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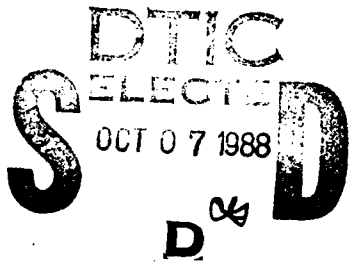
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**CARYSPEC**  
**A FORTRAN 77 Program for Spectral Data Acquisition**  
**and Control of The Varian CARY 2390 UV-VIS-NIR**  
**Spectrophotometer**



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<p>CARYSPEC is a FORTRAN 77 program designed for acquisition of UV-VIS-NIR spectra from the CARY 2300 - 2400 series spectrophotometers via an IEEE-488 interface bus to an external computer system. The program is written to operate on a Hewlett-Packard 1000 minicomputer but with very few system dependent features to enable easy conversion for other host systems. The operation of the spectrophotometer is controlled by CARYSPEC using menu displays on the system console to setup instrument parameters, baseline correction, data acquisition and disk file storage. CARYSPEC provides detailed error trapping for inappropriate instrument settings and automatic adjustment of spectral bandwidth and gain level during data acquisition to match the current baseline correction. Spectra are stored in disk files for subsequent use by plotting, editing and data analysis programs.</p>					
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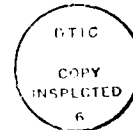
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CARYSPEC  
A FORTRAN 77 Program For Spectral Data Acquisition And Control Of  
The Varian CARY 2390 UV-VIS-NIR Spectrophotometer

INTRODUCTION

The CARY 2300 and 2400 series spectrophotometers are high quality, microprocessor controlled analytical instruments intended for measurements of the UV-Visible and Near IR absorption spectra of solids, liquids and gases. When equipped with an optional IEEE-488 standard interface these instruments and their accessories are programmable by an external computer system enabling acquisition of spectral measurements in digital form. This document describes a fully tested FORTRAN 77 program, CARYSPEC, designed for *single scan* acquisition of spectra from a CARY 2390 instrument using a Hewlett-Packard 1000 minicomputer running the multi-user CI shell and RTE-6/VM operating system. The program uses very few machine specific functions and could be modified easily to run on other host systems supporting the IEEE-488 interface standard.

CARYSPEC implements a large subset of the programmable instrument control functions of the CARY 2390 spectrophotometer in a menu driven format closely resembling the menu displays on the instrument. Therefore, no special training is required for users already familiar with operation of the instrument. Indeed, operation from a computer console has proven to be more convenient than using the clumsy keypad on the instrument. The control functions implemented reproduce the facilities of the spectrophotometer's Instrument Settings, Baseline Setup, Lamp and Detector Modes and Accessory Setup menus, as well as a number of single keypad functions. The program *does not support* the statistics calculation modes, rapid scan setup keys or the automatic sequencer operation for repetitive scans. The latter mode, although useful, is not compatible with reliable IEEE-488 data transmission. A future version of the program may implement this feature using the the single scan mode of CARYSPEC with automatic data file storage and system clock control of the timing of successive scans.

CARYSPEC is a moderately large program and will not run in a single 32K word segment of the Hewlett-Packard 1000 minicomputer. The program has been segmented to run in 5 memory resident nodes of the HP 1000 using the Multi Level Segmentation utility programs SGMTR and MLLDR. The program requires an 83K word memory partition, including 40K words of Extended Memory Addressing (EMA) space for data arrays.

Manuscript approved February 29, 1988.

## IMPLEMENTATION

### 1.0 Hardware Interface:

The IEEE-488 interface for the HP 1000 system is implemented with an HP 59310B interface card which utilizes 4 Logical Unit (LU) addresses in the system. The LU addresses are dependent on the computer system and are defined by the system generation. The interface card used by the program, CARYSPEC, occupies LU addresses 35-38 corresponding to card addresses 0-3. Address 0 is a special addressing mode which allows access to low level IEEE-488 bus command sequences for any device number. Addresses 1-3 are predefined automatic READ/WRITE channels which select device numbers 1-3 on the bus. CARYSPEC uses automatic device addressing from channel 3 (LU 38) and consequently the device address of the CARY 2390 has been set to 3. Physical connection between the computer and spectrophotometer consists of 5 metres of IEEE-488 standard cabling. Reliable data transmission was obtained with cable lengths up to 9 metres. With 13 metres of cable commands sent to the CARY 2390 were accepted but data transmissions from the CARY 2390 spectrophotometer were corrupted owing to the limited drive capability of the MC3447L bus transceivers in the CARY 2390. The bus was found to be totally inoperative with a cable length of 17 metres.

### 1.1 System Handshaking:

The IEEE-488 subsystem of the HP 1000 is operated by the RTE driver DVA37 configured for ASCII Data Record mode. This mode sends and expects to receive an End Of Record (EOR) with data transmission in the form of a Carriage Return/Line Feed (CR/LF) sequence, though Line Feed alone is sufficient. The CARY 2390 accepts commands in this format automatically. However, the instrument must be instructed to send data with the CR/LF trailer using the command "@@20", sent as a series of ASCII characters to the instrument. This is the first instrument command in the program CARYSPEC and instructs the CARY 2390 both to insert CR before LF on transmissions and to turn off check sum error detection. Therefore, all commands to the instrument end with a check sum byte of zero. Correctly operating IEEE-488 systems do not require check sum error detection. During real time spectral data transmission the CARY spectrophotometer is the active talker on the bus. The End Of Record character for this mode has been specified as a Line Feed in CARYSPEC - this works without a CR, as expected for IEEE-488 handshaking. Termination of real time transmission is effected by the active controller via a bus level routine which sends the ASCII codes for UNTALK/UNLISTEN.

## 1.2 Instrument Commands Format:

Programmable control of the CARY 2300-2400 series spectrophotometers has been implemented by Varian Instruments with a series of *single character* commands in ASCII code, most being accompanied by following characters to select a particular setting for the command selected. The instrument generates similar reply messages to most commands and these character strings must be read by the controller before sending further commands.

Varian's documentation defines the command structure as a sequence of [ASCII] characters in the following format (blanks added for clarity):

[LDI] [MI] [MD] [MQ] [CSM] [EOI]

where,

[LDI] = Logical Device Identifier

ASCII representation of the talk address of the sender - the value is ignored but some character must be sent as a place holder. {NOTE: The correct character for the bus controller at address 0 is "@"}.

[MI] = Message Identifier

ASCII character C, P or N used to indicate the message type as Command, Positive reply or Negative Reply. {NOTE: This character field is actually INVALID within a command - 'C' will cause a system reset if used}.

[MD] = Message Descriptor

ASCII character which specifies the actual command to be executed.

[MQ] = Message Qualifier

A string of characters used to set one or more variables or operating modes.

[CSM] = Check sum

The binary sum of all characters in a particular message - this is always the "0" character since checksum mode is turned off normally.

[EOI] = End Or Identify (actually End Of Record)

A linefeed character is specified as the terminator character to end data transmissions. {NOTE: This is appended automatically by most IEEE-488 drivers during handshaking.}

The [MI] field given in the message structure above is actually invalid within a command and must not be used - otherwise command 'C', system reset, will be executed followed by a bus hang up on the trailing unused command characters. However, the [MI] field is valid in the reply messages from the instrument.

The correct COMMAND format is given by the following fields:

[LDI] [MD] [MQ] [CSM] [LF]

EXAMPLE: Send the Record Trailer Set-up Command '@'

```
Command='@@20'  
'WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=10) Command  
10 FORMAT (A4)  
READ (UNIT=38,FMT=20) Reply  
20 FORMAT (A64)
```

where,

@ = [LDI] address of bus controller  
@ = [MD] command for record trailer set-up command  
2 = [MQ] value to select no check sum (bit 1 = 0), insert CR before LF  
0 = [CSM] check sum (off)  
LF is sent automatically with WRITE command



All instrument commands sent to the CARY 2390 by an external computer comprise a sequence of ASCII data characters as far as the IEEE-488 bus is concerned. The details of the handshaking, with talk and listen addresses, are transparent to high level languages such as this implementation of FORTRAN 77 where such details are handled automatically by the device driver - in this case DVA37. Unfortunately, Varian Instruments chose to document the software control of the 2300 series instruments for a particular dialect of BASIC used in their proprietary controller, a model DS-15 data station, which appears to operate in a purely binary mode on the IEEE-488 bus. Thus, their examples of the message structure include a line feed character appended to the actual data command message. Furthermore, they confuse this End Of Record character (EOR) with the title of the End Or Identify handshake line of the IEEE-488 bus. The trailing line feed character is omitted from all instrument commands in the program CARYSPEC, this terminator being supplied automatically by the HP 1000 driver routine using the standard FORTRAN output command, WRITE.

While the reply messages generated by the CARY spectrophotometer must be read, only a few require testing for negative replies in a correctly structured program. CARYSPEC utilizes tight error trapping for inappropriate combinations of instrument parameters, diminishing the need for extensive use of the error message numbers from the instrument. In fact, only the Baseline Set Up subroutine checks for a negative reply and even that is probably superfluous since illegal combinations of operating modes are trapped before calling this routine. Such internal error trapping provides a smoother user interface compared with taking corrective action after rejection of bad commands by the instrument.

The full range of instrument commands and their reply formats are summarized below in Section 1.3. Some commands can be accessed only using the 'D' command to mimic key pad presses on the instrument. These often involve sequences of key presses to implement a single function. Table I contains the ASCII codes required to send Key Pad entries with the 'D' command. However, full familiarity with the instrument is required to use these effectively. For example, the Baseline Set Up procedure could be implemented by sending a large number of Key Pad sequences but a more efficient means is the 'J' command which includes all of the requested baseline parameters in a single string.

TABLE I  
ASCII Codes For Touch Panel Keys

KEY	DECIMAL	ASCII
0	48	'0'
1	49	'1'
2	50	'2'
3	51	'3'
4	52	'4'
5	53	'5'
6	54	'6'
7	55	'7'
8	56	'8'
9	57	'9'
.	58	':'
CLEAR	59	';'
CHANGE	60	'<'
ENTER	61	'_'
ABS vs WLNTH	64	'@'
ABS vs TIME	65	'A'
SEL WLNTHS	66	'B'
INSTR SETTINGS	67	'C'
LAMPS & DETECTORS	68	'D'
AUTO OP	69	'E'
ACCRY SETTINGS	70	'F'
CALC MODE	71	'G'
BASLN SETUP	72	'H'
TEST FUNCTION	73	'I'
GOTO WLNTH	74	'J'
LOCK	75	'K'
START	80	'P'
STOP	81	'Q'
RESUME	82	'R'
STANDBY	83	'S'
READY	84	'T'
AUTO BALANCE	85	'U'
CASSETTE	88	'X'
PRINT	89	'Y'
RIGHT CURSOR	104	'h'
LEFT CURSOR	105	'i'
MANUAL SCAN +	106	'j'
MANUAL SCAN -	107	'k'

### 1.3 Instrument Commands Summary:

- 'A'      Lock or Unlock Keyboard  
Command - '@AX0'                      where X = 0,1 (Unlock, Lock)  
Reply    - '#PAX0'
- 'B'      Status Request  
Command - '@B0'  
Reply    - '#PB[ data ]0'                5 bytes of data are returned
- 'C'      System Reset  
Command - '@C0'  
No Reply
- 'D'      Activate A Touch Panel Key  
Command - '@DX0'                      where X = ASCII code for Key  
Reply    - '#PDX0'  
Reply    - '#NDX0'
- 'E'      Dump Parameter Table  
Command - '@E0'  
Reply    - '#PE[ no. of data bytes ][ data ]0'
- 'F'      Accessory ON/OFF Control  
Command - '@FXY0'                    where X = 0,1 (Turn Off, On)  
    where Y = Accessory Number  
Reply    - '#PFXY00'                    where 0 before CSM = no error  
Reply    - '#NFX0[ error no. ]0'
- 'G'      Return Value Of Parameter Or Variable  
Command - '@G1Y0'                    Y = Index Number Of Parameter  
Reply    - '#PG1Y[ string length ][ string ]0'  
Command - '@G2Y0'                    Y = Index Number Of Variable  
Reply    - '#PG2Y[ value ]0'  
Reply    - '#NGXY[ error no. ]0'        for X = 1,2

'H' Change Value Of A Parameter  
 Command - '@HXY0' where X = Parameter Number  
 where Y = Required Index Value  
 Reply - '#PHXYZ0' where Z = New Index Value  
 Reply - '#NXY[ error no. ]0'

'I' Change Value Of A Variable  
 Command - '@IX[ number ]!0' where X = Variable Number  
 Reply - '#PIX0'  
 Reply - '#NIX[ error no. ]0'

'J' Set Up A Baseline  
 Command - '@J[ value 1 ]!...[ value 9 ]!0'  
 Reply - '#PJ00' where 0 before CSM = no error  
 Reply - '#NJ[ error no. ]0'

'K' Request Real Time Data Transmission  
 Command - '@K1Y0' Interval mode  
 Command - '@K3Y[ interval ]!0' Continuous mode  
 where Y = 0-3 specifies delimiter (0, LF, CR, &)  
 Reply - '\*[ data ]!...[ data ]![EOR]#...  
 Reply - '#NKXY[ error no. ]0' where X = 1,3 (mode)

'L' Display Message On Line 4 Of C.R.T.  
 Command - '@L1[ message ]0'  
 Command - '@L00' Turn Off Message Display  
 Reply - '#PL0' No Negative Reply

'M' Accessory Mode Set Up  
 Command - '@MX[ value ]!0' where X = Parameter Number  
 Reply - '#PMX00' where 0 before CSM = no error  
 Reply - '#NMX[ error no. ]0'

'@' Record Trailer Set Up  
 Command - '@@Y0' where Y = 0-3 (2 for CR/LF)  
 No reply

#### 1.4 Real Time Transmission Data Format:

The 'K' command selects one of two real time transmission modes with the CARY spectrophotometer as the active talker on the bus. The continuous mode transmits data at the frequency of the instrument's chopper motor (15 Hz at line frequency = 60 Hz) in an abbreviated format of Ordinate and Abscissa. The more useful mode, as used in CARYSPEC, is the programmed interval mode which transmits 9 instrument measurements. This increases the overhead for each datum but the extra string processing time has been found to be insignificant for the HP 1000 system. CARYSPEC limits the choice of scan speed and wavelength interval for a maximum transmission rate of 5 Hz. This modest rate is determined by the interrupt service times of the multi-user operating system rather than program processing speed.

The data format for the programmed interval mode varies with the choice of Ordinate and Abscissa modes for the CARY 2390. The data acquisition subroutine ACQUIRE within CARYSPEC supports all 6 choices of Ordinate mode and the 4 choices of Abscissa. However, the main portion of CARYSPEC rejects any choices other than Absorbance or Transmittance vs Wavelength which send data in the following formats:

A typical record for Absorbance vs Wavelength: (59 characters)

```
# 0.0012! 2000.00!1!01!128! 2000.00! 0.0! 28.72!-199.83!
```

A typical record for Transmittance vs Wavelength: (58 characters)

```
# 100.06! 2000.00!1!01!128! 2000.00! 0.0! 28.72!-199.73!
```

These fields correspond to Ordinate, Abscissa, Cell #, Cycle #, Sample #, Wavelength, Time, Temperature and Gel Scanner Distance. Transmissions from the CARY 2390 are read left-justified into a CHARACTER variable dimensioned to length 64. This is sufficient for all operating modes and makes ACQUIRE a general purpose subroutine for use in other programs. Since the record format is fixed for each choice of Ordinate and Abscissa there is no need to search the data strings for the '!' delimiters. CARYSPEC begins substring extraction at character position 2 and uses arrays XOFF(I) and YOFF(J) to determine the offsets for the first two data fields. The remaining substrings are fixed length and their boundaries are calculated from the sum of the lengths of the first two data fields.

## 1.5 Illegal Parameter Changes:

Several instrument parameters have been masked off from changes by an external computer, so becoming READ ONLY. The slit height parameters #22 & #26 are not programmable since the slit height is a manual adjustment. The Baseline parameters also are intended to be READ ONLY in order to prevent overwriting the descriptors for a current baseline. Hence, parameters #23 - #26 are updated only when a new Baseline request is sent using the 'J' command. The Baseline status parameter #37 has limited accessibility and can be turned ON or OFF only. CARYSPEC also allows parameter #37 to be set to the RECORD and ON/SETUP states by issuing Key Pad sequences with the 'D' command. However, CARYSPEC does not use these settings to actually record the Baseline. The settings are used only to transfer setup information between the instrument and baseline menu parameters for users accustomed to this feature.

Unfortunately, two setup parameters, DERIV TEMP RANGE (#11) and TEMP ZERO (#13), have also been masked off making it difficult to control the CARY in some operating modes. However, it was discovered that the DERIV TEMP RANGE can be set by using parameter #10, the DERIV RANGE settings for Absorbance and %T. Thus, parameter #11 appears to be an internal table only. Special action has to be taken in selecting the derivative range settings since only the 1,5,10 sequence is valid while a 1,2,5,10 sequence can be selected. CARYSPEC includes an INDEX array variable which holds the valid indices for the derivative modes. This allows derivative spectra to be drawn while the external computer acquires the raw measurements. While CARYSPEC does not allow acquisition with TEMPERATURE as the Ordinate or Abscissa, the functionality of the Temperature setup modes is preserved with one exception. The TEMP ZERO parameter can not be set from the external computer and only the range can be selected from CARYSPEC. Since this is not a feature required for CARYSPEC no attempt has been made to issue a Key Pad sequence for TEMP ZERO.

The CARY 2390 also masks off the %T offset variable (#10) when the 200 %T range is selected. This appears to be designed so that only a 0-200 %T range can be selected. However, if a non-zero offset has already been set for another scale then selection of the 200 %T range will not result in a 0-200 %T scale - it will have the old offset. This illegal mode can be reset by changing to another range and setting the offset to zero before selecting the 200 %T range again.

## SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

### 2.0 Purpose Of CARYSPEC:

The collection of spectrophotometric data in digitized form provides both a permanent means of storage and the ability to perform more sophisticated analysis. While the instrument obtains spectral measurements as absorbance vs wavelength (nm), plotting programs can rescale the raw data into more meaningful units such as molar absorptivity vs wavenumber ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ). Techniques such as difference spectroscopy no longer need to be performed in real time since data files can be manipulated easily to achieve this function by scaling and subtraction. Noise can be removed from single scan spectra using least squares smoothing while similar functions can be used to generate derivative spectra which are more accurate than those produced in real time by the CARY 2300-2400 series spectrophotometers on their internal pen recorders. Such benefits make it worthwhile to develop software for data transfer between the CARY spectrophotometer and an external computer system, in this case a Hewlett-Packard 1000 minicomputer running the CI shell and RTE-6/VM operating system.

