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MERRIMACK RIVER BASIN CONCORD, NEW HAMPSHIRE

ST. PAULS SCHOOL DAM NH 00361

NHWRB NO. 51.25

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02154

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF: NEDED

JUN 1 9 1980

Honorable Hugh J. Gallen Governor of the State of New Hampshire State House Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Dear Governor Gallen:

Inclosed is a copy of the St. Pauls School Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Water Resources Board, the cooperating agency for the State of New Hampshire. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, St. Pauls School, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Water Resources Board for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

Incl As stated MAX B. SCHEIDER Colonel, Corps of Engineers Division Engineer

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROG	RAM

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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I - INSPECTION REPORT BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Identification No: NH 00361

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Name of Dam: St. Pauls School Dam

Town: Concord

County and State: Merrimack, New Hampshire

Stream: Turkey River

Date of Inspection: February 5, 1980

St. Pauls School Dam is a concrete overflow section approximately 15 feet, high from the bottom of the upstream channel to the top of the training walls and approximately 100 feet, long between the training walls. The upstream face of the concrete overflow section is vertical and measures approximately 9 feet from its crest to a concrete apron on the channel bottom. The downstream face is ogee shaped and measures approximately 11 feet from its crest to a concrete apron on the bottom of the downstream channel.

The dam impounds Little Turkey Pond and adjoining Turkey Pond. The discharge over the spillway flows through the Turkey River in an easterly direction for approximately 0.2 miles to the upstream end of an unnamed pond located on the western side of the St. Pauls School Campus. The purpose of the dam is recreational. The reservoir is 2.65 miles in length with a surface area of about 360 acres. The maximum storage capacity is about 6,410 acre feet.

As a result of the visual inspection and the review of available data regarding this facility, the dam is considered to be in FAIR condition. Major concerns are: lack of vegetation on the crest of both abutments render these areas less resistant to erosion; seepage discharge over the top of the low training walls on both sides of the discharge channel immediately below the dam; small trees growing on the downstream slope of both abutments; and leakage of the sluice gate.

This dam is classified as INTERMEDIATE in size and a SIGNIFICANT hazard structure in accordance with the recommended guidelines established by the Corps of Engineers. The test flood for this dam, therefore, ranges from one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF) to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The full PMF was utilized for this hydrologic analysis. The test flood inflow was estimated to be 38,400 cfs, and resulted in a routed test flood outflow equal to 17,200 cfs which would overtop the dam crest by about 6.0 feet. The maximum spillway discharge capacity with the water level at the dam crest was estimated to be 5,660 cfs or about 33 percent of the routed test flood outflow.

Since the tailwater resulting from discharge over the spillway, with the water surface at top of training walls, would increase the stage in the downstream reaches nearly as much as the dam failure discharge, the hazard potential for this dam was assessed by failing the dam with the water surface at the crest of the spillway. The discharge from this failure would raise the water surface in the lower pond by nearly 4 feet. Water would enter one classroom to a level of 1 to 2 feet above the sill, and would result in damage to the lower floor. The dam creating the lower pond could be damaged by the discharge over the abutments. It is not anticipated that lives would be lost.

It is recommended that the owner engage a qualified registered engineer to specify erosion protection for the soil abutments, investigate the seepage discharging over the top of the low training walls on both sides of the discharge channel immediately below the dam, investigate the leakage of the sluice gate and do a detailed hydrologic-hydraulic investigation to assess further the potential of overtopping the dam, the adequacy of the spillway to pass the test flood, and the need for and means to increase project discharge capacity. It is also recommended that the owner remove the trees from the immediate vicinity of the dam and downstream channel, repair all spalled concrete and control trespassing on the abutments.

The recommendations and remedial measures are described in Section 7 and should be addressed by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.



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meth M. Stewart

Kenneth M. Stewart Project Manager N.H.P.E. 3531

S E A Consultants Inc. Rochester, New Hampshire This Phase I Inspection Report on St. Pauls School Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the <u>Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of</u> <u>Dams</u>, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

Homman Watter

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ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, MEMBER Geotechnical Engineering Branch Engineering Division

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER Design Branch Engineering Division

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RICHARD DIBUONO, CHAIRMAN Water Control Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

DE B. YRYAR

Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

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This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I investigation does <u>not</u> include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespassing and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

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APPENDIX D - HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS



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OVERVIEW PHOTO - ST. PAULS SCHOOL DAM



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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT ST. PAULS SCHOOL DAM

SECTION 1 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. <u>Authority.</u> Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. S E A Consultants Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of New Hampshire. Authorization and notice to proceed were issued to S E A Consultants Inc. under a letter of November 5, 1979 from William Hodgson, Jr., Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-80-C-0008 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose

(1) To perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.

(2) To encourage and prepare the states to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-federal dams.

(3) To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 Description of Project

a. Location. St. Pauls School Dam is located in the City of Concord, New Hampshire, on the northeast corner of Little Turkey Pond. The dam impounds water from Little Turkey Pond and adjoining Turkey Pond. Water passing over the spillway, flows in an easterly direction through the Turkey River approximately 0.20 miles to the upstream end of an unnamed pond on the western side of the St. Pauls School Campus. The dam is shown on U.S.G.S. Quadrangle, Concord, New Hampshire, with coordinates approximately at N43°11'35", W71°35'21", Merrimack County, New Hampshire (see Location Plan).

b. <u>Description of Dam and Appurtenances</u>. St. Pauls School Dam is a concrete overflow section approximately 15 feet high from the bottom of the upstream channel to the top of the training walls, and approximately 100 feet long between the training walls. The upstream face of the concrete overflow section is vertical and measures approximately 9 feet from its crest to a concrete apron on the channel bottom. The downstream face is ogee shaped and measures approximately 11 feet from its crest to a concrete apron on the bottom of the downstream channel.

Located through the overflow section near the right training wall is a sluiceway which consists of a 36 inch diameter pipe controlled by a sluice gate located on the upstream end of the sluiceway pipe.

c. <u>Size Classification</u>. Intermediate (height - 15 feet; storage - 6,410 acre-feet) based on storage (greater than or equal to 1,000 acre-feet and less than 50,000 acre-feet) as given in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. Significant Hazard. The discharge resulting from failure of the dam, with water surface at the spillway crest, would raise the water surface of the lower pond by nearly 4 feet. Water would enter one classroom building to a level of 1 to 2 feet above the sill, causing damage to the lower floor of this building. Water would also flow over the two roadways crossing the lower pond, possibly causing damage to the roadways and bridges. In addition to this, the dam creating the lower pond could be damaged by the 4 feet deep flow over its abutments. It is not anticipated that lives would be lost.

e. <u>Ownership.</u> St. Pauls School Dam was completed in 1958 and has been continually owned by St. Pauls School, Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301. Telephone No. (603) 225-3341.

f. <u>Operator</u>. The dam is maintained and operated by St. Pauls School, Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301. Telephone No. (603) 225-3341.

g. <u>Purpose of Dam.</u> The dam was constructed to raise the level of Turkey Pond in order to build a rowing course for St. Pauls School.

h. Design and Construction History. The dam was designed by Lockwood, Kessler, and Bartlett, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Syosset, New York, in 1957. Construction began that same year by Manchester Sand, Gravel and Cement Company, Inc. Bow, New Hampshire and was completed in 1958. The design plans indicate that sections of the concrete dam are reinforced and built on an earth foundation. The plans and borings are on file at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. A copy of the specifications was obtained from St. Pauls School, who also has a set of plans. A set of plans and specifications dated 1946 and prepared by Metcalf and Eddy, Engineers for the design of St. Pauls School Dam is also on file at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. This design was never implemented in favor of the Lockwood, Kessler, and Bartlett design of 1957. The borings made in 1946 for Metcalf and Eddy were used in the final design and construction by Lockwood, Kessler, and Bartlett. No in-depth design calculations or as-built drawings were disclosed for this dam.

i. <u>Normal Operating Procedures</u>. The St. Pauls School Dam is used to retain the waters of Little Turkey Pond and adjoining Turkey Pond in order to provide a rowing course for St. Pauls School. There is no normal operating procedure for this dam.

1.3 Pertinent Data

a. <u>Drainage Area</u>. The drainage area above the St. Pauls School Dam covers nearly 29 square miles (approximately 18,560 acres), consisting of moderately sloping terrain surrounding a broad swampy area adjacent to Turkey Pond. The topography in the drainage basin ranges from over 880 feet (NGVD) on top of Brown Hill to approximately 316 feet (NGVD) at the base of the dam. The majority of the basin is heavily wooded and numerous houses are located along the roadways which transect the drainage area.

b. <u>Discharge at Damsite</u>. Discharge at the damsite occurs over the 100 feet long ogee shaped overflow section. A 36 inch diameter sluiceway extends through the core of the overflow section near the right training wall and has its invert set approximately 8 feet below the overflow weir crest. The sluice gate located on the upstream end of the sluiceway pipe would allow the ponding area to be lowered to an elevation of about 317 feet (NGVD).

(1) The capacity of the sluice gate was estimated to be 480 cfs with the water surface at the top of dam (Elev. 331.0 feet) and 585 cfs with the water surface at the test flood elevation (Elev. 337.0 feet).

(2) Maximum known flood at damsite - unknown

(3) The ungated spillway capacity with the water surface elevation at the top of the dam (elevation 331.00 feet) was estimated to be 5,660 cfs.

(4) The ungated spillway capacity with the water surface elevation at the test flood elevation (elevation 337.0 feet) was estimated to be 16,200 cfs.

(5) N/A

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(6) N/A

(7) The total spillway capacity at the test flood elevation was estimated to be 16,200 cfs at 337.0 elevation.

(8) The total project discharge at the top of the dam was estimated to be 5,660 cfs at 331.0 elevation (with the sluice gate closed) and 6,140 cfs at 331.0 elevation (with the sluice gate open).

(9) The total project discharge at the test flood elevation was estimated to be 17,200 cfs at 337.0 elevation. c. <u>Elevation</u> (NGVD) These elevations are based on a pool elevation of 325.0 shown on the Concord Quadrangle U.S.G.S. sheet, which was assumed to be the pool elevation at the crest of the overflow section. It should be noted that a 6.0 foot discrepancy exists between the U.S.G.S. Quadrangle sheet pool elevation (Elev. 325.0) and the crest elevation of the overflow section as shown on the design plans by Lockwood, Kessler, and Bartlett, Inc. (Elev. 319.0) presumed to be NGVD.

