

AFOEHL REPORT 90-188EQ00086KEF



AD-A230 238

Source Emission Testing of the
Rail Shop Media Blast Booth
Hill AFB UT

ROBERT J. O'BRIEN, Capt, USAF, BSC

OCTOBER 1990

Final Report

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AF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory (AFSC)
Human Systems Division
Brooks Air Force Base, Texas 78235-5501

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13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) At the request of HQ Ogden ALC/EM, personnel of the AFOEHL Air Quality Function conducted source emission testing for particulates on the Rail Shop Media Blast Booth at Hill AFB. Testing was performed on 29 and 30 Aug 90. The Utah Bureau of Air Quality required testing for approval order compliance. Particulate emissions were above the emission limits allowed by the State of Utah. Action is recommended to bring the media blast booth into compliance. <-----				
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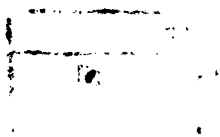
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I. INTRODUCTION

On 29 & 30 Aug 1990, stationary compliance testing for particulate emissions was accomplished on the Toole Army Depot Media Blast Booth at Hill AFB by the Air Quality Function, Environmental Quality Division, Air Force Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory (AFOEHL). This survey was requested by HQ Ogden ALC/EM via HQ AFLC/SGBE to satisfy Utah Air Conservation Regulation emission testing requirements. The request letter is found in Appendix A. Personnel involved with on-site testing are listed in Appendix B.

II. DISCUSSION

A. Background

Section 3.4.1, Utah Air Conservation Regulations, requires emissions testing of all sources with established emissions limitations at least once every five years. The media blast booth, last tested in 1983, was required to be retested by 11 Sep 1990 as directed in a Utah Bureau of Air Quality letter to Toole Army Depot dated 14 Feb 1990.

B. Site Description

The media blast booth is a 60' by 21' by 26' high facility located at the Hill AFB Rail Shop, adjacent to building 1701. Blasting is performed an average of 15 hours per week using aluminum oxide grit media. During media blasting, suspended particles are drawn out of the facility and through a connecting bag house. The fan, located on the cleanside of the bag house, then exhausts the cleaned air through a stack attached to the side of the media blast booth. A photograph of the exhaust stack is shown in Figure 1. Also during blasting, those particles landing on the floor of the media blast booth will fall through a grate and be carried to a cyclone where the large and small particles are separated. The larger particles are reused for media blasting while the smaller particles are exhausted through the bag house. The cyclone is located in the control room attached to the back-side of the media blast booth. The control equipment is manufactured by FARR (Model 3) and the bag house filters used are disposable Ten-K paper cartridges.

C. Applicable Standards

The source testing standards for particulate and visible emissions are defined in Utah Bureau of Air Quality Approval Order dated 13 Sep 1983. These standards are found in Appendix C of this report and summarized below.

1. Particulate Emissions: The outlet particulate loading shall not exceed 0.02 grains per dry standard cubic foot (gr/dscf) nor 5.31 pounds per hour (lb/hr).

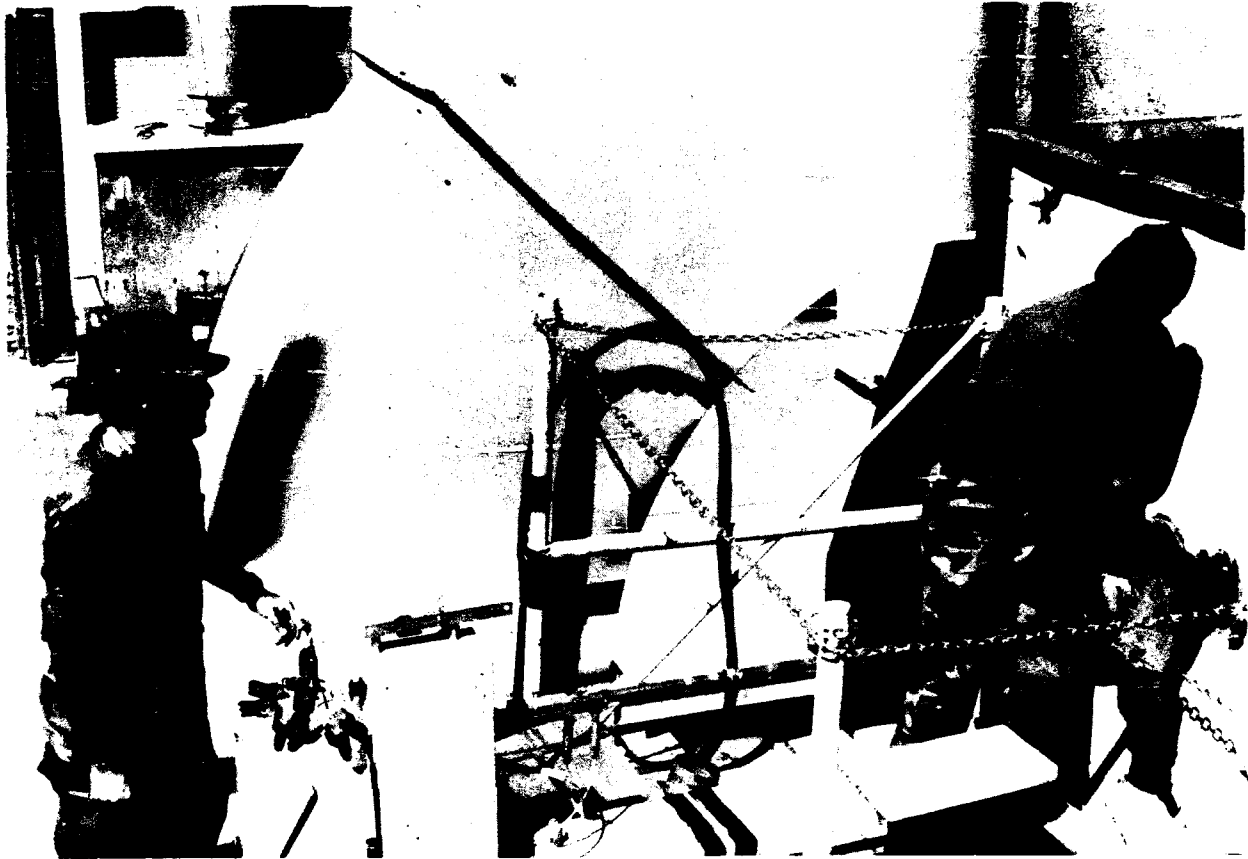


Figure 1. Media Blast Booth, Hill AFB UT

2. Visible Emissions: No visible emissions from any point shall exceed 40% opacity.

D. Sampling Methods and Procedures

Particulate emissions testing was conducted in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Methods 1 through 5 found in Appendix A to Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 60 (40 CFR 60) as dictated by Utah Bureau of Air Quality Approval Order dated 13 Sep 1983. Three sampling runs, 62.5 minutes each, were conducted and the results averaged to determine a final emission rate.

The media blast booth facility has a 31.5 inch by 45.75 inch rectangular stack. Five sampling ports exist on the 45.75 inch side of the stack. The port holes are on the same horizontal plane located 10.92 feet downstream and 3.08 feet upstream from any flow disturbance. With an effective inside diameter of 3.11 feet, sampling ports are greater than one half duct diameters upstream and two duct diameters downstream from any flow

disturbance. Based on this information and the type of sample (particulate), twenty-five traverse points (5x5 matrix) were used to collect a representative particulate sample.

Prior to the first sample run on the stack, cyclonic flow was determined by using the Type S pitot tube and measuring the stack gas rotational angle at each point along the center traverse. Flow conditions are considered acceptable when the arithmetic mean average of the rotational angles is 20 degrees or less. Measurements show the stack air flow to be within acceptable limits. A preliminary velocity pressure traverse was also accomplished before the first sample run.

A grab sample for ORSAT analysis (measures oxygen and carbon dioxide for stack gas molecular weight determination) was taken during the first sampling run. ORSAT sampling and analysis equipment are shown in Figures 2 and 3. Flue gas moisture content, needed for determination of flue gas molecular weight, was obtained during particulate sampling.

Particulate samples were collected using the sampling train shown in Figure 4. The train consisted of a button-hook probe nozzle, heated glass-lined probe, heated glass-fiber filter, impingers, and a pumping and metering device. The probe nozzle was sized prior to the sample run so that the gas stream could be sampled isokinetically, (i.e., the velocity at the nozzle tip was the same as the stack gas velocity at each point sampled). Flue gas velocity pressure was measured at the nozzle tip using a Type S pitot tube connected to a 10-inch inclined-vertical manometer. Type K thermocouples were used to measure flue gas as well as sampling train temperatures. The probe liner was heated to minimize moisture condensation. The heated filter was used to collect particulates. The impinger train (first, third, and fourth impingers - modified Greenburg-Smith type; second impinger - standard Greenburg-Smith design) was used as a condenser to collect stack gas moisture. The pumping and metering system was used to control and monitor the sample gas flow rate. Equipment calibration data is presented in Appendix D.

