rough estimate of what the diffusion coefficient is at 35 or 55°C (see also Figure 2).

2. With the help of the table on A-7 we can estimate a sample thickness that will get to equilibrium in about two weeks. Such samples are machined and dried. The dry weight is determined and the sample is then placed into the preheated temperature chamber at the specified RH.

3. Since the rate of diffusion changes exponentially with temperature, a rapid quenching from the oven temperature to room temperature is required. Therefore, have two metal blocks ready that are kept at room temperature or slightly below room temperature and place the sample between them as soon as they are removed from the chamber. The sample will essentially be at room temperature in 20 to 30 seconds. Now the weight can be determined (if necessary by zero time extrapolation, where zero time is again the time when the sample is removed from the environmental chamber). This yields M_{∞} for the elevated temperature and the RH of the chamber. The sample should be replaced into the elevated temperature chamber and re-measured the next day to ascertain that equilibrium has been reached.

4. Now we can determine the diffusion coefficient. The sample is re-dried and place again into the temperature chamber. This time, it is left in the chamber until M_t/M_{∞} is about 0.5. From the time of the intersection of $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ with the sorption curve (square root of time/thickness²) the diffusion coefficient is calculated as we did for the room temperature experiments. Every sample removal requires a readjustment of temperature and humidity in the chamber which are not precisely known or controllable. Consequently, there are fewer sources of error when the sample is removed only for the final weighing. If the exposure time to reach a value for $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ is inconveniently short or if the measured value exceeds 0.6 when the sample is removed, it is advisable to repeat step 4 with a thicker specimen. Thicker specimens are less sensitive to these errors because the relative amount that is absorbed or desorption is less, and the time to do it is inherently longer.

For environmental modeling, one should know the diffusion coefficients at least for two (better three) reasonably spaced temperatures and humidity concentrations.

CONCLUSIONS

In most organic polymers and composites, moisture diffusion is very slow. It is many orders of magnitude slower than thermal diffusivity. This permits one to easily separate thermal and molecular transport phenomena. It also makes moisture diffusion measurements a very time consuming process. To increase the efficiency of determining the moisture diffusion in composites, we investigated an iterative process, where the measurements are carried out on a set of specimens rather than on single plate specimens.

The most time consuming measurement is the determination of the maximum moisture concentration sorbed in equilibrium with the surrounding RH of the environment. Composite powders and very thin sheets samples of composites were investigated as samples for reducing the sorption times. While powder samples reached the equilibrium concentration very quickly, their surface contribution to the sorption gave about 25 percent higher solubility values than those measured in plate specimens of composite laminates. Although thin sheet laminates took longer to equilibrate than powders, they are sufficiently fast for this purpose, and what is more important, they gave essentially the same results as thick laminates.

Thus an iterative process was proposed to accelerate moisture diffusion measurements substantially without sacrificing accuracy. Different specimen thicknesses are recommended for obtaining the equilibrium solubilities (M_{∞}), for determining the initial slopes of M_t/M_{∞} , and for elevated temperature measurements.

This approach requires that more test samples be machined, but the experimentation time can be reduced from many months to a view weeks.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The next step in combining the moisture diffusion behavior in composites with the environment is, to describe the environment such that it will lead to manageable boundary conditions for the diffusion equation to be solved for ship composite structures in various marine environments. The mathematical model for accomplishing this goal has been established. What needs to be done is, to obtain temperature and humidity data from various ocean environments, such as Persian Gulf, Atlantic, tropical and arctic waters, and to use kinetic averaging of the diffusion, so that the variable boundary conditions of the natural environment can be converted into simple, constant boundary conditions.



Figure 1. Dimensionless Sorption Plot of Equation (1) (Solid Line) and 27 Percent Reduced Values (Dotted Line).



Figure 2. Calculated Change in Diffusion Coefficient for Activation Energies from 10 to 14 Kcal/Mole as a Function of Temperature (°K) for a Given Diffusion Coefficient at 22°C.



Figure 3. Expected Error in Diffusion Coefficient as a Function of the Measurement Error in Maximum Moisture Solubility for a Given RH Value.



Figure 4. Expected Error in Diffusion Coefficient Resulting from Error in Thickness Measurements.



Figure 5. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 1).



Figure 6. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 2).



Figure 7. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 3).



Figure 8. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 4).


Figure 9. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 5).



Figure 10. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 6).



Figure 11. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 1).



Figure 12. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 2).



Figure 13. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated RTM3 Composite Powder at 23° C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 3).



Figure 14. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 4).







Figure 16. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated RTM3 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 6).







Figure 18. Moisture Gain in Dried Thin Sheet RTM3 Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 2).



Figure 19. Moisture Gain in Dried Thin Sheet RTM3 Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 3).



Figure 20. Moisture Gain in Dried Thin Sheet RTM3 Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 4).



































Figure 29. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 (Fab. 1) Thin Sheet Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 1).



Figure 30. Moisture Gain in Dried RTM3 (Fab. 1) Thin Sheet Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 2).







Figure 32. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated Thin Sheet RTM3 (Fab. 1) Composite at 23°C and 43 RH (Sample 2).



