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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART



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NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF SELECTED PROBLEMS WHICH ARISE IN THE THEORY OF PARTICLE BEAMS

THESIS

James A. Mobley Captain, USAF

AFIT/GAE/MA/85D-1

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

AFIT/GAE/MA/85D-1

NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF SELECTED PROBLEMS WHICH ARISE IN THE THEORY OF PARTICLE BEAMS

THESIS

Presented to the Faculty of the School of Engineering of the Air Force Institute of Technology

Air University

In Partial Fulfillment of the

Requirements for the Degree of

Masters of Science in Aerospace Engineering

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James A. Mobley, B.A.E.

Captain, UASF

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Preface

The objectives of this study was to verify the closed form solution developed in reference [1] and to investigate a finite difference solution to a higher order dynamics model.

In completing this work I have had an enormous amount of help from my class mates who are to numerable to mention here. However, I would like to specifically thank Captain Netzer for his steady hand and his expert advise which was sincerely appreciated. Also I extend my deepest thanks and appreciation to Dr. Dennis Quinn, my thesis advisor, who kept me on the straight and narrow road to completion. Finally I must express my gratitude to my family who have been so terribly neglected through out these last eighteen months.

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LIST OF SYMBOLS

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N(r,t)	Particle density
V _r (r,t)	Radial velocity
V ₀ (r,t)	Angular velocity
V _z (r,t)	Axial velocity
E _r (r,t)	Radial electric field
å N(r,t)	Perturbed number density
ðV _r (r,t)	Perturbed radial velocity
ðV _⊖ (r,t)	Perturbed angular velocity
ð V _z (r,t)	Perturbed axial velocity
ð E _r (r,t)	Perturbed radial electric field
å E _r ^e (r,t)	Perturbed external radial electric field
åE_θ ^e (r,t)	Perturbed external angular electric field
δE _z e(r,t)	Perturbed external axial electric field
8 B _r ^e (r,t)	Perturbed external radial magnetic field
å B <mark>⊖</mark> ^e (r,t)	Perturbed external angular magnetic field
å B _z ^e (r,t)	Perturbed external axial magnetic field
I	Current
Rb	Radius of beam
Mo	Rest mass of particle
g	Charge
<u>X</u> (*)	Perturbed values
S(*)	State transition matrix
g(*)	External input

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List of Symbols (continued)

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Wo	Initial state of W(t)
No	Initial state of N(r,t)
r	Radial variable
t	Time (as a variable)
ω	Angular frequency
ω _p	Plasma frequency
Wc	Cyclotron frequency
τ	Constant defined in chapter 2 (See equation 2.7a)
С	Velocity of light
π	Pi
Ω	Frequency (See equation 2.8)
K.E.	Kinetic energy
R.M.E.	Rest mass energy
Bo	External axial magnetic field
Uo	Permittivity of free space, $4\pi \times 10^{-7}$
Eo	$$ Permittivity of free space, $10^{-9}/36\pi$
a23	Constant defined in chapter 2 (See equation 2.7k)
^a 24	Constant defined in chapter 2 (See equation 2.7e)
a ₂₅	Constant defined in chapter 2 (See equation 2.7f)
a52	Constant defined in chapter 2 (See equation 2.7g)
٧ _z ٥	Equilibrium axial velocity

List_of_Symbols (continued)

$$D_r - - - - \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (f(r))$$

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$$D_r$$
 ---- (1/r) $\frac{\partial}{\partial r}$ (r f(r))

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Abstract

A previous study at the Air Force Institute of Technology has led to the development of a closed form solution to the dynamic behavior of a charged particle beam. This solution was found for a simple, but nontrivial, single degree of freedom model (the "electrostatic approximation model"). This study investigates the characteristics of this closed form solution using three different types of inputs. The closed form solution is then verified by using finite differences to generate compatible results. Also investigated are the characteristics of the dynamic model prior to the implementation of the electrostatic approximation.

CHAPTER 1

1-1 Introduction.

In Reference [1] a system of partial differential equations is presented as a description of the dynamic behavior of a particle beam. This system is then cast as an abstract Cauchy problem. This results in a set of equations in the following form:

$$(d/dt) \underline{X} = A\underline{X} + g(t)$$
(1.1)

Where A is a non-constant 9x9 matrix and $\underline{g}(t)$ is the input vector.

In [1], this problem is analyzed using semigroup theory, from which a closed form solution is derived for a single degree of freedom model (the "Electrostatic Approximation Model").

In this thesis, numerical solutions are obtained using this closed form solution. Also an alternative solution of the Electrostatic Approximation Model is derived as is an approximate solution of the full system. See Figure 1 for a block diagram representation of the overall flow of this thesis. Section 1-2 describe in more detail the contents of the following chapters.



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Figure 1. Investigation Flow Chart

1-2 Chapter Descriptions

In Chapter 2 of this thesis the closed form solution discussed in Section i-i is investigated using three distinct types of inputs. The first input is a step function which is implemented at t = 0.0. The second input is a function which exponentially approaches its maximum value. The third input rapidly reaches its maximum value, is constant for an interval of time and then rapidly returns to equilibrium.

In Chapter 3, the system of equations discussed in Section 1-1, Equation (1.1), are solved numerically after the system is reduced to fifth order by means of the Electrostatic Approximation Model. By approximating the partial derivitives in r with finite difference quotients and then solving the resulting differential equations, the solutions are determined. Since four of the five equations in this system do not involve derivatives with respect to r, they are solved exactly. The input used in this chapter is the step input described earlier.

The analysis presented in Chapter 4 is closely related to the Chapter 3 material with the Electrostatic Approximation Model not being used. Therefore, the system shown in Section 1-1, Equation (1.1) is of ninth-order. Also, this system of differential equations are even more complex since five of the nine equations involve finite

- 3-

difference approximations. The same input to the system used in Chapter 3 is also used for Chapter 4, however the solution technique is considerably different due to the complexity of the problem. This ninth order system of differential equations is solved by an IMSL routine called DGEAR using the Cyber Computer System.

Chapter 5 of this thesis contains conclusions and recommendations along with all comparisons of data and discussion of results.

CHAPTER 2

2-1 Introduction.

The purpose of this section is to use the closed form solution to the reduced order, linear, single degree of freedom model found in Reference [1: page IV~21] for a given input and calculate the perturbed state of the particle beam in question. The results from this section are used later for comparison with results from other procedures.

The particle beam used throughout this effort is assumed to be at equilibrium for t $\langle 0$. In order to meet this assumption, an external magnetic field $\langle B_0 \rangle$ with only the Z component non zero is applied for all time (t). The calculations required to determine B_0 are found in Section 2-3. The beam parameters are as follows:

Current (I) = 1 amperes (amps) Radius (Rb) = 10 millimeters (mm) Kinetic Energy (KE) = 10 million electron volts (mev) Mass (M₀) = 1.6726825 x 10^{-27} kilograms (kg) Charge (q) = 1.60219 x 10^{-19} coulomb

-5-

2-2 Setting Up The Problem.

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In Reference [1: page I-1] a set of partial differential equations that describe the dynamic behavior of a particle beam are cast into the form of an abstract Cauchy problem. The ninth-order linear system of equations is of the form

$$(d/dt) X(t) = A X(t) + g(t)$$
 (2.1a)

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where $\underline{X}(t)$ is the perturded values from equilibrium and g(t) and A are defined as follows:

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 $\mathbf{D_r}$

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C² Dr

a₂₄ r

a25

-C² D_r

-a25 W r

-Nº Dr

a61

a71

(2.1c)

where

 $-(a_{52}Wr)/N^{0}$ a61 $a_{71} = (a_{52} V_z^{\circ}) / N^{\circ}$

and a_{23} , a_{24} , a_{25} , a_{52} , D_r , D_r , are referenced in the symbols page and defined in Equations (2.7a) to (2.7k) Next, this system of equations can be reduced by the implementation of the Electrostatic Approximation Model described in Chapter 1 and fully developed in Reference [1: page III-39]. This approximation reduces A and g(t) of Equation (2.1) to the following much more manageable system.

	o	-N° D _r	o	0	•	
	o	0	a23	a ₂₄ r	a25	
A =	0	-a ₂₃	0	0	0	(2.2a)
	0	-a ₂₄ r	0	0	0	
	o	^a 52	0	0	0	

 $g(t) = a_{25} \begin{cases} 0 \\ dE_{r}^{e}(r,t) - W r \ dB_{z}^{e}(r,t) - V_{z}^{0} \ dB_{\theta}^{e}(r,t) \\ dE_{\theta}^{e}(r,t) + V_{z}^{0} \ dB_{r}^{e}(r,t) \\ dE_{z}^{e}(r,t) + W r \ dB_{r}^{e}(r,t) \\ 0 \end{cases}$ (2.2b)

The closed form solution found in Reference [1: page

-8-

IV-211 to this fifth order system of equations and mentioned in the previous section is as follows.

$$\underline{X}(t) = S(t)\underline{X}^{0} + \int_{0}^{t} S(t-s)g(s)ds \quad (0 \ (t \ T) \qquad (2.3)$$

where

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g(s) is as defined in Equation (2.2) where t is replaced by s, and, from Reference [1: page IV-22], the state transition matrix S(t) is the following 5x5 system

-9-

$$S(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -N^{\circ} D_{r} \frac{\sin(\Omega t)(.)}{\Omega} & N^{\circ} D_{r} \frac{(\cos(\Omega t)-1)}{\Omega^{2}} a_{23}(.) \\ 0 & \cos(\Omega t) & \Omega^{2} \\ 0 & \cos(\Omega t) & \frac{a_{23} \sin(\Omega t)}{\Omega} \\ 0 & \frac{-a_{23} \sin(\Omega t)}{\Omega} & 1 + \left[\frac{a_{23}}{\Omega}\right]^{2} (\cos(\Omega t)-1) \\ 0 & \frac{-a_{24} r \sin(\Omega t)}{\Omega} & \frac{a_{24} r a_{23}}{\Omega^{2}} (\cos(\Omega t)-1) \\ 0 & \frac{a_{52} \sin(\Omega t)}{\Omega} & \frac{-a_{52} a_{23}}{\Omega^{2}} (\cos(\Omega t)-1) \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\tilde{N^{o}D_{r}} (\cos[\Omega t] - 1) a_{24} r (.) \qquad \tilde{N^{o}D_{r}} (\cos[\Omega t] - 1) a_{25} (.)$ **Ω**² Q2 a24 r sin[Qt] a₂₅ sin[Qt] Q Q $\frac{a_{23} a_{24} r}{\Omega^2} (\cos[\Omega t] - 1)$ $\frac{a_{23} a_{25}}{\Omega^2} \left(\cos(\Omega t) - 1 \right)$ (2.4) $1 + \left[\frac{a_{24} r}{\Omega}\right]^2 (\cos(\Omega t) - 1)$ $\frac{a_{24} a_{25} r}{\Omega} (\cos[\Omega t] - 1)$ $\frac{a_{24} a_{52} r}{\Omega^2} (\cos(\Omega t) - 1)$ $1 - \frac{a_{25} a_{52}}{\Omega^2} (\cos(\Omega t) - 1)$

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 \underline{X}^{O} is the initial state of $\underline{X}(t)$ and hence is the difference between the initial state of the beam and the equilibrium. Since, in the problem stated above, these quantities are equal,

$$\underline{X}^{o} = \underline{O}$$
 (2.5)

Equation (2.3) then becomes

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$$X(t) = \int_{0}^{t} S(t-s)g(s)ds$$
 for (0 (t (T)) (2.6)

It should be noted that the external magnetic field required to achieve equilibrium is not included in the input term g(s). This is because the formulation of the problem leads to the solution of Equation (2-3) in which perturbed quantities $\underline{X}(t)$ depend only on perturbed inputs dE_r^e through dB_r^e in g(s) while equilibrium quantities appear in S(t). 2-3 Calculation of the Entries of $S{t-s}$ and $q{s}$.

