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Report No. CETHA-BC-CR-89048

# USATHAMA

U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency

# AD-A218 985

# **Task Order 2 Enhanced Preliminary Assessment**

## NIKE BATTERY KANSAS CITY 30 PLEASANT HILL, MISSOURI

Contract Number DAAA15-88-D-0007

December 1989



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U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010-5401

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**Prepared for** 

Roy F. Weston, Inc. West Chester, Pennsylvania 19380 DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A Approved for public release; Distribution Unkmited



Report No. CETHA-BC-CR-89048

USATHAMA Task Order 2

ENHANCED PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

NIKE BATTERY KANSAS CITY 30 PLEASANT HILL, MISSOURI

Contract Number DAAA15-88-D-0007

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December 1989

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### DISCLAIMER

This Enhanced Preliminary Assessment report is based primarily on the environmental conditions observed at the Nike Battery Kansas City 30 site in Pleasant Hill, Missouri, on 10 October 1989. Past site conditions and management practices were evaluated, based on readily available records and the recollections of people interviewed. Every effort was made, within the scope of the task, to interview all identified site personnel, especially those personnel with a historical perspective of site operations.

No environmental sampling was conducted as part of the assessment. The findings and recommendations for further action are based on WESTON's experience and technical judgment, as well as current regulatory agency requirements. Future regulations as well as any modifications to current statutes may affect the compliance status of this site.

WESTON does not warrant or guarantee that the property is suitable for any particular purpose or certify any areas of the property as "clean." A more thorough investigation, including intrusive sampling and analysis for specific hazardous materials, is recommended prior to reporting this property as excess.

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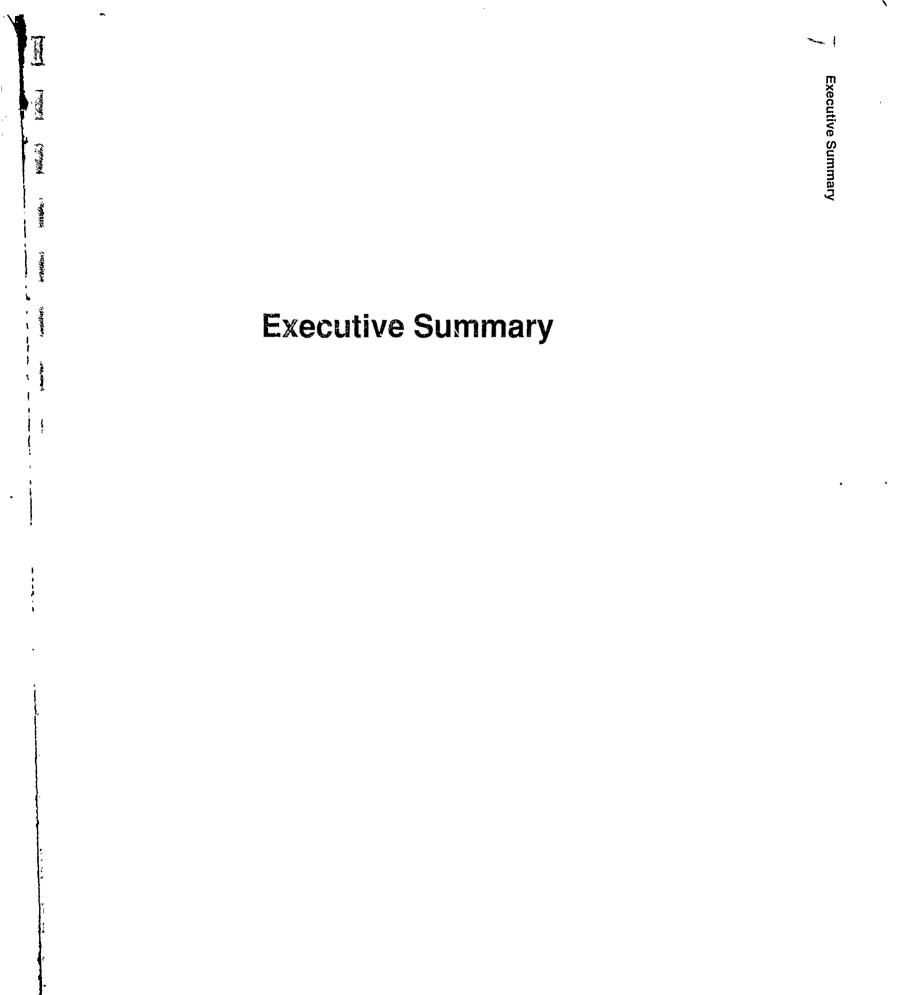
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### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES

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This Enhanced Proliminary Assessment (PA) report has been prepared by Roy F. Weston, Inc. (WESTON) at the request of the U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (USATHAMA) pursuant to Contract DAAA15-88-D-0007, Task Order 2. The purpose of the PA report is to present WESTON's findings concerning the environmental conditions at the Nike Battery Kansas City 30 (Nike KC-30) site located in Pleasant Hill, Missouri, and to provide recommendations for further action.

The objectives of the PA were to:

- Identify and characterize environmentally significant operations (ESOs) associated with the historical and current use of the Nike KC-30 property.
- Identify and characterize possible impacts of the ESOs on the surrounding environment.
- Identify additional environmental actions, if any, that should be implemented for the ESOs identified.

Information contained in this enhanced PA report was obtained through:

- Visual inspection of the facility.
- Review of available Army documentation.
- Review of related regulatory agency files at the state and federal levels.
- Interviews with former employees.

### GENERAL PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The Nike KC-30 site is a sub-installation of Fort Leavenwort' Kansas. The site, consisting of 23.82 acres of land, is located 35 miles soumeast of Kansas City, in Cass County, Missouri. Most of the land was acquired in August 1958; a smaller portion was acquired in December 1963. In addition to the Nike Battery KC-30 site, the Army also owned the Nike Launch Control Area (LCA). The LCA was less than a mile southeast of the Nike KC-30 site and contained the silos from which the missiles were launched. This land was sold in April 1970 and is not included in this PA.

The site was used as a Nike missile battery installation from 1958 until the late 1960s when the Nike-Hercules mission was discontinued. The site was then inactivated and declared excess by the U.S. Army on 31 January 1968. From January 1969 to February 1988 the site was under license to the Missouri National Guard (MONG). The site has been inactive since February 1988.

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ES-1



Most of the buildings are more than 29 years old. The floors and exterior and interior walls appear to be structurally sound, although extensive painting and repair work is needed in most buildings.

ESOs identified on the property include:

- <u>Oil\_Disposal\_Area</u>. Waste oils and possibly waste solvents were dumped in this area over the years.
- <u>Waste Oil Storage Area</u>. Waste oils were stored here in 55-gal drums and later in an aboveground tank. There is some evidence of staining in the area.
- <u>Storage Shed</u>. Paint cans and small cans of oil were stored here.
- <u>Building S3006</u>: <u>Mess Hall</u>. Asbestos is present in the building. One room was used as a battery room by MONG. Batteries and containers of battery acid and paints were stored here.
- <u>Vehicle Wash Area</u>. Vehicles were washed outside maintenance shop. Runoff drained into surrounding grassy area.
- <u>Maintenance Shop</u>. Various maintenance activities were performed. Waste antifreeze was reportedly discarded outside, where it drained into the surrounding grassy area.
- <u>Underground Storage Tanks (USTs)</u>. Seven tanks are located on the property.
- <u>Former Aboveground Storage Tank</u>. A 500-gal diesel tank was located adjacent to a MOGAS UST.
- <u>Former CONEX Shed Area</u>. Small quantities of oil and grease were stored in the shed.
- <u>Transformers</u>. There are 18 Army-owned transformers: 11 are pole-mounted, six are on concrete pads, and one is located in a grassy area.
- <u>Small Arms Practice Range</u>. The range was used for the discharge of rifles and hand guns.
- <u>Building S3003: Administration Building</u> Asbestos is present in the building. Also, there is a bucket containing an unknown white powder.
- <u>Building S3004: NCO and Officers Quarters</u>. Asbestos is present in the building.
- <u>Building S3005: Barracks and NCO Quarters</u>. Asbestos is present in the building.
- <u>Paint Locker</u>. Small quantities of paint and grease were stored here.

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- <u>Ammo Storage Vault and Unidentified Building</u>. Unknown degree of hazard; access could not be gained.
- <u>Ammo Storage Shed for Small Arms Range</u>. Ammunition was reportedly stored here.
- <u>Sewage Treatment Plant</u>. This plant was used as a septic tank since 1969.
- <u>Debris Area</u>. There is a possible source of asbestos in Transite piping.
- <u>Asbestos Water Piping</u>. Part of underground water distribution system is made up of Transite pipes.

A composite property summary is presented in Figure ES-1.

### HUMAN AND ENVIRONMENTAL RECEPTORS

The Nike KC-30 site is located on relatively flat farmland. There are no known endangered species, sensitive environments, or high quality wetlands within 5 miles of the site.

Relief across the property is less than 10 ft, with the slope generally down toward the northeast. Surface water drainage across the site is generally to the northeast. All of the surface drainage appears to eventually flow to a perennial creek located approximately one-quarter mile north of the northern fence of the site. Surface water runoff to the perennial stream is a potential exposure pathway for environmental receptors. Humans may also be exposed if receiving streams are used for recreation or fishing. Downgradient surface water is not known to be used for drinking water.

Groundwater in this region typically varies from 20 to 100 ft deep, depending on the season of the year and the local geology. Typically, water wells are not used for domestic supply in this region because shallow wells tend to produce little volume and water quality is generally poor. Nevertheless, drinking water wells potentially exist within a 3-mile radius of the Nike KC-30 site. The potential also exists for groundwater discharge to surface waters, although areas of groundwater discharge have not been identified.

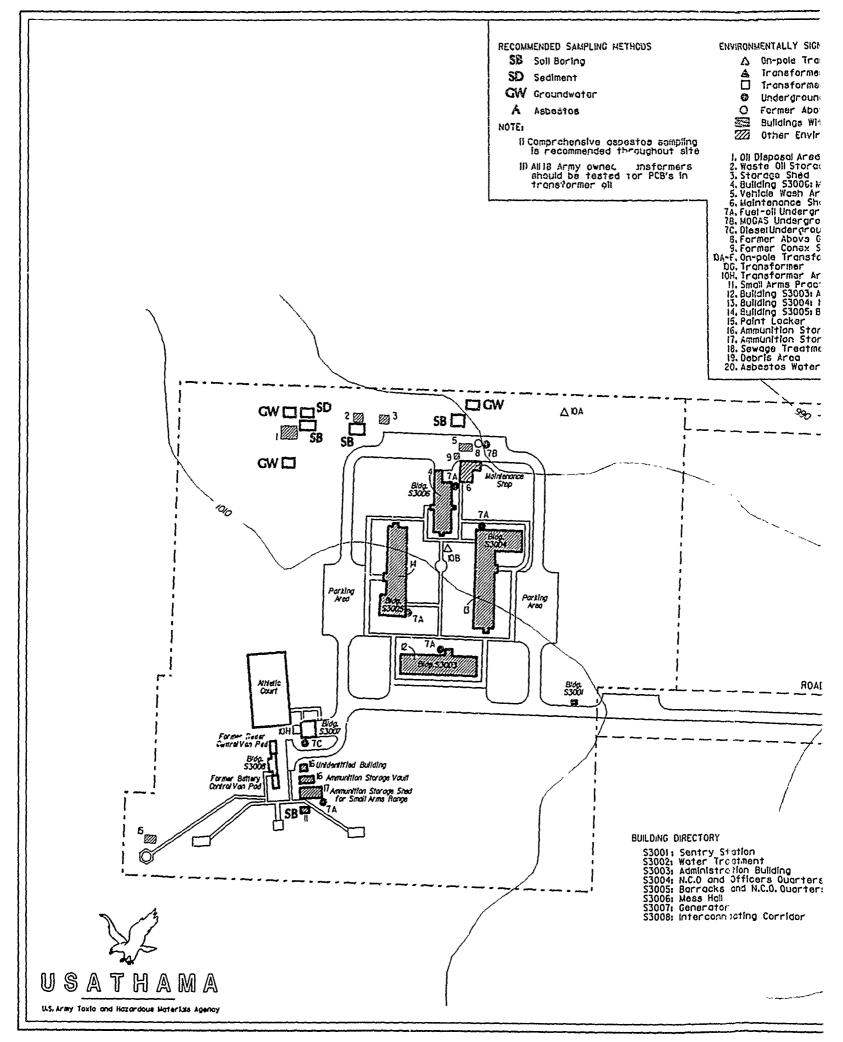
The only known potential airborne risk is from the various sources of asbestos. The asbestos currently contained in the buildings and possibly in the debris pile could pose a risk to human receptors entering or working in the buildings. The only items that could pose a risk to human receptors through direct contact are the numerous transformers onsite and the 5-gal bucket of white powder.

The contents of the transformers and USTs could present an explosion or fire hazard under certain conditions, although the risk at this facility is not anticipated to be higher than at other similar public facilities.

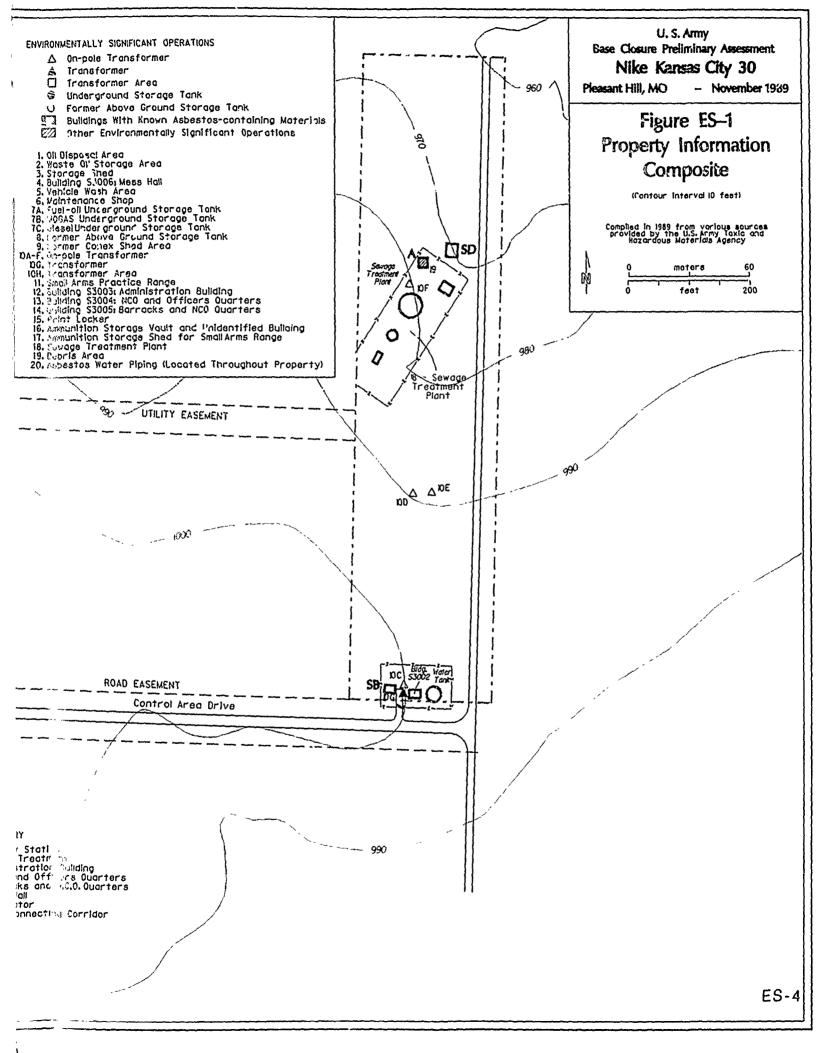
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The underground Transite piping poses a minimal risk to the drinking water from the potential presence of asbestos fibers in the water.

### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

No conditions were observed on the property that appear to present an immediate substantial threat to human health or the environment. However, the ESOs identified have the potential to affect human health or the environment. The ESOs and recommendations for action are summarized in Table ES-1. Figure ES-1 shows recommended sampling locations.

### OIL DISPOSAL AREA

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It is not known to what extent petroleum hydrocarbons and metals from solvents and waste oil are distributed in soils and groundwater around the source area.

Three monitoring wells, one upgradient and two downgradient of the pit, are recommended to measure the extent of constituents entering the groundwater and the potential for a pathway to surface water discharge. Water samples from the monitoring wells will be analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHs), RCRA metals, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

It is recommended that the surrounding area be manually excavated to determine the lateral extent of the disposal area. Depending on the extent of the area, between two and four soil borings are recommended to characterize the extent of contamination of soils in the area. Samples should be taken at depths of 0 to 6 in. and between 3 and 4 ft and analyzed for TPHs, VOCs, and RCRA metals. During collection of the soil samples, the disposal area may prove to be a pit containing porous material. If so, the sample depths will have to be adjusted in order to obtain samples at least 1 ft below the bottom of the pit.

Sediments should be collected from the ditch leading to the nearby culvert and from the ravine to test for potential TPH and RCRA metals migration.

### WASTE OIL STORAGE AREA

Soil samples should be collected at depths of 0 to 6 in. and 2 to 3 ft in the drainage pathway toward north of the waste oil and analyzed for TPH and RCRA metals.

### VEHICLE WASH AREA AND ANTIFREEZE DISPOSAL AREA

Soil samples should be collected at depths of 0 to 6 in. and 2 to 3 ft and at two locations in the grassy area behind the maintenance shop. The 0 to 6-in. sample should be analyzed for RCRA metals and TPH. The sample between 2 to 3 ft should be analyzed for VOCs in addition to RCRA metals and TPH. In addition, a groundwater monitoring well should be installed and the groundwater tested for ethylene glycol, VOCs, RCRA metals, and TPH.

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Table ES-1

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ESOs Identified at Nike KC-30 and Recommendations for Further Action

ESOs	Concern	Recommended Activity	Number and Type of Samples Recommended	Analycis
0il Disposal Area	Soil, surface water, and GM contamination	Install three GW monitoring wells. Soil sampling. Sediment sampling.	3 GW 3 sediments 2 to 4 soil (ea. at 0-6 in. and 3-4 ft)	RCRA metals, TPH, VOCs for GW and soils. RCRA metals, TPH for sediments.
Waste Oil Storage Area	Soil contamination	Soil sampling.	2 soil (each at 0-6 in. and 2-3 ft)	RCRA metals, TPH
Vehicle Wash Area and Antifreeze Disposal Area	Soil and GW contamination	Install 1 GW monitor well. Soil sampling.	l GW 2 soil (ea. at 0-6 in. and 2-3 ft)	Ethylene glycol, VOCs, RCRA metals, TPH for GW. RCRA metals, TPH for GW. RCRA metals, TPH for all soil samples. VOCs at 2 to 3 ft depth soil sample.
H Underground Storage ဂ Tanks ဂ	TPH contamination of soil and GW	Leak test. Remove leaking tanks. Empty non-leaking tanks and leave in place in conformance with state and federal regulations.	NA	ИА
Transformers	Potential spill at location ESO 10G Potential leaks	Soil sampling. Oil sampling.	l soil 18 oil	PCBs PCBs
Small Arms Practice Range	Lead, other metals	Remove soil comprising target area; sample and dispose as appropriate. Sample remaining soil.	2 (in soil to be removed) 2 (in remaining soil)	EP Tox EP Tox, RCRA metals, and antimony.
Asbestos in Structures	Inhalation	Remove or encapsulate known exposed friable asbestos. Test other suspected asbestos- containing materials (insulation, walls, ceiling panels, etc.) throughout site. Action on nonexposed asbestos depends on disposition of site. Ambient air sampling in 4 main buildings and in smaller buildings as required.	As required (estimated order of magnitude 100 samples)	Asbestos

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Table ES-1

# ESOs Identified at Nike KC-30 and Recommendations for Further Action (continued)

ESOs	Concern	Recommended Activity	Number and Type of Samples Recommended	Analysis
White Powder in Bucket Unknown hazard	Unknown hazard	Identify powder and dispose appropriately.	NA	NA
(Building S3003) Ammo Storage Vault and Unidentified	Ammunition	Buildings should be entered and inspected and any suspected hazardous materials sampled and removed.	NA	NA
bullulung Sewage Treatment Dlact Outfall	Residual wastes not fully treated by STP	Obtain sediment samples. Clean Imhoff tank.	ę	RCRA metals, TPH
Debris Area	Airborne risk of asbestos	Obtain samples of pipe lining. If asbestos containing, have waste pile removed and disposed of appropriately.	2	Asbestos
Asbestos Water Piping	Asbestos	Test water at taps. Evaluate condition of water distribution system and take appropriate action.	т	Asbestos
-			NA	NA
Storage Shed Batterv Room in	raincs Battery acid		NA	NA
Building S3006 Former Aboveground	Diesel fuel	No further investigation.	ИА	NA
Scorage Taury Former CONEX Shed	Paints and oils	No further investigation.	NA	NA
Paint Locker	Paints	No further investigation.	NA NA	NA
Ammo Storage Shed for Small Arms	Ammunition	No further investigation.	4X	

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### UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS

The seven USTs should be leak tested and the water pollution control section at Missouri's DNR notified accordingly. (This section administers the state's RCRA/UST program.) Any tanks found leaking should be removed. The remaining tanks should be emptied and left in place in conformance with state and federal regulations.

### TRANSFORMERS

The oil in the transformers should be tested to verify the presence or absence of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). A surface soil sample should be collected to determine if any PCBs have been spilled onto the soil near transformer location ESO 10G.

### SMALL ARMS PRACTICE RANGE

The target area of the small arms range can be assumed to contain lead and may also be contaminated with barium and antimony. A relatively small amount of soil and timber constitutes the target area. Removal of this soil to an appropriate landfill may be the simplest response for the soil. The soil to be removed should be tested for EP Toxicity to determine appropriate disposal methods. Also the soil remaining should be tested for RCRA metals, antimony, and EP Toxicity.

### ASBESTOS IN STRUCTURES

Asbestos has been confirmed in various buildings onsite. It is recommended that all known exposed friable asbestos be removed or encapsulated. A comprehensive site-wide asbestos sampling program should be undertaken to test other suspected ACMs (insulation, wall panels, ceiling panels, etc.). Action on nonexposed asbestos will depend on the disposition of the site. Ambient air sampling is recommended in the four main buildings that are known to contain asbestos and in the small buildings if ACMs are found to be present.

### WHITE POWDER IN BUCKET (BUILDING S3003)

The 5-gal bucket of white powder is an unknown risk. The powder should be identified and disposed appropriately.

### AMMO STORAGE VAULT AND UNIDENTIFIED BUILDING

These buildings pose an unknown degree of hazard. These buildings should be entered and inspected, and any suspected hazardous materials sampled and removed.

### SEWAGE TREATMENT OUTFALL SEDIMENTS

The outfall area may have been contaminated with acid, solvent, oil, and heavy metals from the various operations throughout the facility. Sampling for RCRA metals and TPH is recommended for these sediments at three locations. In addition, it is recommended that the Imhoff tank be cleaned.