### 2.1 Language Features Of CARYSPEC:

The program CARYSPEC was written in FORTRAN 77 since this language provides the most complete set of interface and control functions available on the HP 1000. The communication between FORTRAN 77 and the IEEE-488 interface to the CARY 2390 spectrophotometer is completely transparent and standard READ/WRITE statements control the operation of the instrument and the collection of data transmitted by the CARY. Therefore, the program is portable, with some minor alterations, between systems supporting the FORTRAN 77 language and IEEE-488 Input/Output. CARYSPEC uses three machine specific function calls requiring substitution to run on a different host system. The first is CALL FFRCL(79) which changes the free field record length from the default value of 72 to 79. This is used to provide more column space on the console display screen. The second is a call to read the system clock to provide calibrated delay loops. Thus the operation of SUBROUTINE Wait(DELAY) and FUNCTION Time(I) would need to be altered. The third is CALL ABRT(35,3) which terminates transmission from the CARY by sending UNTALK/UNLISTEN on the IEEE-488 bus. Syntactical differences also appear between various versions of FORTRAN 77, particularly in the READ/WRITE statements. CARYSPEC uses the format READ (1,...) and WRITE (1,...) for the user's console (defined as LU 1) while Microsoft's compiler uses an \* to denote the console unit.

## 2.2 Structure Of CARYSPEC:

CARYSPEC comprises a large main program unit containing most of the console menu displays, block data for named COMMON variables and a number of subroutines that perform string processing, input validation and communication with the CARY 2390 spectrophotometer. The main program is responsible for all the logic flow and the subroutines execute specific support tasks, which are summarized below:

The main program unit of CARYSPEC comprises 9 distinct segments of code to carry out the the functions of instrument setup, spectral data acquisition and disk file data storage. The code fragments appear under the following assigned labels: MENU, SPECTRUM, BASELINE, ADVANCED, INSTRUMENT, LAMP, ACCESSORY, STORE and EXIT.

### MAIN PROGRAM

#### MENU:

This is the first and main control menu of the program, selecting entry to the remaining instrument control menus, data acquisition, storage and exit routines. The choices are as follows:

#### 'A'.....Acquire Spectrum

This selection branches to label SPECTRUM and performs logical tests for the presence of a valid Baseline in the CARY, valid choices of Abscissa/Ordinate modes and the presence of an unstored spectrum in memory before proceeding with data acquisition. If there is no valid Baseline information in memory the program will branch to label BASELINE. If the Abscissa/Ordinate settings are inappropriate the program will branch to label INSTRUMENT.

#### 'B'.....Baseline Setup

This selection branches to label BASELINE which reads the current instrument settings and presents the pertinent Baseline parameters in a menu arrangement similar to the equivalent display on the CARY. The user can alter these selections but most will not take effect unless a new Baseline scan is recorded on exit from this menu. Otherwise, an exit is made to the main MENU with the instrument baseline settings intact, a feature of the CARY which prevents inadvertent alterations to the parameters describing the current instrument Baseline.



#### 'P'.....Instrument Settings

This selection branches to label INSTRUMENT, reads the current instrument settings and presents the most important in a menu arrangement similar to the equivalent display on the CARY. The user may alter these instrument settings and any changes are implemented immediately by the instrument. If such changes affect the quality of the Baseline matching for a subsequent acquisition scan then the changes will be overridden automatically, if possible. Otherwise, the user will be directed to record a new Baseline scan with the altered settings, followed by acquisition of the spectrum. In most cases the automatic matching routines will take effect to provide a smooth user interface.

#### 'L'.....Lamps/Detectors/Accessories

This selection branches to label ADVANCED and reads the current instrument settings and presents a number of menu selections for subsidiary functions and operating modes of the CARY. Selection '1' branches to label LAMP and presents a menu which lists the status of the lamp and detector modes, which then may be altered. Selection '2' branches to label ACCESSORY and presents a menu which lists the status of the temperature and printer accessories, which then may be setup as desired. Selection '3' for automatic operations is not yet supported.

#### 'S'.....Store File On Disk

This selection branches to label STORE and prompts the user for entry of pertinent file information before saving a data file to disk. This routine includes standard error checking for File Exists, File Open and disk transfer errors. The user is returned to the main MENU on exit.

#### 'X'.....Exit

This selection branches to label EXIT and checks for the presence of an unstored spectrum which causes a prompt for confirmation before proceeding. The user then has the option of setting the CARY to standby mode, if desired, before the program stops.

## SPECTRUM:

This portion of CARYSPEC controls the acquisition of a spectrum from the CARY 2390 spectrophotometer. On entry, this code will check important instrument parameters and status variables and perform conditional branches to BASELINE, INSTRUMENT or MENU if the conditions outlined above are not satisfied. A successful entry will display a request for the wavelength scan limits, which default to the Baseline scan range. New limits may be chosen and are validated for the range 185-3152 nm. {The limits may exceed the Baseline range but this will cause a subsequent call to SUBROUTINE Bline with the new limits and current instrument settings before returning to the data acquisition loop.}

The remaining entry required is the step size interval (0.01-5 nm) during the scan. The instrument is capable of 0.01 nm steps in the UV-VIS region or 0.04 nm in the Near IR. No restrictions are placed on the user in this regard but it is *strongly recommended* that sensible units be chosen, e.g. .1, .2, .25, .5 nm. The program will reject combinations of scan rate and step size which would result in the data rate exceeding 5 Hz. This restriction is a result of the rather slow multi-user environment of the HP 1000 rather than a processing speed problem. Either scan rate or step size may be altered to meet this condition. Finally, the wavelength range and step size are used to check the number of data points for the scan. If the request exceeds 10001 points the user is prompted for a new step size.

After satisfying the basic conditions above the program will perform a number of checks on the current operating conditions of the CARY 2390 to determine whether these will match the conditions for the Baseline scan. Mismatched settings of SBW (nm) and GAIN will be reset automatically to smooth over some instrument peculiarities. Other mismatches are assumed to be operator requirements and result in a prompt to record a new Baseline scan. The user may either proceed or abort this operation and return to the main MENU to take corrective action.

Successful traversal of all the matching checks will present a listing of scan parameters and a prompt to Start or Abort the scan. Aborting will return the user to the main MENU and restore the parameter strings describing any previous spectrum in memory. Starting will position the monochromator to the starting wavelength and prompt for Print to Screen during the scan - removal of this I/O overhead helps prevent missed data with several users on the HP 1000. The remainder of the acquisition is automatic, returning to the main MENU after completion.

## BASELINE:

The current instrument Baseline parameters are read on entry to this section of CARYSPEC for display in a menu format similar to the Baseline Setup menu on the instrument. This code is responsible for the selection of all relevant parameters for a new Baseline scan. However, since most of these parameters are masked from direct changes by the computer, via SUBROUTINE Select, a number of inappropriate combinations are tested for after each new selection is made. These tests reset the bad parameter requests to the most appropriate selection thereby eliminating the rejection of any parameters in subsequent calls to SUBROUTINE Bline. After validation of the Baseline parameters the program tests whether the operating mode at the start of the scan will be AUTO GAIN (MODE = 1) or AUTO SLIT (MODE = 2). The integer variable MODE then controls the logical operation of the remainder of the program and SUBROUTINE Bline where choices between SBW and GAIN settings are important for determining or controlling the operation of the CARY 2390.

A special exit is made from the BASELINE code for setting the instrument GAIN level if the requested value exceeds the current setting by more than a factor of 10, which can result in misbehaviour of the slit servo system of the CARY 2390. A sudden, large increase in GAIN should just send the instrument closer to zero slit width. However, on *this* CARY 2390, at least, the slit width can overshoot through zero and continue to fully open the slits with high gain, seriously imperilling the detectors! To prevent such a disaster the program will select AUTO SLIT mode and branch to line 490, which is part of the INSTRUMENT code fragment. This subsection resets the current instrument GAIN in factors of 10 until it matches the new Baseline request. The logical variable TRANSFER controls the exit from this routine back to BASELINE.

On exit from the Baseline Setup menu the user may either record a new Baseline or return to the main MENU. Both options read the current instrument parameters before returning to MENU, keeping the program updated. This is performed by re-using part of the code at the start of the BASELINE fragment under the control of logical variable TRANSFER. If a new Baseline is recorded the program will monitor the instrument until completion of the procedure and then issue an AUTO BALANCE command to zero the instrument on the reference material. Subsequent data acquired via the SPECTRUM fragment will therefore produce baseline corrected spectra.

## ADVANCED:

This portion of CARYSPEC presents a small menu of subsidiary instrument setup functions that may need to be changed occasionally. The selection are:

### '1'.....LAMPS & DETECTORS

This selection will display a further menu which lists the current status of the LAMP POWER, LAMP SELECT and DETECTOR SELECT modes. Normally, both lamps are ON and the lamps and detectors are in AUTO SELECT mode. These settings can be changed to increase the working wavelength range for the individual lamps or detectors. {NOTE: Individual selection of a lamp or detector prevents lamp or detector changes and thereby prevents coverage of part of the wavelength range accessible with AUTO SELECT modes.}

### '2'.....ACCESSORY SETTINGS

This selection allows the user to turn on and setup two installed accessories, the TEMPERATURE READOUT and the thermal PRINTER. On entry to this routine both accessories are commanded to an OFF status. If a positive reply is received from the CARY that parameter is reset to ON. If the TEMPERATURE accessory is selected and turned ON a small menu is presented for selection of the TEMPERATURE RANGE. If the PRINTER option is selected and turned ON a subsidiary menu is presented to select the operating mode and interval step size for printer output. The modes supported are Wavelength, Time and Temperature. However, CARYSPEC only acquires data in Wavelength mode.

### '3'.....AUTO OPERATIONS

This selection is intended for future expansion for automatic repetitive scans. Currently, it prints an error message and returns for another selection.

### 'X'.....EXIT TO MENU

This entry returns to the main MENU.

## INSTRUMENT:

This section of CARYSPEC reads the current wavelength and instrument settings from the CARY and presents the most important functions in a menu format that is very similar to the equivalent display on the instrument. Changes made from this menu are executed by the CARY 2390 immediately. The selections are:

### '0' .....WAVELENGTH

This selection allows the monochromator to be repositioned to any valid wavelength for the current selections of Lamp and Detector modes.

### '1' .....ORDINATE

Only Absorbance, %T and Temperature are selectable from this menu. However, CARYSPEC will not allow Temperature as a valid ordinate during scans.

### '2' .....ABSCISSA

Wavelength, Time and Temperature are selectable from this menu. However, CARYSPEC only allows Wavelength as a valid abscissa during scans.

### '3' .....SCAN RATE

The scan rate must be chosen in combination with spectral bandwidth and filter period for accurate recording of bandshape. There is a particular difficulty in the 650 nm region where a Wood's anomaly causes poor baseline correction. The scan rate should not exceed 1 nm/sec per SBW (nm) per second period.

### '4' .....CHART DISPLAY

The chart recorder may be used on any setting during data acquisition.

### '5' .....REFERENCE MODE

The instrument is normally used in AUTO SELECT mode to allow full wavelength coverage with both lamps and both detectors. However, AUTO GAIN and AUTO SLIT modes may also be used for wavelength scans. The working range for these depends on the detector mode selected. AUTO GAIN may be used above 800 nm with the PM Tube if the UV/VIS detector modes is selected. AUTO SLIT mode can be used for the full instrument range (185-3152 nm). The reference mode for data acquisition must match that used for the Baseline scan. SINGLE BEAM mode is not valid for wavelength scans and is intended only for instrument adjustments.

'6' .....SBW (nm), GAIN

This selection allows setting of *either* the SBW or GAIN depending on whether the CARY is operating in AUTO GAIN or AUTO SLIT mode at the current wavelength. The actual operating mode for AUTO SELECT reference mode is determined by the wavelength and detector select mode. These are checked by CARYSPEC to determine the correct prompt and instrument command.

'7' .....PEN FUNCTION

The pen operates independently of the raw spectrophotometric data sent via the IEEE-488 bus to an external computer and may operate in any valid mode during data acquisition. The Ordinate choice determines which modes are valid and inappropriate selections are masked by CARYSPEC. However, it is perfectly feasible to draw a second derivative spectrum while acquiring data via the IEEE-488 bus.

'8' .....PEN LIMITS

This selection allows for setting the range and offset for all valid Ordinate modes. The NORMAL mode pen limits are selected via the Parameter and Variables Tables. The %T mode has a minor bug for the 200 %T scale. If a previous choice has set a non zero offset this will not be correctly reset to 0 %T as expected since the %T<sub>zero</sub> variable is masked off by the CARY on the 200 %T scale. Similarly, the Temperature zero offset parameter *can not be changed* by an external computer, though the setting *is read* by CARYSPEC. A non-zero offset entered from the instrument keypad will be displayed but only the range can be set by CARYSPEC. The Derivative and Log(Abs) mode limits are handled by parameter table selection with special handling of the indexing to prevent use of invalid settings in the CARY firmware table.

'9' .....RESPONSE TIME (sec)

This selection allows the filter period to be set to 0.5, 1, 3 or 10 seconds. During the recording of a Baseline the period should be set to 0.5 seconds for maximum fidelity in the 650 nm region where there is a Wood's anomaly. Failure to observe the scan rate, filter period and SBW limitations will result in improper baseline corrections. Higher period settings can be used on subsequent spectra with little prejudicial effect.

'10'.....BEAM INTERCHANGE

This selection allows the front and rear light beam paths to be interchanged between the sample and reference channels for special applications, such as the diffuse reflectance accessory.

'11'.....SLIT HEIGHT

This selection is not valid - it is a READ ONLY parameter for the manual slit height setting.

'X' .....EXIT Instrument Menu

This selection performs a return to the main MENU.

LAMP:

This subsidiary menu reads and reports the current status of the lamp and detector operating modes. The selections are:

'1' .....LAMP POWER

Normally, the instrument is operated with this parameter set to BOTH ON enabling the complete wavelength range to be covered. However, the UV or VIR/NIR selections may be made to prolong the life of a lamp. CARYSPEC *does not* automatically turn on lamps as required for a particular scan.

'2' .....LAMP SELECT

For complete coverage of the wavelength range 185-3152 nm this parameter must be in the AUTO select mode, which will result in a lamp change at 340 nm. The range covered by the individual lamps may be extended - up to 400 nm for the D<sub>2</sub> lamp (UV) and down to 270 nm for the tungsten lamp (VIS/NIR). However, no lamp change will then be made. CARYSPEC provides error checking for the latter two modes to prevent positioning the monochromator outside the valid wavelength limits since this would result in the instrument turning OFF the current baseline. Recovery from such a state involves repositioning the monochromator and using the ON/SETUP selection for Baseline Status in the Baseline Setup menu.

'3' .....EXIT TO MENU

This selection returns to the ADVANCED menu.

## ACCESSORY:

The CARY 2390 has two installed accessories programmable by an external computer. The selections are:

### '1' .....TEMPERATURE READOUT

This selection should normally be turned ON so that subsequent data files are stored with the correct temperature (a reading of 2.55 is passed by the CARY with the accessory OFF). If this selection is made and turned ON a further menu will be presented for selection of the temperature range. This only affects the pen scaling with TEMPERATURE as the Ordinate or Abscissa - not valid modes for data acquisition in CARYSPEC. Thus, selecting 100 degrees is recommended.

### '2' .....PRINTER

This selection allows the user to setup the thermal strip printer to provide instrument readings at selected intervals during a scan (1 point/sec max.). While the selections include WAVELENGTH, TIME and TEMPERATURE the latter two are not valid scan modes in CARYSPEC.

## STORE:

This portion of CARYSPEC provides the data file storage routine. On entry to this code CARYSPEC checks that a spectrum has been acquired and has not yet been stored. Otherwise, the program returns to the main MENU. After this validation the program will present a series of prompts for Filename and Directory information, which are then used to build a Pathname and to check that such a file does not already exist in the specified directory. If the filename is valid the user will be prompted for the LABEL, DATE, CONCENTRATION (M) and PATHLENGTH (cm) file descriptors followed by disk file storage. The data file is stored in the following format given in Table II.

## EXIT:

This final portion of CARYSPEC checks that any spectrum in memory has been stored and prompts for confirmation before allowing the user to terminate the program. On exit the user may elect to set the CARY 2390 to standby mode if no further spectra will be acquired.



TABLE II  
Data File Format

Line	File Variables	Format Type <sup>a</sup>
1	TITLE	CHARACTER (A72)
2	DATE	CHARACTER (A8)
3	XMIN,XMAX,XSTEP,CONC,PATH	REAL (*)
4	ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE, WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST	REAL (*)
5	J,K,NARRAY	INTEGER (I3,I3,I6)
6-54	PARAM(I)	INTEGER (I2)
55	VARIABLE(I)	REAL (*)
56-/	Y(I)	REAL (*)
/-eof	X(I)	REAL (*)

<sup>a</sup>: (\*) indicates free field format

### 2.3 BLOCK DATA:

All COMMON variables used by CARYSPEC are held in named COMMON blocks and initialized in BLOCK DATA immediately following the main program unit. The compiler directive /NOALLOCATE/ is used to ensure that only one block of memory is set aside during the multi-level segmentation of CARYSPEC. The variables contained within the COMMON blocks are listed below:

/MODE/        Contains COMMON INTEGER variables

  NDATA       Number of data points in a scan  
               Value set in main program  
               Value used in SUBROUTINE Acquire  
               Value stored in NARRAY in main program for disk data file

  XMODE       Specifies abscissa mode for selecting length of data field  
               Value set in main program  
               Value used in SUBROUTINE Acquire as index for local array XOFF

  YMODE       Specifies ordinate mode for selecting length of data field  
               Value set in main program  
               Value used in SUBROUTINE Acquire as index for local array YOFF

/CARY/        Contains COMMON REAL variables

  ORD, ABSC, CELL, CYCLE, SAMPLE, WAVE, TIMER, TEMP, DIST  
               Values correspond to the 9 instrument readings sent during scan  
               Values set in SUBROUTINE Acquire  
               Values used in main program  
               Values stored in disk data file

/IP/            Contains COMMON INTEGER arrays

NPAR           Specifies the number of settings for each instrument parameter  
                DIMENSION = 49  
                Values set in BLOCK DATA  
                Values used by SUBROUTINE Select for changing instrument settings

OFFSET        Species the index offset in the parameter table  
                DIMENSION = 49  
                Values set in BLOCK DATA  
                Values used in SUBROUTINE Select for changing instrument settings

/IS/            Contains COMMON CHARACTER string arrays

Pname         Specifies the names of instrument parameters for screen display  
                DIMENSION = (49)\*10 characters  
                Values set in BLOCK DATA  
                Values used in SUBROUTINE Select

Vname         Specifies the names of instrument variables for screen display  
                DIMENSION = (49)\*8 characters  
                Values set in BLOCK DATA  
                Values not used in current version (for future use)

## 2.4 SUBROUTINES:

CARYSPEC uses subroutines to perform specific tasks which, with one exception, are required more than once. Terminate is setup as a subroutine solely for clarity of main program execution. The purpose and calling sequences are listed below:

### Acquire(Inc,PRINT,SINGLE,WAVELENGTH)

Performs real time data acquisition from the CARY 2390 in two modes, single point for updating the current monochromator position and scan mode at Inc (nm) steps. COMMON variables XMODE, YMODE and NDATA select the correct data string format for the Abscissa and Ordinate modes selected by the main program unit and the number of data points required in the scan. The scan mode stores each Abscissa and Ordinate value in EMA COMMON arrays X and Y. COMMON BLOCK /CARY/ returns the final set of readings to the main program unit for data file storage.

