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ATTACHMENTS

SNDO Sample Query Attachment A

INTRODUCTION

The objective of this project is to seek, review, identify, and retrieve repository materials (slides, blocks, wet tissues, and information) of cases fulfilling the CDC definition of AIDS in the absence of demonstratable HIV infection. These cases could the be used in basic research of the chronology of HIV retroviral infection in human tissue. To meet this objective, the AFIP's master database in the mainframe computer will be searched for cases accessioned before 1959 with any diagnosis indicative of immunodeficiency in the absence of proven HIV infection (MMWR, August 14, 1987/VOL. 36/No. 1S -- revised MMWR, 1992/41:1-19). Case selection criteria will be: clinical, pathological, and demographic information available for correlation with pathological diagnoses, geographic origin, anatomic source, patient's age and medical and social factors demonstrated to influence the spread and distribution of HIV infection and AIDS. Cases will be transferred onto a floppy disk for importation into a custom-designed database for additional analysis at the Division of AIDS Pathology. Cases with adequate materials and sufficient clinical documentation will be identified and retrieved for review at the AIDS Pathology Division. Records from cases accessioned before 1970 will be reviewed manually for entry into the study database. Records on microfilm will be scanned into digitized images and, when possible, translated into word processing files for conversion into other suitable formats for import into database records. We plan to develop and implement a simplified and more practical approach to data retrieval from the AFIP mainframe computer for importation into personal computer workstations, thereby maximizing efficiency in reviewing and retrieving pathological material that is suitable for collaborative research in all aspects of pathology and basic science and potentially usable by other AFIP investigators.

Thus far, the implementation phase (Phase I) is now complete. This consisted of outlining the infrastructure requirements, technical support requirements, and purchasing hardware and software. It should be noted that these purchases were based on the existing technology at the time. Some modifications will be required as the project progresses. Preliminary prototypes for data retrieval from the mainframe computer were also produced during Phase I. Mr. Moroz, a computer programmer/analyst, was hired in November 1993 to develop a user data retrieval system for the project (Phase II). He has completed a prototype that is extremely flexible, easy to use, and yet very sophisticated. The application is written using embedded structured query language (SQL). This makes it compatible with the existing mainframe table format. Designed as a graphical user interface (GUI) to data stored on the AFIP network, the system has many advantages that go well beyond original expectations. Information is available to anyone who has access to the network. Files are password protected. And, because data is restricted to "read only" for the user, integrity is maintained. Yet, data can still be easily merged into new database structures as improvements are made. The GUI itself allows the user to randomly compose queries based on simple field searches or complex criteria. Results are seen within seconds, thus providing instant feedback if modifications to the query should be necessary (See Attachment A, Sample SNDO Query).

BODY

CONCLUSIONS

We are now ready to begin the actual information gathering. A first-pass download of the original AFIP database will be made. This database, which was based on Standard Nomenclature of Diseases and Operations (SNDO) coding, includes all cases received prior to 1970. The queries for this download will be broad-based to include all possible AIDS related cases. Consecutive passes of the downloaded data will be made using the new retrieval system, and those cases which have no relevance to the study will be eliminated. As the process progresses, the computer program can be fine tuned to accommodate any unforeseen circumstances. After probable cases of AIDS are identified by this search, a decision will be made in collaboration with the U.S. Army Retroviral Group to determine the optimal use of the material. Possibilities include PCR and/or in situ testing for the presence of HIV viruses and viral sequencing. In addition, the protocol and software for this study can serve as a model for other projects.

RETROSPECTIVE STUDY OF HIV INFECTION IN HUMAN TISSUES Computer Survey of the AFIP Repository for Cases of Aquired Immunodeficiency Preceding the HIV Pandemic

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-	SNDO Query	•
	SNDO BUTTON QUERY	
	by: Albin L. Moroz, American Registry of Patholoov	
	SNDD Curry	
	Database Window	

Standard Nomenclature of Diseases and Operations (SNDO) Database Retrieval System.

> Written by Albin L. Morez

Armed Forces Institute of Pathology Washington, DC 20306-6000

ATTACHMENT A

INTRODUCTION: Prior to 1970, all cases entered into the AFIP mainframe computer database were Standard Nomenclature of Diseases and Operations (SNDO). The SNDO retrieval system is designed as a graphical user interface (GUI) to that data. It allows maximum flexibility and ease of use for the investigator. Queries are built by selecting field criteria and entering filters as prompted by program. Query results are returned to the screen within seconds. They can then be printed or saved.

All queries are activated by pressing a button and entering a filter. Filters are selected from a pick list or entered mannually.

Push Button Q	uery of SNDO
Push a Button and Se	lect Reas to Query and
New Query Save Query	BUN QUERYI Exit
Diagnostic Information	Sea
Topography Code	Age
Etiology Code	(Race)
CareType	Location Code
Accession Number	Status
Date Received	
Date Completed	Choose Report
and a second	Control and Charlen B. () The Control Black Building Control Black Building Control Black Building Control Black Building Control Building

ATTACHMENT A

Sex and Race are examples of a pick list. The user simply makes selections from the available side and transfers them to the selected side by pressing the direction button.



Diagnosis is an example of a text string search. Notice the use of an asterisk "*" as a wildcard.

	Diagnosti	Internation	
Yeast Enloy			Cancel

AGE can be entered as a single number or a range.



ATTACHMENT A

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Case Type	Case Type Accession No	Age	Age Race Sex	Sex	Topography Etiology	Diagnostic Nomenclature	Location
S							
I	1245261	15	BLK	Σ	14812 8675	534 SOLE KAPOSIS SARCOMA	GEO
I	1245261	15	BLK	Σ	1472 8675	534 KNEE KAPOSIS SARCOMA	GEO
i	1248343	60	BLK	Σ	1411 8675	KAPOSIS SARCOMA HAND	
ł	1249795	4	BLK	Z	X51 8675	KAPOSIS ANGIOSARCOMA ORBIT	
I	1272253	60	BLK	≥	14812 8675	503 KAPOSIS SARCOMA SKIN SOLE FOOT	GEO

.

Total Records Selected 5

SELECT * FROM [tblSNDO] WHERE (([Race]='BLK') OR ([Race]='IND')) AND (([Dx] Like **kap**)) AND (([Age] BETWEEN '0' AND '60')) ;

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