- (1) Streambed at toe of dam 315.0
- (2) Bottom of cutoff 306.0
- (3) Maximum tailwater unknown
- (4) Normal pool 325.2

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- (5) Full flood control pool N/A
- (6) Spillway crest 325.0
- (7) Design surcharge (Original Design) unknown
- (8) Top of dam 331.0
- (9) Test flood design surcharge 337.0
- d. Reservoir (length in feet)
 - (1) Normal pool 14,000
 - (2) Flood control pool N/A
 - (3) Spillway crest pool 14,000
 - (4) Top of dam 26,100
 - (5) Test flood pool 26,400
- e. Storage (acre-feet)
 - (1) Normal pool 765
 - (2) Flood control pool N/A
 - (3) Spillway crest pool 700
 - (4) Top of dam -6,410
 - (5) Test flood pool 16,370

- f. Reservoir Surface (acres)
 - (1) Normal pool 360
 - (2) Flood control pool N/A
 - (3) Spillway crest 310
 - (4) Test flood pool 1855
 - (5) Top of dam 1465

g. Dam

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- (1) Type concrete overflow section
- (2) Length 100 feet (overflow section between training walls)
- (3) Height 15 feet (maximum)
- (4) Top Width varies
- (5) Side Slopes upstream vertical - downstream - ogee-shaped
- (6) Zoning unknown
- (7) Impervious core concrete
- (8) Cutoff 3 feet thick concrete curtain to Elev. 306.0
- (9) Grout curtain unknown
- (10) Other none
- h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel

Not applicable (see Section j below)

- i. Spillway
 - (1) Type overflow section, ogee-shaped
 - (2) Length of weir 100 feet
 - (3) Crest elevation 325.0 (top of overflow section)
 - (4) Gates N/A

(5) U/S Channel - The banks of Little Turkey Pond and Turkey Pond are generally tree lined. The slopes of the ponds appear to be stable. No evidence of significant sedimentation was observed. The approach channel is wide and unobstructed.

(6) D/S Channel. The overflow section discharges into a natural stream channel which is approximately 30 feet wide. Below the dam, the channel is rocky and has steeply sloping banks until it passes beneath a small bridge approximately 1,000 feet downstream from the dam. Beyond the bridge, the channel discharges into an unnamed pond at the west end of the St. Pauls School campus. The upper portion of the pond is tree lined. However, as the dam which impounds this pond is approached, open, grassed banks become dominant. Various school buildings are located on the periphery of the lower portion of this pond.

j. Regulating Outlets

- (1) Invert Sluiceway 317.0
- (2) Size Sluiceway 36 inch diameter
- (3) Description The 36-inch diameter sluiceway pipe passes through the overflow section near the right training wall; flow is controlled by a sluice gate located on the upstream end of the sluiceway pipe.
- (4) Control Mechanism Sluice gate self contained, non-rising stem with 4 feet long manual crank operator (removable) (crank operator removed at time of inspection)

SECTION 2 ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

A set of plans dated 1957 showing plan, elevation and section for construction of the dam are available at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. Another set of plans and specifications dated 1946 for the construction of St. Pauls School Dam are on file at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board, but this design was never implemented. The boring logs for the 1946 design were used in the 1957 - 1958 design and construction and are on file at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. A copy of the specifications dated 1957 were obtained from St. Pauls School.

2.2 Construction

Construction of the dam was begun in 1957 and completed in 1958 by Manchester Sand, Gravel and Cement Company, Inc. of Bow, New Hampshire. A set of monthly construction performance records were obtained from St. Pauls School.

2.3 Operation

No engineering operational data were found.

2.4 Evaluation

a. <u>Availability</u>. The St. Pauls School Dam was designed by Lockwood, Kessler, and Bartlett, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Syosset, New York, and built by Manchester Sand, Gravel and Cement Company, Inc. of Bow, New Hampshire. Other than the plans, boring logs, specifications and construction performance reports, no additional engineering data were found.

b. <u>Adequacy</u>. Available engineering data and drawings are considered adequate for a Phase I investigation.

c. Validity. The field investigation indicated that the external features of St. Pauls School Dam substantially agree with those shown on the furnished plans dated 1957.

SECTION 3 VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. <u>General.</u> St. Pauls School Dam impounds a pond area of intermediate size. The drainage area above the dam consists of moderately sloping terrain surrounding a broad swampy area adjacent to Turkey Pond. The majority of the basin is heavily wooded and numerous houses are located along the roadways which transect the drainage area. The downstream area is rocky and has steeply sloping banks that are heavily wooded.

The field inspection of St. Pauls School Dam was made on February 5, 1980. The inspection team consisted of personnel from S E A Consultants Inc. and Geotechnical Engineers, Inc. Inspection checklists, completed during the visual inspection, are included in Appendix A. At the time of inspection, water was passing approximately 2-1/2 inches deep over the 100 feet wide overflow section. The pool elevation was at approximately 325.20 NGVD. The upstream face of the dam could only be inspected above this water level.

b. Dam. St. Pauls School Dam is a concrete overflow section approximately 15 feet high from the bottom of the upstream channel to the top of the training walls and approximately 100 feet long between the training walls. (See Photo No. 2 and Plans and Details in Appendix B.) The upstream face of both training walls shows slight spalling of the concrete at the pond elevation probably due to ice formation. (See Photo No. 4.) The upstream face of the concrete overflow section is vertical and measures approximately 9 feet from its crest to a concrete apron on the channel bottom. The downstream face is ogee shaped and measures approximately 11 feet from its crest to a concrete apron on the bottom of the downstream channel. A lower section of the training walls, about 2.5 feet above tailwater elevation, extends approximately 35 feet farther downstream from the toe of the dam. (See Photo No. 6.)

No bedrock exposures were observed at either abutment of the dam. At the north (left) abutment there is no vegetation, some erosion, and evidence of trespassing on the upstream side of the fill behind the training wall. (See Photo No. 3.) There is riprap on the downstream side of the fill behind the training wall and minor erosion of the downstream slope near the crest close to the abutment. (See Photo No. 5.) Small birch trees are growing behind the training wall, both upstream and downstream of the crest of the dam. (See Photo Nos. 2 and 5.) Some water is seeping over the top of the low section of training wall along the north side of the discharge channel immediately downstream of the dam. Because the north side of the valley is rather steep and high, it is not possible to evaluate on the basis of the visual inspection alone whether this seepage is coming from the reservoir or whether it is a natural groundwater discharge from the side of the valley.

At the south (right) abutment, there is no vegetation, considerable erosion, and evidence of trespassing on the upstream side of the fill behind the training wall. (See Photo No. 6.) Small trees are growing behind the training wall both upstream and downstream of the crest of the dam. At the time of the inspection, there was an icing caused by water seeping over the top of the low section of the training wall along the south side of the discharge channel immediately downstream of the dam. (See Photo No. 6.) As with the corresponding seepage on the north side of the channel, it is not possible to determine on the basis of the visual inspection alone whether this seepage is coming from the reservoir, or whether it is a natural groundwater discharge from the high steep natural slope on the south side of the valley.

There are five (5) holes in the downstream ogee face of the dam. According to the design drawings for the dam, these holes appear to be the outlet for an 8-inch underdrain pipe beneath the dam. Water flowing over the dam at the time of the inspection made it impossible to inspect these holes at close hand, but they did appear to be open on the basis of what could be observed from the ends of the dam.

The design plans show a concrete apron which extends 20 feet upstream from the dam; a concrete cutoff wall, 3 feet wide and extending 9 feet 3 inches below the elevation of the bottom of the upstream concrete apron; and a concrete apron which extends to a point 50 feet downstream from the upstream vertical face of the dam. (See Plans and Details in Appendix B.) Because the reservoir was full and there was tailwater at the downstream toe of the dam, none of these features could be observed during the visual inspection.

c. <u>Appurtement Structures</u>. Located through the overflow section near the right training wall is the sluiceway which consists of a 36-inch diameter pipe controlled by a sluice gate with a submerged gate stem operator. The gate at present is closed and is leaking slightly. (See Photo No. 7.)

d. <u>Reservoir Area</u>. The slopes of the reservoir appear to be stable. No evidence of significant sedimentation was observed. The approach channel to the dam is unobstructed. (See Photo No. 1.)

e. <u>Downstream Channel.</u> There is riprap on both banks of the discharge channel immediately downstream from the low concrete training walls at the downstream side of the dam. (See Photo No. 2.) Small trees overhang the discharge channel for a distance estimated to be about 100 feet downstream from the dam, and large trees overhang the channel farther downstream. (See Photo Nos. 8, 9 and 10.)

3.2 Evaluation

On the basis of the results of the visual inspection, St. Pauls School Dam is considered to be in fair condition.

Some soil erosion has occurred on the upstream side of both the north and south abutments and on the downstream side of the north abutment. This erosion has resulted from trespassing and lack of grassy vegetation. If it is allowed to continue, it could lead to breaching of the soil backfill at the abutments of the concrete overflow section of the dam.

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Seepage discharging over the top of the low concrete training walls on the north and south sides of the discharge channel immediately downstream of the dam could develop into a long-term erosion problem if not controlled.

Small trees growing behind the training walls at both ends of the concrete overflow section of the dam are not a problem today, but could result in serious seepage and erosion problems when the trees grow larger, if a tree should then blow over and pull out its roots, or if a tree should die or be cut and its roots rot.

Ice damage to the upstream face of the concrete training walls at pond elevation, although not a problem at present, could continue and lead to serious deterioration of the training walls.

Leakage of the sluice gate which is a sign of improper seating or deterioration of the gate could lead to further deterioration.

SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 Operational Procedures

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a. <u>General.</u> The St. Pauls School Dam is used primarily to retain the waters of Little Turkey Pond and adjacent Turkey Pond to provide a rowing course for St. Pauls School.

b. <u>Description of Any Warning System in Effect.</u> No written warning system exists for the dam.

4.2 Maintenance Procedures

a. <u>General.</u> The owner, the St. Pauls School, is responsible for the maintenance of the dam. The St. Pauls School maintenance procedure is to visually inspect all structures located on the ponds and river within the confines of the school campus approximately four times a year.

b. <u>Operating Facilities.</u> No formal plan for maintenance of operating facilities was disclosed.

4.3 Evaluation

The current maintenance procedures for St. Pauls School Dam are inadequate to insure that all problems encountered can be remedied within a reasonable period of time. The owner should establish a written operation and maintenance procedure, as well as establish a warning system to follow in event of flood flow conditions or imminent dam failure.