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### **DEBRIS AREA**

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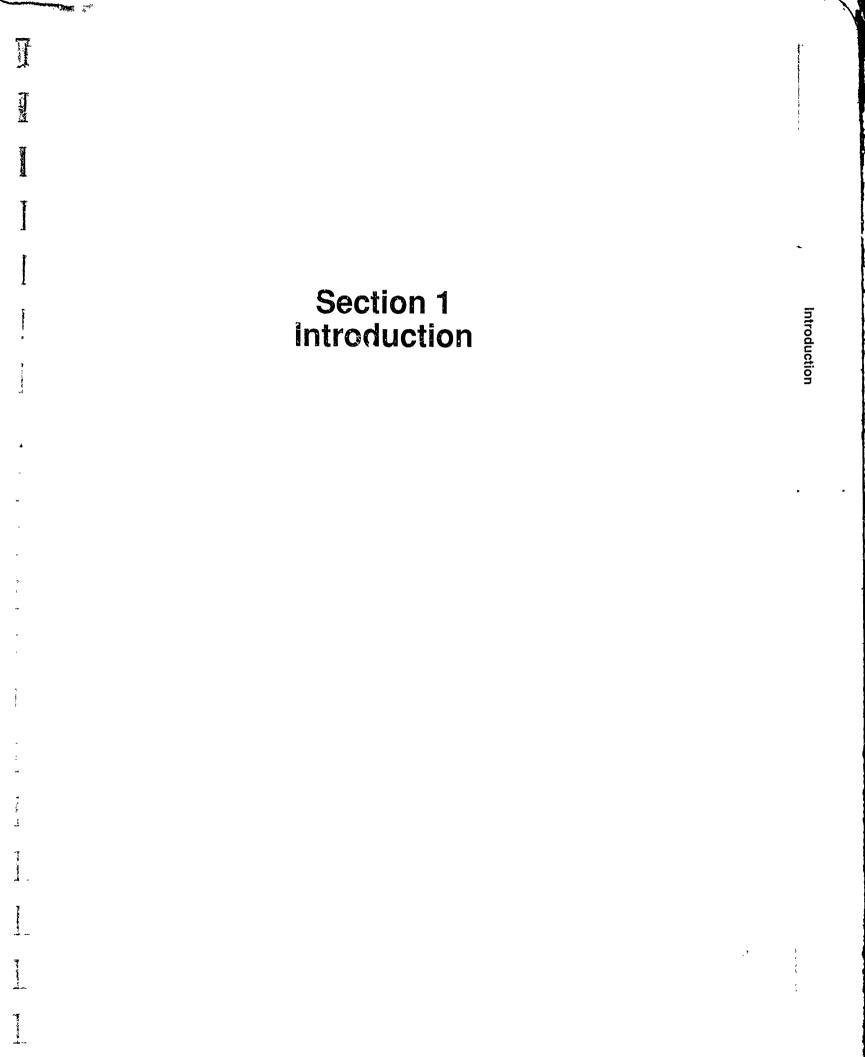
The possible asbestos present in the discarded piping in the waste pile located near the sewage treatment plant could present an airborne risk. Sampling should be conducted to determine whether asbestos is present. If the presence of asbestos is confirmed, the piping should be removed for proper disposal.

### **ASBESTOS WATER PIPING**

Part of the underground water distribution system is made up of Transite pipes which are reportedly leaking. The water at the taps should be tested for asbestos. Also, the condition of the water distribution system should be evaluated and the necessary repairs made. If any Transite pipe is removed, it should be done in compliance with OSHA regulations.

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### SECTION 1

### INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 BACKGROUND

Roy F. Weston, Inc. (WESTON) has been retained by the U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (USATHAMA) to conduct waste site characterizations of specific Department of Army properties under the authority of Contract DAAA15-88-D-0007, Task Order 2. This work is being performed within the scope of the U.S. Army Installation Restoration Program (IRP). As part of this contract, WESTON has also been asked to prepare enhanced preliminary assessment (PA) reports of selected properties destined to be included as part of the Base Closure Program. The purpose of the reports is to present WESTON's findings concerning the environmental conditions at the properties and to provide recommendations for further action. These recommendations will serve as a guide to the U.S. Army in prioritizing the activities necessary to report these properties as excess.

This report discusses the enhanced preliminary assessment of the property known as the Nike Battery Kansas City 30 site (Nike KC-30) located 6 miles east of Pleasant Hill in Cass County, Missouri. A site visit was performed on 10 October 1989.

### 1.2 <u>OBJECTIVES</u>

This enhanced PA report was prepared using existing information obtained from property records and interviews with the few available former employees of this property. No sampling activities were completed as part of the assessment.

The objectives of the PA were as follows:

- Identify and characterize environmentally significant operations (ESOs) associated with the historical and current use of the property.
- Identify and characterize possible impacts of the ESOs on the surrounding environment.
- Identify additional environmental actions, if any, that should be implemented for the ESOs identified.

Certain issues have been excluded from consideration as ESOs for the purposes of this report. First, painted surfaces will not be identified as ESOs solely because there is a potential for their containing lead. Second, drinking water will not be designated as an ESO solely because there is a potential for lead contamination due to piping solder or piping materials. Third, the presence of radon gas in buildings will not be considered as an ESO. A radon survey of all buildings will be performed utilizing the guidelines set forth in the Army Radon Program.

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### 1.3 <u>PROCEDURES</u>

The information contained in this PA report is based on the following information:

- Visual inspection of facility.
- Review of available Army documentation.
- Review of U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region VII files.
- Contacts with the various sections within the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.
- Interviews with former employees.

No sampling or analysis was conducted as part of the investigation.

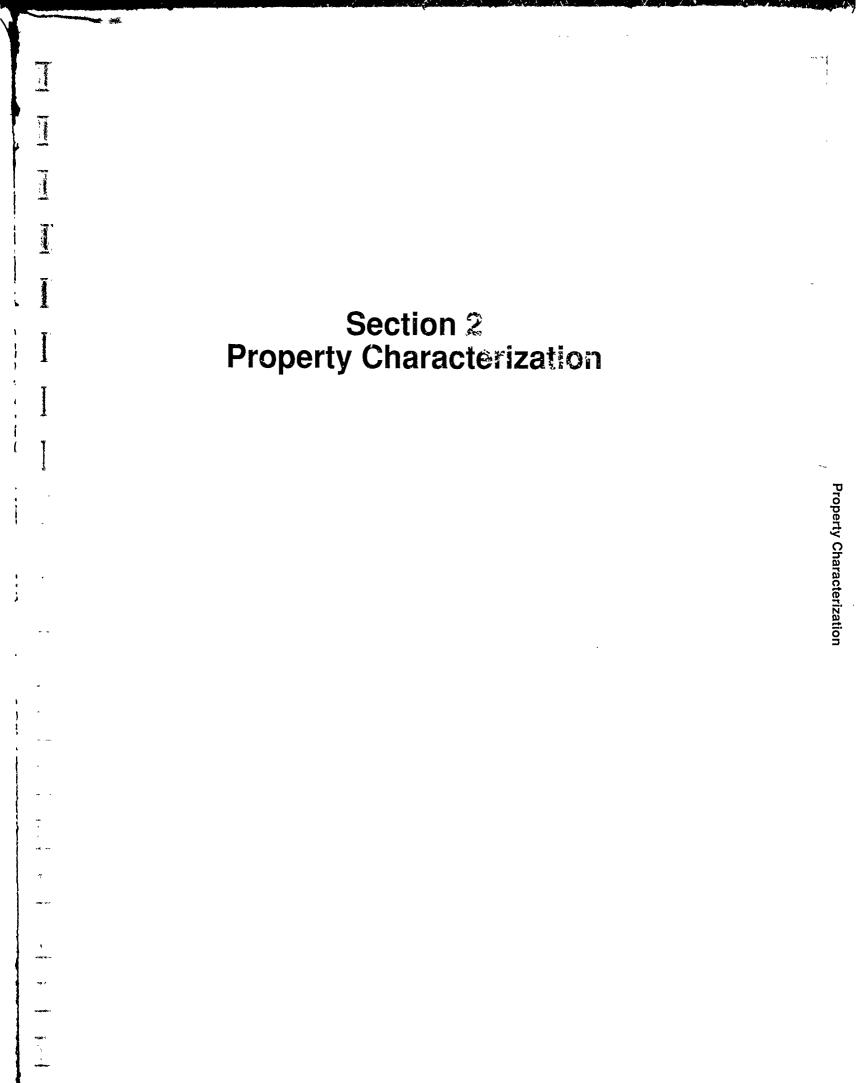
### 1.4 <u>REPORT FORMAT</u>

This enhanced PA report presents an evaluation of the relevant data for the Nike KC-30 site.

Section 2 describes the property and surrounding environment and land uses. Section 3 identifies and characterizes all environmentally significant operations related to known and suspected releases to the environment. The potential impact of these operations on the local environment and human receptors is discussed in Section 4. Section 5 summarizes the findings and conclusions, discusses the quality and the reliability of the supporting information, identifies areas requiring further action, and suggests how such actions may be accomplished. Section 6 lists pertinent materials reviewed and the agencies that were contacted. Photographs taken during the site visit are provided in Section 7. Supporting documentation is provided in Appendices A through E.

References are presented throughout this report, where appropriate, by means of a letter and number designation in brackets, as follows: I refers to direct interviews; T refers to telephone conversations; and R refers to reports or other written documents. The number following the letter refers to the specific item in the respective lists provided in Section 6.

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### SECTION 2

### PROPERTY CHARACTERIZATION

### 2.1 GENERAL PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

The Nike KC-30 site is a sub-installation of Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. The site, consisting of 23.82 acres of land, is located 35 miles southeast of Kansas City and 6 miles east of Pleasant Hill in Cass County, Missouri. Figure 2-1 presents a site location map.

The property was acquired as a series of tracts, Tract A-100, Tract A-100-2, Tract 100-3 and Tracts A-100E-1, A-100E-2, A-100E-3, A-100E-4 and A-100E-5. The road, water line, and drainage easements are located in Tracts A-100E-1, A-100E-3 and A-100E-5. The water tank and water treatment building are on Tract A-100-2. The two barracks buildings, mess hall, administration building, generator building, corridor building and the tracking and radar tower are located on Tracts A-100 and 100-3 and were used by the Army. The maintenance shop and ammunition storage vault were added later in Tracts A-100 and 100-3 when the site was under license to the Missouri National Guard (MONG).

The property was reported as excess by Fort Leavenworth in April 1988. However, the Report of Excess (ROE) was returned by the Department of the Army, Headquarters U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command at Fort Monroe, Virginia, to the installation pending an environmental assessment by USATHAMA. The property has generated potential acquisition interest from the Lone Jack School District, Lone Jack, Missouri, and the Swope Park Community Church, Peculiar, Missouri. Further details can be found in the Preliminary Report of Excess, portions of which are included in Appendix B [R-2].

In addition to the Nike KC-30 site, the Army also owned the Nike Launch Control Area (LCA). The LCA was less than a mile southeast of the Nike KC-30 site and contained the silos from which the missiles were launched. This land was sold to W. R. Gibson Development Co. by quit claim deed dated 10 April 1970. The LCA is not included in this preliminary assessment.

Table 2-1 summarizes the identifying information for the Nike KC-30 site.

### 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF FACILITIES

The Nike KC-30 site contains 19.8 acres of fee simple owned land and 4.02 acres of easement. Most of the land, Tracts A-100, A-100-2, A-100E-1, A-100E-2, and A-100E-3, were acquired in 1958 from John W. Robertson and Sarah H. Robertson under deed dated August 5, 1958. An additional 0.34 of an acre in fee simple deed, together with clearance and flowage easements

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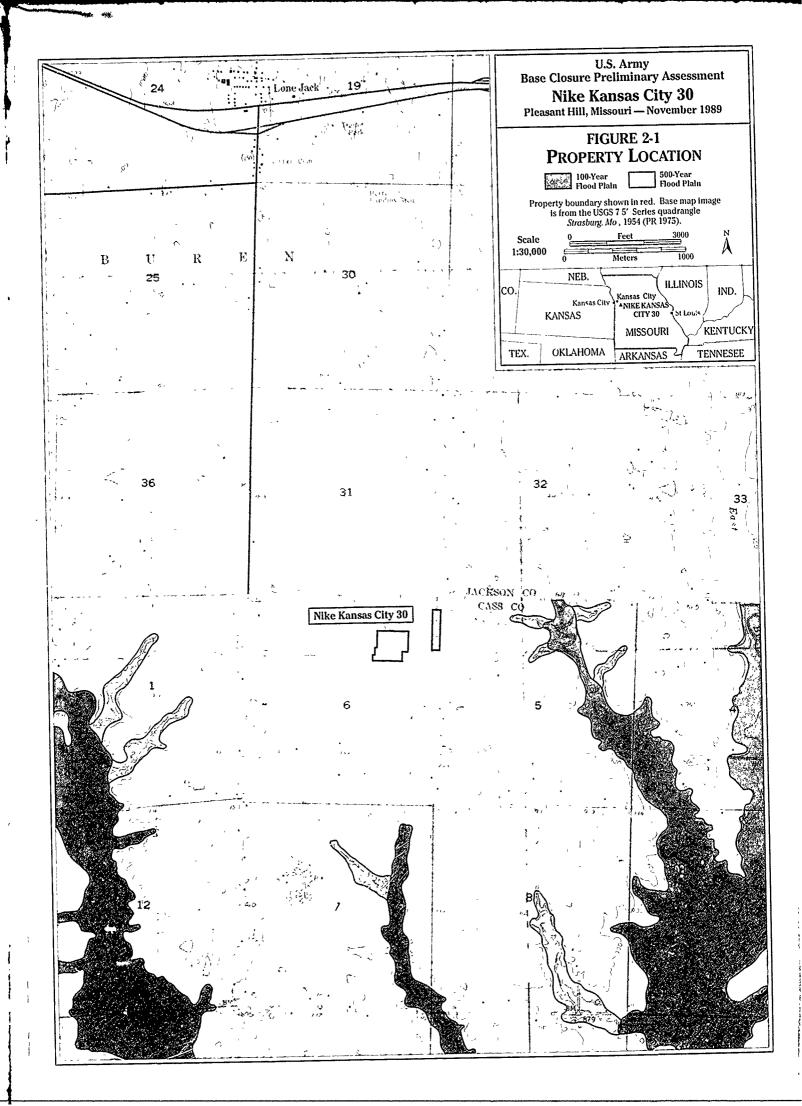




Table 2-1

Property Information Summary Nike KC 30 Site

Name: Nike Kansas City 30 (Nike KC-30)

FFIS: MO-213722331

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Property Number: 29630

Facility Address: Nike Kansas City 30 site State Route KK Pleasant Hill, Missouri

<u>Commanding Officer</u>: None (Inactive site)

Location: 35 miles southeast of Kansas City, Missouri, s tuated in Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West .n Cass County.

Installation Coordinates: 38°52'N 94°12'W

- <u>Size</u>: Approximately 19.8 acres of fee simple owned land and 4 acres of easements.
- <u>Mission</u>: Property was used as a Nike Battery Control Area until 1969. From 1969 to 1988 it was occupied by the Missouri National Guard (MONG).

Operations: There are no present operations at this property.

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over 3.67 acres, comprise Tracts A-100-3, A-100E-4, and A-100E-5, which were acquired under deed executed by George Robertson and Grace J. Rober'son on 19 December 1963 [R-1]. These transactions are documented in Appendix A. The land was used as a Nike missile battery installation from 1958 until the late 1960s when the Nike-Hercules mission was discontinued. The site was inactivated and declared excess by the U.S. Army on 31 January 1968.

From 2 January 1969 to February 1988, the site was under license to the Adjutant General, Missouri National Guard (MONG), 1717 Industrial Drive, Jefferson City, Missouri 65101-1468. The site was used by the MONG until February 1988, at which time the site was vacated. The five full-time civilian employees, as well as the MONG units who utilized the site, were transferred to a new armory in Harrisonville, Missouri. It should be noted that, according to a MONG employee assigned to this facility, MONG occupied the site from 1964 to 1969 together with the U.S. Army [T-2].

Table 2-2 lists the various buildings at the site. The water treatment building is located adjacent to the water tank in the southeast portion of the property. Photo 1 shows the outside conditions of the water treatment building and the water tank. Photo 2 shows the fiberglass insulation on the pipes located inside the water treatment building (Building S3002).

The four main buildings located on the property are:

- Building S3003 Administration Building
- Building S3004 NCO and Officers Quarters
- Building S3005 Barracks and NCO Quarters
- Building S3006 Mess Hall

Each of these buildings has a fuel oil UST located adjacent to it (see Section 3).

The generator building (Building S3007) had four diesel generators. Currently only the pads on which the generator was located are in the building (photo 3). A diesel fuel UST and six transformers are located adjacent to this building (see Section 3).

The interconnecting corridor (Building S3008) has concrete pads on either side. Semi-mobile control vans were placed on these pads which opened into the interconnecting corridor. The control vans were not present during the site visit. The interconnecting corridor is still present and has masonry wall construction with drywall inside and tiled floors (photo 6).

Building S3028 is identified in the ROE as a radar building. No information could be obtained about the status of this building. Based on the size and construction of this building, it is believed to be the ammo storage shed for the small arms range that was used by MONG.

The maintenance shop was installed by the State of Missouri during the time that MONG occupied this site. There is also an 8 ft by 8 ft concrete ammo storage vault and an unidentified building adjacent to the storage vault that was also used by MONG.

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### Table 2-2

### Description of Buildings Nike KC 30 Site

Building	Age (yrs)	Structure Type	Size (sq ft)	No. of Floors	Current Use
S3001 (Sentry Station)	29	Masonry, gypsum board	39.0	1	Unused
S3002 (Water Treatment Building)	29	Masonry	317.0	1	Unused
S3003 (Admin/Rec/ Storage Building)	29	Concrete block	4,165	1	Unused
S3004 (Barracks/NCO and Off Qtrs)	29	Concrete block, hardboard	6,958	1	Unused
S3005 (Barracks and NCO Qtrs)	29	Masonry, hardboard	5,297	1	Unused
S3006 (Mess Hall)	29	Concrete	2,713	1	Unused
S3007 (Generator Building)	29	Masonry	734	1	Unused
S3008 (Former Radar Maint. Shop/Intercon- necting Corridor)	29	Masonry	367	1	Unused
S3028 (Former Radar Building)	28	Prefab steel	480	1	Unused
Maintenance Shop	19 (est)	Corrugated metal siding	1,500 (est)	1	Unused
Ammo Storage Vault	19 (est)	Concrete	64	, 1 ,	Unused
Unidentified Building	19 (est)	Concrete	64 (est)	1	Unused

Source: Preliminary Report of Excess (Appendix B)

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In addition to the 12 buildings, four radar stations were located onsite. Currently, only one station structure has an aboveground radar monitoring structure (photo 4). The remaining three have only the concrete pads left (photo 5).

Water to the facility was obtained from the Pleasant Hill Water District via a water main extension; water supply to the site currently has been cut.

Solid wastes generated at Nike KC-30 were collected in dumpsters and disposed of by a contractor. There is a small pile of debris consisting of wooden and concrete blocks and pipe flanges, possibly containing asbestos materials, located in the northeast portion of the property.

Wastewater from Nike KC-30 discharged to the onsite sewage treatment plant. However, the plant has not been in operation since approximately 1969. The launch control area (LCA) was served by a separate septic tank. From a 1959 drawing for the LCA, there is no indication of the LCA and the Nike KC-30 site being interconnected by buried sewer lines [R-11].

In 1986, the Nike KC-30 site was included in a statewide asbestos study conducted by the State of Missouri [R-9]. The four main buildings (Buildings S3003, S3004, S3005, and S3006) were surveyed and asbestos was found in all of them. In addition, the underground water distribution system is made up partly of 4-in. to 6-in. diameter Transite pipe, which is composed of asbestos fibers and portland cement molded under hydraulic pressure. The hot water tanks and the heating and hot water piping in all of the buildings are insulated with asbestos products.

There are 21 transformers located throughout the facility. Three of these form a stepdown bank for the incoming power and are owned by Missouri Public Service Electricity Utility (MPSEU). According to MPSEU, these three transformers do not contain PCB-contaminated oils. The remaining 18 transformers are owned by the Army. No information on their contents was available.

### 2.3 PERMITTING STATUS

The following agencies were contacted to obtain information regarding the environmental status and existing permits for Nike KC-30:

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region VII
- Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR), Solid and Hazardous Waste Program
- Misscuri DNR, Water Pollution Program
- Missouri DNR, Air Pollution Control Program

No information has been filed and no environmental permits have been identified for this site by the EPA or the Missouri Department of Natural Resources [T-4 to T-8].

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The Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments to RCRA of 1987 require notification of the existence of USTs. In Missouri, the Department of Natural Resources administers this program. The Water Pollution Control Section at Missouri's DNR checked its database and could not find any USTs that had been registered for Nike KC-30. However, there are several USTs located onsite [I-4]. These tanks should have been registered with the DNR, because they were used after 1974.

### 2.4 SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT AND LAND USE

The property is located 35 miles southeast of Kansas City, Missouri, within relatively flat farmland (Figure 2-2).

### 2.4.1 DEMOGRAPHICS AND LAND USE

The Nike KC-30 site is located 6 miles east of Pleasant Hill, Missouri. The 1989 population of Pleasant Hill is 4,000. The major employers within the city include the Pleasant Hill School District, Pleasant Hill Veneer, and A.D. Mohe Greenhouses, Inc. [R-3]. To the north of the site is Lone Jack, Missouri, and to the south is Strasburg, Missouri. A detailed community profile for Pleasant Hill is included in Appendix C.

The surrounding area is mainly farmland. There are two houses across the road from the site, one of which was under construction at the time of the site visit.