Figure 33. Moisture Gain in 23 Percent RH Equilibrated Thin Sheet RTM3 (Fab. 1) Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 1).



Figure 34. Moisture Gain in 23 Percent RH Equilibrated Thin Sheet RTM3 (Fab. 1) Composite at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 2).











Figure 37. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated G10 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 1).



Figure 38. Moisture Loss in 80 Percent RH Equilibrated G10 Composite Powder at 23°C and 43 Percent RH (Sample 2).



























Figure 45. Maximum Moisture Equilibrium Concentration in Thin Sheet RTM3 (Sandwich Panel) as a Function of RH.







Figure 47. Moisture Sorption in Thin Sheet RTM3 (#3, dried); run at 60 RH and 22° C



Figure 48. Reduced Sorption Data from Figure 47.



Figure 49. Magnified Initial Sorption Plot (with First Two Points Deleted).



Figure 50. Moisture Sorption in Dried Thin Sheet RTM3 (Fab. 1, #1) Laminate at 43 Percent Laboratory RH and 23^oC.

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APPENDIX

This Appendix lists all pertinent experimental data developed in this investigation. The moisture equilibrium concentrations of the listed samples are obtained from the differences in the extrapolation values between the dried and the moisture equilibrated samples.

Page A-3 lists the individual data for the weight gains of dried powder samples, and the weight losses of the same set of samples after they were equilibrated at 80 percent RH. These measurements were carried out in the laboratory atmosphere (which was 23°C and 43 percent RH). The solubilities and diffusion coefficients of the undamaged RTM3 specimens, from which the powders were prepared, had been previously measured and reported in Reference 5. The times at which the weights were measured are given in minutes. The corresponding weights list only the last three significant digits (in units of 10^{-5} grams), while the extrapolated weights to time zero (in columns 5 and 10) list the full weight, including the crucible weight.

Four thin sheet laminates were prepared from impact panels (RTM3; #1 to #4). The weight gains and losses are listed on page A-4. Again, only the last two or three significant digits are listed for the weights. The extrapolated weights are given in full for the plate samples. Also listed on page A-4 are the sorption data of the four RTM3 samples after equilibration at 23 percent RH. Similar results for two thin sheet RTM3 (Fab. 1) laminates, two G10 epoxy laminate powders and two thin sheet G10 epoxy laminates are given on pages A-5 and A-6.

At the bottom half of A-6, we give two examples for preliminary estimates of diffusion coefficients from thin sheet laminate specimens where the weight gains were only continued until M_t/M_{∞} exceeded 0.5 of the expected laboratory equilibrium conditions, that is, the maximum moisture concentration corresponding the laboratory RH's (which were 60 and 43 percent respectively).

On the top half of page A-7 we present a table that lists the times (in hours) it takes for given diffusion coefficients (listed in the first column) to sorb the amount of moisture to reach $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.5$ (for various plate thicknesses). On the bottom half of page A-7 we list the times to reach the maximum equilibrium moisture concentration (i.e. $M_t/M_{\infty} = 0.993$) for thin plate samples.

Moisture	Sorption in	RTM3 Pow	/ders at 23	Deg.C Equi	librated at	0 and 80 Pe	ercent RH				
											L
											ļ
Absorptio	n from 0%	RH	14/-:	Fastan al	Desorptio	n from 80%	RH	14/-l-h4	Entropol		
		Time		Extrapol.			Time	Weight	Extrapol.		
RTM3 #1	5				RTM3#1	11					
		2					2	744 731		-	
		3				· · · · ·	3				
		4					4				<u> </u>
		5					5				
		6					6				<u> </u>
	·	7				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7				
		8				+	10	690			+
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12	04/								<u> </u>
DTM2#2	6		477	5 204 69	DTM2#2	12	4	404	5.22422		
RTM3#2	6			3.22108	RTM3#2	12	1				
		2					3				
		3									
		4					4				
		5					5	351			
		6									
		7					9	314 309			
. <u> </u>		8					10	309			
		10									
RTM3#3	7		701	5 00000	RTM3#3	13	4	888	5.02902		
R I WIS#5	'				KINS#3	13	1	874			
		2					3	862			
		4					4	852			
		5		·			5	832			
								833			
		79					6 12	786	· · · ·		
		9	/40				12	/00			
RTM3#4	8	1	137	5 11126	RTM3#4	14	1	339	5.1135		
K I WI3#4	°	2		5,11120	K I NIO#4		2	328	5.1135		
		3				· ·	2				
		4					4	318			
		5				+					
		6					7	234			
		7					9	252			
	·····	8					10	232			
		0	170				10	240		<u> </u>	
RTM3#5	9	1	534	5.13522	RTM#5	15	1	734	5.13748		
		2					2				
		3					3				
		4					4	694			
		5					5	682			
		8					7	672			
		10	581				10	666			
						1					
RTM3#6	10	1	836	4.9082	RTM#6	16	1	1035	4.91048		
		2					2	1022			
		- 3					3	1009			
		4					4	997			
		5					5	986			
		6	884				6	976			
		8					9	955			
		10					11	947			

