

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN SUNAPEE, NEW HAMPSHIRE

SUNAPEE LAKE TOWN DAM NH 00108

NHWRB 229.05

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

MAY 1979

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

_	ON PAGE	BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
I. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
NH 00108		
4. TITLE (and Subtitle)		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
Sunapee Lake Town Dam	INSPECTION REPORT	
NATIONAL PROGRAM FOR INSPECTION DAMS	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER	
7. AUTHOR(a)		B. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(*)
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION		
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADD	RESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT HUMBERS
1. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS DEPT. OF THE ARMY, CORPS OF ENGI	NEEDS	12. REPORT DATE
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, NEDED	May 1979	
424 TRAPELO ROAD, WALTHAM, MA. O	. 48	
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II dillerent from Centrolling Office)		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
		UNCLASSIFIED
		TEA. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING

APPROVAL FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, If different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Cover program reads: Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Inspection Program; however, the official title of the program is: National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams; use cover date for date of report.

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY,

Connecticut River Basin Sunapee New Hampshire Sugar River

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

The dam is a stone masonry dam capped with aconcrete slab over the upstream face. TXe dam is considered to be in good condition. It is intermediate in size with a high hazard potential classification. The extent of damage that might occur at the dam and in downstream areas in the event of overtopping should be assessed. There are various operating and maintenance measures which shoud be implemented by the owner.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM. MASSACHUSETTS 02154

REFLY TO ATTENTION OF:

NEDED ATTENTION OF

SEP 5 1979

Honorable Hugh J. Gallen Governor of the State of New Hampshire State House Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Dear Governor Gallen:

I am forwarding to you a copy of the Sunapee Lake Town Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Water Resources Board, the cooperating agency for the State of New Hampshire. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, Town of Sunapee, Sunapee, New Hampshire.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Water Resources Board for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely yours,

Incl As stated MAX B. SCHELDER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Division Engineer

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SUNAPEE LAKE TOWN DAM

NH 00108

NHWRB 229.05

CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN SUNAPEE, NEW HAMPSHIRE

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

Identification No.: NH00108

Name of Dam: Sunapee Lake Town Dam

Town: Sunapee

County and State: Sullivan, New Hampshire

Stream: Sugar River
Date of Inspection: June 6, 1978

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Sunapee Lake Town Dam is a stone masonry dam capped with a concrete slab over the upstream face. The dam has a maximum height of 15 feet and is approximately 71 feet long. In the middle of the dam there is a 30 foot long spillway. Over the spillway there is a footbridge spanning between two concrete abutments. The spillway is 11 feet wide and approximately 4.5 feet below the crest of the dam.

Based on visual inspection, available records and past operational performance, the dam is considered to be in good condition. A settlement area was noted adjacent to the north abutment. Erosion of the concrete was also noted. One vertical member of the footbridge railing located at the northern end of the dam was observed to be missing. Continuance of this classification depends on proper operations and maintenance of the dam.

This dam falls under the category of high hazard potential, and it is intermediate in size. Flood runoff from the Sunapee Lake watershed goes more into surcharge storage then into spillway discharge. With a full probable maximum test flood (PMF) runoff of 19 inches with an estimated peak inflow of 65,000 cfs, the outflow would be reduced to about 9,000 cfs, with about 16 inches of runoff going into surcharge storage. Such flood would overtop the dam by about 4.2 feet. A flood one-half the PMF, with 9.5 inches of runoff and a peak inflow of 32,000 cfs would result in a spillway outflow of 1,700 cfs with about 9 inches of the flood runoff going into surcharge storage. This flood would result in only about 0.3 foot overtopping of the dam.

Because of the large surcharge storage feature of this project, it is recommended that within two years after receipt of this Phase I report by the owner, more detailed hydrologic studies be performed to determine the ability of this project, through storage and spillway capacity, to withstand major flood runoff. The extent of damage that might occur at the dam and in downstream areas in the event of overtopping should be assessed.

The owner should also implement the following operating and maintenance measures:

- 1. The settled area adjacent to the north abutment should be reestablished and a missing rail post installed.
- 2. All eroded concrete surfaces should be repaired.
- 3. A program of regular maintenance should be established.
- 4. A program of technical biannual periodic inspection of the project features should be prepared and initiated.
- 5. A plan for surveillance and a formal warning system should be developed for periods of unusually heavy rains and runoff.

FAY, SPOFFORD & THORNDIKE, INC. By:

JURGIS
GIMBUTAS
6131

Jurgis Gimbutas, P.E. Project Engineer

Richard W. Albrecht, P.E. Vice President

plata 1 Th. Calmelit

This Phase I Inspection Report on Sunapee Lake Town Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the <u>Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection</u> of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CHARLES G. TIERSCH, Chairman

Chief, Foundation and Materials Branch

Engineering Division

FRED J. RAVERS, Jr., Member Chief, Design Branch

Engineering Division

SAUL COOPER, Member

Chief, Water Control Branch

Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR

Chief, Engineering Division

B. Fregar

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for a Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineer, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

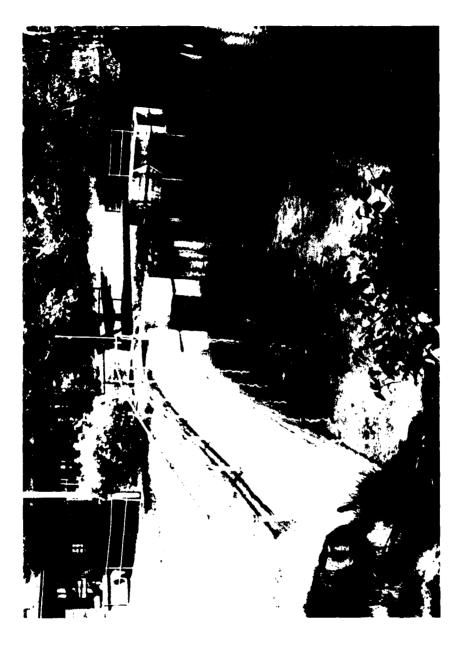
Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition, and the downstream damage potential.

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SUNAPEE TOWN DAM, LOOKING NORTH, DOWNSTREAM Negative No. 5-2



UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SUNAPEE OUADRANGLE 1955 AMS 6570 1-SERIES V712

MT KEARSARGE QUADRANGLE 1: 3 AMS 6670 IV-SERIES V712

SUNAPEE LAKE TOWN DAM

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority

Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Fay, Spofford & Thorndike, Inc., Engineers, have been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the state of New Hampshre. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to Fay, Spofford & Thorndike, Inc., under a letter of May 3, 1978, from Mr. Ralph T. Garver, Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract no. DACW 33-78-C-0308 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose

- (1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests.
- (2) Encourage and prepare the states to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-Federal dams.
- (3) To update, verify, and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 Description of Project

a. Location

Sunapee Lake Town Dam is located in the central western part of New Hampshire in the town of Sunapee, near the old town hall. The dam is built on the headwaters of Sugar River, approximately 750 feet to the west of Sunapee Harbor. Sunapee Harbor is a small bay of Sunapee Lake located between Garnett Hill and Keyser Hill on the east shore of the lake. Sugar River flows into the Connecticut River in the city of Claremont which is about 17 miles west of Sunapee.

b. Description of Dam

The town dam consists of stone masonry, capped with concrete, and a concrete slab over the upstream face. This dam is 71 feet long with a 15-foot long north wingwall and a 53-foot long concrete south wingwall. The overall length is 139 feet. In the middle of the dam, there is a 30-foot long spillway with steel pins to support the flashboards (Photographs No. 1, 2, and 3, Appendix C).

Over the spillway, there is a footbridge spanning between two concrete abutments. The spillway is 11 feet wide and approximately 4.5 feet below the crest of the dam. The north end of the dam contains a 5-foot by 5-foot waste gate with a manually operable gate hoist. At the south abutment near the left bank, there is a 5-foot diameter, 30-foot long penstock with a manually operable gate valve, and a trash rack on the upstream side (Photographs No. 6, 7, and 9, Appendix C). This penstock feeds water to the turbine in the waterworks pumping station which is located 18 feet downstream from the dam.

It is evident from the records that this dam is founded on both hardpan and ledge, and numerous boulders were observed in the downstream channel.

Near the northwest corner of the pumping station, about 50 feet downstream from the face of the dam, there is a low 3-foot wide stone masonry sill across the pool. It creates a 4- to 5-foot waterfall and an attractive reflection pool near the roadway bridge (Photograph Nos. 10, 11, and 12, Appendix C).

Upstream from the town dam there is a regulator dam, which was built at the outlet of Sunapee Lake (Sunapee Harbor) and is called "Upper Lake Dam." This regulator dam has three gates and a telemark gage reading system connected to the New Hampshire Water Resources Board office in Concord. A fishscreen was observed on the upstream side of the regulator dam (Photograph Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Appendix C).

Between the town dam and the regulator dam is a forebay pond approximately 750 feet long with a stone masonry retaining wall at its bend (Photograph No. 16, Appendix C). The flow into this pond is controlled by the regulator dam.

c. Size Classification

The storage capacity at the spillway crest is 16,340 acre-feet, which falls in the range 1,000 and 50,000 acre-feet. Therefore, on the basis of Table 1, Size Classification, in the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," furnished by the Corps of Engineers, the dam is classified as intermediate in size.

d. Hazard Classification

In the event of failure of this dam, residential buildings in the towns of Sunapee, Wendell, Guild, and Newport, which are downstream of the dam at distances of 1/2 mile, 2 miles, 3 miles, and 5 miles, respectively, will be in danger of being flooded. It is assumed that the height of the flood wave is two-thirds the height of the dam. On this basis, an approximate outline on U.S.G.S. Map for the damage impact area is included in Appendix D. It is estimated that in the event of failure of this dam loss of more than a few lives and excessive property damage could possibly occur. Therefore, on the basis of Table 2, Hazard Potential Classification, in the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," furnished by the Corps of Engineers, this dam falls in the category of high hazard potential.

e. Ownership

Present owners are the town of Sunapee. In 1931, the ownership of the dam was shared between the Sunapee Dam Corporation, Brampton Woolen Co., and the town of Sunapee. The town of Sunapee and the Brampton Woolen Co. each owned 25 per cent of the dam.

