

Department of Defense INSTRUCTION AD-A272 656

ASD(HA) 695-6880 February 13, 1992 NUMBER 6410.2

ASD(HA)

SUBJECT: Standardization of Code on Dental Procedures

Reference: (a) DoD Instruction 6410.2, subject as above, April 3, 1987 (hereby canceled)

## A. <u>REISSUANCE AND PURPOSE</u>

This Instruction reissues reference (a) to update policy, responsibilities, and procedures, and uniform codes and nomenclature for reporting dental procedures among the Military Services.

### B. <u>APPLICABILITY</u>

This Instruction applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the Military Departments. The term "Military Services," as used herein, refers to the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, and the Marine Corps.

## C. POLICY

It is DoD policy to use the codes and nomenclature for dental procedures in enclosure 1 for uniform reporting of dental procedures within the Department of Defense.

#### D. <u>RESPONSIBILITIES</u>

1. The Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) ASD(HA) shall establish standard codes and nomenclature on dental procedures. In addition, ASD(HA) shall provide weighted composite time values (CTV) for the clinical procedures and composite laboratory values (CLV) for the laboratory procedures.

2. The <u>Secretaries of the Military Departments</u> shall ensure that the codes, titles, definitions, and composite time values and composite laboratory values are used for workload accountability.

## E. <u>PROCEDURES</u>

1. The Military Services will utilize the DoD Dental Procedure Codes to report all clinical and laboratory workload. Data will be identified by procedure, CTV and CLV.

2. The Military Services will report actual clinical and laboratory workload to ASD(HA) at the end of each fiscal year and report projected clinical and laboratory workload in accordance with budget development instructions.

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3. The Military Services may submit recommendations to change this Instruction through their respective Dental Service Chiefs to ASD(HA).

### F. EFFECTIVE DATE AND IMPLEMENTATION

This Instruction is effective October 1, 1992. Forward two copies of the implementing documents to the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) within 120 days.

DAL Enrique Mendez, Jr., M.D. ssistant Secretary of Defense

(Health Affairs)

Enclosure

Summary of DoD Codes and Nomenclature for Dental Procedures

Feb 13, 92 6410.2 (Encl 1)

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# Summary of DoD Codes and Nomenclature for Dental Procedures

A. Part 1, Clinical Services, is a modification of the Code on Dental Procedures established by the Council on Dental Care Programs of the American Dental Association (JADA Vol. 92, March 1976). The composite time values (CTV) provide weighted time factors for the clinical procedures.

B. Part 2, Laboratory Services, are Military Services-developed codes. The composite laboratory values (CLV) provide weighted time factors for the laboratory procedures.

C. These codes list services most frequently provided by dental providers in facilities of the Military Services. The DoD Codes and Nomenclature for Dental Procedures is provided as a management tool and should not be construed to represent the total practice of military dentistry.

<u>Category of Service</u>

Code Series

# 1. <u>Clinical Services</u>

## **Section**

Ι.	Diagnostic	0100-0999
II.	Preventive	1000-1999
III.	Restorative	2000–2999
IV.	Endodontics	3000-3999
v.	Periodontics	4000-4999
VI.	Prosthodontics, Removable	5000-5999
VII.	Prosthodontics, Fixed	6000-6999
VIII.	Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	7000-7999
IX.	Orthodontics	8000-8999
X.	Adjunctive General Services	9000–9999

2. Laboratory Services

#### Section

Ι.	General Procedures	0001-0014
II.	Fixed Partial Dentures	0015-0035
III.	Removable Partial Dentures	0036-0055 and 0064
IV.	Complete Dentures	0056-0063
v.	Orthodontics	0066-0079
VI.	Maxillofacial Protheses	0080-0092
VII.	Miscellaneous	0093-0099
VIII.	Remakes	08XX-09XX

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#### Attachment

DoD Codes and Nomenclature for Dental Procedures

## DOD CODES AND NOMENCLATURE FOR DENTAL PROCEDURES

### PART 1. CLINICAL SERVICES

Section I. Diagnostic (0100-0999)

### CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

#### Clinical Oral Examinations

- 0120 0.8 <u>Periodic Oral Examination</u>. The examination by a dentist of all oral hard and soft tissues using a periodontal probe, mirror, and explorer, and bitewing, panoramic, or other radiographs as professionally indicated. This includes the recording of an initial treatment plan. Credit one per patient examined.
- 0125 0.5 <u>Identification Charting</u>. Recording procedures required to initiate a patient's dental health record. Credit one per patient record charted.
- 0130 0.4 <u>Other Examination</u>. Oral consultation between staff or staff and residents; observations where no formal consultation is provided or emergency oral examinations for evaluation of pain, trauma, or defective restorations. Credit one per dentist participating.
- 0133 0.4 <u>Screening Examination</u>. The initial dental processing of recruits and other dental screening procedures performed by dentist, dental hygienist and/or advanced dental technician. Credit one per patient screened.
- 3.6 <u>Comprehensive Examination</u>. Lengthy clinical evaluation by a 0140 dentist required to establish diagnoses and formulate total written treatment plans. Credit one per patient examined. Examples are: (1) The examination of an appointed patient using full mouth or panoramic radiographs; periodontal probing of all teeth; evaluation of all remaining teeth as to occlusion, caries, and defective restorations; and formulation of a total treatment plan. (2) The examination and history taking procedures necessary to determine the etiology or differential diagnosis of a complex chief complaint; e.g., temporomandibular joint pain, oral-facial pain. (3) The examination and history-taking procedures necessary to complete the Department of Defense Medical Examination Review Board form. (4) The diagnostic evaluation, patient education, and treatment planning for complex multi-disciplinary modalities such as dental implants. Credit one per patient examined.
- 0141 6.2 <u>Postmortem Examination or Bite Mark Analysis for Identification</u>. Postmortem dental examination or bite mark analysis for identification purposes. Credit one per examination performed per dental officer.

Section I. Diagnostic (0100-0999) -- continued

#### CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

- 0150 0.7 <u>Written Consultation</u>. The written request for, or written response to, a professional consultation or recommendation. Credit one per consultation.
- 0160 0.2 <u>Blood Pressure Recording</u>. Blood pressure measurements for screening or other purposes. Credit one per blood pressure taken.

## Radiographs and Photographs

- 0210 2.8 <u>Intraoral Series</u>. Periapical radiographs of all teeth and edentulous areas. Includes bitewing radiographs of all posterior teeth when applicable. Credit one per series exposed.
- 0220 0.2 <u>Intraoral Film</u>. Credit one per bitewing, periapical, or occlusal film exposed. Credit an entire intraoral series under code 0210.
- 0221 0.1 <u>Duplication of Radiographs (Other Than Panoramic)</u>. Credit one per radiograph, other than panoramic, duplicated.
- 0250 0.5 <u>Extraoral Film</u>. Any film of extraoral nature taken with a dental radiographic machine, exclusive of the panoramic or cephalometric film. Credit one per exposure.
- 0310 1.9 <u>Sialography</u>. Intraoral or extraoral radiographic exposure of salivary glands/ducts injected with radiopaque dye. Credit one per exposure.
- 0330 0.4 <u>Panoramic Film</u>. Credit one per panoramic film or other specialized radiograph made with a panoramic machine.
- 0331 0.5 <u>Double Panoramic Film</u>. Credit one when two panoramic films are exposed at the same time. This gives credit for both films. Do not take additional credit for 0330, Panoramic Film, with this code.
- 0332 0.3 <u>Duplication of Panoramic Radiographs</u>. Credit one per panoramic radiograph duplicated.
- 0340 0.8 <u>Cephalometric Film</u>. Credit one per exposure made with a cephalometric radiographic machine.
- 0350 0.2 <u>Diagnostic Clinical Photograph.</u> Patient photographs taken by a dentist to support clinical treatment, research, or educational programs. These photographs do not become a permanent part of the dental record. Credit one per exposure.
- 0360 0.3 <u>Identification Photograph</u>. A patient photograph taken by a dentist or dental technician for identification, diagnostic, or documentation purposes which becomes a permanent part of the dental record. Credit one per patient sitting.

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Section I. Diagnostic (0100-0999) -- continued

CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

Tests and Laboratory Examinations

- 0410 0.8 <u>Bacteriologic Cultures</u>. Credit one per specimen collected for bacteriologic culture for diagnosis, endodontic therapy, or sensitivity testing.
- 0420 0.8 <u>Oral Mucosal Smear</u>. Credit one per specimen collected for cytological, DNA identification procedure, oral transudate, or other testing. Procedure includes collection of specimen and associated documentation.
- 0450 0.6 <u>Macroscopic Tissue Examination</u>. The gross description recorded on a pathology report and appropriate sectioning of unprepared hard or soft tissue specimens. Credit one per specimen described.
- 0451 1.8 <u>Microscopic Tissue Examination</u>. The histopathologic description, microscopic interpretation, and diagnosis recorded on the pathology report of prepared hard or soft tissue specimens. Credit one per specimen described.
- 0460 0.8 <u>Endodontic Diagnostic Test</u>. The use of thermal, electrical, or operative procedures (test cavity) to establish a pulpal diagnosis and/or determine vitality. Credit one per appointment regardless of the number of tests.

#### CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Dental Prophylaxis</u>. Removal of exogenous stain, plaque, and supragingival calculus by polishing and/or instrumentation. Credit one per appointment.

- 1110 1.8 Adult Prophylaxis. Prophylaxis on permanent dentition.
- 1120 1.0 Child Prophylaxis. Prophylaxis on primary or mixed dentition.

### Fluoride Treatments

- 1240 0.7 <u>Topical Fluoride, Professional Application</u>. Topical application of fluoride substances to the entire dentition of an individual by a dental officer, hygienist, or dental technician. Not to include fluoridated prophylaxis pastes used in codes 1110 and 1120. Credit one per patient treated.
- 1245 0.9 <u>Topical Fluoride, Self-Applied, Group</u>. Topical fluoride applications performed in a group setting such as brush-ins and rinse-ins. Credit one per group.

Other Preventive Services

- 1310 1.4 <u>Dietary Planning</u>. Specifically designed sessions for individual dietary and/or nutritional history taking, evaluation, and diet planning. Credit one per appointment.
- 1330 0.3 <u>Individual Oral Health Counseling</u>. Thorough personal counseling and/or demonstration to individual patients of procedures to attain and maintain oral health. Credit one per counseling session.
- 1331 1.9 <u>Group Oral Health Counseling</u>. Counseling of groups of individuals concerning the attaining and maintaining of oral health. Credit one per group regardless of size.
- 1350 0.3 <u>Application of Pit and Fissure Sealants</u>. The use of acid etch resin technique as a primary preventive procedure. Enamel etching is included in the CTV for this procedure. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 1360 0.4 <u>Plaque and Tissue Indices</u>. Clinical indices and tests used to identify bacterial plaque accumulation and/or to determine soft tissue health and response (e.g., plaque, debris, and periodontal indices; bleeding points; and phase contrast microscopy). The name of the index or test and its numerical or descriptive value must be recorded in the patient's record. Credit one per index or test recorded.

Section III. Restorative (2000-2999)

CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Amalgam Restorations</u>. Credit includes cavity preparation; placement of liners, matrices, and restorative material; and finishing procedures accomplished during the appointment.

- 2140 1.0 <u>Amalgam. One Surface</u>. Credit one per one surface amalgam restoration. Limited to one per tooth surface.
- 2150 1.9 <u>Amalgam, Two Surface</u>. Credit one per two surface amalgam restoration requiring a matrix placement. Limited to two per tooth.
- 2160 2.2 <u>Amalgam, Three Surface</u>. Credit one per three surface amalgam restoration requiring a matrix placement. Each cusp covered is counted as a surface.
- 2161 2.6 <u>Amalgam, Four or More Surface</u>. Credit one per four or more surface amalgam restoration requiring a matrix placement. Each cusp covered is counted as a surface.

<u>Glass Ionomer Restoration</u>. Credit includes placement of conditioner, matrices, restorative material, and varnish, and finishing procedures accomplished during the appointment.