Front half particulate matter (material collected on sampling train surfaces up to and including the filter) was determined for compliance purposes according to the procedures specified in EPA Method 5. Although not used in the emission calculations, back half particulate matter (material collected on sampling train surfaces after the filter) was determined at the request of the Utah Bureau of Air Quality. The method used for determining back half particulate catch is found in Appendix C. Field data from particulate sampling is presented in Appendix E. Emission calculations were accomplished using the "Source Test Calculation and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators" (EPA-340/1-85-018) developed by the EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park NC. Resulting emission calculations are presented in Appendix F.

Visible emission (opacity) readings were performed by the Utah Bureau of Air Quality.

E. Results

The table provides particulate emission test results for the media blast booth.

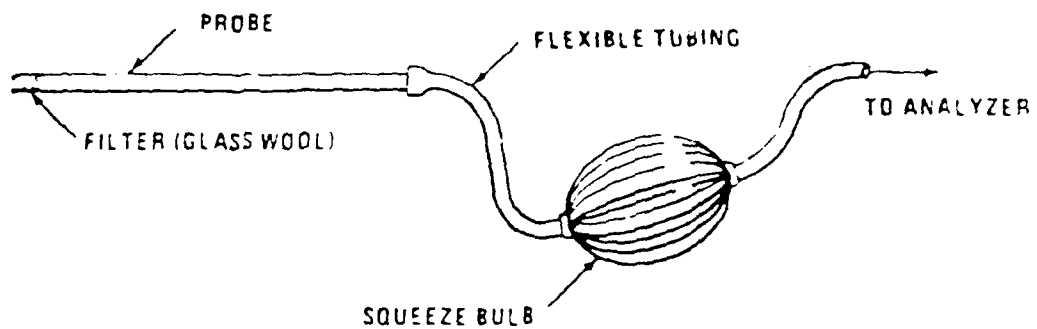


Figure 2. Grab Sampling Train

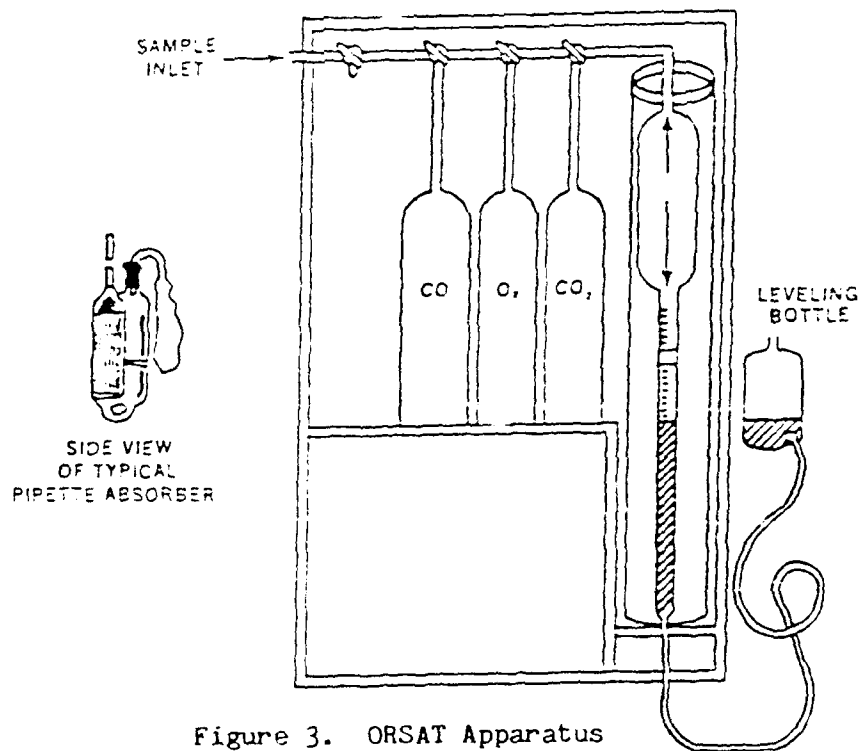


Figure 3. ORSAT Apparatus

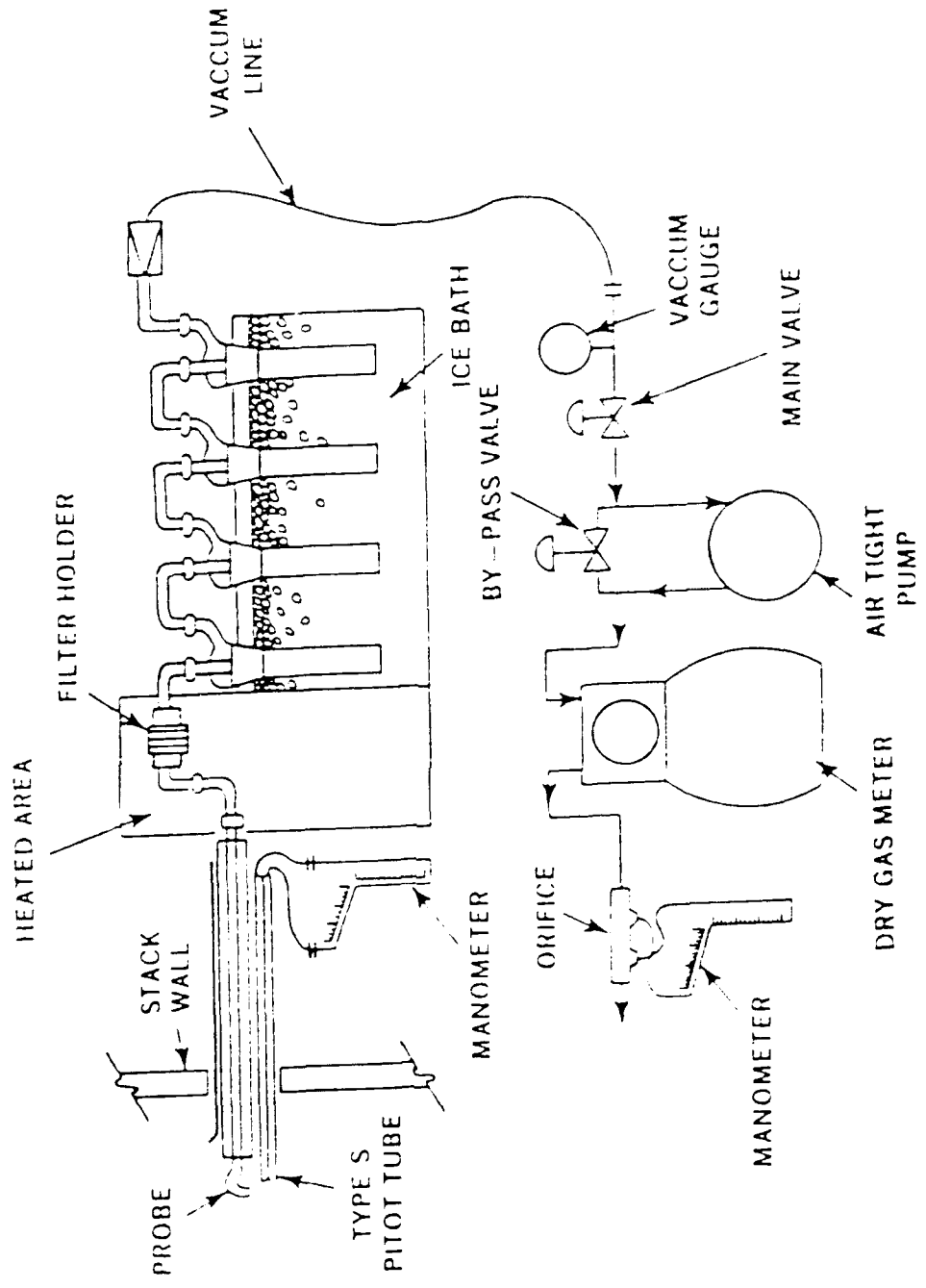


Figure 4. Particulate Sampling Train

Stack Emission Test Results

Run #	Average % Isokinetic Sampling Rate	Sample Volume (dscf)	Stack Gas Flow Rate (dscf/min)	Particulate Emissions (lb/hr)	(gr/dscf)
1	100.63	79.214	36,385	13.45	0.04
2	99.33	77.020	35,842	18.41	0.06
3	95.75	72.738	35,114	13.32	0.04
				-----	----
			Average =	15.06	0.05

Note: dscf = dry standard cubic foot
dscf/min = dry standard cubic foot per minute
lb/hr = pounds per hour
gr/dscf = grains per dry standard cubic foot

III. CONCLUSIONS

The booth exceeded the Utah Bureau of Air Quality particulate emission standard of 0.02 gr/dscf in all three runs. Possible reasons for the excessive particulate emissions include:

1. The type of bag house filters used may not be adequate for this type of operation. For example, low permeable filters should be used when the particles being filtered are predominately small and the static electric charge of the filters should be opposite that of the particles.
2. The velocity of the exhaust gas passing through the bag house may be greater than required. The higher the velocity, the greater the amount of particulate matter passing through the filters will be.
3. A leak may have developed within the bag house filters.
4. Excessive blasting pressure and/or overly fine blasting media may increase the amount of small particles being generated.

