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CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN WINCHESTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

KILBURN POND DAM

NH 00298

NHWRB NO. 255.09

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM





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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

JUNE 1980

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02254

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF: NEDED

OCT 21 1985

Honorable Hugh J. Gallen Governor of the State of New Hampshire State House Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Dear Governor Gallen:

Inclosed is a copy of the Kilburn Pond Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Water Resources Board, the cooperating agency for the State of New Hampshire. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, Town of Hinsdale, Bard of Water and Sewer Commissioners, Hinsdale, NH.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Water Resources Board for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

Incl As stated

Colonel, Corps of Engineers Division Engineer

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CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN WINCHESTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

KILBURN POND DAM

NH 00298

NHWRB 255.09

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I - INSPECTION REPORT BRIEF ASSESSMENT

| Identification No: | NH 00298 |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Name of Dam: | Kilburn Pond Dam |
| Town: | Winchester |
| County and State: | Cheshire, New Hampshire |
| Stream: | Kilburn Brook |
| Date of Inspection: | May 6, 1980 |

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Kilburn Pond Dam is a concrete gravity structure consisting of an overflow section and gate house structure and is approximately 35 feet long between the ledge abutments. The dam is approximately 15 feet high from the lowest point of the downstream toe to the top of the overflow section training walls. The overflow section consists of two 13 feet long sections located between concrete training walls. The overflow section is ogee-shaped and has a maximum height of approximately 11 feet from its crest to the bottom of the channel. Located between the left training wall and the left abutment is the gate house structure which encloses the control mechanisms for a 6-inch and an 18-inch diameter sluice gate. These gates open into a gate chamber that outlets through a 24-inch diameter conduit which discharges at the toe of the dam through a flap gate. A service bridge extends across the overflow section from the right abutment to the gate house doorway.

The dam impounds Kilburn Pond and the discharge flows through Kilburn Brook in a southerly direction approximately 3.4 miles to the Ashuelot River. The dam was originally constructed to provide a primary water supply for the town of Hinsdale, but has since been abandoned for that purpose and presently serves only conservational purposes. The pond is 0.68 miles in length with a surface area of about 37 acres. The maximum storage capacity at top of dam is about 461 acre-feet.

As a result of the visual inspection of this facility, the dam is generally considered to be in good condition. The only major concern is lack of a functioning low-level regulating outlet that would allow drawdown of the pond in an emergency. Because of this lack of a functioning low-level outlet, the dam is rated FAIR.

This dam is classified as SMALL in size and a SIGNIFICANT hazard structure in accordance with the recommended guidelines established by the Corps of Engineers. The test flood for this dam, therefore, ranges from the 100-year flood to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF). The 1/2 PMF was selected for this

hydrologic analysis. The test flood inflow was estimated to be 1,820 cfs and resulted in a routed test flood outflow equal to 1,320 cfs which would overtop the dam crest by about 0.5 feet. The maximum spillway capacity with the water level at the dam crest was estimated to be 1,020 cfs, which is about 77 percent of the routed test flood outflow. The spillway is capable of passing the routed test flood outflow from a 100-year storm event. An assumed breach with the pond surface at the dam crest would overtop Route 63 located about 1.8 miles downstream by about 2.5 feet and the water would rise to nearly 1 foot above the sill level of the house located near the Route 63 road culvert. The potential for loss of less than a few lives would exist, as well as economic loss.

It is recommended that the owner engage a qualified registered engineer to investigate the source of the debris blocking the low-level outlets and the inoperability of the gate lifting mechanism and design remedial measures to keep these outlets operable; and to inspect the downstream face of the dam and the flap gate once the debris has been removed from the discharge channel. It is also recommended that the owner repair all scaled concrete, repair or replace the gate house door, remove loose rust and repaint the service bridge and other rusted equipment and remove brush and debris from the discharge channel.

The recommendations and remedial measures are described in Section 7 and should be addressed by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.



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Kenneth M. Stewart

Kenneth M. Stewart Project Manager N.H.P.E. 3531

S E A Consultants Inc. Rochester, New Hampshire This Phase I Inspection Report on Kilburn Pond Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the <u>Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of</u> <u>Dams</u>, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

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CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER Design Branch Engineering Division

RICHARD DIBUONO, MEMBER Water Control Branch Engineering Division

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ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, CHAIRMAN Geotechnical Engineering Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECONDENDED:

B. FRYAR

Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

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This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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The Phase I investigation does <u>not</u> include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespassing and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

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OVERVIEW PHOTO - KILBURN POND DAM



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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT KILBURN POND DAM

SECTION 1 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

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a. <u>Authority</u>. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. S E A Consultants Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of New Hampshire. Authorization and notice to proceed were issued to S E A Consultants Inc. under a letter of November 5, 1979 from William Hodgson, Jr., Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-80-C-0008 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose

(1) To perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests

(2) To encourage and prepare the states to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams

(3) To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 Description of Project

a. Location. Kilburn Pond Dam is located in the Town of Winchester, New Hampshire, on the south end of Kilburn Pond. The dam impounds water creating Kilburn Pond and the spillway discharge enters Kilburn Brook and flows in a southerly direction approximately 3.4 miles until it converges with the Ashuelot river in the center of Hinsdale, New Hampshire. The dam is shown on U.S.G.S. Quadrangle, Keene, New Hampshire-Vermont, with coordinates approximately at N42^o49'50", W72^o28'15", Cheshire County, New Hampshire (See Location Plan).

b. <u>Description of Dam and Appurtenances</u>. Kilburn Pond Dam is a concrete gravity structure consisting of an overflow section and gate house structure and is approximately 35 feet long between the ledge abutments. The dam is approximately 15 feet high from the lowest point of the downstream toe to the top of the overflow section training walls. The overflow section consists of two 13 feet long sections located between 4 feet high concrete training walls and is approximately 11 feet high from its crest to channel bottom. The upstream face of the concrete overflow section is battered at 12 feet vertical to 1 foot horizontal (12V:1H). The downstream face is ogee-shaped and is inclined at one foot vertical to one foot horizontal (1V:1H). The gate house is located between the left training wall of the overflow section and the left abutment and encloses the control mechanisms for a 6 inch and an 18 inch diameter sluice gate. These gates open into a gate chamber that outlets through a 24 inch diameter conduit which discharges at the toe of the dam through a flap gate. A service bridge extends across the overflow section from the right abutment to the gate house doorway.

c. <u>Size Classification</u>. Small (height - 15 feet; storage - 461 acre-feet) based on storage (less than 1000 acre-feet and greater than or equal to 50 acre-feet) as given in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. Significant Hazard. An assumed breach in the Kilburn Pond Dam would overtop the dam associated with an abandoned filtration plant just upstream from NH Route 63 by about 1.7 feet. NH Route 63 would be overtopped by approximately 2.5 feet, and water would rise to nearly 1 foot above the sill level of the house located near the Route 63 culvert. The state highway could be damaged and the potential for loss of less than a few lives would exist, as well as economic loss.

e. <u>Ownership</u>. The dam was constructed in 1935, apparently to replace an earlier wooden structure at the same site and has been continually owned by the Town of Hinsdale, Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners, Town Hall, Main Street, Hinsdale, New Hampshire 03451, Telephone No. (603) 336-5621.

f. <u>Operator</u>. The dam is maintained and operated by the Town of Hinsdale, Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners, Town Hall, Main Street, Hinsdale, New Hampshire 03451, Telephone No. (603) 336-5621.

g. <u>Purpose of Dam.</u> The dam was originally constructed to provide a primary water supply for the Town of Hinsdale. In 1954, the town began pumping water from two wells, abandoning the Kilburn Pond water supply. At present, the dam serves only conservational purpose.

h. <u>Design and Construction History</u>. The dam was designed by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers, of Boston, Massachusetts in 1934. Construction began late in the same year by the O. W. Miller Company, Inc. of Springfield, Massachusetts, and work was completed in 1935. The design plans indicate the concrete dam is reinforced and built on ledge. Design plans and specifications are on file at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. a copy of the record drawings was obtained from Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers. No in-depth design calculations were available.

i. <u>Normal Operating Procedures</u>. The dam was originally constructed to provide a primary water supply for the Town of Hinsdale, but has since been abandoned for that purpose. As a result of this fact, as well as the fact that the dam is remotely located and can only be reached after a half mile hike or with a four wheel drive vehicle (weather conditions permitting), the dam is rarely examined by the owner. There are no normal operating procedures.

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1.3 Pertinent Data

a. <u>Drainage Area.</u> The drainage area above Kilburn Pond Dam covers approximately 1.65 square miles (nearly 1,060 acres), consisting of steeply sloping terrain surrounding Kilburn Pond, as well as Baker Pond and a relatively large swampy area which are located upstream from Kilburn Pond. The topography in the drainage basin ranges from 1,416 feet (NGVD) on top of Davis Hill to 1,029.5 feet (NGVD) at the base of the dam. The drainage basin is heavily wooded and almost completely undeveloped, since it is located almost entirely within Pisgah State Park.

b. <u>Discharge at Damsite</u>. Discharge at the damsite occurs over the two 13 feet long portions of the ogee-shaped overflow section. A 6 inch and an 18 inch diameter sluice gate are located in the gate house structure. The sluice gate openings were blocked at the time of inspection but, when operable, would allow the pond to be lowered to an elevation of 1,031.0 feet.

(1) The capacity of the sluice gates was estimated to be 34 cfs with the water surface at the top of dam (Elev. 1,044.75 feet) and 35 cfs with the water surface at the test flood elevation (Elev. 1,045.2 feet).

(2) Maximum known flood at damsite - unknown

(3) The ungated spillway capacity with the water surface at the top of the dam (Elev. 1,044.75 feet) was estimated to be 1,020 cfs.

(4) The ungated spillway capacity with the water surface at the test flood elevation (Elev. 1,045.2 feet) was estimated to be 1,190 cfs.

(5) Gated spillway capacity at normal pool elevation - N/A

(6) Gated spillway capacity at test flood elevation - N/A

(7) The total spillway capacity at the test flood elevation (Elev. 1,045.2 feet) was estimated to be 1,190 cfs.

(8) The total project discharge at the top of the dam (Elev. 1,044.75 feet) was estimated to be 1,075 cfs (with the sluice gates closed) and 1,110 cfs (with the sluice gates open).

(9) The total project discharge at the test flood elevation (Elev. 1,045.2 feet) was estimated to be 1,320 cfs.

c. <u>Elevation</u> (feet, NGVD). These elevations are based on datum information from design plans obtained from Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers, Boston, Massa-chusetts.

(1) Streambed at toe of dam -1,029.5

(2) Bottom of cutoff-varies - 1,025.0 (minimum)

(3) Maximum tailwater - unknown

| (4) Norma | l pool | - 3 | 1,040 |
|-----------|--------|-----|-------|
|-----------|--------|-----|-------|

- (5) Full flood control pool ~ N/A
- (6) Spillway crest 1,040.0

(7) Design surcharge (Original Design) - 1,043.0+ (referred to as maximum high water)

- (8) Top of dam 1,044.75
- (9) Test flood surcharge 1,045.2
- d. Reservoir (length in feet)
 - (1) Normal pool 3,600
 - (2) Flood control pool N/A
 - (3) Spillway crest pool 3,600
 - (4) Top of dam 4,100
 - (5) Test flood pool 4,120

e. Storage (acre-feet)

- (1) Normal pool 259
- (2) Flood control pool N/A
- (3) Spillway crest pool 259
- (4) Top of dam 461
- (5) Test flood pool 483
- f. Reservoir Surface (acres)
 - (1) Normal pool 37
 - (2) Flood control pool N/A
 - (3) Spillway crest 37
 - (4) Test flood pool 49
 - (5) Top of dam 48.5
- g. <u>Dam</u>
 - (1) Type concrete gravity structure with ogee-shaped overflow section

- (2) Length 35 feet (between abutments)
- (3) Height 15 feet (maximum)

(4) Top Width - varies (4'-6" at training walls and gate house, 3'-0" at overflow section)

(5) Side Slopes - upstream (12V to 1H), downstream (ogee shaped, 1V

to 1H)

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- (6) Zoning N/A
- (7) Impervious core concrete
- (8) Cutoff concrete curtain, variable width and thickness
- (9) Grout curtain unknown
- (10) Other none
- h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel

Not applicable

i. Spillway

- (1) Type overflow section, ogee-shaped
- (2) Length of weir 26 feet (two 13 feet sections)
- (3) Crest elevation 1,040.0
- (4) Gates N/A

(5) U/S Channel - The banks of Kilburn Pond are tree lined and many bedrock outcroppings are evident. In general, the slopes appear to be stable. The approach channel to the overflow section is unobstructed, except that the sluice gate openings were blocked with sediment. A sample of the debris clogging the sluice gate openings indicated that the material was an unsorted mixture of silt, sand, and gravel.