2205 1.2 <u>Glass Ionomer With or Without Cavity Preparation</u>. Credit one per glass ionomer restoration.

<u>Resin Restoration, Unfilled or Composite</u>. Credit includes cavity preparation, placement of matrices and restorative material, and finishing procedures accomplished during the appointment. (Credit glazing and acid etching separately).

- 2320 1.2 <u>Resin. Simple Anterior and/or Posterior</u>. Credit one per one or two surface anterior resin restoration that does not include the incisal angle, or a one surface posterior resin restoration.
- 2336 1.9 <u>Resin. Complex Anterior</u>. Credit one per three or more surface anterior resin restoration, or one which includes the incisal angle.
- 2338 1.9 <u>Resin. Complex Posterior</u>. Credit one per two or more surface posterior resin restoration.
- 2340 0.2 <u>Acid Etch</u>. Acid etching for retention. Credit one per tooth etched.
- 2341 0.2 <u>Resin and/or Glass Ionomer Glazing</u>. The application of a glazing agent over the finished resin or glass ionomer restoration. Credit one per tooth glazed, regardless of number of restorations per tooth.

Section III. Restorative (2000-2999) -- continued

- CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 2342 1.4 <u>Resin, Esthetic</u>. The placement of resins with minimal cavity preparation on fluoride or tetracycline stained teeth or other unesthetic abnormalities. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 2343 1.9 Laminate Veneer Facing. The attachment of laminate veneers to teeth by means of acid etch bonding. Credit one per tooth veneered.

<u>Gold Foil Restoration</u>. Credit is included in the CTV of each cohesive gold restoration for cavity preparation, placement of liners and restorative material, and finishing procedures. Credit one per restoration.

- 2410 2.8 <u>Gold Foil, Class I</u>. Occlusal surface restoration of molars and premolars, including buccal or occlusal pits, cast crown repairs, and small lingual surface restorations on anterior teeth.
- 2420 5.9 <u>Gold Foil, Class II</u>. Proximal surface restoration of molars and premolars.
- 2430 5.9 <u>Gold Foil, Class III</u>. Proximal surface restoration of anterior teeth.
- 2440 8.1 <u>Gold Foil. Class IV</u>. Proximal surface restoration of anterior teeth that involves the incisal angle.
- 2450 6.2 <u>Gold Foil, Class V</u>. Restoration of the gingival aspect of facial or lingual surfaces of all teeth.
- 2460 3.4 <u>Gold Foil, Class VI</u>. Restoration of the incisal edge of anterior teeth or cusp tips of posterior teeth.

Metallic and/or Non-Metallic Inlay and/or Onlay Restoration. Credit is allowed in the CTV of each inlay and/or onlay (cast metallic, ceramic, or indirect composite resin restoration) for cavity preparation, liners, final cementation and finishing procedures. Credit one per restoration.

- 2511 4.9 Inlay, One Surface
- 2521 6.6 Inlay, Two Surface
- 2531 7.0 Inlay, Three Surface
- 2541 7.8 Onlay (Cusp Coverage)

Section III. Restorative (2000-2999) -- continued

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 2542 6.4 <u>Pinledge Restoration</u>. Cast restoration with pin retention that involves incisal and/or lingual surfaces of anterior teeth.

Other Restorative Services

- 2910 1.4 <u>Recement Inlay, Crown, or Fixed Partial Denture</u>. Credit one per inlay, crown, or retainer permanently recemented.
- 2940 0.5 <u>Sedative and/or Temporary Restoration</u>. The placement of a sedative or temporary restoration, or the temporary cementation and/or recementation of a cast restoration. Credit one per tooth temporized.
- 2952 0.8 <u>Restoration Polish</u>. Credit one per restoration polished at an appointment subsequent to its placement. Should include the use of burs, stones, disks, and polishing agents as indicated.
- 2953 0.4 <u>Pin Retention</u>. Credit one per pin (threaded, cemented, or friction-locked) placed for retention or resistance form of a restoration.
- 2954 0.2 <u>Intermediate Base</u>. Placement of base material to provide pulpal protection and/or internal cavity form, excluding pulp caps and varnishes. Credit one per tooth regardless of the number of bases placed.
- 2955 1.0 <u>Post Retention</u>. Credit one per prefabricated post placed in an endodontically treated root canal space for retention or resistance form of a restoration.
- 2958 1.2 <u>Custom Matrix</u>. The use of a compound reinforced custom matrix (e.g. copper band, spot welded stainless steel band) fabricated at chairside for use with direct restorative materials. Credit one for each tooth restored.
- 2960 0.4 <u>Rubber Dam Application</u>. Credit one per application.
- 2970 0.2 <u>Enameloplasty or Odontoplasty</u>. Modification of tooth contour to improve form, function, and/or esthetics. Includes preparation of teeth for overdenture abutments and recontours accomplished with root resections or furcation improvements. Credit one per tooth modified.

## Section IV. Endodontics (3000-3999)

CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Pulp Capping</u>. The application of a protective dressing over an exposed or nearly exposed vital pulp to protect the pulp against additional injury. Credit one per tooth treated.

- 3110 0.4 <u>Direct Pulp Cap</u>. Placement of a pulp cap directly over an exposed pulp.
- 3120 0.2 <u>Indirect Pulp Cap</u>. Placement of a pulp cap over a thin layer of remaining dentin.

Pulpotomy and Pulpectomy

- 3210 1.5 <u>Pulpotomy</u>. Surgical amputation of coronal portion of exposed vital pulp and application of appropriate medicaments to preserve vitality and function of remaining radicular pulp. Performed on permanent or primary teeth. Credit one per tooth treated. Credit restoration separately.
- 3230 1.6 <u>Pulpectomy, Total</u>. The total removal of the dental pulp. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 3231 0.7 <u>Pulpectomy, Partial</u>. The partial removal of the dental pulp. Credit one per tooth treated.

<u>Root Canal Therapy</u>. The internal debridement, cleaning, shaping, and permanent obturation of the root canal system. This excludes temporary and final restorations. Credit one per tooth completed. Root canal therapy on primary teeth is credited by code 3340.

- 3311 2.3 Anterior Root Canal Therapy, One Canal
- 3312 2.5 Anterior Root Canal Therapy, Two or More Canals
- 3321 2.7 Premolar Root Canal Therapy, One Canal
- 3322 3.0 Premolar Root Canal Therapy, Two Canals
- 3323 3.9 Premolar Root Canal Therapy, Three or More Canals
- 3331 3.1 Molar Root Canal Therapy, One Canal
- 3332 3.7 Molar Root Canal Therapy, Two Canals
- 3333 3.9 Molar Root Canal Therapy, Three Canals
- 3334 4.4 Molar Root Canal Therapy, Four or More Canals

Section IV. Endodontics (3000-3999) -- continued

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 3335 2.0 <u>Root Canal Filling Removal</u>. Procedures required to remove an existing root canal filling such as silver cone, gutta percha, or paste because of failure of previous treatment or prosthodontic needs. Credit one per tooth treated in addition to the definitive root canal therapy.
- 3340 2.4 Primary Root Canal Therapy
- 3350 2.5 <u>Apexification/Apexogenesis Treatment</u>. A chemical method of inducing root-end closure of an incompletely formed, vital or nonvital tooth. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 3360 1.8 <u>Endodontic Interim Treatment</u>. Treatment accomplished during the course of root canal therapy. Do not take credit for this code on the first or last appointment. Credit one per tooth treated per interim visit.

<u>Periradicular Treatment</u>. Treatment, with surgical intervention, of the apical and/or lateral portions of a root and the surrounding tissue. Credit associated mucogingival surgery in addition to the endodontic service.

- 3410 3.3 <u>Apicoectomy</u>. Removal of the apical portion of the root(s). Curettage of the associated periapical region is included. Credit one per root treated.
- 3420 0.9 <u>Retrograde Filling</u>. The sealing of the apical end of the root canal by placing a restoration in the root apex. Credit one per restoration placed.
- 3470 1.0 <u>Surgical Fenestration (Trephination)</u>. Surgical perforation of the gingival mucoperiosteum and alveolar plate of bone over the root apex to relieve pain caused by the accumulation of tissue exudate. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 3480 1.6 <u>Marsupialization</u>. The placement of a device (tube, etc.) for the purpose of decompression of large periradicular lesions. Credit one per device placed.

#### Other Endodontic Services

- 3960 1.9 <u>Bleaching of Discolored Teeth</u>. The use of chemical agents to remove discolorations from the crowns of vital or nonvital teeth. Credit one per tooth treated per visit.
- 3970 2.5 <u>Perforation Repair</u>. A chemical or mechanical method of inducing hard tissue formation at the site of perforation in a nonvital tooth. This includes a surgical procedure to repair the defect with a restorative material. Credit one per tooth treated.

Section IV. Endodontics (3000-3999) -- continued

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# CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

3980 7.7 <u>Endodontic Endosseous Implant</u>. A metallic extension of the root canal filling placed beyond the root apex and inserted into a previously prepared channel in the bone. Credit one per tooth treated.

Section V. Periodontics (4000-4999)

<u>CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>

<u>Surgical Service</u>. Surgical procedures for treatment of periodontal disease and mucogingival defects. These procedures include credit for placement of sutures and initial periodontal dressing if applicable. Postoperative care is credited under code 9918, Postoperative Treatment.

4210 1.5 <u>Gingivectomy</u>. The excision of the soft tissue wall of supra-bony pockets. Credit one per sextant treated. Removal of soft tissue done as part of a flap procedure does not qualify as a gingivectomy.

or

<u>Gingivoplasty</u>. The reshaping of gingival deformities to improve form and function. This also includes electrosurgical intervention. Credit one per sextant treated. Includes fiberotomies done for orthodontic purposes.

- 4220 1.3 <u>Gingival Curettage</u>. A procedure done under local anesthesia for the intentional removal of the crevicular lining of a periodontal pocket. Does not include the coincidental removal of crevicular epithelium during scaling, root planing, or as part of another surgical procedure. Credit one per sextant treated.
- 4230 0.7 <u>Mesial and/or Distal Wedge</u>. A flap procedure to reduce pocket depth or tissue thickness mesial or distal to a terminal tooth in a sextant. Credit one per sextant treated.
- 4240 2.0 <u>Gingival Flap</u>. A procedure to gain access to root surfaces by surgically separating the gingiva from the roots. The collar of tissue around the necks of teeth is removed. Close interproximal flap adaptation is employed. Includes excisional new attachment or similar procedure. Gredit one per facial flap and one per lingual flap per sextant.
- 4250 2.6 <u>Mucogingival Flap</u>. The detachment of the gingiva and other soft tissue in order to visualize and obtain access to the alveolar process or tooth structure or to reposition the gingival unit. Credit one per facial flap and one per lingual flap per sextant.
- 4260 1.4 <u>Osseous Resective Surgery</u>. Procedures to reshape alveolar bone (osteoplasty) or to remove alveolar bone proper (ostectomy) in treating periodontal disease. Credit one per sextant.
- 4261 1.5 <u>Osseous Graft</u>. The implanting of living tissue or inert material into periodontal osseous defects to regenerate new periodontal attachment (bone, periodontal ligament, and cementum). Credit one per tooth treated.

Section V. Periodontics (4000-4999) -- continued

#### CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

- 4268 1.5 <u>Guided Tissue Regeneration Procedure</u>. Placement and removal of membrane placed over the root surface of surgically exposed and debrided areas. Credit includes placement and removal. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 4270 2.4 <u>Soft Tissue Graft</u>. Repositioning of a soft tissue flap that has remained attached at the donor site, or complete separation of a graft from the donor site and replacement in another location to correct a periodontal or mucogingival defect. Credit one per defect treated. Surgery at the donor site is included in the CTV for this procedure.
- 4272 3.1 <u>Vestibuloplasty</u>. A procedure to widen the zone of attached gingiva and extend the vestibular depth. Credit one per sextant treated.

