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Final Technical Report
July 1986

HIGH PERFORMANCE CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DEVELOPMENT

Frequency Electronics, Inc.

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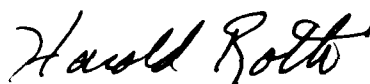
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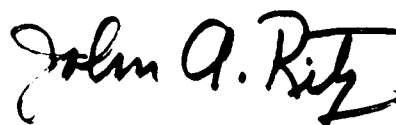
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19. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number) This contract calls for design, development, fabrication and test of a fast warm-up crystal oscillator operating at 5 MHz and 10 MHz. Test results of earlier model oscillators indicated that further reductions of inner oven and oscillator assembly mass was required. In addition, an approved method of coupling heat into the crystal blank was worked on. In order to reduce mass, redesign of the electronic circuitry from discrete circuits to IC and Hybrid designs was accomplished. Four hybridized circuits were designed, fabricated and tested: RF Amplifier Hybrid, Colpitts Oscillator Hybrid, Oven Control Hybrid, Pierce Oscillator Hybrid. Two different oscillators, each with SC-cut crystals were designed, built and tested, using RF Amplifier Hybrids, Colpitts Oscillator Hybrids, and Oven Control Hybrids. Excellent results were achieved in short and long term stability, low power, "g" sensitivity, as well as reduced volume and weight. The Pierce oscillator was also a hybridized design,						
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containing a 5 MHz, 5th overtone crystal. Preliminary test results were also satisfactory.



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1. OBJECTIVE.

The objective of these research activities is to design, develop, fabricate and test an operational preproduction oscillator utilizing a double rotated quartz crystal resonator. Goals for the oscillator require the development of components which will minimize oscillator power consumption via solid state electronic temperature control, ruggedized titanium Dewar enclosure, and thermal isolation material. Electronic components and oscillator circuitry will be optimized to provide maximum stability and spectral purity and at the same time minimize sensitivity to shock, vibration and acceleration.

2. CONTRACT SPECIFICATION GOALS.

1. Stabilization time @ 25°C	$\pm 5 \times 10^{-9}$ of final value after 2 minutes of turn-on
2. Short term stability	9×10^{-13} in-between 1 and 100 sec averaging time
3. Ageing rate/day	1×10^{-10} after one-day of warm-up
4. Continuous operating power	0.6 watt (-40 to +90°C)
5. Warm-up power	10 watt
6. Temperature stability	2×10^{-10} (-10 to +50°C)
7. Load stability	2×10^{-11} for 10% load change
8. Voltage stability	2×10^{-11} for 5% voltage change
9. Acceleration sensitivity	$1 \times 10^{-10}/g$ along any axis
10. Vibration sensitivity	$1 \times 10^{-10}/g$ without vibration isolators
11. Shock stability	1×10^{-10} after 50g, 11 msec

3. SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS REPORTING PERIOD.

This is a summary of the results presented in the interim test report No. RADC-TR-82-191 (July 1982):

Oscillator Models FE-2188B and FE-2173A were developed during the previous reporting period. FE-2188B is a discrete oscillator with a 5 MHz, 5th overtone, SC bi-convex, 3 point mount crystal in a "C" holder and is insulated in a pyrex flask. FE-2173A is a discrete oscillator with a 10.05+ MHz, 3rd overtone, SC bi-convex, 3 point mount crystal in a TO-8 holder and foam insulated. Table I shows a comparison of the contract specification goals and the parametric performance of the two oscillator designs incorporating low 'g' sensitivity SC crystal resonators. The following paragraphs are the technical considerations as they relate to the performance differences between the two oscillator configurations.

3.1 Stabilization - Warm-up.

The 5 MHz oscillator (FE-2188B) showed the input power for the initial 3 minutes of warm-up to be 20 watts. After booster heater cutoff, the input power was reduced to under 2.0 watts in less than 5 minutes.

The frequency stabilized to within 2×10^{-7} in 5 minutes and 2×10^{-9} in 7 minutes. These results are dramatic improvements over the previous AT cut oscillators with typical warm-up period of 30 minutes to 2 hours to obtain the same stability.

TABLE I - TEST DATA SUMMARY (PREVIOUS REPORT PERIOD)

ITEM	SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENT	FE-2188B OSCILLATOR	FE-2173A OSCILLATOR
	5/10 MHZ	5 MHZ - 5th OVERTONE, C HOLDER SC BI-CONVEX 3 POINT MOUNT	10.05+ MHZ - 3rd OVERTONE SC TO-8, 3 POINT MOUNT
STABILIZATION TIME AT 25°C	5 x 10 ⁻⁹ OF FINAL VALUE AFTER 2 MINUTES TURN-ON	5 MINUTES: 2 x 10 ⁻⁷ 7 MINUTES: 2 x 10 ⁻⁹	2 MINUTES: <2 x 10 ⁻⁷ 5 MINUTES: <2 x 10 ⁻⁹
SHORT TERM STABILITY	9 x 10 ⁻¹³ AVERAGE FROM 1 TO 100 SECONDS	1 SECOND: 1.5 x 10 ⁻¹²	1 SECOND 5 x 10 ⁻¹¹
AGING RATE PER DAY	1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ AFTER ONE DAY OF WARM-UP	* AFTER 4 DAYS WARM-UP 5 x 10 ⁻¹¹ /DAY AVG OVER NEXT 10 DAYS	* AFTER 15 DAYS WARM-UP 5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY
PEAK WARM-UP POWER	10 WATTS	20 WATTS	18 WATTS
CONTINUOUS OPERATING POWER @ 25°C	0.6 WATTS	2 WATTS AFTER 5 MINUTES	2 WATTS AFTER 5 MINUTES
TEMPERATURE STABILITY (-10°C TO +50°C)	2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰	<2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ PYREX FLASK	<2 x 10 ⁻⁹ FOAM INSULATION
PHASE NOISE (1Hz BW)	5 MHZ 10 MHZ 10 Hz: -130 dB -124 dB 100 Hz: -155 dB -149 dB 10 kHz: -164 dB -159 dB	10 Hz: -132 dB 100 Hz: -143 dB 1 kHz: -154 dB	10 Hz: -115 dB 100 Hz: -122 dB 1 kHz: -138 dB
"g" SENSITIVITY	1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g	< 3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN WORST AXIS	<5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN WORST AXIS
WEIGHT	5 OZ.	14.8 OZ.	13 OZ.
VOLUME	10 IN ³	20 IN ³	20.68 IN ³

* NOTE: AGING CHARACTERISTICS DIFFER FOR EACH CRYSTAL.

For the 10 MHz oscillator (FE-2173A), the warm-up time was under 2 minutes to reach 1×10^{-7} , and less than 5 minutes to stabilize to 1×10^{-9} .

The difference in warmup time between the 5 MHz (FE-2188B) and the 10 MHz oscillator (FE-2173A) can be mainly attributed to the physical package. The 5 MHz oscillator used a 5th overtone crystal in a "C" size crystal holder and the size of the inner oven package was almost three times that of the 10 MHz oscillator, which uses a TO-8 crystal holder. The heater hybrid delivers a constant power input which results in a longer warmup time for the FE-2188B. It was obvious, therefore, that the 5 MHz oscillator (FE-2188B) inner oven assembly, and thermal path to the crystal, must be reduced in order to improve the warm-up time.

3.2 Aging - Long Term Stability.

The long term stability results of one 5 MHz oscillator (FE-2188B) was encouraging. After a 4 day warm-up period, the aging rate over the next 10 days was 5×10^{-11} /day and reduced to 5×10^{-12} /day over another 15 days. The long term stability of the second 5 MHz oscillator was considerably poorer than the first. After the 4 days of warm-up, the aging rate was 4×10^{-10} /day. After 15 days of operation, the aging rate was reduced to 2×10^{-10} /day. These results indicated that further enhancements of the design and fabrication processes associated with the SC-cut crystals were necessary to achieve consistently good aging results. Presently manufactured SC-cut, high bakeout, 5th overtone resonators achieve aging rates of $1 - 2 \times 10^{-11}$ /day after 4 days stabilization.

The long term stability of the 10 MHz oscillator (FE-2173A) was 5×10^{-10} /day after a warm-up of 15 days. Presently manufactured SC-cut 10 MHz, 3rd overtone resonators achieve $5 - 8 \times 10^{-11}$ /day after 15 days.

3.3 Temperature Stability.

Frequency stability over the temperature range of -10°C to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$, for both 5 MHz oscillators (FE-2188B) was about 2×10^{-10} . For the two 10 MHz oscillators (FE-2173A) the frequency stability over the same temperature range was 2×10^{-9} and 2.2×10^{-9} .

3.4 "g" Sensitivity.

FEI obtained reasonable yields in low "g" sensitivity SC-cut crystals. For the two 5 MHz oscillators (FE-2188B) tested, the sensitivities were approximately $4 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$ and $3 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$. This compared to a typical AT-cut crystal sensitivity of $1-2 \times 10^{-9}/\text{g}$, indicating a significant improvement. The "g" sensitivity results for two 10 MHz oscillators (FE-2173A) were $5 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$ and $5 \times 10^{-10}/\text{g}$.

Comparison of the "g" sensitivity results showed the 5 MHz oscillator to be better than the 10 MHz oscillator by about a factor of two. This can be understood by relating back to the basic crystal design and fabrication process particularly in the area of the crystal support structure. Better integrity can be achieved in the crystal support structure with the lower frequency (5 MHz) device.

3.5 Phase Noise.

A comparison of the phase noise characteristics of the 5 MHz and 10 MHz oscillators are as follows:

<u>OFFSET FREQUENCY FROM CARRIER</u>	<u>S/N RATIO (1 Hz BW)</u>	
	<u>5 MHz</u>	<u>10 MHz</u>
10 Hz	-132 dB	-115 dB
100 Hz	-143 dB	-122 dB
1 kHz	-154 dB	-138 dB

The 5 MHz unit has a crystal filter on the output and will meet the specification goals for phase noise when the filter is optimized. The 10 MHz unit had no crystal filter. The 10 MHz unit would also meet the phase noise specification with the addition of optimized crystal filter.

4. COMPONENT DESIGN.

The following sections represent the activities since the previous reporting period. Component design representing an essential effort in accomplishing the objectives of lower power consumption, volume reduction, weight reduction, and all other parametric goals called out in the contract specification goals.

1. Four hybridized circuits were designed, fabricated and tested:

- a) RF Amplifier Hybrid (C91240T9012)
- b) Colpitts Oscillator Hybrid (C91220T9013)
- c) Pierce Oscillator Hybrid (C91380T50020)
- d) Oven control Hybrid (C91001T9011)

4.1 RF Amplifier Hybrid.

This circuit is repeated in every oscillator design. Figure 1 shows RF Amplifier Hybrid package. The dimensions of this unit are 1/2" by 1/2". The most advantageous feature of this unit is its signal isolation between the oscillator and the delivered power.

Specifications for this unit are:

- a) Allowable frequencies include 5 MHz, 5.115 MHz, 10 MHz, and 10.23 MHz.
- b) The power supply voltage range is 10V to 20V.
- c) The current is 2 mA to 10 mA, settable by internal resistors (shorting outside pins).
- d) RF Power Input is 0 dBm, $\begin{matrix} +3 \\ -0 \end{matrix}$ dB.
- e) RF Power Output is settable 7 dBm to 13 dBm. RF power is adjustable by shorting internal resistors to ground through pins which extend outside the package. Shorting of pins enables the reduction or increase of amplifier gain.
- f) Minimum harmonics is 40 dB.
- g) VSWR = both input and output to be 1.2:1.

4.2 Colpitts Oscillator Hybrid.

The Colpitts Oscillator Hybrid package is shown in Outline Drawing C91225T9013 (Figure 2). This is a unique oscillator circuit which has the feature of accepting SC-cut crystals. The SC-cut crystal has 2 operating modes adjacent to each other, with 8-10% frequency differential. Only the "C" mode is desired; therefore unique circuits in the hybrid assure that the "B" mode is suppressed. The hybrid circuit also provides VCO capabilities (electronic frequency control).

4.3 Pierce Oscillator Hybrid.

The 5 MHz crystal will not work well in the Colpitts configuration as the input capacitance limits the performance of that crystal. The short and long term stabilities prove unsatisfactory and temperature coefficient is poor. The Pierce design is more suitable and has been developed to achieve these factors as desired.

The Pierce Oscillator Hybrid Package is shown in drawing C91380T50020 (Figure 3). It is a hybrid circuit design for an SC-cut crystal, 5 MHz or 5.115 MHz. It has tuning selection for the "C" mode only. The unit contains built in electronic tuning, an AGC network to control the crystal drive current and a reference zener voltage to stabilize the internal voltage.

The hybrid assembly consists of 20 resistors, 9 capacitors, 4 diodes, 4 transistors, 2 coils - all reduced to a package size of 0.80 in³. For comparison purposes, the Pierce Oscillator breadboard is shown in Figure 4.

4.4 Oven Control Hybrid.

This design is shown in drawing C91000T9011 (Figure 5). It contains a single sensor for heat control, with a single feedback loop. The control system is capable of controlling two heater elements; one for normal heat control, the other for associated warm-up (booster heater). The unit is designed to use 50K or 100K thermistors and is capable of driver heater power from 1 watt to 20 watts. The hybrid circuit contains its own reference voltage and feedback elements can be selected externally.

Physically, it is a 12-pin flatpack design measuring 3/8" by 1/2". The oven control circuit board is shown in Figure 6 with the hybrid installed.

