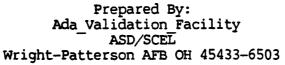
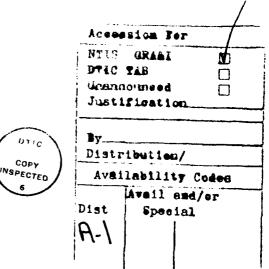
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	burden estimate or any other aspect of this o	wing instructions, searching existing data sources gathering and maintaining the data collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washingto n, VA 22202-4502, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Alfaire, Office of
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A. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		Final: 12 Oct 1991 to 01 Jun 1993
Validation Summary Report: Aitech Defense S Sun-4/330 under SunOS 4.1.1(Host) to DSP9 machine)(Target), 911012W1.11225 6: AUTHOR(S) Wright-Patterson AFB, Dayton, OH USA 7: PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRE	6002 ADS board (bare	
Ada Validation Facility, Language Control Fac Bldg. 676, Rm 135 Wright-Patterson AFB, Dayton, OH 45433		AVF-VSR-507.0292
9. SPONSORINGMONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND Ada Joint Program Office United States Department of Defense Pentagon, Rm 3E114 Washington, D.C. 20301-3081 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	ADDRESS(ES) ELECTE MAR 1 0 199	
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release; distribution unlim	nited.	12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) Aitech Defense Systems Inc., AI-ADA/96K, V DSP96002 ADS board (bare machine)(Target		on AFB, Sun-4/330 under SunOS 4.1.1(Host) to
		15. NUMBER OF PAGES
14. SUBJECT TERMS Ada programming language, Ada Compiler Va Capability, Val. Testing, Ada Val. Office, Ada	• • •	ompiler Val.

NSN 7540-01-280-550

AVF Control Number: AVF-VSR-507.0292 4 February 1992 91-06-21-AIT

Ada COMPILER VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT: Certificate Number: 911012W1.11225 Aitech Defense Systems Inc. AI-ADA/96K, Version 3.0 Sun-4/330 under SunOS 4.1.1 => DSP96002 ADS board (bare machine)







92 3 05 013

Certificate Information

The following Ada implementation was tested and determined to pass ACVC 1.11. Testing was completed on 12 October 1991.

Compiler Name and Version: AI-ADA/96K, Version 3.0 Host Computer System: Sun-4/330 under SunOS 4.1.1 Target Computer System: DSP96002 ADS board (bare machine) Customer Agreement Number: 91-06-21-AIT

See section 3.1 for any additional information about the testing environment.

As a result of this validation effort, Validation Certificate 911012W1.11225 is awarded to Aitech Defense Systems Inc. This certificate expires on 1 June 1993.

This report has been reviewed and is approved.

Ada Validation Facility

Steven P. Wilson Technical Director ASD/SCEL Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-6503

Ada Vilication Organization Director, Computer and Software Engineering Division Institute for Defense Analyses Alexandria VA 22311

CAda Joint Program Office Dr. John Solomond, Director Department of Defense Washington DC 20301



DECLARATION OF CONFORMANCE

Customer:	AITECH Defense Systems Inc.
Ada Validation Facility:	ASD/SCEL, Wright-Patterson AFB
ACVC Version	1.11
Ada Implementation:	
Compiler Name and Version:	AI-ADA/96K Version 3.0
Host Computer System:	Sun-4/330 SunOS 4.1.1
Target Computer System:	DSP96002 ADS Board Bare Machine

Customer's Declaration

I, the undersigned, representing AITECH Defense Systems, declare that AITECH Defense Systems has no knowledge of deliberate deviations from Ada Language Standard ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A in the implementation listed in this declaration.

Gábriel Leemor AITECH Defense Systems Inc. 3080 Olcott St., Suite 105A Santa Clara, CA 95054

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

The Ada implementation described above was tested according to the Ada Validation Procedures [Pro90] against the Ada Standard [Ada83] using the current Ada Compiler Validation Capability (ACVC). This Validation Summary Report (VSR) gives an account of the testing of this Ada implementation. For any technical terms used in this report, the reader is referred to [Pro90]. A detailed description of the ACVC may be found in the current ACVC User's Guide [UG89].

1.1 USE OF THIS VALIDATION SUMMARY REPORT

Consistent with the national laws of the originating country, the Ada Certification Body may make full and free public disclosure of this report. In the United States, this is provided in accordance with the "Freedom of Information Act" (5 U.S.C. #552). The results of this validation apply only to the computers, operating systems, and compiler versions identified in this report.

The organizations represented on the signature page of this report do not represent or warrant that all statements set forth in this report are accurate and complete, or that the subject implementation has no nonconformities to the Ada Standard other than those presented. Copies of this report are available to the public from the AVF which performed this validation or from:

> National Technical Information Service 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield VA 22161

Questions regarding this report or the validation test results should be directed to the AVF which performed this validation or to:

Ada Validation Organization Computer and Software Engineering Division Institute for Defense Analyses 1801 North Beauregard Street Alexandria VA 22311-1772

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INTRODUCTION

1.2 REFERENCES

- [Ada83] Reference Manual for the Ada Programming Language, ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A, February 1983 and ISO 8652-1987.
- [Pro90] Ada Compiler Validation Procedures, Version 2.1, Ada Joint Program Office, August 1990.
- [UG89] Ada Compiler Validation Capability User's Guide, 21 June 1989.

1.3 ACVC TEST CLASSES

Compliance of Ada implementations is tested by means of the ACVC. The ACVC contains a collection of test programs structured into six test classes: A, B, C, D, E, and L. The first letter of a test name identifies the class to which it belongs. Class A, C, D, and E tests are executable. Class B and class L tests are expected to produce errors at compile time and link time, respectively.