Subsequently, the town of Sunapee has bought all rights to the dam in order to use the water for power for the town's waterworks pumping station.

f. Operator

Mr. Henry Cummingham, superintendant of the waterworks pumping station, Sunapee, New Hampshire, telephone (603)-763-2449.

g. Purpose of Dam

The original purpose of this dam was to store water for power to be used by the mills in the area. Since reconstruction in 1932, the dam has been used for power by the Sunapee Waterworks Pumping Station. This dam serves recreational and environmental purposes, as the lake and the upstream pond are surrounded by summer cottages and permanent houses. The downstream pool has been reconstructed to create a reflecting pool with a sill across the pool.

h. Design and Construction History

From limited available data, it appears that a dam existed in the town of Sunapee in 1856, presumably on the same site. It was referred to as the "Saw Mill Sight," or as the "Second Dam from Lake."

Due to the needs of the waterworks pumping station and because the old stone and timber dam was leaking badly, the town of Sunapee undertook a major repair in 1931. In October of that year, I. W. Jones & Co., Engineers, of Milton, New Hampshire, prepared plans and specifications for partial rebuilding and repair. The New Hampshire Public Service Commission gave its authorization to proceed with the work to the town of Sunapee's Special Water Committee on November 12, 1931.

The construction was done by Gamsby Brothers., a local contractor of Sunapee and finished in January of 1932. This contract included the following items: removal of the old wooden planking from the upstream face; replacing part of the old stone masonry; capping the upstream face and the spillway crest with concrete; installing new gates and a rack structure, and a sluice way with stop logs in the spillway; excavation of a trench; and construction of a cutoff wall along the upstream base of the stone masonry. Cofferdams were used for this construction

The spillway crest is at Elevation 1090.5, with distance below the top of the dam of 4 feet at the north abutment and 4.5 feet at the south abutment. The height of the structure above the stream bed is about 15 feet.

In 1966, the town built a sill 50 feet downstream from the dam creating a reflective pool for recreational purposes.

In 1973, the Town Dam was improved again. The abutments were to be raised by adding 1 foot at the south end and 1.5 feet at the north end, making the distance between the top of the dam and the spillway crest to be 5.5 feet. It appears that this work was never done due to the fact that field measurements indicate that this distance varies from 4 feet 3 inches to 4 feet 7 inches. A footbridge consisting of two steel stringers, wooden planking, and a steel railing along the downstream side was built over the spillway. There are sketches and some computations, made by Mr. R. C. Chamberlin, Engineer, showing the proposed modifications of the dam; but there are no as-built drawings. The field observations indicate that the sluiceway in the spillway does not exist. The spillway crest is now uninterrupted along its full length at the same height. Both gates have manually operated hoists with wheels and cranks.

i. Normal Operational Procedure

The town's water supply is conveyed to the pumping station by a 12-inch diameter main pipe from the lake. Once a week an operator from the New Hampshire Water Resources Board checks and adjusts the water level at the regulator dam. The operator who works in the Sunapee Pumping Station checks the Town Dam daily, and when necessary he adjusts the gates.

During September of every year, the Water Resources Board closes the gates at the regulator dam. At this time, the operator at Sunapee Pumping Station dewaters the forebay pond in order to perform yearly maintenance. It takes about two weeks to paint the turbine and to check the penstock and the town dam. During this time, the town's water supply is obtained from a one-million gallon storage tank which uses two pumps. For more detail, see Section 4.1.

1.3 Pertinent Data

a. Drainage Area

Although Sunapee Lake, as shown on the U.S.G.S. map, is a natural one, the water surface in the lake is controlled by the Sunapee Lake Regulator Dam, which is located about 750 feet upstream from the town dam and otherwise called the upper lake dam. It has a drainage area of 45 square miles. The watershed area is heavily wooded, undulated, and rolling.

b. Discharge at Town Dam Site

(1) Outlet works (conduits) - A 5-foot diameter penstock with an estimated invert elevation of 1083 is connected to a hydraulic turbine. The flow through the penstock drives a hydraulic turbine which, in turn, rotates a coupled centrifugal pump. There is a 5-foot by 5-foot waste sluice near the north abutment with an invert elevation of 1083. A 12-inch diameter suction pipe conveys water from Sunapee Lake to the the pumping station for Sunapee's water supply.

The estimated discharge capacities of the waste sluice are furnished below:

201 cfs when the reservoir is at Spillway Crest Elevation 1090.5.

333 cfs at maximum pool elevation 1099.2.

The estimated discharge capacities of the penstock are furnished below:

220 cfs at Elevation 1090.5, which corresponds to the spillway crest elevation.

363 cfs at Elevation 1099.2, which corresponds to the maximum pool elevation.

- (2) Maximum known flood at dam site flood of September 21-24, 1938, but the magnitude was not recorded.
- (3) Ungated spillway capacity at maximum pool elevation 9233 cfs at Elevation 1099.2.
- (4) Total spillway capacity at maximum pool elevation 9233 cfs at Elevation 1099.2.

c. Elevation (Feet above MSL)

- (1) Top of dam 1094.5 at the north abutment and 1095.0 at the south abutment.
- (2) Maximum pool elevation 1099.2.
- (3) Full flood control pool 1094.5. In the absence of pertinent data, it is assumed that the full flood control elevation coincides with the top of the dam.
- (4) Recreation pool 1090.5. It is assumed that the recreation pool elevation is the same as the spillway crest elevation.
- (5) Spillway crest (ungated) 1090.5.
- (6) Stream bed at centerline of dam 1075.5 (estimated).
- (7) Maximum tail water 1080 (estimated).

d. Reservoir

- (1) Length of maximum pool 32,000 feet (estimated).
- (2) Length of recreation pool, downstream of dam, including reflection pool 22,400 feet (estimated).
- (3) Length of flood control pool 26,000 feet (estimated).

e. Storage (Acre-Feet)

- Recreation pool 16,340 acre-feet (estimated).
- (2) Flood control pool 16,160 acre-feet (estimated).
- (3) Design surcharge 16,160 acre-feet (estimated).
- (4) Top of dam 32,500 acre-feet (estimated).

f. Reservoir Surface (Acres)

- (1) Top of dam 4500 acres (estimated).
- (2) Maximum pool 4500 acres (estimated).
- (3) Flood control pool 4500 acres (estimated).
- (4) Recreation pool 4085 acres. It is assumed that the recreation pool elevation is the same as the spillway crest elevation.
- (5) Spillway crest 4085 acres. This value is obtained from planimetering the lake area on the U.S.G.S Map.

g. Dam

(1) Type Dry rubble masonry

(2) Length Approximately 71 feet

(3) Height 15 feet

(4) Top width Minimum 5.75 feet, maximum 14.5 feet

(5) Side slopes

(a) Upstream Approximately 1 vertical

to 1 horizontal

(b) Downstream Vertical

(6) Zoning Not applicable

(7) Impervious core Not applicable

	(8)	Cuto	eff	Upstream face of dam con- crete masonry with the possibility of sheet pil- ing
	(9)	Grou	nt curtain	None
h.	Spil	Llway		
	(1)	Туре	:	Ungated concrete weir
	(2)	Leng	th of weir	30 feet
	(3)	Cres	st elevation	1090.5 ms1
	(4)	Gate	2 S	None
	(5)	U/S	channel	Forebay pond (Sugar River)
i.	Regu	ulating Outlet		
	(1)	Inve	ert	1083 (estimated)
	(2)	Size	•	60-inch diameter
	(3)	Desc	cription	Steel penstock
	(4)	Cont	trol mechanism	One gate valve, manually operated
	(5)	Othe	ers	
		(a)	Invert	1083 (estimated)
		(b)	Size	5 feet by 5 feet
		(c)	Description	Concrete waste gate open- ing

(d) Control mechanism

One gate, manually operated

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

a. General Project Data

As-built drawings indicating plans, elevations, and sections of the dam and appurtenant structures, including the details of the discharge facilities, such as outlet works, limit service, emergency spillways, flashboards, fuse plugs, and operation equipment, are not available from project records.

2.2 Construction

a. Concrete Properties

- (1) In 1932, the materials were supplied by a local contractor, Gamsby Brothers. of Sunapee, New Hampshire.
- (2) It is evident that in 1932, a specified concrete mix design was used, and tests were performed.

b. Construction History

- (1) The diversion scheme, construction sequence, pertinent construction problems, and maintenance repair is not available from project records.
- (2) This dam has been modified and altered since its original construction. Available project records indicate that major repairs to this dam were completed in 1932.

c. Testing

(1) Construction control test data are not available from project records.

2.3 Operation

No engineering operational data was disclosed. Normal operational procedures are described in Section 1.2.i.

The record of continuous water surface levels in Sunapee Lake, as telemetered by the gage at the outlet of the Sunapee Lake, is maintained by the Water Resources Board of the State of New Hampshire.

Information pertaining to the history of previous failures or deficiencies is presented in Section 1. In 1973, repairs to the dam were made. A footbridge with a handrail had been constructed over the dam and the sluice in the spillway dam was closed.