Now, to calculate the entries of S(t-s) and g(s) of Equation (2.6), τ , V_2^{o} , N_0 , W_p , a_{24} , a_{25} , a_{52} B_0 , W_c , W_r , a_{23} , and Ω must first be determined. These quantities are defined in the list of symbols pages viii to x and are now numerically calculated.

2.3.1 Calculations of τ , V_z^o , N^o , W_p

From Reference [2: page 2], if

$$\tau = 1 + \frac{K.E.}{R.M.E.}$$
 (2.7a)

= 1.01065

then

$$V_{\tau}^{0} = (1 - 1/\tau^{2})^{1/2} C$$
 (2.7b)

 $= 4.34198 \times 107 \text{ m/sec}$

For the remainder of this thesis the beam is assumed to be non-relativistic and τ is assumed to be equal to one.

From Reference [2: page 1] assuming uniform current density

$$N^{\circ} = I/(\pi R_{b}^{2} q V_{z}^{\circ})$$
 (2.7c)

$$= 4.57559 \times 10^{14} \ 1/m^3$$

From Reference [2: page 3]

$$W_p^2 = \frac{q^2}{M_0} (U_0 C^2 N^0)$$
 (2.7d)

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$$W_{\rm D} = 2.81613 \times 10^7 \, \rm rad/sec$$

2-3.2 Calculations of a_{24} , a_{25} , a_{52} , B_0

From Reference [1: page III-37]

$$a_{24} = \frac{-Wp^2 V_z^{\circ}}{2 C^2}$$
 (2.7e)

 $= -1.91571 \times 10^5 (m-sec)^{-1}$,

$$a_{25} = \frac{q}{M_0}$$
(2.7f)

 $= 9.57856 \times 10^7$ coulomb/kg,

and

$$a_{52} = -U_0 q C^2 N^0$$
 (2.7g)

 $= -8.27953 \times 10^6 \text{ kg/sec}^2 - \text{coulomb}$

From Reference [2: page 3]

$$B_0^2 = \frac{2 M_0 I}{q \tau w \xi_0 V_z^0 Rb^2}$$
(2.7h)

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2-3.3 Calculations of Wc, W, a_{23} , Ω

From Reference [2: page 3], Wc is calculated by

$$W_{\rm C} = \frac{q B_0}{M_0}$$
 (2.71)

 $= 3.98261 \times 10^7 \text{ rad/sec}$

From Reference [2: page 3]

$$W_{\Theta} = -W_{c} \left(1 \pm (1 - 2 W_{D}^{2} / W_{c}^{2})^{1/2}\right) / 2 \qquad (2.7j)$$

It is important to note here that $W_{m{\Theta}}$ found above is

related to W of Reference [1: page III-27] by the following relationship.

$W = -W_{\Theta}$

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The value for W is used from this point on. This is done to comply with the nomenclature found in Reference [1: page III-37].

In Reference [i: page III-37], a_{23} is defined to be

$$a_{23} = W_{C} - 2 W$$
 (2.7k)

One type of flow which is often considered is Brillouin flow (see Reference [2: page 4: case 2]). For Brillouin flow and using the definitions found above, W is calculated to be

 $W = W_{\rm C} / 2 \qquad (2.71)$

* 19913067.12803 rad/sec

Thus, for Brillouin flow

a23 # 0.0 rad/sec

A key frequency which is used later is denoted by the symbol

 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ and is defined by

$$\Omega = (Wc^{2} - Wp^{2}(1 - A))^{1/2}$$
(2.8)
where : $A = Wp^{2} \left[\frac{V_{z}^{\circ} r}{2 c^{2}} \right]^{2}$

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For the values of r, V_z^o , and C,

A is sufficiently close to zero to be considered negligible.

Moreover, $W_c^2 = 2 W_p^2$.

Therefore Equation (2.8) becomes

Ω & Wp

 $= 2.81613 \times 10^7 \text{ rad/sec } 2-4$

2-4 Evaluating g(s), S(t-s)g(s), and X(t).

At this point all the terms necessary to completely determine a solution to Equation (2.1) starting with A and g(s) defined in Equation (2.2) are available.

To maintain the rigid rotor equilibrium, the only external field which is non-zero is the Z component of the external magnetic field (B_0) . For this thesis, the perturbed input is a small perturbation of this external field and consequently is taken to be one percent of B_0 . Therefore the input g(s) reduces to : ____

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$$g(s) = a_{25} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -W r \, \delta B_z^{e}(r,s) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
(2.9)

$$= a_{25} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ (-82795.32170 \text{ kg/coulomb} - \sec^2) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

The next step is to find the product of S(t-s)g(s) and perform the required integration.

Using the definition of S(t-s) and g(s):

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where $D = -82795.32170 \text{ kg/coulomb-sec}^2$

Now, to perform the required integration necessary to determine $\underline{X}(t)$ in Equation (2.7), the trigonometric functions of Equation (2.10) can be expanded by angle sum and angle difference relations. After this expansion is completed and constants are factored out of the integral the resulting values can be determined. They are as follows:

A......

and, substituting the appropriate values for the constants gives:

 $\begin{array}{l} (9151.20373 \ 1/mm^3) \ \times \ (1 \ -\cos (\Omega t \ 1)) \\ (-281613.48000 \ 1/sec) \ \times \ r \ \times \ sin [\Omega t \] \\ \underline{X}(t) = \ (0.00) \\ (-1915.71291 \ 1/m-sec) \ \times \ (r^2)) \ \times \ (1 \ -\cos [\Omega t \]) \\ (82795.44549 \ kg/sec^2-coulomb) \ \times \ (r \) \ \times \ (1-cos[\Omega t \]) \end{array}$

The above results are tabulated in Tables 1 thru 4 and are shown graphically in Figures 2 thru 5.

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2-5 Inputs Other than Constant

In this section the work presented in Section 2-4 is repeated, only this time using different external inputs $dB_z^e(r,t)$. The first of these inputs is designed to more realistically model how an actual input would be applied to the system. In other words, the input reaches its maximum value rapidly instead of instantaneously as assumed in Section 2-4, and as indicated in Figure 18. This work is presented in Section 2-5.1. The second input explored in this section is a fluctuation from the equilibrium value of $dB_{\pi}^{e}(r,t)$ which rapidly reaches its maximum. Then, after a specified amount of time (t_1) it decreases back to its equilibrium value (see Figure 19). The input for this third case is the same as that in Figure 18 for $0 \le t \le 6 \ge 10^{-09}$ seconds. It is then constant for 6 x 10^{-09} 5 t 5 444 x 10^{-09} seconds. The input then decreases as indicated in Figure 19 for 444 x 10^{-09} < t < 450 x 10^{-09} seconds. For t) 450 x 10^{-09} seconds the input is zero.

2-5.1 Rapid_but_Continuous_Increase_to_Constant_

Using the new input described in Section 2-5 the g(s) matrix becomes:

$$g(s) = a_{25} \begin{bmatrix} 0.0 \\ -W r \, dB_{2}^{e}(r,s) \\ 0.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 0.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

where

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$$dB_{z}^{e}(r,s) = .01 B^{o} (1 - exp(-H s))$$

and

$$H = 1 \times 1009$$

The dynamic behavior of this new input is shown in Figure 18.

The last step required before integration is to find the product of the S(t-s) and g(s) matrices, where the S(t-s) matrix is exactly the same as used in Section 2-4 and the g(s) matrix is as defined above. This resulting product is
$$S(t-s)g(s) = a_{25}$$

$$\frac{a_{23} \sin(\Omega(t-s)) + Wr \#B_{2}^{e}(r,s)}{\Omega}$$

$$\frac{a_{23} \sin(\Omega(t-s)) + Wr \#B_{2}^{e}(r,s)}{\Omega}$$

$$\frac{a_{24} r \sin(\Omega(t-s)) + Wr \#B_{2}^{e}(r,s)}{\Omega}$$

$$\frac{a_{52} \sin(\Omega(t-s)) + Wr \#B_{2}^{e}(r,s)}{\Omega}$$

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Now, rearranging the terms of the S(t-s) g(s) matrix yields

	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & W & Sin[Q(t-s)] & B_{g}^{e}(r,s) \\ Q \end{bmatrix}$
	- W r cos[Q(t-s)] #B ₂ ^e (r,s)
S(t-s) g(s) = a 25	$\begin{array}{c} a_{23} \forall \ r \ \underline{sin[\ Q(t-s)\]} \partial B_{z}^{e}(r,s) \\ \Omega \end{array}$
	$a_{24} r^2 W \underline{sin[Q(t-s)]} dB_z^{e}(r,s)$
	$\frac{-a_{52} \forall r \underline{sin} (Q(t-s))}{Q} dB_{z}^{e}(r,s)$

Before performing the required integration on S(t-s)g(s) it is important to notice that this requires the integration of a product of the form:

sin[Q(t-s)] exp(-a(s))

This type of integration can be performed by first

expanding the trigometric functions using angle sum and angle difference relations and then integrating the individual terms using standard integration formulae. Therefore, the results for Equation (2.6) are as follows:

where $X = \frac{1 - \cos \Omega t}{\Omega}$ $Y = \exp(-H t) \left[\frac{H \sin[2\Omega t] + \Omega \cos[2\Omega t]}{(-H)^2 + \Omega^2} \right]$ $Z = \frac{H \sin[\Omega t] + \Omega \cos[\Omega t]}{(-H)^2 + \Omega^2}$

 $dV_r(r,t) = -a_{25} W r (.01) B^0 (X2 + Y2 + Z2)$ (2.13)

where $X^2 = \frac{\sin[Qt]}{Q}$

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 $Y^{2} = \frac{H \exp(-H t)}{(-H)^{2} + \Omega^{2}}$ $Z^{2} = \frac{-H \cos (\Omega t) - \Omega \sin (\Omega t)}{(-H)^{2} + \Omega^{2}}$

 $dV_{\Theta}(r,t) = (.01) B^{O} a_{23} a_{25} W r (X3 + Y3 - Z3)$ (2.14)

where
$$X3 = \frac{1 - \cos[Qt]}{Q}$$

 $Y3 = \exp(-Ht) \begin{bmatrix} H \sin[2Qt] + Q \cos[2Qt] \\ (-H)^2 + Q^2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$Z3 = \frac{H \sin[Qt] + Q \cos[Qt]}{(-H)^2 + Q^2}$$

$$dV_{2}(r,t) = \frac{a_{24} a_{25} r^{2} W (.01) B^{0} (X4 + Y4 - Z4) (2.15)}{\Omega}$$

where X4 =
$$\frac{1-\cos [\Omega t]}{\Omega}$$

Y4 = $\exp(-H t) \begin{bmatrix} H \sin[2\Omega t] + \Omega \cos[2\Omega t] \\ (-H)^2 + \Omega^2 \end{bmatrix}$
Z4 = $\frac{H \sin[\Omega t] + \Omega \cos[\Omega t]}{(-H)^2 + \Omega^2}$

$$dE_{r}(r,t) = -a_{52} a_{25} W r (.01) B^{0} (X5 + Y5 - Z5) (2.16)$$

where $X5 = \frac{1-\cos (Qt)}{Q}$

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Y5 =
$$exp(-H t)$$
 $\left[\frac{H sin[29t] + 9 cos[29t]}{(-H)^2 + 9^2}\right]$
Z5 = $\frac{H sin[9t] + 9 cos[9t]}{(-H)^2 + 9^2}$

The results from this section are tabulated in Tables 5 thru 8 and are shown graphically in Figures 6 thru 9.