<u>Adjunctive Periodontal Service</u>. Supplementary therapeutic procedures to treat periodontal disease, occlusal trauma, and their sequelae.

- 4320 2.9 <u>Provisional Splint, Intracoronal</u>. A fixed device, placed intracoronally, to immobilize or stabilize teeth for a limited period of time. Credit one per splint.
- 4321 3.0 <u>Provisional Splint, Extracoronal</u>. A fixed or removable device to stabilize mobile or avulsed teeth for a limited period of time. Credit one per splint.
- 4322 3.0 <u>Removal of Provisional Splint, Extracoronal</u>. The removal of a fixed device to stabilize mobile or avulsed teeth. Included are removal of the device and recontouring and polishing of all coronal surfaces affected by the attaching medium. Credit one per splint removed.
- 4330 0.7 <u>Occlusal Adjustment, Limited</u>. Reshaping the occlusal or incisal surfaces of teeth by grinding to improve inter-arch tooth contact relationships. An adjustment is limited when one or more selective teeth are reshaped. Credit one per appointment. Do not use this code for adjustment of recently placed restorations. Credit for this is code 9918, Postoperative Treatment.
- 4331 7.2 <u>Occlusal Adjustment, Complete</u>. Reshaping the occlusal and/or incisal surfaces of the teeth by grinding to achieve harmonious contact during functional movement. An adjustment is complete when all or nearly all teeth are involved and no further adjustment is required. Credit one per completed adjustment.

Section V. Periodontics (4000-4999) -- continued

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 4342 0.6 <u>Periodontal Scaling</u>. The complete removal of subgingival calculus and bacterial debris with instrumentation. Credit one per completed sextant.
- 4343 1.4 <u>Periodontal Scaling and Root Planing</u>. The smoothing of root surfaces as well as the complete removal of calculus. Scaling accomplished during root planing is included in the CTV for this procedure and should not be credited separately. Do not credit curettage for crevicular epithelium coincidentally removed during root planing. Credit one per completed sextant.
- 4351 0.7 <u>Root Desensitization</u>. The application of agents or drugs to exposed root surfaces to reduce or eliminate dentinal sensitivity. Credit one per appointment regardless of the number of teeth treated.
- 4370 1.2 <u>Hemisection</u>. The surgical sectioning of a multirooted tooth through the furcation area so that the blocked, defective, or periodontally involved root or roots may be removed along with the associated portion of the crown. Root canal treatment is reported under appropriate endodontic code. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 4371 1.8 <u>Root Amputation</u>. The complete removal of one or more roots of a multirooted tooth. Root canal therapy is reported under the appropriate endodontic code. Credit one per tooth treated.
- 4372 1.6 <u>Bicuspidization</u>. Sectioning of a multirooted tooth through the furcation and retention of both halves. Credit one per tooth treated.

Section VI. Prosthodontics, Removable (5000-5999)

## CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Complete Denture</u>. A prosthesis that replaces the entire dentition and associated structures of the maxilla or mandible. Credit is included in the CTV of each procedure for try-ins, insertion, and adjustments when inserted. Credit one per denture inserted.

- 5110 10.3 Complete Denture
- 5130 11.4 <u>Immediate Complete Denture</u>. A complete denture constructed for insertion immediately following the removal of remaining natural teeth.

<u>Removable Partial Denture</u>. A prosthesis that replaces one or more but not all of the natural teeth and/or associated parts of the maxilla or mandible and that is supported by teeth and/or mucosa and may be readily removed from the mouth. Credit is included in the CTV of each partial denture for tooth preparation, try-ins, insertion, and adjustments when inserted. Credit one per partial denture inserted.

- 5140 29.0 <u>Fixed Implant Prosthesis.</u> <u>Complete Denture</u>. A cast metal substructure and artificial teeth attached to implant fixture by screws in an edentulous arch. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5201 3.2 <u>Partial Denture, Resin</u>. Made completely of acrylic resin and may or may not have wire retention clasps.
- 5202 4.3 <u>Immediate Partial Denture, Resin</u>. Constructed for insertion immediately following the removal of natural teeth.
- 5203 12.3 <u>Partial Denture, Cast Metal</u>. Constructed of metal and/or metal and resin with metal, resin, or ceramic material replacement teeth.
- 5205 13.4 <u>Immediate Partial Denture, Cast Metal</u>. Constructed for insertion immediately following the removal of natural teeth.
- 5207 7.1 <u>Precision Attachment</u>. A frictional, internal, magnetic, screw, or keyway attachment that is planned, prepared, related, and adjusted by the dentist. Credit one per attachment.
- 5208 25.9 <u>Partial Denture with Precision Attachments</u>. An integral part of the partial denture must be a precision attachment(s). Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5210 16.6 <u>Fixed Implant Substructure</u>. A metal unit that is attached to implant fixtures and is used for retention and/or support of a removable implant prosthesis. Credit one per unit.

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Section VI. Prosthodontics, Removable (5000-5999) -- continued

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 5330 2.6 <u>Partial Denture, Corrected Cast</u>. Any bearing area related to the subjacent mucosa by means of an impression made with metal casting. Credit one per sextant corrected.
- 5340 4.8 <u>Implant Impression</u>. Impression of dental implants, soft tissue bearing areas, and hard tissue using implant impression copings. Includes the intraoral placement of precision impression copings and their stabilization with stone or resin. Also includes the pick up of impression copings and the subsequent orientation of abutment replicas. Do not use this code with 5330 or 9923. Credit one per impression.

#### Removable Denture Repairs

- 5611 1.0 <u>Complete Denture Repair</u>. Repair of the denture base and/or replacement of a tooth or teeth. Credit one per denture repaired.
- 5621 1.0 <u>Partial Denture Repair</u>. Repair of the denture base (acrylic or metal), framework (clasps, rests, major and minor connectors), or denture teeth. Credit one per component repaired.
- 5631 2.0 <u>Maxillofacial Prosthesis Repair</u>. Chairside repair of a maxillofacial prosthesis. Credit one per prosthesis repaired.

#### Denture Duplication, Relining, or Rebasing

- 5711 1.9 <u>Duplicate Denture</u>. A second denture intended to be a copy of the first denture. Credit one per duplicate denture or overdenture.
- 5731 2.6 <u>Denture Reline, Chairside</u>. To resurface the tissue side of a complete or partial denture with new base material, tissue conditioning material, or other interim lining. Credit one per denture relined.
- 5751 4.2 <u>Denture Reline, Laboratory</u>. To resurface the tissue side of a complete or partial denture with a laboratory processed material. Credit one per denture relined.
- 5763 5.6 <u>Complete Denture Rebase</u>. The replacement of the denture base with new laboratory processed material without changing the occlusal relationship. Credit one per denture rebased.
- 5765 4.2 <u>Removable Partial Denture Rebase</u>. The replacement of the denture base with new laboratory processed material without changing the occlusal relationship. Credit one per denture rebased.

Section VI. Prosthodontics, Removable (5000-5999) -- continued

### CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

Other Prosthetic Services

- 5820 3.5 <u>Remount, Chairside</u>. The affixing of a jaw relation record to an articulator and the occlusal adjustment of a removable partial, fixed partial, or complete denture. This is a clinical procedure done at insertion or at a subsequent patient visit. Credit one per remount procedure.
- 5860 13.6 <u>Overdenture, Complete</u>. A complete denture constructed for insertion over one or more remaining prepared teeth, roots or dental implants. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5862 14.9 <u>Overdenture, Complete, Immediate</u>. A denture constructed for insertion immediately following the removal of natural teeth, leaving strategic teeth to support the denture. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5864 15.6 <u>Overdenture, Partial</u>. A partial denture constructed for insertion over one or more remaining prepared teeth or roots. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5866 16.9 <u>Overdenture, Partial, Cast Metal, Immediate</u>. A partial denture constructed for insertion immediately following the removal of natural teeth, leaving strategic teeth to support the denture. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5870 2.0 <u>Fixed Implant Prosthesis Attachment Screw</u>. Placement or removal of fixed implant prosthesis attachment screw and covering of screw with provisional or permanent restorative material. Credit one per screw.
- 5871 1.9 <u>Metal Base.</u> The cast metal base used in some complete dentures or the metal substructure incorporated in some overdentures. Credit one per prosthesis in which a metal base is incorporated.
- 5872 5.6 <u>Cast Metal Occlusals</u>. The substitution of cast metal in place of denture material for the occluding surfaces of any removable prosthesis. Credit one per quadrant of cast metal occlusals per prosthesis.
- 5873 0.5 <u>Amalgam Occlusals</u>. The substitution of dental amalgam for part of the occluding surfaces of denture teeth. Credit one per amalgam placed.

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Section VI. Prosthodontics, Removable (5000-5999) -- continued

CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Maxillofacial Prosthetics</u>. That branch of dentistry that provides prostheses to treat or restore tissues of the stomatognathic system and associated facial structures that have been affected by disease, injury, surgery, or congenital defect providing all possible function and esthetics.

- 5905 4.4 <u>Prosthetic Impression</u>. An impression of any portion of the body exclusive of dental impressions. Credit one per impression made.
- 5910 18.5 <u>Maxillofacial Prosthesis</u>. Prosthesis fabricated for a defect of the forehead, side of face, lips, ear, nose, or eye. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5925 18.5 <u>Other Prosthesis</u>. An artificial replacement for a finger, breast, toe, etc. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5930 18.5 <u>Face Mask, Custom</u>. Includes facial impression and creation of a face cast. Credit one per face mask fabricated.
- 5940 16.8 <u>Implants: Cranial, Sternal, Facial, Breast, Penile, Testicular</u>. Prostheses fabricated to provide normal symmetry for patients having incurred trauma or disease, or having congenital or developmental defects. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5950 19.4 <u>Maxillary Inclined Plane and/or Maxillary Occlusal Table</u>. Extension of the maxillary occlusal surface in either an inclined or flat plane to provide occlusal contact and guidance for the mandibular sextant (hemimandibulectomy). Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5955 16.8 <u>Mandibular Guide Flange</u>. A prosthesis used to maintain proper mandibular sextant position for proper occlusal contact. Prosthesis is fabricated to removable partial denture. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5960 12.4 <u>Palatal Lift or Augmentation Prosthesis</u>. A prosthesis used to either elevate the soft palate to improve velopharyngeal function or drop the palate into approximation with residual tongue postglossectomy. Prosthesis can be temporary (acrylic and wire clasps) or permanent (cast framework and acrylic soft palate extension). Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5970 21.7 <u>Obturator</u>. A prosthesis used to close a congenital or acquired opening in the palate. Credit one per prosthesis.
- 5980 18.4 <u>Speech Bulb</u>. An extension of an obturator into the nasopharyngeal area of an acquired or congenital defect to obtain velopharyngeal closure and restore normal speech resonance and swallowing. Credit one per prosthesis.

Section VII. Prosthodontics, Fixed (6000-6999)

## CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Fixed Partial Prosthesis.</u> A prosthesis not readily removed by the patient or dentist. It is cemented or mechanically retained to natural teeth, roots, or dental implants. Metal components may be of high noble, low noble, or predominately base alloys. Credit is included in the CTV of each code for tooth preparation, try-ins, cementation, mechanical retention with sealer, and adjustments when inserted.

<u>Crown and/or Retainer</u>. A fixed restoration that restores all or part of the coronal portion of a natural tooth or is extended from a dental implant abutment and replaces a natural tooth. Credit one per crown and/or retainer.

- 6110 8.1 <u>Crown and/or Retainer, Resin, Veneered</u>. A restoration of the entire coronal portion constructed of cast metal with a resin veneer.
- 6120 11.1 <u>Crown and/or Retainer and/or Veneer, Ceramic.</u> A restoration of the coronal portion constructed entirely of a ceramic material.
- 6130 11.1 <u>Crown and/or Retainer, Ceramic Fused to Metal</u>. A restoration of the entire coronal portion constructed of cast metal with a fused ceramic veneer.
- 6150 7.9 <u>Grown and/or Retainer, Partial Veneer, Metal</u>. A restoration of a major portion of the coronal portion (e.g., 1/2, 3/4, 7/8) constructed of cast metal.
- 6160 7.6 <u>Crown and/or Retainer, Metal</u>. A restoration of the entire coronal portion constructed of cast metal.