### 2.4.2 CLIMATE

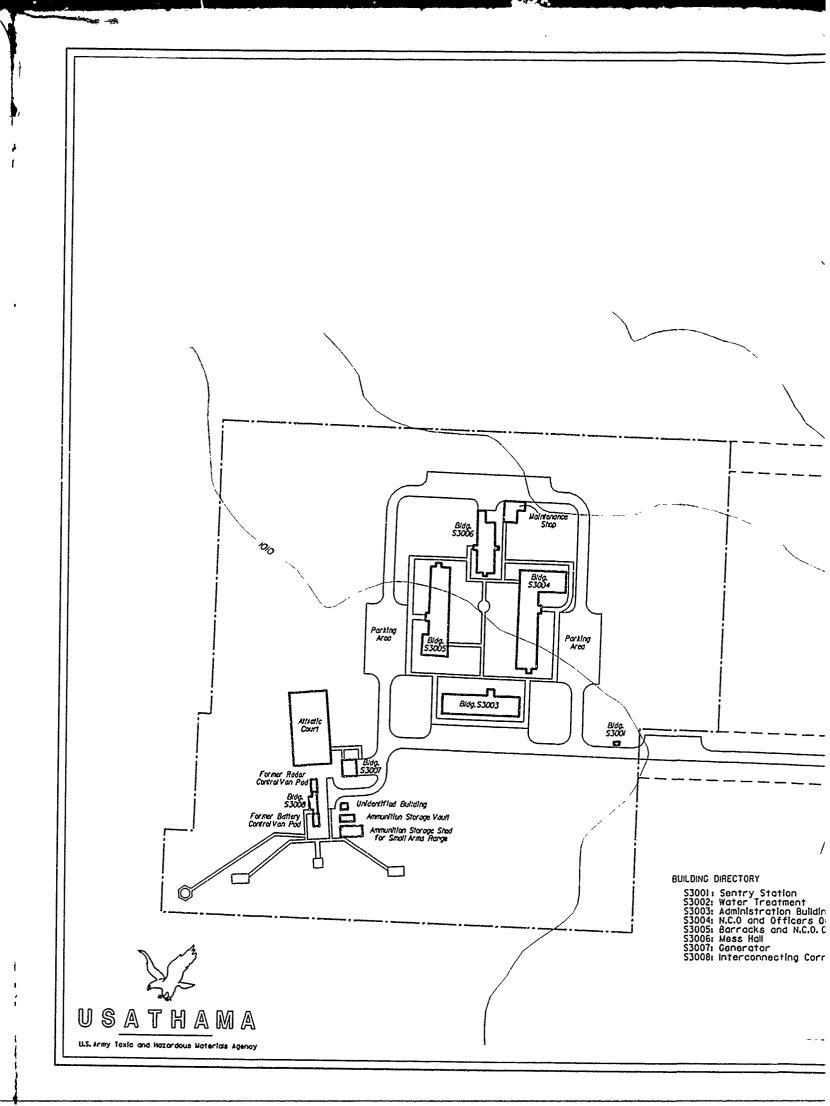
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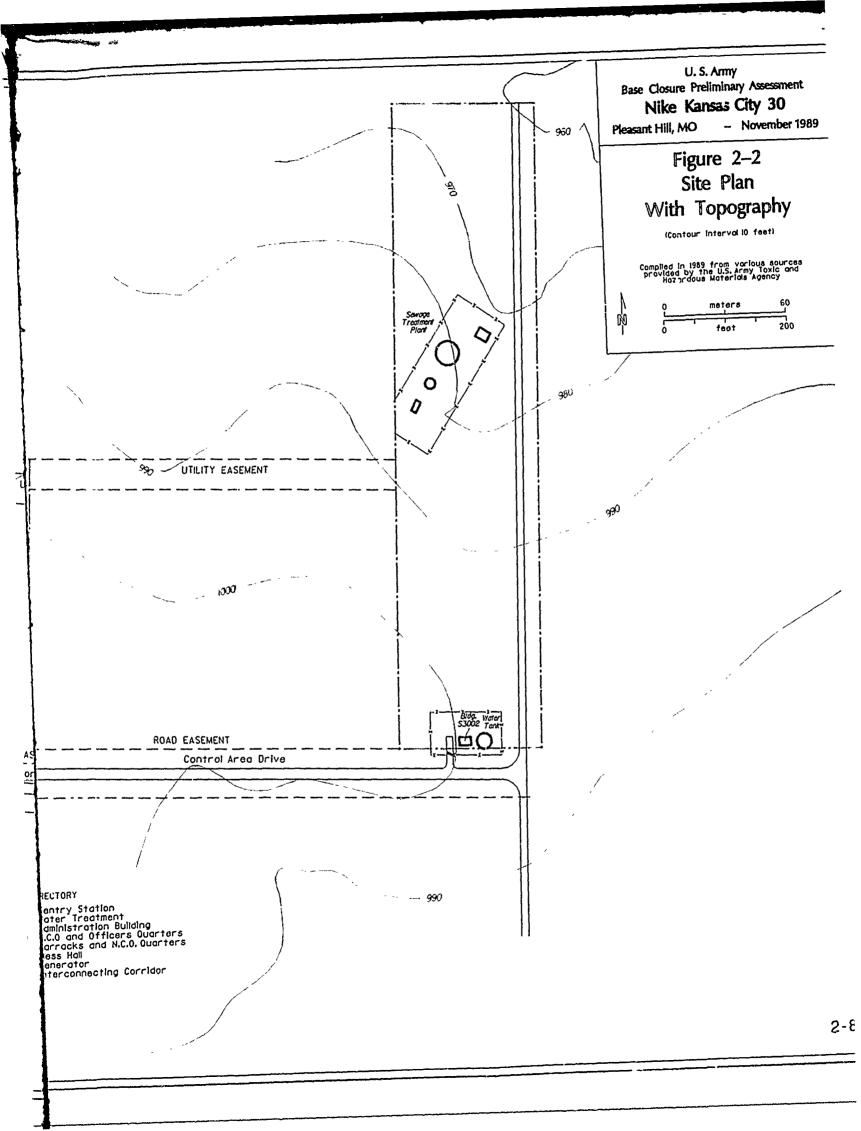
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Kansas City is located very near the geographical center of the United States. Because of this inland position, the climate is continental in nature. Continental climate is characterized by frequent changes in weather from day to day and season to season. The position of Kansas City places it in line with cold air moving down from Canada, warm moist air coming up from the Gulf of Mexico, and dry air from the west.

Figure 2-3 is a wind rose for Kansas City for the year 1988. The normal prevailing winds are from a southerly direction. During 1988, south winds occurred most frequently with a secondary maximum of south-southeast winds.

The majority of precipitation falls during the April through September period. This precipitation occurs as a result of showers and thundershowers. Normal yearly precipitation is 35.16 inches. June is the wettest month with 4.66 inches; January is the driest month with normal precipitation of 1.08 inches. Average yearly snowfall is 20.3 inches. The 24-hour maximum snowfall recorded was 12.8 inches during January 1958. The maximum monthly snowfall recorded was 30.5 inches during January 1962. Because of the rapidly changing temperatures, snow does not stay on the ground for more than one or two weeks.





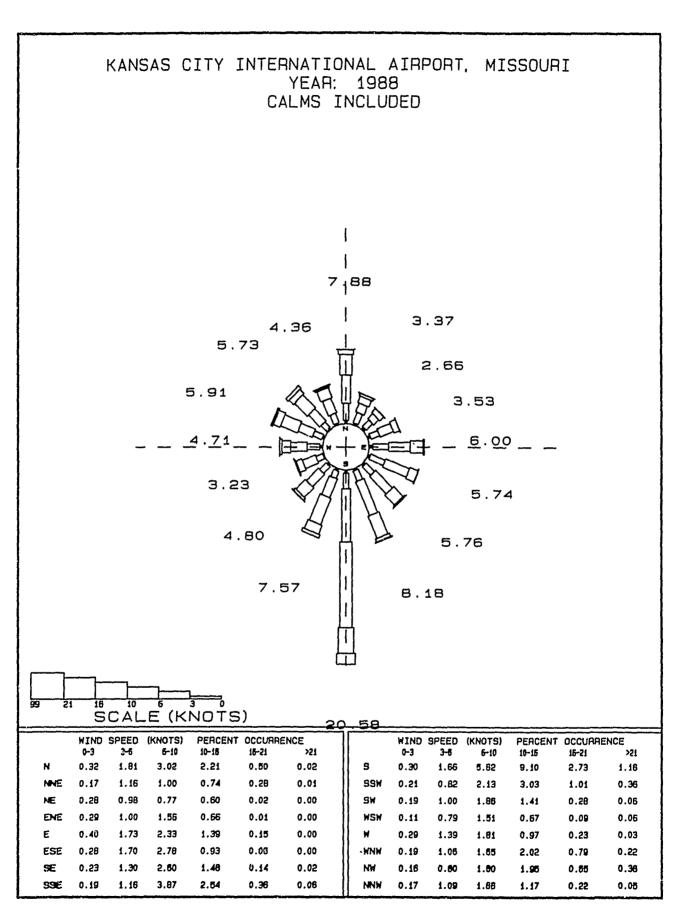


FIGURE 2-3 WIND ROSE

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Kansas City is subject to frequent changes in temperature. Temperatures vary moderately from season to season. The coldest month is January with a normal monthly temperature of 25.9°F, normal daily maximum of 34.5°F and normal daily minimum of 17.2°F. July is the warmest month with a normal monthly temperature of 78.5°F, a normal daily maximum of 88.5°F, and a normal daily minimum of 68.5°F. Temperatures of 90°F and above normally occur, on the average, 39 days per year, althou; h occurrences of 60 days have been recorded.

Because of the inland location of Kansas City and the frequent clash of warm, moist Gulf of Mexico air with cold dry air from Canada, tornadoes can occur in Missouri every month of the year. However, the majority of tornadoes occur from March through June.

### 2.4.3 SURFACE WATER AND PHYSIOGRAPHY

The Nike KC-30 site is situated within relatively flat farmland. Relief across the property is less than 10 ft with the slope generally down toward the northeast. A sewage treatment plant is located in the extreme northeast portion of the property and was designed to receive flow entirely by gravity. The Nike KC-30 site is outside the 500-year floodplain. Figure 2-1 shows the area floodplain for Cass County.

Surface water drainage across the site is generally to the northeast. Surface drainage from the area west and southwest of the main buildings, which includes the area of the athletic court and some radar facilities, drains to a culvert. This culvert passes under the fence and drains into a ravine, which drains to the northeast. Surface drainage from the area of the main buildings is by a system of storm drains that empty into a basin located south of the maintenance shop. The basin then drains via a pipe under the northeast corner of the driveway to a surface drainage trench. Surface drainage from the balance of the radar area and the area east of the main buildings drains to the northeast via a surface drainage trench located along the eastern fenced border. All of the surface drainage appears to eventually flow to a perennial creek located approximately 1/4 mile north of the northern fence of the site. The unnamed perennial creek flows east and passes beneath State Highway KK approximately 1 mile north of the Nike site entrance. The unnamed creek flows east to the east branch of Crawford Creek, which joins the west branch of Crawford Creek southeast of the town of Strasburg, approximately 4 miles south of the Nike KC-30 site.

The nearest town known to be using surface water is the town of Holden. Holden obtains water from the Blackwater Creek and from a reservoir located approximately 1 mile northeast of Kingsville. Neither of these sources appears to receive surface water from the Nike KC-30 area which is at least 6 miles away. The Holden City water system supplies approximately 4,000 people.

Drinking water is supplied by Missouri Public Water District 5. The source of the water is in Kansas City, approximately 35 miles away, and is drawn largely from surface sources.

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### 2.4.4 SOILS

The Nike KC-30 area is primarily underlain by the Haig-Hartwell-Deepwater soil association category, which is found in the Cherokee Prairies region of the state.

Haig is a deep, poorly drained soil formed in loess on upland divides. It has a silt loam surface soil overlying a slowly permeable silty clay subsoil. Slopes range from 0 to 2 percent.

Hartwell is a deep, somewhat poorly drained soil formed in loess and shale residuum on ridges and side slopes. It has a silt loam surface soil overlying a slowly permeable clay subsoil. Slopes range from 0 to 5 percent.

Deepwater is a deep, moderately well-drained upland soil formed in loess and shale residuum. It has a silt loam surface soil overlying a moderately permeable silty clay loam subsoil. Slopes range from 1 to 10 percent.

Haig is the soil most commonly found at the highest elevation at this location and Deepwater is the soil at the lowest elevation [R-7].

### 2.4.5 GROUNDWATER AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Groundwater in this region typically varies from 20 to 100 ft deep, depending on the season of the year and the local geology. Local faults and variations of the sands, shales, and limestone subsurface can affect local groundwater depth and hydrogeology.

Typically, water wells are not used for domestic supply in this region because shallow wells tend to produce little volume (e.g., 1 to 2 gpm) and water quality is generally poor (e.g., high chloride content). Deep wells, greater than 400 ft deep, generally produce greater volumes of water, but the water quality at these depths is almost uniformly not of drinking quality due to salt content. Nevertheless, drinking water wells potentially exist within a 3-mile radius of the Nike KC-30 site. Conversations with local water districts, County and State health department officials, and the Missouri Department of Natural Resources all indicate that probably there are wells in the area. There is no registration of wells maintained, however, so that individual wells have not been identified. If subsequent environmental studies indicate a problem with groundwater, these wells should be identified.

### 2.4.6 SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS

Information obtained from the Missouri Department of Conservation indicates that there are no endangered species, sensitive environments, or high quality wetlands within 5 miles of the facility. However, there may be low quality wetlands in the area because the Missouri Department of Conservation's database does not inventory wetlands of low quality. A letter summarizing the findings of the search conducted by the Department of Conservation is included in Appendix E [R-8].

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# Section 3 Environmentally Significant Operations

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# **SECTION 3**

# ENVIRONMENTALLY SIGNIFICANT OPERATIONS

The objective of this section is to document areas where hazardous materials were managed and to identify their known or potential releases into the environment. The likely migration pathways and potential receptors for these hazardous materials will be discussed in Section 4.

The locations of all identified ESOs at the Nike KC-30 site are shown in Figure 3-1.

# 3.1 OIL DISPOSAL AREA

# 3.1.1 DESCRIPTION

During the site inspection conducted 10 October 1989, an area of stained soil was discovered in the northwest portion of the facility. An area of approximately 20 sq ft of black stained soil surrounded by grass was noted at the time of this visit. There was an empty, corroded 55-gal drum and an empty 5-gal container present in this area.

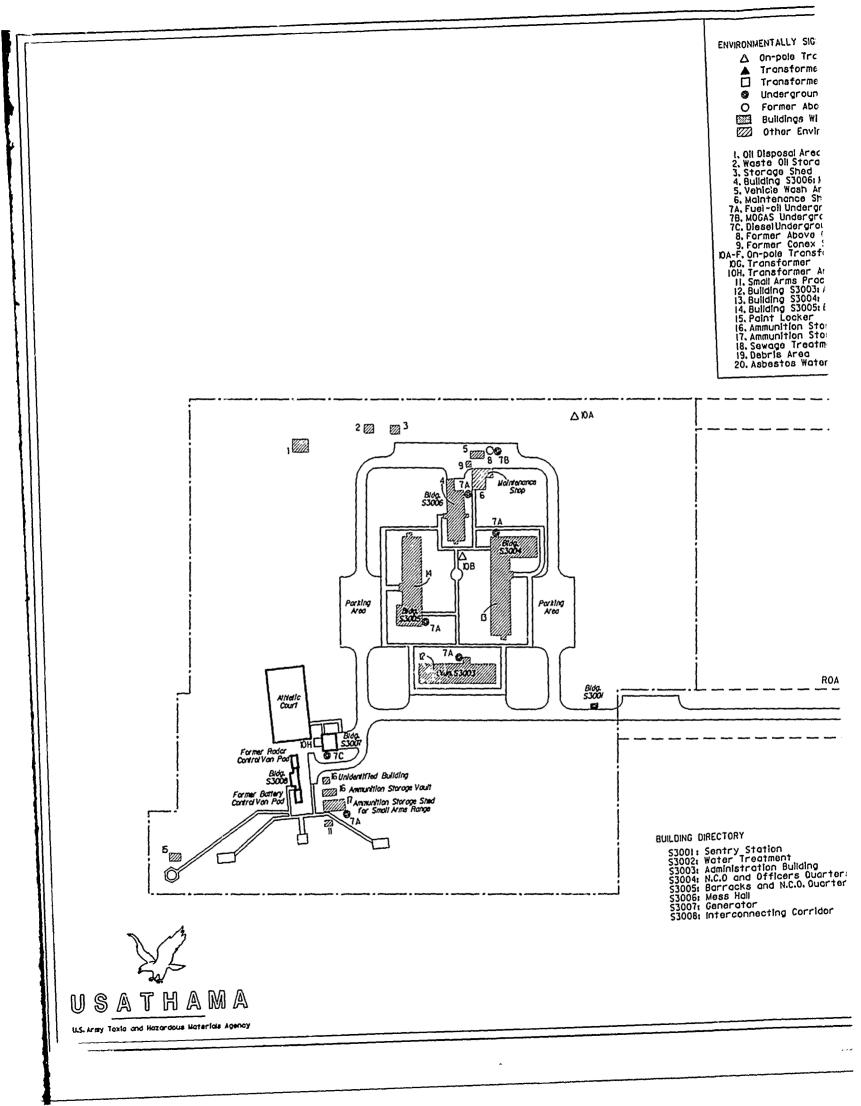
According to MONG personnel, this area was used in the past for disposing waste oils generated when the facility was used by the Army as a Nike Battery Control Area. Several thousand gallons of oil could have been disposed here over the years. The area may also have been initially used for disposing of oil after the National Guard occupied the facility. This practice may have continued until approximately 1975. There is a possibility that this area is a pit containing sand or some other porous medium [I-4].

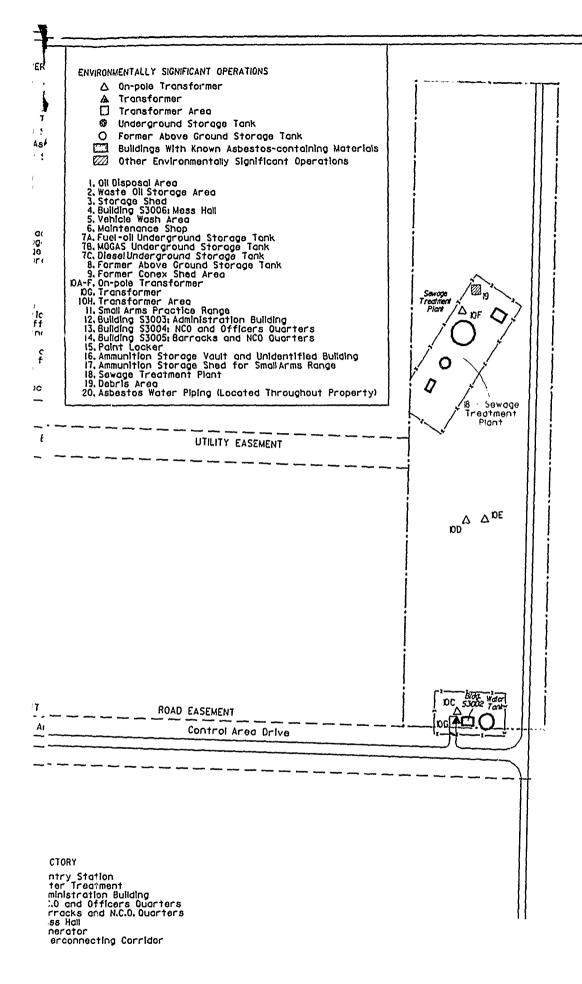
After 1975, the practice of dumping waste oils in this area was discontinued. MONG personnel assigned to this site after 1975 do not recall disposing of oil in this area [T-3]. Waste oils were reportedly collected in 55-gal drums and stored in the waste oil storage area discussed in Subsection 3.2 [T-2, T-3].

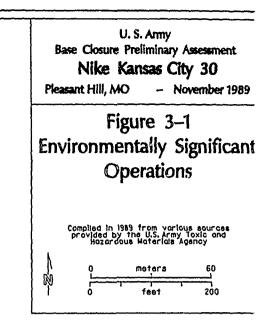
# 3.1.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

Visible surface soil staining and verbal reports of past oil pit disposal practices indicate release of oil to the soil and potentially to surface water. There is a possibility of groundwater contamination caused by the suspect waste oil management practices prior to 1975. The potential exists for waste solvents typically found in motor pool operations or solvents typically associated with Nike sites also having been disposed in the oil disposal area.

There is a culvert within 30 ft of this oil-stained area. The culvert was found to be dry during the site visit. Runoff from the oil disposal area would appear to flow to the culvert, which drains north off the property and then flows in an easterly direction. There are no visible stains in the area.







There is no documented release to the air due to this operation. However, there may have been some unquantifiable release to the air from the volatile compounds. This release is not suspected to be significant.

# 3.2 WASTE OIL STORAGE AREA

# 3.2.1 DISCUSSION

According to information obtained from MONG personnel, this area was in use from approximately 1975 to 1988 by the Missouri National Guard. The area is approximately 50 sq ft. Initially, 55-gal drums of waste oil and solvents were stored on wooden pallets in a graveled area northwest of the maintenance shop. Aerial photographs taken in May 1983 indicate a cylindrical object with a stain adjacent to it in the vicinity of this area [R-4].

This area had a maximum of three 55-gal drums of waste oil and solvents, and up to three 55-gal drums of fresh oil stored on wooden pallets. Reportedly, waste solvent and oil were mixed in the drums [T-3]. A maximum estimated quantity of 150 gals of waste oils was generated per year. The wastes were sent to the National Guard Armory in Jefferson City.

According to MONG personnel, during the early 1980s, a 250-gal tank was installed on stands at this location [T-3]. Waste oils were emptied into this tank instead of the 55-gal drums because, in the past, a few drums had toppled over, spilling waste oil. From 1981 to 1988, the 250-gal tank was pumped out twice for disposal by a private contractor.

At the time of the site visit, only a wooden pallet remained at this location. The 250-gal tank was removed by MONG when the facility was vacated in 1988. Visible stains were noted in the area during the site visit.

# 3.2.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

The stained ground adjacent to the pallet indicates that spills may have occurred during transfer or storage operations. These stains may contain waste oil or solvents used for vehicle maintenance. No documentation is available to determine the amount of product spilled. Spills from this area stained soils and may have entered the groundwater.

#### 3.3 STORAGE SHED

# 3.3.1 DESCRIPTION

The storage shed contains about 30 sq ft of storage area. The shed is constructed of metal material and is located outside and northwest of the maintenance shop. Currently, the shed is empty. There are no floor drains in the shed. In the past, it was used to store paint cans, small cans of oil, and possibly paint-related solvents. The paints would freeze in winter and were thrown away in a dumpster, which was removed by a private contractor [I-4]. In the late 1970s or early 1980s, the practice of storing paints here was discontinued. The paints were stored in the northwest corner room of the mess hall, as discussed in Subsection 3.4.



# 3.3.2 KNOWN OR SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no documented evidence of any past or present spills in this area. However, considering the use of this shed to store paints and oils and possibly paint-related solvents, the potential for spills in the area exists.

## 3.4 BUILDING S3006 - MESS HALL

# 3.4.1 DESCRIPTION

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The mess hall is a single-story building of cinder block construction. It is heated by perimeter steam radiators served by the boiler in the boiler room. In the early- to mid-1970s, the heating source was converted from fuel oil to natural gas [I-4]. The piping is suspected to be insulated by asbestos, although it has been wrapped and painted [R-9]. No friable asbestos was visible in the pipes inside the building.

The building is divided into a kitchen area and a dining area. The kitchen area has a concrete floor with floor drains discharging to the sewage treatment plant. There is a large hood in the kitchen area which is poorly maintained. The kitchen ceiling appears to have asbestos hardboard panels. The dining area has a tiled floor and the ceiling is of dry wall construction with fiberglass insulation. Photographs 7 through 9 show the kitchen and dining area, respectively. Photo 9 shows the dining area with the fiberglass insulation hanging from the ceiling.

There are two areas of concern in this building. The first involves asbestos. An asbestos study conducted by Hall-Kimbrell Environmental Services found asbestos in pipe covering/fittings and boiler/reservoir packing [R-9; Appendix D]. The mess hall is referred to as Building 56144 in the study. It should be noted that access could not be gained into the boiler room during the site visit because there was no available, key to the room. In any case, safety considerations would have precluded entry.

The second area of concern is a room located in the northwest corner of the building. Until approximately 1963, this room was used by the Army to clean mess equipment. From 1963 to 1988, MONG started using this area as a battery room [T-2]. At the time of the visit, the room was empty and there were no batteries or battery acid containers present. The room has a concrete floor, an emergency shower, and a floor drain that flows to the onsite sewage treatment plant. Between 25 and 30 vehicles were assigned to this armory. Each vehicle had two batteries that were replaced as needed. There were mainly new batteries stored here. A few old batteries, awaiting disposal at the National Guard Headquarters in Jefferson City, were also occasionally stored here. At a given time, it was estimated that the room contained a maximum of 10 batteries and 12 1-gal containers of battery acid which were stored in wax-coated cardboard containers [T-2]. Both the batteries and the acid containers were stored on wooden shelves.

According to the shop foreman, who served in this Armory from 1981 to 1988, this room was also used during that time period for storing paints [T-3].



The paints were stored in flammable lockers; the lockers are no longer present in the room. This room was electrically heated.

# 3.4.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present spills in this building. MONG personnel did not remember any leaking batteries or acid containers in the room [T-2]. Any potential acid spill would, in all likelihood, flow into the floor drain rather than leave the room.

There has been no documented release of asbestos to the surrounding air. All insulation is covered and painted. The boiler room is reported to contain friable asbestos piping insulation but was inaccessible at the time of the site visit [R-9].

#### 3.5 VEHICLE WASH AREA

#### 3.5.1 DESCRIPTION

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Vehicles were washed outside the maintenance shop in a graveled parking area, and the washwater allowed to drain into the surrounding grass. An average of 75 to 90 vehicles were reportedly washed annually between 1963 and 1988. Washwater would be expected to seep into the surrounding ground, although there is a drainageway in the area that drains surface water in a northeasterly direction. The potential also exists for the presence of solvents in the area from engine cleaning operation.

# 3.5.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

Oil and grease from the vehicle washwater is suspected of contaminating the soil around the wash area and runoff area. In addition, the potential exists for groundwater contamination in the runoff area.

# 3.6 MAINTENANCE SHOP

# 3.6.1 DESCRIPTION

The maintenance shop was installed at the Nike site in the mid 1960s (possibly in 1964) for use by MONG. The building construction consists of metal walls and a suspended ceiling with fiberglass insulation, concrete floor, and wooden partitions. The garage doors are the roll-up type with either styrofoam or fiberglass insulation. The building is heated by natural gas. Photo 10 shows the maintenance bay area.