2.4 Evaluation

a. Availability

Except for the limited data previously mentioned, pertinent structural, geotechnical, hydrologic, and hydraulic data, which formed the basis of the design of the dam, are not available from the project records.

b. Adequacy

Sufficient engineering data are available for a Phase I inspection.

Profiles and cross sections of this dam were found in the project files. These were prepared for an inspection report and not for construction purposes.

c. Validity

The available engineering data is considered valid on the basis of the results of the visual inspection.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. General

The Phase I inspection of Sunapee Lake Town Dam was performed on June 6, 1978. A copy of the inspection check list is included in Appendix A.

In general, the soil features are in good condition. The concrete was observed to be in good condition except for the north abutment and spillway, see subparagraph c.

b. Dam

No evidence of vertical or horizontal misalignment was observed. There is no indication of sloughing, bulging, or movement of the slopes, nor is there any evidence of seepage or piping.

A 1-foot section of the soil adjacent to the north abutment has dropped a maximum of 12 inches. This area is approximately 4 feet from the downstream edge of the dam. Observations indicated that this was probably caused by erosion (Photograph No. 8, Appendix C).

c. Appurtenant Structures

The wooden footbridge over the spillway and the concrete wingwall at the southern end of the dam is in good condition. The railing for the footbridge is generally in good condition. One vertical member located at the northern end of the dam was observed to be missing (Photograph No. 8, Appendix C). The spillway capped with concrete shows areas of erosion (Photograph No. 4, Appendix C). Concrete above the water level was observed to be in good condition except for the southern end of the north abutment where erosion was noticed. Both horizontal and vertical cracks were observed in the concrete cap of the north abutment (Photographs No. 5 and 9, Appendix C). The waste sluice gate and the penstock gate valve are both in working condition.

d. Reservoir Area

Sunapee Lake Town Dam is built on the headwaters of the Sugar River and is located in the town of Sunapee. The forebay behind the dam is small and its area is about 1/2 acre. The actual storage reservoir for Sunapee Lake Town Dam forebay is Sunapee Lake. The

storage area of Sunapee Lake is 4,085 acres. The shoreline is lined with a large number of trees. There are many cottages around the lake.

The discharge of Sunapee Lake flows through a regulator dam with a town road over it and into a forebay behind Sunapee Lake Town Dam. On both sides of the forebay, retaining walls were observed. The shoreline of the forebay is in good condition.

e. Downstream Channel

The downstream channel and side slopes are in good condition. Several large boulders were observed in the channel, and the slopes in some places are protected with dry rubble masonry. The downstream channel is deep and considerably wide only immediately downstream of the dam. At a distance of about 150 feet downstream of the dam, water flows under a roadway bridge and through a stone-lined channel. There is an abandoned dam approximately 475 feet downstream from the town dam.

Even though the channel immediately downstream of the dam has enough conveying capacity to handle flood flows within its banks, the downstream channel in the vicinity of the damage impact areas does not. This would result in flooding, and consequently damaging property and perhaps loss of life.

3.2 Evaluation

The observed condition of the dam is good. The potential problems observed during the visual inspection are listed as follows:

- a. Concrete erosion.
- b. Potential for overtopping.
- c. Settlement of the area adjacent to the north abutment.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Procedures

The Town of Sunapee has operated Sunapee Lake Town Dam since about 1931. The water level of the forebay pond is maintained by a spillway located at the center of the dam. The flow is controlled by manually operated flashboards. Drawdown is accomplished by opening the waste sluice and the steel penstock. The waste sluice is controlled by a gate and the penstock by a gate valve, both manually operated.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam

The maintenance of Sunapee Lake Town Dam is the responsibility of the town of Sunapee.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

The dam is inspected daily by the operator who works in the Sunapee Pumping Station. Maintenance of the operating facilities that regulate the intake gate valve, which controls the flow into the 5-foot diameter pehstock, and the waste sluice gate opening is satisfactory.

4.4 Description of any Warning System in Effect

A flood warning system is in effect. There is a telemetered stream gage at the outlet of Sunapee Lake and it is maintained and monitored by the New Hampshire Water Resources Board. During floods, as soon as the water level in Sunapee Lake exceeds the permissible limit, the three gates of the regularoty dam outlet will be fully opened with instructions to the town of Sunapee to open the waste sluice gate in the body of the town dam.

4.5 Evaluation

The operation and maintenance procedures for Sunapee Lake Town Dam consisting of daily inspection, should ensure that all problems encountered can be remedied within a reasonable period of time.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 Evaluation of Features

a. Design Data

- (1) This dam fall under the category of high hazard potential and it is intermediate in size. Using the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," the recommended spillway test flood peak inflow is equal to the probable maximum flood. The spillway test flood inflow hydrograph, estimated, is furnished in Appendix D. The spillway test flood peak inflow is 65,250 cfs.
- (2) The estimated maximum peak outflow corresponding to the spillway test flood inflow is about 9,233 cfs. Refer to Appendix D for details.
- (3) The lake storage capacity versus the elevation, an estimated capacity curve is included in Appendix D.
- (4) The estimated composite discharge rating curve for the spillway and all discharge facilities is furnished in Appendix D.
- (5) The hydrologic map of the watershed above the dam site, including reservoir area, water course, deviation contours, and principal stream flow is included in Appendix D.

b. Experience Data

Except for very limited information, details of past floods are not available for this dam. Rainfall records for the area are available for the years 1892 to 1941. It is noted that significant monthly rainfalls were recorded in September, 1938, and March, 1936. Rainfall recorded in the month of September, 1938, was 12.43 inches, which was more than 3.5 times the monthly average rainfall. The flood of September 21-24 is considered to be the maximum flood that has occurred. On the basis of regional frequency studies, the flood of 1938 corresponds to a 100-year flood. The maximum height of water over the permanent crest of the spillway was not measured.

c. Visual Observations

Ω

The crest of the non-overflow section of the south side of the dam is 4 feet above the crest of the spillway. The corresponding dimension of the north side is 4.5 feet. The hydraulic design of the spillway is poor, and there are no energy dissipation works below the spillway. Water is allowed to fall freely on the channel bed down-stream of the spillway. The stream bed is lined with boulders.

d. Overtopping Potential

Sunapee Lake has a very large surface area (4,500± acres) and flood runoff from the watershed goes more into surcharge storage then into spillway discharge. With a full probable maximum test flood (PMF) runoff of 19 inches with an estimated peak inflow of 65,000 cfs, the outflow would be reduced to about 9,000 cfs, with about 16 inches of runoff going into surcharge storage. Such a flood would cause about an 8.7-foot rise in lake level, overtopping the dam by about 4.2 feet. A flood one-half the PMF, with 9.5 inches of runoff and a peak inflow of 32,000 cfs would result in a spillway outflow of about 1,700 cfs with about 9 inches of the flood runoff going into surcharge storage. This flood would cause a 4.8-foot rise in the lake level resulting in only about 0.3 foot overtopping of the dam. Spillway capacity with pool at top of dam is about 1,600 cfs.

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. Visual Observations

The upstream slope could not be seen due to the fact that it was under water. The visual inspection revealed no evidence of stability problem except possibly for the settlement area adjacent to the north abutment

Erosion of the spillway and the erosion and minor cracks at the north abutment does not pose an immediate stability problem but could lead to future problems if it is not repaired.

b. Design and Construction Data

There are no construction drawings or structural computations. There are a few free-hand sketches, dated 1937, which were prepared by the inspecting engineer, showing basic dimensions of the dam. Some computations and sketches made prior to the repairs in 1973, are available.

c. Operating Records

Except for memorandums and correspondence listed in Appendix B, other operating records were not available at the office of the New Hampshire Water Resources Board. There are additional records at the town of Sunapee pumping station.

d. Post-Construction Changes

The routine repairs that are recorded in the files were done in 1973. These repairs consisted of new concrete piers on the upstream side and repairing the gates in the dam. The structural stability was not affected by these repairs.

e. Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2 and in accordance with recommended Phase I guidelines does not warrant seismic analyses.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS, & REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Condition

The visual inspection and operational history indicates that Sunapee Lake Town Dam is in good condition and functioning satisfactorily.

b. Adequacy of Information

An adequate assessment of the dam consistent with the scope of Phase I investigation has been made based upon the visual inspection and available information.

c. Urgency

The recommendations and remedial measures enumerated in Section 7.2 and 7.3 should be implemented within 2 years of receipt of this Phase I report by the owner.

d. Need for Additional Investigation

See Section 7.2.

7.2 Recommendations

Because of the large surcharge storage feature of this project, it is recommended that more detailed hydrologic studies be performed to determine the ability of this project, through storage and spillway capacity, to withstand major flood runoff. The extent of damage that might occur at the dam and in downstream areas in the event of overtopping should be assessed.

7.3 Remedial Measures

It is considered important that the following operating and maintenance procedures be attended to as early as practical:

- a. Proper grade of the settled area adjacent to the north abutment should be reestablished and a missing rail post installed.
- b. All damaged or eroded concrete surfaces should be repaired as continued deterioration could develop into a serious problem.

- c. A program of regular maintenance should be established.
- d. A program of technical biannual periodic inspection of the project features should be prepared and initiated.
- e. Because the dam is located upstream of a populated area, round-the-clock surveillance should be provided during periods of high precipitation.
- f. The owner should develop a formal warning system. An operational procedure to follow in event of an emergency should also be adopted.

7.4 Alternatives

None recommended.