Pontic. Credit one per pontic.

- 6201 1.4 Pontic, Cast Metal. A pontic fabricated entirely of metal.
- 6203 I.2 Pontic, Ceramic. A pontic fabricated of ceramic material.
- 6204 1.2 <u>Pontic, Resin Veneered</u>. A pontic fabricated with resin cured to metal.
- 6220 1.9 <u>Pontic, Slotted Facing</u>. A pontic with a facing that has a retentive female keyway that a male key will fit closely into for cementation. It may be fabricated from ceramic material or acrylic resin.
- 6240 1.5 <u>Pontic, Ceramic Fused to Metal</u>. A pontic fabricated by fusing ceramic material to a metal substructure.

Section VII. Prosthodontics, Fixed (6000-6999) -- continued

CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

Repairs. Accomplished by the dental officer.

- 6610 2.5 <u>Replace Broken Facing</u>. A repair accomplished by cementing resin or ceramic facings, paint-on facings, and composites. Credit one per facing repaired.
- 6611 2.1 <u>Stain and Glaze</u>. Credit one per facing and/or pontic stained and glazed.
- 6612 4.1 <u>Broken Connector</u>. The removal of a fixed partial denture and repair of broken connectors by resoldering. Credit one per connector soldered.

### Other Fixed Prosthodontic Services

- 6705 2.1 <u>Retainer, Cast Metal for Resin Retained Fixed Partial Denture</u>. An extracoronal retainer whose retention is gained by bonding of acid etch tooth and metal surface. Credit one per retainer.
- 6710 3.8 <u>Grown, Resin, Processed</u>. A crown constructed entirely of heat-cured resin. Credit one per crown cemented.
- 6711 2.1 <u>Grown, Resin, Interim</u>. An interim crown to be used for a short period of time until more definitive prosthodontic therapy can be provided. Credit one per crown cemented.
- 6714 3.2 <u>Fixed Partial Denture, Interim</u>. An interim fixed partial denture to be used for a short period of time until more definitive prosthodontic therapy can be provided. Credit one per interim fixed prosthesis cemented.
- 6719 2.1 <u>Crown: Stainless Steel. Aluminum, Tin, Composite.and/or Glass</u> <u>Ionomer</u>. A crown used for short-term temporization or for pediatric dentistry treatment. Credit one per crown cemented and/or bonded.
- 6720 4.4 <u>Post Core, Metal</u>. A metal casting with a post to be placed in the canal of a root, designed to retain an artificial crown or provide support for an overdenture. Credit one per post-core cemented.
- 6730 3.5 <u>Composite Resin Fixed Partial Denture</u>. Replacement of a missing tooth by bonding a pontic (either the natural or artificial tooth) between abutment teeth by the acid etch resin technique. Credit one per completed prosthesis. Take separate credit for acid etch.

Section VIII. Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery (7000-7999)

# CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Odontogenic Procedures</u>. Credit is included in the CTV of each procedure for the following: flap procedures; sutures; removal of associated tissue remnants, cysts or tumors; and alveoloplasty. Credit one per tooth extracted, exposed, transplanted, implanted, or replanted.

- 7110 0.7 <u>Tooth Removal</u>. Extraction of a tooth or root. Bone removal or sectioning not required. (For removing root tips, credit one per root tip that has been pathologically separated from the crown.)
- 7120 1.2 <u>Tooth Removal, Complicated</u>. Extraction of a tooth or root with surgical sectioning and/or bone removal required.
- 7130 1.4 <u>Tooth Removal, Impacted</u>. Extraction of a tooth that is partially or completely covered by bone and/or soft tissue.
- 7140 3.2 <u>Tooth Implantation, Replantation, Transplantation</u>. Includes implantation of a tooth made from artificial material, replacement of an avulsed or traumatically displaced tooth, and autogenous or homogenous transplantation of a tooth from one position to another.
- 7150 2.7 <u>Tooth Exposure, Surgical</u>. Surgical exposure and/or repositioning of unerupted or impacted teeth for orthodontic reasons or to facilitate eruption. Includes application of traction devices such as wires, pins, or ligatures when indicated.

<u>Repair Procedures</u>. Credit one per repair, surgery, or graft and/or implant.

- 7210 1.2 <u>Repair Traumatic Wounds, Simple (up to 5 cm)</u>. Repair and/or suturing of simple to moderately complicated wounds of facial and/or oral soft tissues.
- 7211 1.8 <u>Repair Traumatic Wounds, Simple (over 5 cm)</u>. Repair and/or suturing of simple to moderately complicated wounds of facial and/or oral soft tissues.
- 7212 2.6 <u>Repair Traumatic Wounds, Complex (up to 5 cm)</u>. Complicated suturing and repair of facial and/or oral soft tissues. Reconstruction requiring management of tissues with undermining and layered closure.
- 7213 5.3 <u>Repair Traumatic Wounds, Complex (over 5 cm)</u>. Complicated suturing and repair of facial and/or oral soft tissues. Reconstruction requiring management of tissues with undermining and layered closure.

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Section VIII. Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery (7000-7999) -- continued

- CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 7260 10.6 <u>Cleft Palate Repair</u>. Surgical repair of congenital facial deformity characterized by the lack of fusion of the soft and/or hard palate, either partial or complete. Includes alveolar cleft repair.
- 7265 7.2 <u>Cleft Lip Repair</u>. Surgical repair for congenital facial deformity characterized by nonfusion or malfusion of the embryonic processes that form the lips.
- 7270 1.9 <u>Oral-Antral Fistula or Communication Repair</u>. Surgical repair of an opening between the maxillary sinus and the oral cavity. Etiology may be pathologic, traumatic, or associated with exodontia.
- 7275 5.3 <u>Oral-Nasal Fistula Repair</u>. Surgical repair of an opening between the nasal cavity and the oral cavity.
- 7280 2.4 <u>Skin or Mucosal Graft</u>. Use of skin or mucosal tissue for repair of traumatic or surgical defects, or for coverage in preprosthetic surgery such as vestibuloplasty or stomatoplasty. Includes obtaining autogenous tissue from donor site.
- 7282 17.0 <u>Implant. Endosseous</u>. A device placed in alveolar and/or basal bone to support an oral or facial prosthesis. Credit one per implant.
- 7283 35.0 <u>Implant. Transosteal or Subperiosteal</u>. A device placed transosteal to support an oral or fixed prosthesis. Credit one per implant.
- 7284 3.5 <u>Surgical Abutment Procedure</u>. The uncovering of an implant and connection of the abutment to be used in the prosthetic reconstruction of single or multiple teeth. Credit one per implant.
- 7285 17.6 <u>Bone Graft or Osseous Implant</u>. Use of autogenous and/or nonautogenous bone or cartilage or artificial substances (such as plastic, silicone, metal) for reconstructive or preprosthetic purposes. Includes obtaining autogenous tissue from donor site. Also credit such procedures as visor osteotomy and total or partial alveolar osteotomies for ridge augmentation with this code.
- 7286 2.1 <u>Bone Plates</u>. Use of a metallic plate or alloplastic mesh for stabilization of osseous segments. Credit one per plate.

## CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

<u>Preprosthetic Surgery</u>. Surgical contouring and alteration of soft and/or hard tissues to facilitate prosthodontic rehabilitation.

- 7310 0.8 <u>Alveoloplasty with Extractions</u>. Contouring the alveolar structures in combination with exodontia. This code implies tha' a prosthesis will be placed and that more than one tooth is removed. Do not use this code routinely with 7110, 7120, and 7130. Routine alveoloplasty is included in the CTV calculation for these codes. Credit one per sextant.
- 7320 2.7 <u>Alveoloplasty</u>. Contouring the alveolus, not in conjunction with extractions. Credit one per sextant.
- 7340 1.8 <u>Stomatoplasty, Uncomplicated</u>. Minor surgical repair or reconstruction of soft tissue defects of the oral cavity. Credit one per arch treated.
- 7350 5.3 <u>Stomatoplasty, Complicated</u>. Extensive surgical repair or reconstruction of soft tissue defects of the oral cavity, including ridge extension, muscle attachments, tongue, and hyperplastic ridges. Credit one per arch treated.

## Surgical Excision

- 7400 2.1 <u>Minor Salivary Gland Surgery</u>. Includes sialolithotomy, closure of salivary fistula, cannulation and excision of minor salivary glands. Credit one per surgery performed.
- 7405 4.9 <u>Major Salivary Gland Surgery</u>. Includes excision of major salivary glands including sublingual, submandibular and superficial parotidectomy. Credit one per surgery performed.
- 7412 1.1 <u>Excision, Soft Tissue</u>. Surgical removal of reactive or inflammatory tissues, hyperplastic scar tissue, or localized congenital lesions. Credit one per surgery performed.
- 7432 2.4 <u>Excision, Benign Tumor</u>.\* Surgical removal of a nonmalignant tumor. Credit one per tumor removed.
- 7442 5.3 <u>Excision, Malignant Tumor</u>.\* Surgical removal of a malignant tumor. Credit one per tumor removed.
- 7452 2.5 <u>Removal of Odontogenic Cyst or Tumor</u>.\* Surgical removal of a cyst or tumor arising from odontogenic embryonic tissue. Credit one per cyst or tumor removed.

- CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 7462 1.2 <u>Removal of Nonodontogenic Cyst or Tumor</u>.\* Surgical removal of a cyst or tumor in the dental adjunctive tissue that does not arise from the odontogenic apparatus. Credit one per cyst or tumor removed.
- 7465 1.2 <u>Destruction of Lesions</u>. Destruction by physical methods, electrosurgery, chemotherapy, or cryotherapy. Credit one per lesion destroyed.
- 7470 1.7 <u>Removal of Exostoses</u>. Surgical removal of bony growth projecting past the normal contour of a bony surface. Includes torus mandibularis, torus palatinus, and other exostoses. Credit one per location.
- 7480 3.5 <u>Partial Resection, Maxilla or Mandible</u>. Partial ostectomy, saucerization, or en bloc resection of bony tissues. Credit one per resection.
- 7481 1.3 <u>Sequestrectomy</u>. Removal of devitalized portions of bone that have become separated from contiguous bone. Credit one per sextant from which bone fragments are removed.
- 7485 8.8 <u>Radical Resection, Maxilla or Mandible</u>. May be a partial removal but must be to an extent that continuity is lost with deformity and/or loss of function created. Credit one per resection.

Surgical Incision

- 7511 1.1 <u>Incision and Drainage</u>. Surgical intervention for drainage of an abcess, cyst, or hematoma (extraoral or intraoral). Credit one per lesion treated.
- 7520 1.4 <u>Biopsy</u>. Removal of hard or soft tissues for histopathological examination and diagnosis. May be incisional or excisional. Credit one per specimen submitted.
- 7530 1.5 <u>Removal of Foreign Body</u>. Removal of asymptomatic or reaction-producing foreign body or material from skin, mucosa, subcutaneous or connective tissue, or musculoskeletal system. Credit one per foreign body removed.

<sup>\*</sup> For codes 7432, 7442, 7452 and 7462. Although a diagnosis cannot necessarily be made before the tissues are analyzed, use of best clinical judgment determines which code to take. Biopsy, 7520, should be taken with these codes when accomplished.

#### CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

- 7560 2.8 <u>Maxillary Sinusotomy</u>. Surgical incision of, or retrieval of foreign materials such as teeth or roots from, maxillary sinus in combination with repair of oral-antral fistula or in conjunction with facial fractures. Credit one per sinus operated.
- 7570 0.3 <u>Cricothyrotomy</u>. Emergency incision between cricoid and thyroid cartilages for the purpose of establishing a patent airway. Credit one per procedure.
- 7580 2.7 <u>Tracheostomy</u>. Surgical formation of a tracheal opening to allow for respiratory exchange. Credit one per procedure.