5. OSCILLATOR DESIGN.

5.1 Model FE-2185.

This oscillator is the first hybridized oscillator built. It consists of five major building blocks. They are three hybrid circuits, one heater ceramic substrate and one 10 MHz, SC-cut, 3rd overtone, TO-8 size crystal. The hybrid circuits are Colpitts oscillator circuit, buffer amplifier and proportional oven heater control circuit. This development resulted in a reduced volume of 3.5 cubic inches. The package shown in Figure 7 shows the vertical mounting with interface connector and mounting studs on the 1.2 inch by 1.2 inch surface. The oscillator performance test results are shown in Table II and Figures 8, 9, 10 and 11. Fast warmup with low peak input power, stability after warmup and temperature coefficient are achieved in this design relative to the previous FE-2188B and the FE-2173A. For better thermal stability and improved temperature coefficient, the Model FE-2211A was designed.

5.2 Model FE-2211A.

This new model, FE-2211A, basically has the same building blocks as Model FE-2185, except the heater ceramic substrate was redesigned for both control heater and booster heater with their drive transistors and feedback resistor integrated on one ceramic substrate. This further reduces the interwiring between heaters and driver transistors to minimize the thermal loss. In addition

TABLE II - TEST DATA SUMMARY - CURRENT REPORTING PERIOD (4/82 TO 1/85)

ITEM	SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENT	FE-2185 OSCILLATOR	FE-2211A OSCILLATOR
STABILIZATION TIME AT 25°C	10 MHZ	10 MHZ, 3rd OVERTONE, SC CUT TO-8, 3 POINT MOUNT	10 MHZ, 3rd OVERTONE, SC CUT, TO-8, 3 POINT MOUNT
SHORT TERM STABILITY	5 x 10 ⁻⁹ OF FINAL VALUE AFTER 2 MINUTES TURN-ON	2 MINUTES: 8 x 10 ⁻⁸ 4 MINUTES: 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ 5 1/2 MINUTES: 5 x 10 ⁻⁹	2 MINUTES: 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ 5 MINUTES: 1 x 10 ⁻⁹ DOUBLE OVEN
AGING RATE PER DAY	9 x 10 ⁻¹³ AVERAGE FROM 1 TO 100 SECONDS	1 SECOND: 3 x 10 ⁻¹²	10 SECONDS: 3 x 10 ⁻¹²
PEAK WARMUP POWER	1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ AFTER ONE DAY OF WARM-UP	* 1 DAY: 8 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY 40 DAYS: 1.4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY	* 1 DAY: 4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY 40 DAYS: 2.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY
CONTINUOUS OPERATING POWER @ 25°C	10 WATTS	2 UNITS TESTED: 1ST UNIT 8 WATTS 2ND UNIT 2 WATTS	SINGLE OVEN: 17.5 WATTS DOUBLE OVEN: 22.4 WATTS
TEMPERATURE STABILITY	0.6 WATTS	2 UNITS TESTED: 1ST UNIT: 0.98 WATTS 2ND UNIT: 0.89 WATTS	BOTH UNITS: 1.9 WATTS
PHASE NOISE (1 Hz BW)	2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ (-10°C TO +50°C)	(BETWEEN -10°C TO +60°C) 2.5 x 10 ⁻⁸ FOAM INSULATION	(BETWEEN -10°C TO +60°C) SINGLE OVEN: 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ DOUBLE OVEN: 4 x 10 ⁻⁹ FOAM INSULATION
"g" SENSITIVITY	10 Hz: -130 dB 100 Hz: -155 dB 10 kHz: -164 dB	10 Hz: -122 dB 100 Hz: -132 dB 1 kHz: -143 dB 10 kHz: -158 dB	10 Hz: -122 dB 100 Hz: -132 dB 1 kHz: -143 dB 10 kHz: -158 dB
WEIGHT	5 OZ.	< 1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN BEST AXIS < 4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN WORST AXIS	< 1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN BEST AXIS < 4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN WORST AXIS
VOLUME	10 IN ³	4.5 OZ. 3.5 IN ³	3.85 OZ. 4.20 IN ³

* NOTE: AGING CHARACTERISTICS DIFFER FOR EACH CRYSTAL.

to this improvement, an outer oven assembly has been incorporated to improve the frequency stability over wide operating temperatures. The mechanical package (Figure 12) has been designed with mounting surface on the 1 inch by 4 inch side (horizontal mounting) for better thermal balance at high ambient temperatures. Two versions of this model were tested, one with added outer oven assembly and the other without the additional outer oven assembly. This test data is shown in Table II and Figures 8, 11, 15 and 13 through 22.

Table III shows the design gains made for the current report and the previous reporting period.

5.3 Pierce Base Oscillator Development.

For 5 MHz, 5th Overtone, SC-Cut, C-Size Holder crystal, a new Pierce hybrid circuit has been designed but not yet incorporated into a completed oven oscillator assembly for testing. This newly developed hybridized 5 MHz oscillator will have fast warmup characteristics as Model FE-2211 with better short term and long term stability. The output phase noise is expected to be excellent.

6. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE INVESTIGATION.

6.1 Improvement in "g" Sensitivity of Crystals.

The mounting structure can be improved with possible increases in diameter to achieve "g" sensitivity of $1 \times 10^{-10}/g$.

TABLE III - FE-2173A - FE-2211A COMPARISON

It should be noted that all comparisons of oscillator characteristics from this reporting period to the previous reporting period should take into account the 5 to 1 reduction in size and 3 to 1 reduction in weight.

	PREVIOUS REPORT FE-2173A OSCILLATOR	CURRENT REPORT FE-2211A OSCILLATOR	DELTA
ITEM	10.05+ MHz - 3rd OVERTONE SC TO-8, 3 POINT MOUNT	10 MHz, 3rd OVERTONE, SC CUT, TO-8, 3 POINT MOUNT	
VOLUME	20.68 IN ³	4.20 IN ³	5:1
WEIGHT	13 OZ.	3.85 OZ.	3.4:1
"g" SENSITIVITY	<5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN WORST AXIS	<1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN BEST AXIS <4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /g IN WORST AXIS	1.75:1
PHASE NOISE (1Hz BW)	10 Hz: -115 dB 100 Hz: -122 dB 1 kHz: -138 dB	10 Hz: -122 dB 100 Hz: -132 dB 1 kHz: -143 dB 10 kHz: -158 dB	1.06:1
TEMPERATURE STABILITY (-10°C TO +50°C)	<2 x 10 ⁻⁹ FOAM INSULATION	(BETWEEN -10°C TO +60°C) SINGLE OVEN: 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ DOUBLE OVEN: 4 x 10 ⁻⁹ FOAM INSULATION	1:2
CONTINUOUS OPERATING POWER @ 25°C	2 WATTS AFTER 5 MINUTES	BOTH UNITS: 1.9 WATTS	1.05:1
PEAK WARM-UP POWER	18 WATTS	SINGLE OVEN: 17.5 WATTS DOUBLE OVEN: 22.4 WATTS	1:1.24
AGING RATE PER DAY	* AFTER 15 DAYS WARM-UP 5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY	* 1 DAY: 4 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY 40 DAYS: 2.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /DAY	
SHORT TERM STABILITY	1 SECOND (5 x 10 ⁻¹¹)	10 SECONDS: 3 x 10 ⁻¹²	
STABILIZATION TIME AT 25°C	2 MINUTES: <2 x 10 ⁻⁷ 5 MINUTES: <2 x 10 ⁻⁹	2 MINUTES: 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ 5 MINUTES: 1 x 10 ⁻⁹ DOUBLE OVEN	2:1

6.2 Titanium Dewar.

Although the machined titanium Dewar has significant improvement in power, temperature coefficient and orientation, the manufacturing techniques presently utilized make it very expensive. Research is necessary to establish the method of making the titanium Dewar to obtain improved performance and at the same time significantly reduce the manufacturing costs.

6.3 DC Regulation.

To reduce circuit noise and save power, a hybrid power regulator needs to be developed. The present monolithic regulators are inefficient and exceptionally noisy. FEI has investigated disc component regulators but there will be a need to hybridize it in order to save volume.

6.4 Warm-Up Improvement.

Improved thermal coupling between the heater and crystal unit needs to be investigated. A possible approach is to print the heater as part of the base of the TO-8 package to both reduce size and improve thermal coupling.

6.5 Oscillator Circuitry.

The Colpitts Oscillator has the least component recognized limitation of that oscillator due to the input capacitance to the base emitter junction. To obtain the optimum in noise and short-term stability, the Pierce will need to be adopted for the 10 MHz.

6.6 Single Hybrid Development.

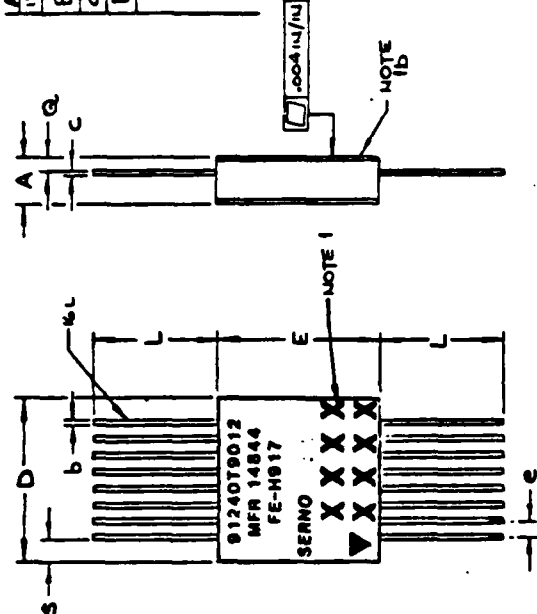
Investigate the possibility of combining all three hybrids (output amplifier, oven control and oscillator) into one module in order to save space and decrease manufacturing costs.

NOTES:

- 1. REDIAL NUMBER DET: L.L.L.S - 2.2.2.2 L.L.L.S - 3.3.3.3 SERNO CODE
- 2. FINISH: GOLD PLATE PER MIL-Q-61934, TYPE II. CLASS 1. GAGE B (50 MICRO INCHES MEASUREMENT) OVER ELECTROLYTIC BICEPS PER QQ-B-316 (50 MICRO INCHES MINIMUM).
- 3. DIMENSIONS SHALL BE MEASURED IN INCHES. METRIC EQUIVALENTS (TO THE NEAREST 0.01") ARE GIVEN FOR GENERAL INFORMATION AND ARE BASED UPON 1 INCH = 25.4 mm.
- 4. DIMENSIONING SYMBOLS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MIL-R-36310.

**TABLE 1
DIMENSIONS**

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	
A	.182	5.03	4.62		
b	.018	.012	.46	.30	
c	.012	.008	.30	.20	
D	.505	.495	12.83	12.57	
E	.505	.495	12.83	12.57	
e	.055	.045	1.40	1.14	
L	.375		9.53		
Q	.062	.048	1.57	1.21	
S		.061 REF		.155 REF	



REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK
B	3-16-67	REVISED NOTE 1; AIRMARK WA: ON TOP & SLOT.	RM	W
C		REVISED MARKING	RM	W
D	RM 3/15/67	REVISED DIM'S X AND Q PER ECO 01882202	RM	W

DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.
RF AMPLIFIER FEI MODEL FE-H917	14844-9124019012

QTY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.	QTY	UNIT

INTERFACE CONTROL DRAWING: FIGURE 1

FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.
NEW YORK OFFICE: NEW YORK, N.Y.

HYBRID, RF AMPLIFIER
MODEL FE-H917

14844
C 9124019012

MATERIALS AND TABULATED ITEMS

ITEM	QTY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.

FEI PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT
FE-2210A	FINAL	1	
FE-2211A	FINAL	1	
FE-2212A	FINAL	1	

PIR PORTION	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT
1	CASE GRD		
2	N/C		
3	DC NET.		
4	RF INPUT NET.		
5	RF INPUT		
6	DC GAIN SET (13050)		
7	DC GAIN SET (13050)		
8	DC GAIN SET (13050)		
9	AC GAIN SET (15050)		
10	AC GAIN SET (15050)		
11	AC GAIN SET (15050)		
12	RF OUTPUT NET.		
13	RF OUTPUT		
14	N/C		
15	N/C		
16	B+		

REV. NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY
B	REVISED NOTE 1: ARTWORK WA TOP & BOT.	8/25/65	SM
C	REVISED MARKING	8/25/65	SM
D	REVISED DIMENSIONS AND PER ECO D1845 9013	11/11/65	RM
E	REVISED PIN FUNCTION CHART PER ECN INV-5-1	7/15/67	TM

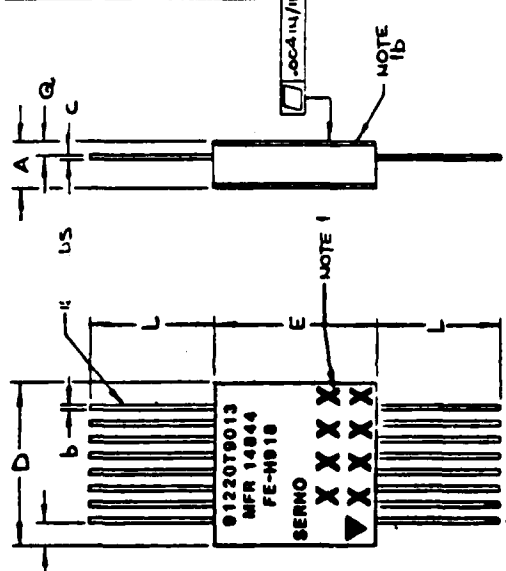


TABLE 1
DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	INCHES	MILS	MILLIMETERS	NOTES
A	.198	-182	5.03	4.62
b	.018	.012	.46	.50
c	.012	.008	.30	.20
D	.505	.495	12.83	12.57
E	.505	.495	12.83	12.57
e	.055	.045	1.40	1.14
L	.375		9.53	
G	.062	.048	1.57	1.21
S		.0618E		.155 REF

1. SERIAL NUMBER (S-N) SHALL BE STAMPED IN THE CENTER OF THE GOLD PLATE PER MIL-C-6154, TYPE II, CLASS B (30 MICRO TENSILE DISTINCTION) OVER ELECTROLYTIC MICREL PER QQ-N-398 (30 MICRO INCHES MINIMUM).
2. DIMENSIONS SHALL BE MEASURED IN INCHES. METRIC EQUIVALENTS (TO THE NEAREST 0.01MM) ARE GIVEN FOR GENERAL INFORMATION AND ARE BASED UPON 2 1/4" = 25.4 mm.
3. DIMENSIONING SYMBOLS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MIL-N-1851B.

SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	CRYSTAL (Q1-N)
2	CRYSTAL (C2)
3	VCO
4	GND
5	GND
6	GND
7	I/C
8	I/C
9	I/C
10	GND
11	C4 ADJ.
12	I/C
13	HP OUTPUT
14	GND
15	I/C
16	B+

FE-2210A	D	31013-9296	1	1	1	1
FE-2211A		FINAL	1	1	1	1
FE-H918						

FOR PARTS ON ASSOCIATED DRAWINGS

INTERFERENCE CONTROL DRAWING Figure 2

CONTRACT NO. 96239

DATE 8-23-65

BY [Signature]

CHECKED [Signature]

DESIGNED [Signature]

APPROVED [Signature]

MATERIALS AND TABULATED ITEMS

QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	REQ
	9122079013	COLPITTS OSCILLATOR FEI MODEL FE-H918		
	14844	FEI PART NO. 14844-9122079013		

DESCRIPTION: COLPITTS OSCILLATOR FEI MODEL FE-H918

FEI PART NO.: 14844-9122079013

QUANTITY: 1

DATE: 8-23-65

BY: [Signature]

REVISED: 8-23-65

SCALE: 1" = 10.00

DRAWING NO.: 9122079013

REVISED: 8-23-65

BY: [Signature]

DATE: 8-23-65

SCALE: 1" = 10.00

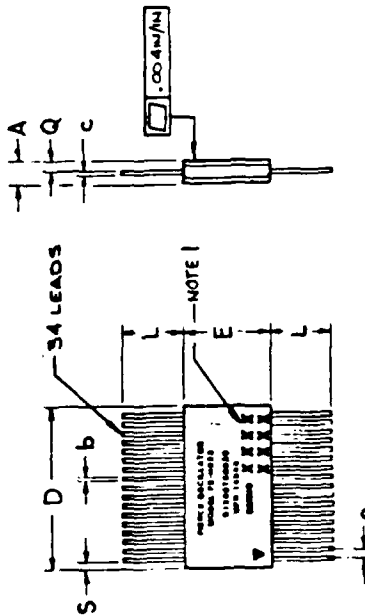
PROJECT: 14844 C 9122079013

DATE: 8-23-65

BY: [Signature]

REV	DATE	BY	APP
1	5/7/63		

REVISED MARKINGS REDUCED



- NOTES:
1. SERIAL NUMBER KEY:
 A B C D E
 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 9 0
 LETTERS
 DIGITS
 LETTERS
 DIGITS
 2. FINISH, GOLD PLATE PER MIL-STD-883C, STEP 31. CLASS B (100 MICRO INCHES MINIMUM) OVER. CLASS C (50 MICRO INCHES MINIMUM) OVER. CLASS D (25 MICRO INCHES MINIMUM) OVER.
 3. DIMENSIONS SHALL BE MEASURED IN INCHES, METRIC EQUIVALENTS (TO THE NEAREST 0.01mm) ARE GIVEN FOR GENERAL INFORMATION AND ARE BASED UPON 1 INCH = 25.4 mm.
 4. DIMENSIONING SYMBOLS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MIL-STD-1875B.

TABLE 1
DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	MAX INCHES DIM	WILLIAMS WAVE	WAVE	NOTES
A	.143	.127	3.63	3.23
b	.018	.012	.46	.30
c	.012	.008	.30	.20
D	1.005	.995	25.53	25.27
E	.535	.525	13.59	13.34
e	.055	.045	1.40	1.14
L	~	.375	~	9.53
G	.063	.047	1.60	1.19
S	.086 REF			2.18 REF

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	FUNCTION
1	1.000	1	PCB	PCB
2	2.000	2	WAVE	WAVE
3	3.000	3	WAVE	WAVE
4	4.000	4	WAVE	WAVE
5	5.000	5	WAVE	WAVE
6	6.000	6	WAVE	WAVE
7	7.000	7	WAVE	WAVE
8	8.000	8	WAVE	WAVE
9	9.000	9	WAVE	WAVE
10	10.000	10	WAVE	WAVE
11	11.000	11	WAVE	WAVE
12	12.000	12	WAVE	WAVE
13	13.000	13	WAVE	WAVE
14	14.000	14	WAVE	WAVE
15	15.000	15	WAVE	WAVE
16	16.000	16	WAVE	WAVE
17	17.000	17	WAVE	WAVE
18	18.000	18	WAVE	WAVE
19	19.000	19	WAVE	WAVE
20	20.000	20	WAVE	WAVE

REMARKS	QTY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION
1	1	PCB	PCB
2	2	WAVE	WAVE
3	3	WAVE	WAVE
4	4	WAVE	WAVE
5	5	WAVE	WAVE
6	6	WAVE	WAVE
7	7	WAVE	WAVE
8	8	WAVE	WAVE
9	9	WAVE	WAVE
10	10	WAVE	WAVE
11	11	WAVE	WAVE
12	12	WAVE	WAVE
13	13	WAVE	WAVE
14	14	WAVE	WAVE
15	15	WAVE	WAVE
16	16	WAVE	WAVE
17	17	WAVE	WAVE
18	18	WAVE	WAVE
19	19	WAVE	WAVE
20	20	WAVE	WAVE

REMARKS	QTY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION
1	1	PCB	PCB
2	2	WAVE	WAVE
3	3	WAVE	WAVE
4	4	WAVE	WAVE
5	5	WAVE	WAVE
6	6	WAVE	WAVE
7	7	WAVE	WAVE
8	8	WAVE	WAVE
9	9	WAVE	WAVE
10	10	WAVE	WAVE
11	11	WAVE	WAVE
12	12	WAVE	WAVE
13	13	WAVE	WAVE
14	14	WAVE	WAVE
15	15	WAVE	WAVE
16	16	WAVE	WAVE
17	17	WAVE	WAVE
18	18	WAVE	WAVE
19	19	WAVE	WAVE
20	20	WAVE	WAVE

DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.
HYBRID PIERCE OSCILLATOR FEI MODEL FE-H923	C91380T50020

FIGURE 3

FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.
NEW YORK PLAZA NEW YORK 1000

HYBRID PIERCE OSCILLATOR
MODEL FE-H923

CONTRACT NO. 14844 C 91380T50020

DATE 2-1-63

BY 91283TECH

CHKD BY

APP'D BY

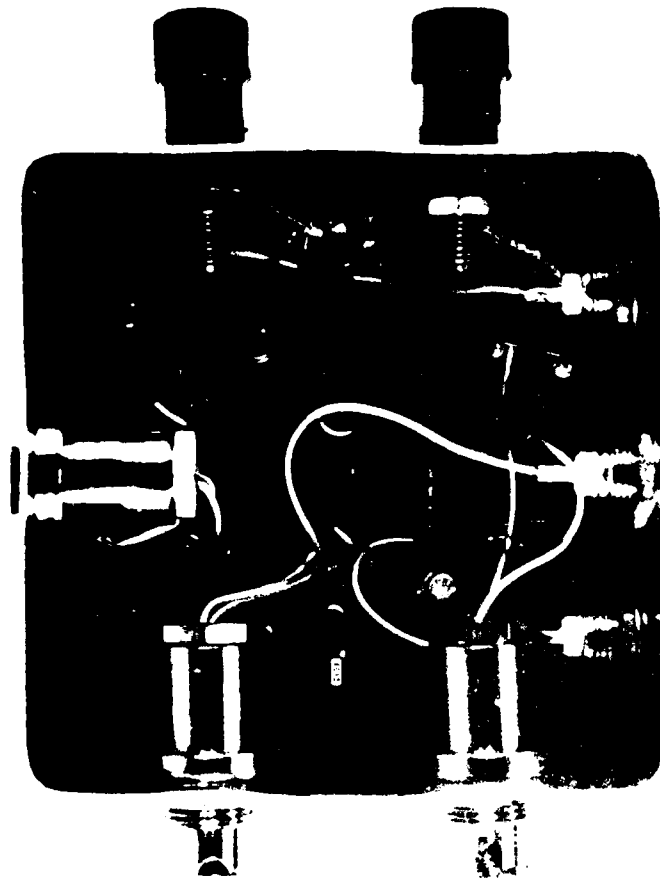
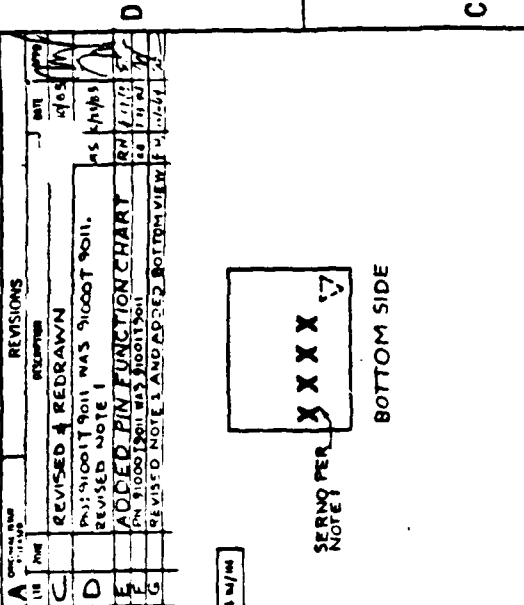


FIGURE 4

PIERCE OSCILLATOR BREADBOARD



TOP SIDE (COVER)



BOTTOM SIDE

REVISIONS

NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY
A	REVISED & REDRAWN	10/65	W
B	REVISED NOTE 1	11/65	W
C	ADDED PIN FUNCTION CHART	12/65	W
D	REVISED NOTE 1	1/66	W
E	REVISED NOTE 1 AND ADDED BOTTOM VIEW	1/66	W
F			
G			

DATE CODE PER NOTE 1

YEAR	MONTH	DAY
65	10	01

SERMO PER NOTE 1

XXXX

SERMO PER NOTE 1

XXXX

SERMO PER NOTE 1

XXXX

SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

XXXX

SERMO PER NOTE 1

XXXX

DESCRIPTION

OVEN CONTROL HYBRID FEI MODEL FE-H901	FEI PART NO.
14844	14844-91000 T9011

DESCRIPTION

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.	QTY.
1			
2			
3			
4			

DESCRIPTION

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.	QTY.
1			
2			
3			
4			

DESCRIPTION

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.	QTY.
1			
2			
3			
4			

DESCRIPTION

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	FEI PART NO.	QTY.
1			
2			
3			
4			

TABLE 1 DIMENSIONS

SYMBOLS	INCHES	MILS	MILLIMETERS	NOTES
A	.133	.117	5.36	2.97
b	.018	.012	.46	.30
c	.012	.008	.30	.20
D	.505	.495	12.83	12.57
E	.380	.370	9.65	9.40
e	.055	.045	1.40	1.14
L	.375	.345	9.53	8.81
G	.038	.042	1.47	1.07
S		.111 REF		2.82 REF

INTERFACE CONTROL DRAWING

FIGURE 5

FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.