APPENDIX A

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LISTS

APPENDIX A

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978
	TIME 1000-1530
	WEATHER Sunny
	W.S. ELEV. 1092.5 U.S. DN.S.
PARTY:	
l. Jurgis Gimbutas, P.E.	Team Captain - Structural and Concrete
1. ddigis dimbacas, r.E.	and Concrete
2. Harvey H. Stoller, P.E.	Soils, Geology and Foundation
3. V. Rao Maddineni, P.E.	Hydraulics and Hydrology
PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY REMARKS
1. Dam Embankment	H. H. Stoller Good
Outlet Works -	
2. Waste Gate Outlet	J. Gimbutas Fair
3. Outlet Works - Penstock	J. Gimbutas Good
4. Spillway Weir	J. Gimbutas Fair
Approach and	V. R. Maddineni
5. Discharge Channels	H. H. Stoller Good
6. Pond and Downstream Channe	

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978		
PROJECT FEATURE Dam Embankment			
DISCIPLINE Soils & Foundations	NAME		
PROJECT FEATURE			
DISCIPLINE	NAME		
DISCIPLINE	NAME		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION		
DAM EMBANKMENT			
Crest Elevation	1094.8 msl (North Abutment) 1095.1 msl (South Abutment)		
Current Pool Elevation	1092.5 msl		
Maximum Impoundment to Date	1094.5 msl		
Surface Cracks	Minor crack in concrete cap of North Abutment		
Pavement Condition	None		
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None observed		
Lateral Movement	None observed		
Vertical Alignment	No visual vertical misalignment observed		
Horizontal Alignment	No visual horizontal misalignment observed		

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978		
PROJECT FEATURE Dam Embankment			
DISCIPLINE Soils & Foundations	NAME		
PROJECT FEATURE			
DISCIPLINE	NAME		
DISCIPLINE	NAME		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION		
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Erosion observed at southern end of North Abutment		
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None observed		
Trespassing on Slopes	None observed		
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	None observed		
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	None		
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toes	None observed		
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	None observed		
Piping or Boils	None observed		
Foundation Drainage Features	None		

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978
PROJECT FEATURE Dam Embankment	
DISCIPLINE Soils and Foundations	NAME Thering It italia
PROJECT FEATURE	
DISCIPLINE	NAME
DISCIPLINE	NAME
ADDA DVATUADO	CONDITION
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
Toe Drains	None
Instrumentation System	None

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978	
PROJECT FEATURE Outlet Works	_	
DISCIPLINE Structural & Concrete	NAME	
PROJECT FEATURE		
DISCIPLINE	NAME	
DISCIPLINE		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION	
OUTLET WORKS - WASTE GATE OUTLET		
General Condition of Concrete	Fair condition	
Erosion or Cavitation	None observed	
Condition at Joints	Good	
Gates	One, manually operated	
OUTLET WORKS - PENSTOCK		
Size	60-inch diameter steel pipe	
General Condition	Could not be observed	
Gate Valve	One, manually operated	

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978
PROJECT FEATURE Spillway Weir	
DISCIPLINE Structural & Concrete	NAME
PROJECT FEATURE Channels	
DISCIPLINE Hydraulics & Hydrology	NAME (. PAZ Muddle 110 111
DISCIPLINE Soils & Foundations	NAME Henry It Atellia
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	
General Condition	Good condition
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None observed
Trees Overhanging Channel	None observed
Floor of Approach Channel	Could not be observed
b. Weir and Retaining Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Fair
Rust or Staining	None observed
Spalling and Cracking of Concrete	Little at North Abutment

PROJECT Sunapee Lake Town Dam	DATE June 6, 1978
PROJECT FEATURE Spillway Weir	
DISCIPLINE Structural & Concrete	NAME
PROJECT FEATURE Channels	_
DISCIPLINE Hydraulics & Hydrology	NAME The Mindelline
DISCIPLINE Soils & Foundations	NAME There I stollar
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
Any Visible Reinforcing	None observed
Any Seepage or	
Efflorescence	None observed
Drain Holes	None
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Good condition
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None observed
Trees Overhanging Channel	None observed
Floor of Channel	Good condition
Other Obstructions	None observed

APPENDIX B EXISTING AVAILABLE INFORMATION

APPENDIX B

1. Listing of Design, Construction and Maintenance Records

Filed at New Hampshire Water Resources Board in Concord, New Hampshire under Town/Dam No. 229.05:

- (1) Photograph dated October 7, 1931, showing the dam prior to the 1932 reconstruction. The old wooden saw mill was still on the north bank of the river, and the present town hall in the background.
- (2) October 5, 1931. Gamsby Brothers' (contractors) letter proposing to do the rebuilding of the dam. There are handwritten notes of years 1856, 1857, 1860 and later, indicating that this dam is at least that old.
- (3) October 8, 1931. Questionnaire dam information, written by the chairman, Special Water Committee, town of Sunapee, received by New Hampshire Public Service Commission. This document describes the intended rebuilding to be done.
- (4) October 27, 1931. Specifications for Rebuilding Dam for Village of Sunapee, New Hampshire, by I. W. Jones & Co., Engineers, Milton, New Hampshire. This 14-page typewritten document includes 2 pages of the contract proposed, not signed. With these specifications, plans were furnished as follows: Sheet A - Survey of Existing Conditions; Sheet B -Plan, Elevation and Sections, showing the proposed reconstruction of the dam and gates; Sheet C - Details of Miscellaneous Ironwork.

Note: None of these plans could be located in the files of the New Hampshire Water Resources Board nor at the town hall in Sunapee.

- (5) November 12, 1931. Authorization from the New Hampshire Public Service Commission to proceed with the reconstruction of the dam.
- (6) December 5, 1931. Letter from I. W. Jones & Co., Engineers, to the Public Service Commission in Concord, New Hampshire, explaining a change of Design Sheet B showing a sluiceway 5 feet 0 inch wide in the location of the former opening which they had planned to close. Enclosed were two curve sheets, copies of which are available. One shows the

discharge capacity of the dam at various stages of the water level. The second curve sheet shows effect on Sunapee Lake of a very severe storm.

- (7) January 1932. Sketch showing location of top of ledge rock under north end of dam. By Mr. E. L. Grimes, Sunapee, New Hampshire. Apparently he was the contractor's representative.
- (8) February 2, 1932. Report of test of cement by the Thompson & Lichtner Co., Inc., Boston, Massachusetts.
- (9) July 10, 1942. A questionnaire from the New Hampshire Water Resources Board, filled out by Mr. M. G. Chase, Selectman of the town of Sunapee, stating the good condition of the dam and the power plant (water supply pump) in operation.
- (10) April 16, 1965. Discharge measurement notes on Sunapee River (Sugar River) 500+ feet below the upper dam.
- (11) 1973. Unfinished plan showing three sluice gates for the lake level control dam on the Sunapee Lake outlet, by New Hampshire Water Resources Board, Concord, New Hampshire, and a cost estimate dated February 27, 1973.
- (12) February May 1973. Several letters and sketches by Mr. Robert B. Chamberlin discussing proposed remodeling of the dam. This would have included raising the abutments, date controls and side walls, construction of a footbridge, and installation of electric gate operators with motors at both stems.

2. Copies of Past Inspection Reports

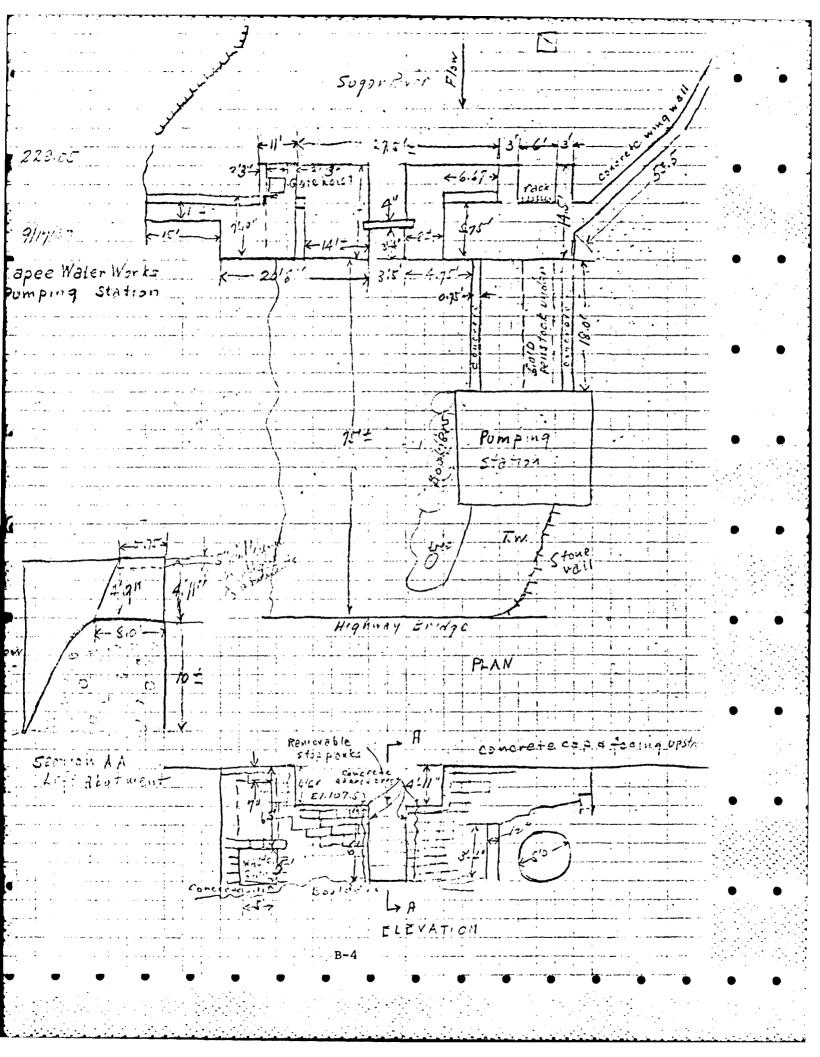
- (1) September 17, 1937. Inventory of dams, by New Hampshire Water Resources Board. Includes freehand sketches with dimensions.
- (2) September 12, 1939. Data on dams, by New Hampshire Water Resources Board. Tabulated by RLT.

NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER RESCURCES BOARD

INVENTORY OF DAMS AND WATER POWER DEVELOPMENTS

		,	
BASIN	Coursessing	No. \$ 5 229.05	
RIVER	SUGAR	MILES FROM MOUTH 270 D.A.SQ.MI -	ا مير سن
TOWN -	Singses	OWNER TOWN OF CHARLES	
LOCAL NAM	E OF DAM		
BUILT 193	DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION	N Maryman Condeste, A.S. V	
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		Massing walks street concernie	
POND AREA		DRAWDOWN FT. POND CAPACITY-ACRE F	ı' •
HEIGHT-TO	P TO BED OF STRE	AN-FT. S / S MAX. MIN.	
OVERALL L	ENGIH OF DAM-FT.	G.S. 109013 LOCAL GAGE	~
TAILWATER	CREST ELEV.U.S.	G.S. 1050, 2 LOCAL GAGE	
	LENGTHS-FT.		<u> </u>
FLASHBOAR	DS-TYPE, HEIGHT		rinda ^r r D
WASTE GAT	ES-NO. WIDTH MAX	COPENING DEPTH SILL BELOW CREST	
	7 5	5- 7.	
	7 3.5	6 6 stoice in common sprilling	
REMARKS	Condition 2	Good of	
3 H.			
			
	~		
POWER DEV	ET.OPMENT		
FCWER DEV	ELOPMENT		
PCWER DEV	ELOPMENT RATED HEAD	C→F•S•	
PCWER DEV	RATED HEAD	FULL GATE KW MAKE .	
	RATED HEAD	FULL GATE KW MAKE	
	RATED HEAD HP FEET	FULL GATE KW MAKE .	
	RATED HEAD HP FEET	FULL GATE KW MAKE	
	RATED HEAD HP FEET	FULL GATE KW MAKE .	
	RATED HEAD HP FEET	FULL GATE KW MAKE * Some for the second sec	
UNITS NO.	RATED HEAD HP FEET AS 10.	FULL GATE KW MAKE * Solve of the second sec	
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Thoras HANKE.



NEW HAMPSHIRE WATER CONTROL COMMISSION DATA ON DAMS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

LOCATION				STATE NO22	
			-	Sullivan	
Basin-Primary	Conn. R.		: Secondary	Sugar R.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Local Name			***************************************		•••••••
Coordinates-I	Lat		: Long		
GENERAL DATA	A			·	
Drainage area	: Controlled	Sq. Mi.: T	Incontrolled	Sq. Mi.: Total	5Sq. Mi.
				1932 replaced	
				ture 1016 1016 1016 11	
	Masonry wa				
Waste Gates	accing "a				
Type		,		***************************************	****************
Number	Siz	e 5, 6	ft. high x .1-5	1-3.5	ft. wide
Elevation In	vert7. , 6	1	: Total Area		sq. ft.
Hoist		Wheel	••••••		
Waste Gates (Conduit				
Number	*******************************	: Materia	als	***************************************	******************
Embankment					
Туре	**************************************	***********************	***********************	***************************************	·
Height-Ma	x		ft.: Min	·	ft.
Top-Width	1	***************************************	: Elev	***************************************	ft.
Slopes-Ups	stream	on	: Downstream	m on	
Length-Rig	ght of Spillway	************************	: Left of Spi	llway	
Spillway			·	of spillway) /	
-	f Construction			nry	********************
Length-To	tal27.5		ft.: Net		ft.
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-				slumeght/	
				Top of Flashboard	
				cfs/sq. m	
Abutments			•	······································	.4.

	Power Devel				
				······································	
REMARKS	Use-Public	otilities	, Pumping st	ation for town Water	r Supply.
	Conditio	n good			
		B	s - 5		
Tabulation Ry	$\mathtt{RL}\mathbf{T}$		Data	9/19/39	
	• •			9/12/39	

APPENDIX C

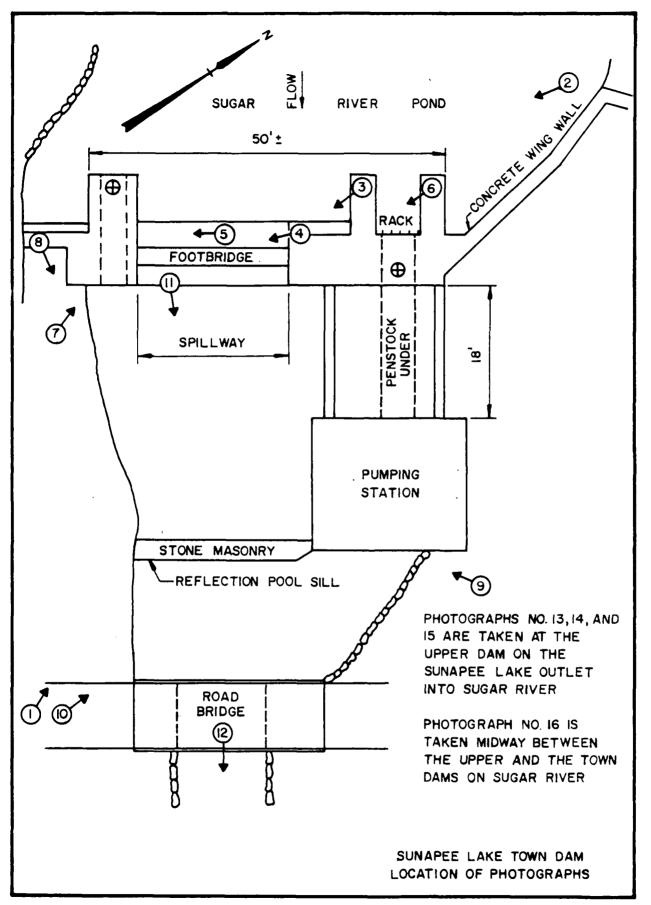
PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX C

REPRESENTATIVE PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROJECT

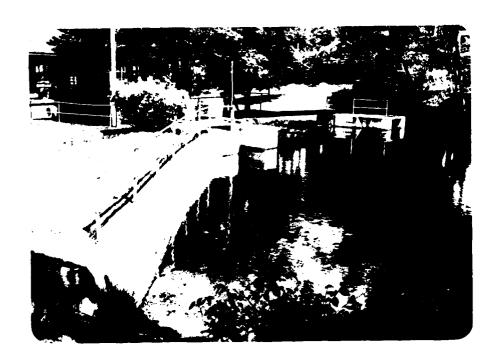
LOCA	TION PLAN		Page
Plan	1 - Location of Photographs Taken on June	6, 1978	C-3
РНОТО	OGRAPHS .		
No.		Negative No.	Page
1.	Town Dam and Water Pump House, looking south.	5-15	C-4
2.	Town Dam, looking north from the road by the upstream forebay pond.	5-2	C-4
3.	Spillway and footbridge, looking north.	5-6	. C-5
4.	Center part of spillway, showing the flashboard along the coast.	5-4	C-5
5.	North abutment, showing concrete erosion.	5-5	C-6
6.	Trash rack at the pump house penstock near the south abutment.	5–3	C-6
7.	Waste gate outlet near the north wingwall	. 5-19	C-7
8.	Disrupted railing and washed away backfill at the north wingwall.	5-18	C-7
9.	Town Dam, looking south, showing both gate hoists and some cracks in concrete.	5–8	C-8
10.	Reflecting pool and bridge across the downstream channel, looking south.	5-16	C-8
11.	Downstream channel and bridge looking from the Town Dam.	5-9	C-9

No.		Negative No.	Page
12.	Downstream channel looking west from the bridge.	5-12	C-9
13.	Gate operating stems at the "Upper Lake Dam."	5-22	C-10
14.	"Upper Lake Dam" looking upstream.	5-21	C-10
15.	Fish screens at the "Upper Lake Dam," looking downstream	8-30A	C-11
16.	Sugar River bank protection at the bend midway between the "Upper Lake Dam" and the Town Dam, looking south.	8-29A	c-11