Treatment of Fractures. Credit one per reduction.

- 7610 5.2 <u>Open Reduction, Maxilla or Mandible</u>. The reduction and stabilization of fractures through a surgical opening to the fracture site. Includes alveolar process fractures.
- 7620 3.6 <u>Closed Reduction, Maxilla or Mandible</u>. The reduction and stabilization of fractures without making a surgical opening to the fracture site.
- 7651 4.7 <u>Zygomatic Complex Fracture</u>. The reduction and management of fracture(s) of the zygomatic (malar) complex. Includes multiple fracture(s) of the area and fracture(s) of only the zygomatic arch.
- 7680 10.6 <u>Facial Bone Fractures</u>. Multiple bone fractures requiring complicated reduction and stabilization with internal fixation and/or extraskeletal devices and multiple open approaches.
- 7681 4.8 <u>Other Fracture Reduction</u>. Includes fractures of nasal bones, frontal bones, or orbital floor (blowout fractures). Open or closed reduction.
- 7685 3.6 <u>Intermaxillary Fixation</u>. Application of fixation devices such as arch bars, wiring, or splints in order to immobilize the mandible or maxilla. Credit one per arch.
- 7690 3.1 <u>Maxillofacial Devices</u>. Construction of arch bars, splints, stents, wafers, and other devices fabricated by clinician or laboratory personnel. Used in conjunction with treatment of fractures and surgical defects, orthognathic surgery, implant surgery, preprosthetic surgery, and protection of surgical and graft sites. Credit one per device.

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 7695 2.0 <u>Arch Bar Removal</u>. Removal of arch bars, splints, stents, wafers, and other devices fabricated by clinician or laboratory. Used in conjunction with treatment of fractures and surgical defects, orthognathic surgery, preprosthetic surgery, and protection of surgical and graft sites. Credit one per device removed.

<u>Orthognathic Surgery</u>. Correction of craniofacial disharmonies by the surgical repositioning of segments of the mandible or maxilla containing zero to several teeth, or the bodily repositioning of entire jaws to achieve a more acceptable function.

- 7711 10.6 <u>Maxillary Osteotomy, Total</u>. Includes Le Fort I, Le Fort II, and Le Fort III type osteotomies and may have additional segmental osteotomies within the maxilla. Approaches may be extraoral or intraoral. Credit one per surgery.
- 7712 7.1 <u>Maxillary Osteotomy, Segmental</u>. Includes anterior and posterior maxillary osteotomies, zygomatico-maxillary osteotomy and corticotomy procedures. Credit one per surgery.
- 7721 8.8 <u>Mandibular Osteotomy, Ramus.</u> Includes extraoral and intraoral approaches. Various types of cuts may be used such as sagittal split, "C" cuts, and vertical osteotomy. Credit one per patient treated.
- 7722 7.1 <u>Mandibular Osteotomy, Body</u>. Includes ostectomy and segmental procedures. Credit one per patient treated.
- 7755 5.3 <u>Augmentation. Contouring. Reduction</u>. Procedures on facial skeleton to improve symmetry, contour, and function. May be separate or in conjunction with osteotomy procedures and may include use of artificial or natural substances. Included are genioplasty, augmentation implants, glossoplasty, and myotomy. Credit one per procedure performed.

### Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction

- 7811 0.9 <u>Reduction of Dislocation</u>. Repositioning of dislocated mandibular condyle or condyles into glenoid fossa. Credit one per patient treated.
- 7815 1.9 <u>Myofascial Pain Dysfunction Treatment</u>. Includes instructions; medical, physical, and/or biofeedback therapy; exercises; and injection of medications. Credit one per patient visit.
- 7835 0.8 <u>Mandibular Manipulation</u>. Manipulation and/or use of forceful excursions of the mandible for diagnosis and/or treatment of temporomandibular joint dysfunction, pseudoankylosis, adhesions, and meniscus dislocation. Credit one per patient visit.

## CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

- 7845 8.8 <u>Temporomandibular Joint Surgery</u>. Includes reconstructive arthroplasty with or without alloplastic materials, emminectomy, condylectomy, condylar shave, meniscoplasty, and coronoidectomy. Credit one per joint treated.
- 7855 5.2 <u>Temporomandibular Joint Arthroscopy</u>. Insertion of an arthroscope into the temporomandibular joint for the purpose of examination, diagnosis and treatment of pathologic conditions. To include the lysis of adhesions, manipulation of the disc and lavage of the joint space.
- 7870 1.8 <u>Arthrocentesis, Arthrography, Injection</u>. Aspiration of fluid or injection of local anesthesia, medications, or radiopaque dye into the glenoid fossa or joint spaces. Credit one per joint treated per visit. (Procedure was listed as 7880 before 1 October 1992).
- 7880 2.8 Occlusal Orthotic Device. A removable device covering one or both dental arches designed to minimize the damaging effects of bruxism and other occlusal or temporomandibular dysfunction. Credit one per device (maximum one per arch). Soft vacuum formed mouthguard or fluoride carrier should be credited by code 9940. (Procedures identified in Code 7880 were listed in deleted Code 4361 before 1 October 1992.)

## Other Surgery

- 7902 0.5 <u>Osteitis Treatment</u>. Management of painful localized inflammation of unknown etiology of tooth socket following extraction. This includes placement of medicaments. Credit one per location per patient visit.
- 7903 0.5 <u>Pericoronitis Treatment</u>. The management of painful localized inflammation associated with a partially erupted or malposed tooth. Credit one per site treated.
- 7960 1.3 <u>Frenectomy</u>. Removal and/or excision of fibrous connective tissue covered with mucous membrane, connecting the lip, cheek, or tongue to the alveolar process. Credit one per frenectomy.

Section IX. Orthodontics (8000-8999)

<u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>

Space Maintenance Devices. Credit one per device.

- 8110 1.2 <u>Space Maintainer, Removable</u>. Fabricated of acrylic with or without clasps for retention and may provide prosthetic replacement of one or more teeth.
- 8120 1.5 <u>Space Maintainer, Simple, Fixed</u>. Fabricated with cantilevered stop and attached to a single tooth by means of an orthodontic band, crown, or bonding material.
- 8121 1.8 <u>Space Maintainer, Complex, Fixed</u>. Includes two or more teeth banded, bonded, or crowned and connected by metal or acrylic with or without prosthetic replacement of teeth.

Habit Breaking Device. Credit one per device.

- 8210 0.9 <u>Habit Breaker, Removable</u>. Thumb and finger sucking or tongue thrusting devices constructed of acrylic with or without retention clasps, wire loops or spurs, restraining cribs, or screens.
- 8212 0.9 <u>Habit Breaker, Mouth Breathing</u>. An oral screen or shelf that fits in the vestibule between the lips and the teeth. It can be constructed of hard or soft acrylic or rubber.
- 8220 1.5 <u>Habit Breaker, Fixed</u>. Thumb or finger sucking or tongue thrusting device constructed from two or more orthodontic bands or crowns connected by metal with any combination or design of wire loops, spurs, restraining cribs, or screens.

Active or Interceptive Device. Credit one per device.

- 8310 0.9 <u>Simple Hawley Device</u>. Fabricated of resin usually with a labial bow, with or without clasps.
- 8311 1.5 <u>Complex Hawley Device</u>. Fabricated of resin usually with clasps and a labial bow and with additional active elements, such as springs, hooks, or lugs, attached to the labial bow or in the acrylic.
- 8320 1.5 <u>Removable Expansion Device, Simple</u>. Constructed of acrylic with or without clasps and auxiliary springs and includes one or more expansion screws.
- 8321 2.0 <u>Removable Expansion Device with Biteplane</u>. Fabricated of acrylic with biteplanes for posterior and/or anterior teeth and with one or more expansion screws. Included are bilateral expansion devices and sagittal devices.

Section IX. Orthodontics (8000-8999) -- continued

#### <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>

- 8322 2.5 <u>Fixed Expansion Device</u>. Constructed of multiple orthodontic bands or crowns fixed to an expansion screw with or without acrylic.
- 8330 1.2 <u>Bite Plane, Anterior or Posterior</u>. Fabricated of acrylic with a flat shelf against which the anterior or posterior teeth can occlude. It may be removable and in contact with many teeth, with or without retention devices, or it may be fixed to an individual tooth or teeth.
- 8332 4.0 <u>Functional Orthopedic Device</u>. A removable or fixed device constructed of acrylic and wire connectors and springs to effect both major skeletal changes and tooth movement. When in place, it produces skeletal changes and dental correction in both the maxilla and mandible simultaneously (e.g., Frankel, Bionator, Orthopedic Corrector, and Herbst).

#### Other Orthodontic Devices, Adjustments, Services

- 8410 0.9 <u>Banding</u>. Individual band placement includes two distinct types of bands. The preformed band includes selection of the proper size and type; adaptation to the individual tooth with necessary modifications; welding of needed brackets, tubes, or other auxiliaries; and cementation or recementation. Band construction by the dentist includes selecting the proper band material and all steps for the preformed band. Credit one per band placed.
- 8420 0.5 <u>Bonding</u>. Includes cleaning, isolation, drying, acid etching, and bonding of brackets, tubes, buttons, cleats, or other auxiliaries to the teeth. Credit one per attachment bonded.
- 8440 0.6 <u>Section Wire</u>. A round, square, or rectangular archwire, active or passive, that includes any portion of the arch less than 1st molar to 1st molar. Credit one per sectional wire placed.
- 8441 0.9 <u>Round Simple Archwire</u>. A round, solid or multistranded wire that encompasses the dental arch from at least 1st molar to 1st molar that may include 1st order bends such as lateral insets, cuspid eminences, bicuspid offsets, and molar bayonet bands. Credit one per archwire placed.
- 8442 1.5 <u>Round Complex Archwire</u>. A round wire that encompasses the dental arch from at least 1st molar to 1st molar and incorporates any of the following: loops or soldered auxiliaries, stops, 2nd order bends, or other bends other than ideal bends. Credit one per archwire placed.

Section IX. Orthodontics (8000-8999) -- continued

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CTV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 8443 1.2 <u>Rectangular Ideal Archwire</u>. A square or rectangular wire that encompasses the dental arch from at least 1st molar to 1st molar, which may include 1st order bends such as lateral insets, cuspid eminences, bicuspid offsets, and molar bayonets as indicated. Credit one per archwire placed.
- 8444 1.8 <u>Rectangular Complex Archwire</u>. A square or rectangular wire that encompasses the dental arch from at least 1st molar to 1st molar and incorporates one or all of the following: loops of any form, soldered auxiliaries, stops, and 2nd or 3rd order bends. Credit one per archwire placed.
- 8445 1.2 <u>Passive Lingual or Palatal Wire</u>. Fixed or removable passive wire or bar connecting opposite sides of the dental arch such as transpalatal bars or holding arches, W arch, quad helix, Arnold arch, or other simple wire expansion appliances with the wire soldered to the band on the tooth. Credit one per wire placed.
- 8446 1.5 <u>Extraoral Traction Device</u>. Device generating an extraoral orthopedic or orthodontic force to the teeth and jaws, such as face bow, J-Hook, reverse headgear, or a chin cup. Credit one per device.
- 8510 1.0 <u>Archwire Adjustment</u>. Removal, adjustment, and replacement (includes ligation) of an archwire or lingual wire. Credit one per archwire adjusted.
- 8511 0.5 <u>Removable Device Adjustment</u>. Adjustment or change of any of the wires or acrylic on a removable device. Credit one per device adjusted.
- 8512 0.5 <u>Headgear Adjustment</u>. Change of the elastic tension or altering the wire of the face bow or other part of an extraoral device. Credit one per headgear adjusted.
- 8513 0.3 <u>Ligation Adjustment</u>. Replacement of ligature wires or elastic ligation without removal of archwire. Credit one per arch treated.
- 8514 0.7 <u>Fixed Device Adjustment</u>. Adjustment of fixed orthodontic device; e.g., lingual or palatal wires, W arch, expansion device with screws, etc. Credit one per device.
- 8520 0.3 <u>Addition of Auxiliaries</u>. Placement of any additional devices on an orthodontic device such as uprighting springs, rotating springs, torquing auxiliaries, open and closed coil springs, hooks, and stops. Credit one per auxiliary fitted.