2-5.2 <u>Rapid Increase to Constant Followed by a</u> <u>Rapid Decrease to Zero</u>

The third and final type of external input $\partial B_z^e(r,t)$ explored in this chapter is a fluctuation away from zero which returns to zero. The procedure presented in Section 2-5.1 is repeated using this new input. Since the procedures are nearly identical, the work presented in this section is without explanation. If a question arises from the analysis, refer to Section 2-5.1 for an explanation.

The input is defined by

 $B_{z}^{e}(r,t) = \begin{cases} 0.01 \ B^{0} \ (1-e^{-H} \ t) & 0 < t < t_{1} \ (2.17a) \\ 0.01B^{0} \ \left[\frac{1-3(t-t_{1})^{2}+2(t-t_{1})^{3}}{(t_{2}-t_{1})^{2}} \right] t_{1} < t < t_{2} \ (2.17b) \\ (t_{2}-t_{1})^{3} \ (t_{2$

where $t_1 = 4.45 E - 7$ $t_2 = 4.50 E - 7$

Using this definition for the external input requires that the integration of the S(t-s) g(s) matrix be performed over two intervals of time with each interval having a different integrand which involves the external input as shown in the above equation. The integration over the first interval has already been done in Section 2-5.1. Therefore, all that remains is to perform the integration over the second time interval and add the solution found in Section 2-5.1. The integration of the S(t-s) g(s) matrix over the second time interval results in the following:

$$\mathbf{W}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{t}) = \underbrace{0.02 \ B_0 \ a_{25} \ W \ N^0}_{\mathbf{Q}} \left[\underbrace{\frac{1 - \cos(\mathbf{Q}(\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{t}_1))}{\mathbf{Q}}}_{\mathbf{Q}} \right] (2.18) \\
- \underbrace{\frac{3}{(t_2 - t_1)^2}}_{(t_2 - t_1)^2} \left[\underbrace{\frac{\mathbf{Q}^2 \ (t - t_1) - 2}{\mathbf{Q}^3} + \frac{2 \ \cos(\mathbf{Q}(t - t_1))}{\mathbf{Q}^3}}_{\mathbf{Q}^3} \right] \\
+ \underbrace{\frac{2}{(t_2 - t_1)^3}}_{\mathbf{Q}^3} \left[\underbrace{\frac{\mathbf{Q}^2 \ (t - t_1)^3 - 6 \ (t - t_1)}{\mathbf{Q}^3} + \frac{6 \ \sin(\mathbf{Q}(t - t_1))}{\mathbf{Q}^4}}_{\mathbf{Q}^4} \right] \right]$$

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$$dV_r(r,t) = -0.01 B_0 a_{25} W r \left[\frac{\sin (Q(t-t_1))}{\Omega} \right]$$
 (2.19)

$$-\frac{3}{(t_2-t_1)^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2(t-t_1)}{Q^2} - \frac{2\sin(Q(t-t_1))}{Q^3} \end{bmatrix} \\ + \frac{2}{(t_2-t_1)^3} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3Q^2(t-t_1)^2 - 6}{Q^4} + \frac{6\cos(Q(t-t_1))}{Q^4} \end{bmatrix}$$



The dynamic behavior of the perturbed quantities, $\chi(t)$, are much more complicated to determine in this section due to the form of the external axial magnetic input. As shown by Equation (2.17), the solution is found over three distinct time intervals. Over the first interval, from t = 0.0 to t = t₁, the input and solution are the same as that determined in Section 2-5.1. For t₁ (s (t₂, the second interval, the input is defined by Equation (2.17). The solution is found by adding the results presented by Equations (2.18) thru (2.22) with the results from Section 2-5.1 with the integration preformed from t=0.0 to t = t₁.

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Over the third interval, $t_2 < s < t$, the input is defined by Equation (2.17) as zero and the solution is the summation of the Section 2-5.1 material integrated from t = 0.0 to t = t_1 with Equations (2.18) thru (2.22) integrated from $t = t_1$ to $t = t_2$. The results are presented in Tables 9 thru 16 and are shown graphically in Figures 10 thru 13. They represent the results from this section after each particular type of input was applied to the system for its associated amount of time.

CHAPTER 3

3-1 Introduction.

This chapter presents an analysis of the linear, time invariant, partial differential equations that govern the dynamic behavior of the particle beam discussed in Chapter 2. However, in this chapter the solution to the governing equations is found numerically. This is done by approximating the partial derivitives in r with finite difference quotients and then evaluating the equations along the radius of the beam at selected points. These results are tabulated and compared to the results found in Chapter 2 from the closed form solution technique derived in Reference [1: page IV-21].

3-2 Setting Up the Problem.

From Reference [1: page III-40] the governing partial differential equations discussed above are as follows :

(d/dt) X(t) =

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$-N^{\circ} D_{r}$ $-a_{23}$ $-a_{24} r$ a_{52}	0 a23 0 0 0	0 a ₂₄ r 0 0	0 ^a 25 0 0	<u>X</u> (t)	(3.1)
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 $= a_{25} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \delta E_{r}^{e}(r,t) - W r \ \delta B_{z}^{e}(r,t) - V_{z}^{o} \ \delta B_{\theta}^{e}(r,t) \\ \delta E_{\theta}^{e}(r,t) + V_{z}^{o} \ \delta B_{r}^{e}(r,t) \\ \delta E_{z}^{e}(r,t) + W r \ \delta B_{r}^{e}(r,t) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

where $D_r f = (1/r) D_r (r f(r))$ (3.2) and where the values for a_{23} , a_{24} , a_{25} , and a_{52} are the same as defined in Chapter 2. Also, as in Chapter 2, the only external field applied is $\partial B_z^e(r,t)$ and its maximum value is assumed to be one percent of the equilibrium value B_0 . The rest of the external fields are assumed equal to zero. Therefore, Equation (3.1) becomes :

(d/dt) X(t) =

-Nº Dr 0 0 a24 00 X(t) (3.3)0 -a23 0 0 $-a_{24}$ r 0 0 0 a52

 $+ a_{25} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -W r \, \partial B_z^e(r,t) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Now, by using Equation (3.2) in Equation (3.3), the following five differential equations result.

$$(d/dt) \delta N(r,t) = -N_{r}^{0} \left[\delta V_{r}(r,t) + r D_{r} (\delta V_{r}(r,t)) \right] (3.4)$$

$$(d/dt) \delta V_{r}(r,t) = a_{23} \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) + a_{24} r \delta V_{z}(r,t)$$
 (3.5)
+ $a_{25} \delta E_{r}(r,t) - W r \delta B_{z}^{e}(r,t)$

$$(d/dt) \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) = -a_{23} \delta V_{r}(r,t)$$
 (3.6)

$$(d/dt) \delta V_{z}(r,t) = -a_{24} r \delta V_{r}(r,t)$$
 (3.7)

 $(d/dt) \delta E_r(r,t) = a_{52} \delta V_r(r,t)$ (3.8)

3-3 The Numerical Approximation.

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Equations (3.4) through (3.8) are the linear, time invariant, differential equations that govern the dynamic behavior of the particle beam. However, only Equation (3.4) contains a partial derivitive with respect to r. This partial derivitive is replaced with its finite difference approximation (backward differences) prior to investigating the solutions to Equations (3.4) through (3.8). This finite difference approximation is as follows :

$$D_r(\delta V_r(r,t)) \approx (\delta V_r(r,t) - \delta V_r(r-h,t)) / h$$
 (3.9)

Where h is the spacing between points. Therefore, Equation (3.4) becomes:

$$(d/dt) \delta N(r,t) =$$

 $(-N^{\circ}/r) \delta V_{r}(r,t) + (r/h) (\delta V_{r}(r,t) - \delta V_{r}(r-h,t))$ (3.10)

3-4 Solution Technique.

Out of the five governing differential equations discussed earlier, only Equation (3.10) requires a finite difference approximation. Now, since none of the other four equations are coupled to Equation (3.10), their solutions can be found by applying standard differential equation techniques. The solutions to these four equations are as follows :

$$\delta V_{r}(r,t) = \frac{a_{25} a_{52} r \sin[\Omega t]}{100 \Omega}$$
(3.11)

$$\delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) = \frac{a_{23} a_{25} a_{52} r}{100 \Omega} (\cos[\Omega t] - 1) (3.12)$$

$$\delta V_{z}(r,t) = \frac{a_{24} a_{25} a_{52} r^{2} (\cos[\Omega t] - 1)}{100 \Omega}$$
(3.13)

$$\delta E_r(r,t) = \frac{-a_{52}^2 a_{25} r (\cos[\Omega t] - 1)}{100 \Omega}$$
(3.14)

where

 $\Omega = (a_{23}^2 + a_{24}^2 (r^2) - a_{52} a_{25})^{1/2}$ Note that this yields the same values for Ω as does Equation (2.8).

It should be noted that in the solution of these four equations, the initial values are zero. This is consistent with the derivation of the perturbation equations and agrees with the closed form solution found in Chapter 2 for t=0.

The solution of Equation (3.10), however, is slightly more difficult. Since Equation (3.10) contains finite differences and is coupled to the other four equations, the equation must be analyzed at specific points along the radius of the beam.

Now, after substituting in Equation (3.11), Equation (3.10) becomes

$$(d/dt) \ \delta N(r,t) = \frac{-N_0}{r} \left[\frac{a_{25} \ a_{52} \ r}{100 \ \Omega} \sin \left(\Omega t \ \right) + \frac{r}{\frac{a_{25} \ a_{52} \ r}{100 \ h} \frac{\sin \left(\Omega t \ \right)}{\Omega}}{100 \ h} \left[\frac{\alpha_{25} \ a_{52} \ r}{100 \ h} \frac{\cos \left(\Omega t \ \right)}{\Omega} \right]$$
(3.15)
$$- \frac{a_{25} \ a_{52} \ (r-h) \ \sin \left(\Omega 1 \ t \ \right)}{100 \ h} \left[\frac{\Omega 1 \ t}{\Omega} \right]$$

where

$$\Omega 1 = (a_{23}^2 + a_{24}^2 (r - h)^2 - a_{52} a_{25})^{1/2}$$

Now the solution of Equation (3.15) can be found through simple integration, where the resulting constant of integration is determined by using the fact that dN(r,t) is zero at t=0. Therefore, the solution of Equation (3.15) is:

$$SN(r,t) = -\frac{N^{0}}{\left[\frac{a_{25} a_{52}}{100 \Omega} - \frac{(r-h)(1-\cos[\Omega 1 t])}{h \Omega 1} - \frac{(r-h)(1-\cos[\Omega 1 t])}{h \Omega 1}\right]}$$
(3.16)

We now have the solutions to all five governing differential equations.

3-5 Data Presentation.

In order to compare the results from Chapter 3 with those found in Chapter 2, the radius of the partical beam is divided into twenty evenly spaced intervals. Since the beam radius was given as ten millimeters, the spacing (h) is one half of a millimeter. For each value of time chosen there will be nineteen results for the five equations derived in Section 3-4. Each of these results represents a solution at a specific radial distance from the center of the beam. The same format will be used for the data presented from Chapter 2.

