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AD-A156 254

RICHELIEU RIVER BASIN
WOLCOTT , VERMONT

**WOLCOTT DAM
VT 00179**

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

JUNE, 1980

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The dam is a reinforced concrete gravity structure about 384 ft. long and 51.87 ft. high. The dam is in fair condition. Structural and mechanical condition is good. It is intermediate in size with a high hazard potential. There are various recommendations and remedial measures which must be undertaken by the owner.		

WOLCOTT DAM

VT 00179

RICHELIEU RIVER BASIN

WOLCOTT, VERMONT

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
FROM THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS TO THE STATE
TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS

BRIEF ASSESSMENT
PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF DAMS

Identification Number: VT 00179
Name of Dam: WOLCOTT DAM
Town: WOLCOTT
County and State: LAMOILLE COUNTY, VERMONT
Stream: LAMOILLE RIVER
Date of Inspection: MAY 6,7,8, 1980

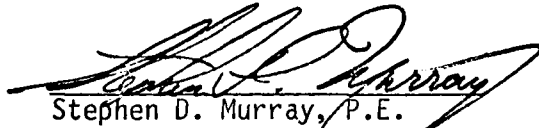
The dam, constructed about 1920, is a reinforced concrete gravity structure approximately 384 feet long and 51.87 feet in height. The upstream face is vertical, the downstream face is typically sloped at 7-5/8 horizontal to 12 vertical. The top is flat and of varying width except for the divided spillway, which has an ogee crest. The dam includes a 120 foot long spillway section on the right side, a central sluiceway pier with manually operated sluice gate controlling a 6 foot diameter low level outlet at the dam base, a 66 foot long spillway section to the left of the sluiceway pier, and a left abutment section with an intake structure and controls for two 6 foot diameter penstocks for power generation. All gates and controls are reported operable. Both spillway sections are at equal elevations. A 16 foot high concrete dike exists on the right bank of the flowage approximately 150 yards upstream of the main dam.

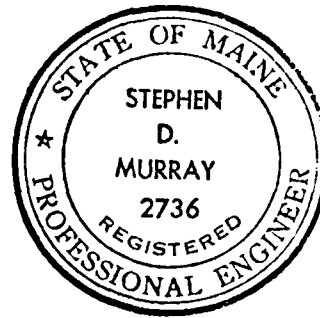
The dam is on the Lamoille River approximately 40 miles upstream from Lake Champlain. It was constructed and is presently used for power generation. The reservoir is 2500 feet long with a surface area of about 12 acres. Normal storage capacity is estimated at 258 acre-feet.

Based upon the visual inspection and the review of available data regarding this facility, the dam is considered to be in FAIR condition. This assessment is based primarily upon concerns regarding spillway hydraulic capacity and effect of flashboards on dam stability. Structural and mechanical condition is good.

In accordance with the Corps of Engineers Guidelines and the size (INTERMEDIATE) and hazard (HIGH) of this dam, the Test Flood is equivalent to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Peak inflow to the Wolcott Dam reservoir is 117,863 cfs; routed Test Flood outflow from the dam is 114,800 cfs with the water elevation 10.6 feet over the dam crest. The spillway capacity is 18,672 cfs, which is equivalent to 16% of the routed Test Flood outflow from the dam.

It is recommended that the owner engage a qualified, registered engineer to assess the significance of the seepage occurring on the downstream faces of the dam and the dike, to determine the effect of the currently-used flash-board system on dam stability, and to perform a detailed hydrologic and hydraulic investigation to further assess the need for and means to increase the project discharge capacity. It is also recommended that the moss, trees and debris on the face and within 10 feet of the toe of the existing dike be removed. These and remedial measures which are discussed in Section 7 should be instituted within one year of the owner's receipt of this report.


Stephen D. Murray, P.E.
Project Manager
James W. Sewall Company



This Phase I Inspection Report on _____ Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CHARLES G. TIERSCH, Chairman
Chief, Foundation and Materials Branch
Engineering Division

FRED J. RAVENS, Jr., Member
Chief, Design Branch
Engineering Division

SAUL COOPER, Member
Chief, Water Control Branch
Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR
Chief, Engineering Division

THIS SHEET TO BE FURNISHED BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does not include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Letter of Transmittal	
Brief Assessment	
Review Board Page	
Preface	i
Table of Contents	ii-iv
Overview Photo	v
Location Map	vi

REPORT

1. PROJECT INFORMATION	1-1
1.1 General	1-1
a. Authority	1-1
b. Purpose of Inspection Program	1-1
1.2 Description of Project	1-1
a. Location	1-1
b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances	1-1
c. Size Classification	1-2
d. Hazard Classification	1-2
e. Ownership	1-2
f. Operator	1-2
g. Purpose of Dam	1-2
h. Design and Construction History	1-3
i. Normal Operation Procedures	1-3
1.3 Pertinent Data	1-3
a. Drainage Area	1-3
b. Discharge at Dam Site	1-3
c. Elevation	1-4
d. Reservoir	1-4
e. Storage	1-4
f. Reservoir Surface	1-5
g. Dam - Dike	1-5
h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel	1-5
i. Spillway	1-5
j. Regulating Outlets	1-6

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
2. ENGINEERING DATA	2-1
2.1 Design	2-1
a. Available Data	2-1
b. Design Features	2-1
c. Design Data	2-1
2.2 Construction	2-1
a. Available Data	2-1
b. Construction Considerations	2-1
2.3 Operation	2-1
2.4 Evaluation	2-1
a. Availability	2-1
b. Adequacy	2-1
c. Validity	2-1
3. VISUAL INSPECTION	3-1
3.1 Findings	3-1
a. General	3-1
b. Dam	3-1
c. Appurtenant Structures	3-1
d. Reservoir Area	3-2
e. Downstream Channel	3-2
3.2 Evaluation	3-3
4. OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES	4-1
4.1 Operational Procedures	4-1
a. General	4-1
b. Warning System	4-1
4.2 Maintenance Procedures	4-1
a. General	4-1
b. Operating Facilities	4-1
4.3 Evaluation	4-1
5. EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES	5-1
5.1 General	5-1

SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

a. General - Normal procedure is to generate power continuously at times of high water, curtailing evening operation to maintain the pool elevation when the river flow is less adequate. There is an occasional drawdown of the pool for maintenance purposes.

b. Warning System - There is no formal warning system, but an operator is on duty when the station is operating and is able to report any unusual occurrences.

4.2 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

a. General - Routine maintenance such as lubrication and equipment cleaning is performed under the direction of Mr. William Fee, Superintendent for the Village of Hardwick on a scheduled basis by on-site operators. Major maintenance is performed on an "as necessary" basis.

b. Operating Facilities - The operating facilities including gates for the penstocks, motorized rake for the trashrack and the sluice gate are in generally good condition, indicative of adequate maintenance.

4.3 EVALUATION

The operation and maintenance procedures at this dam are adequate to ensure that all problems encountered can be remedied within a reasonable period of time. The owner should establish a written warning system to follow in the event of flood flow conditions or imminent dam failure.

3.2 EVALUATION

On the basis of visual examination the dam is considered to be in fair condition.

Minor seepage was noted at two points on the dam face and at two points on the dike face. These are not considered indicative of any current structural problem.

Openings for flashboard attachment were incorporated into the dam renovation work performed in 1948. It is unknown what provision, if any, was made in the original dam design for flashboard attachment.

The reinforced concrete ice protector enclosing the sluice gate supports has eroded to the extent that ice or debris interference with sluice gate operation is possible.

A hairline crack is evident at the bend in the left abutment wall. This is not considered structurally significant at this time.

Moss and debris have accumulated on the outside of the dike wall in sufficient quantity to make observation of concrete condition and seepage sources difficult.

Outlet

A low level reservoir outlet is located in the approximate center of the dam as shown in Photos 2 and 3. Access is via a steel truss footbridge from the left abutment, in good condition but exhibiting moderate rusting. The outlet is sufficiently low to relieve hydrostatic pressure on the dam and to facilitate dam repair. The gear operator for the sluice gate on the outlet is shown in Photo 8. This equipment appears in good condition and is reported operable. There is moderate erosion, visible at the extreme right of Photo 7, at the water line of the concrete ice protector enclosing the sluice gate supports. The outlet is a 6 foot diameter steel lined conduit about 10 feet above the bedrock foundation.

Concrete Dike

About 150 yards upstream of the dam site, on the right side of the reservoir, is a concrete dike 125 feet long, 3 feet across the top and 16 feet high at its highest point. The dike prevents by-passing of the dam by overflow from the reservoir via a gully through which the Lamoille Valley Railroad tracks pass. It appears in good structural condition with some spalling of the surface concrete.

The dike is shown in Photos 9 and 10. On May 8 the reservoir water surface was 5 feet below the top of the dike.

There is some very minor clear seepage at the base of the dike near its downstream end and slight seepage from a 2 inch plugged pipe, of unknown function, in the dike. The outside face is partially moss-covered, and a few hardwood saplings have taken root in the organic debris on and at the foot of the dike. In the gully below the dike is a mixture of small hardwood trees, 2 to 6 inches in diameter.

d. Reservoir Area - The reservoir is long and relatively narrow, as is typical for a run-of-the-river dam. The reservoir banks are wooded, with no indications of instability in the vicinity of the dam.

e. Downstream Channel - The downstream channel below the spillway and outlet works, shown in Photos 11 and 12, is moderately steep, clear, and free of obstructions. Bedrock is exposed along the entire channel. Downstream channel banks are typically ledgy and forested with mixed growth as shown in Photos 12 and 13. Approximately 3000 feet downstream of the dam, Vermont Route 15 is carried over the river by the pair of highway bridges with an island between as shown in Photo 13. Within the next 3000 feet are three more bridges spanning the river - one railroad and two roadway. Development along most of the channel bank is sparse, and buildings are considerably above channel level. The Town of Wolcott, about 6000 feet downstream of the dam, is a relatively congested area with several buildings at low elevations with respect to the river.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General - At the time of inspection on May 6, 1980, water was flowing through the penstocks for power generation and the water level in the reservoir had been drawn down approximately 8 inches below spillway elevation, providing an opportunity to view the downstream spillway face as shown in Photos 1, 2 and 3. Heavy showers during the night produced a significant increase in river flow such that during continued inspection on May 7 and 8 the reservoir level was about 3 inches above the 30 inch high flashboards. The weather was cloudy and mild on May 6, cooler with showers on May 7, clearing on May 8. The general condition of this dam is fair.

b. Dam - The dam is a concrete gravity section founded on bedrock as shown in the panoramic view of the downstream face - Photos 1, 2, and 3. An intake control structure and gate house is located on the left abutment as shown in Photo 3. The structure houses a mechanically cleaned trash rack and control gates for two 6 foot diameter penstocks which convey water to the power plant approximately 175 yards downstream of the dam as shown in Photo 4. The trash rack cleaner is electrically powered; the gate operators are manual rack and pinion type. This equipment appears in good condition and is reported operable. The wood frame gate house is in good condition; the electrical system is antiquated and in fair condition. Concrete components of the dam appear in good condition.

Efflorescence and minor spalling, visible in Photo 3, were noted on the downstream face of the intake control structure, and a hairline crack was noted on the upstream face of the left abutment wall at the corner near the center of Photo 7. Photo 5 shows the downstream contact of the concrete dam and the right abutment bedrock. The minor leakage visible on the lower surface of the concrete is clear and occurs at points where an interior construction joint drainage system terminates. The drainage system was installed behind a new concrete facing placed on the existing dam in 1948.

Photo 6 shows the downstream contact of the concrete dam and the left abutment. The staining visible at the bedrock contact is believed to have come from a crack in the dam facing and not from water flowing along the base of the dam. At the time of inspection no water was flowing along the contact.

c. Appurtenant Structures

Spillway

The spillway is an integral part of the main dam as shown in Photos 1, 2 and 3. The spillway section extends from the right abutment to a point about 40 feet right of the control structure, a distance of 186 feet along the dam crest. Spillway concrete appears in good condition with no evidence of cracking or spalling, and only minor erosion. Thirty inch high flashboards, in place at the time of inspection, are removed in the fall to prevent ice and debris damage. The flashboard supports are on 30 inch centers installed in openings intended for flashboard attachment.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

a. Available Data - The available data consists of two plans "Village of Hardwick, Vermont, Repairs to Pottersville Dam", Charles T. Main, Inc., Boston, Massachusetts, November 15, 1945, Sheets 1341-11 and 1341-12.

b. Design Features - The drawings, computations and inspection reports indicate the design features stated in Section 1.

c. Design Data - Design data consists of information on the drawings by Charles T. Main, Inc. as listed in "Existing Plans".

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

a. Available Data - Information as contained in any plans, drawings, or specifications previously listed in "Design Data" or Appendix B.

b. Construction Considerations - Since the only available plans are for repairs rather than original design there was no practical means to ascertain any construction changes.

2.3 OPERATION

Pond level observations are made as needed, in order to coordinate the power generation with the available water supply. When ice conditions are not present, flashboards are used to increase the reservoir pool.

2.4 EVALUATION

a. Availability - Existing data was provided by the Village of Hardwick (the owner) who also made the operations available for visual inspection.

b. Adequacy - Detailed hydrologic/hydraulic data were not available. Design data and field measurements were utilized in conjunction with New England Division - Army Corps of Engineers "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharges" to perform the computations of outflow capacity.

The detailed engineering data required to perform an in-depth stability analysis of the dam was not available. The final assessment of the dam, therefore, must be based primarily on visual inspection, performance history, and spillway capacity computations.

c. Validity - A comparison of records, data, and visual observations reveals no significant discrepancies between available plans and as-built dimensions.

- | | | |
|----|---------------------------|--|
| 6. | Downstream channel: | moderately steep,
bedrock exposed |
| 7. | General: | N/A |
| j. | <u>Regulating Outlets</u> | |
| 1. | Invert: | 728.0 |
| 2. | Size: | 6 foot diameter |
| 3. | Description: | steel lined concrete
sluiceway |
| 4. | Control Mechanism: | manually operated gear
reducer |
| 5. | Other: | two 6 foot diameter
steel penstocks |

- | | | | |
|-----|--|------------------|----------------------------|
| 4. | Top of dam | | 615± acre-ft |
| 5. | Test flood pool | | 1150± acre-ft |
| f. | <u>Reservoir Surface</u> | | |
| 1. | Normal pool | | 12± acres |
| 2. | Flood control pool | | N/A |
| 3. | Spillway crest | | 12± acres |
| 4. | Test flood pool | | 180± acres |
| 5. | Top of dam | | 80± acres |
| g. | <u>Dam</u> | <u>Dam</u> | <u>Dike</u> |
| 1. | Type: | concrete gravity | concrete |
| 2. | Length: | 384 ft | 125 ft |
| 3. | Height: | 51.87 ft | 16 ft |
| 4. | Top Width: | 5 ft | 3 ft |
| 5. | Side Slopes: | N/A | N/A |
| 6. | Zoning: | N/A | N/A |
| 7. | Impervious Core: | N/A | N/A |
| 8. | Cutoff: | N/A | N/A |
| 9. | Grout curtain: | N/A | N/A |
| 10. | Other: | N/A | N/A |
| h. | <u>Diversion and Regulating Tunnel</u> | | N/A |
| i. | <u>Spillway</u> | | |
| 1. | Type: | | ogee concrete |
| 2. | Length of Weir: | | 186 feet |
| 3. | Crest elevation w/o flashboards: | | 762.0 |
| | w/flashboards: | | 764.5 |
| 4. | Gates: | | N/A |
| 5. | Upstream channel: | | Wolcott Dam
impoundment |

7.	Total spillway capacity at test flood el. 781.5	60862 cfs
8.	Total project discharge at top of dam el. 770.87	20250± cfs
9.	Total project discharge at test flood el. 781.5	114800 cfs
c.	<u>Elevation (Feet NGVD)</u>	
1.	Streambed at toe of dam	719.0
2.	Bottom of cutoff	N/A
3.	Maximum tailwater	N/A
4.	Recreation pool	N/A
5.	Full flood control pool	N/A
6.	Spillway crest (ungated)	762.0 w/o flashboards 764.5 w/flashboards
7.	Design surcharge	N/A
8.	Top of dam	770.87
9.	Test flood surcharge	781.5
d.	<u>Reservoir</u>	
1.	Normal pool	2500± ft
2.	Flood control pool	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool	2500± ft
4.	Top of dam	11000± ft
5.	Test flood pool	21000± ft
e.	<u>Storage</u>	
1.	Normal pool	258± acre-ft
2.	Flood control pool	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool w/o flashboards w/flashboards	258± acre-ft 340± acre-ft

h. Design and Construction History - The following information is believed to be accurate based upon plans and correspondence available and from conversations with persons familiar with the history of the dam. Information pertaining to the original construction, believed to be about 1920, was not available. The powerhouse reportedly incurred extensive flood damage in 1927 and was repaired at that time. The power station was rebuilt and existing generation equipment installed in 1937. Repairs to the dam were designed in 1945 by Charles T. Main, Inc. and performed in 1948 by O. W. Miller for the Village of Hardwick.

i. Normal Operation Procedures - Flashboards are installed to a level of 2.5 feet above the spillway crest when ice conditions are unlikely. Pond level is regulated as necessary to coordinate power generation with available flow. At times of low flow, power generation is curtailed in the evening to restore the pond level. An operator is on duty when the station is operating.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. Drainage Area - 134.7 square miles of moderately steep, relatively undeveloped terrain which is approximately 40% open and 60% wooded.

b. Discharge at Dam Site - Discharge is from over the spillway and through the 72 inch low level outlet and two 72 inch penstocks. Elevations are referenced to NGVD datum.

