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THESIS

DEVELOPMENT OF FLIGHT PERFORMANCE ALGORITHMS AND A TACTICAL COMPUTER AIDED VISSION PLANNING SUSTEM FOR THE A-7E AIRCRAFT

Ъy

Christopher Glenn Nutter

September 1986

Thesis Advisor:

D. M. Layton

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Development Of Flight Performance Algorithms And A Tactical Computer Aided Mission Planning System For The A-7E Aircraft

by

Christopher G. Nutter Lieutenant, United States Navy B.S., Purdue University, 1976 M.A., Webster College, 1980

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

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ABSTRACT

1972

This thesis presents a fully developed, tactically oriented computer aided mission planning system for the A-7E aircraft. The system is designed to be extremely easy to operate by someone with no computer experience, and is a replacement for 53 NATOPS performance charts that are most applicable to flight and mission planning. High altitude performance, as well as low altitude and maximum range performance, are available. Tactical navigation routes may be entered, edited, and saved in a disk file. Navigation computations are linked with aircraft performance to provide printout of a completed mission planning jet log.

Numerical techniques for obtaining analytical expressions from chart and tabular data included multiple linear regression analysis, curve fitting, and cross plotting of regression coefficients. The computer program results have been correlated with NATOPS data and actual flight test, and have been found to be highly accurate. The program is designed to be run on the IBM PC/XT/AT and compatible computers with a minimum of 256K memory available.

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Neither the U.S. Navy nor anyone else who has been involved in the creation, production, or delivery of this program shall be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential, or incidental damages arising out of the use, the results of use, or inability to use such product. Complete and thorough preflight and tactical planning is the responsibility of the officer in charge of such activities, and should be accomplished using accepted techniques and the appropriate officially approved publications. This program is a planning aid and all computed solutions should be carefully validated.

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I. INTRODUCTION

The objective of this thesis was to produce a fully developed and correlated, computer based mission planning system. Current mission planning computations are done by hand calculation with aircraft performance data derived from graphical interpretation of NATOPS chart presentations. That method is slow and generates solutions which may contain significant errors. A class of sixteen prospective squadron commanding officers attending a oneweek Command Safety Course at the School of Aviation Safety, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California, was asked to complete a typical mission planning problem . The results were that the correct answer was not achieved by any member of the class. The range of solutions was 336 nm to 868 nm, spread about the correct answer of 538 nm. The correct answer was achieved only by the class instructor after a measured 16 hours of effort with the NATOPS manual [Ref. 1].

A study by the Vought Corporation to evaluate the feasibility of a computer based flight planning system resulted in a recommendation to the Naval Air Developement Center (NADC), Warminster, Pennsylvania, that such a system would be feasible and would result in fuel savings as well as increased accuracy in the mission planning

areas [Ref. 2]. In addition, Hill [Ref. 3] clearly defines the need for accurate aircraft performance data to be available in order for strike planners to plan safe and tactically effective long range missions of 800 to 1200 nm <u>radius</u>. These missions are complex evolutions and may be significantly compromised by a false need for additional support aircraft such as electronic countermeasures, radar surveillance, and tanker assets. A recent article [Ref. 4:pp.69-73], detailing a report on the differences between Navy and Air Force aviation operations was completed in May 1985 as a result of a study directed by the Vice Chief of Naval Operations on this subject. This report directly addressed a major difference regarding aircrew duties and aircrew fatigue:

The familiar complaint of excessive collateral duties was of major interest to the exchange pilots. There was unanimous agreement that in the Navy these non-flying tasks impede the development of flying skills, particularly in the junior ranks, while contributing to fatigue, hasty flight planning, and sketchy briefings and debriefings. In the Air Force, collateral duties are directly related to flying and help fulfill requirements for professional development of the officer and the aviator. . . . Navy aircrews devote less time to flight planning than Air Force fliers. Although briefings and post-flight debriefings are valued in both services, Navy briefings were considered non-standard when compared to those in the Air Force. Again, collateral duty responsibilities were believed to detract from better fight planning and briefing in the Navy. The Air Force is more strictly regulated than the Navy. The Navy system fosters the bending of rules to fit operational commitments, a practice which compromises safety, and promotes a side effect--tacit approval of nonadherence to regulations.

NATOPS was created in 1961 and is credited with being a milestone in naval aviation safety improvement. Yet, the study group found that NATOPS is less effective in promoting safety than the Air Force's Standardization and Evaluation (Stan/Eval) program. Overall, the NATOPS program is sound, but enforcement of the procedures is occassionally weak. Furthermore, the Air Force's Eval checks are more stringent than the Navy's NATOPS checks.

II. APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM

A. BACKGROUND

Development of a computer based mission planning system required examining constraints in hardware/software performance and availability, and in deriving the necessary mathematical equations and algorithms. Until 1984, the primary consideration in developement of a computer based system was the high cost and limited performance of hardware. Since 1984, these problems have been eliminated due to the advance in micro computer technology. Central processing units have tremendous speed and capability, and additional memory chips have become so inexpensive that one megabyte of Random Access Memory (RAM) is common on many personal computers. As a result of application programs written for users with a broad range of technical backgrounds, and development of very powerful languages, software for personal computers has become, in may ways, more usable than main frame programs. Many main frame capabilities now reside also with the personal computer.

Several attempts at deriving adequate mathematical equations that represent the NATOPS curves have resulted with only partial success. Koger [Ref. 5] employed an extension of the technique developed by Siegel [Ref. 1] to derive mathematical expressions through a least squares

fit modeling method for takeoff, maximum range, maximum endurance, and low level aircraft performance. These equations, however, do not fully describe the entire NATOPS chart for which they were developed. Koger [Ref. 5] explained the difficulties encountered with charts containing different families of curves, non-linear coefficients required in regression analysis, and regression of curves that were not well behaved. Consequently, these equations may only be accurately applied over a limited range of mission parameters. Hill [Ref. 3] developed equations and software for computing aircraft performance during the climb, cruise, and descent mission phases. One of the two primary limitations to Hill's program is its reliance on some equations applicable only to limited areas of the chart for which they were intended to describe. A second primary limitation is the program's dependance on published NATOPS drag count data, computed as a function of very specific aircraft loading information which must be looked up and supplied by the user. Obtaining this input data is a time intensive exercise, the results of which are frequently not completely accurate. Recent investigation of NATOPS drag count data by Naval Weapons Center, China Lake, and the Vought Corporation has revealed an underprediction of the actual drag counts by 25 to 30 counts, or approximately 25% error in total drag. Actual aircraft

installations with flight test data show higher drag and fuel requirements than those computed from NATOPS [Ref. 6].

In support of a contract between NADC and Vought Corporation to develop the Flight Performance Advisory System (FPAS) for Navy A-7E aircraft, Vought undertook a two year program, from December 1980 until January 1982, designed to develop flight performance algorithms and equations which could be programmed into the TC-2A Navigation and Weapons Delivery Computer (NWDC) on-board the A-7E aircraft [Ref. 7]. The study utilized actual aerodynamic and propulsion data bases, accounted for nonstandard atmospheric conditions, included algorithms for computation of cockpit instrument readings (indicated altitude, airspeed, and mach number), and allowed computations for partial power climbs and descents. Results from the generated equations and algorithms were correlated and verified within 1% of those from a more precise program running on the Cyber 175 computer. This study did not evaluate takeoff performance.

As a foundation for the mission planning system, accurate equations were required which described the full range of each applicable NATOPS chart for all mission areas. These mission planning areas were the takeoff, climb, high and low level cruise, descent, maximum range profile at maximum range altitude, maximum range possible

at an alternate altitude, high and low level navigation route computations, and the means to edit and store tactical navigation route structures. Complete aircraft performance data for each mission area, and coupled with the navigation route data to produce completed flight log cards, was the goal of this study.

B. EQUIPMENT

The work in obtaining satisfactory equations from NATOPS data and charts was performed on an IBM PC personal computer using relatively sophisticated multiple regression software [Ref. 8], and on the Hewlett-Packard HP-41 hand calculator using a set of four statistical regression programs written by the author. The mission planning software was developed with the author's equations obtained from statistical regression analysis of 20 NATOPS graphs for the takeoff, climb, and optimum performance mission phases. Each graph contained up to 9 curves and each curve was a function of primarily four independant variables. Additional equations were obtained from statistical regression and aerodynamic analysis by Vought [Ref. 7] which included another 33 NATOPS graphs for the cruise, descent, and optimum performance mission phases.

A. PROCEDURE

The general procedure for statistical analysis of NATOPS graphical data is multiple regression. Each curve on a chart is regressed according to the same family of curves. The coefficients obtained in the equations are plotted against a common parameter of significance present in the initial graph. Equations are obtained to solve for the coefficients as a function of independant variables, which are then inserted into the equation of the family of original curves containing other independant variables. The result is a single equation to compute a dependant variable, and which contains all the other independant variables present in the original plots. This technique was investigated by Siegel [Ref. 1] and is clearly described by Koger [Ref. 5]. The technique is one of many numerical methods that may be applied to the problem of multiple regression of graphical data, however, this technique is not clearly presented in texts and is not a common or popular method of analysis. The requirement for application of computer methods in the analysis has been a factor in its lack of popularity. The multiple regression model used is a standard model and is described in Park [Ref. 8] and Ott/Hildebrand [Ref. 9]. Complete descriptions of this basic model and other techniques are

contained in an excellent text by Draper and Smith [Ref. 10].

Many of the NATOPS charts are plots of a dependant variable as a function of up to four independant variables. This complicates the multiple regression procedures, but is quite manageable. A number of technical difficulties can, however, significantly reduce the effectiveness of this method of analysis. The most prevalent problem is a plot of data in which all curves are not of the same family. This is evident in the maximum refusal speed chart for takeoff factor shown in Figure 1, in which the nature of the plotted data is clearly not consistant or of the same family. In these curves, additional numerical and statistical analysis is applied using computer methods, and a family is found for the curves that adequately describes them entirely. One method is to plot the graphical data using a reversed coordinate system and carefully chosen unit gradations, then to apply the multiple regression procedure to this "new" graph. Occassionally this resulted in a set of original curves more well behaved for analysis and closer to a common family of curves. Simply adding terms to the initial regression model is not satisfactory and, in fact, complicates the statistical analysis by positively influencing computed parameters indicative of how good a

model is. This results in a final set of equations which do not describe the original graphical data.

Obtaining accurate mathematical equations was a basic and preliminary requirement for addressing the problem which was the objective of this thesis. Developement of a fully functional computer aided mission planning program required accurate equations for the entire range of possible aircraft configurations, and the entire range of 53 NATOPS graphical plots.

A. DISCUSSION

The final equations obtained from the author's analysis and the work by Vought [Ref. 7] were used in the programming effort, and are accurate within 1% of NATOPS results for most operational aircraft configurations. At extremes of either environmental or aircraft parameters, the final mission planning program yields results within 2% of NATOPS results. It should be pointed out that most of the NATOPS charts for the A-7E aircraft can not be read to within 2% and that this degree of accuracy over the entire operating range of the aircraft is considered acceptable.

The result of the programming effort is a mission planning system which enables pilots with no experience in computers to obtain complete aircraft performance for all mission phases. Navigation routes may entered, edited, and stored on disk. These may be called later to speed the planning process. High or low navigation route data is combined with the appropriate performance computations, and the system will produce a completed jet log for the high and low mission areas. The experimental planning exercise described by Siegel [Ref. 1] required 16 hours of work with the NATOPS charts to obtain a correct solution. This same problem can be solved using the mission planning

system software developed in this thesis, and requires approximately 30 minutes. This is a decrease in mission planning time of 96.9 percent. All results can be printed manually or automatically, an option selected by the user.

In order to fully describe the software to users, and explain each of the program's features, options, and logic flows, a complete user manual has been written as Appendix B. A feature of this manual is a quick start card which allows users to immediately begin planning without reading the documentation. The program has been written with onscreen help in order to accomodate this user approach. Each data input/output screen is detailed in Appendix B.

B. CORRELATION

Computed numerical results have been compared with four separate sources and have been found to be very accurate to over the entire operating envelope of the aircraft. Program computations were verified with numerical examples in the Vought work [Ref. 7], manual data extraction from the NATOPS charts, performance computations made with the Navy's Optimum Path Aircraft Routing System (OPARS) [Ref. 11], and fight test data obtained from an informal analysis conducted by a U.S. Navy test pilot and Naval Weapons Center, China Lake, California.

V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This mission planning system software reduces planning time significantly, and allows missions to be planned with increased safety and mission effectivenenss. A broad range of tactical options can be studied for tradeoffs in mission requirements, and can enable the planner to quickly compute requirements and a jet log for any of the input routes, or any of the routes on file. These tactical options may be required for consideration due to changes in the assigned targets, current intelligence regarding enemy target location or defensive placement of antiaircraft weapons, or last minute changes in political cooperation or policy which may dictate severe changes to operational planning.

This program will allow pilots and aircrews to spend more time studying the target, briefing the mission, and reviewing complex aircraft emergency procedures, and significantly less time tracing through NATOPS charts for basic aircraft and mission performance data.

A single recommendation is necessary. Computed performance data under a broad range of aircraft configurations and environmental conditions should be verified. This can be most economically accomplished if each A-7E squadron and each functional wing were given a

copy of the program and the user manual, and kept a record of computed performance versus actual performance. The program should also be distributed to Air Force Tactical A-7D units, and Air National Guard A-7D units. Although the Air Force A-7D is lighter than the Navy A-7E, the program is written to accomodate <u>input weights</u>, therefore, computed aircraft performance should be very close to that actually experienced by Air Force and Air National Guard units.

APPENDIX A

TACTICAL COMPUTER AIDED MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM SOURCE CODE

```
0 1
     TOPHALF - 5/15/1986 - 22:17:18
2 'TACTICAL COMPUTER AIDED MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM
3 1
   WRITTEN BY LT. CHRIS NUTTER, USN
4 1
    AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING DEPT.
5 ' NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL
6 ' MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA
8 COPYRIGHT.SS$="(C)Copyright 84,85 The Software Bottling
Company Of New York"
10 DIM VL.SS$(100), LO.SS%(100,2), LE.SS%(100),
TY.SS$(100), PIC.SS$(100),RG.SS(100,2), CL.SS%(100,2),
SPECCHR.SS%(100)
11 DIM TODATA(4,3), FUELFLO(18,3), THRUST(9,2), W(9), F(3)
12 DIM CLBDATA(8), DESCH(4), DESDATA(4), A%(3)
14 SCREEN 0,1,3,0:CLS:SCREEN 0,1,2,0:CLS:SCREEN
0,1,1,0:CLS:SCREEN 0,1,0,0:CLS
15 PRINT "~L=NAVDATA/"
16 PRINT "~C=ALL/"
17 TOTALDIST=0
20 KEY OFF: SD.SS%=1 : NUMSCR.SS%=3 : BLNK.SS$=SPACE$(78)
30 GOSUB 62890 'Test For Mono OR Color Display
40 COLOR 15,1,4
45 GOSUB 7700
50 'BRING UP XCINPUT.SCR (XCFORM.BAS) FOR DATA ENTRY
51 SCR.SS%=1:INIT.SS%=-1:GOSUB 60000
55 SCREEN 0,1,0,0
71 GOSUB 180
                                             'TAKEOFF
PERFORMANCE
81 GOSUB 1930
                                             'CLIMB
PERFORMANCE
90 'GOSUB TO CRUISE PERFORMANCE WITH AUTOCALC OF DESCENT
GROSS WT (DGW)
95 GOSUB 3060
                                            'CRUISE
PERFORMANCE
100 GOSUB 5120
                                             'DESCENT
PERFORMANCE
103 DIM NAVDATA(9,9),COORD(9,3),WAYPTS(9,3):CLS:COLOR
15,1,4:LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~W=MPOPTION/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"", SELECTFLAG%
```

```
104 SCREEN ,;0,0
105 IF SELECTFLAG%=1 THEN SCR.SS%=2:INIT.SS%=-1:GOSUB 60000
106 BOB1=FRE(0):BOB2=FRE(""):IF SELECTFLAG%=1 THEN CHAIN
"BOTHALF", , ALL
107 IF SELECTFLAG%=2 THEN CHAIN "BOTHALF", , ALL
109 IF SELECTFLAG%=3 THEN GOTO 130
                                                   'SHOULD
EXIT TO DOS
125 'GOSUB 8000
                                                    'PRINT
COORD COMPUTATIONS
130 CLS:COLOR 15,0,0:CLS:SYSTEM
131 '
140 OPTALT1=EXP(11.0605-(5.53315E-08*(TOGW-800)*DC)-
(1.25963E-05*(TOGW-800))+(4.57508E-14*(TOGW-800)*(DC^3)))
150 SCEILING=((-.64*((TOGW/1000)-.8))+((-
.0413*DC)+60.2677))*1000
160 CLBDATA(7)=SCEILING
170 CLBDATA(8)=OPTALT1
180 '********* SUBROUTINE TO COMPUTE TAKEOFF PERFORMANCE
*******
183 ON ERROR GOTO 8000
185 COLOR 15,1,4
190 CLS
200 LOCATE 5,29,0
210 PRINT "TAKEOFF PERFORMANCE"
220 \text{ TOP} = 3
230 \text{ LEFT} = 27
240 \text{ WIDTZ} = 23
250 \text{ HEIGHT} = 5
260 GOSUB 7200
                                                 'box the
title
270 LOCATE 10,5,0
280 PRINT "TAKEOFF DATA WILL BE COMPUTED FOR THE FOLLOWING
CONDITIONS:"
290 PRINT
300 PRINT TAB(5) "TAKEOFF GROUND ROLL DISTANCE AND TAKEOFF
SPEED ----"
310 PRINT TAB(10) "* LEVEL, HARD SURFACE RUNWAY"
320 PRINT TAB(10) "* MILITARY RATED THRUST"
330 PRINT TAB(10) "* 1/2 FLAPS"
340 PRINT TAB(10) "* ZERO HEADWIND"
350 PRINT TAB(10) "* CG: 26% MAC"
360 PRINT
370 PRINT TAB(5) "MAXIMUM REFUSAL SPEED -----"
380 PRINT TAB(10) "* WITH ANTI-SKID"
385 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560
'AUTO PRINTSCREEN
390 LOCATE 24,27,0
400 PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
410 ANS\$ = INKEY\$: IF ANS\$ = "" THEN 410
420 CLS
430 A = .2031573 + ((7.117837 * 10^{-4}) * PA)
```

```
440 B = (4.317391*10^{-4}) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4})) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.457174*10^{-4}))) - ((2.45
5)*PA)+((6.404097*10^-9)*PA^2)-((4.946386*10^-13)*PA^3)
450 C = (5.22911*10^{-4}) + ((2.528256*10^{-7})*PA) -
((5.882059*10^-11)*PA^2)+((5.136734*10^-15)*PA^3)
460 \text{ GUIDE1} = A + (B*\text{TEMP}) + (C*\text{TEMP}^2)
470 TOFACTDD = ((GUIDE1 - 14)/(-1.75))+1.8
480 TOFACTNDD = ((GUIDE1 - 11.8)/(-1.478))+1.8
490 GRDD = (TOFACTDD-(13.13556-((1.564114*10^-
5)*TOGW)))/(6.22883*10^-3-((6.817641*10^-8)*TOGW)-
(166.1427/TOGW))
500 GRNDD = (TOFACTNDD-(13.13556-((1.56411*10^-
5) *TOGW)))/(6.22883*10^-3-((6.817641*10^-8)*TOGW)-
(166.1427/TOGW))
510 IF GRDD = 8000 THEN GRDD = GRDD - 100
520 IF (GRDD > 8000) AND (GRDD <= 9000) THEN GRDD = GRDD -
200
530 IF (GRDD > 9000) AND (GRDD <= 10000) THEN GRDD = GRDD -
300
540 IF (GRDD > 10000) AND (GRDD <= 11000) THEN GRDD = GRDD
- 400
550 IF (GRDD > 11000) AND (GRDD <= 12000) THEN GRDD = GRDD
- 500
560 IF (GRDD > 12000) AND (GRDD <= 13000) THEN GRDD = GRDD
- 600
570 IF GRDD > 13000 THEN GRDD = GRDD - 700
580 IF GRNDD = 8000 THEN GRNDD = GRNDD - 100
590 IF (GRNDD > 8000) AND (GRNDD <= 9000) THEN GRNDD =
GRNDD - 200
600 IF (GRNDD > 9000) AND (GRNDD <= 10000) THEN GRNDD =
GRNDD - 300
610 IF (GRNDD > 10000) AND (GRNDD -= 11000) THEN GRNDD =
GRNDD - 400
620 IF (GRNDD > 11000) AND (GRNDD <= 12000) THEN GRNDD =
GRNDD - 500
630 IF (GRNDD > 12000) AND (GRNDD <= 13000) THEN GRNDD =
GRNDD - 600
640 IF GRNDD > 13000 THEN GRNDD = GRNDD - 700
650 VTO = 75.15719+((2.21804*10^-3)*TOGW)+((1.967234*10^-
9) * TOGW^2)
660 D = (-11.45925) + ((3.237367 \times 10^{-4}) \times TOGW)
670 E = (12.2164) - ((1.72912 \times 10^{-4}) \times TOGW)
680 \text{ GUIDE2DD} = \text{EXP} ((\text{TOFACTDD} - \text{D}) / \text{E})
690 \text{ GUIDE2NDD} = \text{EXP} ((\text{TOFACTNDD} - D) / E)
700 \text{ VREFDD} = ((6.00001E-
04*RLENGTH+6.8704)*GUIDE2DD)+(.0031*RLENGTH)+59.6956
710 \text{ VREFNDD} = ((6.00001E -
04*RLENGTH+6.8704)*GUIDE2NDD)+(.0031*RLENGTH)+59.6956
720 IF RLENGTH <= 12000 THEN VREFDD = VREFDD - 3
730 IF (RLENGTH > 12000) AND (RLENGTH <= 13000) THEN VREFDD
= VREFDD - 4
740 IF RLENGTH > 13000 THEN VREFDD = VREFDD - 6
```

```
750 IF RLENGTH = 12000 THEN VREFNDD = VREFNDD - 3
760 IF (RLENGTH > 12000) AND (RLENGTH <= 13000) THEN
VREFNDD = VREFNDD - 4
770 IF RLENGTH > 13000 THEN VREFNDD = VREFNDD - 6
780 TODATA(2,2) = GRDD
790 TODATA(2,3) = GRNDD
800 \text{ TODATA}(3,2) = \text{VTO}
810 \text{ TODATA}(3,3) = \text{VTO}
820 TODATA(4,2) = VREFDD
830 TODATA(4,3) = VREFNDD
840 '
850 'ECHO THE INPUT DATA AND PRINT THE COMPUTED TAKEOFF
PERFORMANCE
860 '
870 CLS
880 LOCATE 4,10: PRINT "INPUT DATA:"
890 LOCATE 6,10: PRINT "RUNWAY TEMPERATURE =";:PRINT
USING "#######";TEMP;
900 PRINT " DEGREES FAHRENHEIT"
910 PRINT TAB(10) "PRESSURE ALTITUDE =";:PRINT USING
"#######";PA;
920 PRINT " FEET"
930 PRINT TAB(10) "TAKEOFF GROSS WEIGHT = ";TOGW;" LBS."
940 PRINT TAB(10) "RUNWAY LENGTH = ";RLENGTH;" FEET"
950 LOCATE 11,10: PRINT "COMPUTED TAKEOFF PERFORMANCE:"
960 LOCATE 13,31: PRINT "WITH DOUBLE DATUM" SPC(5) "WITHOUT
DOUBLE DATUM"
970 LOCATE 15,10: PRINT "TAKEOFF FACTOR"
980 PRINT TAB(10) "GROUND ROLL" SPC(16) "FEET" SPC(19)
"FEET"
990 PRINT TAB(10) "TAKEOFF SPEED" SPC(14) "KIAS" SPC(19)
"KTAS"
1000 PRINT TAB(10) "REFUSAL SPEED" SPC(14) "KIAS" SPC(19)
"KIAS"
1010 LOCATE 15,31: PRINT USING "##.#"; TOFACTDD
1020 LOCATE 15,53: PRINT USING "##.#"; TOFACTNDD
1030 LOCATE 16,31:PRINT USING "#####";GRDD
1040 LOCATE 16,53:PRINT USING "#####";GRNDD
1050 LOCATE 17,31:PRINT USING "#####";VTO
1060 LOCATE 17,53:PRINT USING "#####";VTO
1070 LOCATE 18,31:PRINT USING "#####";VREFDD
1080 LOCATE 18,53:PRINT USING "#####";VREFNDD
1090 TOP=10
1100 LEFT=7
1110 WIDTZ=68
1120 HEIGHT=9
1130 GOSUB 7200
1135 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560:LPRINT CHR$(12)
'AUTO PRINTSCREEN
1150 LOCATE 24,27,0:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
1160 ANS$=INKEY$:IF ANS$= "" THEN 1160
```

```
1190 RETURN
1930 CLS
1940 DC = (DC7 + DC8)/2
1950 \text{ S} = \text{INT}(403.56 - (.79075*DC) + (.0011382*DC^2) -
(4.1018E-07*DC^3))
1960 CLBDATA(1)=S
1970 IF DC > 150 THEN M = .86 - (.0021634 \times DC) + (7.6582E - 
05*DC^{2} - (1.1344E-06*DC^3) + (7.2125E-09*DC^4) -
(2.3035E-11*DC^5) + (3.6588E-14*DC^6) - (2.3062E-17*DC^7)
1980 IF DC > 150 THEN M = M*1000
1990 IF DC > 150 THEN M = INT(M)/1000 ELSE M =
ABS(.0052*(DC-150)) + (.0044*DC) + .04
2000 CLBDATA(2)=M
2010 CLBDATA(3)=HCRUISE
2020 '
2030 '***** COMPUTE THE CLIMB ... TIME *****
2040 '
2050 HCRUISE = HCRUISE/1000
2060 A = 406.9539 * (HCRUISE^{-.9542})
2070 IF HCRUISE < 30 THEN B = -.2384*HCRUISE + 29.6697
2080 IF (HCRUISE \geq 30) AND (HCRUISE < 35) THEN B = -
.6089*HCRUISE + 40.9294
2090 IF HCRUISE >= 35 THEN B = -1.1572*HCRUISE + 60.1206
2100 \text{ INDEX} = \text{EXP}(((\text{TOGW}/1000) - \text{A})/\text{B})
2110 IF HCRUISE < 5 THEN INDEX = .225
2120 IF (HCRUISE>5) AND (HCRUISE<7) THEN INDEX = INDEX +
(INDEX/2)
2130 IF (HCRUISE >= 7) AND (HCRUISE < 30) THEN INDEX =
INDEX - .15
2140 IF HCRUISE > 32 THEN INDEX = INDEX + .35
2150 IF DC \leq 100 THEN TIME =
((.0155*DC)+2.4955)*(INDEX^((.0015*DC)+.9945))
2160 IF DC >= 200 THEN TIME =
((.0076*DC)+4.0455)*(INDEX^((.0015*DC)+.9945))
2170 IF (DC > 100) AND (DC <= 150) THEN TIME =
1.3532*EXP(((.004*DC)+.4495)*INDEX)
2180 IF (DC > 150) AND (DC < 200) THEN TIME = (-
.0027*DC+1.7806)*EXP(((.004*DC)+.4495)*INDEX)
2190 DEGC=ABS(TEMP-32)*.5556
2200 DELTAT=ABS(15-DEGC)/20
2210 '
2220 ' COMPUTE AND APPLY TEMPERATURE CORRECTIONS
2230 '
2240 IF TEMP < 59 THEN TIME = TIME - .5*DELTAT
2250 IF TEMP < 59 GOTO 2300
2260 IF TEMP = 59 THEN GOTO 2300
2270 IF TIME < 15 THEN TIME = TIME + 3*DELTAT
2280 IF (TIME >=15) AND (TIME < 20) THEN TIME = TIME +
2*DELTAT
2290 IF TIME >= 20 THEN TIME = TIME + DELTAT
2300 CLBDATA(4)=TIME
```