Maintenance shop activities were performed here from the mid 1960s to 1988 and included routine vehicle maintenance such as oil, antifreeze, and brake changes. Waste oil was initially dumped outside on the ground as discussed earlier in Subsection 3.1. Later the waste oil was stored outside in drums and then in a 250-gal tank in the waste oil storage area discussed in Subsection 3.2. The waste antifreeze was reportedly disposed of by throwing it outside the maintenance shop and allowing it to drain into the surrounding grassy area, which also received runoff from the vehicle wash area, described in Subsection 3.5



There was no parts cleaner until approximately 1975 when a portable 20 to 30-gal container was procured. No information was available on the type of solvents used or how the waste solvents were disposed during that time period. However, during interviews with former MONG personnel it was suggested that waste solvent was possibly disposed of in a manner similar to the waste oil [I-4; T-2]. It should be noted that the floor drain in the maintenance shop flows to the sewage treatment plant, which was not operational during the period that MONG occupied this site. Since the early 1980s, Safety Kleen, Inc. has been contracted to handle the waste solvent. The company services the parts cleaner every 5 weeks [T-3].

No special precautions, such as rinsing of brake pads or high removal efficiency vacuum, were used during brake changing operations until the early 1980s. At that time, the pads were water rinsed to minimize the potential of asbestos exposure. During the late 1980s, brakes were rinsed with solvent and the waste solvent disposed through Safety Kleen, Inc.

# 3.6.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

No documented releases to the groundwater, surface water, or air have been noted. Suspected releases to the environment include soil and possible groundwater and surface water contamination due to the reported methods of disposal of oil, solvent, and antifreeze.

#### 3.7 UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS

#### 3.7.1 DESCRIPTION

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There is a total of seven underground storage tanks (USTs) throughout the facility. Five USTs contain fuel oil. These were used until the early-to-mid 1970s to supply heating fuel to the buildings. After the National Guard took over the site, gas heat was gradually installed. Limited drawings are available indicating the size of the tanks [T-1]. Information obtained from drawings indicate that the tank serving the mess hall is 2,500 gal and the tanks serving buildings S3004 and S3005 are 1,500 gal each. The drawings do not show tank size for building S3003, which is the administration, recreation, and storage building. However, the capacity of this tank is estimated at 1,500 gal based on information obtained from the National Guard Armory in Harrisonville [T-12]. These four tanks sull contain fuel oil. The fifth fuel oil UST is a 500-gal tank serving the ammunition storage shed. The exact location and contents of this tank could not be verified during the site visit [T-12].

These tanks were probably installed in 1959 when the land was purchased by the Army from Mr. and Mrs. Robertson to be used as a Nike-Hercules site. There is no information available to indicate that these tanks have been leak tested.

A motor-vehicle gasoline (MOGAS) tank is located in an area north of the maintenance shop. There is no information available indicating the tank size. However, the tank still contains some gasoline, as verified during the

site visit. The age and construction of this tank are not known, and there is no information available to indicate whether the tank has been leak tested. Photo 11 shows the area where this tank is located.

In addition to the six tanks already discussed, there is a diesel tank that was used to serve the four generators in Building S3007. Information obtained during interviews with MONG personnel assigned to this site indicates a tank size of 3,000 gal [T-12]. It is not known whether the tank has been leak tested. The tank is not currently used, but does contain residual liquid.

# 3.7.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present spills in the underground tank areas. The tanks are estimated to be at least 25 years old and have never been leak tested. At least six of these tanks still contain fuel and fuel residuals.

#### 3.8 FORMER ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK

# 3.8.1 DESCRIPTION

According to the shop foreman who worked at this National Guard Armory from 1964 to 1969 and 1970 to 1976, there was a diesel fuel tank, estimated at 500 gal, located west of the MOGAS underground storage tank [T-2]. The exact period of operation was not known, but reportedly the tank was installed in 1970 and removed by the National Guard when they vacated the premises in 1988.

#### 3.8.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no documentation of any past or present spills in this area. No information is available on the tank condition at the time it was removed.

# 3.9 FORMER CONEX SHED AREA

#### 3.9.1 DESCRIPTION

There was a metal CONEX shed located on a gravel area at the northwest corner of the maintenance shop. The CONEX shed was used to store transmission, hydraulic and engine oil, and grease. The maximum quantity of oils and grease in the CONEX shed was estimated as 30 gal [T-3]. The largest container size was 5 gal. MONG removed the CONEX shed when they moved from the site in 1988.

# 3.9.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

At the time of the site visit, there was no evidence of any spills in this area. The exact location of the CONEX shed is not known, but the general area of its location was identified by the shop foreman [T-3].



# 3.10 TRANSFORMERS

# 3.10.1 DESCRIPTION

A total of 21 transformers are located in eight areas throughout the site. The following is a discussion of each of the eight areas:

- 10A: Consists of a single on-pole transformer with an estimated quantity of less than 50 gal of oil. It is located at the northern boundary of the property. The transformer is owned by the Army and no information is available on whether it has been tested for PCBs [T-11].
- 10B to 10D: There are three on-pole transformers at each of these four locations. Estimated quantity of oil is less than 100 gal at locations 10B, 10C and 10D. Photo 12 shows the on-pole transformers near the water tank. All of these transformers are owned by the Army and no information on any PCB testing is available [T-11].
- 10E: The three transformers at location 10E form the stepdown bank for the incoming power and are located on a platform. These transformers are owned by the Missouri Public Service Electricity Utility (MPSEU). According to MPSEU, these transformers were installed between 1984 and 1985 and are rated at 100 KVA each. None of the three transformers have PCB-contaminated oils according to MPSEU test results [T-11].
- 10F: Consists of a single on-pole transformer with an estimated quantity of less than 50 gal of oil. It is located in the vicinity of the sewage treatment plant and is owned by the Army [T-11]. No information is available on any PCB testing of this transformer.
- 10G: This transformer is located in a grassy area outside the water treatment building, as shown in photo 13. It is approximately 20-in. in height and 15-in. in diameter and is about 75 percent filled with oil. It is owned by the Army, but no information on PCB testing is available [T-11]. The cap is not securely fastened, and it appears the fluid would leak if the transformer were toppled.
- 10H: There are three 50 KVA and three 15 KVA transformers elevated on approximately 2-in. high metal rails that are located on an uncurbed concrete pad behind the generator building (Building S3007). The area around the transformers is grassy. The larger transformers are manufactured by General Electric and the smaller ones are manufactured by Westinghouse. These transformers are owned by the Army and no information on any PCB testing is available. No visible stains were present on the concrete pad during the site visit.



# 3.10.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

Of the 21 transformers located onsite, 18 have the potential of containing PCB-contaminated oils. All 18 transformers are Army-owned [T-11]. During the site visit, no staining was observed in the immediate area of any of the transformers, and none of the transformers seemed to be in deteriorated condition. The transformer that has the greatest potential for release is Transformer 10G. Although no evidence of any past or present releases or spills was found, if this transformer were to topple over, the oil would be released into the surrounding grassy area.

# 3.11 SMALL ARMS PRACTICE RANGE

# 3.11.1 DESCRIPTION

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This practice range was constructed by MONG and was used for small arms firing practice. Soil was trucked into the area between the ammo storage shed and the acquisition radar pad. A berm was built and railroad ties were used to hold the soil behind the impact area (photo 14). Most bullets and spent ammo were removed when MONG vacated the facility [T-2]. However, bullet fragments probably remain because the area was not completely cleared out. The soil and wooden railroad ties could contain lead bullets from past rifle practice.

# 3.11.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

Soil in the impact area is expected to be contaminated with spent ammunition. Surface drainage from the area flows in an easterly direction and then flows north off the property.

# 3.12 BUILDING S3003: ADMINISTRATION BUILDING

# 3.12.1 DESCRIPTION

This is the old administration, recreation, and storage building. The building was heated by fuel oil before it was converted to natural gas during the mid 1970s. The building has tiled floors and masonry walls with 3- to 4-ft wooden panel inserts on the lower portion of the walls. One room in this building was formerly used as a small weapons vault but presently there are no weapons inside. In another room, there was a bucket containing dry white powder, shown in photo 15. The total quantity of the powder is estimated at 5 gal. Photo 16 shows the general exterior condition of this building.

The major area of concern in this building involves asbestos. The building was referred to as Building 56136 in the asbestos report completed by Hall-Kimbrell Environmental Services, Inc. [R-4]. Asbestos was found in the pipes located in the boiler room and throughout the building. The asbestos found during tests ranged between 8 and 23 percent.



# 3.12.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present releases or spills in this building. Insulation on pipes in the building and boiler room could be a source of release of asbestos to the environment if their current good condition were to deteriorate.

# 3.13 BUILDING S3004: NCO AND OFFICERS QUARTERS

#### 3.13.1 DESCRIPTION

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Building S3004 was used as both NCO and officers quarters. It is an L-shaped building and was heated by fuel-oil. Unlike the other three main buildings, this building was never converted to natural gas heat.

Asbestos was found in the pipes located throughout the building and at various locations in the furnace room, including the tank and water lines. The asbestos found during tests ranged between 4 and 23 percent. This building is referred to as Building 56135 in the Hall-Kimbrell asbestos report [R-4].

# 3.13.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present spills in this building. Asbestos insulation on pipes in the building and boiler room appear in good condition. Asbestos could be a source of environmental release if the condition of the current insulation should deteriorate or is damaged during future activities.

# 3.14 BUILDING S3005: BARRACKS AND NCO QUARTERS

# 3.14.1 DESCRIPTION

This building has three major areas: a large barracks hall, offices, and the rest room/bathroom area. Photos 17 and 18 show the barracks hall and one office. Parts of this building have deteriorated due to a leaking roof with gaping holes. Ceiling and fiberglass insulation damage and dead sparrows are visible in the photos. There are indications of roof leakage throughout the building. A small boiler is located in the boiler room, which was served by an underground fuel oil storage tank located just outside.

This building was referenced as Building 56145 in the asbestos report [R-4]. Asbestos was found throughout the building pipes and in the tank in the boiler room. The asbestos found during tests ranged between 28 and 51 percent.

# 3.14.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of past or present spills in this building. Asbestos insulation on pipes in the building has deteriorated. As the condition of the building and the asbestos insulation on pipes continues to deteriorate, releases of asbestos can be expected.



# 3.15 PAINT LOCKER

# 3.15.1 DESCRIPTION

This is an old paint locker that was used by the Army to store touch-up paints and small cans of grease for use on the radars. The locker was reportedly not used from 1981 to 1988 [T-3]. This locker was located west of the interconnecting corridor from 1969 to 1974. At the time of the site visit the locker was found near the western-most radar pad. The locker doors were wide open at the time of the inspection and no materials were found inside. No residues or spills were noted on the locker floor, which may have acted as containment.

# 3.15.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present spills in this area. Potential spills may have been contained within the locker but no evidence was apparent of past spills.

# 3.16 AMMO STORAGE VAULT AND UNIDENTIFIED BUILDING

# 3.16.1 DESCRIPTION

An approximately 8-ft by 8-ft aboveground storage vault constructed of reinforced concrete is located onsite. The vault was reportedly used by the Army between 1968 and 1988 [I-4]. Access to the vault could not be gained during the site visit. It is not known whether any ammunition is still stored here.

In addition, there is an unidentified, yellow-colored building located adjacent to and north of the ammo storage vault. No information was available on this building. However, because it is located near the ammo storage vault, it may have been used to store ammunition.

# 3.16.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence outside the vault of any past or present releases in this area. However, this structure was not accessible at the time of the field visit.

# 3.17 AMMO STORAGE SHED FOR SMALL ARMS RANGE

# 3.17.1 DESCRIPTION

The ammo storage shed is about 15 ft by 18 ft and consists of corrugated steel walls and roof on a concrete slab floor. It is in a dilapidated condition. The door is missing and most of the window panes are broken. The building has a tiled floor, but most of the tiles were found to be damaged during the site inspection. Photo 19 shows the ammo storage shed; to the left of the shed is the ammo storage vault. Photo 20 shows the inside of the ammo storage shed. There are wooden pallets and wood blocks lying inside the shed. There is also a Lennox oil furnace in the southeast corner of the building. The ceiling is wooden with fiberglass insulation that is in poor condition.



Ammunition was stored in this shed in the past, and the windows in the southern wall of the building were used to fire small arms into the outdoor small arms practice range discussed in Subsection 3.11 [I-2, I-3].

# 3.17.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present releases or spills in this area.

Asbestos has not been surveyed in this building.

# 3.18 SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

# 3.18.1 DESCRIPTION

The sewage treatment plant (STP) consisted of an Imhoff tank for primary treatment and a trickling filter-final settling tank for secondary treatment. A bar screen chamber was provided at the inlet of the plant to remove solids of large size that might clog or damage piping or pumps in the treatment plant. The Imhoff tank is a two-story tank. The upper tank removed settleable solids from raw sewage, and the lower tank was used for sludge digestion. A dosing siphon provided a means for storing the effluent from the primary settling unit until sufficient volume had been collected at an adequate head to rotate the trickling filter distribution arm and properly distribute the sewage over the filter. Final discharge was to a ditch along State Road KK which drained to the unnamed creek flowing to the east branch of Crawford Creek.

The final settling tank, consisting of a circular tank, was used to remove the solids in the trickling filter effluent. The sludge from this tank was then pumped to the Imhoff tank for primary settling and digestion.

The sewage treatment plant was operated until 1969 when the Army left this property and closed down all operations. After 1969, the plant was used only as a septic tank. The overflow discharged to the outfall without further treatment. Approximately 6 to 8 people occupied this site from 1969 to 1988. On one weekend per month, up to 120 MONG people could be present. During the time period that the plant was operational, it was serviced by a private contractor.

The Imhoff tank still contained either raw sewage, rainwater, or a mixture of the two at the time of the site visit. The trickling filter was completely dry. Photos 21 and 22 show the sewage treatment plant area. The sewage treatment plant received wastewater potentially contaminated with acids, solvents, oils, and heavy metals from the various operations throughout the facility. Potentially, materials such as acids, heavy metals, solvents, and oils passed through the STP to the outfall with little or no effect from the treatment plant.

# 3.18.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present spills in the area. However, it is suspected that over the years some potential contaminants, such as ethylene

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glycol and wastes from lead-acid vehicle batteries, could have been discharged to the STP. Heavy metals, such as lead and petroleum hydrocarbons, could potentially be found in the soils of the outfall area defined above.

# 3.19 DEBRIS AREA

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# 3.19.1 DESCRIPTION

In the northwest corner of the STP, there is a small pile of debris consisting of concrete and wooden blocks and pipe flanges, possibly containing asbestos materials. Some of the wastes appear to be old broken Transite type piping parts which implies the presence of asbestos. The pile covers an area of approximately 20 sq ft and is less than 2 ft high.

# 3.19.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There appears to be the potential for release of asbestos to the air from this waste pile.

## 3.20 ASBESTOS WATER PIPING

# 3.20.1 DESCRIPTION

In addition to the presence of asbestos in the buildings, part of the underground water distribution system is made up of 4 in. to 6 in. Transite pipe, which is composed of asbestos fibers and portland cement molded under hydraulic pressure [R-2]. Reportedly, much of this underground system is leaking [T-14].

# 3.20.2 KNOWN AND SUSPECTED RELEASES

There is no evidence of any past or present releases to the air from this site. It should be noted that the Transite piping runs underground.

# Section 4 Human and Environmental Receptors



# **SECTION 4**

# HUMAN AND ENVIRONMENTAL RECEPTORS

In this section the pathways by which human and environmental receptors may be exposed to site-related contaminants are discussed.

# 4.1 GROUNDWATER

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Contaminants from the site, such as oil and lead, may have entered the groundwater. The potential exists for wells supplying drinking water to be located within a 3-mile radius of the site. However, domestic use of groundwater in the region is limited due to the poor water quality (high dissolved solids) and/or the low yield of groundwater generally available from wells. The potential also exists for groundwater discharge to surface water, although areas of groundwater discharge have not been identified.

## 4.2 SURFACE WATER

Surface water runoff to the perennial stream described in Subsection 2.4.3 is a potential exposure pathway for environmental receptors. Humans may also be exposed if receiving streams are used for recreation or fishing. Downgradient surface water is not known to be used for drinking water. Residual compounds in site soil and drainage way sediment, if present, could enter the surface water runoff and affect receptors downstream. Past discharges (such as the waste oils and solvents, if any, which were disposed in the previously identified oil disposal area located in the northwest portion of the facility) could be mobilized by surface water runoff. Similarly, heavy metals and asbestos in the sediments downstream of the STP outfall, if any are present, could be transported downgradient by surface water.

# 4.3 <u>SOIL</u>

Currently the Nike KC-30 site is entirely surrounded by a security fence and is abandoned. Although there has been evidence of intrusion by trespassers, potential human receptors cannot easily obtain access to onsite environmental risk areas, such as the former oil disposal area. However, there is no restriction to access for the drainage trenches or ravine sediments, which may potentially contain heavy metals, asbestos, or organic compounds as described previously.

Some site surface soils, which would become accessible to potential human receptors in the event of a transfer of the property, are suspected to contain heavy metals or organic constituents (primarily oil). These soils include the area of former oil disposal, small arms range, and potentially the drainage areas of the former vehicle wash, trash storage, and waste oil drum staging. In addition, PCBs may have been spilled onto the soil from a transformer outside the water treatment building, and soil in the target area may be contaminated with spent ammunition.



# 4.4 <u>AIR</u>

The only known potential airborne risk is from the various sources of asbestos. Most of the known asbestos is found inside buildings, is sealed and painted over, and, therefore, may not be a present risk. Some asbestos insulation around the boilers has been noted to be in poor condition with friable asbestos evident. While the site remains inactive and in good repair, there is limited substantial pathway to human receptors. If the property is transferred, the asbestos currently contained in the buildings could become a risk to human receptors entering or working in the buildings.

The debris area in the northwest corner of the STP may pose a current risk of airborne asbestos. However, asbestos in the form of Transite is not as friable as free asbestos, so exposure potential is reduced.

# 4.5 DIRECT CONTACT

Hazardous materials may be contained inside the numerous transformers found onsite. These items could pose a risk to human receptors in a direct contact scenario.

The contents of the transformers and USTs could present an explosion or fire hazard under certain conditions, although the risk at this facility would not be anticipated to be higher than at other similar public facilities.

The 5-gal bucket of white powder in the administration building may present a direct contact hazard.

# 4.6 DRINKING WATER

The underground Transite piping poses a risk to the drinking water due to the potential presence of asbestos fibers in the water. If portions of the deteriorating and leaking underground transite piping are proposed for use, water samples should be taken to compare to EPA draft criteria. EPA's Drinking Water Draft Criteria sets a proposed drinking water maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) of 7.1 x 10° fibers/liter associated with a 1 x  $10^{-6}$  risk. The criteria is limited to fibers greater than 10 microns in length.

# Section 5 Conclusions and Recommendations

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# **SECTION 5**

# CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

# 5.1 SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS

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The Nike Battery Kansas City 30 site is an abandoned Nike-Hercules site which was active from 1958 through the late 1960s. From the mid 1960s to 1988 the Missouri National Guard used the facility as an armory. The buildings onsite are mostly masonry with wooden framed flat roofs with "built-up" roofing systems. Two of the buildings have corrugated metal walls and roofs. All buildings are built on concrete slabs; there are no basements. Other materials of construction typically include dry wall inside walls and ceilings, tiled floors, painted woodwork and pipe coverings, fiberglass batt insulation in ceilings, and asbestos products in pipe insulation and potentially in painted fire and moisture resistant panels in the kitchen and bathrooms.

All buildings are empty. No furniture and very little extraneous material is in the buildings. The four main buildings generally appear to be in good repair with the exception of the NCO quarters building, which has a deteriorating roof.

The facility is surrounded by farmland and is located in a rural area. Only two residences are visible from the site, and one of these houses was an incomplete new residence at the time of the site visit.

Drinking water is supplied to the facility and surrounding homes by the Missouri Public Water District No. 5, which obtains water from Kansas City. Surface drainage is generally to the northeast to a perennial stream located approximately 1/4 mile north of the northern perimeter fence of the facility. Past operations that could adversely affect local and environmental receptors are mostly related to vehicle maintenance and building space heating. These are summarized in the following subsections.

# 5.1.1 OIL DISPOSAL AREA

The oil disposal area located in the northwestern part of the property was used for dumping used oil from vehicle maintenance. Solvents may also have been co-disposed here. This area may have been a pit that was filled with sand or some other porous medium.

# 5.1.2 WASTE OIL STORAGE AREA

From about 1975, when the practice of dumping used oil on the oil disposal area was discontinued, through 1988, when MONG vacated the property, waste oils were stored first in 55-gal drums and later in an aboveground tank for eventual disposal offsite. When the drums were in use, leaks and spills reportedly occurred. There is some evidence of staining on the gravel in this area and in the drainage pathway leading to the drainage culvert located near the oil disposal area.



# 5.1.3 VEHICLE WASH ARFA AND ANTIFREEZE DISPOSAL AREA

Behind the maintenance shop, vehicles were washed and waste antifreeze was disposed of by throwing it outside. Runoff was allowed to drain into the surrounding grassy area.

# 5.1.4 UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS

The seven underground storage tanks onsite are potential environmental release sources. Each of the tanks examined appears to contain some quantity of residual fuels. There is no record of leak testing or even UST registration of these tanks. The age of these tanks makes them suspect for leaks. Because the possibility exists for groundwater in the area to be used for drinking, there would be potential human receptors in case of any releases.

# 5.1.5 TRANSFORMERS

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A total of 21 transformers are onsite, all of which contain oil. No tests have been performed to determine PCB content of these transformers (except for three transformers at location 10E). No leaks or stains indicating previous leaks were noted on or around these transformers. The three transformers at location ESO 10E are owned by Missouri Public Service Electric and reportedly do not contain PCBs. The transformer at location ESO 10G is on the ground and the cap is not securely fastened. This transformer is about 75 percent filled with oil. Transformer oil could potentially have been spilled in this area.

# 5.1.6 SMALL ARMS PRACTICE RANGE

The small arms range was used for the discharge of rifles and hand guns. Accordingly, the soil of the target area is likely to contain bullets and fragments.

# 5.1.7 ASBESTOS IN STRUCTURES

Various forms of asbestos exist on the site. Asbestos in certain hot water pipes is friable, although most of the asbestos containing materials (ACMs) are in good condition at this time.

# 5.1.8 WHITE POWDER IN BUCKET (BUILDING S3003)

There is a 5-gal bucket with an unknown white powder located in the administration building. This presents an unknown degree of hazard.

# 5.1.9 AMMO STORAGE VAULT AND UNIDENTIFIED BUILDING

A small, aboveground concrete building was reportedly used to store small arms ammunition. An unidentified concrete building (painted yellow) is located adjacent to it. Access could not be gained into these buildings and there is an unknown degree of hazard associated with these buildings.

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# 5.1.10 SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

The sewage treatment plant (ST?) consisted of an Imhoff tank for primary treatment and a trickling filter final settling tank for secondary treatment. The STP received wastewater potentially contaminated with acid, solvent, oil, and heavy metals from the various operations throughout the facility. The plant has not been in operation since 1969, except as a septic tank. The overflow discharged to the outfall without further treatment and may have contaminated the outfall area.

# 5.1.11 DEBRIS AREA

There appears to be a possible source of asbestos in the form of discarded Transite piping in a waste pile near the sewage treatment plant. While not highly friable, this could be a source of airborne asbestos because it is not contained in any way.

# 5.1.12 ASBESTOS WATER PIPING

Part of the underground water distribution system is made up of 4-in. to 6-in. Transite pipe and is reportedly leaking. This poses a hazard to the potable water system because of the potential for asbestos fibers.