1. Outlet works

One 72" steel lined pipe @ invert el. 728.0	1400± cfs
--	-----------

Two 72" steel penstocks @ invert el. Unknown	Unknown
---	---------

2. Maximum known flood at dam site	N/A
------------------------------------	-----

3. Ungated spillway capacity at top of dam el. 770.87 (w/o flashboards)	18672 cfs
---	-----------

4. Ungated spillway capacity at test flood el. 781.5	60862 cfs
---	-----------

5. Gated spillway capacity at normal pool el. 762.0 (w/o flashboards)	N/A
---	-----

6. Gated spillway capacity at test flood el. 781.5	N/A
---	-----

The two spillway sections have crest elevations of approximately 762.0, a maximum of 43 feet in height above the streambed. Two and one-half feet of flashboard increase the spillway elevation to 764.5. The spillways have an ogee crest with a downstream slope of 7-5/8 horizontal to 12 vertical.

The central sluiceway pier, also with downstream slope of 7-5/8 horizontal to 12 vertical, has a breadth of 12 feet and a crest length of approximately 13.3 feet at elevation 772.0. A 6 foot diameter steel lined sluiceway, approximately 34 feet in length, runs through the pier at invert elevation 728.0. The manually operated gate control mechanism is accessed via a footbridge from the left abutment section.

The left abutment section, 174 feet in length, has a crest elevation of 770.87 and houses the intake structure consisting of two 6 foot diameter steel penstocks with trashracks and gates enclosed in a wooden gate house. A downstream training wall extends from the right end of this abutment.

Approximately 150 yards upstream of the dam site is a reinforced concrete dike on the right of the pool. The 16 foot high dike is approximately 125 feet long with a 3 foot broad crest at approximate elevation 770.2.

Elevations are referenced to NGVD datum.

No instrumentation exists at this dam site.

c. Size Classification - INTERMEDIATE - The dam impounds approximately 615 acre-feet of water with the pond level at the top of the dam, which at elevation 770.87 is 51.87 feet above the streambed elevation. Because the height is between 40 and 100 feet, the dam is classified as intermediate in size according to the Recommended Guidelines.

d. Hazard Classification - HIGH - If the dam were to be breached, there is potential for considerable property damage and loss of more than a few lives. Ten to fifteen houses in the Town of Wolcott would be flooded with depths up to 4.5 feet above sill elevation. Failure flows would also damage the power plant 175 yards downstream of the dam, the pair of highway bridges on Vermont Route 15, the Lamoille Valley Railroad bridge and the town road bridge in Wolcott.

e. Ownership - Village of Hardwick
Hardwick, Vermont 05843
(802) 472-5201

f. Operator - Mr. William Fee, Superintendent
Village of Hardwick Electrical Department
Church Street
Hardwick, Vermont 05843
(802) 472-5201

g. Purpose of Dam - The dam is used for power generation utilizing one vertical Smith-Kaplan turbine of 800 KW capacity, normally producing 600 KW at a 2400 V line voltage.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

WOLCOTT DAM

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority - Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. James W. Sewall Company has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Vermont. Authorization and notice to proceed were issued to James W. Sewall Company under a letter of April 2, 1980 from William E. Hodgson, Jr. Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW 33-80-C-0051 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

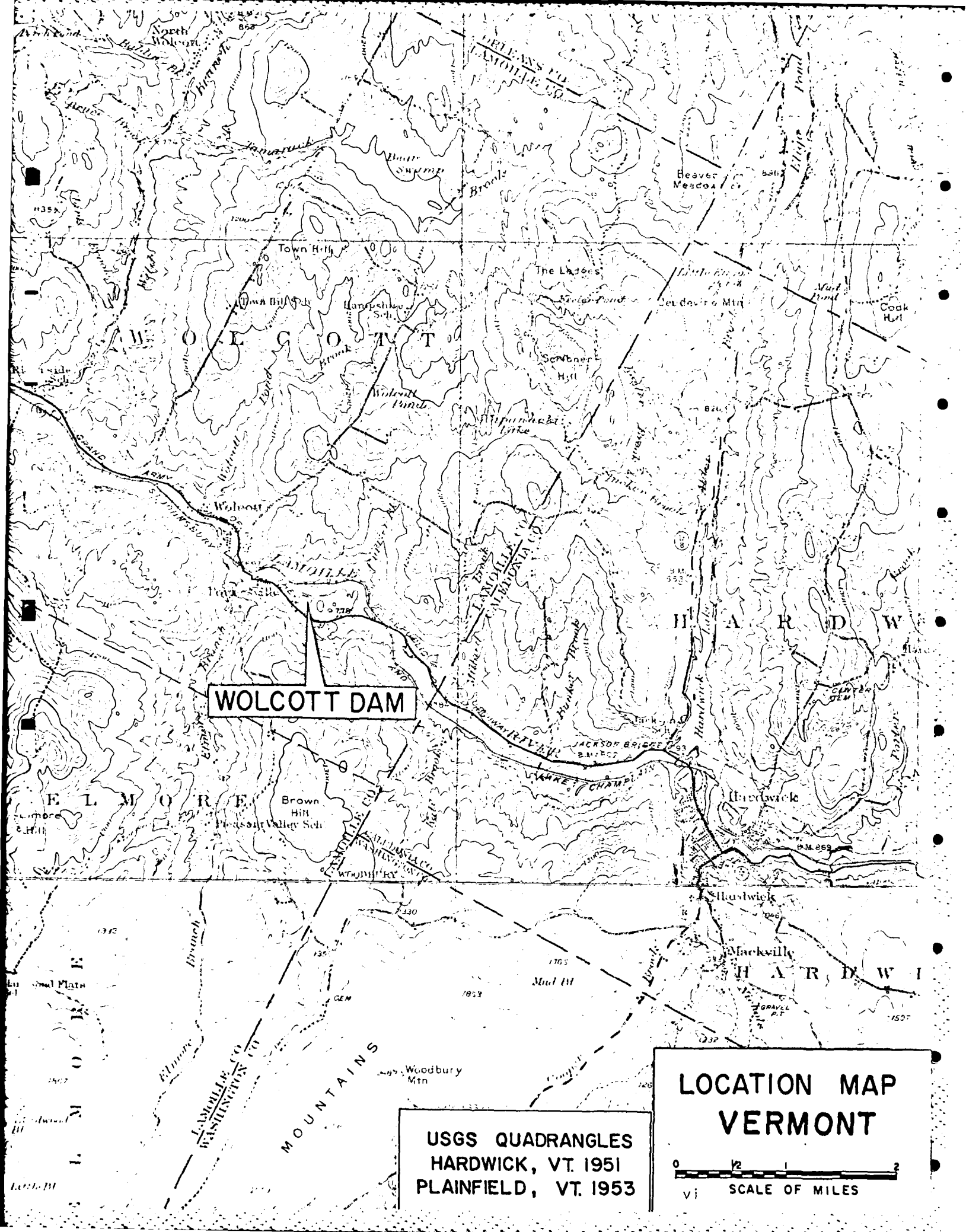
b. Purpose of Inspection Program - The purposes of the program are to:

1. Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-federal dams to identify conditions requiring correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.
2. Encourage and prepare the States to quickly initiate effective dam inspection programs for non-federal dams.
3. To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Location - The dam is located on the Lamoille River in the Village of Pottersville, Town of Wolcott, County of Lamoille, State of Vermont. The dam is shown on the Hardwick USGS Quadrangle Map (15' series) having coordinates latitude N 44° 32.2' and longitude W 72° 26.7'. The dam is popularly called Pottersville Dam.

b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances - The dam, originally constructed about 1920 and refaced in 1948, is a reinforced concrete gravity structure 51.87 feet high, built on ledge rock and having a total length of approximately 384 feet. This includes a 120 foot long spillway section on the right side of the dam, a central sluiceway pier with outlet works, a 66 foot long spillway section to the left of the sluiceway pier, and an abutment section with intake structure for power generation on the left side of the dam.

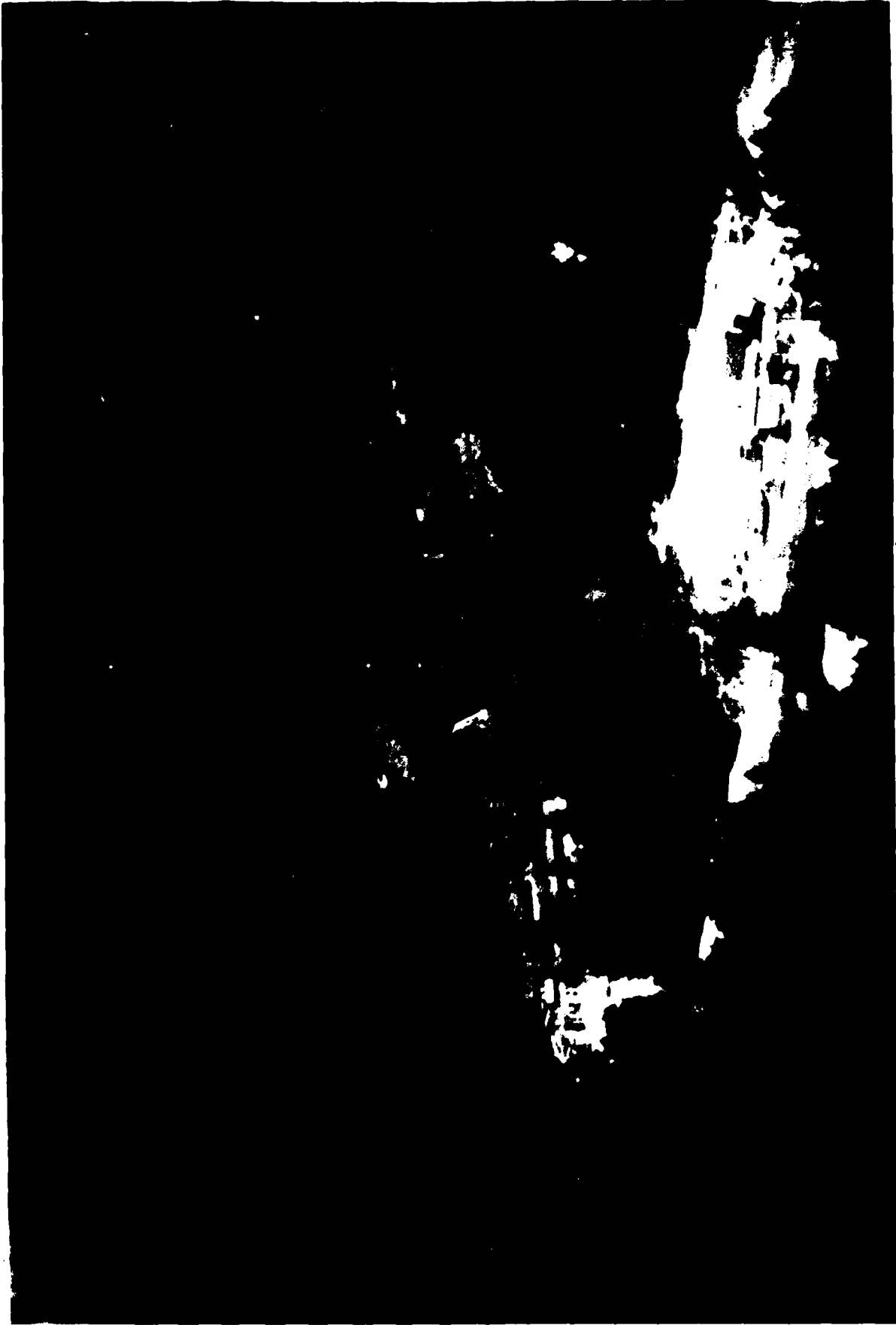


WOLCOTT DAM

**USGS QUADRANGLES
HARDWICK, VT. 1951
PLAINFIELD, VT. 1953**

**LOCATION MAP
VERMONT**

0 1/2 1 2
v) SCALE OF MILES



U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY
CONSULTANTS
OLD TOWN, MAINE

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF
INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

Wolcott Dam - VT 00179

Wolcott, Vermont

April 22, 1980

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
5.2 Design Data	5-1
5.3 Experience Data	5-1
5.4 Test Flood Analysis	5-1
5.5 Dam Failure Analysis	5-1
6. EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY	6-1
6.1 Visual Observation	6-1
6.2 Design and Construction Data	6-1
6.3 Post-Construction Changes	6-1
6.4 Seismic Stability	6-1
7. ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES	7-1
7.1 Dam Assessment	7-1
a. Condition	7-1
b. Adequacy of Information	7-1
c. Urgency	7-1
7.2 Recommendations	7-1
7.3 Remedial Measures	7-1
7.4 Alternatives	7-2

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A - VISUAL CHECK LIST WITH COMMENTS	A-1
APPENDIX B - ENGINEERING DATA	B-1
APPENDIX C - DETAIL PHOTOGRAPHS	C-1
APPENDIX D - HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS	D-1
APPENDIX E - INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS	E-1

SECTION 5: EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

5.1 GENERAL

The project is basically a run-of-the-river dam used for power generation, with impoundment surface area changing dramatically with water level.

The tributary watershed consists of 134.7 square miles of moderately steep terrain which is approximately 60% wooded and 40% open. Contained within this drainage area are several small lakes, including Hardwick Lake, Caspian Lake, Eligo Pond, Nichols Pond, Long Pond, East Long Pond and Flagg Pond. The total surface area of these lakes is less than 2% of the entire watershed area, thus their storage effect on the peak inflow to the Wolcott Dam impoundment was deemed negligible.

Wolcott Dam is a concrete gravity structure equipped 186 feet of ogee crest spillway. The spillway will pass approximately 16% of the project Test Flood with the dam overtopped by 10.6 feet.

5.2 DESIGN DATA

No design data are known to exist for the project.

5.3 EXPERIENCE DATA

A flood in 1927 reportedly caused extensive damage to the power house. No other information on serious problem situations arising at the dam was found and it does not appear the dam has been overtopped.

5.4 TEST FLOOD ANALYSIS

The Test Flood for this high hazard, intermediate size dam is equivalent to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Based upon the "Rolling" guide curve from the "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharge", dated March, 1978, peak inflow to Wolcott Dam flowage is 117,863 cfs. Assuming the reservoir to be initially at spillway crest elevation (762 NGVD) routed Test Flood outflow is 114,800 cfs with the dam overtopped by 10.6 feet. Based upon our hydraulics computations, the spillway capacity is approximately 16% of the routed Test Flood outflow at the top of the dam.

5.5 DAM FAILURE ANALYSIS

The impact of dam failure was assessed utilizing the April, 1978, "Rule of Thumb Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs".

With the reservoir water surface elevation initially at the top of the dam (e.l. 770.87 NGVD), the peak failure outflow would be 44,200 cfs causing a rise in stage in the Town of Pottersville of 3.5 feet and a rise in stage in the Town of Wolcott of 3.3 feet. It appears that the pre-failure flow would cause the most significant damage with a maximum depth of 9 feet at the houses in Wolcott.

The preceding analysis indicated little additional stage or hazard due to dam failure under full spillway pre-failure conditions. As the failure flow was significant an analysis with the reservoir water surface elevation initially at the spillway crest (el. 762 NGVD) was undertaken to establish the "low flow" failure hazard. The peak failure outflow under this condition would be 22,800 cfs. The pre-failure flow would remain within the bounds of the stream bed while the routed failure flood would inundate a large area outside of the stream bed up to a depth of 4.5 feet. The rapid rise in flood stage would severely damage the power plant 175 yards downstream of the dam, destroy the pair of Route 15 highway bridges, the Lamoille Valley Railroad crossing, and the town road crossing in Wolcott. The Town of Wolcott is located on a relatively level flood plain and the failure flood could damage 10-15 homes with a maximum water level of 4.5 above sill elevation. There is potential for the loss of more than a few lives in the Town of Wolcott. Based on this analysis, Wolcott Dam has been classified as a "High Hazard" dam.

SECTION 6: EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 VISUAL OBSERVATION

The visual inspection did not disclose any immediate stability problems. Seepage and spalling noted at the dam and the dike are judged to be minor in nature.

6.2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION DATA

No original design and construction data are available for the dam. However, there are drawings for repairs which show plans and sections of the dam and indicate that the dam rests on bedrock.

6.3 POST-CONSTRUCTION CHANGES

Drawings indicate that a concrete facing was placed on the upstream and downstream face of the dam. Records indicate this work was performed in 1948. The concrete facing is 12 inches thick on the downstream face of the spillway and 8 inches thick on the upstream face of the dam and downstream face of the sluiceway pier. This concrete facing is tied to the existing concrete with steel dowels 3 feet on center in both directions. A construction joint drainage system consisting of 6 inch diameter tile drains was installed between the new facing and the existing dam. Openings for flashboard attachment were installed at the spillway crest. It is not known what provision, if any, was made in the original design for the additional hydrostatic head which flashboards impose.

6.4 SEISMIC STABILITY

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2 and in accordance with the recommended Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic investigation.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

a. Condition - Based upon the visual inspection, the dam is judged to be in fair condition. This assessment is predicated primarily upon concerns regarding spillway hydraulic capacity and effect of flashboards on dam stability. Structural and mechanical condition is good.

b. Adequacy of Information - Due to the lack of design and construction data for this dam, the assessment of safety is based solely on the visual inspection.

c. Urgency - The recommendations and remedial measures presented below should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The owner should engage a qualified registered engineer to undertake further investigations as follow:

- a. Assess significance of the seepage occurring on the downstream faces of the dam and the dike and design remedial measures if needed.
- b. Determine the effect of the currently-used flashboard system on dam stability.
- c. Perform a detailed hydraulic and hydrologic study to further assess the need for and the means to increase the project discharge capacity.
- d. The moss, trees, and debris on the face and within 10 feet of the toe of the dike should be removed by the owner.