The executable tests are written in a self-checking manner and produce a PASSED, FAILED, or NOT APPLICABLE message indicating the result when they are executed. Three Ada library units, the packages REPORT and SPPRT13, and the procedure CHECK FILE are used for this purpose. The package REPORT also provides a set of identity functions used to defeat some compiler optimizations allowed by the Ada Standard that would circumvent a test objective. The package SPPRT13 is used by many tests for Chapter 13 of the Ada Standard. The procedure CHECK FILE is used to check the contents of text files written by some of the Class C tests for Chapter 14 of the Ada Standard. The operation of REPORT and CHECK FILE is checked by a set of executable tests. If these units are not operating correctly, validation testing is discontinued.

Class B tests check that a compiler detects illegal language usage. Class B tests are not executable. Each test in this class is compiled and the resulting compilation listing is examined to verify that all violations of the Ada Standard are detected. Some of the class B tests contain legal Ada code which must not be flagged illegal by the compiler. This behavior is also verified.

Class L tests check that an Ada implementation correctly detects violation of the Ada Standard involving multiple, separately compiled units. Errors are expected at link time, and execution is attempted.

In some tests of the ACVC, certain macro strings have to be replaced by implementation-specific values — for example, the largest integer. A list of the values used for this implementation is provided in Appendix A. In addition to these anticipated test modifications, additional changes may be required to remove unforeseen conflicts between the tests and implementation-dependent characteristics. The modifications required for this implementation are described in section 2.3.

For each Ada implementation, a customized test suite is produced by the AVF. This customization consists of making the modifications described in the preceding paragraph, removing withdrawn tests (see section 2.1), and possibly removing some inapplicable tests (see section 2.2 and [UG89]).

In order to pass an ACVC an Ada implementation must process each test of the customized test suite according to the Ada Standard.

1.4 DEFINITION OF TERMS

Ada Compiler The software and any needed hardware that have to be added to a given host and target computer system to allow transformation of Ada programs into executable form and execution thereof.

Ada Compiler The means for testing compliance of Ada implementations, Validation consisting of the test suite, the support programs, the ACVC Capability user's guide and the template for the validation summary (ACVC) report.

Ada An Ada compiler with its host computer system and its Implementation target computer system.

Ada Joint The part of the certification body which provides policy and guidance for the Ada certification system. Office (AJPO)

Ada The part of the certification body which carries out the Validation procedures required to establish the compliance of an Ada Facility (AVF) implementation.

Ada The part of the certification body that provides technical Validation guidance for operations of the Ada certification system. (AVO)

Compliance of The ability of the implementation to pass an ACVC version. an Ada Implementation

Computer A functional unit, consisting of one or more computers and System associated software, that uses common storage for all or part of a program and also for all or part of the data necessary for the execution of the program; executes user-written or user-designated programs; performs user-designated data manipulation, including arithmetic operations and logic operations; and that can execute programs that modify themselves during execution. A computer system may be a stand-alone unit or may consist of several inter-connected units. INTRODUCTION

- Conformity Fulfillment by a product, process, or service of all requirements specified.
- Customer An individual or corporate entity who enters into an agreement with an AVF which specifies the terms and conditions for AVF services (of any kind) to be performed.
- Declaration of A formal statement from a customer assuring that conformity Conformance is realized or attainable on the Ada implementation for which validation status is realized.
- Host Computer A computer system where Ada source programs are transformed System into executable form.
- Inapplicable A test that contains one or more test objectives found to be irrelevant for the given Ada implementation.
- ISO International Organization for Standardization.
- LRM The Ada standard, or Language Reference Manual, published as ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A-1983 and ISO 8652-1987. Citations from the LRM take the form "<section>.<subsection>:<paragraph>."
- Operating Software that controls the execution of programs and that System provides services such as resource allocation, scheduling, input/output control, and data management. Usually, operating systems are predominantly software, but partial or complete hardware implementations are possible.

Target A computer system where the executable form of Ada programs Computer are executed. System

Validated Ada The compiler of a validated Ada implementation.

Compiler

Validated Ada An Ada implementation that has been validated successfully Implementation either by AVF testing or by registration [Pro90].

Validation The process of checking the conformity of an Ada compiler to the Ada programming language and of issuing a certificate for this implementation.

Withdrawn A test found to be incorrect and not used in conformity test testing. A test may be incorrect because it has an invalid test objective, fails to meet its test objective, or contains erroneous or illegal use of the Ada programming language.

CHAPTER 2

IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENCIES

2.1 WITHDRAWN TESTS

The following tests have been withdrawn by the AVO. The rationale for withdrawing each test is available from either the AVO or the AVF. The publication date for this list of withdrawn tests is 2 August 1991.

E28005C C35508M C45114A C46022A B83022H B85001L CB7001A BC3009B CD2A23E BD3006A CD4024D CD7005E AD7206A CE21071	B28006C C35508N C45346A B49008A B83025B C86001F CB7001B BD1B02B CD2A32A BD4008A CD4031A AD7006A BD8002A CE2117A	C32203A C35702A C45612A B49008B B83025D C94021A CB7004A BD1B06A CD2A41A CD4022A CD4051D CD7006E BD8004C CE2117B	C34006D C35702B C45612B A74006A C83026A C97116A CC1223A AD1B08A CD2A41E CD4022D CD5111A AD7201A CD9005A CE2119B	C35508I B41308B C45612C C74308A B83026B C98003B BC1226A BD2A02A CD2A87A CD2A87A CD4024B CD7004C AD7201E CD9005B CE2205B	C35508J C43004A C45651A B83022B C83041A BA2011A CC1226B CD2A21E CD2B15C CD4024C ED7005D CD7204B CDA201E CE2405A

2.2 INAPPLICABLE TESTS

A test is inapplicable if it contains test objectives which are irrelevant for a given Ada implementation. Reasons for a test's inapplicability may be supported by documents issued by the ISO and the AJPO known as Ada Commentaries and commonly referenced in the format AI-ddddd. For this implementation, the following tests were determined to be inapplicable for the reasons indicated; references to Ada Commentaries are included as appropriate. The following 285 tests have floating-point type declarations requiring more digits than SYSTEM.MAX DIGITS:

C24113FY ((20 tests)	C35705FY (20 tests)
C35706FY ((20 tests)	C35707FY (20 tests)
C35708FY ((20 tests)	C35802FZ (21 tests)
C45241FY (20 tests)	C45321FY (20 tests)
• C45421FY (20 tests)	C45521FZ (21 tests)
C45524FZ ((21 tests)	C45621FZ (21 tests)
C45641FY (20 tests)	C46012FZ (21 tests)

The following 21 tests check for the predefined type SHORT_INTEGER; for this implementation, there is no such type:

C35404B	B36105C	C45231B	C45304B	C45411B
C45412B	C45502B	C45503B	C45504B	C45504E
C45611B	C45613B	C45614B	C45631B	C45632B
B52004E	C55B07B	B55B09D	B86001V	C86006D
CD7101E				

The following 20 tests check for the predefined type LONG_INTEGER; for this implementation, there is no such type:

C35404C	C45231C	C45304C	C45411C	C45412C
C45502C	C45503C	C45504C	C45504F	C45611C
C45613C	C45614C	C45631C	C45632C	B52004D
C55B07A	B55B09C	B86001W	C86006C	CD7101F

C35404D, C45231D, B86001X, C86006E, and CD7101G check for a predefined integer type with a name other than INTEGER, LONG INTEGER, or SHORT INTEGER; for this implementation, there is no such type.

C35713B, C45423B, B86001T, and C86006H check for the predefined type SHORT FLOAT; for this implementation, there is no such type.

C35713D and B86001Z check for a predefined floating-point type with a name other than FLOAT, LONG FLOAT, or SHORT_FLOAT; for this implementation, there is no such type.

C45531M..P and C45532M..P (8 tests) check fixed-point operations for types that require a SYSTEM.MAX MANTISSA of 47 or greater; for this implementation, MAX MANTISSA is less than 47.

C45536A, C46013B, C46031B, C46033B, and C46034B contain length clauses that specify values for 'SMALL that are not powers of two or ten; this implementation does not support such values for 'SMALL.

C45624A..B (2 tests) check that the proper exception is raised if MACHINE OVERFLOWS is FALSE for floating point types and the results of various floating-point operations lie outside the range of the base type; for this implementation, MACHINE OVERFLOWS is TRUE.

2-2

C4A013B contains a static universal real expression that exceeds the range of this implementation's largest floating-point type; this expression is rejected by the compiler.

B86001Y uses the name of a predefined fixed-point type other than type DURATION; for this implementation, there is no such type.

C96005B uses values of type DURATION's base type that are outside the range of type DURATION; for this implementation, the ranges are the same.

CA2009A, CA2009C..D (2 tests), CA2009F, and BC3009C instantiate generic units before their bodies are compiled; this implementation requires that the body of a generic unit be compiled before any instantiation of that unit, as allowed by AI-00506. (See Section 2.3.)

LA3004A..B, EA3004C..D, and CA3004E..F (6 tests) check pragma INLINE for procedures and functions; this implementation does not support pragma INLINE.

CD1009C checks whether a length clause can specify a non-default size for a floating-point type; this implementation does not support such sizes.

CD2A84A, CD2A84E, CD2A84I..J (2 tests), and CD2A84O use length clauses to specify non-default sizes for access types; this implementation does not support such sizes.

BD8001A, BD8003A, BD8004A..B (2 tests), and AD8011A use machine code insertions; this implementation provides no package MACHINE CODE.

The following 264 tests check operations on sequential, text, and direct access files; this implementation does not support external files:

CE2102AC (3)	CE2102GH (2)	CE2102K	CE2102NY (12)
CE2103CD (2)	CE2104AD (4)	CE2105AB (2)	CE2106AB (2)
CE2107AH (8)	CE2107L	CE2108AH (8)	CE2109AC (3)
CE2110AD (4)	CE2111AI (9)	CE2115AB (2)	CE2120AB (2)
CE2201AC (3)	EE2201DE (2)	CE2201FN (9)	CE2203A
CE2204AD (4)	CE2205A	CE2206A	CE2208B
CE2401AC (3)	EE2401D	CE240157 (2)	EE2401G
CE2401HL (5)	CE2403A	CE2404AB (2)	CE2405B
CE2406A	CE2407AB (2)	CE2408AB (2)	CE2409AB (2)
CE2410AB (2)	CE2411A	CE3102AC (3)	CE3102FH (3)
CE3102JK (2)	CE3103A	CE3104AC (3)	CE3106AB (2)
CE3107B	CE3108AB (2)	CE3109A	CE3110A
CE3111AB (2)	CE3111DE (2)	CE3112AD (4)	CE3114AB (2)
CE3115A	CE3119A	EE3203A	EE3204A
CE3207A	CE3208A	CE3301A	EE3301B
CE3302A	CE3304A	CE3305A	CE3401A
CE3402A	EE3402B	CE3402CD (2)	CE3403AC (3)

IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENCIES

CE3403EF (2)	CE3404BD (3)	CE3405A	EE3405B
CE3405CD (2)	CE3406AD (4)	CE3407AC (3)	CE3408AC (3)
CE3409A	CE3409CE (3)	EE3409F	CE3410A
CE3410CE (3)	EE3410F	CE3411A	CE3411C
CE3412A	EE3412C	CE3413AC (3)	CE3414A
CE3602AD (4)	CE3603A	CE3604AB (2)	CE3605AE (5)
CE3606AB (2)	CE3704AF (6)	CE3704MO (3)	CE3705AE (5)
CE3706D	CE3706FG (2)	CE3804AP (16)	CE3805AB (2)
CE3806AB (2)	CE3806DE (2)	CE3806GH (2)	CE3904AB (2)
CE3905AC (3)	CE3905L	CE3906AC (3)	CE3906EF (2)

CE2103A, CE2103B, and CE3107A use an illegal file name in an attempt to create a file and expect NAME_ERROR to be raised; this implementation does not support external files and so raises USE ERROR. (See Section 2.3.)

2.3 TEST MODIFICATIONS

Modifications (see section 1.3) were required for 23 tests.

The following tests were split into two or more tests because this implementation did not report the violations of the Ada Standard in the way expected by the original tests.