	Sorption in	RTM3 Thir	h Sheets at	23 Deg.C; I	Equilibrate	d at 0 and 8	0 Percent I	<u> RH</u>			
Absorption	form 0% R	- - Equilibrati	on			Desorption	from 80% F	RH Equilibra	tion		
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes	Sqrt(Min)	Weight	Extrapol.			Minutes	Sqrt(Min)	Weight	Extrapol.
RTM3#1	17			321		RTM3#1	21	1	1	631	1.8964
	+	2						2	1.414214	628	
		3		330		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3			
		4		333				4			
		6		337				5		618	
			2.11010								
RTM3#2	18	1	1	820	1,9281	RTM3#2	22	1	1	140	1.9314
11072	10	2		824				2	1.414214	138	·
		3		827				3		136	
		4		830				4			
		5		832				6			
		3	2.230000	052					2.1010	100	
RTM3#3	19	1	1	738	1 91731	RTM3#3	23	1	1	61	1.9206
111/0#5	13	2		741	1.01701	1.11110/00			1.414214	58	
		3		741				3	1.732051	56	
				745				4	2	54	
		4		740				6	2.44949	50	
		5		747				7		48	
		6						/	2.040701		
		7	2.645751	750		· · ·					
RTM3#4	20	1	1	306	1 75294	RTM3#4	24	1	1	588	1.7559
11415	20	2		310				2	1.414214	585	
		3		315				3		582	
		4		318				4	2		
		5		320							
	<u> </u>		2.200000								
		1									
Moisture	Sorption in	RTM3 Thin	Sheets at	23 Deg.C; I	Equilibrated	i at 23 Perc	ent RH.				
Moisture \$	Sorption in	RTM3 Thin	Sheets at	23 Deg.C; I	Equilibrated						
	from 23% E				Equilibrated	Absorption	from 23% R	H Equilibra	ion		
	from 23% E				Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R	H Equilibra Minutes	tion Sqrt(Min)		Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E	quilibration	Sqrt(Min)		Extrapol.	Absorption	from 23% R	Minutes 1	Sqrt(Min) 1	910	
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214	Weight	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2	Sqrt(Min) 1.414214	910 912	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214	Weight 407	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2	Sqrt(Min) 1	910 912 915	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2	Weight 407 411	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2	910 912 915 917	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3	Sqrt(Min) 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068	Weight 407 411 414	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051	910 912 915	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068	Weight 407 411 414 417	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2	910 912 915 917	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949	Weight 407 411 414 417 421	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2	910 912 915 917	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424	Extrapol.	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2	910 912 915 917	Extrapol.
Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 6 8	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#2	from 23% R Figure # 26	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751	910 912 915 917 920	Extrapol. 1.9290
Absorption	from 23% E Figure #	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 8 9 9	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427 3 1	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428 826	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID	from 23% R Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751 1	910 912 915 917 920 920 382	Extrapol. 1.9290
Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#1	from 23% E Figure # 25	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 9	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427 3 1 1.414214	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428 826 829	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#2	from 23% R Figure # 26	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751 1 1.414214	910 912 915 917 920 920 382 382	Extrapol. 1.9290
Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#1	from 23% E Figure # 25	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 8 9 9	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427 3 1 1.414214	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428 826 829 831	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#2	from 23% R Figure # 26	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7 7 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751 1 1.414214 1.732051	910 912 915 917 920 920 382 385 385	Extrapol. 1.9290
Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#1	from 23% E Figure # 25	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 8 9 9 1 1 2	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427 3 1 1.414214 1.732051	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428 826 829 831 833	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#2	from 23% R Figure # 26	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7 1 1 2 3 4 7 1 3 5 5	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751 1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068	910 912 915 917 920 920 920 920 920 920 920 920 920 920	Extrapol. 1.9290
Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#1	from 23% E Figure # 25	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 8 9 9 1 1 2 3	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427 3 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428 826 829 831 833 833	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#2	from 23% R Figure # 26	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7 7 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751 1 1.414214 1.732051	910 912 915 917 920 920 382 385 385	Extrapol. 1.9290
Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#1	from 23% E Figure # 25	quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 - 1 2 3 4 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.236068 2.44949 2.828427 3 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949	Weight 407 411 414 417 421 424 427 428 826 829 831 833	Extrapol. 1.89396	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3#2	from 23% R Figure # 26	Minutes 1 2 3 4 7 1 1 2 3 4 7 1 3 5 5	Sqrt(Min) 1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.645751 1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068	910 912 915 917 920 920 920 920 920 920 920 920 920 920	Extrapol.