# 5.2 <u>RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FURTHER ACTION</u>

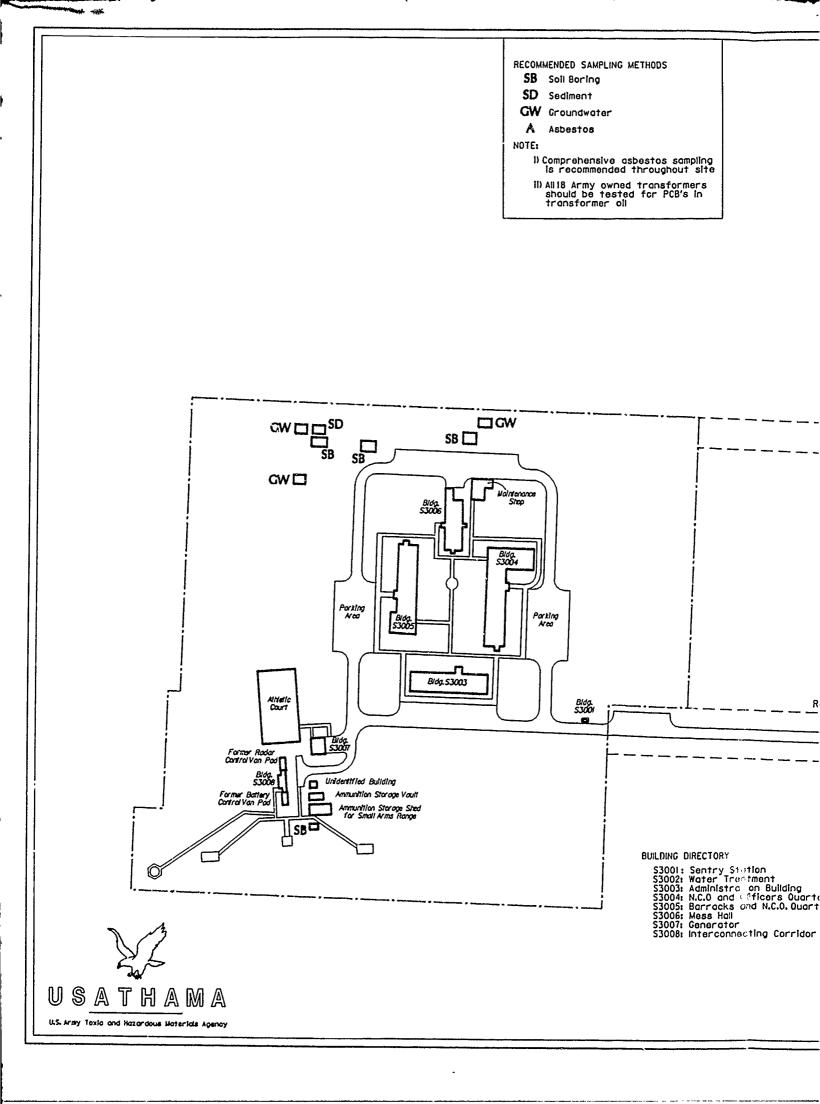
No conditions were observed on the property that appear to represent an immediate substantial threat to human health or the environment. The ESOs discussed in Subsection 5.1 have the potential to affect human health or the environment. Further action at the property is recommended as follows. Figure 5-1 shows the recommended sampling locations. Table 5-1 shows a summary of specific sampling recommendations.

# 5.2.1 OIL DISPOSAL AREA

# 5.2.1.1 GROUNDWATER

It is not known to what extent petroleum hydrocarbons and metals from waste oil are distributed in soils and groundwater around the source area. Also, there is the possibility that solvents could have been disposed of along with the waste oil. Local area spread of constituents to groundwater and subsurface soils is not a major concern because the groundwater is not generally usable for drinking water supplies, although potential for wells exist within 3 miles. The potential for discharge of constituents to surface water bodies via percolation of rainwater through the soil, then discharging to the nearby ravine, is not known.

Three monitoring wells, one upgradient and two downgradient of the pit, are recommended to measure the extent of constituents entering the groundwater and potential for a pathway to surface water discharge. Water samples from the monitoring wells should be analyzed for TPHs, RCRA metals, and VOCs.



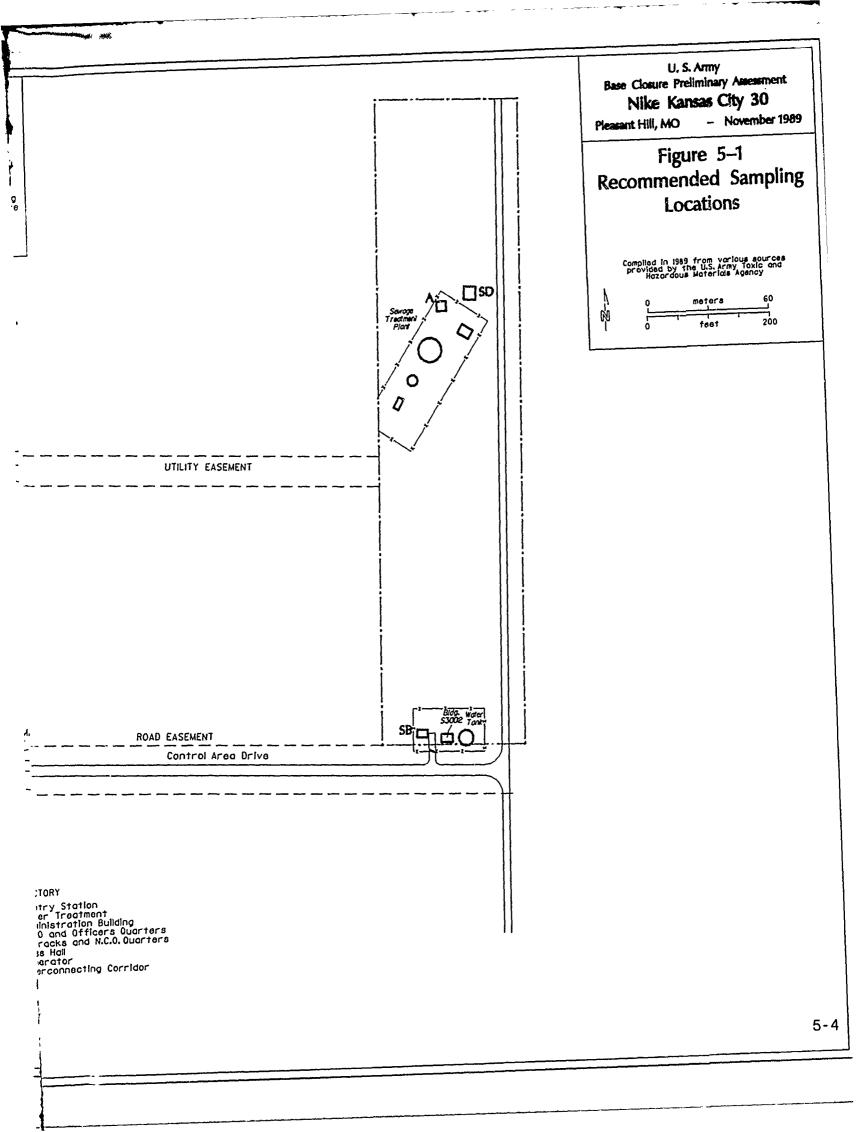


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r • ESOs Identified at Nike KC-30 and Recommendations for Further Action

	Concern		Number and Type of Samples Recommended	Analysis DCDA metals TPH VNCs
Soil, surface water, and GW contamination	tter, and	Install three GW monitoring wells. Soil sampling. Sediment sampling.	3 GW 3 sediments 2 to 4 soil (ea. at 0-6 in. and 3-4 ft)	· · -
Soil contamination	ion	Soil sampling.	2 soil (each at 0-6 in. and 2-3 ft)	RCRA metals, IPH
Soil and GW contamination	tamination	Install l GW monitor well. Soil sampling.	l GW 2 soil (ea. at 0-6 in. and 2-3 ft)	Ethylene glycol, VOCs, RCRA metals, TPH for GW. RCRA metals, TPH for all soil samples. VOCs at 2 to 3 ft depth soil sample.
TPH contamination of soil and GW	on of soil	Leak test. Remove leaking tanks. Empty non-leaking tanks and leave in place in conformance with state and federal regulations.	NA	ИА
Potential spill a location ESO 10G Potential leaks	at	Soil sampling. Oil sampling.	l soil 18 oil	PCBs
Lead, other metals	ls	Remove soil comprising target area; sample and dispose as appropriate. Sample remaining soil.	2 (in soil to be removed) 2 (in remaining soil)	EP Tox EP Tox, RCRA metals, and antimony.
Inhalation		Remove or encapsulate known exposed friable asbestos. Test other suspected asbestos- containing materials (insulation, walls, ceiling panels, etc.) throughout site. Action on nonexposed asbestos depends on disposition of site. Ambient air sampling in 4 main buildings and in smaller buildings as required.	As required (estimated order of magnitude 100 samples)	Asbestos

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# ESOs Identified at Nike KC-30 and Recommendations for Further Action (continued)

ESOs	Concern	Recommended Activity	Number and Type of Samples Recommended	Analysis
White Powder in Bucket Unknown hazard (Building S3003)	Unknown hazard	Identify powder and dispose appropriately.	ИА	NA
Ammo Storage Vault and Unidentified Building	Ammunition	Buildings should be entered and inspected and any suspected hazardous materials sampled and removed.	NA	NA
Sewage Treatment Plant Outfall	Residual wastes not fully treated by STP	Obtain sediment samples. Clean Imhoff tank.	m	RCRA metals, TPH
Debris Area G	Airborne risk of asbestos	Obtain samples of pipe lining. If asbestos containing, have waste pile removed and disposed of appropriately.	7	Asbestos
Asbestos Water Piping	Asbestos	Test water at taps. Evaluate condition of water distribution system and take appropriate action.	m	Asbestos
Storage Shed	Paints	No further investigation.	NA	
Battery Room in Building S3006	Battery arid	No further investigation.	NA	NA
Former Aboveground Storage Tank	Diesel fuel	No further investigation.	NA	NA
Former CONEX Shed	Paints and oils	No further investigation.	M	
Paint Locker	Paints	No further investigation.	V. V	
Ammo Storage Shed for Small Arms Range	Ammunition	No further investigation.	AN	AN

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# 5.2.1.2 SOILS

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It is recommended that the surrounding area be manually excavated to determine the lateral extent of the disposal area. Depending on the extent of the area, between two and four soil borings are recommended to characterize the extent of contamination of soils in the area. Samples should be taken at depths of 0 to 6", and between 3 and 4 ft and analyzed for TPHs, VOCs, and RCRA metals. During collection of the soil samples, the disposal area may prove to be a pit containing porous material. If so, the sample depths will have to be adjusted in order to obtain samples at least 1 ft below the bottom of the pit.

# 5.2.1.3 SEDIMENTS

Sediments should be collected from the ditch leading to the nearby culvert and from the ravine to test for potential TPH and RCRA metals migration.

# 5.2.2 WASTE OIL STORAGE AREA

Soil samples should be collected at depths of between 0 to 6 in. and between 2 to 3 ft in the drainage pathway toward the north of the waste oil and analyzed for TPH and RCRA metals.

# 5.2.3 VEHICLE WASH AREA AND ANTIFREEZE DISPOSAL AREA

Soil samples should be collected at depths of between 0 to 6 in. and between 2 to 3 ft and at two locations in the grassy area behind the maintenance shop. The 0 to 6 in. sample should be analyzed for RCRA metals and TPH. The sample between 2 to 3 ft should be analyzed for VOCs in addition to RCRA metals and TPH. In addition, a groundwater monitoring well should be installed and the groundwater tested for ethylene glycol, VOCs, RCRA metals, and TPH.

# 5.2.4 UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS

The seven USTs should be leak tested and a notification made to the water pollution control section at Missouri's DNR. This section administers the state's RCRA/UST program. Any tanks that are found to be leaking should be removed. The remaining tanks should be emptied and left in place in comformance with state and federal regulations.

# 5.2.5 TRANSFORMERS

The oil in the transformers should be tested to verify the presence or absence of PCB oils. A surface soil sample should be collected to determine if any PCBs have been spilled onto soil near transformer location ESO 10G.

# 5.2.6 SMALL ARMS PRACTICE RANGE

The target area of the small arms range can be assumed to contain lead and may also be contaminated with barium and antimony. A relatively small amount of soil and timber constitutes the target area. Removal of this soil to



an appropriate landfill may be the simplest response for the soil. The soil to be removed should be tested for EP Tox to determine appropriate disposal methods. Also the soil remaining should be tested for RCRA metals, antimony, and EP Toxicity.

# 5.2.7 ASBESTOS IN STRUCTURES

Asbestos has been confirmed in various buildings onsite. It is recommended that all known, exposed friable asbestos be removed or encapsulated. A comprehensive site-wide asbestos sampling program should be undertaken to test other suspected asbestos containing materials (ACMs) (insulation, wall panels, ceiling panels, etc.). Action on nonexposed asbestos will depend on the disposition of the site. Ambient air sampling is recommended in the four main buildings that are known to contain asbestos and in the small buildings if ACMs are found to be present.

# 5.2.8 WHITE POWDER IN BUCKET (BUILDING S3003)

The 5-gal bucket of white powder is an unknown risk. The powder should be identified and disposed appropriately.

# 5.2.9 AMMO STORAGE VAULT AND UNIDENTIFIED BUILDING

These buildings pose an unknown degree of hazard. These buildings should be entered and inspected, and any suspected hazardous materials sampled and removed.

# 5.2.10 SEWAGE TREATMENT OUTFALL SEDIMENTS

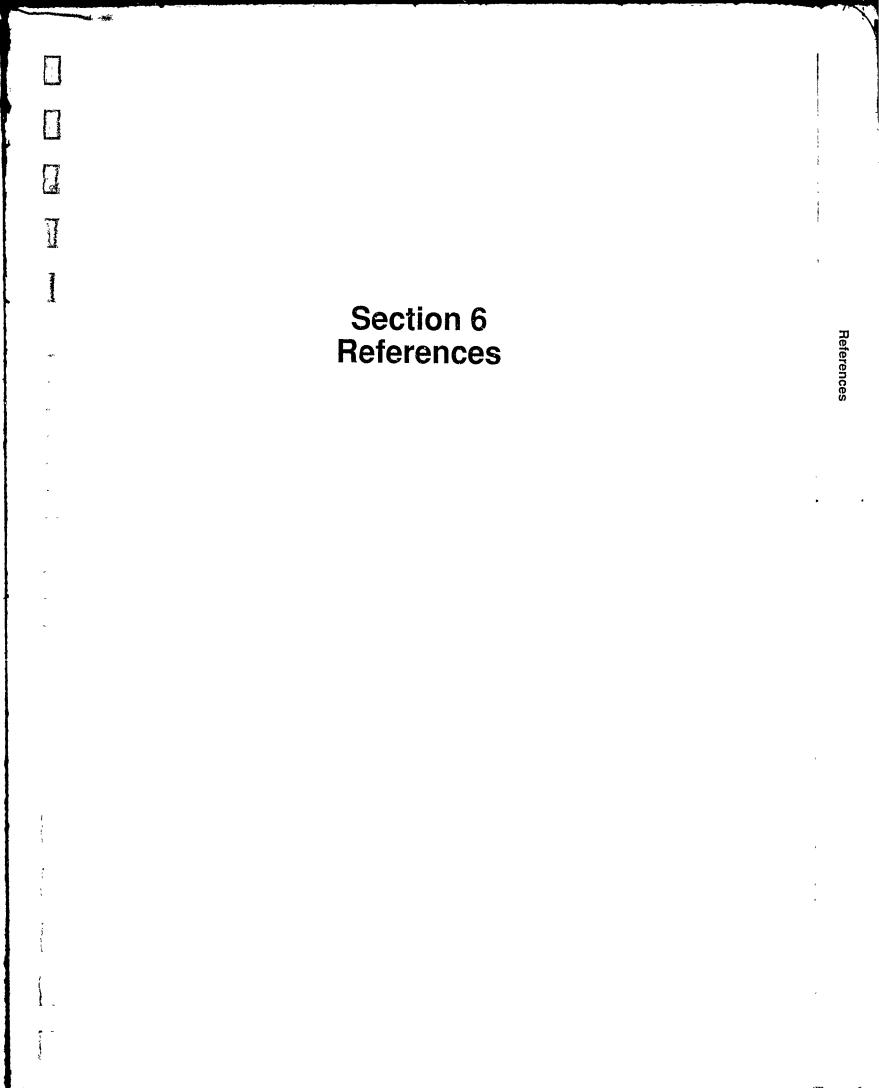
The outfall area may have been contaminated with acid, solvent, oil, and heavy metals from the various operations throughout the facility. Sampling for RCRA metals and TPH is recommended for these sediments at three locations. In addition, it is recommended that the Imhoff tank be cleaned.

# 5.2.11 DEBRIS AREA

The possible asbestos present in the discarded piping in the waste pile located near the sewage treatment plant could represent an airborne risk. Sampling should be conducted to determine whether asbestos is present in this uncontained pile. If the presence of asbestos is confirmed, the piping should be removed for proper disposal.

# 5.2.12 ASBESTOS WATER PIPING

Part of the underground water distribution system is made up of Transite pipes which are reportedly leaking. The water at the taps should be tested for asbestos. Also, the condition of the water distribution system should be evaluated and the necessary repairs made. If any Transite pipe is removed, it should be done in compliance with OSHA regulations.





# **SECTION 6**

# REFERENCES

# 6.1 DIRECT INTERVIEWS

- I-1 Chief of Management and Disposal Branch Real Estate Division, Kansas City COE 11 October 1989
- I-2 Realty Specialist Real Property Administration Section, Kansas City COE 11 October 1989
- I-3 Asst. Chief of Management and Disposal Branch, Real Estate Division, Kansas City COE October 10, 1989
- I-4 Former Battery Officer at Nike KC-30 from 1969 to 1973 Missouri National Guard (MONG), Raytown, Missouri 11 October 1989

# 6.2 TELEPHONE INTERVIEWS

- T-1 Realty Specialist, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.
- T-2 General Shop Mechanic at MONG, Raytown, Missouri, assigned to Nike KC-30 site from 1968 to 1969 and 1970 to 1976.
- T-3 Shop Foreman at MONG, Harrisonville, Missouri, assigned to Nike KC-30 site from 1981 to 1988.
- T-4 EPA Region VII.
- T-5 Missouri Department of National Resources (DNR), Air Pollution Control Program.
- T-6 Missouri DNR, Solid and Hazardous Waste Program.
- T-7 Missouri DNR, Water Pollution Program.
- T-8 Missouri DNR, Kansas City Office.
- T-9 Missouri DNR, Parks and Historical Sites Division.
- T-10 Missouri Department of Conservation.
- T-11 Missouri Public Service Electricity Utility.

T-12 MONG, Harrisonville.

T-13 Kansas City Water Department.

T-14 Pleasant Hill Water Department.

T-15 Missouri DNR, Division of Geology and Land Survey.

- T-16 Holden Water Department.
- T-17 E.T. Archer Engineers.

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T-18 Kansas City, Missouri, Department of Health.

T-19 Missouri State Health Department.

# 6.3 REPORTS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

- R-1 Warranty Deed for all Tracts, from Kansas City COE Division of Real Estate (included in Appendix A).
- R-2 <u>Preliminary Report of Excess Nike Battery KC-30 Site</u>, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, 5 April 1989 (relevant portions are included in Appendix B).
- R-3 <u>Pleasant Hill Community Profile</u>, City of Pleasant Hill, Missouri, 5 October 1989 (included in Appendix C).
- R-4 <u>Interim Report by the Bionetics Corp. and EPIC</u> on analysis of historical aerial photographs, August 1989.
- R-5 <u>Climate of the States 2</u>, <u>Western States</u>, Water Information Center, Inc., 1974.
- R-6 <u>1988 Local Climatological Data</u>, Annual Summary with Comparative Data, Kansas City, Missouri, International Airport, National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration, Asheville, North Carolina.
- R-7 <u>Missouri General Soil Map and Soil Association Descriptions</u>, U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service in cooperation with Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station, 1979.
- R-8 Letter from Missouri Department of Conservation to WESTON, 6 November 1989 (included in Appendix E).
- R-9 <u>Prioritization Asbestos Assessment Study</u>, Hall-Kimbrell Environmental Services, 1 July 1986 (relevant portions are included in Appendix D).
- R-10 Fact Sheet, Nike KC-30, Pleasant Hill, Missouri, USATHAMA Base Closure Division, March 1989 (included in Appendix E).
- R-11 Water and Sewerage Facilities, General Layout KC-30 Launching Area, Prepared under Contract No. DA23-028-ENG 3547, 6 December 1959.

Section 7 Photographs

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# **SECTION 7**

# PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs of ESOs taken during WESTON's site visit are provided in this section.