B55A01A	BA1101E	BA3006A	BA3006B	BA3007B	BA3008A
BA3008B	BA3013A	BC2001D	BC2001E		

CA2009A, CA2009C..D (2 tests), CA2009F, and BC3009C were graded inapplicable by Evaluation Modification as directed by the AVO. These tests instantiate generic units before those units' bodies are compiled; this implementation rejects a unit that contains an instantiation of a unit whose body is not in the program library.

BC3204C..D (2 tests) and BC3205C..D (2 tests) were graded passed by Processing Modification as directed by the AVO. These tests check that instantiations of generic units with unconstrained types as generic actual parameters are illegal if the generic bodies contain uses of the types that require a constraint. However, the generic bodies are compiled after the units that contain the instantiations, and this implementation creates a dependence of the instantiating units on the generic units as allowed by AI-00408 and AI-00506 such that the compilation of the generic bodies makes the instantiating units obsolete--no errors are detected. The processing of these tests was modified by re-compiling the obsolete units; all intended errors were then detected by the compiler.

AD7203B was graded passed by Test Modification as directed by the AVO. This implementation allocates 16K words of the target memory for task stacks; by default, equal amounts of storage are allocated to all tasks. AD7203B contains 8 tasks, in addition to the environment task; since the environment task requires in excess of 2K words, STORAGE ERROR is raised when the test is run. The test was modified by adding a 'STORAGE SIZE length clause for the task type TSK at line 165 to specify an allocation of 1024 storage units (words) for the activation of each task of the type.

CE2103A, CE2103B, and CE3107A were graded inapplicable by Evaluation Modification as directed by the AVO. The tests abort with an unhandled exception when USE_ERROR is raised on the attempt to create an external file. This is acceptable behavior because this implementation does not support external files. (cf. AI-00332).

CHAPTER 3

PROCESSING INFORMATION

3.1 TESTING ENVIRONMENT

The Ada implementation tested in this validation effort is described adequately by the information given in the initial pages of this report.

For technical and sales information about this Ada implementation, contact:

Uri Gries Aitech Defense Systems Inc. 3080 Olcott Street, Suite 105A Santa Clara, CA 95054 (408) 980-6200

Testing of this Ada implementation was conducted at the customer's site by a validation team from the AVF.

3.2 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

An Ada Implementation passes a given ACVC version if it processes each test of the customized test suite in accordance with the Ada Programming Language Standard, whether the test is applicable or inapplicable; otherwise, the Ada Implementation fails the ACVC [Pro90].

For all processed tests (inapplicable and applicable), a result was obtained that conforms to the Ada Programming Language Standard.

The list of items below gives the number of ACVC tests in various categories. All tests were processed, except those that were withdrawn because of test errors (item b; see section 2.1), those that require a floating-point precision that exceeds the implementation's maximum precision (item e; see section 2.2), and those that depend on the support of a file system — if none is supported (item d). All tests passed, except those that are listed in sections 2.1 and 2.2 (counted in items b and f, below).

	of Applicable Tests	3431
	of Withdrawn Tests	95
c) Processed Ina		95
d) Non-Processed	I I/O Tests	264
e) Non-Processed	Floating-Point	
Precisio		285
f) Total Number	of Inapplicable Tests	644
g) Total Number	of Tests for ACVC 1.11	4170

3.3 TEST EXECUTION

A magnetic tape containing the customized test suite (see section 1.3) was taken on-site by the validation team for processing. The contents of the magnetic tape were loaded directly onto the host computer.

The tests were compiled and linked on the host computer system, as appropriate. The executable images were transferred to the target computer system through ethernet and an OPI (Once Protocol Interface) box manufactured by Aitech and run. The results were captured on the host computer system.

Testing was performed using command scripts provided by the customer and reviewed by the validation team. See Appendix B for a complete listing of the processing options for this implementation. It also indicates the default options. The options invoked explicitly for validation testing during this test were:

Option/Switch	Effect
-L	Produces list files.
-A	Produces asm files.

Test output, compiler and linker listings, and job logs were captured on magnetic tape and archived at the AVF. The listings examined on-site by the validation team were also archived.

APPENDIX A

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MACRO PARAMETERS

This appendix contains the macro parameters used for customizing the ACVC. The meaning and purpose of these parameters are explained in [UG89]. The parameter values are presented in two tables. The first table lists the values that are defined in terms of the maximum input-line length, which is the value for \$MAX_IN_LEN--also listed here. These values are expressed here as Ada string aggregates, where "V" represents the maximum input-line length.

Macro Parameter	Macro Value
\$MAX_IN_LEN	240 — Value of V
\$BIG_ID1	(1V-1 => 'A', V => '1')
\$BIG_ID2	(1V-1 => 'A', V => '2')
\$BIG_ID3	(1V/2 => 'A') & '3' & (1V-1-V/2 => 'A')
\$BIG_ID4	(1V/2 => 'A') & '4' & (1V-1-V/2 => 'A')
\$BIG_INT_LIT	(1V-3 => '0') & "298"
\$BIG_REAL_LIT	(1V-5 => '0') & "690.0"
\$BIG_STPING1	'"' & (1 => 'A') & '"'
\$BIG_STRING2	'"' & (1V-1-V/2 => 'A') & '1' & '"'
\$BLANKS	(1V-20 => ' ')
\$MAX_LEN_INT_BASED_L	ITERAL "2:" & (1V-5 => '0') & "11:"
\$MAX_LEN_REAL_BASED_I	LITERAL "16:" & (1V-7 => '0') & "F.E:"

\$MAX_STRING_LITERAL '"' & (1..V-2 => 'A') & '"'

The following table lists all of the other macro parameters and their respective values.