2310 ' 2320 'PRINT THE RESULTS OF THE CLIMB COMPUTATIONS -- SPEED. MACH, TIME 2330 ' 2340 CLS 2350 LOCATE 6,30:PRINT "COMPUTED CLIMB DATA" 2360 LOCATE 10,20:PRINT "CLIMB SPEED = ";S;" KCAS TO 20,000 FEET" 2370 LOCATE 11,20:PRINT "CLIMB MACH = ";:PRINT USING "#.##";M 2380 LOCATE 12,20:PRINT "FINAL ALTITUDE = ";:PRINT USING "#####";HCRUISE*1000; 2390 PRINT " FEET" 2400 LOCATE 13,20:PRINT "CLIMB TIME = ";:PRINT USING "##.#";TIME; 2410 PRINT " MINUTES" 2420 ' 2430 '***** COMPUTE THE CLIMB...FUEL ***** 2440 ' 2450 HCRUISE=HCRUISE*1000 2460 IF HCRUISE<=5000 THEN INDEX2=(TOGW/1000)/28.5714 2470 IF (HCRUISE>5000) AND (HCRUISE<=10000) THEN INDEX2=((TOGW/1000)-2.5)/12.5 2480 IF (HCRUISE>10000) AND (HCRUISE<=15000) THEN INDEX2=((TOGW/1000)-1.8947)/8.421099 2490 IF (HCRUISE>15000) AND (HCRUISE<=20000) THEN INDEX2=((TOGW/1000)-3.2047)/5.9347 2500 IF (HCRUISE>20000) AND (HCRUISE<=25000) THEN INDEX2=((TOGW/1000)-3.6145)/4.8193 2510 IF (HCRUISE>5000) AND (HCRUISE<25000) THEN IF (TOGW>40000!) AND (TOGW<=41000!) THEN INDEX2=INDEX2+.1 ELSE IF TOGW>41000! THEN INDEX2=INDEX2+.15 2520 IF HCRUISE=25000 THEN IF TOGW>40000! THEN INDEX2=INDEX2+.13 2530 IF HCRUISE>25000 THEN INDEX2=EXP(((TOGW/1000)-((.6856*(HCRUISE/1000))-35.4857))/(-.7754*(HCRUISE/1000)+48.0666)) . 2540 ' 2550 'FUEL CALCULATION 2560 ' 2570 IF DC<150 THEN B=.0011*DC+1.029 ELSE B=.0005*DC+1.1141 2580 IF DC<200 THEN A=.0015*DC+1.0163 ELSE A=.0009*DC+1.1456 2590 FUEL=A*(INDEX2^B) 2600 ' 2610 ' COMPUTE AND APPLY TEMPERATURE CORRECTIONS 2620 ' 2630 IF TEMP=59 THEN FUEL=FUEL*100 2640 IF TEMP=59 GOTO 2720 2650 IF TEMP<59 GOTO 2710 2660 IF FUEL<3 THEN FUEL=(FUEL*100)+(55*DELTAT)

```
2670 IF (FUEL>=3) AND (FUEL<5) THEN
FUEL = (FUEL * 100) + (90 * DELTAT)
2680 IF (FUEL>=5) AND (FUEL<12) THEN
FUEL=(FUEL*100)+(120*DELTAT)
2690 IF (FUEL>=12) AND (FUEL<20) THEN
FUEL=(FUEL*100)+(140*DELTAT)
2700 IF TEMP > 59 GOTO 2720
2710 IF FUEL<=10 THEN FUEL=(FUEL-((FUEL/10)*DELTAT))*100
ELSE FUEL=(FUEL-(1.2*DELTAT))*100
2720 CLBDATA(5)=FUEL
2730 LOCATE 14,20:PRINT "FUEL REQUIRED = ";:PRINT USING
"####";FUEL;
2740 PRINT " LBS"
2750 '
2760 '***** COMPUTE THE CLIMB ...DISTANCE *****
2770 '
2780 '"INDEX" IS USED FROM THE TIME CALCULATIONS CHARTS
2790 '
2800 INDEX=INDEX*20
2810 IF DC<200 THEN B=.0011*DC+1.0576 ELSE
B=.0003*DC+1.2085
2820 IF DC<200 THEN A=-.0009*DC+.9198 ELSE A=.7436
2830 IF (HCRUISE>25000) AND (HCRUISE<=30000) THEN A=A+.1
2840 IF HCRUISE>30000 THEN A=A+.2
2850 DIST=A*(INDEX^B)
2860 '
2870 ' COMPUTE AND APPLY TEMPERATURE CORRECTIONS
2880 '
2890 IF TEMP<59 GOTO 2920
2900 IF DIST<40 THEN DIST=DIST+8*DELTAT ELSE
DIST=DIST+12*DELTAT
2910 GOTO 2950
2920 IF DIST<=80 THEN DIST=DIST-((DIST/20)*DELTAT)
2930 IF DIST>140 THEN DIST=DIST-(5*DELTAT) ELSE DIST=DIST-
 (8*DELTAT)
2940 CLBDATA(6)=DIST
2950 LOCATE 15,20:PRINT "DISTANCE
                                        = ";:PRINT USING
"###.#";DIST;
2960 PRINT " NM"
2970 TOP=3
2980 LEFT=15
2990 WIDTZ=50
3000 HEIGHT=15
 3010 GOSUB 7200
                                        'box the output
 3015 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560
 3020 LOCATE 24,27,0:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
 3030 ANS$=INKEY$:IF ANS$= "" THEN 3030
 3050 RETURN
 3053 IF SELECTFLAG%=1 THEN GOSUB 3060
 3054 IF SELECTFLAG%=1 THEN CHAIN "BOTHALF",8230,ALL
 3060 '********* CRUISE PERFORMANCE SUBROUTINE *********
```

3200 CLS:LOCATE 10,20,0:PRINT "~W=COMPNOTE,NOWAIT/" 3210 '******** CRUISE OPTION 3 -- SPECIFIED ALTITUDE AND MACH ******** 3220 ' 3230 I=1 3240 GOSUB 3710 3250 GOSUB 4960 3270 'CRUSDATA(1)=ALT 3280 'CRUSDATA(2)=CMACH 'CRUISE MACH NUMBER 3290 'CRUSDATA(3)=T 'AMBIENT TEMP DEG RANKINE 3300 'CRUSDATA(4)=P 'AMBIENT PRESSURE PSF 'SPEED OF 3310 'CRUSDATA(5)=SONIC SOUND a 3320 'CRUSDATA(6)=CL 'LIFT COEFFICIENT 'DRAG 3330 'CRUSDATA(7) = CDCOEFFICIENT 3340 'CRUSDATA(8) = D'TOTAL DRAG LBS 3350 'CRUSDATA(9) = ENGTHRUST 'ENGINE THRUST LBS 3360 'CRUSDATA(10)=WF 'FUEL FLOW LBS/HR 3370 'CRUSDATA(11)=RBAR 'SPECIFIC RANGE NM/LB 3380 'CRUSDATA(12)=V GROUND SPEED KTS 3390 'CRUSDATA(13)=H 'INDICATED ALTITUDE 3400 'CRUSDATA(14)=MI 'INDICATED MACH NUMBER 3410 'CRUSDATA(15)=KIAS 'INDICATED AIRSPEED KTS 3420 'CRUSDATA(16)=DYNPRESS 'DYNAMIC PRESSURE q 3430 'CRUSDATA(17)=ALPHA 'ANGLE OF ATTACK IN RADIANS 3440 'CRUSDATA(18)=ALPHA0 'AOA AT CL=0 3450 'CRUSDATA(19)=ALPHA1 '1/(dALPHA/dCL) 3460 'CRUSDATA(20)=DELTATR 'DEV FROM STD DAY DEG RANKINE 3470 'CRUSDATA(21)=CDO 'CDO 3480 'CRUSDATA(22)=CLF0 'ZERO THRUST CL 3490 'CRUSDATA(23)=CDF0 'ZERO THRUST CD

```
3500 'CRUSDATA(24)=DELCDS
                                                'STORE
TOTAL DRAG INCREMENT
3510 'CRUSDATA(25)=HDWIND
                                                'HEADWIND
KTS (NEGATIVE)
3520 '
3530 'PRINT RESULTS OF CRUISE CALCULATIONS
3540 '
3542 PRINT "~C=LAST/":CLS
3550 LOCATE 6,30:PRINT "COMPUTED CRUISE DATA"
3560 LOCATE 10,20:PRINT "SELECTED CRUISE ALTITUDE =
";ALT;:PRINT "FEET"
3570 LOCATE 11,20:PRINT "SELECTED CRUISE MACH
";:PRINT USING "#.##";CMACH
3580 LOCATE 12,20:PRINT "AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
                                                  =
";:PRINT USING "#####";T-459.69;:PRINT " DEG F"
3590 LOCATE 13,20:PRINT "FUEL FLOW
                                                  =
";:PRINT USING "#####";WF;:PRINT " LBS/HR"
3600 LOCATE 14,20:PRINT "SPECIFIC RANGE
                                                  =
";:PRINT USING "##.##";1/RBAR;:PRINT " LB/NM"
3610 LOCATE 15,20:PRINT "GROUND SPEED
                                                  =
";:PRINT USING "####";V;:PRINT " KTS"
3620 LOCATE 16,20:PRINT "TRUE AIRSPEED
                                                  =
";:PRINT USING "###";CMACH*SONIC*.5921;:PRINT " KTAS"
3630 TOP=3
3640 LEFT=15
3650 WIDTZ=50
3660 HEIGHT=15
3670 GOSUB 7200
                                               'box the
output
3675 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560:LPRINT CHR$(12)
'AUTO PRINTSCREEN
3680 LOCATE 24,27,0:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
3690 ANS$=INKEY$:IF ANS$= "" THEN 3690
3700 RETURN
3710 '******** SUBROUTINE PERF *********
3720 ALT=HCRUISE
3730 GOSUB 3800
3735 IF SELECTFLAG%=I THEN CMACH=LLKGS/(SONIC*.5921)
3740 GOSUB 3950
3750 ENGTHRUST=D/COS(AOA)
3760 GOSUB 4320
3770 V=.5921*CMACH*SONIC+HDWIND
3780 RBAR=V/(1.05*WF)
3790 RETURN
3800 '********* SUBROUTINE ATMOS *********
3810 '"ALT" IS THE SELECTED CRUISE ALTITUDE
3820 '"DELTATR IS THE TEMPERATURE DEVIATION IN DEGREES
RANKINE
3830 DELTATR=(TEMP+459.69)-518.69
3840 IF ALT>36089! GOTO 3900
3850 T=518.69-((3.5662*ALT)*10^-3)+DELTATR
```

```
3860 P=2116.2*(1-(6.8754E-06*ALT))^5.256
3870 SONIC=49.01*SQR(T)
3880 Q=262.5*P
3890 RETURN
3900 T=389.99+DELTATR
3910 P=472.68*EXP(-4.806E-05*(ALT-36089!))
3920 SONIC=49.01*SOR(T)
3930 O=262.5*P
3940 RETURN
3950 ********* SUBROUTINE DRAG **********
3960 DEN=.4924-(.0239*CMACH)+(.3047*CMACH^2)
3970 ALPHA0=(.01935-(.02378*CMACH)+(.02756*CMACH^2))/DEN
3980 ALPHA1=.1396/DEN
3990 IF CMACH>.6 GOTO 4020
4000 DELCDS=DC6/10000
4010 GOTO 4140
4020 Al=DC6/10000+36*(DC7/10000-DC6/10000)
4030 Bl=-120*(DC7/10000-DC6/10000)
4040 Cl=100*(DC7/10000-DC6/10000)
4050 A2=DC7/10000+49*(DC8/10000-DC7/10000)-
5.6*(Bl+(1.4*Cl))
4060 B2=-140*(DC8/10000-DC7/10000)+15*(B1+(1.4*C1))
4070 C2=100*(DC8/10000-DC7/10000)-10*(B1+(1.4*C1))
4080 A3=DC8/10000+64*(DC9/10000-DC8/10000)-
7.2*(B2+(1.6*C2))
4090 B3=-160*(DC9/10000-DC8/10000)+17*(B2+(1.6*C2))
4100 C3=100*(DC9/10000-DC8/10000)-10*(B2+(1.6*C2))
4110 IF (CMACH>.6) AND (CMACH<.7) THEN
DELCDS = A1 + (B1 * CMACH) + (C1 * CMACH^2)
4120 IF (CMACH>=.7) AND (CMACH<.8) THEN
DELCDS = A2 + (B2 * CMACH) + (C2 * CMACH^2)
4130 IF CMACH>=.8 THEN DELCDS=A3+(B3*CMACH)+(C3*CMACH^2)
4140 IF CMACH>.825 THEN CDO=.015+.8889*((CMACH-.825)^2)
ELSE CDO=.015
4150 IF DESFLAG=1 THEN GOTO 4160 ELSE CLF0=(TOGW-
FUEL) / (Q*CMACH^2)
4160 CL=CLF0
4170 GOSUB 4270
4180 EF0=E
4190 CDF0=CDO+DELCDS+(CLF0^2)/(4*3.141593*EF0)
4200 CL=(CLF0-(CDF0*(ALPHA0-.0222)))/(1+(CDF0*ALPHA1))
4210 GOSUB 4270
4220 CD=CDO+DELCDS+(CL^2/(4*3.141593*E))
4230 ALPHA=ALPHAO+(CL*ALPHA1)
4240 AOA=ALPHA-.0222
4250 D=375*CD*(.7*CMACH^2*P)
4260 RETURN
4270 ********* SUBROUTINE E *********
4280 IF CL<=.3 THEN E=.875
4290 IF (CL>.3) AND (CL<=1.1) THEN E=.875-.783*((CL-
.3)^1.5)
```

```
4300 IF CL>1.1 THEN E=.3147
4310 RETURN
4320 ********* SUBROUTINE FUEL FLOW *********
4330 '
4340 'READ IN THRUST CALCULATION CONSTANTS INTO THRUST
ARRAY
4350 '
4352 RESTORE 4800
4360 FOR I=1 TO 9
4370 FOR J=1 TO 2
4380
      READ THRUST(I,J)
4390 NEXT J
4400 NEXT I
4410 '
4420 'READ IN FUEL FLOW CALCULATION CONSTANTS INTO FUELFLO
ARRAY
4430 '
4431 RESTORE 4860
4440 FOR I=1 TO 18
4450 FOR J=1 TO 3
4460 READ FUELFLO(I,J)
4470 NEXT J
4480 NEXT I
4490 IF ALT<=20000 THEN J=1
'picks column altitude
4500 IF (ALT>20000) AND (ALT<=36089!) THEN J=2
4510 IF ALT>36089! THEN J=3
4520 K=1
4530 FOR I=1 TO 6
4540
W(I) = FUELFLO(K, J) + FUELFLO(K+1, J) * ALT + FUELFLO(K+2, J) * ALT^2
4550 K=K+3
4560 NEXT I
4570 W(7) = W(1) + W(2) * CMACH
4580 W(8) = W(3) + W(4) * CMACH
4590 W(9) = W(5) + W(6) * CMACH
4600 IF ALT<=36089! THEN J=1 ELSE J=2
'picks column thrust
4610 K=1
4620 FOR I=1 TO 3
4630
F(I) = THRUST(K,J) + THRUST(K+1,J) * ALT + THRUST(K+2,J) * ALT^2
4640 K=K+3
4650 NEXT I
4660 '
4670 'CALCULATIONS OF MAX THRUST AVAILABLE FOR SUBROUTINE
FCLIMB
4680 '
4690 'FPRIMEN=F(1)+F(2) *CMACH+F(3) *CMACH^2
4700 'TT=T*(1+(.2*CMACH^2))
```
4710 'IF TT<520 THEN ENGTHRUST=FPRIMEN ELSE ENGTHRUST=FPRIMEN*(1-(.003875*(TT-520)*(1+(.2*CMACH^2)))) 4720 ' 4730 'FUEL FLOW CALCULATIONS FOR SUBROUTINE FUEL FLOW 4740 ' 4750 WFSTD=W(7)+W(8)*ENGTHRUST+W(9)*ENGTHRUST^2 4760 WF=WFSTD*SQR(T/(T-DELTATR)) 4770 **'** 4780 'THRUST COEFFICIENT DATA STATEMENTS 4790 ' 4800 DATA 13712, 11852, -.4496, -.3358, 4.309E-6, 2.571E-6, -6804, -6635 4810 DATA .2136, .1901, -2.004E-6, -1.493E-6, 9639, 9022, -.2902, -.2456 4820 DATA 2.569E-6, 1.8226E-6 4830 ' 4840 'FUEL FLOW COEFFICIENT DATA STATEMENTS 4850 ' 4860 DATA 1.1481E3, 3.5298E3, -.6507E3, -2.0797E-2, -2.3908E-1, 9.509E-2 4870 DATA -2.7714E-7, 4.6621E-6, -1.381E-6, 9.607E2, -1.4681E3, 2.490E3 4880 DATA -8.3594E-2, 1.7707E-1, -1.378E-1, 2.8857E-6, -4.0328E-6, 1.647E-6 4890 DATA 3.0843E-1, -2.4361, 4.679, -9.6006E-6, 2.2154E-4, -2.319E-4 4900 DATA 1.3143E-10, -4.5717E-9, 2.521E-9, 4.0528E-1, 3.3845, -3.740 4910 DATA 2.1167E-5, -2.4055E-4, 2.105E-4, -8.3686E-10, 4.7787E-9, -2.243E-9 4920 DATA 2.0145E-5, 6.812E-4, -7.109E-4, 1.2972E-9, -5.3767E-8, 2.647E-8 4930 DATA 4.4829E-14, 1.1523E-12, 0, 7.7595E-7, -7.1100E-4, 6.253E-4 4940 DATA -2.5781E-9, 5.7140E-8, -2.21E-8, 4.1052E-14, -1.1675E-12.0 4950 RETURN 4960 '******** SUBROUTINE POS.ER. ********* 4970 GOSUB 3800 4980 DYNPRESS=.7*P*CMACH^2 4990 IF CMACH>.65 THEN CPO=.4675-1.49*CMACH+(1.2*CMACH^2) ELSE CPO=-.0616+.0231*CMACH+(.1244*CMACH^2) 5000 CPRIMEP=.000149+(.000511*CMACH)-(.00128*CMACH^2) 5010 PT=P*(1+.2*CMACH^2)^3.5 5020 CP=CPO+CPRIMEP*((TOGW-FUEL)/DYNPRESS) 5030 PII=P+CP*DYNPRESS 5040 GOSUB 5080 5050 $MI = SQR(5*((PT/P)^{2}.2857-1))$ 5060 KIAS=1478*SQR((1+(PT-PII)/2116.2)^.2857-1) 5070 RETURN 5080 '******** SUBROUTINE HFUNC (P) *********

```
5090 IF P<472.68 THEN H=36089!+20807!*(LOG(472.68/P)) ELSE
H=145450!*(1-((P/2116.2)^{.1903}))
5100 RETURN
5110 '
5120 '******** DESCENT MODE SUBROUTINE *********
5130 '
5140 DELR=0
5150 DELRJ=0
5160 DELW=0
5170 DELWJ=0
5180 CLS:LOCATE 10,20,0:PRINT "~W=COMPNOTE,NOWAIT/"
5190 DGW=TOGW-FUEL 'Modified from original program
5200 DKIAS=322-((49.5-.0007325*DGW)*(1/SQR(.015)-
(1/SQR(.015+DC6/10000))))
5210 MCL=.85
5220 GOSUB 5900
                                                'SUBROUTINE
HM
5230 GOSUB 5960
                                               'SUBROUTINE
DESC/ALTS
5240 K=0
5250 G=0
5260 K=K+1
5270 H=DESCH(K)
5280 ALT=H
5290 GOSUB 3800
                                                'SUBROUTINE
ATMOS
5300 IF H>=HM THEN M=.85 ELSE
M=2.236*SQR((1+(2116.2/P)*((1+4.571E-07*DKIAS^2)^3.5-
1))^{2857-1}
5310 IF G=1 THEN GOTO 5620
                                                'SUBROUTINE C
5320 GOSUB 6290
                                                'SUBROUTINE
DESC/DER
5330 H=H+1
5340 GOSUB 6240
                                               'SUBROUTINE U
5350 IF DESCH(K) <> HSD GOTO 5410
5360 HJ=DESCH(K)
5370 RPJ=RP
5380 WPJ=WP
5390 UJ=U
5400 GOTO 5260
5410 HJ1=DESCH(K)
5420 RPJ1=RP
5430 WPJ1=WP
5440 UJ1=U
5450 DELRJ=8.229E-05*(UJ*RPJ+UJ1*RPJ1)*(HJ1-HJ)
5460 DELWJ=.0001458*(UJ*RPJ*WPJ+UJ1*RPJ1*WPJ1)*(HJ1-HJ)
5470 IF DESCH(K) <> HED THEN GOTO 5530
5480 HBARJ=.5*(HJ+HJ1)
5490 H=HBARJ
5500 ALT=DESCH(K)
5510 G=1
```

```
5520 GOTO 5290
5530 H=H-2
5540 GOSUB 6240
                                               'SUBROUTINE U
5550 HJ=DESCH(K)
5560 RPJ=RPJ1
5570 WPJ=WPJ1
5580 UJ=U
5590 DELR=DELR+DELRJ
5600 DELW=DELW+DELWJ
5610 GOTO 5260
5620 GOSUB 6530
                                                'SUBROUTINE
WFIDL
5630 WBARPJ=WFIDL/(M*SONIC+(HDWIND/.5921))
5640 IF HJ1=HED THEN NJ=1/3+(4/3)*(WBARPJ/(WPJ+WPJ1)) ELSE
NJ=1
5650 DELWJ=DELWJ*NJ
5660 DELR=DELR+DELRJ
5670 DELW=DELW+DELWJ
5680 DESCTIME=HSD/3200
5690 DESDATA(1)=DELW
5700 DESDATA(2)=DELR
5710 DESDATA(3)=DKIAS
5720 DESDATA(4)=DESCTIME
5730 'PRINT RESULTS
5740 '
5750 PRINT "~C=LAST/":CLS
5760 LOCATE 5,30:PRINT "COMPUTED DESCENT DATA"
5770 LOCATE 8,27: PRINT "DESCENT FUEL USED = ";: PRINT USING
"####";DELW;:PRINT " LBS"
5780 LOCATE 10,27:PRINT "DISTANCE COVERED = ";:PRINT USING
"##.#";DELR;:PRINT " NM"
5790 LOCATE 12,27:PRINT "DESCENT TIME = ";:PRINT USING
"##.#";DESCTIME;:PRINT " MIN"
5800 LOCATE 14,27:PRINT "DESCENT SPEED = ";:PRINT
USING "###"; DKIAS; : PRINT " KIAS"
5810 TOP=3
5820 LEFT=15
5830 WITDZ=40
5840 HEIGHT=13
5850 GOSUB 7200
                                                        'box
the output
5855 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560:LPRINT CHR$(12)
'AUTO PRINTSCREEN
5860 LOCATE 24,27,0:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"
5870 ANS$=INKEY$:IF ANS$= "" THEN 5870
5875 ERASE CLBDATA, DESCH, DESDATA
5880 RETURN
5890 STOP
5900 '******** SUBROUTINE HM *********
5910 P=2116.2*((1+(4.571E-07*DKIAS^2))^3.5-
1)/((1+.2*MCL^2)^{3.5-1})
                                'PM
```

```
5920 GOSUB 5080
                                                 'SUBROUTINE
HFUNC(P)
5930 HM=H
5940 RETURN
5950 L
5960 '********* SUBROUTINE DESC/ALTS *********
5970 '
5980 IF (HM>HED) AND (HM<HSD) THEN GOTO 6070
5990 IF (36089!>HED) AND (36089!<HSD) THEN GOTO 6040
6000 \text{ DESCH}(1) = \text{HSD}
6010 DESCH(2)=36089!
6020 DESCH(3)=HED
6030 RETURN
6040 DESCH(1)=HSD
6050 DESCH(2)=HED
6060 RETURN
6070 IF (36089!>HED) AND (36089!<HSD) THEN GOTO 6120
6080 DESCH(1)=HSD
6090 DESCH(2)=HM
6100 DESCH(3)=HED
6110 RETURN
6120 IF HM>36089! THEN GOTO 6180
6130 DESCH(1)=HSD
6140 DESCH(2)=36089!
6150 DESCH(3)=HM
6160 DESCH(4)=HED
6170 RETURN
6180 DESCH(1)=HSD
6190 \text{ DESCH}(2) = HM
6200 DESCH(3)=36089!
6210 DESCH(4)=HED
6220 RETURN
6230 '
6240 '******** SUBROUTINE U *********
6250 IF H>=HM THEN U=1 ELSE U=2+.2*M^2-(1+.2*M^2)^-2.5
6260 IF H>=36089! THEN RETURN ELSE U=U-.133*M^2
6270 RETURN
6280 '
6290 '******** SUBROUTINE DESC/DER **********
6300 CMACH=M
6310 CLF0=DGW/(Q*M^2)
6320 DESFLAG=1
6330 GOSUB 3950
6340 DESFLAG=0
6350 GOSUB 6420
6360 GOSUB 6530
6370 V=M*SONIC
6380 RP=(DGW/(FIDL-D))*(1+((HDWIND/.5921)/V))*U
6390 WP=WFIDL/((HDWIND/.5921)+V)
6400 RETURN
6410 '
```

```
6420 '******** SUBROUTINE FIDL *********
6430 IF H>36089! THEN GOTO 6480
6440 FO=668+.01058*H
6450 FT=-2.4-.0000277*H
6460 FIDL=F0-950*M+FT*DELTATR
6470 RETURN
6480 FO=-78+.03127*H
6490 FT=13.7-.000473*H
6500 FIDL=FO-950*M+FT*DELTATR
6510 RETURN
6520 '
6530 '******** SUBROUTINE WFIDL *********
6540 IF H>36089! THEN GOTO 6600
6550 WFO=928-.0183*H+3.38E-07*H^2
6560 WFM=1150-.0319*H
6570 WFT=-1.25
6580 WFIDL=WFO+WFM*M+WFT*DELTATR
6590 RETURN
6600 WFO=492+.00597*H
6610 WFM=0
6620 WFT=8.5-.00027*H
6630 WFIDL=WFO+WFM*M+WFT*DELTATR
6640 RETURN
6650 '
6652 END
7210 ' TOP = ROW NUMBER OF UPPER LEFT CORNER
7220 ' LEFT = COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER
7230 ' WIDTZ = WIDTH OF BOX
7240 ' HEIGHT = HEIGHT OF BOX
7250 '
7260 \text{ BOTTOM} = \text{TOP} + \text{HEIGHT}
7270 \text{ RIGHT} = \text{LEFT} + \text{WIDTZ}
7280 '
7290 ' LOCATE AND PRINT THE CORNERS OF THE BOX
7300 '
7310 LOCATE TOP, LEFT
7320 PRINT CHR$(201)
                               'PRINTs upper left corner
7330 LOCATE TOP, RIGHT
7340 PRINT CHR$(187)
                               'PRINTs upper right corner
7350 LOCATE BOTTOM, LEFT
                               'PRINTs lower left corner
7360 PRINT CHR$(200)
7370 LOCATE BOTTOM, RIGHT
7380 PRINT CHR$(188)
                               'PRINTs lower right corner
7390 '
7400 ' DRAW THE TOP, BOTTOM, AND SIDES OF THE BOX
7410 '
7420 FOR COL = (LEFT + 1) TO (RIGHT - 1)
                                              'top and
bottom
7430 LOCATE TOP, COL
7440 PRINT CHR$(205)
```

```
7450 LOCATE BOTTOM, COL
7460 PRINT CHR$(205)
7470 NEXT COL
7480 FOR ROW = (TOP + 1) TO (BOTTOM - 1)
                                               'left and
right sides
7490 LOCATE ROW, LEFT
7500 PRINT CHR$(186)
7510 LOCATE ROW, RIGHT
7520 PRINT CHR$(186)
7530 NEXT ROW
7540 RETURN
7550 '
7560 '******** PRINT SCREEN ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE SUBROUTINE
*******
7580 A^{(0)} =  HCD55
7590 A%(1)=&H5D05
7600 A%(2)=&H90CB
7610 SUBRT = VARPTR(A%(0))
7620 CALL SUBRT
7640 RETURN
7700 ********** INTRODUCTION AND SETUP SUBROUTINE
*******
7710 LOCATE 1,1,0:PRINT "~W=INTROSEL/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"", INTRO:SCREEN ,,0,0
7720 IF INTRO=3 THEN RETURN
7730 IF INTRO=2 THEN PRINT "~W=INTRO5/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"",OUTPUT:SCREEN ,,0,0
7745 IF INTRO=1 THEN PRINT "~W=INTRO/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"",OUTPUT:SCREEN ,,0,0
7750 RETURN
8000 '************* ERROR TRAP FOR PRINTER ERRORS *********
8010 IF ERR=27 THEN PRINT "~W=PRINTERR/"
8020 ON ERROR GOTO 0:RESUME
10000 ON ERROR GOTO 62980 ' Error Handling Routine -
Delete
                               ' if it conflicts with your
10010
own
30000 '
30005 ' Variables Section For B:XCINPUT
30010 '
30015 VL.SS$(1) = STR$(TEMP): VL.SS$(2) = STR$(PA):
VL.SS$(3) = STR$(TOGW):
30020 VL.SS$(4)=STR$(RLENGTH): VL.SS$(5)=STR$(DC6):
VL.SS$(6) = STR$(DC7):
30025 VL.SS$(7)=STR$(DC8): VL.SS$(8)=STR$(DC9):
VL.SS$(9) = STR$(CMACH):
30030 VL.SS$(10)=STR$(HCRUISE): VL.SS$(11)=STR$(HDWIND):
VL.SS$(12) = STR$(HSD):
30035 VL.SS$(13) = STR$(HED): VL.SS$(14) = STR$(FUELLOAD):
30040 RETURN
30045 '
```

```
30050 '
             Assign VL.SS$ Array to the variables
30055
30060
TEMP=VAL(VL.SS(1)):PA=VAL(VL.SS(2)):TOGW=VAL(VL.SS(3)):
30065
RLENGTH=VAL(VL.SS(4)):DC6=VAL(VL.SS(5)):DC7=VAL(VL.SS(6))
):
 30070
DC8=VAL(VL.SS\$(7)):DC9=VAL(VL.SS\$(8)):CMACH=VAL(VL.SS\$(9)):
30075
HCRUISE=VAL(VL.SS$(10)):HDWIND=VAL(VL.SS$(11)):HSD=VAL(VL.S
S$(12)):
 30080 HED=VAL(VL.SS$(13)):FUELLOAD=VAL(VL.SS$(14)):
 30085 RETURN
 30090 '
              Section To Initialize Variables To Initial
 30095 '
Values
 30100 '
 30105 TEMP=0: PA=0: TOGW=31200: RLENGTH=13500: DC6=0:
 30110 DC7=0: DC8=0: DC9=0: CMACH=0!: HCRUISE=27000:
 30115 HDWIND=0: HSD=27000: HED=0: FUELLOAD=10000:
 30120 RETURN
 30125 '
 30130 '
              * * * *
                     List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only
             ****
 Variables
 30135 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High
 Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit
 30140 '
 30145 DATA 53,5,6,"N","#######",0,120,15,0,0
 30150 DATA 53,6,6,"N","#######",0,8000,15,0,0
 30155 DATA 53,7,6,"N","#######",25000,42000,15,0,0
30160 DATA 53,8,6,"N","#######",0,99999,15,0,0
30165 DATA 53,9,6,"N","###XXX",0,999,15,0,0
 30170 DATA 53,10,6,"N","#######",0,999,15,0,0
 30175 DATA 53,11,6,"N","#######",0,999,15,0,0
30180 DATA 53,12,6,"N","#######",0,999,15,0,0
 30185 DATA 53,13,6,"N","###.##",0.00,1.20,15,0,1
 30190 DATA 53,14,6,"N","#######",100,46000,15,0,0
 30195 DATA 53,15,6,"N","########,-200,200,15,0,0
 30200 DATA 53,16,6,"N","#######",100,46000,15,0,0
30205 DATA 53,17,6,"N","#######",0,46000,15,0,0
 30210 DATA 53,19,6,"N","#######",0,20000,15,0,0
 30215 RETURN
 30220 '
 30225 '
             Screen Display Initialization Statements
 30230 '
 30235 NUMFLDS.SS%=14: FILNM.SS$="XCINPUT.SCR":
30240 EXITCHR.SS$=CHR$(27)+CHR$(127)+""
 30245 RESTORE 30130
 30250 RETURN
 30255 '
```