/MODE/ INTEGER XMODE,YMODE,NDATA input variables control acquisition

/CARY/ REAL ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST output

/DATA/ REAL arrays X,Y hold Abscissa and Ordinate values for output

Inc CHARACTER\*4 variable input which specifies the interval (nm)

PRINT LOGICAL variable input which turns screen output on/off during scan

SINGLE LOGICAL variable input which selects single datum or scan mode

WAVELENGTH

REAL variable output for single datum mode

CALLED BY: Main program unit only

CALLS: SUBROUTINE Val

Bline(WMIN,WMAX,Bdet,Bgain,Blamp,Bperiod,Brate,Bref,Bsbw,Bslit,Bscan,Btime,  
MATCH,MODE)

Performs a Baseline Setup by sending a list of instrument parameter requests to the CARY 2390. Validation of the instrument settings is performed by the main program unit before calling Bline.

WMIN,WMAX	Wavelength limits passed from main program unit
Bdet	CHARACTER*1 variable input to select detector mode
Bgain	CHARACTER*4 variable input to set gain value
Blamp	CHARACTER*1 variable input to select lamp mode
Bperiod	CHARACTER*1 variable input to select period setting
Brate	CHARACTER*1 variable input to select scan rate setting
Bref	CHARACTER*1 variable input to select reference mode
Bsbw	CHARACTER*4 variable input to set SBW value
Bslit	CHARACTER*1 variable input to match physical slit height
Bscan	CHARACTER*14 variable input for screen display of scan rate
Btime	CHARACTER*14 variable input for screen display of period
MATCH	LOGICAL variable .TRUE. on entry and exit unless scan aborted
MODE	INTEGER variable input to specify AUTO GAIN/SLIT mode

### Center(TITLE)

Prints a string on the user console centred within a 72 column line.

TITLE CHARACTER\*72 string, contents set by calling unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit, SUBROUTINE Select, SUBROUTINE Bline and  
SUBROUTINE Acquire

CALLS: None

### GOTO(Wlength)

Performs the same function as the Key Pad GO TO WLNTH on the instrument to enable repositioning of the monochromator to a specified wavelength. Error trapping for illegal or inappropriate settings is performed by the main program unit and no negative reply is tested for.

Wlength CHARACTER\*7 variable input from the main program unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit only

CALLS: SUBROUTINE Send, SUBROUTINE Instats

EXTENSION: LEN(*string*) function, HP extension to FORTRAN 77

### Instats(Slew,...,Windex)

Performs a request for current instrument status from the CARY 2390. Slew is used to determine if the monochromator is still in motion. The other variables are not used in this version. No negative reply is issued by the CARY for this command.

Slew,Model,Ncell,Range,Windex

CHARACTER\*1 variables passed back to calling unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit, SUBROUTINE GOTO

CALLS: None

### Limits(MIN,MAX)

Reads entries for the wavelength limits from the user console, swaps the entries if necessary and validates the entries against the instrument limits (185 - 3152 nm). The values are then rounded to whole digits.

MIN,MAX REAL variables passed back to main program unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit only

CALLS: None

### Line(N)

Prints a line of '-' characters to the user console N columns wide and centred within a 72 column line.

N INTEGER variable input from calling unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit, SUBROUTINE Select, SUBROUTINE Bline and SUBROUTINE Acquire

CALLS: None

### Partable(PARAM)

Performs a request to send the parameter table from the CARY 2390 and processes the reply to update the program's list of current instrument settings held in the integer array PARAM. No negative reply is issued by the CARY for this command.

PARAM INTEGER array output which holds the instrument parameter settings  
DIMENSION = 49, values set by CARY and SUBROUTINE Select

CALLED BY: Main program unit only

CALLS: None

### Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)

Performs selection of available instrument settings for parameter N. Calls SUBROUTINE Send(Command) to set new parameter values. Negative replies are not tested since the parameter table values are read again on return to the main program menus calling Select. A special fix has been added for Derivative modes to use only valid selections from PARAM(11) and Pstr(11).

- N            INTEGER input value (1 - 49) representing parameters 0 - 48
- PARAM       INTEGER array input of current instrument parameter settings  
             DIMENSION = 49, used to detect special case indexing for Pstr
- Pstr         CHARACTER string array containing all selections for parameters  
             DIMENSION = (49,16)\*14 characters, 41-49 not used in this version
- /IP/         INTEGER arrays NPAR,OFFSET used to select index number for Pstr
- /IS/         CHARACTER array Pname containing the names of each parameter  
             DIMENSION = (49)\*10
- INDEX       INTEGER array of valid index values for Derivative modes  
             DIMENSION = 11, uses local data for indices to PARAM(11)

### Send(Command)

Performs an IEEE-488 WRITE to the CARY 2390 to send a string command to the instrument and to read the reply. Negative replies are not checked using this routine. Commands are either validated before calling Send or parameters and variables are read afterwards to check the results from Send.

- Command     CHARACTER variable holding an ASCII string command for CARY  
             DIMENSION = variable, set by calling unit.

CALLED BY:   Main program unit, SUBROUTINE Select, SUBROUTINE GOTO

CALLS:        None



Str(VALUE,String,PREC)

Performs a conversion from numeric value to a string number for floating point numbers only with up to 12 digits precision. This is more than required by the CARY 2390.

VALUE REAL variable input to be processed by the routine

String CHARACTER\*14 string output corresponding to VALUE

PREC INTEGER variable input to set the rounding precision for string

CALLED BY: Main program unit, SUBROUTINE Bline

CALLS: None

Terminate

Performs an IEEE-488 WRITE to UNTALK the CARY 2390 and terminate real time transmission mode.

CALLED BY: Main program unit only

CALLS: ABRT(35,3) an EXTERNAL class system level routine

This function sends the UNTALK/UNLISTEN characters '\_?'

Upper(Code)

Performs a check for lower case characters in a string of arbitrary length and converts to upper case if necessary.

Code CHARACTER variable passed into routine and UPPER case on exit  
DIMENSION = arbitrary, set by calling unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit, SUBROUTINE Bline

CALLS: None

### Val(String,VALUE)

Performs a conversion from string to numeric value for a string number containing up to 10 digits. This is more than required by the CARY 2390.

String CHARACTER string input to be processed by routine  
DIMENSION = arbitrary, set by calling unit

VALUE REAL variable output

CALLED BY: Main program unit, SUBROUTINE Vartable, SUBROUTINE Acquire

CALLS: None

### Vartable(VARIABLE)

Performs a request to send all 14 instrument variables and processes the replies to update the program's list of current values held in the floating point array VARIABLE. Negative replies from the CARY are not tested in this routine since illegal requests are not issued by Vartable.

VARIABLE REAL array output which holds the instrument operating variables  
DIMENSION = 14, values set by CARY and main program unit

CALLED BY: Main program unit only

CALLS: SUBROUTINE Val

### Wait(DELAY)

Performs a loop which tests the system clock until DELAY seconds have elapsed. The routine does not make provision for the special case at the transition to 2400 hours.

DELAY REAL variable holding the value of the delay period in seconds

CALLED BY: Main program unit and SUBROUTINE Bline

CALLS: FUNCTION Time(I)

## 2.5 FUNCTIONS:

CARYSPEC uses only one function subprogram that makes an EXEC call to read the system time.

### Time(I)

Performs an EXEC call to read the system clock and converts the reading to seconds and centiseconds.

I            Dummy argument

CALLED BY:    SUBROUTINE Wait only

CALLS:        EXEC(ICODE,ITIME) system level command

## PROGRAM CODE

### 3.0 Source Code Availability:

The source code for program CARYSPEC is an 83K ASCII text file available on either a Hewlett-Packard cartridge tape or an IBM 360K format floppy disk. All requests should be accompanied by the blank medium desired. A printed copy of the source code is listed below.

### 3.1 Variable Names And Usage:

A complete listing of the INTEGER, REAL and CHARACTER variables for the MAIN segment of CARYSPEC is given below in Tables III, IV & V, respectively. The subroutines use the same names as the main program for the same variables. Additional variables in the subroutines and simple integers, I-N, are not documented since their usage is rather obvious. The logical variables MATCH, PRINT, SINGLE and TRANSFER are used within the program to control conditional branching. MATCH is related to BLOCK IF tests for matching of the baseline and spectrum parameters. PRINT controls whether data will be printed to the console screen during data acquisition. SINGLE controls the operation of Acquire to update the wavelength. TRANSFER is used for special branching to reuse portions of code.

Table III

## Glossary of INTEGER Variables

Name	Description	Value
ACCESSORY	Assigned Label - Accessory Setup Menu	600
ADVANCED	Assigned Label - Subsidiary Functions	350
BASELINE	Assigned Label - Baseline Setup Menu	200
EXT	Assigned Label - Terminate Program	900
INSTRUMENT	Assigned Label - Read Cary Settings	390
LAMP	Assigned Label - Lamp & Detector Modes	570
MENU	Assigned Label - Main Control Menu	10
PARAMETERS	Assigned Label - Instrument Setup Menu	400
SPECTRUM	Assigned Label - Acquire Spectrum	90
STORE	Assigned Label - Store Disk File	700
ASCII	ASCII code for a command output	> 48
MODE	Controls the selection of AUTO GAIN/SLIT	0,1
NARRAY	Number of data points in spectrum - file	1-10001
NCOL	Number of screen columns in menu display	50-70
NDATA	Number of data points in spectrum - Acquire	1-10001
PREC	Precision for rounding function in Str	3,4
XMODE	Selects abscissa data format in Acquire	1
YMODE	Selects ordinate data format in Acquire	1,2
NPAR(49)	Number of settings for each parameter	1-16
OFFSET(49)	Index offset for parameter settings	0-11
PARAM(49)	Instrument operating modes table	1-16

Table IV

## Glossary of REAL Variables

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Name	Description
ORD	Final ordinate value returned by Acquire
ABSC	Final abscissa value returned by Acquire
CELL	Final cell # value returned by Acquire
CYCLE	Final cycle # value returned by Acquire
SAMPLE	Final sample # value returned by Acquire
WAVE	Final wavelength value returned by Acquire
TIMER	Final time value returned by Acquire
DIST	Final distance value returned by Acquire
BAND	Spectral Bandwidth (nm) - AUTO GAIN mode
CONC	Concentration of sample (M) - file variable
GAIN	Instrument gain - AUTO SLIT mode
NUMBER	General purpose data entry variable
PATH	Pathlength of sample cell (cm) - file variable
PMIN	Pen scale minimum limit
PMAX	Pen scale maximum limit
RATE	Numeric equivalent of scan rate parameter
RATIO	Variable for data rate & slit gain checks
SPECBAND	File variable for SBW (nm) at $\lambda_{\min}$ (nm)
SPECGAIN	File variable for GAIN at $\lambda_{\max}$ (nm)
STEP	Numeric value of step size (nm) interval
WAVELENGTH	Current monochromator position (nm)
WMIN	Requested ending wavelength for scan
WMAX	Requested starting wavelength for scan
XMIN	File variable for WMIN
XMAX	File variable for WMAX
XSTEP	File variable for STEP
ZERO	Pen scale offset variable, %T and Deriv. modes
VARIABLE(14)	Instrument operating conditions table
X(10001)	Wavelength array
Y(10001)	Absorbance or %T array

---

Table V

## Glossary Of CHARACTER Variables

Name	Description
<b>Screen Control:</b>	
BELL	CHAR(7) bell character
CLR*2	Clear screen
DOWN*2	Move cursor down 1 line
ESC	CHAR(27) escape character
HOME*2	Move cursor to upper right corner
UP*2	Move cursor up 1 line
<b>Instrument Status:</b>	
Bdet	Baseline detector mode
Bgain*4	Baseline gain setting
Bgbw*4	Baseline SBW or GAIN, depending on mode
Blamp	Baseline lamp mode
Bmin*4	Baseline ending wavelength
Bmax*4	Baseline starting wavelength
Bperiod	Baseline filter setting
Brate	Baseline scan rate
Bsbw*4	Baseline spectral bandwidth
Bslit	Baseline slit height
Odet	Previous spectrum detector mode
Ogain*4	Previous spectrum gain setting
Olamp	Previous spectrum lamp mode
Omin*4	Previous spectrum ending wavelength
Omax*4	Previous spectrum starting wavelength
Operiod	Previous spectrum filter setting
Orate	Previous spectrum scan rate
Osbw*4	Previous spectrum spectral bandwidth
Oslit	Previous spectrum slit height
Sdet	Spectrum detector mode
Sgain*4	Spectrum gain setting
Slamp	Spectrum lamp mode
Smin*4	Spectrum ending wavelength
Smax*4	Spectrum starting wavelength
Speriod	Spectrum filter setting
Srate	Spectrum scan rate
Ssbw*4	Spectrum spectral bandwidth
Sslit	Spectrum slit height

### Instrument Control:

Accon*3	Turn accessory on command
Accoff*3	Turn accessory off command
Autobal*4	Perform auto balance to zero reading
Command*44	String of instrument commands to CARY
CSM	Checksum character for data transmission
Blstat*5	Read baseline status parameter command
Instr*4	Recall instrument setup menu display
Key*2	Press key command
Lock*4	Lock keyboard command
Messon*3	Send message to line 4 of CARY display
Messoff*4	Clear message from CARY display
Par*3	Read parameter command
Parset*2	Change parameter command
Ready*4	Release CARY from standby mode
Response*64	String for reply messages from CARY
Setup*4	Record trailer setup command
Standby*4	Place CARY in standby mode
Start*4	Issue a start command
Stop*4	Issue a stop command
String*14	String to pass data to or from subroutines
Unlock*4	Unlock keyboard command
Var*3	Read variable command
Varset*3	Change variable command

### Program Control:

Access(5)*4	Accessory status (OFF, ON)
Astat*10	Auto balance status (OFF, SET)
Bscan*14	Scan rate, Baseline screen output
Bstat*10	Baseline status (OFF, ON, ON/MATCH)
Btime*14	Filter period, Baseline screen output
Code	Menu selection variable
Icode	Parameter setting in ASCII format
Pcode	Parameter number in ASCII format
Pname(49)*10	Table of names for each parameter
Printer(6)*12	Printer operating mode
Pstr(49)*14	Table of names for each parameter setting
Sstat*10	Spectrum status (OFF, ACQUIRED, STORED)
TITLE*72	String to be printed to screen
Vname(14)*8	Table of names for each variable
Wlength*7	Wavelength in ASCII format for GOTO

### File Storage:

DATE*8	Date in mm/dd/yy format
Directory*40	Directory pathname
Fname*20	Filename and extension
INITIALS*2	User's initials for extension .Sxx
Name*16	Filename without extension
Outfile*63	Complete pathname for file

```

1 FTN7X,L
2 $FILES 0,1 ! # Setup One Disk I/O File
3 $ALIAS /MODE/,NOALLOCATE ! # BLOCK DATA Holds Values Of Named
4 $ALIAS /CARY/,NOALLOCATE ! COMMON Variables So Don't Allocate
5 $ALIAS /IP/,NOALLOCATE ! Memory For These Here - SCMTR Will
6 $ALIAS /IS/,NOALLOCATE ! Create Memory For These As Required
7 $EMA /DATA/ ! # Use EMA Space For Large Data Arrays
8 C
9 C *****
10 C
11 PROGRAM CARYSPEC
12 C
13 C *****
14 C
15 C This Program Is Designed To Control Data Acquisition From The
16 C CARY 2390 UV-VIS-NIR Spectrophotometer Via The IEEE-488 Bus:
17 C
18 C The CARY 2390 Is Addressed As Device #3 On The IEEE-488 Bus.
19 C
20 C The HP 1000 Is Configured To Operate The IEEE-488 Bus In ASCII
21 C Data Record Mode With Auto Addressing Enabled. The Bus Occupies
22 C Logical Unit Addresses 35 - 38 (Device Addresses 0 - 3). LU 38
23 C Controls The CARY 2390 And LU 35 Is Used To Issue Bus Commands.
24 C
25 C -----
26 C
27 C
28 C AUTHOR: Dr. Robert A. Binstead,
29 C Chemistry Division, Code 6125,
30 C Naval Research Laboratory,
31 C Washington. D.C. 20375-5000
32 C
33 C
34 C WRITTEN: December, 1986 - January, 1987
35 C
36 C VERSION: 1.7
37 C
38 C REVISED: March, 1987:
39 C - Modified to store Abscissa (X) array
40 C after Ordinate (Y) values to prevent
41 C data file corruption in the event of
42 C missed data points during multiuser
43 C sessions where the HP 1000 can not
44 C keep up with data transmission rate.
45 C May, 1987:
46 C - Modified MATCHING criteria between
47 C Spectrum & Baseline to omit checks
48 C on Scan Rate & Period. This allows
49 C the Baseline scan to be taken under
50 C conditions for the best correction
51 C of instrumental artifacts.
52 C - On MISMATCHED BASELINE detection the
53 C program will collect a new baseline
54 C with instrument parameters specified

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55 C for the spectrum except for PERIOD  
56 C and SCAN RATE which revert to those  
57 C for the previous baseline scan.  
58 C - Altered data storage routine to use  
59 C default or specified cartridge #.

60 C June, 1987:  
61 C - Modified Filename convention to match  
62 C the use of Directory Paths in the  
63 C new CI operating system.  
64 C - Segmented the program using SCMTR  
65 C to fit within CI's smaller boundary.

66 C August, 1987:  
67 C - Eliminated INQUIRE statement for FILE  
68 C EXISTS or FILE OPEN check since this  
69 C caused a memory protect error in the  
70 C segmented versions if the filename  
71 C was already in use. These checks are  
72 C made using the IOSTAT number returned  
73 C by the OPEN statement instead.

74 C November, 1987:  
75 C - Altered updating of Variables Table  
76 C so that SBW at Smin and CAIN at Smax  
77 C are stored in Data File.

78 C January, 1988:  
79 C - Placed All COMMON Variables In Named  
80 C COMMON Blocks To Prevent Them From  
81 C Being Re-initialized On Calls To Other  
82 C Nodes Of The Multi-Level Segmentation.  
83 C - Explicitly Specified Allocation Of  
84 C BLOCK DATA memory Using NOALLOCATE  
85 C Compiler Directives.  
86 C - Eliminated Overwriting Of Data File  
87 C Variables By The Wavelength Reading  
88 C Routine. The CALL To Acquire Has  
89 C Been Augmented To Bypass The Usual  
90 C Spectral COMMON Variables in /CARY/.

91 C February, 1988:  
92 C - Removed Single Beam Operation Since  
93 C The Cary Cannot Acquire A Baseline  
94 C In This Operating Mode.  
95 C - Added Tight Checking For Improper  
96 C Combinations Of Baseline Detector,  
97 C Lamp and Reference Mode Requests.  
98 C - Revised AUTO GAIN vs AUTO SLIT Mode  
99 C Selection In Baseline And Instrument  
100 C Setup Menus To Utilize Detector Mode  
101 C Under AUTO SELECT Reference Selection.  
102 C - Added Automatic Adjustment Of SBW And  
103 C GAIN Before Scan To Match Baseline.