moisture S	Sorption in	RTM3 (Fab	9. 1) Thin S	heet Comp	osite; Equi	ibrated at (and 80 Pe	rcent RH		ļ	
heemiter	(man 00/ E					Decemtion	from 800/ 5				
	from 0% Ec			Maight	Extrapol.		from 80% E Figure #	Minutes	Sqrt(Min)	Weight	Extrapol.
Spec. ID				Weight		Spec. ID					
RTM3-1#1	29			326		RTM3-1#1	31		1.414214		
		2									
		3		330					1.732051	621	
		4	2					4		617	
		5	2.236068	333					2.236068		
		7	2.645751	335					2.828427	613 609	
		15	3.872983	340				11			
								16		605	
								18	4.242641	603	
DTN0 440				740	4.04700	DTN2 440	20		4	2007	1.9201
RTM3-1#2	30			713	1.91/08	RTM3-1#2	32	1		2007	
		2		717				2		2004	
		3	1.732051	720 722				4			
		4	2.236068					5			
		5		725				7		1994	<u> </u>
		11	·····	725					3.605551	1991	
		12						15		1980	
		12		733					4.242641	1978	
			3.741037	100					7.272.971		
Moisture S	Sorntion in	RTM3 (Fab	1) Thin Si	L	osite: Faui	librated at	23 Percent	RH			
moisture e					bolte, Equi						
Absorption	from 23% E	quilibration				Absorption	from 23% E	quilibration			
	from 23% E		Sart(Min)	Weight	Extrapol		from 23% E		Sart(Min)	Weight	Extrapol
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes	Sqrt(Min)			Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes		Weight 822	Extrapol.
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1	1	433			Figure #	Minutes 1	1	822	
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2	1 1.414214	433 434	1.91429	Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2	1 1.414214	822 824	1.91817
Absorption Spec. ID RTM3-1#1	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3	1 1.414214 1.732051	433 434 435	1.91429	Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3	1 1.414214 1.732051	822 824 826	1.91817
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068	433 434 435 435	1.91429	Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2	822 824 826 827	1.91817
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3	1 1.414214 1.732051	433 434 435	1.91429	Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3	1 1.414214 1.732051	822 824 826	1.91817
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068	433 434 435 435	1.91429	Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2	822 824 826 827	1.91817
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1	Figure # 33	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949	433 434 435 437 438	1.91429	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2	Figure # 34	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6	1 1.414214 1.732051 2	822 824 826 827	1.91817
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1	Figure # 33	Minutes 1 2 3 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949	433 434 435 437 438	1.91429	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2	Figure # 34	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6	1 1.414214 1.732051 2	822 824 826 827	1.91817
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S	Figure # 33	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 6 G10 Comp	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949	433 434 435 437 438	1.91429	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2	Figure # 34 and 80 Perc	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH.	1 1.414214 1.732051 2	822 824 826 827	1.91817
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 6 G10 Comp uuilibration	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De	1.91429 g.C; Equilit	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption	Figure # 34 and 80 Perc from 80% E	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949	822 824 826 827 829	1.91817
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol.	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight	1.91817
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 G10 Comp uilibration Minutes 1	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38	1.91429 g.C; Equilit	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Perc from 80% E	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333	1.91817 Extrapol. 5.30014
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 G10 Comp uilibration Minutes 1 2	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310	1.9181 Extrapol. 5.3001
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 G10 Comp uilibration Minutes 1 2 3	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286	1.9181 Extrapol. 5.3001
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 G10 Comp uilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265	1.9181 Extrapol. 5.3001
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 G10 Comp uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216 7191	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ecc Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure #	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216 7191	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ec Figure # 35	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 1	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147 166	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure # 37	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7251 7216 7191 7151	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ec Figure # 35	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147 166 456	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436 5.17356	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure # 37	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216 7191 7151 938 917 893	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ec Figure # 35	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 1 2	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147 166 456 475	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436 5.17356	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure # 37	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 1 2	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216 7191 7151 938 917	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ec Figure # 35	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 1 2 3 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147 166 456 475 495 513	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436 5.17356	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure # 37	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 3	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216 7191 7151 938 917 893	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ec Figure # 35	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 1 2 3 4 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147 166 456 475 495 513 528	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436 5.17356	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure # 37	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 3 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7265 7251 7216 7191 7151 938 917 893 871	1.9181
Spec. ID RTM3-1#1 Moisture S Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 33 Sorption in from 0% Ec Figure # 35	Minutes 1 2 3 5 6 uillibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10 1 2 3 4	1 1.414214 1.732051 2.236068 2.44949 osite Powd	433 434 435 437 438 er at 23 De Weight 38 62 77 94 106 137 147 166 456 475 495 513	1.91429 g.C; Equilit Extrapol. 5.16436 5.17356	Spec. ID TRM3-1#2 prated at 0 Absorption Spec. ID G10 #1	Figure # 34 and 80 Pero from 80% E Figure # 37	Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 cent RH. quilibration Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 1 2 3 4 5 7 9 12 3 4 5 7 9 12 3 4 5	1 1.414214 1.732051 2 2.44949 Sqrt(Min)	822 824 826 827 829 Weight 7333 7310 7286 7255 7251 7216 7191 7151 938 917 893 871 853	1.9181