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The results from this chapter are presented in Table 17 thru 20 and are shown graphically in Figures 14 thru 17.

CHAPTER 4

4-1 Introduction

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The material presented in this chapter is an expansion of that presented in Chapter 3 for the system (Equation 2.1) which results when the Electrostatic Approximation Model is not used to reduce the complexity of the system. The resulting ninth-order system is solved and compared with the results of Chapter 3 in order to evaluate the effect of the Electrostatic Approximation.

4-2 Setting up the Problem

The ninth-order system of governing differential equations are

(d/dt) X(t) = A X(t) + g(t) (4.1)

where A and g(t) are defined in Chapter 2, Equations (2.1b) and (2.1c).

As in Chapter 3, the only external field applied is $\partial B_z^e(r,t)$, and its maximum value is assumed to be one

percent of the equilibrium value B_0 , which was previously determined in Chapter 2. The rest of the external fields are assumed equal to zero. Therefore, from Equation (2.1b),

$$g(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -Wr(0.01) B_0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Multiplying out and combining the terms described in Equation (4.1) results in the following nine partial differential equations:

 $(d/dt) \, \delta N(r,t) = -N^{\circ} D_{r} (\delta V_{r}(r,t)) \qquad (4.2)$ $(d/dt) \, \delta V_{r}(r,t) = a_{23} \, \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) + a_{24} r \, \delta V_{z}(r,t) \qquad (4.3)$ $+ a_{25} \, \delta E_{r}(r,t) - a_{25} \, V_{z}^{\circ} \, \delta B_{\Theta}(r,t)$ $- a_{25} \, W r \, \delta B_{z}(r,t) + W r \ (.01) B_{0}$ $(d/dt) \, \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) = -a_{23} \, \delta V_{r}(r,t) + a_{25} \, \delta E_{\Theta}(r,t) \qquad (4.4)$ $(d/dt) \, \delta V_{z}(r,t) = -a_{24} r \, \delta V_{r}(r,t) + a_{25} \, \delta E_{z}(r,t) \qquad (4.5)$

$$(d/dt) \delta E_{\Theta}(r,t) = a_{52} \delta V_{\Gamma}(r,t) + a_{52} \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) \quad (4.6)$$

$$(d/dt) \delta E_{\Theta}(r,t) = -\frac{a_{52} W r \delta N(r,t)}{N^{\circ}} + a_{52} \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t) \quad (4.7)$$

$$(d/dt) \delta E_{Z}(r,t) = \frac{a_{52} V_{Z}^{\circ}}{N^{\circ}} \delta N(r,t) + a_{52} \delta V_{Z}(r,t) \quad (4.8)$$

$$N^{\circ} + C^{2} \tilde{D}_{\Gamma}(\delta B_{\Theta}(r,t)) \quad (4.9)$$

$$(d/dt) \delta B_{z}(r,t) = - D_{r}(\delta E_{\Theta}(r,t))$$
 (4.10)

4-3 The Numerical Approximation

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Equations (4.2) through (4.10) are the linear, time invariant, differential equations that govern the dynamic behavior of the particle beam. Of these nine equations, Equations (4.2), (4.7), (4.8), (4.9), and (4.10) require finite difference approximations for partial derivitives. This finite difference approximation is as follows:

$$D_r = \frac{f(x,t) - f(x-h,t)}{h}$$

where h is the spacing between points. After implementing this finite difference scheme, the five equations discussed above result in the following:

$$(d/dt) \delta N(r,t) = -\frac{N^{0}}{r} \left[\delta V_{r}(r,t) + r \left[\frac{\delta V_{r}(r,t) - \delta V_{r}(r,t)}{h} \right] \right]$$

$$(4.11)$$

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$$(d/dt) \quad \delta E_{\Theta}(r,t) = \frac{-a_{52} W r}{N^{\circ}} \delta N(r,t) + a_{52} \delta V_{\Theta}(r,t)$$
 (4.12)

$$-C^{2} \frac{\delta B_{z}(r,t) - \delta B_{z}(r-h,t)}{h}$$

$$(d/dt) \quad \delta E_{z}(r,t) = \frac{a_{52} V_{z}^{0}}{N^{0}} \quad \delta N(r,t) + a_{52} \delta V_{z}(r,t)$$
 (4.13)

$$+ \underbrace{C^{2}}_{r} \qquad \underbrace{\delta B_{\theta}(r,t) + r}_{r} \left[\underbrace{\delta B_{\theta}(r,t) - \delta B_{\theta}(r-h, t)}_{h} \right]$$

$$(d/dt) \quad \delta B_{\theta}(r,t) = \underbrace{\delta E_{z}(r,t) - \delta E_{z}(r-h,t)}_{h} \qquad (4.14)$$

$$\frac{-1}{r} \begin{bmatrix} \delta E_{\Theta}(r,t) + r \begin{bmatrix} \delta E_{\Theta}(r,t) - \delta E_{\Theta}(r-h,t) \\ h \end{bmatrix}$$
(4.15)

4-4 Final Analysis and Solution Technique

We now have at hand, and in the correct form, the nine simultaneous differential equations that we will solve. Since these equations are much more complicated than those solved in Chapter 3, a numerical integration routine was used. The results from this integration routine are tabulated numerically in Tables 21 and 22. Figure 20 shows how the $\delta N(r,t)$ diverges with time. Since all nine solutions diverge in a similar manner no other figures are presented.

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CHAPTER 5

RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

5.1 Introduction.

This chapter contains a discussion of the results obtained from the previous four chapters. Based upon these results, conclusions are drawn and recommendations are presented.

5-2 <u>Closed Form Solution.</u>

5-2.1 Step Input.

The results from the analysis presented in Section 2-4 are tabulated in Tables 1 thru 4 and are shown graphically in Figures 2 thru 5. It is observed from Figure 2 that a stable solution for $\delta N(r,t)$ is realized with no significant damping apparent. Identical results are seen from the equations which provide the solutions to $\delta V_{z}(r,t)$ and $\delta E_{r}(r,t)$ (Figures 4 and 5). This is consistent with the form of the solutions found in Equation (2.11). As can be seen in Equation (2.11) the solutions $\delta N(r,t)$, $\delta V_{z}(r,t)$, and $\delta E_{r}(r,t)$ all contain the same trigonometric function, (1-cos (Ωt)). The only difference in the solutions is the amplitude of the trigonometric term; therefore, similar results are expected. Figure 3 shows that the solution of $\delta V_r(r,t)$ is also stable with no damping apparent.

An important result of this section is that the closed form solutions, as determined in Reference [1], can be used to evaluate the solutions to the system in question, and that these results make physical sense.

5-2.2 Input Rapidly Increasing to Constant.

The results from the analysis presented in Section 2-5.1 are tabulated in Tables 5 thru 8, and are shown graphically in Figures 6 thru 9. It should be noted that this type of input (Figure 18) is similar to the step input of Section 2-4. These two types of inputs are unequal only over a relatively short interval of time, approximately from t=0.0 to $t=4.0x10^{-9}$ seconds, for the number of significant digits used in this effort. Therefore, it makes physical sense that the results of Section 2-5.1 are similar to those of Section 2-4. The lag in the solution that is apparent when comparing the data from Section 2-4 to the data of Section 2-5.1 is conjectured to be due to a slight lag in the values of the input due to the exponential term. Also, Figures 6 thru 9 show that the solutions from this section are stable and exhibit no apparent damping.

5-2.3 <u>Input Rapidly Increasing to Constant Followed by a</u> <u>Rapidly Decrease to Zero.</u>

The results from the analysis presented in Section 2-5.2 are tabulated in Tables 9 thru 16 and are shown graphically in Figures 10 thru 13. These figures clearly show two distinct functions for the solutions, X(t). The first function in all four figures spans the time interval between t=0.0 and t= 4.5×10^{-7} seconds. Over this interval, the solutions, $\underline{X}(t)$, are almost identical to those values found in Section 2-5.1. This can be seen by comparing the values in Tables 9,11,13, and 15 with their related values in Tables 5 thru 8. Actually, the two solutions for X(t) are exact in comparison between t=0.0 and $t=4.45 \times 10^{-7}$ seconds, with the only differences encountered between t > 4.45x10⁻⁷ to $t=4.5x10^7$ seconds. This can be explained by referring to Equation (2.17), which shows how the external axial magnetic input was defined. Since, the input is exactly the same as that used for Section 2-5.1 over the interval $0 < t < t_1$, the results are expected to be identical. Over the interval $t_1 < t < t_2$ the input used is the cubic function defined in Equation (2.17b). The solutions are found by summing the results of Equation (2.6) integrated from t=0.0 to t=t₁, where the input is defined by Equation (2.17a), with the results of Equation (2.6) integrated from $t=t_1$ to $t \leq t_2$, where the input is defined by

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integrated from $t=t_1$ to $t \leq t_2$, where the input is defined by Equation (2.17b). Therefore, the results over this interval are expected to be slightly different. The second function in all four figures spans the interval of t > 4.5×10^{-7} to t= seconds. The input used over this interval is equal to zero; therefore the solutions are the summation of the previous works integrated over their associated intervals. Both these functions encountered on Figures 10 thru 13 are stable and exhibit no apparent damping.

5-3 Numerical Solution Technique.

The results from the analysis presented in Chapter 3 are tabulated in Tables 17 thru 20 and are shown graphically in Figures 14 thru 17. From these figures it is concluded that the solutions, X(t), are stable and show no apparent damping. It can also be concluded by comparing the data in Tables 17 thru 20 with their related data from Section 2-4, that the closed form solution techniques derived in Reference [1] produces excellent results. This conclusion is verified by the results of Chapter 3. It is conjectured that the small differences found between the closed form solution technique of Section 2-4 and the numerical solution technique of Chapter 3 are due to errors associated with the Chapter 3 method. Under this assumption, if the number of points across the radius of the beam were increased in order

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to increase the accuracy of this solution technique, the results of this would more closely approximate those of Section 2-4.

5-4 <u>Numerical Solution Technique Without Electrostatic</u> <u>Approximation</u>

The results of the Chapter 4 analysis is presented in Tables 21 and 22. The solution for dN(r,t) is shown graphically in Figure 20. It is observed from Figure 20 and from the data presented in Tables 21 and 22 that the solutions, $\underline{X}(t)$, are not stable for all time t. However, the data in Tables 21 and 22 do approximately agree with that of Section 2-4 over a interval of time, t=0.0 to $t(3.0x10^{-11} \text{ second.}$ Over this interval it can be concluded, due to the agreement in associated values, that the Electrostatic Approximation is an adequate one. For times other than that described above, the solution, X(t), diverges to \pm •. It is conjectured that this instability is being caused by any of the following anomalies. First, a numerical instability could have been encountered by the integration routine used to solve the differential equations. Secondly, the process of linearizing the differential equations might have eliminated a damping/restoring term present in the nonlinear equations. This term would had to have been in either $\delta E_{\Theta}(r,t)$,

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 $\delta E_z(r,t)$, $\delta B_r(r,t)$, $\delta B_{\Theta}(r,t)$, or $\delta B_z(r,t)$, since the Section 2-4 material was not effected in a similar manner. However, it is more likely that in choosing B_0 such that we have the the minimum external magnetic field required to maintain rigid rotor equilibrium, we produce a system which borders on instability. Therefore, an increase in B_0 would tend to stabilize this system.

5-5 <u>Recommendations</u>

The following recommendations are made as a result of this effort.