Variables Section For B:LLINPUT 30260 ' 30265 ' 30270 VL.SS\$(1)=STR\$(LLALT): VL.SS\$(2)=STR\$(LLKGS): VL.SS\$(3) = STR\$(LLFUEL1):30275 RETURN 30280 ' 30285 ' Assign VL.SS\$ Array to the variables 30290 ' 30295 LLALT=VAL(VL.SS\$(1)):LLKGS=VAL(VL.SS\$(2)):LLFUEL1=VAL(VL.SS \$(3)): 30300 RETURN 30305 ' 30310 ' Section To Initialize Variables To Initial Values 30315 ' 30320 LLALT=200: LLKGS=360: LLFUEL1=0: 30325 RETURN 30330 ' 30335 ' * * * * List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only Variables **** 30340 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit 30345 ' 30350 DATA 48,8,5,"N","######",100,45000,15,0,0 30355 DATA 48,11,5,"N","######",0,700,15,0,0 30360 DATA 48,14,5,"N","######",0,16000,15,0,0 30365 RETURN 30370 ' 30375 ' Screen Display Initialization Statements 30380 ' 30385 NUMFLDS.SS%=3: FILNM.SS\$="LLINPUT.SCR": 30390 EXITCHR.SS\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(127)+"" 30395 RESTORE 30335 30400 RETURN 30405 ' 30410 ' Variables Section For B:LLJETLOG 30415 ' 30420 RETURN 30425 ' 30430 ' Assign VL.SS\$ Array to the variables 30435 ' 30440 RETURN 30445 ' 30450 ' Section To Initialize Variables To Initial Values 30455 ' 30460 RETURN 30465 ' 30470 ' * * * * List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only Variables ****

30475 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit 30480 ' 30485 COLOR 15,0: LOCATE 4,13: PRINT LEFT\$(GEOLAT\$+LEFT\$(BLNK.SS\$,1-LEN(GEOLAT\$)),1); 30490 COLOR 15,0: LOCATE 4,17: PRINT LEFT\$ (GEOLONG\$+LEFT\$ (BLNK.SS\$, 1-LEN (GEOLONG\$)), 1); 30495 COLOR 15,0: LOCATE 4,32: PRINT LEFT\$(MVARTYPE\$+LEFT\$(BLNK.SS\$,1-LEN(MVARTYPE\$)),1); 30500 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 6,12: PRINT USING "##############; A1; 30505 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 7,12: PRINT USING "############## A2; 30510 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,12: PRINT USING "############## A3; A5; 30525 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 11,12: PRINT USING "############; A6; 30530 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 12,12: PRINT USING "############; A7; 30535 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 13,12: PRINT USING "############; A8: 30540 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,12: PRINT USING "############; A9: 30545 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 15,12: PRINT USING "###########; A10; 30550 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,12: PRINT USING "#############; A11; 30555 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 17,12: PRINT USING "#############; A12; 30560 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,12: PRINT USING "############; A13: 30565 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 19,12: PRINT USING "###########; A14: A15; A16; 30580 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,12: PRINT USING "#############; A17; 30585 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT USING "############; A18; 30590 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 6,27: PRINT USING "########; B1; 30595 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,27: PRINT USING "#######; B2; 30600 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,27: PRINT USING "########; B3; 30605 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 12,27: PRINT USING "########; B4; 30610 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,27: PRINT USING "#######"; B5; 30615 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,27: PRINT USING "########; B6; 30620 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,27: PRINT USING "########; B7; 30625 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,27: PRINT USING "#######; B8; 30630 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,27: PRINT USING "########; B9; 30635 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,36: PRINT USING "##########; C1;

30640 30645 30650 30655 30660 30665 30670 30675 30680	COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR	14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1:	LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE	10,36:	PRINT U PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT	USING USING USING USING USING USING	<pre>'##########; C2; "#########; C3; "########; C4; "########; C5; "########; C6; "########; C7; "#######; C8; "#######; C9; "######;</pre>
C10; 30685 C11;		·		18,36:			
30690 C12;	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	19,36:	PRINT	USING	"######.#";
C13;		·	LOCATE			USING	
30700 Cl4;			LOCATE	•		USING	
30705 C15;	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	22,36:	PRINT	USING	"####### # ";
30710 C16;	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE				** # # # # # # • # ** ;
	COLOR COLOR		LOCATE LOCATE		PRINT U PRINT U		"#####"; Dl; "##"; D2;-
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT U		"##### # "; D3;
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT U		"##"; D4;
30735	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE		PRINT		"#####"; D5;
30740	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	10,53:	PRINT	USING	"##"; D6;
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT	USING	"#####"; D7;
	COLOR		LOCATE	11,53:		USING	"##"; D8;
	COLOR		LOCATE	12,47:		USING	"#####"; D9;
	COLOR		LOCATE	12,53:		USING	"##"; D10;
	COLOR		LOCATE	13,47:		USING	"#####"; Dll;
	COLOR		LOCATE	13,53:		USING	"##"; D12;
	COLOR		LOCATE	14,47:		USING	"#####"; Dl3;
	COLOR		LOCATE	14,53:		USING	"##"; D14;
	COLOR	•	LOCATE	15,47:		USING	"#####"; D15;
	COLOR			15,53:		USING	"##"; D16;
	COLOR		LOCATE	•			
	COLOR COLOR		LOCATE LOCATE	17,47:	PRINT	USING	
	COLOR		LOCATE	17,53:		USING	
	COLOR		LOCATE	18,47:		USING	
	COLOR		LOCATE	18,53:		USING	"##"; D22;
	COLOR		LOCATE	19,47:		USING	
	COLOR		LOCATE	19,53:		USING	
		•		-			
	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	20,47:	PRINT	USING	"#####"; D25;
	COLOR COLOR		LOCATE LOCATE	20,47:20,53:		USING USING	"##"; D26;
30840 30845	COLOR COLOR	14,1: 14,1:	LOCATE LOCATE	20,53:21,47:	PRINT PRINT	USING USING	"##"; D26; "#####"; D27;
30840 30845	COLOR COLOR COLOR	14,1: 14,1: 14,1:	LOCATE	20,53:	PRINT PRINT PRINT	USING	"##"; D26; "#####"; D27; "##"; D28;

30860 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,53: PRINT USING "##"; D30; 30865 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 23,47: PRINT USING "######"; D31; 30870 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 23,53: PRINT USING "##"; D32; 30875 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 6,69: PRINT USING "###########; E1; 30880 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,58: PRINT USING "##########; E2; 30885 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,69: PRINT USING "############; E3; 30890 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,58: PRINT USING "########## E4; 30895 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,69: PRINT USING "###########; E5; 30900 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 12,58: PRINT USING "########## ##; E6; 30905 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 12,69: PRINT USING "###########; E7; 30910 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,58: PRINT USING "##########; E8; 30915 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,69: PRINT USING "###########; E9; 30920 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,58: PRINT USING "##########; E10; 30925 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,69: PRINT USING "###########; Ell: 30930 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,58: PRINT USING "##########; E12; 30935 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,69: PRINT USING "##########; E13; 30940 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,58: PRINT USING "##########; E14; 30945 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,69: PRINT USING "###########; E15; 30950 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,58: PRINT USING "##########; E16; 30955 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,69: PRINT USING "###########; E17; 30960 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,36: PRINT USING "#########;"; TOTALDIST; 30965 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,47: PRINT USING "######; F1; 30970 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,53: PRINT USING "##"; F2; 30975 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,58: PRINT USING "##########; F3; 30980 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,69: PRINT USING "###########; F4; 30985 RETURN 30990 ' 30995 ' Screen Display Initialization Statements 31000 ' 31005 NUMFLDS.SS%=0: FILNM.SS\$="LLJETLOG.SCR": 31010 EXITCHR.SS\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(127)+"" 31015 RESTORE 30470 31020 RETURN 60000 ' 60010 ' £

60020 ' ¤ START OF SCREEN SCULPTOR FULL SCREEN EDITING ROUTINE ¤ 60030 ' ¥ Ö-----ċ 60050 ' Main body of subroutine * . 60060 ' 60070 ' â-----ì 60080 1 60085 IF SAME.SS% THEN 60200 'To return to the SAME screen with SAME values 60090 IF SCR.SS%=SCRLST.SS% THEN 60140 ' If same screen as last, don't reload ' Get screen setup 60100 parameters
 60105
 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB
 30225, 30375, 30995

 60110
 GOSUB 60550
 ' Read filling
 ' Read field data for this screen 60120 OUT &H3D8,&H1 ' Turn off screen display 60125 ' CALL QUBLOAD(FILNM.SS\$) '<- For QuickBASIC, See READ.ME file 60130 DEF SEG=SCRNSEG.SS% : BLOAD FILNM.SS\$,0 :DEF SEG ' Load screen picture 60135 ' Set initial values 60140 IF INIT.SS% THEN ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30095, 30310, 30450 60145 ' Assign current values to screen array ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30005, 30260, 30410 60155 ' Turn on screen 60160 OUT &H3D8, &H29 display 60170 GOSUB 60590 ' Pad fields with blanks and display 60175 ' Display initial DISPLAY variables 60180 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30130, 30335, 30470 60185 OUT &H3D8,&H29 ' Turn on screen display 60190 ' 60195 F.SS%=1 : SCRLST.SS%=SCR.SS% 60200 COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT BLNK.SS\$; 'Clr msg from prior screen 60205 IF NUMFLDS.SS%=0 THEN RETURN 'Exit if no fields on screen 60210 LOCATE ,,,0,13 'Make cursor size large 60215 EXSCR.SS%=0 'Initialize Flag For Screen Exit 60220 WHILE NOT EXSCR.SS% 'Loop on each field(until Exit Flag is set)

60250 GOSUB 60740 'Accept input data for this field 60260 . ' The above subroutine accepts data for a single 60265 program will return to field. The this spot after the cursor exits any field on the input screen. 60270 ' If you want to do any special input field 60275 testing, this is ' a good place to do it. 60280 60285 60290 ' The following variables are passed back for your use: ' F.SS% is next field to be edited 60295 ' FLDLST.SS% is last field edited 60300 ' LASTCHR.SS\$ is last keyboard character entered 60305 ' VL.SS\$(n) contains the current value of field 60310 n. 60315 60320 ·WEND 60360 ' 60370 ' 60390 COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT BLNK.SS\$;:LOCATE 25,15:PRINT "... Please WAIT A Moment While Checking Fields 60400 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% ' Test Each Field Before Leaving Screen GOSUB 62500 ' Check contents of 60410 this field IF ERR.MSG%=-1 THEN EXSCR.SS%=0 : GOTO 60220 60420 'Error Detected 60430 NEXT F.SS% 60440 F.SS%=FLDLST.SS% 'Reset Field indicator 60450 **'** 60455 'Assign new field values 60460 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30050, 30285, 30430 60470 RETURN 'Exit this subroutine 60480 ' 60490 ***** 60500 **'** 60510 60530 ' **** Read Field Data For This Screen **** 60550 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS%

```
60555
       READ
LO.SS%(F.SS%,2),LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),LE.SS%(F.SS%),TY.SS$(F.SS%)
, PIC.SS$(F.SS%), RG.SS(F.SS%, 1), RG.SS(F.SS%, 2), CL.SS%(F.SS%,
1),CL.SS%(F.SS%,2),SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)
60560 NEXT F.SS%
60565 RETURN
60570 '
60575
*****
60580 '*** Pad Fields With Blanks, Insert Special
Characters, and Display Flds
60585
****
60590 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS%
         IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)="N" THEN 60655 ' This section
60595
for non-numeric types
60600
            IF LEN(VL.SS$(F.SS%))>LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),LE.SS%(F.SS%)): GOTO
60610
60605
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=VL.SS$(F.SS%)+MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-
LEN(VL.SS$(F.SS%)))
            IF INSTR("CD",TY.SS$(F.SS%))=0 OR
60610
SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN 60690
60615
               CNT.SS%=0
60620
               FOR J.SS%=1 TO LE.SS%(F.SS%)
Insert Special chars
60625
                   IF
INSTR("ULX#89",MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS$),J.SS$,1))=0 THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),J.SS%,1)=MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),J.SS%,1) :
CNT.SS%=CNT.SS%+1
60630
                   IF CNT.SS%=SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%) THEN
60690
60635
               NEXT J.SS%
                               ' End of "non-numeric
60640
            GOTO 60690
type" section
60645 '
                               ' The following section is
60650 '
for numeric types
60655
         NUMDEC%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) -INSTR(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),".")
' Calc # of dec places
         IF LEFTS(VL.SSS(F.SS%),1)=" " THEN
60657
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=RIGHT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),LEN(VL.SS$(F.SS%))-1) '
Strip leading blank
         IF NUMDEC%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN NUMDEC%=0:
60660
NUMINT%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) ELSE NUMINT%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)-NUMDEC%-1
' Calc # of interger places
        IF VAL(VL.SS$(F.SS%))=0 THEN
60665
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=LEFT$(MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,NUMINT%-
```

```
1)+"0."+STRING$(NUMDEC%,"0"),LE.SS%(F.SS%)): GOTO 60690
' If no initial value
60670
            DEC.VL%=INSTR(VL.SS$(F.SS%),".") : IF
DEC.VL%=0 THEN DEC.VL%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)+1
' Position of decimal point in data
60675
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=LEFT$(RIGHT$(MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,NUMINT%)+LEFT$(V
L.SS$(F.SS%),DEC.VL%-
1), NUMINT%)+"."+MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%), DEC.VL%+1)+STRING$(NUMDE
C%,"0"),LE.SS%(F.SS%))
60680 '
60685 '
                               ' Display Contents Of This
60690 GOSUB 62310
Field
60695 NEXT F.SS%
60700 RETURN
60705 !
60710 '
60715 '
60720 '
                *** Accept Input Data For The Current
Field ***
60725 '
60730 '
60740 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)<>"N" THEN A.SS%=1 : GOTO 60790
         NEWNUM%=-1:NUMED.SS%=0 'Set Flags for num
60750
fld
60760
         DECPOS<sup>*</sup>=INSTR(PIC.SS<sup>*</sup>(F.SS<sup>*</sup>),".") : IF DECPOS<sup>*</sup>=0
THEN DECPOS%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)+1
60770
         A.SS%=DECPOS%-1
60780 '
                                        ' Look for non-
edit characters
60790 WHILE INSTR("ULX#98",MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS$),A.SS$,1))=0:
A.SS%=A.SS%+1: WEND
60800 CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1
                                        ' Find cursor
position on screen
60810 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 ' Starting
position in this field
60820 '
60830 FLDLST.SS% = F.SS%
                                      ' Reset field
indicator
60840 EXFLD.SS%=0
                                      ' Initializei flag
to exit this field
60850 WHILE NOT EXFLD.SS%
                                      ' Loop while still
editing this field
60860 X.SS$=INKEY$ : IF X.SS$="" THEN 60860 ' Wait for
next keyboard character
60870 IF ERR.MSG% THEN ERR.MSG%=0 : COLOR 7,0:LOCATE
25,1,0:PRINT STRING$(79," ");
' Erase old message line.
```

```
60880 IF LEN(X.SS$)>1 OR
INSTR(CHR$(8)+CHR$(13)+CHR$(27),X.SS$)<>0 THEN
X.SS$=RIGHT$(X.SS$,1) ELSE 60960
                                                      ŧ
Extented code key pressed?
          ON INSTR(";<=>?@ABCD",X.SS$) GOSUB
60885
61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100
' This is a DUMMY statement. It traps the Function Keys
(F1 - F10). It is here to make user modifications simpler.
                 ' For the above line to be active, you
60887
need to set all Function Key values to null. i.e. - KEY
1,"" ; KEY 2,"" etc.
60890 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%) <> "N" THEN 60920 'If
numeric, need special test
            IF INSTR("GO", X.SS$) <>0 THEN 61030 'Codes
60900
not valid for numeric
             IF INSTR("RKM"+CHR$(8),X.SS$)<>0 THEN
60910
NUMED.SS%=-1:NEWNUM%=0
60920
          IF INSTR(EXITCHR.SS$,X.SS$)<>0 THEN EXFLD.SS%=-
1:EXSCR.SS%=-1:GOTO 61040 'Check CODE to EXIT SCREEN
60930
          ON INSTR("MKHPGRSO"+CHR$(8)+CHR$(13),X.SS$)
GOSUB
61110,61140,61210,61260,61650,61440,61300,61600,61140,61260
: GOTO 61020
                             ' Invalid extended code
60940
          GOTO 61030
key pressed
60950 '
60960
       IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)="N" AND X.SS$="." THEN
NEWNUM%=0:NUMED.SS%=-1: GOTO 61010
60970 IF ASC(X.SS$)<32 OR ASC(X.SS$)>126 THEN 61030 '
Invalid characters
60980 GOSUB 61750 : IF ERR.MSG% THEN 61030 ' Non-spec char
entered: Test entry
60990 GOSUB 62230
                                          ' Add char to
this field
61000 GOSUB 62310
                                          ' Print new
field
61010 GOSUB 62380
                                          ' Move cursor
to next position
61020 IF ERR.MSG% THEN 60740
                                          ' If error re-
edit this field
61030 WEND
61040 LASTCHR.SS$=X.SS$
                                             ' Set last
character indicator
61050 RETURN
                                         ' Exit from
editing this field
61060 '
61070
********
61080 '**** THE FOLLOWING SUBROUTINES HANDLE EXTENDED
KEYBOARD COMMANDS
                  ****
```

61090 ***** 61095 ' *** DUMMY Subroutine for Function Keys (F1 - F10) 61096 ' *** This is here for user modifications *** 61100 RETURN 61105 '*** Cursor right *** GOSUB 62380 61110 ' Move cursor to next position 61120 RETURN 61130 '*** Cursor left or backspace *** 61140 IF CURCOL[%]=LO.SS[%](F.SS[%],2) THEN 61210 'Goto prior field IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND INSTR(" +-61150 ",MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))<>0 THEN RETURN CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1 61160 'Pos of char in field 61170 IF INSTR("ULX#89", MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1))=0 THEN 61140 'Spec char? LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 61180 61190 RETURN 61200 '*** Cursor up *** Move to next field left 61210 GOSUB 62500 ' Edit check field data before leaving 61220 IF ERR.MSG% THEN RETURN ' Error found EXFLD.SS%=-1 61225 ' Set Flag to Exit this Field IF F.SS%>1 THEN F.SS%=F.SS%-1 ELSE 61230 F.SS%=NUMFLDS.SS% ' Goto prior fld 61240 RETURN 61250 '*** Cursor down or carriage return - Advance to next field *** 61260 GOSUB 62500 ' Edit check field data before leaving 61270 IF ERR.MSG% THEN RETURN ' Don't leave field if error was found EXFLD.SS%=-1 ' Set Flag to Exit 61275 this Field 61277 IF F.SS%=NUMFLDS.SS% AND INSTR(EXITCHR.SS\$, CHR\$(127)) <>0 THEN EXSCR.SS%=-1 'Test to leave screen after last field 61280 IF F.SS%<NUMFLDS.SS% THEN F.SS%=F.SS%+1 ELSE ' Increment fld num to F.SS%=1 next fld 61290 RETURN 61300 ' **** Del key pressed ***** ' Start Del routine for Numeric fld on 61310 ' left of decimal pt