woisture	Sorption in	G10 Thin S	Sheet Comp	posite; Equ	ilibrated at	0, 80, and	23 Percent	кн.			
							ļ				ļ
Absorption	from 0 RH					Desorption	from 80 Pe	rcent RH			
Spec. ID		Minutes	Sqrt(Min)	Weight	Extrapol.			Minutes	Sart(Min)	Weight	Extrapol.
G10 #1	39					Constant of the second s	41	1	1	244	1.5626
310#1	39				1.00101	010 #1		2			
		2					 	3		230	
		3		234							
		4	2	240				4	2	220	
G10 #2	40	1	1	93	1.58065		42	1	1	159	1.5917
		2	1.414214	107				2			
		3		116				3	1.732051	144	
		4	2	122				4	2	139	
						1				1	
Absorptio	n in Sample	- Equilibrat	ed at 23 Pe	rcent RH						1	
Ausorphio	ii iii Sampa										
	1							 			
	from 0 RH				L	l	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Spec. ID	Figure #	Minutes	Sqrt(Min)	Weight	Extrapol.						
G10 #1	43	1	1	636	1.55630						
		2	1.414214	639							
		3		641							
				642		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
		4									
		5	2.236068	644			,				
	L	7	2.645751	647							ļ
G10#2	44	1	1	526	1.58521						
		2	1.414214	528							
		3		529							
		5	2.236068	531							
				533							
		6	2.44949	533 534							
				533 534							
		6	2.44949								
		6 7	2.44949 2.645751	534		Diffusion	Coofficient	from Thin (Sheet PTM	3 (Eab. 1) 1	am
Diffusion (Coefficient	6 7	2.44949 2.645751	534	s	Diffusion	Coefficient	from Thin S	Sheet RTM	3 (Fab. 1) L	am.
		6 7 from Thin S	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM	534 3 Laminate	\$						am.
Absorption	of dried san	6 7 from Thin 9	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do	534 3 Laminate eg.C		Absorption	of dried san	nple at 43 La	ab.RH and 2	3 Deg.C	
Absorption	of dried san	6 7 from Thin S	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight	Mt/Minf	Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5	23 Deg.C Weight	Mt/Minf
Absorption	of dried san	6 7 from Thin 9	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739	Mt/Minf 0.032922	Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san	nple at 43 La Minutes 1	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679	23 Deg.C Weight 326	Mt/Minf 0.021164
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 9 nple at 60 R Minutes	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739	Mt/Minf	Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328	Mt/Minf 0.021164 0.031746
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 9 nple at 60 R Minutes 1	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844	Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2	ab.RH and 2 (t/th*2)*.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328	Mt/Minf 0.021164 0.031746 0.042328
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	from Thin s from Thin s nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 751	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305	Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328	Mt/Minf
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	from Thin 5 from Thin 5 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 751 755	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328 330 332	Mt/Minf 0.021164 0.031746 0.042328
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	from Thin 5 from Thin 5 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 751 755 759	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328 330 332 333	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.031744 0.042320 0.0529 0.05820
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 9 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 751 755 759 761	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328 330 332 333 333 335	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.031740 0.042320 0.0529 0.05820 0.05820
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 5 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 9	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 751 755 759 761 763	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 7 15	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905	23 Deg.C Weight 326 330 330 332 333 335 340	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.031740 0.042320 0.0529 0.05820 0.05820 0.06878 0.095238
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 9 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 751 755 759 761 763 764	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 7 15 20	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546	23 Deg.C Weight 326 330 330 332 333 335 340 342	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.031744 0.042321 0.0529 0.05820 0.068783 0.095233 0.10582
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 5 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 9	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 7 15 20 30	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563	23 Deg.C Weight 326 328 330 332 333 335 340 342 348	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.031744 0.042320 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.095233 0.10582 0.13756
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 9 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.031744 0.042321 0.0529 0.05820 0.068783 0.095233 0.10585 0.137566 0.201058
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 1 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.185185	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 5 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 19	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.185185	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 30 60 120 250	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 from Thin 5 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 19 25 28	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 776	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.185185 0.193416	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 30 60 120 250	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 from Thin 5 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 776 778 778	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.185185 0.193416 0.213992	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 30 60 120 250 310	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.3703
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 from Thin 5 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 19 25 28 36 39	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 776 778 778 778 783	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.185185 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 30 60 120 250 310	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 from Thin 5 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 776 778 778 778 778 778 778	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.185185 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 nple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 763 776 778 776 778 778 778 778 778 778	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 763 764 773 776 778 783 784 783 784 791 792 800	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71 155	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804 2390.356	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 776 778 778 783 784 784 791 792 800 826	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951 0.390947	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Du (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804 2390.356 2974.42	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 766 773 776 778 783 784 783 784 791 792 800 826 836	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951 0.390947 0.432099	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71 155	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804 2390.356	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 776 778 778 783 784 784 791 792 800 826	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951 0.390947 0.432099	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71 155 240	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Du (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1151.988 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804 2390.356 2974.42 3742.73	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 763 764 763 776 778 783 784 783 784 791 792 800 826 836	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951 0.390947 0.432099	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71 155 240 380 585	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804 2390.356 2974.42 3742.73 4643.812	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 763 764 763 776 778 783 784 783 784 791 792 800 826 836	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.193416 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951 0.390947 0.432099 0.493827 0.572016	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624
Absorption Spec. ID	of dried san Figure #	6 7 7 mple at 60 R Minutes 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 11 11 19 25 28 36 39 44 50 71 155 240 380	2.44949 2.645751 Sheet RTM H and 23 Do (t/th^2)^.5 191.998 271.5262 332.5503 383.996 470.2971 543.0523 575.994 607.1509 636.7853 836.8998 959.9899 1015.958 1151.988 1199.027 1273.571 1357.631 1617.804 2390.356 2974.42 3742.73 4643.812	534 3 Laminate eg.C Weight 739 747 755 759 761 763 764 766 773 766 773 766 778 783 784 784 791 792 800 826 836 851 870	Mt/Minf 0.032922 0.065844 0.082305 0.098765 0.115226 0.123457 0.131687 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.144033 0.17284 0.135802 0.123457 0.213992 0.218107 0.246914 0.251029 0.283951 0.390947 0.432099 0.493827 0.572016 0.73251	Absorption Spec. ID RTM3 #1	of dried san Figure #	nple at 43 La Minutes 1 2 3 4 5 7 15 20 30 60 120 250 310 420 480	ab.RH and 2 (t/th^2)^.5 184.8679 261.4427 320.2007 369.7359 413.3773 489.1146 715.9905 826.7546 1012.563 1431.981 2025.127 2923.019 3254.936 3788.665 4050.254	23 Deg.C Weight 328 330 332 333 333 335 340 342 348 360 370 388 392 395 401	Mt/Minf 0.02116 0.03174 0.04232 0.0529 0.05820 0.06878 0.09523 0.1058 0.1058 0.13756 0.20105 0.25396 0.34920 0.34920 0.3703 0.38624 0.41798