```

104 C
105 C      MODES:   All Abscissa & Ordinate Modes (SUBROUTINES)
106 C              Absorbance or %T vs Wavelength (PROGRAM only)
107 C
108 C      MEMORY:  28,000 Words (Max.PATH) + 40,000 Words EMA (DATA)
109 C              3,000 Words (MSEC)      + 5 Memory Resident Nodes
110 C              - 83 Page Partition Required -
111 C
112 C      SEGMENT: This Program Is Too Large To Run Under CI On The
113 C              HP 1000 - It Must Be Segmented Using SGMTR And
114 C              MLLDR Loader - A CMD Transfer File SEGMARY.COMD
115 C              Contains The Commands To Accomplish This.
116 C
117 C      -----
118 C
119      INTEGER ACCESSORY,ADVANCED,BASELINE,EXIT,INSTRUMENT
120      INTEGER LAMP,MENU,PARAMETERS,SPECTRUM,STORE
121      INTEGER ASCII,MODE,NARRAY,NCOL,NDATA,PREC,XMODE,YMODE
122      INTEGER NPAR(49),OFFSET(49),PARAM(49)
123      REAL ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST,BAND,CONC
124      REAL GAIN,NUMBER,PATH,PMIN,PMAX,RATE,RATIO,SPECBAND,SPECGAIN
125      REAL STEP,WAVELENGTH,WMIN,WMAX,XMIN,XMAX,XSTEP,ZERO
126      REAL VARIABLE(14),X(10001),Y(10001)
127      LOGICAL MATCH,PRINT,SINGLE,TRANSFER
128 C
129 C      Dimension Screen Control String Variables
130 C
131      CHARACTER BELL,CLR*2,DOWN*2,ERASE*2,ESC,HOME*2,UP*2
132 C
133 C      Dimension Instrument Control String Variables
134 C
135      CHARACTER CSM,Lock*4,Unlock*4,Key*2,Accon*3,Accoff*3
136      CHARACTER Par*3,Var*3,Parset*2,Varset*2,Messon*3,Messoff*4
137      CHARACTER Setup*4,Command*44,Response*64,String*14
138 C
139 C      Dimension Specific Key or Function String Variables
140 C
141      CHARACTER Ready*4,Standby*4,Start*4,Stop*4,Instr*4,Autobal*4
142 C
143 C      Dimension Program Parameter Variables
144 C
145      CHARACTER Sstat*10,Bstat*10,Astat*10,Wlength*7
146      CHARACTER Directory*40,Fname*20,Name*16,Outfile*63
147      CHARACTER Smin*4,Smax*4,Sinc*4,Sdet,Sgain*4,Slamp,Speriod
148      CHARACTER Srate,Sref,Sslit,Ssbw*4
149      CHARACTER Bmin*4,Bmax*4,Bdet,Bgain*4,Blamp,Bperiod
150      CHARACTER Brate,Bref,Bslit,Bsbw*4,Fperiod,Frate
151      CHARACTER Omin*4,Omax*4,Oinc*4,Odet,Ogain*4,Olamp,Operiod
152      CHARACTER Orate,Oref,Oslit,Osbw*4
153 C
154      CHARACTER DATE*8,INITIALS*2,TITLE*72
155      CHARACTER Access(5)*4,Printer(6)*12,Code,Icode,Pcode
156      CHARACTER Pname(49)*10,Vname(14)*8,Bscan*14,Btime*14
157      CHARACTER Pstr(49,16)*14

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158 C
159 C -----
160 C
161 COMMON /MODE/NDATA,XMODE,YMODE
162 COMMON /CARY/ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
163 COMMON /IP/NPAR,OFFSET,/IS/Pname,Vname
164 COMMON /DATA/Y,X
165 C
166 C     Reference Library IEEE-488 Subroutines
167 C
168 EXTERNAL ABRT
169 C
170 C -----
171 C
172 C     Initialize Cary Command & Status String Variables
173 C
174 DATA CSM,Setup,Lock,Unlock,Key/'0','@20','@A10','@A00','@D'/
175 DATA Accon,Accoff,Par,Var/'@F1','@F0','@G1','@G2'/
176 DATA Parset,Varset,Messon,Messoff/'@H','@I','L1','@L00'/
177 DATA Ready,Standby,Start/'@DT0','@DS0','@DP0'/
178 DATA Stop,Instr,Autobal/'@DQ0','@DC0','@DU0'/
179 DATA Sstat,Bstat,Astat/' OFF',' OFF',' OFF'/
180 C
181 C     Initialize Cary Instrument Settings String Arrays
182 C
183 DATA (Pstr(1,1),I=1,6)/'ABSORBANCE','% TRANSMISSION',
184 &'TEMPERATURE','% REFLECTANCE','CONCENTRATION','EMISSION'/
185 DATA (Pstr(2,1),I=1,4)/'WAVELENGTH','TIME','TEMPERATURE',
186 &'DISTANCE'/
187 DATA (Pstr(3,1),I=1,11)/'OFF','0.01','0.02','0.05','0.1','0.2',
188 &'0.5','1.0','2.0','5.0','10.0'/
189 DATA Pstr(4,1)/'OFF'/
190 DATA (Pstr(4,1),I=6,15)/'0.2','0.5','1.0','2.0','5.0',
191 &'10','20','50','100','200'/
192 DATA (Pstr(5,1),I=1,4)/'AUTO SELECT','AUTO GAIN','AUTO SLIT',
193 &'SINGLE BEAM'/
194 DATA (Pstr(6,1),I=1,5)/'OFF','NORMAL','1ST DERIV','2ND DERIV',
195 &'LOG'/
196 DATA (Pstr(7,1),I=1,9)/'0.01','0.02','0.05','0.1','0.2','0.5',
197 &'1.0','2.0','4.0'/
198 DATA (Pstr(8,1),I=10,16)/'2','5','10','20','50','100','200'/
199 DATA (Pstr(9,1),I=12,15)/'10','20','50','100'/
200 DATA (Pstr(10,1),I=1,5)/'-1.9 TO 0.6','-2.0 TO 0.5',
201 &'-2.1 TO 0.4','-2.2 TO 0.3','-2.3 TO 0.2'/
202 DATA (Pstr(11,1),I=1,16)/'+/-0.01','+/-0.02','+/-0.05','+/-0.1',
203 &'+/-0.2','+/-0.5','+/-1.0','+/-2.0','+/-5.0','+/-10','+/-20',
204 &'+/-50','+/-100','+/-200','+/-500','+/-1000'/
205 DATA (Pstr(12,1),I=1,16)/'+/-0.01','+/-0.02','+/-0.05','+/-0.1',
206 &'+/-0.2','+/-0.5','+/-1.0','+/-2.0','+/-5.0','+/-10','+/-20',
207 &'+/-50','+/-100','+/-200','+/-500','+/-1000'/
208 DATA (Pstr(13,1),I=1,8)/'+/-0.01','+/-0.02','+/-0.05','+/-0.1',
209 &'+/-0.2','+/-0.5','+/-1.0','+/-2.0'/
210 DATA (Pstr(14,1),I=1,10)/'0','10','20','30','40','50','60','70',
211 &'80','90'/

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212 DATA (Pstr(15,1),I-1,4)/'0.5','1.0','3.0','10'/
213 DATA (Pstr(16,1),I-1,2)/'NORMAL','REVERSE'/
214 DATA (Pstr(17,1),I-1,2)/'OFF','ON'/
215 DATA (Pstr(18,1),I-1,2)/'REPEAT SCAN','SGL/MULTI'/
216 DATA (Pstr(19,1),I-1,2)/'SERIAL','OVERLAY'/
217 DATA (Pstr(20,1),I-1,4)/'BOTH ON','UV ONLY','VIS/NIR ONLY',
218 &'BOTH OFF'/
219 DATA (Pstr(21,1),I-1,3)/'AUTO','UV','VIS/NIR'/
220 DATA (Pstr(22,1),I-1,3)/'AUTO','UV/VIS','NIR'/
221 DATA (Pstr(23,1),I-1,2)/'FULL','1/3'/
222 DATA (Pstr(24,1),I-1,3)/'AUTO','UV/VIS','NIR'/
223 DATA (Pstr(25,1),I-1,3)/'AUTO','UV','VIS/NIR'/
224 DATA (Pstr(26,1),I-1,4)/'AUTO SELECT','AUTO GAIN','AUTO SLIT',
225 &'SINGLE BEAM'/
226 DATA (Pstr(27,1),I-1,2)/'FULL','1/3'/
227 DATA (Pstr(28,1),I-1,6)/'0','1','2','3','4','5'/
228 DATA (Pstr(29,1),I-1,2)/'STANDARDS','UNKNOWN'/
229 DATA (Pstr(30,1),I-3,6)/'DIRECT','LINEAR','DIRECT-QUAD',
230 &'QUADRATIC'/
231 DATA (Pstr(31,1),I-7,8)/'NORMAL','AVERAGED'/
232 DATA (Pstr(32,1),I-9,13)/'SIGNAL AV','SAMPLE AV','QUICK',
233 &'EXTENDED','FIXED'/
234 DATA (Pstr(33,1),I-1,5)/'DSPL RESULTS','DSPL SETUP','NEXT CONC',
235 &'DELETE SAMPLE','CLEAR RESULTS'/
236 DATA (Pstr(34,1),I-1,2)/'OFF','ON'/
237 DATA (Pstr(35,1),I-1,2)/'1','2'/
238 DATA (Pstr(38,1),I-1,5)/' OFF',' ON','RECORD',' ','ON/SETUP'/
239 DATA (Pstr(40,1),I-1,2)/'INTERVAL','ACCY-DRIVEN'/
240 C
241 DATA (Printer(I),I-1,3)/'WAVELENGTH','TIME','TEMPERATURE'/
242 DATA (Printer(I),I-4,6)/'DISTANCE','MAX.mm','MIN.mm'/
243 C
244 C Initialize Screen Control String Variables
245 C
246 BELL=CHAR(7)
247 ESC=CHAR(27)
248 CLR=ESC//'J'
249 HOME=ESC//'h'
250 UP=ESC//'A'
251 DOWN=ESC//'B'
252 ERASE=ESC//'K'
253 C
254 C -----
255 C
256 C Assign Statement Labels
257 C
258 C -----
259 C
260 ASSIGN 10 TO MENU
261 ASSIGN 90 TO SPECTRUM
262 ASSIGN 200 TO BASELINE
263 ASSIGN 350 TO ADVANCED
264 ASSIGN 390 TO INSTRUMENT
265 ASSIGN 400 TO PARAMETERS

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266      ASSIGN 570 TO LAMP
267      ASSIGN 600 TO ACCESSORY
268      ASSIGN 700 TO STORE
269      ASSIGN 900 TO EXIT
270 C
271 C      -----
272 C
273 C      Data Acquisition and Control Menu
274 C
275 C      -----
276 C
277      CALL FFRCL(79)                ! Eliminate Line Wrapping Problems
278      CALL Send(Setup)              ! Setup Normal Handshaking With Cary
279      CALL Send(Ready)              ! Release Cary From Standby Mode
280 10  WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
281      CALL Send(Instr)              ! Display Instrument Settings On Cary
282      CALL Send(Messoff)            ! Turn Off Display Messages On Cary
283      CALL Send(Unlock)             ! Unlock Keyboard On Cary
284      NCOL=70                       ! Set Display To 70 Columns
285      TITLE='Cary 2390'
286      CALL Center(TITLE)
287      TITLE='Spectral Data Acquisition'
288      CALL Center(TITLE)
289      WRITE (1, '(T61,A2,A8)') UP, 'Rev: 1.7'
290      CALL Line(NCOL)
291      WRITE (1,20) 'CODE', 'FUNCTION', 'STATUS', 'MIN', 'MAX', 'INC'
292 20  FORMAT (T4,A4,T14,A8,T34,A7,T50,A3,T58,A3,T66,A3)
293      CALL Line(NCOL)
294      WRITE (1,30) 'A.....Acquire Spectrum.....',Sstat,Smin,Smax,Sinc
295      WRITE (1,40) 'B.....Baseline Setup.....',Bstat,Bmin,Bmax
296      WRITE (1,50) 'I.....Instrument Settings....'
297      WRITE (1,50) 'L.....Lamps/Detectors/Access..'
298      WRITE (1,60) 'S.....Store File on Disk.....',Fname
299      WRITE (1,50) 'X.....EXIT Data Acquisition..'
300 30  FORMAT (/,T4,A30,T35,A8,T50,A4,T58,A4,T66,A4)
301 40  FORMAT (/,T4,A30,T35,A8,T50,A4,T58,A4)
302 50  FORMAT (/,T4,A30)
303 60  FORMAT (/,T4,A30,T35,A20)
304      WRITE (1,*)
305      CALL Line(NCOL)
306      WRITE (1,*)
307 70  WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, '_'
308      WRITE (1, '(T3,A15,A,A2)') 'Enter the CODE:',BELL, '_'
309      READ (1,80) Code
310 80  FORMAT (A1)
311      CALL Upper(Code)
312      IF (Code.EQ. 'A') GO TO SPECTRUM
313      IF (Code.EQ. 'B') GO TO BASELINE
314      IF (Code.EQ. 'I') GO TO INSTRUMENT
315      IF (Code.EQ. 'L') GO TO ADVANCED
316      IF (Code.EQ. 'S') GO TO STORE
317      IF (Code.EQ. 'X') GO TO EXIT
318      GO TO 70
319 C

```

```

320 C -----
321 C
322 C     Acquire Spectrum: (Instrument Baseline Must Match)
323 C
324 C -----
325 C
326     90 CALL Partable(PARAM)
327     IF ((PARAM(38).NE.1).OR.(Bstat.EQ.' OFF')) THEN
328         WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,'_'
329         WRITE (1,*) ' Baseline Program Is ABSENT: ',BELL,'_'
330         CALL Wait(2.0)
331         WRITE (1,*)
332         GO TO BASELINE
333     END IF
334     IF ((PARAM(1).EQ.2).OR.(PARAM(2).NE.0)) THEN
335         WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,'_'
336         WRITE (1,*) ' Ordinate or Abscissa Error: ',BELL,'_'
337         CALL Wait(2.0)
338         WRITE (1,*)
339         GO TO INSTRUMENT
340     END IF
341     IF (Sstat.EQ.'ACQUIRED') THEN
342 100     WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' SPECTRUM NOT STORED:_'
343         WRITE (1,*) ' Proceed With Spectrum (Y or N) ? ',BELL,'_'
344         READ (1,80) Code
345         CALL Upper(Code)
346         IF (Code.EQ.'N') GO TO 70
347         IF (Code.NE.'Y') GO TO 100
348     END IF
349 C
350 C -----
351 C
352 C     Store Previous Spectrum's Parameters For Possible Abort
353 C
354 C -----
355 C
356     Omin=Smin
357     Omax=Smax
358     Oinc=Sinc
359     Odet=Sdet
360     Ogain=Sgain
361     Olamp=Slamp
362     Operiod=Speriod
363     Orate=Srate
364     Oref=Sref
365     Oslit=Sslit
366     Osbw=Ssbw
367 C -----
368     WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
369     TITLE='Scan Parameters'
370     CALL Center(TITLE)
371     CALL Line(NCOL)
372     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' BASELINE:'
373     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Scan Limits, (nm): ',Bmin,'/' ,Bmax

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```

374     CALL Val(Bmin,WMIN)           ! Default Spectrum To
375     CALL Val(Bmax,WMAX)           ! Baseline Scan Limits
376     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,DOWN,' SPECTRUM:'
377     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Scan Limits, (nm): ',Bmin,'/ ',Bmax,
378     &DOWN,DOWN
379 110 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' A...Accept, C...Change, X...Exit ? ',
380     &BELL,'_'
381     READ (1,80) Code
382     CALL Upper(Code)
383     IF (Code.EQ.'X') GO TO MENU
384     IF (Code.EQ.'A') GO TO 120
385     IF (Code.NE.'C') GO TO 110
386     CALL Limits(WMIN,WMAX)
387 120 CALL Str(WMIN,String,4)
388     Smin=String(2:5)
389     CALL Str(WMAX,String,4)
390     Smax=String(2:5)
391     WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,' Scan Limits, (nm): ',
392     &Smin,'/ ',Smax,DOWN,DOWN
393 130 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Step Size (.01 - 5 nm) : ',BELL,'_'
394     READ (1,*,ERR=130) STEP
395     IF ((STEP.LT.0.01).OR.(STEP.GT.5.0)) GO TO 130
396     CALL Str(STEP,String,4)
397     Sinc=String(2:5)
398 140 CALL Val(Pstr(3,PARAM(3)+1),RATE)
399     RATE=RATE/STEP
400     IF (RATE.GT.5.0) THEN
401         WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Data Rate > 5 Hz - _'
402         WRITE (1,*) 'RESET Scan Rate, (Y or N) ? ',
403         & BELL,'_'
404         READ (1,80) Code
405         CALL Upper(Code)
406         IF (Code.NE.'Y') GO TO 130
407         N=3
408         K=N
409         CALL Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)
410         PARAM(K)=N-1           ! Update Parameter Table
411         GO TO 140
412     END IF
413     NDATA=INT((WMAX-WMIN)/STEP+.5)+1
414     IF (NDATA.GT.10001) THEN
415         WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Too Many Data Points - _'
416         WRITE (1,*) 'Increase Step Size _',BELL
417         CALL Wait(2.0)
418         GO TO 130
419     END IF
420     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Checking Instrument Settings:',BELL
421     CALL GOTO(Bmax)           ! Test Matching At Start Of Baseline Scan
422 C
423 C -----
424 C
425 C           Set Spectrum Strings to Match Instrument Parameters
426 C
427 C -----

```