- 1. Investigate the divergence of the Chapter 4 study.
 - i. reexamine the derivation of the dynamic model found in Reference [1] paying close attention to the last four terms.
 - ii. continue work of chapter 4 by increasing B_0 and recalculating the results. Should result in stable solutions.
- Investigate a closed form solution to the dynamic system found in Reference [1] proir to the implementation of the electrostatic approximation.





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TABLE 1						
PERTURBED	NUMBER	DENSITY,	SECTION	2 - 4		

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Т1	T2	T3	T4	T5	R
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.871190+12	2.500090+12	5.00000E-04
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	1.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	1.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	2.00000E-03
7.668580+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	2.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	3.00000 E- 03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	3.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	4.00000E-03
7.668580+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	4.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	5.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.500090+12	5.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	6.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	6.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	7.00000E-03
7.668580+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	7.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	8.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	8.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	9.00000 E -03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87119D+12	2.50009D+12	9.50000E-03

TABLE 2						
PERTURBED	RADIAL	VELOCITY.	SECTION	2-4		

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Ti	Ť2	73	T4	T5	R
-1.38946D+02	-4.50224D+01	1.24358D+02	8.53178D+01	-9.67127D+01	5.00000E-04
-2.778930+02	-9.00448D+01	2.48716D+02	1.70636D+02	-1.93425D+02	1.00000E-03
-4.16839D+02	-1.35067D+02	3.73074D+02	2.55953D+02	-2.90138D+02	1.50000E-03
-5.55786D+02	-1.800900+02	4.974320+02	3.412710+02	-3 86851D+02	2.00000 E- 03
-6.94732D+02	-2.25112D+02	6.21790D+02	4.26589D+02	-4.83564D+02	2.50000E-03
-8.33679D+02	-2.70134D+02	7.46148D+02	5.11907D+02	-5.80276D+02	3.00000E-03
-9.72625D+02	-3.15157D+02	8.70506D+02	5.97224D+02	-6.769890+02	3.50000E-03
-1.111570+03	-3.601790+02	9.94864D+02	6.82542D+02	-7.73702D+02	4.00000E-03
-1.25052D+03	-4.05202D+02	1.11922D+03	7.67860D+02	-8.70415D+02	4.50000E-03
-1.38946D+03	-4.50224D+02	1.24358D+03	8.531780+02	-9.671270+02	5.00000E-03
-1.52841D+03	-4.952470+02	1.36794D+03	9.38495D+02	-1.06384D+03	5.50000E-03
-1.66736D+03	-5.402690+02	1.49230D+03	1.02381D+03	-1.16055D+03	6.00000 E- 03
-1.80630D+03	-5.85291D+02	1.61665D+03	1.10913D+03	-1.257270+03	6.50000E-03
-1.94525D+03	-6.30314D+02	1.741010+03	1.194450+03	-1.35398D+03	7.00000E-03
-2.08420D+03	-6.75336D+02	1.86537D+03	1.27977D+03	-1.45069D+03	7.50000E-03
-2.22314D+03	-7.20359D+02	1.98973D+03	1.36508D+03	-1.547400+03	8.00000E-03
-2.36209D+03	~7.65381D+02	2.11409D+03	1.45040D+03	-1.64412D+03	8.50000E-03
-2.50104D+03	~8.10403D+02	2.23844D+03	1.53572D+03	-1.740830+03	9.00000E-03
-2.63998D+03	~8.55426D+02	2.36280D+03	1.62104D+03	-1.83754D+03	9.50000E-03

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TABLE 3						
PERTURBED	AXIAL	VELOCITY,	SECTION	2-4		

τι	τ2	τ3	T4	T5	R
-4.013350-04	-9.32714D-04	-7.03560D-04	-9.79289D-05	-1.30842D-04	5.00000E-04
-1.60534D-03	-3.73086D-03	-2.81424D-03	-3.91716D-04	-5.23369D-04	1.00000E-03
-3.612020-03	-8.39443D-03	-6.33204D-03	-8.81360D-04	-1.177580-03	1.50000E-03
-6.42137D-03	-1.49234D-02	-1.125700-02	-1.56686D-03	-2.09348D-03	2.00000E-03
-1.00334D-02	-2.331790-02	-1.758900-02	-2.44822D-03	-3.27106D-03	2.50000E-03
-1.44481D-02	-3.35777D-02	-2.53282D-02	-3.52544D-03	-4.71032D-03	3.00000 E- 03
-1.966540-02	-4.570300-02	-3.44744D-02	-4.79852D-03	-6.411270-03	3.50000E-03
-2.56855D-02	-5.96937D-02	-4.50278D-02	-6.26745D-03	-8.37391D-03	4.00000E-03
-3.250820-02	-7.55499D-02	-5.69884D-02	-7.93224D-03	-1.05982D-02	4.50000E-03
-4.01335D-02	-9.32714D-02	-7.03560D-02	-9.79289D-03	-1.30842D-02	5.00000E-03
-4.85616D-02	-1.12858D-01	-8.51308D-02	-1.18494D-02	-1.58319D-02	5.50000E-03
-5.77923D-02	-1.34311D-01	-1.01313D-01	-1.41018D-02	-1.88413D-02	6.00000E-03
-6.782570-02	-1.576290-01	-1.18902D-01	-1.65500D-02	-2.21124D-02	6.50000E-03
-7.86617D-02	-1.82812D-01	-1.37898D-01	-1.91941D-02	-2.56451D-02	7.00000 E- 03
-9.03005D-02	-2.09861D-01		-2.20340D-02	-2.943950-02	7.50000E-03
-1.02742D-01	-2.38775D-01	-1.80111D-01	-2.50698D-02	-3.34956D-02	8.00000E-03
-1.15986D-01	-2.69554D-01	-2.03329D-01	-2.830150-02	-3.78134D-02	8.50000E-03
-1.300330-01	-3.02199D-01	-2.27953D-01	-3.172900-02	-4.23929D-02	9.00000 E- 03
-1.448820-01	-3.367100-01	-2.539850-01	-3.535230-02	-4.72341D-02	9.50000E-03

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TABLE 4 PERTURBED RADIAL ELECTRIC FIELD, SECTION 2-4

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T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	R
3.46907D+01	8.062220+01	6.08145D+01	8.46481D+00	1.13098D+01	5.00000E-04
6.93815D+01	1.61244D+02	1.21629D+02	1.69296D+01	2.26196D+01	1.00000E-03
1.04072D+02	2.41867D+02	1.82443D+02	2.53944D+01	3.392930+01	1.50000E-03
1.387630+02	3.22489D+02	2.43258D+02	3.38592D+01	4.52391D+01	2.00000E-03
1.73454D+02	4.03111D+02	3.040720+02	4.23240D+01	5.65489D+01	2.50000E-03
2.08144D+02	4.83733D+02	3.648870+02	5.07888D+01	6.78587D+01	3.00000E+03
2.42835D+02	5.64355D+02	4.25701D+02	5.92536D+01	7.916850+01	3.50000E-03
2.77526D+02	6.44978D+02	4.86516D+02	6.77185D+01	9.047830+01	4.00000E-03
3.122170+02	7.25600D+02	5.47330D+02	7.61833D+01	1.01788D+02	4.50000E-03
3.469070+02	8.06222D+02	6.08145D+02	8.46481D+01	1.13098D+02	5.00000E-03
3.81598D+02	8.86844D+02	6.68959D+02	9.31129D+01	1.24408D+02	5.50000E-03
4.16289D+02	9.67467D+02	7.29774D+02	1.01578D+02	1.35717D+02	6.00000E-03
4.50980D+02	1.04809D+03	7.90588D+02	1.10042D+02	1.47027D+02	6.50000E-03
4.85670D+02	1.12871D+03	8.51403D+02	1.18507D+02	1.58337D+02	7.00000E-03
5.20361D+02	1.20933D+03	9.122170+02	1.269720+02	1.696470+02	7.50000E-03
5.55052D+02	1.289960+03	9.73032D+02	1.354370+02	1.80957D+02	8.00000E-03
5.89742D+02	1.37058D+03	1.03385D+03	1.43902D+02	1.92266D+02	8.50000E-03
6.24433D+02	1.451200+03	1.09466D+03	1.52367D+02	2.03576D+02	9.00000E-03
6.59124D+02	1.53182D+03	1.15548D+03	1.60831D+02	2.14886D+02	9.50000 E- 03

		TABLE 5		
PERTURBED	NUMBER	DENSITY,	SECTION	2-5.1

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T 1	T2	Ť3	T4	T5	R
7.413240+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	5.00000E-04
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	1.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	1.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	2.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	2.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	3.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	3.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	4.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	4.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.367410+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	5.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	5.50000 E- 03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	6.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	6.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	7.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.021430+12	2.31793D+12	7.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	8.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.021430+12	2.31793D+12	8.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	9.00000E-03
7.413240+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	9.50000 E- 03

TABLE 6 PERTURBED RADIAL VELOCITY, SECTION 2-5.1

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TI	T2	T3	T 4	T 5	R
-1.38193D+02	-4.87404D+01	1.22400D+02	8.84013D+01	-9.37555D+01	5.00000E-04
-2.76386D+02	-9.74809D+01	2.448000+02	1.76803D+02	-1.87511D+02	1.00000E-03
-4.14579D+02	-1.46221D+02	3.67200D+02	2.65204D+02	-2.81267D+02	1.50000E-03
-5.52773D+02	-1.949620+02	4.896000+02	3.53605D+02	-3.750220+02	2.00000E-03
-6.90966D+02	-2.43702D+02	6.12000D+02	4.42007D+02	-4.68778D+02	2.50000E-03
-8.291590+02	-2.92443D+02	7.34400D+02	5.30408D+02	-5.62533D+02	3.00000E-03
-9.67352D+02	-3.41183D+02	8.56800D+02	6.18809D+02	-6.56289D+02	3.50000 E- 03
-1.10555D+03	-3.89924D+02	9.792000+02	7.072110+02	-7.500440+02	4.00000E-03
-1.24374D+03	-4.38664D+02	1.10160D+03	7.95612D+02	-8.43800D+02	4.500002-03
-1.38193D+03	-4.87404D+02	1.22400D+03	8.84013D+02	-9.37555D+02	5.00000E-03
-1.52013D+03	-5.36145D+02	1.34640D+03	9.724150+02	-1.03131D+03	5.50000E-03
-1.65832D+03	-5.84885D+02	1.468800+03	1.06082D+03	-1.12507D+03	6.00000 E- 03
-1.79651D+03	-6.33626D+02	1.59120D+03	1.14922D+03	-1.21882D+03	6.50000E-03
-1.934700+03	-6.82366D+02	1.71360D+03	1.23762D+03	-1.31258D+03	7.00000E-03
-2.07290D+03	-7.31107D+02	1.83600D+03	1.32602D+03	-1.40633D+03	7.50000E-03
-2.21109D+03	-7.798470+02	1.95840D+03	1.414420+03	-1.50009D+03	8.00000E-03
-2.34928D+03	-8.28588D+02	2.08080D+03	i.50282D+03	-1.59384D+03	8.50000E-03
-2.48748D+03	-8.77328D+02	2.20320D+03	1.59122D+03	-1.68760D+03	9.00000 E- 03
-2.62567D+03	-9.26068D+02	2.32560D+03	1.67963D+03	-1.78135D+03	9.50000E-03