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Times (in)	hours) for F	Plate Specie	mens to so	rb 0 5 Mt/M	inf for give	n Diffusion	Coefficien	ts (Thickne	es in cm)			
rines (irr		late Opecil	nena to ao		in ioi give	Dirasion	VVenicien					
Thickness	0.08	0.09	0.1	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.19
Diff.Coeff.	0.00	. 0.00	0.1	•	0.12	0.10	•	0.10	0.1.0			
4.00E-10	217.7778	275.6250	340.2778	411.7361	490.0000	575.0694	666.9444	765.6250	871.1111	983,4028	1102.500	1228.403
5.00E-10	174.2222	220.5000	272.2222	329.3889	392.0000		533.5556	612.5000	696.8889	786.7222	882.0000	982.7222
6.00E-10	145.1852	183.7500	226.8519	274.4907	326.6667	383.3796	444.6296	510.4167	580.7407	655.6019	735.0000	818.9352
7.00E-10	124.4444	157.5000	194.4444	235.2778	280.0000		381.1111	437.5000	497.7778	561.9444	630.0000	701.9444
8.00E-10	108.8889	137.8125	170.1389	205.8681	245.0000	287.5347	333.4722	382.8125	435.5556	491.7014	551.2500	614.2014
9.00E-10	96.7901	122.5000	151.2346	182.9938	217.7778	255.5864	296.4198	340.2778	387.1605	437.0679	490.0000	545.9568
1.00E-09	87.1111	110.2500	136.1111	164.6944	196.0000	230.0278	266.7778	306.2500	348.4444	393.3611	441.0000	491.3611
2.00E-09	43.5556	55.1250	68.0556	82.3472	98.0000	115.0139	133.3889	153.1250	174.2222	196.6806	220.5000	245.6806
3.00E-09	29.0370	36.7500	45.3704	54.8981	65.3333	76.6759	88.9259	102.0833	116.1481	131.1204	147.0000	163.7870
4.00E-09	21.7778	27.5625	34.0278	41.1736	49.0000	57.5069	66.6944	76.5625	87.1111	98.3403	110.2500	122.8403
5.00E-09	17.4222	22.0500	27.2222	32.9389	39.2000	46.0056	53.3556	61.2500	69.6889	78.6722	88.2000	98.2722
6.00E-09	14.5185	18.3750	22.6852	27.4491	32.6667	38.3380	44.4630	51.0417	58.0741	65.5602	73.5000	81.8935
7.00E-09	12,4444	15.7500	19.4444	23.5278	28.0000	32.8611	38.1111	43.7500	49.7778	56.1944	63.0000	70.1944
8.00E-09	10.8889	13.7813	17.0139	20.5868	24.5000	28.7535	33.3472	38.2813	43.5556	49.1701	55.1250	61.4201
9.00E-09	9.6790	12.2500	15.1235	18.2994	21.7778	25.5586	29.6420	34.0278	38.7160	43.7068	49.0000	54.5957
1.00E-08	8.7111	11.0250	13.6111	16.4694	19.6000	23.0028	26.6778	30.6250	34.8444	39.3361	44.1000	49.1361
2.00E-08	4.3556	5.5125	6.8056	8.2347	9.8000	11.5014	13.3389	15.3125	17.4222	19.6681	22.0500	24.5681
3.00E-08	2.9037	3.6750	4.5370	5.4898	6.5333	7.6676	8.8926	10.2083	11.6148	13.1120	14.7000	16.3787
4.00E-08	2.1778	2.7563	3.4028	4.1174	4.9000	5.7507	6.6694	7.6563	8.7111	9.8340	11.0250	12.2840
5.00E-08	1.7422	2.2050	2.7222	3.2939	3.9200	4.6006	5.3356	6.1250	6.9689	7.8672	8.8200	9.8272
6.00E-08	1.4519	1.8375	2.2685	2.7449	3.2667	3.8338	4.4463	5.1042	5.8074	6.5560	7.3500	8.1894
7.00E-08	1.2444	1.5750	1.9444	2.3528	2.8000	3.2861	3.8111	4.3750	4.9778	5.6194	6.3000	7.0194
8.00E-08	1.0889	1.3781	1.7014	2.0587	2.4500	2.8753	3.3347	3.8281	4.3556	4.9170	5.5125	6.1420
9.00E-08	0.9679	1.2250	1.5123	1.8299	2.1778	2.5559	2.9642	3.4028	3.8716	4.3707	4.9000	5.4596
1.00E-07	0.8711	1.1025	1.3611	1.6469	1.9600	2.3003	2.6678	3.0625	3.4844	3.9336	4.4100	4.9136
Hours to s	aturate thin	plates to 9	9.3% of the	e solubility	with moist	ure. (Thick	ness: in in	ches and c	m)			
Hours to s Thick.inch	aturate thin 0.009	plates to 9	9.3% of the	e solubility 0.012	with moist 0.013	ure. (Thick 0.014	ness: in in 0.015	ches and c 0.016	m) 0.017	0.018	0.019	0.02
			0.011	0.012	and the second data					0.018 0.04572	0.019	0.02
Thick.inch cm	0.009 0.02286	0.01 0.0254	0.011 0.02794	0.012 0.03048	0.013 0.03302	0.014 0.03556	0.015 0.0381	0.016 0.04064	0.017 0.04318	0.04572	0.04826	0.0508
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222	0.01 0.0254 219.5336	0.011 0.02794 265.6357	0.012 0.03048 316.1284	0.013 0.03302 371.0118	0.014 0.03556 430.2859	0.015 0.0381 493.9506	0.016 0.04064 562.0060	0.017 0.04318 634.4521	0.04572 711.2889	0.04826 792.5163	0.0508 878.1344
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681	0.04572 711.2889	0.04826 792.5163	0.0508 878.1344