SECTION 5 EVALUATION OF HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC FEATURES

5.1 <u>General.</u> St. Pauls School Dam is a concrete overflow section approximately 15 feet high from the bottom of the upstream channel to the top of the training walls, and approximately 100 feet long between the training walls. The crest of the ogee shaped overflow section is at an elevation of 325.0 (based on a datum derived from the Concord Quadrangle U.S.G.S. topographic map). A 36-inch diameter sluice gate with an invert elevation of 317.0 is located near the right training wall. The dam impounds an interconnected pair of ponds whose connecting channel functions as a rowing course for St. Pauls School. A large flat swampy area encompasses much of the "upper" pond (Turkey Pond), and, consequently, the available storage behind the dam increases significantly as the water surface rises above the spillway crest elevation. The dam is classified as intermediate in size, having a maximum storage of approximately 6,410 acre-feet.

5.2 Design Data. No hydrological or hydraulic design data were disclosed.

5.3 <u>Experience Data</u>. No experience data were disclosed. Maximum flood flows or elevations are unknown.

5.4 <u>Test Flood Analysis</u>. Due to the absence of detailed design and operational information, the hydrologic evaluation was performed utilizing data gathered during field inspection, watershed size and an estimated test flood equal to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) as determined with the "rolling" curve from the Corps of Engineers set of guide curves.

Based on a maximum probable flood peak flow rate of 1,325 cfs per square mile and a drainage area of 29 square miles, the test flood inflow was estimated to be 38,400 cfs. The test flood was routed through the reservoir in accordance with the Corps of Engineers procedure for Estimating Effect of Surcharge Storage on Maximum Probable Discharge. The reservoir water surface was assumed to be at elevation 325.0 prior to the flood routing. The routed test flood outflow was estimated to be 17,200 cfs. This analysis indicated that the dam crest would be overtopped by 6.0 feet. The maximum spillway capacity with the water level at the dam crest was estimated to be 5,660 cfs, which is only about 33 percent of the test flood discharge.

5.5 <u>Dam Failure Analysis</u>. The impact of dam failure with the reservoir surface at the dam crest was assessed utilizing the "Rule of Thumb" Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs published by the Corps of Engineers. The analysis covered a reach extending approximately 0.8 miles downstream to the dam impounding the pond at the St. Pauls School campus. Based on this analysis, the dam has been classified as a significant hazard structure. Since the dam's spillway extends almost the entire length of the dam, the discharge over the spillway with the water surface at the dam crest (top of training walls) is quite significant when compared to the dam failure discharge. Consequenty, the tailwater resulting from this spillway discharge raises the stage in the downstream reaches nearly as much as the dam failure discharge. In a situation such as this, the hazard potential should be assessed by failing the dam with the water surface at the crest of the spillway.

If failure occurs with the water surface at the spillway crest, the major point of impact would be near the dam impounding the downstream ponding area. The water surface in the pond would be raised nearly 4 feet. This would cause water to enter one of the classroom buildings near the dam to a depth of 1 to 2 feet above the sill, causing damage to the lower floor of this building. Water would also flow over the two roadways crossing this pond (less than 1 foot deep), possibly causing damage to the roadways and bridges. In addition to this, the dam creating this impoundment could be damaged by the discharge over the abutments. It is not anticipated that lives would be lost.

SECTION 6 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Visual Observations

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The visual inspection indicates the following potential structural problems:

- (1) Some soil erosion has occured on the upstream side of both the north and south abutments and on the downstream side of the north abutment. This erosion has resulted from trespassing and lack of grassy vegetation. If it is allowed to continue, it could lead to breaching of the soil backfill at the abutments of the dam.
- (2) Seepage discharging over the top of the low training walls on the north and south sides of the discharge channel immediately downstream of the dam could develop into a long-term erosion problem if not controlled.
- (3) Small trees growing behind the training walls at both ends of the concrete overflow section of the dam are not a problem today, but could result in serious seepage and erosion problems when the trees grow larger, if a tree should then blow over and pull out its roots, or if a tree should die or be cut and its roots rot.
- (4) Ice damage to the upstream face of the concrete training walls at pond elevation, although not a problem at present, could continue and lead to serious deterioration of the training walls.
- (5) Leakage of the sluice gate which is a sign of improper seating or deterioration of the gate could lead to further deterioration.

Because the reservoir was filled at the time of the inspection, it was not possible to examine the condition of the concrete apron which extends upstream from the concrete gravity section of the dam.

Because water was flowing over the dam at the time of the inspection, it was not possible to examine at close-hand, the condition of the drain holes near the bottom of the downstream face of the dam.

Because tailwater was standing at the downstream toe of the dam, it was not possible to examine the concrete apron which extends downstream from the dam.

6.2 Design and Construction Data

The dam was designed by Lockwood, Kessler, and Bartlett, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Syosset, New York, in 1957. Construction began that same year by Manchester Sand, Gravel and Cement Company, Inc., Bow, New Hampshire and was completed in 1958. These design plans indicate that sections of the concrete dam are reinforced and built on an earth foundation. The plans show four features which are important but which could not be examined: (1) upstream apron; (2) downstream apron; (3) gravel underdrain with 8-inch pipe beneath the dam, discharging through five drain holes near the bottom of the downstream face of the dam; and (4) concrete cutoff wall, 3 feet wide and extending to a depth of 9 feet, 3 inches below the bottom of the upstream concrete apron.

The drawings do not show any cutoff provisions below the bottom of the concrete cutoff wall mentioned above. The plans do show cutoff walls in the abutments beyond the training walls at each end of the overflow section, although it is impossible to determine from the plans the depth of the walls, reinforcement, or thickness below grade.

The logs of borings taken in the general vicinity of the dam indicate that the foundation soils consist of dense sand, gravel, and boulders, and locally, some clay. Bedrock was encountered in three borings, at elevations about 75 to 90 feet below the crest of the dam.

6.3 Post-Construction Changes

There is no record of changes since the construction of the dam.

6.4 Seismic Stability

This dam is located in Seismic Zone 2 and, in accordance with the Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic analysis.

SECTION 7 ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

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a. <u>Condition</u>. The visual examination indicates that St. Pauls School Dam is in fair condition. The main concerns with respect to the integrity of the dam are:

- (1) Erosion and lack of erosion protection on the soil abutments.
- (2) Seepage discharging over the top of the low concrete training walls on the north and south sides of the discharge channel immediately downstream of the dam.
- (3) Small trees growing on the soil abutments (not a problem today, but will become a problem if the trees are allowed to grow).
- (4) Ice damage to the upstream face of the concrete training walls.
- (5) Leakage of the sluice gate.
- (6) Inadequacy of spillway to pass the test flood.

b. <u>Adequacy of Information</u>. Because water was flowing over the concrete section of the dam at the time of the inspection, it was not possible to inspect at close hand the downstream face of the dam or the drain holes through which the underdrain discharges. These features should be inspected at a time when no water is flowing over the dam.

The information available from the visual inspection and hydrologic and hydraulic analyses is adequate to identify the problems listed in 7.2. These problems will require the attention of a qualified registered professional engineer who will have to make additional engineering studies to design or specify remedial measures. No additional information is needed for the purpose of this Phase I inspection.

c. <u>Urgency</u>. The owner should implement the recommendations in 7.2 and 7.3 within one year after receipt of this Phase I report.

7.2 Recommendations

The owner should retain a registered professional engineer qualified in the design and construction of dams to:

- (1) Specify erosion protection for the soil abutments of the dam.
- (2) Investigate the seepage discharging over the top of the low concrete training walls near the downstream toe of the dam and design remedial measures if needed.

- (3) Inspect the downstream face of the dam and the drain holes through which the underdrain discharges, at a time when no water is flowing over the dam.
- (4) Investigate the leakage of the sluice gate.
- (5) Do a detailed hydrologic-hydraulic investigation to assess further the potential of overtopping the dam, the adequacy of the spillway to pass the test flood, and the need for and means to increase project discharge capacity.

The owner should carry out the recommendations made by the engineer.

- 7.3 <u>Remedial Measures</u>
 - a. Operating and Maintenance Procedures. The owner should:
 - (1) Cut the trees from a zone 25 feet wide on each side of the dam and downstream channel from a point 25 feet upstream of the crest to a point 50 feet downstream of the crest.
 - (2) Repair the spalling of concrete at pool elevation on the upstream face of the concrete training walls.
 - (3) Control trespassing on the abutments.
 - (4) Establish a regular operation and maintenance program.
 - (5) Engage a registered professional engineer qualified in the design and construction of dams to make a comprehensive technical inspection of the dam once every year.
 - (6) Establish a surveillance program for use during and after heavy rainfall, and also a warning program to follow in case of emergency conditions.

7.4 Alternatives

There are no practical alternatives to the recommendations of Section 7.2 and 7.3.

APPENDIX A

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

INSPECTIO PARTY O	N CHECK LIST RGANIZATION
JECT: <u>St. Paul's School Dam, NH</u>	DATE: <u>February 5, 1980</u> TIME: <u>0900</u> WEATHER: <u>Clear, cold</u> W.S. ELEV. <u>325.2</u> U.S. <u>316.5</u> DN.S. (U.S.G.S. Datum)
Kenneth Stewart, S E A	6.
Robert Durfee, S E A	7.
Philip Ricardi, S E A	8.
Ronald Hirschfeld, GEI	9.
Richard DeBold, NHWRB	10.
Soils and geology	R. Hirschfeld

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INSPECTION	CHECK LIST		
ROJECT: St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980		
ROJECT FEATURE: Dam Embankment	NAME:		
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS		
AM EMBANKMENT			
rest Elevation	325.0		
Current Pool Elevation	325.2		
laximum Impoundment to Date	Unknown		
urface Cracks	None observed		
avement Condition	Not paved		
lovement or Settlement of Crest	None observed		
ateral Movement	None observed		
ertical Alighment	Good		
lorizontal Alignment	Good		
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Good		
ndications of Movement of Structural tems on Slopes	None observed		
respassing on Slopes	Foot paths at both abutments		
egetation on Slopes	Both abutments bare of vegetation		
loughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	Significant erosion on right abutment		
lock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	None observed		
Inusual Movement or Cracking t or near Toe	None observed		
Inusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Groundwater seepage over top of both lower training walls		
iping or Boils	None observed		
oundation Drainage Features	Not visible		
'oe Drains	None observed		
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INSPECTION	CHECK LIST	
PROJECT:St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980	
PROJECT FEATURE: Dike Embankment	NAME:	-
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:	-
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS	
DIKE EMBANKMENT	No dike	
Crest Elevation		
Current Pool Elevation		
Maximum Impoundment to Date		
Surface Cracks		
Pavement Condition		
Movement or Settlement of Crest		
Lateral Movement		
Vertical Alignment		
Horizontal Alignment		
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures		
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes		
Trespassing on Slopes		
Vegetation on Slopes		
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments		
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures		
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes		
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage		
Piping or Boils		
Foundation Drainage Features		
Toe Drains		
Instrumentation System		