(6) D/S Channel - The overflow section discharges into a natural stream channel which is approximately 10 feet wide. Below the dam, the channel is rocky and has steeply sloping, tree lined banks until it enters a swampy area approximately 2,300 feet below the dam. The channel becomes wider as it passes through the swampy area, but again narrows as it descends from the swampy area to Route 63.

- j. Regulating Outlets
 - (1) Invert 6 inch sluice gate 1,033.5 18 inch sluice gate - 1,031.0

(2) Size - one 6 inch sluice gate and one 18 inch sluice gate

(3) Description - The sluice gates open into a gate chamber that outlets through a 24 inch diameter conduit which discharges at the toe of the dam through a flap gate.

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(4) Control Mechanism - Sluice gates are manually operated with hand wheels which are mounted on floor stands that are located in the gate house structure.

SECTION 2 ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

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A set of design plans dated 1934 showing plan, elevation and section for construction of the dam are available at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. A set of specifications dated 1934 and a series of material test reports dating between 1934 and 1935 are also on file at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board. A set of record plans were obtained from Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers, Boston, Massachusetts.

2.2 Construction

Construction of the dam was begun in 1934 and completed in 1935 by the O. W. Miller Company, Inc., Springfield, Massachusetts.

2.3 Operation

No engineering operational data were found.

2.4 Evaluation

a. <u>Availability</u>. The Kilburn Pond Dam was designed by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers, Boston, Massachusetts and built by O. W. Miller Company, Inc., Springfield, Massachusetts. Other than the design plans, specifications, material test reports and record drawings, no additional engineering data were found.

b. <u>Adequacy</u>. Available engineering data and drawings are considered adequate for a Phase I investigation.

c. <u>Validity</u>. The field investigation indicated that the external features of Kilburn Pond Dam substantially agree with those shown on the record drawings.

SECTION 3 VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. <u>General</u>. Kilburn Pond Dam impounds a pond of small size (see Photo No. 1). The drainage area above the dam consists of steeply sloped terrain surrounding Kilburn Pond, as well as Baker Pond and a relatively large swampy area which are located upstream from Kilburn Pond. The majority of the basin is heavily wooded and almost completely undeveloped. The immediate downstream channel is undeveloped.

The field inspection of Kilburn Pond Dam was made on May 6, 1980. The inspection team consisted of personnel from S E A Consultants Inc. and Geotechnical Engineers, Inc. Inspection checklists, completed during the visual inspection, are included in Appendix A. At the time of inspection, water was passing approximately 1/4 inch deep over the 26 feet long overflow section. The pool elevation was at approximately 1040.0 feet (NGVD). The upstream face of the dam could only be inspected above this water level.

ь. Dam. Kilburn Pond Dam is a concrete gravity structure consisting of an overflow section and gate house structure and is approximately 35 feet long between the ledge abutments (see Plans and Details in Appendix B and Photo No. 2). The dam is approximately 15 feet high from the lowest point of the downstream toe to the top of the overflow section training walls. The overflow section consists of two 13 feet long sections located between 4 feet high concrete training walls. The upstream face of the concrete overflow section is battered at 12 feet vertical to 1 foot horizontal (12V:1H). The downstream face is ogee-shaped and is inclined at 1 foot vertical to 1 foot horizontal (1V:1H) (See Photo No. 7). The overflow section has a maximum height of approximately 11 feet from its crest to the bottom of the channel. The concrete on the downstream face of the overflow section weir exhibited medium scaling (see Photo No. 9). The upstream face of the overflow section was submerged and could not be inspected. The concrete training walls are in good condition except for scaling at the intersection with the overflow section.

The dam appears to be founded on bedrock (see Plans and Details in Appendix B). Both abutments are bedrock (see Photo Nos. 2, 3 and 4). No evidence of leakage through the abutments was observed. Water was flowing over the dam at the time of the inspection, so it was not possible to observe whether any leakage was occurring through the foundation of the dam.

c. <u>Appurtenant Structures</u>. The gate house is located between the left training wall of the overflow section and left abutment and encloses the control mechanisms for a 6 inch and an 18 inch diameter sluice gate (see Photo Nos. 2 and 5). These gates open into a gate chamber that outlets through a 24 inch diameter conduit which discharges at the toe of the dam through a flap gate. At the time of the inspection, the indicator on the floor stand operator for the 6

3-1

inch gate showed that the gate was completely open, while the indicator for the 18 inch gate showed that this gate was about half way open. Despite this, there was only a small amount of leakage through the 6 inch gate and no flow at all through the 18 inch gate. Further investigation revealed that there was a mixture of unsorted silt, sand and gravel against the upstream side of the gate structure up to about Elevation 1035.75, completely blocking the entrance to the two gated discharge pipes. The 18 inch gate was operable at the time of inspection, but the 6 inch gate was not. The floor stands were both rusted (see Photo No. 5).

In general, the gate house building was in good condition, although the entrance door had been vandalized and could no longer be lock (see Photo No. 5). The exterior steel face of the door was rusted (see Photo No. 6) and the wooden structure of the door was extensively damaged. There was minor scaling of the concrete on the upstream face of the gate house at the water surface (see Photo No. 6). The interior of the gate house was cluttered with debris apparently left by intruders. The gratings leading to the gate chamber in the lower portion of the gate house structure were extensively rusted, as were the cast in place manhole steps. The flap gate which is located in the downstream face of the gate house structure could not be examined since it was submerged and blocked with debris (see Photo No. 8).

A service bridge extends across the overflow section from the right abutment to the gate house doorway (see Photo Nos. 3 and 4). Each span of the service bridge is constructed of two 7 inch by 2 inch steel channels, covered with a wood deck consisting of 2 inch thick by 6 inch wide by 44 inch long wood planks (see Photo Nos. 4 and 6). Steel pads have been welded to the steel channels and bolted to the overflow section training walls and the center supporting pier. The bolt through one of the eight steel pads is not seated. The head is up approximately 1 inch, but it appears to provide adequate lateral support. There are steel cross braces between the channels under the deck. These braces, as well as the steel channel and pads, are rusted, but it appears that there is no serious structural corrosion (see Photo No. 6). A 2 inch diameter tubular steel railing is attached to the upstream side of the bridge, and is badly rusted (see Photo Nos. 4, 5 and 6). The entire bridge is badly in need of paint (see Photo No. 4).

d. <u>Reservoir Area.</u> The slopes of the reservoir appear to be stable (see Photo No. 1). No evidence of significant sedimentation was observed. The material which blocks the entrance to the gated discharge pipes may be the result of sedimentation, but appears more likely to have been placed there. The approach channel to the dam is otherwise clear and unobstructed (see Photo No. 2).

e. <u>Downstream Channel</u>. The bottom of the channel downstream of the dam consists primarily of bedrock and boulders. Trees overhang both sides of the channel, and some trees are growing in the channel (see Photo No. 10). Cut brush and small logs, which have apparently been carried over the crest of the dam by water discharging from the reservoir, have accumulated in the channel close to the dam (see Photo Nos. 7 and 8).

3.2 Evaluation

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On the basis of the results of the visual inspection, Kilburn Pond Dam is considered to be in generally good condition.

Brush and small logs partially block the channel immediately downstream of the dam. This debris also blocks the flap gate which outlets at the downstream face of the gate house structure and will not allow this gate to operate properly. Trees growing on both banks of the downstream channel could block the channel if they blow over or are undermined and fall over into the channel.

The scaling of the concrete on the upstream face of the gate house structure, on the downstream face of the overflow section, and at the intersection of the overflow section and the training walls, although not a major problem at present, could continue and lead to serious deterioration of these structures.

The debris clogging the sluice gates does not allow these gates to be used to discharge water from the pond. Consequently, under present conditions there is no means for low-level withdrawal of water from the pond. The 6-inch gate was in a full open position and was inoperable at the time of inspection. The 18-inch gate was half open and was operable. However, the rusting condition of the gate operators could, if left unattended, also make the 18-inch gate inoperable.

The condition of the gate house doorway does not allow it to be locked and, thereby, keep intruders out of the gate house.

The rusting condition of the steel portions of the service bridge, although not a major problem at present, could lead to serious deterioration of the bridge. The lack of a railing on the downstream side of the service bridge could be a safety hazard.

SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 Operational Procedures

a. <u>General.</u> Kilburn Pond Dam is used primarily to create Kilburn Pond. There are no written or routine operational procedures.

b. <u>Description of any Warning Systems in Effect</u>. No written warning system exists for the dam.

4.2 Maintenance Procedures

a. <u>General.</u> The owner, the Town of Hinsdale, is responsible for the maintenance of the dam. No formal plan for maintenance exists, and no maintenance appears to have been performed recently.

b. <u>Operating Facilities</u>. No formal plan for maintenance of operating facilities exists.

4.3 Evaluation

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The current operation and maintenance procedures for Kilburn Pond Dam are inadequate to ensure that all problems encountered can be remedied within a reasonable period of time. The owners should establish a written operation and maintenance procedure, as well as establish a warning system to follow in event of flood flow conditions or imminent dam failure.

SECTION 5 EVALUATION OF HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC FEATURES

5.1 <u>General.</u> Kilburn Pond Dam is a concrete gravity structure consisting of an overflow section and gate house structure and is approximately 35 feet long between the ledge abutments. The dam is approximately 15 feet high from the lowest point of the downstream toe to the top of the overflow section training walls. The overflow section consists of two 13 feet long sections located between concrete training walls. The entire overflow section consists of an ogee-shaped weir with crest elevation set at 1040.0 feet (NGVD). Located in the gate house structure are two sluice gates. The gates are 6 inches and 18 inches in diameter, with invert elevations of 1033.5 and 1031.0, respectively.

Located upstream from Kilburn Pond are Baker Pond and a relatively large swampy area. Consequently, a large portion of the runoff from the watershed is intercepted by Baker Pond and the swampy area before flowing into Kilburn Pond. The dam is classified as small in size, having a maximum storage of about 461 acre-feet.

5.2 <u>Design Data</u>. Drainage area, pond surface area, and spillway capacity calculations which appear to be design calculations were found attached to a report in the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board files (see Appendix B).

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5.3 Experience Data. No experience data were disclosed. Maximum flood flows or elevations are unknown.

5.4 <u>Test Flood Analysis</u>. Due to the absence of detailed design and operational information, this hydrologic evaluation was performed utilizing data gathered during field inspection, watershed size and an estimated test flood determined from the Corps of Engineers guide curves. For this dam (small size and significant hazard), the test flood ranges from the 100-year flood to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF). The 1/2 PMF was selected for this hydrologic analysis. The drainage area consists of steeply sloping terrain. However, the "rolling" curve, from the Corps of Engineers set of guide curves, was used to estimate the maximum probable flood peak flow rate, in order to account for the presence of Baker Pond and the large swampy area which are located upstream from Kilburn Pond.

Based on an estimated maximum probable flood peak flow rate of 2,200 cfs per square mile and a drainage area of 1.65 square miles, the test flood inflow was estimated to be 1,820 cfs. The test flood was routed through the pond in accordance with the Corps of Engineers procedure for Estimating Effect of Surcharge Storage on Maximum Probable Discharge. The reservoir water surface was assumed to be at elevation 1040.0 prior to the flood routing. The routed test flood outflow was estimated to be 1,320 cfs. This analysis indicated that the dam crest would be overtopped by approximately 0.5 feet. The maximum spillway capacity with the water level at the dam crest was estimated to be 1,020 cfs, which is about 77 percent of the routed test flood outflow. The spillway is capable of passing the routed test flood outflow from a 100-year storm event. The test flood inflow for the 100-year storm event was estimated to be 910 cfs, with a routed test flood outflow of 595 cfs.

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5.5 <u>Dam Failure Analysis</u>. The impact of dam failure was assessed utilizing the "Rule of Thumb" Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs published by the Corps of Engineers. The analysis covered a reach extending approximately 1.8 miles downstream to NH Route 63. The prefailure discharge with the water surface at the dam crest is significant, so prefailure tailwater conditions were included in the calculations and the dam failure analysis was conducted with the water surface at the dam crest. Under these conditions, it was determined that the routed dam failure discharge would significantly increase the hazard over the prefailure discharge tailwater. Based on this analysis, the dam has been classified as a significant hazard structure.