		TABLE 7		
PERTURBED	AXIAL	VELOCITY,	SECTION	2-5.1

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T1	Ť2	Т3	T4	T5	R
-3.87972D-04	-9.287560-04	-7.156330-04	-1.05792D-04	-1.213090-04	5.00000E-04
-1.55189D-03	-3.71502D-03	-2.86253D-03	-4.23167D-04	-4.85236D-04	1.00000E-03
-3.491750-03	-8.35880D-03	-6.440700-03	-9.52126D-04	-1.091780-03	1.50000E-03
-6.20755D-03	-1.48601D-02	-1.14501D-02	-1.69267D-03	-1.94094D-03	2.00000E-03
-9.69929D-03	-2.32189D-02	-1.78908D-02	-2.64479D-03	-3.03273D-03	2.50000E-03
-1.39670D-02	-3.34352D-02	-2.57628D-02	-3.808500-03	-4.367120-03	3.00000 E- 03
-1.90106D-02	-4.550910-02	-3.50660D-02	-5.18380D-03	-5.94414D-03	3.50000E-03
-2.48302D-02	-5.94404D-02	-4.58005D-02	-6.77067D-03	-7.76378D-03	4.00000E-03
-3.142570-02	-7.522930-02	-5.79663D-02	-8.569130-03	-9.82603D-03	4.50000E-03
-3.879720-02	-9.28756D-02	~7.15634D-02	-1.057920-02	-1.21309D-02	5.00000E+03
-4.69446D-02	-1.123800-01	-8.65917D-02	-1.28008D-02	-1.46784D-02	5.50000E-03
-5.58679D-02	-1.33741D-01	-1.03051D-01	-1.52340D-02	-1.74685D-02	6.00000E-03
-6.556720-02	-1.56960D-01	-1.20942D-01	-1.78788D-02	-2.05012D-02	6.50000E-03
-7.60425D-02	-1.820360-01	-1.40264D-01	-2.07352D-02	-2.37766D-02	7.00000E-03
-8.729370-02	-2.089700-01	-1.61018D-01	-2.38031D-02	-2.72945D-02	7.50000E-03
-9.93208D-02	-2.37762D-01	-1.83202D-01	-2.708270-02	-3.10551D-02	8.00000E-03
-1.12124D-01	-2.684110-01	-2.068180-01	-3.057380-02	-3.505830-02	8.50000E-03
-1.25703D-01	-3.009170-01	-2.31865D-01	-3.42765D-02	-3.93041D-02	9.00000E-03
-1.40058D-01	-3.352810-01	-2.58344D-01	-3.81908D-02	-4.379260-02	9.50000E-03

		TABLE	8		
PERTURBED	RADIAL	ELECTRIC	FIELD,	SECTION	2-5.1

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T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	R
3.35356D+01	8.02801D+01	6.18581D+01	9.14445D+00	1.04857D+01	5.00000E-04
6.70712D+01	1.60560D+02	1.23716D+02	1.82889D+01	2.09715D+01	1.00000E-03
1.00607D+02	2.408400+02	1.85574D+02	2.74334D+01	3.14572D+01	1.50000E-03
1.34142D+02	3.211200+02	2.47432D+02	3.65778D+01	4.19430D+01	2.00000E-03
1.67678D+02	4.01400D+02	3.09291D+02	4.57223D+01	5.24287D+01	2.50000E-03
2.01214D+02	4.816800+02	3.711490+02	5.48667D+01	6.29144D+01	3.00000E-03
2.34749D+02	5.61960D+02	4.33007D+02	6.40112D+01	7.34002D+01	3.50000E-03
2.68285D+02	6.42241D+02	4.94865D+02	7.31556D+01	8.38859D+01	4.00000E-03
3.018200+02	7.225210+02	5.567230+02	8.23001D+01	9.43717D+01	4.50000E-03
3.35356D+02	8.028010+02	6.18581D+02	9.14446D+01	1.04857D+92	5.00000E-03
3.68892D+02	8.83081D+02	6.80439D+02	1.005890+02	1.15343D+02	5.50000E-03
4.024270+02	9.633610+02	7.42297D+02	1.09733D+02	1.258290+02	6.00000E-03
4.35963D+02	1.04364D+03	8.04156D+02	1.18878D+02	1.36315D+02	6.50000E-03
4.69499D+02	1.123920+03	8.660140+02	1.28022D+02	1.46800D+02	7.00000E-03
5.03034D+02	1.20420D+03	9.27872D+02	1.37167D+02	1.572860+02	7.50000E-03
5.365700+02	1.28448D+03	9.897300+02	1.46311D+02	1.67772D+02	8.00000E-03
5.70105D+02	1.36476D+03	1.05159D+03	1.55456D+02	1.78258D+02	8.50000E-03
6.03641D+02	1.44504D+03	1.11345D+03	1.64600D+02	1.887430+02	9.00000E-03
6.37177D+02	1.52532D+03	1.17530D+03	1.73745D+02	1.99229D+02	9.50000E-03

TABLE 9

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PERTURBED NUMBER DENSITY, SECTION 2-5.2

T:	72	T3	T4	T5	R
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.367410+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	5.00000E-04
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.021430+12	2.31793D+12	1.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	1.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.317930+12	2.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	2.50000E+03
7.413240+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.021430+12	2.31793D+12	3.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	3.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	4.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	4.50000E-03
7.413240+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.317930+12	5.00000E-03
7.413240+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	5.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	6.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	6.50000E-03
7.413240+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.021430+12	2.31793D+12	7.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	7.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.367410+13	2.02143D+12	2.317930+12	8.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.021430+12	2.31793D+12	8.50000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.317930+12	9.00000E-03
7.41324D+12	1.77464D+13	1.36741D+13	2.02143D+12	2.31793D+12	9.50000E-03

TABLE TU					
PERTURBED	NUMBER	DENSITY,	SECTION	2-5.2	

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T6	τ7	T8	Т9	TIO	R	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	5.00000E-04	
~1.375140+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	1.00000E-03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	1.50000 E- 03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	2.00000 E- 03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	2.50000E-03	
-1.375140+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	3.00000E-03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	3.50000E-03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	4.00000E-03	
-1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	4.50000E-03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	5.00000 E- 03	
-1.375140+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.892660+09	-1.40664D+10	5.50000 E- 03	
~1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	6.00000E-03	
-1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	6.50000E-03	
~1.375140+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	7.00000 2- 03	
-1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	7.50000E-03	
-1.375140+10	2.864050+09	1.46796D+10	1.892660+09	-1.40664D+10	8.00000E-03	
-1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	8.50000E-03	
-1.37514D+10	2.864050+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	9.00000E-03	
-1.37514D+10	2.86405D+09	1.46796D+10	1.89266D+09	-1.40664D+10	9.50000 E- 03	
	TABLE 11					
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PERTURBED	RADIAL	VELOCITY,	SECTION	2-5.2		

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T1	τ2	Т3	T4	T5	R
-1.38193D+02	-4.87404D+01	1.22400D+02	8.84013D+01	-9.37555D+01	5.00000E-04
-2.76386D+02	-9.74809D+01	2.44800D+02	1.76803D+02	-1.87511D+02	1.00000E-03
-4.14579D+02	-1.46221D+02	3.67200D+02	2.65204D+02	-2.81267D+02	1.50000E-03
-5.52773D+02	-1.94962D+02	4.89600D+02	3.53605D+02	-3.75022D+02	2.00000E-03
-6.90966D+02	-2.43702D+02	6.120000+02	4.42007D+02	-4.68778D+02·	2.50000E-03
-8.29159D+02	-2.92443D+02	7.34400D+02	5.30408D+02	-5.62533D+02	3.00000 E- 03
-9.67352D+02	-3.41183D+02	8.568000+02	6.188090+02	-6.56289D+02	3.50000E-03
-1.10555D+03	-3.89924D+02	9.792000+02	7.07211D+02	-7.50044D+02	4.00000E-03
-1.24374D+03	-4.386640+02	1.10160D+03	7.95612D+02	-8.43800D+02	4.50000E-03
-1.38193D+03	-4.87404D+02	1.22400D+03	8.84013D+02	-9.37555D+02	5.00000E-03
-1.52013D+03	-5.361450+02	1.346400+03	9.72415D+02	-1.03131D+03	5.50000E-03
-1.65832D+03	-5.84885D+02	1.46880D+03	1.06082D+03	-1.12507D+03	6.00000 E- 03
-1.79651D+03	-6.33626D+02	1.59120D+03	1.14922D+03	-1.21882D+03	6.50000E-03
-1.93470D+03	-6.82366D+02	1.71360D+03	1.23762D+03	-1.31258D+03	7.00000E-03
-2.072900+03	-7.311070+02	1.83600D+03	1.32602D+03	-1.40633D+03	7.50000E-03
-2.21109D+03	-7.79847D+02	1.95840D+03	1.41442D+03	-1.50009D+03	8.00000E-03
-2.34928D+03	-8.28588D+02	2.080800+03	1.50282D+03	-1.59384D+03	8.50000E-03
-2.48748D+03	-8.77328D+02	2.20320D+03	1.59122D+03	-1.68760D+03	9.000C0E-03
-2.62567D+03	-9.26068D+02	2.32560D+03	l.67963D+03	-1.78135D+03	9.50000E-03

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TABLE 12

PERTURBED RADIAL VELOCITY, SECTION 2-5.2

T6	T 7	T 8	T9	Ť10	R
5 26128D-01			7 530000.00	F 760130400	
5.261260-01	-8.613910+00	-3.31/2/0+00	7.339020+00	5.760130+00	5.000002-04
1.05226D+00	-1.72278D+01	-6.63454D+00	1.507800+01	1.15203D+01	1.00000 E- 03
1.57838D+00	-2.58417D+01	-9.95182D+00	2.261710+01	1.728040+01	1.50000E-03
2.10451D+00	-3.44556D+01	-1.326910+01	3.01561D+01	2.30405D+01	2.00000E-03
2.63064D+00	-4.30695D+01	-1.65864D+01	3.769510+01	2.88006D+01	2.50000E-03
3.15677D+00	-5.16835D+01	-1.99036D+01	4.52341D+01	3.45608D+01	3.00000E-03
3.682900+00	-6.02974D+01	-2.32209D+01	5.277310+01	4.03209D+01	3.50000E-03
4.20903D+00	-6.89113D+01	-2.65382D+01	6.03121D+01	4.50810D+01	4.00000E-03
4.73515D+00	-7.75252D+01	-2.98555D+01	6.785120+01	5.18412D+01	4.50000E-03
5.26128D+00	-8.61391D+01	-3.31727D+01	7.53902D+01	5.76013D+01	5.00000E-03
5.78741D+00	-9.47530D+01	-3.64900D+01	8.29292D+01	6.33614D+01	5.50000E-03
6.31354D+00	-1.03367D+02	-3.98073D+01	9.04682D+01	6.91216D+01	6.00000E-03
6.839670+00	-1.11981D+02	-4.31245D+01	9.80072D+01	7.48817D+01	6.50000 E- 03
7.36580D+00	-1.20595D+02	-4.64418D+01	1.05546D+02	8.06418D+01	7.00000E-03
7.891920+00	-1.292090+02	-4.97591D+01	1.13085D+02	8.64019D+01	7.50000E-03
8.41805D+00	-1.37823D+02	-5.30764D+01	1.20624D+02	9.21621D+01	8.00000E-03
8.94418D+00	-1.46436D+02	-5.63936D+01	1.28163D+02	9.79222D+01	8.50000E-03
9.47031D+00	~1.55050D+02	-5.97109D+01	1.35702D+02	1.036820+02	9.00000E-03
9.99644D+00	-1.63664D+02	-6.30282D+01	1.43241D+02	1.094420+02	9.500005-03