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INSPECTION	CHECK LIST
PROJECT: St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE: Intake Channel	NAME:
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE	
a. Approach Channel	
Slope Conditions	Good
Bottom Conditions	Not visible beneath ice on pond
Rock Slides or Falls	None
Log Boom	None
Debris	None
Condition of Concrete Lining	Not applicable
Drains or Weep Holes	None
b. Intake Structure	
Condition of Concrete	Not visible
Stop Logs and Slots	None

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St. Paul's School Dam, NH	February 5, 1980
PROJECT:	DATE:
PROJECT FEATURE: Control Tower	NAME:
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER	No control tower. Sluice gate operated from top of right training wall
a. Concrete and Structural	with 4 foot long removable crank.
General Condition	
Condition of Joints	
Spalling	
Visible Reinforcing	
Rusting or Staining of Concrete	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Joint Alignment	
Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber	
Cracks	
Rusting or Corrosion of Steel	
b. Mechanical and Electrical	
Air Vents	Not applicable
Float Wells	Not applicable
Crane Hoist	Not applicable
Elevator	Not applicable
Hydraulic System	Not applicable
Service Gates	Sluice gate - not visible beneath pond surface
Emergency Gates	Same as service gates
Lightning Protection System	Not applicable
Emergency Power System	Not applicable

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INSPECTI	ON CHECK LIST
PROJECT:St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE: Transition and Condu	litNAME:
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	36-inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe through overflow section. Not visible due to water over dam.
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining on Concrete	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Cracking	
Alignment of Monoliths	
Alignment of Joints	
Numbering of Monoliths	
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INSPECTION	CHECK LIST
PROJECT: St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE: Outlet Structure	NAME:
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Rust or Staining	None visible
Spalling	None visible
Erosion or Cavitation	None visible
Visible Reinforcing	None
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	Minor leakage from gate
Condition at Joints	Not visible
Drain holes	None
Channel	
Loose Rock or Trees Overhanging Channel	Small trees overhang channel near dam; large trees overhang channel farther downstream
Condition of Discharge Channel	Good

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INSPECTION	CHECK LIST
PROJECT:St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE:	NAME:
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Approach Channel	Not visible beneath ice on pond
b. Weir and Training Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Rust or Staining	None visible
Spalling	Spalling at ponding level due to ice damage
Any Visible Reinforcing	None
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None visible
Drain Holes	Five drains across downstream face of weir
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	Small trees overhang channel close to dam; large trees overhang channel farther down- stream
Floor of Channel	Concrete apron & stone paving (not visible)
Other Obstructions	None

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INSPECTIC	DN CHECK LIST
PROJECT:St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE: February 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE: Service Bridge	NAME:
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:
	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE PRIDCE	
Super Structure	NO Service bridge
a. Super Structure	
Bearings	
Anenor Boits	
Bridge Seat	
Longitudinal Members	
Under Side of Deck	
Secondary Bracing	
Deck	
Drainage System	
Railings	
Expansion Joints	
Paint	
b. Abutment & Piers	
General Condition of Concrete	
Alignment of Abutment	
Approach to Bridge	
Condition of Seat & Backwall	

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INSPECTIO	N CHECK LIST	
PROJECT:St. Paul's School Dam, NH	DATE:	February 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE: Service Bridge	NAME:	
DISCIPLINE:	NAME:	
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AREA EVALUATED		CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE	No service b	ridge
a. Super Structure		
Bearings		
Anchor Bolts		
Bridge Seat		
Longitudinal Members		
Under Side of Deck		
Secondary Bracing		
Deck		
Drainage System		
Railings		
Expansion Joints		
Paint		
5. Abutment & Piers		
General Condition of Concrete		
Alignment of Abutment		
Approach to Bridge		
Condition of Seat & Backwall		

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APPENDIX B ENGINEERING DATA

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AVAILABLE ENGINEERING DATA

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A set of plans dated 1957 showing plan, elevation, and section for construction of the St. Pauls School Dam and boring logs are available at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board, 37 Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301. A copy of the specifications dated 1957 and construction performance reports were obtained from St. Pauls School, Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

PAST INSPECTION REPORTS

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Date: February 5, 1980

To: Vernon A. Knowlton, Chief Engineer

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From: Richard W. DeBold, Water Resources Engineer

Subject: Corps Inspection of Turkey Pond Dam, No. 51.25, Concord

On February 5, 1980 I accompanied the inspection team from SEA Consultants to the subject dam. This was a follow-up visit by this consultant to an initial site inspection done on December 5, 1979, at that time accompanied by Ken Stern of this Office.

The reason for the second visit was per the request of the Corps of Engineers for a full inspection report.

Initially SEA had submitted a letter report only, after classifying Turkey Pond Dam as a low hazard dam. There is some question whether the downstream reach and pond would attenuate a breaching without causing severe damage to property and endangering lives of the residence of St. Paul's School.

The dam on this date is in good condition and only a couple of items of maintenance were observed.

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1- Small trees are growing on both embankments next to th abutments.

2- Portions of the right abutment are erodible bare earth.

I believe any action can wait until receipt of the report.

RWD:paf

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Date: December 5, 1979

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To: Vernon A. Knowlton, Chief Engineer

From: Ken Stern, Water Resources Engineer

Subject: Corps Inspection of Turkey Pond Dam, No. 51.25, Concord

On December 4, 1979 I accompanied the inspection team from SEA Consultants. The dam is in good condition. The consultants are of the opinion that this is a low hazard dam.

Certain items of maintenance were observed:

- 1- Small trees are growing on both embankments next to the abutments.
- 2- Portions of the right abutment are erodible bare earth.

There is slight seepage downstream of both abutments.

I believe any action can wait until receipt of the report.

KS:paf





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State of New Hampshire

WATER RESOURCES BOARD 37 Pleasant Street Concord, N.H. 03301

TELEPHONE 271-3406

51.35

July 10, 1978

Mr. John Beust, Vice Rector Buildings and Grounds St. Paul's School Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Dear Mr. Beust:

Under the provisions of RSA Chapter 482, Sections 8 through 15, the New Hampshire Water Resources Board is authorized to inspect all dams in the State which by reason of their physical condition, height and location may be a menace to public safety.

On June 28, 1978 an engineer from this Office inspected the three dams on the grounds of St. Paul's School. As a result of this inspection certain discrepancies were found which should require corrective measures in order to protect the integrity of the structure.

Dam No. 51.12 on the Lower School Pond by Hargate- This dam has been classified as in fair condition due to the condition of the gates and gate mechanism. We have a memorandum in our files dated June 2, 1975 that Paul Talbot could not operate the gates at that time and that there were plans to replace the gates and guides. It appears that this work has not been done. The items in need of attention for this structure are as follows:

- 1- If the gates are still inoperable this situation should be remedied.
- 2- There is leakage around the left gate, apparently through a section of deteriorated concrete, that should be fixed.
- 3- The concrete around the gate opening is in a severely deteriorated condition and should be repaired.

(Item No. 2 and No. 3 can be observed from the downstream side of the gates under the wooden platform.)

4- There are several small trees growing directly out of or very close to the downstream, right side, stone retaining walls. These trees should be cut to prevent possible root damage to the structure. Some of the trees in the area are far enough back from the wall that they are not a problem.

Page Three

July 10, 1978

Mr. John Beust, Vice Rector Buildings and Grounds St. Paul's School

Dam No. 51.25 Turkey Pond Dam- This dam has been classified as a menace structure in good condition. No spalling or cracks in the concrete were observed. There is some minor leakage through the pond drain which is of little consequence at the present but should be periodically checked.

Should you make the suggested repairs in the waters of the State, you may need a permit from the Special Board. Applications can be obtained by writing or calling the Special Board Office, 37 Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301, telephone no. 271-2147.

Please feel free to call or write if you have any questions regarding the evaluation of your structures.

Sincerely,

George M. McGee, Sr., Chairman

GMA:KS:paf

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NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER RESOURCES BOARD

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INSPECTION REPORT

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Iown: <u>COA</u> Name of Dam,	Stream and/or`Water Body: TURKEY POND DAM
wner: ST	PAUL'S SCHOOL Telephone Number: 225-3341
failing Addr	cess: CONCORN NH
lax. Height	of Dam: 8^{\pm} Pond Area: $400 A c R = 3^{\pm}$ Length of Dam: 100^{\pm}
OUNDATION:	EARTH
DUTLET WORKS	CONCRETE GRAVITY SPILLWAY
	42" GATE VALLE
BUTMENTS:	CONCRETE
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EMBANKMENT:	EARTH BARE IN SPOTS

-2-	Dam No. 51.25
SPILLWAY: Length: 100 Free	eboard: 41
SEEPAGE: Location, estimated quantity, etc.	- =
GATE VALUE LEAKS	
SOME WATER COMING OF	T OF WEEP HOLE
IN SPILLWAY	
DOWNSTREAM RET. WALL	S DAMP BUT
NO DISCERNABLE SEE	PAGE
Changes Since Construction or Last Inspection:	· · ·
NONE	······································
	•.
Tail Water Conditions:	
FREE FLOWING	
Overall Condition of Dam: GOOD	
Contact With Owner: YES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date of Inspection: $6/26/76$ Sugg	gested Reinspection Date
Class of Dam: MENACE	
s	gnature Lameth Stor

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Date 6/28/78

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Note: Give Sizing, Condition and detailed description for each item, if applicable.

Dam No. 41.25 -3-COMMENTS: DGATE VALUE LEAKS (2) SEEPAGE THROUGH WEEP HOLE IN SPILLWAY. @ TOE D VIEW OF SPILLWAY FROM RT. EMBANKMENT B-9

Dam No. 51,25

SKETCH OF DAM

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(Show Plan, Elevation & Cross Sections)

-4-





SECTION

NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER RESOURCES BOARD

INSPECTION REPORT

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ame or Dam,	Stream and/or water Body:	
Owner: <u>)</u>	to trailing serface	Telephone Number:
Mailing Addre	255:	······································
Max. Height d	of Dam: Pond Area:	Length of Dam: /··· /
FOUNDATION:	ENOTAL.	
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<u>MBANKMENT:</u>		
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MILEAY: Length: Freeboard:	WILWAY: Length:	LLEAN: Length: Freeboard:			-2-	Dam No. 5125
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Note: Give Sizing, Condition and detailed description for each item, if applicably.