IV. RECOMMENDATIONS

An evaluation of the entire media blast facility, including emission controls, needs to be performed. This evaluation includes the following:

1. Since the facility was below the same standards when last tested in 1983, determine if any operational and/or equipment modifications have been made since that time.

2. Determine if the proper bag house filters are used for this operation, e.g., evaluate filter material, construction, permeability, and static electric charge.

3. Determine if a slower velocity (fan speed) can be used to effectively draw particulates through the bag house.

4. Routinely inspect the bag house filters to ensure optimum performance.

5. Evaluate actual blasting parameters, e.g., media type, media size, blasting pressure.

The media blast booth will need to be retested following your evaluation and implementation of corrective measures. AFOEHL will remain active in supporting the base's present and future needs.

References

1. Code of Federal Regulations. Vol 40, Parts 53-60, The Office of the Federal Register National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, Washington DC, July 1989.
2. Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems - Volume III, Stationary Source Specific Methods, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-600/4-77-027-b, Research Triangle Park , North Carolina, December 1984.
3. Source Test Calculation and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-340/1-85-018, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, May 1987.

APPENDIX A
Request Letter

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DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS OGDEN AIR LOGISTICS CENTER (AFLC)
HILL AIR FORCE BASE, UTAH 84056-5999

29 MAY 1990

REPLY TO
ATTN OF EM

SUBJECT Stack Test for Particulate Emissions - Media Blast Booth, Bldg 1701

TO HQ AFLC/SGBE
USAF OEHL/CC
IN TURN

1. Atch 1 is Utah Bureau of Air Quality's letter requiring that the media blast booth stack in building 1701, Rail Shop, be tested for particulate emissions using EPA Test Method 5. This test is to be conducted prior to 11 Sept 90. Atch 2 is the State Approval Order (Air Permit) stipulating air emissions limit not to exceed 0.02 Grains/DSCF or 5.31 lbs/hr.
2. Media blast booth in Rail Shop is used for grit blasting locomotive & generators using aluminum oxide grit media. Blast booth is equipped with media recovery/recycle, classifier cyclone, dust collector, an exhaust fan and a stack. Dust collector filter elements were last changed 7 May 90. The stack is rectangular measuring approximately 42" X 37" and 24' high. Five (5) sample ports each 5" diameter are provided. Sample ports elevation is about 20' above grade. Rail Shop will provide access scaffolding to sample ports.
3. Request OEHL support in performing this test to demonstrate compliance with the permit conditions. Our point of contact is Jay Gupta, OO-ALC/EME, AV 458-7651.

James R. VanOrman

JAMES R. VAN ORMAN
Director of Environmental Management

- 2 Atch
- 1. State's letter 14 Feb 90
- 2. Approval Order 13 Sept 83

cc: USAF Hospital Hill/SGB

1st Ind, SGBE

06 JUN 1990

TO: USAF OEHL/CC

I believe this to be an important requirement; however, this is an Army facility. Request your support, if possible.

John Joyce
 JOHN JOYCE, Lt Col, USAF, BSC
 Chief, Environmental Quality
 Office of the Command Surgeon

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APPENDIX B
Personnel Information

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1. AFOEHL Test Team

Maj Ramon Cintron-Ocasio, Chief, Air Quality Branch
Capt Paul T. Scott, Consultant, Air Quality Meteorologist
Capt Ronald Vaughn, Consultant, Air Quality Branch
Capt Robert O'Brien, Consultant, Air Quality Branch
Sgt Stanley Dabney, Technician, Environmental Quality

AFOEHL/EQA
Brooks AFB TX 78235-5501

Phone: DSN 240-3305
Commercial (512) 536-3305

2. Hill AFB on-site representatives

Mr Jay Gupta	OO-ALC/EME
Mr Steve Rasmuson	OO-ALC/EME
	DSN 458-7651
	COM (801) 777-7651

Mr Andy Golson	SDSTE-MAI-R
Mr Parley Tingey	SDSTE-MAI-R
	DSN 458-5913
	COM (801) 777-5913

3. State of Utah representative

Colleen Delaney	288 North 1460 West
	P.O. Box 16690
	Salt Lake City UT 84116-0690
	COM (801) 538-6722

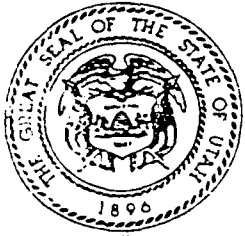
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Appendix C
State Regulations

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J. Matheson
Governor

STATE OF UTAH
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
150 West North Temple, P.O. Box 2500, Salt Lake City, Utah 84110-2500



Kenneth Lee Alkema, Director
Room 474 801-533-6121

September 13, 1983
533-6108

James O. Mason, M.D., Dr.P.H.
Executive Director
801-533-6111

DIVISIONS

Community Health Services
Environmental Health
Family Health Services
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OFFICES

Administrative Services
Community Health Nursing
Management Planning
Medical Examiner
State Health Laboratory

Larry Fisher
Tooele Army Depot
Tooele, Utah 84074

RE: Approval Order for Sandblasting
Room (Bldg. 1701), Tooele County

Dear Mr. Fisher:

On August 6, 1983, the Executive Secretary published a notice of intent to approve baghouse controls for the sandblasting room in Building 1701, Tooele County. The 30 day public comment period has expired, and no comments were received.

This air quality approval order authorizes the baghouse controls and sandblasting operation as proposed in your notice of intent dated June 16, 1983, with the following operating conditions:

1. All emission control equipment shall be properly installed, maintained, and operated as proposed in the notice of intent dated June 16, 1983.
2. No visible emissions from any point shall exceed 40% opacity.
3. The baghouse shall be stack tested within 180 days of startup. EPA test methods 1 - 5 shall be used. The outlet particulate loading shall not exceed 0.02 grain/dscf nor 5.31 lb/hr. A pretest conference shall be held between the Bureau of Air Quality, Tooele Army Depot, and the tester.
4. The Executive Secretary shall be notified upon startup as an initial compliance inspection is required.

Sincerely,

Brent C. Bradford
Executive Secretary
Utah Air Conservation Committee

MRK/ads
cc: EPA Region VIII (J. Philbrook)
Tooele County Health Dept.
3830

ATCH-2

3.3.6 *Exemptions and Waivers.* Exemptions and waivers from the requirements of this paragraph 3.3 may be made by the Committee to the extent permitted under Federal Law.

3.3.7 *Reconstruction.* A reconstructed source will be treated as a new source for purposes of section 3.3 if it otherwise meets the definition of a major source. Reconstruction will be presumed where the fixed capital cost of the new components exceeds 50 percent of the fixed capital cost of a comparable entirely new stationary source. Fixed capital cost means the capital needed to provide all the depreciable components.

3.4 *Emission Testing*

3.4.1 Emission testing will be required of all sources with established emission limitations at least once every five years. Sources approved in accordance with Section 3.1 will be tested within six months of start-up. Sources for which emission limitations are established pursuant to Section 3.2.1 which do not require modification will be tested within one year of the effective date of these regulations. In addition, if the Executive Secretary has reason to believe that an applicable emission limitation is being exceeded (i.e., through visible emission observations and monitoring data, etc.) he may require the owner or operator to perform such emission testing as is necessary to determine actual compliance status. The Committee may grant exceptions to the mandatory testing requirements of this paragraph 3.4.1 which are not inconsistent with the purposes of these regulations.

3.4.2 At least 30 days prior to conducting any emission testing required under any part of these regulations, the owner or operator shall notify the Executive Secretary of the date, time and place of such testing and, if determined necessary by the Executive Secretary, the owner or operator shall attend a pretest conference.

3.4.3 All tests shall be conducted while the source is operating at the maximum production or combustion rate at which such source will be operated. During the tests, the source shall burn fuels or combustion of fuels, use raw materials, and maintain process conditions representative of normal operations, and shall operate under such other relevant conditions as the Executive Secretary shall specify.

3.4.4 The Executive Secretary may reject emissions test data if they are determined to be incomplete, inadequate, not representative of operating conditions specified for the test, or if the State was not provided an opportunity to have an observer present at the test.

3.5 *Emissions Industry.* The owner or operator of a stationary source of air pollution which emits 25 tons per year or more of air contaminant must submit a report of emission to the Executive Secretary at least annually. Emission inventory reports shall include the rate and period of emission, specific plant source of air pollution, composition of air contaminant, type and efficiency of air pollution control equipment and other information necessary to quantify operation, pollution emission and evaluate pollution control.