A breach width of 13.2 feet, which is 40 percent of the total length of the dam, and an average failure height of about 14 feet were used to determine the failure discharge. This discharge, combined with flow over the unfailed portion of the spillway, yielded a total failure discharge of 1,940 cfs. Discharge just prior to an assumed breach was estimated to be about 1,020 cfs. The failure discharge would have little impact along the first three stream reaches (first 1.78 miles below the dam) since this portion of the channel is completely undeveloped. The major point of impact of an assumed breach would occur near NH Route 63.

In stream reach 4, the routed failure discharge of 1,720 cfs would result in a stage of about 5.7 feet, which is 2.2 feet more than the stage associated with the prefailure discharge. This increase in stage would cause the dam located approximately 300 feet upstream from New Hampshire Route 63 at an abandoned filtration plant to be overtopped by approximately 1.7 feet. This could compromise the structural integrity of this earthen embankment structure. In stream reach 5, the routed failure discharge of 1,710 cfs would result in a stage of about 11.0 feet, which is 2.6 feet more than the stage associated with the prefailure discharge. The capacity of the culvert beneath NH Route 63 would not be adequate for the failure discharge. Consequently, Route 63 would be overtopped by about 2.5 feet, and the road culvert could be washed out. Water would also rise to nearly 1 foot above the sill level of the house located near the Route 63 road culvert. The potential for loss of less than a few lives would exist, as well as economic loss.

SECTION 6 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Visual Observations

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The visual inspection indicates the following potential structural problems:

- (1) The scaling of concrete on the upstream face of the gate house structure, on the downstream face of the overflow section and at the intersection of the overflow section and the training walls, although not a major problem at present, could continue and lead to serious deterioration of these structures
- (2) The rusting condition of the steel work associated with the service bridge, if left unattended, could lead to the failure of this structure

Because the pond was filled at the time of inspection, it was not possible to examine the upstream face of the dam or gate house below the surface of the water.

Because water was flowing over the dam and because there was considerable debris at the downstream toe of the dam, it was not possible to examine the downstream face of the dam at close-hand.

Because tailwater was standing at the downstream toe of the dam and because of the debris at the toe of the dam, it was not possible to examine the flap gate at close hand.

6.2 Design and Construction Data

The dam was designed by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers, of Boston, Massachusetts in 1934. Construction began late in the same year by the O. W. Miller Company, Inc., of Springfield, Massachusetts, and work was completed in 1935. The design plans indicate the concrete dam is reinforced and built on ledge.

The plans show two features which are important but could not be examined:

- (1) Keyways at bottom of dam and gate house structure and at the intersection of ledge abutments with the overflow section and the gate house structure
- (2) Conduit extending from gate chamber to the downstream toe of dam

6.3 Post-Constiluction Changes

There is no record of changes since the construction of the dam.

6.4 Seismic Stability

This dam is located in Seismic Zone 2 and, in accordance with the Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic analysis.

SECTION 7 ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

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a. <u>Condition</u>. The visual examination indicates that Kilburn Pond Dam is in generally good condition. The main concern with respect to the integrity of the dam is:

(1) Lack of a functioning low level regulating outlet that would allow drawdown of the pond in an emergency

Because of this lack of a functioning low-level regulating outlet, the dam has been rated FAIR.

b. <u>Adequacy of Information</u>. Because water was flowing over the concrete section of the dam at the time of the inspection and because of the debris at the downstream toe of the dam, it was not possible to inspect at close hand the downstream face of the dam or the flap gate located on the downstream face of the gate house structure. These features should be inspected at a time when no water is flowing over the dam.

The information available from the visual inspection and hydrologic and hydraulic analyses is adequate to identify the problems listed in 7.2. These problems will require the attention of a qualified registered professional engineer who will have to make additional engineering studies to design or specify remedial measures. No additional information is needed for the purpose of this Phase I inspection.

c. <u>Urgency</u>. The owner should implement the recommendations in 7.2 and 7.3 within one year after receipt of this Phase I report.

7.2 Recommendations

The owner should retain a registered professional engineer qualified in the design and construction of dams to:

- (1) Investigate the source of the debris blocking the low level outlets and the inoperability of the gate lifting mechanism and design remedial measures to keep these outlets operable.
- (2) Inspect the downstream face of the dam and the flap gate once the debris has been removed from the discharge channel.

The owner should carry out the recommendations made by the engineer.

- 7.3 Remedial Measures
 - a. Operating and Maintenance Procedures. The owner should:
 - (1) Repair all scaled concrete on the upstream face of the gate house structure, the downstream face of the overflow section and the training walls
 - (2) Repair or replace the gate house door in order to keep intruders out

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- (3) Remove loose rust and repaint the service bridge and other rusted equipment
- (4) Remove brush and debris from the discharge channel
- (5) Establish a regular operation and maintenance program
- (6) Visually inspect the dam and appurtenant structures once a month
- (7) Engage a registered professional engineer qualified in the design and construction of dams to make a comprehensive technical inspection of the dam once every one year.
- (8) Establish a surveillance program for use during and immediately after periods of heavy rainfall, establish written procedures to be followed during flooding periods, and also establish a formal downstream warning program to follow in case of emergency.

7.4 Alternatives

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There are no practical alternatives to the recommendations of Section 7.2 and 7.3.

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APPENDIX A INSPECTION CHECKLIST

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INSPECTION CHECK LIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

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| PRO | JECT: Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE: May 6, 1980 | |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------|
| | | TIME: 12:10 p.m. | |
| | | WEATHER: Clear, warm | |
| | | W.S. ELEV. 1040.0 U.S. 1032. | 5 DN.S |
| | | (NGVD) | |
| PAR | TY: | | |
| 1. | Kenneth Stewart, S E A | 6 | |
| 2. | Bruce Pierstorff, S E A | 7 | |
| 3. | Ronald Hirschfeld, GEI | 8 | |
| 4. | · | 9 | |
| 5. | | 10 | |

| PRO | ECT FEATURE | | | INSPE | CTED | BY | REMA | RKS |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|-----|
| | tability | | ····· | Kennet | h Stewa | art | | |
| <u>Hydrology/Hy</u> | draulics | | | Bruce | Piersto | orff | | |
| Soils and Ge | ology | | | Ronald | Hirsch | nfeld | | |
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| DATE: May 6, 1980 NAME: |
|---|
| NAME: NAME: CONDITIONS 1040.0 1040.0 Unknown |
| NAME: CONDITIONS 1040.0 1040.0 Unknown |
| CONDITIONS 1040.0 1040.0 Unknown |
| 1040.0 1040.0 Unknown |
| 1040.0 1040.0 Unknown |
| 1040.0 Unknown |
| Unknown |
| |
| None observed |
| Not paved |
| None observed |
| None observed |
| Good |
| Good |
| Good - Concrete structure keyed to ledge |
| None observed |
| N/A |
| N/A |
| N/A |
| N/A |
| None observed |
| None observed |
| N/A |
| N/A |
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| INSPECTION | CHECK LIST |
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| PROJECT: Pond_Dam | DATE:May 6, 1980 |
| PROJECT FEATURE: Dike Embankment | NAME: |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: |
| | |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS |
| DIKE EMBANKMENT | No dike |
| Crest Elevation | |
| Current Pool Elevation | |
| Maximum Impoundment to Date | |
| Surface Cracks | |
| Pavement Condition | |
| Movement or Settlement of Crest | |
| Lateral Movement | |
| Vertical Alignment | |
| Horizontal Alignment | |
| Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures | |
| Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes | |
| Trespassing on Slopes | |
| Vegetation on Slopes | |
| Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments | |
| Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures | |
| Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes | |
| Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage | |
| Piping or Boils | |
| Foundation Drainage Features | |
| Toe Drains | |
| Instrumentation System | |
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| INSPECTION | CHECK LIDI |
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| PROJECT:Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE: May 6, 1980 |
| PROJECT FEATURE: Intake Channel | NAME: |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: |
| | |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS |
| OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE | |
| a. Approach Channel | |
| Slope Conditions | Good - ledge |
| Bottom Conditions | Sedimentation to Elev. 1035.75 - both gates blocked |
| Rock Slides or Falls | None |
| Log Boom | None |
| Debris | None |
| Condition of Concrete Lining | Not applicable |
| Drains or Weep Holes | None |
| b. Intake Structure | |
| Condition of Concrete | Good |
| Stop Logs and Slots | None |
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| INSPECTIO | IN CHECK LIST |
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| PROJECT: Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE:May 6, 1980 |
| PROJECT FEATURE: Control Tower | NAME: |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS |
| OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER | |
| a. Concrete and Structural | |
| General Condition | Good |
| Condition of Joints | Good |
| Spalling | Minor scaling at upstream water surface |
| Visible Reinforcing | None |
| Rusting or Staining of Concrete | Minor |
| Any Seepage or Efflorescence | None visible |
| Joint Alignment | Good |
| Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber | None |
| Cracks | None |
| Rusting or Corrosion of Steel | Gratings to well rusted |
| b. Mechanical and Electrical | |
| Air Vents | None |
| Float Wells | None |
| Crane Hoist | None |
| Elevator | None |
| Hydraulic System | None |
| Service Gates, Emergency Gates | 6" dia gate open full, 18" dia gate opened half -both gates blocked by sedimentation -minor flow through 6" dia gate - gate contro mechanism extensively corroded; 18" dia gate operable, 6" dia gate inoperable |
| Lightning Protection System | None |
| Emergency Power System | None |
| wiring and Lighting System | None |

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| INSPECTION CHECK LIST | | | | | |
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| PROJECT:Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE: May 6, 1980 | | | | |
| PROJECT FEATURE: Transition and Conduit | NAME: | | | | |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: | | | | |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS | | | | |
| OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT | 24-inch diameter conduit submerged; could not inspect | | | | |
| General Condition of Concrete | | | | | |
| Rust or Staining on Concrete | | | | | |
| Spalling | | | | | |
| Erosion or Cavitation | | | | | |
| Cracking | | | | | |
| Alignment of Monoliths | | | | | |
| Alignment of Joints | | | | | |
| Numbering of Monoliths | | | | | |
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| PROJECT: Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE: May 6, 1930 |
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| PROJECT FEATURE: Outlet Structure | NAME: |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: |
| | |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS |
| OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL | 24-inch flap gate submerged; could not inspect |
| General Condition of Concrete | |
| Rust or Staining | |
| Spalling | |
| Erosion or Cavitation | |
| Visible Reinforcing | |
| Any Seepage or Efflorescence | |
| Condition at Joints | |
| Drain Holes | None |
| Channel | |
| Loose Rock or Trees Overhanging Channel | Many trees overhanging channel |
| Condition of Discharge Channel | Brush and logs in channel |
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| PROJECT: Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE: May 6, 1980 | | | | |
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| PROJECT FEATURE:Spillway Weir | NAME: | | | | |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: | | | | |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS | | | | |
| OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS | | | | | |
| a. Approach Channel | | | | | |
| General Conditions | Good | | | | |
| Loose Rock Overhanging Channel | None | | | | |
| Trees Overhanging Channel | None | | | | |
| Floor of Approach Channel | Good; appears to be bedrock | | | | |
| b. Weir and Training Walls | | | | | |
| General Condition of Concrete | Fair to good | | | | |
| Rust or Staining | Not Visible | | | | |
| Spalling | Medium scaling on spillway weir and at inter- section of training walls | | | | |
| Any Visible Reinforcing | None | | | | |
| Any Seepage or Efflorescence | None visible | | | | |
| Drain Holes | None | | | | |
| c. Discharge Channel | | | | | |
| General Condition | Fair | | | | |
| Loose Rock Overhanging Channel | Some | | | | |
| Trees Overhanging Channel | Many | | | | |
| Floor of Channel | Bedrock and boulders | | | | |
| Other Obstructions | Collected brush at foot of spillway | | | | |
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| INSPECTIO | ON CHECK LIST | |
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| ROJECT: Kilburn Pond Dam | DATE: May 6, 1980 | |
| PROJECT FEATURE: <u>Service Bridge</u> | NAME: | |
| DISCIPLINE: | NAME: | |
| | | |
| AREA EVALUATED | CONDITIONS | |
| OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE | | |
| a. Super Structure | | |
| Bearings | Steel pads welded to channels and bolted to concrete; pads are rusted | |
| Anchor Bolts | 1 bolt of 8 not seated; head up approximately 1 inch but appears to provide lateral support | |
| Bridge Seat | Concrete - good condition | |
| Longitudinal Members | 7" x 2" steel channels, 2 each span; rusted but no serious corrosion | |
| Under Side of Deck | See secondary bracing | |
| Secondary Bracing | Steel cross braces between channels unde deck | |
| Deck | 2" x 6" wood plank | |
| Drainage System | None | |
| Railings | 2" diameter tubular steel railing, upstream side only, badly rusted | |
| Expansion Joints | No expansion joints | |
| Paint | Entire service bridge badly in need of paint | |
| o. Abutment & Piers | | |
| General Condition of Concrete | Good | |
| Alignment of Abutment | Good | |
| Approach to Bridge | Ledge | |
| Condition of Seat & Backwall | Good | |
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APPENDIX B

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ENGINEERING DATA

AVAILABLE ENGINEERING DATA

A set of design plans dated 1934 showing plan, elevation and section for construction of Kilburn Pond Dam, with a set of specifications dated 1934 and a series of material test reports dating between 1934 and 1935 are available at the State of New Hampshire Water Resources Board, 37 Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301. A set of record plans were obtained from Metcalf and Eddy, Inc., Engineers, 50 Staniford Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02114.