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BORING LOGS

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PLANS AND DETAILS

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APPENDIX C

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SELECTED PHOTOGRAPHS



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REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE



Photo No. 1 - General view of pond from dam.

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Photo No. 2 - View of left abuthent and crest of dam from right abuthent.
REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

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Photo No. 3 - View of riprap on upstream bank of left atoms to.



Photo No. 4 - Closeup view of spalling of concrete on left training wall.

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Photo No. 5 - View of downstream face of left abutment.



Photo No. 6 - View of right abutment from downstream channel.

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE



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Photo No. 7 - Closeup view of sluiceway discharge at right training wall.



Photo No. 8 - View of downstream face of dam.

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE



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Froto No. 9 - View of Howestriam channel approximately 100 feet below dam.



booto No. 10 - Ticw looking upstream from bridge approxicately 1,000 feet below dam.



REPPODUCED AT COVERNMENT EXPENSE

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Photo No. 11 - View of upstrcam face of bridge.



Photo No. 12 - View of marshy ponding area immediately below bridge.

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

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Photo No. 13 - General view of lower punding area with St. Paul's School in background.



Photo No. 14 - View of Saint Paul's school buildings adjacent to lower ponding area.



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REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

Photo No. 15 - View of Saint Paul's School Buildings adjacent to lower ponding area.

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APPENDIX D

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HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS



SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H. __ JOB NO. 274-740 CLIENT France Cros - - - **-** - - - -PAGE____ PROJECT St. Pule School Dam __ COMPTO. BY COULD DATE _ DETAIL Hudrologic Calculations CK'D. By Hills DATE I. Basic Data A. Drainage Area 1. 29 square miles - as defined in U.S.G.S sheet and then planemetered 3 brainage area would classing as rolling for estimating MPF Peak Flow Rotes B. Den und Storage Information . Size Classification : INTERMEDIATE - David on storage (= 1,000 ac ft and < EU,000 ic ---) as inducated lie low torage at crest of lam (top of training walks) setimated to be \$400 asre---1. Hazard Potential: SIGNITICANThumage to at least one those suiting the dem impounding the domestion part in the roadway for dacs crossing the final 3 Storage Information

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in areau tyroch	225.2	.		
guillan ser	325.0	310		700
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SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H. ____ JOB NO. _____ PAGE ____ CLIENT HEINE CORDS PROJECT St Pulls Scher Jam ____ COMPTO. By ____ DATE ____ DATE ____ - 3.5<u>/25</u> _ CK'D. BY ______ DATE _____ DETAIL _____ * Notes: (1) elevations: NGVD - asiet on 827 pond sur and shown in Hit was Carl and (Z, Jool Show in U.SGS threat its mouth correspond with quivation or spininery were crest - 325,0 met 3. Dand Sur-are area at them irest statement any interpolating between surver area deby 330' and 350' Crotting 14, therape at spectromy weir well etimits by deviding recersoir into peramidat Fruitrum sections will lettermining The volume of each sitis with the Equation of the Meaning of a symmetry trustram C. Spillway Information 1. There we will may matter so an sale-created were which came spans the entre with on the eperation and 1222 - right training would be a 31 describer climere of which is normally closed. a for subsequent calculation of spilling apartic . the surcharge storage analyse it is a word as t the chinegate is closed 2. Discharge over spullway given any area to see when $\varphi = C L H^{3/2}$ Cottand in the second for the second where Q = discharge to. LE were Conthe and H - real short we made C= discharge - + it it - i mar . in sur by F321-67 a day to and

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2. Deciarez or	te flows te flows feitiwan tro ke side thop e cross-sette propen into ver spiller	it while the share and free pro- contrans the share the share the share the share the	Lout 2: , 221 to , 22	۲۹۳۵ کی اور در اور در بیمبر جانب از ایشت در ایشیس	in the second
2. Destarge o	te flows finituran ins Le sole they Le cross-soles problem into per spulled	up to u it while is " if the contrans contrans	Lout 2: , 222 for , 222 for , 222 for , 222 for , 22 , 22 , 22 , 22 , 22 , 22 , 22 , 2	۲۹۳۰ کی اور ۱۹۹۵ کی ۲۹ ۱۹۹۱ کی ۲۹۱۹ ۱۹۹۱ کی ۲۹۱۹ کی ۲۹۱۹ ۱۹۹۱ کی ۲۹۱۹ کی ۲۹۱۹ کی	nindi, Sra mindi, Sra to Inno 20 to Inno 20 to Inno 20 to Inno 20
2. Discharge of	te fine te fine fine Le sole the Le cross-sole problem into ver spulle	it will it will it will it will it is the contractions ray	Leont 2: , 2221 for a skewing dicular and ments 	۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۱ ۱۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۱۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲	
2. Discharge or Tieration	te flows te flows situan tro ke side stor ke side stor to cross-sites proven into ver spiller C	it while it while it while it while it is it is it it it it it it it it it it it it it	Lent 2 , 220 for a skewing dicenter wither	۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۱ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰	
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2. Die Large o -1. -2. -2. -2. -2. -2. -2. -2. -2	te flows te flows situan irr ke side slov cross-sites problem into ver spiller Sit	it will it will it will it will it will it is it if it is it it is it it it it it it it it it it it it it	Lout 2 , 2201 for a skewing dicenter with ments		minut and minut a Sac aninut a
2. Dischange of Eleveton <u>526.0</u> 326.0 326.0 326.0	te flows finituan Tro La Sola Eloy La Sol	Ap to a it will it	Lent 2 , 222 for a skewits director ant ments		minut , Sau minut
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3. Discharge over training vielle

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335.0	2.6	3	4	ςZ
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84.5.0	2.6	3	14	≈ 410
346.0	Z, G	3	:5	450

4 Discharge over right "abudment"

a First section

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Elevation -	C	L Sect	ing. H	0 5
331.J		1	\sim	
335.0	Z.6	14	2	103
340.0	z.6	Zq	4.5	120
245.0	2.6	4	7.6	Z,730
346.0	2.6	41	3.6	2.630
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to Second Section

Ticiation Teat NGVD	С	L feat	jung 14	0 2
343.8				N. 4
345.0	2.6	29	5.6	55
346.0	Z.6	49	\.Z	

5. Decharge over lett duitwent

a. First section

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			·	
Elevation Nove	C	L, feet	awa H	0
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3-0.0	2.6	ZG	6.8	1,200
345.0	2.6	26	11. B	Z 740
ジーは、ジ	z.6	26	12.3	3,100

6 Second Section

Elevation NGVD	<u> </u>	L Leit	Jung. H	0 27
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EAD D	Ξ. 6		Z, 3	\$70
-1	2.6		6.5	-75
	Z.6	•	= =	540

2 Third Section

Elevation Let NGUD	C			
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3-15.0	2.6	3 e C	:.7	
346.0	Z.G	-155	-·-	3,450

6 TOTAL DISCHARGE - SUMMER AND MANA

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DETAIL _	Hydre	olog	ic Calcs	C+	('D. By		TE	₹. <u></u> ≟.₹.)
з.	Ξff€	ect	of surcharge st	orage	on max. prob.	lischarge		
	1.	Per	tinent Data					
		a. b. c.	Drainage area Characteristic Test flood = - Follow Army Co	= 29 :s of b PMF	square miles asin			
		ц.	IOIIOW miny CC	Lha h	Pocenuis			
	2.	<u>ste</u>	<u>Pl</u> : Determine	: Peak	Inflow Q _{F1} f	'nom Guide (Curve	
		a.	the maximum pr be 1325 ([.] obable cfs/s	discharge wa 18. Mi	s estimate	d to	
-			• PMF = (1325	cts / 69 m]	27 53.00	•	
			≈ ;	33.4	oocte			
			-	رت ر				
	3.	<u>ste</u>	<u>P 2:</u> Determine and Q _{P2}	: surch	.arge height t	to pass O _{Pl}	ر. آن آن ار الآن	P 1 ,
		a.	from Figure 1 Q _{Pl} = 38,4	deterπ 400 C	line surcharge) height to	5453 2453	
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		ь.	determine volu	ume of	surcharge 31	705., in in	ohes	- ÷
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BOSTON , MASS. Rochester, N.H.

CLIENT Army Corps	JOB No. <u>274-7901</u>	_ PAGE
PROJECT St Prate School Daw	COMPTO BY BWE	DATE 2122190
DETAIL Hydrologic Cales	CK'D. BY	DATE 3/-2/27
(3) main pin	such portion of the	Surching him here and
	in which average there	are area in lanermine
the second	ume of storage in sucre	-++ tor input into
the to	Kowing sometion	

$$STOR_{1} = \frac{Volume of storage (43 appe-inches)}{draindre area}$$

$$STOR_{1} = \frac{\left[(5f_{+})\left(\frac{310\alpha m_{1} + 1400 \alpha m_{2}}{2}\right) + (13.5 + i)\left(\frac{1400\alpha m_{2} + 2720 m_{1}}{2}\right) + (12^{2}/i + i)\right]}{(29 s_{2}, miles)(6+0 mm_{2}/1 + i)m_{1}}$$

$$stor_1 = 18.73$$
 inches

$$Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{ST \times 1}{19''}\right)$$

 $Q_{P2} = (33, 400 \text{ cts}) \left(1 - \frac{18.73''}{19''}\right)$
 $Q_{P2} = 546 \text{ cfs}$

STEP 3: Determine surcharge Point and STOPL to get ц. Q_{p_2} and then Q_{p_2}

a. From Figure 1 determine surcharge height to pass $Q_{\rm P2}$ = 546 cfs

Surcharge élémetrien = 326.5'spilling were most eller = 325.0Surcharge meret = 1.5 Sur

Extince area @ 226.5' = 640 and



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ENGINE	ERS / PLANNERS	

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BOSTON , MASS. BOCHESTER, N.H.

