

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Α.	INTRODUCTION2
в.	ARCHITECTURAL OBJECTIVES
	State of the Contract Design5
	Client/Server Architecture6
	Figure 1 - Simple Client/Server Architecture7
	Figure 2 - DLA's Mixed Architecture Environment8
	Architectural Standards9
	Figure 3 - System Type/Standards/Architecture Matrix10
c.	POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
	Policies13
	Procedures15
D.	SOURCES OF TECHNOLOGY COMPONENTS16
	Figure 4 - I/S Contracts and Components Matrix17
	Figure 5 - Contract Award/Expiration Dates20
E.	ACQUISITION CONSIDERATIONS
F.	REFERENCES
APPI	ENDIX A
	Available Contracts23
APPE	ENDIX B
	Anticipated Contracts

DLA INFORMATION SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION GUIDE for the FISCAL YEAR of 1991

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>.

•••

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance for system designers at the central design activities (CDAs) on the availability and potential usages of the technical components that are authorized for use in DLA. The components which are available or which are anticipated are described herein.

The basic policies and procedures to be followed by the system designer in developing systems which satisfy requirements are also identified by this document. Observance of these policies and procedures will help assure successful integration of systems and a consistant course toward the technical objectives of the Agency.

The reader is referred to the DSAC Business Model which illustrates not only the design and development processes for information systems and the supporting technology process but also the inter-relationship between the CDA and the Headquarters required for successful integration.

	×	Accesics For
		NTIS Classe DTIC TAP
Statement "A" per tele HQ Defense Logistics A Cameron Station Alexar	econ Sally Barnes. Agency/DLA-ZIA. ndria, VA	By Distributed
22304-6100 VHG	314191	Dat Frank
		A-1
	OIIALITY INGPENTER 3	
	Page 2	

B. ARCHITECTURAL OBJECTIVES.

We are in an "information age". A vast amount of information is available and can be used to accomplish our mission more effectively. However, because of the diverse hardware and software on which this information may be located, technical alternatives must be developed which allow an interface to or which provide a substitute for the proprietary systems which currently exist. In addition, the institution of full and open competition for acquisitions for our information systems has driven us beyond our previous boundaries. Only an open systems architecture (OSA) and its inherent objectives can address the environment in which we now find ourselves.

An OSA is a technical framework based upon national and international standards. It allows information systems built within it to communicate with, to interoperate with, or to move to other systems which also recognize those same standards.

In order to establish the Agency's direction toward an OSA, several planning documents were developed which define the objectives. The DLA Systems Software Blueprint identifies the fundamental goals of an OSA as interoperability and portability of systems. It specifies Structured Query Language (SQL) based relational data bases as a goal and describes basic design principles such as the use of a multi-tiered architecture which supports the client/server (cooperative processing) model. These goals are to be evolutionary, to be achieved as rewrites and major redesigns are accomplished.

A draft Communications Blueprint, which describes the communications objectives of an OSA, was later developed, and the combination of the Software Blueprint and the Communications Blueprint resulted in the DLA Open Systems Architecture for Information Systems document (still in draft).

The Strategic Architectural Objectives (SAO) documents were developed initially to support SAMMS Immediate Improvement Initiative (I3), but with a view toward DLA systems as a whole. The SAOs define the Agency's short-term (two year) architectural objectives which position us for implementing an OSA.

Taken as a whole, these documents identify the need for an OSA, describe the OSA environment to which we need to move, as well as the steps which must be taken to get there. The technology components on the contracts identified in this Guide

support that direction because they are, to the extent possible, based on national and international standards. Restricting the acquisition of components to these contracts is really a lifting of the restrictions imposed by proprietary products and a move toward interoperability and portability of systems.

•

٠.,

• .

٠.

1. "State of the Contract" Design

The architecture documents previously described represent DLA's target for the future. By embracing the objectives in these documents, we position ourselves to integrate effectively the tremendous quantity and variety of technical components and concepts which are required to meet the users needs. To assist with that integration, DLA's information systems technology objectives include what is called "state of the contract design". In this concept a complete list of <u>approved</u> hardware and software components is maintained. Approval of these components is based on their compliance with DLA's architectural objectives. These components must be sufficient to support not only system maintenance but also the client/server model systems envisioned in future design objectives.

The list of components identifies the available or anticipated contract(s) from which the required components are to be supplied. Systems are to be designed using only components from this list. Should components be needed which do not have a contract vehicle, a deficiency is indicated. An acquisition for approved components must be started early to ensure sufficient procurement lead time. The use of other components, for which there are equivalents on the approved list, will not be allowed without justification.