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PAST INSPECTION REPORTS

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State of New Hampshire

WATER RESOURCES BOARD 37 Pleasant Street

Concord, N.H. 03301

TELEPHONE 271-3420

November 13, 1979

Commissioner George T. Gilman Dept. of Resources & Economic Development Parks Division Loudon Road Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Dear Commissioner Gilman:

Under the provisions of RSA Chapter 482, Sections 8 through 15, the New Hampshire Water Resources Board is authorized to inspect all dams in the State which by reason of their physical condition, height, and location may be a menace to public safety.

The dam structure (No. 255.09) located on your property in Kilburn Pond in Pisgah S. P., New Hampshire was inspected on <u>November 8, 1979</u> and as a result of this inspection no visual discrepancies were found at the time of the inspection which would require any corrective measures.

This letter is provided for your information only. If you have any questions, please feel free to call or write.

Sincerely, .

George Wis Such

George I McGee, Sr., Chairman

GMM:paf

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cc: Board of Selectmen,

NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER RESOURCES BOARD

INSPECTION REPORT

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| iling Addr | ess: | (<u>+</u> | < | 11565 | • •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• |
| x. Height | of Dam: /==== | TO CREST POR | d Area: | | Length of Dam: 35' |
| UNDATION: | LEDGE | GOOD CON | DITION | | |
| | | | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | · ···································· |
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| TLET WORKS | • | | | | |
| <u>Indi kokko</u> | OGEE | SPILL WAY | 26'LONG | | |
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| <u>010101815</u> : | <u>LEVGE</u> | | | | |
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| BANKMENT: | LEDGE | | | | |
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| | - 2 - | Dam No. <u>255.09</u> |
|--|---|--|
| PILLWAY: Length: EEPAGE: Location, es | <u>26'</u> Freebo DAM timated quantity, etc. So F | Ard: <u>4.75 TO TOP OF CATUAL</u> IS CONC GRAVITY ON LEDGE REEBOARD IS ACTUALLY INFINATE |
| NONE | OBSERVER | |
| · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| nanges Since Construct | ion or Last Inspection: | |
| | | |
| ail Water Conditions: <u>MOUN</u> T | AIN BROOK | |
| overall Condition of Dat | n: <u>GOOP</u> | |
| Date of Inspection: <u>///</u> llass of Dam: <i>\ わん) - M</i> | 7/79 Sugges | ted Reinspection Date |
| SMALL DAM, | VERY REMOTE Sign | ature Kenneth Stern |
| | Date | |

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Note: Give Sizing, Condition and detailed description for each item, if applicable. $$\rm B-5$$

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Dun No. 255,09 -3-COMMENTS: NO VISUAL PISCREPANCIES . . L • L . -•• B-6 . ٠.

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Dam No. 255.09

SKETCH OF DAM

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(Show Plan, Elevation & Cross Sections)



ELEUATION



SECTION

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NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER CONTROL COMMISSION DATA ON DAMS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

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B&D21284

| LOCATION | STATE NO |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Town Winchester | :: County Cneshire |
| Stream <u>Kilburn on</u> | <u>d</u> |
| Basin-Primary <u>Conn.R.</u> | :: Secondary Kilburn Br. Ashuelot R. |
| Local Name | |
| Coordinates—Lat | :: Long. |
| GENERAL DATA | |
| Drainage area: ControlledSq. | Mi.: Uncontrolled |
| Overall length of dam | e of Construction <u>1935</u> |
| Height: Stream bed to highest elev1 | 5 ft.: Max. Structure10.25 / ft. |
| Cost—Dam | : Reservoir |
| DESCRIPTION Concrete .Ogee fac | e / |
| Waste Gates | |
| Туре | |
| Number: Size | ft. high x ft. wide |
| Elevation Invert | sq. ft |
| Hoist | |
| Waste Gates Conduit Number | Materials |
| Embankment | |
| Туре | |
| Height—Max. | ft.: Min ft |
| TopWidth | ft |
| Slopes—Upstream | : Downstream |
| Length-Bight of Spillway | : Left of Spillway |
| Spillway | |
| Materials of Construction | crete |
| Length-Total 2bays@13'= 26! | |
| Height of permanent section-Max. | 10.25.ft.: Min. |
| FlashboardsType | tteight |
| Elevation-Permanent Crest | 40: Top of Flashboard |
| Flood Canacity | cfs : |
| Abutments | |
| Materials: | |
| Freeboard: Max. 4.75 | ft.: Min |
| Headworks to Power Devel(See "D | pata on Power Development") |
| OWNER Hinsdale Water Wor | rks |
| PEMAPKE (To be inspected |) |
| REMARNS | , , |
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| Tabulation By RLT | Date 9/27/39 |

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PLANS AND DETAILS

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APPENDIX C

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SELECTED PHOTOGRAPHS





Photo No. 1 - General view of lake from dam.

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Photo No. 2 - General view of dam from lake.



Photo No. 5 - Close-up of gate house.



Photo No. 6 - Close-up view of upstream face of gate house.



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Photo No. 9 - Close-up of scaling at intersection of downstream face of spillway and training wall.



Photo No. 10 - Downstream channel from toe of dam.



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HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS



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SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS BOSTON , MASS. Rochester, N.H.

| CLIENT_ | Penn | COFIS | 2= | FILSWEERS |
|---------|--------|---------|------|-----------|
| PROJEC | T KILE | IFIL FO | 12 2 | DANI |
| DETAIL | 74583 | : 27:12 | C.A. | <u> </u> |

JOB NO. 274-779) PAGE 1 25 7-3 COMPTO. BY 145 DATE 117 -) CK'D. BY BUP DATE 55 50

T. SASIC DATA

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A. DRAINAGE AREA

- 1. 1.65 SQ. MILES FRYM CALOS SATED STEP: SHELLED BY PLANIMETERING ON J.S.S.S. SHEET
- 2. DRAINAGE AREA NOULD SE CLASSIFIED AS NOWITH NOUS. BUT USE FOLLING CURVE FOR ESTIMATING MARE TO ACCOUNT FOR BAKER FOND AND SIGNIFICANT SWAMES AREAS IN DRAINAGE SASIN.

B. DAM AND STORAGE INFORMATION

1. SIZE CLASSIFICATION : SMALL SASED ON STORAGE (250 AND < 1,000 FORE-FEET)

> AS INDICATED SELOW, STORAGE AT CREST OF DAM ESTIMATED TO SE 461 ACRE-FEET

2. HAZARD BITENTIAL : SIGN = CANT

MAY MOACT THE HOUSE AND STATE SOME SE &

3. STOPAGE INFORMATION

| DESSR. STIVE INFORMATION | ELEVATION, FEE- (NSID) | SIRFACE ASEA (ACRES) | STORANE Fore-feet) | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1050 CONTUR | 1050.0 | 60.0 | 744 | |
| 1045 CONTOUR | 1045.0 | +3.5 | 473 | |
| orest of DAM | 10-4.75 | 47.9 | 401 | |
| SPILLWAY OFEST | 1949.9 | 37.07* | 153 | |
| 235 - 23NTE 19 | 1035.0 | 25.50 | | |
| WATTR SUPPACE (AUS. 1954) | 1052.5 | 29.46 × | _ | |
| APPROX, CAD STOP 2 DAM | 252.0 | , + | 5 | |
| TEST FLOOD | .045.2 B. | 2 | 493 | |

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS BOSTON , MASS. Rochester, N.H.

| CLIENT APPLY COFOS OF ENSINEERS | JOB NO. 27720 | PAGE | <u> </u> |
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| PROJECT KLAJAN FOND DAM | COMPTO. BY KMS | DATE | 5/2:30 |
| DETAIL - SPOLOSIC CALOS | CK'O. BY | DATE | 515190 |

NOTES (1) SUPPACE APEAS NOICHTED SY (*) APE FROM CALCS DATED 12/5/3+ (2) SURFACE AREA @ 10+5 CONTOUR DETERMINED SY FLANIMETERING METCALF & EDDN FLAN DATED SEFT. 133+; OTHER SURFACE AREAS BY INTERPOLATION & FROJECTION

C. SPILLWAY INFORMATION

- 1. FERMANENT SPILLWAY CONSISTS OF A 26.0 FEET LONG OGEE-CRESTED WEIR; SPILLWAY CREST ELEV. = 1040.0
- 2. DISCHARGE OVER SPILLWAY GIVEN BY BROAD-CRESTED WEIR EQUATION

Q = CLH 3/2 (STANDARD HANDSOOK FOR CE'S, MERRITT)

WHERE: Q = DISCHARGE, CFS L = WEIR LENGTH, feet H = HEAD ABOVE CREST, feet C = DISCHARGE COEFF. - NIMERICALLY DEFINED SY FIG. 21-67 IN MERRIT'S TEXT

I. ESTIMATE EFFECT OF SURCHARGE STORAGE ON MAXMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGE

A. DEVELOP STAGE-DISCHARGE CURVE FOR DUTFLOW FROM DAM

1. DEFINE SOURCES OF OUTFLOW

- a. Discharge over spillway Aeove elev. 1040.0 -As defined above
- 2. DISCHARGE OVER ABUTMENTS AND OTHER LIN AFEAS ALONG DAM SASELINE (SEE FIGURE I) ABUTE ELEV. 1043.5 - USE BROAD-CRESTED WEIR EDIATION WITH C = 2.6

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SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS BOSTON , MASS. Rochester, N.H.

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| PROJECT KILSURN PSND DAM | COMPTO. BY KWS | DATE | 5/2:30 |
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2. DISCHARGE OVER SPILLWAY

| ELEVATION, feet (NGVD) | Ċ | (fee==) | ;+ (fee+) | Q (c+s) |
|---------------------------|------|---------|--------------|------------|
| 1040.0 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 1041.0 | 3.4 | 26 | 1 | 33 |
| 1042.0 | 3.6 | | 2 | 265 |
| 1043.0 | 3.65 | | 3 | 493 |
| 1044.0 | 3.75 | | 4 | 730 |
| 1045.0 | 3.85 | | 5 | 1120 |
| 10+6.0 | 3.9 | | 6 | 1430 |
| 1047.0 | 3.95 | | 7 | 1300 |
| 10+3.0 | 3.95 | | 3 | 2320 |
| 1043.0 | 3.95 | | 2 C | 2770 |
| 1050.0 | 3.95 | * | :0 | 5250 |

3. DISCHARGE AT LEFT ASITMENT (ABDIE ELEI. 1944.0)

| ELEVATION, Feet (NGVD) | C | | 2177 - (fee-) | (2≠s) |
|---------------------------|-----|----|------------------|-----------|
| 1044.0 | | | 0 | 0 |
| 075.0 | 2.6 | 3 | 2.5 | Ξ |
| 2-6.2 | | 6 | 1 | 10 |
| 1047.0 | | 9 | 1.5 | |
| 1043.0 | | .2 | 2 | 33 |
| 1049.0 | | 17 | 2.5 | |
| ,250.0 | ¥ | 22 | . 3 | 217 |

4. DISCHARGE AT LOW FOUNT 33 FEET EAST DE LEET REPORT

| ELEVATON). feet NSID) | 2 | <u>ب</u> | жер — Еврот | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------|----------------|------|
| 940.0 | 0 | 15 | 2.25 | |
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SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

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BOSTON , MASS. Rochester, N.H.