Macro Parameter	Macro Value
\$ACC_SIZE	32
ŞALIGNMENT	1
\$COUNT_LAST	2_147_483_647
\$DEFAULT_MEM_SIZE	32768
\$DEFAULT_STOR_UNIT	32
\$DEFAULT_SYS_NAME	DSP96002
\$DELTA_DOC	2#1.0#E-31
\$ENTRY_ADDRESS	16#400#
\$ENTRY_ADDRESS1	16#401#
\$ENTRY_ADDRESS2	16#402#
\$FIELD_LAST	50
\$FILE_TERMINATOR	, ,
SFIXED_NAME	NO_SUCH_FIXED_TYPE
SFLOAT_NAME	NO_SUCH_TYPE
\$FORM_STRING	** **
\$FORM_STRING2	"CANNOT_RESTRICT_FILE_CAPACITY"
\$GREATER_THAN_DURATIO	N 75_000.0
\$GREATER_THAN_DURATIO	N BASE LAST T31_073.0
\$GREATER_THAN_FLOAT_B	ASE <u>LAST</u> 1.80141E+38
\$GREATER_THAN_FLOAT_S	AFE_LARGE 1.0E38

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A CARLES AND A CARL

\$GREATER_THAN_SHORT_FLOAT_SAFE_LARGE 1.0E308				
\$HIGH_PRIORITY	23			
\$ILLEGAL_EXTERNAL_FII	\$ILLEGAL_EXTERNAL_FILE_NAME1 \NODIRECTORY\FILENAME			
\$ILLEGAL_EXTERNAL_FII	\$ILLEGAL_EXTERNAL_FILE_NAME2 THIS_FILE_NAME_IS_TOO_LONG_FOR_MY_SYSTEM			
\$INAPPROPRIATE_LINE_I	LENGTH —1			
\$INAPPROPRIATE_PAGE_I	LENGTH —1			
\$INCLUDE_PRAGMA1	PRAGMA INCLUDE ("A28006D1.ADA")			
\$INCLUDE_PRAGMA2	PRAGMA INCLUDE ("B28006F1.ADA")			
\$INTEGER_FIRST	-2147483648			
\$INTEGER_LAST	2147483647			
\$INTEGER_LAST_PLUS_1	2147483648			
\$INTERFACE_LANGUAGE	ASSEMBLER			
\$LESS_THAN_DURATION	-75_000.0			
\$LESS_THAN_DURATION_E	\$LESS_THAN_DURATION_BASE_FIRST -131_073.0			
\$LINE_TERMINATOR	ASCII.LF			
\$LOW_PRIORITY	1			
\$MACHINE_CODE_STATEMENT NULL;				
\$MACHINE_CODE_TYPE	NO_SUCH_TYPE			
\$MANTISSA_DOC	31			
\$MAX_DIGITS	9			
\$MAX_INT	2147483647			
\$MAX_INT_PLUS_1	2_147_483_648			
\$min_int	-2147483648			
\$NAME	NO_SUCH_TYPE_AVAILABLE			
	a 7			

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A-3

\$NAME_LIST	MC68020, MC88000, i860, DSP96002
\$NAME_SPECIFICATION1	/home/val/acvc1_11/ctest/dev/x2120a
\$NAME_SPECIFICATION2	/home/val/acvc1_11/ctest/dev/x2120b
\$NAME_SPECIFICATION3	/home/val/acvc1_11/ctest/dev/x2120c
\$NEG_BASED_INT	16#F000000E#
\$NEW_MEM_SIZE	65535
\$NEW_STOR_UNIT	32
\$NEW_SYS_NAME	MC88000
\$PAGE_TERMINATOR	ASCII.FF
\$RECORD_DEFINITION	NEW INTEGER;
\$RECORD_NAME	NO_SUCH_MACHINE_CODE_TYPE
\$TASK_SIZE	32
\$TASK_STORAGE_SIZE	1024
\$TICK	0.000_001
\$VARIABLE_ADDRESS	16#0320#
\$VARIABLE_ADDRESS1	16#0321#
\$VARIABLE_ADDRESS2	16#0322#
\$YOUR_PRAGMA	INTERFACE_PACKAGE

APPENDIX B

COMPILATION SYSTEM OPTIONS

The compiler options of this Ada implementation, as described in this Appendix, are provided by the customer. Unless specifically noted otherwise, references in this appendix are to compiler documentation and not to this report.

LINKER OPTIONS

The linker options of this Ada implementation, as described in this Appendix, are provided by the customer. Unless specifically noted otherwise, references in this appendix are to linker documentation and not to this report.

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2.3.1 Ada Cross-Compiler (ADA96K)

The compiler is activated using the command ADA96K.

Syntax: ADA96K [qualifiers] <source-file-name>

Parameters: source-file-name

Denotes the file containing the source text for the compilation. If no file type is given, .ADA is assumed.

Qualifiers: The qualifiers and options available are detailed in the following table:

Cualifier	Description	Default
/asm_list	Generates an assembler file for each compilation unit. The file name is the unit name with a suffix "_S" or "_B" and the file type is _ASM .	True
/configuration_ file	Controls various parameters of the list file layout, input line length, etc.	internal defaults
/copy_source	Saves the source file for the compilation in the library	Faise
/list	Generates a list file for the compilation. The file name is that of the source file, with file type .LIS	Faise
/library	Compiles the unit(s) into the given library	ADA96K_ LIBRARY
/optimize	Controls various optimization options	Faise
/reorder	Activates the code reordering pass of the compiler	Faise
/suppress_all	Disables generation of code for run-time checks	Faise
/trace	Enables generation of trace-back information	Faise
Averbose	Outputs information during compilation	Faise
/xref	Generates a cross-reference listing in the list file	Faise

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2.3.2 Program Library Manager (PLM96K)

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The interactive program library manager is activated using the command PLM96K.

- Syntax: PLM96K [/library=<library_name>]
- **Qualifiers:** /library=<library_name>

This optional qualifier sets the current default library for the PLM96K. If omitted, the default program library defined by the logical name ADA96K_LIBRARY will be opened.