HYBRID, OVEN CONTROL MODEL FE-H901

DATE: 12/65

BY: [Signature]

CH: [Signature]

14844 C 91000 T 9011 G

REVISIONS

NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY
A	REVISED & REDRAWN	10/65	W
B	REVISED NOTE 1	11/65	W
C	ADDED PIN FUNCTION CHART	12/65	W
D	REVISED NOTE 1	1/66	W
E	REVISED NOTE 1 AND ADDED BOTTOM VIEW	1/66	W
F			
G			

DATE CODE PER NOTE 1

YEAR	MONTH	DAY
65	10	01

SERMO PER NOTE 1

XXXX

SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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SERMO PER NOTE 1

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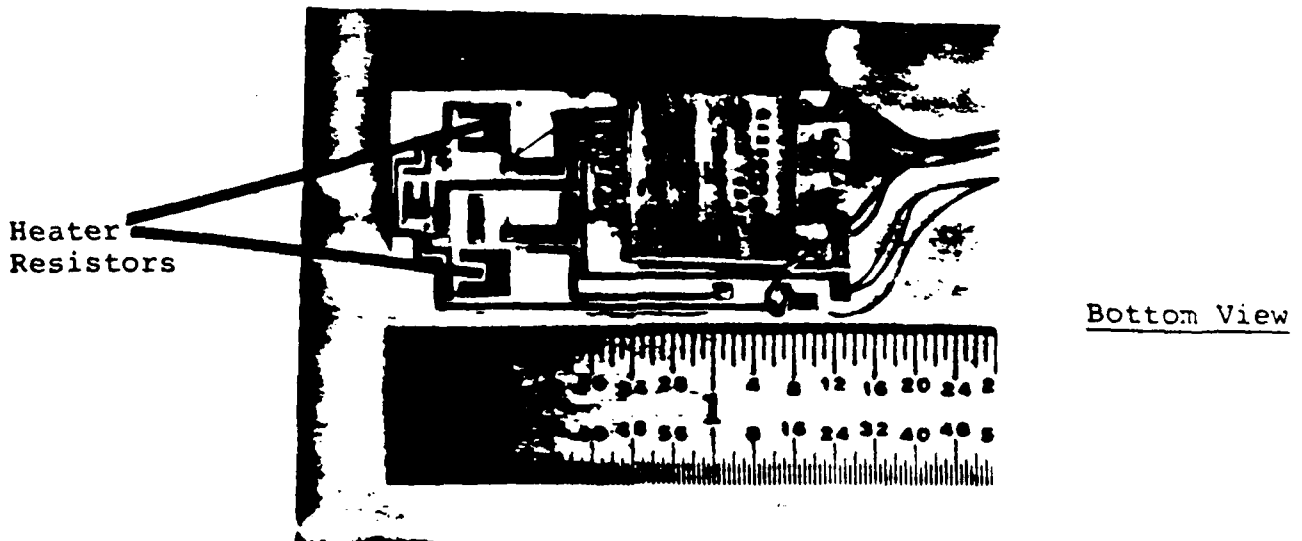
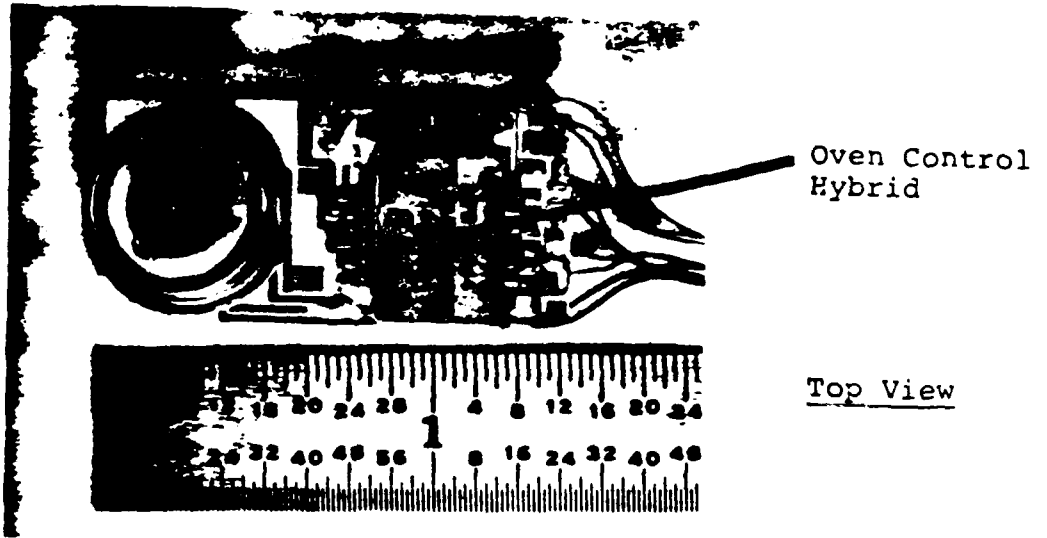
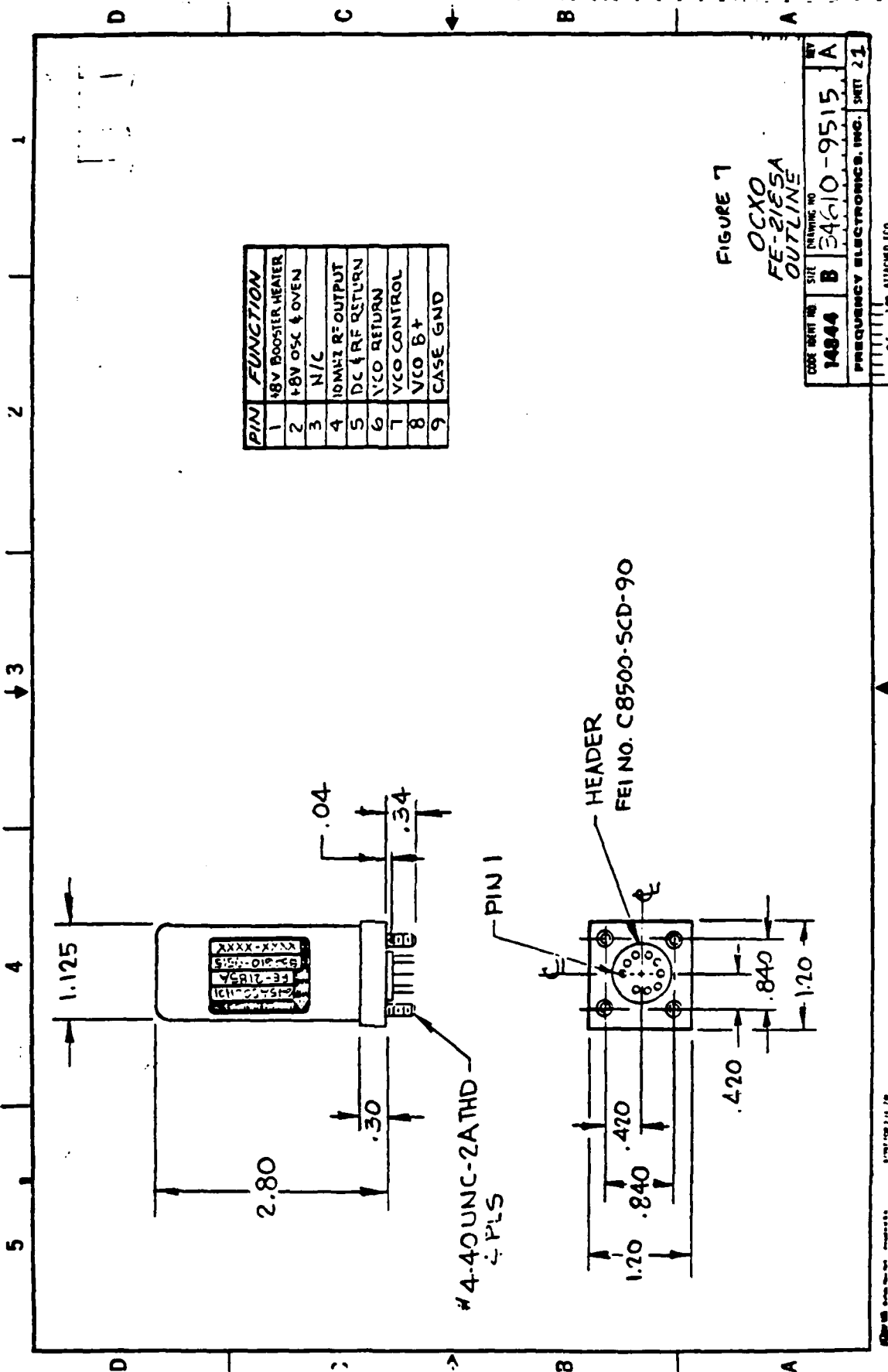


FIGURE 6
OSCILLATOR PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD ASSEMBLY



PIN	FUNCTION
1	+8V BOOSTER HEATER
2	+8V OSC. & OVEN
3	N/C
4	10MHZ RF OUTPUT
5	DC & RF RETURN
6	VCO RETURN
7	VCO CONTROL
8	VCO B+
9	CASE GND