Section X. Adjunctive General Services (9000-9999) -- continued

# CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION

- 9631 0.3 Prescription. Credit one per pharmacy item prescribed.
- 9710 0.3 <u>Hospital Ward Rounds</u>. Evaluations and examinations of hospitalized patients to determine current conditions, write orders, and give instructions. Credit one per patient.
- 9715 0.6 Grand Rounds. Credit one per examiner per patient seen.
- 9720 2.7 <u>Physical Examination for Hospital Admission</u>. Encompasses completion of history and physical examination necessary for hospitalization. Credit one per patient admitted.
- 9721 2.6 <u>Administrative Requirements for Hospital Admission</u>. Encompasses completion of all administrative and record procedures for hospitalization. Credit one per patient admitted.

## Miscellaneous Services

- 9918 0.5 <u>Postoperative Treatment</u>. Treatment provided subsequent to actual treatment rendered. Included are the following: removal of sutures and maxillofacial devices, adjustment of occlusion involving premature restoration contact, adjustment of dentures, changes of packs and dressings, postsurgical evaluation and irrigation, or tissue posttreatment not credited elsewhere. Credit one per patient visit.
- 9920 0.6 <u>Behavior Management</u>. Use this code for specific techniques of behavior management (modeling, relaxation, etc.) on apprehensive children, handicapped patients and/or dental phobics. Identify technique used in patient record. Credit one per patient visit.
- 9923 0.8 <u>Impression for Dental Cast</u>. A negative likeness of the surfaces of the oral cavity from which a dental cast is fabricated. Credit one per impression made.
- 9924 4.1 <u>Jaw Relation Records</u>. The recording of the relationship of the maxilla to the mandible by use of face bow transfers and interocclusal recordings. Credit one per complete jaw relation record.
- 9925 9.7 <u>Mandibular Recording (Three-Dimensional)</u>. The recording of mandibular movements in three dimensions, the subsequent mounting of casts, and the programming of a fully adjustable articulator. Credit one per complete recording and programming.
- 9926 0.7 <u>Laboratory Procedures, Adjunctive Medical</u>. The request for clinical laboratory data such as complete blood count, urinalysis, cultures, and sensitivities used to aid in the diagnosis and treatment of patients. Credit one per patient visit.

Section X. Adjunctive General Services (9000-9999) -- continued

- CODE CTV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 9940 0.9 <u>Mouth Protectors and/or Fluoride Carriers</u>. A device constructed of acrylic resin or vinyl-like material to protect hard and soft tissues of the mouth or for applying topical fluoride. Credit one per device.
- 9943 2.6 <u>Radiation Shield</u>. A device designed and constructed specifically for protection of tissues from radiation therapy. Do not use this code for use of a lead apron when radiographs are taken. Credit one per device.
- 9944 7.1 <u>Radiation Needle Carrier</u>. A device designed and constructed specifically for the placement of radiation needles to be used in radiation therapy. Credit one per device.
- 9971 10.6 <u>Hyperbaric Monitoring</u>. Functions relating to patient oriented hyperbaric chamber activities. Credit one per patient monitored.
- 9972 1.0 <u>Patient Handling Time. Diagnostic and Preventive</u>. Time needed to receive and prepare patient, reassemble record, dismiss patient, and accomplish infection control in dental treatment room (DTR). Credit one per appointment where only diagnostic and/or preventive services (codes 0120 through 1360) are accomplished.
- 9973 1.4 <u>Patient Handling Time, All Other Clinical Services</u>. Time needed to receive and prepare patient, reassemble record, dismiss patient, and accomplish infection control in DTR. Credit one per appointment where any clinical service with a code of 2000 or greater is accomplished.

#### Part 2. LABORATORY SERVICES

Section I. General Procedures (0001-0014)

- CODE CLV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 0001 2.0 <u>Pour Cast. Preliminary. Master, Opposing, or Remount</u>. The fabrication of a positive reproduction of the forms of the hard and soft tissues of the jaws by pouring a material, gypsum or a low fusing metal, into an impression made in a dental treatment room. This includes the steps of preparing the surface of the impression, pouring the material into the mold, adding a base, and recovering and trimming the cast to the proper dimensions. Credit one for each cast poured.
- 0002 4.0 <u>Pour Cast, Fixed</u>. That series of steps including washing the impression, placing dowel pins, pouring a suitable material into the impression, trimming the cast, and sectioning and trimming the dies. This includes the use of Di-Lok or Pindex type systems, pouring remount casts with metal or acrylic tooth analogs, and implant cases with fixture analogs. Credit one for each cast poured.
- 0003 5.0 <u>Box and Pour</u>. The fabrication of a positive reproduction of the form of the hard and soft tissues of the jaws by pouring a material, usually gypsum, into an impression made in a dental treatment room. Includes the steps of boxing (surrounding the impression with a limiting wall to control accurately the cast size and outline), preparing the surface of the impression, pouring the material into the mold, and recovering and trimming the cast. Credit one for each cast poured.
- 0004 4.0 Impression Tray. Custom. The fabrication of an individual receptacle, designed for a specific patient, which is prepared from a primary cast of the upper and lower jaw. The tray is to be used to carry, confine, and control an impression material while making a secondary, master, or final impression whether fixed, removable, or complete. This includes altered cast trays regardless of the number of edentulous areas involved. Credit one for each tray.
- 0005 5.0 <u>Pour Altered Cast</u>. Includes the steps of repositioning a removable partial denture framework, with an impression attached, back into the altered master cast; boxing the assembly; pouring a gypsum material into the impression to recreate the edentulous ridge areas and, trimming the cast to proper size and shape. Credit for one each edentulous area poured.

Section I. General Procedures (0001-0014) -- continued

<u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>

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- 0006 1.0 <u>Articulation. Simple. Fixed or Removable</u>. The attachment of a diagnostic or master cast to a simple hinged instrument that has no adjustable parts. Includes the steps of positioning the casts using a centric record or other markings as a guide for cast relationship and using a gypsum material as the attaching medium. Includes the use of plasterless articulators. Credit one for each cast placed on a plane line or simple hinge articulator.
- 0007 2.0 <u>Articulation, Semiadjustable, Fixed or Removable</u>. The attachment of a maxillary and/or mandibular cast to an articulator (e.g., Hanau H2, 158, or Whip Mix), capable of being adjusted for lateral and protrusive movements to simulate more closely a patient's recorded jaw movements. Includes the steps of positioning the casts, using a mounting jig, a facebow record, and centric relation records; using a gypsum material as the attaching medium. Credit clinical line item 9924 for setting the articulator. Credit one for each cast articulated.
- 0008 2.0 <u>Articulation, Fully Adjustable, Fixed or Removable</u>. The attachment of a maxillary or mandibular cast to a fully adjustable articulator (such as, Denar or Stewart) with a gypsum material as the attaching medium and using a pantographic facebow and centric relation records. Credit clinical line item 9925 for programing instrument. Credit one for each cast articulated.
- 4.0 Soldering Procedures, Fixed or Removable. That series of steps necessary for the joining of two metal parts by the direct fusion of the two parts or through the use of an intermediary material (solder) that joins and adheres to the surfaces of the metals being joined. This soldering procedure may also be used to repair a defect in a crown, a fixed partial denture, or a removable partial denture framework. It includes the steps of approximating the two pieces, surrounding them with investment material (if necessary), affecting the joint, recovering the joined parts, and finishing as necessary. Credit all soldering operations here, even those for new cases, one per joint or repair. If a joint is not made by soldering (such as a fixed partial denture framework cast as one unit), no credit will be taken. Credit twice for postsoldering of ceramometal restorations.
- 0010 5.0 <u>Acrylic Resin Repairs and Modifications</u>. All steps, including making a cast or matrix, necessary to provide a structural modification made on any removable prosthesis to restore it to a serviceable condition. Includes addition of teeth, fracture repairs, correcting distortions, excessive wear, or other damage. Credit one for each repair. If the prosthesis requires multiple repairs, credit one per each area required. Credit repairs that require soldering using item 0009.
Section I. General Procedures (0001-0014) -- continued

- 0011 2.0 <u>Repolishing</u>. This includes the laboratory procedure involved in reestablishing an acceptable finish to all fixed and removable prostheses after intraoral adjustments. Credit one for each removable prosthesis and one for each fixed unit repolished.
- 0012 1.0 <u>Disinfection Procedure</u>. This includes spraying or soaking of each cast or prosthesis in an approved disinfecting solution, rinsing, and placing in appropriate container. Credit one for each disinfection procedure. Take credit two times if done on entering the laboratory and on exiting the laboratory.
- 0013 4.0 <u>Acid-Etching and/or Silicoating Cast Metal Retainer</u>. That series of operations including attaching to electrodes, blocking out with wax, preparing solution and etcher, and cleaning and dewaxing. Credit one for each prosthesis etched and/or silicoated.
- 0014 5.0 <u>Ceramic Butt Margin of Metal Ceramic Restoration</u>. To account for the extra steps and time in fabrication of an all ceramic margin on a metal ceramic crown. This includes die preparation, firing of special ceramic materials, and contouring of margin. Credit one for each unit. Credit in addition to 0015, 0017, 0019, or 0021, whichever is appropriate. Do not use in addition to items 0024 and 0035.

Section II. Fixed Partial Dentures (0015-0035)

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 0015 40.0 Fully Fabricated Fixed Partial Denture, Ceramic Material or Acrylic Resin Veneer. That series of operations, including waxing, spruing, investing, casting, preparing the metal, applying the veneer, contouring, and polishing, that leads to a laboratory completed fixed partial denture constructed with veneers of ceramic material or acrylic resin applied to a substructure of any metal. The fixed partial denture may be of any combination of retainers and pontics. Not all units of the prosthesis need be veneered with ceramic material or acrylic resin. The pontics may be the prefabricated type, such as, Trupontic, Steele's facing, or Harmony, etc. Credit one for each unit of the prosthesis. When characterization and final glazing are done, items 0032 and 0033 should also be credited. Do not credit items 0016 and 0017 additionally. This item includes all bar type fixed partial dentures (Dolder bar, etc.), except the Andrews type. Credit the bar portion as a single pontic.
- 0016 22.0 <u>Casting Only, Fixed Partial Denture, Ceramic Material or Acrylic</u> <u>Resin Veneer</u>. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, and partial preparing of any metal for a veneer, leading to the fabrication of the cast metal framework of a fixed partial denture that will receive a veneer following a clinical try-in. Credit one for each unit of the prosthesis. Not to be credited in addition to item 0015.
- 0017 18.0 <u>Veneer Only, Fixed Partial Denture, Ceramic Material or Acrylic</u> <u>Resin Veneer</u>. The application of a veneer of ceramic material or acrylic resin to a metal substructure following a clinical try-in. This shall include the steps of metal preparation, opaquing, ceramic material or acrylic resin application, contouring, and final polishing. Credit one for each unit. When characterization and final glazing are done, items 0032 and 0033 should also be credited. Do not use in addition to item 0015.
- 0018 30.0 <u>Fully Fabricated Fixed Partial Denture, All Metal, Unveneered</u>. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, and polishing, leading to a laboratory completed fixed partial denture constructed of any metal and not to be veneered. Credit one for each unit of the prosthesis. Include all bar attachment fixed partial dentures (Dolder bar, etc.), except the Andrews type. Credit the bar portion as a single pontic.