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 4.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 4.00E-09 5.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 3.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 7.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6638 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 7.00E-09 8.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 158.5033 105.6638 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 6.00E-09 7.00E-09 8.00E-09 9.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 6.00E-09 8.00E-09 8.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 7.00E-09 8.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 1.00E-08 2.00E-08	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129 3.5564	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813 4.3907	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254 5.3127	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451 6.3226	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405 7.4202	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114 8.6057	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 39.5161 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580 9.8790	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802 11.2401	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781 12.6890	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516 14.2258	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007 15.8503	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254 17.5627
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-09 3.00E-09 4.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 8.00E-09 9.00E-09 1.00E-09 1.00E-08 3.00E-08 3.00E-08	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129 3.5564 2.3710	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813 4.3907 2.9271	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 132.8178 136.603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254 5.3127 3.5418	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451 6.3226 4.2150	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405 7.4202 4.9468	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114 8.6057 5.7371	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580 9.8790 6.5860	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802 11.2401 7.4934	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781 12.6890 8.4594	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516 14.2258 9.4839	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007 15.8503 10.5669	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254 17.5627 11.7085
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-09 3.00E-09 4.00E-09 6.00E-09 6.00E-09 8.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 1.00E-08 3.00E-08 3.00E-08 4.00E-08	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129 3.5564 2.3710 1.7782	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813 4.3907 2.9271 2.1953	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254 5.3127 3.5418 2.6564 2.1251	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451 6.3226 4.2150 3.1613	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405 7.4202 4.9468 3.7101	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114 8.6057 5.7371 4.3029	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580 9.8790 6.5860 4.9395	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802 11.2401 7.4934 5.6201	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781 12.6890 8.4594 6.3445	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516 14.2258 9.4839 7.1129	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007 15.8503 10.5669 7.9252	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 4390.672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254 17.5627 11.7085 8.7813
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 3.00E-09 4.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 1.00E-08 2.00E-08 3.00E-08 5.00E-08 5.00E-08	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129 3.5564 2.3710 1.7782 1.4226 1.1855	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813 4.3907 2.9271 2.1953 1.7563	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 118.0603 106.2543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254 5.3127 3.5418 2.6564 2.1251 1.7709	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451 6.3226 4.2150 3.1613 2.5290	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405 7.4202 4.9468 3.7101 2.9681 2.4734	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114 18.6057 5.7371 4.3029 3.4423	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580 9.8790 6.5860 4.9395 3.9516	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802 11.2401 7.4934 5.6201 4.4960	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781 12.6890 8.4594 6.3445 5.0756	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 3355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516 14.258 9.4839 7.1129 5.6903	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 317.0065 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007 15.8503 10.5669 7.9252 6.3401	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 4390.672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254 17.5627 11.7085 8.7813 7.0251