```

428 C
429 Sdet=CHAR(PARAM(22)+48)
430 Slamp=CHAR(PARAM(21)+48)
431 Speriod=CHAR(PARAM(15)+48)
432 Srate=CHAR(PARAM(3)+48)
433 Sref=CHAR(PARAM(5)+48)
434 Sslit=CHAR(PARAM(23)+48)
435 CALL Vartable(VARIABLE) ! Update SBW, GAIN at Bmax
436 CALL Str(VARIABLE(10),String,4)
437 Ssbw=String(2:5)
438 CALL Str(VARIABLE(6),String,4)
439 Sgain=String(2:5)
440 C
441 C -----
442 C
443 C Test For Acceptable Instrument Baseline Matching
444 C
445 C -----
446 C
447 MATCH=.TRUE.
448 IF (WMAX.GT.VARIABLE(3)) MATCH=.FALSE.
449 IF (WMIN.LT.VARIABLE(4)) MATCH=.FALSE.
450 IF (Sref.NE.Bref) MATCH=.FALSE.
451 IF (Slamp.NE.Blamp) MATCH=.FALSE.
452 IF (Sdet.NE.Bdet) MATCH=.FALSE.
453 IF (Sslit.NE.Bslit) MATCH=.FALSE.
454 C -----
455 IF ((MODE.EQ.1).AND.(MATCH)) THEN ! Exit If Already Failed
456 IF (Ssbw.NE.Bsbw) THEN
457 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Matching To Baseline SBW:',BELL
458 Command=Varset//'9'//Bsbw//'!0'
459 CALL Send(Command)
460 Ssbw=Bsbw
461 CALL Wait(1.0)
462 END IF
463 END IF
464 C -----
465 IF ((MODE.EQ.2).AND.(MATCH)) THEN ! Exit If Already Failed
466 IF (Sgain.NE.Bgain) THEN
467 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Matching To Baseline GAIN:',BELL
468 Command=Varset//'5'//Bgain//'!0'
469 CALL Send(Command) ! Reset AUTOSLIT Gain Level
470 Sgain=Bgain
471 CALL Wait(2.0)
472 END IF
473 IF ((Bref.EQ.'0').AND.(Bdet.EQ.'0').AND.(WMAX.LE.800.0)) THEN
474 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Matching To Baseline SBW:',BELL
475 Wlength='800.5'
476 CALL GOTO(Wlength) ! Reset To NIR Region
477 CALL Wait(1.0)
478 Wlength='800.0'
479 CALL COTO(Wlength) ! Set To Start Of UV/VIS
480 END IF ! With Matching SBW
481 END IF

```



```

482      IF (MATCH) GO TO 150
483 C
484 C -----
485 C
486 C           Record New Baseline Using Present Instrument Parameters
487 C           With Period & Scan Rate From The Previous Baseline Scan
488 C
489 C -----
490 C
491      WRITE (1,*) DOWN,DOWN
492      TITLE='### NEW BASELINE REQUIRED ###'
493      CALL Center(TITLE)
494      WRITE (1,*) BELL
495      CALL Wait(2.0)
496      MATCH=.TRUE.                                ! Baseline Valid Test On Exit
497      CALL Bline(WMIN,WMAX,Sdet,Sgain,Slamp,Fperiod,Frate,Sref,Sbw,
498 &Sslit,Bscan,Btime,MATCH,MODE)
499      Command=Parset// '>' //Speriod//CSM        ! Reset To Spectrum's Period
500      CALL Send(Command)
501      Command=Parset// '2' //Srate//CSM         ! Reset To Spectrum's Rate
502      CALL Send(Command)
503      IF (.NOT.MATCH) THEN
504          Sstat=' OFF'                            ! Aborted Scan Exit
505          GO TO MENU
506      END IF
507 C
508 C -----
509 C
510 C           Update Baseline Parameter Strings
511 C
512 C -----
513 C
514      Bmin=Smin
515      Bmax=Smax
516      Bdet=Sdet
517      Bgain=Sgain
518      Blamp=Slamp
519      Bperiod=Fperiod
520      Brate=Frate
521      Bref=Sref
522      Bsbw=Ssbw
523      Bslit=Sslit
524      Bstat='ON/MATCH'
525 C -----
526 150 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
527      TITLE='Acquire Spectrum'
528      CALL Center(TITLE)
529      CALL Line(NCOL)
530      WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Wavelength Limits, (nm): ',Smax,'/ ',Smin
531      WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Step Size, (nm/datum) : ',Sinc
532      WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Scan Rate, (nm/sec) : ',
533 &Pstr(3,PARAM(3)+1)
534      WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Response Time, (sec) : ',
535 &Pstr(15,PARAM(15)+1)

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```

536     IF (MODE.EQ.1) THEN
537         WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Spectral Bandwidth,(nm): ',Ssbw
538         GO TO 160
539     END IF
540     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' AUTOSLIT Gain Level      : ',Sgain
541 160  WRITE (1,*) DOWN
542     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Place Solution Cell In The SAMPLE Beam:'
543     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,'       S.....Start Scan'
544     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,'       A.....Abort Scan'
545     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Enter the CODE: ',BELL,'_'
546 170  READ (1,80) Code
547     CALL Upper(Code)
548 C
549 C -----
550 C
551 C       Restore Old Spectrum's Parameter Strings
552 C -----
553 C -----
554 C
555     IF (Code.EQ.'A') THEN
556         Smin=Omin
557         Smax=Omax
558         Sinc=Oinc
559         Sdet=Odet
560         Sgain=Ogain
561         Slamp=Olamp
562         Speriod=Operiod
563         Srate=Orate
564         Sref=Oref
565         Sslit=Oslit
566         Ssbw=Osbw
567         GO TO MENU
568     END IF
569     IF (Code.NE.'S') GO TO 170
570 C
571 C -----
572 C
573 C       Set To Starting Wavelength - Check For Instrument Ready
574 C -----
575 C -----
576 C
577     WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,'_'
578     WRITE (1,*) ' Slewing to Starting Wavelength:',BELL
579     CALL GOTO(Smax)
580     SINGLE=.FALSE.           ! Scan Mode ON, Single Wavelength OFF
581     PRINT=.FALSE.           ! Initialize Print Mode To OFF
582 180  WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Print to Screen, (Y or N) ? ',BELL,'_'
583     READ (1,80) Code
584     CALL Upper(Code)
585     IF (Code.EQ.'Y') THEN
586         PRINT=.TRUE.
587         GO TO 190
588     END IF
589     IF (Code.NE.'N') GO TO 180

```

```

590 C
591 C -----
592 C
593 C       Select Data String Format For Abscissa & Ordinate In
594 C       SUBROUTINE Acquire Via COMMON Variables XMODE & YMODE
595 C
596 C -----
597 C
598 C 190 YMODE=PARAM(1)+1           ! YMODE = 1 - 6 (Only 1 & 2 Allowed)
599 C    XMODE=PARAM(2)+1           ! XMODE = 1 - 4 (Only 1 Allowed)
600 C    SPECGAIN=VARIABLE(6)       ! Save GAIN Value At Smax For Data File
601 C
602 C    WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Scanning Spectrum:',BELL
603 C
604 C    CALL Send(Instr)            ! Display Instrument Settings On Cary
605 C    CALL Send(Lock)            ! Lock Keyboard On Cary During Scan
606 C    CALL Wait(1.0)             ! Wait For Cary To Finish Housekeeping
607 C
608 C -----
609 C          *** Data Collection Subroutine ***
610 C
611 C          Collects NDATA Readings At Sinc (nm) Steps And
612 C          Returns Spectrum In Arrays (X),(Y) Via EMA COMMON
613 C          Final Reading Is Returned Via Named COMMON /CARY/
614 C
615 C    CALL Acquire(Sinc,PRINT,SINGLE,WAVELENGTH)
616 C
617 C -----
618 C
619 C    CALL Terminate              ! UNTALK Cary 2390 From IEEE-488 Bus
620 C    CALL Wait(1.0)             ! Wait For Cary To Finish Housekeeping
621 C    CALL Send(Setup)           ! Re-establish Normal Handshaking
622 C    CALL Send(Stop)            ! STOP Key Issued
623 C    CALL Send(Unlock)          ! UNLOCK Keyboard
624 C    CALL Vartable(VARIABLE)     ! Update Instrument Variables To Obtain
625 C    SPECBAND=VARIABLE(10)      ! Value Of Spectral Bandwidth At Smin.
626 C    CALL GOTO(Smax)            ! Return To Starting Wavelength
627 C    NARRAY=NDATA                ! Save # Of Data Points In File Variable
628 C    XMIN=WMIN                   ! Save End Of Scan In File Variable
629 C    XMAX=WMAX                   ! Save Start Of Scan In File Variable
630 C    XSTEP=STEP                  ! Save Step Size In File Variable
631 C    Sstat='ACQUIRED'
632 C    GO TO MENU
633 C
634 C -----
635 C
636 C          Baseline Call and Status Check
637 C
638 C -----
639 C

```

```

640 200 MATCH=.TRUE.
641     TRANSFER=.FALSE.
642 210 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Reading Instrument Baseline: ',BELL,'_'
643     CALL Partable(PARAM)
644     Bstat=Pstr(38,PARAM(38)+1)
645     IF (PARAM(38).GT.1) Bstat=' '//Pstr(38,PARAM(38)+1)
646     CALL Vartable(VARIABLE)
647     WMAX=NINT(VARIABLE(3))
648     WMIN=NINT(VARIABLE(4))
649     BAND=VARIABLE(2)/1000.0 ! Only One Of SBW Or GAIN Is Stored
650     GAIN=VARIABLE(2)/10.0 ! By The Cary For The Baseline Scan
651 220 PREC=4 ! - Decide Below Which Is Valid.
652     IF (WMAX.LT.1000.0) PREC=3
653     CALL Str(WMAX,String,PREC)
654     Bmax=String(2:5)
655     PREC=4
656     IF (WMIN.LT.1000.0) PREC=3
657     CALL Str(WMIN,String,PREC)
658     Bmin=String(2:5)
659 C -----
660     IF (TRANSFER) GO TO MENU ! EXIT After Return From Bline
661 C -----
662     IF (WMAX.GT.900.0) THEN
663         IF (PARAM(24).EQ.1) PARAM(24)=0 ! Bad UV/VIS Detector Mode
664         IF (PARAM(26).EQ.1) PARAM(26)=0 ! Bad AUTO GAIN Ref. Mode
665     END IF
666     IF (WMIN.LT.700.0) THEN
667         IF (PARAM(24).EQ.2) PARAM(24)=0 ! Bad NIR Detector Mode
668     END IF
669     IF (PARAM(24).EQ.2) THEN
670         IF (PARAM(26).EQ.1) PARAM(26)=0 ! Bad NIR Reference Mode
671     END IF
672     IF ((PARAM(24).EQ.0).AND.(PARAM(26).EQ.1)) THEN
673         IF (WMAX.GT.800.0) PARAM(24)=1 ! Bad AUTO Detector Mode
674     END IF
675     IF (WMAX.GT.400.0) THEN
676         IF (PARAM(25).EQ.1) PARAM(25)=0 ! Bad UV Lamp Mode
677     END IF
678     IF (WMIN.LT.270.0) THEN
679         IF (PARAM(25).EQ.2) PARAM(25)=0 ! Bad W Lamp Mode
680     END IF
681 C -----
682     Bperiod=CHAR(PARAM(15)+48)
683     Brate=CHAR(PARAM(3)+48)
684     Bdet=CHAR(PARAM(24)+48)
685     Blamp=CHAR(PARAM(25)+48)
686     Bref=CHAR(PARAM(26)+48)
687     Bslit=CHAR(PARAM(27)+48)
688     IF (Bref.EQ.'2') GO TO 230 ! AUTOSLIT Mode On (Both Detectors)
689     IF (Bdet.EQ.'2') GO TO 230 ! NIR Detector -> AUTOSLIT Mode
690     IF (WMAX.GT.900.0) GO TO 230 ! Lambda > 900 -> AUTOSLIT Mode
691     IF (WMAX.GT.800.0) THEN
692         IF (Bdet.EQ.'0') GO TO 230 ! AUTO Detector -> AUTOSLIT Mode
693     END IF

```

```

694 C -----
695 CALL Str(BAND,String,4)
696 Bsbw=String(2:5) ! SBW Fixed At The Start Of Scan
697 Bgain=' ' ! Gain Variable During Scan
698 MODE=1
699 GO TO 240
700 230 CALL Str(GAIN,String,4)
701 Bgain=String(2:5) ! GAIN Fixed At The Start Of Scan
702 Bsbw=' ' ! SBW Variable During Scan
703 MODE=2
704 240 Command=Key//'H0' ! Display Baseline Menu On Cary
705 CALL Send(Command)
706 CALL Send(Messoff) ! Turn Off Any Display Messages
707 C -----
708 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
709 TITLE='Baseline Setup'
710 CALL Center(TITLE)
711 CALL Line(NCOL)
712 WRITE (1,250) 'INDEX','FUNCTION','SETTING'
713 CALL LINE(NCOL)
714 WRITE (1,*)
715 WRITE (1,260) '0:','.....AUTO BALANCE.....',
716 &Astat
717 WRITE (1,260) '1:','.....BASELINE STATUS.....',
718 &Bstat
719 WRITE (1,280) '2:','.....WAVELENGTH (Max,Min)...',
720 &Bmax,',',Bmin
721 WRITE (1,280) '3:','.....SBW (nm), GAIN.....',
722 &Bsbw,',',Bgain
723 WRITE (1,270) '4:','.....REFERENCE MODE.....',
724 &Pstr(26,PARAM(26)+1)
725 WRITE (1,270) '5:','.....LAMP SELECT.....',
726 &Pstr(25,PARAM(25)+1)
727 WRITE (1,270) '6:','.....DETECTOR SELECT.....',
728 &Pstr(24,PARAM(24)+1)
729 WRITE (1,270) '7:','.....SLIT HEIGHT.....',
730 &Pstr(27,PARAM(27)+1)
731 WRITE (1,270) '8:','.....SCAN RATE (nm/sec).....',
732 &Pstr(3,PARAM(3)+1)
733 WRITE (1,270) '9:','.....RESPONSE TIME (sec).....',
734 &Pstr(15,PARAM(15)+1)
735 WRITE (1,260) 'X:','.....EXIT Baseline Menu.....',
736 &' '
737 250 FORMAT (T4,A5,T20,A8,T40,A7)
738 260 FORMAT (T4,A3,T10,A28,A8)
739 270 FORMAT (T4,A3,T10,A28,T40,A14)
740 280 FORMAT (T4,A3,T10,A28,T40,A4,A,A4)
741 WRITE (1,*)
742 CALL Line(NCOL)
743 WRITE (1,*)
744 290 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' INDEX Code: ',BELL,'_'
745 READ (1,80) Code
746 CALL Upper(Code)
747 IF (Code.EQ.'X') GO TO 330

```

```

748     N=ICHAR(Code)-48
749     IF ((N.LT.0).OR.(N.GT.9)) GO TO 290
750 C -----
751     IF (N.EQ.0) THEN
752         CALL Send(Autobal)
753         Astat=' SET'
754         GO TO 220
755     END IF
756     IF (N.EQ.1) N=38
757     IF (N.EQ.2) GO TO 300           ! Update Wavelength Limits
758     IF (N.EQ.3) GO TO 310           ! Update SBW/GAIN
759     IF (N.EQ.4) N=26
760     IF (N.EQ.5) N=25
761     IF (N.EQ.6) N=24
762     IF (N.EQ.7) N=27               ! Slit Control Is Manual Only
763     IF (N.EQ.8) N=3
764     IF (N.EQ.9) N=15
765 C -----
766     K=N                           ! Instrument Baseline PARAMETERS Are
767     CALL Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)      ! Masked From Direct Changes - The
768     PARAM(K)=N-1                   ! NEW Values Are Only Accepted From
769     IF (K.EQ.38) THEN              ! SUBROUTINE Bline's '@J' Command.
770         WRITE (1, '(T12,A)') '_'
771         GO TO 200
772     END IF
773     GO TO 220
774 C -----
775 300 CALL Limits(WMIN,WMAX)
776     MATCH=.FALSE.
777     GO TO 220
778 310 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, '_'
779     IF (MODE.EQ.2) GO TO 320
780     WRITE (1,*) ' Spectral Bandwidth (0.04 - 3.60 nm) = ',BELL, '_'
781     READ (1,*,ERR=310) BAND
782     IF ((BAND.LT.0.04).OR.(BAND.GT.3.60)) GO TO 310
783     GO TO 220
784 320 String='(1-1275)'
785     IF (PARAM(24).NE.2) String='(1 - 1000)'
786     WRITE (1,*) ' Gain Level ',String(1:10),' - ',BELL, '_'
787     READ (1,*,ERR=310) NUMBER
788     IF ((NUMBER.LT.1.0).OR.(NUMBER.GT.1275.0)) GO TO 310
789     IF ((NUMBER.GT.1000.0).AND.(PARAM(24).NE.2)) GO TO 310
790     GAIN=VARIABLE(6)
791     RATIO=NUMBER/GAIN
792     IF (RATIO.GT.10.0) THEN
793         WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, '_'
794         WRITE (1,*) ' Setting Instrument Gain: ',BELL, '_'
795         CALL Wait(2.0)
796         Command=Parset//'420'      ! Set AUTOSLIT Mode Prior
797         CALL Send(Command)         ! To Sending New GAIN Level
798         WRITE (1,*)
799         TRANSFER=.TRUE.           ! Transfer To Instrument
800         GO TO 490                 ! GAIN Setting Routine
801     END IF

```

```

802      GAIN=NUMBER
803      GO TO 220
804 C
805 C -----
806 C
807 C      Record Baseline Scan In CARY 2390
808 C
809 C -----
810 C
811 330 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,'_'
812 WRITE (1,*) ' Record NEW Baseline, (Y or N) ? ',BELL,'_'
813 READ (1,80) Code
814 CALL Upper(Code)
815 IF (Code.EQ.'N') GO TO 340
816 IF (Code.NE.'Y') GO TO 330
817 MATCH=.FALSE.
818 I=ICHAR(Brate)-48
819 Bscan=Pstr(3,I+1)
820 I=ICHAR(Bperiod)-48
821 Btime=Pstr(15,I+1)
822 CALL Bline(WMIN,WMAX,Bdet,Bgain,Blamp,Bperiod,Brate,Bref,Bsbw,
823 &Bslit,Bscan,Btime,MATCH,MODE)
824 Fperiod=Bperiod
825 Frate=Brate
826 Astat=' SET'
827 340 TRANSFER=.TRUE. ! Perform An Alternate Return To The Main MENU
828 GO TO 210 ! After Reading Instrument Baseline Parameters
829 C
830 C -----
831 C
832 C      Menu of Advanced Setup Operations
833 C
834 C -----
835 C
836 350 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
837 TITLE='Advanced Operations Menu'
838 CALL Center(TITLE)
839 NCOL=50
840 CALL Line(NCOL)
841 WRITE (1,'(T15,A5,T30,A14)') 'INDEX','GROUP FUNCTION'
842 CALL Line(NCOL)
843 WRITE (1,*)
844 WRITE (1,360) '1: .....LAMPS & DETECTORS.....'
845 WRITE (1,360) '2: .....ACCESSORY SETTINGS.....'
846 WRITE (1,360) '3: .....AUTOMATIC OPERATION.....'
847 WRITE (1,360) 'X: .....EXIT TO SETUP MENU.....'
848 WRITE (1,*)
849 CALL Line(NCOL)
850 360 FORMAT (T17,A35)
851 WRITE (1,*)
852 370 WRITE (1,'(T15,A2,A2,A9,A,A)') UP,ERASE,' INDEX #: ',BELL,'_'
853 READ (1,80) Code
854 CALL Upper(Code)
855 IF (Code.EQ.'X') GO TO MENU

```