3.6 *Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality (PSD)*

3.6.1. *Area Designations.* All areas of the State shall be designated as Class I, II, or III.

a. Pursuant to section 162(a) of the federal Clean Air Act the following areas are designated as mandatory Class I:

- (1) Arches National Park
- (2) Bryce Canyon National Park
- (3) Canyonlands National Park
- (4) Capitol Reef National Park
- (5) Zion National Park

b. Pursuant to section 162(b) of the federal Clean Air Act, all other areas of the State are designated as Class II unless redesignated as provided in section 3.6.2 or are designated as non-attainment areas.

3.6.2 *Area Redesignation.*

a. Within the restrictions and requirements of this paragraph, the Committee may submit to the Governor for decision a recommendation to redesignate areas from any class to any other class.

b. In accordance with Section 162(a) of the Clean Air Act, areas designated as Class I under paragraph 3.6.1(a) may not be redesignated.

c. In accordance with Section 164(a) of the Clean Air Act, the following areas may be redesignated only as Class I or II.

(1) An area which as of August 7, 1977, exceeded 10,000 acres in size and was a national monument, a national primitive area, a national preserve, a national recreation area, a national wild and scenic river, a national wildlife refuge, a national lakeshore or seashore; and

(2) A national park or national wilderness area established after August 7, 1977, which exceeds 10,000 acres in size.

d. Except as provided in paragraphs 3.6.2.b, c, and f, the Committee may submit to the Governor for decision a recommendation to redesignate areas of the State as Class III if:

(1) There has been compliance with the requirements of paragraphs 3.6.2.e:

(2) Such redesignation will not cause, or contribute to, concentrations of any air pollutant which exceed any maximum allowable increase permitted under the classification of any other area or any national ambient air quality standard; and

(3) Any permit application for any major source or major modification which could receive an approval order only if the area in question were redesignated as Class III, and any material submitted as part of that notice of intent were available, insofar as practicable, prior to any public hearing or redesignation.

In accordance with Section 164 of the Clean Air Act, redesignations to Class III may be approved by the Governor only after consultation with appropriate committees of the legislature and if units of local government representing a majority of the residents of the proposed area to be redesignated enact ordinances concurring in the redesignation.

e. Prior to submittal to the Governor of a recommendation to redesignate any area:

(1) Notice shall be published in each daily newspaper in the affected area and written notice shall be made to local government units, other states, Indian governing bodies, Federal Land Managers whose lands may be affected by the proposed redesignation and public hearings shall be conducted in the affected areas. Such notice shall be made at least 30 days prior to the public hearing and include a statement of the availability of the discussion outlined in paragraph 3.6.2.e(2). Prior to the issuance of a notice under this paragraph respecting the redesignation of any Federal lands, a written notice shall be given to the appropriate Federal lands, a written notice shall be given to the appropriate Federal Land Manager who shall be afforded opportunity (not to exceed 60 days) to confer with the Committee respecting the redesignation and to submit written comments and recommendations. In recommending redesignation of any area with respect to which a Federal Land Manager

schedule. Compliance must be achieved as expeditiously as practicable but no later than December 31, 1983 or such later date as may be specified by Congress or EPA under the Clean Air Act.

4.10 Abrasive Blasting.

4.10.1 Visible Emission Standards.

a. No person shall, if he complies with performance standards outlined in Section 4.10.3 or if he is not located in an area of nonattainment for particulates, discharge into the atmosphere from any abrasive blasting any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is a shade or density darker than 40% opacity.

b. No person shall, if he is not complying with an applicable performance standard in Section 4.10.3 and is in an area of nonattainment, discharge into the atmosphere from any abrasive blasting any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is of a shade or density no darker than 20% opacity.

4.10.2 Visible Emission Evaluation Techniques. Visible emission evaluation of abrasive blasting operations shall be conducted in accordance with the following provisions:

a. Emissions from unconfined blasting shall be read at the densest point of the emission after a major portion of the spent abrasive has fallen out, at a point not less than five feet nor more than twenty-five feet from the impact surface from any single abrasive blasting nozzle.

b. Emissions from unconfined blasting employing multiple nozzles shall be judged as a single source unless it can be demonstrated by the owner or operator that each nozzle, evaluated separately, meets the emission and performance standards provided for in this Section 4.10.

c. Emissions from confined blasting shall be read at the densest point after the air contaminant leaves the enclosure.

4.10.3 Performance Standards.

a. To satisfy the requirements of Section 4.10.1, any abrasive blasting operation may use at least one of the following performance standards:

- (1) Confined blasting;
- (2) Wet abrasive blasting;
- (3) Hydroblasting; or
- (4) Unconfined blasting using abrasives as defined in Section 4.10.3.b.

b. *Abrasives.* Abrasives used for dry unconfined blasting referenced in paragraph 4.10.3.a shall comply with the following performance standards:

(1) Before blasting the abrasive shall not contain more than 1% by weight material passing a #70 U.S. Standard sieve.

(2) After blasting the abrasive shall not contain more than 1.8% by weight material 5 micron or smaller.

Abrasives reused for dry unconfined blasting are exempt from b(2), but must conform with b(1).

c. *Abrasive Certification.* Sources using the performance standard of Section 4.10.3.a(4) to meet the requirements of Section 4.10.1 must demonstrate they have obtained abrasives from persons which have certified (submitted test results) to the Executive Secretary at least annually that such abrasives meet the requirements of Section 4.10.3.b.

4.11

Regulation for the Control of Fluorides from Existing Plants.

a. The owner or operator of the Chevron Chemical Company Phosphate Fertilizer Plant located in the Wasatch Front Air Quality Control Region shall not after July 1, 1983, discharge, or cause the discharge of fluoride into the atmosphere in excess of the following:

1. *Wet Process Phosphoric Acid Plants.* The fluoride emissions exclusive of tank farm emissions shall not exceed 148 g/metric ton of equivalent P_2O_5 feed.

2. *Superphosphoric Acid Plants.* Total fluoride emissions shall not exceed 5 g/metric ton of equivalent P_2O_5 feed.

3. *Ammonium Phosphate Plants.* Total fluoride emissions shall not exceed 508 g/metric ton of equivalent total product.

b. Prior to the commencement of operation of any existing Triple Superphosphate Plant or Granular Triple Superphosphate Storage Facility located in the Wasatch Front Air Quality Control Region, Chevron shall submit a notice of intent to the Executive Secretary and obtain appropriate emission limitations.

c. Within 180 days following the effective date of this section, the owner or operator of the Chevron Phosphate Fertilizer Plant shall conduct testing to determine compliance with the emission limitations listed in subparagraphs a 1-3.

d. Compliance with the emission limitations shall be determined as follows:

1. Emissions from all sources in the plant or process for which compliance is being demonstrated with potential emissions greater than .2 pounds per day fluoride shall be included in the demonstration of compliance.

2. All tests shall be conducted while the source is operating at the maximum rate at which such source will be operated. During the tests, the source shall use raw materials and maintain process conditions representative of normal operations and such other relevant conditions as the Executive Secretary shall specify.

3. Fluoride shall be measured according to Method 13A or 13B, Appendix A, Part 60, Title 40, of the Code of Federal Regulations.

4. Flow rates shall be measured according to Method 1, Appendix A, Part 60, Title 40, of the Code of Federal Regulations.

5. Fugitive emissions from the sources covered in this Section 4.11 shall be estimated using methods and procedures which have been approved in advance by the Executive Secretary.

6. The Executive Secretary will be notified at least 30 days prior to the testing of any source.

7. Analysis, calculations, and preliminary results of all testing shall be made available to the Executive Secretary during any testing period.

8. Reports of all compliance testing must be submitted within 30 days of the completion of such testing unless otherwise approved by the Executive Secretary.

9. Records of all compliance testing shall be kept for a period of two years following such testing.

e. Subsequent emissions testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section 3.4 of these regulations.

4.12 — National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants.

The provisions of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 61, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, are incorporated into these regulations by reference. References in 40 CFR Part 61 to "the Administrator" shall refer to the Executive Secretary of the Committee. See Appendix C.

STATE OF UTAH
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

150 West North Temple, P.O. Box 2500, Salt Lake City, Utah 84110



Alvin E. Rickers, Director
Room 428 801-533-6121

533-6108

October 19, 1981

James O. Mason, M.D., Dr.P.H.
Executive Director
801-533-6111

Utah Method for Analyzing the EPA Method 5 Back Half Particulate

DIVISIONS

Community Health Services
Environmental Health
Family Health Services
Health Care Financing
and Standards

OFFICES

Administrative Services
Health Planning and
Policy Development
Medical Examiner
State Health Laboratory

In paragraph 4.1.3 of EPA Method 5, insert "distilled" before the word water and add to the end of the paragraph the following: "Take a volume of distilled water equal to the volume of water charged to the impingers directly from the container used to fill the impingers and place it in a clean sample container, cap the container and label "back half water blank"".