61320 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND A.SS%<DECPOS% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=" "+LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) + RIGHT\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), LE.SS% (F.SS%) - A.SS%): GOTO 61420 ' Start Del routine for Numeric fld on 61330 ' right of decimal pt 61340 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%+1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%)+"0" : GOTO 61420 61350 ' ' Start Del routine for fld w/o nonedit chr 61360 IF SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%+1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%)+" ": GOTO 61420 61370 ' 61380 CNT.SS%=0 ' Start del routine for fld with non-edit chr 61390 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%+1+CNT.SS%,1))<>0 AND CNT.SS%<LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS% : CNT.SS%=CNT.SS%+1 : WEND ' Count until next non-edit chr 61400 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) +MID\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), A.SS%+1, CNT.SS%) +" "+RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%-CNT.SS%) Ŧ New value for field 61410 ' 61420 CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:GOSUB 62340:GOSUB 62380 'Print fld; Set cursor 61430 RETURN 61440 ' ***** Ins key pressed *** 61450 ' ' Start Ins routine for numeric field on leftside of dec pt 61460 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND A.SS%<DECPOS% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2,A.SS%-1) + "0" + RIGHT\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), LE.SS% (F.SS%) - A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61470 ' ' Start Ins routine for numeric field on rightside of dec pt 61480 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+"0"+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61490 ' ' Start Ins routine for non-numeric w/o non-edit characters 61500 IF SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+" "+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61510 ' ' Start Ins routine for non-numeric with non-edit characters

```
61520 NEWVL$=LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+" ":
NEXTCHR$=MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1)
61530 FOR I%=A.SS%+1 TO LE.SS%(F.SS%)
       X.SS$=MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),I%,1): IF
61540
INSTR("ULX#89",X.SS$)=0 THEN NEWVL$=NEWVL$+X.SS$ : GOTO
61570
61550 NEWVLS=NEWVLS+NEXTCHRS :
NEXTCHR$=MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),I%,1)
61560 NEXT I%
61570
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=NEWVL$+MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%), I%+1, LE.SS%(F.SS%))
61580 CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:GOSUB 62310:GOSUB
62380 ' Print fld; Set cursor
61590 RETURN
61600 ' ***** END key pressed *****
61610 CURCOL%=L0.SS%(F.SS%,2)+LE.SS%(F.SS%)-1 :
A.SS \approx LE.SS (F.SS \approx)
61620 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89", MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1))=0
:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1: WEND ' Look for
special protected characters
61630 LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 'Starting
position in this field
61640 RETURN
61650 ' **** HOME key pressed **** put cursor at beginning
of field
61660 A.SS%=1
                                'Find cursor position for
this field
61670 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89",MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))=0
: A.SS%=A.SS%+1 : WEND ' Look for special protected
characters
61680 CURCOL%=L0.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1
61690 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 ' Starting position
in this field
61700 RETURN
61710 '
61715 '
61720 '
             **** ROUTINE TO EDIT-TEST CHARACTER ENTRY
* * * *
61730 '
61740 '***Check for special character type conversion***
61750 ON INSTR("NDMY", TY.SS$(F.SS%)) GOTO
61790,62100,62000,61950
61760 ON INSTR("ULX#89", MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1)) GOTO
61890,61920,62130,61800,62060,62100
61770 PRINT "EDIT PICTURE TYPE
";MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1);" NOT FOUND" : STOP
61780 '
61790 '*** Numeric values; "."; "-"; "+"; " "
```

```
61800 ' NOTE: The decimal point is trapped in the "Accept
input data" routine
61810 IF X.SS$>="0" AND X.SS$<="9" THEN RETURN
61820 IF X.SS$<>"+" AND X.SS$<>"-" AND X.SS$<>" " THEN
61850 ' Is this a + or - sign?
61830 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)="C" THEN RETURN ' +,-," " allowed
anywhere in C type
61840
      IF LEFT(VL.SS(F.SS), A.SS-1) = SPACE(A.SS-1) OR
A.SS%=1 THEN RETURN
            " " "+" and "-" sign only allowed in
61841 '
beginning of number
61850 MSG.SS$=" Only numeric values can be entered here.
Please re-enter. "
61860 GOSUB 62180 : RETURN ' Print error message;
Exit
61870 '
61880 '*** Upper case or any other character***
61890 IF ASC(X.SS$)>96 AND ASC(X.SS$)<123 THEN
X.SS = CHR$ (ASC(X.SS$) - 32)
61900 GOTO 62130
61910 '*** Lower case or any other character***
61920 IF ASC(X.SS$)>65 AND ASC(X.SS$)<91 THEN
X.SS = CHR$ (ASC(X.SS$)+32)
61930 GOTO 62130
61940 '*** Y/N answer only***
61950 IF X.SS$="Y" OR X.SS$="y" THEN X.SS$="Y" : GOTO 62130
61960 IF X.SS$="N" OR X.SS$="n" THEN X.SS$="N" : GOTO 62130
        MSG.SS$=" Only 'Y' or 'N' can be entered here.
61970
Please re-enter. "
61980 GOTO 62180
                         ' Print error message
61990 '*** M/F answer only***
62000 IF X.SS$="M" OR X.SS$="m" THEN X.SS$="M" : GOTO 62130
62010 IF X.SS$="F" OR X.SS$="f" THEN X.SS$="F" : GOTO 62130
62020 MSG.SS$=" Only 'M' or 'F' can be entered here.
Please re-enter. "
62030 GOTO 62180 ' Print error message
62040 '
62050 ' *** Numeric values only ****
62060 IF (ASC(X.SS$)>47 AND ASC(X.SS$)<58) THEN GOTO 62130
62070 MSG.SS$=" Only numeric values can be entered here.
Please re-enter. "
        GOTO 62180 ' Print error message
62080
62090 ' *** Numeric values and " " only ***
62100 IF (ASC(X.SS$)>47 AND ASC(X.SS$)<58) OR X.SS$=" "
THEN GOTO 62130
62110
        MSG.SS$=" Only numeric values or blanks can be
entered here. Please re-enter. "
62120 GOTO 62180 ' Print error message
62130 RETURN
62140 '
```

```
62160 ' **** Print Error Messages *****
62180 ERR.MSG%=-1 : SOUND 500,SD.SS%*1:LOCATE 25,INT(81-
LEN(MSG.SS$))/2,0 :COLOR 0,7:PRINT MSG.SS$;: LOCATE
LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1
62190 WHILE INKEY$<>"" : WEND ' Clear input buffer
after error
62200 RETURN
62210 '
62230 ' **** Add character to current field *****
62250 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)="N" AND NEWNUM% THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1)=MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,A.SS%-
1) +X.SS$+"."+STRING$(LE.SS%(F.SS%),"0") : NEWNUM%=0 :
RETURN ' Restart fld - New num
62260 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%) <> "N" OR NUMED.SS% =-1 THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1)=X.SS$ : RETURN
62270 IF LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1)=" " THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1,A.SS%)=MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),2,A.SS%-
1)+X.SS$ ELSE NUMED.SS%=-1 : GOTO 62260 ' Add
character to left of decimal place
62280 RETURN
62290 '
62310 '*** Print new value of field ***
62330 '
62340 COLOR CL.SS%(F.SS%,1),CL.SS%(F.SS%,2)
                                           ' Set
color for this field
62350 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), LO.SS% (F.SS%, 2), 0 : PRINT
VL.SS$(F.SS%); ' Print field
62360 RETURN
62365 '
62380 '**** Move cursor to new location ****
62400 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)<>"N" OR NUMED.SS%<>0 THEN 62420
       IF LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1)<>" " THEN NUMED.SS%=-1
62410
ELSE A.SS%=DECPOS%-1:CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1:LOCATE
LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 : RETURN
62415 '
62420 IF A.SS%<LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN
A.SS%=A.SS%+1:CURCOL%=CURCOL%+1 ELSE GOSUB 61260 : RETURN
' Advance cursor or go to next field
        IF INSTR("ULX#89", MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1))=0
62430
THEN 62420
        LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1
62440
62450 RETURN
62460 '
```

62480 ' *** Edit check final field result *** 62500 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)<>"N" THEN 62540 ' Check numeric input range 62510 IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))>RG.SS(F.SS%,2) THEN MSG.SS\$=" The maximum value allowed in this field is "+STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,2)): GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 'Print Err Msa 62520 IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%)) < RG.SS(F.SS%,1) THEN MSG.SS\$=" The minimum value allowed in this field is "+STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,1)): GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 'Print Err Msq 62530 ' 62540 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "D" THEN 62720 ' Date edit check 62550 IF VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=" / / " THEN 62720 ' No check 62560 DT.SS=VAL(RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2)+LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2)+MI D\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), 4, 2))62570 IF INSTR("01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08,09,10,11,12",LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F. SS%),2))<>0 THEN 62590 MSG.SS\$="Invalid MONTH in date entered. Please 62580 re-enter.":GOSUB 62180 : RETURN IF INSTR(MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2)," ")=0 AND 62590 VAL(MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2))>0 AND VAL(MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2))<32 THEN 62620 MSG.SS\$="Invalid DAY in date entered. Please 62600 re-enter.":GOSUB 62180:RETURN 62610 ' 62620 IF RG.SS(F.SS%,1)=0 AND RG.SS(F.SS%,2)=0 THEN ' No check 62720 IF RG.SS(F.SS%,2)<RG.SS(F.SS%,1) THEN 62680 62630 'Does date cross century? IF DT.SS>=RG.SS(F.SS%,1) AND 62640 DT.SS<=RG.SS(F.SS%,2) THEN 62720 62650 D1.SS\$=STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,1)) : D2.SS = STR\$ (RG.SS(F.SS%, 2)) 62660 MSG.SSS="The date should be between "+MID\$(D1.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D1.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D1.SS\$,2,2)+" and "+MID\$(D2.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D2.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D2.SS\$,2,2) :GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 62670 ' IF DT.SS>=RG.SS(F.SS%,2) OR DT.SS<=RG.SS(F.SS%,1) 62680 THEN 62720 62690 D1.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS⁸, 2)) : D2.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS%, 1)) 62700 MSG.SS\$="The date should be between "+MID\$(D1.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D1.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D1.SS\$,2,2

```
)+" and
"+MID$(D2.SS$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT$(D2.SS$,2)+"/"+MID$(D2.SS$,2,2
) :GOSUB 62180 : RETURN
62710 '
62720 RETURN
62870 ' ** Test If Monochrome or Color/Graphics Monitor **
62890 DEF SEG=&H40
62900 MONO.SS=(PEEK(&H10) AND &H30)=&H30
62910 IF MONO.SS THEN SCRNSEG.SS%=&HB000 ELSE
SCRNSEG.SS%=&HB800
62920 RETURN
62930 ***********************************
62940 ' ** Error Handling Routine
                              **
62960 ' This routine is used mostly to turn the screen
display back on if
62970 ' a serious problem (such as the screen image file
not found) occurs.
62980 CLS:OUT &H3D8,&H29
                           ' Turn screen display BACK
ON (if off).
62990
                        'The following checks for disk
file errors
63000 IF NOT (ERR=53 OR ERR=57 OR ERR=66 OR (ERR>70 AND
ERR<77)) THEN 63030
63010 LOCATE 10,1:PRINT"There is a problem finding a
file on the disk. Error code="+STR$(ERR)
63020 LOCATE 11,1:PRINT" (HINT: Check disk for .SCR
file)":PRINT
63030 ON ERROR GOTO 0 ' Reset BASIC ERROR handling
```

```
6660 '******** NAVIGATION SUBROUTINE *********
6661 SCREEN 0,1,1,0:COLOR 15,0,4:SCREEN 0,1,0,0:COLOR
15,0,4:CLS:CONTROL1=0:TOTALDIST=0:PRINT
"~K={BACK}, KEYFIX, NOESC, NOMOVE/"
6662 PRINT "~W=LOADOPT/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT Z:IF Z=2 THEN
CHAIN "FILEHALF",,ALL
6663 SCREEN 0,1,0,0:COLOR 15,0,4:CLS:PRINT:ON ERROR GOTO
8600
6664 PRINT TAB(20) "INPUT FORMAT => DEG MIN
    SEC"
6665 PRINT
6666 PRINT TAB(20) "SELECT THE GEOGRAPHIC DATA FOR YOUR
LAT/LONG POINTS"
6667 PRINT
6668 LOCATE 8,25: INPUT "LATITUDE IS N OR S ";GEOLAT$
'South is negative
6669 LOCATE 10,25: INPUT "LONGITUDE IS W OR E ";GEOLONG$
'East is negative
6670 LOCATE 12,25: INPUT "MAGNETIC VARIATION IS W OR E
";MVARTYPE$
6671 IF GEOLAT$="n" THEN GEOLAT$="N"
6672 IF GEOLAT$="s" THEN GEOLAT$="S"
6673 IF GEOLONG$="w" THEN GEOLONG$="W"
6674 IF GEOLONG$="e" THEN GEOLONG$="E"
6675 IF MVARTYPE$="w" THEN MVARTYPE$="W"
6677 IF MVARTYPE$="e" THEN MVARTYPE$="E"
6678 LOCATE 15,20: INPUT "ENTER THE NUMBER OF NAVIGATION
POINTS";N:CLS
6679 LOCATE 2,25: PRINT "NAVIGATION POINT DATA INPUT": LOCATE
2,74:PRINT "PAGE 1"
6680 LOCATE 4,1
6681 FOR I=1 TO N
6682 IF I=10 THEN SCREEN ,,1,0
                                                WRITE TO
PAGE 1
6683 IF I=10 THEN CLS:IF I=10 THEN LOCATE 2,74:IF I=10 THEN
PRINT "PAGE 2"
6684 IF I=10 THEN LOCATE 4,1
6685 PRINT TAB(5) "POINT #";I;TAB(19) "___ DEG ___ MIN
___ SEC ";:COLOR 14:PRINT GEOLAT$:COLOR 15
6686 PRINT TAB(19) "___ DEG ___ MIN ___ SEC ";:COLOR
14:PRINT GEOLONG$;:COLOR 15:PRINT " MVAR= DEG
";:COLOR 14:PRINT MVARTYPE$:COLOR 15
6687 NEXT I
6688 IF N>9 THEN SCREEN ,,0,0
                                                WRITE TO
PAGE 0
6689 COLOR 12
6690 J=3
6691 FOR I=1 TO N
6692 IF I<=9 THEN K=I ELSE K=I-9
6693 IF I>9 THEN SCREEN ,,1,1
                                              'DISPLAY and
WRITE TO PAGE 1
```

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6694 IF I>9 THEN J=K+2
6695 NAVDATA(I, 1) = I
6696 LOCATE K+J, 18, 1, 0, 7: INPUT "
", LATDEG: NAVDATA(I,2) = LATDEG
6697 LOCATE K+J, 30, 1, 0, 7: INPUT "
",LATMIN:NAVDATA(I,3)=LATMIN/60
6698 LOCATE K+J,41,1,0,7:INPUT "
",LATSEC:NAVDATA(I,4)=LATSEC/6000
6699 LOCATE K+J+1,18,1,0,7:INPUT "
", LONGDEG: NAVDATA(I,5) = LONGDEG
6700 LOCATE K+J+1,30,1,0,7:INPUT "
",LONGMIN:NAVDATA(I,6)=LONGMIN/60
6701 LOCATE K+J+1,41,1,0,7:INPUT "
",LONGSEC:NAVDATA(I,7)=LONGSEC/6000
6702 LOCATE K+J+1,62,1,0,7:INPUT " ",MVAR:IF
(MVARTYPE$="E") OR (MVARTYPE$="e") THEN
NAVDATA(I,8)=MVAR*(-1) ELSE NAVDATA(I,8)=MVAR
6703 J=J+1
6705 WAYPTS(I,1)=I
6707 WAYPTS(I,2)=LATDEG+LATMIN/100+LATSEC/10000
6709 WAYPTS(I,3)=LONGDEG+LONGMIN/100+LONGSEC/10000
6720 NEXT I
6730 IF N>9 THEN SCREEN ,,0,0
                                                 'DISPLAY and
WRITE TO PAGE 0
6740 GOSUB 7660: IF SELECTFLAG%=2 THEN ERASE
NAVDATA, COORD, WAYPTS: CHAIN "TOPHALF", 103, ALL
6745 '
6750 'LOCATE 1,1:SCREEN ,,2,2
                                          'SCREENS 0 and 1
ARE SAVED FOR LAT/LONG
6760 ' NOTE:
                                           'SCREEN 2 IS NOW
THE APAGE, VPAGE
6770 ' EDIT INPUT DATA USING WINDOWS
6790 '
6800 ' COORDINATE COMPUTATIONS
6810 '
6820 COLOR 15,1
6840 COORD(1,1)=1:COORD(1,2)=0:COORD(1,3)=0
6850 FOR I=1 TO N-1
6860
     L1=NAVDATA(I,2)+NAVDATA(I,3)+NAVDATA(I,4)
     IF (GEOLAT$="S") OR (GEOLAT$="s") THEN L1=L1*(-1)
6870
6880
     L2=NAVDATA(I+1,2)+NAVDATA(I+1,3)+NAVDATA(I+1,4)
     IF (GEOLAT$="S") OR (GEOLAT$="s") THEN L2=L2*(-1)
6890
      LAMBDA1=NAVDATA(I,5)+NAVDATA(I,6)+NAVDATA(I,7)
6900
      IF (GEOLONG$="E") OR (GEOLONG$="e") THEN
6910
LAMBDA1=LAMBDA1*(-1)
6920
      LAMBDA2=NAVDATA(I+1,5)+NAVDATA(I+1,6)+NAVDATA(I+1,7)
      IF (GEOLONG$="E") OR (GEOLONG$="e") THEN
6930
LAMBDA2 = LAMBDA2 * (-1)
6940 GOSUB 7040
6950 COORD(I+1,1)=I+1
6960 COORD(I+1,2)=D
```

```
6970 COORD(I+1,3)=HDG+NAVDATA(I+1,8)
COMPUTE MAGNETIC HDG
6975 IF COORD(I+1,3)<0 THEN COORD(I+1,3)=360+COORD(I+1,3)
'DISPLAY MAGHDG
6980 NEXT I
6981 FOR I=2 TO N
6982 TOTALDIST=TOTALDIST+COORD(I,2)
6983 NEXT I
6984 'CRUSDATA(26)=TOTALDIST
6990 PRINT "~K={BACK}/"
7000 ' PRINT RESULTS
7012 GOSUB 8000
7015 GOSUB 8200
7040 '******* NAVIGATION COMPUTATION SUBROUTINE
********
7050 '
7060 PI=3.141593
7070 Ll=Ll*PI/180
7080 L2=L2*PI/180
7090 LAMBDA1=LAMBDA1*PI/180
7100 LAMBDA2=LAMBDA2*PI/180
7110 DEF FNARCCOS(X)=1.570796-ATN(X/SQR(1-X^2))
7120 X=(SIN(L1)*SIN(L2)+COS(L1)*COS(L2)*COS(LAMBDA2-
LAMBDA1))
7130 D=60*FNARCCOS(X)*180/PI
7140 Y=(D/60)*PI/180
7150 Z = (SIN(L2) - (SIN(L1) * COS(Y))) / (SIN(Y) * COS(L1))
7155 IF Z>1 THEN Z=1
7160 HDG=FNARCCOS(Z)*180/PI
7170 IF (SIN(LAMBDA2-LAMBDA1)>=0) THEN HDG=360-HDG
7180 RETURN
7190 STOP
7200 '******** SUBROUTINE DBLBOX **********
7210 ' TOP = ROW NUMBER OF UPPER LEFT CORNER
7220 ' LEFT = COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER
7230 ' WIDTZ = WIDTH OF BOX
7240 ' HEIGHT = HEIGHT OF BOX
7250 '
7260 \text{ BOTTOM} = \text{TOP} + \text{HEIGHT}
7270 RIGHT = LEFT + WIDTZ
7280 '
7290 ' LOCATE AND PRINT THE CORNERS OF THE BOX
7300 '
7310 LOCATE TOP, LEFT
7320 PRINT CHR$(201)
                                'PRINTs upper left corner
7330 LOCATE TOP, RIGHT
7340 PRINT CHR$(187)
                                'PRINTs upper right corner
7350 LOCATE BOTTOM, LEFT
7360 PRINT CHR$(200)
                                'PRINTs lower left corner
7370 LOCATE BOTTOM, RIGHT
7380 PRINT CHR$(188)
                                'PRINTs lower right corner
```

```
7390 '
7400 ' DRAW THE TOP, BOTTOM, AND SIDES OF THE BOX
7410 '
7420 FOR COL = (LEFT + 1) TO (RIGHT - 1)
                                            'top and
bottom
7430 LOCATE TOP, COL
7440 PRINT CHR$(205)
7450 LOCATE BOTTOM, COL
7460 PRINT CHR$(205)
7470 NEXT COL
7480 FOR ROW = (TOP + 1) TO (BOTTOM - 1)
                                            'left and
right sides
7490 LOCATE ROW, LEFT
7500 PRINT CHR$(186)
7510 LOCATE ROW, RIGHT
7520 PRINT CHR$(186)
7530 NEXT ROW
7540 RETURN
7550 '
7560 '******** PRINT SCREEN ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE SUBROUTINE
******
7580 A%(0)=&HCD55
7590 \ A^{(1)} = \& H5D05
7600 A%(2)=&H90CB
7610 SUBRT = VARPTR(A%(0))
7620 CALL SUBRT
7640 RETURN
7650 '
*******
7662 LOCATE 1,1,0:PRINT "~W=EDITSEL/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"", DISP:SCREEN ,,0,0
7663 IF DISP=4 THEN CHAIN "ZEROOUT", ALL
7664 IF DISP=3 THEN RETURN
7666 IF DISP=2 THEN LOCATE 1,1:GOTO 7711
7668 IF DISP=1 THEN GOSUB 7800
7670 GOTO 7660
7711 PRINT "~W=FILING, NOWAIT/":LOCATE 1,1:INPUT "ENTER
DRIVE:FILENAME => ";A$:OPEN A$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1:WRITE
#1,N
7712 FOR I=1 TO N:FOR J=1 TO 8:WRITE #1,NAVDATA(I,J):NEXT
J:NEXT I
7714 CLOSE #1:PRINT "~C=LAST/":LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "
11
7715 BS=AS+".WPT"
7716 OPEN B$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1:WRITE #1, N: FOR I=1 TO N:FOR
J=1 TO 3: WRITE #1, WAYPTS(I,J):NEXT J:NEXT I:CLOSE #1
7718 C$=A$+".CHA":OPEN C$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1:WRITE
#1,GEOLAT$,GEOLONG$,MVARTYPE$:CLOSE #1:GOTO 7660
7720 RETURN
7800 '********** LAT/LONG EDITING SUBROUTINE *********
```

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```
7805 LOCATE 1,1,1,0,7:PRINT "EDIT POINT # ";
7810 LOCATE 1,3:PRINT "~W=EDITPTS/";:INPUT B
7812 IF (DISP=1) AND (B=0) GOTO 7670
7814 IF (DISP=1) AND (B<>0) THEN PTNUM=B
7820 LOCATE 1,1,0
7830 IF PTNUM>9 THEN SCREEN 0,1,1,1 ELSE SCREEN 0,1,0,0
7840 ROW=0
7850 FOR I=1 TO PTNUM
7860 IF PTNUM=I THEN LOCATE PTNUM+I+2,19
7870 ROW=PTNUM+I+2
7880 NEXT I
7890 PRINT " ";:LOCATE ROW, 31:PRINT " ";:LOCATE
ROW, 42: PRINT " ";
7900 LOCATE ROW+1,19:PRINT " ";:LOCATE ROW+1,31:PRINT
" ";:LOCATE ROW+1,42:PRINT " ";:LOCATE ROW+1,63:PRINT
" " :
7910 LOCATE ROW, 18: INPUT " ", LATDEG: NAVDATA (PTNUM, 2) = LATDEG
7920 LOCATE ROW, 30: INPUT "
", LATMIN: NAVDATA (PTNUM, 3) = LATMIN/60
7930 LOCATE ROW, 41: INPUT "
", LATSEC: NAVDATA (PTNUM, 4) =LATSEC/6000
7940 LOCATE ROW+1,18:INPUT "
", LONGDEG: NAVDATA (PTNUM, 5) = LONGDEG
7950 LOCATE ROW+1,30:INPUT "
", LONGMIN: NAVDATA (PTNUM, 6) = LONGMIN/60
7960 LOCATE ROW+1,41:INPUT "
", LONGSEC: NAVDATA (PTNUM, 7) =LONGSEC/6000
7970 LOCATE ROW+1,62:INPUT " ",MVAR:IF (MVARTYPE$="E") OR
(MVARTYPE$="e") THEN NAVDATA(PTNUM,8)=MVAR*-1 ELSE
NAVDATA (PTNUM, 8) = MVAR
7972 WAYPTS(PTNUM, 2)=LATDEG+LATMIN/100+LATSEC/10000
7974 WAYPTS (PTNUM, 3)=LONGDEG+LONGMIN/100+LONGSEC/10000
                                                      ...
7976 LOCATE 1,1,0:PRINT "
7980 RETURN
7990 END
8000 '******** COORDINATE COMPUTATION PRINTOUT SUBROUTINE
********
8010 '
8020 CLS
8030 LOCATE 3,20:PRINT "TO POINT # DISTANCE (nm)
MAG HDG (deg)"
8040 LOCATE 4,20:PRINT
8050 FOR I=1 TO N
8060 LOCATE I+4,22:PRINT COORD(I,1)
8070 LOCATE I+4,33:PRINT USING "#######:#";COORD(I,2)
8080 LOCATE I+4,51:PRINT USING "######";COORD(I,3)
8090 NEXT I
8095 LOCATE 16,20:PRINT "NAV ROUTE DISTANCE = ";:PRINT
USING "####.#";TOTALDIST;:PRINT " nm"
8100 TOP=2:LEFT=14:WIDTZ=55:HEIGHT=20:GOSUB 7200
```