CLIENT Army Corps	JOB No. 274-7901	PAGE	11 0+ 34
PROJECT 54 Paule School Dam	COMPTO BY BW	DATE	2122134
DETAIL Hydrologic Calcs	CK'D. BY ANS	DATE	3/4/-
STOR ₃ = \\.3	35 inches		

STORAN = 10.49 inclas

d. determine Q_{p_4}

$$Q_{P4} = (38,400 \text{ cts})(1 - \frac{10.43''}{19''})$$

 $Q_{P4} = 17,200 \text{ cts}$

6. STEP 5: Determine surcharge height for $\mathbb{Q}_{p,\mu}$ and STOR_{μ}

a. From Figure 1 surcharge height for $0_{Fu} = 17,200$ cm Surcharge showthen = 337.0' spatianay were creat elser = 325.0' Surcharge neight = 12.0 juit Surcharge neight = 1840 sche

b. determine
$$STOR_{4}$$

 $STOR_{4} = \frac{\left[(5\pi)\left(\frac{3\cdot0ac+140aic}{2}\right) + (7\cdot0+)\left(\frac{140Jac-1340ac}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}+1\right)}{(29 - 26\cdot m)(640 \text{ acres}/sg.m.)}$
 $STOR_{4} = \frac{10.10}{10} \text{ scles}$

c. determine STORAVG

$$\frac{10.48 \text{ mis} + 10.10}{2}$$
= 10.29 miles

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS/PLANNERS CLIENT_<u>Ham Gross</u> DETAIL <u>Hatrologue Colce</u> STOR 4 and STOR ANG agree to utime about 2%; Clarefore accept test - 100 determine equal to 17,200 cts at Surcharge size when 7. In Conclusion The first in the test of the surcharge size when The first in the test of the surcharge size when 100 freet

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- a Test flood discharge = 17,200 cts will mintop Spillway weir crest by. 12 feet ind the dam crest (top of training weils) by 6 feet
- **b.** surface of dam and (1) water surface at dam and $(1)^{3/2} \approx 5,6600$

(2) water surface at test fixed flevetion - 337.0'

$$Q = (3.9)(100')(12.0')'^{2} \approx 16,200 \text{ cis}$$

- C. Eluce gate capacity includes disconse through 3.0' chamiler chucefoste - (issue disconse conception rot affected by disconse over calling) (1) water surface at dam crest - 331.0' (a) $Q_{sincepte} = (0.6)(3.0)^2 \operatorname{Tr} \left[(2)(32.2)(331-319.5') \right]^{1/2} \approx 420c+5$
 - $(2) \quad \text{without the set of the$

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. Engineers / planners	BOSTON , M Rochester	A55. , N.H.		
CLIENT Army Cords	JOB NO. _274	-7901	PAGE	13 5- 1-
PROJECT It. Tauls Sciool Dam	COMPTO. BY	BWP		3/27/90
DETAIL	Ск'р. Ву	PHR	_ DATE _	3/27/92
III. Using "Rule of Thumb" Guidance Hydrographs examine impact of	e for Estimat dam failure	ing Downst	ream Da	m Failure
1. Pertinent Data				
a. Failure occurs who dam - elevation =	en reservoir 331.0 fee	level at o 	crest of	
b. Storage at crest $6,410$	elevation est acre-ft	imated to	be appr	roximately
A. Reach l				
1. <u>STEP 1</u> : Determine re-	servoir stora	.ge at time	e of fai	lure
from prev	ious calcs. s	torage =	6,410	acre-(+
2. <u>STEP 2</u> : Determine Pe	ak Failure Ou	tflow Q _P	L	
a. Q _{Pl} = (8/27) W _b	√ g Y ₀ 3/2			
where: W	= Breach wi = (0.40) (= 40 fee	dth (use 1 100 feet) +	40% of t	otal length)
Y	o = Total heilevel at $o = 15 + ect$	ght from o failure	channel Topoiria Inancel	bed to pool من سر 33.0 من جري منجري
Q _{P1} = (8/27) (4	40 - ² - (32	.ż, ^{l'2} (15.	_{5/2} (+ معنو (
Q _{P1} = 3,910 c	_ 1 3		1	
b. Since discharge significant mus	over un faite t add this d	ul contrem lickorge to	o faire	a a concorrente
QP - Friday = (3.	85) (60 fect	$) (6 fret)''^{2}$	~~	329003
C. QPI (TOTAL) = 35	910 che +	ينت و		7,300に

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SIEIA C Engineei	ONS as /	ULTANTS INC. BOSTON, MASS. PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H.
CLIENT_	Army	Corps JOB No244-7901 PAGE 3
PROJECT	<u> </u>	MARSAN DAM COMPTO BY BWP DATE 3127 95
DETAIL _	Hydi	Dologic Cales. CK'D. BY DATE
	3.	STEP 3: Prepare stage-discharge curve for Reach 1
		a. Pertinent Data
		(1) Reach length = $550 \pm ee^{\pm}$
		(2) Channel slope = 0.019
		(2) Manning $r = -2.25$
		(4) Channel shape - \mathcal{D} (4) Channel shape - \mathcal{D} (4)
		(5) Page width ~ -32 and t
		b. See Figure 3 for stage-discharge curve
	4.	STEP 4: Estimate Reach Outflow
		a. Determine stage for Q _{P (Constant} Figure 3) and find volume in reach
		(1) Stage (depth of flow) = \mathcal{G}_{ee}^{2}
		(2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (cross-sectional) area of channel)
		X-anea = (2.5) (3.0') (30' + (20') + 0.5 (3.2') (20' + 14')

X-area = (0.5)(3.0')(20' + 120') + 0.= 643 + +² Volume = V₁ = $\frac{(643 \text{ f} + 2)(500 + 1)}{43 560 + 12/2 \text{ acre}}$ = 3.1 acre-f

 $v_1 < \frac{S}{2}$: reach length OK

b. Determine Qp2(TRIAL)

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 $Q_{P2}(TRIAL) = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{3} \right)$ $Q_{P2}(TRIAL) = \left(7.300 \text{ cm} \right) \left(1 - \frac{U_1}{64.000000} \right)$ $Q_{P2}(TRIAL) = 7.230 \text{ cm}$

PROJECT <u>is the label of the state</u> Compto By <u>BWP</u> Date <u>3 37 32</u> Detail <u>Hydrologic Cales</u> CK'D. By <u>Are</u> <u>Area</u> <u>CK'D. By</u> <u>CTRIAL</u> c. Compute V_2 using $Q_{P2}(TRIAL)$ From Figure 3 determine stage for $Q_{P2}(TRIAL)$ Stage = 5.2 feet X-area = $643.4t^2$ (per acces) $V_2 = \frac{2}{42} \frac{2}{52} \frac{1}{52} $	CLIENT Army	Corps	Јов No. _274	+-7901	_ PAGE	
Detail Hydrologic Calos c. Compute V_2 using $Q_{P2}(TRIAL)$ From Figure 3 determine stage for $Q_{P2}(TRIAL)$ Stage = 4.2 feet X-area = 643 feet $V_2 = \frac{(242 + 1/2) + 262 + 7}{43 + 2 + 262 + 7}$ $V_2 = \frac{(242 + 1/2) + 262 + 7}{43 + 2 + 262 + 7}$ $V_2 = \pm .1 + 2 + 2 + 2$ d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute Q_{P2} (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{\pi_1 + 2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{\pi_1 + 2}{2}$	PROJECT	Carlo Stand Law	COMPTO. BY	BWP		
c. Compute V ₂ using Q _{P2(TRIAL)} From Figure 3 determine stage for Q _{P2(TRIAL)} Stage = $5.2 + 6e^{2}$ X-area = $643 + e^{2}$ (per 2000) $V_{2} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{63(62 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}$ $V_{2} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{63(62 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}$ $V_{2} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{63(62 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}$ $V_{2} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{62(62 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}$ d. Average V ₁ and V ₂ and compute O_{P2} (1) Vavg = $\frac{V_{1} + V_{2}}{2}$ $V_{avg} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{2}$ $V_{avg} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{2}$ $V_{avg} = \frac{(642 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{2}$ $V_{avg} = \frac{(643 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})(62 + e^{2})}{2}$	DETAILHydro	ologic Cales	Ск'р. Вү	Per ·	DATE	
From Figure 3 determine stage for $\Im_{P2}(TRIAL)$ Stage = 6.2 free^{2} X-area = 643 fr^{2} (per 2000) $V_{2} = \frac{(263 \text{ fr}^{2})(263 \text{ free}^{2})}{43(2-2-3)(263)}$ $V_{2} = (2.1 \text{ grave}^{2})$ $V_{2} = (2.1 \text{ grave}^{2})$ d. Average V_{1} and V_{2} and compute \Im_{P2} (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_{1} + V_{2}}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{9.1 \text{ grave}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{9.1 \text{ grave}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{2}$ $Vavg = 8.1 \text{ grave}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $Vavg = 8.1 \text{ grave}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $Vavg = (1 - \frac{Vavg}{3})$ $Q_{P2} = (1 - \frac{Vavg}{3}) (1 - \frac{Vavg}{3})$	c.	. Compute V_2 using	Q _{P2(TRIAL)}			
Stage = 5.2 feet X-area = 643 ft ² (per accord) $V_{2} = \frac{(243 + 1)(262 + 1)}{43(242 + 1)(342)}$ $V_{2} = \pm 1 \text{ are } \pm 1$ d. Average V_{1} and V_{2} and compute $Q_{p,2}$ (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_{1} + V_{2}}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{\pm 1(242 + 1)}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{\pm 1(242 + 1)}{2}$ V		From Figure 3	determine sta	age for Q	P2(TRIAL)	
$X-area = (643 + 1^{2} (par accord))$ $V_{2} = \frac{(243 + 1^{2} (par accord))}{43 + 2 (par accord)}$ $V_{2} = \pm (1 - 2 p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p$		Stage = 🚊	2 -cet			
$v_{2} = \frac{(2+2-1)(2+2+1)}{4(2+2-1)(2+1)}$ $v_{2} = \pm 1 \text{ are } + 1$ d. Average V_{1} and V_{2} and compute Q_{P2} (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_{1} + V_{2}}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{\pm 1 + V_{2}}{2}$		X-area = 6	43 ft² (p2	r aose)		
$V_{2} = \Xi \cdot 1 \text{ are } f$ d. Average V_{1} and V_{2} and compute Q_{P2} (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_{1} + V_{2}}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{\Xi \cdot 1 \text{ ac} - f \cdot f}{2}$ $Vavg = \mathcal{B} \cdot 1 \text{ ac} - f \cdot f$ (2) $Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{3}\right)$ $Q_{P2} = \left(7, 300 \text{ cm}\right) \left(1 - \frac{\Xi \cdot f}{640}\right)$		$V_2 = \frac{2}{-43}$	<u>1) (8 60 44) -</u> Elso - Malar			
d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute $Q_{p,2}$ (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{5 \cdot (ac - 1 + \frac{1}{2})}{2}$ $Vavg = 8 \cdot (ac - 1 + \frac{1}{2})$ $Vavg = 8 \cdot (ac - 1 + \frac{1}{2})$ $Q_{p,2} = Q_{p,1} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{5}\right)$ $Q_{p,2} = (7, 300 \text{ cm}) \left(1 - \frac{5 \cdot 1}{6 + 2}\right)$		$v_{a} = -1$	<u>+ ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>			
d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute Q_{p2} (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{3 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4}{2}$ $Vavg = 8 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$		2				
d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute Q_{P2} (1) $Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{3 \cdot (\alpha c - \beta + \frac{1}{2} - \beta - \beta - \beta + \frac{1}{2})}{2}$ $Vavg = 8 \cdot (\alpha c - \beta + \frac{1}{2} - \beta - \beta + \frac{1}{2})$ $Vavg = 8 \cdot (\alpha c - \beta + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})$ $Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{S}\right)$ $Q_{P2} = (7, 300 \text{ cm}) \left(1 - \frac{7 \cdot \beta}{240}\right)$						
(1) $Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{3.1 ac-4}{2}$ Vavg = 8.1 ac-4 (2) $Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{5}\right)$ $Q_{P2} = (7, 300 cm) \left(1 - \frac{5.1}{640}\right)$	d	. Average V_1 and V_2	and compute	°₽2		
$V_{avg} = \frac{5.1 \text{ ac-i}}{2}$ $V_{avg} = 8.1 \text{ acre-} 14$ (2) $Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{V_{avg}}{5}\right)$ $Q_{P2} = \left(7.300 \text{ cm}\right) \left(1 - \frac{T_{P1}}{640}\right)$		(1) Vavg = $\frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$	v ₂			
$Vavg = 8.1 acre-ft$ (2) $Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{S}\right)$ $Q_{P2} = \left(7,300 \text{ cm}\right) \left(1 - \frac{V_{11}}{6^{4}}\right)$		$V_{avg} = \frac{\overline{\Im}}{1}$	<u>ac-i, t</u> Z			
(2) $Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{S}\right)$ $Q_{P2} = \left(7,300 \text{ cm}\right) \left(1 - \frac{T.1}{G^2}\right)$		Vavg = 8.1	acre-f:			
$Q_{P2} = (7, 300 \text{ cm})(1 - \frac{100}{640})$		$(2) Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 \right)$	$-\frac{Vavg}{S}$			
		$Q_{p2} = (7)$	300 c÷)	(1 -	<u>(21)</u> (24) (2)	
		$Q_{p_2} = (7)$	300 c÷)	(1-	<u></u>	