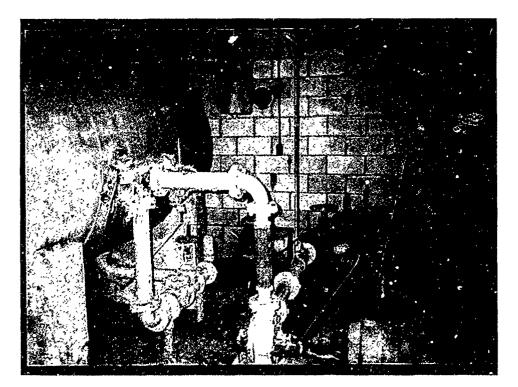
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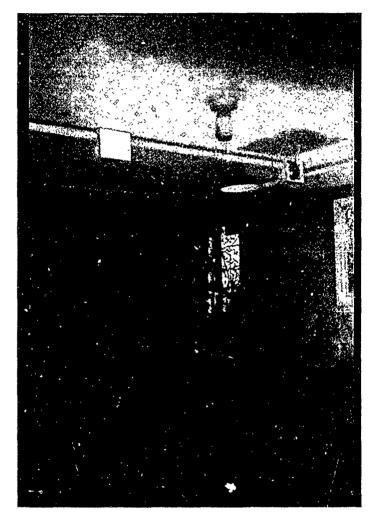


1. GENERAL CONDITIONS OUTSIDE WATER TREATMENT BUILDING AND WATER TANK

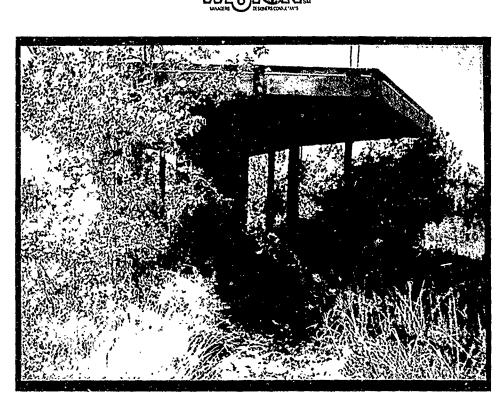


2. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE WATER TREATMENT BUILDING

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3. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE GENERATOR BUILDING



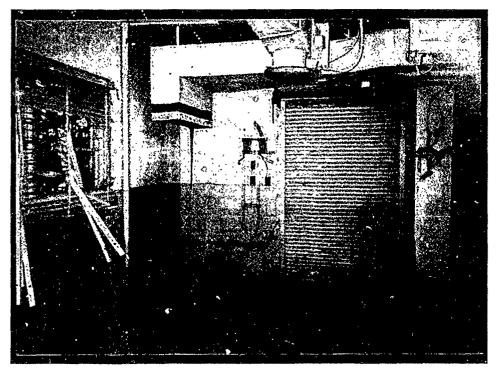
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4. FORMER RADAR STATION LOCATIONS



5. FORMER RADAR STATION LOCATIONS



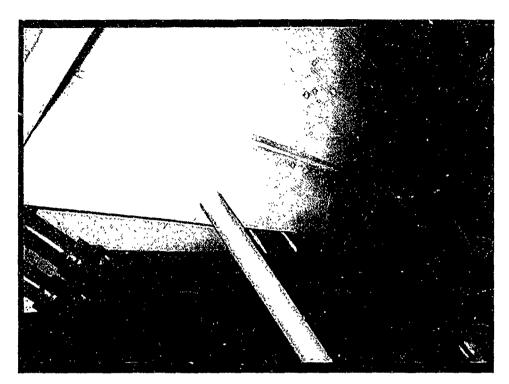


6. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE INTERCONNECTING CORRIDOR



7. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE KITCHEN AREA (BUILDING S3006)





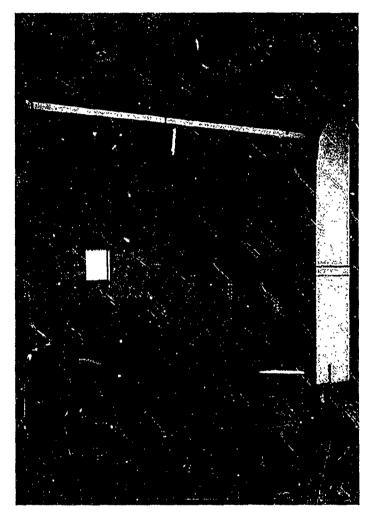
8. SUSPECTED ASBESTOS HARDBOARD PANELS IN KITCHEN CEILING (BUILDING S3006)





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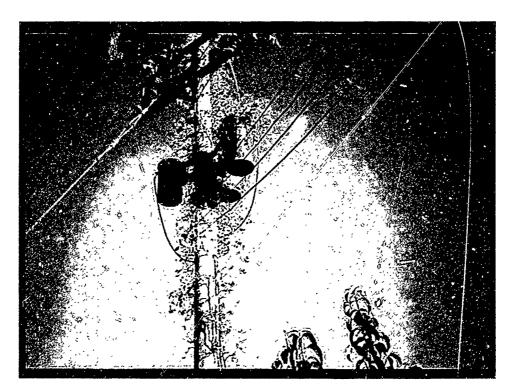
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10. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE MAINTENANCE SHOP



**11. GENERAL LOCATION OF MOGAS UST** 



12. POLE-MOUNTED TRANSFORMERS LOCATED IN THE VICINITY OF WATER TREATMENT BUILDING





13. TRANSFORMER LOCATED OUTSIDE WATER TREATMENT BUILDING



14. SMALL ARMS PRACTICE RANGE

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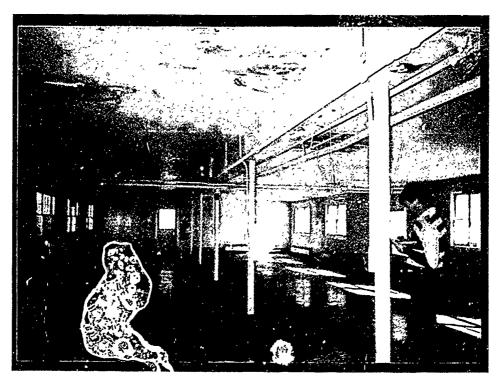


15. BUCKET WITH DRY WHITE POWDER INSIDE BUILDING \$3003



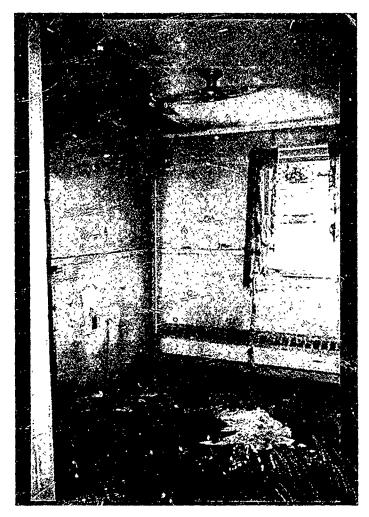


16. GENERAL CONDITIONS OUTSIDE BUILDING \$3003



CENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE BARRACKS HALL - BUILDING S3005



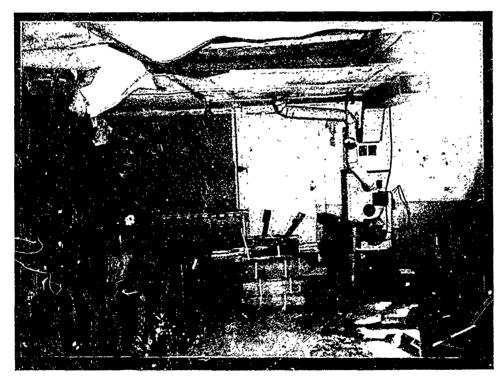


18. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE OFFICE -BUILDING S3005

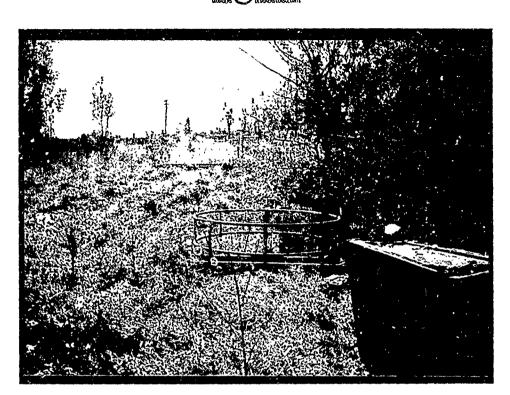




19. GENERAL CONDITIONS OUTSIDE OF INTERCONNECTING CORRIDOR, UNIDENTIFIED YELLOW BUILDING, AMMO STORAGE VAULT AND AMMO STORAGE SHED FOR SMALL ARMS RANGE



20. GENERAL CONDITIONS INSIDE AMMO STORAGE SHED



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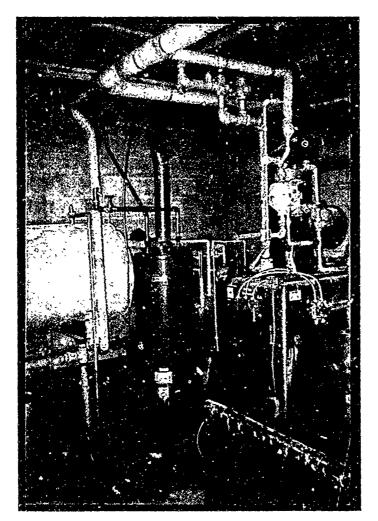
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21. SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT AREA



22. SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT AREA

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23. TYPICAL BOILER ROOM

Appendices

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# APPENDIX A WARRANTY DEEDS

(as received)

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#### January 15, 1959

Echarable Wilber H. Drucker Secretary of the Army Hashington 25, D. C.

My deer Mr. Secretary:

A ro-examination has been mode of the title data relating of to 24.20 acres of land, more or loss, Tracts Nos. A-100, A-100-2 and A-1002-1, 2 and 3, Kansas City Defense Area, <u>Niko Battery</u> 30 Project in Cass County, Missouri. This land and casement were conyour to the United Sictos of America under the provisions of existing legislation, by John W. Robertson and Sarah K. Robertson, also known as Sarah Robertson, his wife, under deed dated August 5, 1950, filed for record on August 22, 1950, and recorded among the land records of the county in Bock 425 at page 17. Your reference is No. MERRO 601.1, and the file number of this Department is 33-26-401-1.

The land and easement ware described in the aforesaid deed, which recites a consideration of \$5,730.00.

The <u>title</u> insurance policy, No. US-NIKE-FAR-1, dated as of Soptember 23, 1958, was prepared by the Title Insurance Corporation of St. Louis and is patlafactory.

The policy, recorded deed, and accompanying data disclose valid title to be vested in the United States of America, subject to:

> Easements for public roads, railroads, pipe lines, rights of any and utilities, if any, not shown of record.

2. Taxes for the year 1950, for the payment of which provision; has been made.

Your Department has advised that objection 1 will not interfore with the contemplated use of the land.

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# The title insurance policy, deed and related papers are enalesed.

.. Bincerely yours,

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## Attornoy General

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Kaudu City Defense Area NIKE Battery 30 Tro Nos A-100, A-100-2, A-100E1,A-100E2 & A-100E3

### MARRANTY DEED

THIS INDENTURE, made this <u>Sth</u> day of <u>August</u>, A. D., 1958, between John W. Robertson and Sarah H. Robertson, also known as Sarah Robertson, his wife, of <u>Jackson</u> County, State of <u>Missouri</u>,

of the first part, and the United States of America of the second part.

WITHESSETH, that said parties of the first part in concideration of

the sum of FIVE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$5,730.00),

the recaipt whereaf is hereby acknowledged, do by these presents, grant, bargain, call, and convey unto said party of the second part, and its assigns, all the following described REAL ESTATE, situated in the County of Caso, State of Missouri, to-wit:

A tract of land situated in the NEL of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of said NE% of Section 6;  $\beta_1 \beta_1^{0} \beta_{cc}^{0}$ thence S 2°43'12" W along the east line of said NE%, 1337.43 feet;  $\beta_1^{0} \beta_{cc}^{0}$ thence H 88°07" W, 817.23 feet to the point of beginning of the tract of land herein described; thence continuing N 88°07" W, 130.00 feet; thence S 1°53" W, 333.33 feet; thence H 88°07" W, 693.34 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 809.33 feet; thence S 88°07" E, 823.34 feet; thence S 1°53" W, 476.00 feet to the point of beginning; and

A tract of land situated in the NE% of Section 6, Tourship 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, more particularly described as follows:

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Beginning at a point on the east line of said NE% of Section 6, said point being S  $2^{\circ}43^{\circ}12^{\circ}$  N, 321.32 feet from the northeast corner  $11^{\circ}$  5.22 thereof; thence S  $2^{\circ}43^{\circ}12^{\circ}$  N along said east line of the NE%, 1016.11  $11^{\circ}$  5.22 feet; thence N 88°07' N, 216.57 feet; thence N  $1^{\circ}53^{\circ}$  B, 1016.00 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 231.40 feet to the point of beginning, together with all right, title, and interest of the parties of the first part in and to any alleys, streets, ways, strips, or gores abutting or adjoining the land here described, containing, in the aggregate, <u>19.52 acros</u>, more or loss.

Together with a perpetual and assignable easement and right-ofway to construct, maintain, repair, operate, patrol, replace and/cr remove an access readway, power transmission lines, water pipeline, and communications cable, and including the rights herein iter described in, upon, under, over, and across that certain tract of land in Cass County, State of Missouri, together with the right to trim, cut, fell, and remove therefrom all trees and underbrush and obstructions and any other vegetation, structures or obstacles within the limits of the right-of-way and for such distance beyond said limits and adjacent thereto as is necessary to provide adequate clearance and to eliminate interference with, or hazards to the structures or utilities placed or constructed on, over, or under said land within the limits of said easement, more particularly described as follows:

A100; A100-2, A100 E1, A100 E2, A100 E3. Page 1 of 4 Pages

rnn ty Defense Arei (NE soucery 30 Trs Nos A-100, A-100-2, A-10081,A-10082 & A-10083

A tract of land situated in the NE% of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Case County, Missouri, mora particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the east line of said NEV of Section 6, said point being S 2°43' 12" W, 1337.43 feet from the northeast corner thereof; thence S 2°43'12" W along said east line of the NEV, 80.01 pl feat; thence N 88°07' W, 946.06 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 80.00 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 947.23 feet to the point of beginning, containing 1.77 acres, more or less.

Together with a perpetual and assignable easement and right-ofway to construct, maintain, repair, operate, patrol, replace and/or remove a power transmission lines and sower pipelines, and including the rights hereinafter described in, upon, under, over, and across that certain tract of land in Cass County, State of Hissouri, together with the right to trim, cut, fell, and remove therefrom all traces and underbrush and obstructions and any other vegetation, structures or obstacles within the limits of the right-of-way and for such distance beyond said limits and adjacent therefore a is necessary to provide adequate clearance and to climinate interference with, or hazards to the structures or utilifies placed or constructed on, over, or under said land within the limits of used or constructed on, over, or under said land within the limits of staid casement, more particularly described as follows:

A strip of land 50 feet in width situated in the NEL of Section 6, Tounship 46 North, Ronge 29 Nest of the Fifth Principal Heridicu, Case County, Missouri, lying 25 feet on each side of the following described "center line:

Commercing at the northeast corner of said NE% of Section 6; thence S 2°43'12" W along the cast line of said NE%, 321.32 fact; thence N 88°07' W, 231.40 fact; thence S 1°53' W, 565.60 fact to the point of beginning of said center line of the strip of land heroin described; thence:N88°07' W, 600.66 fact to a point on the east line of the tract of land first hereinabove described, said point being S 1°53' W, 25.00 fast from the northeast corner thereof; being the cad of said strip of land herein described, containing 0.69 acres, more or loss.

For the consideration recited above, the parties of the first part, their heirs, administrators, successors, and assigns, agree to abide by the following covenants which shall run with the land:

(c) That the Government and its assignt may grant, convey, transfer, or assign, or permit the use and occupation of, by grant of casemant, lease, license, permit, or otherwise, all and any part of the rights granted herein, to any individual, partnership, corporation, or political body, for either commercial or non-commercial purposes.

(b) That the payment of consideration named horein by the Government shall constitute full fair value, and full compensation to the parties of the first part, for the rights greated herein, whether such rights shall be exercised by the Government or by any of its assignees, transferces, grantees, lessees, licensees, or permittees as described in the foregoing subsection (c) of this peragraph and the parties of the first part expressly release and relinquish any and all claims against env of the forenamed for further or future payment of consideration for the aforesaid rights, privileges, and uses granted herein.

Together with a line of sight easement over the following-described tract of land:

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Page 2 of 4 Pages

That portion of the NEL of Section 6, Tourship 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridiau, Cass County, Missouri, which, with line of sight easement requirements, is more particularly described as follows, level datum being mean sea level:

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Beginning at a point on the south line of said NE2 of Section 6, said point being N 37°57'38"W, 952.90 feet from the southeast corner of said NEL, with ground clevation of 995 feet, line of sight clavation of 1020 feet and clearance of approximately 25 feet above ground; thence N 87°57'38" W slong said south line of the NEL, 142.78 feet to a point with ground elevation of 996 feet, line of sight elevation of 1020 feet and clearance of approximately 24 feet above ground; thence N 19°45' W, 730.90 feet to a point with ground elevation of 1012 feet, line of sight clevation of 1020 feet and clearance of approximately 8 feet above ground; thence continuing N 19045' N, 463.43 feet to a point on the South line of the tract of land first hereinabove described, said pointabeing \$8007' of 1015 feet, line of sight elevation of 1024 feet and clearance of ap-  $\hat{\mu}^{(0)}$  proximately 9 feet above ground: thence S 880077 9 at a statement of apof the tract of land first hereinabove described, 8.51 feat to a point with ground elevation of 1015 feet, line of sight elevation of 1024 feet and clearance of approximately 9 feet above ground; thence S 25<sup>0</sup>28'34" E, 461.52 feet to a point with ground elevation of 1011 feet, line of sight nievation of 1020 feet and clearance of approximatoly 9 feet above ground; thence continuing S 25°28'34" E, 788.00 feet to the point of beginning; 1 A 14 ..... also - -•

. Beginning at said point on the south line of said NEY of Section 6, said point being N 87057'38" W, 952.90 feet from the southcast corner of said NE2, with ground elevation of 995 feet, line of sight elevation of 1019 feet and clearance of approximately 24 feet above ground; thence N 25°28'34" W, 180.00 feet to a point with ground elevation of 999 feet, line of sight elevation of 1020 feet and clearance of approximately 21 feet above ground; thence continuing N 25°28'34" 17, 1069.52 feet to a point on said south line of the tract of land first hereinsbove described, said point being S 88007' E, 92.31 feet from the southwast corner thereof, with ground elevation of 1015 feet, line of sight elevation of 1024 feet end clearance of approximately 9 feat above ground; thence S 26°25' E, 1069.38 feet to a point with ground elevation of 999 feet, line of sight olevation of 1020 feet and clearance of approximately 21 feet above ground; thence continuing S 26°25' B, 191.09 feet to a point on the south line of said NE2 of Section 6, said point being S 87°57'38' E, 23.33 feet from the point of Leginning, with ground elevation of 995 fect, line of sight elevation of 1018 feet and clearance of approximately 23 feet above ground; thence N 87°57'38" W along said south line of the ME2, 23.33 feet to the point of beginning, containing, in the aggregate, 2.22 acres, more or loss.

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The easement and rights hereby granted consist of the following rights over the above-described land:

(a) The continuing perpetual right to cut to ground level and remove trees, bushes, shrubs, or any other perennial growth or undergrowth infringing upon or extending into or above the line of sight clearance surface hereinabove described.

(b) The right to remove, raze, or destroy those portions of buildings, other structures, and land infringing upon or extending into or above the line of sight clearance surface hereinabove described, and

(d) The right to prohibit the future construction of buildings or other structures infringing upon or extending into or above the line of sight clearance surface hereinabove described.

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Page 3 of 4 Pages

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The parties of the first part covenant and agree to pay all taxes with and assossments on the above-described property promptly then due and "WAT" to variant and defend the title to suid/easements and rights against within the lauful claims of all persons whomsoever for the full term of this easement and rights. I all persons whomsoever for the full term of this easement and rights. I all persons whomsoever for the full term of this easement and rights. I all persons the suit when a star growth of such the person described are to be determined as the top

As incident to the acquisition of the above-listed easements the 2002 right of ingress and egress will be acquired. Not 2012 and 2012 and 2010 as the above a control of the control and a control of the contro

Subject to existing essements for public roads and highways, for public utilities, for railzoads and pipelines.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the premises aforesaid with all and singular the rights, privileges, appurtenances, and immunities thereto belonging or in anywide appertaining unto the said party of the second part and unto its 5 (12.52 assigns forever; the said parties of the first part hereby covenanting that they are lawfully soized of an indefeasible estate in fee of the premises (13.52 herein conveyed; that they have good right to convey same; that the said premises are free and clear from any incumbrance done or suffered by these (13.52) to these under when they claim; and that they will warrant and defead the (13.52) title to the said premises unto the said party of the second part and unto (15.52) its assigns forever, sgainst the lawful claims and demands of all percens of 6.53 whomsoever.

induction of the line back of the day of the first part have hereders loss to the line back back and year above written.

Reference \_\_\_\_\_\_ If grade of the

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•		13% John W. Robertson
	A TRUE COPY	JOHN W. BOBERTSON
•	A TRUE COPY Cellent & Comment	•
	ALBERT L. DETMER Closing Attornay	/8/ Sarah H. Robertson
	· .	SARAH H. ROBERTSON

STATE OF	MISSOURI	
COUNTY OF	JACKSON	) SS.

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On this 5th day of August A. Dr. 1958, bofero mu.

oppeared John N. Robertson and Sarah R. Robertson, also known as Sarah Robertson, kis wife, to no known to be the persons described in end who executed the foregoingheinstrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and dead.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have horemed out my hand and affixed by official scal at my office in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the day and year last above written.

My condition opicas Feb. 8-1962 . /s/ Ernest S. Phillips Folory Public

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STATE OF MISSOURI) RECORDER'S OFFICE & CISCOL-SCOL SCOLARD TRADUCTION FOR COUNTY OF CASS (Control of the control of the cont

1958 at 11 o'clock 55 Minutes A. May noisiking to a subject as and recorded in Book 425 Page 17 for a difference of the same of a so shifts given under my hand and official seal.

W. D. Russell Recorder Sectional anterior and solution of the definition of the defi

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have breunto set my hand and affixed my official scal at Harrisonville; Missouri, othis 22 day of August; As D. 1958. The off another beach of the bar where the theory to be N. D. Rusgell Recorder

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IN THTREAT HERE'S I have hereman set ay hand no afficied ay official scale the day and year there are the day and year there are there are the day and year there are there are the day and year there are the are the day and year there are the day and year there are the day and year the day and year there are the day and year there are the day and year the day and year the day are the day are the day and year the day are the day are

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HSR-WNG 33-26-401-13

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July 20, 1964

Corrensed ( mil

Honorable Stephen Ailes Secretary of the Army Washington 25, D. C.

My dear Mr. Secretary:

Re:	File No.	33-26-401-13	3	
	Tract No.	A-100-3; A-1	100E-4	and A-100E-5
	County	Cass	Slate	Missouri

An examination has been made of the title evidence and related papers pertaining to certain land in which interests have been acquired under authority of existing legislation. The land and estate acquired by the United States are more particularly described in the enclosed deed.

The title evidence and accompanying data disclose valid title to be vested in the United States of America subject to the rights and easements noted in Schedule A attached hereto which your Department has advised will not interfere with the proposed use of the land.

The title evidence and related papers are enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

Attorney General

19-100-3 and A-100E-4 and E-5

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#### SCHEDULE A

23-26-401-13

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Tracts Nos. A-100-3; A-100E-4 and A-100E-5

Section in

A-9

Project: Kansas City Defense Area NIKE Battery 30, located in Case County, Missouri

Acreage: 0.34 of an acre in fee and clearance and flowage easements over 3.67 acres

Total consideration: \$500.00

The deed to the United States of America was executed by Geerge McCune Robertson and Grace J. Robertson, his wife, on December 19, 1963, filed for record on January 2, 1964, and recorded in Book 473 at page 51.

The certificato of title No. N-1 was prepared as of January 2, 1964, by Title Insurance Corporation of St. Louis.

The title is subject to the following:

1. Existing easements for public roads and highways, rights of way for railroads, pipelines and public utilities.

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Kansas City Defense Area NIKE Battery 30 Tracts Nos. A-100-3, A-100E-4, and A-100E-5

6.

#### MISSOURI WARRANTY DEED

19 December 63 THIS INDENTURE, made this 19 day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, A. D., 19 \_\_\_\_\_\_ by and between George McCume Robertson, also known as George M. Robertson, ad Grace J. Robertson, his wife, of the County of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, State of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, parties of the first part, and the United States of America, party of the second part.

WITNESSETH: That the said parties of the first part in consideration of the sum of FIVE HUNDRED AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$500.00), to them paid by said party of the second part (the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged), do by these presents, grant, bargain, sell, convey, and confirm unto the said party of the second part and its assigns, the following-described lots, tracts, or parcels of land lying, being, and situate in the County of Cass, State of Missouri, to-wit:

A tract of land situated in the NEX of Section 6, Township 46 North, Ranga 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouvi, more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of said NE's of Section 6; thence S 2\*43'12" % slong the east line of said NE's, 1337.43 feet; thence N 88°07' W, 947.23 feet to the easterly boundary of that 14.30-acro tract owned by the United States of America; thence S 1\*53' W along the easterly boundary of said 14.30-acre tract, 333.33 feet to the southeast corner thercof; thence N 88°07' W along the southarly boundary of said 14.30-acro tract, 693.34 feat to the southwest corner thereof, said southwest corner being the point of beginning of the tract of land berein described; thence continuing N 88°07' W 70 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 160 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 50 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 180 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 20 feet to the west boundary of said 14+30-acre tract; thence S 1°55' W along the west boundary of said 14.30-acre tract, 340 feet to the point of beginning, together with all right, title and intorest of the parties of the first part in and to any alleys, roads, streats, ways, strips, gores or railroad rights-of-way abutting or adjoining said land and in any means of ingress or egress appurtenant therete, containing 0.34 acres, more or less.