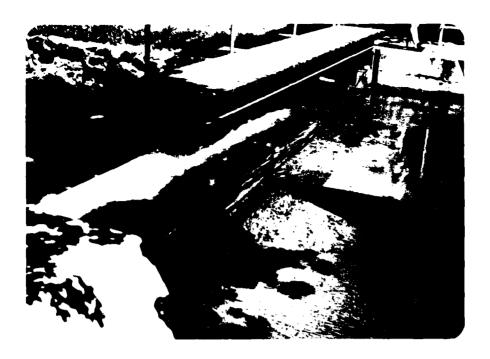




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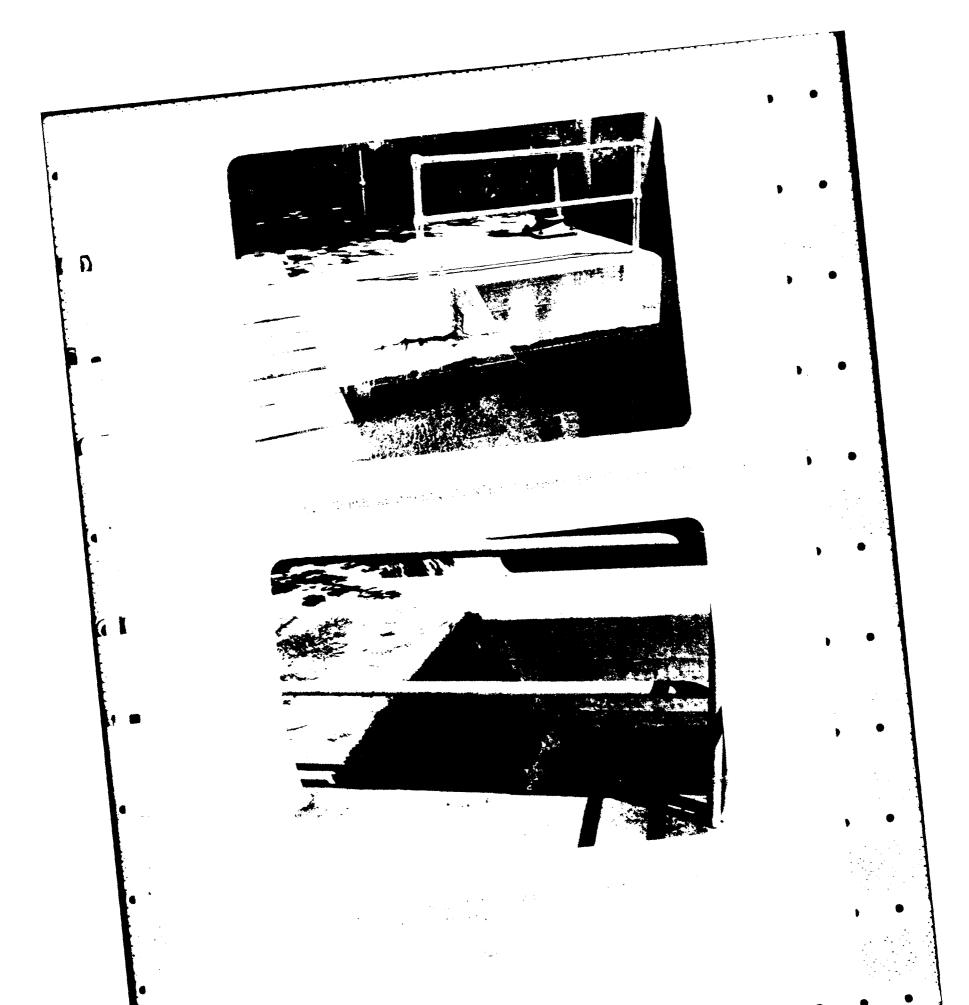
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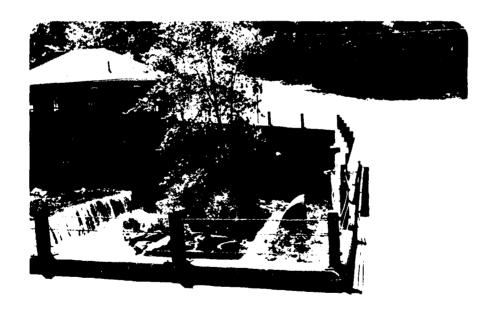
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A. Disruptes believe and Washing ower backfiel at the North Sintwell.





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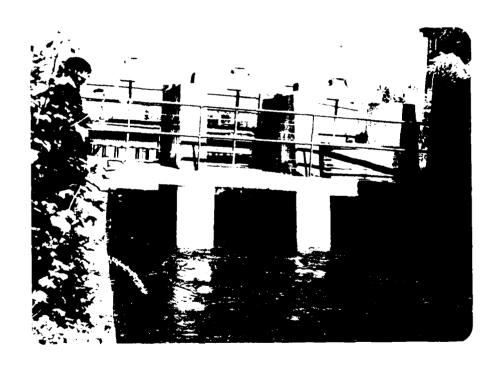
il. Pownstream Shanne, and bridge Looking From the Town Dam.



(2) Fownstream Teaning, Locking West From the Opilies.



.s. date peration them at the "Tree less ten."



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17. Fish Coreens at the "Upper Lake Dam," Looking Downstream.



16. Sugar River Bank Protection at the Bend Midway Petween the Upper and the Town Dams, Looking South.

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

PROJECT I. N. F. DAMS

OUBJECT LIVE ITEM 7: SUNAPER TOWN DAM

ESTIMATING EFFECT OF THE THE THE

Total drainage area of Surapee Like = 45.000.

The drainage area of Sunaper Lake is characterized by mountainous topography.

From guide corves formished by the Corps. of Engineers, It is found that:

Probable Maximum, Flood Peak = 1,450 × 45

QP, = 65,250.0 CFS

According to size classification, Sunapee Town Dam is intermediate.

"According to hazard classification, it falls under the category of high hazard dam.

SPILLWAY TEST FLOOD PEAK INFLOW

= 65,250,0 C.F.S.

FAY SPOFFORD & THORNDIKE. INC ENGINEERS BOSTON PROJECT EN-006 (7)

SHEET NUMBER

SUNAPEE TOWN DAM

SUNFPEE LACE

1. Length of travel from fartnest point to Sunapee Lake = 37,800'

Length of travel through lake to outlet = 22,400'

Total travel from fartnest point to outlet = 60,200'

2. Eles. of fortest point = 1900 ELEN. @ Outlet = 1100 Difference = 800'

and the second of the second o

 $((x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), (x_n, x$

SHEET NUMBER 3 7 TO DATE 7 - 1978

BUBBECT SINAPEE TOWN DAM

SPILLNAY TEST INFLOW FLOOD HYDEOGRAPH CHECKED (BASED ON SES DIMENSIONLESS UNIT HYDEOGRAPH)

CHECKED BY ____

man length if treavel = 60,200 feet.

Difference in Elevation = 800 feet.

$$t_c = \frac{(60,200)^{1.15^c}}{7700 \times (800)^{0.38}} hrs.$$

$$= \frac{313715.49}{7700 \times 12.68}$$
$$= 3.213 \text{ Ars}.$$

spillway rest inflow Flood Peale = 65,250 cfs.

FAY. SPOFFORD & THORNDIKE, INC. ENGINEERS ROSTON

PROJECT <u>EN-COL (7)</u>

FILE NUMBER THE THE

BUBIECT SUNA SEE TOWN DAM

COMPUTED BY _______

SPILLIVET TEST INFLOW FLOOD HYULGRAPH CHECKED BY (BASED ON SES DIMENSIONLESS UNITHYDROSERITE)

To = 3 25 hrs.

SDF = 65, 250 CFS.

T (1/25)	<u> 7/76</u>	Q/QP	4 (CFS)
0.81	0.25	0.05	326215
1.625	0.50	0.18	11745.0
2.44	0.75	0.73	47632,5
3 . 25	1.00	1.00	65250.0
4.06	1.25	0.80	52200 O
4.875	1. 50	0.40	26 100 . 0
569	1. 75	0.25	16312,5
6.50	2,00	0.17	1109215
8.94	2.75	0.66	3915.0
11:375	3 · 5-0	0.02	1305.0
13.070	4. cD	0.01	65215

B0510

OUDJECT SUMPPEE TOWN DAM

DISCHARGE EATING TARLE FOR MESTE SLUYE

DATE COMPUTED BY

 $WASTE SLUICE = 5' \times 5'$. A = 25.0 M.2 INVERTELEVATION = 10.83.0 $Q = C_d \cdot A \cdot \sqrt{289}$; $C_d = 0.45$ $= 90.\sqrt{9}$

ELE.	\exists	Q _s
1090.5	5.0	201.0
1091.5	6.0	220.0
1092.5	7.0	238.0
1093.5	8.0	255.0
1094.5	9.0	270.0
1095.5	10.0	285.0
1096.5	11. C .	299.0
1097.5	12:0	312.0
1098.5 1099.5 1101.5 1102.5	13.0 14.0 15.0 17.0	325.0 337.0 349.0 371.0
1105,5	20.0	403.0
1110 · 5 1115 · 5 1120 · 5	25.0 30.0 35.0	450,0 493.0 532.0

PROJECT EN-006 (2)

FILE NUMBER 611-176

SHEET NUMBER 6

DATE 7-31-178

COMPUTED BY 17511

DISCHMERATINGTABLE FOR 5' DIA PENSTOCK.

Take apprenient to ythe invest elevation of Fencheck = 1083.00.