Section II. Fixed Partial Dentures (0015-0035) -- continued

#### <u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>

- 0019 41.0 Fully Fabricated Crown, Ceramic Material or Acrylic Resin Veneer. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, preparing any metal or ceramic substructure for a veneer, opaquing, applying a veneer of ceramic material or acrylic resin, contouring, and polishing, leading to a laboratory completed crown. Use this item to credit one piece veneered dowel crowns (Richmond type) and single veneered crowns that are splinted together and are not part of a fixed partial denture. Items 0032 and 0033 may be used in addition to this item. Credit one for each crown.
- 0020 23.0 <u>Casting Only, Crown, Ceramic Material or Acrylic Resin Veneer</u>. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, and partial preparing of a metal or ceramic substructure for a veneer, leading to the fabrication of the cast metal or ceramic framework of a crown that will receive a veneer of ceramic material or acrylic resin following a clinical try-in. Credit one for each crown. Not to be credited in addition to item 0019.
- 0021 18.0 <u>Veneer Only, Crown, Ceramic Material or Acrylic Resin Veneer</u>. That series of operations, including metal or ceramic substructure preparation, opaquing, ceramic material or acrylic resin application, contouring and polishing, that lead to the completed crown. May be used in addition to items 0032 and 0033. Credit one for each crown. Do not use in addition to item 0019.
- 0022 31.0 Fully Fabricated Crown, All Metal, Unveneered. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, and polishing, that lead to a crown constructed of any metal that is not to be veneered. This item to be used also for single, unveneered crowns that are joined or splinted together and are not part of a fixed partial denture. This item includes all single unit restorations that restore the entire occlusal or incisal surface (that is, 3/4, 7/8, onlays, etc.). Credit one for each crown.
- 0023 12.0 <u>Inlays, Metal or Ceramic Material</u>. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, and finishing, necessary to fabricate any inlay. Ceramic inlays may also use items 0032 and 0033, when applicable. Credit one for each inlay.
- 0024 25.0 <u>Ceramic Material or Acrylic Resin Jacket Crown</u>. That series of operations necessary to fabricate a standard ceramic jacket crown, ceramic crown, or a flasked and heat cured acrylic resin crown. (eramic jacket crowns may also receive additional credit using items 0032 and 0033, when applicable. Credit one for each crown.

Section II. Fixed Partial Dentures (0015-0035) -- continued

- CODE CLV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 0025 12.0 <u>Cast Post, Dowel and Core</u>. That series of operations, including waxing, investing, casting, and finishing, necessary to fabricate a metal casting for a nonvital tooth. The casting is designed to extend into a prepared canal within a tooth root and has a supragingival projection that will serve to support an artificial crown or overdenture. Credit one for each canal filled separately, that is, if a one piece casting fills three canals, count as one; if it requires three separate castings, count as three.
- 0026 2.0 <u>Casting Only</u>. This item is to be used when just the casting procedure is completed by one laboratory and all other steps, including investing and polishing, are accomplished at another facility. If a pattern has to be invested and cast, count twice. This item is intended to include prefabricated dowels, periodontal knife holders, tray handles, Duralay patterns, etc. Credit one for each ring full of patterns cast.
- 0027 2.0 <u>Surveyed Crown</u>. This item is intended to provide additional credit for those units that require the mounting of casts on a survey table in order to parallel surfaces for guide planes. It will also be used when retentive areas, rest areas, and special rest receptacles for precision type removable partial dentures are fabricated into the surface of a crown. Credit one for each crown or unit of a fixed partial denture surveyed. Do not credit this item more than once for the same crown.
- 0028 5.0 <u>Precision Connector or Stress Breaker, Fixed Partial Denture</u>. This item is intended to provide additional credit for those extra steps that are necessary to construct male-female type precision connectors that form integral parts of a fixed partial denture. Credit this procedure in addition to the regular value of the basic fixed partial denture. Credit one for each two-part precision attachment.
- 0029 220.0 <u>Andrews Bridge</u>. That series of steps, including waxing, investing, casting, veneering, and fabricating the removable acrylic resin portion, leading to the complete fabrication of both the fixed and removable elements of the prosthesis. Credit one for entire restoration, including the retainers. Soldering procedures should be credited using item 0009.
- 0030 2.0 <u>Template, Provisional Fixed Partial Denture or Crown</u>. That series of operations, including the heating, molding, and trimming, necessary to fabricate clear vinyl or tinfoil and wax type templates for use in fabricating provisional fixed partial dentures and crowns. Credit one for each template.

Section II. Fixed Partial Dentures (0015-0035) -- continued

- 0031 3.0 <u>Provisional Fixed Partial Denture or Crown</u>. This item includes all steps necessary to fabricate a provisional fixed partial denture or crown in the laboratory. It may be made from heat cured or autopolymerizing acrylic resin. Credit one for each unit. If a template is used, also credit item 0030.
- 2.0 <u>Characterized Veneer or Special Staining</u>. This item is intended to provide extra credit whenever special staining or characterization is necessary for ceramic material or acrylic resin veneers. It may be used when any stain or modifier is applied, either internal or external. It is usually in response to a clinician's specific instructions as depicted on the prescription form. Credit one for each unit. Can be credited in addition to items 0015, 0017, 0019, 0021, 0023, and 0024. This item does not include glazing.
- 0033 2.0 <u>Glazing</u>. The operation of firing ceramic material to obtain the final desired maturation. This can include the use of special glazing materials. Credit one for each crown, splint, or fixed partial denture glazed. This item may be credited in addition to items 0015, 0017, 0019, 0021, 0023, 0024 and 0032.
- 0035 24.0 <u>Geramic Laminate Veneer</u>. That series of operations including impression and duplication of master cast, pouring refractory cast, degassing cast, adaptation of foil, application, firing or processing or material and contouring. Credit one for each veneer. If glazing is done, credit 0033 for each case glazed.

Section III. Removable Partial Dentures (0036-0055 and 0064)

- CODE CLV DEFINITION OF DESCRIPTION
- 0036 6.0 <u>Record Base and Occlusion Rim. Partially Edentulous Casts</u>. Includes the steps of forming a stabilized record base and forming an occlusion rim that will be used to make jaw relation records. These steps may include the attachment of a record base of acrylic resin, shellac, or wax to a cast metal framework for the same purpose. Credit one for each arch.
- 0037 2.0 <u>Occlusal Relation Orientation Indexes</u>. Includes all steps necessary for the laboratory fabrication of indexes on the sides of casts to preserve and reorient occlusal relationships. Credit one for each set of casts.
- 0038 12.0 <u>Setup. Removable Partial Denture</u>. The arrangement of teeth and final waxing on the trial denture base. Credit one for each arch.
- 0039 12.0 <u>Processing of Bases, Removable Partial Dentures</u>. That series of operations, including flasking, finishing, and polishing, necessary to convert the denture base wax pattern into a solid acrylic resin denture base. Credit one for each denture.
- 0040 7.0 <u>Remount and Equilibration of Processed Dentures</u>. This includes those steps of reattaching the processed denture to the articulator and the selective grinding of the occlusal contacts to establish harmony. May be credited for both laboratory and clinical remounts. Credit one for each denture.
- 0041 8.0 <u>Process Only, Removable Partial Denture or Complete Denture</u>. This item used only when flasking, deflasking, finishing, and polishing will be done at another facility. Credit one for each denture only when the steps of boil-out, packing, and curing are accomplished.
- 0042 87.0 Fully Fabricated Removable Partial Denture. This includes the steps of casting a framework, arrangement of teeth on bases, waxing, processing, finishing, and polishing. Credit one for each denture. Do not credit items 0038, 0039, 0041, and 0045 with this procedure.
- 0043 18.0 <u>Transitional Removable Partial Denture</u>. A completed prosthesis, usually fabricated entirely of acrylic resin, either heat cured or autopolymerized, which restores one or more but not all of the natural teeth and/or associated structures in either arch. If it includes wrought metal clasps for retention, use with 0044. Credit one for each denture. Not to be used in conjunction with items 0038, 0039, and 0041.

Section III. Removable Partial Dentures (0036-0055 and 0064) -- continued

#### <u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>

- 0044 2.0 <u>Wrought Clasps</u>. Includes that series of steps of adapting, attaching, finishing, and polishing wire clasps. Credit one for each clasp fabricated. Credit soldering of these clasps to a removable partial denture framework with item 0009.
- 0045 60.0 <u>Gastings Only, Removable Partial Denture, Surgical Splints, Arch</u> <u>Bars, and Metal Palates</u>. That series of steps including design, blockout, duplication for refractory and fitting casts, finishing, and polishing necessary for the fabrication of the metal framework. Credit one for each casting.
- 0046 3.0 <u>Positioning, Acrylic Resin Pontic or Tube Tooth</u>. The arrangement and fitting of acrylic resin denture teeth or facings to an edentulous area. This includes the steps of tooth selection, arranging, grinding-in, and matrix formation. Credit one for each tooth positioned. For attachment to the denture credit item 0047.
- 4.0 <u>Reinforced Acrylic Resin Pontic (RAP) and/or Tube Tooth, Attaching</u> and <u>Processing</u>. The permanent attachment of either RAP's or tube teeth to the removable partial denture framework. Credit one for each denture. Can be used in addition to item 0039.
- 0048 5.0 <u>Precision Attachment, Removable Partial Denture</u>. The inclusion in a removable partial denture of the specialized retainer consisting of a metal female receptacle and closely fitting male counterpart. The metal female receptacle is usually contained within the normal or expanded contours of a retainer on an abutment tooth and the male counterpart is attached to the denture framework. Credit for the receptacle of the abutment tooth would have been previously taken using item 0027. Credit one for each attachment. Credit in addition with item 0045.
- 0049 60.0 <u>Specialized Hinged Retainer, Removable Partial Denture</u>. The fabrication of a cast metal removable partial denture framework as in item 0045 with the inclusion of a specialized retainer (Swinglock, Oddo Hinge, or Hidden Latch) consisting of a swinging (hinged) retentive gate attachment with frictional locking device. Credit one for each hinged assembly. Credit in addition to item 0045.
- 0050 25.0 <u>Stress Breaker, Removable Partial Denture</u>. The fabrication of a cast metal removable partial denture framework as in item 0045 with the inclusion of a device within the framework to relieve the abutment teeth of all or part of the occlusal forces. Includes the use of prefabricated custom units. Credit one for each attachment. Credit in addition to item 0045.

Section III. Removable Partial Dentures (0036-0055 and 0064) -- continued

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 0051 20.0 <u>Bar Clip, Removable Denture</u>. This item is intended to provide additional credit for the inclusion of a metal clip inside the denture base that will engage a cylindrical rod that connects two abutment crowns. Credit for fabrication of the abutment crowns and the cylindrical rod should be taken under item 0015 or 0018. Credit one for each clip assembly. Credit in addition to item 0045.
- 0052 15.0 <u>Reline, Complete or Removable Partial Denture</u>. Includes the steps of pouring a cast, attaching to a jig (if used), rewaxing, flasking, packing, curing, deflasking, and polishing necessary for resurfacing of the tissue surface of the denture base. Credit is taken whether autopolymerizing or heat curing acrylic resin is used. Credit one for each denture.
- 0053 20.0 <u>Rebase, Complete or Removable Partial Denture</u>. Includes the steps of pouring the cast, mounting on an articulator or reline jig, rewaxing, flasking, boiling out, packing, curing, recovering, finishing, and polishing FOR THE ENTIRE REPLACEMENT of the denture base. Credit will be taken here whether acrylic resin technique used is autopolymerization or heat curing. Credit one for each denture. Do not use in conjunction with item 0061.
- 0054 2.0 <u>Surgical Stent</u>. That series of operations, including the heating, molding, and trimming necessary to fabricate a clear vinyl vacuum surgical stent. Credit one for each stent.
- 0055 15.0 <u>Surgical Stent Processed</u>. Used to position segments of the arch during surgical procedures or to hold tissue in place or protect tissue following surgery. Can be fabricated with autopolymerizing acrylic resin. If it requires the use of a heat cured acrylic resin, use item 0041 for additional credit. If wire or ball clasps are used, credit with item 0044. Credit one for each stent.
- 0064 18.0 <u>Veneer Only, Removable Partial Denture. Acrylic Resin or</u> <u>Composite Veneer</u>. The application of a veneer of acrylic resin or composite material application, contouring and final polishing. When characterization and final glazing are done, items 0032 and 0033 should be credited. This is to account for Visiogem, Isosit, Myerson, or other veneers done on removable partial dentures. Credit one for each unit.