The owner should implement all recommendations by the engineer.

7.3 REMEDIAL MEASURES

- a. The eroded concrete on the sluice gate control enclosure should be repaired by the owner.
- b. The crack at the bend in the left abutment wall should be repaired by the owner.
- c. The spalled concrete on the face of the dike should be removed and the areas patched by the owner.
- d. Areas of seepage at the base of the dam and the dike should be monitored monthly by the owner, and technical assistance sought upon any major quantity increase.

- e. A program of biennial technical inspection, with repairs as necessary should be instituted by the owner.
- f. A formal downstream warning system to be implemented in the event of flood flow or imminent dam failure conditions should be developed by the owner.

7.4 ALTERNATIVES

This study has identified no practical alternative to the above recommendations.

APPENDIX A
VISUAL CHECK LIST WITH COMMENTS

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST
PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Wolcott Dam

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980

TIME 3:00 10:00

WEATHER Cloudy, mild

W.S. ELEV. _____ U.S. _____ DN.S. _____

PARTY:

- 1. Stephen D. Murray SDM 6. _____
- 2. Rodney L. Hanscom RLH 7. _____
- 3. Charles A. Heney CAH 8. _____
- 4. Daniel P. LaGatta DPL 9. _____
- 5. Peter Barranco 10. _____

PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY	REMARKS
1. <u>Concrete Dam</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH, DPL</u>	
2. <u>Concrete Dike</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH</u>	
3. <u>Gate House</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH</u>	
4. <u>Sluice Gate and Conduit</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH</u>	
5. <u>Outlet Channel</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH, DPL</u>	
6. <u>Spillway Weir and Discharge Channel</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH, DPL</u>	
7. <u>Service Bridge</u>	<u>SDM, RLH, CAH</u>	
8. _____		
9. _____		
10. _____		

PROJECT Wolcott Dam

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980

PROJECT FEATURE Concrete Dam

NAME SDM, RLH,

DISCIPLINE James W. Sevil Co.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

NAME CAH, DPL

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<p><u>DAM EMBANKMENT</u></p> <p>Crest Elevation 770.87</p> <p>Current Pool Elevation ^{MAY 6} 761 ^{MAY 7} 765</p> <p>Maximum Impoundment to Date</p> <p>Surface Cracks</p> <p>Pavement Condition</p> <p>Movement or Settlement of Crest</p> <p>Lateral Movement</p> <p>Vertical Alignment</p> <p>Horizontal Alignment</p> <p>Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures</p> <p>Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes</p> <p>Trespassing on Slopes</p> <p>Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments</p> <p>Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures</p> <p>Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toe</p> <p>Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage</p> <p>Piping or Boils</p> <p>Foundation Drainage Features</p> <p>Toe Drains</p> <p>Instrumentation System</p> <p>Vegetation</p>	<p>Concrete dam founded on bedrock. Bedrock is exposed along entire length of dam.</p> <p>Vertical crack at bend of abutment</p> <p>Good</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>Good</p> <p>Good</p> <p>Conditions at abutment contact are good. Slight leakage at interface at outcrop along left abutment and at toe.</p> <p>None</p> <p>None</p> <p>No riprap</p> <p>None observed</p> <p>N.A.</p> <p>N.A.</p> <p>None</p> <p>None</p> <p>None</p> <p>N.A.</p>

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT Wolcott Dam

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980

PROJECT FEATURE Concrete dike

NAME S.D.M., A.L.H.

DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

NAME C.A.H., D.P.L.

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>DIKE EMBANKMENT</u>	Concrete dike 150 yards above dam, right side
Crest Elevation	770
Current Pool Elevation	May 8 765
Maximum Impoundment to Date	
Surface Cracks	Minor
Pavement Condition	Minor efflorescence, considerable spalling
Movement or Settlement of Crest	No
Lateral Movement	No
Vertical Alignment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Good
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Good
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	No
Trespassing on Slopes	No
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	No
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	N.A.
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toes	No
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Very minor seepage at base of wall, downstream end
Piping or Boils	Slight seepage from 2" plugged pipe in wall
Foundation Drainage Features	None
Toe Drains	None
Instrumentation System	None
Vegetation	Moss and several small trees growing on dike

PROJECT Wolcott Dam

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980

PROJECT FEATURE _____

NAME SDM, RLH

DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

NAME CAH, DPL

AREA EVALUATED

CONDITION

OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND
INTAKE STRUCTURE

a. Approach Channel

Slope Conditions

Bottom Conditions

Rock Slides or Falls

Log Boom

Debris

Condition of Concrete Lining

Drains or Weep Holes

b. Intake Structure

Condition of Concrete

Stop Logs and Slots

*No approach channel
Penstocks built into dam*

PROJECT Wolcott Dam

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980

PROJECT FEATURE Gate House

NAME SDM, R.L.H.

DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

NAME CAH, DPL

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER</u> Gate House	
a. Concrete and Structural	
General Condition	Good
Condition of Joints	Good
Spalling	Minor spalling downstream face
Visible Reinforcing	None
Rusting or Staining of Concrete	Minor
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	Minor efflorescence
Joint Alignment	Good
Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber	No
Cracks	None observed
Rusting or Corrosion of Steel	Minor rusting
b. Mechanical and Electrical	
Air Vents	N. A.
Float Wells	N. A.
Crane Hoist	For trans. rake rake, good condition
Elevator	N. A.
Hydraulic System	N. A.
Service Gates	For penstock gates, good condition
Emergency Gates	N. A.
Lightning Protection System	N. A.
Emergency Power System	N. A.
Wiring and Lighting System	Fair condition

PROJECT Wolcott Dam DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980
 PROJECT FEATURE Sluice Gate and Conduit NAME S.D.M., R.L.H.
 DISCIPLINE James W. Sevall Co. NAME CAH, D.P.L.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT</u>	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Rust or Staining on Concrete	Rust stains below conduit outlet
Spalling	None
Erosion or Cavitation	Moderate erosion of sluice control enclosure at water line
Cracking	
Alignment of Monoliths	N.A.
Alignment of Joints	No misalignment
Numbering of Monoliths	N.A.

PROJECT W.OTT Dam
 PROJECT FEATURE Outlet Channel
 DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980
 NAME SDM, ALH
 NAME CAH, DPL

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL</u>	<i>Penstocks are main outlet. Low-level outlet is a conduit through base of dam.</i>
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining	N.A.
Spalling	N.A.
Erosion or Cavitation	N.A.
Visible Reinforcing	N.A.
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	N.A.
Condition at Joints	N.A.
Drain holes	N.A.
Channel	
Loose Rock or Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Condition of Discharge Channel	Good

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT Wolcott Dam

DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980

PROJECT FEATURE Spillway Weir and Discharge Channel

NAME SJM, RLH

DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co.
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

NAME CAH, DPL

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<p><u>OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS</u></p>	
<p>Approach Channel</p> <p>General Condition</p> <p>Loose Rock Overhanging Channel</p> <p>Trees Overhanging Channel</p> <p>Floor of Approach Channel</p>	<p>No approach channel. Spillway is integral with dam</p>
<p>Weir and Training Walls</p> <p>General Condition of Concrete</p> <p>Rust or Staining</p> <p>Spalling</p> <p>Any Visible Reinforcing</p> <p>Any Seepage or Efflorescence</p> <p>Drain Holes</p>	<p>Good</p> <p>Small rust stain to right of conduit outlet</p> <p>No</p> <p>No</p> <p>Minor efflorescence</p> <p>None visible</p>
<p>Discharge Channel</p> <p>General Condition</p> <p>Loose Rock Overhanging Channel</p> <p>Trees Overhanging Channel</p> <p>Floor of Channel</p> <p>Other Obstructions</p>	<p>Good</p> <p>None</p> <p>None</p> <p>Bedrock - clear</p> <p>None</p>

⑨ AND ⑩ TAKEN AT DIKE AT REAR OF IMPOUNDMENT

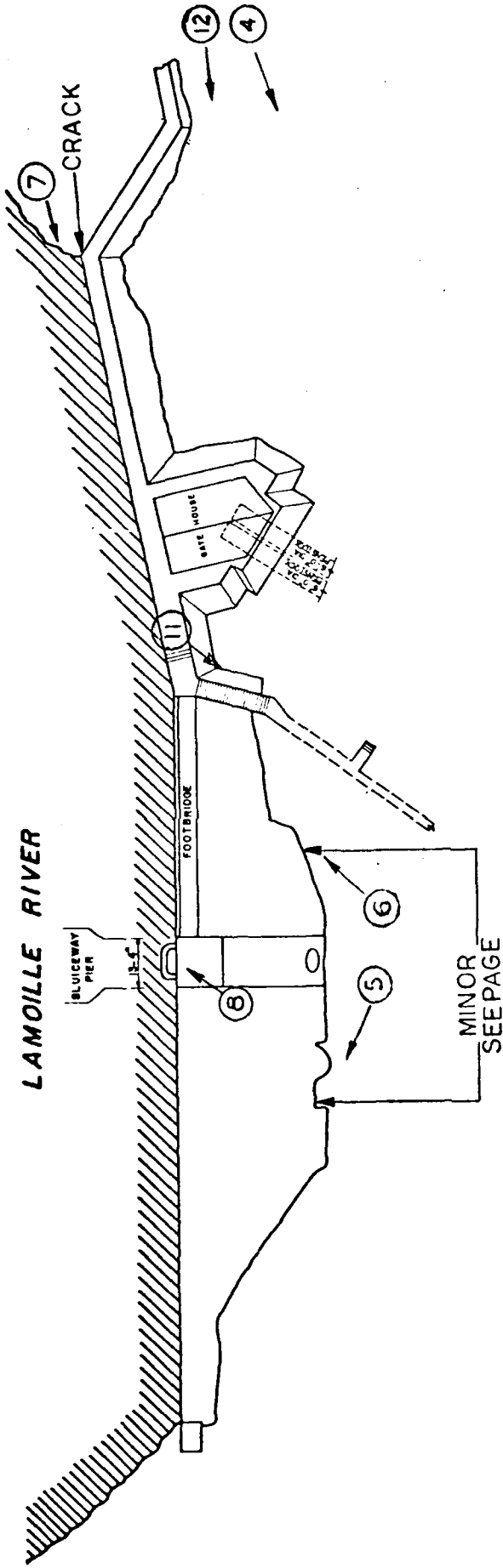


PHOTO LOCATION PLAN
WOLCOTT DAM

⑬ TAKEN DOWNSTREAM



APPENDIX C
DETAIL PHOTOGRAPHS

3-11-80

APB

WOLCOTT DAY 1

VT 7420

16-129

$$sh = hh = \begin{array}{r} 773 \\ -719 \\ \hline 54' \end{array}$$

class < possible

$$L = 8 + 120 + 13 + 66 + 120 + 12 + 15 = 384'$$

$$Spillway = 120 + 66 = 186'$$

$$Q = (3.0)(100)(9)^{1.5} = 19,084 \quad \text{19,000 cfs}$$

SA = $200 \times 250 = 50,000$ ^{300 Res. length of flow}
 13560 ^{12 A}

Vol. @ NWL = $12 \times 76 \times .4 = 221$ ^{200 AF}
 $7 \times 2.4 = 140$
 360 ^{AF}
 350

SAH SA = 6 A Vol = $3 \times 10^6 / 15500 = 69$ AF
 $25000 \times 2.5' / 15500$ ^{1st small}

AP road = $.3 \text{ mi}^2 \times (3(5200)(200)) = 7$ AF
 $-13,560$
 $7 \times 40 = 134$ AF

INSPECTION REPORT
ON

Wolcott Dam

1. Date of inspection May 9, 1953 2. Water conditions Spilling over
Part of crest

GENERAL DATA:

3. Location of dam Lamoille River, town of Wolcott.
4. Owner and operator Village of Hardwick
5. Characteristic features of dam Concrete gravity dam about 50
ft. high, rebuilt in 1948.
6. Other related data Contained in writer's initial report
on structure.

OBSERVATIONS:

7. Condition of structure No appreciable change

8. Condition of equipment Satisfactory

9. Operation Satisfactory

10. Maintenance Satisfactory

REMARKS:

Dam remains in a good condition.

Inspected by Stephen H. [Signature]

Conclusions:

From the inspection made of Wolcott Dam, the writer concludes that the structure, as repaired last year, is in a sound condition. It can safely accommodate floods equal in size to any previous recorded flood.

Stephen H. Haybrook
STEPHEN H. HAYBROOK
FEDERAL ENGINEER

Public Service Commission
Montpelier, Vermont
September 8, 1949

REPORT NO. 71

corresponding base width of about 140 feet. The spillway is shaped with conventional curved crest and discharge face. Flashboards are built up to a level 2.5 feet above the spillway crest.

An intake is located in the abutment section and adjacent to the spillway. Trashracks and gates are enclosed in a wooden building. From here the flow is diverted through two 6-foot diameter steel penstock to the power house further downstream.

A 6-foot diameter sluiceway is also provided in a pier through the spillway section at its maximum depth. Access to the sluiceway is provided by a footbridge from the left abutment section.

Details of the dam are indicated in the attached drawings.

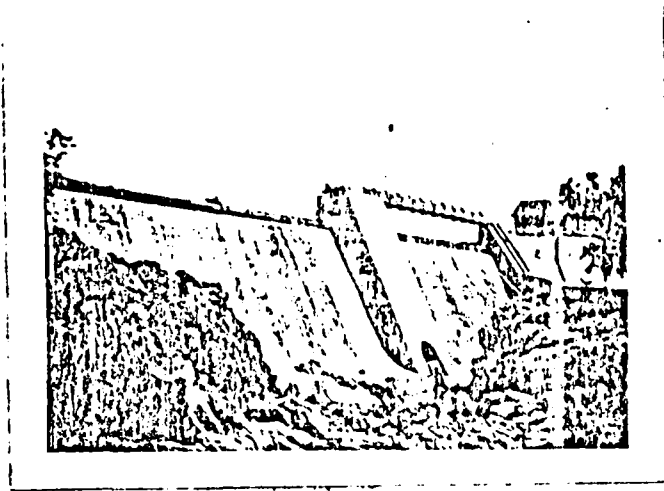
Condition of the Dam:

This dam was examined by the writer on June 15, 1949 and appeared in excellent condition. As indicated by the photograph, the dam has undergone a refacing operation, which was completed in November, 1948. The work was done under the supervision of the Chas. T. Fain, Inc. engineering firm in accordance with the drawings attached hereto.

The repairs accomplished last year consisted of the clipping off of the old, deteriorated concrete on exposed surfaces and the replacing it with a ~~thickness~~ ^{thickness} of at least 8 inches of new concrete bonded to the old concrete core with reinforcement mesh and dowels. The method used is an accepted procedure in such repair jobs and, from appearances, the work was soundly executed.

Some leakage was observed at the base of the intake structure. Indications were that this leakage originates elsewhere along the abutment section, probably at the joint between the dam and the foundation. However, the quantity of leakage is not sufficient to cause any concern.

REPORT ON WOLCOTT DAM



Wolcott Dam (Spillway Section)

Wolcott Dam is one of the developments on the Lamoille River belonging to the Village of Hardwick. It is located in the Village of Pottersville in the Town of Wolcott, Vermont and is sometimes called Pottersville Dam. It serves as a diversion structure for a hydroelectric power plant.

The drainage area to the dam is about 130 square miles. At full pond level, the reservoir has a surface area of about 6 acres and impounds about 3,000,000 cubic feet of water.

Description:

Wolcott Dam is a solid, gravity-type, concrete structure on ledge rock. It has a total length of about 390 feet, including a spillway section in the main river channel as the north half of the dam. The net spillway length is 126 feet with the crest 9 feet below the top of the dam. In cross-section, the spillway has a maximum depth of 50 feet and

STATE OF VERMONT
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Electric-Utility Dams

NOV 1 8 19 1947

Handwritten notes:
No. 10
10-1-47

1. Name of Dam: Wolcott
2. Owner of Dam: Village of Hardwick
3. Located in What Town: Wolcott
4. Is the Dam in Use: yes
5. Name of Lake, Pond, River, Brook, Creek, Etc., on Which Located:
Lamoille River
6. Material Used in Construction of the Dam:
Concrete
7. Purpose for Which Dam is Used:
Power generation
8. Is Dam Attended or Unattended:
Yes
9. Approximate Surface Area of the Body of Water Impounded by Dam:
acre
10. Approximate Volume of Water, in Cubic Feet, Impounded by Dam when in Full Use:
3,268,000 gals = 125,000 cu ft
11. Regulations Governing the Operation of the Dam:
none
12. Remarks:

This dam is to be reconditioned next year. Survey work was completed in 1945, but have been unable to give up use of same until there is more power available from other sources.