After following the procedure of paragraph 4.2 Method 5 transfer the impinger water from the graduated cylinder or (if the moisture determination was made gravimetrically) directly from the impingers to a clean sample container. Mark liquid level, cap and label the container "back half water". Then rinse the first three impingers and connecting glassware including the back half of the filter holder, with acetone. Place the rinse in another sample container, mark liquid level, cap and label "back half wash".

When the evaporation of the back half wash is to begin follow the procedure called for container #2 in paragraph 4.3 of Method 5. The same procedure is to be followed for the back half water except that the water should be evaporated in an oven in which the air temperature is held at 105°C rather than at ambient temperature. The back half water blank should be determined by the same procedure used for the acetone blank listed in paragraph 4.3 and 6.6 and 6.7 of Method 5. Back half particulate is the sum of the weights of the residues of the back half water and back half acetone rinse minus the water and acetone blanks.

Back half particulate is not to be added to the front half particulate captured in the probe and filter. Back half particulate should be reported separately and not used to determine compliance with State regulations.

il

**Appendix D
Calibration Data**

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METER BOX CALIBRATION DATA AND CALCULATION FORM

(English units)

Pre (fill)

Date 13 Aug 90 $V_{ac} = 5.0$ Meter box number Nutech 2
 Barometric pressure, $P_b = 30.12$ in. Hg Calibrated by Scott & Vaughn

Orifice manometer setting (ΔH), in. H ₂ O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (Θ), min	Y_i	$\Delta H\Theta_i$ in. H ₂ O
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t_w), °F	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet (t_{d_i}), °F	Outlet (t_{d_o}), °F	Avg ^a (t_d), °F			
0.5	5	4.984	⁷⁹ 542.0 ₈₅	⁷⁹ 543.5 ₈₈	⁷⁶ 548.5 ₈₁	541.0	13.1	1.00001	0.997 1.948
1.0	5	5.006	⁸⁵ 543.5 ₈₂	⁸⁸ 548.5 ₈₉	⁸⁷ 541.0 ₈₁	544.8	9.2	0.9987	1.932
1.5	10	10.080	⁸² 542.0 ₈₂	⁸⁹ 551.5 ₉₄	⁸¹ 542.5 ₈₄	547.0	15.0	0.9976	1.908
2.0	10	10.225	⁸² 542.5 ₈₃	⁹⁴ 555.5 ₉₄	⁸⁴ 545 ₈₆	550.25	13.1	0.9871	1.932
3.0	10	10.175	⁸³ 543.0 ₈₃	⁹⁷ 558.5 ₁₀₀	⁸⁶ 547 ₈₈	552.75	10.7	0.9932	1.928
^{vac = 7.0} 4.0	10	10.280	⁸³ 543.0 ₈₃	¹⁰⁰ 560 ₁₀₅	⁸⁹ 549 ₈₇	551.5	9.2	0.9838	1.8947
							Avg	0.993	1.924

ΔH , in. H ₂ O	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	$Y_i = \frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t_w + 460)}$	$\Delta H\Theta_i = \frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_d + 460)} \left[\frac{(t_w + 460) \Theta}{V_w} \right]^2$
0.5	0.0368	$Y_i = \frac{(5)(30.12)(541)}{(4.984)(30.1568)(542.0)}$	$= \frac{(0.0317)(0.5)}{(30.12)(541)} \left[\frac{(542)(13.1)}{5} \right]^2 = 1.948$
1.0	0.0737	$Y_i = \frac{(5)(30.12)(544.75)}{(5.006)(30.1937)(543.5)}$	$= \frac{(0.0317)(1.0)}{(30.12)(544.8)} \left[\frac{(543.5)(9.2)}{5} \right]^2 = 1.932$
1.5	0.110	$Y_i = \frac{(10)(30.12)(547.0)}{(10.08)(30.230)(542.0)}$	$= \frac{(0.0317)(1.5)}{(30.2)(547)} \left[\frac{(542)(15)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.9076$
2.0	0.147	$Y_i = \frac{(10)(30.12)(550.25)}{(10.225)(30.267)(542.5)}$	$= \frac{(0.0317)(2.0)}{(30.12)(550.25)} \left[\frac{(542.5)(13.1)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.9320$
3.0	0.221	$Y_i = \frac{(10)(30.12)(552.75)}{(10.175)(30.341)(543.0)}$	$= \frac{(0.0317)(3.0)}{(30.12)(552.75)} \left[\frac{(543)(10.7)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.9288$
4.0	0.294	$Y_i = \frac{(10)(30.12)(554.5)}{(10.28)(30.414)(543)}$	$= \frac{(0.0317)(4)}{(30.2)(554.5)} \left[\frac{(543)(9.2)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.8947$

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

Test number Qnx Date 20 Sep 40 Meter box number Myltech 2 Plant Post Hill AFB
 Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.43$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number _____ Pretest $Y = 0.993$

Orifice manometer setting, (ΔH), in. H ₂ O	Gas volume		Temperature ^a			Time (θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	Y_i	Y_i
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t_w), °F	Inlet (t_{d_i}), °F	Dry gas meter Average (t_{d_o}), °F				
3.0	10	4.89	79 534	89 81	77 74	10.55	11.9	1.0129	$V_w P_b (t_d + 460)$ $V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t_w + 460)$ $\frac{10(29.43)(544)}{9.89(29.43 + 20/13.6)} 534$
3.0	10	9.442	79 538.5	90 83	77 81	10.55	11.9	1.0117	$\frac{10(29.43)(545.75)}{9.342(29.43 + 20/13.6)} 534$
3.0	10	9.97	78 537.5	93 94	81 83	10.57	11.9	1.0145	$\frac{10(29.43)(547.75)}{9.27(29.43 + 20/13.6)} 537.5$

$Y = 1.0130$

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d where

V_w = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft³.

V_d = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft³.

t_w = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, °F.

t_{d_i} = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

t_{d_o} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_{d_i} and t_{d_o} , °F.

ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in. H₂O.

Y_i = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs;
 tolerance = pretest $Y \pm 0.05Y$. 0.993 ± 0.04965

P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg. $0.9734 \leftarrow Y_{post} \rightarrow 1.0427$

θ = Time of calibration run, min.

TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

#6B

Pitot tube assembly level? yes no

Pitot tube openings damaged? yes (explain below) no

$\alpha_1 = 0^\circ (<10^\circ)$, $\alpha_2 = 0^\circ (<10^\circ)$, $\beta_1 = 0^\circ (<5^\circ)$,

$\beta_2 = 1^\circ (<5^\circ)$

$\gamma = 0^\circ$, $\theta = 0^\circ$, $A = \frac{1}{16}$ in. (1.0625)

$z = A \sin \gamma = 0.0$ in. (in.); <0.32 cm ($<1/8$ in.),

$w = A \sin \theta = 0.0$ in. (in.); $<.08$ cm ($<1/32$ in.)
0.0313

$P_A = \frac{17}{32} (0.53)$ in. (in.) $P_b = \frac{17}{32} (0.53)$ in. (in.)

$D_t = 0.375$ in. (in.)

Comments: CONSTRUCTED IAW 40 CFR 60, APP A, METH 2,
FIG 2.2. ASSIGNED BASELINE COEFFICIENT = 0.84

Calibration required? yes no

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 19/20 Oct 88 Thermocouple number IMPINGER 06
 Ambient temperature 26 °C Barometric pressure 29.232/29.175 in. Hg
 Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS
 other _____

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference ^c % °C *
0	ICE BATH	0	0.6	0.6
—	ROOM TEMP	26	25.5	0.5

^aEvery 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.

^bType of calibration system used.

^c
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

* MUST BE WITHIN 1°C OF REF

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 19 Oct 88 Thermocouple number STACK P1
 Ambient temperature _____ °C Barometric pressure 29.232 in. Hg
 Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS
 other _____

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, % ^c
0°	ICE BATH	0.3	0.6	0.1
100°	BOILING WATER	98.9	100.6	0.5
—	GLYCEROL	174.0	177.2	0.7

^aEvery 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.
^bType of calibration system used.
^c
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 19 Oct 88 Thermocouple number STACK P7
 Ambient temperature _____ °C Barometric pressure 29.232 in. Hg
 Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS
 other _____

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, % ^c
0°	ICE BATH	0.3	0.3	—
100°	BOILING WATER	98.9	100.6	0.5
—	GLYCEROL	174.6	177.8	0.7

^aEvery 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.

^bType of calibration system used.

^c
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 < 1.5\%.$$

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

NUTECH #2

Date 3 JAN 89 Thermocouple number INLET/OUTLET

Ambient temperature 26 °C Barometric pressure _____ in. Hg

Calibrator GARRISON Reference: mercury-in-glass ASTM 63F
SCOTT other _____

Reference point number	Source ^a (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, ^b % °C *
INLET				
-	HOT WATER BATH	43.5	43	.5
-	ROOM TEMP	26	26	0
OUTLET				
-	HOT WATER BATH	43.5	42	1
-	ROOM TEMP	26	26.5	.5

^aType of calibration system used.