2. The Client/Server Architecture

DLA has adopted the client/server architecture as a model for its applications design. Client/server computing with cooperative processing is a distributed processing architecture. The goal is to distribute processing power over different computer platforms, matching the application function to the most appropriate platform. Thus, each platform is optimized for performance.

The key components of this architecture are an application (client) to manipulate and analyze data, an application (server) to organize and store data and to provide data based on a client's request, and a network to connect multiple servers and clients. A server can be, among other things, an image processor, an expert system engine, a specialized audio processor, or a database server.

Database servers are the most common type of server. In a client/server architecture, all DBMS activities are assumed by the back-end database server. By placing the responsibility of data management on the database server, a spreadsheet user, for instance, can rely on the database server to handle multiple users accessing the same data. Also, database servers offer the possibility of greater connectivity in a homogeneous or heterogeneous network environment.

In a client/server architecture, clients communicate with relational database servers using SQL, the industry-standard language for relational database access and manipulation. However, clients and servers are separated by physical distances, network cables and other hardware. A communication protocol is needed to carry SQL statements back and forth between clients and servers. In DLA the protocol used is RPC, although the most widely used protocol today is TCP/IP. SQL is the high-level language in such a communication; RPC or TCP/IP is the protocol that makes the communication possible.

Figure 1 shows the most basic client/server configuration. Figure 2 is a representation of the DLA environment, a much more complex network with client/server configurations and traditional architectures intermixed.







3. Architectural Standards.

•

As described by the DLA Systems Software Blueprint, each type of "system" (personel, departmental, and corporate) has its own set of acceptable standards. Some of these standards are acceptable because they are supported by the current environment. There is, however, a target set of standards for each system type depending on how it is being used. As systems are modernized or changed, there should be movement toward this target standards environment. It is the responsibility of the Systems Integration Division (DLA-ZI) to make contracts with components which ensure that direction available to the system designers .

Figure 3 is an architectural matrix which depicts the current and desired standards for the various system types.

...

:

SYS TYPE/STDS/ARCH MATRIX

S	SOFTW	VARE STANDARD				
ΥT					UCOMPONENT (ISAGE FOR
S Y				I ULA INFORMAT	UN SYSTEMS A	<i>RCHITECTURES</i>
P P	OPERATING		NETWORK			
ш	SYSTEM	DRMS	VULCO V	AFFLICATION	HLE/DB	COMM
Σ		2400	AUCO	MULESOH	SERVER	NETWORK
						GATEWAY
PERSONAL SYST	EMS					
PORTABLE	(WS/DOS)	(ENABLE)	(ZSTEM)	yes	2	S
UESKIOP WKSIN	(MS/DOS)	(ENABLE)	(ZSTEM)	ves	VPC	100
	(NIN)	(UNIFY SOL)	•NFS	ک	SOL	100
	POSIX Conformant	*STD SQL	*NFS	YES	VPC	Yes
					221	Ac2
DEPARTMENTAL	SYSTEMS					
	(XINIX)	(UNIFY SOL)	(RES)	VEC		
		I INIEV SOLV	·NFC	3	yes	yes
	POSIX Conformant			ES.	¥3	ES FS
		010,000	NFO	A.	KES	ک
CORPORATE SYS	TEMS					
	MUSISPI XA ESA	(115)	(ENVIRON1)	yes	yes	ves
	MVS/SP/ XA/ ESA	(115)	CICS	yes	yes	ves
	MIC/CDI+XA/ FCA	None	(SAMTAM)	yes	yes	yes
	MVC/CD//YA/ EOA	None	(MOTAM)	yes	yes	ves
	MUCICDINVALEDA	None	(DBDAM)	yes	yes	ves
	MVS/SP/+XA/ ESA	None	(VSAM)	yes	yes	ves
	MV3/3P/ XA/ ESA	SIDSOL	•CICS	YES	ک	AFS AFS
	MUP DLSC	(II SMO)		yes	ves	NPC
	US-1100 DTIC	(DMS - 1100)		ves	NDC	501
	OS-1100 DTIC	(DB4)		NPC	100	yes
	POSIX Conformant	•STD SQL	*NFS	NFX AFX	ALC ALC	AES .
				3	3	ß
Figure 3						

SYS TYPE/STDS/ARCH MATRIX

.