8105 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560:LPRINT CHR\$(12) 'AUTO PRINTSCREEN 8110 LOCATE 24,27,0:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE" 8120 ANSS=INKEYS: IF ANSS="" THEN 8120 8130 RETURN 8200 '******** LOW LEVEL NAV AND PERFORMANCE SUBROUTINE ****** 8210 HCRUISE=LLALT:ALT=LLALT:HDWIND=0 8225 CHAIN "TOPHALF", 3053, ALL 'CRUISE PERFORMANCE 8230 A1=WAYPTS(1,2):A2=WAYPTS(1,3):A3=WAYPTS(2,2):A4=WAYPTS(2,3)8235 A5=WAYPTS(3,2):A6=WAYPTS(3,3):A7=WAYPTS(4,2):A8=WAYPTS(4,3)8240 A9=WAYPTS(5,2):A10=WAYPTS(5,3):A11=WAYPTS(6,2):A12=WAYPTS(6 ,3) 8245 A13=WAYPTS(7,2):A14=WAYPTS(7,3):A15=WAYPTS(8,2):A16=WAYPTS(8.3) 8250 A17=WAYPTS(9,2):A18=WAYPTS(9,3) 8255 B1=NAVDATA(1,8):B2=NAVDATA(2,8):B3=NAVDATA(3,8):B4=NAVDATA(4,8) 8260 B5=NAVDATA(5,8):B6=NAVDATA(6,8):B7=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(6,8):B7=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(6,8):B7=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(6,8):B7=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(6,8):B7=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(6,8):B7=NAVDATA(7,8):B8=NAVDATA(78,8) 8265 B9=NAVDATA(9,8) 8270 C1=COORD(2,3):C2=COORD(2,2):C3=COORD(3,3):C4=COORD(3,2)8275 C5=COORD(4,3):C6=COORD(4,2):C7=COORD(5,3):C8=COORD(5,2) 8280 C9=COORD(6,3):C10=COORD(6,2):C11=COORD(7,3):C12=COORD(7,2) 8285 C13=COORD(8,3):C14=COORD(8,2):C15=COORD(9,3):C16=COORD(9,2) 8290 LT2=C2/LLKGS 'LEG TIME IN HOURS 8295 D1=FIX(LT2) 8300 D2 = (LT2 - D1) * (60)8305 D3=D1 8310 D4=D2 8315 LT3=C4/LLKGS 8320 D5=FIX(LT3) 8325 D6 = (LT3 - D5) * (60)8335 D7=D3+D5:D8=D4+D6 8340 IF D8>=60 THEN D8=D8-60:D7=D7+1 8345 LT4=C6/LLKGS 8350 D9=FIX(LT4) 8355 D10 = (LT4 - D9) * (60)8365 D11=D7+D9:D12=D8+D10

```
8370 IF D12>=60 THEN D12=D12-60:D11=D11+1
8375 LT5=C8/LLKGS
8380 D13=FIX(LT5)
8385 D14=(LT5-D13)*(60)
8395 D15=D11+D13:D16=D12+D14
8400 IF D16>=60 THEN D16=D16-60:D15=D15+1
8405 LT6=C10/LLKGS
8410 D17=FIX(LT6)
8415 D18=(LT6-D17)*(60)
8425 D19=D15+D17:D20=D16+D18
8430 IF D20>=60 THEN D20=D20-60:D19=D19+1
8435 LT7=C12/LLKGS:D21=FIX(LT7):D22=(LT7-D21)*(60)
8445 D23=D19+D21:D24=D20+D22
8450 IF D24>=60 THEN D24=D24-60:D23=D23+1
8455 LT8=C14/LLKGS:D25=FIX(LT8):D26=(LT8-D25)*(60)
8465 D27=D23+D25:D28=D24+D26
8470 IF D28>=60 THEN D28=D28-60:D27=D27+1
8475 LT9=C16/LLKGS:D29=FIX(LT9):D30=(LT9-D29)*(60)
8485 D31=D27+D29:D32=D28+D30
8490 IF D32>=60 THEN D32=D32-60:D31=D31+1
8495
E2=LT2*WF:E4=LT3*WF:E6=LT4*WF:E8=LT5*WF:E10=LT6*WF:E12=LT7*
WF:E14=LT8*WF
8500
E16=LT9*WF:F3=E2+E4+E6+E8+E10+E12+E14+E16:F2=D32:F1=D31
8505 E1=LLFUEL1:E3=E1-E2:E5=E3-E4:E7=E5-E6:E9=E7-E8:E11=E9-
E10:E13=E11-E12
8510 E15=E13-E14:E17=E15-E16:F4=E17
8512 SCREEN 0,1,0,2:CLS:SCREEN ,,0,0:LOCATE 1,1
8515 SCR.SS%=3:INIT.SS%=-1:GOSUB 60000
8517 IF LABEL=1 THEN LOCATE 1,1:COLOR 15:PRINT "ROUTE:
":ROUTES
8518 IF OUTPUT=1 THEN GOSUB 7560:LPRINT CHR$(12)
'AUTO PRINTSCREEN
8519 LOCATE 25,1:PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE";
8520 ANS$=INKEY$:IF ANS$="" THEN 8520:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT "
11 ;
8525 LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~W=FINALOPT/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"", FINALOPT%:SCREEN ,,0,0
8527 '
8530 IF FINALOPT%=1 THEN LOAD "TOPHALF",R
8532 IF FINALOPT%=2 THEN ERASE COORD, NAVDATA, WAYPTS: CHAIN
"TOPHALF", 103, ALL
8534 '
8535 IF FINALOPT%=3 THEN CHAIN "TOPHALF", 130, ALL
8600 IF ERR=13 THEN PRINT "~W=TYPEERR/":SCREEN
0,1,3,0:INPUT CONTROLL
8610 IF CONTROL1=1 THEN SCREEN 0,1,0,0:CONTROL1=0:RESUME
8620 ON ERROR GOTO 0
10000 ON ERROR GOTO 62980 ' Error Handling Routine -
Delete
```

' if it conflicts with your 10010 own Variables Section For B:XCINPUT 30005 ' 30015 VL.SS\$(1)=STR\$(TEMP): VL.SS\$(2)=STR\$(PA): VL.SS\$(3) = STR\$(TOGW):30020 VL.SS\$(4)=STR\$(RLENGTH): VL.SS\$(5)=STR\$(DC6): VL.SS\$(6) = STR\$(DC7):30025 VL.SS\$(7)=STR\$(DC8): VL.SS\$(8)=STR\$(DC9): VL.SS\$(9) = STR\$(CMACH):30030 VL.SS\$(10)=STR\$(HCRUISE): VL.SS\$(11)=STR\$(HDWIND): VL.SS\$(12) = STR\$(HSD):30035 VL.SS\$(13)=STR\$(HED): VL.SS\$(14)=STR\$(FUELLOAD): 30040 RETURN 30050 ' Assign VL.SS\$ Array to the variables 30060 TEMP=VAL(VL.SS(1)): PA=VAL(VL.SS(2)): TOGW=VAL(VL.SS(3)):30065 RLENGTH=VAL(VL.SS(4)):DC6=VAL(VL.SS(5)):DC7=VAL(VL.SS(6))): 30070 DC8=VAL(VL.SS\$(7)):DC9=VAL(VL.SS\$(8)):CMACH=VAL(VL.SS\$(9)):30075 HCRUISE=VAL(VL.SS\$(10)):HDWIND=VAL(VL.SS\$(11)):HSD=VAL(VL.S S\$(12)): 30080 HED=VAL(VL.SS\$(13)):FUELLOAD=VAL(VL.SS\$(14)): 30085 RETURN 30095 ' Section To Initialize Variables To Initial Values 30105 TEMP=0: PA=0: TOGW=31200: RLENGTH=13500: DC6=0: 30110 DC7=0: DC8=0: DC9=0: CMACH=0!: HCRUISE=27000: 30115 HDWIND=0: HSD=27000: HED=0: FUELLOAD=10000: 30120 RETURN 30130 ' **** List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only **** Variables 30135 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit 30145 DATA 53,5,6,"N","#######",0,120,15,0,0 30150 DATA 53,6,6,"N","#######",0,8000,15,0,0 30155 DATA 53,7,6,"N","#######",25000,42000,15,0,0 30160 DATA 53,8,6,"N","#######",0,99999,15,0,0 30165 DATA 53,9,6,"N","###XXX",0,999,15,0,0 30170 DATA 53,10,6,"N","########,0,999,15,0,0 30175 DATA 53,11,6,"N","#######",0,999,15,0,0 30180 DATA 53,12,6,"N","########,0,999,15,0,0 30185 DATA 53,13,6,"N","###.##",0.00,1.20,15,0,1 30190 DATA 53,14,6,"N","#######",100,46000,15,0,0 30195 DATA 53,15,6,"N","#######",-200,200,15,0,0 30200 DATA 53,16,6,"N","#######",100,46000,15,0,0 30205 DATA 53,17,6,"N","#######",0,46000,15,0,0 30210 DATA 53,19,6,"N","#######",0,20000,15,0,0 30215 RETURN

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```
Screen Display Initialization Statements
30225 '
30235 NUMFLDS.SS%=14: FILNM.SS$="XCINPUT.SCR":
30240 EXITCHR.SS$=CHR$(27)+CHR$(127)+""
30245 RESTORE 30130
30250 RETURN
30255 '
30260 '
           Variables Section For B:LLINPUT
30265 '
30270 VL.SS$(1)=STR$(LLALT): VL.SS$(2)=STR$(LLKGS):
VL.SS$(3)=STR$(LLFUEL1):
30275 RETURN
30280
30285 '
           Assign VL.SS$ Array to the variables
30290 '
30295
LLALT=VAL(VL.SS$(1)):LLKGS=VAL(VL.SS$(2)):LLFUEL1=VAL(VL.SS
$(3)):
30300 RETURN
30305 '
            Section To Initialize Variables To Initial
30310 '
Values
30315 '
30320 LLALT=200: LLKGS=360: LLFUEL1=0:
30325 RETURN
30330 '
30335 '
            ****
                  List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only
           ****
Variables
30340 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High
Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit
30345 '
30350 DATA 48,8,5,"N","######",100,25000,15,0,0
30355 DATA 48,11,5,"N","######",0,700,15,0,0
30360 DATA 48,14,5,"N","######",0,16000,15,0,0
30365 RETURN
30370 '
30375 '
           Screen Display Initialization Statements
30380 '
30385 NUMFLDS.SS%=3: FILNM.SS$="LLINPUT.SCR":
30390 EXITCHR.SS$=CHR$(27)+CHR$(127)+""
30395 RESTORE 30335
30400 RETURN
30405 '
30410 '
           Variables Section For B:LLJETLOG
30415 '
30420 RETURN
30425 '
30430 '
           Assign VL.SS$ Array to the variables
30435 '
30440 RETURN
30445 '
```

30450 ' Section To Initialize Variables To Initial Values 30455 ' 30460 RETURN 30465 ' 30470 ' **** List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only Variables **** 30475 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit 30480 ' 30485 COLOR 15,0: LOCATE 4,13: PRINT LEFT\$(GEOLAT\$+LEFT\$(BLNK.SS\$, 1-LEN(GEOLAT\$)),1); 30490 COLOR 15,0: LOCATE 4,17: PRINT LEFT\$ (GEOLONG\$+LEFT\$ (BLNK.SS\$, 1-LEN (GEOLONG\$)), 1); 30495 COLOR 15,0: LOCATE 4,32: PRINT LEFT\$(MVARTYPE\$+LEFT\$(BLNK.SS\$, 1-LEN(MVARTYPE\$)),1); 30505 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 7,12: PRINT USING "############## A2; 30510 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,12: PRINT USING "#############; A3;. 30520 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,12: PRINT USING "##########; A5; 30525 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 11,12: PRINT USING "############; A6; 30530 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 12,12: PRINT USING "##########; A7; 30535 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 13,12: PRINT USING "###########; A8; 30540 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,12: PRINT USING "###########; A9: 30545 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 15,12: PRINT USING "###########; A10; 30550 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,12: PRINT USING "##########; All: 30555 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 17,12: PRINT USING "############; A12; 30560 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,12: PRINT USING "##########; A13; 30565 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 19,12: PRINT USING "############; A14; 30570 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,12: PRINT USING "############; A15; 30575 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 21,12: PRINT USING "############; A16; 30580 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,12: PRINT USING "###########; A17; 30585 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT USING "#############; A18; 30590 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 6,27: PRINT USING "########; B1; 30595 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,27: PRINT USING "#######; B2; 30600 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,27: PRINT USING "########; B3;

30610 30625 30625 30630 30635 30640 30645 30650 30655 30660 30665 30670 30675 30680	COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR	14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1: 14,1:	LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE LOCATE	<pre>16,27: 18,27: 20,27: 22,27: 8,36: 9,36: 10,36: 11,36: 12,36: 13,36: 14,36:</pre>	PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT PRINT	USING USING USING USING JSING USING USING USING USING USING USING		# # ";] # # ";]	B5; B6; B7; B8; B9; C2; ; C3; ; C4; ; C5; ; C6; ; C7; ; C8; ; C9;
C10; 30685	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	18,36:	PRINT	USING	** # # # #	####"	;
Cll; 30690	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	19,36:	PRINT	USING	** # # # #	##.#"	;
C12; 30695	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	20,36:	PRINT	USING	** # # # #	####"	;
Cl3; 30700	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	21,36:	PRINT	USING	** # # # #	##.#"	;
C14; 30705		·	LOCATE					####"	
C15;									
30710 C16;	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	23,36:	PRINT	USING	**####	##•#"	;
30715	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT U				;
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT U		**		
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT U		** # # # # #		;
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT U		"##";		_
	COLOR		LOCATE		PRINT			#"; D	5;
	COLOR		LOCATE	•	PRINT				_
30745	COLOR		LOCATE	11,47:				#"; D	/;
	COLOR			11,53:		USING			• •
30755	COLOR	•	LOCATE	12,47:		USING		#"; D	9;
30760	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	12,53:		USING		D10; #"; D	
30765 30770	COLOR COLOR	14,1: 14,1:	LOCATE LOCATE	13,47: 13,53:		USING USING		D12;	±±,
30775	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	14,47:		USING		#"; D	13.
30780	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	14,53:		USING		^T D14;	137
30785	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	15,47:		USING		#"; D	15:
30790	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	15,53:		USING		D16;	,
30795	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	16,47:		USING		#"; D	17;
30800	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	16,53:		USING		D18;	
30805	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	17,47:	PRINT	USING	"####	#"; D	19;
30810	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	17,53:		USING		D20;	
30815	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	18,47:		USING		#"; D	21;
30820	COLOR	14,1:	LOCATE	18,53:	PRINT	USING	"##";	D22;	

30825 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 19,47: PRINT USING "######; D23; 30830 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 19,53: PRINT USING "##"; D24; 30835 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,47: PRINT USING "######; D25; 30840 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,53: PRINT USING "##"; D26; 30845 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 21,47: PRINT USING "######; D27; 30850 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 21,53: PRINT USING "##"; D28; 30855 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,47: PRINT USING "######; D29; 30860 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,53: PRINT USING "##"; D30; 30865 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 23,47: PRINT USING "######; D31; 30870 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 23,53: PRINT USING "##"; D32; 30875 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 6,69: PRINT USING "###########; E1; 30880 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,58: PRINT USING "########## ; E2; 30885 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 8,69: PRINT USING "###########; E3; 30890 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,58: PRINT USING "##########; E4; 30895 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 10,69: PRINT USING "###########; E5; 30905 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 12,69: PRINT USING "###########; E7; 30910 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,58: PRINT USING "#########; E8; 30915 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 14,69: PRINT USING "###########; E9; 30920 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,58: PRINT USING "##########; E10; 30925 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 16,69: PRINT USING "###########; Ell; 30930 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,58: PRINT USING "#########;; E12; 30935 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 18,69: PRINT USING "###########; E13; 30940 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,58: PRINT USING "##########; E14; 30945 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 20,69: PRINT USING "###########; E15: 30950 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,58: PRINT USING "##########; E16; 30955 COLOR 14,1: LOCATE 22,69: PRINT USING "###########; E17: 30960 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,36: PRINT USING "#########;#"; TOTALDIST; 30965 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,47: PRINT USING "######; F1; 30970 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,53: PRINT USING "##"; F2; 30975 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,58: PRINT USING "##########; F3; 30980 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 24,69: PRINT USING "###########; F4; 30985 RETURN 30990 ' Screen Display Initialization Statements 30995 ' 31000 ' 31005 NUMFLDS.SS%=0: FILNM.SS\$="LLJETLOG.SCR": 31010 EXITCHR.SS\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(127)+""

31015 RESTORE 30470 31020 RETURN 60000 ' 60085 IF SAME.SS% THEN 60200 'To return to the SAME screen with SAME values 60090 IF SCR.SS%=SCRLST.SS% THEN 60140 ' If same screen as last, don't reload 60100 ' Get screen setup parameters ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30225, 30375, 30995 60105 ' Read field data GOSUB 60550 60110 for this screen ' Turn off screen 60120 OUT &H3D8,&H1 display 60125 CALL QUBLOAD (FILNM.SS\$) '<- For QuickBASIC, See READ.ME file DEF SEG=SCRNSEG.SS% : BLOAD FILNM.SS\$,0 :DEF SEG ' 60130 Load screen picture 60135 ' Set initial values 60140 IF INIT.SS% THEN ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30095, 30310, 30450 60145 ' Assign current values to screen array ON SCR.SS% GOSUB OUT &H3D8,&H29 60155 30005, 30260, 30410 60160 ' Turn on screen display ' Pad fields with 60170 GOSUB 60590 blanks and display 60175 ' Display initial DISPLAY variables 60180 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30130, 30335, 30470 OUT &H3D8, &H29 60185 Turn on screen display 60190 ' 60195 F.SS%=1 : SCRLST.SS%=SCR.SS% 60200 COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT BLNK.SS\$; 'Clr msg from prior screen 60205 IF NUMFLDS.SS%=0 THEN RETURN 'Exit if no fields on screen 'Make cursor 60210 LOCATE ,,,0,13 size large 'Tnitialize 60215 EXSCR.SS%=0 Flag For Screen Exit 'Loop on each field(until 60220 WHILE NOT EXSCR.SS% Exit Flag is set) 60250 GOSUB 60740 'Accept input data for this field 60260 60320 WEND 60360 ' 60370 **'**
60390 COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT BLNK.SS\$;:LOCATE 25,15:PRINT "... Please WAIT A Moment While Checking Fields 60400 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% ' Test Each Field Before Leaving Screen ' Check contents of 60410 GOSUB 62500 this field 60420 IF ERR.MSG%=-1 THEN EXSCR.SS%=0 : GOTO 60220 'Error Detected 60430 NEXT F.SS% 60440 F.SS%=FLDLST.SS% 'Reset Field indicator 60450 ! 60455 'Assign new field values 60460 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30050, 30285, 30430 60470 RETURN 'Exit this subroutine 60480 ' 60490 ***** 60500 **'** 60510 ' 60530 ' **** Read Field Data For This Screen **** 60550 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% READ 60555 LO.SS% (F.SS%, 2), LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), LE.SS% (F.SS%), TY.SS\$ (F.SS%) , PIC.SS\$ (F.SS%), RG.SS (F.SS%, 1), RG.SS (F.SS%, 2), CL.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CL.SS% (F.SS%, 2), SPECCHR.SS% (F.SS%) 60560 NEXT F.SS% 60565 RETURN 60570 **'** 60575 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * 60580 '*** Pad Fields With Blanks, Insert Special Characters, and Display Flds 60585 ******** 60590 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN 60655 ' This section 60595 for non-numeric types IF LEN(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))>LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN 60600 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), LE.SS%(F.SS%)): GOTO 60610

```
60605
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=VL.SS$(F.SS%)+MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-
LEN(VL.SS$(F.SS%)))
             IF INSTR("CD", TY.SS$(F.SS%))=0 OR
60610
SPECCHR.SS^{(F.SS^{)}=0} THEN 60690
60615
                CNT.SS%=0
60620
                FOR J.SS%=1 TO LE.SS%(F.SS%)
Insert Special chars
60625
                    IF
INSTR("ULX#89",MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS$),J.SS$,1))=0 THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),J.SS%,1)=MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),J.SS%,1) :
CNT.SS%=CNT.SS%+1
60630
                    IF CNT.SS%=SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%) THEN
60690
60635
               NEXT J.SS%
                                 ' End of "non-numeric
60640
             GOTO 60690
type" section
60645 '
60650 '
                                 ' The following section is
for numeric types
60655
          NUMDEC%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)-INSTR(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),".")
' Calc # of dec places
60657
          IF LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1)=" " THEN
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=RIGHT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),LEN(VL.SS$(F.SS%))-1) '
Strip leading blank
          IF NUMDEC%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN NUMDEC%=0:
60660
NUMINT%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) ELSE NUMINT%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)-NUMDEC%-1
' Calc # of interger places
60665
          IF VAL(VL.SS$(F.SS%))=0 THEN
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=LEFT$(MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,NUMINT%-
1)+"0."+STRING$(NUMDEC%,"0"),LE.SS%(F.SS%)): GOTO 60690
' If no initial value
60670
             DEC.VL%=INSTR(VL.SS$(F.SS%),".") : IF
DEC.VL%=0 THEN DEC.VL%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)+1
' Position of decimal point in data
60675
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=LEFT$(RIGHT$(MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,NUMINT%)+LEFT$(V
L.SS$(F.SS%), DEC.VL%-
1), NUMINT%)+"."+MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%), DEC.VL%+1)+STRING$(NUMDE
C%,"0"),LE.SS%(F.SS%))
60680 '
60685 '
                                ' Display Contents Of This
60690 GOSUB 62310
Field
60695 NEXT F.SS%
60700 RETURN
60705 '
60710 '
60715 '
```

60720 ' *** Accept Input Data For The Current Field *** 60725 ' 60730 **'** 60740 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)<>"N" THEN A.SS%=1 : GOTO 60790 NEWNUM%=-1:NUMED.SS%=0 'Set Flags for num 60750 fld 60760 DECPOS%=INSTR(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),".") : IF DECPOS%=0 THEN DECPOS%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)+1 A.SS%=DECPOS%-1 60770 ' Look for non-60780 ! edit characters 60790 WHILE INSTR("ULX#98",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS\$),A.SS\$,1))=0: A.SS%=A.SS%+1: WEND 60800 CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1 ' Find cursor position on screen 60810 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 ' Starting position in this field 60820 ' 60830 FLDLST.SS% = F.SS% ' Reset field indicator 60840 EXFLD.SS%=0 ' Initializei flag to exit this field 60850 WHILE NOT EXFLD.SS% ' Loop while still editing this field 60860 X.SS\$=INKEY\$: IF X.SS\$="" THEN 60860 ' Wait for next keyboard character 60870 IF ERR.MSG% THEN ERR.MSG%=0 : COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1,0:PRINT STRING\$(79," "); ' Erase old message line. 60880 IF LEN(X.SS\$)>1 OR INSTR(CHR\$(8)+CHR\$(13)+CHR\$(27), X.SS\$) <>0 THEN ŧ X.SS\$=RIGHT\$(X.SS\$,1) ELSE 60960 Extented code key pressed? ON INSTR(";<=>?@ABCD",X.SS\$) GOSUB 60885 61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100 ' This is a DUMMY statement. It traps the Function Keys (F1 - F10). It is here to make user modifications simpler. ' For the above line to be active, you 60887 need to set all Function Key values to null. i.e. - KEY 1,""; KEY 2,"" etc. IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "N" THEN 60920 'If 60890 numeric, need special test IF INSTR("GO", X.SS\$) <>0 THEN 61030 'Codes 60900 not valid for numeric IF INSTR("RKM"+CHR\$(8),X.SS\$)<>0 THEN 60910 NUMED.SS%=-1:NEWNUM%=0 60920 IF INSTR(EXITCHR.SS\$,X.SS\$) <>0 THEN EXFLD.SS%=-1:EXSCR.SS%=-1:GOTO 61040 'Check CODE to EXIT SCREEN

60930 ON INSTR("MKHPGRSO"+CHR\$(8)+CHR\$(13),X.SS\$) GOSUB 61110,61140,61210,61260,61650,61440,61300,61600,61140,61260 : GOTO 61020 ' Invalid extended code 60940 GOTO 61030 key pressed 60950 **'** IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND X.SS\$="." THEN 60960 NEWNUM%=0:NUMED.SS%=-1: GOTO 61010 IF ASC(X.SS\$) <32 OR ASC(X.SS\$) >126 THEN 61030 ' 60970 Invalid characters 60980 GOSUB 61750 : IF ERR.MSG% THEN 61030 ' Non-spec char entered: Test entry 60990 GOSUB 62230 ' Add char to this field ' Print new 61000 GOSUB 62310 field 61010 GOSUB 62380 ' Move cursor to next position 61020 IF ERR.MSG% THEN ' If error re-60740 edit this field 61030 WEND 61040 LASTCHR.SS\$=X.SS\$ ' Set last character indicator 61050 RETURN ' Exit from editing this field 61060 ' 61070 ********** 61080 '**** THE FOLLOWING SUBROUTINES HANDLE EXTENDED KEYBOARD COMMANDS **** 61090 ***** 61095 ' *** DUMMY Subroutine for Function Keys (F1 - F10) 61096 ' *** This is here for user modifications *** 61100 RETURN 61105 '*** Cursor right *** 61110 GOSUB 62380 ' Move cursor to next position 61120 RETURN 61130 '*** Cursor left or backspace *** 61140 IF CURCOL[%]=LO.SS[%](F.SS[%],2) THEN 61210 'Goto prior field IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND INSTR(" +-61150 ",MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))<>0 THEN RETURN CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1 61160 'Pos of char in field IF INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))=0 61170 THEN 61140 'Spec char?

LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 61180 61190 RETURN 61200 '*** Cursor up *** Move to next field left 61210 GOSUB 62500 ' Edit check field data before leaving 61220 IF ERR.MSG% THEN RETURN ' Error found EXFLD.SS%=-1 61225 ' Set Flag to Exit this Field IF F.SS%>1 THEN F.SS%=F.SS%-1 ELSE 61230 F.SS%=NUMFLDS.SS% ' Goto prior fld 61240 RETURN 61250 '*** Cursor down or carriage return - Advance to next field *** 61260 GOSUB 62500 ' Edit check field data before leaving 61270 IF ERR.MSG% THEN RETURN ' Don't leave field if error was found 61275 EXFLD.SS%=-1 ' Set Flag to Exit this Field 61277 IF F.SS%=NUMFLDS.SS% AND INSTR(EXITCHR.SS\$, CHR\$(127)) <>0 THEN EXSCR.SS%=-1 'Test to leave screen after last field IF F.SS%<NUMFLDS.SS% THEN F.SS%=F.SS%+1 ELSE 61280 ' Increment fld num to F.SS%=1 next fld 61290 RETURN 61300 ' **** Del key pressed ***** 61310 ' ' Start Del routine for Numeric fld on left of decimal pt 61320 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND A.SS%<DECPOS% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=" "+LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) + RIGHT\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), LE.SS% (F.SS%) - A.SS%): GOTO 61420 61330 ' ' Start Del routine for Numeric fld on right of decimal pt 61340 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%+1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%)+"0" : GOTO 61420 ' Start Del routine for fld w/o non-61350 ' edit chr 61360 IF SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%+1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%)+" ": GOTO 61420 61370 ' 61380 CNT.SS%=0 ' Start del routine for fld with non-edit chr 61390 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89", MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%), A.SS%+1+CNT.SS%, 1)) <>0

AND CNT.SS%<LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS% : CNT.SS%=CNT.SS%+1 : WEND ' Count until next non-edit chr 61400 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) + MID\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), A.SS%+1, CNT.SS%) +" "+RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%-CNT.SS%) ÷. New value for field 61410 ' 61420 CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:GOSUB 62340:GOSUB 62380 'Print fld; Set cursor 61430 RETURN 61440 ' ***** Ins key pressed *** ' Start Ins routine for numeric field on 61450 ' leftside of dec pt 61460 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND A.SS%<DECPOS% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2,A.SS%-1) + "0" + RIGHT\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), LE.SS% (F.SS%) - A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61470 ' ' Start Ins routine for numeric field on rightside of dec pt 61480 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+"0"+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61490 ' ' Start Ins routine for non-numeric w/o non-edit characters 61500 IF SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+" "+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 ' Start Ins routine for non-numeric with 61510 ' non-edit characters 61520 NEWVL\$=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+" ": NEXTCHR\$=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1) 61530 FOR 1%=A.SS%+1 TO LE.SS%(F.SS%) X.SS\$=MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),I%,1): IF 61540 INSTR("ULX#89",X.SS\$)=0 THEN NEWVL\$=NEWVL\$+X.SS\$: GOTO 61570 61550 NEWVL\$=NEWVL\$+NEXTCHR\$: NEXTCHR\$=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),I%,1) 61560 NEXT 1% 61570 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=NEWVL\$+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),I%+1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)) 61580 CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:GOSUB 62310:GOSUB 62380 ' Print fld; Set cursor 61590 RETURN 61600 ' ***** END key pressed ***** 61610 CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+LE.SS%(F.SS%)-1 : A.SS = LE.SS (F.SS) 61620 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89", MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1))=0 :A.SS%=A.SS%-1:CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1: WEND ' Look for special protected characters

61630 LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 'Starting position in this field 61640 RETURN 61650 ' **** HOME key pressed **** put cursor at beginning of field 61660 A.SS%=1 'Find cursor position for this field 61670 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89", MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1))=0 : A.SS%=A.SS%+1 : WEND ' Look for special protected characters 61680 CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1 61690 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 ' Starting position in this field 61700 RETURN 61710 ' 61715 ' 61720 ' **** ROUTINE TO EDIT-TEST CHARACTER ENTRY **** 61730 ' 61740 '***Check for special character type conversion*** 61750 ON INSTR("NDMY", TY.SS\$(F.SS%)) GOTO 61790,62100,62000,61950 61760 ON INSTR("ULX#89", MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1)) GOTO 61890,61920,62130,61800,62060,62100 61770 PRINT "EDIT PICTURE TYPE ";MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1);" NOT FOUND" : STOP 61780 ' 61790 '*** Numeric values; "."; "-"; "+"; " " 61800 ' NOTE: The decimal point is trapped in the "Accept input data" routine 61810 IF X.SS\$>="0" AND X.SS\$<="9" THEN RETURN 61820 IF X.SS\$<>"+" AND X.SS\$<>"-" AND X.SS\$<>" " THEN 61850 ' Is this a + or - sign? 61830 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="C" THEN RETURN ' +,-," " allowed anywhere in C type IF LEFT(VL.SS(F.SS), A.SS-1) = SPACE(A.SS-1) OR61840 A.SS%=1 THEN RETURN " " "+" and "-" sign only allowed in 61841 ' beginning of number 61850 MSG.SS\$=" Only numeric values can be entered here. Please re-enter. " GOSUB 62180 : RETURN ' Print error message; 61860 Exit 61870 ' 61880 '*** Upper case or any other character*** 61890 IF ASC(X.SS\$)>96 AND ASC(X.SS\$)<123 THEN X.SS = CHR\$ (ASC(X.SS\$) - 32) 61900 GOTO 62130 61910 '*** Lower case or any other character***