^b
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 < 1.5\%$$

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.5

* MUST BE WITHIN 3°C OF REFERENCE

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 29 Aug 90

Calibrated by Paul S. + L

Nozzle identification number	Nozzle Diameter ^a			ΔD , ^b mm (in.)	D_{avg} ^c
	D_1 , mm (in.)	D_2 , mm (in.)	D_3 , mm (in.)		
#2	0.252	0.252	0.253	0.001	0.252

where:

^a $D_{1,2,3}$ = three different nozzle diameters, mm (in.); each diameter must be within (0.025 mm) 0.001 in.

^b ΔD = maximum difference between any two diameters, mm (in.).
 $\Delta D \leq (0.10 \text{ mm}) 0.004 \text{ in.}$

^c D_{avg} = average of D_1 , D_2 , and D_3 .

probe 6B
 stack thermo P1
 inline thermo P7
 impinger thermo D6

Appendix E
Field Data

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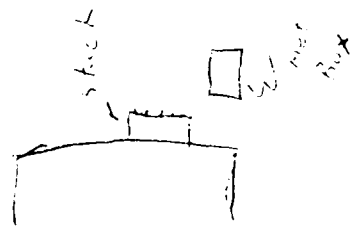
PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

RUN NUMBER # 1
 DATE 29 Aug 90
 PLANT Bend Blast Facility Bldg 1701
 BASE Hill AFB
 SAMPLE BOX NUMBER
 METER BOX NUMBER
 Qw/Qm
 Co

AMBIENT TEMP
 STATION PRESS 30.19 in Hg
 HEATER BOX TEMP
 PROBE HEATER SETTING
 PROBE LENGTH 7.2 in
 NOZZLE AREA (A_n)
 Cp
 DRY GAS FRACTION (Fd)

EQUATIONS
 $OR = OF + 460$
 $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m \cdot V_p}{T_s}$
 Pitot check OK - okay
 Probe check OK 18 ft in - okay
 Test
 Probe check OK 18 ft in - okay
 Pitot check Post - okay

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION



TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP		VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (H)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP		SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)
			(°F)	(°R)				IN (°F)	OUT (°F)		
1	2.5		75		2.1	7.12	46.75	67	68	217	191
2	5		70		3.2	10.01		76	67	253	206
3	7.5		67		2.1	9.05	65.50	80	68	260	230
4	10		65		2.1	7.74	66.7	85	70	263	244
5	12.5		66		2.0	7.27	66.537	80	71	255	247
6	15		65		6	7.42	66.713	81	72	254	246
7	17.5		68		6.8	8.35	67.312	81	73	254	242
8	20		66		6.5	8.40	67.300	70	71	255	247
9	22.5		66		6.9	8.88	68.151	70	75	255	247
10	25		66		6.7	8.88	68.502	71	75	257	247
11	27.5	8	67		6.75	9.44	68.1	72	76	255	248
12	30		71		6.3	6.03		70	77	252	250
13	32.5		68		6.4	6.53	67.025	71	76	254	250
14	35	5	66		6.5	7.02	67.78	81	78	258	247
15	37.5		66		6.5	7.02	70.371	70	78	257	248
16	40		71		6.52	3.38	70.58	80	79	258	251
17	42.5	3	71		7.0	3.21	70.802	81	78	260	237
18	45	3	73		7.0	3.50	71.015	85	78	260	247
19	47.5	3	71		7.5	4.27	71.85	86	78	262	261
20	50	3	70		7.7	3.58	71.071	87	78	261	256
21	52.5	3	73		8.0	1.21	71.857	87	79	258	255
22	55	1	78		8.4	1.56	72.068	88	79	259	258
23	57.5	1	78		8.8	1.71	72.710	87	80		

01
7/2

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

RUN NUMBER # 1 DATE PLANT BASE SAMPLE BOX NUMBER METER BOX NUMBER Q_w/Q_m Co	AMBIENT TEMP STATION PRESS HEATER BOX TEMP PROBE HEATER SETTING PROBE LENGTH NOZZLE AREA (A) Cp DRY GAS FRACTION (Fd)
---	--

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION

EQUATIONS

$$^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$$

$$H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$$

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP		VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (H)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP			SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)
			(°F)	(Ts) (°R)				IN (°F)	AVG (Tm) (°R)	OUT (°F)		
34	60	2	77		1/6	3.11	724.65	86		80	257	50
35	67.5	1	74		3.3	1.48	726.58	87		80	261	50
			Ave Ts = 76.0			ΔH = 5.83			Ave Tm = 81			
							31 = 19,868					
							17575 = 21,8036					

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE Hill AFB	DATE 29 Aug 70	RUN NUMBER # 1
-------------------------	--------------------------	--------------------------

BUILDING NUMBER 1701	SOURCE NUMBER Bead Blast Facility Vent
--------------------------------	--

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	0.4294	, 2916	0.1378
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	95.5791	95.4438	acetone rinse = 1.7mg 0.0336
BACK HALF (if needed) <i>not included in total weight</i>			0.0222 0.1214
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			0.2214 gm

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	162 ml	200	- 38
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	210 ml	200	10
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	10 ml	0	10
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	219.3 g	200	19.3
Total Weight of Water Collected			1.3 gm

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	0	0	0		0
VOL % O ₂	19.4	19.4	19.4		19.4
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

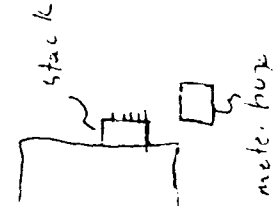
Vol % N₂ = (100% - % CO₂ - % O₂ - % CO)

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

1/2

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION		EQUATIONS		AMBIENT TEMP					
TRaverse POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H2O)	VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (in)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP		SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)
						IN (°F)	AVG (Tm) (°F)	OUT (°F)	
1	12.25 hrs	1	.28	1.21	728.505	86		85	214
2	2.5	1	.33	1.44	730.418	90		85	
3	7.5	1	.40	1.83	734.15	91		85	237
4	10	2	.46	2.11	736.2	93		86	244
5	12.5	3	.57	2.24	738.13	95		86	244
6	15	3	.70	3.21	740.30	93		87	247
7	17.5	4	.64	3.05	742.73	93		90	247
8	20	4	.75	3.48	745.12	96		92	244
9	22.5	4	.71	3.69	751.445	102		92	222
10	25	6	1.10	5.07	754.3	98		93	232
11	30	7	1.3	6.05	757.70	103		94	253
12	32.5	8	1.4	6.55	761.35	106		94	260
13	34	8	1.4	6.56	765.15	108		95	248
14	37.5	10	1.7	6.57	766.05	109		95	247
15	41.5	8	1.5	7.05	772.65	104		96	232
16	43.5	11	1.8	8.47	776.51	107		96	217
17	45	11	1.7	8.05	780.37	108		97	248
18	47.5	11	1.8	8.50	784.21	108		98	248
19	50	11	1.8	8.50	788.17	108		98	248
20	52.5	9.5	2.3	10.84	791.10	105		99	247
21	55	11	2.4	11.37	795.78	103		99	248

$OR = OF + 460$
 $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F \cdot Cp \cdot A}{Co} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{Tm}{Ts} \cdot Vp$
 Plot Check line - OK
 Probe check OK
 Post
 Plot check OK
 Plot check OK



RUN NUMBER # 2
 DATE 27 Aug 90
 PLANT Bead Blast Facility Bldg 1701
 BASE H.11 AFB
 SAMPLE BOX NUMBER
 METER BOX NUMBER Nuclecl. # 2
 Qw/Qm
 Co

STATION PRESS 30.14 OF
 HEATER BOX TEMP OF
 PROBE HEATER SETTING OF
 PROBE LENGTH 6 ft
 NOZZLE AREA (A) 7/16 sq ft
 Cp 0.54
 DRY GAS FRACTION (F_d)

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

4/2

Schematic of Stack Cross Section				EQUATIONS					AMBIENT TEMP										
$^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F \cdot d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$				$^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$					$H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F \cdot d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$										
TRaverse POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H2O)	STACK TEMP ($^{\circ}F$)	STACK TEMP ($^{\circ}R$)	VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (H)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP IN ($^{\circ}F$)	GAS METER TEMP OUT ($^{\circ}F$)	SAMPLE BOX TEMP ($^{\circ}F$)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP ($^{\circ}F$)	STATION PRESS	HEATER BOX TEMP	PROBE HEATER SETTING	PROBE LENGTH	NOZZLE AREA (A)	Cp	DRY GAS FRACTION (Fd)	
33	57.5	11	78		2.0	9.51	799.68	10.7	100	253	63								
34	66.0	11	76		2.0	9.55	823.54	110	100	250	62								
35	62.5	11	78		1.35	8.80	307.45	110	100	255	62								
			$T_s = 81$			$\Delta H = 5.89$													
							$V_L = 79,945$												