Interactive The PLM96K commands and options are detailed in the Commands: following table:

Command	Description	Default
Create	Creates a new Ada program sublibrary or root library	None
Delete	Deletes the given unit(s) from the current default program library	None
Show	Displays information for the given unit(s) from the current default program library	None
Exit	Leaves the program library manager	None
Help	Displays the PLM96K commands and options	None
Library	Sets the current default program library for the PLM96K	Show the current default library
Туре	Displays the Ada source for the given unit(s) from the current default program library	None

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OVERVIEW AND COMMAND SUMMARY

Command	Description	Default
Extract	Creates a copy of the stored Ada source for the given unit(s) in the current directory	None
Import	Inserts an externally generated compilation unit body into the current default program library	None
Allocate	Allocates a unit number for an externally generated compilation unit body	None
Verity	Checks the correctness of the current default program library	None

2.3.3 Ada Cross-Linker (LNK96K)

The cross-linker is activated using the command LNK96K.

- Syntax: LNK96K [qualifiers] <main-unit-name>
- Parameters: main-unit-name

Denotes the main unit for the Ada program to be linked. The unit given must be a parameterless procedure.

Qualifiers: The qualifier and options available are detailed in the following table:

Cualifier	Description	Default
/library	Specifies the program library where the main and its required units will be looked for	ADA96K_ LIBRARY
/map	Generates a map file for the link. The file name will be the main unit name, with file type .MAP	True

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OVERVIEW AND COMMAND SUMMARY

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Qualifier	Description	Default
/progress	Outputs information during the link process	Faise
/log	Generates a log file for the link. The log file name can be given in the command. If not given, the main unit name will be used, with file type .LOG	False
/directives	Uses the directives in the given directives file to guide the link process	None
/target	Specifies the target identifier	096 (ADS)
/with_rts	Includes the required modules from the RTS in the link	Faise
/minimal_ rts	Includes a minimal, single-task RTS in the link	Faise
/gen_rts	Generates the load file for a new fully- configured RTS executable image	Faise
/trace	Enables the RTS tracing functions	Faise
/first_ address	Specifies the initial memory addresses for X, Y and P spaces	(800,800,400)
/last_ address	Specifies the last memory addresses for X, Y, and P spaces	(7FFE,7FFE, FFFE)
/rts_size	Specifies the maximal size of a fully- configured RTS in the different memory spaces	(800,200, 3C00)
/external_ module	Includes the given object file(s) or modules from the given object library in the link	None
/flags	Controls various special functions of the linker	None

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APPENDIX C

APPENDIX F OF THE Ada STANDARD

The only allowed implementation dependencies correspond to implementation-dependent pragmas, to certain machine-dependent conventions as mentioned in Chapter 13 of the Ada Standard, and to certain allowed restrictions on representation clauses. The implementation-dependent characteristics of this Ada implementation, as described in this Appendix, are provided by the customer. Unless specifically noted otherwise, references in this Appendix are to compiler documentation and not to this report. Implementation-specific portions of the package STANDARD, which are not a part of Appendix F, are:

end STANDARD;

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Appendix B.

Appendix F of the Ada Reference Manual

This appendix describes the implementation-dependent characteristics of the AI-ADA/96K Cross-Compilation System, as required in the Appendix F trame of the Ada Reference Manual (ANSI/MIL-STD-1815A).

B.1 Implementation-Dependent Pragmas

The following implementation-dependent pragmas are defined in the compiler:

- suppress_all
- interface_package

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external_subprogram_name

For detailed information on the use of these pragmas, refer to Section 6.8, "Implementation-Dependent Features."

B.2. Implementation-Dependent Attributes

No implementation-dependent attributes are defined for this version.

B.3. Package SYSTEM

The specification of the package SYSTEM:

package SYSTEM is

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APPENDIX F OF THE ADA REFERENCE MANUAL

FINE_DELTA: constant := 2.0 ** (-31); TICK: constant := 0.000_001; type INTERFACE_LANGUAGE is (ASSEMBLER,C,RTS) ;

end SYSTEM;

B.4. Representation Clauses

B.4.1 Length Clauses

The following kinds of length clauses are supported:

1. Size specification: T'size

Supported as described in ARM. For scalar objects residing in the frame, the smallest possible size (in complete words) will always be chosen by the compiler.

2. Specification of a collection size: Tstorage_size

Specifies the number of storage units allocated to the collection associated with access type T.

, 3. Specification of task size: Tstorage_size

Specifies the number of storage units allocated for each activation of a task of type T. This size includes space for the task's stack, as well as some RTS overhead (approximately 54 words).

4. Specification of small for a fixed point type: T'small

B.4.2. Enumeration Representation Clause

Enumeration representation clauses may specify representations in the range of the predefined type INTEGER.

B.4.3. Record Representation Clause

Record representation clauses are supported as detailed in Section 13.4 of the ARM.

B.5 Implementation-Dependent Names for Implementation-Dependent Components

None defined by the compiler.

B.6 Address Clauses

Address clauses are supported for objects (variables or constants) and task entries (linkage to hardware interrupt); refer to Chapter 16, "AI-TCK Target Configuration Kit."

Address clauses for objects are interpreted as absolute addresses, and code is generated using the ORG directive. The compiler does not check for possible overlaps.

B.7. Unchecked Conversion

No warning is issued when conversion between objects of different sizes is performed. The result of such a conversion is unpredictable.

B.8. Input-Output Packages

Input-Output packages are supplied with the AI-ADA/96K Cross-Compiler System.

Standard_input and Standard_output are supported. External files and file objects are implementation dependent, and therefore are handled as specified in the ARM.