```
61920 IF ASC(X.SS$)>65 AND ASC(X.SS$)<91 THEN
X.SS = CHR$ (ASC(X.SS$)+32)
61930 GOTO 62130
61940 '*** Y/N answer only***
61950 IF X.SS$="Y" OR X.SS$="Y" THEN X.SS$="Y" : GOTO 62130
61960 IF X.SS$="N" OR X.SS$="n" THEN X.SS$="N" : GOTO 62130
        MSG.SS$=" Only 'Y' or 'N' can be entered here.
61970
Please re-enter. "
61980
        GOTO 62180
                         ' Print error message
61990 '*** M/F answer only***
62000 IF X.SS$="M" OR X.SS$="m" THEN X.SS$="M" : GOTO 62130
62010 IF X.SS$="F" OR X.SS$="f" THEN X.SS$="F" : GOTO 62130
        MSG.SS$=" Only 'M' or 'F' can be entered here.
62020
Please re-enter. "
62030
        GOTO 62180 ' Print error message
62040 '
62050 ' *** Numeric values only ****
62060 IF (ASC(X.SS$)>47 AND ASC(X.SS$)<58) THEN GOTO 62130
       MSG.SS$=" Only numeric values can be entered here.
62070
Please re-enter. "
                         ' Print error message
        GOTO 62180
62080
62090 ' *** Numeric values and " " only ***
62100 IF (ASC(X.SS$)>47 AND ASC(X.SS$)<58) OR X.SS$=" "
THEN GOTO 62130
62110
       MSG.SS$=" Only numeric values or blanks can be
entered here. Please re-enter. "
62120
        GOTO 62180
                        ' Print error message
62130 RETURN
62140 '
62150 ************************
62160 ' **** Print Error Messages *****
62180 ERR.MSG%=-1 : SOUND 500,SD.SS%*1:LOCATE 25,INT(81-
LEN(MSG.SS$))/2,0 :COLOR 0,7:PRINT MSG.SS$;: LOCATE
LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1
     WHILE INKEY$<>"" : WEND
                                ' Clear input buffer
62190
after error
62200 RETURN
62210 '
62230 ' **** Add character to current field *****
62250 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)="N" AND NEWNUM% THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1)=MID$(BLNK.SS$,1,A.SS%-
1) +X.SS$+"."+STRING$(LE.SS%(F.SS%),"0") : NEWNUM%=0 :
RETURN ' Restart fld - New num
62260 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%) <> "N" OR NUMED.SS% =- 1 THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1)=X.SS$ : RETURN
62270 IF LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1)=" " THEN
MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),1,A.SS%)=MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),2,A.SS%-
```

' Add 1)+X.SS ELSE NUMED.SS=-1 : GOTO 62260 character to left of decimal place 62280 RETURN 62290 ' 62310 '*** Print new value of field *** 62330 ' 62340 COLOR CL.SS%(F.SS%,1),CL.SS%(F.SS%,2) ' Set color for this field 62350 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), LO.SS% (F.SS%, 2), 0 : PRINT VL.SS\$(F.SS%); ' Print field 62360 RETURN 62365 ' 62380 '**** Move cursor to new location **** 62400 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)<>"N" OR NUMED.SS%<>0 THEN 62420 62410 IF LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)<>" " THEN NUMED.SS%=-1 ELSE A.SS%=DECPOS%-1:CURCOL%=L0.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1:LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 : RETURN 62415 ' 62420 IF A.SS%<LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN A.SS%=A.SS%+1:CURCOL%=CURCOL%+1 ELSE GOSUB 61260 : RETURN ' Advance cursor or go to next field IF INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))=0 62430 THEN 62420 62440 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 62450 RETURN 62460 ' 62480 ' *** Edit check final field result *** 62500 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)<>"N" THEN 62540 ' Check numeric input range IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))>RG.SS(F.SS%,2) THEN 62510 MSG.SS\$=" The maximum value allowed in this field is "+STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,2)): GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 'Print Err Msq IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%)) < RG.SS(F.SS%,1) THEN 62520 MSG.SS\$=" The minimum value allowed in this field is "+STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,1)): GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 'Print Err Msa 62530 ' ' Date edit 62540 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "D" THEN 62720 check IF VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=" / / " THEN 62720 62550 ' No check 62560 DT.SS=VAL(RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2)+LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2)+MI D\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2))

```
62570
         IF
INSTR("01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08,09,10,11,12",LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.
SS%),2))<>0 THEN 62590
           MSG.SS$="Invalid MONTH in date entered. Please
62580
re-enter.":GOSUB 62180 : RETURN
         IF INSTR(MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),4,2)," ")=0 AND
62590
VAL(MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),4,2))>0 AND
VAL(MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),4,2))<32 THEN 62620
62600
           MSG.SS$="Invalid DAY in date entered.
                                              Please
re-enter.":GOSUB 62180:RETURN
62610 '
62620
         IF RG.SS(F.SS,1)=0 AND RG.SS(F.SS,2)=0 THEN
62720
      ' No check
62630
         IF RG.SS(F.SS%,2)<RG.SS(F.SS%,1) THEN 62680
'Does date cross century?
62640
           IF DT.SS>=RG.SS(F.SS%,1) AND
DT.SS<=RG.SS(F.SS%,2) THEN 62720
62650
               D1.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS%, 1)) :
D2.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS%, 2))
               MSG.SS$="The date should be between
62660
"+MID$(D1.SS$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT$(D1.SS$,2)+"/"+MID$(D1.SS$,2,2)
)+" and
"+MID$(D2.SS$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT$(D2.SS$,2)+"/"+MID$(D2.SS$,2,2)
) :GOSUB 62180 : RETURN
62670 '
62680
         IF DT.SS>=RG.SS(F.SS%,2) OR DT.SS<=RG.SS(F.SS%,1)
THEN 62720
               D1.SS$=STR$(RG.SS(F.SS%,2)) :
62690
D2.SS = STR$ (RG.SS(F.SS%, 1))
62700
               MSG.SS$="The date should be between
"+MID$(D1.SS$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT$(D1.SS$,2)+"/"+MID$(D1.SS$,2,2
)+" and
"+MID$(D2.SS$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT$(D2.SS$,2)+"/"+MID$(D2.SS$,2,2)
) :GOSUB 62180 : RETURN
62710 '
62720 RETURN
62870 ' ** Test If Monochrome or Color/Graphics Monitor **
62890 DEF SEG=&H40
62900 MONO.SS=(PEEK(&H10) AND &H30)=&H30
62910 IF MONO.SS THEN SCRNSEG.SS%=&HB000 ELSE
SCRNSEG.SS%=&HB800
62920 RETURN
62940 ' ** Error Handling Routine
                                 **
62960 ' This routine is used mostly to turn the screen
display back on if
62970 ' a serious problem (such as the screen image file
not found) occurs.
```

62980 CLS:OUT &H3D8,&H29 ' Turn screen display BACK ON (if off). 62990 'The following checks for disk file errors 63000 IF NOT (ERR=53 OR ERR=57 OR ERR=66 OR (ERR>70 AND ERR<77)) THEN 63030 63010 LOCATE 10,1:PRINT"There is a problem finding a file on the disk. Error code="+STR\$(ERR) 63020 LOCATE 11,1:PRINT"(HINT:Check disk for .SCR file)":PRINT 63030 ON ERROR GOTO 0 ' Reset BASIC ERROR handling

```
0 ' MAXRANGE - 7/27/1986 - 11:25:35
2 COPYRIGHT.SS$="(C)Copyright 84,85 The Software Bottling
Company Of New York"
5 '
10 DIM VL.SS$(25), LO.SS%(25,2), LE.SS%(25), TY.SS$(25),
PIC.SS$(25),RG.SS(25,2), CL.SS%(25,2), SPECCHR.SS%(25)
20 KEY OFF: SD.SS%=1 : NUMSCR.SS%=2 : BLNK.SS$=SPACE$(78)
30 GOSUB 62890 'Test For Mono OR Color Display
100 '******** OPTIMUM PERFORMANCE PROGRAM *********
110 CLS:A=0:B=0:C=0:PRINT "~L=MAX/"
111 LOCATE 1,1,0:PRINT "~W=MAXINTRO/":SCREEN ,,3,0:INPUT
"", HARD: SCREEN ,,0,0
120 SCR.SS%=1:INIT.SS%=-1:GOSUB 60000
                                                 'input
screen display
130 DC=DC6:SELECTALT2=SELECTALT
135 SOXDC=DC
140 IF DC<=100 THEN GOSUB 500 ELSE GOSUB 600
150 MACHNUM=BRMN:GOSUB 400
160 IF (ABS(SOXDC-DC))>5 THEN SOXDC=DC:GOTO 140
170 DCOPTALT=SOXDC:MRMACH1=BRMN
180 DC=DC6
185 SOXDC=DC:ALT=SELECTALT
190 GOSUB 800:MACHNUM=BRMN:GOSUB 400
200 IF (ABS(SOXDC-DC))>5 THEN SOXDC=DC:GOTO 190
210 DCANYALT=SOXDC:MRMACH2=BRMN
220 DC=DCOPTALT:GOSUB 700:OPTALT1=ALT
230 DC=DCOPTALT:GOSUB 900:OPTSR1=BRSR
240 DC=DCANYALT:ALT=SELECTALT:GOSUB 900:OPTSR2=BRSR
250 DC=DCOPTALT:GOSUB 1000:OPTENDALT1=BEALT:ALT=BEALT:GOSUB
1100:OPTENDMACH1=BEMN:GOSUB 1200:OPTENDFF=BEFF
300 'COMPUTE TEMPERATURE AT OPTALT1 AND SELECTALT
310 DELTAT=(TEMP+459.69)-518.69
320 IF OPTALT1<=36089! THEN T1=518.69-
(.0035662*OPTALT1)+DELTAT ELSE T1=389.99+DELTAT
330 IF SELECTALT<=36089! THEN T2=518.69-
(.0035662*OPTALT)+DELTAT ELSE T2=389.99+DELTAT
340 Al=(49.01*SQR(T1))*.5921:A2=(49.01*SQR(T2))*.5921
'speed of sound kts
350 IF TAILWIND>0 THEN HEADWIND=TAILWIND*(-1)
355 TAS1=MRMACH1*A1:TAS2=MRMACH2*A2
                                                         'no
wind condition
360 BRSRNOHW=OPTSR1:TAS=TAS1:GOSUB 1300:OPTSR1=BRSRHW
370 BRSRNOHW=OPTSR2:TAS=TAS2:GOSUB 1300:OPTSR2=BRSRHW
380 BRMNNOHW=MRMACH1:GOSUB 1400:MRMACH1=BRMNHW
390 BRMNNOHW=MRMACH2:GOSUB 1400:MRMACH2=BRMNHW
392 TAS1=MRMACH1*A1:TAS2=MRMACH2*A2
'corrected for headwind
393 GS1=TAS1-HEADWIND:GS2=TAS2-HEADWIND
394 HOURS1=INT(DIST/GS1):MINUTES1=(DIST/GS1-
HOURS1) *60: FUEL1=DIST*OPTSR1
```

```
395 HOURS2=INT(DIST/GS2):MINUTES2=(DIST/GS2-
HOURS2) *60:FUEL2=DIST*OPTSR2
396 LOCATE 1,1:SCR.SS%=2:INIT.SS%=0:GOSUB 60000:GOSUB
2000:LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~P=OPTRNG/"
397 LOCATE 24,27: PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE";
398 ANSS=INKEYS: IF ANSS="" THEN 398
399 GOTO 1440.
400 ********** SOX DRAG EOUATION *********
410 DC=DC6*(1+(60*((MACHNUM-.6)^3)))
420 RETURN
500 '***** BEST RANGE MACH NUMBER AT CRUISE CEILING FOR DC
<= 100 *****
510 BRMN=.85816-(.000503*DC)+(1.6933E-06*DC^2)
520 RETURN
600 '***** BEST RANGE MACH NUMBER AT CRUISE CEILING FOR DC
> 100 *****
610 BRMN=1.0595-(2.93067E-03*DC)+(6.44E-06*DC^2)-(6.0333E-
09*DC^3)
620 RETURN
700 '***** OPTIMUM CRUISE ALTITUDE OR CRUISE CEILING *****
710 ALT=EXP(11.0605-(5.53315E-08*GW*DC)-(1.25963E-
05*GW) + (4.57508E-14*GW*DC^3))
720 RETURN
800 '***** BEST RANGE MACH NUMBER AT ANY ALTITUDE *****
810 BRMN=.454334-(7.13908E-04*DC)+(8.92715E-07*DC^2)-
(6.21055E-15*ALT^3)+(6.15457E-10*ALT^2)-(8.426901E-
06*ALT)+(5.74695E-11*GW^2)+(3.6246E-10*ALT*GW)-(1.2802E-
08*DC*ALT)+(3.76629E-13*ALT^2*DC)-(6.61474E-15*ALT^2*GW)
820 RETURN
900 '***** BEST RANGE SPECIFIC RANGE (lb/nm) *****
910 BRSR=EXP(-2.15494+(3.89145E-05*ALT)-(2.33982E-03*DC)-
(1.56937E-10*GW<sup>2</sup>)-(3.55219E-15*ALT<sup>3</sup>)-(4.36678E-
10*ALT*GW) + (1.74403E-06*DC^2) - (1.85822E-08*ALT*DC))
915 BRSR=1/BRSR
920 RETURN
1000 '***** OPTIMUM ENDURANCE ALTITUDE *****
1010 BEALT=48690.9-(.591744*DC^2)-(3.25866E-
12*DC*GW^3)+(2.32902E-05*DC^2*GW)-(.534385*GW)+(4.762322E-
31*GW^7*DC) - (7.98225E-11*DC^4*GW) + (2.35685E-06*DC^4)
1020 RETURN
1100 '***** MAXIMUM ENDURANCE MACH NUMBER *****
1110 BEMN=.175855+(5.71392E-06*GW)-(3.08863E-
04*DC)+(2.82951E-15*ALT^3)+(3.57714E-10*ALT*GW)+(3.62212E-
07*DC^{2} - (4.22656E-15*GW^2*ALT)
1120 RETURN
1200 ***** MAXIMUM ENDURANCE FUEL FLOW *****
1210 BEFF=1950.85+(8.38134E-07*GW^2)-
(.0586557*ALT)+(1.6863E-04*GW*DC)+(7.97748E-
07*ALT^2)+(1.60371E-11*GW^2*ALT)+(5.14017E-05*ALT*DC)-
(1.82085 * DC)
1220 RETURN
```

1300 '***** BEST RANGE SPECIFIC RANGE WITH A HEADWIND OR TAILWIND ***** '1310 BRSRHW=BRSRNOHW*((TAS-HEADWIND)/TAS) 1320 RETURN 1400 '***** BEST RANGE MACH NUMBER WITH A HEADWIND OR TAILWIND ***** 1410 BRMNHW=BRMNNOHW+(.000475*HEADWIND) 1420 RETURN 1440 CLS:LOCATE 1,1:SYSTEM 1500 END 2000 '********* PRINT SCREEN ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE SUBROUTINE ****** 2010 A%(0)=&HCD55 2020 A%(1)=&H5D05 2030 A%(2)=&H90CB 2040 SUBRT = VARPTR(A%(0))2060 IF HARD=2 THEN RETURN ELSE CALL SUBRT 2070 LPRINT CHR\$(12) 2080 RETURN 10000 ON ERROR GOTO 62980 ' Error Handling Routine -Delete 10010 ' if it conflicts with your own 30000 ' Variables Section For B:MAXRNG1 30005 ' 30010 ' 30015 VL.SS\$(1)=STR\$(GW): VL.SS\$(2)=STR\$(DC6): VL.SS\$(3) = STR\$ (SELECTALT): 30020 VL.SS\$(4)=STR\$(DIST): VL.SS\$(5)=STR\$(HEADWIND): 30025 VL.SS\$(6)=STR\$(TAILWIND): VL.SS\$(7)=STR\$(TEMP): 30030 RETURN 30035 ' 30040 ' Assign VL.SS\$ Array to the variables 30045 ' 30050 GW=VAL(VL.SS (1)): DC6=VAL(VL.SS (2)): SELECTALT=VAL(VL.SS (3)))): 30055 DIST=VAL(VL.SS\$(4)):HEADWIND=VAL(VL.SS\$(5)):TAILWIND=VAL(VL .SS\$(6)): 30060 TEMP=VAL(VL.SS\$(7)): 30065 RETURN 30070 ' Section To Initialize Variables To Initial 30075 ' Values 30080 ' 30085 GW=0: DC6=0: SELECTALT=0: DIST=0: HEADWIND=0: TAILWIND=0: TEMP=0: 30090 RETURN 30095 '