Utility: Village of Hardwick

Signed: *Ray W. Lamoille*
(Title)

SUMMARY OF DATA AND CORRESPONDENCE

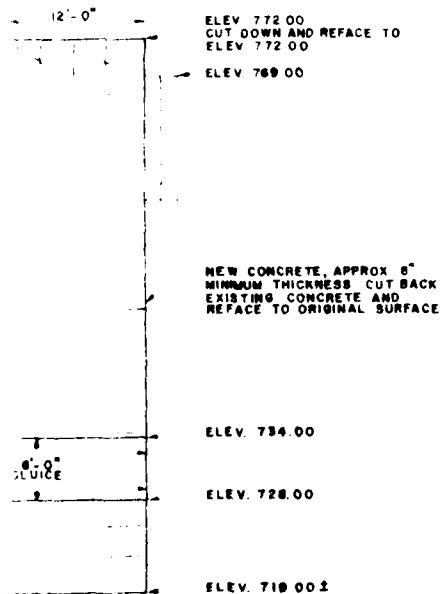
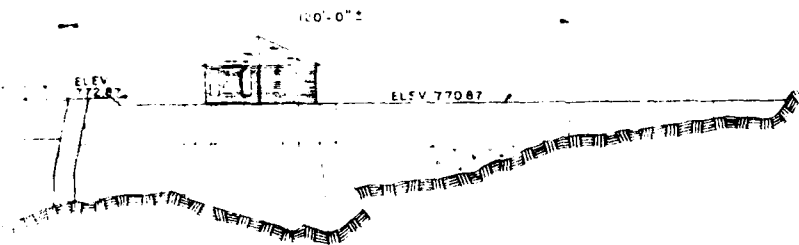
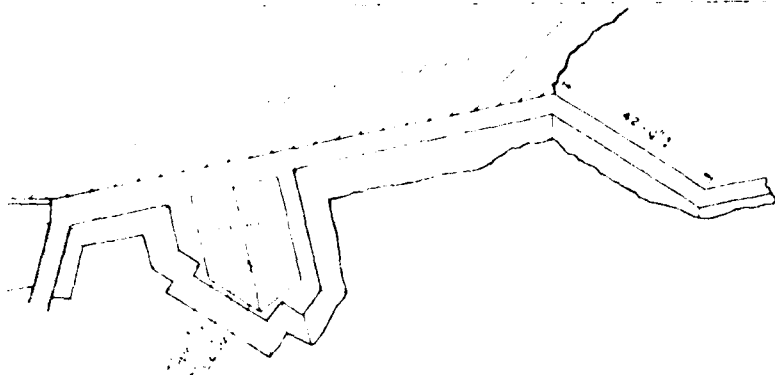
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9/8/49	File	Stephen H. Haybrook Hydraulic Engineer Public Ser. Comm.	Detailed Dam Inspec. Report (1 year after dam refacing)	B-5
5/9/53	File	Stephen H. Haybrook Hydraulic Engineer Public Ser. Comm.	Dam Inspection Report	B-8
3/11/80	File	A. P. Barranco Dam Safety Engineer Vt. Dept. of Water Resources	Storage and Spillway Capacity Calculations	B-9

WOLCOTT DAM

EXISTING PLANS

On file with the Village of Hardwick:

"Village of Hardwick, Vermont
Repairs to Pottersville Dam
Charles T. Main, Inc., Architects - Engineers
Boston, Massachusetts
November 15, 1945
5 Sheets - Blueprints



NOTE:
THIS PLAN COMPILED FROM EXISTING
PLANS FOR THE DAM RECONSTRUCTION
IN 1946, BY CHAS. T. MAIN, INC.,
ENGINEERS, AND MODIFIED AS OBSERVED
IN THE FIELD.

1A
EET 16

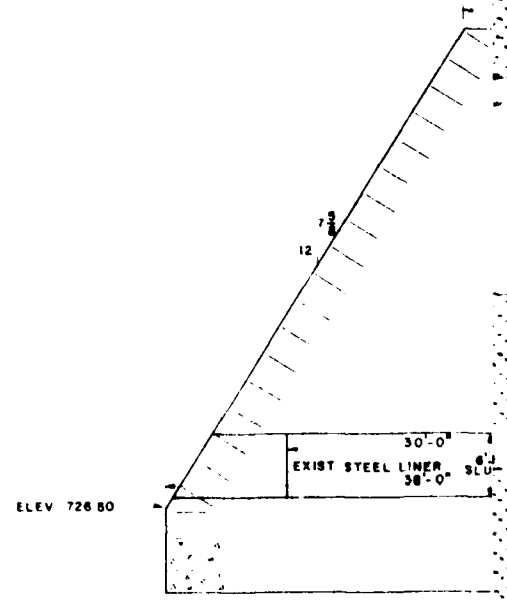
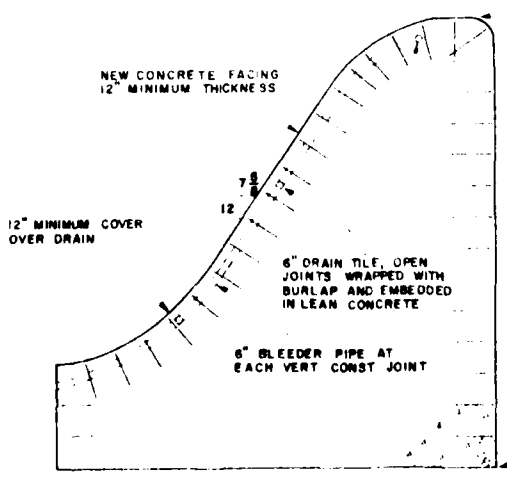
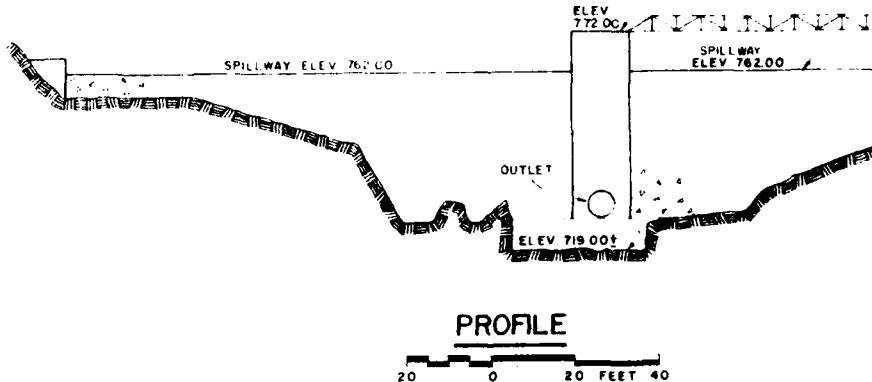
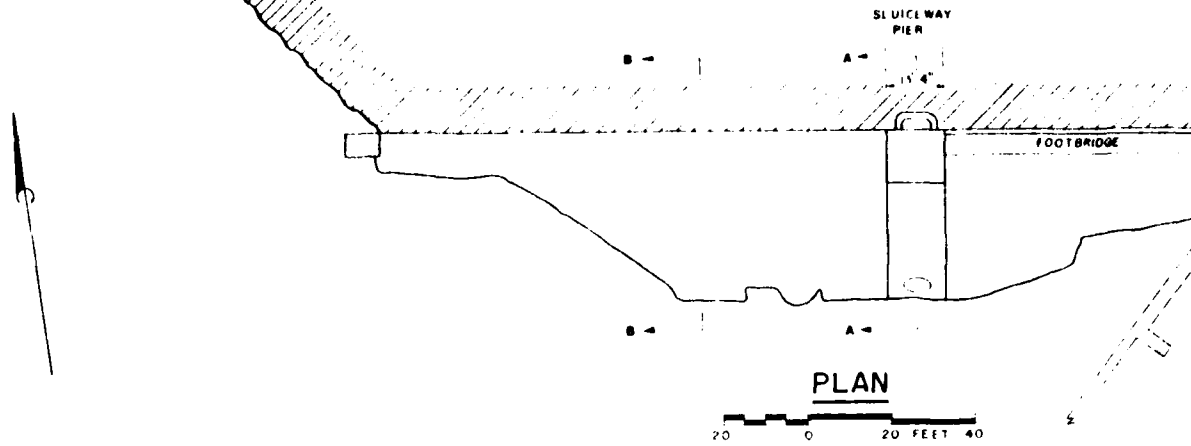
ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ALBANY, MASSACHUSETTS

JAMES W. SEWELL COMPANY
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
200 State Street
New York 14, N.Y.

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FEDERAL DAMS

WOLCOTT DAM
WOLCOTT, VT.

LAMOILLE RIVER

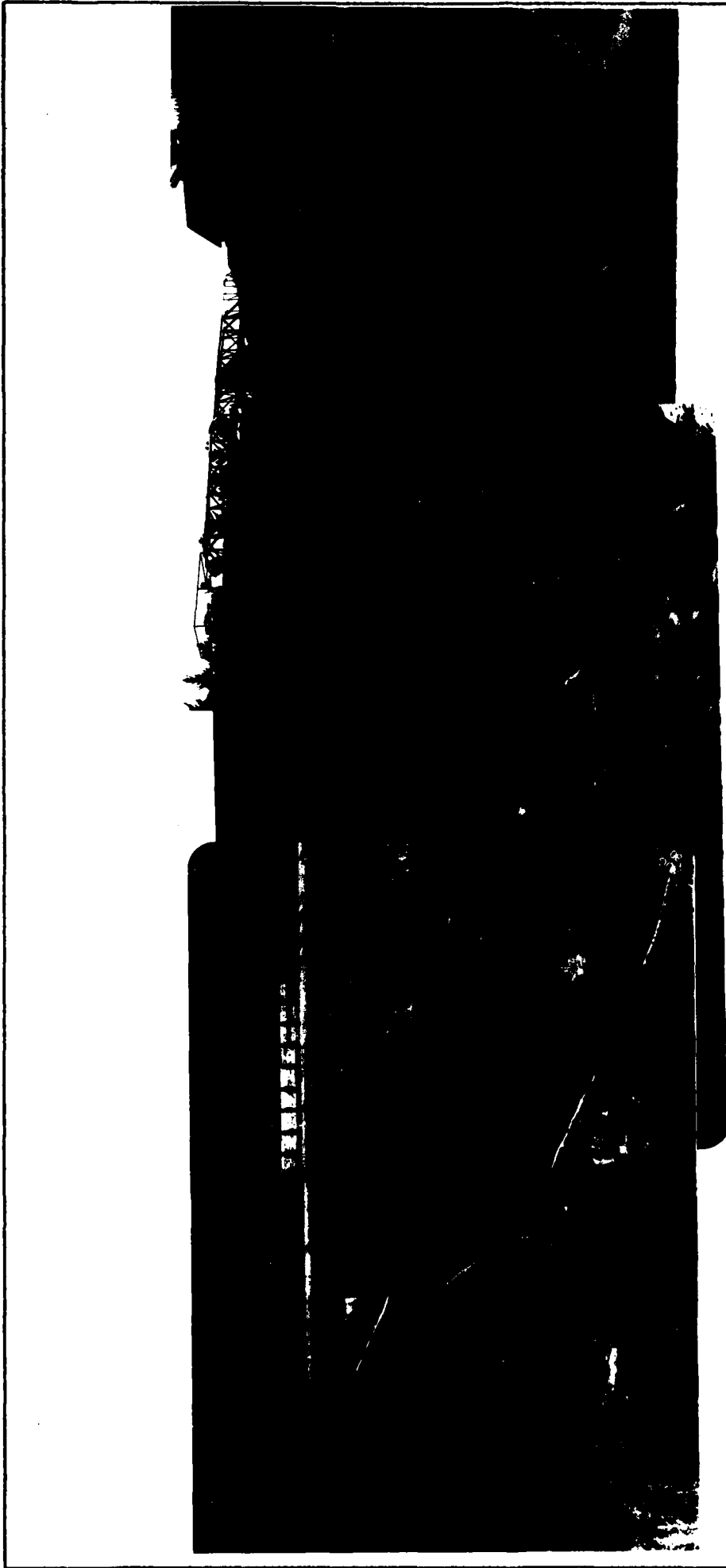


42

APPENDIX B
ENGINEERING DATA

PROJECT Wolcott Dam DATE May 6, 7, 8, 1980
 PROJECT FEATURE Service Bridge NAME SDM, RLH,
 DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co. NAME CAH, DPL
Geotechnical Engineers Inc.

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
<u>OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE</u>	Service Bridge goes from abutment to sluiceway pier
a. Super Structure	Moderate amount of rusting
Bearings	Good
Anchor Bolts	Good
Bridge Seat	Good
Longitudinal Members	Good
Underside of Deck	Good
Secondary Bracing	Good
Deck	Good
Drainage System	N.A.
Railings	Good
Expansion Joints	N.A.
Paint	Fair
b. Abutment & Piers	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Alignment of Abutment	Good
Approach to Bridge	Good
Condition of Seat & Backwall	Good



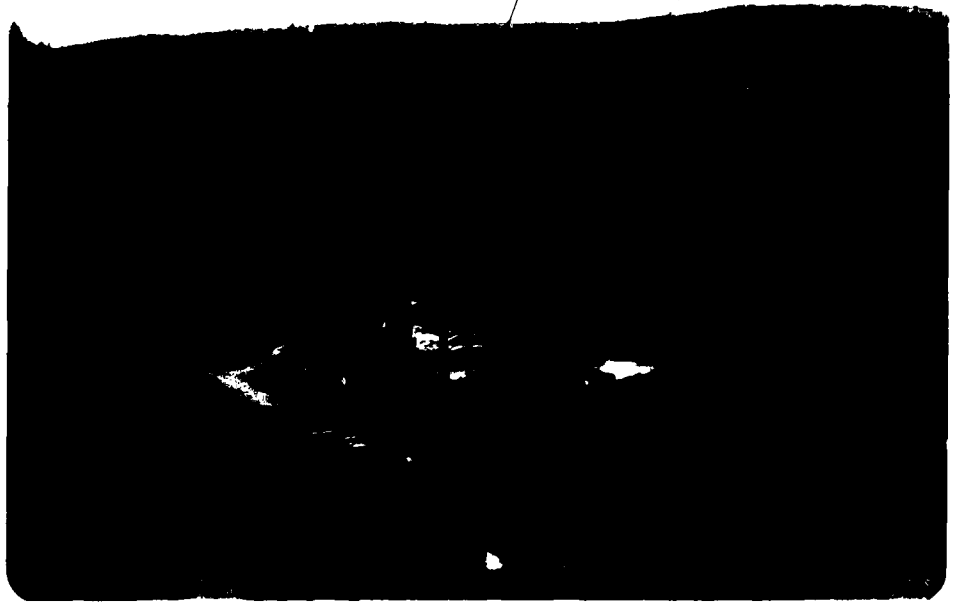
(1), (2), and (3) Panorama of Downstream Face

C-2

U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS
JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY
CONSULTANTS
OLD TOWN, MAINE

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF
INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

Wolcott Dam - VT 00179
Wolcott, Vermont
May 6, 1980



(4) Penstocks, Powerhouse Downstream of Dam - May 6, 1980



(5) Right Abutment Bedrock
May 6, 1980

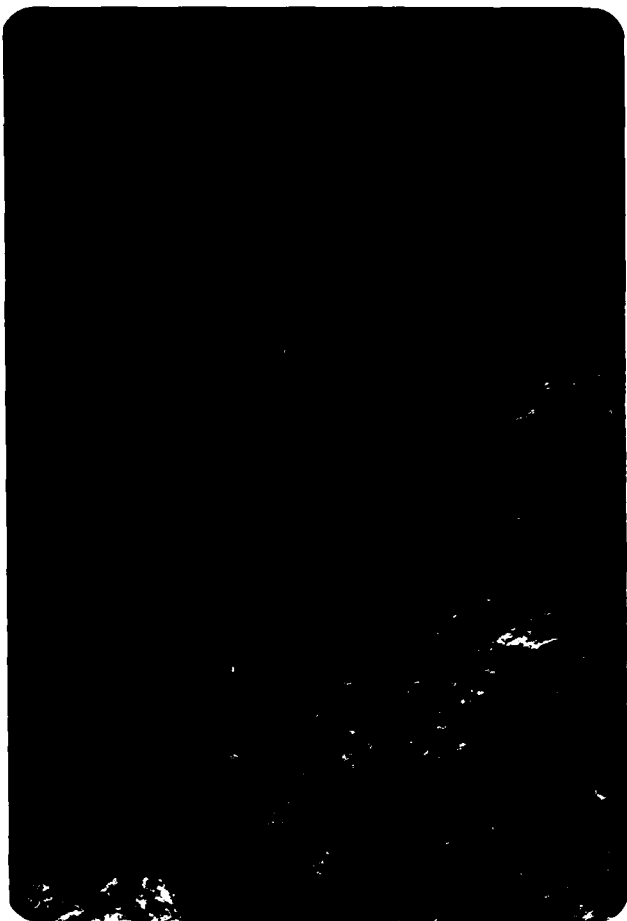
U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV, NEW ENGLAND
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JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY
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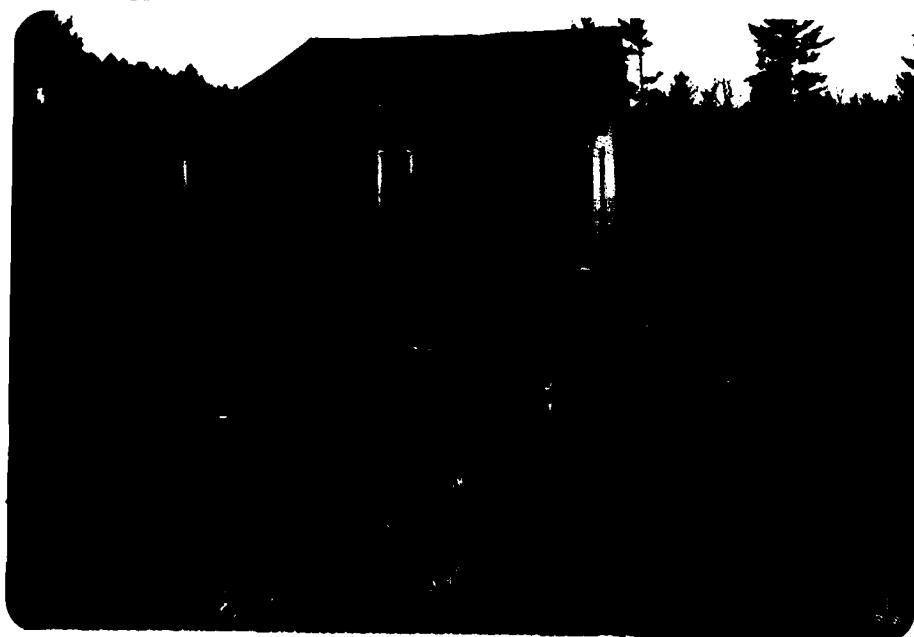
NATIONAL PROGRAM OF
INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