```

856      N=ICHAR(Code)-48
857      IF (N.EQ.1) GO TO LAMP
858      IF (N.EQ.2) GO TO ACCESSORY
859      IF (N.EQ.3) GO TO 380
860      GO TO 370
861 380  WRITE (1, '(T13,A2,A2,A)') UP,ERASE, '_'
862      WRITE (1,*) ' Not Supported In Version 1.X ',BELL, '_'
863      CALL Wait(2.0)
864      GO TO ADVANCED
865 C
866 C -----
867 C
868 C      Display and Update Instrument Settings
869 C
870 C -----
871 C
872 390  WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, ' Reading Wavelength: ',BELL, '_'
873      NDATA=1
874      Oinc='1'
875      PRINT=.FALSE.           ! No Display Required
876      SINGLE=.TRUE.          ! Select Wavelength Update Mode
877      CALL Partable(PARAM)
878      YMODE=PARAM(1)+1       ! Set Data String Format
879      XMODE=2
880      Icode=CHAR(PARAM(2)+48) ! Save Abscissa Mode
881      Command=Parset//'110'  ! Set Abscissa = TIME
882      CALL Send(Command)
883      CALL Send(Setup)
884      CALL Wait(0.5)
885      CALL Acquire(Oinc,PRINT,SINGLE,WAVELENGTH)
886      CALL Terminate
887      CALL Wait(0.5)
888      CALL Send(Setup)
889      CALL Send(Stop)
890      Command=Parset//'1'//Icode//CSM
891      CALL Send(Command)     ! Restore Abscissa Mode
892      WRITE (1,*)
893      WRITE (1,*) UP, '_'
894 400  WRITE (1,*) ERASE, ' Reading Instrument Settings: ',BELL, '_'
895      CALL Partable(PARAM)
896      CALL Vartable(VARIABLE)
897      BAND=VARIABLE(10)      ! Current SBW (nm)
898      GAIN=VARIABLE(6)       ! Current GAIN Level
899      CALL Val(Pstr(8,PARAM(8)+1),PMAX) ! Pen Limits, %T & %R
900      PMIN=VARIABLE(11)
901      IF (PARAM(1).EQ.0) THEN ! Pen Limits, Absorbance
902          CALL Val(Pstr(7,PARAM(7)+1),PMAX)
903          PMIN=VARIABLE(1)
904      END IF
905      IF (PARAM(1).EQ.2) THEN ! Pen Limits, Temperature
906          CALL Val(Pstr(9,PARAM(9)+1),PMAX)
907          CALL Val(Pstr(14,PARAM(14)+1),PMIN)
908      END IF
909      PMAX=PMIN+PMAX

```



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910      I=11                                ! Index For Deriv. Range
911      IF (PARAM(6).EQ.4) I=10             ! Index For Log Zero Range
912      String=Pstr(I,PARAM(I)+1)          ! Pen Range Label For Index
913      CALL Send(Instr)                    ! Display Instrument Menu
914 C -----
915      WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
916      TITLE='Instrument Settings'
917      CALL Center(TITLE)
918      CALL Line(NCOL)
919      WRITE (1, '(T4,A5,T20,A8,T40,A7)') 'INDEX','FUNCTION','SETTING'
920      CALL LINE(NCOL)
921      WRITE (1,*)
922      WRITE (1,410) '0:','.....WAVELENGTH.....',
923      &WAVELENGTH
924      WRITE (1,420) '1:','.....ORDINATE.....',
925      &Pstr(1,PARAM(1)+1)
926      WRITE (1,420) '2:','.....ABSCISSA.....',
927      &Pstr(2,PARAM(2)+1)
928      WRITE (1,420) '3:','.....SCAN RATE (nm/sec).....',
929      &Pstr(3,PARAM(3)+1)
930      WRITE (1,420) '4:','.....CHART DISPLAY (nm/cm)...',
931      &Pstr(4,PARAM(4)+1)
932      WRITE (1,420) '5:','.....REFERENCE MODE.....',
933      &Pstr(5,PARAM(5)+1)
934      WRITE (1,430) '6:','.....SBW (nm), GAIN.....',
935      &BAND,',','GAIN
936      WRITE (1,420) '7:','.....PEN FUNCTION.....',
937      &Pstr(6,PARAM(6)+1)
938      WRITE (1,430) '8:','.....PEN LIMITS (Min,Max)...',
939      &PMIN,',','PMAX
940      IF (PARAM(6).GT.1) WRITE (1, '(T40,A2,A2,A14)') UP,ERASE,String
941      WRITE (1,420) '9:','.....RESPONSE TIME (sec)....',
942      &Pstr(15,PARAM(15)+1)
943      WRITE (1,420) '10:','.....BEAM INTERCHANGE.....',
944      &Pstr(16,PARAM(16)+1)
945      WRITE (1,420) '11:','.....SLIT HEIGHT.....',
946      &Pstr(23,PARAM(23)+1)
947      WRITE (1,420) 'X:','.....EXIT Instrument Menu...',' '
948      410 FORMAT (T4,A3,T10,A28,T40,F6.2)
949      420 FORMAT (T4,A3,T10,A28,T40,A14)
950      430 FORMAT (T4,A3,T10,A28,T40,F4.2,A,F5.2)
951      WRITE (1,*)
952      CALL Line(NCOL)
953      WRITE (1,*)
954      440 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' INDEX Code: ','BELL, '_'
955      READ (1, '(A2)') Key
956      CALL Upper(Key)
957      IF (Key.EQ.'X') GO TO MENU
958      N=ICHAR(Key(1:1))-48
959      IF (Key(2:2).EQ.' ') GO TO 450
960      N=N*10+ICHAR(Key(2:2))-48
961      450 IF ((N.LT.0).OR.(N.GT.10)) GO TO 440
962 C -----

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963      K=N                                ! Save Index #:
964      IF (N.EQ.0) GO TO 460              ! Update Wavelength
965      IF (N.EQ.6) GO TO 470              ! Update SBW/CAIN
966      IF (N.EQ.7) N=6                    ! Pen Function
967      IF (N.EQ.9) N=15
968      IF (N.EQ.10) N=16
969      IF (N.EQ.8) THEN                    ! Update Pen Limits
970          N=I                             ! Index For Deriv & Log
971          IF (PARAM(6).LE.1) THEN         ! PEN = NORMAL Modes
972              IF (PARAM(1).NE.2) GO TO 520 ! Absorbance & %T Range
973              N=9                          ! Index For Temp. Range
974          END IF
975      END IF
976      CALL Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)           ! Update Parameters
977      IF (K.EQ.5) THEN
978          WRITE (1, '(T12,A)') '_'
979          GO TO 510
980      END IF
981      WRITE (1, '(T13,A2,A)') UP, '_'
982      GO TO PARAMETERS
983 C -----
984 460 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, ' Wavelength = ',BELL, '_'
985      READ (1,*,ERR=460) NUMBER
986      IF ((NUMBER.LT.185.0).OR.(NUMBER.GT.3152)) GO TO 460
987      IF ((Bdet.EQ.'1').AND.(NUMBER.GT.900.0)) THEN
988          WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, ' UV/VIS Detector Limit = 900 nm',BELL
989          CALL Wait(2.0)
990          GO TO 460
991      END IF
992      IF ((Bdet.EQ.'2').AND.(NUMBER.LT.700.0)) THEN
993          WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, ' NIR Detector Limit = 700 nm',BELL
994          CALL Wait(2.0)
995          GO TO 460
996      END IF
997      CALL Str(NUMBER,String,6)
998      Wlength=String(2:8)
999      WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, ' Slewing to _'
1000     WRITE (1, '(F6.2,A4)') NUMBER, ' nm:'
1001     CALL GOTO(Wlength)
1002     GO TO INSTRUMENT
1003 C -----
1004 470 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE, '_'
1005     IF (PARAM(5).EQ.2) GO TO 480         ! AUTOSLIT Mode (Both Detectors)
1006     IF (PARAM(22).EQ.2) GO TO 480      ! NIR Detector -> AUTOSLIT Mode
1007     IF (WAVELENGTH.GT.900.0) THEN
1008         GO TO 480                        ! Lamda >900 nm -> AUTOSLIT Mode
1009     END IF
1010     IF (WAVELENGTH.GT.800.0) THEN
1011         IF (PARAM(22).EQ.0) GO TO 480 ! AUTO Detector -> AUTOSLIT Mode
1012     END IF
1013     WRITE (1,*) ' Spectral Bandwidth: (0.04 - 3.60 nm) = ',BELL, '_'
1014     READ (1,*,ERR=470) BAND
1015     IF ((BAND.LT.0.04).OR.(BAND.GT.3.60)) GO TO 470
1016     CALL Str(BAND,String,4)

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```

1017 Command=Varset//'9'//String(2:5)//'!0'
1018 CALL Send(Command)
1019 GO TO 510
1020 480 String='(1 - 1275)'
1021 IF (PARAM(22).NE.2) String='(1 - 1000)'
1022 WRITE (1,*) ' GAIN: ',String(1:10),' - ',BELL,'_'
1023 READ (1,*,ERR=470) NUMBER
1024 IF ((NUMBER.LT.1.0).OR.(NUMBER.GT.1275.0)) GO TO 470
1025 IF ((NUMBER.GT.1000.0).AND.(PARAM(22).NE.2)) GO TO 470
1026 TRANSFER=.FALSE.
1027 C ***** SPECIAL ENTRY POINT *****
1028 C Baseline GAIN Request > 10*GAIN : Reset GAIN and RETURN
1029 C *****
1030 490 J=0
1031 RATIO=NUMBER/GAIN
1032 DO WHILE (RATIO.GT.10.0)
1033 J=J+1
1034 NUMBER=NUMBER/10.0
1035 RATIO=NUMBER/GAIN
1036 END DO
1037 CALL Str(NUMBER,String,4)
1038 Command=Varset//'5'//String(2:5)//'!0'
1039 CALL Send(Command)
1040 DO 500 I=1,J
1041 NUMBER=NUMBER*10.0
1042 CALL Str(NUMBER,String,4)
1043 CALL Wait(2.0)
1044 Command=Varset//'5'//String(2:5)//'!0'
1045 CALL Send(Command)
1046 500 CONTINUE
1047 IF (TRANSFER) THEN ! Return to Baseline Setup
1048 GAIN=NUMBER ! With Instrument GAIN Matched
1049 TRANSFER=.FALSE. ! To Requested Baseline Gain
1050 GO TO 220
1051 END IF
1052 C -----
1053 510 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Waiting for CARY to settle: ',BELL,'_'
1054 CALL Wait(5.0)
1055 WRITE (1,*)
1056 IF (K.EQ.5) WRITE (1,('(T12,A)') ' _'
1057 GO TO 560
1058 C -----
1059 520 N=8
1060 IF (PARAM(1).EQ.0) N=7
1061 I=N
1062 CALL Select(I,PARAM,Pstr)
1063 I=I+OFFSET(N)
1064 CALL Val(Pstr(N,I),NUMBER)
1065 ZERO=0.0
1066 IF (N.EQ.8) THEN
1067 IF (NUMBER.GT.100.0) GO TO 550
1068 GO TO 530
1069 END IF

```

```

1070     IF (NUMBER.GE.1.0) THEN
1071         NUMBER=4.0-NUMBER
1072         GO TO 530
1073     END IF
1074     NUMBER=3.0
1075 530 WRITE (1,'(T13,A2,A2,A18)') UP,ERASE,' Zero Suppress: _'
1076     IF (N.EQ.8) THEN
1077         WRITE (1,*) '(0 - 100%) = ',BELL,'_'
1078         GO TO 540
1079     END IF
1080     WRITE (1,'(A9,F4.2,A4,A,A)') '(-0.5 to ',NUMBER,') = ',BELL,'_'
1081 540 READ (1,*,ERR=530) ZERO
1082     IF (N.EQ.8) THEN
1083         IF ((ZERO.LT.0.0).OR.(ZERO.GT.100.0)) GO TO 530
1084         GO TO 550
1085     END IF
1086     IF ((ZERO.LT.-0.5).OR.(ZERO.GT.NUMBER)) GO TO 530
1087 550 CALL Str(ZERO,String,3)
1088     Pcode='0'
1089     IF (N.EQ.8) Pcode=':'
1090     Command=Varset//Pcode//String(1:5)//'!0'
1091     CALL Send(Command)
1092     WRITE (1,'(T12,A)') ' _'
1093 560 WRITE (1,*) UP,' _'
1094     GO TO PARAMETERS
1095 C
1096 C -----
1097 C
1098 C     Lamp and Detector Mode Selection
1099 C
1100 C -----
1101 C
1102 570 CALL Partable(PARAM)
1103     WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
1104     TITLE='Lamp & Detector Modes'
1105     CALL Center(TITLE)
1106     CALL Line(NCOL)
1107     WRITE (1,'(T15,A5,T27,A8,T47,A4)') 'INDEX','FUNCTION','MODE'
1108     CALL Line(NCOL)
1109     WRITE (1,*)
1110     WRITE (1,580) '1: .....LAMP POWER..... ',
1111     &Pstr(20,PARAM(20)+1)
1112     WRITE (1,580) '2: .....LAMP SELECT..... ',
1113     &Pstr(21,PARAM(21)+1)
1114     WRITE (1,580) '3: .....DETECTOR SELECT..... ',
1115     &Pstr(22,PARAM(22)+1)
1116     WRITE (1,580) 'X: .....EXIT TO MENU..... ',' '
1117     WRITE (1,*)
1118     CALL LINE(NCOL)
1119 580 FORMAT (T16,A30,A14)
1120     WRITE (1,*)
1121 590 WRITE (1,'(T15,A2,A2,A9,A,A)') UP,ERASE,'INDEX #: ',BELL,'_'
1122     READ (1,80) Code
1123     CALL Upper(Code)

```

```

1124     IF (Code.EQ.'X') GO TO ADVANCED
1125     N=ICHAR(Code)-48
1126     IF ((N.LT.1).OR.(N.GT.3)) GO TO 590
1127     N=(N-1)+20
1128     CALL Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)
1129     GO TO LAMP
1130 C
1131 C -----
1132 C
1133 C     Accessory Mode Selection
1134 C
1135 C -----
1136 C
1137     600 CALL Partable(PARAM)
1138     DO 610 I=1,2
1139         Access(I)='OFF'
1140         ASCII=(I-1)+48
1141         Pcode=CHAR(ASCII)
1142         Command=Accoff//Pcode//CSM
1143         WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command
1144         READ (UNIT=38,FMT=620,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Response
1145         IF (Response(2:2).EQ.'P') THEN
1146             Access(I)='ON'
1147             Command=Accon//Pcode//CSM
1148             CALL Send(Command)
1149         END IF
1150     610 CONTINUE
1151     620 FORMAT (A64)
1152     630 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
1153         TITLE='Accessory Control'
1154         CALL Center(TITLE)
1155         CALL Line(NCOL)
1156         WRITE (1,'(T15,A5,T27,A8,T46,A4)') 'INDEX','FUNCTION','MODE'
1157         CALL Line(NCOL)
1158         WRITE (1,*)
1159         WRITE (1,640) '1: ...TEMPERATURE READOUT... ',Access(1)
1160         WRITE (1,640) '2: ...PRINTER..... ',Access(2)
1161         IF (Access(2).EQ.'ON') THEN
1162             WRITE (1,'(T49,A2,A3,A12)') UP,' : ',Printer(IP)
1163         END IF
1164         WRITE (1,640) 'X: ...EXIT TO MENU..... ', ' '
1165         WRITE (1,*)
1166         CALL Line(NCOL)
1167     640 FORMAT (T16,A30,A4)
1168         WRITE (1,*)
1169     650 WRITE (1,'(T15,A2,A2,A9,A,A)') UP,ERASE,'INDEX #: ',BELL,'_'
1170         READ (1,80) Code
1171         CALL Upper(Code)
1172         IF (Code.EQ.'X') GO TO ADVANCED
1173         I=ICHAR(Code)-48
1174         IF ((I.LT.1).OR.(I.GT.2)) GO TO 650
1175         ASCII=(I-1)+48
1176         Pcode=CHAR(ASCII)
1177     660 WRITE (1,'(T14,A2,A2,A)') UP,ERASE,'_'

```

```

1178 WRITE (1,*) '(OFF=0, ON=1) ? ',BELL,'_'
1179 READ (1,'(12)',ERR=660) ASCII
1180 Code=CHAR(ASCII+48)
1181 IF ((Code.NE.'0').AND.(Code.NE.'1')) GO TO 660
1182 Command='@F'//Code//Pcode//CSM
1183 CALL Send(Command)
1184 IF (Code.EQ.'0') GO TO 699
1185 IF (I.EQ.1) THEN
1186     N=9
1187     CALL Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)
1188     GO TO 699
1189 END IF
1190 C -----
1191 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
1192 TITLE='Printer Mode'
1193 CALL Center(TITLE)
1194 CALL Line(NCOL)
1195 WRITE (1,'(T15,A5,T27,A8,T46,A4)') 'INDEX','FUNCTION','MODE'
1196 CALL Line(NCOL)
1197 WRITE (1,'(T46,A14)') Pstr(40,PARAM(40))
1198 WRITE (1,670) '1: .....WAVELENGTH..... '
1199 WRITE (1,670) '2: .....TIME..... '
1200 WRITE (1,670) '3: .....TEMPERATURE..... '
1201 WRITE (1,*)
1202 CALL Line(NCOL)
1203 670 FORMAT (T16,A30)
1204 WRITE (1,*)
1205 680 WRITE (1,'(T15,A2,A2,A9,A,A)') UP,ERASE,'INDEX #: ',BELL,'_'
1206 READ (1,'(12)',ERR=680) IP
1207 IF ((IP.LT.1).OR.(IP.GT.3)) GO TO 680
1208 ASCII=(IP-1)+48
1209 Pcode=CHAR(ASCII)
1210 690 WRITE (1,'(T15,A2,A2,A11,A,A)') UP,ERASE,'INTERVAL = ',BELL,'_'
1211 READ (1,*,ERR=690) NUMBER
1212 CALL Str(NUMBER,String,4)
1213 Command='@M'//Pcode//String(1:5)//'!0'
1214 CALL Send(Command)
1215 699 Command='@DF0' ! Update Cary Accessory Display
1216 CALL Send(Command)
1217 GO TO 600
1218 C