Elevation of the center of Penthode = 1085.5.

$$Q = C_{2} \cdot A \cdot \sqrt{23h} = 0.625 \times \frac{77}{4} \times 25 \times 8 \times \sqrt{h}$$

$$= 98.775 - h$$

ELE	h	\bigcirc_{P}
1090.5	5	219.526 = 220.0
1091.5	6.	240.478= 241.0
10-12-5	7	259.746 \$ 260.0
1093,5	8	277.6802 278.0
1094.5 1095.5 1096.5 1098.5 1098.5 1098.5 1105.5 1110.5 11120.5 1126.2	9 10 11 2 3 4 2 2 0 5 0 5 7	294. 525 = 295.0 310.456 = 310.0 325.669 = 326.0 340.088 = 354.0 353.75 = 367.0 367.365 = 465.0 437.0 437.0 470.875 = 491.0 537.726 = 581.0 626.00 626.00

SHEET NUMBER Z

DATE 6-4-1476

OUDIECT SUNDPEE TINN TAM

COMPUTED BY JEM

DISCHARGE RATING TAMEFUE SPILLING + DAM + CUERLANGENECKED BY

Lingth of spillway = 30 feet Lingth of Dam = 41 feet Lingth of orienhanks = 270-71 = 199 feet.

$$(H_s)_1 = 1.0$$
 $(Q_s)_1 = 90.0 cts$

$$(H_s)_2 = 20$$
 $(Q_s)_2 = 2550$ "

$$(H_s)_3 = 3.0$$
 $(Q_s)_3 = 468.0$ "

$$(H_s)_4 = 4.0$$
 $(\Phi_s)_4 = 720.0$ "

$$Q = 3 \times 30 \times (5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (0.5)^{3/2}$$

$$= 1006.23 + 37.688 = 10.44.6 \text{ cfs.}$$

$$(H_s)_6 = 6.0$$
 $Q = 3 \times 30 \times (6)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (1.5)^{3/2}$
= $13 \times 22.72 + 195.836 = 1519.6$ "

$$(45)_{7} = 7.0$$
 $Q = 3 \times 30 \times (7)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (2.5)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2.6 \times 14.9 \times (1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
= $1667 + 421 + 517.0$ = $2088 cts$. = $2088 cts$

$$(H_s) = 8.0 \qquad Q = 3 \times 30 \times (8)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (3.5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 199 \times (2)^{3/2}$$

$$= 2036 + 698 + 1463$$

$$= 4197.46$$

$$(H_5) = 9.0$$
 $Q = 3 \times 30 \times (9)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (4.5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 199 \times (9)^{3/2}$
= 2430 + 1018 + 2688 = = = 136.

$$(H_3) = 16.0 \qquad Q = 3 \times 30 \times (10)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 44 \times (5.5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 19.7 \times (4)^{3/2}$$

$$= 2846 + 1375 + 4137 \qquad = 8.660 - 10.7$$

BUBBET SUNAPEE TOUNDAM

DATE 6-4-1-778

COMPUTED BY 175 161

DISCHARGE RATING TARLE SPILLING T+ DENI+ (WERRANKEREN BY)

$$(H_s) = 12.0 \quad Q = 3 \times 30 \times (12)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (7.5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 199 \times (6)^{3/2}$$
$$= 3741 + 2170 + 7664 \qquad = 12,525 \text{ ats}$$

$$(H_s) = 15.0 \quad Q = 3 \times 30 \times (15)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (15.5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 199 \times (9)^{3/2}$$

$$= 5229 + 3627 + 13,970 = 22826 245$$

$$(H_s) = 20.0 \quad Q = 3 \times 30 \times (20)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 41 \times (15.5)^{3/2} + 2.6 \times 199 \times (14)^{3/2}$$

$$= 8050 + 6505 + 27163.0 = 41658.$$

$$Q_5 = 3 \times 30 \times (8.7)^{3/2} = 2309.5$$

$$= 2310.0 C+5$$

PROJECT <u>FN-11/7)</u>

SHEET NUMBER TO THE DATE TO THE TOTAL TO THE

SUBJECT SUMME TOWN DAM

DISCREGE ENTING TEBLE FOR SPUMPY

+ DAM+CLEREANKS + PENSYCCK + LACTE SCILLE.

HEAD O		.G. WHERE SLUISE	FLOWIN FERENCE	FLOW OVER SP LIVE SOUTH + OVERBENY Z	- 7
0	1540	.5 201	220	0	421
1	1091.	5 220	241	90.0	551
, ک	1042.	.5 238	260	255.0	75-3
3	1093.	5 255	278	468.0	1301
4	1094.	5 270	295	720.0	1285
5-	1095.	5 285	310	1044.0	1639
6	1096.5	5 299	326	1519.0	2144
7	1097.5	3/2	340	2088.0	2740
ક	1098.5	325	35-4	4197,0	4876
10	1100.5	349	380	8360.0	9087
15- *.	1105-5	403	439	22826, C	23668
20	1110.5	450	491	41,658.0	42599

FAY SPOFFORD & THORNDIKE INC ENGINEERS PROJECT = N-CCb (7)

FILE NUMBER 10

CONTECT SUMMESE TOWN DEN

ESTIMETICN OF CAPACITY CURVE

COMPUTED BY _____

Spilling most climation = 1090.5.

Simple 2 was of looke at character 10 15.5

= 4085 ADNS

ELEVATION

STORAGE

10:0.5

16,340

1091.0

18382.5

1072.0

22 467.5

10 74.0

30637.5

1095.0

34722.5

1096.0

38 807.5

1100.0

55147.5

1105.0

75572.5

1110 . 0

95997.0

1120.0

1,368 47 5

1125. 0

1,57272.5

1130 -

1,77617.5

BUBBET SUNAPEE TOWN DAM

TO DETERMINE PEAK CUTFLON

CHECKED BY

PEAK INFLOW (Qp) = 65, 250 Cfs.

TRIAL #1:

ASSUME INFOW Vilame = 19" of runoff.

Available storeage upto the top of dam

= 450 x 45 45 x 640

= 0.783 H-

= 8.44 unches.

Reservoir detention rolume = 8.44 Intlow Rungs Volume = 19 = 0.45

Referengto Figure 17-11 in SOS NEH, SECTION 4

OUT FLOW PEAK RATE = 0.70

: OUTFLOW PEAK RATE = 0.7 x (2,250

= 43,575 cts - roohigh walne

TRIAL# 2:

Consider available stomage up to 5 feet alt ne top

SHEET NUMBER (2)

DATE 13-1-1978

COMPUTED BY 1/8/11

TO DETERMINE PERK CUT-LOW

Available 6tores ge up to 5 feet above top of down 49.5 feet alone shill may exest

 $= 45.0 \times 9.5$ 45×640

= 1.484 St = 17.81 inches

Surveper Lake detention volume = 17.81 Inflow Eunoff Volume = 0.94

:. CUTFLON FERK RATE = 5.08

" CUTFLOW PEAK RATE = 0.08 x 65, 250 CKS

 $= 5220 CfS \tag{1}$

From the inniposite taking come, the above intotal Peak Bate Council product to ELE. 1698.9

i.e. surcharge height afone shillmis such -

SUBJECT STATPE = TIMN DAM

TO DETERMINE FEAR CUTFUN

DATE 11-4- 1778

COMPUTED BY 16/1

TRIAL#3:

:. PEAK SUTFLOW
$$G_{P_2} = Q_{P_1} \left(1 - \frac{570R_1}{19}\right)$$

$$= 65,250 \left(1 - \frac{15.75}{19}\right)$$

$$= 65,250 \left(1 - 0.829\right)$$

$$= 11,158 C15$$
 (2)

TRIAL #4:

From the composite rating curve, the above

cutflow peak Rate Cource/ponds to ELE. 1101.3

i.c. swich arge I.t. about 6/2 illway crest=

$$vrl.rf suncharge (sroz) = \frac{4500 \times 15.5}{45 \times 640}$$

$$= 20.25 cf runoff 719''$$

: The above formula (A) object not work.

OUDJECT SUNFPEE TOWN DAM

TO DETERMINE PEAK OUTFLOW

COMPUTED BY 1211

Referring to Figure 17-11 in SCS NEH, SECTION 4, WC

" sunchange Vilume = 0.88 x 19 = 16.72"

11818, apply the above Eyn (A)

$$= 7830 CK \cdot (3)$$

TRIPL#5:

From the Composite Mation anne, the above outflow Peak Bate Genes ponds to ELE. 1099.9 i.e. swichings ht. above spillway chest = 9.4 ft.

NOW, abbly the above copy (A)

PEAK CUTFLOW Qp = 65250 (1- 17.625)
= 65250 (1- .9276)

SUBJECT SUNPPEETOWN DRA

TO DETERMINE PERICOLITICAL

PEAK CUTFLOW $Q_2 = 65,250 \times 5.67.24$ = 4724 315 (4)

TRIAL #6:

From the Composite . Living Curric, the abord outflow Peak Cate Councis ponds to ELE. 1078.6
. sunchange = 8.11.

 $Vrl. of Surcharge (STOR) = \frac{4500 \times 8.1}{45 \times 640} = 15.1875" of num of f.$

Now, apply the above eyn (A)

PEAK OUTFLOW
$$G_{R} = 65,250 \left(1 - \frac{15.1875}{19}\right)$$

= 65,250 $\left(1 - 0.799\right)$
= 65,250 x 0.201
= 13,115 C/S (5)

TRIAL #7:

From the composite rations curue, the above outflow Plake Bate corresponds to ELE. 1102.1. ... surcharge = 11.6 tect. DUDJECT SUNAPEC TOWN DAM

TO DETERMINE PEAK CUTFLOW.

COMPUTED BY VIZM

Vr (. of Surchange (stor) = 4500x 11.6 45 x 640 = 21.75" of hunoff 719"

: The above formula (A) dessnot work.

Inflow Peak Bate = 13115 = 0.20

Referriory to Figure 17-11 in 625 NEH, SECTION 4, WE

get suichange vit = 0.85

:. Swicharte Vrl = 0.85 x19 = 16.15" of runoff.

NOW, a ply the above eyn (A)

PEAK OUTFLOW $Q_{P_2} = 65250 \left(1 - \frac{16.15}{17}\right)$ = 65,250 $\left(1 - 0.85^{-}\right)$

= 65,250 x 0.15

(6).

SUBJECT SUNDREE TOWN DAM

TO DETERMINE PEAK (UTFLOO)

TRIAL 2:

From the Sompost to motion found, the about outflow Peak take convesponds to ELE. 1100.8

: Surcharge = 10.3 ft.

.. Vol. of Suncharge (STER) = 4500 x 10-3

= 19.31 inches of run off 219"

: The atome formula (A) dred not work.