```
30100 ' **** List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only
Variables ****
30105 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High
Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit
30110 '
30115 DATA 58,9,5,"N","######",0,42000,15,1,0
30120 DATA 60,11,3,"N","###",0,400,15,1,0
30125 DATA 58,14,5,"N","######",0,45000,15,1,0
30125 DATA 59,16,4,"N","#####",0,9999,15,1,0
30135 DATA 60,18,3,"N","####",0,300,15,1,0
30140 DATA 60,20,3,"N","####",0,300,15,1,0
30145 DATA 60,22,3,"N","####",-20,140,15,1,0
30150 RETURN
30155 '
30160 '
            Screen Display Initialization Statements
30165 '
30170 NUMFLDS.SS%=7: FILNM.SSS="MAXRNG1.SCR":
30175 EXITCHR.SS$=CHR$(27)+CHR$(127)+""
30180 RESTORE 30100
30185 RETURN
30190 '
30195 '
           Variables Section For B:MAXRNG2
30200 '
30205 RETURN
30210 '
30215 '
            Assign VL.SS$ Array to the variables
30220 '
30225 RETURN
30230 '
30235 '
            Section To Initialize Variables To Initial
Values
30240 '
30245 RETURN
30250 '
30255 '
            **** List DATA statements & Print DISPLAY Only
Variables ****
30260 'Lin, Col, Len, Picture, Low Range, High
Range, Foreground, Background, # of Edit
30265 '
30270 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 6,32: PRINT USING "######"; GW;
30275 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 7,32: PRINT USING "#######; DC6;
30280 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 8,32: PRINT USING "######";
SELECTALT;
30285 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 9,32: PRINT USING "######"; DIST;
30290 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 6,70: PRINT USING "#####"; TEMP;
30295 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 7,70: PRINT USING "#####";
HEADWIND;
30300 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 13,32: PRINT USING "######;
OPTALT1;
30305 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 14,32: PRINT USING "##.##";
MRMACH1;
```

30310 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 15,32: PRINT USING "###.#"; OPTSR1; 30315 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 16,32: PRINT USING "##"; HOURS1; 30320 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 16,35: PRINT USING "##"; MINUTES1; 30325 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 17,32: PRINT USING "######; FUEL1; 30330 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 18,10: PRINT USING "###"; TAS1; 30335 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 18,19: PRINT USING "####"; GS1; 30340 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 21,32: PRINT USING "######"; OPTENDALT1; 30345 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 22,32: PRINT USING "##.##"; OPTENDMACH1; 30350 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 23,32: PRINT USING "######; **OPTENDFF**; 30355 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 13,69: PRINT USING "######; SELECTALT2; 30360 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 14,69: PRINT USING "##.##"; MRMACH2; 30365 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 15,69: PRINT USING "###.#"; OPTSR2; 30370 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 16,69: PRINT USING "##"; HOURS2; 30375 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 16,72: PRINT USING "##"; MINUTES2; 30380 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 17,69: PRINT USING "######"; FUEL2; 30385 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 18,47: PRINT USING "####"; TAS2; 30390 COLOR 15,1: LOCATE 18,56: PRINT USING "####"; GS2; 30395 RETURN 30400 ' 30405 ' Screen Display Initialization Statements 30410 ' 30415 NUMFLDS.SS%=0: FILNM.SS\$="MAXRNG2.SCR": 30420 EXITCHR.SS\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(127)+"" 30425 RESTORE 30255 30430 RETURN 30435 RETURN 30440 EXITCHR.SS\$=CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(127)+"" 30445 RESTORE 30270 30450 RETURN 30455 RETURN 30460 RESTORE 30280 30465 RETURN 60000 ' 60010 ' £ 60020 ' M START OF SCREEN SCULPTOR FULL SCREEN EDITING ROUTINE Ħ 60030 ' ¥ Ö-----ċ 60050 ' * Main body of subroutine * 60060 ' 60070 ' â----ì

60080 **'** 60085 IF SAME.SS% THEN 60200 'To return to the SAME screen with SAME values 60090 IF SCR.SS%=SCRLST.SS% THEN 60140 ' If same screen as last, don't reload ' Get screen setup 60100 parameters 60105 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30160, 30405 ' Read field data 60110 GOSUB 60550 for this screen 60120 OUT &H3D8,&H1 ' Turn off screen display 60125 CALL QUBLOAD (FILNM.SS\$) '<- For QuickBASIC, See READ.ME file 60130 DEF SEG=SCRNSEG.SS% : BLOAD FILNM.SS\$,0 :DEF SEG ' Load screen picture ' Set initial values 60135 IF INIT.SS% THEN ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30075, 30235 60140 ' Assign current values to screen 60145 array 60155 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30005, 30195 60160 ' Turn on screen OUT &H3D8,&H29 display ' Pad fields with 60170 GOSUB 60590 blanks and display ' Display initial DISPLAY variables 60175 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30100, 30255 60180 60185 OUT &H3D8,&H29 ' Turn on screen display 60190 ' 60195 F.SS%=1 : SCRLST.SS%=SCR.SS% 60200 COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT BLNK.SS\$; 'Clr msg from prior screen 60205 IF NUMFLDS.SS%=0 THEN RETURN 'Exit if no fields on screen 60210 LOCATE ,,,0,13 'Make cursor size large 60215 EXSCR.SS%=0 'Initialize Flag For Screen Exit 60220 WHILE NOT EXSCR.SS% 'Loop on each field(until Exit Flag is set) 'Accept input 60250 GOSUB 60740 data for this field 60260 . ' The above subroutine accepts data for a single 60265 field. The program will return to this spot after the cursor exits any field on the input screen. . 60270 60275 ' If you want to do any special input field testing, this is

60280 ' a good place to do it. 60285 60290 ' The following variables are passed back for your use: ' F.SS% is next field to be edited 60295 ' FLDLST.SS% is last field edited 60300 ' LASTCHR.SS\$ is last keyboard character entered 60305 ' VL.SS\$(n) contains the current value of field 60310 n. 60315 60320 WEND 60360 ' 60370 ' 60390 COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1:PRINT BLNK.SS\$;:LOCATE 25,15:PRINT "... Please WAIT A Moment While Checking Fields . . . " ; 60400 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% ' Test Each Field Before Leaving Screen 60410 GOSUB 62500 ' Check contents of this field IF ERR.MSG%=-1 THEN EXSCR.SS%=0 : GOTO 60220 60420 'Error Detected 60430 NEXT F.SS% 60440 F.SS%=FLDLST.SS% 'Reset Field indicator 60450 **'** 60455 'Assign new field values 60460 ON SCR.SS% GOSUB 30040, 30215 60470 RETURN 'Exit this subroutine 60480 ' 60490 ***** 60500 · 60510 ' 60530 ' **** Read Field Data For This Screen **** 60550 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% 60555 READ LO.SS%(F.SS%,2),LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),LE.SS%(F.SS%),TY.SS\$(F.SS%) , PIC.SS\$ (F.SS%), RG.SS (F.SS%, 1), RG.SS (F.SS%, 2), CL.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CL.SS% (F.SS%, 2), SPECCHR.SS% (F.SS%) 60560 NEXT F.SS% 60565 RETURN 60570 **'** 60575 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

60580 '*** Pad Fields With Blanks, Insert Special Characters, and Display Flds 60585 ****** 60590 FOR F.SS%=1 TO NUMFLDS.SS% IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN 60655 ' This section 60595 for non-numeric types IF LEN(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))>LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN 60600 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),LE.SS%(F.SS%)): GOTO 60610 60605 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=VL.SS\$(F.SS%)+MID\$(BLNK.SS\$,1,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-LEN(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))) IF INSTR("CD",TY.SS\$(F.SS%))=0 OR 60610 SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN 60690 60615 CNT.SS%=0 Ł FOR J.SS%=1 TO LE.SS%(F.SS%) 60620 Insert Special chars 60625 IF INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS\$),J.SS\$,1))=0 THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),J.SS%,1)=MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),J.SS%,1) : CNT.SS%=CNT.SS%+1 60630 IF CNT.SS%=SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%) THEN 60690 60635 NEXT J.SS% ' End of "non-numeric 60640 GOTO 60690 type" section 60645 ' 60650 ' ' The following section is for numeric types 60655 NUMDEC%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) -INSTR(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),".") ' Calc # of dec places IF LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=" " THEN 60657 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),LEN(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))-1) ' Strip leading blank IF NUMDEC%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN NUMDEC%=0: 60660 NUMINT%=LE.SS%(F.SS%) ELSE NUMINT%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)-NUMDEC%-1 ' Calc # of interger places 60665 IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))=0 THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(MID\$(BLNK.SS\$,1,NUMINT%-1)+"0."+STRING\$(NUMDEC%,"0"), LE.SS%(F.SS%)): GOTO 60690 ' If no initial value 60670 DEC.VL%=INSTR(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),".") : IF DEC.VL%=0 THEN DEC.VL%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)+1 ' Position of decimal point in data 60675 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(RIGHT\$(MID\$(BLNK.SS\$,1,NUMINT%)+LEFT\$(V L.SS\$(F.SS%), DEC.VL%-1), NUMINT%)+"."+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), DEC.VL%+1)+STRING\$(NUMDE) C%, "0"), LE.SS%(F.SS%))

60680 ' 60685 ' 60690 GOSUB 62310 ' Display Contents Of This Field 60695 NEXT F.SS% 60700 RETURN 60705 ' 60710 ' 60715 ' ***** 60720 ' *** Accept Input Data For The Current Field *** 60725 ' 60730 ' 60740 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "N" THEN A.SS%=1 : GOTO 60790 NEWNUM%=-1:NUMED.SS%=0 60750 'Set Flags for num fld 60760 DECPOS%=INSTR(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),".") : IF DECPOS%=0 THEN DECPOS%=LE.SS%(F.SS%)+1 A.SS%=DECPOS%-1 60770 60780 ' ' Look for nonedit characters 60790 WHILE INSTR("ULX#98",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS\$),A.SS\$,1))=0: A.SS%=A.SS%+1: WEND 60800 CURCOL%=L0.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1 ' Find cursor position on screen 60810 LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 'Starting position in this field 60820 ' 60830 FLDLST.SS% = F.SS% ' Reset field indicator 60840 EXFLD.SS%=0 ' Initializei flag to exit this field 60850 WHILE NOT EXFLD.SS% ' Loop while still editing this field 60860 X.SS\$=INKEY\$: IF X.SS\$="" THEN 60860 ' Wait for next keyboard character 60870 IF ERR.MSG% THEN ERR.MSG%=0 : COLOR 7,0:LOCATE 25,1,0:PRINT STRING\$(79," "); ' Erase old message line. 60880 IF LEN(X.SS\$)>1 OR INSTR(CHR\$(8)+CHR\$(13)+CHR\$(27),X.SS\$)<>0 THEN X.SS\$=RIGHT\$(X.SS\$,1) ELSE 60960 . Extented code key pressed? ON INSTR(";<=>?@ABCD",X.SS\$) GOSUB 60885 **61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100,61100**,61100 ' This is a DUMMY statement. It traps the Function Keys (F1 - F10). It is here to make user modifications simpler.

' For the above line to be active, you 60887 need to set all Function Key values to null. i.e. - KEY 1,"" ; KEY 2,"" etc. 60890 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "N" THEN 60920 'If numeric, need special test IF INSTR("GO", X.SS\$) <>0 THEN 61030 'Codes 60900 not valid for numeric 60910 IF INSTR("RKM"+CHR\$(8),X.SS\$)<>0 THEN NUMED.SS%=-1:NEWNUM%=0 60920 IF INSTR(EXITCHR.SS\$,X.SS\$)<>0 THEN EXFLD.SS%=-1:EXSCR.SS%=-1:GOTO 61040 'Check CODE to EXIT SCREEN ON INSTR("MKHPGRSO"+CHR\$(8)+CHR\$(13),X.SS\$) 60930 GOSUB 61110,61140,61210,61260,61650,61440,61300,61600,61140,61260 : GOTO 61020 60940 ' Invalid extended code GOTO 61030 key pressed 60950 **'** 60960 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND X.SS\$="." THEN NEWNUM%=0:NUMED.SS%=-1: GOTO 61010 60970 IF ASC(X.SS\$)<32 OR ASC(X.SS\$)>126 THEN 61030 ' Invalid characters 60980 GOSUB 61750 : IF ERR.MSG% THEN 61030 ' Non-spec char entered: Test entry 60990 GOSUB 62230 ' Add char to this field ' Print new 61000 GOSUB 62310 field 61010 GOSUB 62380 ' Move cursor to next position 61020 IF ERR.MSG% THEN ' If error re-60740 edit this field 61030 WEND 61040 LASTCHR.SS\$=X.SS\$ ' Set last character indicator 61050 RETURN ' Exit from editing this field 61060 ' 61070 ******* 61080 '**** THE FOLLOWING SUBROUTINES HANDLE EXTENDED KEYBOARD COMMANDS **** 61090 ***** 61095 ' *** DUMMY Subroutine for Function Keys (F1 - F10) 61096 ' *** This is here for user modifications *** 61100 RETURN 61105 '*** Cursor right ***

61110 GOSUB 62380 ' Move cursor to next position RETURN 61120 61130 '*** Cursor left or backspace *** 61140 IF CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2) THEN 61210 'Goto prior field IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND INSTR(" +-61150 ",MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))<>0 THEN RETURN CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1 61160 'Pos of char in field 61170 IF INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS\$),A.SS\$,1))=0 THEN 61140 'Spec char? 61180 LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 61190 RETURN 61200 '*** Cursor up *** Move to next field left 61210 GOSUB 62500 ' Edit check field data before leaving IF ERR.MSG% THEN RETURN 61220 ' Error found 61225 EXFLD.SS%=-1 ' Set Flag to Exit this Field 61230 IF F.SS%>1 THEN F.SS%=F.SS%-1 ELSE F.SS%=NUMFLDS.SS% ' Goto prior fld 61240 RETURN 61250 '*** Cursor down or carriage return - Advance to next field *** ' Edit check field 61260 GOSUB 62500 data before leaving 61270 IF ERR.MSG% THEN RETURN ' Don't leave field if error was found 61275 EXFLD.SS%=-1 ' Set Flag to Exit this Field 61277 IF F.SS%=NUMFLDS.SS% AND INSTR(EXITCHR.SS\$, CHR\$(127)) <>0 THEN EXSCR.SS%=-1 'Test to leave screen after last field 61280 IF F.SS%<NUMFLDS.SS% THEN F.SS%=F.SS%+1 ELSE ' Increment fld num to F.SS%=1 next fld 61290 RETURN 61300 ' **** Del key pressed ***** ' Start Del routine for Numeric fld on 61310 ' left of decimal pt 61320 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND A.SS%<DECPOS% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=" "+LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) + RIGHT\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), LE.SS% (F.SS%) - A.SS%): GOTO 61420 ' Start Del routine for Numeric fld on 61330 ' right of decimal pt 61340 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) + MID\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), A.SS%+1, LE.SS% (F.SS%) - A.SS%) + "0" : GOTO 61420

61350 ' ' Start Del routine for fld w/o nonedit chr 61360 IF SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) +MID\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), A.SS%+1, LE.SS% (F.SS%) -A.SS%) +" ": GOTO 61420 61370 ' 61380 CNT.SS%=0 ' Start del routine for fld with non-edit chr 61390 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%+1+CNT.SS%,1))<>0 AND CNT.SS%<LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS% : CNT.SS%=CNT.SS%+1 : WEND ' Count until next non-edit chr 61400 VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1) + MID\$ (VL.SS\$ (F.SS%), A.SS%+1, CNT.SS%) +" "+RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%-CNT.SS%) New value for field 61410 ' 61420 CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:GOSUB 62340:GOSUB 62380 'Print fld; Set cursor 61430 RETURN 61440 ' ***** Ins key pressed *** 61450 ' ' Start Ins routine for numeric field on leftside of dec pt 61460 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND A.SS%<DECPOS% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2,A.SS%-1)+"0"+RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61470 ' ' Start Ins routine for numeric field on rightside of dec pt 61480 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+"0"+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 ' Start Ins routine for non-numeric w/o 61490 ' non-edit characters 61500 IF SPECCHR.SS%(F.SS%)=0 THEN VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)+" "+MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,LE.SS%(F.SS%)-A.SS%) : GOTO 61580 61510 ' ' Start Ins routine for non-numeric with non-edit characters 61520 NEWVL\$=LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS\$),A.SS\$-1)+" ": NEXTCHR\$=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1) 61530 FOR I%=A.SS%+1 TO LE.SS%(F.SS%) X.SS\$=MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),I%,1): IF 61540 INSTR("ULX#89",X.SS\$)=0 THEN NEWVL\$=NEWVL\$+X.SS\$: GOTO 61570 61550 NEWVL\$=NEWVL\$+NEXTCHR\$: NEXTCHR\$=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),I%,1) 61560 NEXT I%