Together with a perpetual and assignable line-of-sight easement consisting of certain rights in the following-described tract of land, lying immediately below the <u>line-of-sight clearance</u> surface for the continuing perpetual right to cut to ground level and remove trees, bushes, shrubs, or any other perennial growth or undergrowth infringing upon or extending into ex above the line-of-sight clearance surface; the right to remove, raze, or destroy those portions of buildings, other structures, and land infringing upon or extending into or above the line-of-sight clearance surface; the right to prohibit the future construction of buildings or other structures infringing upon or extending into or above the line-of-sight clearance surface; and the right of ingress for the same from the land for the purpose of exercising the

RS Cancelled

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Konsas City Defense Area NIKE Battery 30 Tracts Nos. A-100-3, A-100E-4, and A-100E-5

A tract of land situated in the NE% of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, which, with line-of-sight easement requirements, is more particularly described as follows, level datum being mean sea level;

Beginning at a point on the south line of said NE2 of Section 6, said point being N 87°57'38" W, 745.12 feet from the southeast corner of said NE2, with a ground elevation of 987 feet, line-of-sight elevation of 1021 feet, with a clearance of approximately 34 feet above ground; thence N 87°57'38" W along the south line of said NE2, 154.61 feet to a point with a ground elevation of 993 feet, line-of-sight elevation of 1022 feet, with a clearance of approximately 29 feet above ground; thence N 17°05'43" W, 1173.7 feet to a point on the south boundary of that 14.30-acre tract owned by the Unite. States of America, said point being N 88°07' W, 355.34 feet from the southeest corner of said 14.30-acre tract, with a ground elevation of 1009 feet, line-ofsight elevation of 1029 feet, with a clearance of approximately 20 feet above ground; thence S 88°07' E along the south boundary of said 14.30-acre tract, 11 feet to a point with a ground elevation of 1009 feet, line-of-sight elevation of 1629 feet, with a clearance of approximately 20 feet above ground; thence S 88°07' E along the south boundary of said 14.30-acre tract, 11 feet to a point with a ground elevation of 1009 feet, line-of-sight elevation of 1629 feet, with a clearance of approximately 20 feet above ground; thence S 23°26'12" E, 1228.32 feet to the point of beginning, containing 2.11 acres, more or less.

Together with the perpetual right, power, privilege, and easement permanently to overflow, flood, and submarge the following-described tract of land, in connection with the operation and maintenance of the Kansas City Defence Area NIKE Battery 30 Project, as authorized by the. Act of Congress approved 10 August 1949 (Public Law 86-149), together with all right, title, and interest in and to the timber, structures, and improvements situate on the land, and the continuing right to clear and remove any brush, debris, and natural obstructions which, in the opinion of the representative of the United States in charge, may be detrimental to the project; provided that no structures for human habitation shall be constructed or maintained on the land, and provided further that no other structures shall be constructed or maintained on the land except as may be approved in writing by said representative of the United States in charge of the project; RESERVING, HOWEVER, to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all such rights and privileges as may be used and enjoyed without interfering with or abridging the rights and essement herein described.

A strip of land 50 feet in width situated in the NEt of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cess County, Missouri, lying 25 feet on each side of the following-lescribed center line:

Beginning at the point of intersection of a ditch and the north boundary of that 14.30-acre tract owned by the United States of America, said point being 3 88°07' E, 248 feet from the northwest corner of said 14.30-acre tract; thence in a northerly direction along the center of said ditch, approximately 135 feet; thence in an easterly direction along the center of said ditch, approximately 1150 feet to the west boundary of that 5.22-acre tract owned by the United States of America;

Also, a strip of land 30 feat in width situated in said NEz of Section 6, lying 15 feat on each side of a center line described as beginning at the point of intersection of a ditch and the north boundary of said 14.30-acre tract owned by the United States of America, said point being S 88°07' E. 628 feat from the northwest corner of said  $^{\rm A}$ 

A-100E-4

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Kansas City Defense Area NIRE Battery 30 Tracts Nos. A-100-3, A-100E-4, and A-100E-5TATE

14.30-acro tract; thence; in a) northeasterly direction along the center of said ditch, approximately 125 feet.tolthe point of intersection with the above-described strip; containing; oin the aggregate, 1.56 acres; more or less. .inse lake? No out when 'ta Subject to existing casemonts for public roads and highways for

public utilities, for railroads and pipelines. (1.20)

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TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the premises aforesaid with all and singular the rights, privileges, appurtenances, and immunities thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining unto the said party of the second part and unto its. assigns forever; the said parties of the first part hereby covenanting that they are lawfully seized of an indefeasible estate in fee of the premises herein conveyed; that they have good right to convey same; that the said premises are free and clear from any incumbrance done or suffered by them or those under whom they claim; and that they will warrant and defend the title to the said premises unto the said party of the second part and unto its assigns forever, egainst the lawful claims and demands of all persons whomsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said parties of the first part have bereunder -set their hands and seals the day and year above written.

/s/ (	George McCune Robertson (SEAL)			
GEORGE 1	ACCUNE ROBERTSON			
	Grace J. Robertson (SEAL)			
GRACE J.	. ROBERTSON			
STATE OP				
COUNTY OF Jackson ) SS.	· ,			
On this 19thday of December,	A. D., 19 63 , before me,			
Mary Curd . a No	otary Public, personally appeared			
George McCune Robertson, also known as ( Robertson, his wife, to us known to be a executed the foregoing instrument, and a same as their free act and dued.	George M. Robertson, and Grace J. the persons described in and who			
IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at my office inBuckner, Missouri, the day				
and year last above written.				
My commission expires2/26/66	/s/ Mary Curd			
(SEAL)	Notary Public			
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	B. TRUE CUPS			

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Page 3 of 3 Pages

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COMPARED (Strength of the strength of the stre

STATE OF MISSOURI') Recorder's Office COUNTY OF CASS )

"I hereby:certify: that this instruments of writing was filed areas - 00. At defor, record on, this 2 day of Jan. 1964 at 3.0 clock the definition blue ho minutes P.M. and recorded in book. 473 page 513 given under the avoid will the file my hand and official seal. /s/ Mason Fall Recorder

We will AD, 10 MOUD the reculses allowable with all and singular the rights, privileges, appurtaneaves, and inconfess therate belonging or in anyoith appretaining who the haid party of the record parts and multiple newly. Fourter, the cald parties of the first part hereby coverenting that they are humbly colored of an indefervible estate in for of the prevince herein conspect; that the fact and hereby coverenting that prevines are first the first part (of the second part prevince the first first part hereby covered by the prevince when the first first part is the first prevince prevince and first the first part of the second by the those under when they claim; and that they will reveal and defend the title to the cald prevince and the first party of the second first call of assigns forever, against the level of the second and the second cover, and the level of the level of the second of the second the covers.

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/s/ Gaorge McCune Robertson (JAEC) GEORGE NOUVES ROUSERTEED s/ Grace J. Robertson (.1523) REFERRICH L SUMP HESOUTI STATE OF Jackson TO TAKOD December, A. D., 19 63 the chile 19 think , incloso me, 20

/s/ Mary Curd	2/25/66	souldaskon engluas
Notary Public	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(SEAL)
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# APPENDIX B

## PRELIMINARY REPORT OF EXCESS (ROE) DATED 5 APRIL 1989

(Note: Does not include all tabs of the report. Complete report can be obtained from Department of Engineering and Housing, Ft. Leavenworth, KS.)

(as received)

1077M2-2



# DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

HE/ DQUARTERS UNITED STATES ARMY TRAINING AND DOCTRINE COMMAND FORT MONROE, VIRGINIA 23651-5000

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF

ATEN-CI (405-90)

0 3 MAY 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR HQDA (DAEN-ZCI-A), WASH DC 20310-2604

SUBJECT: Preliminary Report of Excess (ROE), NIKE Battery KC-30 Site, Installation No. 29630, Pleasant Hill, MO

1. Reference memorandum, HQDA, DAEN-ZCI-A/CERE-MM, 3 Mar 89, subject: Base Closure, Real Estate Coordination.

2. This memorandum forwards subject ROE (encl 1) for approval and continuance of action pursuant to reference.

3. NIKE Battery KC-30 Site contains 19.8 acres of fee owned land and 4.02 acres of easements. The site is improved with a number of facilities. A list of these facilities is provided as part of TAB F of ROE. The site was used by the Missouri National Guard (MONG) between January 1969 and February 1988 at which time it became excess to MONG needs. The property was reported excess by Fort Leavenworth in April 1988; however, the ROE was returned by this headquarters to the installation pending an environmental study by USATHMA. To date, this study has not been performed.

4. An asbestos survey of the site has been conducted by the State of Missouri as supported by TAB H of the ROE. However, as indicated above, additional environmental documentation must be prepared in accordance with AR 200-2 and processed pursuant to DA guidance as it pertains to the Base Closure action.

5. The property has generated interest from the Lone Jack School District, Lone Jack, MO and the Swope Park Community Church, Peculiar, MO. Congressman Ike Shelton has inquired about the site on behalf of the Lone Jack School District (see paragraph 9 of the report).

6. The Department of Housing and Urban Development Checklist required for screening the property in support of the homeless is at TAB 0 of the ROE. ATEN-CI (405-90) SUBJECT: Preliminary Report of Excess (RCE), NIKE Battery KC-30 Site, Installation No. 29630, Pleasant Hill, MO

7. Headquarters TRADOC point of contact is Mr. Lennie Blanchard, AV 680-2569.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

R. SPUNZO A-

Encl

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Assistant Deputy Chief of Staff, Engineer

CF:

Cdr, USA CA Cen & Ft Leavenworth, ATTN: ATZL-GEH-R (wo/encl) HQ, USACE, ATTN: CERE-MM (w/encl) Cdr, USAED, Missouri River, ATTN: CEMRD-RE-M (w/encl) Cdr, USAED, Kansas City, ATTN: CEMRK-RE-M (w/encl) PRELIMINARY REPORT OF EXCESS NIKE BATTERY KC-30 SITE (INSTALLATION NO. 29630) PLEASANT HILL, MO

(industries)

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PRPARED BY: FORT LEAVENWORTH, KS 5 APRIL 1989



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY US ARMY COMBINE, Y ARMS CENTER AND FORT LEAVENWORTH FORT LEAVENWORTH KANSAS 66027 5000



ATZL-GEH-R (420-17h)

5 APR 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, US Army Training and Doctrine Command, ATTN: ATEN-CI, Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

SUBJECT: Recommendation to Excess Property

1. Recommend excessing of the real estate known as NIKE Battery KC-30 Site (hence identified as SITE), Installation \$29630, Pleasant Hill, Missouri; License No. DACA41-3-87-504. This land is no longer needed to support current missions, authorized future missions, or mobilization.

#### 2. Background:

a. The SITE, acquired in 1958, was used as a NIKE missile battery installation. When the NIKE-Hercules mission was discontinued, the SITE was inactivated and declared excess by the US Army on 31 Jan 69 (Tab A). From 2 Jan 69 to Feb 88, the SITE was under license to the Adjutant General, Missouri National Guard, 1717 Industrial Drive, Jefferson City, MO 65101-1468.

b. The Missouri National Guard (MONG) vacated in Feb 88. Their intent to vacate was communicated to the Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers (COE) through a 24 Nov 87 letter (Tab B).

c. On 28 Dec 87, KCD, COE requested that the support installation, Ft. Leavenworth, initiate a report recommending excess of the SITE (Tab C).

d. On 31 Dec 87, the KCD, COE requested that the MONG coordinate the turnover of physical control of the SITE with the DEH, Ft. Leavenworth, KS (Tab D).

e. In Apr 88, we forwarded a recommendation to excess the SITE. Our Request for Excess was returned until an environmental study could be conducted. In Mar 89, we received telephonic notification from USATHMA that they had been tasked with performing preliminary environmental assessments on all bases affected by the base closure/realignment action. They also indicated they are to receive special funding for this purpose. The NIKE Site preliminary assessment is tentatively scheduled for FY 89.



ATZL-GEH-R SUBJECT: Recommendation to Excess Property

f. In Mar 89, we received notification that the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) had identified nine facilities on the SITE as suitable facilities to assist the homeless.

g. In Mar 89, we received a memorandum from Department of the Army, US Army Corps of Engineers, that indicated a preliminary Report of Excess should be prepared by all installations affected by base realignments and closures. The memorandum states that "no new environmental documentation is required at this time and environmental documentation could be limited to information readily available at the installation". Therefore, this recommendation to excess property has been prepared and forwarded without complete environmental documentation.

3. SITE Description:

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a. The installation, consisting of 23.82 acres of land, is located 35 miles southeast of Kansas City, MO, in Cass County, MO, and is 6 miles east of Pleasant Hill, MO. (See Tab E, Nike Vicinity Map, Drawing Number 15-06-02, Sheet 1).

b. A history of the acquisition and disposal of the land and easements which comprise Installation #29630 is at Tab F. The United States Government interest in the 23.82 acres of land is:

Fee owned land		19.8 acres
Government easements	land	4.02 acres
	TOTAL	23.82 acres

c. The facilities include: Tract #A-100 (containing two barracks buildings, a mess hall, administration building, generator building, corridor building and various concrete and asphalt parking areas); Tract #A-100-2 (with water tank and pumping station), Tract #100-3 (tracking and radar tower) and Tracts #A-100E-1, #A-100-E-3, and #A-100E-5 (consisting of road, water line, and drainage easements). A motor vehicle maintenance building, ammunition storage vault and small arms range with ammunition storage shed, built by the State of Missouri, are also included.

d. The legal description of the SITE is at Tab G.

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ATZ1-GEH-R SUBJECT: Recommendation to Excess Property

### 4. Environmental Concerns:

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a. In 1986, the SITE was included in a statewide asbestos study conducted by the State of Missouri (Tab H). Asbestos was found in several of the buildings (please see paper clipped pages of study). In addition, the underground water distribution system is made up partly of 4" to 6" transite pipe which is composed of asbestos fibers and portland cement molded under hydraulic pressure. The hot water tanks and heating and hot water piping in all of the buildings are insulated with asbestos products. It is unknown if the power transformers contain PCB.

b. There is the possibility of land contamination, as well, since the SITE was used as a NIKE missile battery and the State of Missouri built a small arms range complete with ammunition storage shed and ammunition storage vault. We requested the US Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (USATHMA) to conduct an appropriate survey (Tab I). In Mar 89, we received telephonic notification from USATHMA that they had been tasked with performing preliminary environmental assessments on all bases affected by the base closure/realignment action. The NIKE Site is tentatively scheduled for an environmental survey this fiscal year, if USATHMA receives special funding for this purpose. We have requested confirmation of the USATHMA tasking and funding, but it has not been received.

5. <u>Cale and Custody</u> .: On 21 Jan 88, a team from DEH, Fort Leavenworth, inspected the SITE. They were accompanied by representatives of the MONG. The following responsibilities were identified and agreed upon by both parties:

a. Security. The MONG installed an alarm system at the SITE. The lateral transfer of the system was made from the MONG to DEH (Tab J). In addition, we have a contract in place for security service to include telephone line to monitor the alarm system.

b. Maintenance and Cleanliness. The MONG restored the premises to a condition clean and free of debris and removed all combustible fuels, oils, lubricants, and other chemical materials.

c. Utilities. On 1 Feb 88, DEH made arrangements to continue electrical service to the SITE primarily for the alarm system.

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ATZI-GEH-R SUBJECT: Recommendation to Excess Property

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6. No cemetery, government or private, is located within the SITE. No public domain land is involved in this action.

7. The United States Government does not anticipate any impact on the local civilian population. The facility is in an agricultural area. The five full-time civilians, as well as the MONG units who utilized the SITE, have been transferred to a new armory in Harrisonville, MO.

8. There is no proposed disposal of improvements on the SITE. The SITE contains two barracks, a mess hall, an administrative building, a generator building, a corridor building, concrete and asphalt parking areas, a water tank and pumping station, a tracking and radio tower, a vehicle maintenance building, ammunition storage shed, a road, water line, and drainage easements.

9. <u>Congressional Interests</u>. Congressman Ike Skelton, 4th Congressional District, Missouri, has expressed an interest in plans for the SITE. Chronological events concerning the Congressional interest follow:

a. In Sep 87, Missouri State Senator Harry Wiggins, 18th District, contacted Mr. Skelton on behalf of the Lone Jack School District, Lone Jack, MO. The school district wishes to acquire the SITE (Tab K).

b. A Congressional inquiry by Congressman Skelton was initiated; in Nov 87, an initial response was provided by the Missouri River Division, Corps of Engineers (Mr. Badders, Tab L). Mr. Badders' reply states "the matter (Lone Jack School District acquiring the SITE) should be coordinated with the using Command .... the National Guard Bureau."

c. In Dec 87, Mr. Badders was subsequently contacted telephonically by Mr. Art Graham, Army National Guaré areau. Mr. Graham did not concur with Mr. Badders' recommendation. Moreover, Mr. Graham suggested that the Commander, Ft. Leavenworth, was responsible for the excessing action (Tab M).

d. The Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers, also responded to the Congressional Inquiry in Dec 87. They explained that after the SITE is declared excess by the Department of the

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AT71-GFH-R SUBJECT: Recommendation to Excess Property

Army, the General Services Administration will ultimately release the SITF for sale to state and local government agencies. At that time, the Lone Jack School District could submit a bid on the SITF (Tab N).

10. Additional Interest. In Mar 89, Mrs. Louise Herod, representing Swope Park Community Church, Route 3, Peculiar, MO 64078, phone (816) 758-5744, telephonically expressed an interest in the property for use as a church camp. She indicated the church might be willing (depending on the cost involved) to assume responsibility for the property and perform the necessary steps to remove any toxic and hazardous materials. She was advised that if the SITE was released for sale, the Swope Park Community Church could submit a bid.

11. To complete this preliminary Report of Excess packet, the completed Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) checklist is at Tab O.

12. Please contact Ms. Sherry Schwegler, (913) 684-5648 or AV 552-5648, if additional information is required.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

KNOWLTON D.

LTC, EN Dir, Engr & Hsg

Encl

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LOG/IM-RPB 11758 (28 Oct 68) 3rd Ind SUBJECT: Declaration of Excess for Installation No 26630, NIKE Kenses City 30, Pleasant Hill, Missouri

DA, ODCSLOG, Washington, D. C. 20310 3 1 JAN 1989

TO Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C. 20315

Report of excess for NIKE Hercules Site KC-30, Pleasant Hill, Missouri is approved. Reglest necessary action be taken to dispose of the excess real property pursuant to applicable laws and regulations.

FOR THE DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF FOR LOGISTICS:

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WILLER'T M. LOCKWOOD Chief, Hor, Libns Management Division .;

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CF: CGUSCONARC CG, Fifth US Army CG, Ft. Leavenworth CG, ARADCOM

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Juhn Ashcroft Governor

Charles M: Klefner Møjor General, MOARNG The Adjutant General

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI NATIONAL GUARD

Office of the Adjutant General: 1717 Industrial Drive Jefferson City, Missouri 65101-1468 Phone 314 ~ 751-9500

Facilities

REFLY TO

ATTN OF

24 November 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR: Department of the Army, Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers, ATTN; CEMRK-RE-MR (Mr. E. Bahl), 700 Federal Building, Kansas City, MO 64106-2896

SUBJECT: Nike Battery KC-30 Site, Installation Number 29630, Pleasant Hill, Missouri; License No. DACA41-3-87-504

1. Please be advised that the Missouri National Guard has constructed a new armory at Harrisonville, Missouri and will vacate the above site during the month of February 1988.

2. We request that your office take the necessary steps to cancel this license effective 1 March 1988.

3. Please advise us if we are required to take any additional action.

FOR THE ADJUTANT GENERAL:

CPT, GS, MOARNG Director of Facilities

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY KANSAS CITY DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 700° FEDERAL BUILDING KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64106-2896

REPLY TO\_\_\_\_\_

CEMRK-RE-MR (405-90a)

28 December 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR: Commander, Combined Arms Center and Fort Leavenworth, ATTN: ATZL-GEH-R, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas 66027-5020

SUBJECT: NIKE Battery KC-30 Site, Installation No. 29630, Pleasant Hill, Missouri; License No. DACA41-3-87-504

1. Enclosed is Missouri National Guard (MONG) letter dated 24 Nov 87, SAB.

2. As indicated in referenced letter, the MONG has requested termination of License No. DACA41-3-87-504, effective 1 Mar 88. Please take appropriate action to initiate a report recommending excess of the subject facility, as prescribed by AR 405-90. In addition, please make arrangements to assume the protection and maintenance of the site after the MONG vacates the premises, in order to preclude potential vandalism and to preserve real estate values pending final disposition of the property.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Jame C. Cavill,

Encl

JANIE C. CAVITT Acting Chief Real Estate Division

hn Ashcroft Governor

Charles M. Kiefner Møjor General, MOARNG

The Adjutant General

#### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY



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## **HEADQUARTERS MISSOURI NATIONAL GUARD**

Office of the Adjutant General 1717 Industrial Drive Jefferson City, Missouri 65101-1468 Phone 314 - 751-9500

Facilities

REPLY TO

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3. Please advise us if we are required to take any additional action.

FOR THE ADJUTANT GENERAL:

PAUL L. JUNKANS

CPT, GS, MOARNG Director of Facilities



B-12

TAb C.

Dave A

Sullivan/jh/3544

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY KANSAS CITY DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS 700 FEDERAL-BUILDING KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64106-2896

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF CEMRK-RE-MR (405-90a)

31 December 1987

MEMORANDUM FOR: The Adjutant General, Missouri National Guard, ATTN: FAC, 1717 Industrial Drive, Jefferson City, Missouri 65101-1468

SUBJECT: NIKE Battery KC-30 Site, Installation No. 29630, Pleasant Hill, Missouri; License No. DACA41-3-87-504

1. Receipt is acknowledged of your letter dated 24 Nov 87, SAB, requesting termination of License No. DACA41-3-87-504, effective 1 Mar 88.

2. Prior to the Missouri National Guard (MONG) vacating the licensed premises, you are requested to coordinate the following actions with Mr. Dave Anaya, Directorate of Engineering and Housing, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, telephone (913) 684-5648/49:

a. Transmittal of building keys, record drawings, and pertinent documentation pertaining to the subject facility from the MONG to Fort Leavenworth.

b. Restoration of premises to a condition which is clean and free of debris.

c. Winterization of those buildings provided with water utility service.

d. Transfer of the necessary utility services required to maintain and protect the property.

3. Your cooperation in this matter is appreciated.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

CF: edr, CAC & Ft. Leavenworth, ATTN: ATZL-GEH-R JANIE C. CAVITT Acting Chief Real Estate Division

TAD

B-13

#### LEGAL DESCRIPTION

A tract of land situated in the NEL of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of said NE2 of Section 6; thence S 2°43'12" W along the east line of said NE2, 1337.43 feet; thence N 88°07' W, 817.23 feet to the point of beginning of the tract of land herein described; thence continuing N 88°07' W, 130.00 feet; thence S 1°53' W, 333.33 feet; thence N 88°07' W, 693.34 feet; thence N 1°53'E, B09.33 feet; thence S 88°07'E, 823.34 feet; thence S 1°53' W, 476.00 feet to the point of beginning: and

A tract of land situated in the NEL of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the east line of said NE<sup>1</sup> of Section 6, said point being S 2°43'12" W, 321.32 feet from the northeast corner thereof; thence S 2°43'12" W slong said east line of the NE<sup>1</sup>, 1016.11 feet; thence N 88°07' W, 216.57 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 1016.00 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 231.40 feet to the point of beginning, together with all right, title, and interest of the parties of the first part in and to any alleys, streets, ways, strips, or gores abutting or adjoining the land here described, containing, in the aggregate, 19.52 acres, more or less.

A tract of land situated in the NEZ of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of said NEZ of Section 6; thence S 2<sup>0</sup>43'12" W along the east line of said NEZ, 1337.43 feet; thence N 88°07' W, 947.23 feet to the easterly boundary of that 14.30-acre tract owned by the United States of America; thence S 1053' W along the easterly boundary of said 14.30-acre tract, 333.33 feet to the southeast corner thereof; thence N 88°07' W along the southerly boundary of said 14.30-acre tract, 693.34 feet to the southwest corner thereof, said southwest corner being the point of beginning of the tract of land hereig described; thence continuing N 88°07' W 70 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 16, feet; thence S 88°07' E, 50 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 180 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 20 feet to the west boundary of said 14.30-acre tract; thence S 1°53' W along the west boundary of said 14,30-acre tract, 340 feet to the point of beginning, together with all right, title and interest of the parties of the first part in and to any alleys, roads. streets, ways, strips, gores or railroad rights-of-way abutting or adjoining said land and in any means of ingress or egress appurtenant thereto, containing 0.34 acres, more or less.