DATA BASE MACH	N/A	*STD SQL	*NFS	2	YES	2
LAN	N/A	N/A	802.3			
			802.5			
WAN	N/A	N/A				
			DDN			
			FTS 2000			
KEV.						
() ci otacacacación ()			-			
	indicate that the item					
is allowable only	tor existing systems a	pu				
upgrades of exist	ling systems.					
When an existing	system is redesigned,					
the component m	ust be replaced					
with an authorize	d component.					
System Type:						
The terms "person	al" "denartmental"					
and "corporate"	as defined by the Softw	ore,				
Bluebrint, relate	to data ownerchin	1910				
They are also and	plied to general					
equipment platfo	rms. For the cake					
of clarity the full	owing should be					
assimed.				-1		
Figure 3						

SYS TYPE/STDS/ARCH MATRIX

Figure 3

7

·. .

C. POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.

This section establishes policies and describes procedures to be followed in satisfying requirements for system design.

1. <u>Policies</u>.

The following policies must be considered when developing requirements for a system design:

a. Systems will be designed only from approved component lists to ensure successful integration and migration toward stated architectural objectives. Only if there are no components available or anticipated which satisfy the system requirement should an acquisition be initiated. This acquisition should be in accordance with DLA Regulation (DLAR) 4710.1, Management of Automated Data Processing/Telecommunications (ADP/T Resource Acquisition). The use of any other source for components should be justified.

b. As a general rule, the purchase of unintelligent terminals should be avoided. Providing intelligence at the lowest possible tier establishes an opportunity for the design of processing at that tier, thus permitting client/server architecture to be accomplished. The DLA Systems Software Blueprint and the DLA Open Systems Architecture for Information Systems documents prescribe that processing be designed for the lowest tier practical.

c. Any data base management system to be acquired must be SQL compliant.

d. The Agency will migrate toward POSIX compliant operating systems. The Navy super-mini joint service acquisition now under development with participation by DLA will be considered the vehicle for obtaining <u>POSIX compliant</u> large systems.

e. IBM's MVS/XA and eventually MVS/ESA (or its equivalent) will be the Agency's operating system for its IBM and IBM compatible mainframes for the next seven to ten years. The virtual memory constraint associated with MVS/SP make it critical to migrate.

f. A standard teleprocessing monitor for the Agency's IBM architecture will be pursued.

g. The development of a data repository which conforms to the Information Resources Dictionary System (IRDS) standard will be pursued.

۰**۰**۰

•.

h. The DLA Information Systems Technology Integration Guide will be revised quarterly.

·, •

- -

2. <u>Procedures</u>.

It is essential that requirements be identified as early as possible in order to ensure sufficient procurement lead time. Whenever possible, acquisition of components will come from approved contracts available to the Agency. If approved components are not available or anticipated, documentation to support acquisition requests will be prepared in accordance with DLAR 4710.8 for End User Computing resources and DLAR 4710.1 for all other ADP/T resources. Questions regarding documentation requirements should be addressed to DACO. Documentation should be provided to DLA-Z in accordance with the "Front Door" process.

DLA-ZI, Systems Integration Division, will review, for architectural compliance, all requirements prior to their being sent to DACO for acquisition.

٠,

-

D. SOURCES OF TECHNOLOGY COMPONENTS.

:

1

The following pages identify sources for the technology components which are currently approved or anticipated to be approved for utilization in DLA systems. Figure 4 is a matrix of contracts and their associated components. Figure 5 is a time-line of available contract expiration dates and anticipated contract award dates. Detailed information on available contracts is at Appendix A. Appendix B contains as much information as is currently available on anticipated contracts.

...

2

			CONTRACT	S CURR	NTLYIN	I PLACE	OR PLA	NNED		
COMPONENTS	AFCAC 251	ULANA	FALCON	I ADHEI D	DECKTOD III		:			
			DMINS MAINT	ZENITH	DESNIOT III	COMPANION	VASU II	CARTRIDGE	DLANET	ARMY SUPER
								IALE DELLM	LHASE II	MICRO
PROCESSORS	382, 600G		GOULD 9050	80286. ZFL-	SASINI					
			NP1	184-95,ZWL	80386	×			T4034-A6	PRIME EXL320
				-184-97						
NE NO BY N AV										
	DA MEG		4 MB		16 MB	×			×	16 MB
DISK (REM/			ROD MB FACH	5 1/4 EN	3 4 /2° ED					
				20 MB HARD	5 1/4" FD.	t				94MB IMPRIMI
				DISK	HARD DISK		×			323 MB H-P
					42-340MB					
TAPE DRIVES	HEWLETT									
	PACKARD		21272000					sic		CIPHER C880
										KENNEDY
AUTOMATED								ذال		
TAPE LIBRARY								202		
PRINTERS	OTO CAEVE									
	CKINATA		CENTHONCS	PORTABLE,	ALPS, PRIMAGE	×				OUME SPRINT
	UI VII VII VII VII VII VII VII VII VII V		ruliou	BHOIHEH &	FWITSU					
				STA						
OPTICAL	IOC. SCRN									
READERS	NOH					×				MICROTEK MS-II
TEDMINALS	47.07									1-014
· L'IMINALO	101		VISUAL TECH		UNISYS PW2					WYSE, EVEREX
					FAMILY					SYS3000D
MODEMS	CTS FABRITEX		GOULD, PARA-		HAVES UDS	>				
	DOWTY, CODEX		DYNE,							INIEL DADAMAE
			FWITSU, 3COM,							MULTI-TECH
			GANDALF							
			NAME							
BAR CODE	SYMBOL TECH									
	TEXON									
	OKIDATA						-			
OPERATING	1 MIN									T
SYSTEM	1		TUNIX		MS/DOS and	×				MS/DOS and
					FOSIX					UNIX
DATABASE SW	UNIFY, ACCELL		UNIFY, ACCELL							
	100									80.4
NAMI JOS MMOO			GOULD, DAC,						×	FTAM, VT720,
										MH400 X.400