B.8.1. Specification of the Package Sequential_IO

with BASIC IO TYPES; with IO_EXCEPTIONS; generic type ELEMENT TYPE is private; package SEQUENTIAL IO is type FILE TYPE is limited private; type FILE_MODE is (IN_FILE, OUT_FILE); --- File management procedure CREATE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE; MODE : in FILE MODE := OUT FILE; NAME : in STRING := ""; FORM : in STRING := ""); procedure OPEN (FILE : in out FILE TYPE; MODE : in FILE_MODE; NAME : in STRING; := ""); FORM : in STRING procedure CLOSE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE); procedure DELETE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE); procedure RESET (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE; MODE : in FILE MODE); procedure RESET (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE); function MODE (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return FILE_MODE; function NAME (FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return STRING; function FORM (FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return STRING; function IS_OPEN(FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return BOOLEAN; - input and output operations procedure READ (FILE : in FILE TYPE: ITEM : OUT ELEMENT TYPE); procedure WRITE (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : in ELEMENT TYPE); function END OF FILE (FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return BOOLEAN;

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-- exceptions STATUS ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.STATUS ERROR; MODE_ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS . MODE_ERROR; NAME ERROR : exception renames IO_EXCEPTIONS.NAME_ERROR; USE_ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.USE ERROR; DEVICE ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS. DEVICE ERROR; END ERROR : exception renames TO EXCEPTIONS. END_ERROR; . DATA ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS. DATA ERROR; private type FILE_TYPE is new BASIC IO TYPES.FILE TYPE; end SEQUENTIAL_IO;

B.8.2. Specification for Package Direct Input-Output

```
with BASIC IO TYPES;
with IO EXCEPTIONS;
generic
type ELEMENT TYPE is private;
package DIRECT_IO is
   type FILE_TYPE is limited private;
type FILE_MODE is (IN_FILE, INOUT_FILE, OUT_FILE);
   type COUNT is range 0. INTEGER'LAST;
   subtype POSITIVE COUNT is COUNT range 1..COUNT'LAST;
-- File management
procedure CREATE (
   FILE : in out FILE TYPE;
   MODE : in FILE_MODE := INOUT_FILE;
                       := "";
   NAME : in STRING
   FORM : in STRING
                          . im "");
procedure OPEN (
   FILE : in out FILE TYPE;
   MODE : in FILE MODE;
   NAME : in STRING;
   FORM : in STRING
                          := "");
procedure CLOSE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE);
procedure DELETE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE);
procedure RESET (
```

FILE : in out FILE TYPE; MODE : in FILE_MODE); procedure RESET (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE); function MODE (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return FILE MODE; function NAME (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return STRING; function FORM (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return STRING; function IS_OPEN(FILE : in FILE TYPE) return BOOLEAN; -- input and output operations procedure READ (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : OUT ELEMENT TYPE; FROM : in POSITIVE COUNT); procedure READ • FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : OUT ELEMENT_TYPE); procedure WRITE (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : in ELEMENT_TYPE; TO : in POSITIVE COUNT); procedure WRITE (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : in ELEMENT_TYPE); procedure SET INDEX(FILE : in FILE TYPE; TO : in POSITIVE_COUNT); function INDEX(FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return POSITIVE_COUNT; function SIZE (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return COUNT; function END OF FILE(FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return BOOLEAN; -- exceptions STATUS ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.STATUS ERROR; MODE ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS . MODE ERROR; NAME ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS . NAME_ERROR; USE ERROR : exception renames TO EXCEPTIONS. USE ERROR;

APPENDIX F OF THE ADA REFERENCE MANUAL

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DEVICE ERROR : exception renames IO_EXCEPTIONS.DEVICE_ERROR; END_ERROR : exception renames IO_EXCEPTIONS.END_ERROR; DATA_ERROR : exception renames IO_EXCEPTIONS.DATA_ERROR; private type FILE_TYPE is new BASIC_IO_TYPES.FILE_TYPE;

end DIRECT_IO;

B.8.3. Specification of Package Text Input-Output

with BASIC IO TYPES; with IO EXCEPTIONS; package TEXT IO is type FILE_TYPE is limited private; type FILE_MODE is (IN_FILE, OUT_FILE); type COUNT is range 0 .. INTEGER'LAST; subtype POSITIVE_COUNT is COUNT range 1 .. COUNT'LAST; UNBOUNDED: constant COUNT:= 0; -- line and page length subtype FIELD is INTEGER range 0 .. 35; subtype NUMBER_BASE is INTEGER range 2 .. 16; type TYPE SET Is (LOWER CASE, UPPER CASE); -- File Management procedure CREATE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE; MODE : in FILE MODE := OUT FILE; NAME : in STRING := ""; FORM : in STRING := ""); procedure OPEN FILE : in out FILE TYPE; MODE : in FILE_MODE; NAME : in STRING; FORM : in STRING := ""); procedure CLOSE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE);
procedure DELETE (FILE : in out FILE_TYPE); procedure RESET FILE : in out FILE_TYPE; MODE : in FILE_MODE);

procedure RESET (FILE : in out FILE TYPE); function MODE (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return FILE MODE; function NAME (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return STRING; function FORM (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return STRING; function IS_OPEN(FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return BOOLEAN; -- Control of default input and output files procedure SET_INPUT (FILE : in FILE_TYPE);
procedure SET_OUTPUT (FILE : in FILE_TYPE); STANDARD INPUT return FILE TYPE; function function STANDARD OUTPUT return FILE TYPE; function CURRENT INPUT return FILE TYPE; function CURRENT_OUTPUT return FILE_TYPE; -- specification of line and page lengths procedure SET LINE LENGTH (FILE : in FILE_TYPE; TO : in COUNT); procedure SET LINE LENGTH (TO : in COUNT); , procedure SET PAGE LENGTH (FILE : in FILE TYPE; TO : in COUNT); procedure SET PAGE LENGTH (TO : in COUNT); function LINE_LENGTH (FILE : in FILE_TY. (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return COUNT; function LINE LENGTH return COUNT; function PAGE LENGTH (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return COUNT; function PAGE_LENGTH return COUNT; -- Column, Line, and Page Control procedure NEW_LINE (
 FILE : in FILE_TYPE;
 SPACING : in POSITIVE_COUNT := 1); procedure NEW_LINE (SPACING : in POSITIVE COUNT := 1); procedure SKIP_LINE (
 FILE : in FILE_TYPE; SPACING : in POSITIVE_COUNT := 1); (SPACING : in POSITIVE_COUNT procedure SKIP LINE := 1); function END_OF_LINE (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return BOOLEAN;