Wolcott Dam
Wolcott, Vermont
VT 00179
May, 1980

C-3



(6) Left Abutment Bedrock
May 6, 1980



(7) Left Abutment, Upstream Face, and Gatehouse - May 6, 1980

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INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

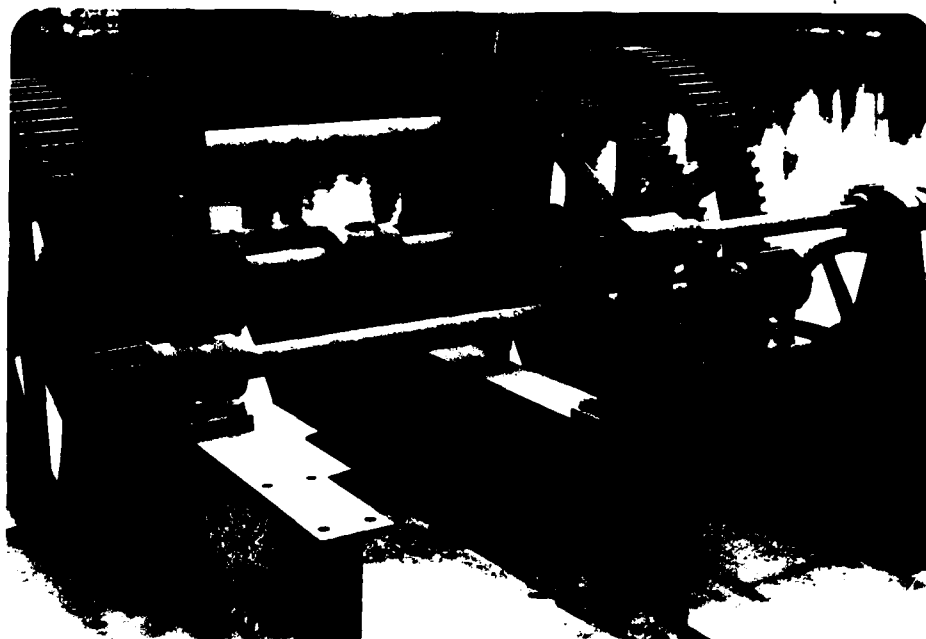
Wolcott Dam

Wolcott, Vermont

VT 00179

May, 1980

C-4



(8) Reservoir Outlet Gate Controls
May 6, 1980



(9) Concrete Dike Upstream of Dam
May 8, 1980

U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV, NEW ENGLAND
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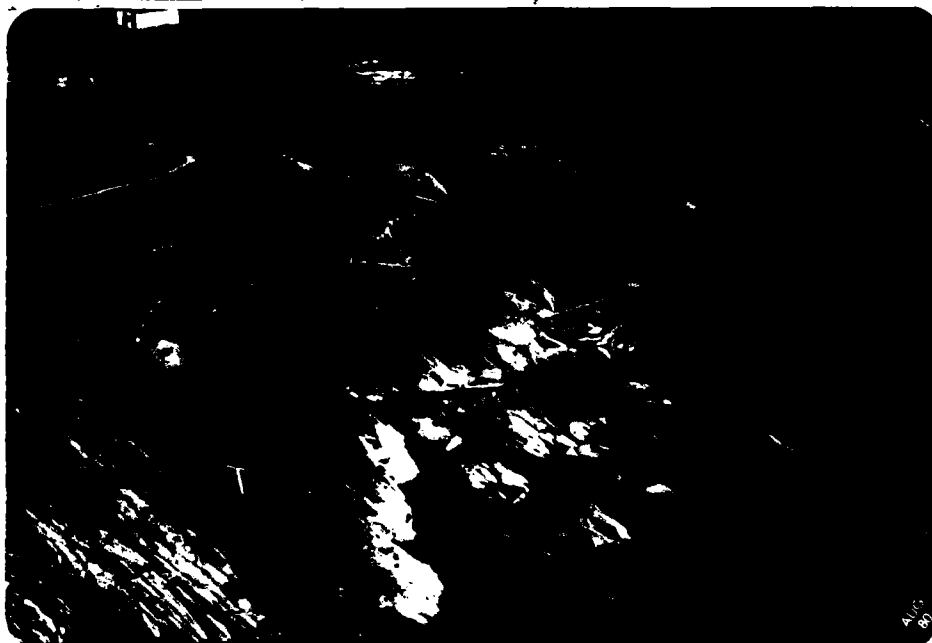
NATIONAL PROGRAM OF
INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

Wolcott Dam
Wolcott, Vermont
VT 00179
May, 1980

C-5



(10) Face of Concrete Dike (Metal Scrap in Foreground)
May 8, 1980



(11) Downstream Channel, Powerhouse in Left Background - May 6, 1980

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NATIONAL PROGRAM OF
INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

Wolcott Dam
Wolcott, Vermont
VT 00179
May, 1980

C-6



(12) Downstream Channel and Face of Dam After Heavy Showers
May 7, 1980



(13) Vermont Route 15 Bridges Downstream of Dam - May 8, 1980

U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND
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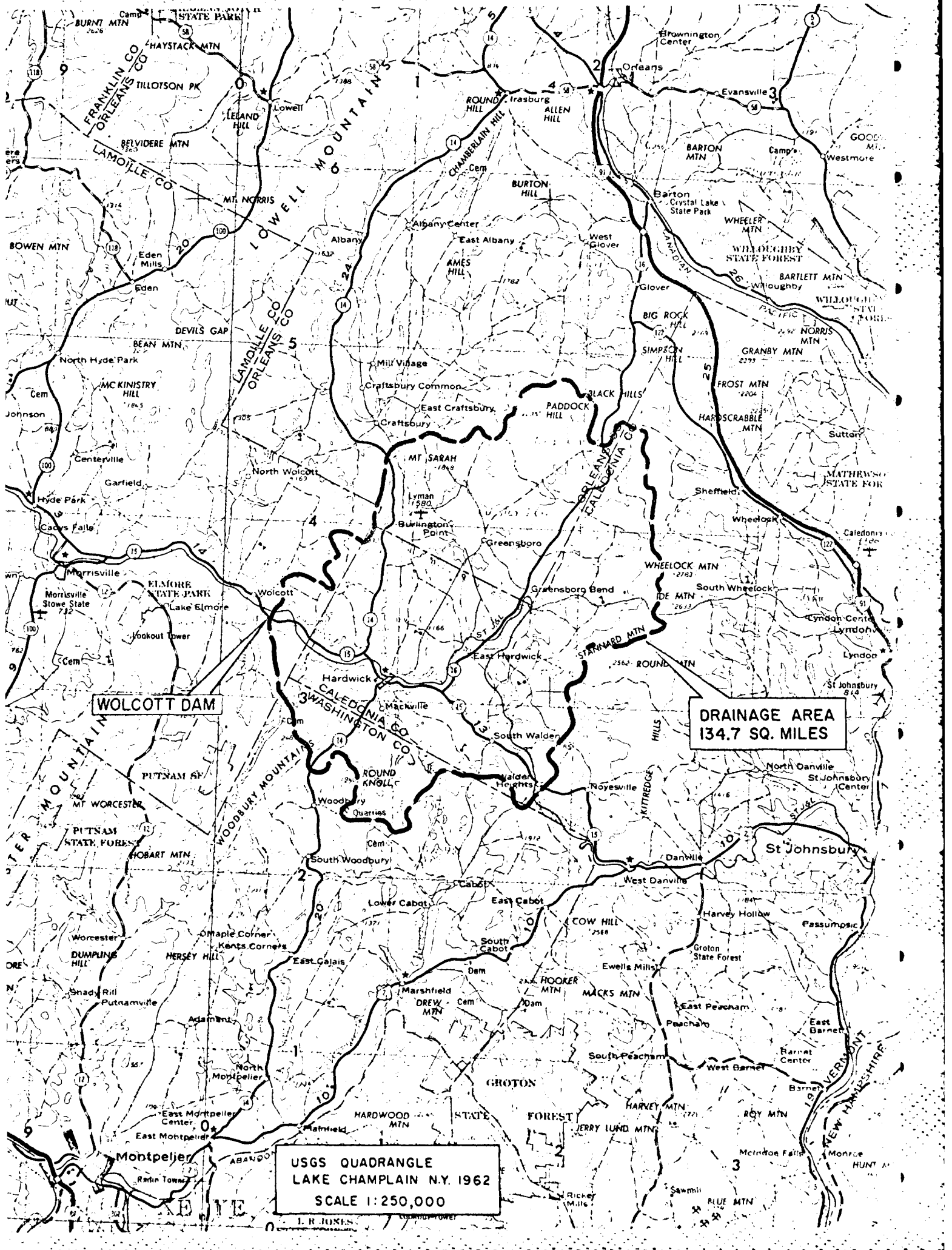
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NATIONAL PROGRAM OF
INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS

Wolcott Dam
Wolcott, Vermont
VT 00179
May, 1980

C-7

APPENDIX D
HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

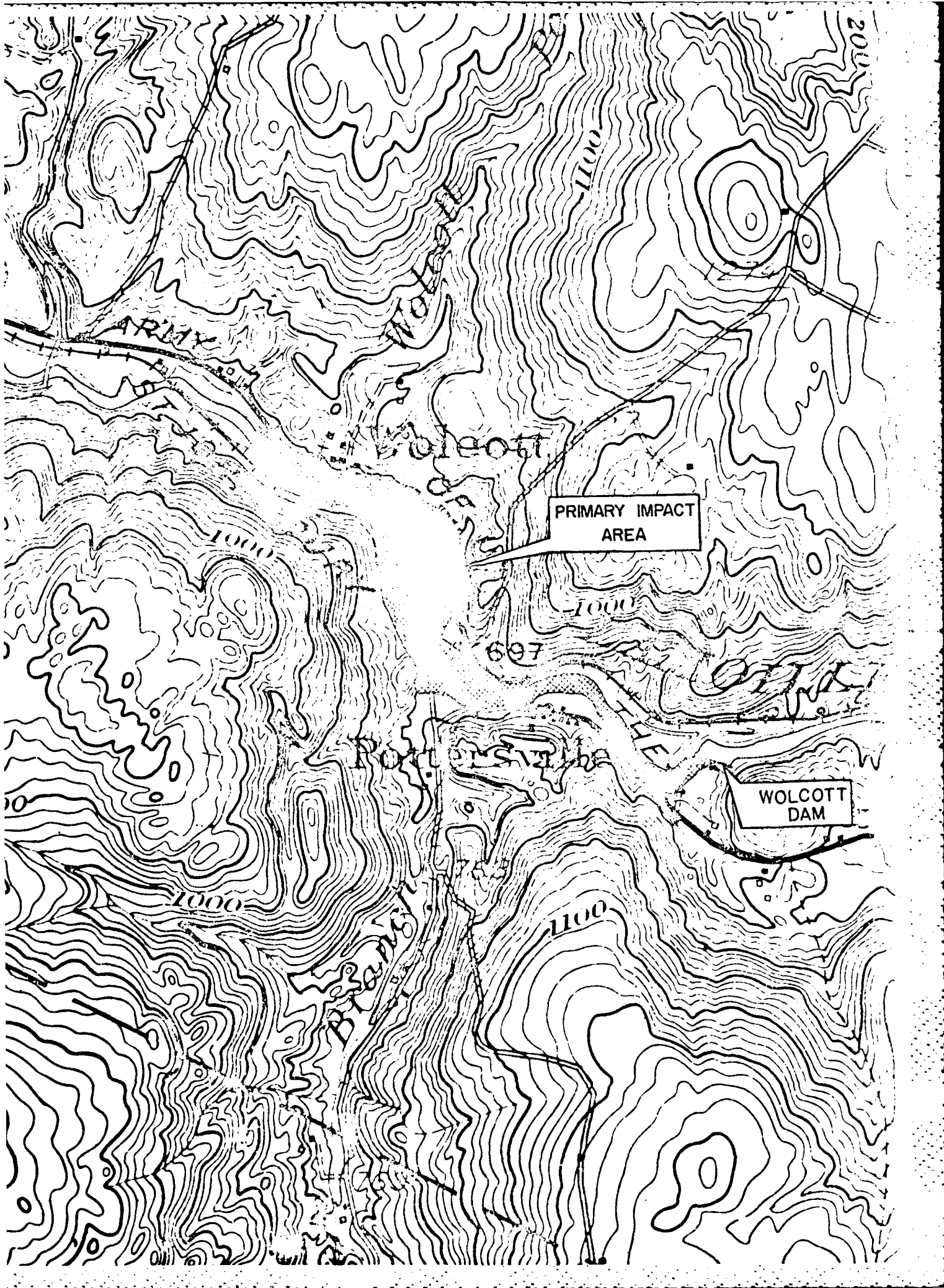


WOLCOTT DAM

DRAINAGE AREA
134.7 SQ. MILES

USGS QUADRANGLE
LAKE CHAMPLAIN N.Y. 1962
SCALE 1:250,000

L. R. JONES



ARMY

Wolcott

PRIMARY IMPACT AREA

WOLCOTT DAM

1000

1000

697

1000

1100

2000

subject Inspection of non-federal dams

computation Wolcott Dam

Job No. 953-05G

computed by MEB

Checked by SDM

Date 8-12-80

Hydrologic / Hydraulic Inspection

I. Performance of Test Flood Conditions

Monsoon Peak Flow Flood

a) Watershed classified as "rolling"

b) Watershed area

1347 ac. Planimeter from USGS sheets
DMS, one of three trials

1342 ac. Mt. Dept. of Water Resources Info Sheet

Special soil type is located within

the drainage area, notably Hockwink

Lake, Carleton Lake, Eagle Pond, East Long

and West Pond and many smaller

lakes. Total surface area of these lakes is

28 ac. for entire watershed area and their

total storage effect of these lakes is

negligible.

c) From NED-ACE "Preliminary Guidelines for
Estimating Max. Possible Discharges" -
Graph Curve for HNF - Peak Flow Rates

$PIII = 375 \text{ cfs/1.00 ac}^2$ for Total Discharge Area

$PIII \rightarrow 375 \text{ cfs/1.00 ac}^2 \times 1347 \text{ ac}^2 = 505125 \text{ cfs}$

$\frac{1}{2} PIII = 252562 \text{ cfs}$

Subject Inspection of non-fed dams

Computation Wolcott Dam

Job No. 953-056

Computed by NER

Checked by SDM

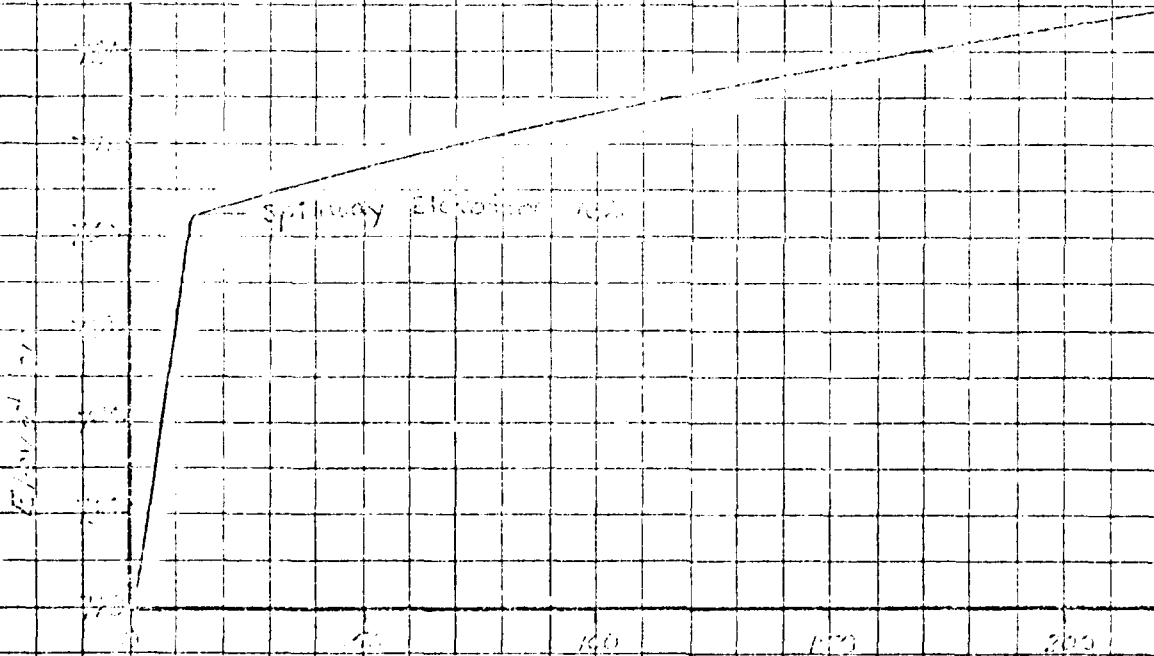
Date 8-12-80

b) Test Flood

d) Classification of dams according to NED-ACE
Recommended Guidelines

1. Size

Elevation vs. Surface Area



Elevation of Spillway Area at 762 ft. = 12 acres - ft

Normal pool at 762 ft. Area = $12 \text{ acres} \times (762 - 719) = 516 \text{ acre-ft}$