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DETAU	Hvć	drologic Cales. Crip By AND Date Strad	
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، <i>ب</i>	r. 4		
	1.	STEP 3: Prepare stage-discharge curve for Reach Z	
		Portinent Data	
		a. rentiment bata	
		(1) Reach length = 300 -eit	
		(2) Channel slope = 0.019	
		(3) Manning $n = 0.05$ (Side slope not in the	1
		(4) Channel shape - Trapozzician Compute x-area accordingly	/
		(5) Base width \approx 30 tent	
		b. See Figure 3 for stage-discharge curve	
	2.	STEP 4: Estimate Reach Outflow	
	_,		
		a. Determine stage for $Q_{P2} = 7,290$ from Figure 3	
		and find volume in reach	
		(1) Stage (depth of flow) = $5.3 + e^+$	
		(2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (area of channel)	
		$X_{-anea} = (0.5)(4.5')(75' + 185') + (0.5'(-2))(165' + 245')$	
		$= 803^{-1+2}$	/
		$V_{0} = V = (503^{-2})(500^{-1})$	
		43,560 + 7a + e	
		= 9.2 ac-ft	
		$v_1 < \frac{S}{2}$: reach length OK	
		b. Determine Q _{P3(TRIAL)}	
		$Q_{P3(TRIAL)} = Q_{P2} \left(1 - \frac{11}{5} \right)$	
		(7.790 - 7.6) - 7.6	
		$P = (TRIAL) = (\cdot) - (-) - $	

Qp 3 (TRIAL) = 7,290 ctz

	SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON, MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H.
	CLIENT Army Corps JOB No. 274-7901 PAGE 7 07 74
•	PROJECT - 1 Danly Scient Dam COMPTO BY BWP DATE 3127190
	DETAIL Hydrologic Cales CK'D. By DATE DATE
!	c. Compute V ₂ using Q _{P3(TRIAL)}
	From Figure 3 determine stage for QP>(TRIAL)
I	Stage = 5.9 feet
-	X-area = 803 ft ² (per above)
	$v_2 = \frac{(803 \pm 1^2)(500 \pm 1)}{43.560 \pm 1^3}$
	$V_2 = 9.2$ acre-ft
	a. Average vi and v2 and compute GP3
	(1) Vavg = $\frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$
	$V_{avg} = \frac{9.2 ac-ft}{2}$
	Vavg = 9.2 aure-ft
	$(2) Q_{P3} = Q_{P2} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{S}\right)$
	$Q_{P3} = (7, 290 \text{ cts})(1 - \frac{9.2}{6410})$
	Qp3= 7,280cts

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CLIENT Frau Corps	JOB NO. 274-7901	PAGE	22 5+
PROJECT St Pauls School Dam_	COMPTO. BY BUP		3/27/50
DETAIL Hutrologic Gles.	CK'D. BY	DATE.	3/27/32

II. Compare dan failure discharge stage to state reculture from discharge over spillway with water surface at the crest of dam. (elevation 331.0)

- A. Since the spillway length extends almost The million length of the dam, the discharge over thes thinking will be quite large. Therefore the that remains from the spillway discharge with water surface at the crest of dom must be compared to the stage for the -arlune descharge determined in Section III.
 - 1. From previous calculations (p3 = " in Hadrelogic Calco) the discharge over the spillingy with water surfaces at crest of dam was and million to be 5,660 its
 - 2. Since the critical irea is at the hower find confirme the stage of this discharge to that for the me. discharge, Opq, - Reach 3 in Section II s-these calcs.
 - a. Stage for 5,660 cts (from Figure 3) = 3.1 feat 6 Stage for Qp4 = 6,840 cts is 9.0 feet
 - 3. Conclusion a The failure of the dam with the water surrace at the dam crest will result in may a 0.9 foot increase wer the stage of the pre-failure discharge in the lower ponding area. Therefore will bear at a tailure of the dam with water survive set the spillway crest in order to assess the matard classification of this dam

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Ç.,	ENT <u>A</u>	cmv Co	rps		Jos No27	4-7901	PAGE_	23 of
Pad	DJECT_	<u>+</u> Pa	<u>. D. Sc</u>	200 Da	🐜 Сомрто. Ву	BWP	DATE _	3/3/35
DEI		Iydrol	ogic Ca	les.	Ск'р. Вү	KMS	DATE _	3/-1/=0
V	Using Hydrog	"Rule graphs	of Thu examin	mb" Guida e impact	nce for Estima of dam failure	ting Down: with wit	stream Da	m Failure - at <u>span</u> - rest
	1	. Per	tinent	Data				
		a.	Failur	e occurs elevation	when reservoir = 325.0'	level at	crest of	spillway
		b.	Storag	e at cres 700	st elevation es ane-feet	timated t	o be appr	roximately
	A. R	each l						
•	1	. <u>ste</u>	<u>p 1</u> : D	etermine	reservoir stor	age at ti	me of fai	lure
				from pr	evious calcs.	storage =	700 iccm	e - f t
	2	. <u>Ste</u>	<u>P 2</u> : D	etermine	Peak Failure 0	utflow Q	P1	
			Q _{Pl}	= (8/27)	W _b Vg Y _o ^{3/2}			
				where:	W _b = Breach w = (0.40) = 40 fea	idth (use (100 Feet H	40% of t	otal length)
					Y ₀ = Total he level at = 9 .0 '	ight from failure	channel سوید. نیمیت نیمیسون	bed to pool $2\pi_{1} = 25.0$ $\pi_{2} = \frac{216.0}{2}$
			Q _{Pl}	= (8/27))(40 feet)(32	2.2)112 (9.0') 3/2	
			Q _{Pl}	= 1,8z	octs			

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CLIENT Army Corps	Jos No. 244-7901	PAGE 24 2+
PROJECT St. Daula School Dam	COMPTO. BY BWP	DATE _3:3.3-
DETAIL Hydrologic Cales.	Ск'о. Ву	DATE 3/4/80

3. STEP 3: Prepare stage-discharge curve for Reach 1

- Pertinent Data a.
 - (1) Reach length = 550 fee +
 - (2) Channel slope = 0.019
 - (.3) Manning n = 0.05
 - (4) Channel shape trape zorial (suite shopes not consist. (5) Page model 20 C -
 - (5) Base width \approx 30 feet

See Figure 3 for stage-discharge curve ь.

- STEP 4: Estimate Reach Outflow
 - Determine stage for $Q_{P1} = 19225$ from Figure 3 a. and find volume in reach

Stage (depth of flow) = 3.3 feat (1)

(2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (cross-sectional) area of channel)

$$X-area = (3.5)(3.0')(30' + 120') + (0.5)(0.3)(120' - 03')$$

= 261 ft²
Volume = V₁ = $\frac{(261 ft2)(550 ft)}{(13.560 ft2/acre}$
= 3.2 scale ft⁴

 $v_1 < \frac{S}{2}$: reach length OK

Determine Q_{PZ}(TRIAL) ь.

$$Q_{PZ(TRIAL)} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S} \right)$$

 $Q_{PZ(TRIAL)} = \left(1.9200^{-1} \right) \left(1 - \frac{3.3200^{-11}}{700} \right)$
 $Q_{PZ(TRIAL)} = \frac{1.9200^{-11}}{700} \left(1 - \frac{3.3200^{-11}}{700} \right)$

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PROJECT It Prulo School Dam	COMPTO. BY BWP		3/3/80
DETAILHydrologic Cales	Ск'р. ВуКИЗ		=/=/=>

c. Compute V₂ using Q_{P2(TRIAL)}

From Figure 3 determine stage for QPZ(TRIAL)

- Stage = 3.3 feat
- X-area = 261 ft2 (per above)

$$V_2 = \frac{(261 f + 2) (553 f +)}{4 : .560 f + 2 / acre}$$

$$V_2 = 3.3 acre - f + 1$$

d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute Q_{PZ}

(1) Vavg =
$$\frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$$

$$V_{avg} = \frac{3.3 \text{ acre-ft} + 3.3 \text{ icre-ft}}{2}$$

Vavg = 3.3 acre - ++

(2)
$$Q_{PZ} = Q_{P|} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{S}\right)$$