```

```

1219 C -----
1220 C
1221 C         Store Spectrum
1222 C
1223 C -----
1224 C
1225 700 IF ((Sstat.NE.'ACQUIRED').AND.(Sstat.NE.'STORED')) THEN
1226     WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Spectrum is ABSENT: ',BELL,'_'
1227     CALL Wait(2.0)
1228     WRITE (1,*)
1229     GO TO 70
1230 END IF
1231 IF (ABS(XMIN-ABSC).GT.0.5) THEN
1232 710 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' SCAN ENDED AT',ABSC,' nm (Expected:',
1233 & XMIN,')', Proceed (Y or N) ? ',BELL,'_'
1234     READ (1,80) Icode
1235     CALL Upper(Icode)
1236     IF (Icode.EQ.'N') GO TO 70
1237     IF (Icode.NE.'Y') GO TO 710
1238 END IF
1239 TITLE='Store Spectrum'
1240 720 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
1241     CALL Center(TITLE)
1242     CALL Line(NCOL)
1243     WRITE (1,*)
1244     WRITE (1,*) ' Researcher's Initials, (AA-ZZ) ? ',BELL,'_'
1245     READ (1,'(A2)') INITIALS
1246     CALL Upper(INITIALS)
1247     String='.S'//INITIALS
1248     WRITE (1,*) DOWN
1249     WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Filename: (16 chars.) ? ',BELL,'_'
1250     READ (1,'(A16)') Name
1251     CALL Upper(Name)
1252     K=16
1253     DO WHILE (Name(K:K).EQ.' ')
1254         K=K-1
1255     END DO
1256     Fname=Name(1:K)//String(1:4)
1257     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Directory, (Return = /DEFAULT/) ? ',BELL,'_'
1258     READ (1,'(A40)') Directory
1259     IF (Directory.EQ.' ') THEN
1260         Outfile=Fname
1261         GO TO 730
1262     END IF
1263     L=40
1264     DO WHILE (Directory(L:L).EQ.' ')
1265         L=L-1
1266     END DO
1267     IF (Directory(L:L).EQ.'/') L=L-1
1268     Outfile=Directory(1:L)//'/'//Fname
1269 730 L=63
1270     DO WHILE (Outfile(L:L).EQ.' ')
1271         L=L-1
1272     END DO

```

```

1273 740 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Validating: ',Outfile(1:L),'_'
1274 OPEN (UNIT=66,FILE=Outfile(1:L),IOSTAT=N,STATUS='NEW')
1275 WRITE (1,*)
1276 IF (N.NE.0) THEN
1277     N=N-500
1278     WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,'_'
1279     IF (N.EQ.2) WRITE (1,*) ' FILE EXISTS: ',BELL,'_'
1280     IF (N.EQ.8) WRITE (1,*) ' FILE OPENED: ',BELL,'_'
1281     IF ((N.NE.2).AND.(N.NE.8)) WRITE (1,*) ' DISK ERROR # ',N,
1282 & BELL,'_'
1283     CLOSE (UNIT=66,STATUS='DELETE')
1284     CALL Wait(2.0)
1285     GO TO 720
1286 END IF
1287 IF (Code.EQ.'R') GO TO 790
1288 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Validated Filename: ',Fname
1289 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Title, (72 chars):'
1290 WRITE (1,*) ' ',BELL,'_'
1291 READ (1,750) TITLE
1292 750 FORMAT (A72)
1293 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Date, (MM/DD/YY): ',BELL,'_'
1294 READ (1,760) DATE
1295 760 FORMAT (A8)
1296 WRITE (1,*) DOWN
1297 770 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Concentration, (M): ',BELL,'_'
1298 READ (1,*,ERR=770) CONC
1299 IF (CONC.LT.0.0) GO TO 770
1300 WRITE (1,*) DOWN
1301 780 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Pathlength, (cm): ',BELL,'_'
1302 READ (1,*,ERR=780) PATH
1303 IF (PATH.LT.0.0) GO TO 780
1304 C -----
1305 790 J=49 ! # of Parameters
1306     K=14 ! # of Variables
1307     VARIABLE(6)=SPECGAIN ! Store GAIN At Smax
1308     VARIABLE(10)=SPECBAND ! Store SBW At Smin
1309     WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Storing File: ',Outfile(1:L),BELL
1310     WRITE (66,FMT=750,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) TITLE
1311     WRITE (66,FMT=760,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) DATE
1312     WRITE (66,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) XMIN,XMAX,XSTEP,CONC,PATH
1313     WRITE (66,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,
1314 &WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
1315     WRITE (66,FMT=800,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) J,K,NARRAY
1316 800 FORMAT (I3,I3,I6)
1317     WRITE (66,FMT=810,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) (PARAM(I),I=1,J)
1318 810 FORMAT (I2)
1319     WRITE (66,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) (VARIABLE(I),I=1,K)
1320     WRITE (66,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) (Y(I),I=1,NARRAY)
1321     WRITE (66,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820) (X(I),I=1,NARRAY)
1322     CLOSE (UNIT=66,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820,STATUS='KEEP')
1323     Sstat='STORED'
1324     CALL Wait(2.0)
1325     GO TO MENU
1326 C -----

```



```

1327 820 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Disk Error #',N,BELL,' :_'
1328 WRITE (1,*) 'R...RESAVE, X...EXIT to Menu ? ',BELL,'_'
1329 READ (1,80) Code
1330 IF ((Code.NE.'R').AND.(Code.NE.'X')) GO TO 820
1331 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Deleting Old File: ',Outfile(1:L),BELL,
1332 &'_'
1333 CLOSE (UNIT=66,IOSTAT=N,ERR=820,STATUS='DELETE')
1334 CALL Wait(2.0)
1335 IF (Code.EQ.'R') GO TO 720
1336 Fname=' '
1337 Sstat='ACQUIRED'
1338 GO TO MENU
1339 C
1340 C -----
1341 C
1342 C Exit Program
1343 C
1344 C -----
1345 C
1346 900 IF (Sstat.EQ.'ACQUIRED') THEN
1347 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' SPECTRUM NOT STORED:',
1348 &' Exit (Y or N) ? ',BELL,'_'
1349 READ (1,80) Code
1350 CALL Upper(Code)
1351 IF (Code.EQ.'N') GO TO 70
1352 IF (Code.NE.'Y') GO TO 900
1353 END IF
1354 910 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Set To STANDBY, (Y or N) ? ',BELL,'_'
1355 READ (1,80) Code
1356 CALL Upper(Code)
1357 IF (Code.EQ.'N') GO TO 920
1358 IF (Code.NE.'Y') GO TO 910
1359 CALL Send(Standby)
1360 920 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,UP
1361 STOP
1362 C
1363 C -----
1364 C
1365 C IEEE-488 Error Exit
1366 C
1367 C -----
1368 C
1369 999 WRITE (1,*) ' Error #',N
1370 STOP
1371 END

```

```

1372 C
1373 C ***** END OF MAIN PROGRAM *****
1374 C
1375 C           BLOCK DATA FOR NAMED COMMON BLOCK INITIALIZATION
1376 C
1377 C *****
1378 C
1379 $ALIAS /MODE/,NOALLOCATE
1380 $ALIAS /CARY/,NOALLOCATE
1381 $ALIAS /IP/,NOALLOCATE
1382 $ALIAS /IS/,NOALLOCATE
1383     BLOCK DATA Arrays
1384     INTEGER NDATA,XMODE,YMODE
1385     INTEGER NPAR(49),OFFSET(49)
1386     REAL ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
1387     CHARACTER Pname(49)*10,Vname(14)*8
1388     COMMON /MODE/NDATA,XMODE,YMODE
1389     COMMON /CARY/ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
1390     COMMON /IP/NPAR,OFFSET
1391     COMMON /IS/Pname,Vname
1392 C
1393     DATA NDATA,XMODE,YMODE/0,0,0/
1394     DATA ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST/0.0,0.0,0.0,
1395     &0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0/
1396 C
1397     DATA NPAR/6,4,11,11,4,5,9,7,4,5,11,16,8,10,4,2,2,2,2,4,3,3,2,3,
1398     &3,3,2,6,2,4,2,5,5,2,2,0,0,5,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0/
1399 C
1400     DATA OFFSET/0,0,0,4,0,0,0,9,11,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
1401     &0,0,0,0,2,6,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0/
1402 C
1403     DATA Pname/'Ordinate','Abscissa','Scan Rate','Chart/cm',
1404     &'Ref.Mode','Pen Functn','A range','%T Range','Temp.Range',
1405     &'Log Zero','Der.Range','Der.Temp','Kinet.Rnge','Temp.Zero',
1406     &'Period','Beam Chge','Sequencer','Auto.Op','Chart Op',
1407     &'Lamp Pwr','Lamp Sel','Det.Sel','Slit Hgt','BLN Det',
1408     &'BLN Lamp','BLN Ref','BLN Slit','No.cells','Sample',
1409     &'Curv.Fit','Rec.Prec','Method','Result','Auto Kin',
1410     &'Samp/Av.','','','BLN Stat','','Printer','','',
1411     &'TEST','TEST','TEST','TEST','TEST','TEST','TEST'/
1412 C
1413     DATA Vname/'A zero','BL SBW/G','BL Wmax','BL Wmin',
1414     &'Cyc Time','Sel Gain','Ncycles','Nwlngths','Rec Time',
1415     &'Sel SBW','%T Zero','SEQ Wmax','SEQ Wmin','Distance'/
1416 C
1417     END

```

```

1418 C
1419 C -----
1420 C
1421 C       Select Mode of Operation for Specific Parameter
1422 C
1423 C -----
1424 C
1425 $ALIAS /IP/,NOALLOCATE
1426 $ALIAS /IS/,NOALLOCATE
1427     SUBROUTINE Select(N,PARAM,Pstr)
1428     INTEGER ASCII,I,J,K,N,NCOL
1429     INTEGER NPAR(49),OFFSET(49),PARAM(49),INDEX(11)
1430     CHARACTER Pname(49)*10,Pstr(49,16)*14,Vname(14)*8
1431     CHARACTER Command*44,CSM,Icode,Key*2,Pcode,Parset*2,TITLE*72
1432     CHARACTER BELL,CLR*2,ESC,ERASE*2,DOWN*2,HOME*2,UP*2
1433     COMMON /IP/NPAR,OFFSET,/IS/Pname,Vname
1434     DATA CSM,Key,Parset/'0','@D','@H'/
1435     DATA (INDEX(I),I=1,11)/1,3,4,6,7,9,10,12,13,15,16/
1436     BELL=CHAR(7)
1437     ESC=CHAR(27)
1438     CLR=ESC//'J'
1439     DOWN=ESC//'B'
1440     ERASE=ESC//'K'
1441     HOME=ESC//'h'
1442     UP=ESC//'A'
1443     NCOL=50
1444     10 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
1445     TITLE='Operating Mode Selection'
1446     CALL Center(TITLE)
1447     CALL Line(NCOL)
1448     WRITE (1,'(T15,A5,T30,A10)') 'Index',Pname(N)
1449     CALL Line(NCOL)
1450     WRITE (1,*)
1451     DO 20 I=1,NPAR(N)
1452         J=I+OFFSET(N)
1453         IF ((N.EQ.4).AND.(J.EQ.5)) J=1           ! Chart Index Offset
1454         IF (N.EQ.11) THEN                         ! Derivative Modes
1455             J=INDEX(I)                            ! Use Valid Index
1456         IF ((PARAM(1).NE.0).AND.(I.LE.4)) GO TO 20
1457         END IF
1458         WRITE (1,30) I,': .....',Pstr(N,J)
1459     20 CONTINUE
1460     30 FORMAT (T16,I2,A10,T30,A14)
1461     WRITE (1,*)
1462     CALL Line(NCOL)
1463     WRITE (1,*)
1464     40 WRITE (1,'(T15,A2,A2,A9,A,A)') UP,ERASE,'Index #: ',BELL,'_'
1465     READ (1,'(I2)',ERR=40) K
1466     IF ((K.LT.1).OR.(K.GT.NPAR(N))) GO TO 40     ! Invalid Index Entry
1467     IF (PARAM(1).NE.0) THEN
1468         IF ((K.EQ.5).AND.(N.EQ.6)) GO TO 40     ! Only Log(Abs) Valid
1469         IF ((K.LE.4).AND.(N.EQ.11)) GO TO 40    ! Invalid Deriv Index
1470     END IF
1471     IF ((N.EQ.38).AND.(K.GT.2)) GO TO 60        ! Baseline Setup Mode

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```

1472     IF (N.EQ.11) K=INDEX(K)                ! Index To Deriv Mode
1473 50  ASCII=(K-1)+OFFSET(N)+48
1474     IF ((N.EQ.4).AND.(K.EQ.1)) ASCII=ASCII-4 ! Chart Index Offset
1475     Icode=CHAR(ASCII)
1476     ASCII=(N-1)+48
1477     Pcode=CHAR(ASCII)
1478     Command=Parset//Pcode//Icode//CSM
1479     CALL Send(Command)
1480     IF ((N.EQ.6).AND.(K.GT.2)) THEN          ! Special Pen Modes
1481         N=11                                  ! Derivative Modes
1482         IF (K.EQ.5) N=10                       ! Log(Abs) Mode
1483         GO TO 10                               ! Select Setting
1484     END IF
1485     N=K
1486     RETURN
1487 60  IF (K.EQ.4) GO TO 40
1488     Pcode=CHAR(48+N-1)
1489     Command=Parset//Pcode//'0'//CSM          ! Set Status To OFF
1490     CALL Send(Command)
1491     Command=Key//'10'                          ! Key = 1
1492     CALL Send(Command)
1493     Command=Key//'-0'                          ! Key = ENTER
1494     CALL Send(Command)
1495     Command=Key//'h0'                          ! Key = RICHT CURSOR
1496     IF (K.EQ.3) GO TO 70
1497     CALL Send(Command)
1498 70  CALL Send(Command)
1499     CALL Send(Command)
1500     Command=Key//'-0'                          ! Key = ENTER
1501     CALL Send(Command)
1502     N=K
1503     IF (K.EQ.5) N=2
1504     RETURN
1505     END

```

```

1506 C
1507 C -----
1508 C
1509 C           Baseline Scan Control
1510 C
1511 C -----
1512 C
1513 SUBROUTINE Bline(WMIN,WMAX,Bdet,Bgain,Blamp,Bperiod,Brate,Bref,
1514 &Bsbw,Bslit,Bscan,Btime,MATCH,MODE)
1515 INTEGER INDEX,MODE,N,NCOL
1516 REAL NUMBER,WMIN,WMAX
1517 LOGICAL MATCH,MONITOR
1518 CHARACTER*(*) Bdet,Bgain,Blamp,Bperiod,Brate,Bref
1519 CHARACTER*(*) Bsbw,Bslit,Bscan,Btime
1520 CHARACTER Bgbw*4,BELL,Code,CLR*2,DOWN*2,ERASE*2,Esc,HOME*2,UP*2
1521 CHARACTER Bmin*6,Bmax*6,Command*44,Response*64,String*14
1522 CHARACTER Autobal*4,Blstat*5,Start*4,TITLE*72
1523 DATA Autobal,Blstat,Start/'@DU0','@GIU0','@DP0'/
1524 Esc=CHAR(27)
1525 BELL=CHAR(7)
1526 CLR=Esc//'J'
1527 DOWN=Esc//'B'
1528 ERASE=Esc//'K'
1529 HOME=Esc//'h'
1530 UP=Esc//'A'
1531 MONITOR=.FALSE.           ! For Testing Routine ONLY
1532 NCOL=70
1533 IF (WMAX.GT.800.0) WMAX=WMAX+0.2   ! * Cary Baseline Bug Fix *
1534 CALL Str(WMAX,String,5)
1535 Bmax=String(2:7)
1536 IF (WMIN.GT.800.0) WMIN=WMIN-0.2   ! * Cary Baseline Bug Fix *
1537 CALL Str(WMIN,String,5)
1538 Bmin=String(2:7)
1539 Bgbw=Bsbw           ! Only One Of SBW Or GAIN Is
1540 IF (MODE.EQ.2) Bgbw=Bgain         ! Stored By Cary For Baseline
1541 C -----
1542 WRITE (1,*) HOME,CLR
1543 TITLE='Baseline Scan Control'
1544 CALL Center(TITLE)
1545 CALL Line(NCOL)
1546 WRITE (1,10) DOWN,' Wavelength Limits. (nm): ',WMAX,' / ',WMIN
1547 10 FORMAT (T2,A2,A27,F4.1,A3,F4.1)
1548 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Scan Rate, (nm/sec)      : ',Bscan
1549 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Response Time, (sec)     : ',Btime
1550 IF (MODE.EQ.1) THEN
1551   WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Spectral Bandwidth,(nm): ',Bsbw
1552   GO TO 20
1553 END IF
1554 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' AUTOSLIT Gain Level      : ',Bgain
1555 20 WRITE (1,*) DOWN
1556 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Place Solvent Cells In BOTH Beams:'
1557 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,'           S.....Start Scan'
1558 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,'           A.....Abort Scan'
1559 WRITE (1,*) DOWN,' Enter the CODE. ',BELL,'_'

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```

1560 30 READ (1,'(A1)') Code
1561 CALL Upper(Code)
1562 IF (Code.EQ.'A') THEN
1563 MATCH=.FALSE.
1564 RETURN
1565 END IF
1566 IF (Code.NE.'S') GO TO 30
1567 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,UP,UP,ERASE,'_'
1568 WRITE (1,*) ' Sending Baseline Parameters: ',BELL
1569 Command='@J'//Bmax//'!'//Bmin//'!'//Bgbw//'!'//Bref//'!'//
1570 &Blamp//'!'//Bdet//'!'//Bslit//'!'//Brate//'!'//Bperiod//'!0'
1571 WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command
1572 READ (UNIT=38,FMT=40,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Response
1573 40 FORMAT (A64)
1574 IF (Response(2:2).EQ.'N') THEN
1575 INDEX=ICHAR(Response(4:4))-48
1576 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Parameter Error: ',INDEX,BELL
1577 CALL Wait(2.0)
1578 MATCH=.FALSE.
1579 RETURN
1580 END IF
1581 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Recording Baseline:',BELL
1582 CALL Send(Start)
1583 50 Command=Blstat
1584 IF (MONITOR) WRITE (1,*) ' Command - ',Command
1585 WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command
1586 READ (UNIT=38,FMT=40,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Response
1587 IF (MONITOR) WRITE (1,*) ' Response - ',Response
1588 INDEX=ICHAR(Response(6:6))-48
1589 IF (INDEX.NE.1) GO TO 50
1590 WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,' Performing Auto Balance:',BELL
1591 CALL Send(Autobal)
1592 CALL Wait(2.0)
1593 RETURN
1594 999 WRITE (1,*) ' Error #',N,' in SUBROUTINE Bline'
1595 STOP
1596 END