Test flood at 770.87 ft. Area = $200 \text{ acres} \times (770.87 - 719) = 10377 \text{ acre-ft}$

(615 acre-ft) = 615 acre-ft

See Stage-Storage Curve on p. 3

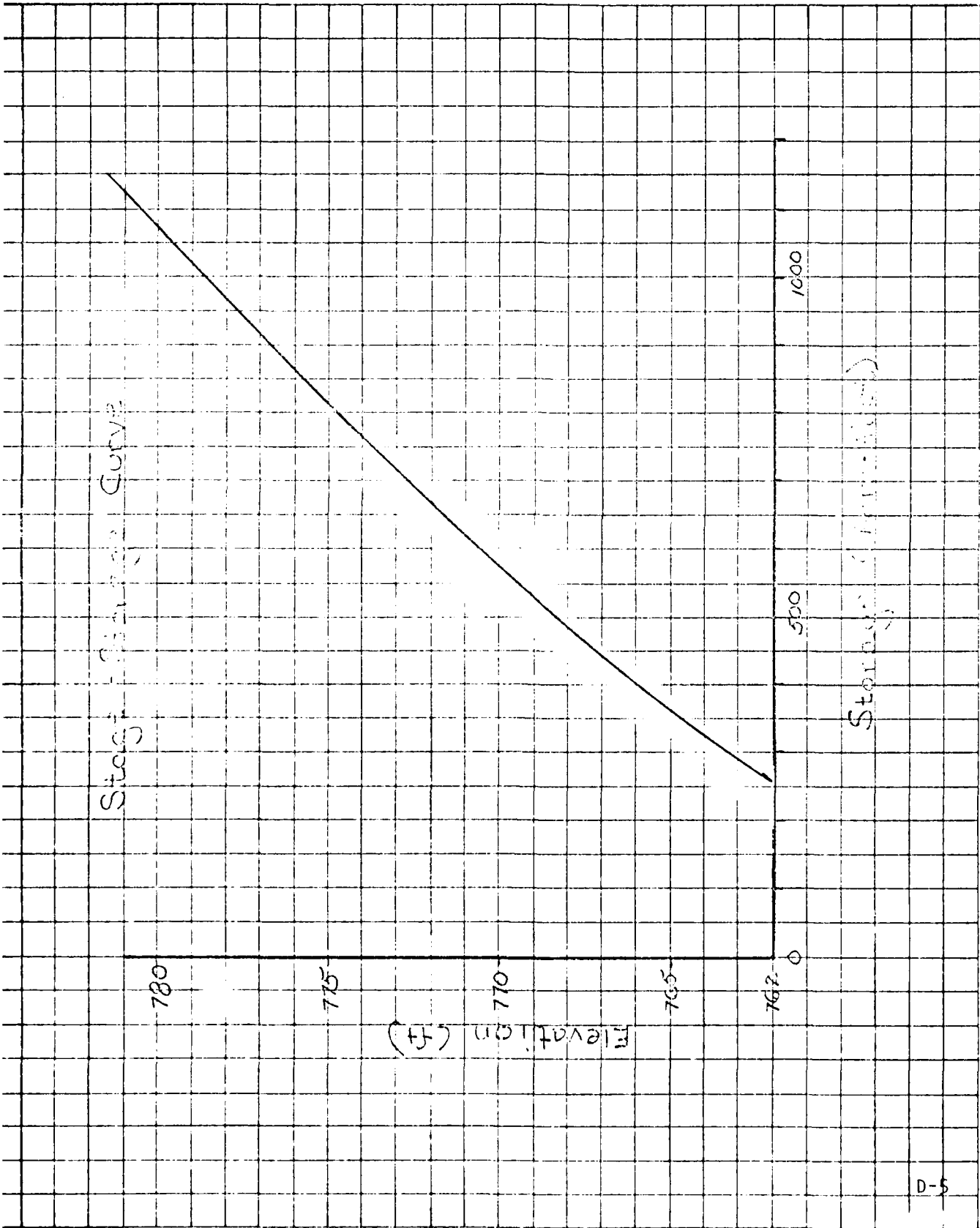
Storage (max) = 615 acre-feet (top of dam at 770.87)

Height = $770.87 - 719 = 51.87'$

Project Inspection of non-federal dams

Reputation Wolcott Dam Job No. 953-05G

Prepared by m&B Checked by SDM Date 8-12-80



t Inspection of non-federal dams

ation Walcott Dam Walcott, Vt

Job No. 953-05-G

ed by MEB

Checked by SDM

Date 6-23-80

a) Surge at Peak Inflow						
a) Peak Inflow		$Q_p = 117863$ cfs				
		$Q_p' = 58931$ cfs				
b) Outflow Rating Curve						
Headways	Head	Flow	Flow	Flow	Flow	Flow
ft	ft	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs	cfs
14	770	14	770	14	770	14
12	750	12	750	12	750	12
10	730	10	730	10	730	10
8	710	8	710	8	710	8
6	690	6	690	6	690	6
4	670	4	670	4	670	4
2	650	2	650	2	650	2
1	640	1	640	1	640	1
0	630	0	630	0	630	0
Water Pipe 10" dia						
1	640	1	640	1	640	1
2	650	2	650	2	650	2
3	660	3	660	3	660	3
4	670	4	670	4	670	4
5	680	5	680	5	680	5
6	690	6	690	6	690	6
7	700	7	700	7	700	7
8	710	8	710	8	710	8
9	720	9	720	9	720	9
10	730	10	730	10	730	10
11	740	11	740	11	740	11
12	750	12	750	12	750	12
13	760	13	760	13	760	13
14	770	14	770	14	770	14
15	780	15	780	15	780	15
16	790	16	790	16	790	16
17	800	17	800	17	800	17
18	810	18	810	18	810	18
19	820	19	820	19	820	19
20	830	20	830	20	830	20
21	840	21	840	21	840	21
22	850	22	850	22	850	22
23	860	23	860	23	860	23
24	870	24	870	24	870	24
25	880	25	880	25	880	25
26	890	26	890	26	890	26
27	900	27	900	27	900	27
28	910	28	910	28	910	28
29	920	29	920	29	920	29
30	930	30	930	30	930	30
31	940	31	940	31	940	31
32	950	32	950	32	950	32
33	960	33	960	33	960	33
34	970	34	970	34	970	34
35	980	35	980	35	980	35
36	990	36	990	36	990	36
37	1000	37	1000	37	1000	37
38	1010	38	1010	38	1010	38
39	1020	39	1020	39	1020	39
40	1030	40	1030	40	1030	40
41	1040	41	1040	41	1040	41
42	1050	42	1050	42	1050	42
43	1060	43	1060	43	1060	43
44	1070	44	1070	44	1070	44
45	1080	45	1080	45	1080	45
46	1090	46	1090	46	1090	46
47	1100	47	1100	47	1100	47
48	1110	48	1110	48	1110	48
49	1120	49	1120	49	1120	49
50	1130	50	1130	50	1130	50
51	1140	51	1140	51	1140	51
52	1150	52	1150	52	1150	52
53	1160	53	1160	53	1160	53
54	1170	54	1170	54	1170	54
55	1180	55	1180	55	1180	55
56	1190	56	1190	56	1190	56
57	1200	57	1200	57	1200	57
58	1210	58	1210	58	1210	58
59	1220	59	1220	59	1220	59
60	1230	60	1230	60	1230	60
61	1240	61	1240	61	1240	61
62	1250	62	1250	62	1250	62
63	1260	63	1260	63	1260	63
64	1270	64	1270	64	1270	64
65	1280	65	1280	65	1280	65
66	1290	66	1290	66	1290	66
67	1300	67	1300	67	1300	67
68	1310	68	1310	68	1310	68
69	1320	69	1320	69	1320	69
70	1330	70	1330	70	1330	70
71	1340	71	1340	71	1340	71
72	1350	72	1350	72	1350	72
73	1360	73	1360	73	1360	73
74	1370	74	1370	74	1370	74
75	1380	75	1380	75	1380	75
76	1390	76	1390	76	1390	76
77	1400	77	1400	77	1400	77
78	1410	78	1410	78	1410	78
79	1420	79	1420	79	1420	79
80	1430	80	1430	80	1430	80
81	1440	81	1440	81	1440	81
82	1450	82	1450	82	1450	82
83	1460	83	1460	83	1460	83
84	1470	84	1470	84	1470	84
85	1480	85	1480	85	1480	85
86	1490	86	1490	86	1490	86
87	1500	87	1500	87	1500	87
88	1510	88	1510	88	1510	88
89	1520	89	1520	89	1520	89
90	1530	90	1530	90	1530	90
91	1540	91	1540	91	1540	91
92	1550	92	1550	92	1550	92
93	1560	93	1560	93	1560	93
94	1570	94	1570	94	1570	94
95	1580	95	1580	95	1580	95
96	1590	96	1590	96	1590	96
97	1600	97	1600	97	1600	97
98	1610	98	1610	98	1610	98
99	1620	99	1620	99	1620	99
100	1630	100	1630	100	1630	100

Inspection of non-federal dams

tion Walcott Dam Walden Vt Job No. 953-050

d by N.E.R. Checked by SDM Date 8-12-80

Summary

- a) Peak Failure Outflow
 $Q_p = 44,200$ cfs (in form $SI = 20,250$ cfs)
- b) Approximate stage before failure
 Impact Area: Potterville H = 13.3'
Walden H = 17.7'
- c) Approximate stage after failure
 Impact Area: Potterville H = 16.8'
Walden H = 21.0'
- d) Stage in spillway
 Impact Area: Potterville $\Delta H = 3.5'$
Walden $\Delta H = 3.3'$

The preceding dam failure analysis taken at the crest at the top of the dam, indicates the design stage of hazard due to dam failure. The following dam failure analysis will be consistent with the presence of spillway crest to which the hazard is due.

Probable Flow = 1071 cfs
 Reservoir Storage at Time of Failure = 258 acre-ft
 Peak Failure Flow = Estimated outflow
 (No permanent spillway structure
 outlet and reservoir impounded
 dam failure)

Project: Inspection of non-federal dams

Location: Walcott Dam Walcott VT

Job No. 953-056

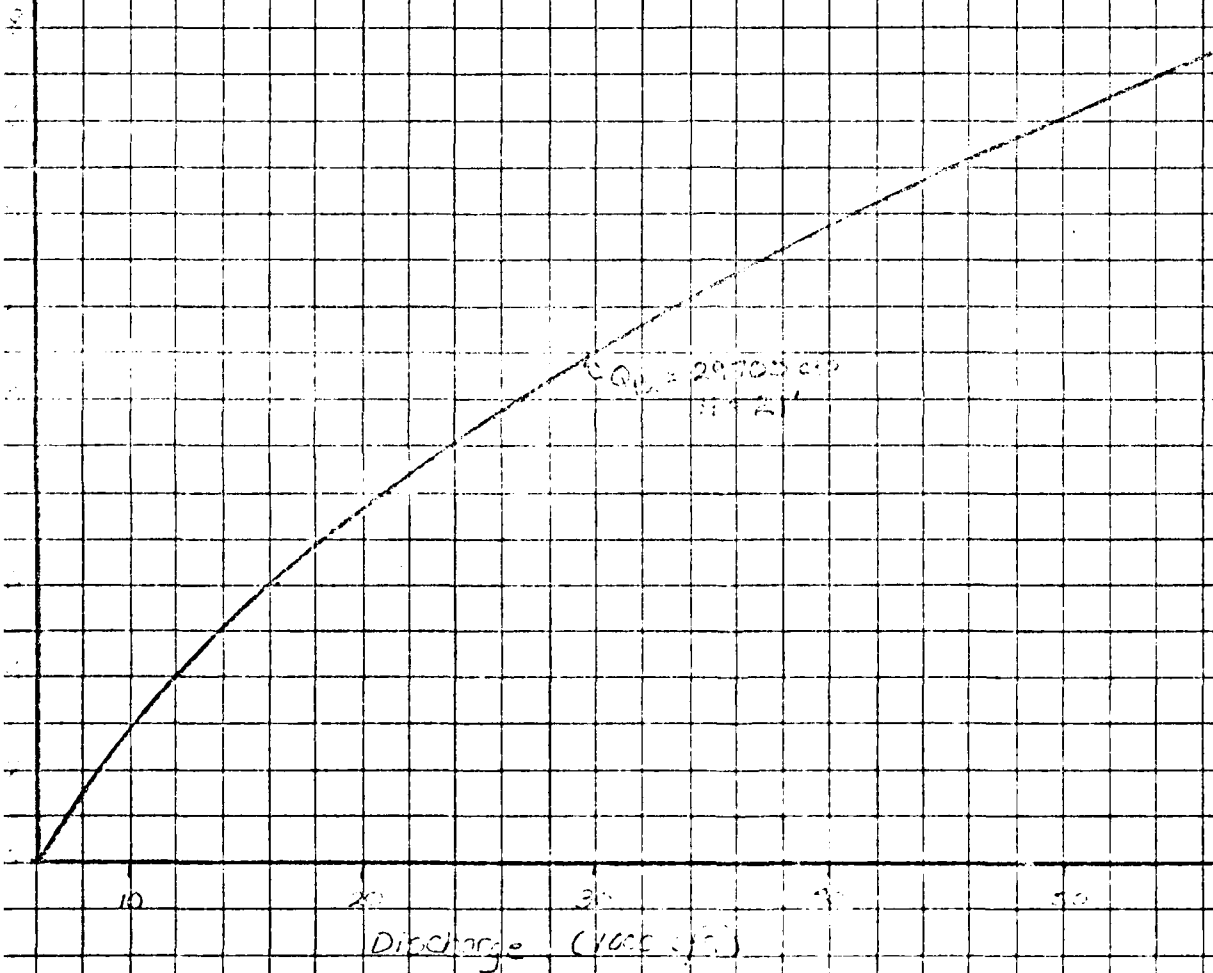
Designed by mEB

Checked by SDM

Date 6-26-80

Downstream Channel @ Town of Walcott

Recur #2



Project Inspection of non-federal dams

Station Walcott Dam Walcott, Vt

Job No. 953-056

Designed by MEB

Checked by SDM

Date 6-26-80

Downstream Channel @ Town of Walcott							Reach #2
Section	H	A	P	R	V	Q	
10		30	60	0.5	1.32	5	
12		226	90	2.93	.93	211	
14		225	119	4.21	1.39	581	
16		225	148	5.88	1.65	1044	
18		225	177	7.48	1.97	1651	
20		225	206	9.07	2.28	2376	
22		225	235	10.67	2.41	3219	
24		225	264	11.89	2.42	4178	
26		225	293	13.26	2.58	5257	
28		225	322	14.71	2.67	6466	

Section	H	A	P	R	V	Q
10		30	60	0.5	1.32	5
12		245	120	2	.82	196
14		540	180	3	1.07	578
16		750	240	4	1.20	1015
18		1520	300	5	1.5	2257
20		2160	360	6	1.73	3670
22		2940	420	7	1.87	5240
24		3840	480	8	2.00	7009
26		4860	540	9	2.23	10021
28		6000	600	10	2.24	13381

Rating Curve (Reach #2)			
H	Q	H	Q
10	5765	10	27083
12	8572	12	33517
14	12084	14	41329
16	16307	16	49675
18	21293	18	59574

Project Inspection of non-federal dams

Location Walcott Dam Walcott, Vt

Job No. 953-056

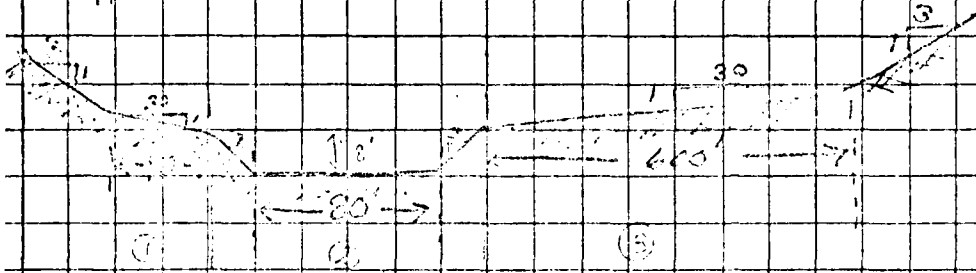
Designed by MEB

Checked by SDH

Date 6-26-80

Downstream Channel @ Tail of Walcott Reach #2.