#2

How Brown on Point 0 stop testing - 1310
started - 1313

operator went to get Drink to stop 1311
refect - 1318

* Note - Actual Orifice Diff Pressure for points 17-25 were 7.4
Flow values were completed, open

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE Hill AFB	DATE 27 Aug 90	RUN NUMBER #2
-------------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

BUILDING NUMBER 1701	SOURCE NUMBER Bead Blast Facility Vent
--------------------------------	--

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	0.5070	0.2873	0.2197
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	93.7053	93.6250	acetone residue = 0.9mg 0.0794
BACK HALF (if needed) <i>not included in total weight</i>			0.0209
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			0.2991 gm

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	180 ml	200	- 20
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	202 ml	200	2
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	3 ml	0	3
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	219.8 g	200	19.8
Total Weight of Water Collected			4.8 gm

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂					
VOL % O ₂					
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

Vol % N₂ = (100% - % CO₂ - % O₂ - % CO)

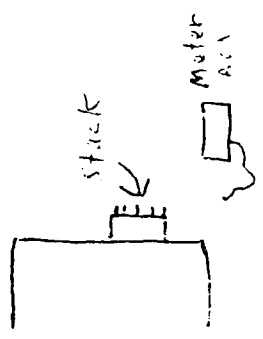
1/2

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

RUN NUMBER		SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION		EQUATIONS		AMBIENT TEMP		GAS METER TEMP		SAI PLE BOX TEMP		IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP	
TRaverse POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in Hg)	STACK TEMP (°F)	STACK TEMP (°F)	VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (actual)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	IN (°F)	AVG (Tm) (°F)	OUT (°F)	SAI PLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)	
1	2.5	12	81	81	2.1	9.47/6.2	871.08	80		77	242	47	
2	5.0	12	80	80	2.1	9.54/6.2	877.88	85		78	243	45	
3	7.5	12	80	80	2.2	10.02/6.2	881.42	89		78	243	51	
4	10.0	12	81	81	2.1	9.49/6.2	894.73	90		79	244	56	
5	12.5	12	81	81	1.9	8.68/6.1	898.46	91		80	243	57	
6	15.0	12	81	81	1.6	7.27/6.2	892.10	86		80	243	59	
7	17.5	12	81	81	1.8	8.22/6.1	895.58	90		81	240	57	
8	20.0	12	81	81	1.7	7.77/6.1	899.11	91		81	245	58	
9	22.5	12	81	81	1.8	8.24/6.1	902.67	92		82	248	60	
10	25	12	81	81	1.3	8.24/6.1	906.18	92		82	250	60	
11	27.5	8.2	81	81	1.05	4.80	909.58	91		82	247	58	
12	30	10	81	81	1.2	5.51	912.88	93		83	247	54	
13	32.5	10.0	81	81	1.25	5.74	916.31	94		83	246	54	
14	35	12	81	81	1.45	6.67/6.1	919.82	95		83	247	54	
15	37.5	12	81	81	1.35	6.22/6.1	923.37	97		84	245	55	
16	40	4.9	81	81	0.66	3.04	925.87	94		85	246	56	
17	42.5	4.9	81	81	0.65	2.99	928.44	94		85	247	52	
18	45	5	82	82	0.75	3.45	931.06	95		85	246	51	
19	47.5	7	82	82	0.93	4.28	933.95	96		86	248	51	
20	50	5	82	82	0.71	3.28	936.73	98		86	244	52	
21	52.5	1.5	82	82	0.27	1.24	938.41	96		86	246	54	
22	55	1.5	81	81	0.31	1.43	940.14	95		87	247	51	

STATION PRESS 29.98
 HEATER BOX TEMP
 PROBE HEATER SETTING
 PROBE LENGTH 72
 NOZZLE AREA 4.14 dia
 Cp 0.252
 DRY GAS FRACTION (FG) 0.84

$OR = OF + 460$
 $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$
 Pre-sampling leak checks
 P, tot - ok.
 Probe @ 14 in Hg - ok.
 Post sampling
 P, tot - ok.
 Probe @ 15 in Hg - ok



DATE # 3
 PLANT 30 Aug 70
 BASE Royal Blast Facility
 HILL AFR
 SAMPLE BOX NUMBER
 METER BOX NUMBER
 Qw, Qm Nutech #2
 Co

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

2/2

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION $R = \sqrt[3]{\frac{5130 \cdot F \cdot d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o}}^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$		EQUATIONS $R = \sqrt[3]{\frac{5130 \cdot F \cdot d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o}}^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$		AMBIENT TEMI STATION PRESS _____ °F HEATER BOX TEMP _____ in Hg PROBE HEATER SETTING _____ °F PROBE LENGT I _____ in NOZZLE AREA (A) _____ sq ft C _p _____ DRY GAS FRACTION (F _d) _____	
RUN NUMBER # 3 DATE _____ PLANT _____ BASE _____ SAMPLE BOX NUMBER _____ METER BOX NUMBER _____ Q _w /Q _m _____ C _o _____	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O) _____ SAMPLING TIME (min) _____ TRAVEL POINT NUMBER _____	VELOCITY HEAD (V _p) _____ ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (H) _____ GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft) _____ GAS METER TEMP IN (°F) _____ GAS METER TEMP AVG (T _m) (°R) _____ GAS METER TEMP OUT (°F) _____ IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F) _____	STACK TEMP (°F) _____ STACK TEMP (T _s) (°R) _____ IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F) _____	SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F) _____ IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F) _____	
23 24 25	57.5 60 62.5	0.34 0.42 0.29	81 82 82	248 247 249	
		1.80 1.94 1.37	75 96 97	87 87 87	
		71.84 71.84	88 88	51 51 51	

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE <i>Hill AFB</i>	DATE <i>29 Aug 90</i>	RUN NUMBER <i># 3</i>
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BUILDING NUMBER <i>1701</i>	SOURCE NUMBER <i>Bead Blast Facility Vent</i>
--------------------------------	--

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	<i>0.3974</i>	<i>0.2576</i> <i>0.3733</i>	<i>0.1098</i>
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	<i>105.1509</i>	<i>105.0507</i>	<i>acetone rinse = 1.4 mg</i> <i>0.0988</i>
BACK HALF (If needed) <i>not included in total weight</i>			<i>0.0233</i>
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			<i>0.2086 gm</i>

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	<i>169 ml</i>	<i>200 ml</i>	<i>- 31</i>
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	<i>228 ml</i>	<i>200 ml</i>	<i>28</i>
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	<i>1 ml</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	<i>220g</i>	<i>200 g</i>	<i>20</i>
Total Weight of Water Collected			<i>18 gm</i>

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂					
VOL % O ₂					
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

$Vol \% N_2 = (100\% - \% CO_2 - \% O_2 - \% CO)$

PRELIMINARY SURVEY DATA SHEET NO. 1

(Stack Geometry)

BASE Hill AFB	PLANT Bead Blast Facility Bldg 1701
DATE 29 Aug 90	SAMPLING TEAM AFOEHL/EGA
SOURCE TYPE AND MAKE Bead Blast Facility Rent Bldg 1701	
SOURCE NUMBER N/A	INSIDE STACK DIAMETER L = 31.5" W = 45.75" $\eta_e = 37.3$ Area = 10.0 ft ² Inches
RELATED CAPACITY	TYPE FUEL N/A
DISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE TO INSIDE DIAMETER 5.7 Inches	
NUMBER OF TRAVERSES 5	NUMBER OF POINTS/TRAVERSE 5

LOCATION OF SAMPLING POINTS ALONG TRAVERSE

POINT	PERCENT OF DIAMETER	DISTANCE FROM INSIDE WALL (Inches)	TOTAL DISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE TO SAMPLING POINT (Inches)
1	1/10	3.15	6.15
2	2/10	9.45	12.45
3	3/10	15.75	18.75
4	7/10	22.05	25.05
5	9/10	28.35	31.35

PRELIMINARY SURVEY DATA SHEET NO. 2
(Velocity and Temperature Traverse)

BASE Hill AFB	DATE 29 Aug 90
BOLLER NUMBER Bead Blast Facility Bldg 1701	
INSIDE STACK DIAMETER L = 51.5" W = 45.75" D_r = 37.5 Area = 10.6 ft²	
STATION PRESSURE 30.19	
STACK STATIC PRESSURE -1.75 91	
SAMPLING TEAM HELEL	

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD, V _p IN H ₂ O	$2 \sqrt{V_p}$	STACK TEMPERATURE (°F)
1	1.0	12	70
2	1.2	3	
3	1.4	3	
4	1.6	2	
5	1.5	0	
	F 75 65	ACFM = 381	
	Pie FFM = 1.34		
	Pie FFM = 1.34		
	Pie = 0.19 4		
AVERAGE			

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Appendix F
Acetone & Distilled Water Blank Results
and Particulate Emissions Calculations

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BLANK ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Hill AFB, UT
 Sample location Rail Shop, bldg 1701 - Media Blast Booth
 Relative humidity _____
 Liquid level marked and container sealed
 Density of acetone (ρ_a) 0.786 g/ml
 Blank volume (V_a) 450 ml
 Date and time of wt 7 Sep 90 1600 Gross wt 97142.1 mg
 Date and time of wt 10 Sep 90 0800 Gross wt 97141.9 mg
 Average gross wt 97142.0 mg
 Tare wt 97140.5 mg
 Weight of blank (m_{ab}) 1.5 mg

$$C_a = \frac{m_{ab}}{V_a \rho_a} = \frac{(1.5)}{(450)(0.786)} = 0.0042 \text{ mg/g}$$

Note: In no case should a blank residue greater than 0.01 mg/g (or 0.001% of the blank weight) be subtracted from the sample weight.