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function END OF LINE return BOOLEAN; procedure NEW PAGE (FILE : in FILE TYPE); procedure NEW PAGE procedure SKIP PAGE (FILE : in FILE TYPE); procedure SKIP_PAGE function END_OF_PAGE (FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return BOOLEAN; function END_OF PAGE return BOOLEAN; function END_OF_FILE (FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return BOOLEAN; function END_OF_FILE return BOOLEAN; procedure SET_COL (FILE : in FILE TYPE; : in POSITIVE COUNT); (TO procedure SET_COL (TO : in POSITIVE COUNT);
procedure SET_LINE (FILE : in FILE_TYPE; (TO : in POSITIVE COUNT); procedure SET_LINE (TO : in POSITIVE COUNT); (FILE : in FILE TYPE) function COL return POSITIVE COUNT; function COL return POSITIVE COUNT; function LINE (FILE : in FILE TYPE) return POSITIVE COUNT; function LINE return POSITIVE COUNT; function PAGE (FILE : in FILE_TYPE) return POSITIVE COUNT; function PAGE return POSITIVE COUNT; '-- Character Input-Output procedure GET (FILE : in FILE TYPE: ITEM : out CHARACTER); procedure GET (ITEM : out CHARACTER); procedure PUT FILE : in FILE_TYPE; ITEM : in CHARACTER); procedure PUT (ITEM : in CHARACTER);

- String Input-Output procedure GET (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : out STRING); procedure GET (ITEM : out STRING); procedure PUT (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : in STRING); procedure PUT (ITEM : in STRING); procedure GET_LINE (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : out STRING; LAST : out NATURAL); procedure GET_LINE (ITEM : out STRING; LAST : out NATURAL); procedure PUT LINE (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : in STRING); procedure PUT_LINE (ITEM : in STRING); --- Generic Package for Input-Output of Integer Types generic type NUM is range <>; package INTEGER_IO is DEFAULT WIDTH : FIELD :-DEFAULT_BASE : NUMBER_BASE :-:= NUM' WIDTH; 10; procedure GET - (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : out NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := 0); procedure GET (ITEM : OUT NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := 0);

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procedure PUT (FILE : in FILE_TYPE; ITEM : in NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := DEFAULT WIDTH; BASE : in NUMBER_BASE := DEFAULT_BASE); procedure PUT • ITEM : in NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := DEFAULT_WIDTH; BASE : in NUMBER_BASE := DEFAULT_BASE); procedure GET (FROM : in STRING; ITEM : OUT NUM; LAST : OUT POSITIVE); procedure PUT (TO : out STRING; ITEM : in NUM; BASE : in NUMBER BASE := DEFAULT BASE); end INTEGER_IO; -- Generic Packages for Input-Output of Real Types generic • type NUM is digits <>; package FLOAT IO is DEFAULT_FORE : FIELD := 2; DEFAULT_AFT : FIELD := NUM'digits - 1; DEFAULT_EXP : FIELD := 3; procedure GET (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : out NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := 0); procedure GET (ITEM : out NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := 0); procedure PUT FILE : in FILE_TYPE; ITEM : in NUM; FORE : in FIELD := DEFAULT FORE; AFT : in FIELD := DEFAULT AFT; EXP : in FIELD := DEFAULT_EXP);

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procedure PUT (ITEM : in NUM; FORE : in FIELD := DEFAULT FORE; AFT : in FIELD := DEFAULT AFT; EXP : in FIELD := DEFAULT EXP); procedure GET 1 FROM : in STRING; ITEM : out NUM; LAST : out POSITIVE); procedure PUT (TO : out STRING; ITEM : in NUM; AFT : in FIELD := DEFAULT AFT; EXP : in FIELD := DEFAULT_EXP); end FLOAT IO; generic type NUM is delta <>; package FIXED_IO is DEFAULT FORE : FIELD := NUM' FORE; DEFAULT_AFT : FIELD := NUM'AFT; DEFAULT_EXP : FIELD := 0; procedure GET (FILE : in FILE_TYPE; ITEM : out NUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := 0); procedure GET (
 ITEM : out NUM;
 WIDTH : in FIELD := 0); procedure PUT (FILE : in FILE_TYPE; ITEM : in NOM; FORE : in FIELD := DEFAULT FORE; AFT : in FIELD := DEFAULT AFT; EXP : in FIELD := DEFAULT_EXP); procedure PUT (ITEM : in NUM; FORE : in FIELD :- DEFAULT_FORE; AFT : in FIELD := DEFAULT AFT; EXP : in FIELD := DEFAULT EXP); procedure GET (FROM : in STRING; ITEM : out NUM; LAST : out POSITIVE);

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ا فراجه است به ارتباط <u>م مطلق می معد می ا</u>رد.

procedure PUT (TO : out STRING; ITEM : in NOM; AFT : in FIELD := DEFAULT AFT; EXP : in FIELD := DEFAULT_EXP); and FIXED IO; -- Generic package for Input-Output of Enumeration Types generic type ENUM is (\diamond) ; package ENUMERATION IO is DEFAULT WIDTH : FIELD := 0; DEFAULT_SETTING : TYPE_SET := UPPER_CASE; procedure GET (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : out ENUM); procedure GET (ITEM : out ENUM); procedure PUT (FILE : in FILE TYPE; ITEM : in ENUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := DEFAULT WIDTH; SET : in TYPE SET := DEFAULT SETTING); procedure PUT (ITEM : in ENUM; WIDTH : in FIELD := DEFAULT WIDTH; : in TYPE_SET := DEFAULT_SETTING); SET procedure GET (FROM : in STRING; ITEM : out ENUM; LAST : out POSITIVE) ; procedure PUT (TO : out STRING; ITEM : in ENUM; SET : in TYPE SET := DEFAULT SETTING); end ENUMERATION IO;

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--- Exceptions

STATUS ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.STATUS_ERROR; MODE ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.MODE ERROR; MAME ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.NAME ERROR; USE ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.USE ERROR; DEVICE ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.DEVICE ERROR; END ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.END ERROR; DATA ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.DATA ERROR; LAYOUT ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.DATA ERROR; LAYOUT ERROR : exception renames IO EXCEPTIONS.DATA ERROR;

private

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type FILE_TYPE is new BASIC_IO_TYPES.FILE_TYPE;

end TEXT_IO;