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A tract of land situated in the Nil of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Monidian, Cass County, Missouri, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at ampoint on the east line of said NEL of Section 6, said point being S 2°43'12" W, 1337.43 feet from the northeast corner thereof; thence S 2°43'12" W along said east line of the NEL, 80.01 feet; thence N 88°07' W, 946.06 feet; thence N 1°53' E, 80.00 feet; thence S 88°07' E, 947.23 feet to the point of beginning, containing 1.77 acres, more or less.

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794.

A strip of land 50 feet in width situated in the NEL of Section 6, Township 46 North, Range 29 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Cass County, Missouri, lying 25 feet on each side of the following described center line:

Commencing at the northeast corner of said NEL of Section 6; thence S 2°43'12" W along the east line of said NEL, 321.32 feet; thence N 85°07' W, 231.40 feet; thence S 1°53' W, 565.00 feet to the point of beginning of said center line of the strip of land herein described; thence N 85°07' W, 600.66 feet to a point on the east line of the tract of land first hereinabove described, said point being S 1°53' W, 25.00 feet from the northeast corner thereof; being the end of said strip of land herein described, containing 0.69 acres, more or less.

A strip of land 30 feet in width situated in said NE2 of Section 6, lying 15 feet on each side of a center line described as beginning at the point of intersection of a ditch and the north boundary of said 14.30-acre tract owned by the United States of America, said point being 5 88°07' E, 628 feet from the northwest corner of said 14.30-acre tract; thence, in a northeasterly direction along the center of said ditch, approximately 125 feet to the point of intersection with the abovedescribed strip, containing, in the aggregate 1.56 acres, more or less.

Page 2 of 2

B-15

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#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY KANSAS CITY DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 700 FEDERAL BUILDING KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64106-2896

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

CEMRK-RE-M (405)

2 August 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency, ATTN: CETHA-BC, Allan Freed, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21010-5401

SUBJECT: NIKE Battery KC-30 Site, Pleasant Hill, Missouri

1. In accordance with your telephone conversation on 28 July 1989, with Mrs. Jacqueline Whipple, of my staff, enclosed are the preliminary report of excess for subject installation, together with enclosures (enclosure 1), and the Real Estate Project Map of the present installation (enclosure 2), Tab F to enclosure 1 depicts the installation prior to disposal of a portion thereof. Enclosure 2 depicts the present installation formerly occupied by the Missouri Army National Guard.

If further information is needed, please contact 2. Mrs. Whipple, telephone no. 816-426-5050 or **M**ickie Perry, telephone no. 816-426-3544.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Chief, Real Estate Division

SIMMS

2 Encls

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## APPENDIX C

## CITY OF PLEASANT HILL - COMMUNITY PROFILE

(as received)

1077M2-2

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# **City of Pleasant Hill**

203 Paul Street Pleasant Hill, MO 64080 (816) 987-3135

October5, 1989

Mr. Murkesh Mirchandani Roy F. Weston, Inc. Weston Way Westchester, PA 19380

Dear Mr. Mirchandani,

I have been informed by our City Finance Director, Sandi Beatty, that you would like some information about Pleasant Hill. I am therefore sending you a copy of our community profile. If we can provide any additional information, please let me know. Thank you for your interest in our community.

Yours Truly,

Mark Raduell

MARK RANDALL, City Administrator City of Pleasant Hill, Mo.

MR:nh



## Population

	1980	1970	1960
★ City	3,301	3,396	2,689
*County	51,029	39,448	29,702
	1986	1989	
City	3,380	4,000	

## Taxes

Assessed value of city property: \$8,400,000
Basic property tax levy for latest year (per \$100 assessed value):
City \$1.20 County \$16 School \$3.75
Jr. College \$ State \$03 Other \$80
Total \$
Sales tax: City #015_ County #005_ State #04

Commerc	lai Sei	vices	
Financial:	Number		Assets
Banks	1	\$_28,	205,000
Savings & Loan Associations	1	\$ <u>305</u> ,	000,000
Communications			
Telephone service company:	United	Telepho	ne
Newspapers:Daily	<u> </u>	Weel	۲ły
Number of radio stations:	<u> </u>		
Number of TV channels receiv	red: <u>20</u>		
Cable Television serves city: y	es_X_	no	
Post office:(class)			
Industrial: *Numerous in Ka	nsas Cit	y Area	
*Number of machine shops wit	hın 30 mı /	48 km:	*
*Number of tool & die services	within 30 r	ni./48km:	*
Number of electric motor repa	If services	within 30 r	ni./48 km <sup>.</sup> _ *
Other industrial services: yes_	_X no.		
Names:	<u>to Kansa</u>	s_City_	·
Community Facilities:			
Number of motels:	Total room	)S	
Number of hotels: <u>1</u>	Total room	s <u>14</u>	
Capacity or largest banquet ro	ют: <u>12</u>	5	_persons

1.1 0 ......

Number of churches in city: Synagogue\_\_\_\_\_ Protestant\_\_\_14\_\_\_

Catholic\_1\_\_\_Other\_\_\_\_

Number of shopping centers: \_\_\_3\_\_\_\_

Public libraries: 1 Volumes 12,000

#### \* Questions Found On The Missouri Computerized Site Selection

# Type of local government: <u>Mayor-City Council - Administrator</u>

Government

Comprehensive city plan:	yes_X no
City zoning:	yes_Xno
County zoning:	yes_X no
Subdivision ordinance with design standards:	yes_Xno
Number of fire department personnel: full	-time 25. volunteer
Fire insurance rating: In city_7 Outsic	le city10
Number of full-time policemen:6City	County
City engineer employed: yesX no	
Garbage service provided: ( )public (X )priva	te ( )none
Industrial Development Authority with bonding capacity: (X) city	()county

### **Industrial Sites**

		~~~			•
	Site Name	Site No. 1	Site No. 2		
*	Total Acreage: Acres/Hectares	42/17	73/29.2		
*	In City or distance from: miles/km	In City	In City		
	Owner	Jack Mainprize	E. Gross & E.B. Famuliner		
	Option - Local I.D. Group	Yes	NO		
*	Railroad Access	None	Yes		
	Highway Access	Hwy. 7	Hwy, 58		
*	Navigable River at Site	None	None		
*	Electricity at Site	Yes	Yes		
×	Size (in /cm.) of Water Main at Site	Yes	Yes		
*	Size (in./cm.) of Gas Main at Site	Yes	Yes		
*	Size (in./cm.) of Sewer Lines at Site	Proposed	Yes		
	Zoning Classification	C-1	R-1		
	Fire Department Service	Yes	Yes	e.	
*[	Fire Insurance Rating	7	7		
	Tax Rate/\$100 Assessed Valuation	\$5.94	\$5.94		

Utilities

★ Characteristics of waste treatment plant:

Measurement

#### Water:

### Water supplied by: X\_\_\_municipal \_\_\_\_private Name of supplier: <u>City of Pleasant Hill</u> Address: 203 Paul, Pleasant Hill For rate information contact: \_\_Sand1\_Beatty \_\_ Phone: (816) 987-3135 Source of city water: \_\_Lee's Summit, MO\_\_ Water supply approved by State Board of Health: \_\_\_\_\_ X\_\_\_yes \_\_ no gallons/minute Capacity of water plant: \_\_\_\_ gallons/day hters/day Capacity of water plant .\_\_\_\_ Average consumption: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_300,800 \_\_\_\_\_\_1.143.040 \_\_\_\_\_ Peak consumption: 2,065,000gallons 7,847,000 liters Storage capacity Natural Gas: Natural gas serves city: yes\_\_\_X\_\_\_ no\_\_ New hookups available: yes X no\_\_\_\_\_ Name of supplier: <u>Gas Service Co.</u> Address: Lee's Summit, MO For rate information contact: \_\_\_\_ Phone: (\_ Sanitation: Type of sewage treatment plant: \_\_Sewage\_Lagoon\_

Treatment plant certified by state: yes\_X\_\_\_\_ no\_\_\_\_

★Gallons per day 600,000 205,000 Liters per day \_\_\_\_\_2,280,000 779,000 Population equivalent 6,460 Sewer use charge: yes\_\_X\_\_ no\_\_ Electricity: Supplier: \_\_\_\_\_municipal \_\_\_\_\_private \_\_\_\_\_co-op Name of company: <u>Missouri Public Service</u> Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Raytown, MO\_\_\_\_\_ For rate information contact: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: (\_\_\_\_\_)\_ Name of company \_\_\_\_\_ City of Pleasant Hill Address: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Hall\_ Pleasant Hill, MO\_\_\_\_\_ For rate information contact: \_\_\_\_Sand1\_Beatty\_\_ Phone: (816\_\_)\_\_\_987-3135\_\_ **Other Fuel Distributors:** Fuel oil \_\_\_\_\_ Central Cooperatives Phone: (\_816\_)\_\_987-2196\_\_\_\_ Coal: \_\_\_\_ Phone: (\_\_\_\_\_)\_\_\_ LP gas <u>Central Cooperatives</u> Phone: (816) 987-2196

Capacity

Present Load

C-3

## Labor

County/SMSA:Kansas City SMSA
Civilian labor force: ( Oct, 1983 )* <u>666, 285</u>
Total employment
Unemployed 45,133
Unemployed as % of work force 6.8%
Nonagricultural employment .1982 Avg 603,500
Manufacturing employment 110,400
Nonmanufacturing employment

-

## **Health Services**

★ Hospital (s): Number of beds:
★If no hospital, distance to nearest facility:10/16mi /km
Clinic in community: yes_X no
Medical personnel: MD(s) DO(s) DC(s)
Dentist(s) DVM(s)
Nurses: Registered Practical

\*Formularized estimate-Missouri Division of Employment Security

* Formularized estimate-Missouri Division of Emplo	* Includes of	nly those in the more employees.	-
Name	Product /Service	Employment Male-Female	Union Affiliation
A.D. Mohe Greenhouses, Inc.	Plants	60	None
Pleasant Hill Veneer	Oak, Walnut & other Veneers	70	None
Johnson Cabinets	Cabinet makers	25	None
<u>Central</u> Coop	Farmers Cooperative	20	None
City of Pleasant Hill	Municipal Government	30	None
P.H. School District	Educational Institution	115	NEA
National Weather Service	Radar Station/River Forecast-	50	None
Radar Station Pleasant Hill Bank	ing Center Banking	20	None
International Paper	Paper Plant	40	None
Gerbes Supermarket	Grocery Store	45	Various

Work stoppage occurrences within the last five years affecting five percent or more of the labor force in the area: None

## Climate

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l'emperature:	
Coldest month: <u>January</u> Normal 35 °F	<u>1.7</u> °C
Hottest month: <u>July</u> Normal 88 °F	<u>31.1</u> ℃
Precipitation:	
Dryest month: Normal I.3 in	<u>3.3</u> cm
Wettest month: <u>July</u> Normal <u>5.6</u> in	<u>14</u> cm
Annual average: Rain <u>37</u> in <u>93</u> cm	
Snow <u>14,2</u> in <u>36</u> cm	

## **Recreation Facilities**

Number of recreation facilities in city or within 10 mi./16 km:
Public swimming pool(s);Public tennis court(s),
Public park(s);Public golf course(s).
1 County club(s); YMCA/YWCA
Movie theatre(s):IndoorOutdoor
Nearest public access lake or river:4mı6km
Activities allowed: Swimming - yes noX;
Fishing - yes no; Motor hoating - yes noX_,
Water skiing - yes no_X
Other recreation facilities or special features:Big Creek Country Music Theater, Two Community
Centers, Restored Depot, Museum, Baseball/
Softball Complex, Antique Centers

C-4

Bail: Transportation						Edu	cation
	) serving commu	mity: _Union	Pacific		Public Schools	: Classification _	AAA
Number o	of freight stops pi	er day Freigh	t and AMI	RAC stops	Туре	Number	Teachers
	to nearest piggy b	as sch	eduled.	4 km	Elementany	1	18
Air:							
Uistance	to nearest public a	auport: <u></u> n	ni, <u>8</u>	_km	-	1	
★Longest ri	unway:	ft	me	ters	High School	1	33
*Surface	• sod hard_}	K., Runway light	led·γes <u>X</u>	no		n an	. Casa County
Private air	craft storage avai	ilable: yes <u>X</u>	no			nal school utilized	: cass county
Aircraft m	aintenance availa	ble: γes	noX		<u>Harris</u>	onville	
Fuel avail:	able. ves	00			★Distance to n	earest college or	university: Long
					<u>Leds Summi</u>	<u>t: Central Mi</u>	ssouri Stat
Nearest c	commercial air tra	ansportation:	<u>60 mi 97</u>	mi./km.	Univ.of Mi	<u>ssouri, Kansa</u>	s City
Location a	and name of airlin	ne(s) serving poin	t: _All_air1	ines			
Servin	g_Kansas_City	y_Intl			Privata School	8	
Nearest a	Ir freight service:	60mi9	<u>7km</u>		Туре	Number	Teachers
Barge:	adjoining navigabl	le river(s): No		mi /ki	Flamentary	Catholic.I	Elementary
		-				away in Le	ee's Summi
* Barge doc	k available: Public	c Private			-		
Channel of Motor Carri	lepth:ft./n ier:	neters; Length of	season:	_month(s)	Colleges or u	niversities:	
		esX no					
Highway	bus service availa	ble: yes	noX		<del></del>		
No. of hig	hways serving city	/: Interstate	U.S I	Mo2			
str Distance ti	o nearest Interstate	a interchander 17	~	27 km	Local	Developn	ient Orga
				<u> </u>	Economic Dev	elopment:	
	ght camers serving	community:	Terminal		Name of ar	oup: <u>Pleasant</u>	Wfll Ted
Nar UPS	ne		formi./kmt Kansas City				
		~ <u></u>	Addisas CIL	(, 10		contact: Dr. I	
					Street addre	955: <u>601 N. H</u>	<i>s</i> y ∦7
~~~~~~		·			Pleasa	nt Hill, MO	64080
	Major Matropol		Days by	Days by Motor	Phone numb	er: Business: 🚨	<u>816 y 987-</u>
City Atlanta	Miles	Kilometers	Railroad 4	Freight 3			816 ) 987-
Chicago		836	3		Chamber of C	iommerce:	
Clevelan	d <u>855</u>	1,376	3	4			

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Dallas

Denver

★Kansas City

Memphis

Los Angeles

Minneapolis

New Orleans

New York

🖈 St. Louis

480

625

1,620

425

475

805\_\_\_\_

250

1.240 1.996

\_\_\_\_23

772

1,006

37

2,607

684

764

1,295

402

18 22\_ Enrollment

325

395

520

ounty Area Vo-Tech,

Longview Comm.College,

State Univ.,Warrensburg;

Туре	Number	Teachers	Enrollment
Elementary	Catholic Ele		ch <u>ool 15 mi</u> .
High School			
Colleges or u	niversities:		

## rganizations

Name of group: <u>Pleasant Hill Ind. Devel. Auth.</u>
Person to contact: Dr. R.C. Ebert
Street address: 601 N. Hwy #7
Pleasant Hill MO 64080

Phone number: Business:	<u>(816)</u>	987-2164
Home:	(816)	987-2715

Chember of Commerce: yes\_X\_\_\_\_no\_\_\_\_

Full-time manager: yes\_\_\_\_\_ no X\_\_\_\_ Or contact City Hall at 203 Paul St., Pleasant Hill, Mo., 64080, (816)987-3135. Legislative Districts 31st Missouri Senate District \_\_\_\_ 115th Missouri House District 4th U.S. Congressional District \_ 19\_\_\_83\_\_\_ Date December

Published by

Missouri Division of Community & Economic Development P O. Box 118, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

## TOP 25 AREA FASTEST GROWING MUNICIPALITIES (Renked by percentage growth from 1980 to 1988)

<u> </u>		(	Ranked b	y percentage growth from 1980 to 1988)				<u> </u>		
1948 Auril	City City Just Telephone	Parcentege Grenth	Washin Clarge	1966 Fap-laiten	1100 Papulatian	Notes	No of Square Man	fout Budgetud Ergendbarg	Total A too seed Yahardige	Tear Incorporated
1. 1.	Leneza 12350 W 87th St. Parkwey, 43,55 492 8800	74 5% 11 a 14	13 894 121 {} <sup>110</sup>	\$2.533 11.7	ite at,	Flich Beckler		2 \$27 \$51,778	\$201 000 000	1807
2.	8hus Springe 903 Main St 228 0110	54 9	14 261	40 197	25 904	John Michael	15.4	18 428 950	263 000 000	1904
3.	Lie i Summit 207 S W Martel St. T. S.	20 C	18.000	43 003	1000	Acodit Jones,	42	23 240.644	, 524 418,430	1865
4.	Otathe 100 W Santa Fe 31 782 2500	50 7	15 700	58 500	38 BCO	Ray Barmby	45	50 472,175	169 0 10 069	1657
5.	Cardner 120 E Main 84 884 7535	. 411. y	1650	3 146 1 7 13:	1.250 <sup>].</sup>	il Physia thomaid	34	1.4.44.635	7.697 257	1687
6.	Shawnee 11110 Johnson Drive 631 2500	31 8	9 203	39 100	28 697	Thomas Soelaert	45	12 873 268	98 284 054	1856
7.	Leswood 9017 Les Bivd. 842 5555	Sist	1 220 ).	it olt	13 812	1. Marcie Finendel	444	11 040.4át	78.151 502	1948
8.	Harrisonvšte 300 E. Paari St 331 9582	25.5	1 620	000	0 872	Flay White	,	7 919 330	53 814 420	1849
9.	Overland Park 8500 Sania Fe Orive 381 5252	. #1	· is all	iùi soà	di 768	EdEkan	ŝs	63 510 000	422 459 669	1960
10.	Betton 506 Main St 331 4331	721	2 819	15 527	12 708	Gary Mallory	18	7 910 424	75 770 535	1872
11.	Liberty 101 E Kanaza St 781 7100 5 4 4 4	, 10 ed .	1 2 2 40 5	11 500	10.251	Dienna fosid	, <b>H</b>	13 565 559 ;	145 821,540	1981 `
12.	Platte City P O Bos 920 43t 2012	10 25	263	2 500	2 114	Dennis Offut	11	1 277 000	18 950 724	1853
13. :	Dak Grove 1300 Brosdway 625 4012	16.0 1	, cas	1 4 750	4 087	t : Floy Melše	żs	3 544 045	20 474 383	1881
14.	Bonner Springs 205 E. Second St 422 1020	10 2	641	\$ 850	Ø 266	Reace Kuhn	17	\$ 568 434	20 158 195	1898
15.	Richmand 303 S. Horridon St. 776-5304	1945. 1	601 1	<b>000</b>	\$ 199	Monros Éven	\$7.	1,600,000	22 550 690	1827
16.	Riverside 4500 N 'Y High Drive 741 3993		294	3 500	805 C	Bally Surch	•	1 130 000	27 532 804	1951
17.	Orandview 1200 Main St 763 3900	15	1 <b>850</b> )	26 352	24 502	Harry Witcont	.14	13,708 622	155 998 300	1912
18.	Gladatone 7010 N Holmes St 435 2200	••	1 658	21 550	24 872	Lawrence Whition	•	7 711 571	160 694 358	1952
19.	Merriam SOON W 62nd 91 722 3330	. <b>84</b> jr		1 1 1 170 1 1 1	10 494	y . kons Frönch	444	0 ess 010	50 721,057	1950
20.	Plensent H# 203 Paul St 987 3135		199	3 500	3 301	Clarenco Hall	•	3 174 090	15 380 575	1858
21.	Excelsion Springe 201 E Broadwert S. F. J.	1.		10 500	10 424	Den Wilson	1.1	1 + 429.451	53 350,517	1880
22.	Basehor 2620 N 155th St 724 1370	30	80	1 560	1 500	Anna Mary Landauer	4	491 487	2 771 353	1965
23.	Independencé 111 E Maple St. 477, 836 8300	1. 34	5 630	115 838	f11 808	) Barbara Porta -	; rl .	100 032.792	600 574 432	1849
24.	Falwer 5252 Belinder Acad 282 0350	13	81	4 680	4 010	Keala Peterson	1	1 494 583	14 023 539	1949
25;	Sugar Creek 103 S Sterling Rodd 252 4400	ó 58	125,5	oct + '	4 305-	John Q Runict	<b>E</b>	2018 00t	28 464 374	1920



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## **APPENDIX D**

## **RELEVANT PORTIONS OF THE ASBESTOS STUDY**

(as received)

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HUI DUNLAND ADDINANT GOMERC'S OFFICE

Reverted Prop Sa fr mo NG, am g 19 Dac 88 Bl

# STATEWIDE ASBESTOS STUDY PART 55 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

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Excerpt From Report No. 0546 By Hall-Kimbrell Environmental Services

LOS ANGELES • KANSAS CITY NEW YORK

ERACTER CORPORED FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES 

STALE OF MISSING STATE

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VOLINE II OF LIL ASSESS - FURLE SAFETY DEPT, 55 - FURLE SAFETY

July 1, 1986

Report No. 0546

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PREPARED FOR

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BUILDING NUNGER	813 SIN
SITE B	818

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		APEA Description	Entored Piping -Dining	Tank (56144)		Exposed Piping in Boiler Recai (56:15)				Esposed Piping
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## APPENDIX E ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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## MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION

MAILING ADDRESS P.O. Box 180 Jefferson City. Missouri 65102-0180

STREET LOCATION 2901 West Truman Boulevard Jefferson City, Missouri

Telephone: 314/751-4115 JERRY J. PRESLEY, Director

November 6, 1989

Mr. Mukesh G. Mirchandani, P.E. Senior Project Engineer Weston Designers/Consultants Weston Way West Chester, PA 19380

Re: Nike Missile Site

Dear Mr. Mirchandani:

Thank you for your letter of October 9, 1989 regarding threatened and endangered species within the proposed project area.

Department staff examined map files and data storage and determined that no sensitive species or communities are known to occur on the immediate site or surrounding area. The lack of records, however, does not mean that such species or communities do not exist on this tract of land. Only an on-site inspection could verify their absence or existence.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment.

Sincerely,

DAN F. DICKNEITE ENVIRONMENTAL ADMINISTRATOR

COMMISSION

JERRY P. COMBS Kennett ANDY DALTON

Springfield

JAY HENGES St. Louis JOHN POWELL Rolla FACT SHEET

U.S. Army Toxic & Hazardous Materials Agency Base Closure Division Mr. Kenneth Wiggans AUTOVON 584-3460 March 1989

SUBJECT: Nike Kansas City 30, Pleasant Hill, MO

1. PURPOSE: To privide a summary of the current status of the Nike Kansas City 30 installation.

2. FACTS:

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a. The Nike Kansas City 30 site, a sub-installation of Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, is located just southeast of Kansas City, MO near the town of Pleasant Hill, and consists of 8 buildings on approximately 20 acres of land.

b. The facility operated as a Nike Defense site from around 1958 to 1972. Based on the number and type of buildings, this particular site appears to have been a battery control area (i.e., typically administration, barracks, mess hall, radar, and motor pool areas). Following the phase out of the Nike mission, the facility was used by the Missouri National Guard (MNG) from 1972 to 1988. Currently the facility is inactive and unoccupied.

c. Preliminary indications are that no site specific environmental studies have been performed at the facility. Reportedly, the MNG performed an asbestos survey during their use of the facility. Typical past activities of the Nike defense mission and the MNG (e.g., motor pool and maintenance) may have caused environmental contamination. However, this determination will have to be made after a thorough preliminary investigation.

d. As a result of the Nike Kansas City 30 facility being identified for closure and release in the December 1988 Base Realignment and Closure Report, a preliminary assessment and follow on studies, as required, are scheduled to be performed by US/THIMA.

Activity	FY89	FY90-FY91	FY92	FY93	FY94
Enhanced PA	\$ 50K				
S & A		\$ 400K			
RAP			\$75K ·		
RA				\$ 1000K	
Statement of Clearance					\$ 50K