```

```

1597 C
1598 C -----
1599 C
1600 C           Go To Specified Wavelength
1601 C
1602 C -----
1603 C
1604 SUBROUTINE GOTO(Wlength)
1605 INTEGER LENSTR
1606 CHARACTER Ascii,CSM,Slew,Model,Ncell,Range,Windex
1607 CHARACTER Command*4,Key*2
1608 CHARACTER*(*) Wlength
1609 CSM='0'
1610 Key='@D'
1611 Command=Key//'J'//CSM           ! Key = GOTO WAVELENGTH
1612 CALL Send(Command)
1613 LENSTR=LEN(Wlength)
1614 DO 10 I=1,LENSTR
1615     Ascii=Wlength(I:I)
1616     IF (Ascii.EQ.' ') GO TO 10
1617     IF (Ascii.EQ.'.') Ascii=':'
1618     Command=Key//Ascii//CSM     ! Key = NUMBER (0-9)
1619     CALL Send(Command)
1620 10 CONTINUE
1621     Command=Key//'-'//CSM       ! Key = ENTER
1622     CALL Send(Command)
1623 20 CALL Instats(Slew,Model,Ncell,Range,Windex)
1624     IF (Slew.NE.'0') GO TO 20
1625     RETURN
1626 END
1627 C
1628 C -----
1629 C
1630 C           Instrument Status Test
1631 C
1632 C -----
1633 C
1634 SUBROUTINE Instats(Slew,Model,Ncell,Range,Windex)
1635 INTEGER N
1636 CHARACTER Slew,Model,Ncell,Range,Windex
1637 CHARACTER Stats*3,Data*12
1638 Stats='@B0'
1639 10 WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Stats
1640 READ (UNIT=38,FMT=20,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Data
1641 20 FORMAT (A12)
1642     Slew=Data(4:4)
1643     Model=Data(5:5)
1644     Ncell=Data(6:6)
1645     Range=Data(7:7)
1646     Windex=Data(8:8)
1647     RETURN
1648 999 WRITE (1,*) ' Error #',N,' in SUBROUTINE Instats'
1649 STOP
1650 END

```

```

1651 C
1652 C -----
1653 C
1654 C       Read Parameter Table From CARY 2390
1655 C
1656 C -----
1657 C
1658 SUBROUTINE Partable(PARAM)
1659 INTEGER LENSTR,N,INDEX,PARAM(49)
1660 LOGICAL TEST
1661 CHARACTER Command*3,Response*64,Ascii
1662 TEST=.FALSE.
1663 Command='@E0'
1664 WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command
1665 READ (UNIT=38,FMT=10,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Response
1666 10 FORMAT (A64)
1667 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' RESPONSE - ',Response
1668 Ascii=Response(4:4)
1669 LENSTR=ICHAR(Ascii)-48
1670 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' String Length  - ',LENSTR
1671 DO 20 I=1,LENSTR
1672   J=I+4
1673   Ascii=Response(J:J)
1674   IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' ASCII Character - ',Ascii
1675   INDEX=ICHAR(Ascii)-48
1676   PARAM(I)=INDEX
1677   IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Parameter Index - ',PARAM(I)
1678 20 CONTINUE
1679 RETURN
1680 999 WRITE (1,*) ' Error #',N,' in SUBROUTINE Partable'
1681 STOP
1682 END
1683 C
1684 C -----
1685 C
1686 C       Read Variable Table From CARY 2390
1687 C
1688 C -----
1689 C
1690 SUBROUTINE Vartable(VARIABLE)
1691 INTEGER LENSTR(14),N
1692 REAL NUMBER,VARIABLE(14)
1693 LOGICAL TEST
1694 CHARACTER Ascii,CSM,Command*5,Response*64,String*14,Varout*3
1695 DATA (LENSTR(I),I=1,14)/14,11,11,11,10,10,8,8,8,11,11,11,11,11/
1696 TEST=.FALSE.
1697 CSM='0'
1698 Varout='@G2'
1699 DO 10 I=1,14
1700   J=I-1
1701   Ascii=CHAR(J+48)
1702   Command=Varout//Ascii//CSM
1703   IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Command - ',Command
1704   WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command

```



```

1705      READ (UNIT=38,FMT=20,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Response
1706      IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Response - ',Response
1707      String=Response(6:6+LENSTR(I))
1708      IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' String = ',String
1709      CALL Val(String,NUMBER)
1710      VARIABLE(I)=NUMBER
1711      IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' VALUE =',VARIABLE(I)
1712  10 CONTINUE
1713  20 FORMAT (A64)
1714      RETURN
1715  999 WRITE (1,*) ' Error #',N,' in SUBROUTINE Vartable'
1716      STOP
1717      END
1718 C
1719 C -----
1720 C
1721 C      Print a TITLE Centered in 72 columns
1722 C
1723 C -----
1724 C
1725      SUBROUTINE Center(TITLE)
1726      INTEGER I,J,N
1727      CHARACTER TITLE*72,BLANK*36
1728      BLANK='
1729      I=72
1730      J=0
1731      DO WHILE (ICHR(TITLE(I:I)).EQ.32)
1732          J=J+1
1733          I=72-J
1734      END DO
1735      N=J/2
1736      WRITE (1,*) BLANK(1:N),TITLE(1:I)
1737      RETURN
1738      END
1739 C
1740 C -----
1741 C
1742 C      Print a line of N '-' characters (72 columns max)
1743 C
1744 C -----
1745 C
1746      SUBROUTINE Line(N)
1747      INTEGER I,N
1748      CHARACTER BLANK*72,DLINE*72,SPACE*36
1749      SPACE='
1750      BLANK=SPACE//SPACE
1751      SPACE='-----'
1752      DLINE=SPACE//SPACE
1753      IF (N.GT.72) N=72
1754      I=(72-N)/2
1755      WRITE (1,*) BLANK(1:I),DLINE(1:N)
1756      RETURN
1757      END

```

```

1758 C
1759 C -----
1760 C
1761 C      Enter and Validate Wavelength Limits
1762 C
1763 C -----
1764 C
1765     SUBROUTINE Limits(MIN,MAX)
1766     REAL MIN,MAX,SWAP
1767     CHARACTER BELL,ERASE*2,ESC,UP*2
1768     BELL=CHAR(7)
1769     ESC=CHAR(27)
1770     ERASE=ESC//'K'
1771     UP=ESC//'A'
1772 10  WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,'_'
1773     WRITE (1,*) ' Wavelength Limits: (Min,Max) ',ERASE,BELL,'_'
1774     READ (1,*,ERR=10) MIN,MAX
1775     MIN=ABS(MIN)
1776     MAX=ABS(MAX)
1777     IF (MIN.LT.MAX) GO TO 20
1778     SWAP=MIN
1779     MIN=MAX
1780     MAX=SWAP
1781 20  MIN=INT(MIN+.5)
1782     MAX=INT(MAX+.5)
1783     IF (MIN.LT.185) GO TO 10
1784     IF (MAX.GT.3152) GO TO 10
1785     RETURN
1786     END
1787 C
1788 C -----
1789 C
1790 C      Convert String Entry To Uppercase If Required
1791 C
1792 C -----
1793 C
1794     SUBROUTINE Upper(Code)
1795     INTEGER LENSTR,N
1796     CHARACTER*(*) Code
1797     LENSTR=LEN(Code)
1798     DO 10 I=1,LENSTR
1799         N=ICHAR(Code(I:I))
1800         IF (N.GT.96) Code(I:I)=CHAR(N-32)
1801 10  CONTINUE
1802     RETURN
1803     END

```

```

1804 C
1805 C -----
1806 C
1807 C           Read Data In Real Time (INTERVAL) Mode From CARY 2390
1808 C
1809 C -----
1810 C
1811 $EMA/DATA/
1812     SUBROUTINE Acquire(Inc,PRINT,SINGLE,WAVELENGTH)
1813     INTEGER N,NCOL,NDATA,XMODE,YMODE,XOFF(4),YOFF(6)
1814     REAL ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
1815     REAL X(10001),Y(10001),WAVELENGTH
1816     CHARACTER Command*10,Data*64,Inc*4,Esc,DOWN*2,ERASE*2,UP*2
1817     CHARACTER S1*8,S2*8,S3,S4,S5*3,S6*8,S7*6,S8*6,S9*7
1818     LOGICAL CHECK,PRINT,SINGLE,TEST
1819     COMMON /MODE/NDATA,XMODE,YMODE
1820     COMMON /CARY/ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
1821     COMMON /DATA/Y,X
1822     DATA (XOFF(1),I=1,4)/7,5,5,6/
1823     DATA (YOFF(1),I=1,6)/7,6,5,6,11,6/
1824     Esc=CHAR(27)
1825     UP=Esc//'A'
1826     DOWN=Esc//'B'
1827     ERASE=Esc//'K'
1828     CHECK=.FALSE.           ! Only Used For Testing Routine
1829     TEST=.FALSE.           ! Only Used For Testing Routine
1830     J=2+YOFF(YMODE)        ! The First Two Fields In Data String
1831     K=J+2                  ! Vary In Length With Choice Of Abscissa
1832     L=K+XOFF(XMODE)        ! And Ordinate - XMODE & YMODE Select
1833     M=L+2                  ! The Correct Offsets From XOFF/YOFF
1834     NCOL=70
1835     IF (.NOT.PRINT) GO TO 20
1836     CALL Line(NCOL)
1837     WRITE (1,10) 'Ordinate','Abscissa','Cell','Cycle','Sample',
1838     &'Wlength','Time','Temp,C','Dist'
1839 10 FORMAT (A10,A10,A5,A6,A7,A10,A8,A8,A8)
1840     CALL Line(NCOL)
1841     WRITE (1,*) DOWN
1842 20 Command='@K11'//Inc//'!0'
1843     IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Command - ',Command
1844     WRITE (UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command
1845     IF (SINGLE) THEN
1846         READ (UNIT=38,FMT=30,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Data
1847         S6=Data(M+9:M+16)
1848         CALL Val(S6,WAVELENGTH)
1849         RETURN
1850     END IF
1851 30 FORMAT (A64)
1852     DO 100 I=1,NDATA
1853         READ (UNIT=38,FMT=30,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Data
1854 C         IF (CHECK) WRITE (1,30) Data
1855         S1=Data(2:J)        ! Ordinate - Variable Length Field
1856         S2=Data(K:L)        ! Abscissa - Variable Length Field
1857         S3=Data(M:M)        ! Remaining Fields Are Fixed Length

```

```

1858      S4=Data(M+2:M+3)
1859      S5=Data(M+5:M+7)
1860      S6=Data(M+9:M+16)
1861      S7=Data(M+18:M+23)
1862      S8=Data(M+25:M+30)
1863      S9=Data(M+32:M+38)
1864 C    IF (CHECK) WRITE (1,*) S1,S2,S3,S4,S5,S6,S7,S8,S9
1865      CALL Val(S1,ORD)
1866      CALL Val(S2,ABSC)
1867      CALL Val(S3,CELL)
1868      CALL Val(S4,CYCLE)
1869      CALL Val(S5,SAMPLE)
1870      CALL Val(S6,WAVE)
1871      CALL Val(S7,TIMER)
1872      CALL Val(S8,TEMP)
1873      CALL Val(S9,DIST)
1874      Y(1)=ORD          ! Ordinate And Abcissa Stored In Arrays
1875      X(1)=ABSC        ! /CARY/ Variables Return Final Reading
1876      IF (.NOT.PRINT) GO TO 100
1877      WRITE (1,*) UP,ERASE,UP
1878      WRITE (1,40) ORD,ABSC,CELL,CYCLE,SAMPLE,WAVE,TIMER,TEMP,DIST
1879      40 FORMAT (F10.4,F10.2,F5.1,F6.1,F7.1,F10.2,F8.1,F8.2,F8.2)
1880      100 CONTINUE
1881      RETURN
1882      999 WRITE (1,*) 'Error #',N,' in SUBROUTINE Acquire'
1883      RETURN
1884      END

```

```

1885 C
1886 C -----
1887 C
1888 C           Convert ASCII String To Numeric Value (10 Digits Max'm)
1889 C
1890 C -----
1891 C
1892 SUBROUTINE Val(String,VALUE)
1893 INTEGER DECPT,EXPON,LENSTR,N,NUM(10)
1894 REAL VALUE
1895 DOUBLE PRECISION MULT,SIGN,TEN,DECIMAL
1896 CHARACTER Ascii
1897 CHARACTER*(*) String
1898 LOGICAL INTEGER,TEST
1899 INTEGER=.TRUE.
1900 TEST=.FALSE.           ! Only Used For Testing The Routine
1901 J=1
1902 K=0
1903 DECPT=0
1904 SIGN=1.0
1905 TEN=10.0
1906 DECIMAL=0.0
1907 LENSTR=LEN(String)
1908 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' String Number = ',String
1909 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' String Length =',LENSTR
1910 DO 100 I=1,LENSTR
1911     Ascii=String(I:I)
1912     N=ICHAR(Ascii)
1913     IF ((N.GE.48).AND.(N.LE.57)) GO TO 20
1914     IF (N.EQ.46) INTEGER=.FALSE.
1915     IF (N.EQ.46) DECPT=K
1916     IF (N.EQ.45) SIGN=-1.0
1917     GO TO 100
1918 20 NUM(J)=N-48
1919     K=J
1920     J=J+1
1921 100 CONTINUE
1922     IF ((DECPT.EQ.0).AND.(INTEGER)) DECPT=K
1923     DO 200 J=1,K
1924         EXPON=DECPT-J
1925         MULT=TEN**EXPON
1926         DECIMAL=DECIMAL+NUM(J)*MULT
1927 200 CONTINUE
1928     VALUE=SIGN*DECIMAL
1929     IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Value =',VALUE
1930     RETURN
1931     END

```

```

1932 C
1933 C -----
1934 C
1935 C       Convert Number To ASCII String
1936 C
1937 C -----
1938 C
1939 SUBROUTINE Str(VALUE,String,PREC)
1940 INTEGER ASCII,DECPT,I,J,LENSTR,NDIGIT,NUMBER,PREC
1941 REAL VALUE
1942 DOUBLE PRECISION DECIMAL,FRACTION,TEN
1943 CHARACTER Concat*14,Digit(12),Sign,String*14
1944 LOGICAL INTEGER,TEST
1945 INTEGER=.TRUE.
1946 TEST=.FALSE.           ! Only Used For Testing The Routine
1947 DECPT=0
1948 J=0
1949 TEN=10.0
1950 Sign=' '
1951 Concat=' '
1952 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Value Entered = ',VALUE
1953 IF (VALUE.LT.0.0) Sign='- '
1954 IF (VALUE.EQ.0.0) GO TO 100
1955 DECIMAL=ABS(VALUE)
1956 DO WHILE (DECIMAL.GE.1.0)
1957     DECIMAL=DECIMAL/TEN
1958     J=J+1
1959 END DO
1960 DECPT=J
1961 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' # of Whole Digits: ',DECPT
1962 IF (DECPT.EQ.0) GO TO 30
1963 DO 20 J=1,DECPT
1964     DECIMAL=DECIMAL*TEN
1965     NUMBER=INT(DECIMAL)
1966     ASCII=NUMBER+48
1967     Digit(J)=CHAR(ASCII)
1968     FRACTION=DECIMAL-NUMBER
1969     DECIMAL=DINT(FRACTION*TEN**(PREC-J)+.5)/TEN**(PREC-J)
1970 20 CONTINUE
1971 IF (.NOT.TEST) GO TO 30
1972 WRITE (1,*) ' The Whole Digits = ',(Digit(I), I=1,DECPT)
1973 30 J=DECPT
1974 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Decimal Fraction = ',DECIMAL
1975 IF (DECIMAL.NE.0.0) INTEGER=.FALSE.
1976 IF (DECPT.GE.12) GO TO 40
1977 DO WHILE (DECIMAL.NE.0.0)
1978     J=J+1
1979     DECIMAL=DECIMAL*TEN
1980     NUMBER=INT(DECIMAL)
1981     ASCII=NUMBER+48
1982     Digit(J)=CHAR(ASCII)
1983     FRACTION=DECIMAL-NUMBER
1984     DECIMAL=DINT(FRACTION*TEN**(PREC-J)+.5)/TEN**(PREC-J)

```

```

1985         IF (DECIMAL.EQ.1.0) THEN
1986             DIGIT(J)=CHAR(ASCII+1)
1987             DECIMAL=0.0
1988         END IF
1989         IF (J.GE.12) DECIMAL=0.0
1990     END DO
1991 40  NDIGIT=J
1992     IF (.NOT.TEST) GO TO 50
1993     WRITE (1,*) ' The Characters = ',(Digit(I), I=1,NDIGIT)
1994 50  IF (NDIGIT.GT.12) GO TO 200
1995     DO 60 I=1,NDIGIT
1996         Concat(I:I)=Digit(I)
1997 60  CONTINUE
1998     IF (INTEGER) GO TO 80
1999     IF (DECPT.EQ.0) GO TO 70
2000     String=Sign//Concat(1:DECPT)//'.'//Concat(DECPT+1:14)
2001     RETURN
2002 70  String=Sign//'.'//Concat
2003     RETURN
2004 80  String=Sign//Concat
2005     RETURN
2006 100 String=' 0.0'
2007     RETURN
2008 200 WRITE (1,*) ' Error in data: (too many digits)'
2009     STOP
2010     END

```

```

2011 C
2012 C -----
2013 C
2014 C       Send a Command String To CARY 2390
2015 C
2016 C -----
2017 C
2018 SUBROUTINE Send(Command)
2019 INTEGER N
2020 CHARACTER*(*) Command
2021 CHARACTER Response*64
2022 LOGICAL TEST
2023 TEST=.FALSE.           ! Only Used For Testing The Routine
2024 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Command - ',Command
2025 WRITE(UNIT=38,FMT=*,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Command
2026 READ (UNIT=38,FMT=10,IOSTAT=N,ERR=999) Response
2027 10 FORMAT (A64)
2028 IF (TEST) WRITE (1,*) ' Response - ',Response
2029 RETURN
2030 999 WRITE (1,*) 'Error #',N,' in SUBROUTINE Send'
2031 RETURN
2032 END
2033 C
2034 C -----
2035 C
2036 C       TERMINATE Real Time Transmission from CARY 2390
2037 C
2038 C -----
2039 C
2040 C       Send UNTALK/UNLISTEN - '_?' to IEEE-488 Bus
2041 C
2042 SUBROUTINE Terminate
2043 C CALL CMDW(35,'_?',0) ! CMDW occasionally fails to UNADDRESS
2044 CALL ABRT(35,3)      ! The ABRT command sends '_?' reliably
2045 RETURN
2046 END
2047 C
2048 C -----
2049 C
2050 C       Wait Specified Delay (sec)
2051 C
2052 C -----
2053 C
2054 SUBROUTINE Wait(DELAY)
2055 REAL DELAY,PERIOD,Tzero,Time
2056 PERIOD=0.0
2057 Tzero=Time(I)
2058 DO WHILE (PERIOD.LT.DELAY)
2059     PERIOD=Time(I)-Tzero
2060 END DO
2061 RETURN
2062 END

```



```
2063 C
2064 C -----
2065 C
2066 C     Read Time (sec) from the HP 1000's RTE-6 Operating System
2067 C
2068 C     Note: I is a dummy argument, no values are passed
2069 C
2070 C -----
2071 C
2072 C     REAL FUNCTION Time(I)
2073 C     INTEGER ICODE, ITIME(5)
2074 C     ICODE=11
2075 C     CALL EXEC(ICODE, ITIME)
2076 C     Time=FLOAT(ITIME(1))/100.0+FLOAT(ITIME(2))+FLOAT(ITIME(3))*60.0
2077 C     &+FLOAT(ITIME(4))*3600.0
2078 C     RETURN
2079 C     END
```