•••

Figure 4

			CONTRACT	S CURRE	NTLYIN	PLACE OR F			
COMPONENTS	AFCAC 251	ULANA	EALCON						
			DMINS MAINT	ZENITH	UESKIOP III	COMPANIONDASD	II CARTRIDGE	DLANET	ARMY SUPER
							I APE REPLM	PHASE II	MICRO
COMPILERS	ADA MON								
	FORTRAN. C		COBOL, BASIC,		ADA, FORTRAN				ADA.BASIC C
	PASCAL, SW GEN		PASCAI						COBOL, FORTHAN
	UTILITIES								LISP, PASCAL,
DEFICE									FROLOG
AUTOMATION	PREINE			PCXFERSW	MS OFFICE,	×			INIDIEX EDC
			COFFICE	PACKAGE	ENABLE 4.0				KEYWORD
PAGE SCANNER					MUDATEK				
					MICHOLEN		-		
CU-HOM					SON				THE CHINE
WORM									LM3-CM131
					OHEROKEE				LASERDRIVE
PLOTTER					HOISTON				
									H-P
					MICROTEK				
LAN INTERFACE									
CARD					WESTERN				
					DIGITAL				
HOST ATTACH-		IBM PC XT/							
MENTS		SPERRY PC40,							
		IBM PC AT/							
		ZENITH 248							
		VAX 750 OR 780							
		W/MS, VAS 780							
		W ULTRIX							
		WICHUVAX II							
		1100/60							
		IBM 43X1 w/ VM							
UCD ATTACU	 , 							T	
MENTS INTE	× +	BASEBAND 10							
		BASE 5.	×						
		BASE 2 RAND							
		10 BROAD 36	/			-			
ASYNCHRONOUS		1-4 PORT, 5-16							
ATTACHMENTS		PORT, 17-32							
		PORT							
CVMCMDDMDIIC									T
ATTACHMENTS		1BM 3278							
		JTEHMINAL, IBM					T		

• •

Figure 4

			CON HAND	IS CORRE	NPACE				
-							NNEU		-
					_				
COMPONENTS	AFCAC 251	ULANA	FALCON	I ADUCI N	 				
					I COMPANION				CLUC XICS
-			DMINS MAINT	ZENITH				ULANE I	ANMT SUPER
							TAPE REPLAN	PHASE II	MICRO
		HOST SPERRY							
							-	~	
		IUNISCOPE TERMII							
		NAI SPERRY							
		UNISCOPEHOST							
						-			
LOCAL BRIDGES		×							

·.

1

Figure 4

:

:

CONTRACT AWARD/EXPIRATION DATES

		_						ľ	ĺ										
	1811			FY92				F Y93				FY94				FVQS	-	-	Γ
CONTHACTS	2nd	3rd	4th	151	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	414	1	740	1				-+-	1
								1		2		10		210	4th	1st	2nd 3	4 4	÷
FALCON DMINS MAINTENANCE		•	SEP						1									-	
												Τ	T				-+		
SMSCRC	•																-	•	
											л П Л		T						•
ULANA										1									
					T						SEP								
DESKTOP- III												•_							ĺ
										•		:	:		:	•	NN		
DASD- II														1					
													:			D E C			
DLANET- II	••••																		-
							T	+								DEC		-+	
GSA SCHEDULE	••••		SEP				1											-+-	
							+		T	\uparrow	1		T				-+		
ARMY SUPER MICRO	••••	•••••	•••••	•															
					T	Ī	1	+-						:	:		:	•	:
NAVY SUPER MINI				007											T		-	_	
						Γ			T						:	•	•		:
NAVY DATA BASE MACHINE			JUL													-+-	-+-		
										T	+-					•			•
LAPTOP- II			SEP								1:								
						_						T	T						
CTOL	:	•	••••	•											1		-	-	
									T	ļ.							•		
UNIFY 2000	MAR	•											T				+		
					-											•			•
CARTRIDGE TAPE REPLACEMENT	:																		
							-		<u> </u>	Ì						•	•		•
PC SOFTWARE 1	••••	•••••	::	:													-		
Figure 5					1	1		1	1								•		:

E. <u>ACOUISITION CONSIDERATIONS</u>.

Requirements for hardware/software/peripherals must be submitted through each activity's servicing OTIS in accordance with DLAR 4710.1 and 4710.8. Due to continued budget constraints, it is extremely important that only justified requirements be forwarded to DLA-Z and that the justification identify any cost savings or productivity enhancements that will be achieved by acquiring the requested equipment. Any requests over one year old and not procured due to lack of funds will be returned to the requesting activity for revalidation of the requirement. Any O&M requirements under \$25,000 should be procured locally if within the activity's procurement authority.

All of the Joint Services contracts will be modified to allow any DLA authorized ADPE Contracting Officer to process delivery orders for maintenance and training, if applicable. As noted in DLAR 4105.1, DACO is the only DLA contracting office authorized to buy microcomputers, regardless of the procurement source, unless a delegation of procurement authority is provided by DACO/DLA-P.

Further, we request DLA activities forward requirements to Headquarters only for awarded contracts unless otherwise requested. Available items are known only after contract award, and advance orders will have to be returned. Information concerning each contract will be provided all DLA activities immediately upon their award.

F. <u>REFERENCES</u>.

- The following documents provide additional references.
- a. DLA Systems Software Blueprint, Sep 86.
- b. DLA Open Systems Architecture for Information Systems.
- c. Strategic Architectural Objectives.
- d. ULANA "LAN-IN-A-CAN" Design Manual, HQ EID USAF.
- e. TRW ULANA Components Guide, Doc. 0010, Rev. C.
- f. DSAC Business Model.
- g. DLAR 4710.1, Management of Automated Data . Processing/Telecommunications (Acquisition of ADP/T Resources).
- h. DLAR 4710.8, End User Computing Policy.
- i. Staff Memorandum No. 4, Front-Door Process, Mar 86.
- j. DLA-Z Policy Letter, 26 Jun 90, subject: Desktop III, Contract No. F01620-90-D-0001.
- k. SMC Ordering and Configuration Catalog, 15 Nov 90.
- 1. Defense Logistics Agency Information Resources Management (IRM) Near-Term Planning Document FY 90-92, May 1990.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

Contract Number

۰.

- 1. DLAH00-86-D-0005 Falcon DMINS Maintenance Contract
- 2. DLAH00-90-D-0018 CTOL Contract

3. F19630-88-D-0005 Standard Small Multi-User Computer (AT&T 3B2) Contract (Also known as AFCAC 251 or SMSCRC) •

Contract Name

- 4. F19528-88-D-0039 (EDS) Ulana Contract F19528-88-D-0040 (TRW)
- 5. F01620-90-D-0001
- 6. DLAH00-90-D-0005
- 7. DLAH00-90-C-0001 DLANET Phase II
- 8. VARIOUS
- 9. DAHC94-90-D-0012
- 10. DLAH00-91-D-0003
- 11. F01620-91-D-0001
- 12. NSN 7025012725039

DASD II

GSA Schedule Contracts

Desktop III Contract

- Army Super Microcomputer Contract
 - Cartridge Tape Replacement Contract

:

- PC Software I
 - CD-ROM Reader Contract

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

1. Falcon DMINS Maintenance Contract.

Award Date - Jul 1990 Contract Life - 1 year Contract Type - Firm-fixed Price Requirements Contracting Office - Defense Logistics Agency (DACO) Ordering Date - Has begun

An extension until July 1991 of the Falcon DMINS contract was granted for maintenance <u>only</u>. Development of a follow-on maintenance contract has started. The Desktop III contract and the Army Super Microcomputer contract are available for.PCs. The Navy Super Minicomputer contract, currently scheduled for award in the first quarter of FY92, will provide DMINS size equipment.

2. CTOL Contract.

Award Date - Aug 1990 Contract Life - 10 years Contract Type - Requirements Contracting Office - Defense Logistics Agency (DACO) Ordering Date - Mar 1991

This contract is for use in support of the Federal Catalog System and related logistics functions. It is to be used by cataloging activities for a variety of hardware and software to include Sequent minicomputers, Zenith graphics workstations, Oracle data base management system, LANs, laser printers, scanners, aperture card readers, and optical juke boxes.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

3. <u>Standard Small Multi-User Computer (AT&T 3B2) Contract</u>. (Also known as AFCAC 251 and SMSCRC)

Award Date - Oct 1988

Contract Life - Initial award for 2 years with options to expand to 5 years for hardware and training and 8 years for software, data, spares, maintenance and systems engineer support.