	TABLE 13				
PERTURBED	AXIAL	VELOCITY,	SECTION	2-5.2	

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T1	T 2	T3	T4	T5	R
-3.87972D-04	-9.28756D-04	-7.15633D-04	-1.05792D-04	-1.21309D-04	5.00000E-04
-1.551890-03	-3.71502D-03	-2.86253D-03	-4.23167D-04	-4.85236D-04	1.00000E-03
-3.491750-03	-8.35880D-03	-6.44070D-03	-9.52126D-04	-1.09178D-03	1.50000E-03
-6.20755D-03	-1.48601D-02	-1.14501D-02	-1.69267D-03	-1.94094D-03	2.00000E-03
-9.69929D-03	-2.32189D-02	-1.78908D-02	-2.64479D-03	-3.03273D-03	2.50000E+03
-1.396700-02	-3.34352D-02	-2.57628D-02	-3.80850D-03	-4.36712D-03	3.00000E-03
-1.90106D-02	-4.55091D-02	-3.50660D-02	-5.18380D-03	-5.94414D-03	3.50000E-03
-2.48302D-02	-5.94404D-02	-4.58005D-02	-6.77067D-03	-7.76378D-03	4.00000E-03
-3.14257D-02	-7.52293D-02	-5.79663D-02	-8.56913D-03	-9.82603D-03	4.50000E-03
-3.879720-02	-9.28756D-02	-7.15634D-02	-1.05792D-02	-1.21309D-02	5.00000E-03
-4.69446D-02	-1.12380D-01	-8.65917D-02	-1.28008D-02	-1.46784D-02	5.50000E-03
-5.58679D-02	-1.33741D-01	-1.03051D-01	-1.523400-02	-1.74685D-02	6.00000E-03
-6.55672D-02	-1.56960D-01	-1.20942D-01	-1.78788D-02	-2.05012D-02	6.50000E-03
-7.604250-02	-1.82036D-01	-1.40264D-01	-2.07352D-02	-2.37766D-02	7.00000E-03
-8.72937D-02	-2.089700-01	-1.61018D-01	-2.38031D-02	-2.72945D-02	7.50000E-03
-9.93208D-02	-2.37762D-01	-1.83202D-01	-2.70827D-02	-3.10551D-02	8.00000E-03
-1.12124D-01	-2.68411D-01	-2.06818D-01	-3.05738D-02	-3.50583D-02	8.50000E-03
-1.25703D-01	-3.00917D-01	-2.31865D-01	-3.42765D-02	-3.930410-02	9.00000E-03
-1.40058D-01	-3.35281D-01	-2.58344D-01	-3.81908D-02	-4.37926D-02	9.50000E-03

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TABLE 14	
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PERTURBED AXIAL VELOCITY, SECTION 2-5.2

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T6	T7	T8	Т9	TIO	R
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/.196//0-0/	-1.498900-0/	-7.682560-07	-9.905260-08	7.36163D-07	5.00000E-04
2.87871D-06	-5.99561D-07	-3.073020-06	-3.96210D-07	2.94465D-06	1.00000E-03
6.47710D-06	-1.34901D-06	-6.91430D-06	-8.91473D-07	6.62547D-06	1.50000E-03
1.15148D-05	-2.39824D-06	-1.229210-05	-1.58484D-06	1.17786D-05	2.00000E-03
1.79919D-05	-3.747260-06	-1.92064D-05	-2.476310-06	1.840410-05	2.50000E-03
2.59084D-05	-5.39605D-06	-2.765720-05	-3.56589D-06	2.65019D-05	3.00000E-03
3.526420-05	-7.34463D-06	-3.76445D-05	-4.85358D-06	3.60720D-05	3.50000E-03
4.60594D-05	-9.59298D-06	-4.91684D-05	-6.33937D-06	4.711450-05	4.00000E-03
5.82939D-05	-1.21411D-05	-6.222870-05	-8.02326D-06	5.96292D-05	4.50000E-03
7.19677D-05	-1.498900-05	-7.682560-05	-9.90526D-06	7.361630-05	5.00000E-03
8.70810D-05	-1.81367D-05	-9.29590D-05	-1.19854D-05	8.90758D-05	5.50000E-03
1.036340-04	-2.158420-05	-1.106290-04	-1.42636D-05	1.06008D-04	6.00000E-03
1.21626D-04	-2.533150-05	-1.29835D-04	-1.67399D-05	1.244120-04	6.50000E-03
1.41057D-04	-2.937850-05	-1.50578D-04	-1.94143D-05	1.44288D-04	7.00000E-03
1.619270-04	-3.37253D-05	-1.72858D-04	-2.22868D-05	1.656370-04	7.50000E-03
1.842370-04	-3.837190-05	-1.96674D-04	-2.53575D-05	1.88458D-04	8.00000E-03
2.07987D-04	-4.33183D-05	-2.22026D-04	-2.86262D-05	2.12751D-04	8.50000E-03
2.331750-04	-4.856450-05	-2.48915D-04	-3.209300-05	2.38517D-04	9.00000 E- 03
2.59804D-04	-5.41104D-05	-2.77340D-04	-3.575800-05	2.657550-04	9.50000 E- 03

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PERTURBED	RADIAL	ELECTRIC	FIELD,	SECTION	2-5.2

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T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	R
3.35356D+01	8.028010+01	6.18581D+01	9.14445D+00	1.04857D+01	5.00000E-04
6.70712D+01	1.60560D+02	1.23716D+02	1.82889D+01	2.09715D+01	1.00000E-03
1.00607D+02	2.40840D+02	1.85574D+02	2.743340+01	3.14572D+01	1.50000E-03
1.34142D+02	3.21120D+02	2.47432D+02	3.65778D+01	4.19430D+01	2.00000E-03
1.67678D+02	4.014000+02	3.09291D+02	4.57223D+01	5.24287D+01	2.50000E-03
2.01214D+02	4.81680D+02	3.71149D+02	5.48667D+01	6.29144D+01	3.00000E-03
2.34749D+02	5.61960D+02	4.33007D+02	6.40112D+01	7.34002D+01	3.50000E-03
2.68285D+02	6.42241D+02	4.94865D+02	7.31556D+01	8.38859D+01	4.00000E-03
3.018200+02	7.22521D+02	5.567230+02	8.23001D+01	9.43717D+01	4.50000E-03
3.35356D+02	8.02801D+02	6.18581D+02	9.14446D+01	1.04857D+02	5.00000E-03
3.68892D+02	8.83081D+02	6.80439D+02	1.00589D+02	1.15343D+02	5.50000E-03
4.02427D+02	9.63361D+02	7.42297D+02	1.09733D+02	1.25829D+02	6.00000E-03
4.35963D+02	1.04364D+03	8.04156D+02	1.18878D+02	1.36315D+02	6.50000E-03
4.69499D+02	1.12392D+03	8.66014D+02	1.28022D+02	1.46800D+02	7.00000E-03
5.03034D+02	1.204200+03	9.27872D+02	1.37167D+02	1.57286D+02	7.50000E-03
5.36570D+02	1.28448D+03	9.897300+02	1.46311D+02	1.67772D+02	8.00000E-03
5.701050+02	1.36476D+03	1.05159D+03	1.55456D+02	1.78258D+02	8.50000E-03
6.03641D+02	1.44504D+03	1.11345D+03	1.64600D+02	1.88743D+02	9.00000E-03
6.371770+02	1.52532D+03	1.175300+03	1.737450+02	1.992290+02	9.50000E-03

		TABLE	16		
PERTURBED	RADIAL	ELECTRIC	FIELD,	SECTION	2-5.2

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T6	1 7	T8	T9	T10	R	
-6.220770-02	1.29563D-02	6.64067D-02	8.56193D-03	-6.36327D-02	5.00000E-04	
-1.24415D-01	2.59125D-02	1.32813D-01	1.71239D-02	-1.27265D-01	1.00000E-03	
-1.86623D-01	3.88688D~02	1.99220D-01	2.56858D-02	-1.90898D-01	1.50000E-03	
-2.48831D-01	5.182500-02	2.656270-01	3.42477D-02	-2.54531D-01	2.00000 E- 03	
-3.11038D-01	6.47813D-02	3.32034D-01	4.280970-02	-3.18163D-01	2.50000E-03	
-3.73246D-01	7.773750-02	3.984400-01	5.13716D-02	-3.81796D-01	3.00000E-03	
-4.35454D-01	9.069380-02	4.648470-01	5.99335D-02	-4.45429D-01	3.50000E-03	
-4.97661D-01	1.036500-01	5.31254D-01	6.84955D-02	-5.09061D-01	4.00000E-03	
-5.59869D-01	1.16606D-01	5.97660D-01	7.70574D-02	-5.72694D-01	4.50000E-03	
-6.220770-01	1.29563D-01	6.640670-01	8.56193D-02	-6.36327D-01	5.00000E-03	
-6.84284D-01	1.425190-01	7.30474D-01	9.41813D-02	-6.99959D-01	5.50000E-03	
-7.46492D-01	1.554750-01	7.96881D-01	1.02743D-01	-7.63592D-01	6.00000 2- 03	
-8.08700D-01	1.68431D-01	8.632870-01	1.11305D-01	-8.27225D-01	6.50000E-03	
-8.70907D-01	1.81388D-01	9.29694D-01	1.198670-01	-8.90857D-01	7.00000E-03	
-9.33115D-01	1.94344D-01	9.961010-01	1.28429D-01	-9.54490D-01	7.50000E-03	
-9.95323D-01	2.07300D-01	1.06251D+00	1.36991D-01	-1.01812D+00	8.00000E-03	
-1.05753D+00	2.202560-01	1.128910+00	1.45553D-01	-1.08176D+00	8.50000E-03	
-1.119740+00	2.332130-01	1.195320+00	1.541150-01	-1.14539D+00	9.00000E-03	
-1.181950+00	2.461690-01	1.26173D+00	1.62677D-01	-1.20902D+00	9.50000E-03	

	TABLE	17		
PERTURBED	NUMBER	DENSITY,	CHAPTER	3

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Ti 	T2	T3	T4	T5	R
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	5.00000E-04
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	1.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	1.50000E+03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	2.00000 E- 03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	2.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.871170+12	2.50012D+12	3.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	3.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	4.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	4.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	5.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	5.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.344340+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	6.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	6.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.344340+13	1.87117D+12	2.500120+12	7.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	7.50000E-03
7.668580+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.500120+12	8.00000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.78220D+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	8.50000E-03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	9.00000 E- 03
7.66858D+12	1.782200+13	1.34434D+13	1.87117D+12	2.50012D+12	9.50000E-03