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| PROJECT SILEVEN FOND DAN | COMPTO BY VAS | DATE | === 32 |
| DETAIL HYDROLDGIC CALOS | Ск'р. Ву | DATE | 5/5/2 |

5. DISCHARGE AT LOW FOUNT 110 FEET EAST OF LEFT ABUTWENT

| ELEVATION, Feet (1515) | С | (feet) | ד, בתע (דפיב- | - ⊋ _(;3) |
|---------------------------|-----|--------|------------------|--------------|
| 10:00 | 2.5 | 20 | 2.25 | 7 |
| 1045.0 | | 31 | 2.75 | 52 |
| 1245.2 | | 42 | 1.25 | 153 |
| 10-7.0 | | 57 | 1 1.75 | 5+5 |
| 1943.0 | | 72 | 2.25 | 352 |
| 1049.0 | | 34 | 2.75 | 336 |
| 1050.7 | 1 | 35 | 3.25 | 1510 |

6. DISCHARGE AT RIGHT ABUTMENT ABUTE ELEV. 1044.75)

| ELEVATION, feet (NSVD) | С | (fee+) | xrz H (feet) | |
|---------------------------|-----|--------|-----------------|-----|
| 10-+5.0 | 2.6 | 4 | 0.12 | < / |
| 1046.0 | | 3 | Disz | :0 |
| 1047.0 | | 15 | 1.2 | 40 |
| 1048.0 | | 23 | 1.62 | /23 |
| 1049.0 | | 23 | 2.2 | 225 |
| 1050.0 | 1 | 33 | 2.62 | 557 |

7. DISCHAPSE AT LOW POINT 32 FEET NEST OF SOM ASUMENT

| ELEVATION, feet (NSID) | С | (; (;===-) | له مرد (جوو-) | 37 (13-3) |
|---------------------------|-----|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| 1024.0 | | _ | 2 | 2 |
| ;045.0 | 2.6 | 15 |).E | 1- |
| 1046.0 | • | 31 | 1.2 | Ĵ |
| 1247.2 | | 75 | 1.0 | 2-7 |
| 1043.0 | | 163 | 1.4 | 72 |
| :243.0 | | 175 | 2.3 | 1537 |
| 1252.2 | Ť | | 5.2 | 2723 |

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| GLIENT / / / / / / / 27 2 / / / / /// | JOB NO. | |
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| DETAIL - SEPLOS O CALOS | CK'D. BY _ CWP | 51530 |

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| ELEIA-: 011. fee+ (NG12) | SALLARY Q. | 23 | 24 | 25 | 1 23 | 2- | |
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| 1942.0 | 265 | | | T | | | و ۔ |
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| 10-6.0 | 1430 | 16 | 5 | 153 | 10 | 31 | مر مرجعه ا |
| 10-17.0 | 1900 | £5 | 39 | 343 | 40 | 247 | 262 |
| 10-3.0 | 2320 | 33 | :03 | 632 | 123 | 72+ | <i>حوے</i> |
| 1049.0 | 2770 | 175 | 247 | 996 | 225 | ,537 | 300 |
| 1050.0 | 3250 | 237 | 336 | ,310 | 364 | 2703 | 332 |

8. TOTAL DISCHARGE - SUMMAR ZED GRASHICALLY IN ESUSE

D-7


PROJECT Kilburg Pond Dam COMPTO BY END DATE DITL DETAIL Hydrologic Cales ____ CK'D. BY _____ CAS___ DATE _5131 **N** ¹-Effect of surcharge storage on max. prob. discharge в. 1. Pertinent Data a. Drainage area = 1.65 syuare miles b. Characteristics of basin - Mountainous, out use round.
c. Test flood = 1/2 PMF d. Follow Army Corps' procedure 2. <u>STEP 1</u>: Determine Peak Inflow Q_{D1} from Guide Curve a. the maximum probable discharge was estimated to be 2,200 cfs/sq.m. t . PMF = (2,200 cfs/sq.m.) (1.65 sq.m.les) = 3,630 cfs L 1/2 PMF = 1,820 cfs 3. <u>STEP 2:</u> Determine surcharge height to pass Q_{F1}, STOF₁, and Q_{P2} f a. from Figure 1 determine surcharge height to pass _{P1} = surcharge elevation = 104 elev. spellway crest = 104(Survinge height determine volume of surcharge STOP, in inches of Ъ. runoff () détermine storage in live feet in term manner a determine surface of pond it surfaces i from Figure 2 = 50.5 sizes (b) délimine nouverage sur-ace little ceturent creat poor and sur-area poor D-9



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| CLIENT Army Corps | _ Јов No. <u>274-7901</u> | PAGE | 10 0+ 33 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| PROJECT Kilburn Pond Dam | COMPTO BY BWP | DATE . | = 17/90 |
| DETAIL Hydrologic Cales | _ CK'D. BY | _ DATE | - 2.19 |
| (c) multin | In manage Surface | area | مرجع مرجع الم |
| | | | |
| | The cousion in | | المناجعة المعادية المعادية |

$$STOR_{1} = \frac{Volume of storage (as acre-inches)}{drainage area}$$

$$STOR_{1} = \frac{(37.07 \text{ acres } + 50.5 \text{ acres})(6.0 \text{ f}_{+})(12''/\text{ f}_{+})}{(1.65 \text{ sg.m}_{i})(640 \text{ acres}/\text{ sg.m}_{i})}$$

STOR = 2.99 inches

c. determine Q_{P2}

$$Q_{P2} = Q_{P1} \left(1 - \frac{STOR_1}{Q.5''} \right)$$

 $Q_{P2} = \left(1, 820cts \right) \left(1 - \frac{2.99''}{9.5''} \right)$
 $Q_{P2} \approx 1, 250 cts$

- 4. STEP 3: Determine surcharge height in CTTP, to pass $Q_{\rm P2}$ and then $Q_{\rm P3}$
 - a. From Figure 1 determine surcharge height to pass $Q_{p_2} = 1.250$ cts

Surge equation = 1045.11

 $2ic_{1} = p_{1} + u_{2} = 10 + 0.0$

and at encourse line in a 49.7 when

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| CLIENT_A | rmy Cor | | | JOB NO27 | 4-7901 | PAGE_ | <u> 11 o+ 35</u> |
|----------|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| PROJECT | MIL | rn Hond | Jam_ | - COMPTO. BY | BWP | DATE _ | <u> </u> |
| DETAIL | Hydrol | logic Calcs | • | _ Ск'о. Ву | KMS | | 5-5-32 |
| | b. | determine STOR ₂ | STOR ₂ | 27.07 21182 - 2 (1.65 : | 43.5 aured 33. mi) (| X5+ (6+ j 20rez | <u>a /a</u> /a |
| | | | = 2. | 48 inches | | | |

c. Average STOR_1 and STOR_2

$$STOR_{AVG} = \frac{STOR_{1} + STOR_{2}}{2}$$

$$STOR_{AVG} = \frac{2.99 (n + 2.43)}{2}$$

$$STOR_{AVG} = 5.73 \text{ scres}$$

d. determine Q_{P3}

ь.

$$Q_{P3} = (1, 320 \text{ cfs}) \left(1 - \frac{2.73''}{9.5''}\right)$$

 $Q_{P3} \approx 1, 300 \text{ cfs}$

5. STEP 4: Determine surcharge height for Qp3 and STOR3

a. from Figure 1 surcharge height for $Q_{p_3} = \frac{1}{200} C^2$

Surcharge cleartin $\approx 1045.2^{\circ}$ clev. 52. $\cos \omega$ creat = 1040.0 Surcharge height = 5.2 part Surcharge cleartin ≈ 43.000

determine STOR₃
STOR₃ =
$$\frac{(37.07 ac + 49.0 ac}{c})(5.17.07 ac}{(1.65 z, m)}(5.17.07 ac})$$

SIE A CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H. JOB NO. 274-7901 PAGE 12 3- 33 COMPTO BY BWP DATE 5/7/95 GLIENT Army Corps PROJECT KILDUIG Port Dam COMPTO BY EWP DETAIL Hydrologic Calcs ____ CK'D. BY ____ MS STOR, = 2.54 inches c. determine STOR_{AVG} $STOR_{AVG} = -2.73 in + 2.54 in.$ STORANC = 2.63 Inches d. determine $Q_{P\mu}$ $Q_{p4} = (1,920 \text{ cfs})(1 - \frac{2.63''}{2.53''})$ Qp4 = 1.320 cts 6. STEP 5: Determine surcharge height for $Q_{p_{ij}}$ and STOR_{ij} From Figure 1 surcharge height for $Q_{p_{\mu}} = 1.320$ Cm a. Surcharse similar to 1245.2' elev. = 1040.0' surcharge height = 5.2 tect Surface area at Surcharge clevation = 49. Jack determine STOR₄ STOR₄ = $\frac{(37.07 \text{ ac} + 49.0 \text{ ac})(5.2^{+})(12'' 1^{+})}{(1.65 \text{ sg.mi})(6+0 \text{ ac}/\text{ sg.mi})}$ ь. $STOR_4 = 2.54$ inches c. determine STOR_{AVS}

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 $STOR_{AVG} = \frac{2.63 \text{ in } + 2.54 \text{ in}}{2}$ = 2.59 inches

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H. CLIENT FILL JOB NO. 274-7901 PAGE 13 ST 33 PROJECT - FILL DAM COMPTO BY CUP DATE 517/90 CK'D. BY KMS DATE FIERD DETAIL ____impace Gales STORA and STORANG agree to within 2% Therefore accept routed test - sol discharge equal to 1,320 cts at Europerica 21212-7. In Conclusion a. Routed test flood discurse = 1,320cts will outop-2 dan by \$ 0.5 feet b. Eciliway Capacity (1) water surface at dam crest - 2.21stion = 1044.75' $Q = (3.3)(262+)(1044.75'-1040.0)^{3/2} \approx 1.020cts$ (E) water surface at test - sub oleration = 1045.2' $Q = (3.35)(26f+)(1045.2 - 1040.0)^{3/2} \approx 1,190cfs$ C. Alucegate (flapgate) Capacity - discharge unit ce introlled by 6" and 13" Stuccegates (1) use onfice discharge equation Q = CaVZah (Standard Handbook for CE's, Merrit) and assume damary over spulling does not affect spilling discharge (2) water surface at dam crest - elev = 1049.75' $Q = (0.6) \left[(0.25)^2 \Pi \right] \left[(2) (32.2) (1044.75' - 1033.75') \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} +$ → (0.6) [(0.75)² m] [2)(32.2)(1044.75' - 1031.75')] 1/2 ~ 34 cm (3) water surface at test fload clevation = 1045.2.1 $Q = (0.6) [(0.25)^2 \text{ tr}] [(2)(32.2)(1075.2' - 1033.45') +$ ````(0.6)[(0.75)°T][(2)(32.2)(1045.2'-103:.75)]^{//2} ≈ 35 c=

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| GLIENT - Corps | JOB NO. 274-701 | - PAGE 14 cf 37 |
| PROJECT Kilburg Prail Dam | Сомрто. Ву <u>КИ 5</u> | DATE 53195 |
| III. Using "Rule of Thumb" Failure Hydrographs Exan | Guidance for Est nine Impact of I | timating Downstriam |
| A. Since Spillway long dam the tachester r Spillway with the dam may be Si | this Caree comp coulding from deca water surface at gruficiant | ared to lighth of angle over the I the crest of |
| 1. from Previous (over spillway of dam = Hydrologic Calco | calcs. Steady S with water Su 1,020 cts (see .) | -face at crest p D-14 st |
| 2 Using Stage - Disc of failure disch stage discharge a. Reach 1 - b. Reach 2 - c. Reach 3 - d. Reach 3 - e Reach 5 - | ange Curve: prepare ange cietirmine in each reach (≈ 3.4 feet ≈ 2.7 feet ≈ 3.0 feet ≈ 3.5 feet ≈ 8.4 heat | stor milling see Frink 4) |
| 3. The failure of computed and reacles using for Estimating This failure du Of the Stead hazard is sign discharge then alefined by the No significant state discharge shall be deter The Epinitura | discharge Should routed throug the "Rule of The Bounstream Fe Ischarge Should be y state discharge micantly increase the Dazard class s routing procedure increase in hazard increase in hazard runcrease in hazard increase in hazard crest. | h the stream unt" Greidence where Hydrosraphs. a routed on top e. If the d by the fulling infration will be 2. If there is h over the steady h classification the clim at |