Contract Type - Requirements

Contracting Office - Air Force

Ordering Date - Has begun; DLA has a quota of 25 systems per month This contract is for multi-user systems that will support from 8 to 64 users. The systems are both Tempest and non-Tempest. The operating system is System V UNIX. Associated peripherals, software and LAN equipment are also available. DLA is a mandatory participant. This contract was awarded to AT&T.

4. ULANA Contract.

Award Date - Sep 1988

Contract Life - 5 years; 3 years for hardware maintenance with option to extend for 2 additional years of maintenance

Contract Type - Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity

Contracting Office - Air Force

Ordering Date - Has begun

This contract provides LAN products and services, networking standards, system high secure networks, and interim network management systems. There are plans for migration to OSI, GOSIP, and to provide a fully automated ISO standard network management. The ULANA contract consists of two winning contractors, EDS and TRW, two manufacturers who produce interoperable equipment.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

5. <u>Desktop III Contract</u>.

Award Date - Jan 1990

Contract Life - 5 years ordering life with an additional 3 years of maintenance

Contract Type - Firm-fixed Price Requirements

Contracting Officer - Air Force

Ordering Date - Has begun

This contract, awarded to Unisys, is the follow-on to the Z-248 contract. Desktop III covers a range of products from 32-bit systems, mass storage, memory expansion, and peripheral devices to single and multi-user operating systems and software. DLA is a non-mandatory participant.

6. <u>DASD-II Requirements Contract</u>.

Award Date - Dec 1989 Contract Life - 5 years with maintenance Contract Type - Firm-fixed Price Requirements Contracting Office - Defense Logistics Agency (DACO) Ordering Date - Has begun

This contract, awarded to Storage Technology Corporation (STK), contains Bid Lots One, Two and Three.

Lot One contains an 8890-12 storage control unit including a two-channel switch and 12MB cache memory. Cache memory may be upgraded only one time to 18MB, 36MB or 72MB. Disk drives available are double capacity (5.06GB) 8380-AE4 and 8380-BE4 drives and single capacity (2.52GB) 8380-AD4 and 8380-BD4 drives.

Lot Two contains a 4305-008 Electronic Disk Storage/Solid State Device including a four-channel switch and 96MB storage module. An uninterruptable power supply (battery backup) is available and the 4305 solid state device can be upgraded to 576MB cache.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

Lot Three contains an 8890-72 storage control unit including a two-channel switch and 72MB cache memory. High performance disk drives available are single capacity (2.52GB) 8380-AP4 and 8380-BP4 drives and Triple capacity (7.56GB) 8380-AF4 and 8380-BF4 drives.

7. DLANET Phase II.

Award Date - Dec 1989 Contract Life - 5 years (Sep 1994) Contract Type - Firm-fixed Price (No delivery orders) Contracting Office - Defense Logistics Agency (DACO) Ordering Date - Has begun

This contract, awarded to National Cash Register (NCR), provides memory expansion and operating system upgrades to the Agency's Comtens. Included as an option is a suite of DDN software.

8. <u>GSA Schedule Contracts</u>

Award Date - Oct 1990 Contract Life - 1 year Contract Type - Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity Contracting Office - General Services Administration (GSA) Ordering Date - Has begun

These contracts provide a variety of frequently requested hardware and software products. The majority of IBM mainframe software is bought this way. GSA Schedule Contracts are normally issued for a period of one (1) year (1 Oct - 30 Sep) and are open to all agencies and services.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

9. Army Super Microcomputer Contract.

Award Date - Jul 1990

Contract Life - 5 years for ordering and options to expand to 7 years for maintenance

Contract Type - Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity

Contracting Office - Army

Ordering Date - Has begun

This acquisition offers an integrated office automation support system for from 2-12 users for worldwide use. The systems are configured from non-developmental, commercially available hardware, system software and selected application software.

10. Cartridge Tape Replacement/Automated Tape Library (ATL).

Award Date - Nov 1990 Contract Life - 5 years Contract Type - Requirements Contracting Office - Defense Logistics Agency (DACO) Ordering Date - Has begun

This acquisition provides ATLs and cartridge tapes drives to the Agency as replacements for antiquated 9-track tape drives.

11. <u>PC Software I</u>.