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Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-09 3.00E-09 3.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 1.00E-08 3.00E-08 5.00E-08 5.00E-08 6.00E-08 6.00E-08 8.00E-08 8.00E-08	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129 3.5564 2.3710 1.7782 1.4226 1.1855 1.0161 0.8891	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813 4.3907 2.9271 2.1953 1.7563 1.4636 1.2545 1.0977	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 132.8178 132.8178 132.8178 132.8178 25.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254 5.3127 3.5418 2.6564 2.1251 1.7709 1.5179 1.3282	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451 6.3226 4.2150 3.1613 2.5290 2.1075 1.8064	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405 7.4202 4.9468 3.7101 2.9681 2.4734 2.1201	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114 8.6057 5.7371 4.3029 3.4423 2.8686 2.4588 2.1514	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580 9.8790 6.5860 4.9395 3.9516 3.2930 2.8226	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802 11.2401 7.4934 5.5201 4.4960 3.7467 3.2115	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 281.9787 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781 12.6890 8.4594 6.34455 5.07566 4.2297 3.6254	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516 14.2258 9.4839 7.1129 5.6903 4.7419 4.0645	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007 15.8503 10.5669 7.9252 6.3401 5.2834 4.5287	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254 17.5627 11.7085 8.7813 7.0251 5.8542 5.0179
Thick.inch cm 4.00E-10 5.00E-10 6.00E-10 7.00E-10 8.00E-10 9.00E-10 9.00E-10 1.00E-09 2.00E-09 4.00E-09 5.00E-09 6.00E-09 9.00E-09 9.00E-09 1.00E-08 2.00E-08 3.00E-08 5.00E-08 5.00E-08 5.00E-08 5.00E-08 5.00E-08	0.009 0.02286 177.8222 142.2578 118.5482 101.6127 88.9111 79.0321 71.1289 35.5644 23.7096 17.7822 14.2258 11.8548 10.1613 8.8911 7.9032 7.1129 3.5564 2.3710 1.7782 1.4226 1.1855 1.0161	0.01 0.0254 219.5336 175.6269 146.3557 125.4478 109.7668 97.5705 87.8134 43.9067 29.2711 21.9534 17.5627 14.6356 12.5448 10.9767 9.7570 8.7813 4.3907 2.9271 2.1953 1.7563 1.4636 1.2545	0.011 0.02794 265.6357 212.5085 177.0904 151.7918 132.8178 132.8178 132.8178 132.8178 132.65543 53.1271 35.4181 26.5636 21.2509 17.7090 15.1792 13.2818 11.8060 10.6254 5.3127 3.5418 2.6564 2.1251 1.7709 1.5179	0.012 0.03048 316.1284 252.9027 210.7523 180.6448 158.0642 140.5015 126.4514 63.2257 42.1505 31.6128 25.2903 21.0752 18.0645 15.8064 14.0502 12.6451 6.3226 4.2150 3.1613 2.5290 2.1075 1.8064 1.5806	0.013 0.03302 371.0118 296.8094 247.3412 212.0067 185.5059 164.8941 148.4047 74.2024 49.4682 37.1012 29.6809 24.7341 21.2007 18.5506 16.4894 14.8405 7.4202 4.9468 3.7101 2.9681 2.4734 2.1201 1.8551	0.014 0.03556 430.2859 344.2287 286.8573 245.8776 215.1429 191.2382 172.1144 86.0572 57.3715 43.0286 34.4229 28.6857 24.5878 21.5143 19.1238 17.2114 8.6057 5.7371 4.3029 3.4423 2.8686 2.4588	0.015 0.0381 493.9506 395.1605 329.3004 282.2575 246.9753 219.5336 197.5803 98.7901 65.8601 49.3951 39.5161 32.9300 28.2258 24.6975 21.9534 19.7580 9.8790 6.5880 4.9395 3.9516 3.2930 2.8226 2.4698	0.016 0.04064 562.0060 449.6048 374.6707 321.1463 281.0030 249.7805 224.8024 112.4012 74.9341 56.2006 44.9605 37.4671 32.1146 28.1003 24.9780 22.4802 11.2401 7.4934 5.6201 4.4960 3.7467 3.2115 2.8100	0.017 0.04318 634.4521 507.5617 422.9681 362.5441 317.2261 253.7809 126.8904 84.5936 63.4452 50.7562 42.2968 36.2544 31.7226 28.1979 25.3781 12.6890 8.4594 5.0756 4.2297 3.6254 3.1723	0.04572 711.2889 569.0311 474.1926 406.4508 355.6445 316.1284 284.5156 142.2578 94.8385 71.1289 56.9031 47.4193 40.6451 35.5644 31.6128 28.4516 14.2258 9.4839 7.1129 5.6903 4.7419 4.0645 3.5564	0.04826 792.5163 634.0131 528.3442 452.8665 396.2582 352.2295 158.5033 105.6688 79.2516 63.4013 52.8344 45.2866 39.6258 35.2229 31.7007 15.8503 10.5669 7.9252 6.3401 5.2834 4.5287 3.9626	0.0508 878.1344 702.5076 585.4230 501.7911 439.0672 390.2820 351.2538 175.6269 117.0846 87.8134 70.2508 58.5423 50.1791 43.9067 39.0282 35.1254 17.5627 11.7085 8.7813 7.0251 5.8542 5.0179 4.3907

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