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SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS ROCHESTER, N.H. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ____ JOB NO. 274-790 CLIENT Army Corps PROJECT Suburn Pinch PAGE COMPTO. BY BUP 519190 Jam DATE ___ DETAIL Huntro sale Cales _____? - CK'D. BY _____ D B. Reach 1 1. STEP 1: Determine reservoir storage at time of failure from previous calcs. storage = 461 acre - + 207 2. <u>STEP 2</u>: Determine Peak Failure Outflow Q_{P1} a. $Q_{P1} = (8/27) W_{b} \sqrt{g} Y_{0}^{3/2}$ where: $W_{\rm b}$ = Breach width (use 40% of total length) ŧ = (0.4) (33 feet) ~ 33 reet between which outcroppings = 13.2 feet Y_{c} = Total height from channel bed to pool E level at failure Assume failure occurs at gate house and of dam, consequently Yo will vary due to variable level of channel bottom Yo = 1044.75'- 1029.5'= 15.25ft - 6ft Yoz = 1044.75 - 1030.75' = 14.0 ft for 5 ft Yo3 = 1044.75' - '032.5' = 12.25ft for 2.2ft $Q_{P1} = (8/27)(32.2)^{1/2} (6f)(15.25f)^{3/2} +$ $(5f_{-})(14.6)^{3/2} + (2.2f_{-})(12.2f_{-})^{3/2}$ $Q_{0} \approx 1,200$ cfs í 5-16

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| GLIENT <u>Corps</u> JOB NO. <u>274-2801</u> PAGE <u>Solution</u> PROJECT <u>Extended</u> Constra By <u>The Page</u> <u>Solution</u> Derive <u>The mail Colore</u> Constra By <u>The Date</u> <u>Fridden</u> Derive <u>The colore</u> Colore Constra By <u>The particulation</u> Derive <u>Solution</u> IS <u>Significant</u> <u>Constrained</u> <u>Ander</u> as <u>added</u> to the failure discourse <u>Matter</u> as <u>added</u> to the failure discourse a <u>added</u> to the failure discourse b <u>Soc</u> | ENGINEERS / PLANNERS | ROCHESTER, N.H. |
|---|---|--|
| Project Little to the constraint of the constra | GLIENT FALMAN CORCS | _ JOB NO. 374-7901 PAGE6 - 35 |
| Detail <u>Here spec</u> (also <u>Correction</u> Date <u>Interior</u> <u>Correction</u> <u>C</u> | PROJECT _ HIBURA Part | _ COMPTO BY DATE |
| b. Since the decidence oper the underlaw price of the epilloway is significant. The decidence operation added to the telline decidence operation of the epilloway = (3.3) (18.9 feet) (4.75) ^{3/2} × 7400 fs C QPI(TOTRI) = 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1940 cfs C QPI(TOTRI) = 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1940 cfs C QPI(TOTRI) = 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1940 cfs C QPI(TOTRI) = 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1940 cfs C QPI(TOTRI) = 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1940 cfs C QPI(TOTRI) = 0.056 (3) Channel shape = 70,056 (3) Channel shape = 70,056 (4) Channel shape = 70,057 (5) Channel shape = 70,057 (6) Channel shape = 70,057 (7) Channel shape = 70,057 (8) Channel shape = 70,057 (9) Channel shape = 70,057 (10) Stace Under = 1040 cfs = 70 = 100 eff and find rodume in reach (11) Stace (depth of Four) = 2.164 (tohicage = 5.564) among pressive decomp (2) Nolume in reach = (reach learn) (cross = 100 eff (2) Nolume in reach = (reach learn) (cross = 100 eff X-area = (0.5)(2.16-1/40.1 + 60.0) ≈ 105 + r ² Nolume = N_1 = (105 ft)(2300 ft) = 5.5 and the N_1 < 52 = 70 chan under the C = 2000 ft C | DETAIL Coles | CK'D. BY DATE |
| the epillosy is Significant The decision with a added to the filling discharge $Q_{P,Spillosy} = (3.3)(18.9 feet)(4.75)^{3/2} \approx 740c5$ $C_{P,I}(tota) = 1,200 cfs + 740cfs = 1940c5$ 3. Propere stage discharge curve for Peach 1 a. Pertinent Data (1) Reach length = 2,300 feet (2) Channel Stope ≈ 0.056 (3) Channel Stope ≈ 0.056 (3) Channel Stope ≈ 0.056 (3) Channel Stope $\approx 10^{-221}$ with (4) Channel Stope $\approx 10^{-221}$ with (5) Cace width $\approx 10^{-221}$ b. See Figure 4 for stage of the stope for $S_{2} = 1/940c^{-1}$ for $= 5.5$ and (1) Stope (dept of for $S_{2} = 1/940c^{-1}$ for $= 5.5$ and (2) Nolume in teach = (teach length) (cross - teach) X -area = $(0.5)(2.1 + (40.2 + 60.4)) \approx 105 + 10^{-2}$ Nolume = $V_{1} = \frac{(105 + 5)(2300 + 1)}{43,560 + 17are} \approx 5.5$ are for $V_{1} < \frac{5}{2}$ or the math C_{2} (2) Nolume in teach = $(1 - \frac{11}{2})$ $C_{2,1,1} = C_{2} = (1 - \frac{11}{2})$ $C_{2,1,1} = C_{2} = C_{2} = (1 - \frac{11}{2})$ | 6. Since the du | scharge over the unfailed corr of it |
| Le dédel to the fillure disclarge $QP_{spillurg} = (3.3)(18.9 fiel)(4.75)^{3/2} \approx 740 e^{5}$ $CQP_{1}(tota) = 1,200 e^{5} + 740 e^{5} = 1940 e^{5}$ 3. Propere stage disclarge turke for Peach 1 a. Pertiment Data (1) Reach length = 2,300 feet (2) Channel slope ≈ 0.056 (3) Channel slope ≈ 0.056 (3) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (4) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (5) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (6) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (7) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (8) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (9) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (9) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (9) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (9) Channel slope ≈ 10.056 (10) Stage (deft of slope) ≈ 2.1646 (total sug = 5.5 feet (10) Stage (deft of slope) ≈ 2.1646 (total sug = 5.5 feet $\frac{1000}{2000} e^{1000} $ | the conclusion | 15 Significant This duschars must |
| $Q_{Pspillusy} = (3.3)(18.8 feet)(4.75)^{3/2} \approx 7.40c5$ $C Q_{Pi}(total) = 1,200 cfs + 740cfs = 1,940c5$ 3. Propare stage discinger curve for Reach 1 a. Perticent Data (1) Reach length = 2,300 feet (3) Channel shipe = 0.056 (3) Channel shipe = 10.056 (4) Channel shipe = 10.056 (5) Race Width ≈ 10.054 (5) Race Width ≈ 10.054 (6) Stage 4 for stage - Unines curve (7) Stage Out from reach (1) Stage (Lapto of Such ≈ 2.164 (1) Stage (Such ≈ 2.164 (1) Such ≈ 2.164 (1) Stage (Such ≈ 2. | ce added | to the failure discharge |
| $c Q_{Pi}(Torni) = 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1,940 cs$ 3. Propere stage discharge turke for Reach 1 a. Pertinent Data (i) Reach length = 2,300 feet (ii) Channel shape = 0.056 (ii) Channel shape = trapezoisis (iii) Channel shape = trapezoisis (iii) Channel shape = trapezoisis (iii) See Figure 4 for stage for C ₀ = 1,940 cft for Figure 4 and find rolling in rolling (i) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (ii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (iii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (iii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (ii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (ii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (ii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (iii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 2.1644 (Toke may = 5.564) above preduite discord (ii) Stage (depth of Tow) = 105 for Volume = V_1 = (105 ft ²)(2300 ft) x-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 is + 60 ft)) = 105 for Volume = V_1 = (105 ft ²)(2300 ft) (iii) = 5.5 avents (iii) Depth of Perture (iii) Depth of Perture | PP Spillwar | = $(3.3)(18.8f_{22}t)(4.75)^{3/2} \approx 740cf_{3}$ |
| 3. Prepare stage discharge curve for Peach 1 a. Pertiment Data (1) Reach length = 2,300 feet (2) Channel shape = 0.056 (3) Channel shape = trapizziolat (5) Take width = 10 deat b. See Figure 4 for stage of curve curve 4. Estimate Reach Oxtoficou a. Determine stage for $C_{p,1} = 1,940$ cm for the shape of shape = 5.5 ket and find volume in rolain (1) Stage (dapth of curve) = 2.1 ket (toki shape = 5.5 ket and find volume in rolain (1) Stage (dapth of curve) = 2.1 ket (toki shape = 5.5 ket and find volume in rolain (2) Nolume in reach = (teach length) (troot - the shape = 5.5 act X-area = (0.5)(2.1 -), (40 to + 60 -) = 105 + t ² Volume = V_1 = (105 ft ²)(2300 ft) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 -), (40 to + 60 -) = 5.5 act = 1 V ₁ $\leq \frac{5}{2}$ is rolain which or b. Determine frequence $V_1 \leq \frac{5}{2}$ is rolain which or $V_1 \leq \frac{5}{2}$ is rolain which or $V_2 = \frac{1}{2}(200 \text{ cm})$ | C QPI(TOTAL) = | 1,200 cfs + 740 cfs = 1,940 cfs |
| a. Terrinent langth = 2,300 feet (1) Reach length = 0.056 (2) Channel shape = trapizziola (3) Channel shape = trapizziola (4) Channel shape = trapizziola (5) Taze which = 10 teat (5) Taze which = 10 teat (6) See Figure 4 for $C_{p} = 1,940ct$ for Figure 4 and find rodume in roduce (1) Stage (dath of Two) = 2.1 feet (tothisne = 5.5 feet above pressure deman (2) Nolume in reach = (reach length) (cross - thermal X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 to + 60 for)) = 105 for Volume = V_1 = (105 for (2300 for)) = 5.5 acreft Volume = V_1 = (105 for (2300 for)) = 5.5 acreft Volume = V_1 = (10 for (1 for (200 for (100 f | 3. Preçare stage ou | escharge surve for French 1 |
| (1) Netter length = 0.056 (2) Channel slope = 0.05 (3) Channel slope = repeterial (5) Tape which = 10 and (5) Tape which = 10 and (5) Tape which = 10 and (6) See Figure 4 for stage for $C_{12} = 1/240ct$ for Figure 4 a. Determine stage for $C_{12} = 1/240ct$ for Figure 4 and find volume in rouch (1) Stage (det of Four) = 2.164 (Taktore = 5.564) (2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (interpresent) (2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (interpresent) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (0.1 + 60-1) = 105 for Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(2300 ft) = 5.5 atrest Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(2300 ft) = 5.5 atrest Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(2300 ft) = 5.5 atrest Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(2300 ft) = 5.5 atrest Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(1 - 5.5 atrest) Control = (104 Join) (1 - 5.5 atrest) Control = (104 Join) (1 - 5.5 atrest) Control = 1920 cont | a. Pertinent D | Landth = 2300 Seat |
| (a) Channel Shiple = 0.05 (b) Channel shiple = rapiezish (c) Channel shiple = rapiezish (c) Case which = 10 dest (c) Case which = 10 dest (c) See Figure 4 for stage for $C_{p} = 1,940ct$ for $T_{pure 4}$ and find rolume in rolum (c) Stage (dest of Tow) = 2.16tt (tokisher = 5.56tt above preduce differed (interpr) (cross - therein) (c) Volume in reach = (teach interpr) (cross - therein) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 to + 60 for)) = 105 ft ² Volume = V_1 = (105 ft ²)(2300 ftr) $V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ is rolume which is $V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ is rolume which is $C_{22,22,42} = C_{22} (1 - \frac{V_{12}}{2})$ $C_{22,22,42} = C_{22} (1 - \frac{V_{12}}{2})$ $C_{22,22,42} = C_{22} (1 - \frac{V_{12}}{2})$ | (1) Ketten | r = 0.056 |
| (d) Channel shipe = trapizoida (d) Channel shipe = trapizoida (e) Gaze width = 10 tait b. See Figure 4 for stage - channel intra 4. Estimate Reach Outflow a. Determine stage for $C_p = 1,940ctr = tran = yunnel 4$ and find volume in rolach (1) Stage (depty of flow) = 2.1 feet (tobe says = 5.5 feet above preduline during (2) Nolume in reach = (reach length) (cross = transient) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 fr, 40 is + 60 fr) = 105 ft ² Volume = V_1 = (105 ft ²) (2300 ft) $V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ is rolan work or b. Determine $T_{2,2,2,1}$ $Q_{=2,2,2,4} = Q_2 (1 - \frac{V_{1,1}}{43,560 ft}) = 5.5 acreft Crosse work of T_{2,2,2,1}Q_{=2,2,2,4} = Q_2 (1 - \frac{V_{1,1}}{43,500 ft})C_{2,2,2,4} = 1,920 the$ | (2) Channel | |
| (1) Channel Shake - 10 period (5) Tase which = 10 period b. See Figure 4 for stage - dimension introd 4. Estimate Reach Outflow a. Determine stage for $C_{p,1} = 1,940$ for the superational (1) Stage (depth of Tow) ≈ 2.1 for (Tohis superational) (2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (Cross-Human) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 in the control)) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 in the control)) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 in the control)) X-area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 in the control)) (2) Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(2300 ft)) ≈ 5.5 acres to Volume = V_1 = (105 ft^2)(2300 ft)) ≈ 5.5 acres to (2) Determine Trainel (100 ft/2) (2300 ft)) ≈ 5.5 acres to (3) Determine Trainel (100 ft/2) (2300 ft)) ≈ 5.5 acres to (4) $C = 2 + 0.43$ ≈ 0 (1 $- \frac{V(1)}{2}$) $C = 2 + 0.43$ ≈ 0 (1 $- \frac{V(1)}{2}$) $C = 2 + 0.43$ ≈ 0 (1 $- \frac{V(1)}{2}$) $C = 2 + 0.43$ ≈ 0 (1 $- \frac{V(1)}{2}$) | (4) (here a) | |
| b. See Figure 4 for stage - discourse intro 4. Estimate Reach Oxteticu a. Determine stage for $C_p = 1.940cm$ for $T_{pure 4}$ and find volume in rotation (1) Stage (dast of four) $\approx 2.16ct$ (tobe trap = 5.5 bef above presenting discourse (2) Volume in reach = (reach length) (inter of channel) X -area = (0.5)(2.1 for (40 for + 60 for) $\approx 105 to t^{2}$ Volume = $V_1 = \frac{(105 ft^2)(2300 ft)}{43,560 ft^{2}/are} \approx 5.5$ acreft $V_1 \leq \frac{5}{2}$ is rotate with or C = 2 to to t C = 2 to to t $C = 2 to t = (1 - \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2})$ $C = 2 to t = (1 - \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2})(1 - \frac{5.5 to t}{25 to t})$ C = 2 to t = 1.920 to t | C) Channel | $d_{1} + \frac{1}{2} \approx 10 - 20 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 4. Estimate Recon Outifice a. Determine stage for $C_{p_1} = 1.940ct$ from Equipe 4 and find volume in rotain (1) Stage (depth of - out) $\approx 2.16t$ (total trag = 5.5 bet above prevalue discover (2) Nolume in reach = (reach isotri) (cross - the train) X -area = (0.5)(2.1 - (40 - 40 - 3) $\approx 105 + t^{2}$ Nolume = $V_1 = \frac{(105 + t^{2})(2300 + 3)}{43,560 + t^{2}are} \approx 5.5$ acres to $V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ is reach until or $V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ is reach until or $C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = C_{2,2}$ $C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = (1 - \frac{V_{1,2}}{2})$ $C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} = (1 - \frac{V_{1,2}}{2})$ $C_{2,2} = C_{2,2} $ | h See Figure 4 | 4 for strange - the correction of |
| 4. Estimate Rein Ontificu a. Determine stage for $C_{p} = 1,940ct$ for $= yune 4$ and find volume in rouch (1) Stage (depth of four) ≈ 2.1 feet (tobe say = 5.5 feet <u>store pre-altred dense</u> (2) Nolume in reach = (reach length) (cross-channel) X -area = (0.5)(2.1-1)(40 + 60-1) ≈ 105 ft ³ Volume = $V_1 = \frac{(105 \text{ ft}^2)(2300 \text{ ft})}{43,560 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ are}} \approx 5.5$ acres to $V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ is rouch units on b. Determine $= V_1 = Q_p (1 - \frac{V_1 N}{2})$ $C_{22-20-1} = Q_p (1 - \frac{V_1 N}{2})$ $C_{23-20-1} = (1000 \text{ ft})(1 - \frac{5.5 \text{ are}}{43,560 \text{ ft}})$ $C_{23-20-1} = (1000 \text{ ft})(1 - \frac{5.5 \text{ are}}{43,560 \text{ ft}})$ | D. Dec Gare | |
| a. Determine stage for $C_{pi} = 1,940c\pi$ for $T_{quee} = 4$ and find volume in reach (1) Stage (depth of four) ≈ 2.1 feet (total stage = 5.5 feet above prevailing discover (2) Volume in reach = (reach ientri) (cross- total stage) $X-area = (0.5)(2.1 - 1, 40 + 60 - 1) \approx 105 + t^{2}$ Volume = $V_{1} = \frac{(105 \text{ ff}^{2})(2300 \text{ ff})}{43,560 \text{ ff}^{2}/\text{are}} \approx 5.5$ acress $V_{1} < \frac{5}{2}$ is reach until $0r$ b. Determine T_{22} (mass) $Q_{22-2,2,2} = Q_{2} (1 - \frac{11}{2})$ $C_{22-2,2,2} = Q_{2} (1 - \frac{11}{2})$ $C_{22,22,2} = 1,920$ into | 4. Estimate Reach | C Out Flow |
| $X-area = (0.5)(2.12.12.14024 + 60.2) \approx 105 + t^{2}$ $Volume = V_{1} = \frac{(105 + t^{2})(2300 + t)}{43,560 + t^{2}are} \approx 5.5 acrest$ $V_{1} < \frac{5}{2} = 0 \text{ recently } 0$ $C=2-0.42 = Q_{2} (1 - \frac{V_{1}}{2})$ $C=2-0.42 = Q_{2} (1 - \frac{V_{1}}{2})$ $C=2-0.42 = (1-2)(1 - \frac{5.5}{2600000})$ $C=2-0.42 = (1-2)(1 - \frac{5.5}{26000000})$ | a. Determine st and find vo (1) Stage (a <u>above</u> press (2) Volume in r | tage for $C_{p_1} = 1,940cm$ row $= 20024$ depth of $= 1000$) ≈ 2.1 feet (Total size = 5.5 feet allore discharge reach = (reach length) (cross-timetric) treach = (reach length) (cross-timetric) |
| Volume = $V_1 = \frac{(105 \text{ ft}^2)(2300 \text{ ft})}{43,560 \text{ ft}^2/are} \approx 5.5 \text{ acres} + V_1 < \frac{5}{2}$ e. rown with or b. Determine $P_2(100)$ $Q_{=2}(100) = Q_2(1 - \frac{V_1 N}{2})$ $Q_{=2}(100) = Q_2(1 - \frac{V_1 N}{2})$ $Q_{=2}(100) = (100) = (1 - \frac{5.5 \text{ and}}{430000000})$ $Q_{=2}(100) = (100) = (100) = (1 - \frac{5.5 \text{ and}}{4300000000})$ | X-area = | $= (0.5)(2.1(40.1+60) \approx 105 +t^{2}$ |
| $V_{1} < \frac{5}{2} = rice value or Q=2-rice) = Q_{2} \left(1 - \frac{V_{1}V}{2}\right)$ $C_{2} = c_{2} \left(1 - \frac{V_{1}V}{2}\right) \left(1 - \frac{5.5 \text{ model}}{45 \text{ model}}\right)$ $C_{2} = \frac{1}{9} 20 \text{ cm}$ | Volume = | $= V_1 = \frac{(105 \text{ fr}^2)(2300 \text{ fr})}{43,560 \text{ fr}^2/aure} \approx 5.5 \text{ acre}^{-1}$ |
| b. Determine $P_{2}(m, n)$ $Q_{22}(m, n) = Q_{2}\left(1 - \frac{V_{1}N}{2}\right)$ $C_{2}(m, n) = (12m)(1 - \frac{5.5mm}{46mm})$ $C_{2}(m, n) = \frac{1}{920}$ | | Vi 23 Per recent unit Dr |
| $Q_{=2,-2,+2} = Q_{p} \left(1 - \frac{V_{1}}{5}\right)$ $C_{=2,-2,+2} = \left(1,-2,-2,-2\right) \left(1 - \frac{5.5}{25} + \frac{1}{25}\right)$ $C_{=2,-2,+2} = \frac{1}{9} \frac{920}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$ | b. Determone | |
| $C_{F2(TRMA)} = (190)^{-1} (1 - \frac{5.5}{46000000000000000000000000000000000000$ | | $= Q_{2} \left(1 - \frac{V_{11}}{\epsilon} \right)$ |
| $C_{FOCTEMPLY} = 1,920 \text{ LTER}$ | | $= (12.3)_{2-2} (1 - \frac{5.5}{46000000000000000000000000000000000000$ |
| | CF2(TRIA-) | = 1,920 |