14/1010 PERK RAKE = 9787 = 0.14999

= 0.15.

Refunion to Figure 17-11 in SCS NEH, SECTION 4

One get Suncharge vet = 0.89

:. surcharge Vil = 0.89 x 19 = 16.91" of run 188

NOW, apply the above EVn. (A).

PEAK CUTFLOW $Q_2 = 65,250 (1 - \frac{16.91}{11})$ = 65,250 (1 - 0.89) = 7178 0 +5.

(7).

SUBJECT SUNAPEE TOWN DAM

TO DETERMINE PERK CUTFLON

CHECKED BY

TRIPL #9:

From the composite resting owner, the stone Pak Rate Connesponds to ELE. 1099.7 . Surchange = 9.2 feet

:. Vil. of Euchange (5702) = $\frac{4500 \times 9.2}{45 \times 640} \times 12$ = 17.25 "of run

Now, apply the above equation (A)

PEAK OUTFLOW
$$Q_{p2} = 65,250 \left(1 - \frac{17.25}{19}\right)$$

= 65,250 $\left(1 - 0.90789\right)$
= 6010 CHS (8)

TRIAL # 10:

FROM the amposite Moderns Curve, the about PEHE CUTFLOW RATE COMMES FORLE. 1549.2 ... Surcharge = 8.7 St.

:. Vil. of Surcharge (stor) = $\frac{4.500 \times 8.7}{45 \times 640} \times 12$ = 16.3125 inches of runoff.

NOW, apply the aborce eyn. (A)

SUBJECT SUNPFEE TOWN DAM

TO DETERNINE PEAK OUTFLOW.

DATE 10-4-1478

COMPUTED BY 118-M

PERE GATHLOW Q = 65,250 /1- 164125) = 65,250 (1-18585)

> = 65,250 x 0.1415 = 9233.0 215.

(9)

TRIAL #11:

AVERAGE PEAK OUTFLOW = 6010 + 9233.

= 7622.0 Cts.

(10)

From the composite Mating Curve, the above PEAK OUTFLOW RATE Corresponds to ELE. 1099.9

.. sunchange = 9.4 St.

:. Vrl. of Sunchange (STOR) = 4500 x9.4 x12

= 17.625" of runtst.

NOW, apply the above eyn (A)
PENK CUITON Q = 65,250 (1-17.625)

= 65,250 (1-0.9276)

= 65,250x0.0724

= 4724 cfs.

FAY SPOFFORD & THORNDIKE INC

PROJECT EN-006 (7)

ELE NUMBER EN-005_
EHEET NUMBER 20

DATE 10-4-1973

COMPUTED BY 1211

TO DETERMINE PEAK OUTFLOW.

TRIAL#12:

From the composite unting curve, the abord PEAK OUTFLOW RATE Commes ponds to ELE. 1073.7

". Suncharge = 8.7 feet.

:. Vrl. of Surcharge (570R) = 4500 x8.7 x12 = 16.3125 inches of runity

NOW, apply the above eyn.(A)PEAK OUTFLOW $Q_2 = 65,250(1 - \frac{16.3125}{19})$ = 9233.0 215

:. PEAIC OUTFLOW = 9233.0 CFS.

SURCHARGE = 8.7 feet.
(atom shill my mast)

AMBUNT OF OVER TOPPING OF DAM = 4,2 feet.

SUNAPES TOWN DAM

ROUTING COMPS FOR 1/2 PME

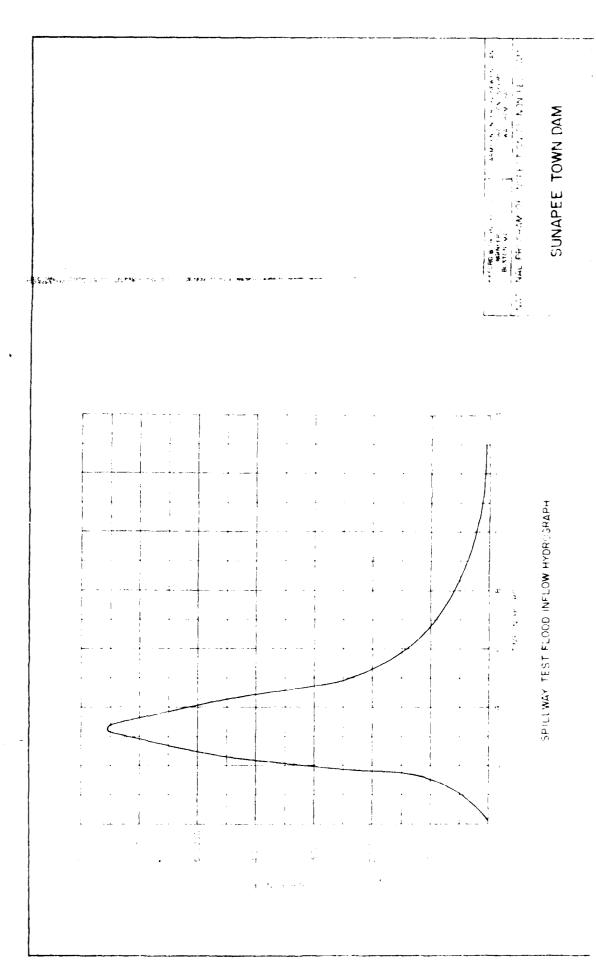
COMPUTED BY

Try 4.7' surchange

$$\frac{4.7(4500)}{45(53)} = 6.8''$$

Try 4.2' Surcharge

$$Q_{p_2} = 32,500 \left(1 - \frac{9.0}{9.5}\right) = 1720 \text{ cfs} \left(0K\right)$$



SUNAPEE TOWN DAM

STORAGE CAPACITY - ELEVATION CURVE

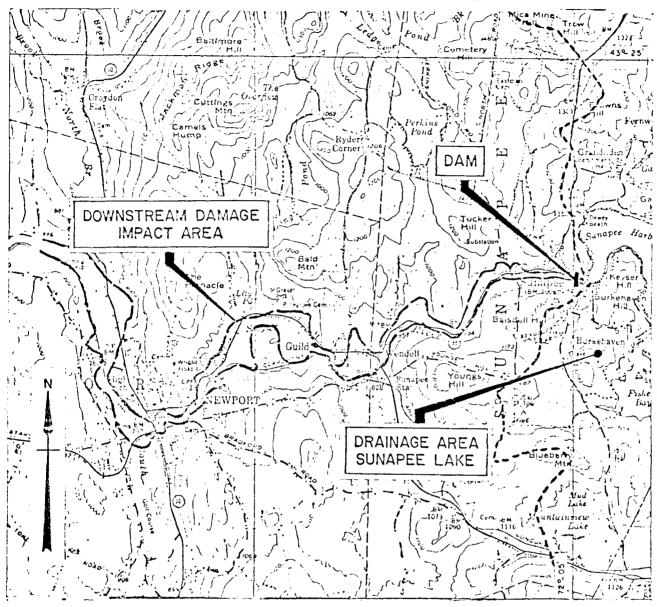
The stronger stranger of the Commence of the C SUNAPEE TOWN DAM RATING TURVE (COMPOSITE) FOR SPILLWAY AND DAM SUNAPPEE QUAPCAISEE 1988 SIXV SERRIES VIXE BEREAGARDE COMPANDIE 1986 TIXV SERRIES VIXE SIXV SERRIES VIXE

MILED STATES

OFFICE OF CHESTOR

OF CHIED STATES





SCALE 1:62500 (ACTUAL)

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

NEW HAMPSHIRE
SUNAPEE QUADRANGLE 1955
AMS 6570 I-SERIES V712
MT. KEARSARGE QUADRANGLE 1956
AMS 6670 IV-SERIES V712

APPENDIX E

INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

1156778 VEX/UATE SCS A PRVZFEU מסור הוצדו שורוח ורושו שוניון נוצדו שינים וביות שונים וביות שונים ו (e) (u) (u) (u) (e) (d) LOBOLLUBE REPORT DATE CRESTI DAY MO YR ٠ ٢ PURULATION THE ABLE HES HE CANSBY_PRUS OF SUPPEE MAINTENANCE z S 14325,11.7204.91 FROM DAM AUTHORITY FOR INSPECTION CONSTRUCTION BY 1810 1.6340 Jul. D 1. 100 t 100 NAME OF UMPOURUMENT MONTHUM CAPACITIES 3 INVENTORY OF DAMS IN THE UNITED STATES MM MAJER, HES BD . NEAREST DOWNSTHEAM CITY-FOWN VILLAGE (i) 32500 1... PL92-157 OPERATION SUNAPEL LAKE. INSPECTION DATE € I - W JUNES + CU LNGRS REGULATORY AGENCY 04.JUN78 DAY MO YR SUNAPEE Livonin HE ... 13 ENGINE CRING BY ISUNAPLE_LANE_JUNN.DAM_ NAME 9 REMARKS REMARKS NH. WATER PES BO 15 CONSTRUCTION FAY SPUFFORD + THOMNOINE JNC. PURPOSES ε RIVER UR STREAM TAS TENCH I LEVEL WASHINGTON ON STANDON 2 POPULAR NAME S. 3 INSPECTION BY THE CONTROL STATE COUNTY DIST. STATE COUNTY, DIST. Έ YEAR COMPLETED 1932 W. TER RES BD. OLICH SUGAR ALVER 50 SFILLWAY SURAPEE OWNER DESIGN 71 . . SECUND. DAM 175 |610| FR TYPE OF DAM TO BAG SKCIPE GILLIBASIN 105 RED [

HEREOGRAPHY OF THE COMMITTEE ON

FILMED

8-85

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