```
61570
VL.SS$(F.SS%)=NEWVL$+MID$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),I%+1,LE.SS%(F.SS%))
61580 CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:GOSUB 62310:GOSUB
62380 ' Print fld; Set cursor
61590 RETURN
61600 ' ***** END key pressed *****
61610 CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+LE.SS%(F.SS%)-1 :
A.SS^{=}LE.SS^{(F.SS^{)}}
61620 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89", MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%), A.SS%, 1))=0
:A.SS%=A.SS%-1:CURCOL%=CURCOL%-1: WEND
                                          ' Look for
special protected characters
61630 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 ' Starting
position in this field
61640 RETURN
61650 ' **** HOME key pressed **** put cursor at beginning
of field
61660 A.SS%=1
                                'Find cursor position for
this field
61670 WHILE INSTR("ULX#89",MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))=0
: A.SS%=A.SS%+1 : WEND ' Look for special protected
characters
61680 CURCOL%=LO.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1
61690 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 ' Starting position
in this field
61700 RETURN
61710 '
61715 '
61720 '
             **** ROUTINE TO EDIT-TEST CHARACTER ENTRY
****
61730 '
61740 '***Check for special character type conversion***
61750 ON INSTR("NDMY", TY.SS$(F.SS%)) GOTO
61790,62100,62000,61950
61760 ON INSTR("ULX#89", MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS$), A.SS$, 1)) GOTO
61890,61920,62130,61800,62060,62100
61770 PRINT "EDIT PICTURE TYPE
";MID$(PIC.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1);" NOT FOUND" : STOP
61780 '
61790 '*** Numeric values; "."; "-"; "+"; " "
61800 ' NOTE: The decimal point is trapped in the "Accept
input data" routine
61810 IF X.SS$>="0" AND X.SS$<="9" THEN RETURN
61820 IF X.SS$<>"+" AND X.SS$<>"-" AND X.SS$<>" " THEN
61850 ' Is this a + or - sign?
61830 IF TY.SS$(F.SS%)="C" THEN RETURN ' +,-," " allowed
anywhere in C type
        IF LEFT$(VL.SS$(F.SS%),A.SS%-1)=SPACE$(A.SS%-1) OR
61840
A.SS%=1 THEN RETURN
```

61841 ' " " "+" and "-" sign only allowed in beginning of number 61850 MSG.SS\$=" Only numeric values can be entered here. Please re-enter. " 61860 GOSUB 62180 : RETURN ' Print error message; Exit 61870 ' 61880 '*** Upper case or any other character*** 61890 IF ASC(X.SS\$)>96 AND ASC(X.SS\$)<123 THEN X.SS = CHR\$ (ASC(X.SS\$) - 32) 61900 GOTO 62130 61910 '*** Lower case or any other character*** 61920 IF ASC(X.SS\$)>65 AND ASC(X.SS\$)<91 THEN X.SS = CHR\$ (ASC(X.SS\$) + 32) 61930 GOTO 62130 61940 '*** Y/N answer only*** 61950 IF X.SS\$="Y" OR X.SS\$="y" THEN X.SS\$="Y" : GOTO 62130 61960 IF X.SS\$="N" OR X.SS\$="n" THEN X.SS\$="N" : GOTO 62130 61970 MSG.SS\$=" Only 'Y' or 'N' can be entered here. Please re-enter. " 61980 GOTO 62180 ' Print error message 61990 '*** M/F answer only*** 62000 IF X.SS\$="M" OR X.SS\$="m" THEN X.SS\$="M" : GOTO 62130 62010 IF X.SS\$="F" OR X.SS\$="f" THEN X.SS\$="F" : GOTO 62130 62020 MSG.SS\$=" Only 'M' or 'F' can be entered here. Please re-enter. " 62030 GOTO 62180 ' Print error message 62040 ' 62050 ' *** Numeric values only **** 62060 IF (ASC(X.SS\$)>47 AND ASC(X.SS\$)<58) THEN GOTO 62130 62070 MSG.SS\$=" Only numeric values can be entered here. Please re-enter. " ' Print error message 62080 GOTO 62180 62090 ' *** Numeric values and " " only *** 62100 IF (ASC(X.SS\$)>47 AND ASC(X.SS\$)<58) OR X.SS\$=" " THEN GOTO 62130 62110 MSG.SS\$=" Only numeric values or blanks can be entered here. Please re-enter. " 62120 GOTO 62180 ' Print error message 62130 RETURN 62140 ' 62160 ' **** Print Error Messages ****** 62180 ERR.MSG%=-1 : SOUND 500,SD.SS%*1:LOCATE 25,INT(81-LEN(MSG.SS\$))/2,0 :COLOR 0,7:PRINT MSG.SS\$;: LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 62190 WHILE INKEY\$<>"" : WEND ' Clear input buffer after error 62200 RETURN 62210 '

62230 ' **** Add character to current field ***** 62250 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)="N" AND NEWNUM% THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=MID\$(BLNK.SS\$,1,A.SS%-1)+X.SS\$+"."+STRING\$(LE.SS%(F.SS%),"0") : NEWNUM%=0 : RETURN ' Restart fld - New num 62260 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "N" OR NUMED.SS% =- 1 THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1)=X.SS\$: RETURN 62270 IF LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)=" " THEN MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1,A.SS%)=MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2,A.SS%-1)+X.SS\$ ELSE NUMED.SS%=-1 : GOTO 62260 ' Add character to left of decimal place 62280 RETURN 62290 ' 62310 '*** Print new value of field *** 62330 ' 62340 COLOR CL.SS%(F.SS%,1),CL.SS%(F.SS%,2) ' Set color for this field 62350 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), LO.SS% (F.SS%, 2), 0 : PRINT VL.SS\$(F.SS%); ' Print field 62360 RETURN 62365 ' 62380 '**** Move cursor to new location **** 62400 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "N" OR NUMED.SS% <> 0 THEN 62420 IF LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),1)<>" " THEN NUMED.SS%=-1 62410 ELSE A.SS%=DECPOS%-1:CURCOL%=L0.SS%(F.SS%,2)+A.SS%-1:LOCATE LO.SS%(F.SS%,1),CURCOL%,1 : RETURN 62415 ' 62420 IF A.SS%<LE.SS%(F.SS%) THEN A.SS%=A.SS%+1:CURCOL%=CURCOL%+1 ELSE GOSUB 61260 : RETURN ' Advance cursor or go to next field IF INSTR("ULX#89",MID\$(PIC.SS\$(F.SS%),A.SS%,1))=0 62430 THEN 62420 LOCATE LO.SS% (F.SS%, 1), CURCOL%, 1 62440 62450 RETURN 62460 ' 62480 ' *** Edit check final field result *** 62500 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%)<>"N" THEN 62540 ' Check numeric input range IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%))>RG.SS(F.SS%,2) THEN 62510 MSG.SSS=" The maximum value allowed in this field is "+STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,2)): GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 'Print Err Msq

IF VAL(VL.SS\$(F.SS%)) < RG.SS(F.SS%,1) THEN 62520 MSG.SS\$=" The minimum value allowed in this field is "+STR\$(RG.SS(F.SS%,1)): GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 'Print Err Msq 62530 ' 62540 IF TY.SS\$(F.SS%) <> "D" THEN 62720 ' Date edit check 62550 IF VL.SS\$(F.SS%)=" / / " THEN 62720 ' No check 62560 DT.SS=VAL(RIGHT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2)+LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),2)+MI D\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%), 4, 2))62570 IF INSTR("01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08,09,10,11,12",LEFT\$(VL.SS\$(F. SS%),2))<>0 THEN 62590 MSG.SS\$="Invalid MONTH in date entered. Please 62580 re-enter.": GOSUB 62180 : RETURN IF INSTR(MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2)," ")=0 AND 62590 VAL(MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2))>0 AND VAL(MID\$(VL.SS\$(F.SS%),4,2))<32 THEN 62620 62600 MSG.SS\$="Invalid DAY in date entered. Please re-enter.":GOSUB 62180:RETURN 62610 ' 62620 IF RG.SS(F.SS ,1)=0 AND RG.SS(F.SS ,2)=0 THEN 62720 ' No check 62630 IF RG.SS(F.SS%,2)<RG.SS(F.SS%,1) THEN 62680 'Does date cross century? 62640 IF DT.SS>=RG.SS(F.SS%,1) AND DT.SS<=RG.SS(F.SS%,2) THEN 62720 62650 D1.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS%, 1)) : D2.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS%, 2)) 62660 MSG.SS\$="The date should be between "+MID\$(D1.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D1.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D1.SS\$,2,2))+" and "+MID\$(D2.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D2.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D2.SS\$,2,2)) :GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 62670 ' IF DT.SS>=RG.SS(F.SS%,2) OR DT.SS<=RG.SS(F.SS%,1) 62680 THEN 62720 62690 D1.SS = STR (RG.SS (F.SS⁸, 2)) : D2.SS = STR\$ (RG.SS(F.SS%, 1)) MSG.SS\$="The date should be between 62700 "+MID\$(D1.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D1.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D1.SS\$,2,2)+" and "+MID\$(D2.SS\$,4,2)+"/"+RIGHT\$(D2.SS\$,2)+"/"+MID\$(D2.SS\$,2,2) :GOSUB 62180 : RETURN 62710 ' 62720 RETURN 62870 ' ** Test If Monochrome or Color/Graphics Monitor **

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62890 DEF SEG=&H40 62900 MONO.SS=(PEEK(&H10) AND &H30)=&H30 62910 IF MONO.SS THEN SCRNSEG.SS%=&HB000 ELSE SCRNSEG.SS%=&HB800 62920 RETURN 62930 ***************************** 62960 ' This routine is used mostly to turn the screen display back on if 62970 ' a serious problem (such as the screen image file not found) occurs. 62980 CLS:OUT &H3D8,&H29 ' Turn screen display BACK ON (if off). 62990 'The following checks for disk file errors 63000 IF NOT (ERR=53 OR ERR=57 OR ERR=66 OR (ERR>70 AND ERR<77)) THEN 63030 63010 LOCATE 10,1:PRINT"There is a problem finding a file on the disk. Error code="+STR\$(ERR) 63020 LOCATE 11,1:PRINT"(HINT:Check disk for .SCR file)":PRINT 63030 ON ERROR GOTO 0 ' Reset BASIC ERROR handling

10 '********** ROUTE FILE LOADING PROGRAM ********** 12 SCREEN 0,1,0,0:CLS:CONTROL=0 15 ON ERROR GOTO 150 20 LOCATE 2,1:PRINT "THE FOLLOWING ROUTES ARE CURRENTLY ON FILE:":PRINT 30 LOCATE 4,1:FILES "*" 40 LOCATE 23,1:INPUT "ENTER THE FILENAME HERE ==> ",ROUTE\$ 45 LABEL=1 60 OPEN ROUTES FOR INPUT AS #1 65 LOCATE 14,20:PRINT "~W=LOADNOTE,NOWAIT/" 70 INPUT #1, N 80 FOR I=1 TO N:FOR J=1 TO 8:INPUT #1,NAVDATA(I,J):NEXT J:NEXT I:CLOSE #1 90 DISPLAY\$=ROUTE\$+".WPT" 100 OPEN DISPLAY\$ FOR INPUT AS #1 110 INPUT #1,N 120 FOR I=1 TO N:FOR J=1 TO 3:INPUT #1,WAYPTS(I,J):NEXT J:NEXT I:CLOSE #1 122 GEODATA\$=ROUTE\$+".CHA" 124 OPEN GEODATAS FOR INPUT AS #1 125 INPUT #1, GEOLAT\$, GEOLONG\$, MVARTYPE\$:CLOSE #1 130 PRINT "~C=LAST/":CHAIN "BOTHALF",6800,ALL 150 IF ERR=53 THEN LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~W=FILEERR/":SCREEN 0,1,3,0:INPUT CONTROL 160 IF ERR=52 THEN LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~W=NAMEERR/":SCREEN 0,1,3,0:INPUT CONTROL 162 IF ERR=76 THEN LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~W=NAMEERR/":SCREEN 0,1,3,0:INPUT CONTROL 164 IF ERR=64 THEN LOCATE 1,1:PRINT "~W=NAMEERR/":SCREEN 0,1,3,0:INPUT CONTROL 170 SCREEN 0,1,0,0:IF CONTROL=1 THEN RESUME 10 175 ON ERROR GOTO 0 180 END

10 '***** PROGRAM TO ZERO NAVDATA AND WAYPTS ARRAYS *****
20 FOR I=1 TO 9:FOR J=1 TO 9:NAVDATA(I,J)=0:NEXT J:NEXT I
30 FOR I=1 TO 9:FOR J=1 TO 3:WAYPTS(I,J)=0:NEXT J:NEXT I
40 TOTALDIST=0:CHAIN "BOTHALF",6663,ALL
50 END

APPENDIX B

TACTICAL COMPUTER AIDED MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM USER MANUAL

WHAT IS COMPUTER AIDED TACTICAL PLANNING?

INTRODUCTION

This program was designed to assist pilots with tactical mission planning in three ways:

- Compute aircraft performance parameters for all phases of the mission, both high and low altitude. This includes display of the maximum range profile and the maximum range performance for a selected altitude, and allows a side by side comparison of maximum range mission requirements.
- 2. Provide the ability to enter, edit, and store on disk, many different low level routes, each defined by up to a maximum of nine (9) lat/long navigation points. These routes may later be recalled for performance computations. Routes of more than nine points can be planned in one of two ways:
 - A. Make two separate runs of the entire program.

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- B. Following jet log completion, select the option to calculate another route, then enter the route and continue with the program. Low level performance will be computed using previously input aircraft performance parameters and computed performance.
- 3. Combine the low level performance computations with lat/long route data, and automatically prepare a completed jet log for the low level route.

The program supplants the time consuming requirement to trace through NATOPS charts to obtain aircraft performance data, compute aircraft performance and mission requirements, measure low level route navigation data, and finally compute a jet log.

USES FOR COMPUTER AIDED TACTICAL PLANNING

The primary uses for a computer based mission planning system are to save time and allow a range of tactical options for consideration that would not be possible with manual calculation. Additionally, computed aircraft performance data must be at least as accurate as data obtained from the NATOPS charts, offering these tactical options with complete and consistent accuracy. Accurate fuel management, beginning at the mission

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planning phase, results in more training per flight hour and more tactical options available per mission than is presently available with manual calculations. With this program, planners could build a file of low level routes to a target. Current intelligence information could be collected and utilized much longer, with tactical decisions regarding route, altitudes, and target selection made much later and closer to actual launch times. These tactical decisions could be based upon weather considerations, target options, information regarding enemy defenses, or political considerations. Additionally, accurate launch position information could be used to compute more accurate mission fuel requirements. For the training environment, use of this program can provide significantly better fuel management, reduced costs per flight hour, and thus more effective training per flight hour. Tradeoff studies in mission requirements, based on altitude, speed, fuel required, and time, may also be easily conducted.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- 1. An IBM PC, PCXT, PCAT, Portable or any true compatible.
- 2. 256K RAM.
- 3. A double density disk drive or a hard disk drive.
- Any 80 column display, color or monochrome.
 DOS 2.0 or higher.

WARNING: Always run this program with no other memory resident software installed. The only exception to this is running the program from a RAMDISK. The RAMDISK must be created BEFORE copying this program to the disk and running this program.

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- 1. System RAM of 640K total is required.
- 2. Create the ramdisk of size at least 360K.
- Copy the program disk to the ramdisk using the *.* method.
- 4. On the ramdrive prompt C> type the batch filename to start the program, RAMPLAN.
- 5. Be sure to file route data using B:filename

HOW DOES THE PROGRAM WORK?

There are four (4) sections to the complete program.

- 1. The MAXIMUM RANGE COMPUTER section.
- 2. The TAKEOFF and HIGH ALTITUDE CRUISE section.
- 3. The LOW LEVEL CRUISE AND JET LOG section.
- 4. The LAT/LONG COORDINATE EDITOR section.

MAXIMUM RANGE COMPUTER SECTION

This section requires 6 inputs, and is a stand alone program. This means that the program is run completely separate from the other programs, and results from this program are not automatically transferred to any other program. In contrast, all the remaining sections are interconnected.

Following the data inputs, aircraft maximum range performance is computed at the altitude for maximum range, and at an alternate altitude which the user specifies. Mission time, fuel, and speeds are computed for a mission distance the user specifies. Results can be compared side by side. Maximum endurance performance is also presented. This information can be used to select actual mission altitudes, and input to the other sections.

TAKEOFF AND HIGH ALTITUDE CRUISE SECTION

This section requires 11 inputs regarding aircraft and desired operational parameters. Aircraft performance is then computed and displayed. The program is designed to output this performance in a form most easily utilized by pilots. There is no attempt made to "micro-manage" the planning process by completely computerizing the entire navigation route. The program is intended to be tactically utilized, to be useful in any environment which may precede the low level ingress route. Carrier based Navy and Marine Corps aircraft often launch and complete a rather lengthy procedure of rendezvous, tanking, and tactical formation. Much of the high altitude navigation route may be open ocean, thereby negating the usefulness of any high altitude route planner. A feature such as this would complicate the user interaction and result in a less useful program.

Following the data inputs, aircraft performance is computed for the TAKEOFF, CLIMB, CRUISE, and DESCENT mission phases.

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LOW LEVEL CRUISE AND JET LOG SECTION

This section embraces three (3) low level operational features.

1. Lat/long coordinate editor.

- 2. High or Low level performance computations.
- 3. Completed jet log.

The user may choose to enter lat/long data manually or from a file. With manual entry, latitude and longitude are entered, along with magnetic variation at each navigation point. The route may then be filed. The user may choose to build another route, or continue with performance calculations for the route just entered. Computed high or low level performance is combined with the navigation route information, high or low level, to produce a completed jet log.

LAT/LONG COORDINATE EDITOR

This section, while included in the LOW LEVEL CRUISE AND JET LOG section, may also be selected independently from the low level planning section. Performance computations are not made here, however, distance and heading information are presented for each route computed. This section is primarily used to build a file of high or low level routes. Since ANY navigation route can be constructed and filed, this section is well suited to aid

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the planner in the navigation computations required for the high altitude routes.

GETTING STARTED

This section will describe how to start the program on either an IBM PC/XT/AT or a true compatible such as a COMPAQ, AT&T PC 6300, or ZENITH 150 or 248. Each data input/output screen will be discussed and explained. Pay particular attention to the <u>NOTES</u> and <u>WARNINGS</u> which will attempt to prevent the user from becoming frustrated with the program.

STARTING THE PROGRAM

Insert the program disk into drive A:, close the drive door, turn on the monitor, and then the computer power switch. Highlight the type of machine you are using from the menu using the arrow direction keys on the numeric keypad, followed by hitting the ENTER key to make the selection. Then highlight which group of programs you want to run, either the Maximum Range Computer or the Mission Planning programs, followed by hitting the ENTER key to make the selection.

INTRODUCTION TO THE MAXIMUM RANGE COMPUTER

There is no introductory screen for this section. The first screen displayed will ask for data entry. The second

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screen displayed will contain all of the results of the computations.

WHAT YOU NEED TO GET STARTED PLANNING

The following information will be asked for in the data input screen, and therefore should be available initially upon starting the program.

- * Gross Weight At Takeoff
- * Drag count for Mach Number 0.6
- * Desired Altitude for comparison to the optimum altitude for maximum range.
- * A Cruise Leg Distance
- * Takeoff Temperature in Degrees Fahrenheit
- * Cruise Headwind or Tailwind

DATA OUTPUT SCREEN

There is only one Data Output Screen containing the

following information based on the input data:

Screen #1 - Computed Performance at the o for maximum range:	ptimum altitude
* Optimum Cruise Altitude	
* Max Range Mach Number	
* Specific Range in lb/nm	
* Cruise Leg Time	
* Cruise Leg Fuel	
* True Airspeed and Ground Sp	eed
- Computed Performance for maxi	
possible at the desired altit	ude:
* Optimum Cruise Altitude	
* Max Range Mach Number	
* Specific Range in lb/nm	
* Cruise Leg Time	
* Cruise Leg Fuel	3
* True Airspeed and Ground Sp	eea

- Computed performance at the altitude for maximum endurance:
 - * Optimum Endurance Altitude
 - * Optimum Endurance Mach Number
 - * Optimum Endurance Fuel Flow in lb/hr
- NOTE: These optimum endurance numbers are computed for a relatively heavy gross weight. The computed performance is therefore tactically useful in determining the optimum rendezvous and join up altitude.

INTRODUCTION

This is a series of screens to explain how the program is structured. For new users, read the introduction, and select option 1: "output to the screen only", at the end of the introduction. Experienced users should select option 2 or option 3.

WHAT YOU NEED TO GET STARTED PLANNING

The following information will be asked for in the first data input screen, and therefore should be available initially upon starting the program.

* Runway Takeoff Temperature in Degrees Fahrenheit.
* Runway Pressure Altitude
* Takeoff Gross Weight
* Runway Length
* Drag Count for Mach Numbers 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9.
* Desired Cruise Mach Number
* Desired Cruise Altitude
* Headwind or Tailwind
* Altitude at Start of Descent in MSL
* Altitude at End of Descent in MSL
* Takeoff Fuel Load

DATA INPUT SCREEN

Enter the above data for your flight by typing in a value, then pressing the ENTER key, repeating this for all the values. Default values are displayed, and you may select these by simply putting the cursor on the value, and pressing the ENTER key. Drag count data may be found in NATOPS section 11, or in Appendix A of this user guide. To use Appendix A, compute the drag count for mach number 0.6 only from the NATOPS tables. Then proceed to Appendix A and simply read the drag count for the mach numbers 0.7 through 0.9. Input these drag counts to the Data Input Screen.

DATA OUTPUT SCREENS

There are five (5) Data Output Screens containing the following information based on the input data: Screen #1 - Takeoff Configuration of the aircraft. Screen #2 - Computed Takeoff Performance with and without double datum: * Ground Roll Distance * Takeoff Speed * Refusal Speed Screen #3 - Computed Climb Data using the NATOPS maximum range profile approximations: * Climb Speed * Climb Mach

- * Climb Time
- * Climb Fuel Required
- * Distance Covered in Climb

Screen #4 - Computed Cruise Data for the input parameters: * Ambient Temperature

- * Fuel Flow
- * Specific Range in lb/nm
- * Ground Speed
- * True Air Speed

Screen #5 - Computed Descent data for the input parameters and for a <u>minimum fuel</u> profile:

- * Descent Fuel Used
- * Distance Covered
- * Descent Time
- * Descent Speed

MISSION PLANNING OPTIONS

Select one of the three options:

- LOW LEVEL ROUTE PLANNER -
 - * Manually enter a route, edit the route, file the route, compute performance and a jet log for the route.
 - * Load a route from a file, and compute performance and a jet log for the route. NOTE: CAN NOT EDIT ROUTES LOADED FROM A FILE.
- ENTER ONLY LAT/LONG DATA -
 - * Manually enter, edit, and file a route.
 - * May repeat this procedure for multiple route entry and filing.
 - * Distance and Heading information is presented.
 - * NOTE: NO AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE OR JET LOG IS COMPUTED.

- EXIT TO DOS -* NOTE: BE SURE TO SAVE THE ROUTE BY FILING IT BEFORE YOU EXIT THE PROGRAM!

LOW LEVEL ROUTE PLANNER

This section will be discussed here in more detail, and will include discussions of the other options in this section.

Screen #1 - Low level data input form:

- * Type in a value, followed by pressing the ENTER key. Three values are requested.
 - 1. Low Level Altitude in MSL
 - 2. Low Level Speed (Kts. Ground Speed)
 - 3. Beginning Fuel State for the Route
- * WARNING: BE SURE TO ENTER LOW LEVEL ALTITUDE AS MSL!
- * NOTE: The Low Level Altitude may be as high as 45000 feet MSL. Therefore, typical <u>cruise altitudes</u> may be entered. When combined with a high altitude navigation route entered in the next section, a cruise leg jet log may be produced. Simply run the Mission Planning program again to compute the low level route portion.
- Screen #2 This shows the format for lat/long data entry
 as DEG.MIN.SEC and requests the following:
 * North or South Latitude (N or S)
 * East or West Longitude (E or W)
 - * East or West Magnetic Variation (E or W)
 - * Number of points to enter (2 to 9)
- Screen #3 Lat/Long data input uses the following sequence:
 - * Type the value of the latitude DEGrees, then press the ENTER key.
 - * Type the value of the latitude MINutes, then press the ENTER key.
 - * Type the value of the latitude SEConds, then press the ENTER key.
 - * Repeat this sequence for the longitude values.
 - * Type the value of the magnetic variation as <u>simply a number</u>. NO PLUS OR MINUS SIGNS. NO EAST (E) or WEST (W).
 - EDITING DATA <u>BEFORE</u> PRESSING THE {ENTER} KEY:
 * Position the cursor over the incorrect value, type the correct value, press the ENTER key.
 - EDITING DATA <u>AFTER</u> PRESSING THE {ENTER} KEY:
 * Continue entering the remaining points.
 Following this, you will be given the opportunity to edit any incorrect points.

- FILING DATA -

- * Respond to program requests.
- * WARNING: Provide only filenames of 8 characters or less. <u>DO NOT TYPE</u> <u>ANY EXTENSIONS (example: .DAT)</u> <u>WITH ANY FILENAMES</u>. * See the following Note To Experienced
- Users for more filing details.

NOTE TO EXPERIENCED USERS

Data is filed according to the fully qualified filename definition, however, in NO CASE SHOULD A USER SPECIFY A FILENAME THAT INCLUDES AN EXTENSION. Data may be filed on the B: drive to a separate data disk. Route files are very small, approximately 1K in size, and there is approximately 20K of disk space available on the program disk which can store about 20 route files. The user may desire to store classified or otherwise sensitive routes on a separate data disk in the B: drive, which then may be afforded the appropriate degree of security, or to store all route files on a spearate data disk. To accomplish this, simply respond to the requests for filenames with a more complete filename. For an example, the user would type B:IR203 in response to the requests, instead of simply IR203. To erase files from the program disk, use the DOS command { ERASE filename.* } and substitute the actual name of the route for the filename.

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Screen #4 - Output screen of computed navigation data.
Screen #5 - Computed low level aircraft performance data.
Screen #6 - Completed low level jet log.

FINAL OPTIONS

To compute a return profile, the program will begin at the beginning, with the data input form. All values must be entered, even though there is no takeoff to be made. The user must tolerate the takeoff computations and display, in order to obtain accurate return profile performance. This method actually allows re-entry of important aircraft configuration, weight, drag, and fuel information that most certainly has changed from the ingress parameters. The result is very accurate return profile performance data.

Calculation of another route will use the input data already provided and performance data already computed in completing the navigation data and jet log.

ERRORS

Most errors will be intercepted, allowing the user to repeat some action correctly and continue with the program. Two most common errors may occur:

 Responding to a request for a letter by typing a number. In this case, the number will be accepted, however, the program will probably fail shortly thereafter. In this case, start the

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program again by pressing the CTRL-ALT-DEL keys simultaneously.

 Responding to a request for a number by typing a letter. In this case, the user will see the following message on the monitor screen:

?Redo from start

Although this looks bad, there is an easy solution. Simply type the correct response, press the ENTER key, and continue with the program. If the screen display and cursor location do not line up for proper data entry, or the program isn't running correctly, then press the CTRL-ALT-DEL keys simultaneously to start the program over from the beginning.

QUICK START REFERENCE INSTRUCTIONS

Many people would like to start using a program without reading the instructions, or bothering with the details of program operation. This quick reference guide has been prepared for this purpose.

LOADING AND STARTING THE PROGRAM

Insert the program disk into drive A:, close the drive door, turn on the monitor, and then the computer power switch. Highlight the type of machine you are using from the menu using the arrow direction keys on the numeric keypad, followed by hitting the ENTER key to make the selection. Highlight the MAX RANGE COMPUTER, followed by hitting the ENTER key to make the selction. Follow the screen instructions. After returning to the main on program selection menu, highlight the MISSION PLANNING option followed by hitting the Enter key to make the selection. Then hit the ENTER key again to select the "READ A SHORT INTRO TO THE PROGRAM" option from the mission planning menu. Follow the on-screen instructions carefully. Proceed slowly and patiently the first time through, taking time to read each screen fully, and to read the associated help screens that appear as different options are highlighted with the arrow direction keys on the numeric keypad to the right of the keyboard. Decide on

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an option, highlight the option, then hit the ENTER key to make the selection.

DATA ENTRY FORMS

Type in the correct value asked for in a block, followed by pressing the ENTER key. Some blocks, when they are filled, will automatically enter the value and place the cursor at the next block, waiting for data to be entered. If this occurs, simply continue entering the data for the block containing the cursor, and go on with the program. This is designed to save time. Repeat for all the blocks.

LAT/LONG DATA ENTRY

Type in a value for the DEGrees, then press the ENTER key. Type in a value for the MINutes, then press the ENTER key. Type in a value for the SEConds, then press the ENTER key. Type in a value for the MAGnetic VARiation, then press the ENTER key.

Repeat for all the data points.

EDITING

 EDITING DATA <u>BEFORE</u> PRESSING THE {ENTER} KEY:
 * Position the cursor over the incorrect value, type the correct value, press the ENTER key.

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 EDITING DATA <u>AFTER</u> PRESSING THE {ENTER} KEY:
 * Continue entering the remaining points. Following this, you will be given the opportunity to edit any incorrect points.
 FILING DATA
 * Respond to program requests.
 * <u>WARNING</u>: Provide only filenames of 8 characters or less. <u>DO NOT TYPE</u> <u>ANY EXTENSIONS (example: .DAT)</u> WITH ANY FILENAMES.

FINAL OPTIONS

To compute a return profile, the program will begin at the beginning, with the data input form. All entries must be made, even though there is no takeoff to be made. The user must tolerate the takeoff computations and display, in order to obtain accurate return profile performance. This method actually allows re-entry of important aircraft configuration, weight, drag, and fuel information that most certainly has changed from the ingress parameters. The result is very accurate return profile performance data.

APPENDIX C

	MACH	NUMBER	
0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
		a	
	DRA	G COUNT	52
20 21	21 22	31	52
22	23	33	55
23	24	34	60
24	25	36	63
25	27	37	66
26	28	38	68
27	29	40	71
28	30	41	73
29	31	43	76
30	32	44	79
31	33	46	81
32	34	47	84
33	35	49	86
34	36	50	89
35	37	52	92
36	38	53	94
37	39	55	97
38	40	56	100
39	41	58	102
40	42	59	105
41 42	43 45	61	107
42	45	62 64	110 113
44	40	65	115
45	48	67	113
46	49	68	121
47	50	70	123
48	51	71	126
49	52	73	128
50	53	74	131

	MACH	NUMBER	
	0.7	0.8	0.9
		G COUNT	
50 51	53 54	74 75	131 134
52	55	75	134
53	56	78	139
54	57	80	141
55	58	81	144
56	59	83	147
57	60	84	149
58	61	86	152
59	63	87	155
60	64	89	157
61	65	90	160
62	66	92	162
63	67	93	165
64	68	95	168
65	69	96	170
66	70	98	173
67	71	99	176
68 69	72 73	101 102	178
70	74	102	181 183
71	75	104	186
72	76	107	189
73	77	108	191
74	78	110	194
75	80	111	197
76	81	112	199
77	82	114	202
78	83	115	204
79	84	117	207
80	85	118	210

		ACH NUMBER	
0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	1	DRAG COUNT	
80	. 85	118	210
81	86	120	212
82	87	121	215
83	88	123	217
84	89	124	220
85	90	126	223
86	91	127	225
87	92	129	228
88	93	130	231
89	94	132	233
90 91	95 96	133 135	236 238
92	98	135	238
93	99	138	241
94	100	139	246
95	101	141	249
96	102	142	252
97	103	144	254
98	104	145	257
99	105	147	259
100	106	148	262
101	107	149	265
102	108	151	267
103 104	109 110	152 154	270 272
104	110	154	272
106	112	155	273
107	112	158	280
108	114	160	283
109	116	161	286
110	117	163	288

	MACH NUMBER		
0.6	0.7	0.8 163	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
110		163	288
112	118 119	164 166	291 293
112	120	167	295
113	121	169	299
115	122	170	301
116	123	172	304
117	124	173	307
118	125	175	309
119	126	176	312
120	127	178	314
121	128	179	317
122	129	181	320
123	130	182	322
124	131	184	325
125	133	185	328
126	134	186	330
127 128	135	188	333
128	136 137	189 191	335 338
130	138	191	341
131	139	192	343
132	140	195	346
133	141	197	348
134	142	198	351
135	143	200	354
136	144	201	356
137	145	203	359
138	146	204	362
139	147	206	364
140	148	207	367

	MAC	CH NUMBER	
0.6	0.7	CH NUMBER	0.9
	DF	RAG COUNT	
140	148	207	367
141	149	209	369
142	151	210	372
143	152	212	375
144	153	213	377
145	154	215	380
146	155	216	383
147	156	218	385
148	157	219	388
149	158	221	390
150	159	222	393
151	160	223	396
152	161	225	398
153	162	226	400
154	163	228	400
155	164	229	400
156	165	231	400
157	166	232	400
158	167	234	400
159	169	235	400
160	170	237	400
161	171	238	400
162	172	240	400
163	173	241	400
164	174	243	400
165	175	244	400
166	176	246	400
167	177	247	400
168	178	249	400
169	179	250	400
170	180	252	400

	MACH NUMBER		
0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
170	180	252	400
171	181	253	400
172	182	255	400
173	183	256	400
174	184	258	400
175	186	259	400
176	187	260	400
177	188	262	400
178	189	263	400
179	190	265	400
180	191	266	400
181	192	268	400
182 183	193 194	269 271	400 400
183	194	271	400
185	195	274	400
186	198	275	400
187	198	277	400
188	199	278	400
189	200	280	400
190	201	281	400
191	202	283	400
192	204	284	400
193	205	286	400
194	206	287	400
195	207	289	400
196	208	290	400
197	209	292	400
198	210	293	400
199	211	295	400
200	212	296	400

	MACH NUMBER		
0.6		0.8	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
200	212	296	400
201	213	297	400
202	214	299	400
203	215	300	400
204	216	302	400
205	217	303	400
206	218	305	400
207	219	306	400
208	220	308	400
209	222	309	400
210 211	223	311	400
212	224 225	312 314	$\begin{array}{c} 400\\ 400 \end{array}$
212	225	314	
213	220	315	$\begin{array}{c} 400\\ 400 \end{array}$
214 215	228	318	400
215	229	320	400
217	230	321	400
218	231	323	400
219	232	324	400
220	233	326	400
221	234	327	400
222	235	329	400
223	236	330	400
224	237	332	400
225	239	333	400
226	240	334	400
227	241	336	400
228	242	337	400
229	243	339	400
230	244	340	400

	MACH	H NUMBER	
0.6	0.7	NUMBER	0.9
	DRA	AG COUNT	
230	244	340	400
231	245	342	400
232	246	343	400
233	247	345	400
234	248	346	400
235	249	348	400
236	250	349	400
237	251	351	400
238	252	352	400
239	253	354	400
240	254	355	400
241	255	357	400
242	257	358	400
243	258	360	400
244	259	361	400
245	260	363	400
246	261	364	400
247	262	366	400
248	263	367	400
249	264	369	400
250	265	370	400
251	266	371	400
252	267	373	400
253	268	374	400
254	269	376	400
255	270	377	400
256	271	379	400
257	272	380	400
258	273	382	400
259	275	383	400
260	276	385	400

.

	MACH NUMBER		
0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
260	276	385	400
261	277	386	400
262	278	388	400
263	279	389	400
264	280	391	400
265	281	392	400
266	282	394	400
267	283	395 .	400
268	284	397	400
269	285	398	400
270	286	400	400
271	287 *	400	400
272	288	400	400
273	289	400	400
274	290	400	400
275	292	400	400
276	293	400	400
277	294	400	400
278	295	400	400
279	296	400	400
280	297	400	400
281	298	400	400
282	299	400	400
283	300	400	400
284	301	400	400
285	302	400	400
286	303	400	400
287	304	400	400
288	305	400	400
289	306	400	400
290	307	400	400

	MACH NUMBER		
	0.7	0.8	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
290	307	400	400
291	308	400	400
292	310	400	400
293	311	400	400
294	312	400	400
295	313	400	400
296	314	400	400
297	315	400	400
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304	322	400	400
305	323	400	400
306 307	324	400	400
308	325 326	400 400	400
309	328	400	400 400
310	329	400	400
311	330	400	400
312	331	400	400
313	332	400	400
314	333	400	400
315	334	400	400
316	335	400	400
317	336	400	400
318	337	400	400
319	338	400	400
320	339	400	400

		I NUMBER	
0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	700	C COUNT	
320	339	AG COUNT	400
321	340	400	400
322	341	400	400
323	342	400	400
324	343	400	400
325	345	400	400
326	346	400	400
327	347	400	400
328	348	400	400
329	349	400	400
330	350	400	400
331	351	400	400
332	352	400	400
333	353	400	400
334	354	400	400
335	355	400	400
336	356	400	400
337	357	400	400
338	358	400	400
339	359	400	400
340	360	400	400
341	361	400	400-
342	363	400	400
343	364	400	400
344	365	400	400
345 346	366 367	400 400	400 400
347	368	400	400
348	369	400	400
349	370	400	400
350	371	400	400

	MACH NUMBER		
0.6		0.8	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
350	371	400	400
351	372	400	400
352	373	400	400
353	374	400	400
354	375	400	400
355	376	400 .	400
356	377	400	400
357	378	400	400
358	379	400	400
359	381	400	400
360	382	400	400
361	383	400	400
362	384	400	400
363	385	400	400
364 365	386 387	400	400
366	388	400 400	400 400
367	389	400	400
368	390	400	400
369	391	400	400
370	392	400	400
371	393	400 -	400
372	394	400	400
373	395	400	400
374	396	400	400
375	398	400	400
376	399	400	400
377	400	400	400
378	400	400	400
379	400	400	400
380	400	400	400

.

	MACH NUMBER		
0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	DRAG COUNT		
380	400	400	400
381	400	400	400
382	400	400	400
383	400	400	400
384	400	400	400
385	400	400	400
386	400	400	400
387	400	400	400
388	400	400	400
389	400	400	400
390	400	400	400
391	400	400	400
392	400	400	400
393	400	400	400
394	400	400	400
395	400	400	400
396	400	400	400
397	400	400	400
398	400	400	400
399	400	400	400
400	400	400	400

APPENDIX D

SAMPLE TACTICAL PLANNING PROBLEM

A-7 NATOPS PROBLEM

An international incident has occurred which necessitates the rapid protection and extraction of U.S. military personnel within the strife stricken country.

You are the Commande ∞f an A-7E squadron and have been given the task of planning and conducting the missions in support of the extraction of the U.S. personnel. Given the following information, determine the greatest distance from the target at which you could launch and return to the same take-off point.

- Fuel Load 14,000# (2,000# in each aero I D) 1.
- 2. Ordnance Load
 - a. 1 AGM-45 (Skrike) on Sta #1 and Sta #8
 - 3 MK-20 (Rockeye) on Ter on Sta #2 b.
 - 1 Aero I D (Full JP5) on Sta #3 and Sta #6 c.
 - d. 1 AIM 9D (Sidewinder) on Sta #4 and Sta #5
 - 3 MK-83 (LDGP) on Ter on Sta #7 e.
- Basic Aircraft Weight 21,000# 3.
- 4. Area temperature at sea level 30°C
- 5. Use 300# fuel for Start/Taxi/Catapult
- Rendezvous at 10,000' and 25 NM use 800# fuel during 6. rendezvous
- Descend from cruise altitude to target 7. a. Descend to 12,000'b. Use 2,700#/Hr fuel flow

 - c. Maintain 370 Kts ground speed
 - d. Begin descent at 40 NM
- Enroute winds are forecast 8. a. To the target - 40 Kts headwind b. Return to ship - 70 Kts tailwind c. Descents - no wind
- Use 2,000# fuel in target area 9.
- Expend the following ordnance 10. a. 2 AGM-45 ь. 3 MK-20
 - c. 3 MK-83
 - d. Retain all other racks, ordnance, tanks
- 11. Climb to cruise altitude for return will be from sea level.
- 12. Plan for Charlie on arrival with 1,000# internal fuel on the ball.



Maximum Refusal Speed

Figure 1

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Development of flight performance algorithms and a tactical computer aided mission planning system for the A-7E aircraft.