FIGURE 7

OCXO
FE-21ESA
OUTLINE

DOC. SHEET NO.	SITE	TRAINING NO.	REV.
14844	B	34610-9515	A

FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC. SHEET 21

0.5 1.00 ATTACHED ECO

A31596-8079-1

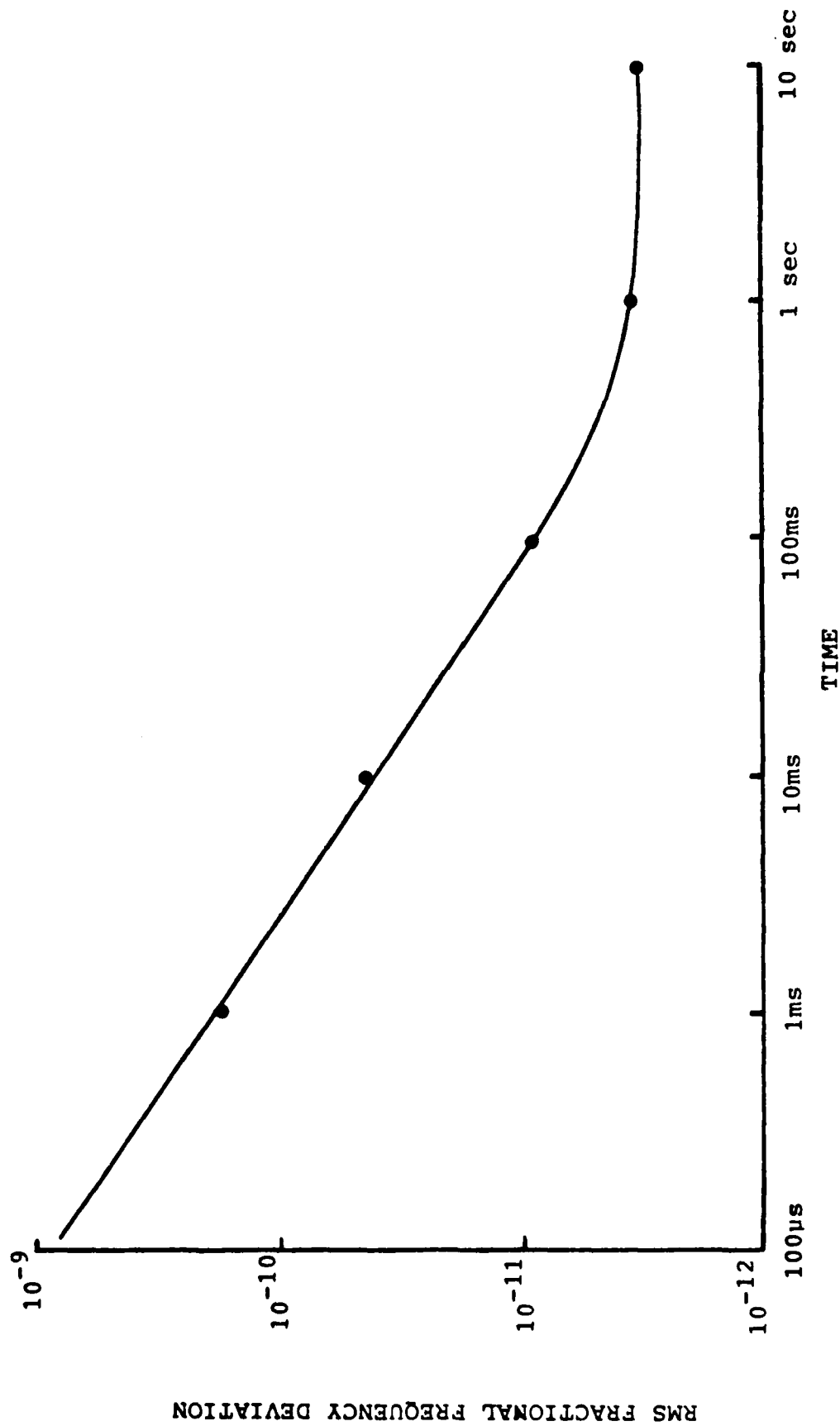


FIGURE 8 SHORT TERM STABILITY MODEL FE-2185A & MODEL FE-2211A

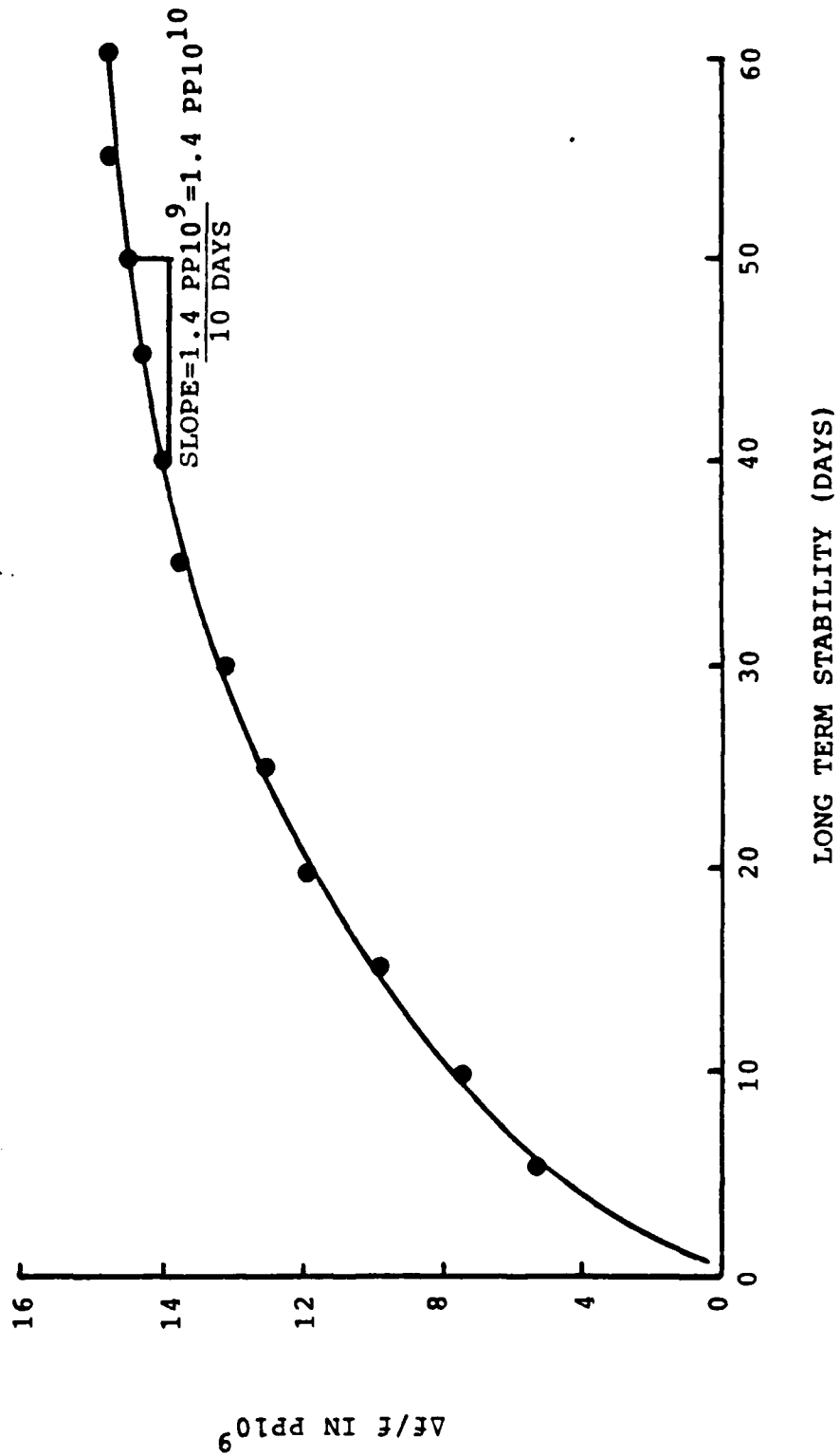


FIGURE 9 AGING RATE MODEL FE-2185A

A31596-8079-3

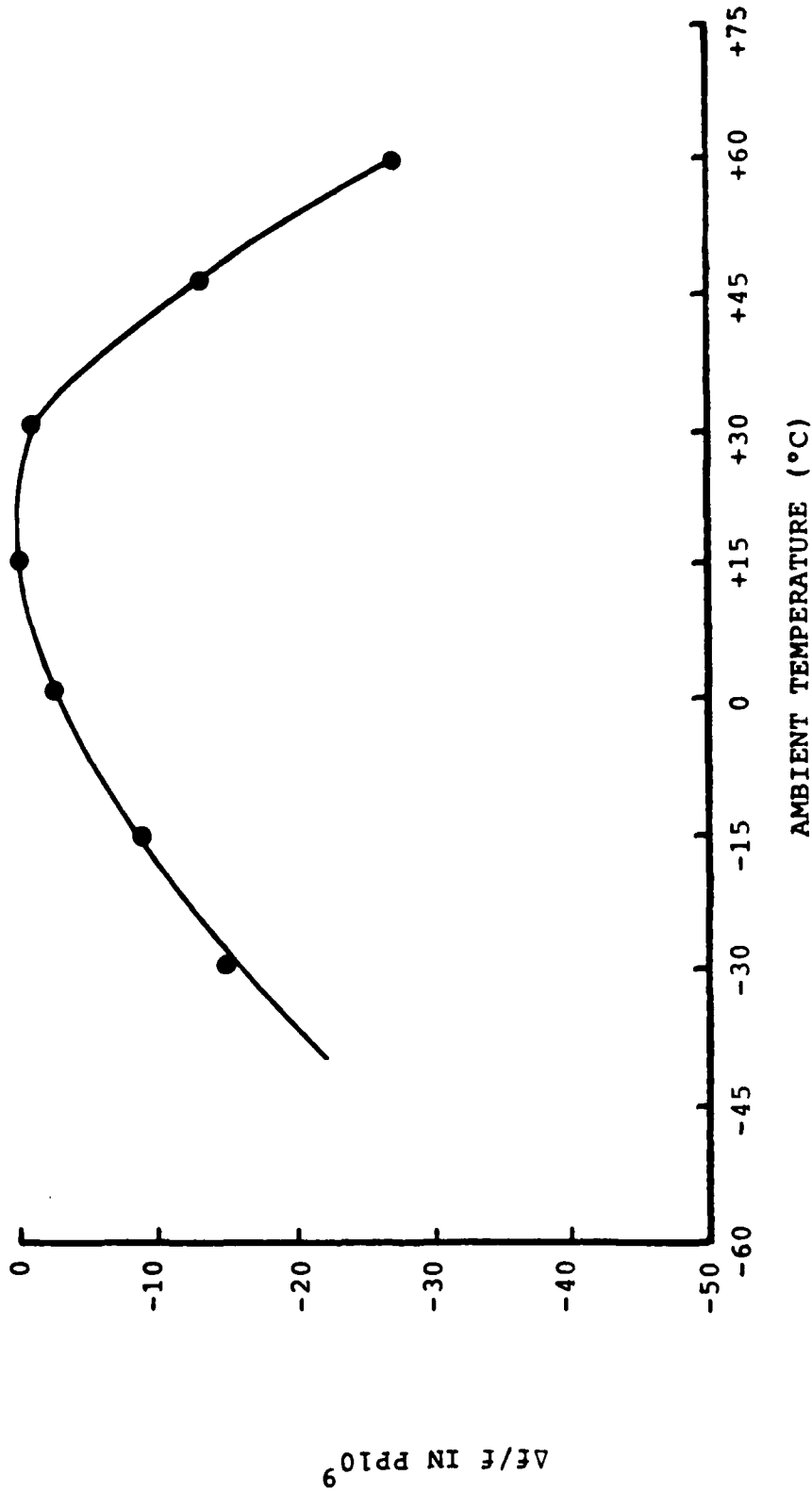
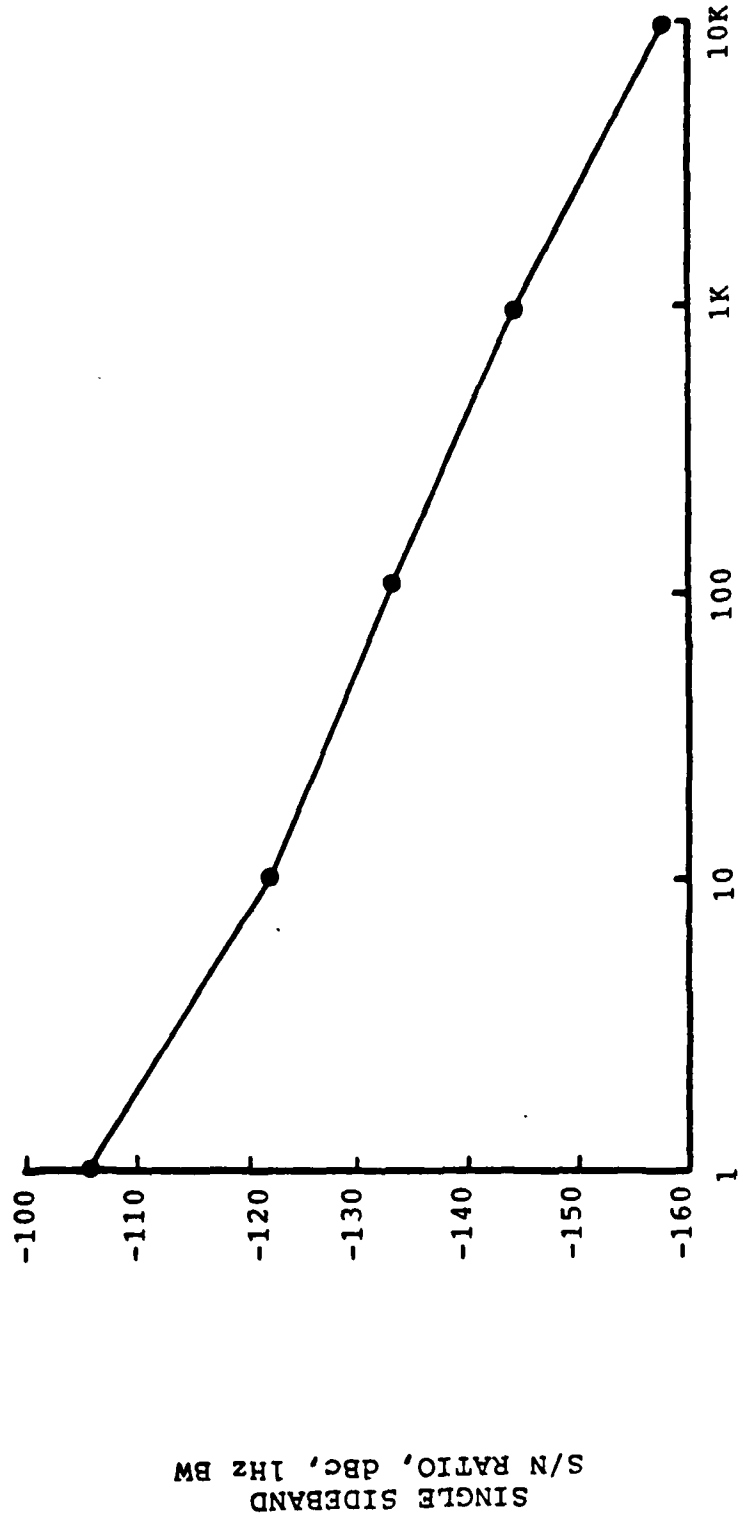


FIGURE 10 TEMPERATURE STABILITY MODEL FE-2185A

A31596-8079-4



FREQUENCY OFFSET FROM CARRIER (Hz)

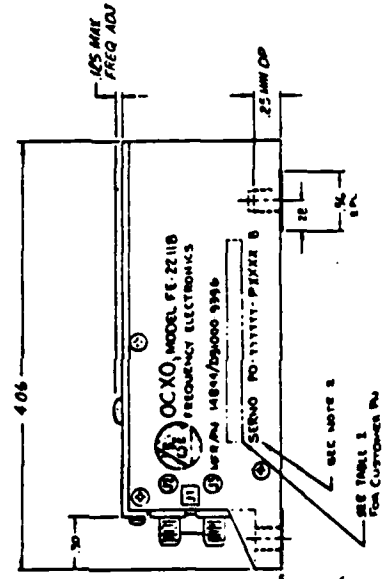
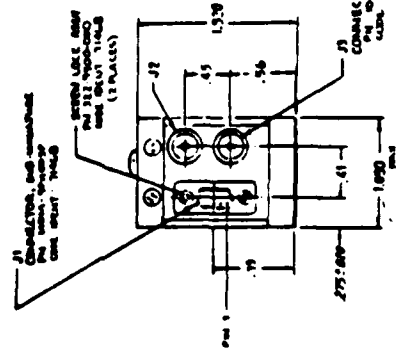
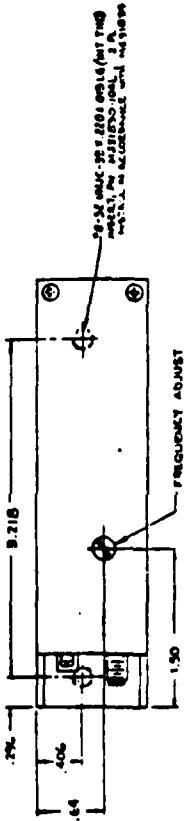
FIGURE 11 PHASE NOISE, MODEL FE-2185A & MODEL FE-2211A

NOTES:

2. SERIAL NO REV. (SEE TABLE 1)

IDENTIFY PARTS
 PARTS LIST
 PARTS LIST

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1		INITIAL REV.
2		REVISED PER COMMENTS
3		REVISED PER COMMENTS
4		REVISED PER COMMENTS
5		REVISED PER COMMENTS
6		REVISED PER COMMENTS
7		REVISED PER COMMENTS
8		REVISED PER COMMENTS
9		REVISED PER COMMENTS
10		REVISED PER COMMENTS
11		REVISED PER COMMENTS
12		REVISED PER COMMENTS
13		REVISED PER COMMENTS
14		REVISED PER COMMENTS
15		REVISED PER COMMENTS
16		REVISED PER COMMENTS
17		REVISED PER COMMENTS
18		REVISED PER COMMENTS
19		REVISED PER COMMENTS
20		REVISED PER COMMENTS



CONNECTOR, J1

PIN	FUNCTION
1	58V OVEN
2	51V OSC
3	OVEN MONITOR
4	RF OUTPUT MONITOR
5	RF OSC BATTERY BACK UP
6	DC RETURN, OSC
7	DC RETURN, OVEN
8	CASE GROUND
9	N/C

RF CONNECTORS

NAME	FUNCTION
J2	100MH OUTPUT 1
J3	100MH OUTPUT 2

FIGURE 12

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1		INITIAL REV.
2		REVISED PER COMMENTS
3		REVISED PER COMMENTS
4		REVISED PER COMMENTS
5		REVISED PER COMMENTS
6		REVISED PER COMMENTS
7		REVISED PER COMMENTS
8		REVISED PER COMMENTS
9		REVISED PER COMMENTS
10		REVISED PER COMMENTS
11		REVISED PER COMMENTS
12		REVISED PER COMMENTS
13		REVISED PER COMMENTS
14		REVISED PER COMMENTS
15		REVISED PER COMMENTS
16		REVISED PER COMMENTS
17		REVISED PER COMMENTS
18		REVISED PER COMMENTS
19		REVISED PER COMMENTS
20		REVISED PER COMMENTS