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| GLIENT Army Corps | بالمراجع المراجع | 274 - 790 | PAGE. | 7 5+ 3 |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|--------|---|
| PROJECT Kilburn Pond Dam | | : BWP | OATE | <u></u> |
| DETAIL Hydrologic Calco | C . | KM5 | DATE . | <u>; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; </u> |
| c. Compute V_{2} | QP1 (TRIAL | L) | | |

From Figure 4 determine stage for Qp((TFIAL)

Stage = 2.1 feat (Total Stage = 5.5 feet) above prefailure discharge X-area = (0.5)(2.1+)(40++60+)= $105+t^2$ $V_2 = -\frac{(105-t^2)(2300+t)}{43.560+t^2/are}$ $V_2 = 5.5 \text{ acre } -ft$

d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute -2

(1) $Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $Vavg = \frac{5.5ac-i}{2} + 5.5ac-i+$

Vavg = 5.5 acre-ft

(2) $Q_{P2} = Q_{T1} \left(-\frac{1}{5} \right)$ $Q_{P2} = \left(1,940 \text{ cts} \right) \left(1 - \frac{5.5}{461} \right)$

QP2 = 1,920 cts

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS GLIENT Army Corps PROJECT Kibirg Pord Dam Compt 74 _____ DATE _ = 19 9: DETAIL Hydrologic Cales. CKO Fr B. Reach 2 | STEP 3 : Prepare star + Scharge - - - - - Feach a. Pertinent Data (1) Reach length = 3,600 feet (2) Channel slope ≈ 0.0056 (.3) Manning n = 0.05(4) Channel share - trapezocial (5) Base width ≈ 20 feet b. See Figure 4 for stage- in curve 2. STEP 4: Estimate Reach Outflow a. Determine stage for $Q_{p2} = 1,920$ Cfs from Figure 4 and find volume in Stage (depth of (1)) = 1.7 feet (Total Stage = 4.4.) above prefailure dischange (1)(2) Volume in reaches (service spech) (cross-sectional) area of channel) $\begin{array}{l} x_{-area} = (0.5)(1.7 -)(240f_{+} + 365 -) \\ = 5.14 \ f_{+}^{2} \end{array}$ Volume = $V_1 = \frac{(514 \text{ L}^2)(2500 \text{ F})}{43.560 \text{ F}^3/1078}$ = 47.5 acre - --× < ² . . . b. Determine Q_{P3(T} QPB(TEIA Col. ! -

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ENGINEERS PLANNERS
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PROJECT KINNERS
CONDICE V2 TOTATION ON THE Date THE STREET
C. COMPUTE V2 TOTA PROTECTION STREET OF THE CREET
C. COMPUTE V2 TOTA PROTECTION STREET OF THE CREET
Stage : 1.5 Feet
Stage : 1.5 Feet
Conditioned States
X-are 1 : (0.5)(1.5 ft)(240 ft + 350 ft)

$$x - 473 ft^2$$

 $V_2 = \frac{(4.43 m)(3.600 ft)}{33,560 ft)/acce}$
 $V_2 = 36.6 acre = ft$
d. Average V1 and V2 and compute Qp3
(1) Vavg = $\frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$
 $Varg = \frac{42.5 acref + 36.6 acreft}{2}$
 $Vavg = 39.5 acre - feet
(2) Qp3 = Q_2 (1 - \frac{Vavg}{3})$
 $Qp3 = (1,920 cf_3)(1 - \frac{39.5}{451})$
 $Qp3 = (1,920 cf_3)(1 - \frac{39.5}{451})$

