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19 ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number) Using highly efficient Fluorescence excitation spectroscopy of individual pentacene molecular impurities in p-terphenyl crystals, we have observed that some pentacene defects exhibit spontaneous spectral jumps in their resonance frequency at 1.5 K, with a jump rate independent of laser power. In addition, the low-power limiting linewidth for single pentacene absorbers reaches the lifetime limit of 7.8 MHz at 1.5 K.

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**Comment on "Single Pentacene Molecules Detected by Fluorescence
Excitation in a p-Terphenyl Crystal"**

by

W. E. Moerner and W. P. Ambrose

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Solid State Physics

**COMMENT ON "SINGLE PENTACENE MOLECULES DETECTED BY FLUORESCENCE
EXCITATION IN A P-TERPHENYL CRYSTAL"**

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ABSTRACT: Using highly efficient fluorescence excitation spectroscopy of individual pentacene molecular impurities in *p*-terphenyl crystals, we have observed that some pentacene defects exhibit spontaneous spectral jumps in their resonance frequency at 1.5 K, with a jump rate independent of laser power. In addition, the low-power limiting linewidth for single pentacene absorbers reaches the lifetime limit of 7.8 MHz at 1.5K.

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Comment on "Single Pentacene Molecules Detected by Fluorescence Excitation in a p-Terphenyl Crystal"

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In a recent Letter, Orrit¹ et al. show the fascinating result that the use of fluorescence excitation for single molecule detection (SMD) and spectroscopy in solids can yield excellent signal-to-noise ratio, thus confirming earlier SMD using absorption techniques.² We obtain similar results using fluorescence excitation, and wish to comment on two points.³

Orrit et al. find anomalously large line widths of 10-15 MHz for single pentacene molecules at 25 mW/cm². We find similar widths at similar intensities; however, at lower intensity (1.8 mW/cm²) the lifetime-limited width⁴ of 7.8 ± 0.2 MHz is reached (Fig. 1). We find a measured saturation intensity I_s of 7 ± 3 mW/cm² which is an order of magnitude below the three-level I_s calculated from known photophysical parameters⁴. Apparently, while the power-broadening characteristic of single pentacenes is modified, the excited state lifetime is not.

Orrit et al. observe sudden drops and surges in some emission peaks which are interpreted as photo-induced spectral hole-burning of single molecules.¹ While photo-induced changes may occur, we find that two distinct classes of molecules are present: class I, which are stable in time, and class II, which show spontaneous, discontinuous jumps in resonance frequency of 20-60 MHz on a 1-420 s time scale. The occurrence of class II defects is quite common in the wings of the inhomogeneous line (increasing to 40 % at +0.23 nm from line

center), but only class I defects have been observed in a spectral region from 0.003 to 0.01 nm from line center. Fig. 2 shows that for fixed laser frequency, the fluorescence of a class II defect turns on and off in a stochastic fashion as the molecule jumps into and out of resonance. Moreover, the jump rate changes little with laser power (Fig. 2 a,b). We find no evidence that the jumping transitions are laser-driven; the dominant effect appears to be spectral diffusion of class II molecules perhaps because they are coupled to an (unidentified at present) ensemble of two-level systems in the host undergoing phonon-assisted tunneling.

This work was supported in part by the U. S. Office of Naval Research.

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FIGURE CAPTIONS

Figure 1. Fluorescence excitation spectrum for a single pentacene molecule in a sublimed crystal of p-terphenyl at 1.5 K. $0 \text{ MHz} \equiv 592.407 \text{ nm}$, far into the wings of the 0_1 site inhomogeneous line. The solid line is a Lorentzian fit.

Figure 2. Spectral jumps in the resonance frequency of a class II single defect detected with a fixed frequency laser at 592.362 nm . (a) 0.9 nW , (b) 36 nW .