Award Date - Nov 1990 Contract Life - 5 years Contract Type - Requirements Contracting Office - Air Force Ordering Date -

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

AVAILABLE CONTRACTS

This contract provides upgrades for PC software obtained from the Zenith 248 and Laptop contracts. It is not to be used for new software acquisition.

12. CD-ROM Readers.

Award Date -

Contract Life -

Contract Type -

Contracting Office -

Ordering Date - Has begun.

CD-ROM readers (5 1/4" disks), cabling, and power cords for an IBM PC-XT or PC-AT environment may be requisitioned using NSN 7025012725039. Item manager is DESC (S9E).

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

ANTICIPATED CONTRACTS

٠.

Contract Name

۰.

- 1. Navy Super Minicomputer System
- 2. Navy Data Base Machine
- 3. Laptop II
- 4. Standard Desktop Companion
- 5. Unify 2000 Upgrade
- 6. Optical Disk
- 7. MVS TCP/IP
- 8. TEMPEST II
- 9. PC Software II

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

ANTICIPATED CONTRACTS

1. <u>Navy Super Minicomputer System</u>.

..

Award Date - Estimated 1st Quarter FY92 Contract Life - 5 years Contract Type - Requirements Contracting Office - Navy Ordering Date - Unknown at this time

This contract will provide the capability for up to 256 concurrent users on a system. Among the hardware on this contract are workstations, printers, and modems. The CPU will be based on the 32 bit architecture. There will be a DDN gateway as well as compliance with GOSIP standards. The DASD for the 256 user system will be expandable up to 27GB. DLA will be a non-mandatory participant.

2. Navy Data Base Machine Contract.

Award Date - Estimated 4th Quarter FY91 (July)

Contract Life - 5 years with options for 5 mor years for maintenance

Contract Type - Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity

Contracting Office - Navy

Ordering Date - Unknown at this time

This is a joint services acquisition for database machines, special purpose processors which perform basic database management functions. Different hosts can share the same database machine. Off-loading the data base management functions can extend the host computers' system life. Database interoperability with different vendor hardware is also provided. The acquisition is for hardware, software, maintenance, training, documentation and support services.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

ANTICIPATED CONTRACTS

3. Laptop II.

Award Date - Estimated 4th Quarter FY91

Contract Life - 2 years for purchase with option to extend to 5 years with maintenance

Contract Type - Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity

Contracting Office - Navy

Ordering Date - Unknown at this time

This is the replacement for the current lapheld contract. This contract will offer three types of lapheld microcomputers: regular 80286 size, notebook size, and 80386 size. This contract will provide for a selection of compatible peripheral devices, communications, software, warranty service, maintenance, and replacement parts that will be used worldwide. DLA is a non-mandatory participant on the Laptop II contract.

4. Standard Desktop Companion Contract.

Award Date - Nov 89 Contract Life - 5 years Contract Type - Firm fixed price requirements contract Contracting Office - Navy Ordering Date - To be specified

The protest filed against the award made on this contract was upheld. The new award date is estimated to be 1 Apr 91. This contract, originally awarded to Zenith Data Systems, provides a variety of hardware and software compatible with the Z-248 systems. It also provides maintenance for all Z-248 contract equipment except for the 20mb tape backup unit shipped under CLIN 0016AA. Items on the contract include an upgrade for the microprocessor, mass storage devices, memory expansion, modems, printers, presentation devices, multi-user operating systems, some MS-DOS compatible software and desktop publishing. DLA is a mandatory participant.

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

ANTICIPATED CONTRACTS

5. <u>Unify 2000 Upgrade</u>.

Award Date - Mar 1991 Contract Life - Five years of maintenance Contract Type - One-time Contracting Office - Defense Logistics Agency (DACO) Ordering Date - Thirty days after award

DLA has entered into preliminary negotiations with the Unify Corporation to provide the Unify 2000 data base management system (DBMS) as a replacement for all copies of the Unify DBMS currently installed on the Gould 9050s. Technical services to support the conversion would also be provided.

6. Optical Disk.

Award Date -Contract Life -Contract Type -Contracting Office -Ordering Date -

Preliminary discussions have taken place on recommendations to the USAF for adding optical disk to the SMSCRC contract.

7. <u>MVS_TCP/IP</u>.

Award Date -Contract Life -Contract Type -Contracting Office -Ordering Date -

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION SYSTEMS COMPONENT LIST

ANTICIPATED CONTRACTS

Plans are being made for this acquisition which will provide Network File System (NFS) access between the mainframe and other tiers. This establishes compatibility with the NFS already available on the other tiers. This may be a GSA Schedule buy.