FREQUENCY ELECTRONICS, INC.
 OVEN CONTROLLED CRYSTAL OSC.
 OCXO, FE-2211A
 OUTLINE
 148848 B 31000 - 9396

TABLE 1

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1		INITIAL REV.
2		REVISED PER COMMENTS
3		REVISED PER COMMENTS
4		REVISED PER COMMENTS
5		REVISED PER COMMENTS
6		REVISED PER COMMENTS
7		REVISED PER COMMENTS
8		REVISED PER COMMENTS
9		REVISED PER COMMENTS
10		REVISED PER COMMENTS
11		REVISED PER COMMENTS
12		REVISED PER COMMENTS
13		REVISED PER COMMENTS
14		REVISED PER COMMENTS
15		REVISED PER COMMENTS
16		REVISED PER COMMENTS
17		REVISED PER COMMENTS
18		REVISED PER COMMENTS
19		REVISED PER COMMENTS
20		REVISED PER COMMENTS

A31596-8079-5

(A19098-FOR)

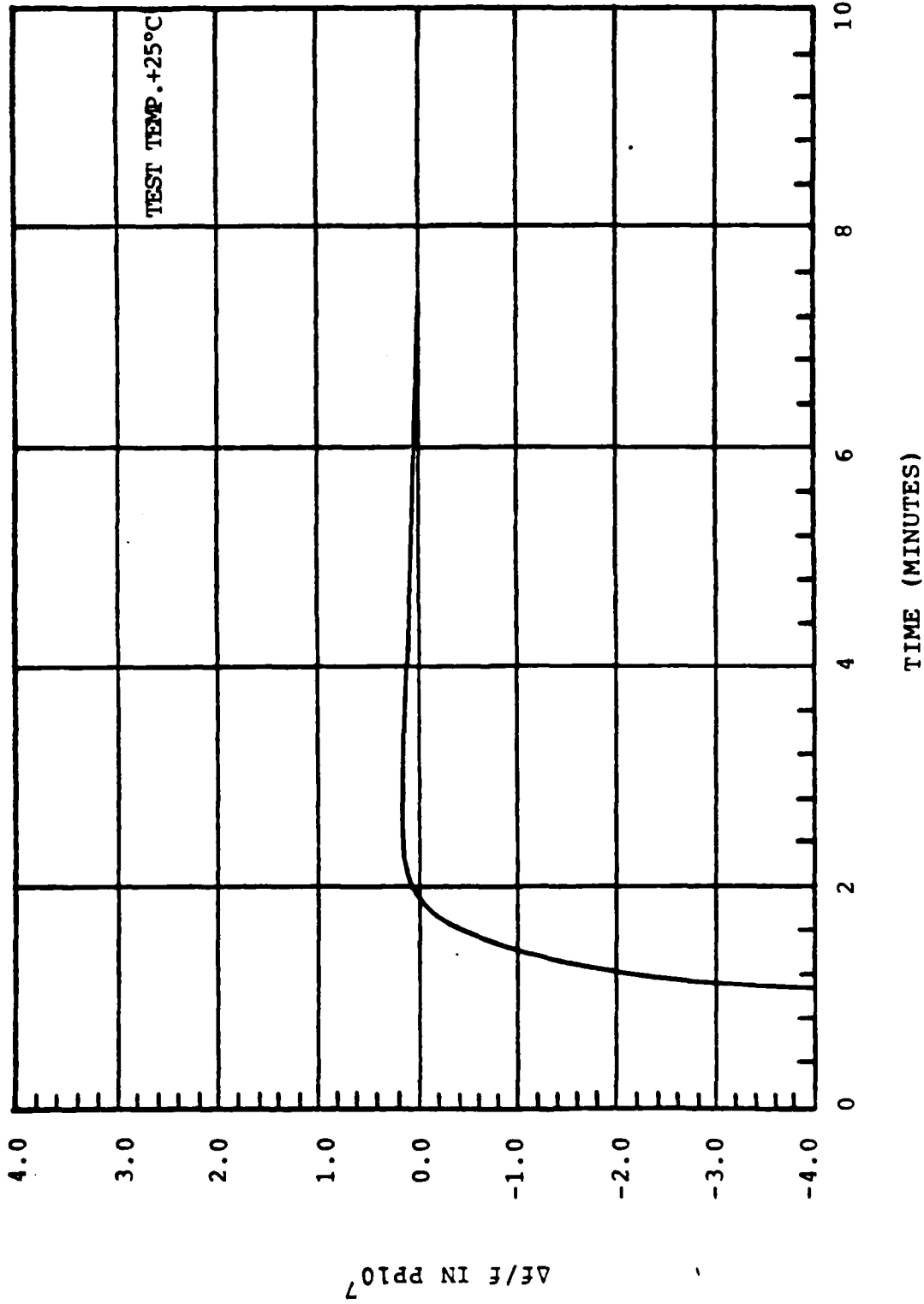


FIGURE 13 WARM-UP TIME - MODEL FE-2211A

A31596-8079-6

(A19098-FOR)

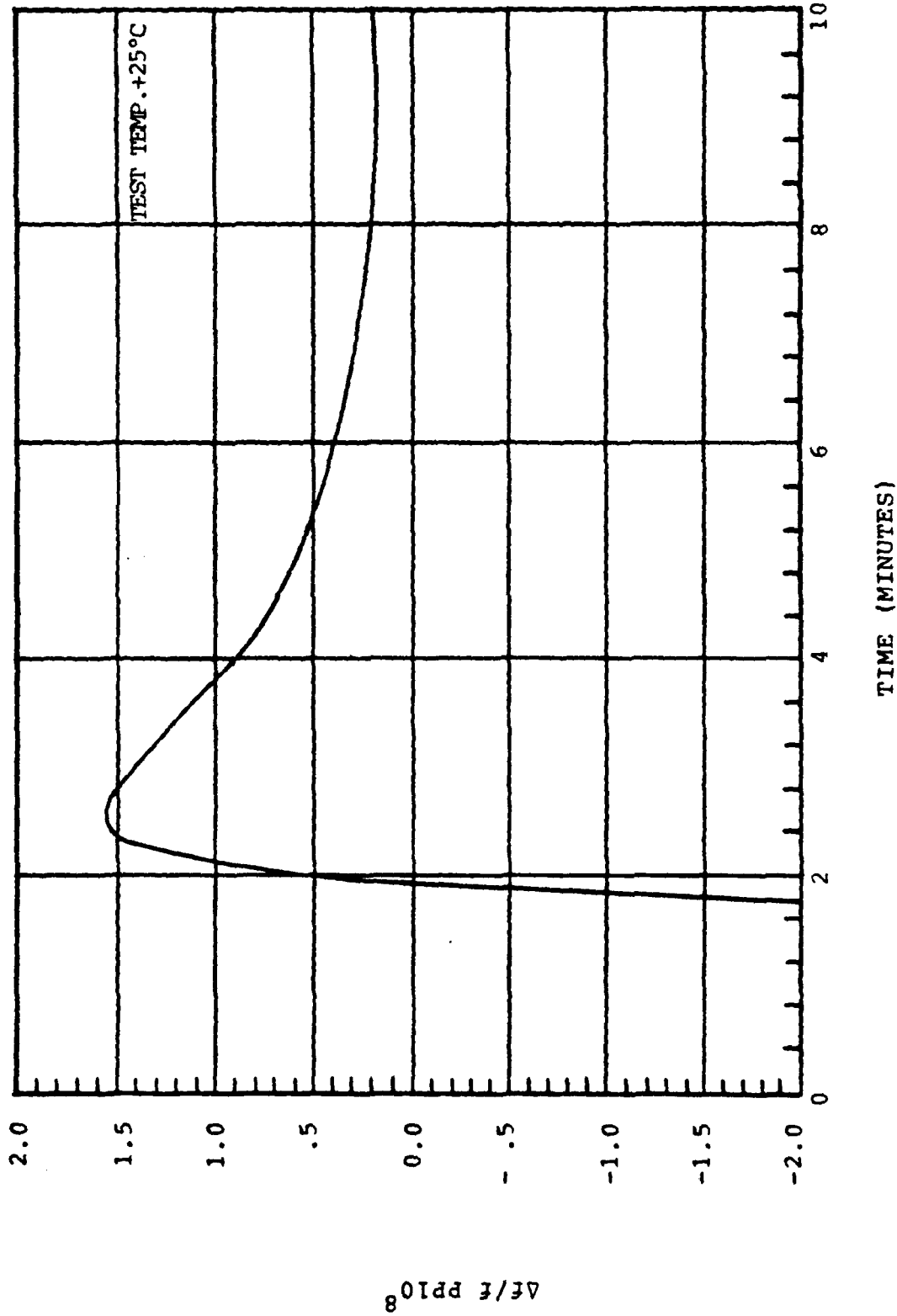


FIGURE 14 WARM-UP TIME - MODULE FE-2211A

A31596-8079-7

(A19098-FOR)

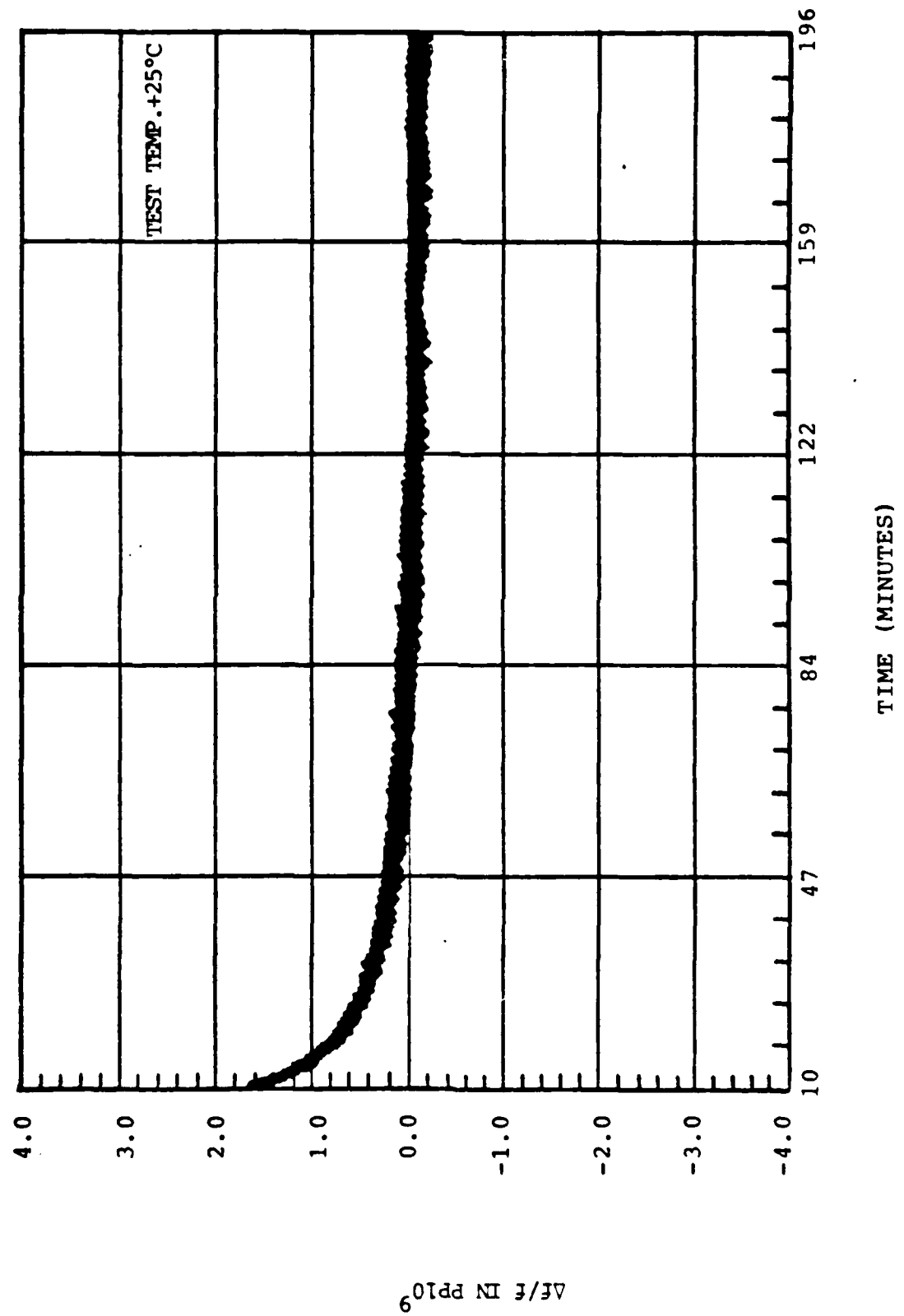


FIGURE 15 WARM-UP TIME MODEL FE-2211A

A31596-8079-8

(A19098-FOR)