Approximate Cross-section



$N = 1.485 R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$ $S = .0017$ (USGS check) $Q = 117$
 $n = 0.040$ stream bed
 $n = 0.16$ flood plain

H	A	P	F	V	Q
2	172	93	1.68	2.94	501
4	328	115	2.55	3.87	1251
6	528	115	3.87	3.76	2277
8	732	115	4.57	3.47	3172
10	940	121	5.34	3.21	4273
12	1152	121	6.23	2.99	5787
14	1368	121	7.25	2.79	7815
16	1588	121	8.42	2.61	10376
18	1812	121	9.74	2.47	13585
20	2040	121	11.21	2.35	17467
22	2272	121	12.84	2.25	22052
24	2508	121	14.63	2.17	28372
26	2748	121	16.58	2.11	36447
28	2992	121	18.71	2.06	46372

ject Inspection of non-federal dams

putation Wolcott Dam

Job No. 953-056

puted by MEB

Checked by SDM

Date 8-8-80

Reach #2

3000 - 5500 ft. D/S of the dam
Road crossing at D/S end of
reach @ Town of Wolcott

Pre-failure Stage $Q_s = 20250$ cfs $H = 17.7'$
(Stage - Discharge curve plotted on p. 18)

Volume between pre-failure and post-failure stages:

$$Q_{p1} = 37400 \text{ cfs } H = 23.1'$$

$$V_1 = 439 - 246 = 192 \text{ acre-ft (x-sect following page)}$$

$$V_1 < \frac{1}{2} S \therefore O.K.$$

$$Q_{p2} \text{ (Trial)} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S}\right)$$

$$= 37400 \left(1 - \frac{192}{615}\right)$$

$$\approx 25700 \text{ cfs } H = 19.6'$$

$$V = 307 - 246 = 61 \text{ acre-ft}$$

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_{ov}}{S}\right)$$

$$= 37400 \left(1 - \frac{(192+61)/2}{615}\right)$$

$$\approx 29700 \text{ cfs}$$

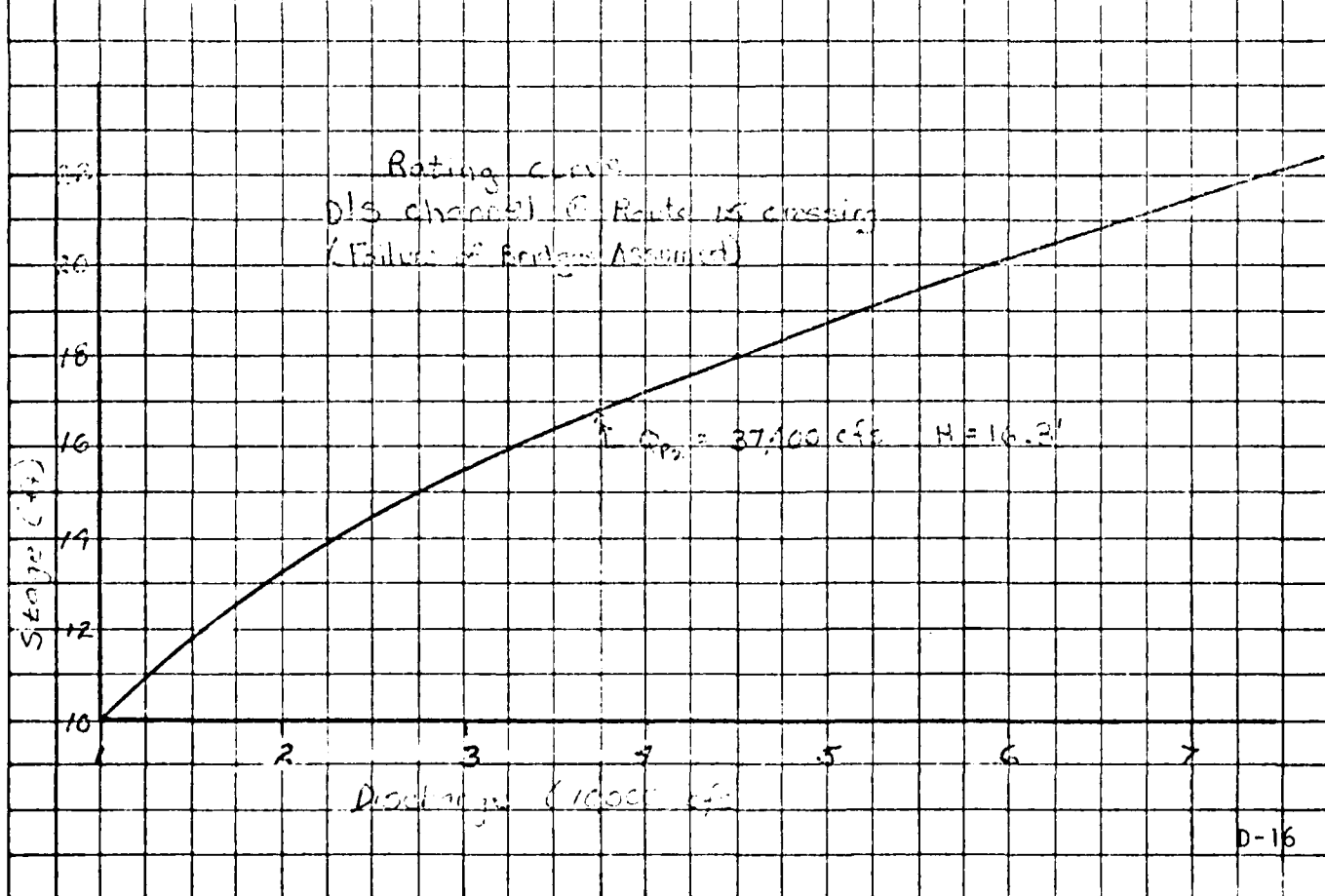
Post-failure Stage $Q_p = 29700$ cfs $H = 21'$

$$\text{Raise in stage} = 21 - 17.7 = 3.3'$$

Subject Inspection of non-federal dam
 Computation Wolcott Dam Wolcott Vt Job No. 953-056
 Computed by MEB Checked by SDM Date 2-26-87

Reach #1 cont.						
H	A	P	R	V	Q	
12	150	75	2	2.2	420	
14	300	"	4	3.4	1232	
16	450	"	6	5.9	2618	
18	600	"	8	7.0	4223	
20	750	"	10	8.1	5839	
22	900	"	12	12.1	7447	

H	Q	H	Q
16	10727	16	35072
17	15121	17	45113
18	22179	18	70350
19	27103		



Subject _____

Computation Wicket Dam Walcott VT

Job No. 953-056

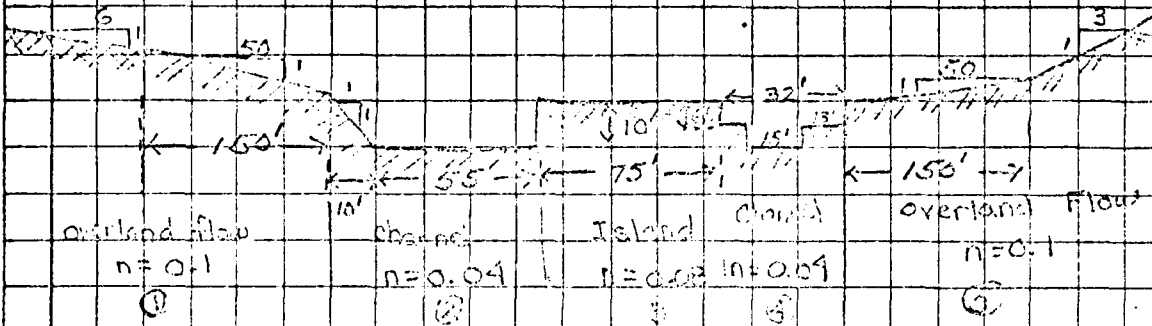
Computed by M.P.R.

Checked by SDM

Date 6-26-80

D/S Channel at Route 15 crossing Reach #1

Approximate Cross-section



Manning $n = 1.486 R^{.485} S^{.149}$ $S = .009$ (from USGS data)
 $Q = AV$

①	H	A	P	R	V	Q	②	H	A	P	R	V	Q
	12	100	100	1	1.0	141		141	12	100	100	1	1.0
14	275	122.1	2.42	2.5	96	96	14	275	123.2	2.46	2.5	97	97
16	500	169.2	1.17	2.5	205	205	16	500	157.5	4.37	3.71	273	273
18	725	171	5.5	3.0	47.0	47.0	18	725	165.5	6.12	4.7	47.0	47.0
20	1475	132.5	7.29	3.5	76.0	76.0	20	1395	172.1	7.53	5.53	74.0	74.0
22	1975	247	8.41	4.0	103.0	103.0	22	1325	175.6	9.51	6.33	107.3	107.3
②	H	A	P	R	V	Q	③	H	A	P	R	V	Q
	10	50	79.1	7.58	13.6	2764		10	252	5.2	1.85	5.01	2543
	12	735	"	7.72	15.3	1320		12	316	"	6.08	11.74	2730
	14	955	"	10.57	17.3	11275		14	405	"	7.31	13.27	5043
	16	305	"	12.02	19.0	18569		16	444	"	8.54	14.72	6537
	18	225	"	14.1	20.4	2253		18	302	"	9.77	16.11	2152
	20	205	"	16.3	22.5	27713		20	572	"	11.0	17.43	4971
	22	500	"	17.61	22.7	32716		22	636	"	12.57	18.71	11233

Subject Inspection of non-fed dams

Computation Walcott Dam

Job No. 953-056

Computed by MER

Checked by _____

Date 8-8-80

c) Peak Failure Outflow

Peak Failure Outflow = Breach Outflow + Remaining Spillway Flow

$$Q_p = 30,300 + 13,900 \text{ cfs}$$

$$= 44,200 \text{ cfs} \quad \checkmark$$

2. Peak Stage in Immediate Impact Area

Reach #1 800-3000 ft D/s of the dam
 Reach #2 (Assumed no significant storage within
 0-800 ft. downstream of the dam
 Route 15 crossing at D/s end of reach)

Pre-failure Stage $Q_1 = 20250 \text{ cfs}$ $H = 13.3'$
 (Stage-Discharge curve plotted on p. 14)

Reservoir Storage at Time of Failure = 615 acre-ft
 (Stage-Storage curve plotted on p. 3)

Volume between pre-failure and post-failure stages:

$$V_1 = 211 - 99 = 112 \text{ acre-ft (ix sect following page)}$$

$$V_1 < 1/2 S \quad \therefore \text{O.K.}$$

$$Q_{p1} = 44200 \quad H = 17.8'$$

$$Q_{p2} (\text{Total}) = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S}\right)$$

$$= 44200 \left(1 - \frac{112}{615}\right)$$

$$= 36000 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 16.9 \quad V = 176 - 99 = 77$$

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_{av}}{S}\right)$$

$$= 44200 \left(1 - \frac{(112 + 77)/2}{615}\right)$$

$$= 37400 \text{ cfs}$$

Post-failure Stage $Q_{p2} = 37400 \text{ cfs}$ $H = 16.8'$

Raise in stage = $16.8 - 13.3 = 3.5'$

Subject Inspection of non fed dams

Computation Wolcott Dam

Job No. 953-056

Computed by MEB

Checked by SDM

Date 8-8-80

II Downstream Failure Hazard

a) Peak Failure Flow

a) Breach Outflow

mid-height Elevation $(770.87 + 713)/2 + 719 = 745$

Approx. mid-height length = 120' (from Dam Plans)

\therefore Breach width = $0.4 \times 120 = 48'$

Assume surcharge to imp. at Dam El. 770.87

\therefore Height at time of failure $h_b = 52'$

Breach Outflow = $Q_b = (2/27) W_b \sqrt{g} h_b^{3/2}$

$W_b = 48'$

$h_b = 52'$

$\therefore Q_b \approx 30,300$ cfs

b) Remaining Spillway Discharge

Breach assumed to occur in the spillway section on the right side of the dam.

$186' - 48' = 138'$ of spillway remaining

$Q = CLH^{3/2}$ $C = 3.8$ $L = 138$ $El 762$

H	Q	WS
8.87	13853	770.87

$Q_s \approx 13,900$ cfs

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Walcott Dam Walcott V4. Job No. _____

Computed by MEB Checked by SDM Date 6-24-80

F) Spillway Capacity to Outflow

Spillway Capacity to Top of Dam $C_{100} = 12,672$ cfs
 16% Spillway Capacity is 16% of the C_{100} = 2027 cfs
 and 33% of the spillway is $1/2$ MFE

5) Summary:

a) Peak Inflow $C_{100} = 117,863$ cfs
 $C_{100} = 58,231$ cfs

b) Peak Outflow $C_{100} = 114,800$ cfs
 $C_{100} = 57,000$ cfs

c) Spillway to Top Capacity $C_{100} = 12,672$ cfs
 at 16% of C_{100} is 2027 cfs

Therefore at Peak Inflow MFE, the dam is overtopped by $= 10.6'$
 at $1/2$ MFE the dam is overtopped by $19.5'$

At $1/2$ MFE the dam is overtopped by $5.3'$ or
 is at least $19.2'$ above the spillway crest of $14.2'$

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Wolcott Dam Wolcott, VT Job No. 953-05 G

Computed by MEB Checked by SDM Date 6-24-80

b) Assumes Normal Pool level at Spillway Crest El. 752 ✓

c) Watershed Area: D.A. = 134.7 mi² ✓

d) Discharge (Q_p) at Various Suctioning Functions

$$H = 12' \quad V = 180 \text{ cfs} \times 12' = 2160 \text{ cu ft}$$

$$S = 2160 / (5.25 \times 134.7) = .95'$$

$$H = 22' \quad V = 180 \text{ cfs} \times 22' = 3960 \text{ cu ft}$$

$$S = 3960 / (5.25 \times 134.7) = .58'$$

For Approximate Storage Retention Coefficient
(10) For Retention Coefficient

$$Q_p = C_p (1 - S/H) \quad \text{and for } Q_p' = C_p' (1 - S/H)$$

For $H = 12'$ $C_p = 115072$ $Q_p = 56190$

For $H = 22'$ $C_p = 114451$ $Q_p = 55519$

For Retention Coefficient

Using FERC 1954 Guidelines "Simplified Storage Retention
Alternative Method

$$Q_p = 112,800 \text{ cfs} \quad S = 19.5' \quad \text{For } C_p = 114,451$$

$$Q_p' = 57,000 \text{ cfs} \quad S = 14.2' \quad \text{For } C_p' = 56,190$$

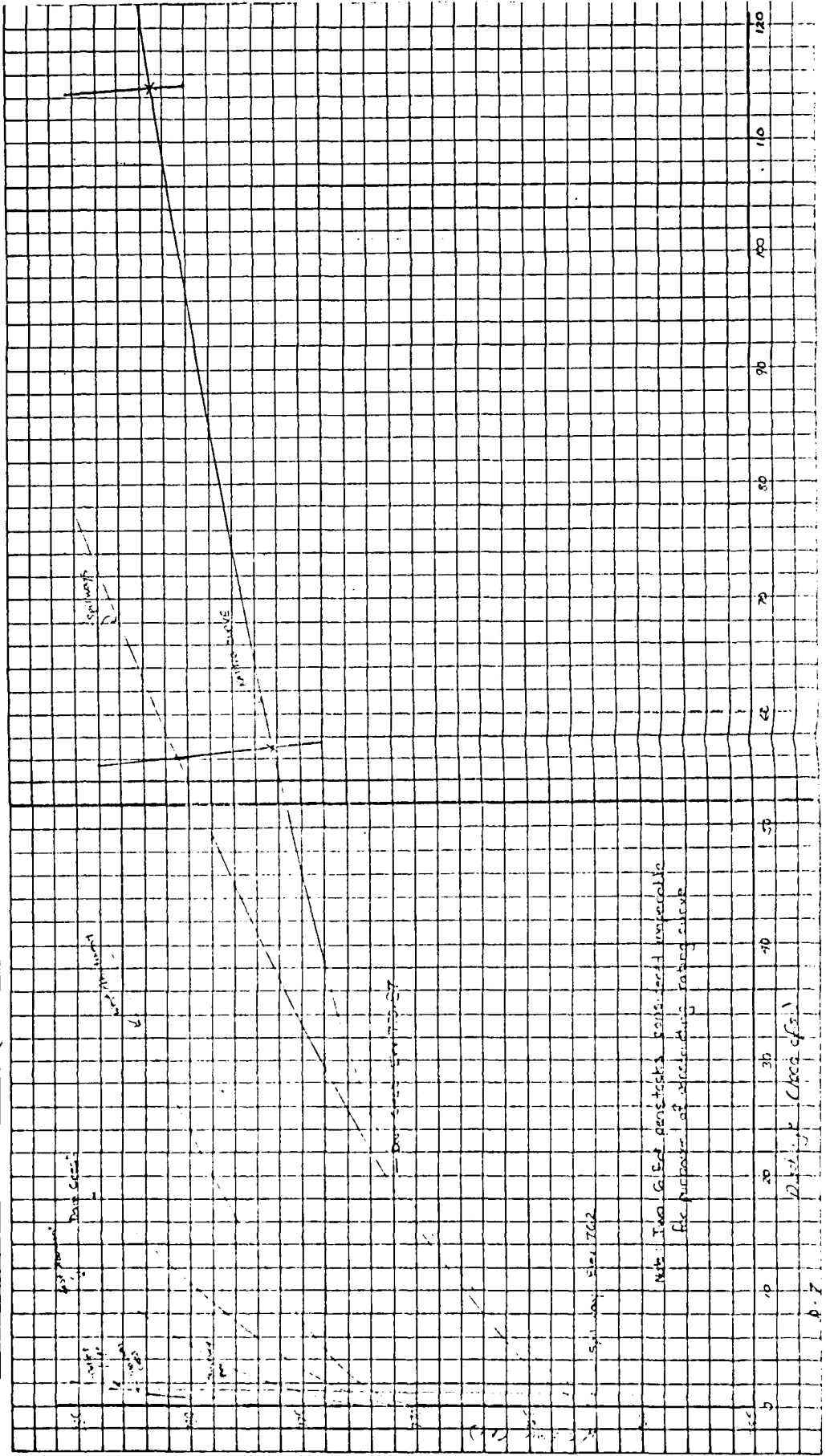
JAMES W. SEWELL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE
Civil and Sanitary Engineers

Sheet 8 of 21

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Walcott Dam Walcott V4 Job No. 953-05 G

Computed by NEA Checked by SDH Date G. 2-4-80



Scale 1/4" = 10'

Note: Dam G.E. penstock's exist in the immediate
vicinity of abutment on right side.