Section IV. Complete Dentures (0056-0063)

- 0056 5.0 <u>Record Base and Occlusion Rim, Complete Denture</u>. Includes the steps of forming a stabilized record base of shellac, autopolymerizing acrylic resin, vacuum molded material, or wax; and, forming an occlusion rim that will be used to make jaw relation records and for arranging teeth. Credit one for each arch.
- 0057 18.0 <u>Setup, Complete Denture</u>. The steps of selecting and arranging artificial teeth in wax on a trial denture base to verify the correct centric jaw relation, vertical dimension of occlusion, esthetics, and phonetics before final wax up and processing. Credit one for each arch.
- 0058 3.0 Final Wax Up, Complete Denture. Includes the steps of final festooning, stippling of wax, contouring, and sealing to master cast. Credit one for each arch.
- 0059 3.0 <u>Characterized Denture Base, Complete or Removable</u>. Included under this item will be any modification of base resin color (such as Kaylon stains). Does not include routine stippling, festooning, or rugae. Credit one for each denture characterized.
- 0060 8.0 <u>Process Only, Complete Denture</u>. That series of operations, including flasking, boiling out, packing or pouring, curing, and deflasking, necessary to convert the denture base wax pattern into a solid acrylic resin denture base. Credit one for each denture.
- 0061 8.0 <u>Finish and Polish, Complete Denture</u>. Includes recovering from cast, smoothing, finishing, and polishing. Credit one for each denture. Credit for remount procedures is item 0040.
- 0062 37.0 <u>Fully Fabricated Complete Denture</u>. This item includes the steps of setup, wax up, processing, finishing, and polishing. Do not count items 0057, 0058, 0060, or 0061 with this item. If accomplished, items 0040 and 0059 may be counted with this item. Credit one for each fully fabricated denture.
- 0063 20.0 <u>Duplicate or Transitional, Complete Denture</u>. Includes the steps of making a duplication mold, introducing the acrylic resin into the mold, recovering, finishing, and polishing necessary to fabricate a duplicate or transitional denture. If special characterization of the denture is accomplished, item 0059 may be counted with this item. Credit one for each denture.

Section V. Orthodontics (0066-0079)

- CODE CLV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 0066 8.0 Orthodontic Study Models. Includes all steps of pouring a gypsum material into an impression, adding an additional base, and trimming with the aid of a wax bite wafer to a set of precise rules as designated by the American Association of Orthodontists. These casts have the patient's name inscribed and are usually polished. They provide a permanent record of the patient's teeth, arches, and jaw relation. Credit one for each model. Do not use in addition with item 0001.
- 0067 20.0 <u>Diagnostic Setup or Wax Up</u>. Includes the steps of waxing or modifying a stone cast and repositioning the sections or teeth to preview the possible or planned result of orthodontic, surgical, or prosthodontic treatment. This item includes the duplication of the original and modified casts. Credit one for each cast on which repositioning is accomplished. Do not credit in addition to item 0068.
- 0068 40.0 <u>Orthodontic Tooth Positioner</u>. This item includes the steps of sectioning a stone cast, repositioning segments to a desired arrangement, duplicating the cast, applying the elastic materials, processing the elastic materials, recovering, finishing, and polishing the positioner. Credit one for each positioner.
- 0069 15.0 <u>Hawley Appliance. Simple</u>. The construction of an appliance of acrylic resin and stainless steel wire labial bow that can be made with or without retentive clasps. Includes the steps of designing the appliance, forming and positioning any wires (except clasp wires), applying autopolymerizing acrylic resin, recovering, and polishing. Credit one for each appliance. If retentive clasps are used, credit with item 0044. If additional attachments are used, credit with item 0071.
- 0070 15.0 <u>Removable Orthodontic Expansion Appliance</u>. The construction of an acrylic resin expansion device that may be made with or without retentive clasps. Includes all the steps of designing the appliance, positioning the expansion device, applying the autopolymerizing acrylic resin, recovering, and polishing. Credit one for each appliance. If retentive clasps are used, credit with item 0044. If modification attachments are used, credit with item 0071 as appropriate.
- 0071 2.0 <u>Modification Attachments for Hawley and Expansion Appliances</u>. Includes rests, finger springs, hooks, loops, uprighting springs, "W" springs, cuspid retracting springs, or any other auxiliaries that are attached to the basic appliances of items 0069 and 0070. Also includes all necessary soldering. Credit one for each attachment. Do not credit item 0009.

Section V. Orthodontics (0066-0079) -- continued

- CODE CLV DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION
- 0072 18.0 <u>Soldered Appliance, Simple, Fixed</u>. Credit one for each basic appliance such as lingual arch, palatal arch, or unilateral and bilateral space maintainers.
- 0073 24.0 <u>Soldered Appliance, Complex, Fixed</u>. Consists of a basic fixed appliance with additions of attachments, such as expansion screws, coffin springs, expansion arches, Crozat, Arnold expanders, or quad helix expansion arches. Credit one for each appliance. Do not use in conjunction with item 0072.
- 0074 20.0 <u>Basic Orthopedic Appliance</u>. Includes appliances, such as inclined planes, bite planes, Sved appliances, hard occlusal night-guards, and chin cups, that are usually fabricated with autopolymerizing acrylic resin. They are used to guide the teeth or jaws into a predetermined position or relation. Oral surgeons, orthodontists, periodontists, and prosthodontists will usually prescribe this type of appliance. Gredit one for each appliance. If it requires the use of a heat cured acrylic resin, use item 0041 for additional credit. If wire or ball clasps are used, credit with item 0044.
- 0075 45.0 Functional Orthopedic Appliance. Includes such appliances as the Frankel or Bimler Activator, etc. They are designed to effect skeletal changes, modifications in arch width, and jaw repositioning. They are usually fabricated of heat cured acrylic resin bases with stainless steel wire labial bows, clasps, springs, expansion screws, etc., and attach both jaws. Requires either pouring a plaster index or mounting in an articulator to orient casts to the required vertical and horizontal relationships. Also includes all other steps of making this appliance. Gredit one for each appliance. If the appliance is heat cured, credit with item 0041.
- 0078 10.0 <u>Implant Fixture Attachment</u>. This accounts for the additional time and steps in incorporating a fixture attachment into a prosthesis. Credit one for each attachment. Credit in addition to 0015, 0016, 0017, 0018, 0019, 0022, or 0079.
- 0079 30.0 <u>Implant Framework</u>. The fabrication of a metal framework on which an implant prosthesis is fabricated out of denture teeth and an acrylic resin base. Credit one for each framework. Not to be used for credit if prosthesis is a fixed partial denture where credit should be taken with 0015, 0016, 0017, or 0018 where appropriate. Credit for implant fixture attachment should be taken in addition. Can be taken with 0057, 0058, 0060, and 0061 where appropriate.

Section VI. Maxillofacial Protheses (0080-0092)

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 0080 8.0 <u>Cast. Maxillofacial. Complex or Sectional</u>. This item includes those complex and sectional casts that are normally associated with maxillofacial procedures, such as facial moulages, occulo-facial prostheses, aural prostheses, etc. For more routine casts, use item 0001 and 0003 as appropriate. Credit one for each cast assembly.
- 0081 30.0 <u>Sculpture of Prosthesis, Maxillofacial</u>. A malar prosthesis would be one prosthesis; a combination malar, orbital socket, and nose would be one prosthesis with three major anatomical defects restored, therefore, even though they are joined, the restoration would receive three units of credit. Includes preparing the master cast for wax or clay application and sculpture with final detail ready for mold production. Credit one for each major defect restored in the prosthesis.
- 0082 10.0 <u>Fabrication of Stone Mold, Maxillofacial</u>. Credit one for each unit. If mold is poured in one piece, credit one. If mold is poured in sections for future assembly, credit one for each section poured.
- 0083 15.0 <u>Fabrication of Metal Mold, Maxillofacial</u>. Credit one for each unit of the assembly in the same manner as item 0082. If an indirect technique is used to fabricate the metal molds, take credit for all casts involved using items 0001, 0003, or 0080 as appropriate.
- 0084 20.0 <u>Processing Prosthesis, Extraoral</u>. Includes mold preparation, flasking, curing, and all finishing and tinting procedures. Credit one for each major defect restored. If more than one processing is involved per prosthesis, credit each processing procedure.
- 0085 80.0 <u>Casting, Complex Metal, Maxillofacial</u>. This item includes those metal castings that are exclusively associated with maxillofacial treatment. Credit one for each unit or segment made separately. For routine castings, such as surgical splints, cast arch bars, and obturator frameworks, use item 0045 for credit.
- 0086 22.0 <u>Processing, Acrylic Resin Complex, Maxillofacial</u>. Includes only those procedures that are unique to maxillofacial. Includes flasking, packing, curing, deflasking, and finishing. Credit one for each restoration. For routine processing procedures, credit with item 0039 or 0060 as appropriate.
- 0087 15.0 <u>Radiation Carriers, Shields, and Docking Devices</u>. This includes all steps necessary to fabricate radiation augmentation devices, such as waxing, processing, and swaging metal. Credit one for each device.

Section VI. Maxillofacial Protheses (0080-0092) -- continued

- 0088 20.0 <u>Oral Orthotic Devices</u>. This includes all steps required for the fabrication of devices such as mouth stick appliances for quadriplegics, etc. Credit one for each device.
- 0089 80.0 <u>Custom Ocular Prosthesis</u>. This includes all steps necessary to complete the prosthesis, such as painting the iris and characterizing the sclera. Credit one for each prosthesis.

Section VII. Miscellaneous (0093-0099)

- <u>CODE</u> <u>CLV</u> <u>DEFINITION OR DESCRIPTION</u>
- 0093 4.0 <u>Mouthguard, Flexible, Athletic or Fluoride Carrier</u>. Includes all steps of adapting to the casts, trimming, and polishing. Credit one for each device.
- 0094 15.0 <u>Acrylic Resin Model, Demonstration, Education</u>. An individually made acrylic resin model designed to illustrate specific dental or medical conditions before or after treatment. Usually fabricated of thermoplastic or autopolymerizing acrylic resin. Includes all steps such as pouring, trimming, and polishing. Credit one for each model.
- 0095 1.0 <u>Special Projects</u>. Includes the fabrication of special purpose appliances and training aids, which do not fit into any of the other preceding numbered categories. The value of each such special project will be credited with one Composite Laboratory Value (CLV) for each six minutes of actual, hands-on fabrication time. If a project takes 1 hour, credit 10 CLVs.
- 0096 1.0 <u>Issue Prosthodontic Teeth</u>. Upon request by a dental officer or dentists via a prosthodontic prescription form, the appropriate lx6's or lx8's are forwarded to the requestor. This is intended to credit a transaction that includes time and dollar expenditure without any further credit being made available to the laboratory or dental clinic which supplies the teeth. Credit one per prosthodontic prescription transaction.
- 0097 2.0 <u>Unpacking and/or Packing Case</u>. Unpacking includes unpacking case, coding, computer entry, and identification of case (inprocessing). Packing includes packaging cast, dies, or other items, placing in a mailing box, sealing, addressing, and metering the postage. Do not use for simple transfer of case. Credit one when case is either unpacked or packed.

### Section VIII. Remakes (08XX-09XX)

- 08XX 0.0 This item shall be used to account for any remake caused by other than a laboratory failure, such as lost in transit, broken in transit, clinical error, etc. When reporting this remake, substitute the last two digits of the appropriate laboratory code in place of the XX. A remake of item 0045 due to framework that fits the cast but not the mouth would be reported as 0845.
- 09XX 0.0 This item shall be used to account for any remake due to quality control rejection or other fabrication problem within the laboratory. When reporting this remake, substitute the laboratory code in place of the XX. A remake of item 0045 due to a miscast would be reported as 0945.