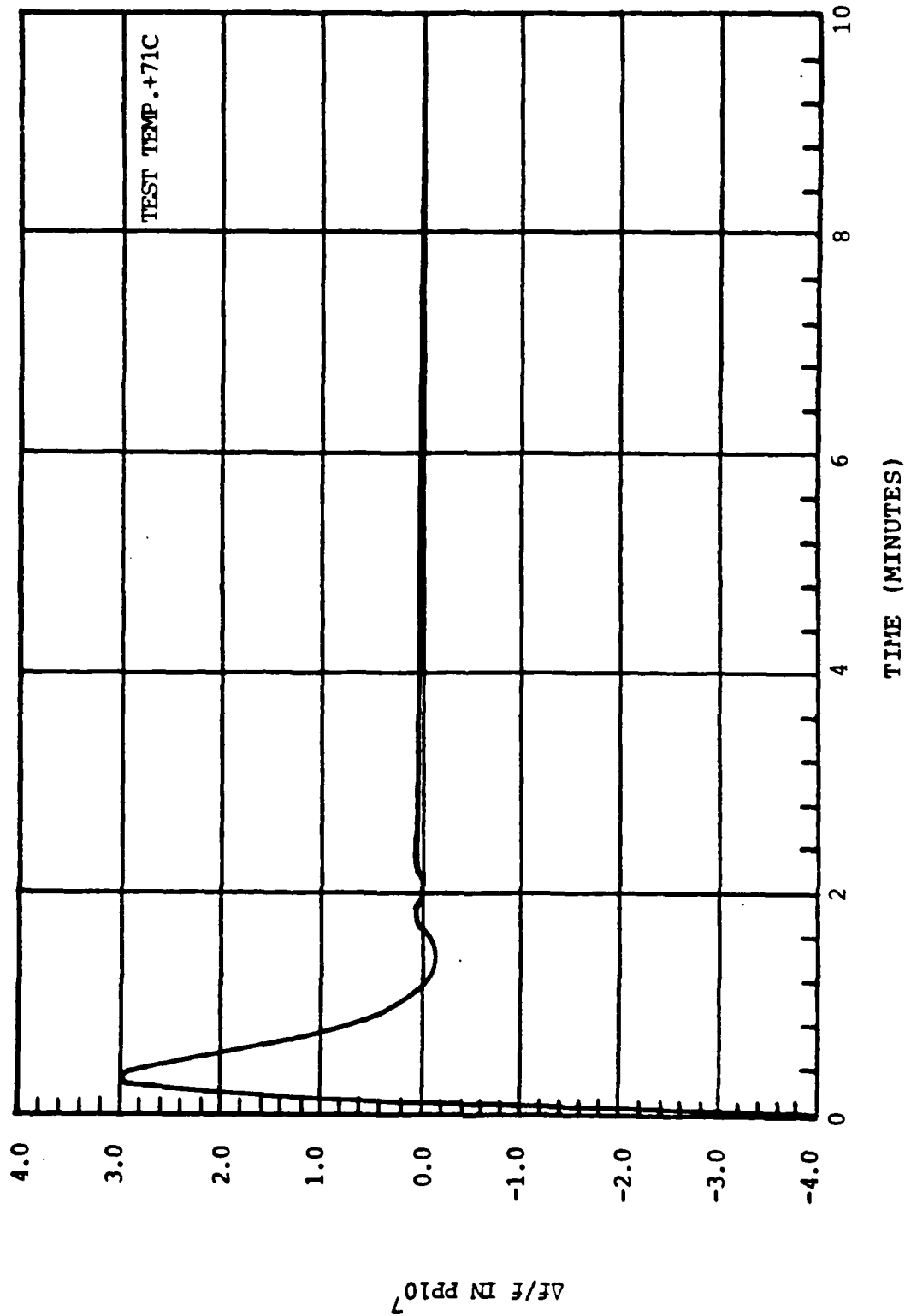


FIGURE 16 WARM-UP TIME MODEL FE-2211A

A31596-8079-9

(A19098-FOR)

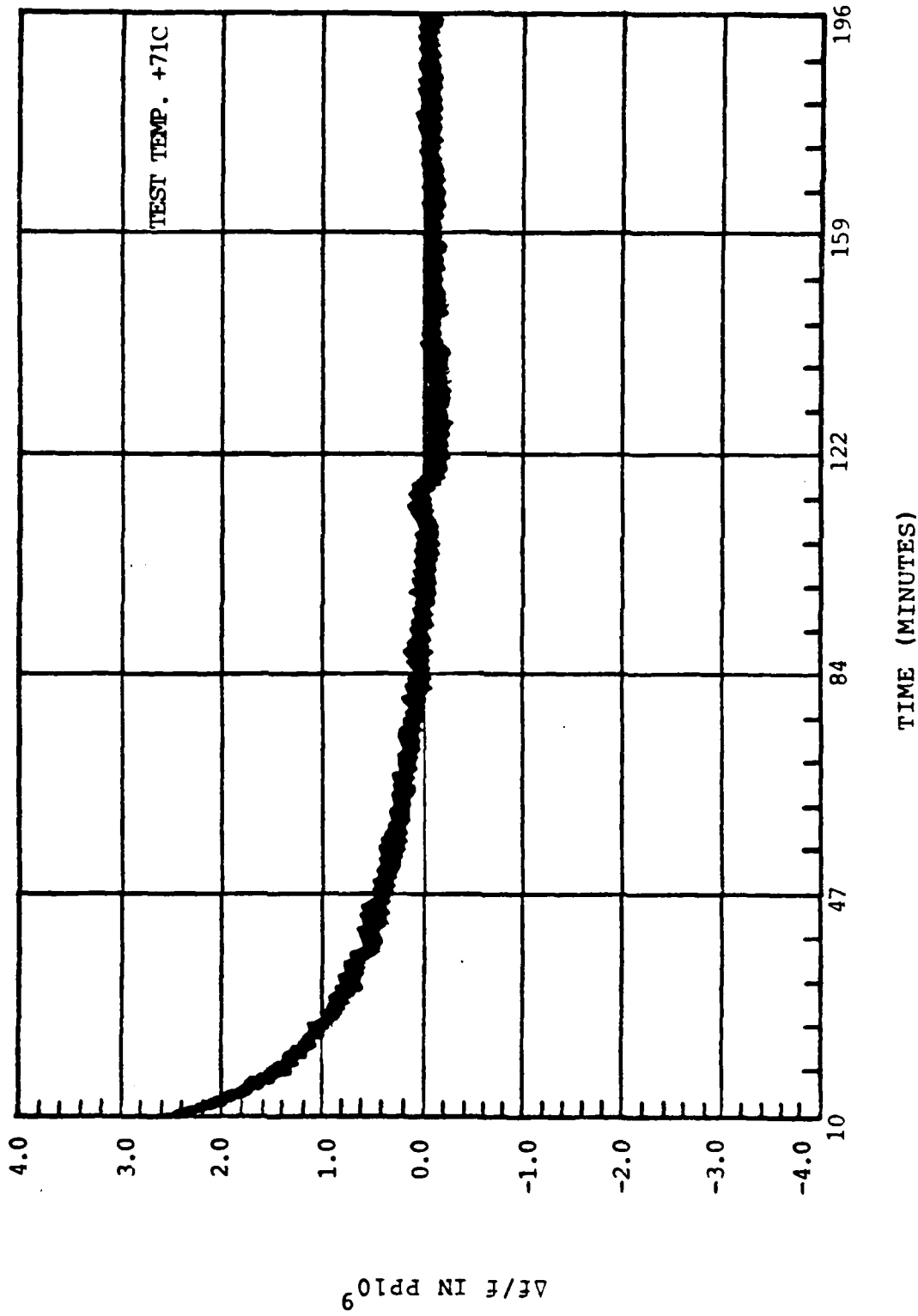


FIGURE 17 WARM-UP TIME MODEL FE-2211A

(A19098-FOR)

A31596-8079-10

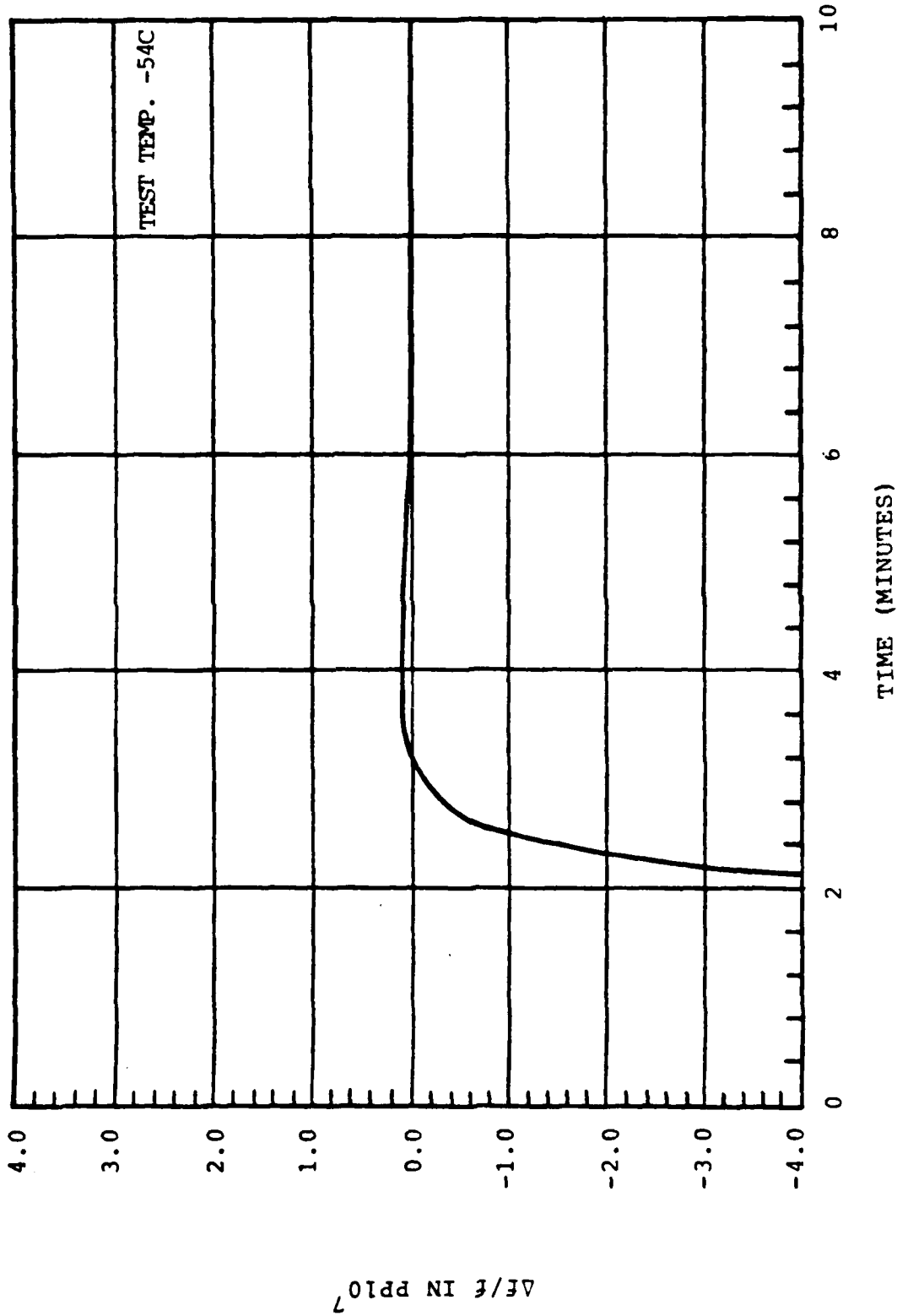


FIGURE 18 WARM-UP TIME MODEL FE-2211A

A31596-8079-11

(A19098-FOR)

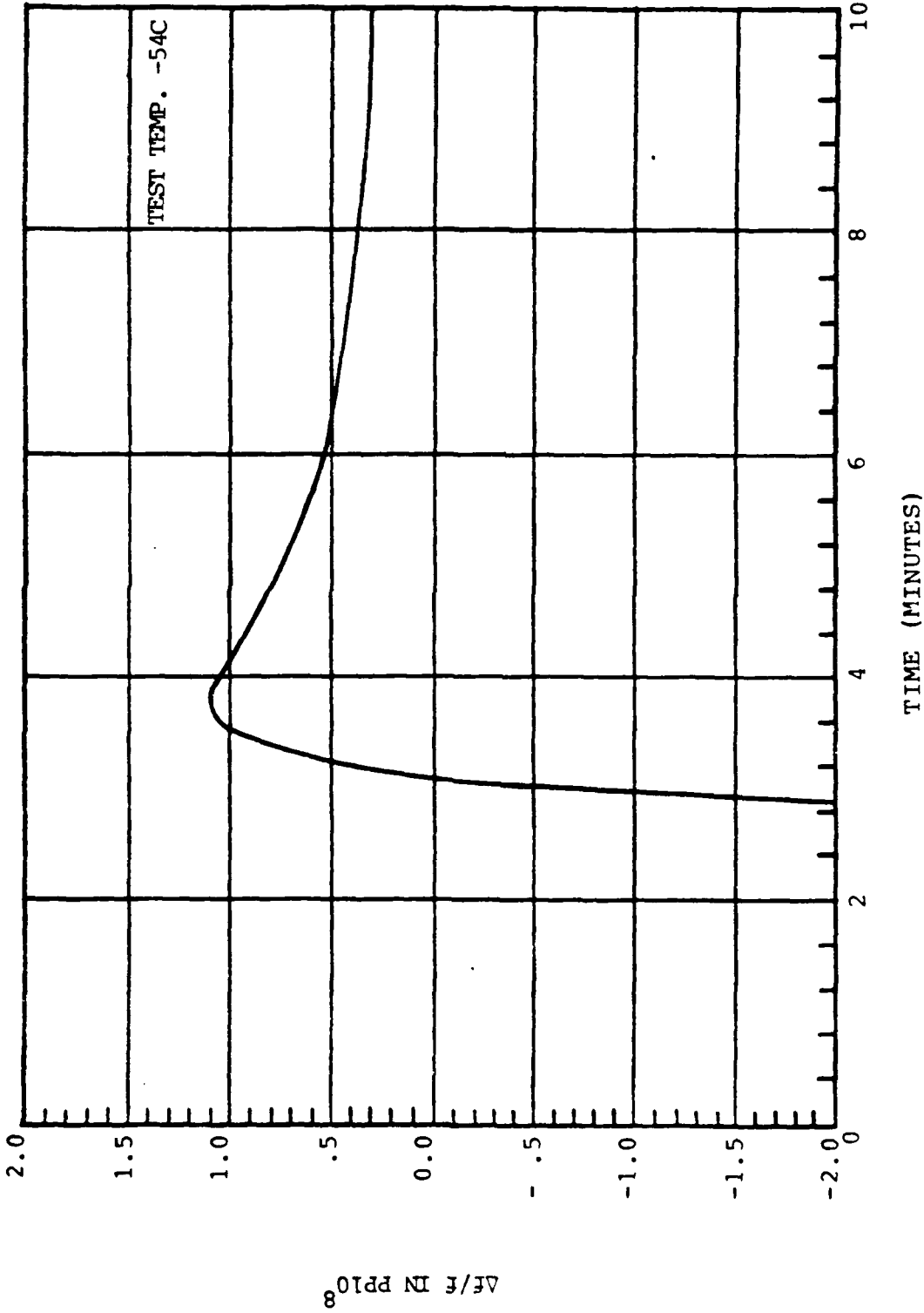


FIGURE 19 WARM-UP TIME MODEL FE-2211A

A31596-8079-12

(A19098-FOR)