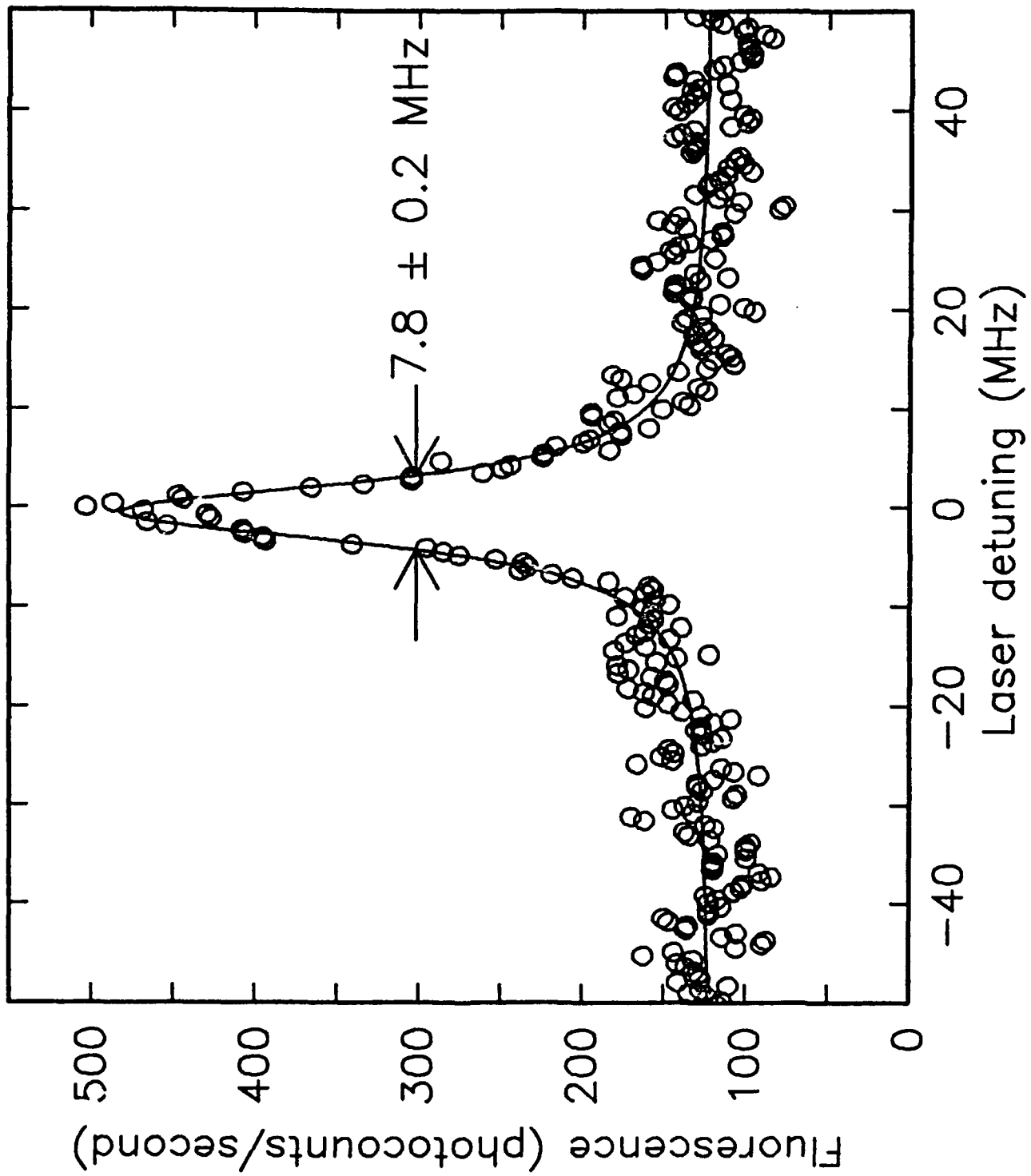


FIGURE 1

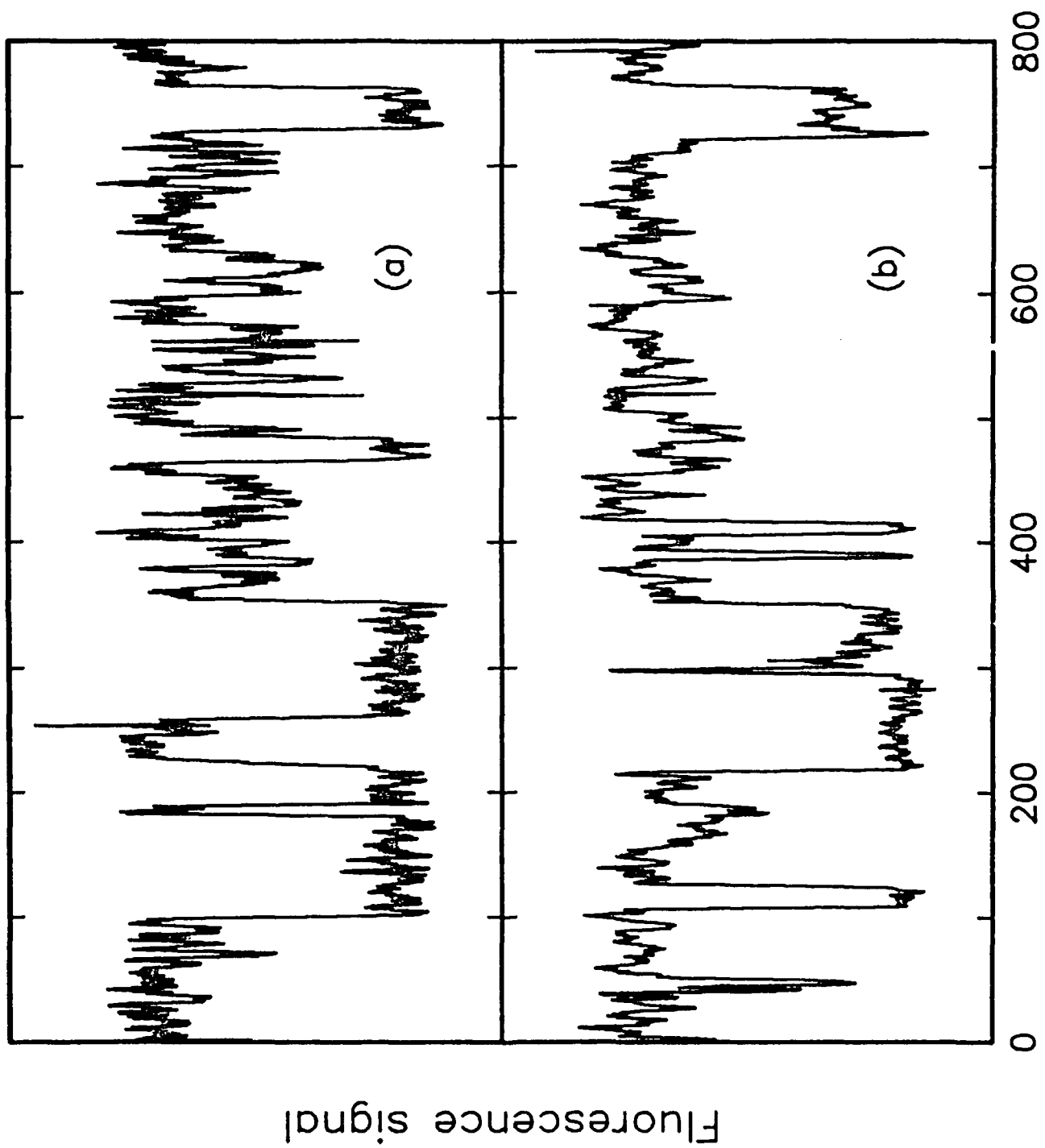


FIGURE 2

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