Filters Filter number _____
 Date and time of wt _____ Gross wt _____ mg
 Date and time of wt _____ Gross wt _____ mg
 Average gross wt _____ mg
 Tare wt _____ mg
 Difference wt _____ mg

Note: Average difference must be less than ±5 mg or 2% of total sample weight whichever is greater.

Remarks _____

Signature of analyst Robert J. O'Brien
 Signature of reviewer _____

BLANK ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Hill AFB, UT
 Sample location Media Blast Booth at Rail Shop, bldg 1701
 Relative humidity _____
 Liquid level marked and container sealed _____
 Density of ^{distilled H₂O} acetone (ρ_a) 1.0 g/ml
 Blank volume (V_a) 500 ml
 Date and time of wt 11 Sep 90 1600 Gross wt 98733.7 mg
 Date and time of wt 13 Sep 90 0745 Gross wt 98733.7 mg
 Average gross wt 98733.7 mg
 Tare wt 98732.5 mg
 Weight of blank (m_{ab}) 1.2 mg

$$C_a = \frac{m_{ab}}{V_a \rho_a} = \frac{(1.2)}{(500)(1.0)} = 0.0024 \text{ mg/g}$$

Note: In no case should a blank residue greater than 0.01 mg/g (or 0.001% of the blank weight) be subtracted from the sample weight.

Filters Filter number _____
 Date and time of wt _____ Gross wt _____ mg
 Date and time of wt _____ Gross wt _____ mg
 Average gross wt _____ mg
 Tare wt _____ mg
 Difference wt _____ mg

Note: Average difference must be less than ±5 mg or 2% of total sample weight whichever is greater.

Remarks _____

Signature of analyst Robert J. O'Brien

Signature of reviewer _____

FROM "METH B"

RUN NUMBER
ONE

METER BOX V³
1.9930 RUN

DELTA H²
5.3500 RUN

BAR PRESS²
30.1800 RUN

METER VOL²
79.2600 RUN

MTR TEMP²
91.0000 RUN

% OTHER GAS
REMOVED BEFORE
DRY GAS METER²
0.0000 RUN

STATIC HOH IN²
-0.9100 RUN

STACK TEMP²
70.0000 RUN

ML WATER²
1.3000 RUN

* VOL MTR STD = 79.214
 STD PRES ABS = 30.18
 VOL HOH GAS = 0.00
 % MOISTURE = 0.00
 MOL DRY GAS = 0.999
 % NITROGEN = 80.60
 MOL WT DRY = 29.78
 MOL WT WET = 29.77
 VELOCITY FPS = 60.51
 STACK AREA = 10.00
 STACK ACFM = 36.384
 * STACK DSCFM = 36.385
 % ISOKINETIC = 100.00

END OF FIELD DATA

FROM "MASCFLC"

RUN NUMBER
ONE

RUN

VOL MTR STD²
79.214 RUN

STACK DSCFM²
36.385.00 RUN

FRONT 1/2 MG²
221.40 RUN

BACK 1/2 MG²
0.00 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.04
 F MG/MMH = 95.73
 F LB/HR = 13.45
 F KG/HR = 6.10

SAT V = 1.5

ORF. V. HOH = 0.1

% HOH=0.1

% CO₂
0.0000 RUN

% O₂ GEN²
19.4000 RUN

% CO₂
0.0000 RUN

MOL WT OTHER²
0.0000 RUN

MOL WT DRY = 29.78
 MOL WT WET = 29.77

SOFT PETS²
24.0000 RUN

TIME MIN²
50.5000 RUN

NOZZLE DIA²
1.2500 RUN

SOX DIA INCH²
RUN

AREA SQ FT²
10.0000 RUN

FROM "METS" 5"

RUN NUMBER			* VOL MTR STD = 77.020
TWO			STK PRES ABS = 32.12
METER BOX V?	RUN		VOL HOH GAS = 0.23
.9930	RUN		% MOISTURE = 0.29
DELTA HT			MOL DRY GAS = 0.997
5.8900	RUN		% NITROGEN = 80.60
BAR PRESS ?			MOL WT DRY = 28.76
30.1900	RUN		MOL WT WET = 28.74
METER VOL ?			VELOCITY FPS = 60.97
79.9450	RUN		STACK AREA = 16.00
MTR TEMP F?			STACK ACFM = 36.594.
97.0000	RUN	* STACK DISCFM = 35.842.	% ISOKINETIC = 99.33
% OTHER GAS			
REMOVED BEFORE			
DRY GAS METER ?			
0.0000	RUN	END OF FIELD DATA	
STATIC HOH IN ?			
-1.9100	RUN		
STACK TEMP.			
81.0000	RUN		
ML. WATER ?			
4.8000	RUN		

FROM "MASSFLOW"

SAT % = 3.5			RUN NUMBER	
			TWO	
				RUN
INF. W HOH = 0.3			VOL MTR STD ?	
			77.02	RUN
A HOH=0.3			STACK DISCFM ?	
			35.842.00	RUN
A CORR?			FRONT 1/2 MG ?	
0.0000	RUN		299.10	RUN
A DANGER?			BACK 1/2 MG ?	
19.4000	RUN		0.00	RUN
A DR ?				
0.0000	RUN		F GR/DSCF = 0.06	
MOL WT OTHER?			F MG/MMM = 137.14	
0.0000	RUN		F LB/HR = 16.41	
			F KB/HR = 8.25	
MW DRY=28.76				
MW WET=28.74				
SOFT PSTS ?				
24.9944	RUN			
TIME MIN ?				
63.5000	RUN			
NOZZLE DIA ?				
.2510	RUN			
STY DIA INCH ?				
	RUN			
AREA SQ FT ?				
16.0000	RUN			

XROM "METH 5"

RUN NUMBER
THREE

METER BCM ?
0.9530 RUN

DELTA H?
5.6300 RUN

BAR PRESS ?
29.9000 RUN

METER VOL ?
74.8400 RUN

MTR TEMP ?
88.8000 RUN

% OTHER GAS
REMOVED BEFORE
DAY GAS METER ?
0.0000 RUN

STATIC HGH IN ?
-0.9100 RUN

STACK TEMP,
81.0000 RUN

NL. WATER ?
18.0000 RUN

* VOL MTR STD = 72.738
STK PRES ABS = 29.91
VOL HGH GAS = 0.85
% MOISTURE = 1.15
MOL DRY GAS = 0.953
% NITROGEN = 80.60
MOL WT DRY = 28.78
MOL WT WET = 28.65
VELOCITY FPS = 66.68
STACK AREA = 10.00
STACK QCFM = 36.466.
* STACK ISOCPM = 35.114.
% ISOKINETIC = 95.75

END OF FIELD DATA

XROM "MAGSFLO"

SAT. V = 3.6

DMF. % H₂O = 1.2

% H₂O = 1.2

% CO₂ ?
0.0000 RUN

% OXYGEN ?
19.4000 RUN

% CO ?
0.0000 RUN

MOL WT OTHER ?
0.0000 RUN

MW DRY = 28.78
MW WET = 28.65

RUN NUMBER
THREE

VOL MTR STD ?
72.738 RUN

STACK ISOCPM ?
35.114.00 RUN

FRONT 1/2 MG ?
200.60 RUN

BACK 1/2 MG ?
0.00 RUN

F GR/ISOCPM = 0.04
F MG/MMH = 101.27
F LB/HR = 13.32
F KG/HR = 6.04

SOOT RATE ?
24.7567 RUN

TIME MIN ?
52.5000 RUN

NOZZLE DIA ?
0.2520 RUN

STK DIA INCH ?
RUN

AREA SQ FT ?
10.0002 RUN

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Distribution List

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HQ USAF/SGPA Bolling AFB DC 20332-6188	1
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