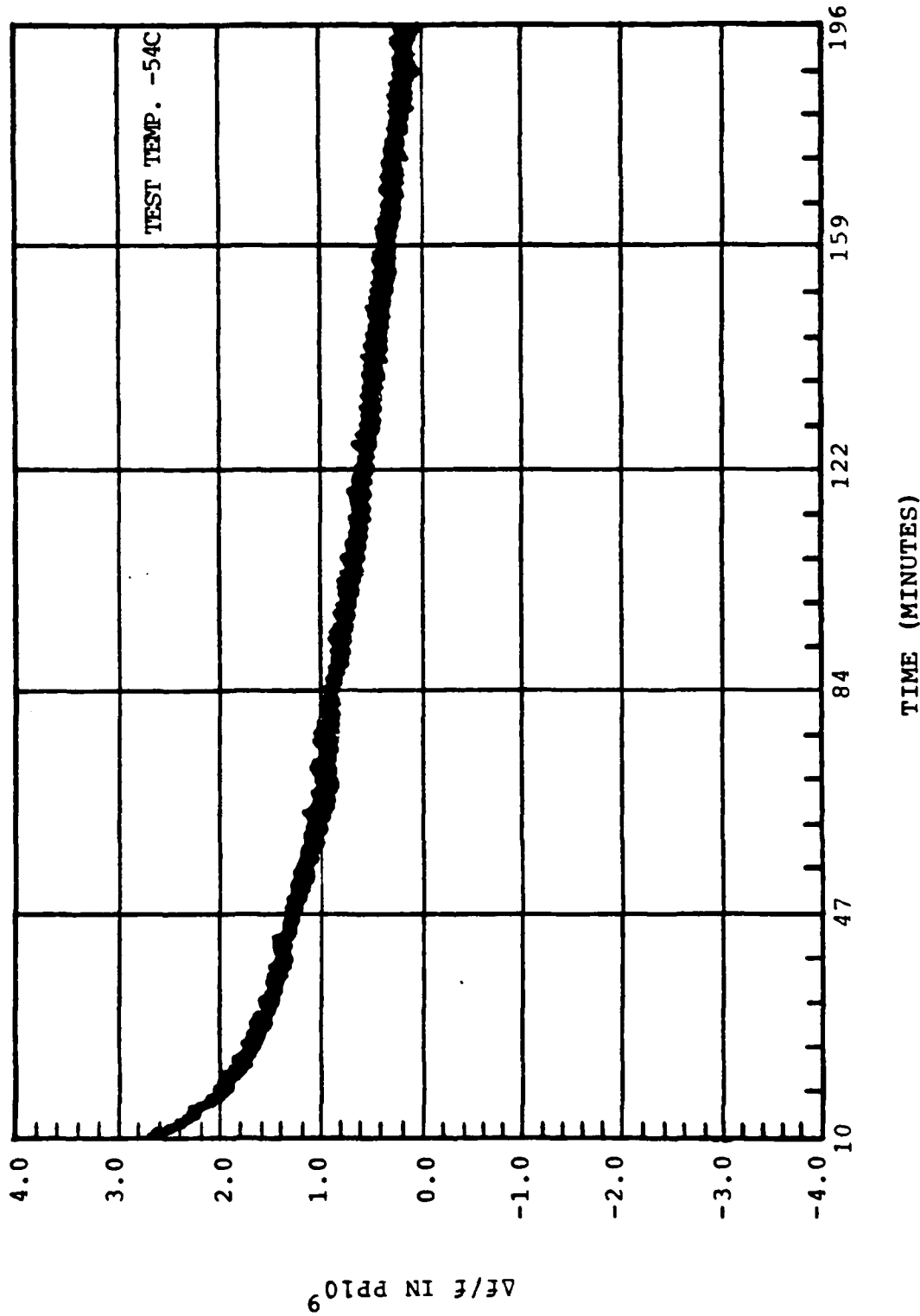


FIGURE 20 WARM-UP TIME MODEL FE-2211A

A31596-8079-13

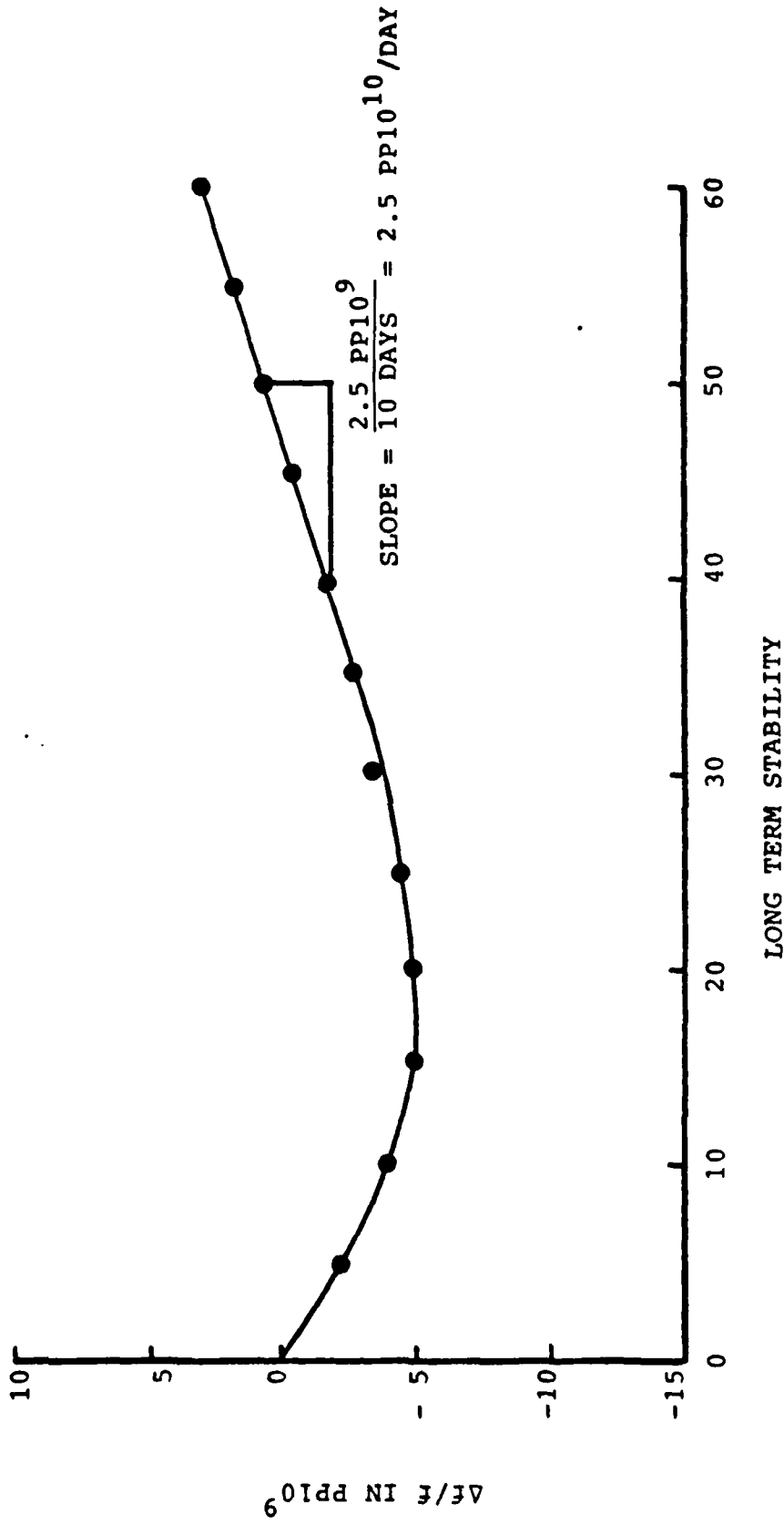


FIGURE 21 AGING RATE MODEL FE-2211A

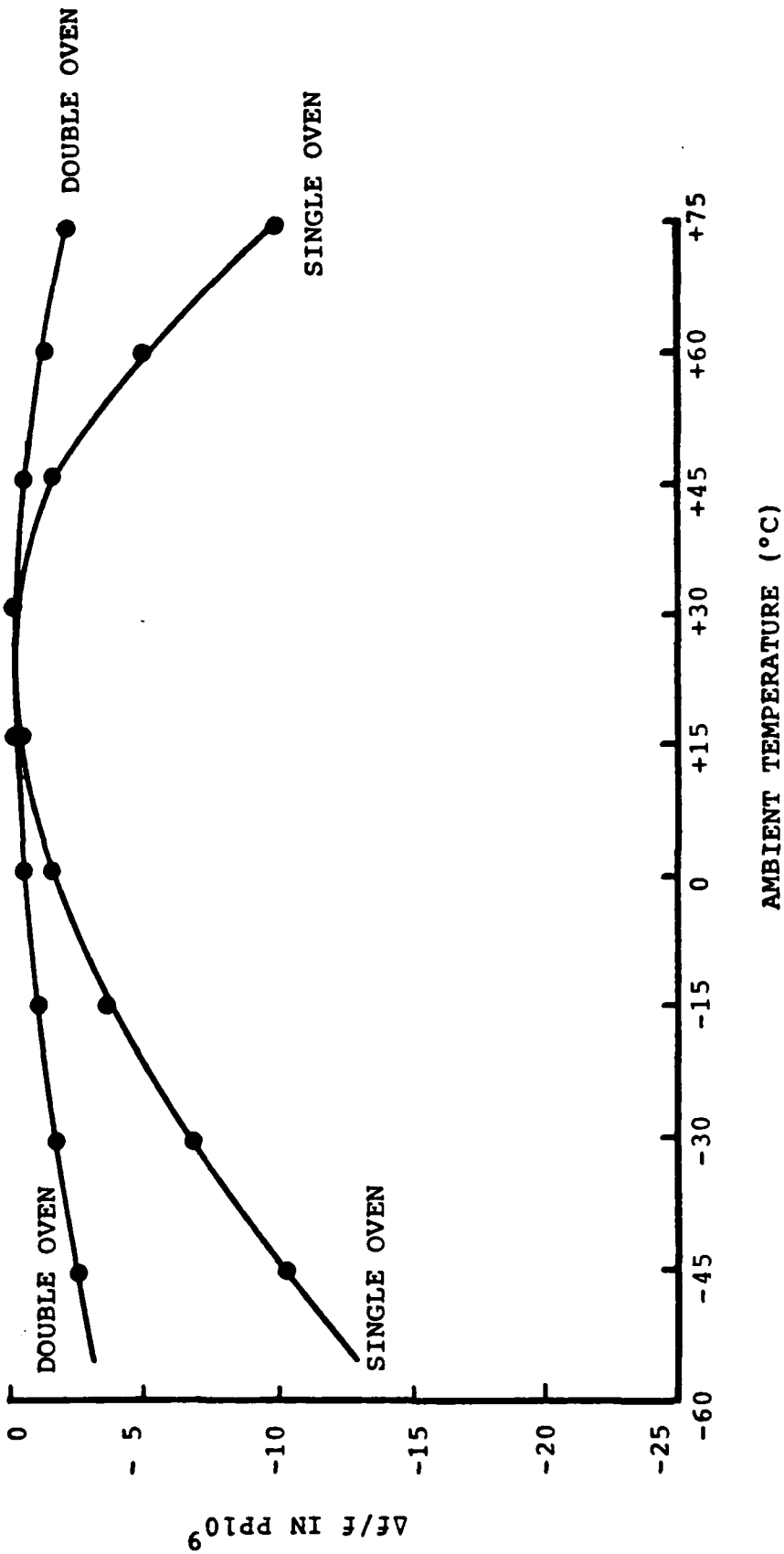


FIGURE 22 TEMPERATURE STABILITY MODEL FE-2211A

A decorative border with a repeating floral or scrollwork pattern surrounds the entire page. A smaller, similar border frames the central text area.

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of
Rome Air Development Center*

RADC plans and executes research, development, test and selected acquisition programs in support of Command, Control Communications and Intelligence (C³I) activities. Technical and engineering support within areas of technical competence is provided to ESD Program Offices (POs) and other ESD elements. The principal technical mission areas are communications, electromagnetic guidance and control, surveillance of ground and aerospace objects, intelligence data collection and handling, information system technology, solid state sciences, electromagnetics and electronic reliability, maintainability and compatibility.

END

1/1-56

DTIC