J-20

DETAIL Hydrologia Calos. CKID F. M.T. C 5-C. Reach 3 1. STEP 3: Prepare state-discharge . . for Fea a. Pertinent Data (1) Reach leng+1 = 3,500 feet (2) Channel slow = 0.094(3) Manning n = 0.05(4) Channel share - trapezoida. (5) Base width = 10 -eet b. See Figure 4 for start -discharge surve 2. STEP 4: Estimate Reach Outflow a. Determine stage for $1_3 = 1,750$ cfs from and find volume is the h Ì (1) Stage (depth of the a 1.8 feet above prefative discharge (2) Volume in reach = (reach le π th) $\begin{pmatrix} 2\pi e^{2\pi i t} \\ \pi e^{2\pi i t} \end{pmatrix}$ X-area = $(0.5)(1.9 - -)(37 - - + = 82 + -^2)$ Volume = $V_{-} = \frac{(82 f_{+}^{2})(3500 f_{+})}{42560 f_{+}^{2}}$ = 6.6 aure-feet K i i.react ength. 5. Determine Qp4(TPC) $Q_{P4(TETA)} = Q_{P3} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{2} \right)$ °₽4(TPIN) = (1750 c+c, -Qp4 (TRIAL) = 1,720 2-2 $\mathcal{D}^{-\pm 1}$

Compute V2 using CE+(T c. From Figure 4 determine thage for Qp4(Stage ~ !. 3 -22+ (Tota X-area = (0.5) (1.3 -) (37- + ≈ 82 -+² $V_2 = \frac{(82+t^2)(3.500+t)}{43,560+t^2/acre}$ $v_2 = 6.6$ acre-feet d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute Q_{p4} (1) Vavg = $\frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ $V_{avg} = \frac{6.6ac-f++6.6ac-f+}{2}$ Vavg = 6.6 acre - feet (2) $Q_{P:\frac{1}{2}} = Q_{P:\frac{1}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{Vavg}{S}\right)$ $Q_{P4} = (1,750 \text{ cfs}) (1 - \frac{6.6}{4.1})$ Qp4 = 1,720 cts D-22

SIEA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H. - JOB NO. 374-7901 CLIENT TRANS PAGE 22 3-PROJECT HINTER TAIL JAM COMPTO BY THE _ DATE _ - 2, 2 DETAIL HUNDED DEL CACCO CK'D. BY KAS DATE _____ 2 2 3. F D. Reach 4 1. STEP 3: Prepare stage-discharge curve for Frae. Ŀ a. Pertnent Data. (1) FI Emails dam is brated it the end of + reach, approximation 300 -ees uporeum rom Route 63 indust. The dam le incircumate 140 feet long, with a 43 feet long of 4 feet liep Di-Shapad wer spinning. The dim important a small point with a surface area of uppro 15,000 sq. tt. In the part water was within from tills infoundment and cased-inrough Filtration plant located just 'selow the dam. filtitation phant has been acardinat and no in Supplies water to the town of Hinsdule. This Ì all water orthoging this impoundment process Epilling to the continuation FR lour Erock. (2) see Figure 4 for the stage- inclusion our 2. STEP 4: Estimate Reach Out from a. Determine Stage for Qp4 = 1720 - From F and find Johna in reach 1. Stage = 2.2 feet 2.900 <u>Prefailure</u> discharge (Turne Stage = 5 (2) Nolume in reach = (Stage) (surray and or p $Volume = V_1 = \frac{(2.2 \pm 1)(15 000 - 2)}{43 \pm 100 - 2)acre}$ V. = 0.8 acre-Lect b. Determine (PPSCTR :-) $\mathcal{O}_{\text{PS}_{\text{TR}}(Ab)} = \mathcal{O}_{\text{Ps}_{\text{TR}}} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S} \right)$ D-23

| CLIENT_ | 11 -ces | JOB NO. 274- 7901 | PAGE3 01 3 |
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| PROJECT | The tel the | COMPTO BY | DATE79/30 |
| DETAIL | <u>a avec</u> | Ck'o. By(| DATE |
| | QPSCRU | (1,720 cts)(1- | $-\frac{0.5}{461}$ |
| | QPS (TR | (AL) = 1,7200-2 | |
| | c. Emputer | V2 verre PP5 (TRAL | , |
| | From F | igure 4 distormine. | Starzaner Orsina |
| | St | age ≈ 2.2 feet | (Turk Steeps = 5.7 |
| | c | l'are pretailere discharge | |
| | $V_2 = (2$ | 2.2 <u>-ee+) (15 00 1+2)</u> 13.500 ++2/acre | - |
| | | 0 | |
| | $V_{z} = 0$ | .0 whe - teet | |
| | d. Average | V_1 and V_2 and com | quite Op5 |
| | (1) Vavg = | $= \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$ | |
| | Vava = | $\frac{0.8 a_{-1} + 0.8 a}{2}$ | <u>c-++</u> |
| | Vare = | 0.9 acre-feet | |
| | | Q Vavo | |
| | $(\mathcal{L}) \forall P_{\mathcal{D}}$ | $= \psi_{P4} \left(1 - \frac{1}{5} \right)$ | -) |
| | | | 08 |
| | O_{P5} | = (1,720c-s)(1- | 4:(6:) |
| | _ | | |
| | $Q_{ m p,5}$ | = 1,7202-5 | |
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| DETAIL _ | Hydrologic Calcs. | CK't f | ·/ <u> </u> | DATE _ | _ ار نو ف |
| E | . Reach 5 | | | | |
| | L. STEP 3 : Prep | are stage-discha | inge curve f | or Beach 5 | |
| | | | | | |
| | a. Pertinent | : Data | | | |
| | Discha | rae through : | reach chr | oilet cy | and very |
| | benea | th' Rte 63 | and road | way tro | file. |
| | Inform | nation pertaini | ing to c | whent in | L -caluting |
| | Profile | e is included | i in Sec | tim I = | |
| | Hydro | logic Calcs. T | Reach Cent | · tauais . | 300 feet. |
| | | | | ~ | |
| | b. See Fig | ure 6 in Sec | tion I of | the man | sque Cales |
| | - eter | vation - discharg | a curve | | |
| • · · · • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2. <u>STEP 4</u> : Esti | imate Reach Cutfl | 0 | | |
| | Determine | | 17300 | | |
| | a. Determine | stage for V_{P5} = | = 1, 7200 | n na tra fil | are o |
| | and iinc | I VOLUME IN PEAC | 1 | | |
| | (1) Stag | re (denth of flow | - 2.6 feet | - (T.h. | l Stage = 11.0 |
| | about about | e pretailure discharge | | | · |
| | (2) Volu | me it reach = (r | -on-h lonot | (mss-se | ectional |
| | | | | | channel/ |
| | Σ | $x_{-are_{a}} = (0.5)($ | Z.67+)(157 | + + 390 | + +) |
| | | = 514 : | +2 | | |
| | Volu | ume = 7 = (51) | <u>4 ftz) (200</u> | $(-\hat{+})$ | |
| | | - | +3,560 f== /ac | nî. | |
| | | = 3.5 | acre - Les | , , | |
| | | | • | - | |
| | | $v_1 < \frac{3}{2}$ | 5 2 i reach 1 | ength OK | |
| | | | | <u>د</u> | |
| | | | | | |
| • | b. Determine | e ^Q PG'TRIAL) | | | |

 $Q_{PG(-1)AL} = (1,720cis)(1-\frac{3.5}{4GL})$ Qp6(TRIAL) = = = 10 c-3 D-25

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| CLIENT Army Corps | JOB NO. 14-731 | PAGE | 25 - 13 |
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| DETAIL Hydrologic Cales | CK'D. TY | DATE | |

c. Compute V₂ using O_{FG(TOTO}

From Figure 6 determine stage Con Rp (TRIAL)

Stage = 2.6 feet <u>source pretailure</u> discharge X-area = (0.5)(2.6 ft) (15 ft + 390 ft) ≈ 514 ft² $V_2 = \frac{(514 \text{ ft}^2)(300 \text{ ft})}{43,560 \text{ ft}^2/aire}$ $V_2 = 3.5 \text{ acre-feet}$

d. Average V_1 and V_2 and compute $Q_{P\,G}$

(1)
$$Vavg = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$$

 $Vavg = \frac{3.5 + c_2 + 3.5 - c_2 + c_2}{2}$

$$Vavg = 3.5 acre - feet$$
(2) $Q_{P6} = Q_{P5} \left(1 - \frac{Vav_{P}}{5}\right)$
 $Q_{P6} = (1,720 cf_{5}) \left(1 - \frac{3.5}{461}\right)$
 $Q_{P6} = 1,710 cf_{5}$

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BOSTON , MASS.

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| CLIENT <u>Array Corps</u> PROJECT <u>Fillous</u> <u>Project</u> <u>Dan</u> DETAIL <u>Hydrologic</u> <u>Alcs</u> F. <u>Conclusions</u> <u>resulting</u> With water Surface | JOB NO. <u>274-790</u> COMPTO. BY <u>BUID</u> CK'D. BY <u>KM5</u> from Aralysis of at clam crest | PAGE TO ST 33 DATE <u>5/9/20</u> DATE <u>3/2/30</u> Culture 2+ clan |
| 1. The two mayor f | counts of interest | are Reaches 4 |
| 2. Reach 4 - The Eignificantly in discharge. The p overtop the chi failure dischar be overtopped | routed failure des create the harand cretailure destarge am in Reser 4 ; ge would cause t by about 1.7 | charge would vier the protocolor would not the dam to feet |
| ? Read 5 - The Significantly inc discharge. It | routed Lailure d' rease the parant of appears that The | us harge wents ver the prefamine cultert beneti |

Route 63 has adaquate capacity to pancille in Prefailure discharge, however, the failure discharge would cause the roadway to be over topped in about 2.5 feet. Further more, water would rice to rearly a foat above the sell of the house located adjacent to Route 63

SIEIA CONSULTANTS INC. BOSTON , MASS. ENGINEERS / PLANNERS ROCHESTER, N.H. CLIENT GARA JOB NO. 274-7901 PAGE 29 -- 23 PROJECT KIST TAL ---- COMPTO. BY ZWP _DATE _____ DETAIL L'A brobaic Cales CK'D. BY KIS DATE _ 2. 2 -20 I Discharge at Route 63 subwit A. Tracharge through culturet (found full) 1. Pertinent Data a use Manning Equation to determine culvert discharge $Q = A \frac{1.436}{n} R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$ Q = decharge ers shere: A = cross-dectional derca ت تستايات ا R= rutrance radue ľ 5 = Tunet Sope b culvert data (1) cast-in-place elle saile and room natural stream channel as the (2) dimensions Road way (:12, ≈ 533--) 2,4 <u>5.2'</u> 2274 2.21 turder much in met 2 Length on cuturent = 31 meet コーミン

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| Elevation (f+) | Constant | (+2e+) | O (cfs |
|-------------------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 536 | 654 | D.5 | 462 |
| 537 | | 1.5 | 501 |
| 539 | | 2.5 | 1034 |
| 539 | | 3.5 | 1220 |
| 540 | | 4.5 | 1390 |
| 54 | | 5.5 | 1530 |
| 542 | V V | 6.5 | 1670 |
| | | | |

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C Discharge over roadway.

1 Portment Data

a use croad crested weir équation with C=2.6 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$

E Elevation VS Discharge Tuleir

| | Elevation (ft) | С | L £ - | Hug - | |
|------------------|--------------------|----------|------------|---------------------|------------|
| | 538 | | | C | |
| | 539 | 2.6 | 170 | 0.5 | 54 |
| | 540 | | 350 | 1.0 | a g |
| | 54 | | 410 | .5 | <u>ر</u> ک |
| | 542 | • | 430 | 2.0 | 2530 |
| D. Total File | discharge tre 6 | us claud | tion diata | e Dia inclusiona | r, zel |

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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

APPENDIX E

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INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

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