TABLE 18 PERTURBED RADIAL VELOCITY, CHAPTER 3

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T 1	T2	T3	T4	T5	8
-1.38946D+02	-4.50221D+01	1.24358D+02	8.53172D+01	-9.67132D+01	5.00000E-04
-2.77893D+02	-9.00442D+01	2.48716D+02	1.70634D+02	-1.93426D+02	1.00000E-03
-4.168390+02	-1.35066D+02	3.73074D+02	2.55952D+02	-2.90140D+02	1.50000E-03
-5.55786D+02	-1.80088D+02	4.97433D+02	3.41269D+02	-3.86853D+02	2.00000E-03
-6.947320+02	-2.25110D+02	6.217910+02	4.265860+02	-4.83566D+02	2.50000E-03
-8.33679D+02	-2.70133D+02	7.46149D+02	5.11903D+02	-5.80279D+02	3.00000E-03
-9.72625D+02	-3.151550+02	8.70507D+02	5.972210+02	-6.76992D+02	3.50000E-03
-1.11157D+03	-3.60177D+02	9.94865D+02	6.82538D+02	-7.73706D+02	4.00000E-03
-1.250520+03	-4.051990+02	1.11922D+03	7.67855D+02	-8.70419D+02	4.50000E-03
-1.38946D+03	-4.50221D+02	1.24358D+03	8.53172D+02	-9.67132D+02	5.00000E-03
-1.52841D+03	-4.95243D+02	1.36794D+03	9.38490D+02	-1.06385D+03	5.50000E-03
-1.66736D+03	-5.40265D+02	1.49230D+03	1.02381D+03	-1.16056D+03	6.00000E-03
-1.806300+03	-5.85287D+02	1.61666D+03	1.109120+03	-1.25727D+03	6.50000E-03
-1.94525D+03	-6.303090+02	1.74101D+03	1.19444D+03	-1.35398D+03	7.00000E-03
-2.084200+03	-6.75332D+02	1.86537D+03	1.279760+03	-1.45070D+03	7.50000E-03
-2.22314D+03	-7.20354D+02	1.98973D+03	1.36508D+03	-1.54741D+03	8.00000E-03
-2.362090+03	-7.65376D+02	2.11409D+03	1.45039D+03	-1.64412D+03	8.50000E-03
-2.50104D+03	-8.10398D+02	2.23845D+03	1.53571D+03	-1.74084D+03	9.00000E-03
-2.63998D+03	-8.55420D+02	2.36280D+03	1.62103D+03	-1.83755D+03	9.50000E-03

	TABLE	E 19		
PERTURBED	AXIAL	VELOCITY,	CHAPTER	3

T 1	Ť2	T3	T4	Т5	R
-4.01335D-04	-9.32713D-04	-7.03558D-04	-9.79276D-05	-1.30844D-04	5.00000E-04
-1.60534D-03	-3.73085D-03	-2.81423D-03	-3.91710D-04	-5.23375D-04	1.00000E-03
-3.612020-03	-8.39442D-03	-6.33202D-03	-8.81348D-04	-1.17759D-03	1.50000E-03
-6.42136D-03	-1.49234D-02	-1.12569D-02	-1.56684D-03	-2.09350D-03	2.00000E-03
-1.00334D-02	-2.33178D-02	-1.75889D-02	-2.44819D-03	-3.27110D-03	2.50000E-03
-1.44481D-02	-3.35777D-02	-2.53281D-02	-3.52539D-03	-4.71038D-03	3.00000E-03
-1.96654D-02	-4.570300-02	-3.44743D-02	-4.79845D-03	-6.41135D-03	3.50000E-03
-2.568550-02	-5.96937D-02	-4.50277D-02	-6.26737D-03	-8.37401D-03	4.00000E-03
-3.25082D-02	-7.55498D-02	-5.69882D-02	-7.93213D-03	-1.05984D-02	4.50000E-03
-4.01335D-02	-9.32714D-02	-7.03558D-02	-9.79276D-03	-1.308440-02	5.00000E-03
-4.85616D-02	-1.12858D-01	-8.51305D-02	-1.18492D-02	-1.58321D-02	5.50000E-03
-5.779230-02	-1.34311D-01	-1.01312D-01	-1.41016D-02	-1.88415D-02	6.00000E-03
-6.782570-02	-1.57629D-01	-1.18901D-01	-1.65498D-02	-2.21126D-02	6.50000E-03
-7.866170-02	-1.82812D-01	-1.37897D-01	-1.91938D-02	-2.56454D-02	7.00000E-03
-9.03005D-02	-2.09861D-01	-1.58301D-01	-2.20337D-02	-2.94399D-02	7.50000E-03
-1.02742D-01	-2.38775D-01	-1.80111D-01	-2.50695D-02	-3.34960D-02	8.00000E-03
-1.159860+01	-2.69554D-01	-2.03328D-01	-2.83011D-02	-3.78139D-02	8.50000E-03
-1.300330-01	-3.02199D-01	-2.279530-01	-3.17285D-02	-4.23934D-02	9.00000E-03
-1.44882D-01	-3.36710D-01	-2.53984D-01	-3.53519D-02	-4.72346D-02	9.50000E-03

	TAE	BLE 20			
PERTURBED	RADIAL	ELECTRIC	FIELD,	CHAPTER	3

T 1	T2	T3	T4	T5	8
3.469070+01	8.062210+01	6.08143D+01	8.46469D+00	1.13099D+01	5.00000E-04
6.93815D+01	1.61244D+02	1.21629D+02	1.69294D+01	2.26198D+01	1.00000E-03
1.04072D+02	2.41866D+02	1.82443D+02	2.53941D+01	3.39297D+01	1.50000E-03
1.38763D+02	3.22488D+02	2.43257D+02	3.38588D+01	4.52397D+01	2.00000E-03
1.73454D+02	4.03111D+02	3.04072D+02	4.23234D+01	5.65496D+01	2.50000E-03
2.08144D+02	4.83733D+02	3.64886D+02	5.07881D+01	6.78595D+01	3.00000E-03
2.428350+02	5.64355D+02	4.25700D+02	5.92528D+01	7.91694D+01	3.50000E-03
2.77526D+02	6.44977D+02	4.86514D+02	6.77175D+01	9.04793D+01	4.00000E-03
3.122170+02	7.255990+02	5.47329D+02	7.61822D+01	1.01789D+02	4.50000E-03
3.46907D+02	8.06221D+02	6.08143D+02	8.46469D+01	1.13099D+02	5.00000E-03
3.81598D+02	8.86843D+02	6.68957D+02	9.31116D+01	1.24409D+02	5.50000E-03
4.16289D+02	9.67 466 D+02	7.29772D+02	1.01576D+02	1.35719D+02	6.00000E-03
4.50980D+02	1.04809D+03	7.90586D+02	1.10041D+02	1.47029D+02	6.50000E-03
4.85670D+02	1.12871D+03	8.51400D+02	1.18506D+02	1.58339D+02	7.00000E-03
5.203610+02	1.20933D+03	9.122150+02	1.269700+02	1.69649D+02	7.50000E-03
5.55052D+02	1.28995D+03	9.73029D+02	1.35435D+02	1.80959D+02	8.00000E-03
5.89742D+02	1.37058D+03	1.03384D+03	1.43900D+02	1.92269D+02	8.50000E-03
6.24433D+02	1.45120D+03	1.09466D+03	1.52364D+02	2.03578D+02	9.00000E-03
6.59124D+02	1.53182D+03	1.15547D+03	1.60829D+02	2.14888D+02	9.50000 E- 03

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TABLE 21 PERTURBED QUANTITIES, CHAPTER 4

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N(r,t)	V _r (r,t)	V _o (r,t)	TIME
4702827258898+05	142750907355E-01	. 308797007098E~14	. 36000000000E-11
209595140067E+06	301363024211E-01	.159899574921E-12	.76000000000E-11
.488281191390E+06	459975113493E-01	.565086538576E~11	.116000000009E-10
.883086275831E+06	618586490873E-01	.169259682091E-09	.15600000000E-10
.139400601167E+07	777176876989E-01	.503118902514E~08	.19600000000E-10
.202091031538E+07	935143633136E-01	.149524674249E-06	. 23600000000E-10
. 275993349555E+07	107457736718E+00	. 444364747439E-05	. 27600000000E-10
. 349619332570E+07	663238334625E-01	.132058412945E~03	.31600000000E-10
.815564535957E+06	.161162313860E+01	. 392457559581E-02	. 35600000000E-10
106744536042E+09	.5193315274392+02	·116632391137E+00	. 39600000000E-10

$V_{z}(r,t)$	E _r (r,t)	E _o (r,t)	TIME
- 1502768288478-10	2127439666248-06	. 3292322094085-10	. 36000000000E-11
7082819159142-09	.948155205973E-06	. 144835522286E-08	.76000000000E-11
246686497795E-07	. 2208860155098-05	.501085863021E-07	.11500000000E-10
7381778545062-06	. 399485813213E-05	.149851789534E-05	.15600000000E-10
219407959395E-04	.6306129315308-05	. 445384221883E-04	. 19600000000E-10
652068521520E-03	.914208523973E-05	.132365445078E+02	.23600000000E-10
193784885670E-01	. 124852384989E-04	. 393369999991E-01	.27600000000E-10
575899065330E+00	.1581589106402-04	.116903551683E+01	.31600000000E-10
171148461225E+02	. 3689406921972-05	.347419611898E+02	. 356000000000 - 10
508627080421E+03	482885182955E-03	.103247801128E+04	. 39600000000E-10

TABLE 22 PERTURBED QUANTITIES, CHAPTER 4

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E _z (r,t)	B _o (r,t)	B _z (r,t)	TIME
143576253407E-06	281178995059E-15	128953332582E-18	. 36000000000
631619296526E-05	145598567192E-13	667739083949E-17	.76000000000E-11
218520633133E-03	514546648399E+12	235979593946E-15	.11600000000E-10
653494946509E-02	154121530392E-10	706826801289E-14	15600000000E-10
194229471106E+00	458121238718E-09	210101968844E-12	-19600000000E-10
577238014437E+01	136151571017E-07	624413598721E-11	.23600000000E-10
171546371185E+03	404621904528E-06	185566290305E-09	.27600000000E-10
5098095958112+04	120247447311E-04	5514746598362-08	.31600000000E-10
1515076739 482 +06	3573571623752-03	163889898677E-06	. 356000000000E-10
4502576611522+07	106201089316E-01	4870557414265-05	. 39600000000E-10

APPENDIX B

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Figure 2. N(r,t)-vs-Time, Section 2-4

PERTURBED RADIAL VELOCITY, M/SEC

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PERTURBED RADIAL ELECTRIC FIELD, Kg-M/SEC²-COULOMB

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PERTURBED RADIAL VELOCITY, M/SEC

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PERTURBED RADIAL ELECTRIC FIELD, K9-M/SEC²-COULOMB

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PERTURBED RADIAL ELECTRIC FIELD, Kg-M/SEC²-COULOWB



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PERTURBED RADIAL VELOCITY, 1/M

*10⁻³ 0.0--1.0 -PERTURBED AXIAL VELOCITY, M/SEC -2.0 -3.0 --4.0 | 0.0 2.5 10.0 *10⁻⁷ 5.0 7.5 TIME, SEC V_z(r,t)-vs-Time, Chapter 3 Figure 16.

PERTURBED RADIAL ELECTRIC FIELD, K9-M/SEC²-COULOMB





Figure 18. External Input-vs-Time



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VITA

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Captain James A Mobley jr. was born on 14 April 1957 in Mount Holly New Jersy. He graduated from high school in 1975 in Titusville, Florida. In June 1980, he graduated from Auburn University with a Bachelor of Aerospace Engineering degree, and was Commissioned through the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps. From 1982 to 1984, he served as a systems engineer at the Air Force Operations Test and Evaluation Center, Patrick AFB Florida. Captain Mobley entered the Air Force Institute of Technology in May 1984 to pursue a Masters of Aeronautical Engineering degree.

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Abstract

A previous study at the Air Force Institute of Technology has led to the development of a closed form solution to the dynamic behavior of a charged particle beam. This solution was found for a simple, but nontrivial, single degree of freedom model (the "electrostatic approximation model"). This study investigates the characteristics of this closed form solution using three different types of inputs. The closed form solution is then verified by using finite differences to generate compatible results. Also investigated are the characteristics of the dynamic model prior to the implementation of the electrostatic approximation.

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