D. J. C. (100' x 50')

B. 7

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Walcott Dam Walcott Vt

Job No. 953-056

Computed by MEB

Checked by SPK

Date 6-27-80

Stationing	Cont	Elev	772.87	LEV	C=2.64	P=0.10
11	0	WS Elev		H	Q	LOS Elev
6.13	31	774		7.7	925	774
6.17	144	776		8.9	717	776
6.18	257	775				

Rating of Crest (ft)

Q	H	C	P
107100	7.5	2.64	0.10
31100	7.5	2.64	0.10
6800	7.5	2.64	0.10
11015	7.5	2.64	0.10
17332	7.5	2.64	0.10
25700	7.5	2.64	0.10

a) Spillway Capacity to 176 ft crest elevation

H = 5.2' Q = 18672 16 176 32 176 176

b) Spillway Height to C Op

i) C Op = 117,863 cfs H = 19.7

ii) C Op = 58931 cfs H = 14.5'

4) Effect of Sudden on Max Probable Discharge

a) Lake Area

6.2000 = Area of Walcott Dam 7-8-1971 111.5 acres

12.0000 = Area of H. L. C. Dam 11.1 5.5'

at 11.5 ft 232 11.5 x 15.0 = 12.0000

176 cfs = Max. P.M. 1968 93

at 11.5 ft 232 - plus area of 11.1

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Walcott Dam Walcott, Vt

Job No. 953-056

Computed by MEB

Checked by ODM

Date 6-24-80

Dam Crest Elev. 710.87			Total Area = 2.91 = 8.2			CS = 2.0		
H	C	Area	H	C	Area	H	C	Area
710	100	710	710	100	710	710	100	710
709	100	709	709	100	709	709	100	709
708	100	708	708	100	708	708	100	708
707	100	707	707	100	707	707	100	707
706	100	706	706	100	706	706	100	706
705	100	705	705	100	705	705	100	705
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577	100	577	577	100	577	577	100	577
576	1							

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Wolcott Dam - Wolcott V#

Job No. 953-05G

Computed by MEB

Checked by

SDM

Date 8-12-80

Reach #1 Outflow

$H_p =$ Height at time of failure = 43'

$V_p =$ Reach width (page 11) = 48'

$$Q_{p1} = 1.49 V_p \sqrt{g} H_p^{3/2}$$

$$Q_{p1} = 22,800 \text{ cfs} = \text{Peak Failure Outflow}$$

Reach #1 (see pages 12, 13, 14) Wolcott

Veloc. between pre-failure and post-failure stages:

$$V_1 = 116 - 9 = 107 \text{ mph} = \text{Reach } \#1 \text{ (see page 15)}$$

$$V_1 < S/2 \therefore \text{Reach O.K.}$$

$$Q_{p2} (\text{trial}) = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S}\right)$$

$$= 22,800 \left(1 - \frac{107}{222}\right)$$

$$= 13,300 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 11.0' \quad V = 63.7 - 54 \text{ mph}$$

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S}\right)$$

$$= 22,800 \left(1 - \frac{107.5}{222}\right)$$

$$= 15,700 \text{ cfs}$$

$$\text{Failure Outflow} = 15,700 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 12'$$

Reach #2 (see pages 15, 16, 17) Wolcott

Prefailure stage = 1'

Veloc. between pre-failure and post-failure stages:

$$V_1 = 187 - 21 = 166 \text{ mph}$$

$$V_1 > S/2 \therefore \text{Select shorter Reach}$$

Assume constant x-section duct reach = half

(Part 2H) $V_1 = 93.5 - 10 = 83.5 \text{ mph}$

L = 110'

$$Q_{p2} (\text{trial}) = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S}\right)$$

$$= 15,700 \left(1 - \frac{83.5}{222}\right)$$

$$= 10,600 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 13.1' \quad V = 63.3 - 10 = 52.8$$

Subject Inspection of non-federal dams

Computation Wolcott Dam Wolcott Vt

Job No. 953-056

Computed by MEB

Checked by SDM

Date 8-12-80

(Result 2A cont.)

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_{av}}{5}\right)$$

$$= 13700 \left(1 - \frac{(8.3 + 5.2)12}{5 \cdot 5.8}\right)$$

$$\approx 11600 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 12.5'$$

(Result 2E) $V_1 = 71.1 - 10.5 = 60.6$

$$Q_{p1} (\text{at } 12') = Q_1 \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{5}\right)$$

$$= 11300 \left(1 - \frac{60.6}{5}\right)$$

$$\approx 9200 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 12' \quad V = 52 - 10 = 42$$

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{5}\right)$$

$$= 11600 \left(1 - \frac{60.6 - 10.5}{5}\right)$$

$$\approx 9300 \text{ cfs} \quad H = 12.5'$$

Summary - "Low Flow Failure"

a) Peak Failure Outflow = 22,900 cfs
Pre-Failure Flow = 10,711 cfs

b) Approximate stage before failure
Input Area: Petersville $H = 2.5'$
Wolcott $H = 1.0'$

c) Approximate stage after failure
Input Area: Petersville $H = 12'$
Wolcott $H = 12.5'$

d) Raise in stage
Input Area: Petersville $\Delta H = 9.5'$
Wolcott $\Delta H = 9.5'$

PRELIMINARY GUIDANCE
FOR ESTIMATING
MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES
IN
PHASE I DAM SAFETY
INVESTIGATIONS

New England Division
Corps of Engineers

March 1978

MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOOD INFLOWS
NED RESERVOIRS

<u>Project</u>	<u>Q</u> (cfs)	<u>D.A.</u> (sq. mi.)	<u>MPF</u> cfs/sq. mi.
1. Hall Meadow Brook	26,600	17.2	1,546
2. East Branch	15,500	9.25	1,675
3. Thomaston	158,000	97.2	1,625
4. Northfield Brook	9,000	5.7	1,580
5. Black Rock	35,000	20.4	1,715
6. Hancock Brook	20,700	12.0	1,725
7. Hop Brook	26,400	16.4	1,610
8. Tully	47,000	50.0	940
9. Barre Falls	61,000	55.0	1,109
10. Conant Brook	11,900	7.8	1,525
11. Knightville	160,000	162.0	987
12. Littleville	98,000	52.3	1,870
13. Colebrook River	165,000	118.0	1,400
14. Mad River	30,000	18.2	1,650
15. Sucker Brook	6,500	3.43	1,895
16. Union Village	110,000	126.0	873
17. North Hartland	199,000	220.0	904
18. North Springfield	157,000	158.0	994
19. Ball Mountain	190,000	172.0	1,105
20. Townshend	228,000	106.0(278 total)	820
21. Surry Mountain	63,000	100.0	630
22. Otter Brook	45,000	47.0	957
23. Birch Hill	88,500	175.0	505
24. East Brimfield	73,900	67.5	1,095
25. Westville	38,400	99.5(32 net)	1,200
26. West Thompson	85,000	173.5(74 net)	1,150
27. Hodges Village	35,600	31.1	1,145
28. Buffumville	36,500	26.5	1,377
29. Mansfield Hollow	125,000	159.0	786
30. West Hill	26,000	28.0	928
31. Franklin Falls	210,000	1000.0	210
32. Blackwater	66,500	128.0	520
33. Hopkinton	135,000	426.0	316
34. Everett	68,000	64.0	1,062
35. MacDowell	36,300	44.0	825

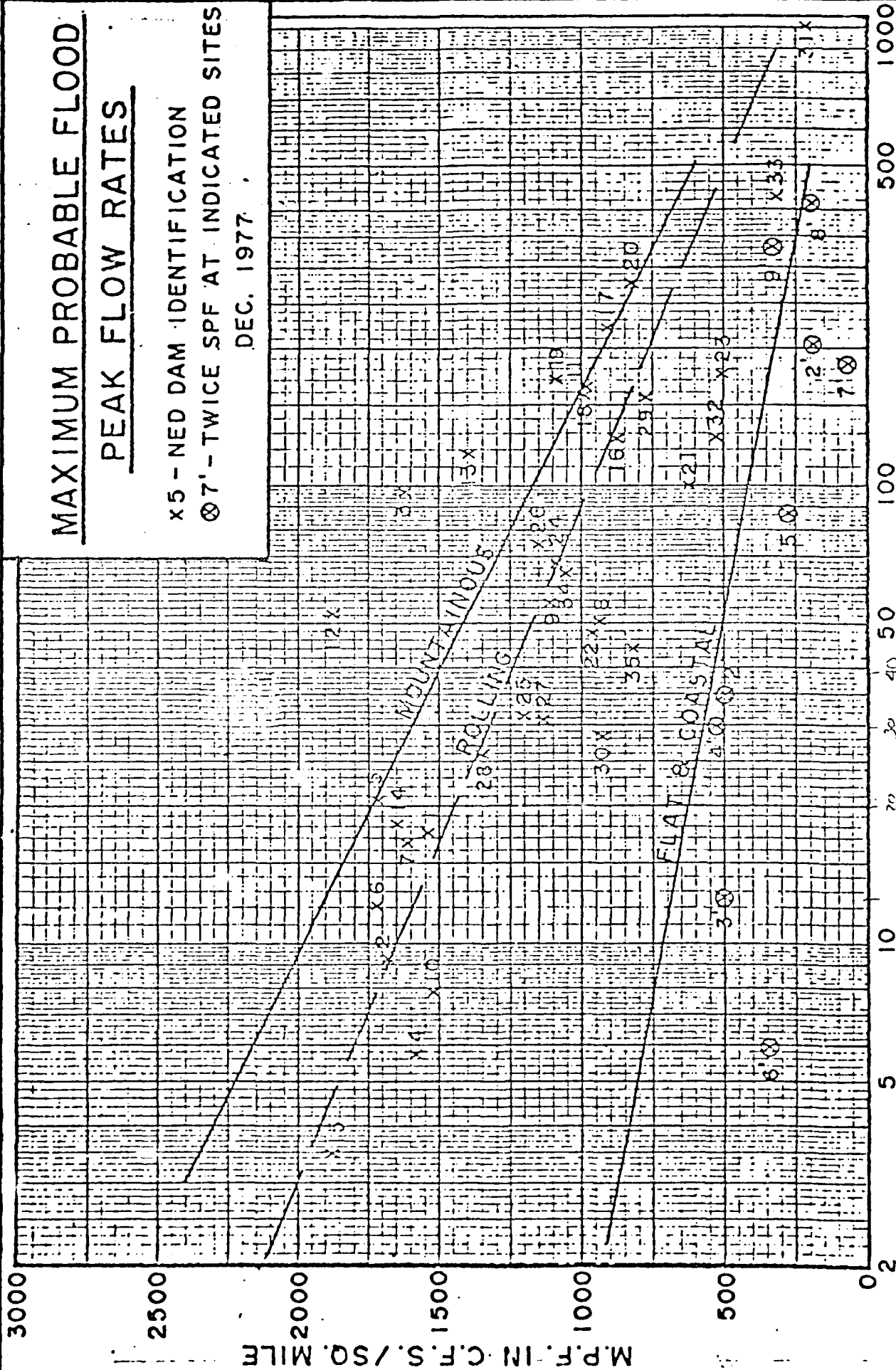
MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOWS
BASED ON TWICE THE
STANDARD PROJECT FLOOD
(Flat and Coastal Areas)

<u>River</u>	<u>SPF</u> (cfs)	<u>D.A.</u> (sq. mi.)	<u>MPF</u> (cfs/sq. mi.)
1. Pawtuxet River	19,000	200	190
2. Mill River (R.I.)	8,500	34	500
3. Peters River (R.I.)	3,200	13	490
4. Kettle Brook	8,000	30	530
5. Sudbury River.	11,700	86	270
6. Indian Brook (Hopk.)	1,000	5.9	340
7. Charles River.	6,000	184	65
8. Blackstone River.	43,000	416	200
9. Quinebaug River	55,000	331	330

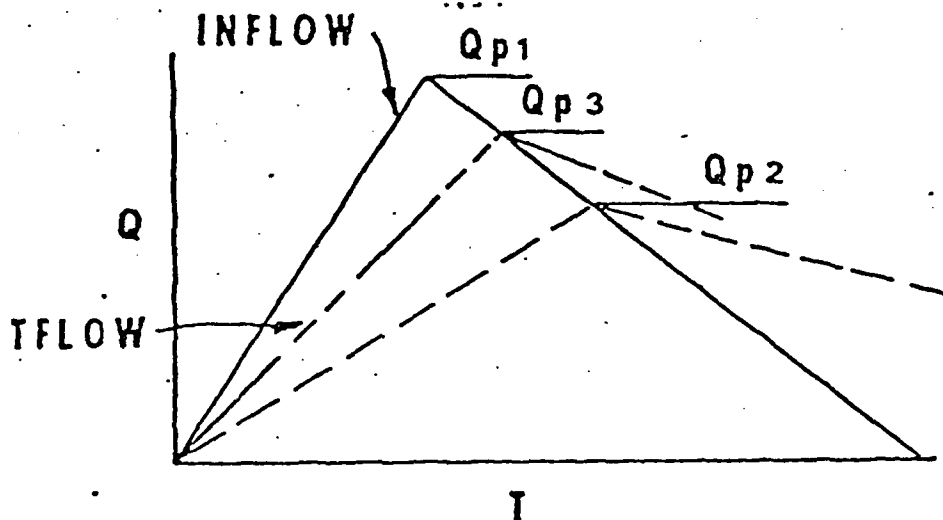
MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOOD PEAK FLOW RATES

X 5 - NED DAM IDENTIFICATION
 ⊗ 7' - TWICE SPF AT INDICATED SITES

DEC. 1977



ESTIMATING EFFECT OF SURCHARGE STORAGE ON MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES



STEP 1: Determine Peak Inflow (Q_{p1}) from Guide Curves.

STEP 2: a. Determine Surcharge Height To Pass " Q_{p1} ".

b. Determine Volume of Surcharge ($STOR_1$) In Inches of Runoff.

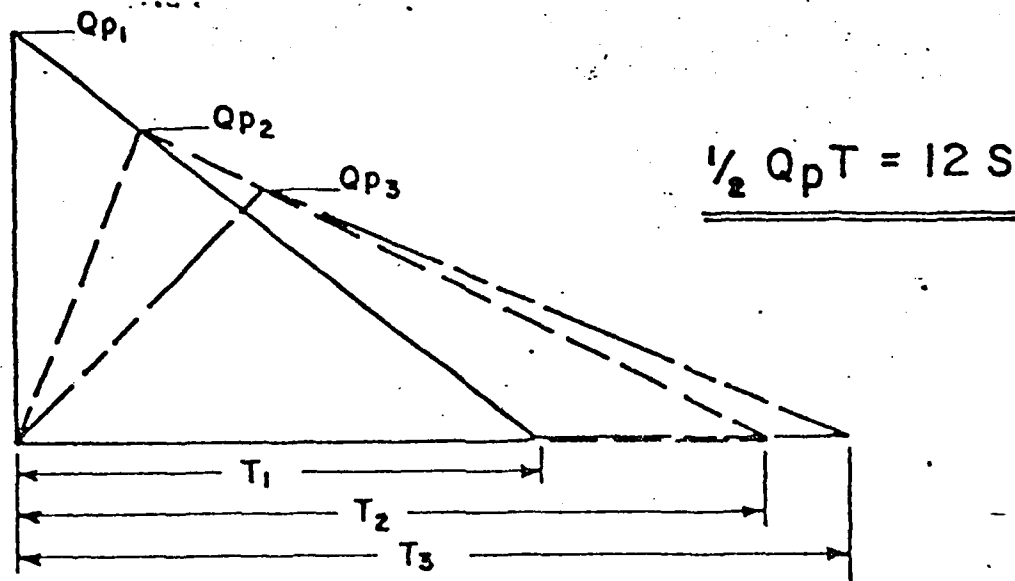
c. Maximum Probable Flood Runoff In New England equals Approx. 19", Therefore:

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \times \left(1 - \frac{STOR_1}{19}\right)$$

STEP 3: a. Determine Surcharge Height and " $STOR_2$ " To Pass " Q_{p2} "

b. Average " $STOR_1$ " and " $STOR_2$ " and Determine Average Surcharge and Resulting Peak Outflow " Q_{p3} ".

"RULE OF THUMB" GUIDANCE FOR ESTIMATING DOWNSTREAM DAM FAILURE HYDROGRAPHS



STEP 1: DETERMINE OR ESTIMATE RESERVOIR STORAGE (S) IN AC-FT AT TIME OF FAILURE.

STEP 2: DETERMINE PEAK FAILURE OUTFLOW (Q_{p1}).

$$Q_{p1} = \frac{6}{27} W_b \sqrt{9} Y_0^{3/2}$$

W_b = BREACH WIDTH - SUGGEST VALUE NOT GREATER THAN 40% OF DAM LENGTH ACROSS RIVER AT MID HEIGHT.

Y_0 = TOTAL HEIGHT FROM RIVER BED TO POOL LEVEL AT FAILURE.

STEP 3: USING USGS TOPO OR OTHER DATA, DEVELOP REPRESENTATIVE STAGE-DISCHARGE RATING FOR SELECTED DOWNSTREAM RIVER REACH.

STEP 4: ESTIMATE REACH OUTFLOW (Q_{p2}) USING FOLLOWING ITERATION.

A. APPLY Q_{p1} TO STAGE RATING, DETERMINE STAGE AND ACCOMPANYING VOLUME (V_1) IN REACH IN AC-FT. (NOTE: IF V_1 EXCEEDS $1/2$ OF S, SELECT SHORTER REACH.)

B. DETERMINE TRIAL Q_{p2} .

$$Q_{p2} (\text{TRIAL}) = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_1}{S}\right)$$

C. COMPUTE V_2 USING Q_{p2} (TRIAL).

D. AVERAGE V_1 AND V_2 AND COMPUTE Q_{p2} .

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \left(1 - \frac{V_{\text{avg}}}{S}\right)$$

STEP 5: FOR SUCCEEDING REACHES REPEAT STEPS 3 AND 4.

APRIL 1978

APPENDIX E
INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN
THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

END

FILMED

8-85

DTIC