8. TEMPEST II.

· ·

Award Date -Contract Life -Contract Type - Requirements Contracting Office - Air Force Ordering Date -

Project undertaken to provide TEMPEST PCs and associated peripherals and software.

9. <u>PC Software II</u>

Award Date -Contract Life -Contract Type - Indefinite Quantity/Indefinite Delivery Contracting Office - Air Force Ordering Date -

This acquisition will provide a variety of software for PCs provided by the Joint Service Acquisitions.

12 FEB 1991

DLA-Z

٤.

SUBJECT: DLA Information Systems Technology Integration Guide

TO: Commanders of DSAC, DFSC, DASC, DTIC, DLSC Chief, Defense Automatic Address System Office

1. The enclosed document is approved as published for immediate adoption. This Guide is meant for use in design of the technical platform for systems. Initially, it will be revised at least quarterly.

2. You are encouraged to provide ideas for additional inclusions to the document or comments on the document as it exists. Point of contact is Sally Barnes, DLA-ZIA, DSN 667-7107.

Encl

Section

BOBBY L. PARSONS Deputy Assistant Director Information Systems and Technology DLA-Z

DLA Information Systems Technology Integration Guide SUBJECT:

Commanders of DSAC, DFSC, DASC, DTIC, DLSC TO: Chief, Defense Automatic Addressing System Office

The enclosed document is approved as published for immediate 1. adoption. The Guide is meant for use in design of the technical platform for systems. Initially, it will be revised at least quarterly.

2. You are encouraged to provide ideas for additional inclusions to the document or comments on the document as it exists. Point of contact is Sally Barnes, /DLA-ZIA, DSN 667-7107.

Encl

This document was coordinated separately. Comments were MFR: received from both ZR and DSMO. The gist of these comments is that the target technical architecture is not described. That is NOT the purpose of this document. It is to provide information on available or anticipated contract vehicles and how to use them for system design.

Coord:

DLA-ZIA /h

K+les ZA Blue Clip DLA-ZJ

PEFA

31500 91 Sally Barnes/ENABLE/TIGLTR/31Jan91/sb Prepared by: 1-31-91 sho

Inter-Office Memorandum

1 G JAN 1991

REFER TO DLA-ZI

SUBJECT: DLA Information System Technology Integration Guide

T0:

DSMO DLA-ZO DACO DLA-ZR

1. Enclosed is the DLA Information System Technology Integration Guide. You have seen it before for coordination and, as much as was possible, your comments have been included. Request your coordination by Thursday, 24 Jan 91. A negative response is not necessary, your concurrence will be assumed unless we hear from you.

2. If you have any questions, see Lt Col Rose, DLA-ZIA, 47506, or Ms. Barnes, DLA-ZIA, 617-7107.

1 Encl

A. Deane Trim

signed F. DEADE ERWIN Court Courte Integration Division

+U.S. GPO: 1989-241-065/02933

DLA-Z

•

SUBJECT: DLA Information Systems Technology Integration Guide

TO: Commanders of DSAC, DFSC, DASC, DTIC, DLSC Chief, Defense Automatic Addressing System Office

The enclosed document is approved as published for immediate 1. adoption. The Guide is meant for use in design of the technical platform for systems. Initially, it will be revised at least quarterly.

2. You are encouraged to provide ideas for additional inclusions to the document or comments on the document as it exists. Point of contact is Sally Barnes, DLA-ZIA, 27 667-7107.

DSN

2

Encl			6 1
Coord:	DLA-ZIA Pre	DLA-21	• DSMO
	DLA-ZO	DACO	DLA-ZR

The VI and

DLA-ZR

SUBJECT: DLA Information System Technology Integration Guide

TO: DLA-ZI

1. Reference your IOM dated 16 Jan 91, subject as above.

2. The subject document presents a representative environment with associated objectives but does not really define an approved top-level target architecture or implementation planning approach. Integration, for instance, of the clientserver architecture into the existing environment will take an evolutionary, phased implementation and budgeting approach accomplished under approved policies and procedures. For example, without this type of approach, it is difficult to assess whether the statement of page 13, 1b regarding the purchase of unintelligent terminals, is strategically, technologically, or financially a sound proposition. If client/server architecture can be implemented within the next 2-3 years it may be; if it takes 5-10 years, it may not be.

3. Hopefully, our concerns will be addressed at the upcoming discussions to be scheduled on Technology and Telecommunications.

4. If you have any questions, please contact Jean Singer at extension 47576.

ROBERT M. HARRISON, Jr.

Deputy Chief Information Resources Management Division

J. SInger/47576/sg/22 Jan 91

ł

coordination: ZRI _____ ZRD/ZR _____