 $Q_{PZ} = \left(1,920 \text{ cts}\right) \left(1 - \frac{3.3}{700}\right)$
 $Q_{PZ} = 1,810 \text{ cts}$
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CLIENT_Ar	my Corps		Јов No 24	4-7901	PAGE_	26 5+ 2.
PROJECT	+ Pauls	Seloo Dan_	COMPTO. BY	BWP	DATE .	-13/9.
DETAIL HY	drologic	Calcs.	Ск'о. Ву	KMIS	DATE _	3/2/2)
B. Read	ch Z					
3.	STEP 3 :	Prepare stag	e-discharge	curve for	Reach 💈	>
			-		_	-
	a. Per	tinent Data				
	(1)	Reach length	= 500 fe	et		
	(.2)	Channel slop	e = 3.019			
	(.3)	Manning n =	0.05			
	(4)	Channel shap	e - trapezo	dal		
	(5)	Base width =	= 30 feet			
	b. See	Figure 3 for	stage-discha	rge curve		
t.		_				
	<u>STEP 7</u> :	Estimate Rea	ch Outflow			
	- D-+	· · · · · · · · ·			· -·	
	a. Det	ermine stage f	or $Q_{PZ} = 1,0$	10 CFS	from Figu	ure 3
	an	a rina volume	in reach			
	(1)	Stage (dopth	of flow) -	3 1 (+	
	ζ. ⊥ /	blage (depth	01 110w/ -	U.1 +e		
	(2)	Volume in re	ach = (reach	length)	(cross-se	ectional
			uch (reach	, iong th	area of	channel)
		X-area =	(0.5) (3.1.	f+)(30·	f+ + 15	0 (+)
		=	279 ft2			
		Volume = V ₁	= (2794+2	(500-1)	-	
		Ĩ	43,55	$5 + t^{\prime}/a$	2	
			= 3.2 acre	2-44		
			0			
			$v_1 < \frac{5}{2} \therefore$	reach len	gth OK	
					-	
	b. Det	ermine QP3(TRI	AL)			
			/			
		Q _{P 3} (TRIAL) = Q _P z(1 -	$\frac{v_1}{r}$		
			Ň	تر ت		
		<u> </u>	/		3.2	
		QP3(TPIAL) = (1,3100	:+;)(-	200)

9,300 = 1,900 cfs

CLIENT Army Corps	JOB No 27	4-7901	PAGE
PROJECT H Pauls School	Dan COMPTO. BY	BWF	DATE 3/3/90
DETAIL Hydrologic Calc	<u>ск'о. Ву</u>	KMS	DATE
c. Compute	V ₂ using Q _{P3(TRIAL)}		
From	Figure 3 determine st	age for C	F 3(T RIAL)
St	age = 3.1 feat		
Х-	area = 279 ft ² (per above	ز ز
	(779 f+2) (500	feat)	
V ₂ =	43,560 ++ 1/2	s we	
	37 000 -ft		
v ₂ -	J.C W.C - 11		
• *			
d. Average	V_1 and V_2 and compute	<u>с</u>	
(1) Vav	$\mathbf{x} = \frac{\mathbf{v}_1 + \mathbf{v}_2}{\mathbf{v}_1 + \mathbf{v}_2}$		
	g <u>-</u> <u>2</u>		
Vau	3.2 acre-ft +	<u>3.2</u> a.	ere-ft
V ave	2	2	
Yav	g = 3.2 are -1	+	
(2) 0	- 0 (1 Vavg)		
(21 Q _{P3}	$- \sqrt{P2} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$		
		3.2	N.
Çez	= (1.910cts)($ - \frac{1}{700}$	-)

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 $Q_{P3} = 1,800$ cfs

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON . MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS POCHESTER, N.H. CLIENT Army Corps JOB NO. 274-790 PROJECT St. Pauls School Dam COMPTO. BY EWP ____ JOB NO. 274-7901 PAGE 23 of 74 _ DATE 312190 DETAIL Hydrologic Cales ___ CK'D. BY __ KMS DATE _34 30 C. Reach 3 1. <u>STEP 3:</u> Prepare stage-discharge curve for Reach 3 a. Pertiment data (1) Since the pond in Reach 3 is created by a dam at its outlet, discharge from Reach 3 will be controlled by the dam (Z) discharge calculations over the tam spillway and abutment have seen included at the and of the Hydrologie Calculation. b see Figure 3 for stage discharge Curve 2. STEP 4: Estimate Reach Outflow a Determine stage for $Q_{P3} = 1,800$ c.t. from Figure 3 and find volume in reach (1) Stage = 4.4 feet (2) Volume in reach = (Stage) (Average invitans) * see Figure 6 at and or Hydrologic Cales Nolume = $V_1 = (4.4 \text{ feet}) \left(\frac{37.0 + 41.5}{2} \right)$ V,= 173 acre-f-V. < 2 : reach length OK

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CLIENT	Fre ma	Carps	JOB NO.	74-790:	PAGE_	29 3 + 2
PROJECT	<u><u> </u></u>	Me Swol Dam	COMPTO. BY	- BWP	DATE .	<u> 3130</u>
DETAIL	Hy doolog	tic Glas	Ск'о. Ву	KMS		5-132
	μ.	Determine Op	4(TRIAL)			
		QPACTRIAL)	= Q _{P3} ($\left(-\frac{V_{\perp}}{S}\right)$	1 . \	
		(PP4(TRIAL)	= (1,800)	$(1 - \frac{1}{70})$	$\frac{1}{0}$	
		PA(TRIAL)	= 1360 cts			
	С.	Compute Vz U	sing QDA	(TRIAL)		
		From Figure	. 3 deter	mine stag	e -s	r Opalers
		STAGE	= 3.74	cet		
		$V_{Z} = (3.7)$	f_{eet}) $\left(\frac{37}{2}\right)$	2 +	11.2000	-)
		$V_z = 194$	acre-ft			
	d.	Average V, an	dVz and	Compute	OFA	
		(1) Var = -	$\frac{V_1 + V_2}{Z}$	_		
		Vave = !	73acre ft -	- 144 aure-		
		Vare =	159 ione -f.	†		
		$(z) \mathcal{O}_{44} = \mathcal{O}_{6}$	-3 (-	Varz 5		
		$Q_{P4} = ($	1,300 cts	$\left(1-\frac{157}{730}\right)$	\mathcal{T}	
		0 ₇₄ =	1,390 cfs			

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BOSTON , MASS. Rochester, N.H.

CLIENT	Anna Como	JOB NO	274-790	PAGE_	EC 54 34	
PROJEC	T St Paulo School U	COMPTO.	BY ENF		2 122 30	
DETAIL	He bringhe Gara	CK'D. BY	KM 5		31-120	-
71	Stoje - Clischarge	Calin Latrons	- lower b	ord (Re	uch sj	

1. Déclarge over dans crest

feat feat :	
295.3 - 0	0
296.0 2.8 32 0.7	52
297.0 3.3 1.7 23	34
298.0 2.7 +2	, 3
299.0 3.7 75	52
300.0 4.7 25	
301.0 5.7 .44	4.0 C 1
302.0 • 6.7 133	30
808.J 7.7 ZZ	60
E04.0 8.7 27	0
305.0 • • 319	10

2. Discharge over right abutment

a. between dam and cuilding

Eleration (feat)	<u>,</u> C	L (feat)	ing 14 Seat	P
. ເ ອັ.ອ			3	
296.0	2.6	13	0.35	10
297.0		25	<u>ن.</u> 35	5
293.0			1.35	102
299.0			1.95	164
300.0			2.35	234
301.0			2.85	3 3
302.0			3.35	3 7 7
303.0			3.35	431
3040			1.35	590
5 25 .0	4		4.95	674

CLIENT ACMA Cros	L	OB NO. 274-	7901 PAG	31 34
PROJECT	<u>a.m</u> C	OMPTO. BY	DATI	E 2/27 20
DETAIL Hydrologic Cales	C	к'о. Вү <u>4</u>	<u>15</u> DATI	e <u> </u>
J. Detween cuild	ing and the	and the form in	p sime	
	·			
E quat x	С	<u>`</u>	ب میں	<u>с</u>
<u> </u>		(-e==)	(** <u>a</u> *+)	
<u> (+ 20+)</u> 300.0		<u>(-ee-)</u>	(-***) () ()	<u> </u>
<u>(feet)</u> 300.0 301.0	2.6	<u>(-ea</u> -) Z O	(<u></u> D 2. 4	
(feet) 300,0 301.0 302.0	2.6	Z 0 7 2	(<u></u>) () (), 4 (), 9	
	2.6	Z 0 7 8 7 9	(-21) D 3.4 0.9 1.4	12 12 107 235
(Feet) 300,0 301.0 302.0 203.0 204.0	2.6	Z O 7 8 7 9 7 9 7 9	(<u>21)</u>)),4 0,9 1,4 1,9	- 13 137 - 335 - 55

· 3 Bischarge over left abutment

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Elevation (-cet;	J	L (teet)	aug H (Leet)	0 (c/s)
295.3				
296.0	2.6	10	0.35	5
297.0		30	0.36	61
13.0		49	1.25	17.6
294.0		65		425
3000		88	55	777
301.0		133		(290
302.0		155	3.35	1670
303.0		105	•	2060
304.0		:25	4.35	Z 490
20 <i>5.0</i>	t V	:05	4.95	2920

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

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BOSTON , MASS. ROCHESTER, N.H.

CLIENT_	Army Corps
PROJECT	St Puls StrolDan
DETAIL _	He-trologic Gles

JOB NO. 22	4-7-7)	PAGE_	32.0-	÷
COMPTO. BY_	945	DATE _	2 22 3.	ز
Ск'о. Вү	K115		31-37	

4. Total discharge from lower pora autore

n Bernham

						1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Stare ft	Elevation	Q dam crest	Q risk sout - day is clift	- kina a and -) lettaleat	0 TOTEL
0	295.3	0	0	0	0	0
0.7	296.0	52	10) ^つ	5	67
1.7	297.0	234	51	0	61	
Z.7	298.0	468	102	0	196	766
3.7	Z99.0	752	164	0	4.25	1340
4.7	300.0	1080	Z34	0	111	2090
5.7	201.0	1440	313	13	127.0	3060
6.7	302.0	1930	399	; 7 7	1270	-1010
7.7	303. 1	2260	491	336	Tonia.	5:50
3.7	204 D	27:0	590	7:5		さこう
4.7	ಕೆಂಕ್ಟರ	3190	694	1240	1920	3090
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APPENDIX E

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INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

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